Altivar 71

Variable speed drives for synchronous and asynchronous motors

Programming manual

Specification 383 Software V3.4

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AAV49426

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Read and understand these instructions before performing any procedure on this drive.

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE

- Read and understand the Installation Manual before installing or operating the ATV71 drive. Installation, adjustment, repair, and maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel.
- The user is responsible for compliance with all international and national electrical standards in force concerning protective grounding of all equipment.
- Many parts of this variable speed drive, including the printed circuit boards, operate at the line voltage. DO NOT TOUCH.

Use only electrically insulated tools.

- DO NOT touch unshielded components or terminal strip screw connections with voltage present.
- DO NOT short across terminals PA/+ and PC/- or across the DC bus capacitors.
- Install and close all the covers before applying power or starting and stopping the drive.
- Before servicing the variable speed drive
 - Disconnect all power.
 - Place a "DO NOT TURN ON" label on the variable speed drive disconnect.
 - Lock the disconnect in the open position.
- Disconnect all power including external control power that may be present before servicing the drive. WAIT 15
 MINUTES to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge. Then follow the DC bus voltage measurement procedure
 given in the Installation Manual to verify that the DC voltage is less than 45 V. The drive LEDs are not accurate
 indicators of the absence of DC bus voltage.

Electric shock will result in death or serious injury.

DAMAGED EQUIPMENT

Do not operate or install any drive that appears damaged.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

The following Altivar 71 technical documents are available on the Schneider-Electric website (www.schneider-electric.com) as well as on the CD-ROM supplied with the drive.

Installation Manual

This describes how to assemble and connect the drive.

Programming manual

This describes the functions, parameters and use of the drive terminal (integrated display terminal and graphic display terminal). The communication functions are not described in this manual, but in the manual for the bus or network used.

Communication Parameters Manual

This manual describes:

- The drive parameters with specific information for use via a bus or communication network.
- The operating modes specific to communication (state chart).
- The interaction between communication and local control.

Manuals for Modbus, CANopen, Ethernet, Profibus, INTERBUS, Uni-Telway, FIPIO and Modbus Plus, etc.

These manuals describe the assembly, connection to the bus or network, signaling, diagnostics, and configuration of the communicationspecific parameters via the integrated display terminal or the graphic display terminal. They also describe the communication services of the protocols. Since the Altivar ATV 71 was first launched, it has benefited from the addition of several new functions. Software version has now been updated to V2.8. The new version can be substituted to the previous versions without making any changes.

Although this documentation relates to version V2.8, it can still be used with previous versions, as the updates merely involves the addition of new values and parameters. None of the previous versions parameters have been modified or removed. The software version is indicated on the nameplate attached to the body of the drive.

Enhancements made to version V1.2 in comparison to V1.1

Factory setting

Note 1: In version V1.1, the analog input was 0 ± 10 V. For safety reasons, in the new version this input has been set to 0 + 10 V. Note 2: In version V1.1, analog output AO1 was assigned to the motor frequency. In the new version, this output is not assigned at all.

With the exception of these two parameters, the factory settings of version V1.1 remain the same in the new version. The new functions are factory-set to disabled.

Motor frequency range

The maximum output frequency has been extended from 1000 to 1600 Hz (depending on the drive rating and control profile).

New parameters and functions

Menu [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-)

Addition of internal states and values relating to the new functions described below.

Menu [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)

- [High torque thd.] (ttH) page 67.
- [Low torque thd.] (ttL) page 67.
- [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page <u>68</u>.
- [Freewheel stop Thd.] (FFt) page68.

Menu [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

- [rpm increment] (InSP) page 76.
- Extension of the following configurations to all drive ratings; previously limited to 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV71eeeM3X and to 75 kW (100 HP) for ATV71eeeN4:synchronous motor [Sync. mot.] (SYn) page <u>70</u>, sinus filter [Sinus filter] (OFI) page <u>72</u>, noise reduction [Noise reduction] (nrd) page <u>95</u>, braking balance [Braking balance] (bbA) page <u>98</u>.

Menu [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)

- Input Al1 can now be configured to 0 +10 V or 0 ± 10 V via [Al1 Type] (Al1t) page 107.
- [Al net. channel] (AIC1) page 111.
- New methods of assigning relays and logic outputs page <u>118</u>: rope slack, high torque threshold, low torque threshold, motor in forward rotation, motor in reverse rotation, measured speed threshold reached, load variation detection.
- Analog output AO1 can now be used as a logic output and assigned to relay functions and logic outputs, page 123.
- New method of modifying the scale of analog outputs page <u>125</u> using the parameters [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) and [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx).
- New methods of assigning logic outputs page <u>126</u>: signed motor torque and measured motor speed.
- New methods of assigning alarm groups page <u>130</u>: rope slack, high torque threshold, low torque threshold, measured speed threshold reached, load variation detection.

Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

- The summing, subtraction and multiplication reference functions can now be assigned to virtual input [Network AI] (AIU1) page 151.
- New parameter [Freewheel stop Thd.] (FFt) page <u>156</u> used to set a threshold for switching to freewheel at the end of a stop on ramp or fast stop.
- Brake engage at regulated zero speed [Brake engage at 0] (bECd) page 176.
- Weight [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) page <u>183</u> can now be assigned to virtual input [Network AI] (AIU1).
- New "rope slack" function page 187, with the parameters [Rope slack config.] (rSd) and [Rope slack trq level] (rStL).
- Use of the ramp [Acceleration 2] (AC2) page 195 when starting and "waking up" the PID function.
- The torque limitation [TORQUE LIMITATION] (tOL-) page <u>202</u> can now be configured in whole % or in 0.1% increments using [Torque increment] (IntP) and assigned to virtual input [Network AI] (AIU1).
- New "stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch" function page 211, with the parameters [Stop distance] (Std), [Rated linear speed] (nLS) and [Stop corrector] (SFd).
- Positioning by sensors or limit switch [POSITIONING BY SENSORS] (LPO-) page <u>212</u> can now be configured in positive logic or negative logic using [Stop limit config. (SAL) and [Slowdown limit cfg.] (dAL).
- Parameter set switching [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) page 215 can now be assigned to the frequency thresholds attained [Freq. Th. att.] (FtA) and [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A).
- New half-floor: [HALF FLOOR] (HFF-) menu page 229.

Menu [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt)

- Possibility of reinitializing the drive without turning it off, via [Product reset] (rP) page 237.
- Possibility of reinitializing the drive via a logic input without turning it off, using [Product reset assig.] (rPA) page 237.
- The possibility of configuring the "output phase loss" fault [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) page <u>242</u> to [Output cut] (OAC) has been extended to all drive ratings (previously limited to45 kW (60 HP) for ATV71•••M3X and 75 kW (100HP) for ATV71•••N4).
- The external fault [EXTERNAL FAULT] (EtF-) page <u>245</u> can now be configured in positive or negative logic via [External fault config.] (LEt).
- New monitoring function based on speed measurement via "Pulse input" page 252, via the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) menu.
- New function for detecting load variation page <u>254</u>, via the [DYNAMIC LOAD DETECT] (dLd-) menu.
- Short-circuit faults on the braking unit can now be configured via [Brake res. fault Mgt] (bUb) page 256.

Menu [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]

In [7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS] page 284, the [KEYPAD CONTRAST] and [KEYPAD STAND-BY] parameters to adjust the contrast and stand-by mode of the graphic display unit.

Enhancements made to version V1.3 (S383) in comparison to V1.2

New parameters and functions

Menu [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

New option of operating with Closed-loop synchronous motor page 83

- [Angle auto-test] (ASA) page 84
- [Angle offset value] (ASU) page 85
- [Sync.CL] (FSY) assignment page 71 of parameter [Motor control type] (Ctt)

Menu [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)

• [Resolver Exct. Freq.] (FrES) and [Resolver poles nbr] (rPPn) page 115

Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

• New "Inspection" function, page 227, with [Inspection] (ISP) and [Inspection speed] (ISrF) parameters.

Enhancements made to version V1.7 (S383) in comparison to V1.3 (S383)

New parameters and functions

Menu [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Addition of a [Lift] (LIFt) macro configuration to the [Macro configuration] (CFG) parameter page 41

Menu [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)

New parameters:

- [Fr.Loop.Stab] (StA) page <u>56</u>
- [FreqLoopGain] (FLG) page <u>56</u>

Menu [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

This menu has been reorganized with parameters now appearing in a different order and some grouped under submenus to simplify configuration.

The new submenus are as follows:

- [ENCODER FEEDBACK] (EnS-) page 75
- [ASYNC. MOTOR] (ASY-) page 76
- [SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR] (SYn-) page 81
- [ANGLE TEST SETTING] (ASA-) page 84
- [FLUXING BY LI] (FLI-) page 86
- [AUTOMATIC TUNE] (tUn-) page 88
- [SPEED LOOP] (SSL-) page 89

New parameters:

- [Boost] (bOO) page <u>95</u>
- [Action Boost] (FAb) page 95
- [Increment EMF] (IPHS) page 81
- [Read motor param.] (rEqP) page 82
- [Status motor param] (rEtP) page <u>82</u>
- [Angle setting type] (ASt) pages 84 and 87
- [Angle auto test] (ASL) page 84
- [Angle setting activ.] (AtA) page 85
- [Angle setting status] (AStS) page 85
- [Speed loop type] (SSL) page 89
- [Inertia Mult. Coef.] (JMUL) page 89
- [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) page 89
- [Application Inertia] (JAPL) page 90
- [Fr.Loop.Stab] (StA) page 90
- [FreqLoopGain] (FLG) page 90
- [Feed forward] (FFP) page <u>91</u>
- [Bandwidth feedfor.] (FFU) page 91

Parameters moved from menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-):

- [Motor fluxing] (FLU) page 86
- [Fluxing assignment] (FLI) page 86
- [Auto-tune assign.] (tUL) page 88

Menu [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)

New encoder parameters:

- [Encoder protocol] (UECP) page <u>116</u>
- [Encoder supply volt.] (UECU) page 116
- [Sincos lines count] (UELC) page <u>116</u>
- [SSI parity] (SSCP) page <u>116</u>
- [SSI frame size] (SSFS) page <u>116</u>
- [Nbr of revolution] (EnMr) page <u>116</u>
- [Turn bit resolution] (Entr) page <u>116</u>
- [SSI code type] (SSCd) page <u>117</u>
- [Encoder filter activ.] (FFA) page <u>117</u>
- [Encoder filter value] (FFr) page 117

Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

Removal of the following parameters (now located in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu):

- [Motor fluxing] (FLU)
- [Fluxing assignment] (FLI)
- [Auto-tune assign.] (tUL)

Enhancements made to version V1.9 (S383) in comparison to V1.7 (S383)

New parameters and functions

Menu [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

• New method of assigning [Angle setting type] (ASt) page 87 : optimised measurement (without motion with memorization).

New parameter :

• [App. Inertia Coef.] (JACO) page 89.

Removal from the sub-menu [ASYNC. MOTOR] (ASY-) of the following parameters (now located directly in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu):

- [Boost] (bOO) page <u>95</u>.
- [Action Boost] (FAb) page <u>95</u>.

Menu [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)

New encoder parameters:

- [Coder rotation inv.] (Enrl) page 114.
- [Clock frequency] (EnSP) page <u>117</u>.

Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

• New method of assigning for the parameters set switching [2 Parameter sets] (CHA1) page 215 and [3 Parameter sets] (CHA2) page 215 : switching during braking sequence. This new assignment allows to put higher gain when the brake is open and before the starting of the ramp (useful for lift application).

New sub-menu:

 [TOP Z MANAGEMENT] (tOP-) page 231 (the parameter can be accessed only if an encoder card VW 3A 411 has been inserted and if [Encoder type] (EnS) = [AABB] (AAbb).

New encoder parameter:

• [Stop on top Z] (tOSt) page 231.

Enhancements made to version V2.4 (S383) in comparison to V1.9 (S383)

New parameters and function

Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

New sub-menu:

- [ROLLBACK MGT] (rbM-) page 181. Menu can be accessed:
 - only for ATV71eeeM3X drives up to 45 kW and for ATV71eeeN4 drives up to 75 kW,
 - if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [Sync.CL] (FSY) or [FVC] (FUC),
 - if [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 175 is assigned.

New parameter of [ROLLBACK MGT] function:

- [Rollback MGT] (rbM) page 181.
- [Rbk Compensation] (rbC) page <u>181</u>.
- [Rbk Damping] (rbd) page 181.

Enhancements made to version V2.8 (S383) in comparison to V2.4 (S383)

Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-)

• The adjustment range [Time to restart] (ttr) page <u>177</u> can now be configured to 0 to 15.00 s.

Menu [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]

 Addition in [7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS] page <u>284</u> parameter [Power up menu] to choose the menu displayed on the drive on power up.

Enhancements made to version V3.4 (S383) in comparison to V2.8 (S383)

[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu

New parameters and functions

• New parameter [REGEN CONNECTION] (AFE) page 232, used to connect an active front end

INSTALLATION

□ 1 Consult the Installation Manual



Tips:

- Before you start programming, complete the user setting tables, page <u>293</u>.
- Perform an auto-tuning operation to optimize performance, page <u>43</u>.
- If you get lost, return to the factory settings, page <u>269</u>.
- Note: Check that the wiring of the drive is compatible with its configuration.

PROGRAMMING

Procedure applicable if the factory configuration, page <u>11</u>, and use of the [SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu only are sufficient for the application.

- 2 Power up without run command
 If you are using a separate power supply for the control section, follow the instructions on page 16.
 - 3 Select the language, if the drive has a graphic display terminal

■ 4 Configure the [SIMPLY START] (5 / 17 -) menu

- □ 2-wire or 3-wire control
- Macro configuration
- □ Motor parameters
 - Perform an auto-tuning operation
- Motor thermal current
- Acceleration and deceleration ramps
- □ Speed variation range

■ 5 Start

Drive factory settings

The Altivar 71 is factory-set for the most common operating conditions:

- Macro configuration: Start/Stop
- Motor frequency: 50 Hz
- · Constant torque application with asynchronous motor and sensorless flux vector control
- Normal stop mode on deceleration ramp
- Stop mode in the event of a fault: freewheel
- · Linear, acceleration and deceleration ramps: 3 seconds
- · Low speed: 0 Hz
- High speed: 50 Hz
- Motor thermal current = rated drive current
- Standstill injection braking current = 0.7 x rated drive current, for 0.5 seconds
- No automatic starts after a fault
- Switching frequency 2.5 kHz or 4 kHz depending on drive rating
- · Logic inputs:
 - LI1: forward, LI2: Forward (2 operating direction), 2-wire control on transition
 - L13, L14, LI5, LI6: inactive (not assigned)
- · Analog inputs:
 - AI1: speed reference 0 +10 V
 - AI2: 0-20 mA, inactive (not assigned)
- Relay R1: The contact opens in the event of a fault (or drive off).
- Relay R2: Inactive (not assigned)
- Analog output AO1: 0-20 mA, inactive (not assigned)

If the above values are compatible with the application, the drive can be used without changing the settings.

Option card factory settings

The option card inputs/outputs are not factory-set.

The tables on the following pages show the most common combinations of functions and applications, in order to guide your selection. The applications in these tables relate to the following machines in particular:

- · Hoisting: cranes, overhead cranes, gantries (vertical hoisting, translation, slewing), lifting platforms
- Elevators: elevators in retrofit up to 1.2 m/s
- · Handling: palletizers/depalletizers, conveyors, roller tables
- Packing: carton packers, labeling machines
- Textiles: weaving looms, carding frames, washing machines, spinners, drawing frames
- · Wood: automatic lathes, saws, milling
- · High inertia: centrifuges, mixers, unbalanced machines (beam pumps, presses)
- Process

Each machine has its own special features, and the combinations listed here are neither mandatory nor exhaustive.

Some functions are designed specifically for a particular application. In this case, the application is identified by a tab in the margin on the relevant programming pages.

Motor control functions

					Applic	ations			
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	booW	High inertia	Process
V/f ratio	<u>70</u>								
Sensorless flux vector control	<u>70</u>								
Flux vector control with sensor	<u>70</u>								
2-point vector control	<u>70</u>								
Open-loop synchronous motor	<u>71</u>								
Closed-loop synchronous motor	<u>71</u>								
Output frequency of up to 1600 Hz	<u>76</u>								
Motor overvoltage limiting	<u>96</u>								
DC bus connection (see User's Manual)	-								
Motor fluxing using a logic input	<u>86</u>								
Switching frequency of up to 16 kHz	<u>72</u>								
Auto-tuning	<u>88</u>								

Functions on speed references

					Applic	ations			
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	моод	High inertia	Process
Differential bipolar reference	<u>104</u>								
Reference delinearization (magnifying glass effect)	<u>106</u>								
Frequency control input	<u>140</u>								
Reference switching	<u> 141</u> - <u>150</u>								
Reference summing	<u>149</u>								
Reference subtraction	<u>149</u>								
Reference multiplication	<u>149</u>								
S ramps	<u>152</u>								
Jog operation	<u>160</u>								
Preset speeds	<u>161</u>								
+ speed/- speed using single action pushbuttons (1 step)	<u>164</u>								
+ speed/- speed using double action pushbuttons (2 steps)	<u>164</u>								
+/- speed around a reference	<u>166</u>								
Save reference	<u>168</u>								
Inspection	<u>227</u>								

Application-specific functions

					Applic	ations			
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process
Fast stop	<u>156</u>								
Limit switch management	<u>169</u>								
Brake control	<u>171</u>								
Load measurement	<u>182</u>								
High-speed hoisting	<u>184</u>								
Rope slack	<u>187</u>								
PID regulator	<u>189</u>								
Torque monitoring	<u>198</u>								
Motor/generator torque limit	<u>201</u>								
Load sharing	<u>98</u>								
Line contactor control	<u>205</u>								
Output contactor control	<u>207</u>								
Positioning by limit switches or sensors	<u>209</u>								
Stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch	<u>211</u>								
ENA system (mechanical with unbalanced load)	<u>93</u>								
Parameter switching	<u>214</u>								
Motor or configuration switching	<u>217</u>								
Traverse control	220								
Stop configuration	<u>156</u>								
Evacuation	<u>229</u>								
Half floor	<u>229</u>								
Rollback management	<u>181</u>								

Safety functions/fault management

					Applic	ations			
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Mood	High inertia	Process
Power Removal (safety function, see User's Manual)	-	•							
Deferred stop on thermal alarm	<u>244</u>								
Alarm handling	<u>130</u>								
Fault management	235 to 258								
IGBT tests	<u>247</u>								
Catch a spinning load	<u>239</u>								
Braking resistor thermal protection	<u>256</u>								
Motor protection with PTC probes	<u>235</u>								
Undervoltage management	<u>246</u>								
4-20mA loss	<u>248</u>								
Uncontrolled output cut (output phase loss)	242								
Automatic restart	<u>238</u>								
Use of the "Pulse input" input to measure the speed of rotation of the motor	<u>252</u>	•							
Load variation detection	<u>254</u>								

Turning on and configuring the drive

DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Before turning on and configuring the Altivar 71, check that the PWR (POWER REMOVAL) input is deactivated (at state 0) in order to prevent unintended operation.
- Before turning on the drive, or when exiting the configuration menus, check that the inputs assigned to the run command are deactivated (at state 0) since they can cause the motor to start immediately.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

INCOMPATIBLE LINE VOLTAGE

Before turning on and configuring the drive, ensure that the line voltage is compatible with the supply voltage range shown on the drive nameplate. The drive may be damaged if the line voltage is not compatible.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Separate control section power supply

When the drive control section is powered independently of the power section (P24 and 0V terminals), whenever an option card is added or replaced, only the power section must be supplied with power next time the drive is powered up. By default the new card would not be recognized and it would be impossible to configure it, thereby causing the drive to lock in fault mode.

Power switching via line contactor

CAUTION

- Avoid operating the contactor frequently (premature ageing of the filter capacitors).
- Cycle times < 60 s may result in damage to the pre-charge resistor.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

User adjustment and extension of functions

- The display unit and buttons can be used to modify the settings and to extend the functions described in the following pages.
- Return to factory settings is made easy by the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu, see page 267.
- There are three types of parameter:
 - Display: Values displayed by the drive
 - Adjustment: Can be changed during operation or when stopped
 - Configuration: Can only be modified when stopped and no braking is taking place. Can be displayed during operation.

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Check that changes made to the settings during operation do not present any danger.
- · We recommend stopping the drive before making any changes.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Starting

Important:

- In factory settings mode, the motor can only be supplied with power once the "forward", "reverse" and "DC injection stop" commands have been reset:
 - On power-up or a manual fault reset or after a stop command
 - If they have not been reset, the drive will display "nSt" but will not start.
- If the automatic restart function has been configured ([Automatic restart] (Atr) parameter in the [1.8-FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu, see page 238), these commands are taken into account without a reset being necessary.

Test on a low power motor or without a motor

- In factory settings mode, [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) detection page 242 is active (OPL = YES). To check the drive in a test or
 maintenance environment without having to switch to a motor with the same rating as the drive (particularly useful in the case of high
 power drives), deactivate [Output Phase Loss] (OPL = no).
- Configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page 70)

CAUTION

• Motor thermal protection will not be provided by the drive if the motor current is less than 0.2 times the rated drive current. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Using motors in parallel

• Configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page 70)

CAUTION

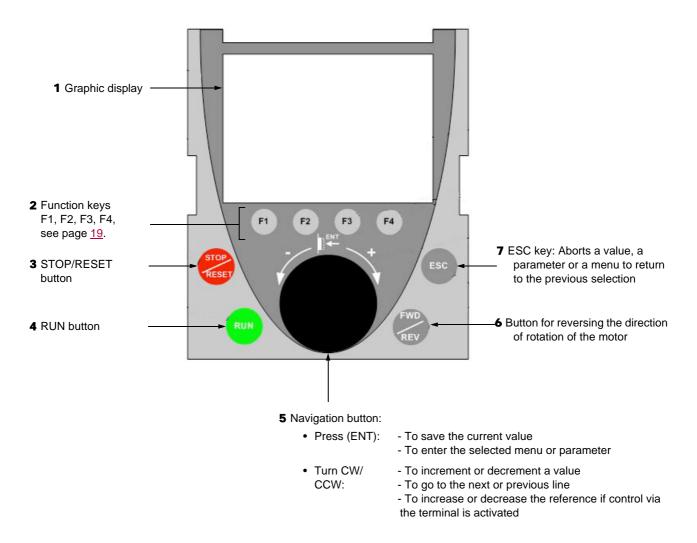
• Motor thermal protection is no longer provided by the drive. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection on every motor.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Graphic display terminal

Although the graphic display terminal is optional for low-power drives, it is a standard component on high-power drives (see catalog). The graphic display terminal can be disconnected and connected remotely (on the door of an enclosure for example) using the cables and accessories available as options (see catalog).

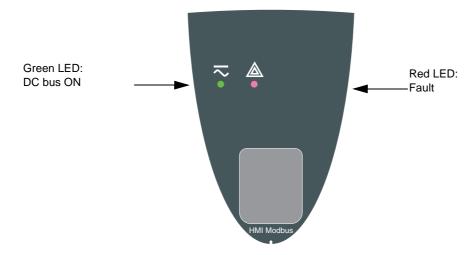
Description of terminal



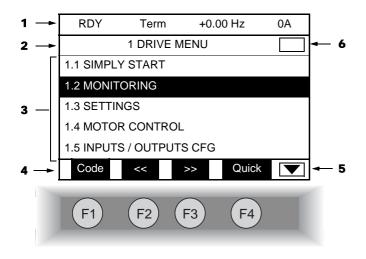
Note: Buttons 3, 4, 5 and 6 can be used to control the drive directly, if control via the terminal is activated.

Disconnected terminal

When the terminal is disconnected, 2 LEDs become visible:



Description of the graphic screen



- 1. Display line. Its content can be configured; the factory settings show:
 - The drive state (see page <u>20</u>)
 - The active control channel:
 - Term: Terminals
 - HMI: Graphic display terminal
 - MDB: Integrated Modbus
 - CAN: Integrated CANopen
 - NET: Communication card
 - APP: Controller Inside card
 - Frequency reference
 - · Current in the motor
- 2. Menu line. Indicates the name of the current menu or submenu.
- **3.** Menus, submenus, parameters, values, bar charts, etc., are displayed in drop-down window format on a maximum of 5 lines. The line or value selected by the navigation button is displayed in reverse video.
- 4. Section displaying the functions assigned to the F1 to F4 keys and aligned with them, for example:
 - Code F1 : Displays the code of the selected parameter, i.e., the code corresponding to the 7-segment display.
 - HELP F1 : Contextual help
 - F2 : Navigate horizontally to the left, or go to previous menu/submenu or, for a value, go to the next digit up, displayed in reverse video (see the example on page <u>21</u>).
 - F3 : Navigate horizontally to the right or go to next menu/submenu (going to the [2 ACCESS LEVEL] menu in this example) or, for a value, go to the next digit down, displayed in reverse video (see the example on page <u>21</u>).
 - Quick F4 : Quick navigation, see page 25.

The function keys are dynamic and contextual.

Other functions (application functions) can be assigned to these keys via the [1.6 COMMAND] menu. If a preset speed is assigned to a function key and if the function hey is pressed, the motor will run at this preset speed until another preset speed or JOG is pressed, speed reference is changed, or Stop key is pressed.



Indicates that there are no more levels below this display window. Indicates that there are more levels below this display window.



Indicates that this display window does not scroll further up. Indicates that there are more levels above this display window.

Drive state codes:

- ACC: Acceleration
- CLI: Current limit
- CTL: Controlled stop on input phase loss
- DCB: DC injection braking in progress
- DEC: Deceleration
- FLU: Motor fluxing in progress
- FST: Fast stop
- NLP: No line power (no line supply on L1, L2, L3)
- NST: Freewheel stop
- OBR: Auto-adapted deceleration
- PRA: Power Removal function active (drive locked)
- RDY: Drive ready
- RUN: Drive running
- SOC: Controlled output cut in progress
- TUN: Auto-tuning in progress
- USA: Undervoltage alarm
- ASA: Measurement of the phase-shift angle in progress
- ICC: Configuration encoder incorrect

Example configuration windows:

RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A
	5 LAN	GUAGE	
English			
Français			<
Deutsch			
Español			
Italiano			
	<<	>>	Quick
Chinese Turkish			

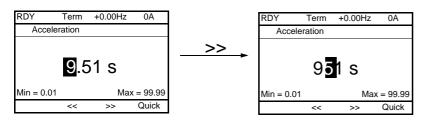
Turkish Russian

PARAMETER SELECTI	ON
1.3 SETTINGS	
Ramp increment	\checkmark
Acceleration	\checkmark
Deceleration	
Acceleration 2	
Deceleration 2	
	Edit

When only one selection is possible, the selection made is indicated by \checkmark Example: Only one language can be chosen.

When multiple selection is possible, the selections made are indicated by Example: A number of parameters can be chosen to form the [USER MENU].

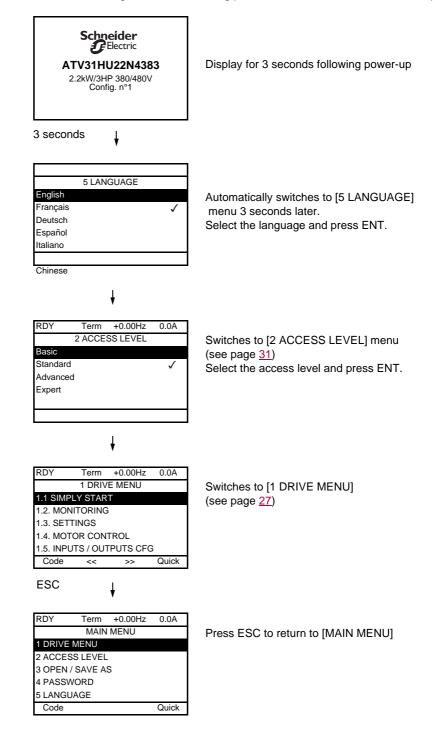
Example configuration window for one value:



The << and >> arrows (keys F2 and F3) are used to select the digit to be modified, and the navigation button is rotated to increase or decrease this number.

First power-up - [5. LANGUAGE] menu

The first time the drive is powered up, the user will automatically be guided through the menus as far as [1. DRIVE MENU]. The parameters in the [1.1 SIMPLY START] submenu must be configured and auto-tuning performed before the motor is started up.

