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SLES206-MAY 2007

# TRIPLE 8-/10-BIT 165-/110-MSPS, VIDEO AND GRAPHICS DIGITIZER WITH HORIZONTAL PLL

# **FEATURES**

- Analog Channels
  - -6-dB to 6-dB Analog Gain
  - Analog Input Multiplexers (MUXs)
  - Automatic Video Clamp
  - Three Digitizing Channels, Each With Independently Controllable Clamp, Gain, Offset, and Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)
  - Clamping: Selectable Clamping Between Bottom Level and Mid-Level
  - Offset: 1024-Step Programmable RGB or YPbPr Offset Control
  - Gain: 8-Bit Programmable Gain Control
  - ADC: 8-/10-Bit 165-/110-MSPS ADC
  - Automatic Level Control (ALC) Circuit
  - Composite Sync: Integrated
     Sync-on-Green Extraction From
     Green/Luminance Channel
  - Support for DC- and AC-Coupled Input Signals
  - Supports Component Video Standards 480i, 576i, 480p, 576p, 720p, 1080i, and 1080p
  - Supports PC Graphics Inputs up to UXGA
    - Programmable RGB-to-YCbCr Color Space Conversion

#### Horizontal PLL

- Fully Integrated Horizontal PLL for Pixel Clock Generation
- 12-MHz to 165-MHz Pixel Clock Generation From HSYNC Input
- Adjustable Horizontal PLL Loop Bandwidth for Minimum Jitter
- 5-Bit Programmable Subpixel Accurate Positioning of Sampling Phase
- Output Formatter
  - Supports 20-bit 4:2:2 Outputs With Embedded Syncs
  - Support for RGB/YCbCr 4:4:4 and YCbCr 4:2:2 Output Modes to Reduce Board Traces
  - Dedicated DATACLK Output With Programmable Output Polarity for Easy Latching of Output Data
- System
  - Industry-Standard Normal/Fast I<sup>2</sup>C
     Interface With Register Readback
     Capability
  - Space-Saving 100-Pin TQFP Package
  - Thermally-Enhanced PowerPAD™ Package for Better Heat Dissipation
  - Glueless Interface to TVP9000/9001 Video Processor Back-End Devices

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- LCD TV/Monitors/Projectors
- DLP TV/Projectors
- PDP TV/Monitors
- LCOS TV/Monitors
- PCTV Set-Top Boxes

- Digital Image Processing
- Video Capture/Video Editing
- Scan Rate/Image Resolution Converters
- Video Conferencing
- Video/Graphics Digitizing Equipment



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# **DESCRIPTION**

TVP7002 is a complete solution for digitizing video and graphic signals in RGB or YPbPr color spaces. The device supports pixel rates up to 165 MHz. Therefore, it can be used for PC graphics digitizing up to the VESA standard of UXGA ( $1600 \times 1200$ ) resolution at 60-Hz screen refresh rate, and in video environments for the digitizing of digital TV formats, including HDTV up to 1080p.

The TVP7002 is powered from 3.3-V and 1.9-V supply and integrates a triple high-performance analog-to-digital (A/D) converter with clamping functions and variable gain, independently programmable for each channel. The clamp timing window is provided by an external pulse or can be generated internally. The TVP7002 includes analog slicing circuitry on the SOG inputs to support sync-on-luminance or sync-on-green extraction. In addition, TVP7002 can extract discrete HSYNC and VSYNC from composite sync using a sync slicer.

TVP7002 also contains a complete horizontal PLL block to generate a pixel clock from the HSYNC input. Pixel clock output frequencies range from 12 MHz to 165 MHz.

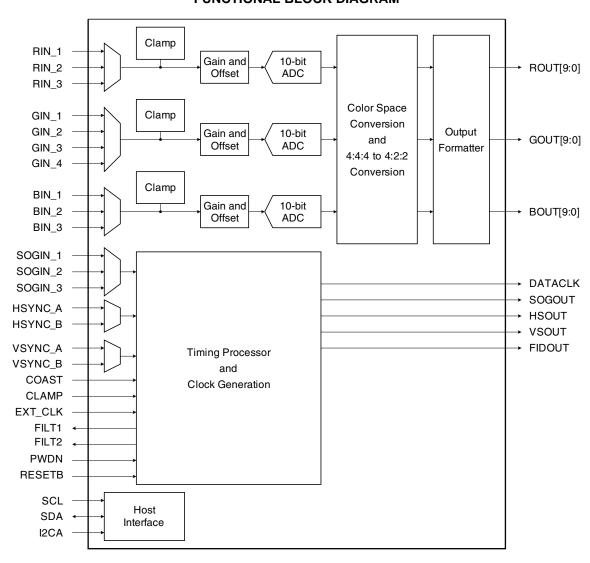
All programming of the part is done via an industry-standard I<sup>2</sup>C interface, which supports both reading and writing of register settings. The TVP7002 is available in a space-saving 100-pin TQFP PowerPAD package.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

| т           | PACKAGED DEVICES                   | PACKAGE OPTION |  |  |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| 'A          | 100-PIN PLASTIC FLATPACK PowerPAD™ | PACKAGE OPTION |  |  |
| 000 to 7000 | TVP7002PZP                         | Tray           |  |  |
| 0°C to 70°C | TVP7002PZPR                        | Reel           |  |  |

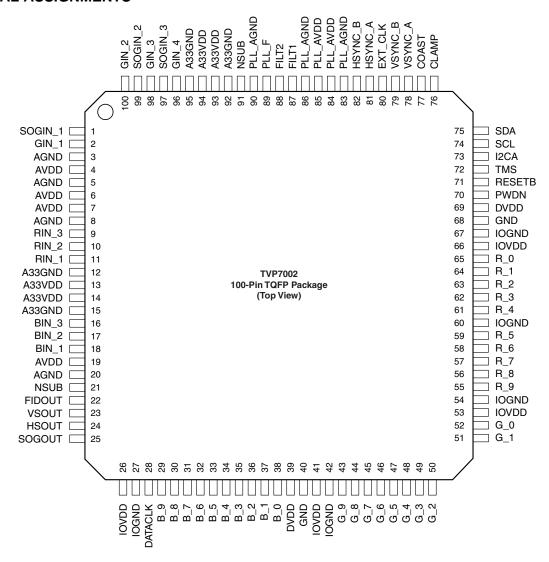


# **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**





# **TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS**





# **TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

|  |   |       | I ENMINAL I ONCTIONS  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|-------|---|--|--|--|--|
|  | MINAL   | 1/0   | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |  |  |
| NAME NO.   |   |       | 2   |  |  |  |  |
| ANALOG VIDE  | 0   |       |   |  |  |  |  |
| RIN_1<br>RIN_2<br>RIN_3<br>GIN_1<br>GIN_2<br>GIN_3<br>GIN_4<br>BIN_1<br>BIN_2<br>BIN_3 | 11<br>10<br>9<br>2<br>100<br>98<br>96<br>18<br>17 |       | Analog video input for R/Pr 1 Analog video input for R/Pr 2 Analog video input for R/Pr 3 Analog video input for G/Y 1 Analog video input for G/Y 2 Analog video input for G/Y 3 Analog video input for G/Y 4 Analog video input for B/Pb 1 Analog video input for B/Pb 2 Analog video input for B/Pb 3 |  |  |  |  |
|  |   |       | The inputs must be AC coupled. The recommended coupling capacitor is 0.1 µF. Unused analog inputs should be connected to ground using a 10-nF capacitor.  |  |  |  |  |
| CLOCK SIGNA  | ALS   |       | ] 1   |  |  |  |  |
| DATACLK  | 28  | 0     | Data clock output   |  |  |  |  |
| EXT_CLK  | 80  | ı     | External clock input. May be used as a timing reference for the mode detection block instead of the internal clock reference. May also be used as the ADC sample clock instead of the H-PLL generated clock.  |  |  |  |  |
| DIGITAL VIDE   | 0   |       |   |  |  |  |  |
| ROUT[9:0]<br>GOUT[9:0]<br>BOUT[9:0]  | 55–59, 61–65<br>43-52<br>29-38                    | 0 0 0 | Digital video output of R/Cr, ROUT[9] is the most-significant bit (MSB). Digital video output of G/Y, GOUT[9] is the MSB. Digital video output of B/Cb, BOUT[9] is the MSB. For 4:2:2 mode, multiplexed CbCr data is output on BOUT[9:0]. Unused outputs can be left unconnected.                       |  |  |  |  |
| MISCELLANE   | OUS SIGNALS                                       |       |   |  |  |  |  |
| PWDN   | 70  | I     | Power down input 0 = Normal mode 1 = Power down   |  |  |  |  |
| RESETB   | 71  | I     | Reset input, active low. Outputs are placed in a high-impedance mode during reset (see Table 8).  |  |  |  |  |
| TMS  | 72  | I     | Test mode select input, active high. Used to enable scan test mode. For normal operation, connect to ground.  |  |  |  |  |
| FILT1  | 87  | 0     | External filter connection for the horizontal PLL. A $0.1$ - $\mu$ F capacitor in series with a $1.5$ - $k\Omega$ resistor should be connected from this pin to pin 89 (see Figure 4).  |  |  |  |  |
| FILT2  | 88  | 0     | External filter connection for the horizontal PLL. A 4.7-nF capacitor should be connected from this pin to pin 89 (see Figure 4).   |  |  |  |  |
| PLL_F  | 89  | I     | Horizontal PLL filter internal supply connection  |  |  |  |  |
| HOST INTERF  | ACE   | •     |   |  |  |  |  |
| I2CA   | 73  | I     | I <sup>2</sup> C slave address input. Has internal pulldown resistor (see Table 7). 0 = Slave address = B8h 1 = Slave address = BAh   |  |  |  |  |
| SCL  | 74  | I     | I <sup>2</sup> C clock input  |  |  |  |  |
| SDA  | 75  | I/O   | I <sup>2</sup> C data bus   |  |  |  |  |
|  |   |       |   |  |  |  |  |



# **TERMINAL FUNCTIONS (continued)**

| TER                                | MINAL                 |        |   |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|---|--|--|--|--|
| TERMINAL  NAME NO.  POWER SUPPLIES |                       | 1/0    | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |  |  |
| POWER SUPP                         | LIES                  |        |   |  |  |  |  |
| NSUB                               | 21, 91                | - 1    | Substrate ground. Connect to analog ground.   |  |  |  |  |
| A33VDD                             | 13, 14, 93, 94        | - 1    | Analog power. Connect to 3.3 V.   |  |  |  |  |
| A33GND                             | 12, 15, 92, 95        | - 1    | Analog 3.3-V return. Connect to ground.   |  |  |  |  |
| AGND                               | 3, 5, 8, 20           | ı      | Analog 1.9-V return. Connect to ground.   |  |  |  |  |
| AVDD                               | 4, 6, 7, 19           | - 1    | Analog power. Connect to 1.9 V.   |  |  |  |  |
| PLL_AVDD                           | 84, 85                | - 1    | PLL analog power. Connect to 1.9 V.   |  |  |  |  |
| PLL_AGND                           | 83, 86, 90            | 1      | PLL analog power return. Connect to ground.   |  |  |  |  |
| DGND                               | 40, 68                | - 1    | Digital return. Connect to ground.  |  |  |  |  |
| DVDD                               | 39, 69                | ı      | Digital power. Connect to 1.9 V.  |  |  |  |  |
| IOGND                              | 27, 42, 54, 60,<br>67 | I      | Digital power return. Connect to ground.  |  |  |  |  |
| IOVDD                              | 26, 41, 53, 66        | I      | Digital power. Connect to 3.3 V or less for reduced noise.  |  |  |  |  |
| SYNC SIGNAL                        | S                     |        |   |  |  |  |  |
| CLAMP                              | 76                    | 1      | External Clamp input. Unused inputs can be connected to ground.   |  |  |  |  |
| COAST                              | 77                    | I      | External PLL COAST signal input. Unused inputs can be connected to ground.  |  |  |  |  |
| VSYNC_A<br>VSYNC_B                 | 78<br>79              | I<br>I | Vertical sync input A Vertical sync input B Unused inputs can be connected to ground.   |  |  |  |  |
| HSYNC_A<br>HSYNC_B                 | 81<br>82              | 1      | Horizontal sync input A Horizontal sync input B Unused inputs can be connected to ground.   |  |  |  |  |
| SOGIN1<br>SOGIN2<br>SOGIN3         | 1<br>99<br>97         | <br>   | Sync-on-green input 1 Sync-on-green input 2 Sync-on-green input 3 Unused inputs should be connected to ground using a 1-nF capacitor.   |  |  |  |  |
| FIDOUT                             | 22                    | 0      | Field ID output. Using bits 2 and 3 of register 16h, this pin may also be programmed to be the internal sync processing clock output, coast output, clamp pulse output, or data enable. |  |  |  |  |
| VSOUT                              | 23                    | 0      | Vertical sync output  |  |  |  |  |
| HSOUT                              | 24                    | 0      | Horizontal sync output  |  |  |  |  |
| SOGOUT                             | 25                    | 0      | Sync-on-green slicer output   |  |  |  |  |



# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

|                  |                                | IOVDD to IOGND                        | –0.5 V to 4.5 V  |
|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
|                  | Supply valtage range           | DVDD to DGND                          | –0.5 V to 2.3 V  |
|                  | Supply voltage range           | PLL_AVDD to PLL_AGND and AVDD to AGND | –0.5 V to 2.3 V  |
|                  |                                | A33VDD to A33GND                      | – 0.5 V to 4.5 V |
|                  | Digital input voltage range    | V <sub>I</sub> to DGND                | –0.5 V to 4.5 V  |
|                  | Analog input voltage range     | A <sub>I</sub> to A33GND              | -0.2 V to 2.3 V  |
|                  | Digital output voltage range   | V <sub>O</sub> to DGND                | –0.5 V to 4.5 V  |
| T <sub>A</sub>   | Operating free-air temperature | range                                 | 0°C to 70°C      |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | Storage temperature range      |                                       | −65°C to 150°C   |

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

|                         |  | MIN       | NOM | MAX       | UNIT |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|-----|-----------|------|
| IOVDD                   | Digital I/O supply voltage                   | 3         | 3.3 | 3.6       | V    |
| DVDD                    | Digital supply voltage                       | 1.8       | 1.9 | 2         | V    |
| PLL_AVDD                | Analog supply voltage for horizontal PLL     | 1.8       | 1.9 | 2         | V    |
| AVDD                    | Analog supply voltage                        | 1.8       | 1.9 | 2         | V    |
| A33VDD                  | Analog supply voltage                        | 3         | 3.3 | 3.6       | V    |
| V <sub>I(P-P)</sub>     | Analog input voltage (ac-coupling necessary) | 0.5       |     | 2         | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub>         | Digital input voltage high                   | 0.7 IOVDD |     |           | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>         | Digital input voltage low                    |           |     | 0.3 IOVDD | V    |
| I <sub>OH</sub>         | High-level output current                    |           |     | 2         | mA   |
| I <sub>OL</sub>         | Low-level output current                     |           |     | -2        | mA   |
| I <sub>OH_DATACLK</sub> | DATACLK high-level output current            |           |     | 4         | mA   |
| I <sub>OL_DATACLK</sub> | DATACLK low-level output current             |           |     | -4        | mA   |
|                         | ADC conversion rate                          | 12        |     | 162       | MHz  |
| T <sub>A</sub>          | Operating free-air temperature               | 0         |     | 70        | °C   |



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $\mathsf{IOVDD} = 3.3 \; \mathsf{V}, \; \mathsf{DVDD} = 1.9 \; \mathsf{V}, \; \mathsf{PLL\_AVDD} = 1.9 \; \mathsf{V}, \; \mathsf{AVDD} = 1.9 \; \mathsf{V}, \; \mathsf{A33VDD} = 3.3 \; \mathsf{V}, \; \mathsf{T_A} = 25 ^{\circ} \mathsf{C}$ 

|                      | PARAMETER                                | TEST CONDITIONS <sup>(1)</sup> | TYP <sup>(2)</sup> | TYP <sup>(3)</sup> | UNIT |
|----------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| POWER SU             | IPPLY                                    |                                |                    |                    |      |
| I <sub>A33VDD</sub>  | 3.3-V supply current                     | 78.75 MHz, BC = 5              | 67                 | 67                 | mA   |
| I <sub>IOVDD</sub>   | 3.3-V supply current                     | 78.75 MHz, BC = 5              | 21                 | 56                 | mA   |
| I <sub>AVDD</sub>    | 1.9-V supply current                     | 78.75 MHz, BC = 5              | 206                | 209                | mA   |
| I <sub>PLL_VDD</sub> | 1.9-V supply current                     | 78.75 MHz, BC = 5              | 16                 | 16                 | mA   |
| I <sub>DVDD</sub>    | 1.9-V supply current                     | 78.75 MHz, BC = 5              | 30                 | 46                 | mA   |
| P <sub>TOT</sub>     | Total power dissipation, normal mode     | 78.75 MHz, BC = 5              | 743                | 893                | mW   |
| I <sub>A33VDD</sub>  | 3.3-V supply current                     | 162 MHz, BC = 8                | 110                | 110                | mA   |
| I <sub>IOVDD</sub>   | 3.3-V supply current                     | 162 MHz, BC = 8                | 35                 | 102                | mA   |
| I <sub>AVDD</sub>    | 1.9-V supply current                     | 162 MHz, BC = 8                | 275                | 279                | mA   |
| I <sub>PLL_VDD</sub> | 1.9-V supply current                     | 162 MHz, BC = 8                | 22                 | 23                 | mA   |
| I <sub>DVDD</sub>    | 1.9-V supply current                     | 162 MHz, BC = 8                | 56                 | 89                 | mA   |
| P <sub>TOT</sub>     | Total power dissipation, normal mode     | 162 MHz, BC = 8                | 1112               | 1403               | mW   |
| P <sub>DOWN</sub>    | Total power dissipation, power-down mode |                                | 15                 | 15                 | mW   |

BC = ADC bias control setting in I<sup>2</sup>C register, 2Ch.
 SMPTE color bar RGB input pattern used.
 Worst-case vertical line RGB input pattern used.



