MAX3238E 新科信息、热点资讯,将教不可示好5-V MULTICHANNEL RS-232 LINE DRIVER/RECEIVER

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ISTRUMENTS

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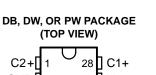
#### FEATURES

- RS-232 Bus-Pin ESD Protection Exceeds ±15 kV Using Human-Body Model (HBM)
- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and ITU v.28 Standards
- Operates With 3-V to 5.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> Supply
- Operates up to 400 kbit/s
- Five Drivers and Three Receivers
- Auto-Powerdown Plus Feature Enables Flexible Power-Down Mode
- Low Standby Current . . . 1 µA Typical
- External Capacitors . . . 4  $\times$  0.1  $\mu\text{F}$
- Accepts 5-V Logic Input With 3.3-V Supply
- Always-Active Noninverting Receiver Output (ROUT1B)
- Alternative High-Speed Pin-Compatible Device (1 Mbit/s) for SNx5C3238
- ESD Protection for RS-232 Interface Pins - ±15 kV – Human-Body Model (HBM)

  - $\pm$ 8 kV IEC61000-4-2, Contact Discharge -  $\pm$ 15 kV - IEC61000-4-2, Air-Gap Discharge

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Battery-Powered Systems
- PDAs
- Notebooks
- Subnotebooks
- Laptops
- Palmtop PCs
- Hand-Held Equipment
- Modems
- Printers

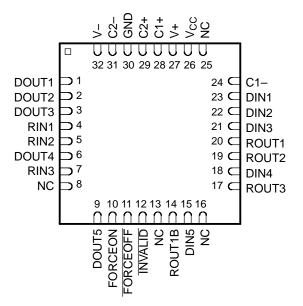


WITH ±15-kV ESD (HBM) PROTECTION

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ՆՀ+լ	1	28	
GND	2	27	] V+
C2-[	3	26	] V <sub>CC</sub>
V-[	4	25	] C1–
DOUT1	5	24	] DIN1
DOUT2	6	23	] DIN2
DOUT3	7	22	DIN3
RIN1	8	21	ROUT1
RIN2	9	20	ROUT2
DOUT4	10	19	DIN4
RIN3	11	18	ROUT3
DOUT5	12	17	DIN5
FORCEON	13	16	ROUT1B
ORCEOFF	14	15	INVALID





### **DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION**

The MAX3238E consists of five line drivers, three line receivers, and a dual charge-pump circuit with  $\pm$ 15-kV ESD (HBM) protection on the driver output (DOUT) and receiver input (RIN) terminals. The device meets the requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and provides the electrical interface between notebook and subnotebook computer applications. The charge pump and four small external capacitors allow operation from a single 3-V to 5.5-V supply. In addition, the device includes an always-active noninverting output (ROUT1B), which allows applications using the ring indicator to transmit data while the device is powered down. This device operates at data signaling rates up to 250 kbit/s and a maximum of 30-V/ $\mu$ s driver output slew rate.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



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### **DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

Flexible control options for power management are featured when the serial port and driver inputs are inactive. The auto-powerdown plus feature functions when FORCEON is low and FORCEOFF is high. During this mode of operation, if the device does not sense valid signal transitions on all receiver and driver inputs for approximately 30 s, the built-in charge pump and drivers are powered down, reducing the supply current to 1  $\mu$ A. By disconnecting the serial port or placing the peripheral drivers off, auto-powerdown plus occurs if there is no activity in the logic levels for the driver inputs. Auto-powerdown plus can be disabled when FORCEON and FORCEOFF are high. With auto-powerdown plus enabled, the device activates automatically when a valid signal is applied to any receiver or driver input. INVALID is high (valid data) if any receiver input voltage is greater than 2.7 V or less than -2.7 V, or has been between -0.3 V and 0.3 V for less than 30  $\mu$ s. Refer to Figure 5 for receiver input levels.