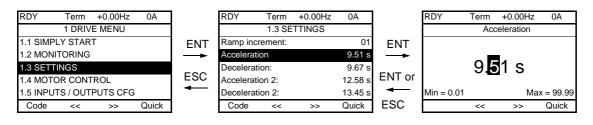


Subsequent power ups

3 seconds later, switches to [1. DRIVE MENU] or to [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD].	Schreider Electric ATV71HU22N4383 2.2kW/3HP 380/480V Config. n°1 or, if the Controller Inside card is present 3 seconds	
	RDY Term +38Hz 0A 1. DRIVE MENU 1.1 DRIVE MENU 0A 1.1 SIMPLY START 0A 1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD 1.2 MONITORING 0A 1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD 1.3 SETTINGS 0A 1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD 1.3 SETTINGS 0A 1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD 1.4 MOTOR CONTROL 1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG 0A Code <>> Quick <<>> Quick	
If no operator inputs are made, switches to "Display" automatically 10 seconds later (the display will vary depending on the selected configuration).		selected in up menu] <u>84</u>
Users can return to [MAIN MENU] by pressing ENT or ESC.	RDY Term +38Hz 0A MAIN MENU 1 DRIVE MENU 2 ACCESS LEVEL 3 OPEN / SAVE AS 4 PASSWORD 5 LANGUAGE Code Quick	

Programming: Example of accessing a parameter

Accessing the acceleration ramp



Note:

- To select a parameter:
 - Turn the navigation button to scroll vertically.
- To modify a parameter:
 - Use the << and >> keys (F2 and F3) to scroll horizontally and select the digit to be modified (the selected digit changes to white on a black background).
 - Turn the navigation button to modify the digit.
- To cancel the modification:
 - Press ESC.
- To save the modification:
 - Press the navigation button (ENT).

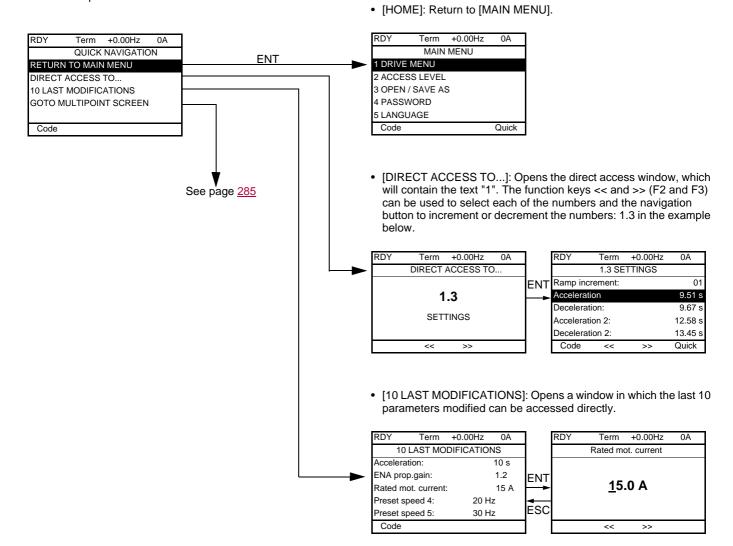
Quick navigation

If the "Quick" function is displayed above the F4 key, you can gain quick access to a parameter from any screen.

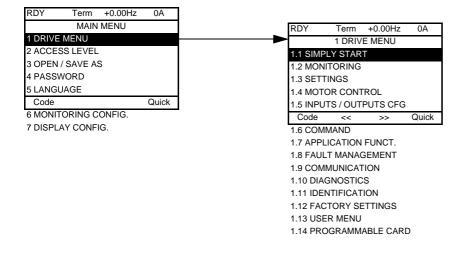
Example:

RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A			
1.4 N	IOTOR CO	NTROL				
Standard	mot. freq:	5 0	Hz IEC			
Rated mo	otor power:	0.37 kW (0.5 HP)				
Rated mo	otor volt.:	206 V				
Rated mo	ot. current:		1.0 A			
Rated mo	otor freq .:		50.0 Hz			
Code	<<	>>	Quick			

Press F4 to access the Quick screen, which contains 4 selection options.



[MAIN MENU] - Menu mapping



Content of [MAIN MENU] menus

[1 DRIVE MENU]	See next page
[2 ACCESS LEVEL]	Defines which menus can be accessed (level of complexity)
[3 OPEN / SAVE AS]	Can be used to save and recover drive configuration files
[4 PASSWORD]	Provides password protection for the configuration
[5 LANGUAGE]	Language selection
[6 MONITORING CONFIG.]	Customization of information displayed on the graphic display terminal during operation
[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]	 Customization of parameters Creation of a customized user menu Customization of the visibility and protection mechanisms for menus and parameters

[1 DRIVE MENU]

RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A
	1 DRIV	E MENU	
1.1 SIM	PLY STAR	Т	
1.2 MON	IITORING		
1.3 SET	TINGS		
1.4 MOT	OR CONT	ROL	
1.5 INPL	JTS / OUT	PUTS CF	G
Code	<<	>>	Quick
1.6 CON	IMAND		
1.7 APP	LICATION	FUNCT.	
1.8 FAU	LT MANAC	GEMENT	
1.9 CON	IMUNICAT	ION	
1.10 DIA	GNOSTIC	s	
1.11 IDE	NTIFICAT	ION	
1.12 FA	CTORY SE	TTINGS	
1.13 US	ER MENU		
1.14 PR	OGRAMM	ABLE CA	RD

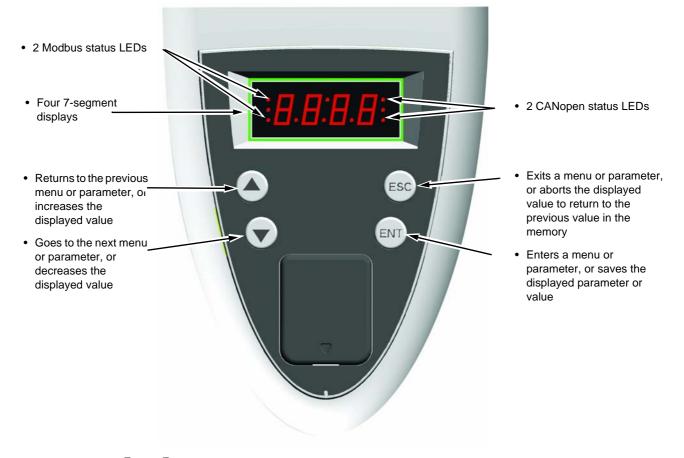
Content of [1. DRIVE MENU] menus:

[1.1 SIMPLY START]:	Simplified menu for a quick start
[1.2 MONITORING]:	Visualization of current, motor and input/output values
[1.3 SETTINGS]:	Accesses the adjustment parameters, which can be modified during operation
[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL]:	Motor parameters (motor nameplate, auto-tuning, switching frequency, control algorithms, etc.)
[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]:	I/O configuration (scaling, filtering, 2-wire control, 3-wire control, etc.)
[1.6 COMMAND]:	Configuration of command and reference channels (graphic display terminal, terminals, bus, etc.)
[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]:	Configuration of application functions (e.g., preset speeds, PID, brake logic control, etc.)
[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]:	Configuration of fault management
[1.9 COMMUNICATION]:	Communication parameters (fieldbus)
[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]:	Motor/drive diagnostics
[1.11 IDENTIFICATION]:	Identifies the drive and the internal options
[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS]:	Access to configuration files and return to factory settings
[1.13 USER MENU]:	Specific menu set up by the user in the [7. DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu
[1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD]:	Configuration of optional Controller Inside card

Integrated display terminal

Low-power Altivar 71 drives (see catalog) feature an integrated display terminal with a 7-segment 4-digit display. The graphic display terminal described on the previous pages can also be connected to these drives as an option.

Functions of the display and the keys



 \sim Note: • Pressing (**A**) or (**v**) does not store the selection.

• Press and hold down (>2 s) (\blacktriangle) or (\bigtriangledown) to scroll through the data quickly.

Save and store the selection: ENT

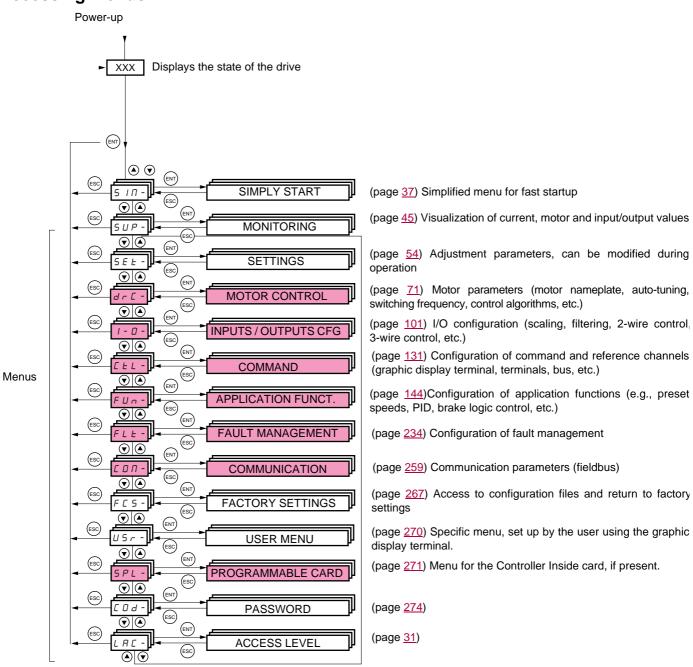
The display flashes when a value is stored.

Normal display, with no fault present and no startup:

- 43.0: Display of the parameter selected in the SUP menu (default selection: motor frequency)
- CLI: Current limit
- CtL: Controlled stop on input phase loss
- dCb: DC injection braking in progress
- FLU: Motor fluxing in progress
- FSt: Fast stop.
- nLP: No line power (no line supply on L1, L2, L3)
- nSt: Freewheel stop
- Obr: Auto-adapted deceleration
- PrA: Power Removal function active (drive locked)
- rdY = Drive ready
- SOC: Controlled output cut in progress
- tUn: Auto-tuning in progress
- USA: Undervoltage alarm
- ASA: Measurement of the phase-shift angle in progress

The display flashes to indicate the presence of a fault.

Accessing menus

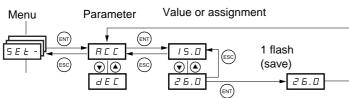


A dash appears after menu and submenu codes to differentiate them from parameter codes. Examples: FUn- menu, ACC parameter.

The grayed-out menus may not be accessible depending on the control access (LAC) configuration.

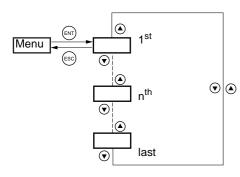
Accessing menu parameters

Save and store the displayed selection : (ENT)



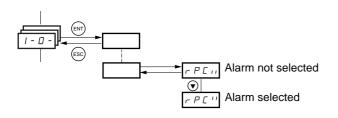
The display flashes when a value is stored.

(Next parameter)



All the menus are "drop-down" type menus, which means that after the last parameter, if you continue to press $\mathbf{\nabla}$, you will return to the first parameter and, conversely, you can switch from the first parameter to the last parameter by pressing \mathbf{A} .

Selection of multiple assignments for one parameter



Example: List of group 1 alarms in [INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu A number of alarms can be selected by "checking" them as follows.

The digit on the right indicates: H selected

not selected.

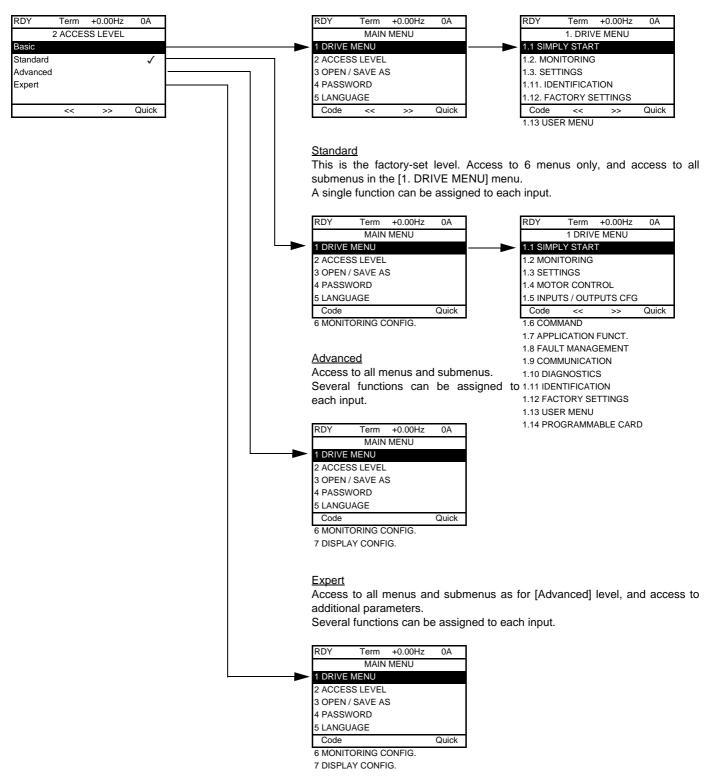
The same principle is used for all multiple selections.

With graphic display terminal

<u>Basic</u>

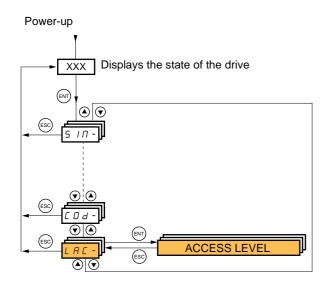
Access to 5 menus only, and access to 6 submenus only in the [1. DRIVE MENU] menu.

A single function can be assigned to each input.



[2. ACCESS LEVEL] (LAC-)

With integrated display terminal:



Code	Name/Description	Factory setting					
LAC-		Std					
6 <i>R</i> 5	 bAS: Limited access to SIM, SUP, SEt, FCS, USr, COd and LAC menus. Only one function can be assigned to each input. 						
SEd Adu EPr	• Std: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal. Only one function can be assigned to each input.						
Rdu	AdU: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal. Several functions can be assigned to each input.						
EPr	 EPr: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal and access to additional parameters can be assigned to each input. 	ers. Several functions					

Comparison of the menus that can be accessed on the graphic display terminal/ integrated display terminal

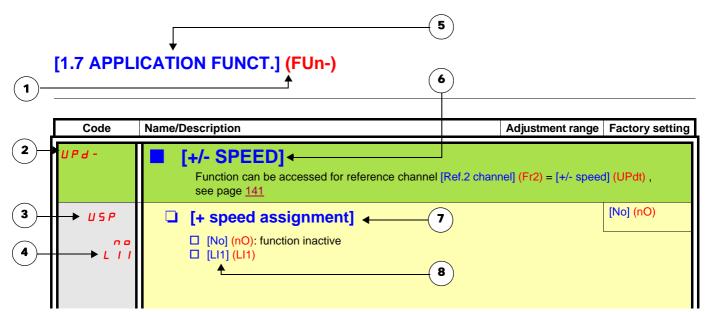
Graphic display termi	nal	Integrated display terminal	Access level			
[2 ACCESS LEVEL]		LRL - (Access level)				
[3 OPEN/SAVE AS]		-				
[4 PASSWORD]		ГО - (Password)				
[5 LANGUAGE]		-				
[1 DRIVE MENU]	[1.1 SIMPLY START]	5 ΙΠ - (Simply start)	56			
	[1.2 MONITORING]	5 <i>Ш Р</i> - (Monitoring)	ЬЯ			
	[1.3 SETTINGS]	5 E Ł - (Settings)	Basic	a		
	[1.11 IDENTIFICATION]	-	B	tting		
	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS]	F L 5 - (Factory settings)		set		
	[1.13 USER MENU]	Ш5г - (User menu)		tory		
A single function can be assigned to each input.		A single function can be assigned to each input.		<i>d</i> (factory setting)	ПРН	
	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL]	dr E - (Motor control)		L,		L
	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	<i>I</i> - <i>D</i> - (I/O configuration)		u Q	Advanced	Ш
	[1.6 COMMAND]	<i>L L L</i> - (Command)		Standard	dva	ert
	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	FUn - (Application functions)		Star	4	Expert
	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	FLE - (Fault management)		0)		
	[1.9 COMMUNICATION]	соп. (Communication)				
	[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]	-				
	[1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] (1)	PL L - (Controller Inside card) (1)				
[6 MONITORING CONFIG.]		-				
A single function can be assigned to each input.		A single function can be assigned to each input.				
[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]		-			1	
Several functions can b	be assigned to each input.	Several functions can be assigned to each input.				
Expert parameters		Expert parameters				_
Several functions can b	be assigned to each input.	Several functions can be assigned to each input.				

(1) Can be accessed if the Controller Inside card is present.

Structure of parameter tables

The parameter tables in the descriptions of the various menus can be used with both the graphic display terminal and the integrated display terminal. They, therefore, contain information for these two terminals in accordance with the description below.

Example:



- 1. Name of menu on 4-digit 7-segment display.
- 2. Submenu code on 4-digit 7-segment display.
- **3.** Parameter code on 4-digit 7-segment display.
- 4. Parameter value on 4-digit 7-segment display.

- 5. Name of menu on graphic display terminal.
- 6. Name of submenu on graphic display terminal.
- 7. Name of parameter on graphic display terminal.
- 8. Value of parameter on graphic display terminal.

Note:

• The text in square brackets [] indicates what you will see on the graphic display terminal.

 The factory settings correspond to [Macro configuration] (CFG) = [Start/Stop] (StS). This is the macro configuration set at the factory. The configuration of certain parameters modifies the adjustment range of other parameters, in order to reduce the risk of errors. This may result in the modification of a factory setting or a value you have already selected.

Example:

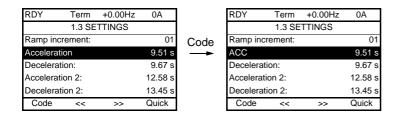
- 1. [Current Limitation] (CLI) page 62 set to 1.6 In or left at its factory setting, 1.5 In
- 2. [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 62 set to 1 kHz (and confirmed with "ENT") restricts [Current Limitation] (CLI) to 1.36 In
- **3.** If [Switching freq.] (SFr) is increased to 4 kHz, [Current limitation] (CLI) is no longer restricted, but remains at 1.36 ln. If you require 1.6 ln, you must reset [Current Limitation] (CLI).

Finding a parameter in this document

The following assistance with finding explanations on a parameter is provided:

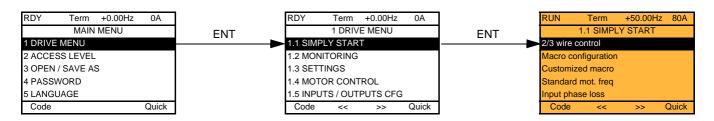
- With the integrated display terminal: Direct use of the parameter code index, page <u>297</u>, to find the page giving details of the displayed parameter.
- With the graphic display terminal: Select the required parameter and press F1 : [Code]. The parameter code is displayed instead of its name while the key is held down.

Example: ACC

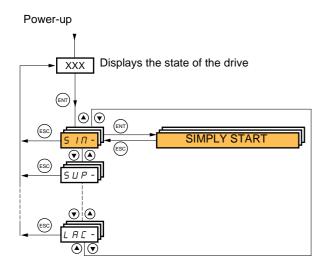


Then use the parameter code index, page 297, to find the page giving details of the displayed parameter.

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



The [1.1-SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu can be used for fast startup, which is sufficient for the majority of applications.

The parameters in this menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present, with the following exceptions:

- Auto-tuning, which causes the motor to start up
- The adjustment parameters on page <u>44</u>

Note: The parameters of the [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu must be entered in the order in which they appear, as the later ones are dependent on the first ones.

For example [2/3 wire control] (tCC) must be configured before any other parameters.

The [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu should be configured **on its own or before the other drive configuration menus**. If a modification has previously been made to any of them, in particular in [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-), some [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) parameters may be changed, for example, the motor parameters, if a synchronous motor has been selected. Returning to the [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu after modifying another drive configuration menu is **unnecessary** but does not pose any risk. Changes following modification of another configuration menu **are not described**, to avoid unnecessary complication in this section.

Macro configuration

Macro configuration provides a means of speeding up the configuration of functions for a specific field of application. 8 macro configurations are available:

- Start/stop (factory configuration)
- Handling
- General use
- Hoisting
- Lifts
- PID regulator
- Communication bus
- Master/slave

Selecting a macro configuration assigns the parameters in this macro configuration.

Each macro configuration can still be modified in the other menus.

Macro configuration parameters

Assignment of the inputs/outputs

Input/ output	[Start/Stop]	[M. handling]	[Gen. Use]	[Hoisting]	[Lift]	[PID regul.]	[Network C.]	[Mast./slave]
Al1	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]		[Ref.2 channel] ([Ref.1 channel] = integrated Modbus) (1)	[Ref.1 channel]
Al2	[No]	[Summing ref. 2]	[Summing ref. 2]	[No]	[No]	[PID feedback]	[No]	[Torque reference]
AO1	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
R1	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]
R2	[No]	[No]	[No]	[Brk control]	[Brk control]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LI1 (2-wire)	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]
LI2 (2-wire)	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]
LI3 (2-wire)	[No]	[2 preset speeds]	[Jog]	[Fault reset]	[2 preset speeds]	[PID integral reset]	[Ref. 2 switching]	[Trq/spd switching]
LI4 (2-wire)	[No]	[4 preset speeds]	[Fault reset]	[External fault]	[4 preset speeds]	[2 preset PID ref.]	[Fault reset]	[Fault reset]
LI5 (2-wire)	[No]	[8 preset speeds]	[Torque limitation]	[No]	[Fault reset]	[4 preset PID ref.]	[No]	[No]
LI6 (2-wire)	[No]	[Fault reset]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LI1 (3-wire)	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
LI2 (3-wire)	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]
LI3 (3-wire)	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]
LI4 (3-wire)	[No]	[2 preset speeds]	[Jog]	[Fault reset]	[2 preset speeds]	[PID integral reset]	[Ref. 2 switching]	[Trq/spd switching]
LI5 (3-wire)	[No]	[4 preset speeds]	[Fault reset]	[External fault]	[4 preset speeds]	[2 preset PID ref.]	[Fault reset]	[Fault reset]
LI6 (3-wire)		[8 preset speeds]	[Torque limitation]	[No]	[Fault reset]	[4 preset PID ref.]	[No]	[No]
				Option car	rds			
LI7 to LI14	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LO1 to LO4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
R3/R4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
AI3, AI4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
RP	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
AO2	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]
AO3	[No]	[Sign. torque]	[No]	[Sign. torque]	[Sign. torque]	[PID Output]	[No]	[Motor freq.]
			Gı	aphic display ter	rminal keys		<u>.</u>	
F1 key	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	Control via graphic display terminal	[No]
F2, F3, F4 keys	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]

In 3-wire control, the assignment of inputs LI1 to LI6 shifts.

(1) To start up with integrated Modbus, [Modbus Address] (Add) must first be configured, page 261.

Note: These assignments are reinitialized every time the macro configuration changes.

Macro configuration parameters

Other configurations and settings

In addition to the assignment of I/O, other parameters are assigned only in the Hoisting, Lift and Mast./slave macro configurations.

Hoisting and lift:

- [Movement type] (bSt) = [Hoisting] (UEr) page 175
- [Brake contact] (bCl) = [No] (nO) page <u>175</u>
- [Brake impulse] (bIP) = [No] (nO) page <u>175</u>
- [Brake release I FW] (lbr) = [Rated mot. current] (nCr) page <u>175</u>
- [Brake Release time] (brt) = 0.5 s page <u>176</u>
- [Brake release freq] (blr) = [Auto] (AUtO) page <u>176</u>
- [Brake engage freq] (bEn) = [Auto] (AUto) page <u>176</u>
- [Brake engage time] (bEt) = 0.5 s page <u>176</u>
- [Engage at reversal] (bEd) = [No] (nO) page <u>177</u>
- [Jump at reversal] (JdC) = [Auto] (AUtO) page <u>177</u>
- [Time to restart] (ttr) = 0 s page<u>177</u>
- [Current ramp time] (brr) = 0 s page <u>179</u>
- [Low speed] (LSP) = Rated motor slip calculated by the drive, page <u>44</u>
- [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) page <u>242</u> = [Yes] (YES), but it is forced to [No] (nO) if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). No further modifications can be made to this parameter.
- [Catch on the fly] (FLr) = [No] (nO) page 239. No further modifications can be made to this parameter.

Lift:

• [Feed forward] (FFP) = 0 % page <u>91</u>

Mast./slave:

• [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC I] (CUC) page 70

Note: These assignments are forced every time the macro configuration changes, except for [Motor control type] (Ctt) for the Mast./slave macro configuration, if it is configured in [FVC] (FUC).

Return to factory settings:

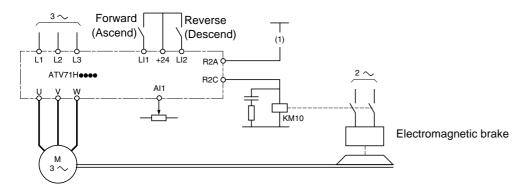
Returning to factory settings with [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf] (InI) page <u>269</u> will return the drive to the selected macro configuration. The [Macro configuration] (CFG) parameter does not change, although [Customized macro] (CCFG) disappears.

Note:

• The factory settings that appear in the parameter tables correspond to [Macro configuration] (CFG) = [Start/Stop] (StS). This is the macro configuration set at the factory.

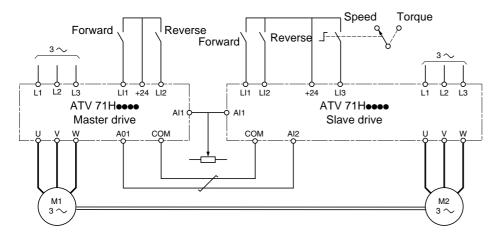
Example diagrams for use with the macro configurations

[Hoisting] (HSt) diagram



(1) A contact on the Preventa module must be inserted in the brake control circuit to engage it safely when the "Power Removal" safety function is activated (see connection diagrams in the Installation Manual).

[Mast./slave] (MSL) diagram



When the two motors are mechanically connected, the Speed/torque contact closing results in operation in Mast./slave mode. The master drive regulates the speed and controls the slave drive in torque mode to ensure distribution of the load.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting			
FCC	[2/3 wire control]	[2 wire] (2C)			
2C 3C	□ [2 wire] (2C) □ [3 wire] (3C)				
	2-wire control: This is the input state (0 or 1) or edge (0 to 1 or 1 to 0), which controls	running or stopping.			
	Example of "source" wiring: ATV77 +24 L1 L1x L11: forward L12: reverse 3-wire control (pulse commands): A "forward" or "reverse" pulse is sufficient to command pulse is sufficient to command stopping. Example of "source" wiring: ATV71 +24 L1 L12 L1X L11: stop L12: forward L12: forward L13: forward L14: stop L12: forward L14: stop L12: forward L14: stop L12: forward L14: stop L12: forward L14: forward L14: stop L14: st				
	To change the assignment of [2/3 wire control] (tCC) press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. The following function will be returned to factory settings: [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> as will all functions which assign logic inputs. The macro configuration selected will also be reset it if has been customized (loss of custom settings). Check that this change is compatible with the wiring diagram used. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.				
C F G	[Macro configuration]	[Start/Stop] (StS)			
SES HdG HSE GEn PId nEE TSL LIFE	 [Start/Stop] (StS): Start/stop [M. handling] (HdG): Handling [Hoisting] (HSt): Hoisting [Gen. Use] (GEn): General use [PID regul.] (Pld): PID regulation [Network C.] (nEt): Communication bus [Mast./slave] (MSL): Master/slave [Lift] (LIFt): Lifts 				
	WARNING UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION To change the assignment of [Macro configuration] (CFG) press and hold down the "E Check that the selected macro configuration is compatible with the wiring diagram us Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.				
C C F G	[Customized macro]				
<i>4 E 5</i>	Read-only parameter, only visible if at least one macro configuration parameter has be [Yes] (YES)	een modified.			