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

IOVDD = 3.3 V, DVDD = 1.9 V, PLL\_AVDD = 1.9 V, AVDD = 1.9 V, A33VDD = 3.3 V,  $T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C (unless otherwise noted)

|                      | PARAMETER                              | TEST CONDITIONS(1)                     | MIN       | TYP  | MAX       | UNIT     |
|----------------------|--|--|-----------|------|-----------|----------|
| ANALOG I             | NTERFACE                               |  |           |      |           |          |
|                      | Input voltage range                    | By design                              | 0.5       | 1    | 2         | $V_{pp}$ |
| Z <sub>I</sub>       | Input impedance, analog video inputs   | By design                              |           | 500  |           | kΩ       |
| DIGITAL L            | OGIC INTERFACE                         |  |           |      |           |          |
| Cı                   | Input capacitance                      | By design                              |           | 10   |           | pF       |
| Z <sub>I</sub>       | Input impedance                        | By design                              |           | 500  |           | kΩ       |
| V <sub>OH</sub>      | Output voltage high                    | I <sub>OH</sub> = 2 mA                 | 0.8 IOVDD |      |           | V        |
| V <sub>OL</sub>      | Output voltage low                     | $I_{OL} = -2 \text{ mA}$               |           |      | 0.2 IOVDD | V        |
| V <sub>OH_SCLK</sub> | DATACLK output voltage high            | I <sub>OH</sub> = 4 mA                 | 0.8 IOVDD |      |           | V        |
| V <sub>OL_SCLK</sub> | DATACLK output voltage low             | $I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$               |           |      | 0.2 IOVDD | V        |
| V <sub>IH</sub>      | High-level input voltage               | By design                              | 0.7 IOVDD |      |           | V        |
| V <sub>IL</sub>      | Low-level input voltage                | By design                              |           |      | 0.3 IOVDD | V        |
| ADCs                 |  |  |           |      |           |          |
|                      | ADC full scale input range             | Clamp disabled                         | 0.95      | 1    | 1.05      | $V_{pp}$ |
|                      | ADC resolution                         | 10-bit range                           |           |      | 10        | bits     |
| DNII                 | DC differential modificación           | 10 bit, 110 MHz, BC = 5                | -1        | ±0.5 | +1        | 1.00     |
| DNL                  | DC differential nonlinearity           | 8 bit, 162 MHz, BC = 8                 | -1        | ±0.5 | +1        | LSB      |
| INII                 | DC integral poplinguity                | 10 bit, 110 MHz, BC = 5                | -4        | ±1   | +4        | LSB      |
| INL                  | DC integral nonlinearity               | 8 bit, 162 MHz, BC = 8                 | -4        | ±1   | +4        | LOD      |
|                      | Mississon                              | 10 bit, 110 MHz, BC = 5                |           | none |           |          |
|                      | Missing code                           | 8 bit, 162 MHz, BC = 8                 |           | none |           |          |
| SNR                  | Signal-to-noise ratio                  | 10 MHz, 1 V <sub>P-P</sub> at 110 MSPS |           | 55   |           | dB       |
|                      | Analog 3-dB bandwidth                  | By design                              | 350       | 500  |           | MHz      |
| HORIZON              | TAL PLL                                |  |           |      |           |          |
|                      | Clock jitter                           |  |           | 500  |           | ps       |
|                      | Phase adjustment                       |  |           | 11.6 |           | degree   |
|                      | VCO frequency range                    | By design                              | 12        |      | 162       | MHz      |
| ANALOG A             | ADC CHANNEL                            |  |           |      |           |          |
|                      | Coarse gain full-scale control range   | Gain control value N <sub>G</sub> = 15 |           | ±6   |           | dB       |
|                      | Coarse offset full-scale control range | Referred to 10-bit ADC output          |           | ±124 |           | counts   |
|                      | Coarse offset step size                | Referred to 10-bit ADC output          |           | 4    |           | counts   |
| SYNC PRO             | CESSING                                |  | •         |      |           | •        |
|                      | Internal clock reference frequency     | By design                              |           | 6.3  |           | MHz      |

<sup>(1)</sup> BC = ADC bias control setting in  $I^2$ C register, 2Ch.



# **TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

|      | PARAMETER                      | TEST CONDITIONS <sup>(1)</sup> | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CLOC | CKS, VIDEO DATA, SYNC TIMING   | ·                              | •   |     | ·   |      |
|      | Duty cycle DATACLK (CLK POL=0) |                                |     | 51  |     | %    |
|      | Duty cycle DATACLK (CLK POL=1) |                                |     | 44  |     | %    |
| t1   | DATACLK rise time              | 10% to 90%                     |     | 1   |     | ns   |
| t2   | DATACLK fall time              | 90% to 10%                     |     | 1   |     | ns   |
| t3   | Output delay time              |                                | 0   |     | 2.5 | ns   |

(1) Measured at 162 MHz with 22-Ω series termination resistor and 10-pF load. Specified by characterization only.

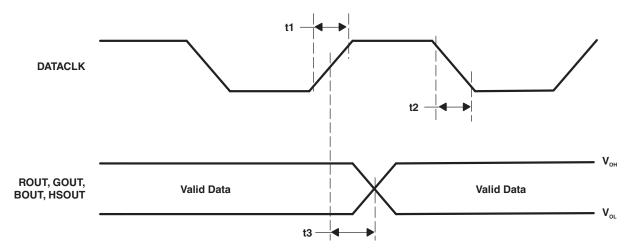


Figure 1. Clock, Video Data, and Sync Timing



# **TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

|                                   | PARAMETER                                   | TEST CONDITIONS     | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|--|--|--|
| I <sup>2</sup> C HOST PORT TIMING |   |                     |     |     |     |      |  |  |  |
| t1                                | Bus free time between STOP and START        | Specified by design | 1.3 |     |     | μs   |  |  |  |
| t2                                | Setup time for a (repeated) START condition | Specified by design | 0.6 |     |     | μs   |  |  |  |
| t3                                | Hold time (repeated) START condition        | Specified by design | 0.6 |     |     | μs   |  |  |  |
| t4                                | Setup time for a STOP condition             | Specified by design | 0.6 |     |     | ns   |  |  |  |
| t5                                | Data setup time                             | Specified by design | 100 |     |     | ns   |  |  |  |
| t6                                | Data hold time                              | Specified by design | 0   | 0.9 |     | μs   |  |  |  |
| t7                                | Rise time SDA and SCL signal                | Specified by design |     | 250 |     | ns   |  |  |  |
| t8                                | Fall time SDA and SCL signal                | Specified by design |     | 250 |     | ns   |  |  |  |
| C <sub>b</sub>                    | Capacitive load for each bus line           | Specified by design |     | 400 |     | pF   |  |  |  |
| f <sub>I2C</sub>                  | I <sup>2</sup> C clock frequency            | Specified by design |     | 400 |     | kHz  |  |  |  |

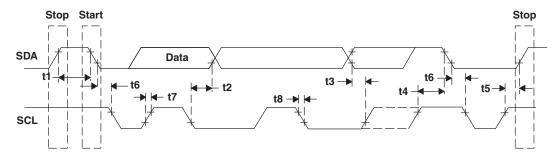


Figure 2. I<sup>2</sup>C Host Port Timing



#### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

# **Analog Channel**

The TVP7002 contains three identical analog channels that are independently programmable. Each channel consists of a clamping circuit, programmable gain control, programmable offset control, and an ADC.

# **Analog Input Switch Control**

TVP7002 has three analog channels that accept up to ten video inputs. The user can configure the internal analog video switches via the I<sup>2</sup>C interface. The ten analog video inputs can be used for different input configurations, some of which are:

- Up to three SDTV, EDTV, or HDTV component video inputs (limited by number of SOG inputs)
- Up to two 5-wire PC graphics inputs (limited by number of HSYNC and VSYNC inputs)

The input selection is performed by the input select register at  $I^2C$  subaddress 19h a 1Ah (see Input Mux Select 1 and Input Mux Select 2).

# **Video Formats Supported**

The TVP7002 supports A/D conversion of SDTV (480i, 576i), EDTV (480p, 765p), and HDTV (720p, 1080i, 1080p) YPbPr component video inputs. The TVP7002 also supports A/D conversion and color space conversion of all standard PC graphics formats (RGB) from VGA up to UXGA.

A summary of the analog video standards supported by the TVP7002 module is show in Table 1.

| •                           |                    |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| VIDEO FORMAT                | VIDEO STANDARDS    |
| SDTV (YPbPr Component)      | 480i, 576i         |
| EDTV (YPbPr Component)      | 480p, 576p         |
| HDTV (YPbPr Component)      | 720p, 1080i, 1080p |
| PC Graphics (RGB Component) | VGA to UXGA        |
| SCART (RGB Component)       | 576i               |

**Table 1. Analog Video Standards** 

# **Analog Input Clamping**

The TVP7002 provides dc restoration for all analog video inputs including the SOG slicer inputs. The dc restoration circuit (a.k.a. clamp circuit) restores the ac-coupled video signal to a fixed dc level. One dc restoration circuit is implemented prior to each of the three ADC, and a fourth one is located prior to the SOG slicer. The dc restoration circuit can be programmed to operate as either a sync-tip clamp (a.k.a. coarse clamp) or a back-porch clamp (a.k.a. fine clamp). The sync-tip clamp always clamps the video sync-tip level near the bottom of the ADC range. The back-porch type clamp supports two clamping levels (bottom-level and mid-level) that are selectable using bits 0, 1, and 2 of register 10h. When using the fine bottom-level clamp, an optional 300-mV common-mode offset may be selected using bit 7 of register 2Ah.

In general, the analog video input being used for horizontal synchronization purposes should always use the sync-tip clamp; all other analog video inputs should use the back-porch clamp. The advantage of the back-porch clamp is that it has negligible video droop or tilt across a video line.



The selection between bottom- and mid-level clamping is performed by I<sup>2</sup>C subaddress 10h (see *Sync-On-Green Threshold*). The fine clamps must also be enabled via I<sup>2</sup>C register 2Ah for proper operation. The internal clamping time can be adjusted using the I<sup>2</sup>C clamp start and width registers at subaddress 05h and 06h, respectively (see *Clamp Start* and *Clamp Width*).

Table 2. Recommended Clamp Setting by Video Mode

| Video Mode      | SOG Input<br>(Y/G) | Green ADC Ch<br>(Y/G) | Red ADC Ch<br>(Pr/R) | Blue ADC Ch<br>(Pb/B) |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| YPbPr Component | Coarse             | Fine Bottom-Level     | Fine Mid-Level       | Fine Mid-Level        |
| PC Graphics     | Coarse             | Fine Bottom-Level     | Fine Bottom-Level    | Fine Bottom-Level     |
| SCART-RGB       | Coarse             | Fine Bottom-Level     | Fine Bottom-Level    | Fine Bottom-Level     |

A single-pole low-pass filter with three selectable cutoff frequencies (0.5, 1.7, and 4.8 MHz) is implemented in the feedback loop of the sync-tip clamp circuit.

# **Programmable Gain Control**

The TVP7002 provides a 4-bit coarse analog gain control (before A/D conversion) and an 8-bit fine digital gain control (after A/D conversion). The coarse analog gain and the fine digital gain are both independently programmable for each ADC channel.

#### Coarse Gain Control

The 4-bit coarse analog gain control has a 4:1 linear gain control range defined by the following equation.

Coarse Gain =  $0.5 + N_{CG}/10$ , where  $0 \le N_{CG} \le 15$ 

 $0.5 \le Coarse\_Gain \le 2.0$ 

Default:  $N_{CG} = 7$  (Coarse\_Gain = 1.2)

The 4-bit coarse gain control can scale a signal with a voltage-input compliance of 0.5-Vpp to 2-Vpp to a full-scale 10-bit A/D output code range. The minimum gain corresponds to a code 0h (2-Vpp full-scale input, –6-dB gain) while the maximum gain corresponds to code Fh (0.5-Vpp full-scale, +6 dB gain). The 4-bit coarse gain control is independently controllable for each ADC channel (Red Coarse Gain, Green Coarse Gain, and Blue Coarse Gain).

#### Fine Gain Control

The 8-bit fine digital gain control has a 2:1 linear gain control range defined by the following equation.

Fine Gain = 1.0 +  $N_{EG}/256$  where  $0 \le N_{EG} \le 255$ 

 $1.0 \le \text{Fine Gain} < 2.0$ 

Default:  $N_{FG} = 0$  (Fine Gain = 1.0)

The 8-bit fine gain control is independently controllable for each ADC channel (Red Fine Gain, Green Fine Gain, and Blue Fine Gain). For a normal PC graphics input, the fine gain is used mostly.

# **Programmable Offset Control**

The TVP7002 provides a 6-bit coarse analog offset control (before A/D conversion) and a 10-bit fine digital offset control (after A/D conversion). The coarse analog offset and the fine digital offset are both independently programmable for each ADC channel.

#### Coarse Offset Control

A 6-bit code sets the coarse offset (Red Coarse Offset, Green Coarse Offset, Blue Coarse Offset) with individual adjustment per channel. The coarse offset ranges from -32 counts to +31 counts. The coarse offset registers apply before the ADC.

#### Fine Offset Control

A 10-bit fine offset registers (Red Fine Offset, Green Fine Offset, Blue Fine Offset) apply after the ADC. The fine offset ranges from –512 counts to +511 counts.



## **Automatic Level Control (ALC)**

The ALC circuit maintains the level of the signal to be set at a value which is programmed at fine offset I<sup>2</sup>C register. It consists of pixel averaging filter and feedback loop. This ALC function can be enabled or disabled by the I<sup>2</sup>C register at subaddress 26h.

The ALC circuit needs a timing pulse generated internally but the user should program the position properly. The ALC pulse must be positioning after the clamp pulse. The position of ALC pulse is controlled by ALC placement I<sup>2</sup>C register at address 31h. This is available only for internal ALC pulse timing. When using an external clamp pulse, the fine clamp and the ALC both start on the leading edge of the external clamp pulse. Therefore, it is recommended to keep the external clamp pulse as long as possible.

## **Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADCs)**

All ADCs have a resolution of 10 bits and can operate up to 165 MSPS. All A/D channels receive an identical clock from the on-chip phase-locked loop (PLL) at a frequency between 12 MHz and 165 MHz. All ADC reference voltages are generated internally. Also the external sampling clock can be used.

#### **Horizontal PLL**

The horizontal PLL generates a high-frequency internal clock used by the ADC sampling and data clocking out to derive the pixel output frequency with programmable phase. The reference signal for this PLL is the horizontal sync signal supplied on the HSYNC input or from extracted horizontal sync of the sync slicer block for embedded sync signals. The horizontal PLL consisted of phase detector, charge pump, loop filter, voltage controlled oscillator (VCO), phase select, feedback divider, and post divider. The horizontal PLL block diagram is shown in Figure 3.