T <sub>A</sub>	PAC	CKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
Τ <sub>A</sub> D°C to 70°C	SSOP – DB	Tube of 50	MAX3238ECDB	MAX3238EC
	330P - DB	Reel of 2000	MAX3238ECDBR	
℃ to 70°C	TSSOP – PW	Tube of 50	MAX3238ECPW	MP238EC
	1330F - FW	Reel of 2000	MAX3238ECPWR	WF230EC
	SOIC – DW	Reel of 2000	MAX3238ECDWR	MAX3238EC
	QFN – RHB	Reel of 2000	MAX3238ECRHBR	Preview
	SSOP – DB	Tube of 50	MAX3238EIDB	MAX3238EI
	330F - DB	Reel of 2000	MAX3238EIDBR	INIAA3230E1
40°C to 95°C	TSSOP – PW	Tube of 50	MAX3238EIPW	- MP238EI
-40 C 10 85 C	1330F - FW	Reel of 2000	MAX3238EIPWR	
	SOIC – DW	Reel of 2000	MAX3238ICDWR	MAX3238EI
	QFN – RHB	Reel of 2000	MAX3238EIRHBR	Preview

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

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#### **FUNCTION TABLES**

#### Each Driver<sup>(1)</sup>

		INPUTS			
DIN	FORCEON	FORCEOFF	TIME ELAPSED SINCE LAST RIN OR DIN TRANSITION	OUTPUT DOUT	DRIVER STATUS
Х	Х	L	X	Z	Powered off
L	Н	Н	X	Н	Normal operation with
Н	н	н	x	L	auto-powerdown plus disabled
L	L	Н	<30 s	Н	Normal operation with
Н	L	н	<30 s	L	auto-powerdown plus enabled
L	L	Н	>30 s	Z	Powered off by
н	L	Н	>30 s	Z	auto-powerdown plus feature

(1) H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance

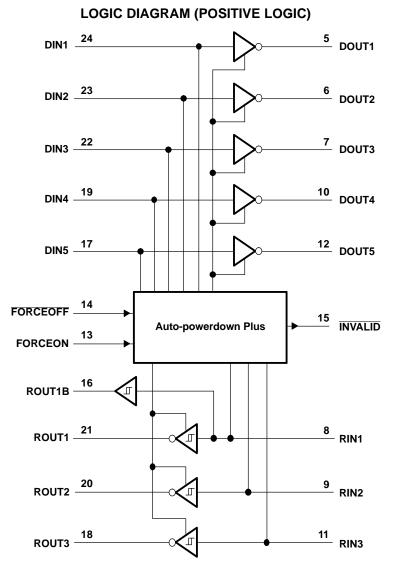
#### Each Receiver<sup>(1)</sup>

		INPUTS		OUT	OUTPUTS				
RIN1	RIN2-RIN3	FORCEOFF	TIME ELAPSED SINCE LAST RIN OR DIN TRANSITION	ROUT1B	ROUT2 AND ROUT3	RECEIVER STATUS			
L	Х	L	Х	L	Z	Powered off while			
н	Х	L	х	Н	Z	ROUT1B is active			
L	L	Н	<30 s	L	н				
L	н	н	<30 s	L	L	Normal operation with			
Н	L	н	<30 s	Н	н	auto-powerdown plus			
Н	н	н	<30 s	Н	L	disabled/enabled			
Open	Open	н	<30 s	L	н				

(1) H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off), Open = input disconnected or connected driver off



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#### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.3	6	V
V+	Positive-output supply voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.3	7	V
V–	Negative-output supply voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>		0.3	-7	V
V+ - V-	Supply voltage difference <sup>(2)</sup>			13	V
V		Driver (FORCEOFF, FORCEON)	-0.3	6	V
V <sub>I</sub> I	Input voltage range	Receiver	-25	25	v
M		Driver	-13.2	13.2	V
Vo	Output voltage range	Receiver (INVALID)	-0.3	13.2 V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
		DB package		62	
0	Declare thermal impedance $(3)(4)$	DW package		46	°C/W
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	PW package		62	-C/W
		RHB package		TBD	
TJ	Operating virtual junction temperature	· · · ·		150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

All voltages are with respect to network GND. (2)

Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_{I}(max)$ ,  $\theta_{IA}$ , and  $T_{A}$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient (3) temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability.

The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7. (4)

#### Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)</sup>

See Figure 6

				MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
	Supply voltage		$V_{CC} = 3.3 V$	3	3.3	3.6	V
	Supply voltage		$V_{CC} = 5 V$	4.5	5	5.5	v
V	Driver and control high lovel input veltage	DIN, FORCEOFF,	$V_{CC} = 3.3 V$	2		5.5	V
VIH	Driver and control high-level input voltage	FORCEON	$V_{CC} = 5 V$	2.4		5.5	v
$V_{\text{IL}}$	Driver and control low-level input voltage	DIN, FORCEOFF, FORC	CEON	0		0.8	V
VI	Receiver input voltage			-25		25	V
Ŧ	Operating free air temperature		MAX3238EC	0		70	°C
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		MAX3238EI	-40		85	