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
bFr	[Standard mot. freq]		[50Hz IEC] (50)
5 D 6 D	 [50Hz IEC] (50): IEC [60Hz NEMA] (60): NEMA This parameter modifies the presets of the following parameters: [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) below, [High speed] (HSP) page <u>44</u>, [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page <u>68</u>, [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) and [Max frequency] (tFr) 		
IPL	[Input phase loss]		According to drive rating
n 0	[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored, to be used when the drive is s	supplied via a single-pha	se supply or by the
yes	 DC bus. [Freewheel] (YES): Fault, with freewheel stop. If one phase disappears, the drive switches to fault mode [Input phase loss] (IPL), but if 2 or 3 phases disappear, the drive continues to operate until it trips on an undervoltage fault. This parameter is only accessible in this menu on ATV71H037M3 to HU75M3 drives (used with a single phase supply). 		
n P r	[Rated motor power]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating
	Rated motor power given on the nameplate, in kW if [Standar [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60Hz NEMA] (60).	5	5
U n 5	[Rated motor volt.]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	Rated motor voltage given on the nameplate. ATV71eeeM3: 100 to 240 V - ATV71eeeN4: 200 to 480 V- ATV	71●●●S6X: 400 to 600 -A	TV71●●●Y: 400 to 690 V
nEr	[Rated mot. current]	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	Rated motor current given on the nameplate.		
Fr S	[Rated motor freq.]	10 to 500 Hz	50 Hz
	Rated motor frequency given on the nameplate. The factory setting is 50 Hz, or preset to 60 Hz if [Standard m	ot. freq] (bFr) is set to 60) Hz.
n 5 P	[Rated motor speed]	0 to 60000 RPM	According to drive rating
	Rated motor speed given on the nameplate. 0 to 9999 rpm then 10.00 to 60.00 krpm on the integrated display terminal. If, rather than the rated speed, the nameplate indicates the synchronous speed and the slip in Hz or as a %, calculate the rated speed as follows:		
	 Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x 100 - slip as a % 100 Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x 50 - slip in Hz or 	— (50 Hz motors)	
	 Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x <u>60 - slip in Hz</u> <u>60</u> 	— (60 Hz motors)	
EFr	[Max frequency]	10 to 1600 Hz	60 Hz
	 The factory setting is 60 Hz, or preset to 72 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) is set to 60 Hz. The maximum value is limited by the following conditions: It must not exceed 10 times the value of [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) 		
	 It must not exceed 500 Hz if the drive rating is higher than AT are only possible for powers limited to 37 kW (50 HP). 	V71HD37 (values betwe	en 500 Hz and 1600 Hz

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting	
£ U n	[Auto tuning]	[No] (nO)	
n D YES d D n E	 [No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed. [Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automatically changes to [Done] (dOnE). [Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed. Caution: It is essential that all motor parameters ([Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP), [Rated motor power] (nPr)) are configured correctly before starting auto-tuning. If at least one of these parameters is modified after auto-tuning has been performed, [Auto tuning] (tUn) will return to [No] (nO) and must be repeated. Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be taken into account after the auto-tuning sequence. If auto-tuning fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and, depending on the configuration of [Autotune fault mgt] (tnL) page 256, may switch to [Auto-tuning] (tnF) fault mode. Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the display to change to "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)". 		
<i>E U</i> 5	[Auto tuning status]	[Not done] (tAb)	
EAB PEnd PrOG FAIL dOnE	 (for information only, cannot be modified) [Not done] (tAb): The default stator resistance value is used to control the motor. [Pending] (PEnd): Auto-tuning has been requested but not yet performed. [In Progress] (PrOG): Auto-tuning in progress. [Failed] (FAIL): Auto-tuning has failed. [Done] (dOnE): The stator resistance measured by the auto-tuning function is used to control the motor. 		
PHr	[Output Ph rotation]	[ABC] (AbC)	
АЬС АСЬ	 [ABC] (AbC): Forward [ACB] (ACb): Reverse This parameter can be used to reverse the direction of rotation of the motor without rev 	versing the wiring.	

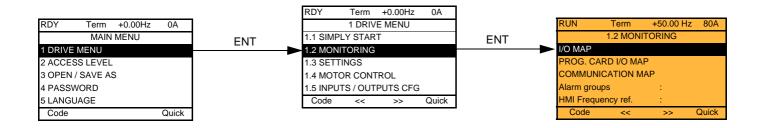
Parameters that can be changed during operation or when stopped

Code	Name/Description		Factory setting	
IEH	[Mot. therm. current]	0.2 to 1.5 ln (1)	According to drive rating	
	Motor thermal protection current, to be set to the rated current	indicated on the namep	plate.	
ACC	[Acceleration]	0.1 to 999.9 s	3.0 s	
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (pagwith the inertia being driven.	ge <u>42</u>). Make sure that th	his value is compatible	
d E C	[Deceleration]	0.1 to 999.9 s	3.0 s	
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page <u>42</u>) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.			
L 5 P	□ [Low speed]		0	
	Motor frequency at minimum reference, can be set between 0	and [High speed] (HSP)).	
H 5 P	[High speed]		50 Hz	
	Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between [Low speed] (LSP) and [Max frequency] (tFr). The factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60Hz NEMA] (60).			
	CAUTION			
	For permanent magnet synchronous motors, the maximum permissible speed must not be exceeded, otherwise demagnetization may occur. The maximum speed permitted by the motor, drive chain or application must not be exceeded at any time.			
	Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damag	е.		

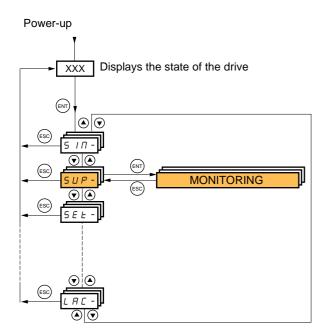
(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

[1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-)

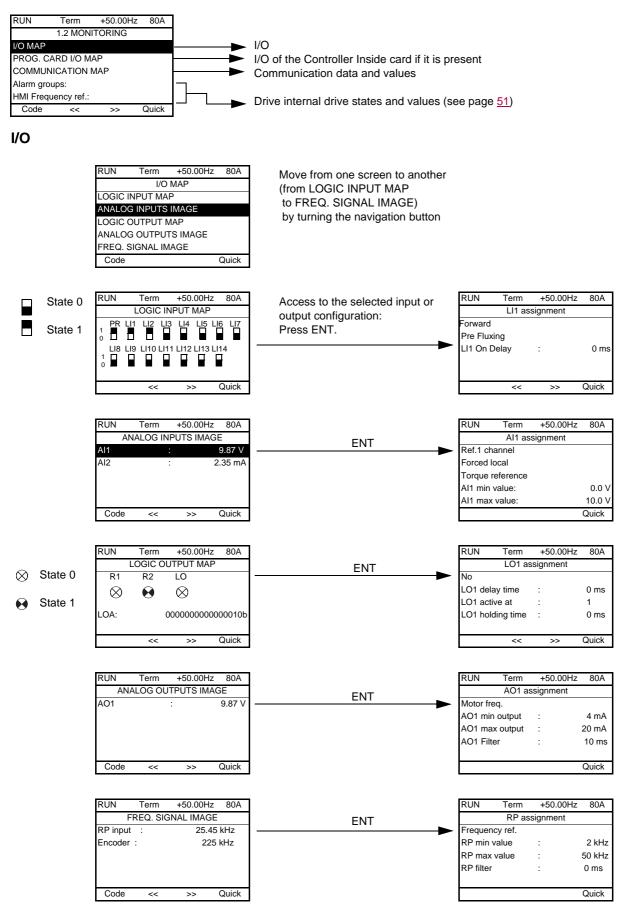
With graphic display terminal:



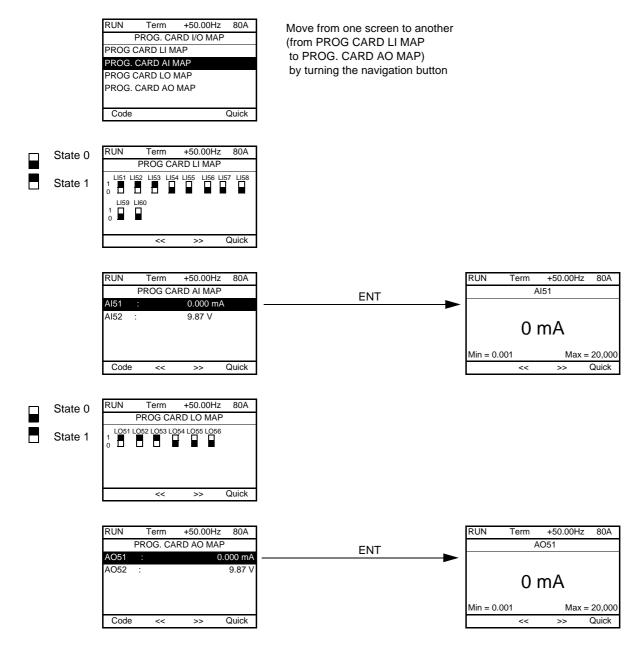
With integrated display terminal:



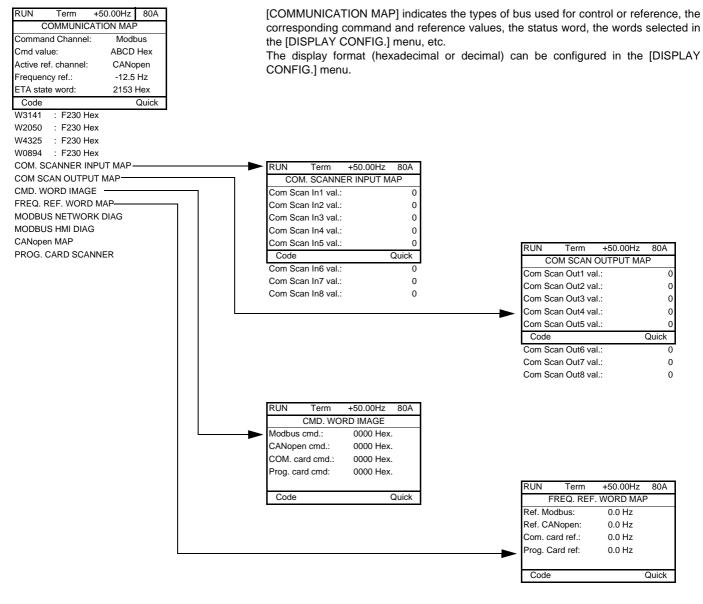
This menu can be used to display the inputs/outputs, the drive internal states and values, and the communication data and values.



Controller Inside card I/O



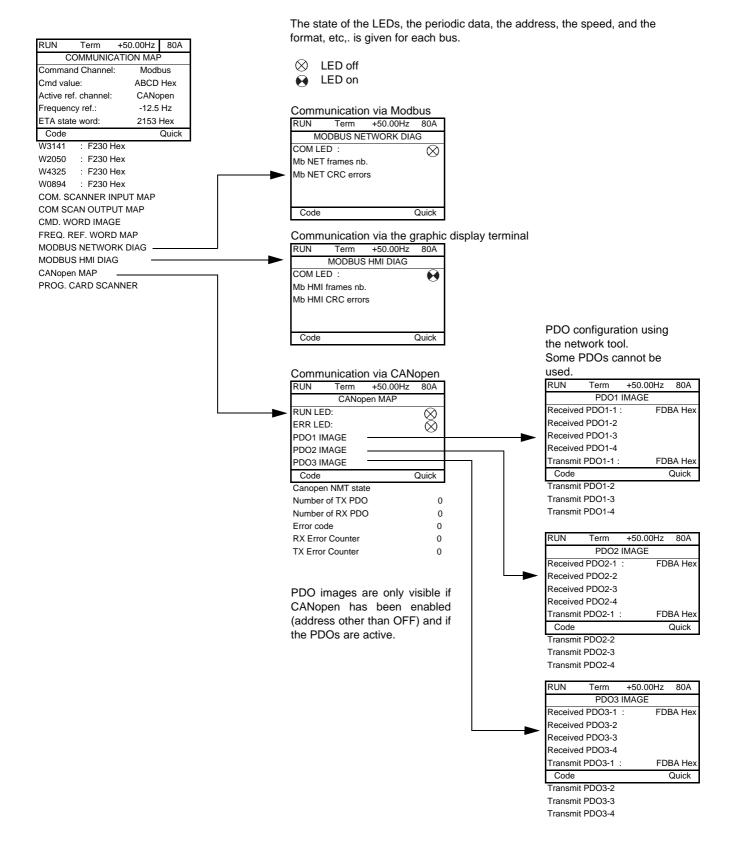
Communication



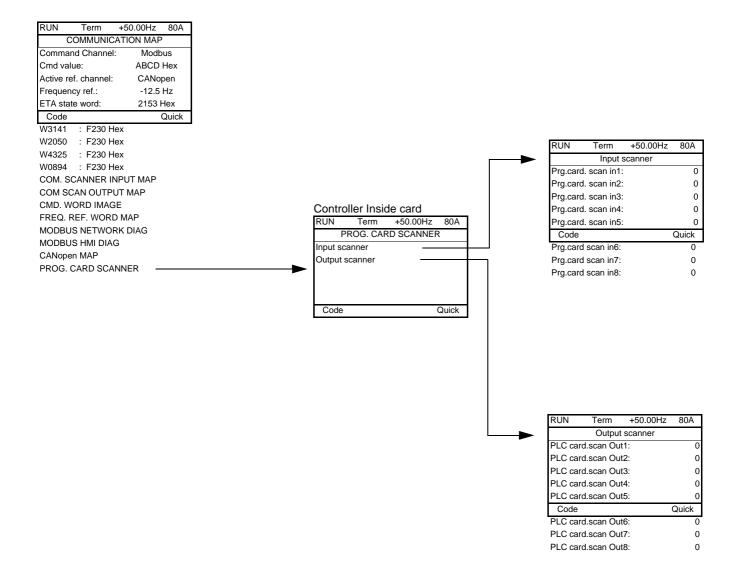
[COM. SCANNER INPUT MAP] and [COM SCAN OUTPUT MAP]:

Visualization of registers exchanged periodically (8 input and 8 output) for integrated Modbus and for fieldbus cards.

Communication (continued)



Communication (continued)



[Input scanner] and [Output scanner]:

Visualization of registers exchanged periodically (8 input and 8 output).

With graphic display terminal: Drive-internal states and values

Name/Description

Name/Description				
[Alarm groups] (ALGr) [HMI Frequency ref.] (LFr)	Current alarm group numbers in Hz. Frequency reference via the graphic display term	inal (can be accessed if the function has been		
[Internal PID ref.] (rPI)	configured). as a process value. PID reference via graphic display ten configured).	minal (can be accessed if the function has been		
[HMI torque ref.] (Ltr) [Multiplying coeff.] (MFr)	as a % of the rated torque. Torque reference via graphic display terminal. as a % (can be accessed if [Multiplier ref] (MA2,MA3) page <u>151</u> has been assigned)			
[Frequency ref.] (FrH) [Torque reference] (trr) [Output frequency] (rFr)	in Hz as a % of the rated torque (can be accessed if the function in Hz	n has been configured)		
[Measured output fr.] (MMF) [Pulse in. work. freq.] (FqS)	in Hz: The measured motor speed is displayed if an encoder card has been inserted, otherwise 0 appears. in Hz: Frequency of the "Pulse input" input used by the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) function, page 253.			
[Motor current] (LCr) [ENA avg speed] (AUS) [Motor speed] (SPd)	in A in Hz: The parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (E in rpm	nA) = [Yes] (YES) (see page <u>94</u>)		
[Motor voltage] (UOP) [Motor power] (OPr)	in V as a % of the rated power			
[Motor torque] (Otr) [Mains voltage] (ULn) [Motor thermal state] (tHr)	as a % of the rated torque in V. Line voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, mo as a %	otor running or stopped.		
[Drv.thermal state] (tHd) [DBR thermal state] (tHb)	as a % as a % (can only be accessed on high rating drives)			
[Consumption] (APH) [Run time] (rtH) [Power on time] (PtH)	in Wh, kWh or MWh (accumulated consumption) in seconds, minutes or hours (length of time the motor has in seconds, minutes or hours (length of time the drive has			
[IGBT alarm counter] (tAC) [PID reference] (rPC) [PID feedback] (rPF)	in seconds (length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm h as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function h as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function h	as been configured)		
[PID error] (rPE) [PID Output] (rPO)	as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured) as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured) in Hz (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)			
[Date/Time] (CLO) [] (002)	Current date and time generated by the Controller Inside (inserted) Words generated by the Controller Inside card (can be ac			
to [] (006)				
[Config. active] (CnFS) [Utilised param. set] (CFPS) [ALARMS] (ALr-) [OTHER STATE] (SSt-)	Active configuration [Config. n°0, 1 or 2] [Set n°1, 2 or 3] (can be accessed if parameter switching List of current alarms. If an alarm is present, a \checkmark appea List of secondary states:			
[UTHER STATE] (SST-)	 In motor fluxing] (FLX): In motor fluxing [PTC1 alarm] (PtC1): Probe alarm 1 	 [HSP attained] (FLA): High speed attained [Load slipping] (AnA): Slipping alarm 		
	 [PTC2 alarm] (PtC2): Probe alarm 2 [LI6=PTC alarm] (PtC3): LI6 = PTC probe alarm [Fast stop in prog.] (FSt): Fast stop in progress 	 [Set 1 active] (CFP1): Parameter set 1 active [Set 2 active] (CFP2): Parameter set 2 		
	 [Current Th. attained] (CtA): Current threshold attained ([Current threshold] (Ctd) page <u>67</u>) 	active - [Set 3 active] (CFP3): Parameter set 3		
	 [Freq. Th. attained] (FtA): Frequency threshold attained ([Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page <u>68</u>) [Freq. Th. 2 attained] (F2A): 2nd frequency threshold 	active - [In braking] (brS): Drive braking - [DC bus loading] (dbL): DC bus loading		
	attained ([Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page <u>68</u>) - [Frequency ref. att.] (SrA): Frequency reference	 [Forward] (MFrd): Motor running forward [Reverse] (MrrS): Motor running in reverse 		
	attained - [Motor th. state att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state attained	 [High torque alarm] (ttHA): Motor torque overshooting high threshold [High torque thd.] (ttH) page <u>67</u>. 		
	 [External fault alarm] (EtF): External fault alarm [Auto restart] (AUtO): Automatic restart in progress [Remote] (FtL): Line mode control 	 [Low torque alarm] (ttLA): Motor torque undershooting low threshold [Low torque thd.] (ttL) page <u>67</u>. 		
	 [Auto-tuning] (tUn): Performing auto-tuning [Undervoltage] (USA): Undervoltage alarm 	 [Freq. meter Alarm] (FqLA): Measured speed threshold attained: [Pulse warning 		
	 [Cnfg.1 act.] (CnF1): Configuration 1 active [Cnfg.2 act.] (CnF2): Configuration 2 active 	thd.] (FqL) page <u>68</u> .		

With integrated display terminal

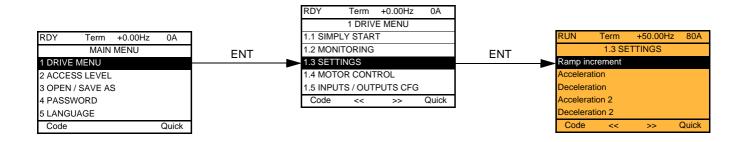
This menu can be used to display the drive inputs, states and internal values.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
<u> I D П -</u> L IЯ-	I/O MAP Logic input functions
LIA to LIYA	Can be used to display the functions assigned to each input. If no functions have been assigned, nO is displayed. Use the ▲ and ▼ arrows to scroll through the functions. If a number of functions have been assigned to the same input, check that they are compatible.
L 15 I	State of logic inputs LI1 to LI8
	Can be used to visualize the state of logic inputs LI1 to LI8 (display segment assignment: high = 1, low = 0) State 1
L 152	State of logic inputs LI9 to LI14 and Power Removal
	Can be used to visualize the state of logic inputs LI9 to LI14 and PR (Power Removal) (display segment assignment: high = 1, low = 0) State 1 State 1 LI9 LI10 LI11 LI12 LI13 LI14 PR Example above: LI9 and LI14 are at 1, LI10 to LI13 are at 0 and PR (Power Removal) is at 1.
A I A -	Analog input functions
A I IA A IZA A IJA A IJA A IYA	Can be used to display the functions assigned to each input. If no functions have been assigned, nO is displayed. Use the \blacktriangle and \checkmark arrows to scroll through the functions. If a number of functions have been assigned to the same input, check that they are compatible.

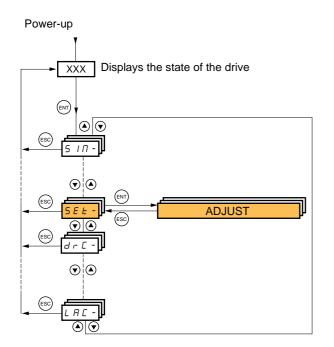
With integrated display terminal: Drive-internal states and values

Code	Name/Description	Unit
ALGr	Alarm groups: Current alarm group numbers	
r P I	Internal PID reference: PID reference via graphic display terminal (can be accessed if the function has been configured).	as a process value
ΠFr	Multiplication coefficient (can be accessed if [Multiplier ref] (MA2,MA3) page 151 has been assigned)	%
FrH	Frequency ref.	Hz
t r r	Torque reference: Can be accessed if the function has been configured	%.
rFr	Output frequency	Hz
ΠΠΕ	The measured motor speed is displayed if an encoder card has been inserted, otherwise 0 appears.	Hz
F 9 5	Frequency of the "Pulse input" input used by the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) function, page 253.	Hz
LEr	Motor current	А
A U S	ENA avg speed: The parameter can be accessed if EnA = YES (see page <u>94</u>)	Hz
5 P d	Motor speed	rpm
UOP	Motor voltage	V
0Pr	Motor power	%
Otr	Motor torque	%
ULn	Line voltage: Line voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor running or stopped.	V
E H r	Motor thermal state	%
EHd	Drv thermal state	%
ЕНЬ	DBR thermal state: Can be accessed on high rating drives only.	%
<i>ПРН</i>	Power consumption	Wh, kWh or MWh
r E H	Run time: Length of time the motor has been turned on	seconds,
PEH	Power on time: Length of time the drive has been turned on	minutes or hours
FUC	IGBT alarm counter: Length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm has been active	seconds
r P C	PID reference: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	as a process
r P F	PID feedback: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	value
r P E	PID error: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	
r P O	PID Output: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	Hz
C L O -	tIME, dAY: Current date and time generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o D 2	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o 0 3	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o 0 4	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o 0 S	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o D 6	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
CnF5	Config. active: CnF0, 1 or 2 (can be accessed if motor or configuration switching has been enabled, see page <u>219</u>)	
C F P S	Utilised param. set: CFP1, 2 or 3 (can be accessed if parameter switching has been enabled, see page 215)	

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



The adjustment parameters can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

• Check that changes made to the settings during operation do not present any danger.

• We recommend stopping the drive before making any changes.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
Inc	[Ramp increment]	0,01 - 0,1 - 1	0,1	
0. 0 0. 	 [0,01]: ramp up to 99.99 seconds [0,1]: ramp up to 999.9 seconds [1]: ramp up to 6000 seconds This parameter is valid for [Acceleration] (ACC), [Deceleration [Deceleration 2] (dE2).] (dEC), [Acceleration 2]	(AC2) and	
ACC	[Acceleration]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	3.0 s	
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (pagwith the inertia being driven.	ge <u>76</u>). Make sure that th	is value is compatible	
d E C	[Deceleration]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	3.0 s	
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page 70 with the inertia being driven.	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page <u>76</u>) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.		
R C 2	[Acceleration 2]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	5.0 s	
*	See page <u>154</u> Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.			
d E 2	[Deceleration 2]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	5.0 s	
*	See page <u>154</u> Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.			
ERI	[Begin Acc round]	0 to 100%	10%	
*	See page <u>153</u> Rounding of start of acceleration ramp as a % of the [Accelera	tion] (ACC) or [Accelerat	ion 2] (AC2) ramp time.	
E A S	[End Acc round]		10%	
*	 See page <u>153</u> Rounding of end of acceleration ramp as a % of the [Acceleration] (ACC) or [Acceleration 2] (AC2) ramp time. Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Acc round] (tA1)) 			
E A B	Begin Dec round]	0 to 100%	10%	
*	See page <u>153</u> Rounding of start of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration]	tion] (dEC) or [Decelera	tion 2] (dE2) ramp time.	

(1) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr).



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
E A A	[End Dec round]		10%
*	 See page <u>153</u> Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2) ramp time. Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Dec round] (tA3)) 		
LSP	□ [Low speed]		0 Hz
	Motor frequency at minimum reference, can be set between 0	and [High speed] (HSP).
H S P	□ [High speed]		50 Hz
	Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between [L factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) =		ax frequency] (tFr). The
	CAUTION		
	For permanent magnet synchronous motors, the maximum permissible speed must not be exceeded, otherwise demagnetization may occur. The maximum speed permitted by the motor, drive chain or application must not be exceeded at any time. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.		
IEH	U [Mot therm ourrent]	0.2 to 1.5 In (1)	According to drive
1211	[Mot. therm. current]		rating
	Motor thermal protection current, to be set to the rated current		
5 P G	[Speed prop. gain]	0 to 1000%	40%
*	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) pa Speed loop proportional gain.	age <u>89</u> = [Standard] (Sto	l).
5 / E	[Speed time integral]	1 to 1000%	100%
*	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) pa Speed loop integral time constant.	age <u>89</u> = [Standard] (Sto	l).
5 F C	[K speed loop filter]	0 to 100%	0
*	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) pa Speed loop filter coefficient.	age <u>89</u> = [Standard] (Sto	l).
S E A	□ [Fr.Loop.Stab]	0 to 100%	20%
*	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) page <u>89</u> = [High perfor.] (HPF). Stability: Used to adapt the return to steady state after a speed transient, according to the dynamics of the machine. Gradually increase the stability to increase control loop attenuation and thus reduce any overspeed.		
F L G	[FreqLoopGain]	0 to 100%	20%
*	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) parameters for the second se		

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.



Standard speed loop - Parameter settings for [K speed loop filter] (SFC), [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) and [Speed time integral] (SIt)

- The following parameters can only be accessed in vector control profiles: [Motor control type] (Ctt), page <u>70</u> = [SVC U] (UUC), [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC), [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) if [Speed loop type] (SSL) page <u>89</u> = [Standard] (Std) and if [ENA system] (EnA) page <u>94</u> = [Non] (nO).
- · The factory settings are suitable for most applications.

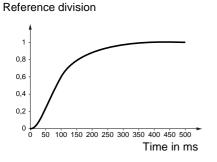
General case: Setting for [K speed loop filter] (SFC) = 0

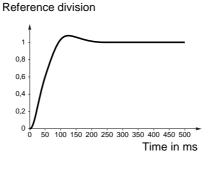
The regulator is an "IP" type with filtering of the speed reference, for applications requiring flexibility and stability (hoisting or high inertia, for example).

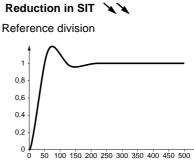
- [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) affects excessive speed.
- [Speed time integral] (SIt) affects the passband and response time.

Initial response

Reduction in SIT 🔌



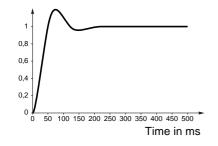






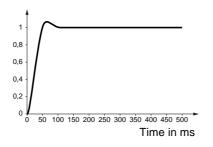
Initial response

Reference division

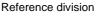


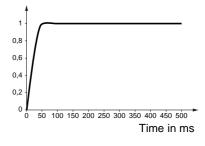
Increase in SPG 💉

Reference division



Increase in SPG 🗡





Special case: Parameter [K speed loop filter] (SFC) not 0

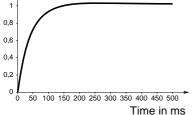
This parameter must be reserved for specific applications that require a short response time (trajectory positioning or servo control).

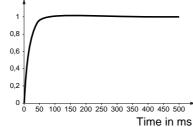
- When set to 100 as described above the regulator is a "PI" type, without filtering of the speed reference.
- Settings between 0 and 100 will obtain an intermediate function between the settings below and those on the previous page.

Example: Setting for [K speed loop filter] (SFC) = 100

- [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) affects the passband and response time.
- [Speed time integral] (SIt) affects excessive speed.

Reduction in SIT 🔌 Reduction in SIT Initial response Reference division Reference division Reference division 1 0,8 0,8 0,8 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,4 0,4 0,4 0,2 0,2 0.2 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 Time in ms Time in ms Time in ms Initial response Increase in SPG 💉 Increase in SPG 🕺 Reference division Reference division Reference division





0.8

0,6

0,4

0.2

ŏ

50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500

Time in ms



High performance speed loop - Parameter settings for [FreqLoopGain] (FLG) and [Fr.Loop.Stab] (StA)

These parameters can only be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) page 89 = [High perf.] (HPF).

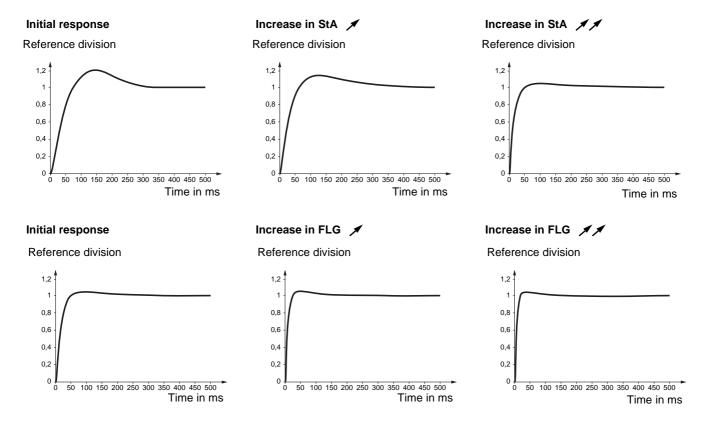
Inertia

The [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) parameter, page <u>89</u>, is the default value of the inertia being driven, estimated by the drive based on the motor parameters. Speed loop default settings are determined by the drive from this inertia. **The value of the actual inertia being driven must be entered** in the [Application Inertia] (JAPL) parameter, page <u>90</u>. This value is then used by the drive to optimize speed loop settings, thus achieving the best results (provided that the exact value has been entered). The [App. Inertia Coef.] (JACO) parameter, page <u>89</u>, is used to fix the ratio between [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) page <u>89</u> and [Application Inertia] (JAPL).

Gains

These parameters are used to adjust the response of the speed loop obtained from the inertia, in particular when this is not known.

- [Fr.Loop.Stab] (StA): Used to adapt the return to steady state after a speed transient, according to the dynamics of the machine. Gradually increase the stability to increase control loop attenuation and thus reduce any overspeed.
- [FreqLoopGain] (FLG): Used to adapt the response of the machine speed transients according to the dynamics (passband). For
 machines with high resistive torque, high inertia or fast cycles, increase the gain gradually.