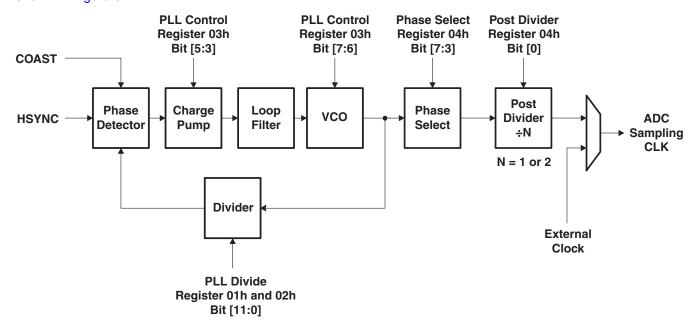


Figure 3. Horizontal PLL Block Diagram

The COAST signal is used to allow the PLL to keep running at the same frequency, in the absence of the incoming HSYNC signal or disordered HSYNC period. This is useful during the vertical sync period, or any other time that the HSYNC is not available.

There are several PLL controls to produce the correct sampling clock. The 12-bit feedback divider register is programmable to select exact multiplication number to generate the pixel clock in the range of 12 MHz to 165 MHz. The 3-bit loop filter current control register is to control the charge pump current that drives the low-pass loop filter. The applicable current values are listed in the Table 3.



The purpose of the 2-bit VCO range control is to improve the noise performance of the TVP7002. The frequency ranges for the VCO are shown in Table 3. The phase of the ADC sample clock generated by the horizontal PLL can be accurately controlled in 32 uniform steps over a single clock period (360/32 = 11.25 degrees phase resolution) using the phase select register located at subaddress 04h.

The horizontal PLL characteristics are determined by the loop filter design, the PLL charge pump current, and the VCO range setting. The loop filter design is shown in Figure 4. Supported settings of VCO range and charge pump current for VESA standard display modes are listed in Table 3.

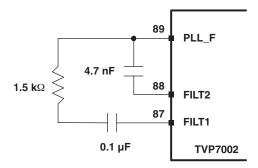


Figure 4. Horizontal PLL Loop Filter

In addition to sourcing the ADC sample clock from the horizontal PLL, an external pixel clock can be used (from pin 80).

Table 3. Recommended VCO Range and Charge Pump Current Settings for Supporting Standard Display Formats

| STANDARD     | RESOLUTION  | FRAME<br>RATE<br>(Hz) | LINE RATE<br>(kHz) | PIXEL<br>RATE<br>(MHz) | PLL<br>DIVIDER<br>TOTAL<br>PIX/LINE | PLLDIV<br>[11:4] REG<br>01h [7:0] | PLLDIV<br>[3:0] REG<br>02h [7:4] | REG 03h | OUTPUT<br>DIVIDER<br>REG 04h<br>[0] | VCO<br>RANGE<br>REG 03h<br>[7:6] | CP<br>CURREN<br>REG 03h<br>[5:3] |
|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|              | 640 × 480   | 59.94                 | 31.469             | 25.175                 | 800                                 | 32h                               | 00h                              | 20h     | 0                                   | ULow (00b)                       | 100b                             |
| \/OA         | 640 × 480   | 72.809                | 37.861             | 31.5                   | 832                                 | 34h                               | 00h                              | 20h     | 0                                   | ULow (00b)                       | 100b                             |
| VGA          | 640 × 480   | 75                    | 37.5               | 31.5                   | 840                                 | 34h                               | 80h                              | 20h     | 0                                   | ULow (00b)                       | 100b                             |
|              | 640 × 480   | 85.008                | 43.269             | 36                     | 832                                 | 34h                               | 00h                              | 60h     | 0                                   | Low (01b)                        | 100b                             |
|              | 800 × 600   | 56.25                 | 35.156             | 36                     | 1024                                | 40h                               | 00h                              | 58h     | 0                                   | Low (01b)                        | 011b                             |
|              | 800 × 600   | 60.317                | 37.879             | 40                     | 1056                                | 42h                               | 00h                              | 58h     | 0                                   | Low (01b)                        | 011b                             |
| SVGA         | 800 × 600   | 72.188                | 48.077             | 50                     | 1040                                | 41h                               | 00h                              | 58h     | 0                                   | Low (01b)                        | 011b                             |
|              | 800 × 600   | 75                    | 46.875             | 49.5                   | 1056                                | 42h                               | 00h                              | 58h     | 0                                   | Low (01b)                        | 011b                             |
|              | 800 × 600   | 85.061                | 53.674             | 56.25                  | 1048                                | 41h                               | 80h                              | 58h     | 0                                   | Low (01b)                        | 011b                             |
|              | 1024 × 768  | 60.004                | 48.363             | 65                     | 1344                                | 54h                               | 00h                              | 58h     | 0                                   | Low (01b)                        | 011b                             |
| VO 4         | 1024 ×768   | 70.069                | 56.476             | 75                     | 1328                                | 53h                               | 00h                              | A8h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 101b                             |
| XGA          | 1024 × 768  | 75.029                | 60.023             | 78.75                  | 1312                                | 52h                               | 00h                              | A8h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 101b                             |
|              | 1024 × 768  | 84.997                | 68.677             | 94.5                   | 1376                                | 56h                               | 00h                              | A0h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 100b                             |
|              | 1280 × 768  | 59.995                | 47.396             | 68.25                  | 1440                                | 5Ah                               | 00h                              | 50h     | 0                                   | Low (01b)                        | 010b                             |
| M/M/O A (II) | 1280 × 768  | 59.87                 | 47.776             | 79.5                   | 1664                                | 68h                               | 00h                              | A0h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 100b                             |
| WXGA (I)     | 1280 × 768  | 74.893                | 60.289             | 102.25                 | 1696                                | 6Ah                               | 00h                              | A0h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 100b                             |
|              | 1280 × 768  | 84.837                | 68.633             | 117.5                  | 1712                                | 6Bh                               | 00h                              | A0h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 100b                             |
|              | 1280 × 1024 | 60.02                 | 63.981             | 108                    | 1688                                | 69h                               | 80h                              | A0h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 100b                             |
| SXGA         | 1280 × 1024 | 75.025                | 79.976             | 135                    | 1688                                | 69h                               | 80h                              | E8h     | 0                                   | High (11b)                       | 101b                             |
|              | 1280 × 1024 | 85.024                | 91.146             | 157.5                  | 1728                                | 6Ch                               | 00h                              | E8h     | 0                                   | High (11b)                       | 101b                             |
|              | 1400 × 1050 | 59.948                | 64.744             | 101                    | 1560                                | 61h                               | 80h                              | A0h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 100b                             |
| SXGA+        | 1400 × 1050 | 59.978                | 65.317             | 121.75                 | 1864                                | 74h                               | 80h                              | 98h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 011b                             |
|              | 1400 × 1050 | 74.867                | 82.278             | 156                    | 1896                                | 76h                               | 80h                              | E0h     | 0                                   | High (11b)                       | 100b                             |
|              | 1440 × 900  | 59.901                | 55.469             | 88.75                  | 1600                                | 64h                               | 00h                              | A0h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 100b                             |
| M/VCA (II)   | 1440 × 900  | 59.887                | 55.935             | 106.5                  | 1904                                | 77h                               | 00h                              | 98h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 011b                             |
| WXGA (II)    | 1440 × 900  | 74.984                | 70.635             | 136.75                 | 1936                                | 79h                               | 00h                              | E0h     | 0                                   | High (11b)                       | 100b                             |
|              | 1440 × 900  | 84.842                | 80.43              | 157                    | 1952                                | 7Ah                               | 00h                              | E0h     | 0                                   | High (11b)                       | 100b                             |
| UXGA         | 1600 × 1200 | 60                    | 75                 | 162                    | 2160                                | 87h                               | 00h                              | E0h     | 0                                   | High (11b)                       | 100b                             |



Table 3. Recommended VCO Range and Charge Pump Current Settings for Supporting Standard Display Formats (continued)

| STANDARD | RESOLUTION   | FRAME<br>RATE<br>(Hz) | LINE RATE<br>(kHz) | PIXEL<br>RATE<br>(MHz) | PLL<br>DIVIDER<br>TOTAL<br>PIX/LINE | PLLDIV<br>[11:4] REG<br>01h [7:0] | PLLDIV<br>[3:0] REG<br>02h [7:4] | REG 03h | OUTPUT<br>DIVIDER<br>REG 04h<br>[0] | VCO<br>RANGE<br>REG 03h<br>[7:6] | CP<br>CURRENT<br>REG 03h<br>[5:3] |
|----------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|          | 720 × 480i   | 29.97                 | 15.374             | 13.5                   | 858                                 | 35h                               | A0h                              | 18h     | 0                                   | ULow (00b)                       | 011b                              |
|          | 720 × 576i   | 25                    | 15.625             | 13.5                   | 864                                 | 36h                               | 00h                              | 18h     | 0                                   | ULow (00b)                       | 011b                              |
|          | 720 × 480p   | 59.94                 | 31.469             | 27                     | 858                                 | 35h                               | A0h                              | 18h     | 0                                   | ULow (00b)                       | 011b                              |
|          | 720 × 576p   | 50                    | 31.25              | 27                     | 864                                 | 36h                               | 00h                              | 18h     | 0                                   | ULow (00b)                       | 011b                              |
| Video    | 1280 × 720p  | 60                    | 45                 | 74.25                  | 1650                                | 67h                               | 20h                              | A0h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 100b                              |
| video    | 1280 × 720p  | 50                    | 37.5               | 74.25                  | 1980                                | 7Bh                               | C0h                              | 98h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 011b                              |
|          | 1920 × 1080i | 60                    | 33.75              | 74.25                  | 2200                                | 89h                               | 80h                              | 98h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 011b                              |
|          | 1920 × 1080i | 50                    | 28.125             | 74.25                  | 2640                                | A5h                               | 00h                              | 90h     | 0                                   | Med (10b)                        | 010b                              |
|          | 1920 × 1080p | 60                    | 67.5               | 148.5                  | 2200                                | 89h                               | 80h                              | E0h     | 0                                   | High (11b)                       | 100b                              |
|          | 1920 × 1080p | 50                    | 56.25              | 148.5                  | 2640                                | A5h                               | 00h                              | D8h     | 0                                   | High (11b)                       | 011b                              |

# **RGB-to-YCbCr Color Space Conversion**

The TVP7002 supports RGB-to-YCbCr color space conversion (CSC) with I<sup>2</sup>C programmable coefficients. The TVP7002 should default to the CSC coefficients required for HDTV component video inputs. The TVP7002 supports the ability to bypass the CSC block and defaults to the bypass mode (bit 4 of subaddress 18h).

RGB-to-YCbCr CSC coefficients for HDTV component video (see CEA-770.3-C, ITU-R BT.709) (default coefficients):

|    | G'         | B'         | R'         |
|----|------------|------------|------------|
| Υ  | 00000016E3 | 000000024F | 00000006CE |
| Pb | FFFFFF3AB  | 000001000  | FFFFFFC55  |
| Pr | FFFFFFF178 | FFFFFFE88  | 0000001000 |

RGB-to-YCbCr CSC coefficients for SDTV component video (see CEA-770.2-C, ITU-R BT.601) (informative only):

|    | G'         | B'         | R'         |
|----|------------|------------|------------|
| Υ  | 00000012C9 | 00000003A6 | 0000000991 |
| Pb | FFFFFF566  | 000001000  | FFFFFFA9A  |
| Pr | FFFFFFF29A | FFFFFFD66  | 000001000  |

## 4:4:4 to 4:2:2 Conversion

For 4:4:4 YPbPr component video inputs, the TVP7002 can downsample the chroma samples (CbCr) from 1x to 0.5x using a 27-tap half-band filter.

#### NOTE:

- Selection between the 30-bit 4:4:4 output format and the 20-bit 4:2:2 output format is made using bit 1 of register 15h.
- Multiplexed CbCr data is output on BOUT [9:0] in the 20-bit 4:2:2 output format.
- 4:4:4 to 4:2:2 conversion is implemented after RGB to YCbCr color space conversion.

# Sync Processing

# **Horizontal Sync Selection**

The TVP7002 provides two HSYNC inputs and three analog SOG inputs for HDTV and PC graphics inputs. The sync input used by the horizontal PLL is automatically selected based on activity detection.



## Sync Slicer

TVP7002 includes a circuit that compares the input signal on Green channel to a level 150 mV (typical value) above the clamped level (sync tip). The slicing level is programmable by I<sup>2</sup>C register subaddress at 10h. The digital output of the composite sync slicer is available on the SOGOUT pin.

## **Noise Immunity**

In general, noise on a slowly varying input signal (i.e., sync falling edge) may cause a voltage comparator to false trigger as the input passes through the linear range of the comparator. To improve the overall performance of the TVP7002 sync slicer in the presence of noise on the SOG input, the voltage comparator includes hysteresis. Maintaining a 50% slice level using the I<sup>2</sup>C programmable slice level control can further improve the noise immunity of the Sync slicer. The slice level is programmable in 11.2-mV increments over a 350-mV range as follows.

```
slice_level = (350 \text{ mV}) \times (N_{TH}/31)
where 0 \le N_{TH} \le 31, default: 11
0 \le slice_level \le 350 \text{ mV}
```

# **Glitch Immunity**

During white to black transitions, the input video waveform may undershoot below the sync slicer threshold. To help attenuate the amplitude of such glitches, a single-pole low-pass filter with three selectable cutoff frequencies (2.5, 10, and 33 MHz) is provided at the input of the SOG voltage comparator circuit. This filter is bypassed in the default mode.

#### NOTE:

Although the low-pass filter may attenuate the amplitude of glitches present on the SOG input, it also makes the sync falling edge less sharp.

# **Sync Separator**

The sync separator automatically extracts VSYNC and HSYNC from the sliced composite sync input supplied at the SOG input. The G or Y input containing the composite sync must be ac coupled to the SOG input pin using a 1-nF capacitor. Support for PC graphics, SDTV, EDTV, and HDTV up to 1080p is provided.

#### Sync Activity Detection (Informative)

The TVP7002 provides activity detection on the sync inputs (VSYNC, HSYNC) to enable the host processor to determine whether the PC graphics source is configured as a 3-wire, 4-wire, or 5-wire interface as defined here:

- 5 wire (G, B, R, HSYNC, VSYNC)
- 4 wire (G, B, R, CSYNC)
- 3 wire (G, B, R with SOG)

If activity is detected on the VSYNC input, the host processor should assume that the PC graphics input is configured as a standard 5-wire interface. In this case, the HSYNC input of the TVP7002 should be configured as an HSYNC input.

If activity is detected on the HSYNC input but not on the VSYNC input, the host processor should assume that the PC graphics input is configured as a standard 4-wire interface. In this case, the HSYNC input of the TVP7002 should be configured as a CSYNC input. The TVP7002 supports the following two types of CSYNC inputs.

```
CSYNC = VSYNC XOR HSYNC (default)
CSYNC = VSYNC OR HSYNC
```



If activity is not detected on either the HSYNC input or the VSYNC input, the host processor should assume that the PC graphics input is configured as a standard 3-wire interface. In this case, the TVP7002 is automatically configured for a SOG input.

| VSYNC Input<br>Activity Detect | HSYNC Input<br>Activity Detect | PC Graphics<br>Input Type |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1                              | 1                              | 5 wire (default)          |
| 1                              | 0                              | Undefined (assume 5 wire) |
| 0                              | 1                              | 4 wire                    |
| 0                              | 0                              | 3 wire                    |

The activity detection status for the VSYNC and HSYNC inputs is written to the I<sup>2</sup>C status register at subaddress 14h.

#### NOTE:

Pin 13 of a standard 15-pin VGA video connect can be either a horizontal sync (HSYNC) or a composite sync (CSYNC).

#### NOTE:

For component video inputs, the active HSYNC and VSYNC should always be derived from the selected SOG input. This can most easily be ensured by setting the AHSO, AVSO, AHSS and AVSS bit fields in register 0Eh to logic 1.

#### NOTE:

For proper operation when separate HSYNC and VSYNC inputs are used, the leading edge of VSYNC must not be presidely aligned with the leading edged of HSYNC. A simple RC delay circuit will provide adequate delay in most applications.

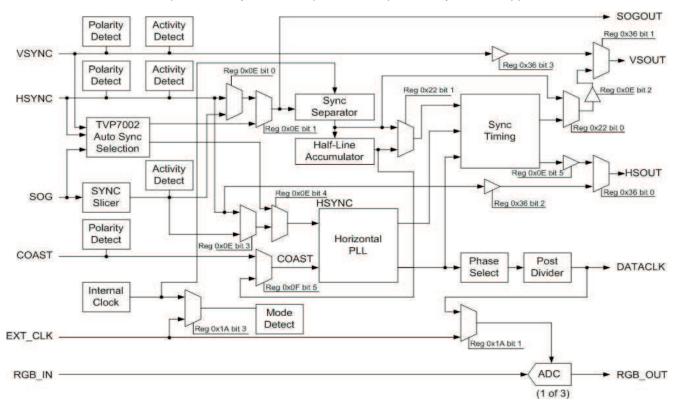


Figure 5. Sync Processing



# **Output Formatter**

The output formatter sets how the data is formatted for output on the TVP7002 output buses. Table 4 shows the available component video output modes.