(1) Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

#### Electrical Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 6)

	PARA	METER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
I <sub>I</sub>	Input leakage current	FORCEOFF, FORCEON			±0.01	±1	μA
		Auto-powerdown plus disabled	No load, FORCEOFF and FORCEON at $V_{CC}$		0.5	2	mA
loo	Supply current	Powered off	No load, FORCEOFF at GND		1	10	
ICC	(T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)	Auto-powerdown plus enabled	No load, FORCEOFF at V <sub>CC</sub> , FORCEON at GND, All RIN are open or grounded		1	10	μA

Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V \pm 0. (1) and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V. All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V or V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

(2)



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#### **DRIVER SECTION**

#### Electrical Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 6)

	PARAMETER	TE	ST CONDITIONS	6	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	All DOUT at $R_L = 3 \ k\Omega$ to	GND		5	5.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	All DOUT at $R_L = 3 \ k\Omega$ to	GND		-5	-5.4		V
I <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input current	$V_{I} = V_{CC}$				±0.01	±1	μA
I	Low-level input current	V <sub>I</sub> at GND				±0.01	±1	μΑ
	Short-circuit output current <sup>(3)</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	$V_{O} = 0 V$			±35	±60	mA
I <sub>OS</sub>	Short-circuit output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	$V_0 = 0 V$			±40	±100	ША
r <sub>o</sub>	Output resistance	$V_{CC}$ , V+, and V- = 0 V,	$V_0 = \pm 2 V$		300	10M		Ω
		FORCEOFF = GND	$V_0 = \pm 12 V$ ,	$V_{CC}$ = 3 V to 3.6 V			±25	۸
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	FURGEUFF = GND	$V_{O} = \pm 10 V$ ,	$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V			±25	μA

(1) Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

(2) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V or  $V_{CC} = 5$  V, and  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

(3) Short-circuit durations should be controlled to prevent exceeding the device absolute power dissipation ratings, and not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

#### Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 6)

	PARAMETER	TEST	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
	Maximum data rate	C <sub>L</sub> = 1000 pF, One DOUT switching,	R <sub>L</sub> = 3 kΩ, See Figure 1	250	400		kbit/s
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew <sup>(3)</sup>	C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF to 2500 pF, See Figure 2	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$ to 7 k $\Omega$ ,		100		ns
SR(tr)	Slew rate, transition region	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,	$C_{L} = 150 \text{ pF} \text{ to } 1000 \text{ pF}$	6		30	V/µs
35(11)	(see Figure 1)	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$ to 7 k $\Omega$	$C_{L} = 150 \text{ pF} \text{ to } 2500 \text{ pF}$	4		30	v/µs

(1) Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

(2) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V or  $V_{CC} = 5$  V, and  $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Pulse skew is defined as  $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$  of each channel of the same device.

#### **ESD** Protection

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
	HBM	±15	
DOUT	IEC 61000-4-2, Air-Gap Discharge	±15	kV
	IEC 61000-4-2, Contact Discharge	±8	

#### **RECEIVER SECTION**

#### Electrical Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 6)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} - 0.6$	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.6 mA			0.4	V
V	Desitive going input threshold voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.3 V$		1.5	2.4	V
V <sub>IT+</sub>	Positive-going input threshold voltage	$V_{CC} = 5 V$		1.8	2.4	v
V	Negative going input threshold voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.3 V$	0.6	1.2		V
V <sub>IT-</sub>	Negative-going input threshold voltage	$V_{CC} = 5 V$	0.8	1.5		v
V <sub>hys</sub>	Input hysteresis (V <sub>IT+</sub> – V <sub>IT</sub> –)			0.3		V
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current (except ROUT1B)	FORCEOFF = 0 V		±0.05	±10	μA
r <sub>i</sub>	Input resistance	$V_{I} = \pm 3 \text{ V to } \pm 25 \text{ V}$	3	5	7	kΩ

(1) Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.24  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V. All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V or V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

(2)

### Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	UNIT
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF, See Figure 3	150	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF, See Figure 3	150	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	Output enable time	$C_L = 150 \text{ pF}, R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ , See Figure 4	200	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	Output disable time	$C_L = 150 \text{ pF}, R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ , See Figure 4	200	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew <sup>(3)</sup>	See Figure 3	50	ns

Testing supply conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.15 V; C1–C4 = 0.22  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; and C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F and C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V. (1)

(2) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V or  $V_{CC} = 5$  V, and  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ . (3) Pulse skew is defined as  $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$  of each channel of the same device.