Expert parameters

Two parameters from the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu are accessible at Expert level and can be used to boost dynamics if necessary. See page <u>90</u>.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
GPE	[ENA prop.gain]	1 to 9999	250
*	See page <u>94</u>		
G IE	[ENA integral gain]	0 to 9999	100
*	See page <u>94</u>		
UF r	[IR compensation]	25 to 200%	100%
*	See page <u>95</u>		
S L P	[Slip compensation]	0 to 300%	100%
*	See page <u>78</u>		
d C F	[Ramp divider]	0 to 10	4
*	See page <u>156</u>		
IdC	□ [DC inject. level 1]	0.1 to 1.41 ln (1)	0.64 ln (1)
*	See page <u>157</u> Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic input or selected as stop mode.		
	CAUTION		
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without ove Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment	-	
Ed I	[DC injection time 1]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
*	See page <u>157</u> Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 1] (IdC). After this time the injection current becomes [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2).		
1965	□ [DC inject. level 2]	0.1 ln (2) to [DC inject.	0.5 ln (1)
.	See page <u>157</u>	level 1] (IdC)	
	Injection current activated by logic input or selected as stop mod has elapsed.	e, once period of time [DC	C injection time 1] (tdl)
	CAUTION		
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating.		
	Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.		
EdC	□ [DC injection time 2]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
*	See page <u>157</u> Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) for injection	selected as stop mode	only.

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
5 d C	[Auto DC inj. level 1]	0 to 1.2 ln (1)	0.7 ln (1)		
*	Level of standstill DC injection current. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page <u>158</u> is not [No] (nO) This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).				
	CAUTION				
		Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			
EdC I	[Auto DC inj. time 1]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s		
*	Standstill injection time. This parameter can be accessed If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page $\underline{70}$ = [FVC] (FUC) or [Syn corresponds to the zero speed maintenance time.				
5362	[Auto DC inj. level 2]	0 to 1.2 ln (1)	0.5 ln (1)		
*	2 nd level of standstill DC injection current. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page <u>158</u> is not [No] (nO) This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).				
	CAUT	ION			
	Check that the motor will withstand this current with Failure to follow this instruction can result in eq	•			
EdC2	[Auto DC inj. time 2]	0 to 30 s	0 s		
*	2 nd standstill injection time. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (A	dC) page <u>158</u> = [Yes] (YES)			
AdC SdC	2 Operation	Note: When [Motor co	ontrol type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u>		
YES x	SdC1	= [FVC] (FUC) or [Sy			
	SdC2	level 2] (SdC2) and [
Ct ≠ 0	SdC1 SdC2	time 1] (tdC1) can be	accessed. This then o speed maintenance		
Ct = 0	SdC1 tr				
Run command					

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
SFr	[Switching freq.]	According to rating	According to rating	
	 Switching frequency setting. Adjustment range: This can vary between 1 and 16 kHz, but the minimum and maximum values, as well as the factory setting, can be limited in accordance with the type of drive (ATV71H or W), the rating and the configuration of the [Sinus filter] (OFI) and [Motor surge limit] (SUL) parameters, page <u>96</u>. If the value is less than 2 kHz, [Current Limitation] (CLI) and [I Limit. 2 value] (CL2) page <u>62</u> are limited to 1.36 ln. Adjustment with drive running: If the initial value is less than 2 kHz, it is not possible to increase it above 1.9 kHz while running. If the initial value is greater than or equal to 2 kHz, a minimum of 2 kHz must be maintained while running. Adjustment with the drive stopped: No restrictions. Wote: In the event of excessive temperature rise, the drive will automatically reduce the switching frequency and reset it once the temperature returns to normal. Note: If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u>= [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) we do not recommend setting the switching frequency to a value less than 2 kHz (in order to avoid speed instability). 			
	CAUTION			
	On ATV71e075N4 to U40N4, drives, if the RFI filters are disconnect switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment dama		/stem), the drive's	
EL I	[Current Limitation]	0 to 1.65 In (1)	1.5 ln (1)	
	Used to limit the motor current. The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page <u>62</u> is less than 2 kHz. Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page <u>242</u>). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.			
	CAUTION			
Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet sy motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.				
C L 2	[] [I Limit. 2 value]	0 to 1.65 In (1)	1.5 ln (1)	
	See page 204 The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 62 is less than 2 kHz. Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 242). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.			
*	CAUTION			
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
FLU	[Motor fluxing]		[No] (FnO)		
F n D	 [Not cont.] (FnC): Non-continuous mode [Continuous] (FCi): Continuous mode. This option is not possible if [Angle setting type] (ASt) page <u>84</u> or <u>87</u> is [With load] (brC) or if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page <u>158</u> is [Yes] (YES) or if [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u> is [Freewheel] (nSt). [No] (FnO): Function inactive. This option is not possible if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [SVC I] (CUC) or [FVC] (FUC). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync. mot.] (SYn), the factory setting is replaced by [Not cont.] (FnC). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [SVC V] (UUC), the factory setting is replaced by [Not cont.] (FnC) at and above 55 kW (75 HP) for ATV71•••••M3X and at and above 90 kW (120 HP) for ATV71•••••N4. If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync.CL] (FSY), [Motor fluxing] (FLU) is forced to [No] (FnO). In order to obtain rapid high torque on startup, magnetic flux needs to already have been established in the motor. In [Continuous] (FCt) mode, the drive automatically builds up flux when it is powered up. In [Not cont.] (FnC) mode, fluxing occurs when the motor starts up. The flux current is greater than nCr (configured rated motor current) when the flux is established and is then adjusted to the motor magnetizing current.				
	Failure to follow this instruction can result in equip If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn), the [M ([No] (FnO) is not permitted); this parameter causes rotor angle configuration of [Angle setting type] (ASt) page 84) and not flue • If [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 175 is not [No] (nO), the [I Image: Control type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd), the image setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd) = [W/	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage. If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn), the [Motor fluxing] (FLU) parameter MUST be active ([No] (FnO) is not permitted); this parameter causes rotor angle detection or alignment (depending on the configuration of [Angle setting type] (ASt) page 84) and not fluxing. • If [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 175 is not [No] (nO), the [Motor fluxing] (FLU) parameter has no effect. Wote: If [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd), the motor may rotate one full revolution during			
EL S	measurement.	0 to 999.9 s	0 s		
	Maximum operating time at [Low speed] (LSP) (see page <u>44</u>) Following operation at LSP for a defined period, a motor stop is requested automatically. The motor will restart if the reference is greater than LSP and if a run command is still present. Caution: A value of 0 indicates an unlimited period of time. Note: If [Low speed time out] (tLS) is not 0, [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u> is forced to [Ramp stop] (rMP) (only if a ramp stop can be configured).				
JGF	□ [Jog frequency]	0 to 10 Hz	10 Hz		
*	See page <u>160</u> Reference in jog operation				
JGE	□ [Jog delay]	0 to 2.0 s	0.5 s		
*	See page <u>160</u> Anti-repeat delay between 2 consecutive jog operations.				

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 P 2	[Preset speed 2]	0 to 1600 Hz	10 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 2		
5 P 3	[Preset speed 3]	0 to 1600 Hz	15 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 3	<u>.</u>	
5 P 4	[Preset speed 4]	0 to 1600 Hz	20 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 4	<u></u>	
5 P 5	[Preset speed 5]	0 to 1600 Hz	25 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 5		
5 P 6	[Preset speed 6]	0 to 1600 Hz	30 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 6		
5 P J	[Preset speed 7]	0 to 1600 Hz	35 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 7		
5 P 8	[Preset speed 8]	0 to 1600 Hz	40 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 8	<u></u>	
5 P 9	[Preset speed 9]	0 to 1600 Hz	45 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 9		
5 P 10	[Preset speed 10]	0 to 1600 Hz	50 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 10		
5 <i>P </i>	[Preset speed 11]	0 to 1600 Hz	55 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 11		
5 P 1 2	[Preset speed 12]	0 to 1600 Hz	60 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 12		
5 P I 3	[Preset speed 13]	0 to 1600 Hz	70 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 13		
5 P 1 4	[Preset speed 14]	0 to 1600 Hz	80 Hz
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 14	1	

 \star

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
5 P 1 5	[Preset speed 15]	0 to 1600 Hz	90 Hz		
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 15				
5P 16	[Preset speed 16]	0 to 1600 Hz	100 Hz		
*	See page <u>163</u> Preset speed 16				
ΠFr	[Multiplying coeff.]	0 to 100%	100%		
	Multiplying coefficient, can be accessed if [Multiplier ref] (M/ graphic terminal	A2,MA3) page <u>151</u> has b	een assigned to the		
Sr P	[+/-Speed limitation]	0 to 50%	10%		
*	See page <u>167</u> Limitation of +/- speed variation				
r P G	[PID prop. gain]	0.01 to 100	1		
*	See page <u>193</u> Proportional gain				
r 16	[PID integral gain]	0.01 to 100	1		
*	See page <u>194</u> Integral gain				
r d G	[PID derivative gain]	0.00 to 100	0		
*	See page <u>194</u> Derivative gain				
PrP	[PID ramp]	0 to 99.9 s	0		
*	See page <u>194</u> PID acceleration/deceleration ramp, defined to go from [Min I (PIP2) and vice versa.	PID reference] (PIP1) to [Max PID reference]		
POL	[Min PID output]	- 500 to 500 or -1600 to 1600 according to rating	0 Hz		
*	See page <u>194</u> Minimum value of regulator output in Hz				
РОН	[Max PID output]	0 to 500 or 1600 according to rating	60 Hz		
*	See page <u>194</u> Maximum value of regulator output in Hz				
PAL	[Min fbk alarm]	See page <u>194</u> (1)	100		
*	See page <u>194</u> Minimum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback				
PAH	[Max fbk alarm]	See page <u>194</u> (1)	1000		
*	See page <u>194</u> Maximum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback				

(1) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
PEr	[PID error Alarm]	0 to 65535 (1)	100	
*	See page <u>194</u> Regulator error monitoring threshold			
PSr	[Speed input %]	1 to 100%	100%	
*	See page <u>195</u> Multiplying coefficient for predictive speed input.			
r P 2	[Preset ref. PID 2]	See page <u>197</u> (1)	300	
*	See page <u>197</u> Preset PID reference			
r P 3	[Preset ref. PID 3]	See page <u>197</u> (1)	600	
*	See page <u>197</u> Preset PID reference			
r P 4	[Preset ref. PID 4]	See page <u>197</u> (1)	900	
*	See page <u>197</u> Preset PID reference			
lbr	[Brake release I FW]	0 to 1.32 In (2)	0	
*	See page <u>175</u> Brake release current threshold for lifting or forward movement			
lr d	[Brake release Rev]	0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0	
*	See page <u>175</u> Brake release current threshold for lowering or reverse movem	nent		
brt	[Brake Release time]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s	
*	See page <u>176</u> Brake release time delay			
b Ir	[Brake release freq]	[Auto] (AUtO) 0 to 10 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)	
*	See page <u>176</u> Brake release frequency threshold			
b E n	[Brake engage freq]	[Auto] (AUtO) 0 to 10 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)	
*	See page <u>176</u> Brake engage frequency threshold			
ЕЬE	[Brake engage delay]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s	
*	See page <u>176</u> Time delay before request to engage brake. To delay the engaging of the brake, for horizontal movement only, if you wish the brake to engage when the drive comes to a complete stop.			

(1) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
6 E E	[Brake engage time]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s	
*	See page <u>176</u> Brake engage time (brake response time)			
JGC	[Jump at reversal]	[Auto] (AUtO) 0 to 10 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)	
*	See page <u>177</u>		1	
EEr	[Time to restart]	0 to 15.00 s	0 s	
*	See page <u>177</u> Time between the end of a brake engage sequence and the s	tart of a brake release s	equence	
EL IN	[Motoring torque lim]	0 to 300%	100%	
*	See page <u>202</u> Torque limitation in generator mode, as a % or in 0.1% increm [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter, page <u>202</u> .	ents of the rated torque	in accordance with the	
EL IG	Gen. torque lim]	0 to 300%	100%	
*	See page <u>202</u> Torque limitation in generator mode, as a % or in 0.1% increm [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter, page <u>202</u> .	nents of the rated torque	in accordance with the	
ErH	[Traverse freq. high]	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz	
*	See page <u>225</u>		•	
ErL	[Traverse freq. low]	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz	
*	See page <u>225</u>	I		
9 S H	[Quick step High]	0 to [Traverse freq. high] (trH)	0 Hz	
*	See page <u>225</u>			
9 5 L	[Quick step Low]	0 to [Traverse freq. low] (trL)	0 Hz	
*	See page <u>225</u>			
C E d	[Current threshold]	0 to 1.5 ln (1)	ln (1)	
	Current threshold for [I attained] (CtA) function assigned to a		,	
EEH	[High torque thd.]	-300% to +300%	100%	
	High current threshold for [High tq. att.] (ttHA) function assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page <u>118</u>), as a % of the rated motor torque.			
EEL	[Low torque thd.]	-300% to +300%	50%	
	Low current threshold for [Low tq. att.] (ttLA) function assigned a % of the rated motor torque.	d to a relay or a logic ou	tput (see page <u>118</u>), as	

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.

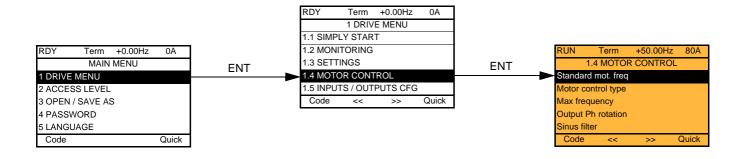


Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
F9L	[Pulse warning thd.]	0 Hz to 30.00 kHz	0 Hz	
*	Speed threshold measured by the FREQUENCY METER] FqF-) function, page <u>253</u> , assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page <u>118</u>).			
FEd	[Freq. threshold]	0.0 to 1600 Hz	[High speed] (HSP)	
	Frequency threshold for [Freq.Th.att.] (FtA) function assigned used by the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) function, pag		ut (see page <u>118</u>), or	
F2d	[Freq. threshold 2]	0.0 to 1600 Hz	[High speed] (HSP)	
	Frequency threshold for [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A) function assi or used by the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) function, p		output (see page <u>118</u>),	
FFE	[Freewheel stop Thd]	0.0 to 1600 Hz	0.0 Hz	
*	 See page <u>156</u> This parameter supports switching from a ramp stop or a fast stop to a freewheel stop below a low speed threshold. It can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [Fast stop] (FSt) or [Ramp stop] (rMP). 0.0: Does not switch to freewheel stop. 0,1 to 1600 Hz: Speed threshold below which the motor will switch to freewheel stop. 			
E E d	[Motor therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%	
*	See page <u>241</u> Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or relay)			
LBC	[Load correction]	0 to 1000 Hz	0	
*	See page <u>98</u> Rated correction in Hz.			

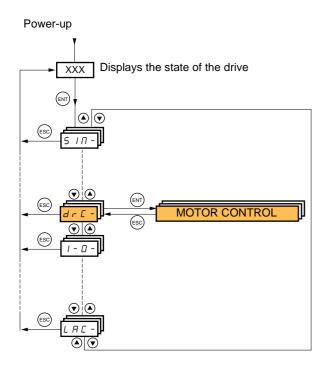


[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:

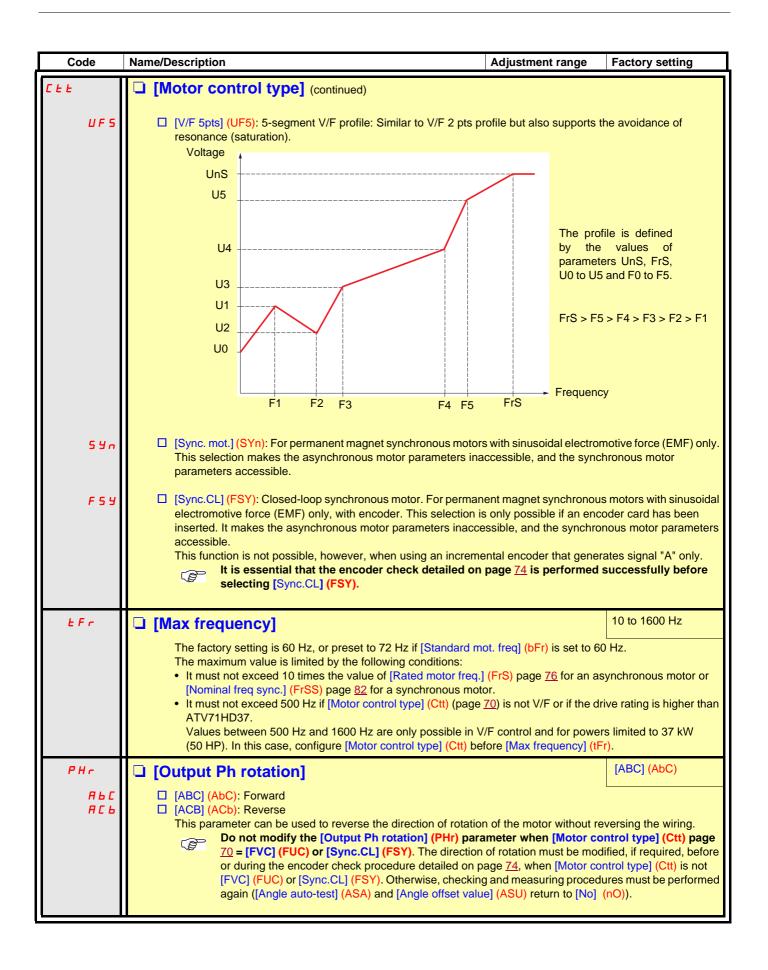


The parameters in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present, with the following exceptions:

- [Auto tuning] (tUn) page <u>88</u> and [Angle auto-test] (ASA) page <u>84</u>, which can cause the motor to start up.
 Parameters containing the sign O in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
6 F r 5 D 6 D	 [Standard mot. freq] [50Hz IEC] (50): IEC [60Hz NEMA] (60): NEMA This parameter modifies the presets of the following parameter (Ftd) page <u>68</u>, [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) page <u>76</u>, [Rated motor page <u>71</u>. 		
CEE	[Motor control type]		[SVC V] (UUC)
<u>ט</u> ט ע כ	[SVC V] (UUC): Open-loop voltage flux vector control with au This type of control is recommended when replacing an ATVS connected in parallel on the same drive (if the motors are ide	8. It supports operation w	
<i>с и с</i>	[SVC I] (CUC): Open-loop current flux vector control. This typ ATV58F used in an open-loop configuration. It does not supprint in parallel on the same drive.		
FUC	 [FVC] (FUC): Closed-loop current flux vector control for motor with encoder. This selection is only possible if an encoder card has been inserted. This function is not possible, however, when using an incremental encoder that generates signal "A" only. This type of control is recommended when replacing an ATV58F used in a closed-loop configuration. It provides better performance in terms of speed and torque accuracy and enables torque to be obtained at zero speed. It does not support operation with a number of motors connected in parallel on the same drive. It is essential that the encoder check detailed on page <u>74</u> is performed successfully before selecting [FVC] (FUC). 		
UF2	the value	le is defined by s of parameters and U0.	ith:

[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)



Code	Name/Description	Adjust	tment range	Factory setting
OF I 985	 Image: Section 1 (No) (nO): No sinus filter Image: Section 2 (No) (nO): No sinus filter, to limit overvoltages on the motor and reduce the ground fault leakage current. [Sinus filter] (OFI) is forced to [No] (nO) on ATV71•037M3 and ATV71•075N4. Image: Section 2 (No) (nO): No the settings for [Current Limitation] (CLI) and [I Limit. 2 value] (CL2) page 52 must be made once [Sinus filter] (OFI) has been set to [Yes] (YES) and [Motor control type] (Ct1) page 70 has been set to [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5). This is due to the fact that for certain ratings, this configuration will result in a reduced factory setting (1.36 In) for current limitations. Image: Image: I			
5 <i>F r</i> ()				

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EL I	[Current Limitation] (1)	0 to 1.65 In (2)	1.5 ln (2)
Ω	Used to limit the motor current. The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive ma this has been enabled (see page 242). If it is less than has any effect.	y lock in [Output Phase Lo	
	CAUTION		
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchron motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.		agnet synchronous

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.



Selecting the encoder

Follow the recommendations in the catalog and the Installation Manual.

Note 1: When an encoder is used with a VW3 A3 408 or VW3 A3 409 card, it is only possible to configure the "encoder" input for speed feedback. Functions can only be configured as references or inputs with a VW3 A3 401 to 407 and VW3 A3 411 card. Note 2: When an encoder is used with a VW3 A3 409 card, the drive remains locked in stop mode (and displays nSt) if the encoder is not fully configured.

Encoder check procedure

This procedure applies to all types of encoder.

- 1. Configure the parameters of the encoder used, pages <u>114</u> to <u>117</u>.
- 2. Set [Motor control type] (Ctt) to a value other than [FVC] (FUC) and [Sync.CL] (FSY), even if it is the required configuration. For example, use [SVC V] (UUC) for an asynchronous motor and [Sync. mot.] (SYn) for a synchronous motor.
- **3.** Configure the motor parameters in accordance with the specifications on the rating plate.
 - Asynchronous motor (see page <u>76</u>): [Rated motor power] (nPr), [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated motor speed] (nSP).
 - Synchronous motor (see page <u>81</u>): [Nominal I sync] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole pairs.] (PPnS), [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS), [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS), [IAutotune L q-axis] (LqS), [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS). [Current Limitation] (CLI) must not exceed the maximum motor current, otherwise demagnetization may occur.
- 4. Set [Encoder usage] (EnU) = [No] (nO).
- 5. Perform auto-tuning.
- 6. Set [Encoder check] (EnC) = [Yes] (YES).
- 7. Check that the rotation of the motor is safe.
- Set the motor rotating at stabilized speed ≈ 15% of the rated speed for at least 3 seconds, and use the [1.2-MONITORING] (SUP-) menu to monitor its behavior.
- 9. If it trips on an [Encoder fault] (EnF), [Encoder check] (EnC) returns to [No] (nO).
 - Check the parameter settings and perform auto-tuning again (see steps 1 to 5 above).
 - Check that the mechanical and electrical operation of the encoder, its power supply and connections are all OK.
 - Reverse the direction of rotation of the motor ([Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter page 71) or the encoder signals.

10. Repeat the operations from step 6 onwards until [Encoder check] (EnC) changes to [Done] (dOnE).

11. If necessary, change [Motor control type] (Ctt) to [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY). In the case of [Sync.CL] (FSY), go on to perform the "Procedure for measuring the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder" page <u>83</u>.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
E n 5 -	Can only be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted.		
EnE	[Encoder check]		[Not done] (nO)
n D 4 E S d D n E	Check encoder feedback. See procedure on previous page. This parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been [Not done] (nO): Check not performed. [Yes] (YES): Activates monitoring of the encoder. [Done] (dOnE): Check performed successfully. The check procedure checks: - The direction of rotation of the encoder/motor - The presence of signals (wiring continuity) - The number of pulses/revolution If a fault is detected, the drive locks in [Encoder fault] (EnF) fault		
EnU	[Encoder usage]		[No] (nO)
n 0 5 E C r E G	 This parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been [No] (nO): Function inactive. [Fdbk monit.] (SEC): The encoder provides speed feedback for [Spd fdk reg.] (rEG): The encoder provides speed feedback for automatic if the drive is configured for closed-loop operation ([Sync.CL] (FSY). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC V] (UUC) and enables static correction of the speed to be performed. This control type] (Ctt) values. 	r monitoring only. regulation and monitorir Motor control type] (Ctt) the encoder operates in	= [FVC] (FUC) or speed feedback mode
PGr	 [Speed ref.] (PGr): The encoder provides a reference. Can online 	y be selected with an inc	cremental encoder card.

(1) The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encoder card has been inserted, and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used. The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.5 - INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I/O) menu.

Asynchronous motor parameters:

These parameters can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [SVC V] (UUC), [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC), [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5). In this case, the synchronous motor parameters cannot be accessed.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	
A 5 9 -	Can only be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [SVC V] (UUC), [SVC I] [V/F 2pts] (UF2), or [V/F 5pts] (UF5).	(CUC), [FVC] (FUC),	
n P r	[Rated motor power]	Acc. to drive rating	
	Rated motor power given on the nameplate, in kW if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [50h [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60Hz NEMA] (60).	Iz IEC] (50), in HP if	
U n 5	[Rated motor volt.]	Acc. to drive rating	
	Rated motor voltage given on the nameplate. ATV71eeeM3X: 100 to 240 V, ATV71eeeN4: 200 to 480 V, ATV71eeeS6X: 400 to 600		
nEr	[Rated mot. current]	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	
	Rated motor current given on the nameplate.		
Fr S	[Rated motor freq.]	10 to 1600 Hz	
	Rated motor frequency given on the nameplate. The factory setting is 50 Hz, or preset to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) is set to 60 Hz. The maximum value is limited to 500 Hz if [Motor control type] (Ctt) (page <u>70</u>) is not V/F or if the drive rating is higher than ATV71HD37. Values between 500 Hz and 1600 Hz are only possible in V/F control and for powers limited to 37 kW (50 HP). In this case, configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) before [Rated motor freq.] (FrS).		
In SP	[rpm increment]		
ו 10	 Increment of parameter [Rated motor speed] (nSP). [x1 rpm] (1): Increment of 1 rpm, to be used if [Rated motor speed] (nSP) does not exceed 65535 rpm. [x10 rpm] (10): Increment of 10 rpm, to be used if [Rated motor speed] (nSP) exceeds 65535 rpm. 		
	Note: Changing [rpm increment] (InSP) will restore [Rated motor speed] (nSP) to its factory setting.		
n 5 P	[Rated motor speed]	0 to 96000 rpm	
	Rated motor speed given on the nameplate. Adjustable between 0 and 65535 rpm if [[x1 rpm] (1) or between 0.00 and 96.00 krpm if [rpm increment] (InSP) = [x10 rpm] (10 to 9999 rpm then 10.00 to 65.53 or 96.00 krpm on the integrated display terminal.If, rather than the rated speed, the nameplate indicates the synchronous speed and to calculate the rated speed as follows:• Rated speed = Synchronous speed x• Rated speed = Synchronous speed x• 50 - slip in Hz• or• Rated speed = Synchronous speed x• 60 - slip in Hz• 60 - slip in Hz<	0).	

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A27-	[ASYNC. MOTOR] (continued)		
U D	□ [U0]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor o [V/F 5pts] (UF5)	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	2pts] (UF2) or
U I	□ [U1]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F I	🗅 [F1]	0 to 1600 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
U 2	□ [U2]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F 2	□ [F2]	0 to 1600 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
U 3	🗆 [U3]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F 3	□ [F3]	0 to 1600 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
Ш Ч	□ [U4]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of		5pts] (UF5)
F H	🖵 [F4]	0 to 1600 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
U 5	□ [U5]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F S	🗆 [F5]	0 to 1600 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A27-	[ASYNC. MOTOR] (continued)		
U C 2	[Vector Control 2pt]		[No] (nO)
л D 9 E S	 [No] (nO): Function inactive. [Yes] (YES): Function active. Used in applications in which the motor rated speed and freq operation at constant power, or when the maximum voltage of the line voltage. The voltage/frequency profile must then be adapted in accord maximum voltage UCP and maximum frequency FCP. 	of the motor needs to be l	imited to a value below
	Motor voltage		
	Max. voltage UCP		
	Rated motor volt. UnS		
		Frequency	
	Rated motor freq. FrS	Freq. Const Power FCP	
UC P	[V. constant power]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	This parameter can be accessed if [Vector Control 2pt] (UC2		
FCP	[Freq. Const Power]	According to drive rating and [Rated motor freq.] (FrS)	= [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	This parameter can be accessed if [Vector Control 2pt] (UC2) = [Yes] (YES)	
5 L P	□ [Slip compensation] (1)	0 to 300%	100%
0	 This parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) if Adjusts the slip compensation around the value set by the rated r The speeds given on motor nameplates are not necessarily e If slip setting < actual slip: The motor is not rotating at the control than the reference. If slip setting > actual slip: The motor is overcompensated actual slip: The motor is overcompensate	notor speed. exact. prrect speed in steady sta	te, but at a speed lower

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

()

Asynchronous motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode

These include:

- Special parameters.
- Parameters calculated by the drive during auto-tuning, in read-only mode. For example, R1r, calculated cold stator resistance.
- The possibility of replacing some of these calculated parameters with other values, if necessary. For example, R1w, measured cold stator resistance.

When a parameter Xyw is modified by the user, the drive uses it in place of the calculated parameter Xyr.

If auto-tuning is performed or if one of the motor parameters on which auto-tuning depends is modified ([Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP), [Rated motor power] (nPr)), parameters Xyw return to their factory setting.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
A27-	[ASYNC. MOTOR] (continued)
r 5 N	 [Stator R measured] Cold stator resistance, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode. Value in milliohms (mΩ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), and in hundredths of milliohms (mΩ/100) above 75 kW (100 HP).
IdΠ	[Idr] Magnetizing current in A, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
LFΠ	[Lfr] Leakage inductance in mH, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
ĿгП	[T2r] Rotor time constant in mS, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
n 5 L	 [Nominal motor slip] Nominal slip in Hz, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode. To modify the nominal slip, modify the [Rated motor speed] (nSP) (page <u>76</u>).
PPn	[Poles pair number] Number of pairs of poles, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.