Table 4. YCbCr Component Video Output Formats<sup>(1)</sup>

| TERMINAL NAME | TERMINAL NUMBER | 30-BIT 4:2:2 YCbCr | 20-BIT 4:2:2 YCbCr |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| G_9           | 43              | Y9                 | Y9                 |
| G_8           | 44              | Y8                 | Y8                 |
| G_7           | 45              | Y7                 | Y7                 |
| G_6           | 46              | Y6                 | Y6                 |
| G_5           | 47              | Y5                 | Y5                 |
| G_4           | 48              | Y4                 | Y4                 |
| G_3           | 49              | Y3                 | Y3                 |
| G_2           | 50              | Y2                 | Y2                 |
| G_1           | 51              | Y1                 | Y1                 |
| G_0           | 52              | Y0                 | Y0                 |
| B_9           | 29              | Cb9                | Cb9, Cr9           |
| B_8           | 30              | Cb8                | Cb8, Cr8           |
| B_7           | 31              | Cb7                | Cb7, Cr7           |
| B_6           | 32              | Cb6                | Cb6, Cr6           |
| B_5           | 33              | Cb5                | Cb5, Cr5           |
| B_4           | 34              | Cb4                | Cb4, Cr4           |
| B_3           | 35              | Cb3                | Cb3, Cr3           |
| B_2           | 36              | Cb2                | Cb2, Cr2           |
| B_1           | 37              | Cb1                | Cb1, Cr1           |
| B_0           | 38              | Cb0                | Cb0, Cr0           |
| R_9           | 29              | Cr9                |                    |
| R_8           | 30              | Cr8                |                    |
| R_7           | 31              | Cr7                |                    |
| R_6           | 32              | Cr6                |                    |
| R_5           | 33              | Cr5                |                    |
| R_4           | 34              | Cr4                |                    |
| R_3           | 35              | Cr3                |                    |
| R_2           | 36              | Cr2                |                    |
| R_1           | 37              | Cr1                |                    |
| R_0           | 38              | Cr0                |                    |

<sup>(1) 10-</sup>bit 4:2:2 YCbCr output format (i.e., ITU-R BT.656) is not supported by the TVP7002.

#### NOTE:

In the 20-bit 4:2:2 YCbCr output mode, the unused red outputs (Cr[9:0]) are placed in a high-impedance state.



# **Embedded Syncs**

Standard with embedded syncs insert SAV and EAV codes into the data stream on the rising and falling edges of AVID. These codes contain the V and F bits which also define vertical timing. Table 5 gives the format of the SAV and EAV codes.

H equals 1 always indicates EAV. H equals 0 always indicates SAV. The alignment of V and F to the line and field counter varies depending on the standard. The P bits are protection bits:

P3 = V xor H

P2 = F xor H

P1 = F xor V

P0 = F xor V xor H

#### Table 5. EAV and SAV Sequence

|          | Y9 (MSB) | Y8 | Y7 | Y6 | Y5 | Y4 | Y3 | Y2 | Y1 | Y0 |
|----------|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Preamble | 1        | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
| Preamble | 0        | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Preamble | 0        | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Status   | 1        | F  | V  | Н  | P3 | P2 | P1 | P0 | 0  | 0  |

The insertion location of the SAV/EAV codes on a video line is programmable using the AVID start/stop pixel values located at subaddresses 40h through 43h.

#### NOTE:

When enabled (bit 0 of subaddress 15h), embedded syncs are present in both the Y and C outputs.

# **Output Range Limits**

The TVP7002 provides selectable output range limits in I2C subaddress 15h:

00 = RGB coding range (Y, Cb, and Cr range from 0 to 1023) (default)

01 = Extended coding range (Y, Cb, and Cr range from 4 to 1019)

10 = ITU-R BT.601 coding range (Y ranges from 64 to 940, Cb and Cr range from 64 to 960)

11 = Reserved

#### NOTE:

RGB coding range not allowed with embedded syncs.

# **Power Management**

The TVP7002 supports both automatic and manual power-down modes. The automatic power-down mode can be selected by setting bit 2 of subaddress 0Fh to logic 0.

In the automatic power-down mode, the TVP7002 powers down the ADCs, the ADC reference, and horizontal PLL when activity is not detected on both the selected HSYNC input and the selected SOG input (VSYNC is no longer used). The TVP7002 restores power whenever activity is detected on either the selected HSYNC input or the selected SOG input.

The TVP7002 can also be placed in power down mode via the active high PWDN input (pin 70). When the PWDN input is driven high, the TVP7002 powers down everything including the I<sup>2</sup>C interface and the digital outputs are not placed in a high-impedance mode.

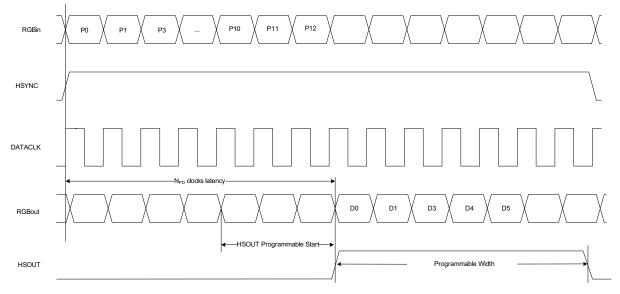
The TVP7002 can also be placed in a power down mode using bit 1 of register 0Fh.

Individual blocks of the TVP7002 can be independently powered down using register 2Bh.

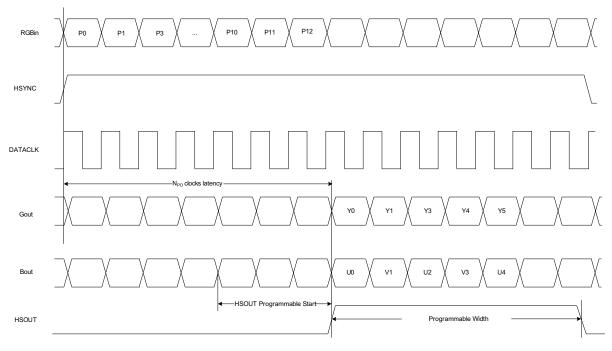


# **Timing**

The TVP7002 supports RGB/YCbCr 4:4:4 and YCbCr 4:2:2 modes. Output timing is shown in Figure 6. All timing diagrams are shown for operation with internal PLL clock at phase 0 and HSOUT Output Start = 0. For the 4:2:2 mode, CbCr data output is on the BOUT[9:0] output port.



4:4:4 RGB/YCbCr Output Timing. Npd = 18 clock cycles. HSOUT start is programmable in register 21h.



4:2:2 YCbCr Output Timing. Npd = 39 clock cycles. HSOUT start is programmable in register 21h.

Figure 6. Output Timing Diagram



# I<sup>2</sup>C Host Interface

Communication with the TVP7002 device is via an I<sup>2</sup>C host interface. The I<sup>2</sup>C standard consists of two signals, serial input/output data (SDA) line and input clock line (SCL), which carry information between the devices connected to the bus. A third signal (I2CA) is used for slave address selection. Although an I<sup>2</sup>C system can be multi-mastered, the TVP7002 can function as a slave device only.

Since SDA and SCL are kept open-drain at logic high output level or when the bus is not driven, the user should connect SDA and SCL to a positive supply voltage via a pullup resistor on the board. SDA is implemented bidirectional. The slave addresses select, terminal 73 (I2CA), enables the use of two TVP7002 devices tied to the same I<sup>2</sup>C bus, as it controls the least-significant bit of the I<sup>2</sup>C device address

Table 6. I<sup>2</sup>C Host Interface Terminal Description

| SIGNAL | TYPE | DESCRIPTION             |  |
|--------|------|-------------------------|--|
| I2CA   | I    | Slave address selection |  |
| SCL    | I    | Input clock line        |  |
| SDA    | I/O  | Input/output data line  |  |

#### Reset and I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Address Selection

TVP7002 can respond to two possible chip addresses. The address selection is made at reset by an externally supplied level on the I2CA pin. The TVP7002 device samples the level of terminal 73 at power up or at the trailing edge of RESETB and configures the I<sup>2</sup>C bus address bit A0. The I2CA terminal has an internal pulldown resistor to pull the terminal low to set a zero.

Table 7. I<sup>2</sup>C Host Interface Device Addresses

| A6 | A5 | A4 | А3 | A2 | A1 | A0 (I <sup>2</sup> C A) | R/W | HEX     |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------------------------|-----|---------|
| 1  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0 (default)             | 1/0 | B9h/B8h |
| 1  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 1 (1)                   | 1/0 | BBh/BAh |

<sup>(1)</sup> If terminal 73 is strapped to DVDD via a 2.2-k $\Omega$  resistor, I<sup>2</sup>C device address A0 is set to 1.

# I<sup>2</sup>C Operation

Data transfers occur utilizing the following illustrated formats.

Т

| S  | 10111000 | ACK        | Subaddi | ress | ACK      | Send da | ata ACK      | ŀ   | , |
|--|----------|------------|---------|------|----------|---------|--------------|-----|---|
| Read from I <sup>2</sup> C control registers |          |            |         |      |          |         |              |     |   |
| S 10111                                      | 000 ACK  | Subaddress | ACK     | S    | 10111001 | ACK     | Receive data | NAK | Р |

 $S = I^2C$  bus Start condition

 $P = I^2C$  bus Stop condition

ACK = Acknowledge generated by the slave

NAK = Acknowledge generated by the master, for multiple byte read master with ACK each byte except last byte Subaddress = Subaddress byte

Data = Data byte, if more than one byte of DATA is transmitted (read and write), the subaddress pointer is automatically incremented

I<sup>2</sup>C bus address = Example shown that I2CA is in default mode; write (B8h), read (B9h).



# Power Up, Reset, and Initialization

No specific power-up sequence is required, but all power supplies should be active and stable within 500 ms of each other. Reset may be low during power up, but must remain low for at least 1  $\mu$ s after the power supplies become stable. Alternatively, reset may be asserted any time with minimum 5-ms delay after power-up and must remain asserted for at least 1  $\mu$ s. Reset timing is shown in Figure 7. It is also recommended that any I<sup>2</sup>C operation starts 1  $\mu$ s after reset ended. Table 8 describes the status of the TVP7002 terminals during and immediately after reset.

Table 8. Output Mode Per Reset Sequence State

| SIGNAL NAME                     | OUTPUT MODE    |   |  |  |
|---------------------------------|----------------|---|--|--|
| SIGNAL NAME                     | DURING RESET   | RESET COMPLETED                                       |  |  |
| ROUT[9:0], BOUT[9:0], GOUT[9:0] | High impedance | Default Condition<br>(see bit 0 of subaddress<br>17h) |  |  |
| HSOUT, VSOUT, FIDOUT, DATACLK   | High impedance | Default Condition<br>(see bit 0 of subaddress<br>17h) |  |  |
| SOGOUT                          | High impedance | Default Condition<br>(see bit 1 of subaddress<br>17h) |  |  |

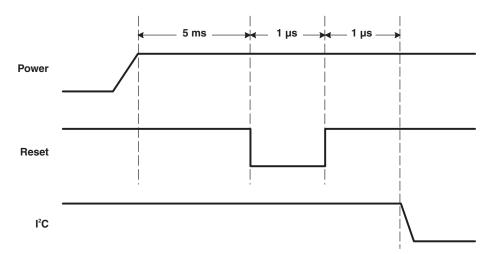


Figure 7. Reset Timing



# **CONTROL REGISTERS**

The TVP7002 is initialized and controlled by a set of internal registers that define the operating parameters of the entire device. Communication between the external controller and the TVP7002 is through a standard I<sup>2</sup>C host port interface, as previously described.

Table 9 shows the summary of these registers. Detailed programming information for each register is described in the following sections.

Table 9. Control Registers Summary (1)(2)

| REGISTER NAME                 | I <sup>2</sup> C SUBADDRESS | DEFAULT | R/W <sup>(3)</sup> |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| Chip Revision                 | 00h                         | 02h     | R                  |
| H-PLL Feedback Divider MSBs   | 01h                         | 67h     | R/W                |
| H-PLL Feedback Divider LSBs   | 02h                         | 20h     | R/W                |
| H-PLL Control                 | 03h                         | A8h     | R/W                |
| H-PLL Phase Select            | 04h                         | 80h     | R/W                |
| Clamp Start                   | 05h                         | 32h     | R/W                |
| Clamp Width                   | 06h                         | 20h     | R/W                |
| HSYNC Output Width            | 07h                         | 20h     | R/W                |
| Blue Fine Gain                | 08h                         | 00h     | R/W                |
| Green Fine Gain               | 09h                         | 00h     | R/W                |
| Red Fine Gain                 | 0Ah                         | 00h     | R/W                |
| Blue Fine Offset MSBs         | 0Bh                         | 80h     | R/W                |
| Green Fine Offset MSBs        | 0Ch                         | 80h     | R/W                |
| Red Fine Offset MSBs          | 0Dh                         | 80h     | R/W                |
| Sync Control 1                | 0Eh                         | 5Bh     | R/W                |
| H-PLL and Clamp Control       | 0Fh                         | 2Eh     | R/W                |
| Sync On Green Threshold       | 10h                         | 5Dh     | R/W                |
| Sync Separator Threshold      | 11h                         | 20h     | R/W                |
| H-PLL Pre-Coast               | 12h                         | 00h     | R/W                |
| H-PLL Post-Coast              | 13h                         | 00h     | R/W                |
| Sync Detect Status            | 14h                         |         | R                  |
| Output Formatter              | 15h                         | 04h     | R/W                |
| MISC Control 1                | 16h                         | 11h     | R/W                |
| MISC Control 2                | 17h                         | 03h     | R/W                |
| MISC Control 3                | 18h                         | 00h     | R/W                |
| Input Mux Select 1            | 19h                         | 00h     | R/W                |
| Input Mux Select 2            | 1Ah                         | C2h     | R/W                |
| Blue and Green Coarse Gain    | 1Bh                         | 77h     | R/W                |
| Red Coarse Gain               | 1Ch                         | 07h     | R/W                |
| Fine Offset LSBs              | 1Dh                         | 00h     | R/W                |
| Blue Coarse Offset            | 1Eh                         | 10h     | R/W                |
| Green Coarse Offset           | 1Fh                         | 10h     | R/W                |
| Red Coarse Offset             | 20h                         | 10h     | R/W                |
| HSOUT Output Start            | 21h                         | 0Dh     | R/W                |
| MISC Control 4                | 22h                         | 08h     | R/W                |
| Blue Digital ALC Output LSBs  | 23h                         |         | R                  |
| Green Digital ALC Output LSBs | 24h                         |         | R                  |

<sup>(1)</sup> For proper operation of the TVP7002 device, the default settings for all register locations designated as "Reserved" in the register map summary should never be changed from the values provided.

<sup>(2)</sup> For registers with reserved bits, a 0b must be written to reserved bit locations, unless otherwise stated.