#### **ESD** Protection

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
	НВМ	±15	
RIN	IEC 61000-4-2, Air-Gap Discharge	±15	kV
	IEC 61000-4-2, Contact Discharge	±8	



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#### **AUTO-POWERDOWN PLUS SECTION**

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{\text{T+(valid)}}$	Receiver input threshold for INVALID high-level output voltage	FORCEON = GND, $\overline{\text{FORCEOFF}} = V_{CC}$		2.7	V
V <sub>T-(valid)</sub>	Receiver input threshold for INVALID high-level output voltage	FORCEON = GND, $\overline{FORCEOFF} = V_{CC}$	-2.7		V
V <sub>T(invalid)</sub>	Receiver input threshold for INVALID low-level output voltage	FORCEON = GND, $\overline{FORCEOFF} = V_{CC}$	-0.3	0.3	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	INVALID high-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ , FORCEON = GND, FORCEOFF = $V_{CC}$	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	INVALID low-level output voltage	$I_{OL}$ = 1.6 mA, FORCEON = GND, FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub>		0.4	V

#### **Switching Characteristics**

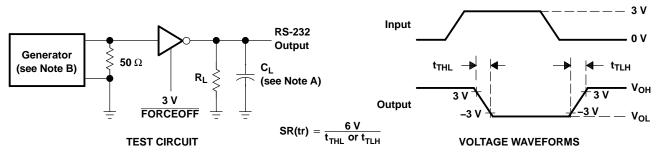
over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>valid</sub>	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output		0.1		μs
t <sub>invalid</sub>	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output		50		μs
t <sub>en</sub>	Supply enable time		25		μs
t <sub>dis</sub>	Receiver or driver edge to auto-powerdown plus	15	30	60	S

(1) All typical values are at V\_{CC} = 3.3 V or V\_{CC} = 5 V, and T\_A = 25 ^{\circ}C.

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### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



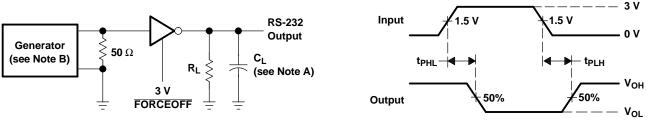
A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

TEXAS

TRUMENTS www.ti.com

B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 250 kbit/s,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns.

#### Figure 1. Driver Slew Rate

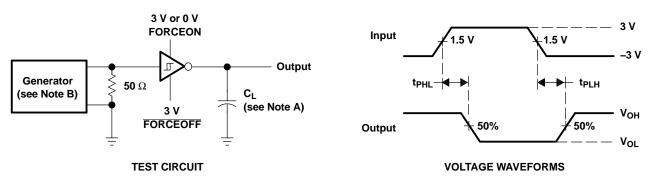


#### **TEST CIRCUIT**

VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 250 kbit/s,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns.

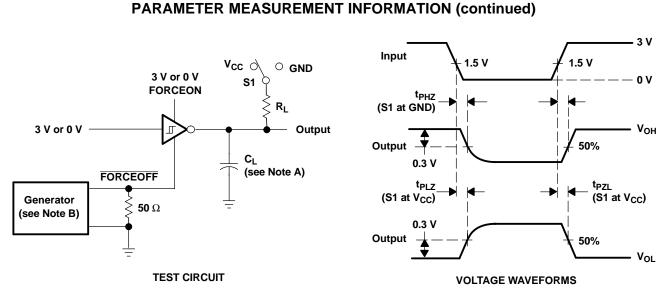
#### Figure 2. Driver Pulse Skew



- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le 10 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \le 10 \text{ ns}$ .

#### Figure 3. Receiver Propagation Delay Times

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TEXAS

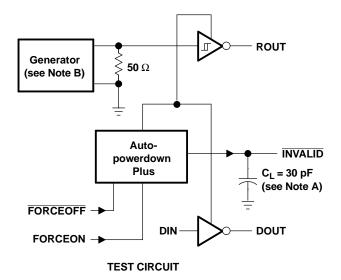
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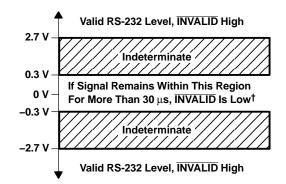
- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le 10 \text{ ns}$ .
- C.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
- D.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .

#### Figure 4. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

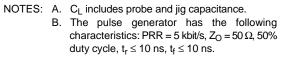
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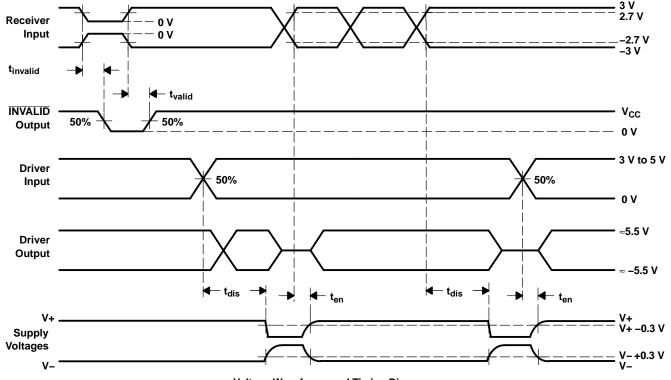
#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)





 $^\dagger$  Auto-powerdown plus disables drivers and reduces supply current to 1  $\mu A.$ 





Voltage Waveforms and Timing Diagrams

Figure 5. INVALID Propagation-Delay Times and Supply-Enabling Time

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**APPLICATION INFORMATION** 

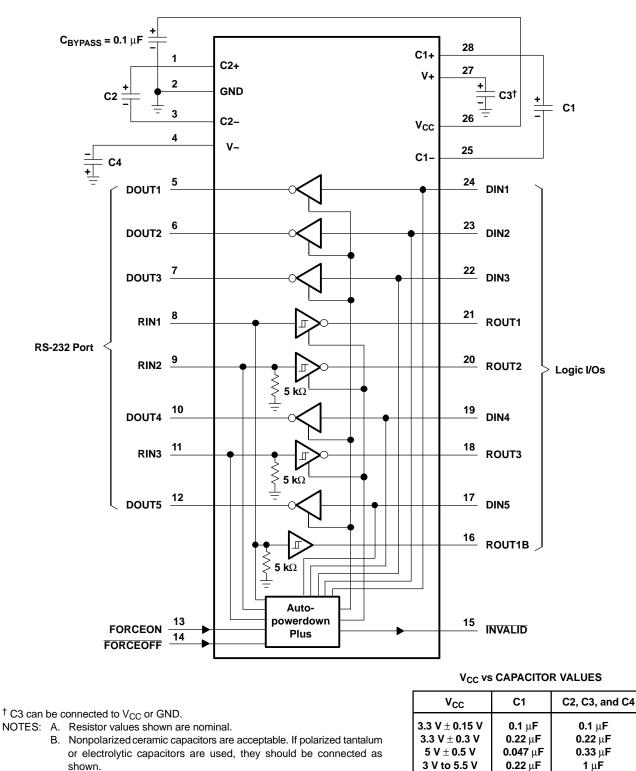


Figure 6. Typical Operating Circuit and Capacitor Values

1-Mar-2007

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

**FRUME** 

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
MAX3238ECDB	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238ECDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238ECDW	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238ECDWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238ECPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238ECPWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238ECPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238ECPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238EIDB	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238EIDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238EIDW	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238EIDWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238EIPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238EIPWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238EIPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX3238EIPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)



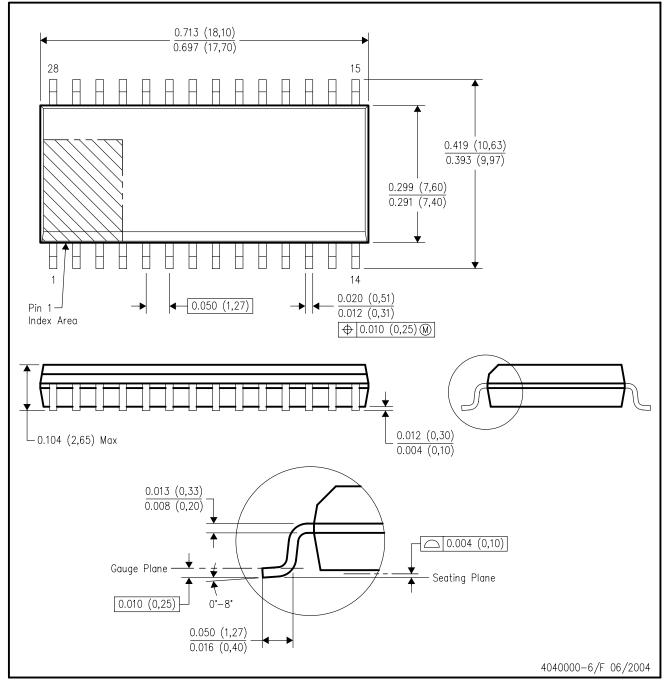
<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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DW (R-PDSO-G28)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AE.



## **MECHANICAL DATA**

MSSO002E - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED DECEMBER 2001

### DB (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

28 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150



## **MECHANICAL DATA**

MTSS001C - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

## PW (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

14 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



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