Asynchronous motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode, continued

Code	Name/Description
A27-	[ASYNC. MOTOR] (continued)
r S A	 [Cust stator resist.] Cold state stator resistance (per winding), modifiable value. In milliohms (mΩ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), and in hundredths of milliohms (mΩ/100) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10000 to 65536).
IdR	[Idw] Magnetizing current in A, modifiable value.
LFA	[Lfw] Leakage inductance in mH, modifiable value.
Er A	[Cust. rotor t const.] Rotor time constant in mS, modifiable value.

Synchronous motor parameters:

These parameters can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page $\underline{70}$ = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY). In this case, the asynchronous motor parameters cannot be accessed.

(P

Important: For synchronous motors, it is crucial to set the current limit. See [Current Limitation] (CLI) page 73.

CAUTION

Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 yn -	Can only be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 =	[Sync.CL] (FSY) or [Syn	ic. mot.] (SYn).
n E r 5	[Nominal I sync.]	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	Acc. to drive rating
	Rated synchronous motor current given on the nameplate.		
n 5 P 5	[Nom motor spdsync]	0 to 60000 rpm	Acc. to drive rating
	Rated synchronous motor speed given on the nameplate. On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 rpm then 10.00 to 60).00 krpm.	
PPn5	[Pole pairs]	1 to 50	Acc. to drive rating
	Number of pairs of poles on the synchronous motor.	<u></u>	
IPHS	[Increment EMF]		[0.1mV/rpm] (0.1)
0. I I	Increment for the [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) parameter. [0.1mV/rpm] (0.1): 0.1 mV per rpm [1 mV/rpm] (1): 1mV per rpm		
PHS	[Syn. EMF constant]	0 to 65535	Acc. to drive rating
	Synchronous motor EMF constant, in 0.1 mV per rpm or 1 mV the value of [Increment EMF] (IPHS). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53		er phase), according to
L d 5	[Autotune L d-axis]	0 to 655.3	Acc. to drive rating
	Axis "d" stator inductance in mH (per phase). On motors with smooth poles [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) = [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) = Stator inductance L.		
L 9 5	[Autotune L q-axis]	0 to 655.3	Acc. to drive rating
	Axis "q" stator inductance in mH (per phase). On motors with smooth poles [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) = [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) = Stator inductance L.		
r 5 A 5	□ [Cust. stator R syn]	Acc. to drive rating	Acc. to drive rating
	Cold state stator resistance (per winding) The factory setting is replaced by the result of the auto-tuning operation, if it has been performed. The value can be entered by the user, if he knows it. Value in milliohms ($m\Omega$) up to 75 kW (100 HP), and in hundredths of milliohms ($m\Omega$ /100) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10000 to 65536).		

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Code	Name/Description	
5 y n -	SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR] (continued)	
r E 9 P	[Read motor param.]	[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E 5 d 0 n E	 This parameter can only be used with BDH, BRH and BSH type motors from the Schneider-Electric range. Can only be accessed if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) page <u>116</u> = [Hiperface] (SCHP). Request to load motor parameters from the encoder EEPROM memory. [No] (nO): Loading not performed or has failed. [Yes] (YES): Loading is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automatically changes to [Done] (dOnE). [Done] (dOnE): Loading done. The following parameters are loaded: [Angle offset value] (ASU) page <u>85</u>, [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS) page <u>81</u>, [Nominal I sync.] (nCrS) page <u>81</u>, [Pole pairs] (PPnS) page <u>81</u>, [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) page <u>81</u>, [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS) page <u>81</u>, [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) page <u>81</u>, and [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) page <u>81</u>. Note: During loading the drive is in "Freewheel Stop" state with the motor turned off. If a "line contactor" or "output contactor" function has been configured, the contactor closes during loading. 	
rEEP	[Status motor param]	[Not done] (tAb)
Е А Б Р г О Б F A IL d O л E С U S	 [Failed] (FAIL): Loading has failed. [Done] (dOnE): Loading completed successfully. 	

Synchronous motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode

Code	Name/Description
590-	SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR] (continued)
r 5 <i>1</i> 15	 [R1rS] Cold state stator resistance (per winding), in read-only mode. This is the drive factory setting or the result of the auto-tuning operation, if it has been performed. Value in milliohms (mΩ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), and in hundredths of milliohms (mΩ/100) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10000 to 65536).
Fr 5 5	[Nominal freq sync.] Motor frequency at rated speed in Hz, calculated by the drive (rated motor frequency), in read-only mode.

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.



Closed-loop synchronous motor

Operation on a synchronous motor in a closed loop configuration requires an encoder providing the exact position of the motor rotor. The phase-shift angle of the encoder in relation to the rotor must therefore be determined. The drive can perform this measurement automatically.

Selecting a resolver type encoder



The number of poles on the motor must be a whole multiple of the number of poles on the resolver. For example, a 6-pole resolver will not operate with an 8-pole motor.

To obtain the best resolution, we recommend selecting a resolver with the same number of poles as the motor.

Procedure for measuring the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder

Preliminary remarks:

Select the [Angle setting type] (ASt) measuring mode according to the type of machine being driven:

• [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd): Measurement with motion, if the rotation of the motor is free (no load, brake released) and safe. During measurement current flows through the motor, which may cause it to rotate one full revolution.



UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Check that the rotation of the motor will not cause any dangerous movements.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death or serious injury.

- [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [With load] (brC): Measurement without motion, motor with or without load, brake engaged or released. This mode is recommended for a lift, for example. You must adhere to the following instructions:
 - The motor rotor must not move during measurement, otherwise the result will be incorrect.
 - In some cases, the measurement current can cause tripping on an [Overcurrent] (OCF) fault; if so, use [W/o load] (nLd) mode. This occurs when using low-inductance motors, high-speed motors, or motors in which the rated voltage is well below the supply voltage of the drive.
 - In some cases, the measurement can cause tripping on an [Angle error] (ASF) fault. This occurs if the motor rotor has moved during measurement (only detected in closed-loop mode), a motor phase is disconnected or if the motor inductance is too high, thus limiting the measurement current (in this case, use [W/o load] (nLd) mode).
- [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [Optimised] (brCO): measurement without motion, possible with or without load, brake engaged or released. Optimization of the angle detection time starting from the second detection request, even after a power off of the product.
- 1. First, follow the "Encoder check procedure" on page 74.
- 2. Set [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [Sync.CL] (FSY).
- If you have selected [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd): measurement without motion, check that the motor is running safely
 and can turn freely without resistive or driving torque. If these conditions are not met, the resulting measurement will be
 inaccurate.
- 4. Set [Angle auto-test] (ASA) = [Yes] (YES). The measurement is performed and [Angle auto-test] (ASA) changes to [Done] (dOnE). The [Angle offset value] (ASU) parameter changes from [No] (nO) to a numerical value proportional to the electrical angle measured (8191 = 360°).
- 5. If required, configure automatic measurements using [Angle setting activ.] (AtA). If [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd), ensure that the safety conditions outlined earlier are met at all times. If using a relative encoder (incremental or SinCos), it is recommended that you set [Angle setting activ.] (AtA) = [Power On] (POn) or [Run order] (AUtO).
- 6. If an [Angle error] (ASF) fault occurs, [Angle auto-test] (ASA) returns to [No] (nO).
 - Check that the parameters and instructions relating to this procedure have been carried out correctly and perform the measurement again.

Comments

The phase-shift angle must be re-measured each time:

- The motor is changed
- The encoder is changed
- The coupling between the motor and encoder is removed
- The [Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter is modified
- The [Coder rotation inv.] (EnRI) parameter is modified

If a relative encoder (incremental or SinCos) is used, measurement must be repeated each time the motor is turned off/on. It is therefore recommended that you set [Angle setting activ.] (AtA) = [Power On] (POn) or [Run order] (AUtO).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	
A 5 A -	[ANGLE TEST SETTING]		
	Can only be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync.CL] (FSY)		
A S E	[Angle setting type]	[With load] (brC)	
6 r C n L d 6 r C D	 Mode for measuring the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder. [With load] (brC): Measurement without motion, possible with or without load, brake engaged or released. [W/o load] (nLd): Measurement with motion, only for free motors (brake released), without load. [Optimised] (brCO): Measurement without motion, possible with or without load, brake engaged or released. Optimized] (brCO): Measurement without motion, possible with or without load, brake engaged or released. [Optimized] (brCO): Measurement without motion, possible with or without load, brake engaged or released. Optimization of the angle detection time starting from the second detection request, even after a power off of the product. 		
	 Note 1: If [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd), the motor may rotate one full revolution during measurement. Note 2: If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) then [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [Optimised] (brCO) 		
A S A	[Angle auto-test]	[No] (nO)	
n 0 9 E S d 0 n E	 Measurement of the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder. [No] (nO): Measurement not performed or has failed, or [Output Ph rotation] (PHr) has been modified, or [Coder rotation inv.] (EnRI) parameter has been modified. [Yes] (YES): Measurement is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automatically changes to [Done] (dOnE). [Done] (dOnE): Use of the value given the last time the measurement was performed. Important: It is essential that all the motor parameters are configured correctly before performing <i>measurements</i>: [Nominal I sync] (nCrS), [Current Limitation] (CLI), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole pairs.] (PPnS), [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS), [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS), [IAutotune L q-axis] (LqS), [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS). Measurement is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewheel stop" or "fast stop" function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0). Measurement takes priority over any run commands, which will be taken into account after the measurement sequence. If measurement fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and changes to [Angle Error] (ASF) fault mode. Measurement may take several seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the display to change to "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)". Wet: If a "line contactor" or "output contactor" function has been configured, the contactor closes during measurement. 		
R S L	[Angle auto test]	[No] (nO)	
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	 Measurement of the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder by means of command bit. [No] (nO): Not assigned [L11] (L11) : : : : : : Measurement is performed when the assigned bit or input changes to 1. () Note: If a "line contactor" or "output contactor" function has been configured, the during measurement. 		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range
A 5 A -	[ANGLE TEST SETTING] (continued)	
A F A	[Angle setting activ.]	[No] (nO)
n 0 P 0 n A U E 0	 Activation of automatic measurement of the phase-shift angle between the motor and encoder when using a relative encoder (incremental or SinCos). [No] (nO): Function inactive. [Power On] (POn): Measurement is performed on each power-up (1). [Run order] (AUtO): Measurement is performed on each run command if necessary, i.e., if parameter [Angle offset value] (ASU) is set to [No] (nO). This option is recommended for use with a VW3 A3 401 to 407 card or with VW3 A3 411 card, when the "line contactor" function has been configured (loss of angle on each stop) (1). If [Angle setting activ.] (AtA) = [Power On] (POn) or [Run order] (AUtO), it is advisable to set [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [With load] (brC). Wote: If a "line contactor" or "output contactor" function has been configured, the contactor closes 	
R 5 U	during measurement.	[No] (nO)
n D -	 Phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder. [No] (nO): Measurement has not been performed or has failed, or [Output Ph rotation] (PHr) has been modified, or measurement has been lost due to powering down (1). 0 to 8191: Phase-shift angle. 8191 corresponds to 360°. 	
A S E S	[Angle setting status]	[Not done] (tAb)
Е Я Ь Р Е п d Р г О G F Я I L d О п Е С U S	Information on the phase-shift angle measurement between the motor and the encoder (cannot be modified). [Not done] (tAb): Phase-shift angle not defined. [Pending] (PEnd): Measurement requested but not yet performed. [In Progress] (PrOG): Measurement in progress. [Failed] (FAIL): Measurement failed. [Done] (dOnE): Measurement performed successfully. [Customized] (CUS): The phase-shift angle value has been entered by the user via the display terminal or serial link.	

(1) Powering down causes a loss of measurement data in the following cases:

• With a VW3 A3 401 to 407 card:

- Every time the power section is turned off, even if the drive control section has a separate power supply (for example, if the "line contactor" function has been configured).

- With a VW3 A3 409 card and a SinCos encoder:
 - Every time the power section is turned off, if the drive control section does not have a separate power supply.
 - Only when the drive control section is turned off (if it has a separate power supply via the 0 and P24 terminals).
 - If the number of poles of the resolver is not a multiple of the number of poles of the motor.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting					
FL I-	FLUXING BY LI]							
	Cannot be accessed if [Motor control type]	(Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync.CL] (FSY).						
F L U ()	[Motor fluxing]	(1)	[No] (FnO)					
F n C F C E F n D	 is [Freewheel] (nSt). [No] (FnO): Function inactive. This option or [FVC] (FUC). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [SV is replaced by [Not cont.] (FnC). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [SV and above 55 kW (75 HP) for ATV71●●● In order to obtain rapid high torque on stamotor. 	(AdC) page <u>158</u> is [Yes] (YES) or if [Type is not possible if [Motor control type] (Ctt) p (C I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync. mot.] (S (C V] (UUC), the factory setting is replaced •M3X and at and above 90 kW (120 HP) for artup, magnetic flux needs to already have I	of stop] (Stt) page 156 age $70 = [SVC I] (CUC)$ SYn), the factory setting by [Not cont.] (FnC) at or ATV71 \rightarrow N4.					
	 In [Continuous] (FCt) mode, the drive automatically builds up flux when it is powered up. In [Not cont.] (FnC) mode, fluxing occurs when the motor starts up. The flux current is greater than nCr (configured rated motor current) when the flux is established and is then adjusted to the motor magnetizing current. CAUTION Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage. If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn), the [Motor fluxing] (FLU) parameter must be							
	to the configuration of [Angle setting type	 parameter causes rotor angle detection o [ASt) page <u>87</u>) and not fluxing. not [No] (nO), the [Motor fluxing] (FLU) pa 	rameter has no effect.					
FL I	[Fluxing assignment]		[No] (nO)					
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive							
L - -	□ [LI1] (LI1)							
-	□ [] (): See the assignment conditions of	on page <u>139</u> .						
	is at 1.	tor fluxing command, flux is built up when the determined, or if the assigned LI or bit is at 0 when a						

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.



Code	Name/Description	Factory setting	
FL I-	[FLUXING BY LI] (continued)		
A S E	[Angle setting type] Rotor angle alignment or detection mode can be access [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). Mode for measuring the phase-shift angle between the model	notor and the encoder.	[With load] (brC)
ьг[л[d ьг[0	 [With load] (brC): Detection of angle without motion, posreleased. [W/o load] (nLd): Alignment with motion, only for free modified (brCO): Measurement without motion, possib Optimization of the angle detection time starting from the of the product. Note 1: If [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] Ger during measurement. Nota 2: If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [Sync. motype] (ASt) = [Optimised] (brCO) 	tors (brake released), with le with or without load, bra second detection reques (nLd), the motor may rota	hout load. ke engaged or released. t, even after a power off te one full revolution

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range					
EUn-	[AUTOMATIC TUNE]						
EUn n D y E S d D n E	 [Auto tuning] [No] (nO) [No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed. [Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automatically changes to [Done] (dOnE). [Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed. Important: It is essential that all the motor parameters are correctly configured before starting auto-tuning. Asynchronous motor: [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP), [Rated motor power] (nPr) page <u>76</u> 						
	 Synchronous motor: [Nominal I sync.] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole EMF constant] (PHS), [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS), [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) page 8 If at least one of these parameters (except [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS), [Autotune L d-axis] (LqS)) is modified after auto-tuning has been performed, [Auto tuning] (tUn) will must be repeated. Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewhe function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0). Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be taken auto-tuning sequence. If auto-tuning fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and, depending on the configuration (tnL) page <u>256</u>, may switch to [Auto-tuning] (tnF) fault mode. Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the di "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)". 	(LdS), [Autotune L return to [No] (nO) and el stop" or "fast stop" into account after the of [Autotune fault mgt]					
AUF	 Note: During auto-tuning the motor operates at rated current. If the "line contactor" or "output contactor" function has been configured, the auto-tuning. [Automatic autotune] 	contactor closes during [No] (nO)					
р 0 У Е 5	 [No] (nO): Function inactive. [Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed on every power-up. Important: Same comments as for [Auto tuning] (tUn) above. 						
EUL	[Auto-tune assign.]						
n 0 L 1 1 - -	Assignment of auto-tuning to a logic input or control bit. [No] (nO): Not assigned [L11] (L11) : <td:< td=""> :</td:<>						
	Auto-tuning is performed when the assigned bit or input changes to 1. Important: Same comments as for [Auto tuning] (tUn) above.						
E U S	[Auto tuning state]	[Not done] (tAb)					
Е Я Ь Р Е n d Р r D G F Я I L d D n E С U S	 For information only, cannot be modified. [Not done] (tAb): The default stator resistance value is used to control the motor. [Pending] (PEnd): Auto-tuning has been requested but not yet performed. [In Progress] (PrOG): Auto-tuning in progress. [Failed] (FAIL): Auto-tuning has failed. [Done] (dOnE): The stator resistance measured by the auto-tuning function is used to [Customized] (CUS): Auto-tuning has been performed, but at least one parameter set operation has subsequently been modified. The [Auto tuning] (tUn) parameter then refollowing auto-tuning parameters are affected: [Cust stator resist.] (rSA), [Idw] (IdA), [Lfw] (LFA) and [Cust. rotor t const.] (trA) page 	by this auto-tuning turns to [No] (nO). The					
	 [Cust stator resist.] (ISA), [Iuw] (IdA), [Liw] (LFA) and [Cust. fotor r const.] (IrA) page motors [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS) page <u>81</u> for synchronous motors 						

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting				
55L -	Cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70	= [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F {	5pts] (UF5).				
5 5 L	[Speed loop type]		[Standard] (Std)				
5 E d H P F	Selection of speed loop type [Standard] (Std): Standard speed loop [High perfor.] (HPF): High-performance speed loop. We ad [No] (nO) (see page <u>155</u>)	dvise to deactivate [Dec rai	mp adapt.] (brA) =				
5 P G	□ [Speed prop. gain] (1)	0 to 1000%	40%				
0	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSI Speed loop proportional gain.	L) = [Standard] (Std).					
5 / E	[Speed time integral] (1)	1 to 1000%	100%				
0	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSI Speed loop integral time constant.	L) = [Standard] (Std).					
5 F C	□ [K speed loop filter] (1)	0 to 100	0				
Ó	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSI Speed loop filter coefficient.	L) = [Standard] (Std).					
JNUL	Inertia Mult. Coef.]						
	 This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSI Increment for [Application Inertia] (JAPL) and [Estim. app. in read-only mode: 0.1 gm², 1 gm², 10 gm², 100 gm², 1000 gm² 		, calculated by the drive,				
JESE	[Estim. app. inertia]	1 to 9999	-				
	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) = [High perfor.] (HPF). The inertia being driven is estimated by the drive according to the motor parameters, in read-only mode. Speed loop default settings are determined by the drive from this inertia. Increment given by [Inertia Mult. Coef.] (JMUL): - 0.1 gm ² , 1 gm ² , 10 gm ² , 100 gm ² or 1000 gm ²						
JAC D	[App. Inertia Coef.]	0.10 to 100	-				
	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSI Coefficient which fix the ratio between [Estim. app. inertia] The default value is equal to 1 or 30 if [Macro configuratio type] (Ctt) page $\underline{70}$ = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY [Application Inertia] (JAPL) = [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) x	(JESt) and [Application Ine n] (CFG) page <u>41</u> = [Lift] (L /).	IFt) and [Motor control				

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. Advice on setting the parameters in this menu can be found on pages 57 to 59.

()

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting						
55L -	SPEED LOOP] (continued)								
JAPL	[Application Inertia]	1 to 9999	-						
	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL): The value of the actual inertia being driven must be entered the drive to optimize speed loop settings, thus achieving the been entered). [Application Inertia] (JAPL) = [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) x [Application Inertia] (JAPL) = [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) x [Application Inertia] (JAPL) = [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) x [Application Inertia] (Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY). Increment given by [Inertia Mult. Coef.] (JMUL): • 0.1 gm ² , 1 gm ² , 10 gm ² , 100 gm ² or 1000 gm ² Mote: If a motor parameter is modified, the estimated [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) and [Inertia Mult. Coef.] (JM to its default value according to the new value of [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) and [Inertia Mult. Coef.] (JM to its default value according to the new value of [Estim. app. inertia] of the new value of [Estim. applications, for example]. The inertia may vary sign general, it is very high for lifts. As such, the default v. It is essential to determine and enter the exact inertia] Failure to follow these instructions will result in death	red in this parameter. The best results (provided the op. Inertia Coef.] (JACO), ift] (LIFt) and [Motor cont d inertia is recalculated an AUL)). [Application Inertia im. app. inertia] (JESt). ER ertia] (JAPL)parameter, it d to a sudden drop (in hol ificantly according to the alue does not guarantee value in high performance	at the exact value has with [App. Inertia Coef.] trol type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = and updated (parameters] (JAPL) is also returned can cause speed isting and lift application; in correct operation.						
S E A	[Fr.Loop.Stab] (1)	0 to 100%	20%						
0	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) = [High perfor.] (HPF). Stability: Used to adapt the return to steady state after a speed transient, according to the dynamics of the machine. Gradually increase the stability to increase control loop attenuation and thus reduce any overspeed.								
FLG	(1) 0 to 100% 20%								
O	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) = Frequency loop gain: Used to adapt the response of the mach For machines with high resistive torque, high inertia or fast c	hine speed transients acc							

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. Advice on setting the parameters in this menu can be found on pages 57 to 59.



Parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range Factory setting						
55L -	[SPEED LOOP] (continued)							
FFP	[Feed forward] 0 to 200% 100%							
0	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) = [High perfor.] (HPF). Percentage of the high-performance regulator feedforward term. 100% corresponds to the term calculated using the value of [Application Inertia] (JAPL) page <u>90</u> .							
FFU	[Bandwidth feedfor.]	Image: Bandwidth feedfor.] 20 to 500% 100%						
0	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) = [High perfor.] (HPF). Bandwidth of the high-performance speed loop feedforward term, as a percentage of the predefined value.							



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

Recommended procedure for setting the high-performance speed loop

- 1. Enter the motor parameters. If you subsequently modify one of these, you will have to perform this whole procedure again.
- The value of the actual inertia being driven must be entered in the [Application Inertia] (JAPL) parameter, page <u>90</u>.
 Note: If a motor parameter is modified, the estimated inertia is recalculated and updated (parameters [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) and [Inertia Mult. Coef.] (JMUL)). [Application Inertia] (JAPL) is also returned to its default value according to the new value of [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt).
- 3. Check the speed loop response time by first setting [Feed forward] (FFP) to 0 (see graphs on next page).
- 4. If necessary, adjust the bandwidth and stability using parameters [Fr.Loop.Stab] (StA) and [FreqLoopGain] (FLG) (see page 59).
- 5. To optimize ramp following, increase the feedforward parameter [Feed forward] (FFP) as indicated on the next page until the best result is obtained.
- 6. Under exceptional circumstances, the feedforward term bandwidth can be adjusted (as shown on the next page) to further improve ramp following or to reduce the speed reference's sensitivity to noise.

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- If an incorrect value is entered in the [Application Inertia] (JAPL) parameter, page <u>90</u>, it can cause speed instability and loss of
 motor control, which could lead to a sudden drop (in hoisting and lift applications, for example). The inertia may vary significantly
 according to the application; in general, it is very high for lifts. As such, the default value does not guarantee correct operation.
- It is essential to determine and enter the exact inertia value in high performance speed loop mode.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

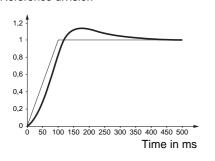
High-performance speed loop - Setting the [Feed forward] (FFP) and [Bandwidth feedfor.] (FFU) parameters

[Feed forward] (FFP)

This is used to adjust the level of dynamic torque feedforward required for accelerating and decelerating the inertia. The effect of this parameter on ramp following is illustrated below. Increasing the value of FFP allows the ramp to be followed more closely. However, if the value is too high, overspeed occurs. The optimum setting is obtained when the speed follows the ramp precisely; this depends on the accuracy of the [Application Inertia] (JAPL) parameter, page <u>90</u>, and the [Encoder filter value] (FFr) parameter setting, page <u>117</u>.

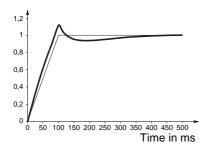
Initial response with FFP = 0

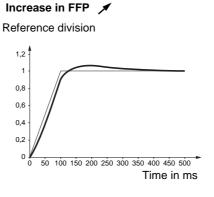
Reference division

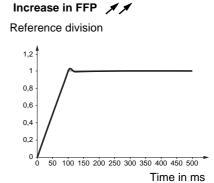


Increase in FFP / / /

Reference division

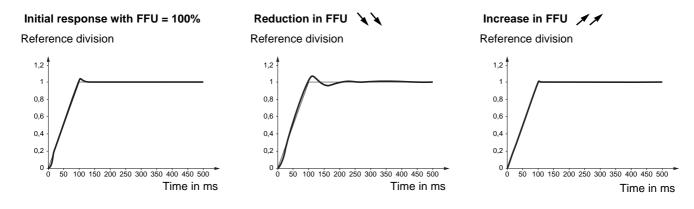






[Bandwidth feedfor.] (FFU)

This is used to adjust the bandwidth of the dynamic torque feedforward term. The effect of this parameter on ramp following is illustrated below. Decreasing the value of FFU reduces the effect of noise on the speed reference (torque ripple). However, too great a decrease in relation to the ramp settings (on short ramps) causes a delay, and ramp following is adversely affected. Increasing the value of FFU allows the ramp to be followed more closely, but also heightens noise sensitivity. The optimum setting is obtained by reaching the best compromise between ramp following and the existing noise sensitivity.



[ENA SYSTEM]

ENA SYSTEM is a control profile designed for rotating machines with unbalanced load. **It only applies to asynchronous motors.** It is used primarily for oil pumps. The operating principle applied:

- Allows operation without a braking resistor
- Reduces mechanical stress on the rod
- Reduces line current fluctuations
- Reduces energy consumption by improving the electric power/current ratio

[ENA prop.gain]

This setting is used to achieve a compromise between the reduced energy consumption (and/or line current fluctuations) and the mechanical stress to which the rod is subject.

Energy is saved by reducing current fluctuations and increasing the current while retaining the same average speed.

[ENA integral gain]

This setting is used to smooth the DC bus voltage.

Start up the machine with a low integral and proportional gain (proportional 25% and integral 10%) in order to avoid an overvoltage trip in the absence of a braking resistor. See if these settings are suitable.

Recommended adjustments to be made during operation:

- To eliminate the braking resistor and, therefore, the increase in the DC bus voltage: Display the machine speed on the graphic display terminal. Reduce the integral gain value until the machine speed drops. When this point is reached, increase the integral gain until the machine speed stabilizes. Use the graphic display terminal or an oscilloscope to check that the DC bus voltage is stable.
 To save energy:
- Reducing the proportional gain (gradually) may increase energy savings by reducing the maximum value of the line current, but it will increase speed variations and, therefore, mechanical stress. The aim is to identify settings that will enable energy to be saved and minimize mechanical stress.

When reducing the proportional gain, it may be necessary to readjust the integral gain in order to avoid an overvoltage trip.

Note: Once the adjustments are complete, check that the pump starts up correctly. If the ENA integral gain setting is too low, this may lead to insufficient torque on startup.

[Reduction ratio]

This setting corresponds to the motor speed ahead of gearbox/speed after gearbox ratio. This parameter is used to display the average speed in Hz and the machine speed in customer units (e.g., in strokes per minute) on the graphic display terminal. In order to be displayed on the graphic display terminal, these values must be selected in the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu.

Adjustment recommendations for prevention of tripping on an [Overspeed] (SOF) fault

ENA SYSTEM authorizes overspeed, which can trigger an [Overspeed] (SOF) fault. To avoid this occurring, it is advisable to increase the value of the following parameters slightly:

- [Max frequency] (tFr) page 71
- [Overspd. pulse thd.] (FqA) page 253, if the "frequency meter" function is configured

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting						
55L-	SPEED LOOP] (continued)								
EnR	□ [ENA system]		[No] (nO)						
n 0 9 E 5	This parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC V] (UUC), see page 70. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active								
GPE	□ [ENA prop.gain] (1)	1 to 9999	250						
0	This parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA) =	[Yes] (YES)							
GIE	□ [ENA integral gain] (1)	0 to 9999	100						
Ω	This parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA) = [Yes] (YES)								
r A P	[Reduction ratio] (1)	10.0 to 999.9	10						
()	This parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA) =	[Yes] (YES)							

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

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Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting							
600	[Boost]	-100% to 100%	0							
	The parameter can be accessed if [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expert] and if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> is different from [Sync.CL] (FSY).									
	Adjustment of the motor magnetizing current at low speed, as a % of the rated magnetizing current. This parameter is used to increase or reduce the time taken to establish the torque. It allows gradual adjustment up									
	to the frequency set by [Action Boost] (FAb). Negative values									
	Magnetizing current									
	Positive [Boost] (bOO)									
	Rated magnetizing current	—								
	Negative [Boost] (bOO)									
	0 [Action Boost] (FAb)	<mark>Frequency</mark>								
5.84	[Action Boost]	0 to 500 Hz	0							
FAB	[Action Boost] The parameter can be accessed if [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Exp		-							
	different from [Sync.CL] (FSY). Frequency above which the magnetizing current is not longer									
UFr	□ [IR compensation] (1)	25 to 200%	100%							
0	This parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) parameter to optimize the torque at very low speed (increase [IR co									
	Check that the [IR compensation] (UFr) value is not too high wh									
nr d	[Noise reduction]		According to rating							
n 0	[No] (nO): Fixed frequency. Factory setting at and above 55 kV 90 kW (120 HP) for ATV/71eeeN4	W (75 HP) for ATV71	M3X and at and above							
9 <i>E</i> 5	90 kW (120 HP) for ATV71•••N4. [Yes] (YES): Frequency with random modulation. Factory setting up to 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV71•••M3X and									
	up to 75 kW (100 HP) for the ATV71	n may occur at a fixed fr	equency.							