<sup>(3)</sup> R = Read only, W = Write only, R/W = Read Write



# **CONTROL REGISTERS (continued)**

# **Table 9. Control Registers Summary (continued)**

| REGISTER NAME                   | I <sup>2</sup> C SUBADDRESS | DEFAULT        | R/W <sup>(3)</sup> |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Red Digital ALC Output LSBs     | 25h                         |                | R                  |
| Automatic Level Control Enable  | 26h                         | 80h            | R/W                |
| Digital ALC Output MSBs         | 27h                         |                | R                  |
| Automatic Level Control Filter  | 28h                         | 53h            | R/W                |
| Reserved                        | 29h                         | 08h            | R/W                |
| Fine Clamp Control              | 2Ah                         | 07h            | R/W                |
| Power Control                   | 2Bh                         | 00h            | R/W                |
| ADC Setup                       | 2Ch                         | 50h            | R/W                |
| Coarse Clamp Control            | 2Dh                         | 00h            | R/W                |
| SOG Clamp                       | 2Eh                         | 80h            | R/W                |
| RGB Coarse Clamp Control        | 2Fh                         | 8Ch            | R/W                |
| SOG Coarse Clamp Control        | 30h                         | 04h            | R/W                |
| ALC Placement                   | 31h                         | 5Ah            | R/W                |
| Reserved                        | 32h                         | 18h            | R/W                |
| Reserved                        | 33h                         | 60h            | R/W                |
| Reserved                        | 34h                         | 03h            | R/W                |
| VSYNC Alignment                 | 35h                         | 10h            | R/W                |
| Sync Bypass                     | 36h                         | 00h            | R/W                |
| Lines Per Frame Status          | 37h–38h                     |                | R                  |
| Clocks Per Line Status          | 39h–3Ah                     |                | R                  |
| HSYNC Width                     | 3Bh                         |                | R                  |
| VSYNC Width                     | 3Ch                         |                | R                  |
| Line Length Tolerance           | 3Dh                         | 03h            | R/W                |
| Reserved                        | 3Eh                         | 04h            | R/W                |
| Video Bandwidth Control         | 3Fh                         | 00h            | R/W                |
| AVID Start Pixel                | 40h–41h                     | 012Ch          | R/W                |
| AVID Stop Pixel                 | 42h–43h                     | 062Ch          | R/W                |
| VBLK Field 0 Start Line Offset  | 44h                         | 05h            | R/W                |
| VBLK Field 1 Start Line Offset  | 45h                         | 05h            | R/W                |
| VBLK Field 0 Duration           | 46h                         | 1Eh            | R/W                |
| VBLK Field 1 Duration           | 47h                         | 1Eh            | R/W                |
| F-bit Field 0 Start Line Offset | 48h                         | 00h            | R/W                |
| F-bit Field 1 Start Line Offset | 49h                         | 00h            | R/W                |
| 1st CSC Coefficient             | 4Ah–4Bh                     | 16E3h          | R/W                |
| 2nd CSC Coefficient             | 4Ch–4Dh                     | 024Fh          | R/W                |
| 3rd CSC Coefficient             | 4Eh–4Fh                     | 06CEh          | R/W                |
| 4th CSC Coefficient             | 50h–51h                     | F3ABh          | R/W                |
| 5th CSC Coefficient             | 52h–53h                     | 1000h          | R/W                |
| 6th CSC Coefficient             | 54h–55h                     | FC55h          | R/W                |
| 7th CSC Coefficient             | 54n-55n<br>56h-57h          | F178h          | R/W                |
|                                 |                             |                |                    |
| 8th CSC Coefficient             | 58h–59h                     | FE88h          | R/W                |
| Oth CSC Coefficient             | EAL EDL                     | 10006          |                    |
| 9th CSC Coefficient Reserved    | 5Ah–5Bh<br>5Ch–5Dh          | 1000h<br>0000h | R/W<br>R/W         |



# **Register Definitions**

# **Chip Revision**

| Subaddress          | 00h |   |   |   |   |   | Read Only |  |
|---------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|-----------|--|
| 7                   | 6   | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0         |  |
| Chip revision [7:0] |     |   |   |   |   |   |           |  |

Chip revision [7:0]: Chip revision number

#### H-PLL Feedback Divider MSBs

| Subaddress        | 01h |   |   |   |   |   | Default (67h) |
|-------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| 7                 | 6   | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |
| PLL divide [11:4] |     |   |   |   |   |   |               |

PLL divide [11:0]: Controls the 12-bit horizontal PLL feedback divider value which determines the number of pixels per line. PLL divide [11:4] bits should be loaded first whenever a change is required.

#### H-PLL Feedback Divider LSBs

| Subaddress | 02h     |            |   |   |      |       | Default (20h) |
|------------|---------|------------|---|---|------|-------|---------------|
| 7          | 6       | 5          | 4 | 3 | 2    | 1     | 0             |
|            | PLL div | vide [3:0] |   |   | Rese | erved |               |

PLL divide [11:0]: Controls the 12-bit horizontal PLL feedback divider value which determines the number of pixels per line. PLL divide [11:4] bits should be loaded first whenever a change is required.

# **H-PLL Control**

Subaddress 03h Default (A8h)

| Ī | 7   | 6                                  | 5 | 4 | 3     | 2 | 1        | 0 |
|---|-----|------------------------------------|---|---|-------|---|----------|---|
|   | VCC | VCO[1:0] Charge Pump Current [2:0] |   |   | [2:0] |   | Reserved |   |

VCO [1:0]: Selects VCO frequency range

|      | VCO Gain<br>(K <sub>VCO</sub> ) | VCO Range        | Pixel Clock Frequency (PCLK) |
|------|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| 00 = | 75                              | Ultra low        | PCLK < 36 MHz                |
| 01 = | 85                              | Low              | 36 MHz ≤ PCLK < 70 MHz       |
| 10 = | 150                             | Medium (default) | 70 MHz ≤ PCLK < 135 MHz      |
| 11 = | 200                             | High             | 135 MHz < PCLK < 165 MHz     |

Charge Pump Current [2:0]: Selects PLL charge pump current setting. The recommended charge pump current setting (ICP) can be determined using the following equation.

 $I_{CP} = 40 \times K_{VCO}/(pixels per line)$ 

000 = 0: Small

101 = 5 (default)

111 = 7: Large

Note: Also see the "PLL and CLAMP Control" register at subaddress 0Fh.



#### **H-PLL Phase Select**

| Subaddress | 04h |                   |      |       |      |   | Default (80h) |  |
|------------|-----|-------------------|------|-------|------|---|---------------|--|
| 7          | 6   | 5                 | 4    | 3     | 2    | 1 | 0             |  |
|            |     | Phase Select [4:0 | Rese | erved | DIV2 |   |               |  |

Phase Select [4:0]: ADC sampling clock phase select. (1 LSB = 360/32 = 11.25°). A host-based automatic phase control algorithm can be used to control this setting to optimize graphics sampling phase.

00h = 0 degrees

10h = 180 degrees (default)

1Fh = 348.75 degrees

DIV2: DATACLK Divide-by-2. H-PLL post divider (internal use only)

0 = DATACLK/1 (default)

1 = DATACLK/2

Note: Phase wrap-around and phase instability can occur with phase settings of 00h or 01h. These settings are therfore not recommended for use. Not all 32 phase settings are available when using the DATACLK/2 setting. This setting is therefore not recommended for PC graphics inputs.

# Clamp Start

| Subaddress        | 05h |   |   |   |   |   | Default (32h) |
|-------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| 7                 | 6   | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |
| Clamp Start [7:0] |     |   |   |   |   |   |               |

Clamp Start [7:0]: Positions the clamp signal an integer number of clock periods after the HSYNC signal. If external clamping is selected this value has no meaning. Clamp Start must be correctly positioned for proper operation. See Table 10 for the recommended settings.

# Clamp Width

| Subaddress        | 06h |   |   |   |   |   | Default (20h) |
|-------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| 7                 | 6   | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |
| Clamp Width [7:0] |     |   |   |   |   |   |               |

Clamp Width [7:0]: Sets the width in pixels for the fine clamp. See also register Clamp Start (subaddress 05h).

# **Table 10. Recommended Fine Clamp Settings**

| VIDEO STANDARD   | CLAMP START | CLAMP WIDTH |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|
| HDTV (tri-level) | 50 (32h)    | 32 (20h)    |
| SDTV (bi-level)  | 6 (06h)     | 16 (10h)    |
| PC Graphics      | 6 (06h)     | 16 (10h)    |

#### **HSYNC Output Width**

| Subaddress | 07h               |   |   |   |   |   | Default (20h) |
|------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6                 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |
|            | HSOUT Width [7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |               |

HSOUT Width [7:0]: Sets the width in pixels for HSYNC output.

#### **Blue Fine Gain**

| Subaddress | 08h                  |   |   |   |   |   | Default (00h) |
|------------|----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6                    | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |
|            | Blue Fine Gain [7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |               |

Blue Fine Gain [7:0]: 8-bit fine digital gain (contrast) for Blue channel (applied after the ADC). Offset binary value.

Blue Fine Gain = 1 + Blue Fine Gain [7:0]/256

| Blue Fine Gain [7:0] | Blue Fine Gain |  |  |
|----------------------|----------------|--|--|
| 00h                  | 1.0 (default)  |  |  |
| 80h                  | 1.5            |  |  |
| FFh                  | 2.0            |  |  |



#### **Green Fine Gain**

| Subaddress | 09h |   |            |              |   |   | Default (00h) |
|------------|-----|---|------------|--------------|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4          | 3            | 2 | 1 | 0             |
|            |     |   | Green Fine | e Gain [7:0] |   |   |               |

Green Fine Gain [7:0]: 8-bit fine digital gain (contrast) for Green channel (applied after the ADC). Offset binary value.

Green Fine Gain = 1 + Green Fine Gain [7:0]/256

| Green Fine Gain [7:0] | Green Fine Gain |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| 00h                   | 1.0 (default)   |
| 80h                   | 1.5             |
| FFh                   | 2.0             |

#### **Red Fine Gain**

| Subaddress | 0Ah |   |          |            |   |   | Default (00h) |
|------------|-----|---|----------|------------|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4        | 3          | 2 | 1 | 0             |
|            |     |   | Red Fine | Gain [7:0] |   |   |               |

Red Fine Gain [7:0]: 8-bit fine digital gain (contrast) for Red channel (applied after the ADC). Offset binary value.

Red Fine Gain = 1 + Red Fine Gain [7:0]/256

| Red Fine Gain [7:0] | Red Fine Gain |
|---------------------|---------------|
| 00h                 | 1.0 (default) |
| 80h                 | 1.5           |
| FFh                 | 2.0           |

#### **Blue Fine Offset MSBs**

| Subaddress | 0Bh                    |   |   |   |   |   | Default (80h) |  |  |
|------------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|--|
| 7          | 6                      | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |  |  |
|            | Blue Fine Offset [9:2] |   |   |   |   |   |               |  |  |

Blue Fine Offset [9:2]: Eight MSBs of 10-bit fine digital offset (brightness) for Blue channel (applied after ADC). Corresponding two LSBs located at register 1Dh. Offset binary value.

The default setting of 80h places the bottom-level (RGB) clamped output blank levels at 0 and mid-level clamped (PbPr) output blank levels at 512.

FFh = Maximum fine offset

81h = 1 LSB

80h = 0 (default)

7Fh = -1 LSB

00h = Minimum fine offset

#### **Green Fine Offset MSBs**

| Subaddress | 0Ch |   |            |              |   |   | Default (80h) |
|------------|-----|---|------------|--------------|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4          | 3            | 2 | 1 | 0             |
|            |     |   | Green Fine | Offset [9:2] |   |   |               |

Green Fine Offset [9:2]: Eight MSBs of 10-bit fine digital offset (brightness) for Green channel (applied after ADC). Corresponding two LSBs located at register 1Dh. Offset binary value.

The default setting of 80h places the bottom-level (RGB) clamped output blank levels at 0 and mid-level clamped (PbPr) output blank levels at 512.

FFh = Maximum fine offset

81h = 1 LSB

80h = 0 (default)

7Fh = -1 LSB

00h = Minimum fine offset



#### **Red Fine Offset MSBs**

| Subaddress | 0Dh                   |   |   |   |   |   | Default (80h) |  |  |  |
|------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| 7          | 6                     | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |  |  |  |
|            | Red Fine Offset [9:2] |   |   |   |   |   |               |  |  |  |

Red Fine Offset [9:2]: 8 MSBs of 10-bit fine digital offset (brightness) for Red channel (applied after ADC). Corresponding two LSBs located at register 1Dh. Offset binary value.

The default setting of 80h places the bottom-level (RGB) clamped output blank levels at 0 and mid-level clamped (PbPr) output blank levels at 512.

FFh = Maximum fine offset

81h = 1 LSB

80h = 0 (default)

7Fh = -1 LSB

00h = Minimum fine offset

# Sync Control 1

Subaddress 0Eh Default (5Bh)

| 7    | 6    | 5    | 4    | 3    | 2    | 1    | 0    |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| HSPO | HSIP | HSOP | AHSO | AHSS | VSOP | AVSO | AVSS |

HSPO: HSYNC polarity override

0 = Polarity determined by chip (default)

1 = Polarity set by bit 6 in register 0Eh (not recommended)

HSIP: HSYNC input polarity

0 = Indicates input HSYNC polarity active low

1 = Indicates input HSYNC polarity active high (default)

HSOP: HSYNC output polarity

0 = Active low HSYNC output (default)

1 = Active high HSYNC output

Note: HSOP has no effect in raw sync bypass mode. See register 36h.

AHSO: Active HSYNC override

0 = Active HSYNC is automatically selected by TVP7002. If selected SOG and HSYNC inputs both have active inputs, HSYNC is selected as the active sync source. The selected active HSYNC is provided via the AHS status bit (bit 6 of register 14h).

1 = Active HSYNC is manually selected via the AHSS control bit (bit 3 of register 0Eh). (default) Note: Automatic sync selection should be enabled only for 5-wire PC graphics inputs.

AHSS: Active HSYNC select. The indicated HSYNC is used only if the AHSO control bit (bit 4) is set to 1 or if activity is detected on both the selected HSYNC input and the selected SOG input (bits 1, 7 = 1 in register 14h).

0 = Active HSYNC is derived from the selected HSYNC input

1 = Active HSYNC is derived from the selected SOG input (default)

VSOP: VSYNC output polarity

0 = Active low VSYNC output (default)

1 = Active high VSYNC output

AVSO: Active VSYNC override

0 = Active VSYNC is automatically selected by TVP7002. If selected SOG and VSYNC inputs both have active inputs, VSYNC is selected as the active sync source. The selected active VSYNC is provided via the AVS status bit (bit 3 of register 14h).

1 = Active VSYNC is manually selected via the AVSS control bit (bit 0 of register 0Eh). (default)

Note: Automatic sync selection should be enabled only for 5-wire PC graphics inputs.

AVSS: Active VSYNC select. This bit is effective when the AVSO control bit (bit 1) is set to 1.

0 = Active VSYNC is derived from the selected VSYNC input

1 = Active VSYNC is derived from the Sync separated VSYNC (default)



# **H-PLL and Clamp Control**

Subaddress 0Fh Default (2Eh)

| 7  | 6  | 5         | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1    | 0        |
|----|----|-----------|-----|-----|-----|------|----------|
| CF | СР | Coast Sel | CPO | CPC | SMO | FCPD | ADC Test |

Clamp Function: Clamp pulse select. This control bit determines whether the timing for both the fine clamp and the ALC circuit are generated internally or externally.

- 0 = Internal fine clamp and ALC timing (default)
- 1 = External fine clamp and ALC timing (pin 76)

Clamp Polarity: External clamp polarity select

- 0 = Active high clamp pulse (default)
- 1 = Active low clamp pulse

Coast Select: Coast signal select. This control bit determines whether the timing for H-PLL coast signal is generated internally or externally.

- 0 = External H-PLL coast timing (pin 77)
- 1 = Internal H-PLL coast timing (default)

Coast Polarity Override:

- 0 = Polarity determined by chip (default)
- 1 = Polarity set be Bit 3 in register 0Fh

Coast Polarity Change: External coast polarity select

- 0 = Active low coast signal
- 1 = Active high coast signal (default)

Seek Mode Override: Places the TVP7002 in a low power mode whenever no activity is detected on the selected sync inputs.

- 0 = Enable automatic power management mode
- 1 = Disable automatic power management mode (default)

Note: Digital outputs are not high impedance and may be in a random state during low power mode. Outputs can be put in high impedance state by I<sup>2</sup>C register 17h.

Full Chip Power-Down: Active low power down. FCPD powers down all blocks except I<sup>2</sup>C. The I<sup>2</sup>C register values are retained.

- 0 = Power-down mode
- 1 = Normal operation (default)

Note: Digital outputs are not high impedance and may be in random state during FCPD. Outputs can be put in high impedance state by I<sup>2</sup>C register 17h.

ADC Test: Active high ADC test mode select. When placed in the ADC test mode, the TVP7002 disables the fine clamp, enables the coarse clamp, and selects the external clock input (pin 80) for each ADC channel.

- 0 = ADC test mode disabled (default)
- 1 = ADC test mode enabled

Note: Also see the Horizontal PLL Control register at subaddress 03h.

#### **Sync-On-Green Threshold**

| Subaddress | 10h | Default (5Dh) |
|------------|-----|---------------|
|------------|-----|---------------|

| 7 | 6 | 5                | 4  | 3 | 2       | 1        | 0      |
|---|---|------------------|----|---|---------|----------|--------|
|   | S | OG Threshold [4: | 0] |   | Blue CS | Green CS | Red CS |

SOG Threshold [4:0]: Sets the voltage level of the SOG slicer comparator according to the following equation.

slice\_level =  $(350 \text{ mV}) \times (N_{TH}/31)$ 

00h = 0 mV

0Bh = 124 mV (default)

1Fh = 350 mV

Blue Clamp Select: This bit has no effect when the Blue channel fine clamp is disabled (bit 2 of subaddress 2Ah).

- 0 = Bottom-level fine clamp
- 1 = Mid-level fine clamp (default)

Green Clamp Select: This bit has no effect when the Green channel fine clamp is disabled (bit 1 of subaddress 2Ah).