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 U L	[Motor surge limit.]		[No] (nO)
н D Ч E S	 This function limits motor overvoltages and is useful in NEMA motors Japanese motors Spindle motors Rewound motors [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active This parameter is forced to [No] (nO) if [Sinus filter] (OI This parameter can remain = [No] (nO) for 230/400 V r the drive and the motor does not exceed: 4 m with unshielded cables 10 m with shielded cables 	FI) page <u>72</u> = [Yes] (YES).	length of cable between
5 <i>0 P</i>	[Volt surge limit. opt]		10 μs
	Optimization parameter for transient overvoltages at th $(SUL) = [Yes] (YES)$. Set to 6, 8, or 10 µs, according to the following table.	e motor terminals. Accessible	if [Motor surge limit.]

The value of the "SOP" parameter corresponds to the attenuation time of the cable used. It is defined to prevent the superimposition of voltage wave reflections resulting from long cable lengths. It limits overvoltages to twice the DC bus rated voltage. The tables on the following page give examples of correspondence between the "SOP" parameter and the length of the cable between the drive and the motor. For longer cable lengths, a sinus filter or a dV/dt protection filter must be used.

For motors in parallel, the sum of all the cable lengths must be taken into consideration. Compare the length given in the table row corresponding to the power for one motor with that corresponding to the total power, and select the shorter length. Example: Two 7.5 kW (10 HP) motors - take the lengths on the 15 kW (20 HP) table row, which are shorter than those on the 7.5 kW (10 HP) row, and divide by the number of motors to obtain the length per motor (with unshielded "GORSE" cable and SOP = 6, the result is 40/2 = 20 m maximum for each 7.5 kW (10 HP) motor).

In special cases (for example, different types of cable, different motor powers in parallel, different cable lengths in parallel, etc.), we recommend using an oscilloscope to check the overvoltage values obtained at the motor terminals.

To retain the overall drive performance, do not increase the SOP value unnecessarily.

Tables giving the correspondence between the SOP parameter and the cable length, for 400 V line supply

Altivar 71	Motor		Cable cros	ss-section	Maximum	cable lengt	h in meters			
Reference	Power				Unshielded "GORSE" cable Type H07 RN-F 4Gxx		Shielded "GORSE" cable Type GVCSTV-LS/LH		ble	
	kW	HP	in mm ²	AWG	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6
ATV71H075N4	0.75	1	1.5	14	109.36 yd	76.55 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU15N4	1.5	2	1.5	14	109.36 yd	76.55 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU22N4	2.2	3	1.5	14	120.30 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU30N4	3	-	1.5	14	120.30 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU40N4	4	5	1.5	14	120.30 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU55N4	5.5	7.5	2.5	14	131.23 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU75N4	7.5	10	2.5	14	131.23 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HD11N4	11	15	6	10	125.77 yd	65.62 yd	49.21 yd	109.36 yd	82.02 yd	60.15 yd
ATV71HD15N4	15	20	10	8	114.83 yd	65.62 yd	43.74 yd	109.36 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD18N4	18.5	25	10	8	125.77 yd	65.62 yd	38.28 yd	164.04 yd	82.02 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD22N4	22	30	16	6	164.04 yd	65.62 yd	43.74 yd	164.04 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD30N4	30	40	25	4	164.04 yd	60.15 yd	38.28 yd	164.04 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD37N4	37	50	35	5	218.72 yd	71.08 yd	54.68 yd	164.04 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD45N4	45	60	50	0	218.72 yd	60.15 yd	32.81 yd	164.04 yd	65.62 yd	43.74 yd
ATV71HD55N4	55	75	70	2/0	218.72 yd	54.68 yd	27.34 yd	164.04 yd	60.15 yd	32.81 yd
ATV71HD75N4	75	100	95	4/0	218.72 yd	49.21 yd	27.34 yd	164.04 yd	60.15 yd	32.81 yd

Altivar 71	Motor	Motor Cable cross-section			Maximum	cable lengt	h in meters				
Reference	Power					Shielded "BELDEN" cable Type 2950x			Shielded "PROTOFLEX" cable Type EMV 2YSLCY-J		
	kW	HP	in mm ²	AWG	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6	
ATV71H075N4	0.75	1	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd				
ATV71HU15N4	1.5	2	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd				
ATV71HU22N4	2.2	3	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd				
ATV71HU30N4	3	-	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd				
ATV71HU40N4	4	5	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd				
ATV71HU55N4	5.5	7.5	2.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd				
ATV71HU75N4	7.5	10	2.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd				
ATV71HD11N4	11	15	6	10	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd				
ATV71HD15N4	15	20	10	8	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd				
ATV71HD18N4	18.5	25	10	8	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd				
ATV71HD22N4	22	30	16	6				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd	
ATV71HD30N4	30	40	25	4				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd	
ATV71HD37N4	37	50	35	5				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd	
ATV71HD45N4	45	60	50	0				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd	
ATV71HD55N4	55	75	70	2/0				82.02 yd	32.81 yd	16.40 yd	
ATV71HD75N4	75	100	95	4/0				82.02 yd	32.81 yd	16.40 yd	

For 230/400 V motors used at 230 V, the [Motor surge limit.] (SUL) parameter can remain = [No] (nO).

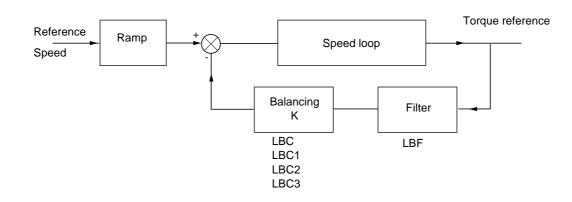
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting					
	Construction According to drive voltage rating DC bus voltage threshold above which the braking transistor cuts in to limit this voltage. ATV71••••M3•: factory setting 395 V. ATV71••••N4: factory setting 785 V. ATV71••••S6X: factory setting 980 V. The adjustment range depends on the voltage rating of the drive and the [Mains voltage] (UrES) parameter, page 246.							
<u>ьь</u> я	[Braking balance]		[No] (nO)					
~ 0 9 E S	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active, to be used on drives connected braking power between the drives. The [Braking level] (Ubr) various drives. The value[Yes] (YES) is possible only if [Dec ramp adapt.] (br) 	parameter must be set to	the same value on the					
LЬЯ	[Load sharing]		[No] (nO)					
n D 4 E 5	 When 2 motors are connected mechanically and therefore at the same speed, and each is controlled by a drive, this function can be used to improve torque distribution between the two motors. To do this, it varies the speed based on the torque. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active The parameter can only be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> is not [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5). 							
LBC	[Load correction] (1)	0 to 1000 Hz	0					
0	Rated correction in Hz. The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yi Torque Nominal torque Nominal torque							

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

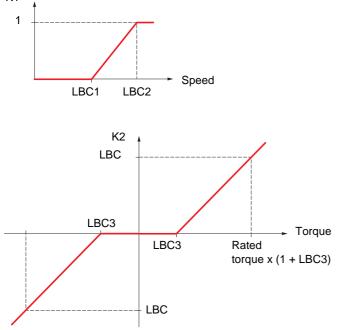
()

Load sharing, parameters that can be accessed at expert level

Principle



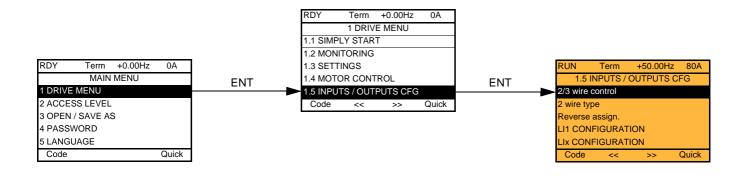
The load sharing factor K is determined by the torque and speed, with two factors K1 and K2 (K = K1 x K2). K1



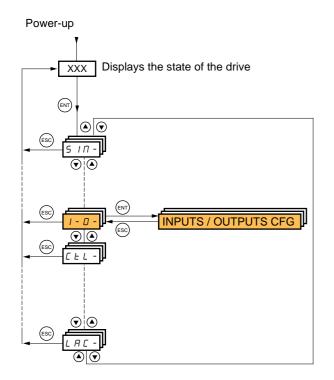
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LBCI	[Correction min spd]	0 to 999.9 Hz	0
Ω	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES) Minimum speed for load correction in Hz. Below this threshold, no corrections are made. Used to prevent correction at very low speed if this would hamper rotation of the motor.		
L 6 C 2 ()	[Correction max spd]	[Correction min spd] (LbC1) + 0.1 at 1000 Hz	0,1
	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES) Speed threshold in Hz above which maximum load correction is applied.		
L 6 C 3	[Torque offset]	0 to 300%	0%
Ω	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES) Minimum torque for load correction as a % of the rated torque. Below this threshold, no corrections are made. Used to avoid torque instabilities when the torque direction is not constant.		
LЬF	[Sharing filter]	100 ms to 20 s	100 ms
Ο	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES) Time constant (filter) for correction in ms. Used in the event of flexible mechanical coupling in order to avoid instabilities.		

()

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



The parameters in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting	
FCC	[2/3 wire control]	[2 wire] (2C)	
2 C 3 C	□ [2 wire] (2C) □ [3 wire] (3C)	L	
	2-wire control: This is the input state (0 or 1) or edge (0 to 1 or 1 to 0), which controls r	running or stopping.	
	Example of "source" wiring:	nd starting a "stap"	
	3-wire control (pulse commands): A "forward" or "reverse" pulse is sufficient to command starting, a "stop" pulse is sufficient to command stopping.		
	Example of "source" wiring: ATV 71 +24 L11 L12 L1x L11: stop L12: forward L12: reverse		
	To change the assignment of [2/3 wire control] (tCC) press and hold down the "ENT" It causes the following functions to return to factory setting: [2 wire type] (tCt) and [Re (rrS) below, and all functions which assign logic inputs and analog inputs. The macro configuration selected will also be reset it if has been customized (loss of cu It is advisable to configure this parameter before configuring the [1.6 COMMAND] (Ct [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menus. Check that this change is compatible with the wiring diagram used. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.	everse assign.] Istom settings).	
		[Transition] (trn)	
ECE	[2 wire type]		
LEL Ern PFO	 [Level] (LEL): State 0 or 1 is taken into account for run (1) or stop (0). [Transition] (trn): A change of state (transition or edge) is necessary to initiate operation accidental restarts after a break in the power supply. [Fwd priority] (PFO): State 0 or 1 is taken into account for run or stop, but the "forward priority over the "reverse" input. 		
r r 5	[Reverse assign.]	[LI2] (LI2)	
п 0 L 1 1 -	 [No] (nO): Not assigned [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted 		
- - - -	 [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) 		
- - -	 [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possible log [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched without logic input Assignment of the reverse direction command. 		

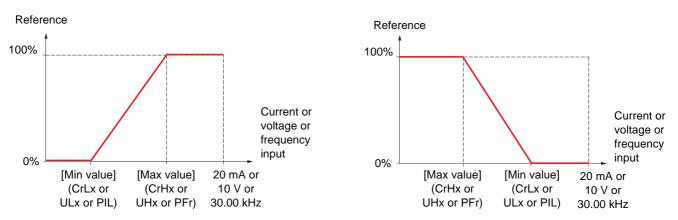
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L 1-	[LI1 CONFIGURATION]		
LIA	[LI1 assignment] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions that are assigned to input LI1 in order to check for multiple assignments.		
LId	[LI1 On Delay]	0 to 200 ms	0
	This parameter is used to take account of the change of the logic input to state 1 with a delay that can be adjusted between 0 and 200 milliseconds, in order to filter out possible interference. The change to state 0 is taken into account without delay. Image:		
L	[Lix CONFIGURATION]		
	All the logic inputs available on the drive are processed a LI14, depending on whether or not option cards have been as the second seco		bove, up to LI6, LI10 or

Configuration of analog inputs and Pulse input

The minimum and maximum input values (in volts, mA, etc.) are converted to % in order to adapt the references to the application.

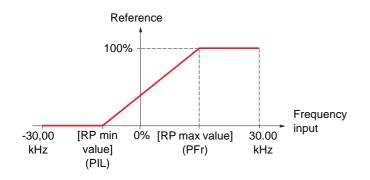
Minimum and maximum input values:

The minimum value corresponds to a reference of 0% and the maximum value to a reference of 100%. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value:



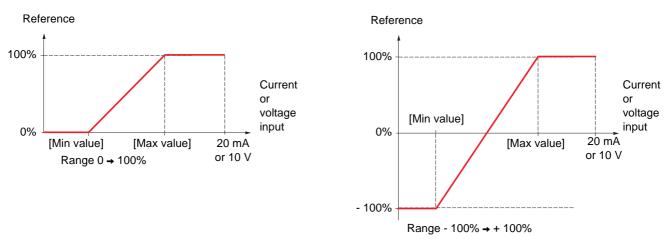
For +/- bidirectional inputs, the min. and max. are relative to the absolute value, for example, +/- 2 to 8 V.

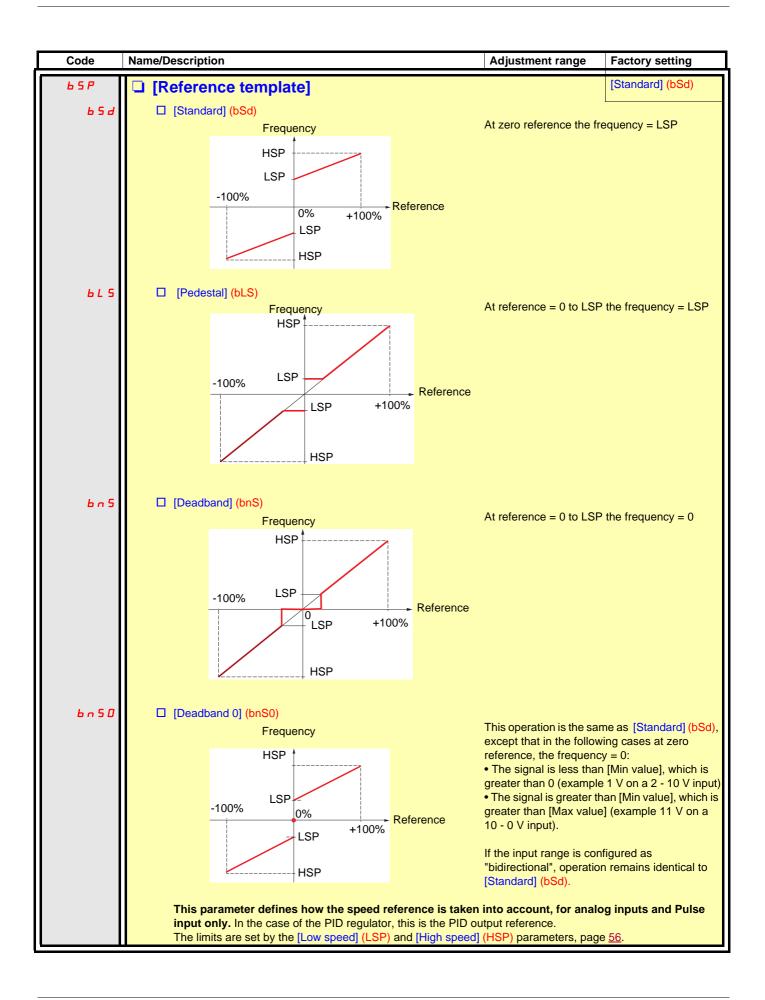
Negative min. value of Pulse input:



Range (output values): For analog inputs only

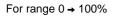
This parameter is used to configure the reference range to $[0\% \rightarrow 100\%]$ or $[-100\% \rightarrow +100\%]$ in order to obtain a bidirectional output from a unidirectional input.

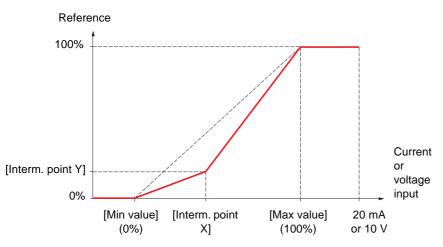


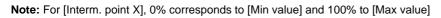


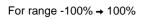
Delinearization: For analog inputs only

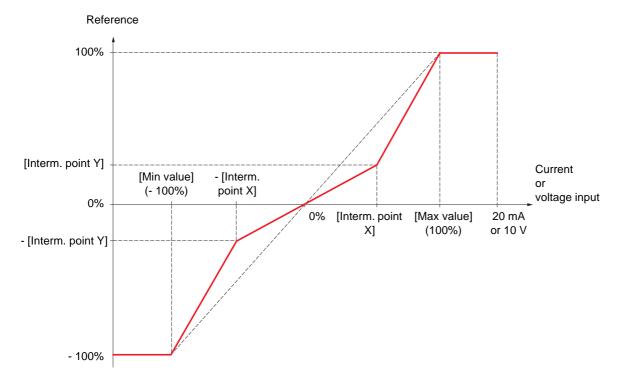
The input can be delinearized by configuring an intermediate point on the input/output curve of this input:











Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A -	[AI1 CONFIGURATION]		
RIIR	[Al1 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input AI1 in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.		
R I IE	[Al1 Type]		[Voltage] (10U)
ا ۵ ا	 [Voltage] (10U): Positive voltage input (negative values ar [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Positive and negative voltage input (•	•
n 10U			
UIL I	[Al1 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
ШІНІ	[Al1 max value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
A I IF	[Al1 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
A I IE	[Al1 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	 Input delinearization point coordinate. 0% corresponds to [Al1 min value] (UIL1). 100% corresponds to [Al1 max value] (UIH1). 		
RIIS	[Al1 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency reference)		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A 12 -	[AI2 CONFIGURATION]		
A 158	[Al2 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al problems.	2 in order to check, for examp	le, for compatibility
A 12F	[Al2 Type]		[Current] (0 A)
10 U 0 R	 [Voltage] (10U): Voltage input [Current] (0 A): Current input 		
ErL2	[Al2 min value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t)) = [Current] (0 A)	
U 1 L 2	[Al2 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t)) = [Voltage] (10U)	
CrH2	[Al2 max. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t)) = [Current] (0 A)	
U 1H 2	[Al2 max. value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t)) = [Voltage] (10U)	
A 12F	[Al2 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.	<u> </u>	
A IST	[Al2 range]		[0 - 100%] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	 [0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input [+/- 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input Example: On a 0/10 V input 0 V corresponds to reference -100% 5 V corresponds to reference 0% 10 V corresponds to reference + 100% 		
RIZE	[Al2 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	 Input delinearization point coordinate. 0% corresponds to [Min value] if the range is 0 → 		
	• 0% corresponds to $\frac{[Max value] + [Min value]}{2}$ if the range is -100% \rightarrow + 100%.		
A 125	100% corresponds to [Max value].	0 to 100%	0%
n 165	[Al2 Interm. point Y]		
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency	reterence).	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A 13 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
п ізп	 [Al3 assignment] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al3 in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems. 		
A I J E	🗅 [Al3 Type]		[Current] (0 A)
D A	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. [Current] (0 A): Current input		
CrL3	[Al3 min. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
		<u></u>	
ErH3	[AI3 max. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
A I J F	[Al3 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
A I J L	□ [Al3 range]		[0 - 100%] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	 [0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input [+/- 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input Example: On a 4 - 20 mA input 4 mA corresponds to reference -100% 12 mA corresponds to reference 0% 20 mA corresponds to reference + 100% Since AI3 is, in physical terms, a bidirectional input, the [+/ if the signal applied is unidirectional. A bidirectional signal configuration. 	is not compatible with a	
A I J E	[AI3 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	 Input delinearization point coordinate. 0% corresponds to [Min value] (CrL3) if the range is 0 → 100%. 0% corresponds to [Al3 max. value] (CrH3) - [Al3 min. value] (CrL3) 2 if the range is -100% → +100%. 100% corresponds to [Al3 max. value] (CrH3). 		
A 135	[AI3 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency reference	ce).	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Я 14-	[AI4 CONFIGURATION]		
	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted		
A 14A	[Al4 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input AI4 in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.		
A 14E	[Al4 Type]		[Voltage] (10U)
10U 0R	 [Voltage] (10U): Voltage input [Current] (0 A): Current input 		
CrL4	[Al4 min value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Cu	urrent] (0 A)	
U IL 4	[Al4 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Vo	oltage] (10U)	-
Er H4	[Al4 max value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Cu	urrent] (0 A)	
<u> </u>	[Al4 max value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Vo	oltage] (10U)	
A I Y F	[Al4 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
A I Y L	[Al4 range]		[0 - 100%] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	 [0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input [+/- 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input Example: On a 0/10 V input 0 V corresponds to reference -100% 5 V corresponds to reference 0% 10 V corresponds to reference + 100% 		
П ІЧЕ	[Al4 Interm.point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	 Input delinearization point coordinate. 0% corresponds to [Min value] if the range is 0 → 100% 0% corresponds to [Max value] + [Min value] 100% corresponds to [Max value]. 	if the range is -100% \rightarrow +	100%.
A 145	[Al4 Interm.point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency refere	nce).	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
RU I-	[VIRTUAL AI1]		
A IC I	[Al net. channel]		[No] (nO)
n 0	Virtual input. This parameter can also be accessed in the [PID [No] (nO): Not assigned (in this case, the virtual in parameters for the functions)		-
Паь	[Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus		
EAn	[CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen		
n E E	[Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)		
A P P	[C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inset	erted)	
	Scale: the value 8192 transmitted by this input is e	equivalent to 10 V on a 10 V inp	ut.
	M W	ARNING	
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATIO	N	
	If the equipment switches to forced local mode (se value transmitted.	ee page <u>262</u>), the virtual input re	mains fixed at the last
	Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode	e in the same configuration.	
	Failure to follow these instructions can result	in death or serious injury.	
		in death of schous hijdry.	

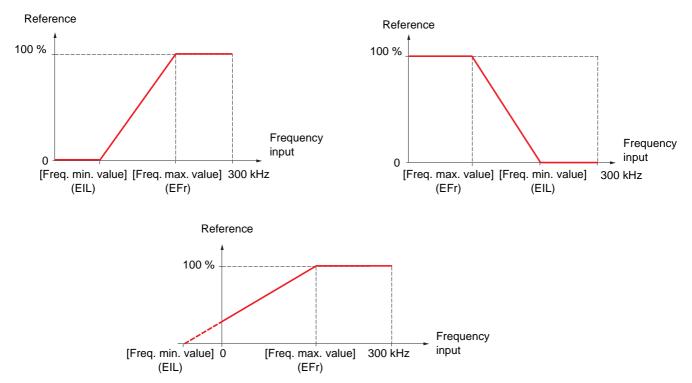
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PL I-	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been in	iserted	
PIA	 [RP assignment] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with the Pulse In input in order to check, for example, for compatibili problems. 		
PIL	[RP min value] Frequency corresponding to the minimum speed	- 30.00 to 30.00 kHz	0
PFr	[RP max value] Frequency corresponding to the maximum speed	0 to 30.00 kHz	30.00 kHz
PFI	[RP filter] Interference filtering.	0 to 1000 ms	0

Configuration of the encoder input serving as a reference, with a frequency generator

This reference is not signed, therefore the directions of operation must be given via the control channel (logic inputs, for example).

Minimum and maximum values (input values):

The minimum value corresponds to a minimum reference of 0% and the maximum value to a maximum reference of 100%. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value. It may also be negative.



A reference can be obtained at zero frequency by assigning a negative value to the minimum value.

The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu.

Note 1: When an encoder is used with a VW3 A3 408 or VW3 A3 409 card, it is only possible to configure the "encoder" input for speed feedback. Functions can only be configured as references or inputs with a VW3 A3 401 to 407 or VW3 A3 411 card. Note 2: When an encoder is used with a VW3 A3 409 card, the drive remains locked in stop mode (displays nSt or nLP) if the encoder is not fully configured.

Code	Name/Description Adju	stment range	Factory setting
IEn-	The encoder parameters can only be accessed if an encoder card available will depend on the type of encoder card used.	has been inserted,	and the selections
E n 5	[Encoder type]		[AABB] (AAbb)
ААББ Аб А	 This parameter can be accessed if an incremental encoder card To be configured in accordance with the type of encoder used. [AABB] (AAbb): For signals A, A-, B, B- or A, A-, B, B-, Z, Z [AB] (Ab): For signals A, B. [A] (A): For signal A. Value cannot be accessed if [Encoder usage] 		
EnC	[Encoder check]		[Not done] (nO)
n D 4 E S d D n E	 Check encoder feedback. See procedure page <u>74</u>. This parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inspage <u>114</u> is not [Speed ref.] (PGr). [Not done] (nO): Check not performed. [Yes] (YES): Activates monitoring of the encoder. [Done] (dOnE): Check performed successfully. The check procedure checks: The direction of rotation of the encoder/motor The presence of signals (wiring continuity) The number of pulses/revolution If a fault is detected, the drive locks in [Encoder fault] (EnF) fault 		der usage] (EnU)
EnU	[Encoder usage]		[No] (nO)
n 0 5 E C r E G	 The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been ins [No] (nO): Function inactive. In this case, the other parameters ca [Fdbk monit.] (SEC): The encoder provides speed feedback for ng [Spd fdk reg.] (rEG): The encoder provides speed feedback for reg is automatic if the drive is configured for closed-loop operation ([[Sync.CL] (FSY)). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC V] (UUC) the mode and enables static correction of the speed to be performed. 	annot be accessed nonitoring only. ulation and monito Motor control type] e encoder operate	ring. This configuration (Ctt) = [FVC] (FUC) or as in speed feedback
PGr	 other [Motor control type] (Ctt) values. [Speed ref.] (PGr): The encoder provides a reference. Can only b card. 	be selected with ar	n incremental encoder
Enrl	[Coder rotation inv.]		[No] (nO)
о D 9 E S	 The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserved. For some mountings, the direction of right-hand turn of the coder In this case, the activation of this parameter is required to have a the motor and the coder. [No] (nO): Inversion activated. [Yes] (YES): Inversion not activated 	is reversed compa	are to that of the motor.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[ENCODER CONFIGURATION] (continued)		
P G 1	□ [Number of pulses]	100 to 1000	1024
	Number of pulses per encoder revolution. This parameter can be accessed if a VW3 A3 401 to 407 c	ard or VW3 A3 411 has	been inserted.
PGR	[Reference type]		[Encoder] (EnC)
E n C P E G	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) [[Encoder] (EnC): Use of an encoder (incremental encoder [[Freq. gen.] (PtG): Use of a frequency generator (unsigned)	only).	
EIL	[Freq. min. value]	- 300 to 300 kHz	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) (PGA) = [Freq. gen.] (PtG). Frequency corresponding to the minimum speed	= [Speed ref.] (PGr) and	if [Reference type]
EFr	[Freq. max value]	0.00 to 300 kHz	300 kHz
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) = [Speed ref.] (PGr) and if [Reference type] (PGA) = [Freq. gen.] (PtG). Frequency corresponding to the maximum speed		
EF I	[Freq. signal filter]	0 to 1000 ms	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) Interference filtering.	= [Speed ref.] (PGr).	
FrES	[Resolver Exct. Freq.]		[8 kHz] (8)
4 8 12	Resolver excitation frequency. The parameter can be accessed if a VW3 A3 408 encoder card (for resolver) has been inserted. [4 kHz] (4): 4 kHz [8 kHz] (8): 8 kHz [12 kHz] (12): 12 kHz		
rPPn	[Resolver poles nbr]		[2 poles] (2P)
2 P 4 P 6 P 8 P	 Number of resolver poles. The parameter can be accessed if a VW3 A3 408 encoder card (for resolver) has been inserted. [2 poles] (2P): 2 poles, max. speed 7500 rpm [4 poles] (4P): 4 poles, max. speed 3750 rpm [6 poles] (6P): 6 poles, max. speed 2500 rpm [8 poles] (8P): 8 poles, max. speed 1875 rpm If the number of poles of the motor is not an integer multiple of the number of poles of the resolver, it is necessary to configure the parameter [Angle setting activ.] (AtA) = [Power On] (POn) or [Run order] (AUtO). 		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
		ued)	
	These parameters can be accessed if a VW3 A3 409 encoder card has been inserted.		
UECP	[Encoder protocol]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und End 5CHP 5C 5SI	Type of encoder used. [Undefined] (Und): Not defined [EnDat 2.1] (End): EnDat encoder [Hiperface] (SCHP): Hiperface encoder [SinCos] (SC): SinCos encoder [SSI] (SSI): SSI encoder		
UECU	[Encoder supply volt.]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und SU BU IZU	 Rated voltage of encoder used. The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) is not [Undefined] (Und). [Undefined] (Und): Not defined [5 volts] (5U): 5 Volts. Only possible value if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) = [EnDat 2.1] (End). [8 volts] (8U): 8 Volts [12 volts] (12U): 12 Volts To make any changes to this parameter with the integrated display terminal, press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s for the change to be taken into account. When using the graphic display terminal, confirmation is requested. 		
UELC	[Sincos lines count]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und -	Number of lines. This parameter can be accessed if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) = [SinCos] (SC). [Undefined] (Und): Not defined 1 to 10000: 1 to 10,000 lines		
5 5 C P	□ [SSI parity]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und nD Ddd EUEn	 Parity. This parameter can be accessed if [Encoder prot [Undefined] (Und): Not defined [No parity] (nO): No parity [Odd parity] (Odd): Odd parity [Even parity] (EUEn): Even parity 	ocol] (UECP) = [SSI] (SSI).
55F5	□ [SSI frame size]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und -	Frame length (number of bits). This parameter can be ac [Undefined] (Und): Not defined. Only possible value if [S 10 to 27: 10 to 25 if [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [No parity] (no 12 to 27 if [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [Odd parity] (Odd) or [E	SI parity] (SSCP) = [Unde)).	
Enllr	[Nbr of revolution]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und -	 Format of the number of revolutions (in number of bits). This parameter can be accessed if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) = [SSI] (SSI). [Undefined] (Und): Not defined. Only possible value if [SSI frame size] (SSFS) = [Undefined] (Und). 0 to 15: 0 to [SSI frame size] (SSFS) - 10 if [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [No parity] (nO). 0 to [SSI frame size] (SSFS) - 12 if [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [Odd parity] (Odd) or [Even parity] (EUEn). 		
Entr	[Turn bit resolution]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und -	Resolution per revolution (in number of bits). This parameter can be accessed if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) = [SSI] (SSI). [Undefined] (Und): Not defined. Only value possible if[Nbr of revolution] (EnMr) = [Undefined] (Und). 10 to 25: If [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [No parity] (nO), the maximum value is: [SSI frame size] (SSFS) - [Nbr of revolution] (EnMr). If [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [Odd parity] (Odd) or [Even parity] (EUEn), the maximum value is: [SSI frame size] (SSFS) - [Nbr of revolution] (EnMr) - 2.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[ENCODER CONFIGURATI These parameters can be accessed if a	an a	serted.
5 5 C d	□ [SSI code type]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und 6 In 6 r A Y	Type of code. This parameter can be acc [Undefined] (Und): Not defined [Binary code (bln): Binary code [Gray code] (GrAY): Gray code	cessed if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) = [Si	SI] (SSI).
EnSP	[Clock frequency]		[500 kHz] (500)
160 200 300 400 500 600 700	The parameter can be accessed if [ACC [SSI] (SSI) or if [Encoder protocol] (UEC Clock frequency for encoder "Endat" and [160 kHz] (160) [200 kHz] (200) [300 kHz] (200) [300 kHz] (300) [400 kHz] (300) [500 kHz] (500) [600 kHz] (500) [700 kHz] (600) [800 kHz] (800)		protocol] (UECP) =

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[ENCODER CONFIGURATION] (continue These parameters can only be accessed when [ACCESS been inserted.		d an encoder card has
FFR	[Encoder filter activ.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E 5	Activation of encoder feedback filter. [No] (no): Filter deactivated [Yes] (YES): Filter activated		
FFr	[Encoder filter value]	0 to 50 ms	Acc. to encoder type
	This parameter can be accessed if [Encoder filter activ.] (FFA) = [Yes] (YES). Encoder feedback filter time constant in milliseconds. This parameter can be modified during operation.		