- 0 = Bottom-level fine clamp (default)
- 1 = Mid level fine clamp

Red Clamp Select: This bit has no effect when the Red channel fine clamp is disabled (bit 0 of subaddress 2Ah).

- 0 = Bottom-level fine clamp
- 1 = Mid-level fine clamp (default)

Note: Bottom-level clamping is required for Y and RGB inputs, while mid-level clamping is required for Pb and Pr inputs. The internal clamp pulse must also be correctly positioned for proper clamp operation. See register 05h.



# **Sync Separator Threshold**

| Subaddress | 11h                            |   |   |   |   |   | Default (20h) |  |  |
|------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|--|
| 7          | 6                              | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |  |  |
|            | Sync Separator Threshold [7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |               |  |  |

Sync Separator Threshold [7:0]: Sets how many internal clock reference periods the sync separator counts to before toggling high or low. Sync Separator Threshold [7:0]  $\times$  (minimum clock period) must be greater than the width of the negative sync pulse. This setting can also affect the position of the VSOUT. See register 22h.

Note: The internal clock reference is typically 6.3 MHz, but a minimum clock period of 133 ns is recommended to allow for clock variation.

# **H-PLL Pre-Coast**

| Subaddress | 12h             |   |   |   |   |   | Default (00h) |  |  |  |
|------------|-----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| 7          | 6               | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |  |  |  |
|            | Pre-Coast [7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |               |  |  |  |

Pre-Coast [7:0]: Sets the number of HSYNC periods that coast becomes active prior to VSYNC leading edge.

## **H-PLL Post-Coast**

| Subaddress | 13h              |   |   |   |   |   | Default (00h) |  |  |  |
|------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| 7          | 6                | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |  |  |  |
|            | Post-Coast [7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |               |  |  |  |

Post-Coast [7:0]: Sets the number of HSYNC periods that coast stays active following VSYNC trailing edge. Post-Coast settings must be extended to include Macrovision pseudo syncs when Macrovision is present.

Table 11. Recommended H-PLL Pre-Coast and H-PLL Post-Coast Settings

| STANDARD                | H-PLL PRE_COAST | H-PLL POST-COAST |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 480i/p with Macrovision | 3               | 0Ch              |
| 576i/p with Macrovision | 3               | 0Ch              |
| 1080i                   | 0               | 0                |
| 1080p                   | 0               | 0                |
| 720p                    | 0               | 0                |



## **Sync Detect Status**

Subaddress 14h Read Only

| 7   | 6   | 5     | 4   | 3   | 2    | 1    | 0    |
|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| HSD | AHS | IHSPD | VSD | AVS | VSPD | SOGD | ICPD |

HSYNC Detect: HSYNC activity detection for selected HSYNC input (pin 81 or 82).

0 = No HSYNC activity detected

1 = HSYNC activity detected

Active HSYNC: Indicates whether the active HSYNC is derived from the selected HSYNC input or the selected SOG input.

0 = HSYNC from selected HSYNC input (pin 81 or 82)

1 = HSYNC from selected SOG input (pin 1, 99, or 97)

Input HSYNC Polarity Detect: HSYNC polarity detection for selected HSYNC input (pin 81 or 82).

0 = Active low HSYNC

1 = Active high HSYNC

VSYNC Detect: VSYNC activity detection for selected VSYNC input (pin 78 or 79).

0 = No VSYNC activity detected

1 = VSYNC activity detected

Active VSYNC: Indicates whether the active VSYNC is derived from the selected VSYNC input or the sync separator.

0 = VSYNC from selected VSYNC input (pin 78 or 79)

1 = VSYNC from sync separator

Input VSYNC Polarity Detect: VSYNC polarity detection for selected VSYNC input (pin 78 or 79).

0 = Active low VSYNC

1 = Active high VSYNC

SOG Detect: SOG activity detection for selected SOG input (pin 1, 99, or 97).

0 = No SOG activity detected

1 = SOG activity detected

Input Coast Polarity Detect: Coast signal polarity detection.

0 = Active low coast signal

1 = Active high coast signal



# **Output Formatter**

Subaddress 15h Default (04h)

| 7        | 6           | 5             | 4        | 3         | 2          | 1       | 0       |
|----------|-------------|---------------|----------|-----------|------------|---------|---------|
| Reserved | Output code | e range [1:0] | Reserved | Clamp REF | CbCr order | 422/444 | Sync En |

Reserved [7]:

0 = Required (default)

Output code range [1:0]:

00 = RGB coding range (Y, Cb, and Cr range from 0 to 1023) (default)

01 = Extended coding range (Y, Cb, and Cr range from 4 to 1019.)

10 = ITU-R BT.601 coding range (Y ranges from 64 to 940, Cb and Cr range from 64 to 960)

11 = Reserved

Reserved [4]:

0 = Required (default)

Clamp REF: Selects which edge of HSYNC is used as the timing reference for the fine clamp pulse placement and also the ALC placement.

0 = Clamp pulse placement referred to the trailing edge of HSYNC (default)

1 = Clamp pulse placement referred to the leading edge of HSYNC

CbCr order: This bit is only effective in the 4:2:2 output mode (i.e., bit 1 is set to 1).

0 = CbCr order

1 = CrCb order (default)

422/444: Active high 4:4:4 to 4:2:2 decimation filter enable

0 = 30-bit 4:4:4 output format (default)

1 = 20-bit 4:2:2 output format

Notes:

1. Multiplexed CbCr data is output on BOUT [9:0] in the 20-bit 4:2:2 output format.

2. 10-bit 4:2:2 output format is not supported.

Sync En: Active high embedded sync enable

0 = Embedded sync disabled (default)

1 = Embedded sync enabled

Notes:

1. Embedded syncs are not supported when the RGB coding range (0 to 1023) is selected.

2. Embedded syncs are not supported when the 30-bit 4:4:4 output format is selected.

3. Discrete syncs are always enabled except when outputs are placed in the high-impedance mode.

4. When enabled, embedded syncs are present in both the Y and C outputs.

#### **MISC Control 1**

Subaddress 16h Default (11h)

| 7 | 6        | 5 | 4          | 3 | 2     | 1      | 0     |
|---|----------|---|------------|---|-------|--------|-------|
|   | Reserved |   | CbCr Align |   | erved | PLL PD | STRTB |

CbCr Align: CbCr alignment

0 = Alternative operation

1 = Normal operation (default)

PLL PD: Active high H-PLL power down

0 = Normal operation (default)

1 = H-PLL powered down

STRTB: Active high H-PLL start-up circuit enable

0 = H-PLL start-up circuit disabled

1 = H-PLL start-up circuit enabled (default)



#### **MISC Control 2**

Subaddress 17h Default (03h)

| 7        | 6 | 5                    | 4    | 3 | 2     | 1      | 0         |
|----------|---|----------------------|------|---|-------|--------|-----------|
| Reserved | T | est output control [ | 2:0] |   | erved | SOG En | Output En |

Test output control [2:0]: Selects which signal is output on pin 22. Output polarity control is also provided using bit 2 of subaddress 18h.

000 = Field ID output (default)

001 = Data Enable output

010 = Reserved

011 = Reserved

100 = Internal clock reference output (~6.3 MHz typical)

101 = Coast output

110 = Clamp pulse output

111 = High-impedance mode

SOG En: Active low output enable for SOGOUT output.

0 = SOG output enabled

1 = SOG output placed in high-impedance mode (default)

Output En: Active low output enable for RGB, DATACLK, HSOUT, VSOUT, and FIDOUT outputs. This control bit allows selecting a high-impedance output mode for multiplexing the output of the TVP7002 with another device.

0 = Outputs enabled

1 = Outputs placed in high-impedance mode (default)

Note: Data Enable output is equivalent to the internal active video signal that is controlled by the AVID start/stop pixel values and the VBLK offset/duration line values.

#### **MISC Control 3**

Subaddress 18h Default (00h)

| 7        | 6        | 5        | 4      | 3        | 2       | 1       | 0       |
|----------|----------|----------|--------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Reserved | Reserved | Blank En | CSC En | Reserved | FID POL | SOG POL | CLK POL |

#### Reserved [7]:

0 = Required (default)

Blank En: Active high blank level enable. Forces the video blank level to a standard value when using embedded syncs.

0 = Normal operation (default)

1 = Force standard blank levels

CSC En: Active high CSC enable. When disabled, the CSC block is bypassed.

0 = CSC disabled (default)

1 = CSC enabled

FID POL: Active high Field ID output polarity control. Under normal operation, the field ID output is set to logic 1 for an odd field (field 1) and set to logic 0 for an even field (field 0).

0 = Normal operation (default)

1 = FID output polarity inverted

Note: This control bit also affects the polarity of the data enable output when selected (see Test output control [2:0] at subaddress 17h).

SOG POL: Active high SOG output polarity control

0 = Normal operation (default)

1 = SOG output polarity inverted

CLK POL: Allows selecting the polarity of the output data clock.

0 = Data is clocked out on rising edge of DATACLK (default)

1 = Data is clocked out on falling edge of DATACLK



# **Input Mux Select 1**

Subaddress 19h Default (00h)

| 7     | 6           | 5       | 4          | 3        | 2           | 1                 | 0 |
|-------|-------------|---------|------------|----------|-------------|-------------------|---|
| SOG S | elect [1:0] | Red Sel | lect [1:0] | Green Se | elect [1:0] | Blue Select [1:0] |   |

SOG Select [1:0]: Selects one of three SOG inputs.

00 = SOGIN\_1 input selected (default)

01 = SOGIN\_2 input selected

10 = SOGIN\_3 input selected

11 = Reserved

Red Select [1:0]: Selects one of three R/Pr inputs.

00 = RIN\_1 input selected (default)

01 = RIN\_2 input selected

10 = RIN\_3 input selected

11 = Reserved

Green Select [1:0]: Selects one of four G/Y inputs.

00 = GIN\_1 input selected (default)

01 = GIN\_2 input selected

10 = GIN\_3 input selected

11 = GIN\_4 input selected

Blue Select [1:0]: Selects one of three B/Pb inputs.

00 = BIN\_1 input selected (default)

01 = BIN\_2 input selected

10 = BIN\_3 input selected

11 = Reserved



#### **Input Mux Select 2**

Subaddress 1Ah Default (C2h)

| 7       | 6         | 5       | 4         | 3       | 2      | 1        | 0      |
|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|--------|----------|--------|
| SOG LPF | SEL [1:0] | CLP LPF | SEL [1:0] | CLK SEL | VS SEL | PCLK SEL | HS SEL |

SOG LPF SEL [1:0]: SOG low-pass filter selection. The SOG low-pass filter is used to attenuate any glitches present on the SOG input.

00 = 2.5-MHz low-pass filter

01 = 10-MHz low-pass filter

10 = 33-MHz low-pass filter

11 = Low-pass filter bypass (default)

CLP LPF SEL [1:0]: Coarse clamp low-pass filter selection. This filter effects the operation of all enabled coarse clamps which is generally the SOG coarse clamp only.

00 = 4.8-MHz low-pass filter (default)

01 = 0.5-MHz low-pass filter

10 = 1.7-MHz low-pass filter

11 = Reserved

CLK SEL: Clock reference select for Sync Processing block. The internal reference clock is typically 6.3 MHz, but it should not be considered a precise clock. An external 27-MHz reference clock is therefore recommended for accurate mode detection. Note: The I<sup>2</sup>C interface, Sync Separator, and activity detection circuitry always uses the internal clock reference.

0 = Internal clock reference (default)

1 = External clock reference (EXT\_CLK)

Note: The external clock input can also be selected as the sample clock for the ADCs (see bit 1).

VS SEL: VSYNC input select

0 = VSYNC\_A input selected (default)

1 = VSYNC\_B input selected

PCLK SEL: Pixel clock selection. When the external clock input (pin 80) is selected as the ADC sample clock, the external clamp pulse (pin 76) should also be selected (Bit 7 of subaddress 0Fh).

0 = ADC samples data using external clock input (pin 80)

1 = ADC samples data using H-PLL generated clock (default)

Note: The external clock input can also be selected as the reference clock for the Sync Processing block (see bit 3).

HS SEL: HSYNC input select

0 = HSYNC\_A input selected (default)

1 = HSYNC\_B input selected

Note: See the Sync Control register at subaddress 0Eh.



#### Blue and Green Coarse Gain

| Subaddress | 1Bh         |               |   |   |            |              | Default (77h) |
|------------|-------------|---------------|---|---|------------|--------------|---------------|
| 7          | 6           | 5             | 4 | 3 | 2          | 1            | 0             |
|            | Green Coars | se Gain [3:0] |   |   | Blue Coars | e Gain [3:0] |               |

Green Coarse Gain [3:0]: 4-bit coarse analog gain for Green channel (applied before the ADC). To avoid clipping at the ADC,  $V_{P-P}$  in X Gain must be less than 1  $V_{P-P}$ .

| Gain [3:0] | Description  |
|------------|--|
| 0000 = 0.5 |  |
| 0001 = 0.6 |  |
| 0010 = 0.7 |  |
| 0011 = 0.8 |  |
| 0100 = 0.9 |  |
| 0101 = 1.0 |  |
| 0110 = 1.1 |  |
| 0111 = 1.2 | Default  |
| 1000 =1.3  | Maximum recommended gain for 700 mV <sub>P-P</sub> input |
| 1001 =1.4  |  |
| 1010 = 1.5 |  |
| 1011 =1.6  |  |
| 1100 = 1.7 |  |
| 1101 =1.8  |  |
| 1110 =1.9  |  |
| 1111 = 2.0 |  |

Blue Coarse Gain [3:0]: 4-bit coarse analog gain for Blue channel (applied before the ADC).

#### **Red Coarse Gain**

| Subaddress | 1Ch  |       |   |   |           |              | Default (07h) |
|------------|------|-------|---|---|-----------|--------------|---------------|
| 7          | 6    | 5     | 4 | 3 | 2         | 1            | 0             |
|            | Rese | erved |   |   | Red Coars | e Gain [3:0] |               |

Red Coarse Gain [3:0]: 4-bit coarse analog gain for Red channel (applied before ADC).

#### **Fine Offset LSBs**

| Sı | ubaddress | 1Dh   |            |              |            |              |           | Default (00h) |
|----|-----------|-------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
|    | 7         | 6     | 5          | 4            | 3          | 2            | 1         | 0             |
|    | Res       | erved | Red Fine ( | Offset [1:0] | Green Fine | Offset [1:0] | Blue Fine | Offset [1:0]  |

Red Fine Offset [1:0]: Two LSBs of 10-bit fine digital offset for Red channel (applied after ADC). Corresponding eight MSBs located at register 0Dh. Offset binary value

Green Fine Offset [1:0]: Two LSBs of 10-bit fine digital offset for Green channel (applied after ADC). Corresponding eight MSBs located at register 0Ch. Offset binary value.

Blue Fine Offset [1:0]: Two LSBs of 10-bit fine digital offset for Blue channel (applied after ADC). Corresponding eight MSBs located at register 0Bh. Offset binary value.

#### **Blue Coarse Offset**

| Subaddress | 1Eh   |   |   |             |              |   | Default (10h) |
|------------|-------|---|---|-------------|--------------|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6     | 5 | 4 | 3           | 2            | 1 | 0             |
| Rese       | erved |   |   | Blue Coarse | Offset [5:0] |   |               |

Blue Coarse Offset [5:0]: 6-bit coarse analog offset for blue channel (applied before ADC). 6-bit sign magnitude value.

1Fh = +124 counts

10h = +64 counts referred to ADC output (default)

01h = +4 counts

00h = +0 counts

20h = -0 counts

21h = -4 counts

3Fh = -124 LSB



Default (08h)

#### **Green Coarse Offset**

| Subaddress | 1Fh   |   |   |             |                |   | Default (10h) |
|------------|-------|---|---|-------------|----------------|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6     | 5 | 4 | 3           | 2              | 1 | 0             |
| Rese       | erved |   |   | Green Coars | e Offset [5:0] |   |               |

Green Coarse Offset [5:0]: 6-bit coarse analog offset for Green channel (applied before ADC). 6-bit sign magnitude value.

### **Red Coarse Offset**

| Subaddress | 20h   |   |   |            |              |   | Default (10h) |
|------------|-------|---|---|------------|--------------|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6     | 5 | 4 | 3          | 2            | 1 | 0             |
| Res        | erved |   |   | Red Coarse | Offset [5:0] |   |               |

Red Coarse Offset [5:0]: 6-bit coarse analog offset for Red channel (applied before ADC). 6-bit sign magnitude value.