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
r 1-	[R1 CONFIGURATION]
r 1	[No drive flt] (FLt) [No drive flt] (FLt)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned
FLE	[No drive flt] (FLt): Drive not faulty (relay normally energized, and de-energized if there is a fault)
r U n	[Drv running] (rUn): Drive running
FEA	[Freq. Th. attain.] (FtA): Frequency threshold attained ([Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page <u>68</u>)
FLA CEA	[HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed attained
SrA	 [I attained] (CtA): Current threshold attained ([Current threshold] (Ctd) page <u>67</u>) [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference attained
E S R	□ [Th.mot. att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state attained
PEE	□ [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm
PFR	[PID fdbk al] (PFA): PID feedback alarm
AP2	[Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input A12
FZR	[Freq. Th 2 attain.] (F2A): Frequency threshold 2 attained ([Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page <u>68</u>)
EAd rSdA	[Th. drv. att.] (tAd): Drive thermal state attained
E E HA	 [Rope slack] (rSdA): Rope slack (see [Rope slack config.] (rSd) parameter page <u>188</u>) [High tq. att.] (ttHA): Motor torque overshooting high threshold[High torque thd.] (ttH) page <u>67</u>.
EELA	 [High id. att.] (ttA): Motor torque undershooting low threshold[Low torque thd.] (ttA) page <u>67</u>. [Low tq. att.] (ttLA): Motor torque undershooting low threshold[Low torque thd.] (ttL) page <u>67</u>.
NFrd	□ [Forward] (MFrd): Motor in forward rotation
Nrr5	[Reverse] (MrrS): Motor in reverse rotation
£ 5 2	[Th.mot2 att] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state attained
£53	[Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state attained
, A E S	[Neg Torque] (AtS): Negative torque (braking)
	[Cnfg.0 act.] (CnF0): Configuration 0 active
EnF2	 [Cnfg.1 act.] (CnF1): Configuration 1 active [Cnfg.2 act.] (CnF2): Configuration 2 active
CFPI	□ [Set 1 active] (CFP1): Parameter set 1 active
C F P 2	□ [Set 2 active] (CFP2): Parameter set 2 active
CFP3	[Set 3 active] (CFP3): Parameter set 3 active
dьL	[DC charged] (dbL): DC bus charging
6 r 5	[In braking] (brS): Drive braking
Pr N F 9 L A	[P. removed] (PRM): Drive locked by "Power removal" input
	 [Fr.met. alar.] (FqLA): Measured speed threshold attained: [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page <u>68</u>. [I present] (MCP): Motor current present
LSA	□ [Limit sw. att] (LSA): Limit switch attained
al ar	[Load alarm] (dLdA): Load variation detection (see page <u>255</u>).
86 I	□ [Alarm Grp 1] (AGI): Alarm group 1
R G 2	[Alarm Grp 2] (AG2): Alarm group 2
R G 3	[Alarm Grp 3] (AG3): Alarm group 3
P I A P 2 A	[PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1 [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 2
PLA	 [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 2 [LI6=PTC al.] (PLA): LI6 = PTC probe alarm
EFR	 [Eld=FitC al.] (FLA). Eld = FitC plobe alarm [Ext. fault al] (EFA): External fault alarm
U S A	□ [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm
UPR	[Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning
H n H	[slipping al.] (AnA): Slipping alarm
EHA	□ [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating
65A 6CA	[Load mvt al] (bSA): Braking speed alarm [Disk cont all (bSA): Braking speed alarm
5 S A	 [Brk cont. al] (bCA): Brake contact alarm [Lim T/I att.] (SSA): Torque limit alarm
- E A	□ [Lim 1/i att.] (SSA): Torque innit alarm □ [Trq. ctrl. al.] (rtA): Torque control alarm
EJR	□ [IGBT al.] (tJA): IGBT alarm
6 D A	[Brake R. al.] (bOA): Braking resistor temperature alarm
RPR	[Option al.] (APA): Alarm generated by the Controller Inside card.
RP3	[Al3 Al. 4-20] (AP3): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al3
AP4	[Al4 Al. 4-20] (AP4): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al4
r d 4	[Ready] (rdY): Drive ready

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[R1 CONFIGURATION] (continued)		
r Id	[R1 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The change in state only takes effect once the configured tin true.	ne has elapsed, when th	e information becomes
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt) assignm	ent, and remains at 0.	
r 15	[R1 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true Configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive	re flt] (FLt) assignment.	
r IH	[R1 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The change in state only takes effect once the configured tin false. The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt) as	•	
r 2 -	[R2 CONFIGURATION]		
r 2	[R2 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
Ь L С L L С С С Е Ь О Е 5 У d С О	Identical to R1 (see page <u>118</u>) with the addition of (shown for information only as these selections can only be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu): [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control [Output cont.] (OCC): Output contactor control [End reel] (EbO): End of reel(traverse control function) [Sync. wobble] (tSY): "Counter wobble" synchronization [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control		ese selections can only
r 2 d	□ [R2 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
r 2 S	[R2 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E 0	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.	drive fit] (FLt), [Brk contro	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
r 2 H	[R2 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [I [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured tin false.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
r 3 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inser	ted	
r 3	[R3 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to R2		
r 3d	[R3 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk con (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured til true.	at 0.	
r 35	[R3 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E C	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.	drive flt] (FLt), [Brk contro	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
r 3H	[R3 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [[Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti false.		
r 4 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
r 4	□ [R4 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to R2 (see page <u>119</u>)		
r 4 d	[R4 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk con (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti true.	at 0.	
r 45	[R4 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	 Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments. 	drive flt] (FLt), [Brk contro	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
гЧH	[R4 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [[Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured to false.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L D I -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inser	ted	
L 0 I	[No] (NO) [No] (nO)		
Ь L С L L С С С С Е Ь О Е Ѕ У ८ С О	Identical to R1 (see page 118) with the addition of (shown for information only as these selections can only be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu): [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control [Output cont.] (LLC): Output contactor control [End reel] (EbO): End of reel(traverse control function) [Sync. wobble] (tSY): "Counter wobble" synchronization [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control		
LOId	[LO1 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk con (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured til true.	at 0.	
L 0 / 5	□ [LO1 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.	drive flt] (FLt), [Brk contro	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
LOIH	[LO1 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [I [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured tin false.		
L 0 2 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inser	ted	
L 0 2	□ [LO2 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to LO1.		
L 0 2 d	[LO2 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
L 0 2 S	[LO2 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.		
LOZH	[LO2 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L D 3 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
L O 3	[LO3 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to LO1 (see page <u>121</u>).		
L D 3 d	[LO3 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk cor (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured to true.	at 0.	
L 0 3 5	[LO3 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.	drive flt] (FLt), [Brk contr	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
LOJH	[LO3 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [[Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured to false.		
L 0 4 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
L 0 4	[LO4 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to LO1 (see page <u>121</u>).		
L 0 4 d	[LO4 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
L 0 4 5	[LO4 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E 0	 Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments. 	drive flt] (FLt), [Brk contr	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
LOYH	[LO4 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [[Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured to false.		

Use of analog output AO1 as a logic output

Analog output AO1 can be used as a logic output, by assigning DO1. In this case, when set to 0 this output corresponds to the AO1 min. value (0 V or 0 mA, for example), and when set to 1 to the AO1 max. value (10 V or 20 mA, for example).

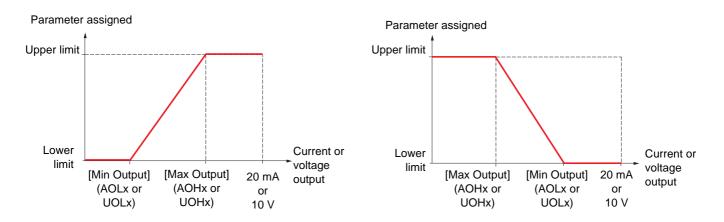
The electrical characteristics of this analog output remain unchanged. As these differ from logic output characteristics, it is important to ensure that they are compatible with the intended application.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
d0 -	[DO1 CONFIGURATION]		
d 0 I	[DO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)
Ь L С L L С С С Е Ь О Е 5 У d С О	Identical to R1 (see page 118) with the addition of (shown for information only as these selections can only be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu): [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control [Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control [End reel] (EbO): End of reel(traverse control function) [Sync. wobble] (tSY): "Counter wobble" synchronization [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control		
d 0 d	[DO1 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk con (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured tin true.	at 0.	
d 0 5	[DO1 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E 0	 Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments. 	drive flt] (FLt), [Brk contro	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
40 IH	[DO1 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.		

Configuration of analog outputs

Minimum and maximum values (output values):

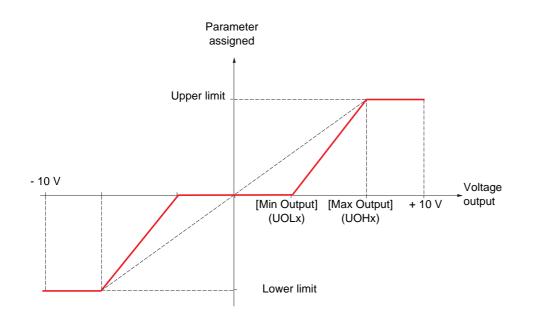
The minimum output value, in volts or mA, corresponds to the lower limit of the assigned parameter and the maximum value corresponds to its upper limit. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value:



Outputs AO2 and AO3 configured as bipolar outputs (strongly recommended for signed parameters):

The [min Output] (UOLx) and [max Output] (UOHx) parameters are absolute values, although they function symmetrically. In the case of bipolar outputs, always set the maximum value higher than the minimum value.

The [max Output] (UOHx) corresponds to the upper limit of the assigned parameter, and the [min Output] (UOLx) corresponds to an average value between the upper and lower limits (0 for a signed and symmetrical parameter such as in the example below).



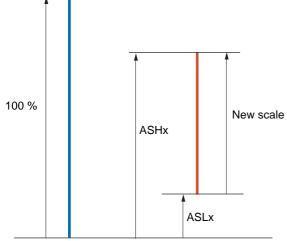
Scaling of the assigned parameter

The scale of the assigned parameter can be adapted in accordance with requirements by modifying the values of the lower and upper limits by means of two parameters for each analog output.

These parameters are given in %; 100% corresponds to the total variation range of the configured parameter, so:

- 100% = upper limit lower limit For example, [Sign. torque] (Stq) which varies between -3 and +3 times the rated torque, 100% corresponds to 6 times the rated torque.
- The parameter [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) modifies the lower limit: new value = lower limit + (range x ASLx). The value 0% (factory setting) does not modify the lower limit.
- The parameter [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx) modifies the upper limit: new value = lower limit + (range x ASLx). The value 100% (factory setting) does not modify the upper limit.
- [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) must always be lower than [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx).

Upper limit of the assigned parameter



Lower limit of the assigned parameter

Application example 1

The value of the signed motor torque at the AO2 output is to be transferred with +/- 10 V, with a range of -2 Tr to +2 Tr.

The parameter [Sign. torque.] (Stq) varies between -3 and +3 times the rated torque, or a range of 6 times the rated torque.

[Scaling AO2 min] (ASL2) must modify the lower limit by 1x the rated torque, or 100/6 = 16.7% (new value = lower limit + (range x ASL2).

[Scaling AO2 max] (ASH2) must modify the upper limit by 1x the rated torque, or 100 - 100/6 = 83.3 % (new value = lower limit + (range x ASH2).

Application example 2

The value of the motor current at the AO2 output is to be transferred with 0 - 20 mA, range 2 In motor, In motor being the equivalent of a 0.8 In drive.

The parameter [I motor] (OCr) varies between 0 and 2 times the rated drive current, or a range of 2.5 times the rated drive current.

[Scaling AO2 min] (ASL2) must not modify the lower limit, which therefore remains at its factory setting of 0%.

[Scaling AO2 max] (ASH2) must modify the upper limit by 0.5x the rated motor torque, or 100 - 100/5 = 80 % (new value = lower limit + (range x ASH2).

PB I [AO1 CONFIGURATION] PB I [NO1 (n0): Not assigned [N0] (n0): Image: Construction of the intervention of the interventi	Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
not [No] (NO): Not assigned [Noi (nO): Not assigned [Not the query (IF) [P P [Ramp out] (OP): From 0 to [Max frequency] (IF) [Sign: torque] (Sig): Signed motor torque, between 0 and 2 in (In = rated drive current indicated in the Installation motor torque (Intervent 0 and 3 innes the rated motor torque. The + sign 0 corresponds to the motor moter and the - sign to the generator mode (Irrking). [Sign: torque] (Sig): Signed motor torque, between - (Max frequency) (IF) [P ID ref] (OP): Dre gulator feerone between (Inth PD) reference] (PP1) and (Max PID reference) (PP2) [P ID ref] (OP): Dre gulator entero between (Inth PD) feedback] (PIF1) and (Max PID feedback] (PIF2) [P ID ref] (OP): Dre gulator entero between (Inth PD) feedback] (PIF2) - [Min PID feedback] (PIF2) [P ID ref] (OP): Dregulator entero between (Inth PID feedback] (PIF2) - [Min PID feedback] (PIF2) [P ID ref] (OP): Notor prover, between 0 and 2.0% of the rated thermal state. [P ID rup 40] (PIP): Motor horque, between 3 and + 3 is the rated motor torque. The + sign and the - sign correspond to the physical direction of the torque; regardless of mode (motor or generator). Example d' usage: "master-slave" with the TORQUE (CO): function, page 193. [P F r c [Mot herm2] (Hrl): Notor hermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. [Mot herm2] (Hrl): Notor hermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated motor torque [Mot herm2] (Hrl): Notor hermal state, between 0 and	RO I-	[A01 CONFIGURATION]				
B C r [Initiat] (OCr): Current in the motor, between 0 and 2 in (in = rated drive current indicated in the installation Manual and on the drive nameplate). B F r [Motor freq.] (OF): Curput frequency, from 0 to [Max frequency] (IF) B F r [Sign. torque] (Sig): Signed motor torque, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque. The + sign corresponds to the motor mode and the - sign to the generator mode (braking). B r S [Sign. torque] (Sig): Signed many output, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque. The + sign corresponds to the motor mode and the - sign to the generator mode (braking). B r S [Sign. torque] (OF): DID regulator feedback between [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) and [Max PID reference] (PIP2) B P F [PID feedback] (OPF): PID regulator error between 5 % and + 5 % of ([Max PID feedback] (PIF2) - [Min PID feedback] (PIF2) B P F [PID cortput (OP): PID regulator output between 0 and 2.5 times (Rated motor power) (IPF) B P F [Do tutput (OP): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 2.0% of the rated thermal state. B P F [Do tutput (OP): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. B P F [Do tutput (OP): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. B P F [Do tutput (OP): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. B P F [Do tutput (OP): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. B P F F [Do tutput (A D 1	[AO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)		
BFr Manual and on the drive nameplate). BFr Choin freq. (CPF): Culput frequency. (fm 0 to [Max frequency] (fFr) BFr Ramp out. (OPF): From 0 to [Max frequency] (fFr) Cress St E 9 BFr St E 9 Cress Sign ramp (OrS): Signed amo publy, between -3 and +3 times the rated motor torque. The + sign corresponds to the monotom due and the - sign to the generator mode (braking). BFF Cress Signed ramp output, between - Max frequency] (fFr) and [Max PID frederect] (PF1) and [Max PID frederect] (PF2) BFF [PE2] [PID fred.) (OPS): PID regulator reference between [Min PID frederect] (PF1) and [Max PID frederect] (PF2) BFF [PID orrol (OPE): PID regulator output between - S % and +5 % of ((Max PID frederect) (PF2) - [Min PID frederect] (PF2) BFF [PID orrol (OPE): PID regulator output between 1 Low speed] (LSP) and [Hing speed] (HSP) BFF [PID orthornal (Mt1): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. BFF [DF0 thermal] (Mt2): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. BFF r [Meas.mcL1] (OF7): Signed amor output frequency, between - Max frequency] (F7) and + [Max frequency] (F7) BF r [Meas.mcL1] (CF7): Measured motor speed. BF r [Mot therma] (Mt2): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state.			والمعادية والمعادية والمعادية والمعادية			
B F r [] Modor freq.] (OF): Output frequency, form 0 to [Max frequency] (fF) B F r [] Rampout.] (OF): From 0 to [Max frequency] (fF) B F r [] Signer anno] (OS): Signer dhort forque. between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque. The + sign or corresponds to the motor mode and the -sign to the generator mode (orkaling). B r S [] Signer anno] (OS): Signer dhort forque. between 0 [Min PID feedback] (PF) B PF [] PID feedback] (OFF): PID regulator reference between [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) and [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) B PF [] PID feedback] (OFF): PID regulator are between [Min PID feedback] (PIF2) - [Min PID feedback] (PIF2) B PF [] PID feedback] (OFF): PID regulator are between 0 and 2.5 times (Rated motor power) (PF) B PF [] Do tupul (OP): Motor bremes late, between 0 and 2.05 with reated hermal state. E H H [] Do tupul (OP): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 2.05 with reated hermal state. E H H [] Do tupul (OP): Signer dhort proque, between 0 and 2.05 with reated hermal state. E H H [] Do tupul (OP): Whotor torque, between 0 and 2.00 with the rated thermal state. E H H [] Do tupul (OP): Signer dhort proque, between 0 and 2.00 with the rated motor torque. The + sign and the -sign correspond with the TOROLE CONTROL! (OP) function, page 129. B F r [] Motor whermal state 2, between 0 and 200 % of the rated thermal state. E H r 2 [] Motar whermal	ULr		= rated drive current ind	icated in the Installation		
# r 9 [Motor torqui, [frq]: Motor torque, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque. Bis: Signed motor torque, between 3 and 43 times the rated motor torque, there is a corresponds to the motor torque order and the -sign to the generator mode (motor droque, thereing) 0 r 5 [Sign: torque [Sign: Signed motor torque, between - [Max frequency] (IFr) and + [Max Frequency] (IFr) 0 PF [PID feedback] (OPF): PID regulator reference [PIP1) and [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) 0 PF [PID erdol. (OPE): PID regulator are route between [IM in PID feedback] (PIF2) - [Min PID feedback] (PIF2) 0 PF [PID cortogl. (OPE): PID regulator are route between [Low speed] (LSP) and [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) - [Min PID feedback] (PIF2) 0 PF [PID cortogl. (OPE): PID regulator are route between 0 and 20% of the rated thermal state. 0 PF [PID cortogl. (OPE): PID regulator are route, between 0 and 20% of the rated thermal state. 0 PF [PID cortogl. (OPE): PID regulator are route, between 0 and 20% of the rated thermal state. 0 PF [PID cortogl. (OPE): PID regulator are route, between 0 and 20% of the rated thermal state. 0 PF [PID cortogl. (OPE): PID regulator are route, between 0 and 20% of the rated thermal state. 0 PF [PID cortogl. (OPE): Motor power. 0 Fr r [Motor thermal state. Sign: are respond to the physical direction of the torque. The sign and the sign are respond to the physical direction of the torque readed motor torege erel. 0 F		[Motor freq.] (OFr): Output frequency, from 0 to [Max frequency]	ency] (tFr)			
S E 9 [Sign. torque] (Sign. Signed motor torque, between 3 and 43 times the rated motor torque. The + sign corresponds to the motor mode and the - sign to the generator mode (braking). D r 5 [Sign. torque] (Sign. Signed ramp output, between - [Max frequency] (IFr) and + [Max frequency] (IFr) D P F [PID ref.] (OPS): PID regulator reference between [Min PID reference] (PIP) and [Max PID reference] D P F [PID etadback] (OPF): PID regulator reference between [Min PID feedback] (PIF2) and [Max PID leedback] (PIF2) D P F [PID etad] (OPE): PID regulator output between [Linw speed] (LSP) and [High speed] (HSP) D P F [PID etadlack] (OPF): PID regulator output between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E H J [PID etaglack] (High): Singled motor torque, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E H J [D v thermal] (Hr): Notor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E H J [D v thermal] (Hr): Notor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E H J [D v thermal] (Hr): Notor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E H J [D v thermal] (Hr): Notor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E H J [D v thermal] (Hr): Notor thermal state. [D v thermal] (Hr): Notor thermal state. E H J [D v thermal] (Hr): Notor thermal state. [D v torque 01] (MO; POF): Signed torque yetared neont state.			e rated motor torque.			
Q - 5 [sign ramp] (0:5): Signed ramp output, between - [Max frequency] (Fr) and + [Max frequency] (Fr) Q P F [PID ref] (OPS): PID regulator reference between [Min PID reference] (PIP1) and [Max PID reference] Q P F [PID ref] (OPS): PID regulator reference between [Min PID feedback] (PIP1) and [Max PID feedback] Q P F [PID ref] (OPS): PID regulator error between 5 % and +5 % of [Max PID feedback] (PIP2) - [Min PID feedback] (QIP2) Q P F [PID error] (OPE): PID regulator output between [Low speed] (LSP) and [High speed] (HSP) Q P F [PID output] (OP): Motor bower, between 0 and 2.5 times [Rated motor powel] (NP) Q P F [PID output] (OP): Motor bower, between 0 and 2.00% of the rated thermal state. L P H D thermal (Hd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. [Drive thermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. L P T C [Drive thermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. Q F r r [Drive thermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. Q F r r [Drive thermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state. Q F r r [Drive thermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state 2. Q F r r [Drive thermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state 2. Q F r r [Drive thermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state 2. Q F r r [Drive thermal] (H		[Sign. torque] (Stq): Signed motor torque, between -3 and	+3 times the rated moto	r torque. The + sign		
Image: Control (CPS): PID regulator reference between [Min PID reference] (PIP1) and [Max PID reference] Image: Control (PIP2)	0 - 5			x frequency] (tEr)		
BPF [PID iesdback] (OPF): PID regulator feedback between [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) and [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) BPE [PID error] (OPE): PID regulator error between- 5 % and + 5 % of ([Max PID feedback] (PIF2) - [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) BPF [PID output] (OPI): PID regulator output between [Low speed] (LSP) and [High speed] (HSP) BPr [PID output] (OPI): Notor power, between 0 and 2.5 times (Rated motor power) (MP1) BHT [ID vithermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E HT [ID vithermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E HT [ID vithermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E HT [ID vithermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E HT [ID vithermal] (Hd): Drive thermal state vith the TORQUE CONTROL] (IOr) function, page 192. BF Fr [IMost memd] (Hd): Orbit memd state 2, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E HT - 2 [IMost therm2] (HH2): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E HT - 2 [IMost therm3] (HH2): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E HT - 2 [IMost therm3] (HH2): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E HT - 2 [IMost therm3] (HH2): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of th		[PID ref.] (OPS): PID regulator reference between [Min PIE				
Image: Construction of the image is there is the image is the image is the image is the image is the ima	DPF		n PID feedback] (PIF1) a	and [Max PID feedback]		
IP I IP I IP r IP r IP r IP r IP r IMot. power (OPr): Motor power, between 0 and 2.5 times [Rated motor power] (nPr) IM thermail (tHi): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. IP r IP rotage and (tMS): Signed motor torque, between - 3 and +3 times the rated motor or generator). Example of usage: master-slave' with the TORQUE CONTROL (tOr): function, page 199. IP r r IP Meas.motif (OPr): Wassured motor or speed. IP r r IP Meas.motif (OPr): Signed output frequency, between - 4Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr) IP H r 2 IP Meas.motif (OPr): Signed output frequency, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. IP r r IP Meas.motif (OPr): Signed output regreence, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. IP r r IP Meas.motif (OPr): Signed output regreence, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. IP r r IP Moti therm3 (tH-3): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. IP r r IP Motif (OP): Signed output regreence, between 0 and 200% of the rated motor torque IP r r IP Motif (UP): Signed output regreence, between 0 and 18 times the rated motor torque IP r r IP Motif (UP): Signed output ris assignment can only appear if [DO1 assignment] IP r IP Motor volt (UP): Voltage output.	OPE		5 % of ([Max PID feedb	ack] (PIF2) - [Min PID		
BPr [Mot. power] (OP): Motor power, between 0 and 2.5 times [Rated motor power] (nPr) EHd [Dv thermal] (thi): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. EHd [Dv thermal] (thi): Signed motor torque, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. ETR [For rque 40] (thMS): Signed motor torque, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. ETR [For rque 40] (thMS): Signed motor torque, between -3 and -3 times the rated motor or generator). Example of usage: 'master-slave'' with the TORCUE CONTROL! (tOr): function, page 199. BF s [Sign.ov[or frg.]] (OFS): Signed output frequency, between - 1Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr) [Mot therm2] (tHr2): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E Hr r2 [Mot therm3] (tHi): Signed output frequency, between - 1Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr) [Mot therm3] (tHi): Divot thermal state 2, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E Hr r2 [Mot therm3] (tHi): Signed torque reference, between 0 and 200% of the rated motor torque [Uns. TrqRef] (Ut): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque. [Indiv therm3] (thi): Signed torque reference, between 0 and 18 times the rated motor torque. [Indiv therm3] (thi): Glope output freque reference, between 0 and 18 times the rated motor torque. [Indiv therm3] (thi): [UOP): Voltage applied to the motor between 0 and [Rated motor volt]. (UnS)			ad (LCD) and (Llink and			
E H d E 9 n 5 [Dv thermal] (Htd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. [Torque 4Q] (tqMS): Signed motor torque, between -3 and +3 times the rated motor torque. The + sign and the - sign correspond to the physical direction of the torque, regardless of mode (motor or generator). Example of usage: 'master-slave' with the TORQUE CONTROL! (tOr-) function, page 199. [DF r r 0 F 5 [Sig. of ptq] (OFS): Signed output frequency, between - [Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr) [Mot therm2] (tHr2): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E H r 2 [Mot therm2] (tHr12): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. I Mot therm2] (tHr12): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. I Mot therm2] (tHr12): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. I Mot therm2] (tHr12): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. I Mot therm2] (tHr12): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. I Mot therm3] (tHr12): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. I Mot therm3] (tH12): Torque init, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque I L Ins. TrqRef] (Utr): Signed torque reference, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UDS) I [AO1 Type] [Got11] (GO1): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [DC1 assignment] (dO1) I [AO1 min Output] I to 20.0 mA 0 mA						
E 9 fl 5 [Torque 4Q] (tqMS): Signed motor torque, between -3 and +3 times the rated motor torque. The + sign and the - sign correspond to the physical direction of the torque, regardless of mode (motor or generator). Example of usage: "master-slave" with the TORQUE CONTROL] (tCr-) function, page 199. DF r r [Sig. o/p fn] (OFr): Signed output frequency, between - [Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr) E H r 2 [Mot therm3] (tHr3): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E H r 3 [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque I Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Signed torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque I Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Signed torque reference, between 0 and 1 states 2, between 0 and 1; I Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 1 states and the rated motor torque [Mot rotor torque I Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque [Motor volt.] (UDP: Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and grade motor volt.] (UnS) I UBP [dO1] (dO1): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment an only appear if [DO1 assignment] (dO1) page 123 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only disp						
# be - sign correspond to the physical direction of the torque, regardless of mode (motor or generator). Example of usage: "master-slave" with the TORQUE CONTROL! (t0r) function, page 199. # BF 5 [Meas.motor speed.] [Sig. o/p frq.] (OFS): Signed output frequency, between - [Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr) [Mot therm2] (tHr2): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. [IM therm2] (tHr2): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. [IM therm2] (tHr2): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque [ID us. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque [ID us. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque init, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque [ID us. TrqRef] (Utr): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UNS) [ID us. TrqRef] (Utr): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UNS) [ID us page 123] has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes. [R II L] [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA [R B IL I] [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA [R II L] [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA [B IL I] [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA [Current] (0A): [AO1 max Outp						
### P [Meas.mot.ff] (OFrr): Measured motor speed. [Sig. o/p frq.] (OFS): Signed output frequency, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. ### P [Mot therm2] (HF2]: Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. [Mot therm3] (tH3): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. ### P [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque init, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque ### P [Motor volt.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque [Motor volt.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and Rated motor volt.] (UnS) ### P [Motor volt.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and Simes the rated motor volt.] (UnS) [do1] (do1): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [D01 assignment] (do1) ### B [AO1 Type] [Current] (0A) [Current] (0A) ### I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA ### I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA ### I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA ### I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA ### I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 v ### I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V<		the - sign correspond to the physical direction of the torque	e, regardless of mode (m	notor or generator).		
E H r 2 [Mot therm2] (tHr2): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200 % of the rated thermal state. E H r 3 [Mot therm3] (tHr3): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200 % of the rated thermal state. [Ubs. TrqRef[(Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Signed torque reference, between 0 and 4 3 times the rated motor torque [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Signed torque reference, between 0 and 1 times the rated motor torque [Motor therm1] (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor volt.] (UnS) [G01] (d01): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [D01 assignment] (d01) page 123 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes. RD IE [AO1 Type] [Current] (0A) IBH [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) IBH I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Ournent] (0A) The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Ournent] (0A) IUBL I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) UD UD IUBL I [AO1 max Output]		[Meas.mot.fr] (OFrr): Measured motor speed.		-		
E Hr 2 [Mot therm3] (tHr3): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. E Hr 3 [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque U Lr [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque E 4 / L [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque E 7 [Motor volt.] (UDP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UDS) U D P [d01] (d01): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [D01 assignment] (d01) page 123 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes. RD I L [AO1 Type] [Current] (0A) I [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output [Current] (0A) I BR I L [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA I BD L I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA 0 mA II D L I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V II D L I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V II D L I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V <th>OF S</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	OF S					
UL r [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Signed torque reference, between - 3 and + 3 times the rated motor torque E FL [Torque lim], (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque [Motor volt] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) [G01] (d01]: Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [D01 assignment] (d01) page 123 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes. IDU [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output [Current] (0A) [Current] (0A) IBUL I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA IR DL I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA Image IPE IF [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA Image IPE IF [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA Image IPE IF [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA Image IPE IF [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA Image IPE IF [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA Image IPE IF [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA Image IPE IF [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V Image IPE IF	EHr 2	[Mot therm3] (tHr3): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and	200% of the rated therm	nal state.		
5 E r [Torque lim.] (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque Image: Imag						
UDP [d01] (d01): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [D01 assignment] (d01) page 123 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes. RD IE [A01 Type] [Current] (0A) IDU [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output [Current] (0A) IDU [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output [Current] (0A) IDU [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output [Current] (0A) IDU [Current] (0A): Current output 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA IDU [A01 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA The parameter can be accessed if [A01 Type] (A01t) = [Current] (0A) 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA IDU [A01 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA The parameter can be accessed if [A01 Type] (A01t) = [Current] (0A) 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA IDUL I [A01 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V IDUL I [A01 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V The parameter can be accessed if [A01 Type] (A01t) = [Voltage] (10U) 0 to 10.0 V 0 V IDUL I [A01 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V IDUH I [A01 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 10.0 V <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						
d D 1 page 123 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes. R D 1 E [AO1 Type] [Current] (0A) 1 U U [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output [Current] (0A) 1 [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output [Current] (0A) 1 [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA R D L 1 [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA R D L 1 [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA R D H 1 [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA U D L 1 [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) 0 to 10.0 V 0 V U D L 1 [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) 0 to 10.0 V 0 V U D H 1 [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 10.0 V						
I D U [AOT Type] [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output I D U [Current] (0A): Current output 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA I D L I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA I The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA I D H I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA I D L I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA I D L I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I D L I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I D H I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I D H I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V		page 123 has been assigned. This is the only possible cho				
I D U [[Voltage] (10U): Voltage output I [[Current] (0A): Current output 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA I [[AO1 min Output]] 0 to 20.0 mA 0 mA The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA I D L I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA I D L I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I D L I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I D L I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I D L I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I D L I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I D D H I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 10.0 V	ROIE	□ [AO1 Type]		[Current] (0A)		
Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Product of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A)		[Voltage] (10U): Voltage output				
# I H I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA 20.0 mA The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I I [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 to 10.0 V 0 V I I I [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 10.0 V 10.0 V	ADL I	□ [AO1 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA		
Image: Image of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Image of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A) Image: Image of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Image of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Image of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Image of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Image of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Image of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Image of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)						
UDL / [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V 0 V The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) 0 to 10.0 V 10.0 V UDH / [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V 10.0 V	<u>АОН I</u>	[AO1 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA		
Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U) Image: Section of the parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1type] (AO1ty		The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A)				
□ [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 ∨ 10.0 ∨	UOL I	[AO1 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V		
		The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [V	oltage] (10U)			
	и ант	□ [AO1 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V		
			oltage] (10U)			