# **HSOUT Output Start**

| Subaddress | 21h |   |       |             |   |   | Default (0Dh) |
|------------|-----|---|-------|-------------|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4     | 3           | 2 | 1 | 0             |
|            |     |   | HSOUT | Start [7:0] |   |   |               |

HSOUT Start [7:0]: Adjusts the leading edge of the HSYNC output relative to the leading edge of the HSYNC input in pixel or clock cycles.

#### **MISC Control 4**

Subaddrass

| Jubaudiess | 2211 |                  |   |        |           |           | Delault (0011) |  |
|------------|------|------------------|---|--------|-----------|-----------|----------------|--|
| 7          | 6    | 5                | 4 | 3      | 2         | 1         | 0              |  |
| SP Reset   |      | Yadj_delay [2:0] |   | MAC_EN | Coast Dis | VS Select | VS Bypass      |  |

SP Reset: Active high reset for Sync Processing block. This bit may be used to manually reset the sync separator, sync accumulator, activity and polarity detectors, and line and pixels counters.

- 0 = Normal operation (default)
- 1 = Sync processing reset

Yadj\_delay [2:0]: Adjusts the phase delay of the luma output relative to the chroma output. Used to compensate for the chroma delay associated with the 4:4:4 to 4:2:2 chroma sample conversion.

- 0h = Minimum delay (default)
- 7h = Maximum delay

MAC\_EN: Toggling of the MAC\_EN bit was required for TVP7000 and TVP7001 Macrovision support. This is no longer required with the TVP7002.

- 0 = Macrovision stripper disabled (recommended)
- 1 = Macrovision stripper enabled (default)

Note: For correct ALC and fine clamp pulse placement, the MAC\_EN bit must be set to 0 in the TVP7002.

Coast Dis: Active high internal coast signal disable for 5-wire PC graphics inputs. Has no effect when the external coast signal is selected. See bit 5 of register 0Fh.

- 0 = Internal coast signal enabled (default)
- 1 = Internal coast signal disabled

VS Select: VSYNC select

- 0 = VSOUT is generated by the sync separator.
- 1 = VSOUT is generated by the half line accumulator (default).

VS Bypass: VSYNC timing bypass

- 0 = Normal operation (default). VS is derived from the sync separator or half line accumulator based on VS select, and the internal pixel/line counters. Register 35h can be used to adjust VSOUT alignment relative to HSOUT.
- 1 = Bypass VSYNC processing. VSOUT is derived directly from the sync separator. VSOUT delay varies with sync separator threshold (register 11h). Register 35h has no effect.



# **Blue Digital ALC Output LSBs**

| Subaddress | 23n |   |          |           |   |   | Read only |  |
|------------|-----|---|----------|-----------|---|---|-----------|--|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4        | 3         | 2 | 1 | 0         |  |
|            |     |   | Blue ALC | Out [7:0] |   |   |           |  |

Blue ALC Out [7:0]: Eight LSBs of 10-bit filtered digital ALC output for Blue channel. The corresponding two MSBs are located at subaddress 27h. With the internal ALC loop enabled, the ADC dynamic range can be maximized by adjusting the coarse offset settings based on the ALC read back values. See registers 1Eh–20h for analog coarse offset control. Twos-complement value.

ALC Out[9:0] = ADC output - 512

For bottom-level clamped inputs (YRGB):

- Target ADC output blank level = 16 to avoid bottom level clipping at ADC ALC Out[9:0] = 16 - 512 = -496 = 210h
- Starting from positive offset, decrement YRGB coarse offset until ALC Out [9:0] ≤ -496

For mid-level clamped inputs (PbPr):

- Target ADC output blank level = 512 ALC Out[9:0] = 512 - 512 = 0
- Starting from positive offset, decrement PbPr coarse offset until ALC Out [9:0] ≤ 0.

## **Green Digital ALC Output LSBs**

| Subaddress | 24h |   |          |             |   |   | Read only |
|------------|-----|---|----------|-------------|---|---|-----------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4        | 3           | 2 | 1 | 0         |
|            |     |   | Green AL | C Out [7:0] |   |   |           |

Green ALC Out [7:0]: Eight LSBs of 10-bit filtered digital ALC output for Green channel. The corresponding two MSBs are located at subaddress 27h. Twos-complement value. Also see register 23h.

## Red Digital ALC Output LSBs

| Subaddress | 25h |   |         |           |   |   | Read only |
|------------|-----|---|---------|-----------|---|---|-----------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4       | 3         | 2 | 1 | 0         |
|            |     |   | Red ALC | Out [7:0] |   |   |           |

Red ALC Out [7:0]: Eight LSBs of 10-bit filtered digital ALC output for Red channel. The corresponding two MSBs are located at subaddress 27h. Twos-complement value. Also see register 23h.

#### **Automatic Level Control Enable**

| Subaddress | 26h |   |   |          |   |   | Default (80h) |
|------------|-----|---|---|----------|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4 | 3        | 2 | 1 | 0             |
| ALC enable |     |   |   | Reserved |   |   |               |

ALC enable: Active high automatic level control (ALC) enable

0 = ALC disabled

1 = ALC enabled (default)

See the ALC Placement register located at subaddress 31h.

## **Digital ALC Output MSBs**

| Subaddress | 2/h   |         |           |           |             |          | Read only |
|------------|-------|---------|-----------|-----------|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 7          | 6     | 5       | 4         | 3         | 2           | 1        | 0         |
| Res        | erved | Red ALC | Out [9:8] | Green ALC | C Out [9:8] | Blue ALC | Out [9:8] |

Red ALC Out [9:8]: Two MSBs of 10-bit filtered digital ALC output for Red channel. The corresponding eight LSBs are located at subaddress 25h. Twos-complement value.

Green ALC Out [9:8]: Two MSBs of 10-bit filtered digital ALC output for Green channel. The corresponding eight LSBs are located at subaddress 24h. Twos-complement value.

Blue ALC Out [9:8]: Two MSBs of 10-bit filtered digital ALC output for Blue channel. The corresponding eight LSBs are located at subaddress 23h. Twos-complement value.



# **Automatic Level Control Filter**

Subaddress 28h Default (53h)

| 7        | 6 | 5   | 4     | 3 | 2 | 1         | 0 |
|----------|---|-----|-------|---|---|-----------|---|
| Reserved |   | NSV | [3:0] |   |   | NSH [2:0] |   |

NSV [3:0]: ALC vertical filter coefficient. First-order recursive filter coefficient. ALC updates once per video line.

NSV [3:0] Description 0000 = 1Fastest setting. ALC converges in one iteration (i.e., one video line) 0001 = 1/20010 = 1/40011 = 1/80100 = 1/160101 = 1/320110 = 1/640111 = 1/1281000 = 1/2561001 = 1/512 1010 = 1/1024 (default) Slowest setting. Provides the most filtering. 1011 = 1/1024 1100 = 1/1024 1101 = 1/1024 1110 = 1/10241111 = 1/1024

256-tap running average filter

NSH [2:0]: ALC horizontal sample filter coefficient. Multi-tap running average filter coefficient.

NSH [2:0] Description 000 = 1/22-tap running average filter 001 = 1/4010 = 1/8011 = 1/16 (default)100 = 1/32101 = 1/64110 = 1/128

Reserved

Subaddress 29h Default (08h)

7 6 5 3 2 1 0 Reserved[7:0]

Reserved [7:0]:

08h = Required (default)

111 = 1/256



## **Fine Clamp Control**

Subaddress 2Ah Default (07h)

| 7         | 6 | 5     | 4       | 3         | 2        | 1       | 0      |
|-----------|---|-------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|--------|
| CM Offset |   | erved | Fine sw | sel [1:0] | Reserved | Fine GB | Fine R |

CM Offset: Fine bottom-level clamp common mode offset enable. The common mode offset is approximately 300 mV when enabled. Has no effect when the coarse clamp or fine mid-level clamp is selected. See registers 10h and 2Dh.

- 0 = Common mode offset disabled (default)
- 1 = Common mode offset enabled

Note: The 300-mV common-mode offset can be enabled to improve isolation and channel crosstalk, when inputs with sync tips larger than nominal (>300 mV) must be supported.

#### Reserved [6:5]:

0 = Normal operation (default)

Fine swsel: Fine clamp time constant adjustment

00 = Longest time constant (default)

11 = Shortest time constant

#### Reserved [2]:

1 = Normal operation (default)

Fine GB: Active high fine clamp enable for Green and Blue channel

- 0 = Green channel fine clamp disabled
- 1 = Green and Blue channel fine clamps enabled (default)

Fine R: Active high fine clamp enable for Red channel

- 0 = Red channel fine clamp disabled
- 1 = Red channel fine clamp enabled (default)

Note: Leave Fine GB and Fine R bits turned on for proper clamp operation. See register 10h for mid and bottom level clamping control.

#### **Power Control**

Subaddress 2Bh (Default 00h)

| 7        | 6   | 5      | 4   | 3       | 2        | 1        | 0        |
|----------|-----|--------|-----|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| Reserved | SOG | SLICER | REF | CURRENT | PW ADC B | PW ADC G | PW ADC R |

#### SOG:

0 = Normal operation (default)

1 = SOG power-down

Slicer:

0 = Normal operation (default)

1 = Slicer power-down

Reference:

0 = Normal operation (default)

1 = Reference block power-down

Current control:

0 = Normal operation (default)

1 = Current control block power-down

PW ADC B: Active high power-down for ADC blue channel

0 = ADC blue channel power-down disabled (default)

1 = ADC blue channel power-down enabled

PW ADC G: Active high power-down for ADC green channel

0 = ADC green channel power-down disabled (default)

1 = ADC green channel power-down enabled

PW ADC R: Active high power-down for ADC red channel

0 = ADC red channel power-down disabled (default)

1 = ADC red channel power-down enabled



# **ADC Setup**

Subaddress 2Ch (Default 50h)

| 7 | 6        | 5             | 4 | 3 | 2        | 1        | 0 |
|---|----------|---------------|---|---|----------|----------|---|
|   | ADC bias | control [3:0] |   |   | Trim cla | mp [3:0] |   |

ADC bias control [3:0]: Allows adjusting the internal ADC bias current for optimum performance.

0h = Minimum setting

5h = Recommended setting for sample rates ≤ 110 MSPS (default)

8h = Recommended setting for sample rates > 110 MSPS

Fh = Maximum setting

Trim clamp [3:0]: SOG coarse clamp bias current control.

 $0h = 2 \mu A (default)$ 

 $3h = 8 \mu A$ 

 $Fh = 32 \mu A$ 

IBIAS =  $2 + 2 \times NBIAS$ , where  $0 \le NBIAS \le 15$ 

The SOG coarse clamp leakage current (subaddress 30h) is derived from the SOG coarse clamp bias current.

## **Coarse Clamp Control**

Subaddress 2Dh Default (00h)

| 7        | 6            | 5 | 4              | 3 | 2        | 1        | 0        |
|----------|--------------|---|----------------|---|----------|----------|----------|
| CCCLP_ct | ır_CH1 [1:0] |   | Reserved [5:3] |   | Coarse B | Coarse G | Coarse R |

CCCLP\_cur\_CH1 [1:0]: Coarse clamp charge current switch selection.

00 = Highest charge current setting (default)

11 = Lowest charge current setting

Reserved [5:3]:

000 = Normal operation (default)

Coarse B: Active high coarse clamp enable for Blue channel

0 = Blue channel coarse clamp disabled (default)

1 = Blue channel coarse clamp enabled

Coarse G: Active high coarse clamp enable for Green channel

0 = Green channel coarse clamp disabled (default)

1 = Green channel coarse clamp enabled

Coarse R: Active high coarse clamp enable for Red channel

0 = Red channel coarse clamp disabled (default)

1 = Red channel coarse clamp enabled

Note: Enabling Coarse clamps will disable Fine clamps and override Fine clamp enable settlings in subaddress 2Ah.

# **SOG Clamp**

Subaddress 2Eh (Default 80h)

| 7      | 6        | 5            | 4       | 3        | 2 | 1               | 0 |
|--------|----------|--------------|---------|----------|---|-----------------|---|
| SOG_CE | CCCLP_cu | ır_SOG [1:0] | upi_sog | dwni_sog |   | upi_ch123 [2:0] |   |

SOG\_CE: Active high SOG clamp enable.

0 = SOG clamp disabled

1 = SOG clamp enabled (default)

CCCLP\_cur\_SOG [1:0]: SOG coarse clamp charge current switch selection.

00 = Lowest charge current setting (default)

11 = Highest charge current setting

Reserved [4:0]:

0 = Normal operation (default)



# **RGB Coarse Clamp Control**

| Subaddress | 2Fh   |   |   |          |           |   | (Default 8Ch) |  |
|------------|-------|---|---|----------|-----------|---|---------------|--|
| 7          | 6     | 5 | 4 | 3        | 2         | 1 | 0             |  |
| Res        | erved |   |   | RGB leak | age [5:0] |   |               |  |

RGB leakage [5:0]: RGB channel coarse clamp leakage current switch. Increasing the coarse clamp leakage current increases horizontal droop but improves hum rejection.

 $00h = 0.5 \mu A$ 

 $0Ch = 6.5 \mu A$  when IBIAS =  $2 \mu A$  (default)

 $3Fh = 32.0 \mu A$  when  $IBIAS = 2 \mu A$ 

Droop\_Current = 0.5 + (IBIAS/4)  $\times$  N<sub>DC</sub>, where 0  $\leq$  N<sub>DC</sub>  $\leq$  63

# **SOG Coarse Clamp Control**

 Subaddress
 30h
 (Default 04h)

 7
 6
 5
 4
 3
 2
 1
 0

 Reserved
 SOG leakage [5:0]

SOG leakage [5:0]: SOG coarse clamp leakage current switch. The SOG coarse clamp leakage current is derived from the bias current. Increasing the coarse clamp leakage current increases horizontal droop but improves hum rejection.

 $00h = 0.01 \mu A$ 

 $04h = 0.21 \mu A$  when IBIAS =  $2 \mu A$  (default)

 $3Fh = 3.16 \,\mu\text{A}$  when  $IBIAS = 2 \,\mu\text{A}$ 

Droop\_Current = (0.01 + (IBIAS/40)  $\times$  N<sub>DC</sub>, where 0  $\leq$  N<sub>DC</sub>  $\leq$  63

Note: IBIAS is controlled using Trim clamp [3:0] at subaddress 2Ch.

#### **ALC Placement**

| Subaddress | 31h |   |           |             |   |   | (Default 5Ah) |
|------------|-----|---|-----------|-------------|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4         | 3           | 2 | 1 | 0             |
|            |     |   | ALC place | ement [7:0] |   |   |               |

ALC placement [7:0]: Positions the ALC signal an integer number of clock periods after either the leading edge or the trailing edge (default) of the HSYNC signal. Bit 3 of subaddress 15h allows selecting which edge of HSYNC is used as the timing reference for ALC placement. The ALC must be applied after the end of the fine clamp interval.

0 = Minimum setting

18h = PC graphics and SDTV with bi-level syncs

5Ah = HDTV with tri-level syncs (default)

#### Reserved

| Subaddress    | 32h |   |   |   |   |   | Default (18h) |  |
|---------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|
| 7             | 6   | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |  |
| Reserved[7:0] |     |   |   |   |   |   |               |  |

### Reserved

| Subaddress | 33h |   |        |          |   |   | Default (60h) |
|------------|-----|---|--------|----------|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4      | 3        | 2 | 1 | 0             |
|            |     |   | Reserv | /ed[7:0] |   |   |               |

## Reserved

| Subaddress | 34h |   |        |          |   |   | Default (03h) |
|------------|-----|---|--------|----------|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4      | 3        | 2 | 1 | 0             |
|            |     |   | Reserv | red[7:0] |   |   |               |



# **VSYNC Alignment**

Subaddress 35h Default (10h)

| 7 | 6                 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
|---|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
|   | VS-HS Align [7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |

VS-HS Align [7:0]: Specifies the number of pixels that the leading edge of the VSYNC output should be delayed or advanced relative to the leading edge of the HSYNC output. The Field ID output is delayed by the same amount. Twos-complement number. This register has no effect when either Sync bypass mode is enabled (see subaddresses 22h and 36h).

00h-7Fh = VSYNC leading edge delayed relative to the HSYNC leading edge

FFh-80h = VSYNC leading edge advanced relative to the HSYNC leading edge

# Sync Bypass

Subaddress 36h Default (00h)

| 7 | 6    | 5     | 4 | 3      | 2      | 1     | 0     |
|---|------|-------|---|--------|--------|-------|-------|
|   | Rese | erved |   | VS INV | HS INV | VS BP | HS BP |

VS INV: VSYNC output polarity control. This bit only has an effect if the VSYNC bypass is asserted (bit 1 = 1).

0 = HSYNC output polarity matches input polarity (default)

1 = HSYNC output polarity inverted

HS INV: HSYNC output polarity control. This bit only has an effect if the HSYNC bypass is asserted (bit 0 = 1).

0 = HSYNC output polarity matches input polarity (default)

1 = HSYNC output polarity inverted

VS BP: VSYNC bypass. This bit enables bypassing the Sync processing block in order to output a raw unprocessed VSYNC.

0 = Normal operation (default)

1 = VSYNC bypass mode

HS BP: HSYNC bypass. This bit enables bypassing the Sync processing block in order to output a raw unprocessed HSYNC.

0 = Normal operation (default)

1 = HSYNC bypass mode

Note: See register 14h for input sync polarity detect.

#### **Lines Per Frame Status**

Subaddress 37h–38h Read only

| Subaddress | 7        | 6  | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
|------------|----------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 37h        |          | Lines per Frame [7:0]  |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 38h        | Reserved | Reserved mac detect P/I detect Reserved Lines per Frame [11:8] |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |

mac detect: Macrovision pseudo-sync detection status

0 = Macrovision not detected

1 = Macrovision detected

P/I detect: Progressive/interlaced video detection status. Not dependent on the H-PLL being locked.

0 = Interlaced video detected

1 = Progressive video detected

Lines per Frame [11:0]: Number of lines per frame.

The lines per frame value may be used along with the clocks per line value (subaddresses 39h-3Ah) to determine the vertical frequency ( $f_V$ ) of the video input.

f<sub>V</sub> = clock reference frequency / clocks per line / lines per frame

Note: The Lines per Frame counter is not dependent on the H-PLL being locked.



#### **Clocks Per Line Status**

Subaddress 39h–3Ah Read only

| Subaddress | 7 | 6                     | 5     | 4 | 3                      | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
|------------|---|-----------------------|-------|---|------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| 39h        |   | Clocks per Line [7:0] |       |   |                        |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| 3Ah        |   | Rese                  | erved |   | Clocks per Line [11:8] |   |   |   |  |  |  |

Clocks per Line [11:0]: Number of clock cycles per line. The value written to this register represents the length of the longest line per frame. A known timing reference based on either the internal clock reference (~6.3 MHz) or an external clock reference input (EXT\_CLK) of up to 27 MHz may be selected using subaddress 1Ah.

The clocks per line value may be used to determine the horizontal frequency (f<sub>H</sub>) of the video input.

f<sub>H</sub> = clock reference frequency / clocks per line

Note: The Clocks per Line counter is not dependent on the H-PLL being locked.

#### **HSYNC Width**

Subaddress 3Bh Read only

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3           | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|-------------|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |   | width [7:0] |   |   |   |

HSYNC width [7:0]: Number of clock cycles between the leading and trailing edges of the HSYNC input. A known timing reference based on either the internal clock reference (~6.3 MHz) or an external clock reference input (EXT\_CLK) of up to 27 MHz may be selected using subaddress 1Ah.

Note: The HSYNC width counter is not dependent on the H-PLL being locked.

#### **VSYNC Width**

 Subaddress
 3Ch
 Read only

 7
 6
 5
 4
 3
 2
 1
 0

Reserved VSYNC width [4:0]

VSYNC width [4:0]: Number of lines between the leading and trailing edges of the VSYNC input. The VSYNC width along with the HSYNC

and VSYNC polarities can be used to determine whether the input graphics format is using VESA-CVT generated timings. Note: The VSYNC width counter is not dependent on the H-PLL being locked.

## **Line Length Tolerance**

Subaddress 3Dh Default (03h)

| 7        | 6 | 5 | 4    | 3                | 2     | 1 | 0 |
|----------|---|---|------|------------------|-------|---|---|
| Reserved |   |   | Line | length tolerance | [6:0] |   |   |

Line length tolerance [6:0]: Controls sensitivity to HSYNC input stability when using either the internal or external clock reference. Increasing the line length tolerance may be required for input signals having horizontal instability. Effects the clock cycles per line counter (see subaddresses 39h–3Ah)

00h = No tolerance (minimum)

03h = 3 line length tolerance (default)

7Fh = 127 line length tolerance (maximum)

## Reserved

| Subaddress | 3Eh |   |        |          |   |   | Default (04h) |
|------------|-----|---|--------|----------|---|---|---------------|
| 7          | 6   | 5 | 4      | 3        | 2 | 1 | 0             |
|            |     |   | Reserv | ed [7:0] |   |   |               |

Reserved [7:0]:

04h = Required setting (default)



#### **Video Bandwidth Control**

| Subaddress | 3Fh | Default (00h) |
|------------|-----|---------------|
|------------|-----|---------------|

| 7 | 6    | 5     | 4 | 3 | 2       | 1         | 0 |
|---|------|-------|---|---|---------|-----------|---|
|   | Rese | erved |   |   | BW sele | ect [3:0] |   |

BW select [3:0]: Selectable low-pass filter settings for controlling the analog video bandwidth. This control affects the analog video bandwidth of all three ADC channels.

0h = Highest video bandwidth (default)

Fh = Lowest video bandwidth (~95 MHz analog video bandwidth)

Note: This register can be used to filter high frequency noise but lacks the precision for maximum filtering of various video formats. The lowest bandwidth setting provides a video bandwidth of at least 50 MHz.

#### **AVID Start Pixel**

Subaddress 40h-41h Default (012Ch)

| Subaddress | 7    | 6                                      | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
|------------|------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| 40h        |      | AVID start [7:0]                       |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| 41h        | Rese | Reserved AVID active AVID start [12:8] |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |

**AVID** active

0 = AVID out active during VBLK (default)

1 = AVID out inactive during VBLK

AVID start [12:0]: AVID start pixel number, this is an absolute pixel location from the leading edge of HSYNC (start pixel 0). The TVP7002 updates the AVID start only when the AVID start MSB byte is written to.

AVID start pixel register also controls the position of SAV code. The TVP7002 inserts the SAV code four pixels before the pixel number specified in the AVID start pixel register.

# **AVID Stop Pixel**

Subaddress 42h–43h Default (062Ch)

| Subaddress | 7                         | 6               | 5 | 4 3 2 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 42h        |                           | AVID stop [7:0] |   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43h        | Reserved AVID stop [12:8] |                 |   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

AVID stop [12:0]: AVID stop pixel number. The number of pixels of active video must be an even number. This is an absolute pixel location from the leading edge of HSYNC (start pixel 0).

The TVP7002 updates the AVID Stop only when the AVID Stop MSB byte is written to.

AVID stop pixel register also controls the position of EAV code.

#### **VBLK Field 0 Start Line Offset**

Subaddress 44h Default (05h)

| 7 | 6                  | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
|   | VBLK start 0 [7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |

VBLK start 0 [7:0]: VBLK start line offset for field 0 relative to the leading edge of VSYNC. The VBLK start line offset value affects the location of transitions on the embedded sync V-bit and VBLK of the Data Enable output, but not the VSYNC output (VSOUT). Unsigned integer.

# **VBLK Field 1 Start Line Offset**

Subaddress 45h Default (05h)

| 7 | 6                  | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
|   | VBLK start 1 [7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |

VBLK start 1 [7:0]: VBLK start line offset for field 1 relative to the leading edge of VSYNC. The VBLK start line offset value affects the location of transitions on the embedded sync V-bit and VBLK of the Data Enable output, but not the VSYNC output (VSOUT). Unsigned integer.



#### **VBLK Field 0 Duration**

| Subaddress | 46h                   |   |   |   |   |   | Default (1Eh) |  |  |  |
|------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| 7          | 6                     | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |  |  |  |
|            | VBLK duration 0 [7:0] |   |   |   |   |   |               |  |  |  |

VBLK duration 0 [7:0]: VBLK duration in lines for field 0.

#### **VBLK Field 1 Duration**

| Subaddress            | 47h |   |   |   |   |   | Default (1Eh) |  |  |
|-----------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|--|
| 7                     | 6   | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |  |  |
| VBLK duration 1 [7:0] |     |   |   |   |   |   |               |  |  |

VBLK duration 1 [7:0]: VBLK duration in lines for field 1.

#### F-bit Field 0 Start Line Offset

| Subaddress          | 48h |   |   |   |   |   | Default (00h) |  |  |  |
|---------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| 7                   | 6   | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |  |  |  |
| F-bit start 0 [7:0] |     |   |   |   |   |   |               |  |  |  |

F-bit start 0 [7:0]: F-bit Field 0 start line offset relative to the leading edge of VSYNC, signed integer, set F-bit to 0 until field 1 start line, it only applies in interlaced mode. For a non-interlace mode, F-bit is always set to 0.

Note: The field ID output (FIDOUT) is always aligned with the leading edge of the VSYNC output (VSOUT).

#### F-bit Field 1 Start Line Offset

| , | Subaddress          | 49h |   |   |   |   |   | Default (00h) |  |  |  |
|---|---------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|--|--|--|
|   | 7                   | 6   | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0             |  |  |  |
|   | F-bit start 1 [7:0] |     |   |   |   |   |   |               |  |  |  |

F-bit start 1 [7:0]: F-bit Field 1 start line offset relative to the leading edge of VSYNC, signed integer, set F-bit to 1 until field 0 start line, it only applies in interlaced mode. For a non-interlace mode, F-Bit is always set to 0.

Note: The field ID output (FIDOUT) is always aligned with the leading edge of the VSYNC output (VSOUT).

#### 1st CSC Coefficient

| Subaddress | 4Ah–4Bh |                        |   |   |   |   |   | Default (16E3h) |  |  |
|------------|---------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------|--|--|
| Subaddress | 7       | 6                      | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0               |  |  |
| 4Ah        |         | 1st Coefficient [7:0]  |   |   |   |   |   |                 |  |  |
| 4Bh        |         | 1st Coefficient [15:8] |   |   |   |   |   |                 |  |  |

1st Coefficient [15:0]: 16-bit G' coefficient MSB for Y

#### 2nd CSC Coefficient

| Subaddress | 4Ch-4Dh |                       |   |             |              |   |   | Default (024Fh) |  |
|------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-------------|--------------|---|---|-----------------|--|
| Subaddress | 7       | 6                     | 5 | 4           | 3            | 2 | 1 | 0               |  |
| 4Ch        |         | 2nd Coefficient [7:0] |   |             |              |   |   |                 |  |
| 4Dh        |         |                       |   | 2nd Coeffic | cient [15:8] |   |   |                 |  |

2nd Coefficient [15:0]: 16-bit B' coefficient MSB for Y

## 3rd CSC Coefficient

| Subaddress | 4Eh-4Fh |                        |   |   |   |   | I | Default (06CEh) |  |  |
|------------|---------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------|--|--|
| Subaddress | 7       | 6                      | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0               |  |  |
| 4Eh        |         | 3rd Coefficient [7:0]  |   |   |   |   |   |                 |  |  |
| 4Fh        |         | 3rd Coefficient [15:8] |   |   |   |   |   |                 |  |  |

3rd Coefficient [15:0]: 16-bit R' coefficient MSB for Y



# 4th CSC Coefficient

| Subaddress | 50h-51h |                        |   |   |   |   | 1 | Default (F3ABh) |  |
|------------|---------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------|--|
| Subaddress | 7       | 6                      | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0               |  |
| 50h        |         | 4th Coefficient [7:0]  |   |   |   |   |   |                 |  |
| 51h        |         | 4th Coefficient [15:8] |   |   |   |   |   |                 |  |

4th Coefficient [15:0]: 16-bit G' coefficient MSB for U

# 5th CSC Coefficient

 Subaddress
 52h-53h
 Default (1000h)

 Subaddress
 7
 6
 5
 4
 3
 2
 1
 0

 52h
 5th Coefficient [7:0]
 5th Coefficient [15:8]
 5th Coefficient [15:8]

5th Coefficient [15:0]: 16-bit B' coefficient MSB for U

# 6th CSC Coefficient

| Subaddress | 54h-55h |                       |   |             |             |   |   | Default (FC55h) |  |  |
|------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---|---|-----------------|--|--|
| Subaddress | 7       | 6                     | 5 | 4           | 3           | 2 | 1 | 0               |  |  |
| 54h        |         | 6th Coefficient [7:0] |   |             |             |   |   |                 |  |  |
| 55h        |         |                       |   | 6th Coeffic | ient [15:8] |   |   |                 |  |  |

6th Coefficient [15:0]: 16-bit R' coefficient MSB for U

# 7th CSC Coefficient

| Subaddress | 56h-57h |                        |   |   |   |   |   | Default (F178h) |  |  |
|------------|---------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------|--|--|
| Subaddress | 7       | 6                      | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0               |  |  |
| 56h        |         | 7th Coefficient [7:0]  |   |   |   |   |   |                 |  |  |
| 57h        |         | 7th Coefficient [15:8] |   |   |   |   |   |                 |  |  |

7th Coefficient [15:0]: 16-bit G' coefficient MSB for V

# 8th CSC Coefficient

| Subaddress | 58h-59h                |   |   |   |   |   |   | Default (FE88h) |
|------------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------|
| Subaddress | 7                      | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0               |
| 58h        | 8th Coefficient [7:0]  |   |   |   |   |   |   |                 |
| 59h        | 8th Coefficient [15:8] |   |   |   |   |   |   |                 |

8th Coefficient [15:0]: 16-bit B' coefficient MSB for V

## 9th CSC Coefficient

| Subaddress | 5Ah-5Bh                |   |   |   |   |   |   | Default (1000h) |
|------------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------|
| Subaddress | 7                      | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0               |
| 5Ah        | 9th Coefficient [7:0]  |   |   |   |   |   |   |                 |
| 5Bh        | 9th Coefficient [15:8] |   |   |   |   |   |   |                 |

9th Coefficient [15:0]: 16-bit R' coefficient MSB for V



# **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

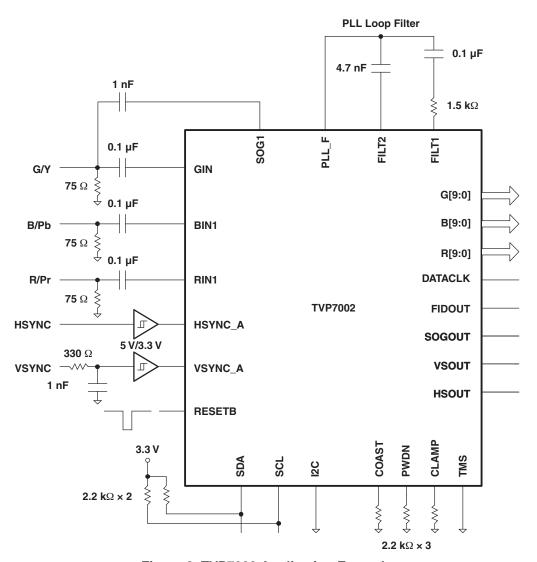


Figure 8. TVP7002 Application Example



# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

18-May-2007

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status <sup>(1)</sup> | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup> | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup> |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| TVP7002PZP       | PREVIEW               | HTQFP           | PZP                | 100                 | TBD                     | Call TI          | Call TI                      |
| TVP7002PZPR      | PREVIEW               | HTQFP           | PZP                | 100                 | TBD                     | Call TI          | Call TI                      |

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

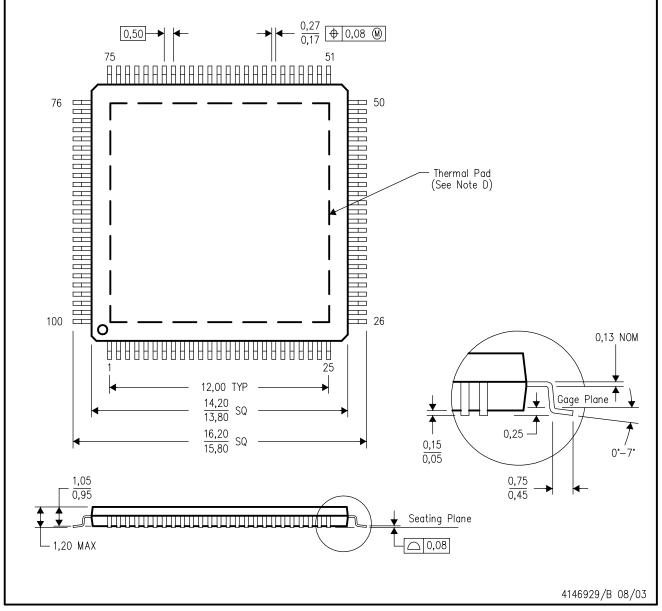
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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# PZP (S-PQFP-G100)

# PowerPAD™ PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com <a href="https://www.ti.com">www.ti.com</a>.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MS-026

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