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
AD 1-	[AO1 CONFIGURATION] (continued)		
ASL I	[Scaling AO1 min]	0 to 100.0 %	0 %
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a	% of the maxiumum pos	sible variation.
ASH I	[Scaling AO1 max]	0 to 100.0 %	100.0 %
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a	% of the maxiumum pos	sible variation.
AD IF	[AO1 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering. This parameter is forced to 0 if [AO1	asisgnment] (AO1) = [d	O1] (dO1).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A D 2 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
8 D 2	[AO2 assignment] Same assignments as AO1, without [dO1] (dO1).		[No] (nO)
A D S F	□ [AO2 Type]		[Current] (0A)
100 08 0100	 [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output [Current] (0A): Current output [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Bipolar voltage output. 		<u> </u>
ROLZ	[AO2 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [C	urrent] (0A)	1
A O H 2	[AO2 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [C	urrent] (0A)	
U O L 2	[AO2 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltage	e +/-] (n10U)
и о н г	[AO2 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltage	e +/-] (n10U)
ASL2	[Scaling AO2 min]	0 to 100.0 %	0 %
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a %	% of the maxiumum poss	sible variation.
A 5 H 2	[Scaling AO2 max]	0 to 100.0 %	100.0 %
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maxiumum possible variation.		
A D 2 F	[AO2 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		

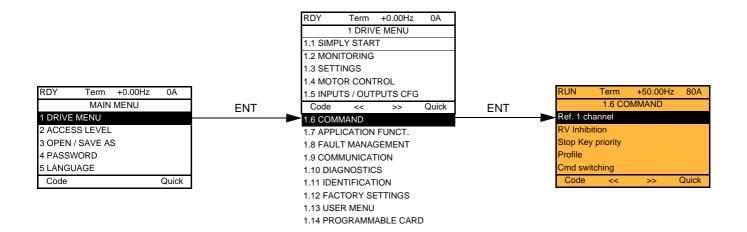
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
A D 3 -	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted				
R 0 3	[AO3 assignment]		[No] (nO)		
	Same assignments as AO1, without [dO1] (dO1).				
A D 3 E	🗅 [AO3 Type]		[Current] (0A)		
100 08 0100	 [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output [Current] (0A): Current output [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Bipolar voltage output. 				
ADL 3	[AO3 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA		
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [C	Current] (0A)			
R D H 3	[AO3 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA		
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [C	Current] (0A)			
UOL 3	[AO3 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V		
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltag	e +/-] (n10U)		
и о н э	[AO3 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V		
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltag	e +/-] (n10U)		
ASL 3	[Scaling AO3 min]	0 to 100.0 %	0 %		
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a c	% of the maxiumum pos	sible variation.		
A 5 H 3	[Scaling AO3 max]	0 to 100.0 %	100.0 %		
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a	% of the maxiumum pos	ssible variation.		
R D 3 F	[AO3 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s		
	Interference filtering.				

The following submenus group the alarms into 1 to 3 groups, each of which can be assigned to a relay or a logic output for remote signaling. These groups can also be displayed on the graphic display terminal (see [6 MONITORING CONFIG.] menu) and viewed via the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP) menu.

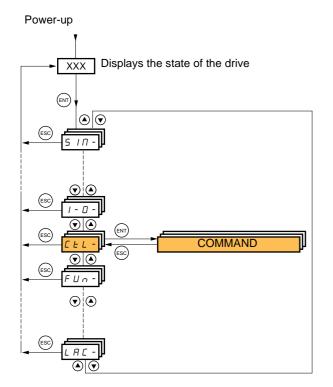
When one or a number of alarms selected in a group occurs, this alarm group is activated.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A 1C -	[ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION]		
P L A P 2A E F A U S A C L A F S S A F S S A F L A F A F S S A F	Selection to be made from the following list: [L16=PTC al.] (PLA): L16 = PTC probe alarm [PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1 [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 2 [Ext, fault al.] (EFA): External fault alarm [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm [Slipping al.] (AnA): Slipping alarm [I attained] (CtA): Current threshold attained ([Current three [Freq.Th.att.] (FtA): Frequency threshold attained ([Freq. th [Freq.Th. 2. attain.] (F2A): Frequency threshold 2 attained [Th.mot. att.] (tS1): Motor 1 thermal state attained [Th.mot2 att] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state attained [Inh.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state attained [I. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating [Load mvt al] (bCA): Braking speed alarm [Brk cont. al] (bCA): Brake contact alarm [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating [Load mvt al] (bCA): Braking speed alarm [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA [Al3 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA [Al3 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA [Im T/I att.] (SSA): Torque limit alarm [Im T/I att.] (SSA): Corque limit alarm [GBT alarm] (tJA): IGBT alarm [GPto al.] (APA):	signal on input A12 signal on input A12 signal on input A13 signal on input A13 signal on input A14	age <u>188)</u> thd.] (ttH) page <u>67</u> . hd.] (ttL) page <u>67</u> . hd.] (tFqL) page <u>68</u> . FCT.] (dLd-) page <u>255</u>).
ASC-	[ALARM GRP2 DEFINITION]		
	Identical to [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION] (A1C-)		
A 3C -	[ALARM GRP3 DEFINITION]		
	Identical to [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION] (A1C-)		

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



The parameters in the [1.6 COMMAND] (CtL) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present.

Command and reference channels

Run commands (forward, reverse, stop, etc.) and references can be sent using the following channels:

Control	Reference
 Terminals: logic inputs LI Graphic display terminal Integrated Modbus Integrated CANopen Communication card Controller Inside card 	 Terminals: analog inputs AI, frequency input, encoder Graphic display terminal Integrated Modbus Integrated CANopen Communication card Controller Inside card +/- speed via the terminals +/- speed via the graphic display terminal

The behavior of the Altivar 71 can be adapted according to requirements:

- [8 serie] (SE8): To replace an Altivar 58. See the Migration Manual.
- [Not separ.] (SIM): Command and reference are sent via the same channel.
- [Separate] (SEP): Command and reference may be sent via different channels.

In these configurations, control via the communication bus is performed in accordance with the DRIVECOM standard with only 5 freelyassignable bits (see Communication Parameters Manual). The application functions cannot be accessed via the communication interface.

• [I/O profile] (IO): The command and the reference can come from different channels. This configuration both simplifies and extends use via the communication interface.

Commands may be sent via the logic inputs on the terminals or via the communication bus.

When commands are sent via a bus, they are available on a word, which acts as virtual terminals containing only logic inputs.

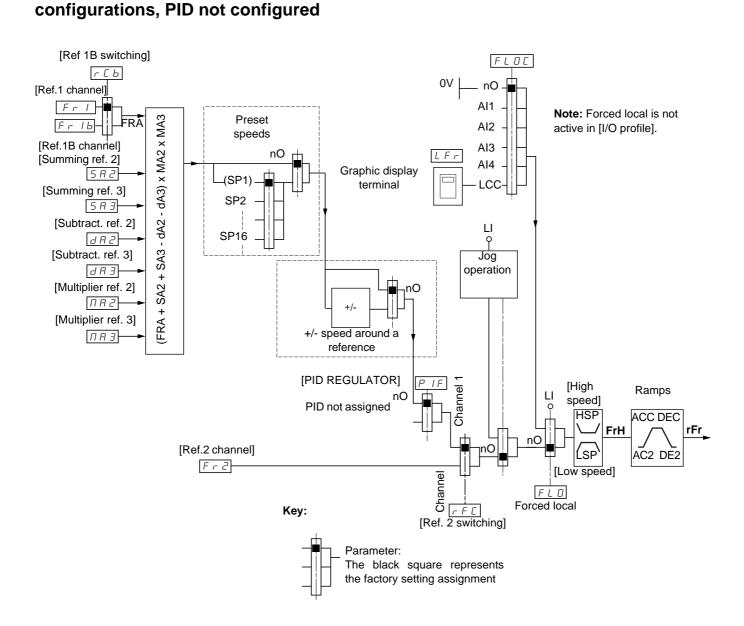
Application functions can be assigned to the bits in this word. More than one function can be assigned to the same bit.

Note: Stop commands from the terminals remain active even if the terminals are not the active command channel.

Note: The integrated Modbus channel has 2 physical communication ports:

- The Modbus network port
- The Modbus HMI port

The drive does not differentiate between these two ports, but recognizes the graphic display terminal irrespective of the port to which it is connected.



Reference channel for [Not separ.] (SIM), [Separate] (SEP) and [I/O profile] (IO)

Instructions

Fr1, SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3, MA2, MA3:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Fr1b, for SEP and IO:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Fr1b, for SIM:

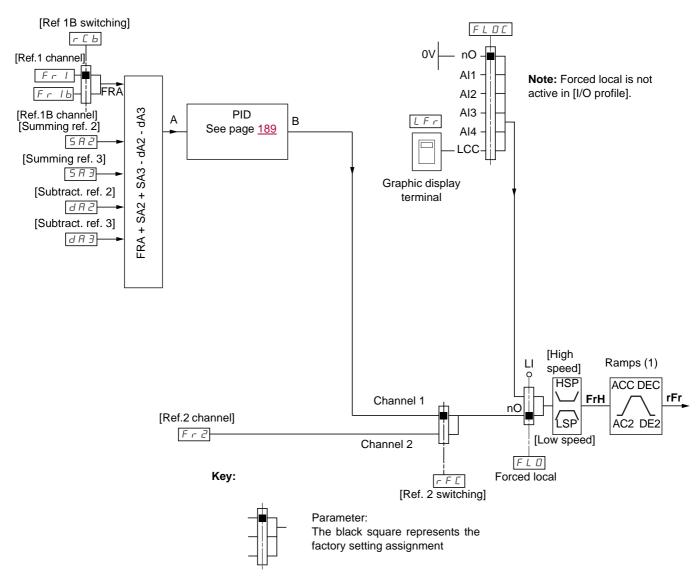
• Terminals, only accessible if Fr1 = terminals

Fr2:

 Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card, and +/speed

Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref 1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu.

Reference channel for [Not separ.] (SIM), [Separate] (SEP) and [I/O profile] (IO) configurations, PID configured with PID references at the terminals



Instructions

Fr1:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Fr1b, for SEP and IO:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Fr1b, for SIM:

• Terminals, only accessible if Fr1 = terminals

SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3:

• Terminals only

Fr2:

- Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card, and +/speed
- (1) Ramps not active if the PID function is active in automatic mode.

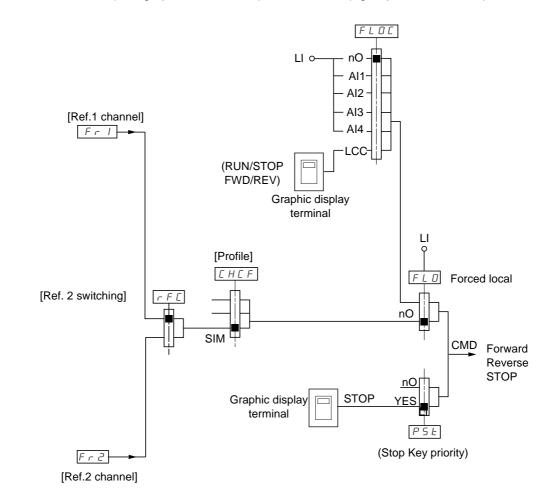
Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref 1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu.

Command channel for [Not separ.] (SIM) configuration

Reference and command, not separate

The command channel is determined by the reference channel. Parameters Fr1, Fr2, rFC, FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command.

Example: If the reference is Fr1 = Al1 (analog input at the terminals), control is via LI (logic input at the terminals).



Key:



Parameter: The black square represents the factory setting assignment

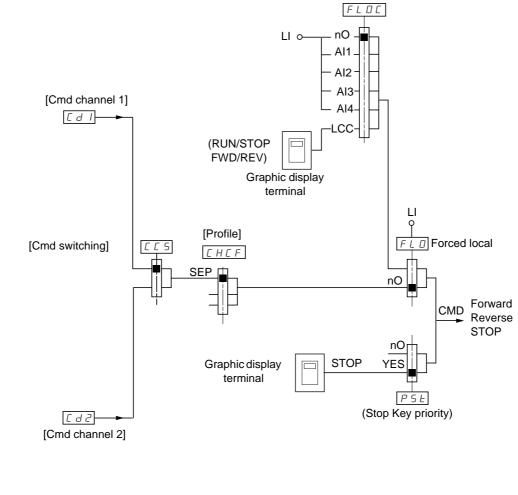
Command channel for [Separate] (SEP) configuration

Separate reference and command

Parameters FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command.

Example: If the reference is in forced local mode via Al1 (analog input at the terminals), command in forced local mode is via LI (logic input at the terminals).

The command channels Cd1 and Cd2 are independent of the reference channels Fr1, Fr1b and Fr2.



Key:



Parameter: The black rectangle represents the factory setting assignment, except for [Profile].

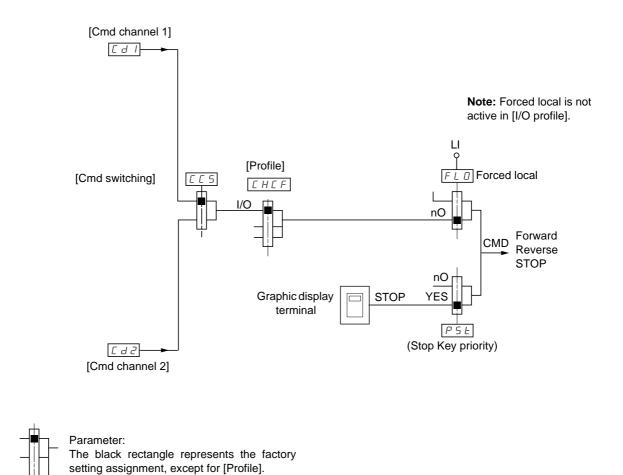
Commands

Cd1, Cd2:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Command channel for [I/O profile] (IO) configuration Separate reference and command, as in [Separate] (SEP) configuration

The command channels Cd1 and Cd2 are independent of the reference channels Fr1, Fr1b and Fr2.



Commands

Cd1, Cd2:

Key:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Command channel for [I/O profile] (IO) configuration

Selection of a command channel:

A command or an action can be assigned:

- To a fixed channel by selecting an LI input or a Cxxx bit:
 - By selecting e.g., LI3, this action will always be triggered by LI3 regardless of which command channel is switched.
 - By selecting e.g., C214, this action will always be triggered by integrated CANopen with bit 14 regardless of which command channel is switched.
- To a switchable channel by selecting a CDxx bit:
 - By selecting, e.g., CD11, this action will be triggered by
 - LI12 if the terminals channel is active
 - C111 if the integrated Modbus channel is active
 - C211 if the integrated CANopen channel is active
 - C311 if the communication card channel is active
 - C411 if the Controller Inside card channel is active

If the active channel is the graphic display terminal, the functions and commands assigned to CDxx switchable internal bits are inactive.

Note:

• CD14 and CD15 can only be used for switching between 2 networks. They do not have equivalent logic inputs.

Terminals	Integrated Modbus	Integrated CANopen	Communication card	Controller Inside card	Internal bit, can be switched
					CD00
LI2 (1)	C101 (1)	C201 (1)	C301 (1)	C401 (1)	CD01
LI3	C102	C202	C302	C402	CD02
LI4	C103	C203	C303	C403	CD03
LI5	C104	C204	C304	C404	CD04
LI6	C105	C205	C305	C405	CD05
LI7	C106	C206	C306	C406	CD06
LI8	C107	C207	C307	C407	CD07
LI9	C108	C208	C308	C408	CD08
LI10	C109	C209	C309	C409	CD09
LI11	C110	C210	C310	C410	CD10
LI12	C111	C211	C311	C411	CD11
LI13	C112	C212	C312	C412	CD12
LI14	C113	C213	C313	C413	CD13
-	C114	C214	C314	C414	CD14
-	C115	C215	C315	C415	CD15

(1) If [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 102 = [3 wire] (3C), LI2, C101, C201, C301, and C401 cannot be accessed.

Assignment conditions for logic inputs and control bits

The following elements are available for every command or function that can be assigned to a logic input or a control bit:

[LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6)	Drive with or without option
[LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10)	With VW3A3201 logic I/O card
[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14)	With VW3A3202 extended I/O card
[C101] (C101) to [C110] (C110)	With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115)	With integrated Modbus regardless of configuration
[C201] (C201) to [C210] (C210)	With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215)	With integrated CANopen regardless of configuration
[C301] (C301) to [C310] (C310)	With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315)	With a communication card regardless of configuration
[C401] (C401) to [C410] (C410)	With Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415)	With Controller Inside card regardless of configuration
[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD10] (Cd10)	In [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[CD11] (Cd11) to [CD15] (Cd15)	Regardless of configuration

Note: In [I/O profile] (IO) configuration, LI1 cannot be accessed and if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page <u>102</u> = [3 wire] (3C), LI2, C101, C201, C301 and C401 cannot be accessed either.



UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Inactive communication channels are not monitored (no lock following malfunction in the event of a communication bus failure). Make sure that the commands and functions assigned to bits C101 to C415 will not pose a risk in the event of the failure of the associated communication bus.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.

Code	Name/Description A	djustment range	Factory setting
Fril	[Ref.1 channel]		[AI1] (AI1)
A A 2 A 3 A 4 L C C N d b C A c C A c C A c P P P C	 [AI1] (AI1): Analog input [AI2] (AI2): Analog input [AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been i [AI4] (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been i [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been 	nserted n inserted,	
r In	[RV Inhibition]		[No] (nO)
п D 9 E S	 [No] (nO) [Yes] (YES) Inhibition of movement in reverse direction, does not apply to dire Reverse direction requests sent by logic inputs are taken into Reverse direction requests sent by the graphic display termin Reverse direction requests sent by the line are not taken into Any reverse speed reference originating from the PID, summ reference. 	o account. nal are not taken into o account.	account.
PSE	[Stop Key priority]		[Yes] (YES)
n 0 9 E 5	 [No] (nO) [Yes] (YES): Gives priority to the STOP key on the graphic display is not enabled as the command channel. Press and hold down ENT for 2 seconds in order for any change i to be taken into account. This will be a freewheel stop. If the active command channel is th performed according to the [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u> irrespect (PSt). 	n the assignment of [le graphic display ter	Stop Key priority] (PSt) minal, the stop will be
C H C F	[Profile]		[Not separ.] (SIM)
5 E B	 [8 serie] (SE8): ATV58 interchangeability (see Migration Manual). The [8 serie] (SE8) configuration is used to load, via PowerSuite, for example, an ATV58 drive configuration in an ATV71 that has already been set to this configuration. This assignment cannot be accessed if a Controller Inside card has been inserted. Note: Modifications to the configuration of the ATV71 must only be made using PowerSuite when it is in this configuration, otherwise operation cannot be guaranteed. 		
5 I N 5 E P 1 D	 [Not separ.] (SIM): Reference and command, not separate [Separate] (SEP): Separate reference and command. This assign [I/O profile] (IO): I/O profile 	ment cannot be acce	ssed in [I/O profile] (IO).
	 When [8 serie] (SE8) is selected and [I/O profile] (IO) is deselected setting (this is mandatory). This factory setting only affects the [1 I [1.9 COMMUNICATION] or [1.5 PROGRAMMABLE CARD]. With the graphic display terminal, a screen appears to perfor the screen. With the integrated display terminal, press ENT and hold it do return to the factory setting. 	DRIVE MENU] menu.	It does not affect either low the instructions on

Code	Name/Description Adjustment	range Factory setting	
C C 5	[Cmd switching]	[ch1 active] (Cd1)	
[]] []] []]	The parameter can be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O profile] (IO) [ch1 active] (Cd1): [Cmd channel 1] (Cd1) active (no switching) [ch2 active] (Cd2): [Cmd channel 2] (Cd2) active (no switching)		
L -	□ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> (not CDOO to CD14).		
	If the assigned input or bit is at 0, channel [Cmd channel 1] (Cd1) is active. If the assigned input or bit is at 1, channel [Cmd channel 2] (Cd2) is active.		
Ed I	[Cmd channel 1]	[Terminals] (tEr)	
£ E r L C C N d b C R n n E £ R P P	 [Terminals] (tEr): Terminals [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) The parameter is available if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O profile] (IO). 		
C d 2	[Cmd channel 2]	[Modbus] (Mdb)	
£ E r L C C N d b C A n n E £ A P P	 [Terminals] (tEr): Terminals [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) The parameter is available if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O profile] 		
r F C	[Ref. 2 switching]	[ch1 active] (Fr1)	
F r 1 F r 2 L 1 1 - - -	 [ch1 active] (Fr1): no switching, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) active [ch2 active] (Fr2): no switching, [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) active [LI1] (L1) [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> (not CDOO to CD14). 		
	If the assigned input or bit is at 0, channel [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) is active. If the assigned bit or input is at 1, channel [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) is active.		
Fr2	[Ref.2 channel]	[No] (nO)	
- D - R	 [No] (nO): Not assigned. If [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) the command is at the terminals with a zero reference. If [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O profile] (IO) the reference is zero. [Al1] (Al1): Analog input 		
SI R EI R	 [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted 		
н 13 А 14 UPdE	 [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [+/- Speed] (UPdt): +/- Speed command 		
L С С П Д Б	 [HVI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus 		
ERn	[CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen		
n E E A P P	 [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) [DDI (DI): Frequency input if (M(A)2202 extension card has been inserted) 		
P P G	 [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted 		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
C D P			
	WARNING UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Copying the command and/or reference can change the dire Check that this is safe. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death of	ection of rotation.	

As the graphic display terminal may be selected as the command and/or reference channel, its action modes can be configured. The parameters on this page can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal, and not on the integrated display terminal.

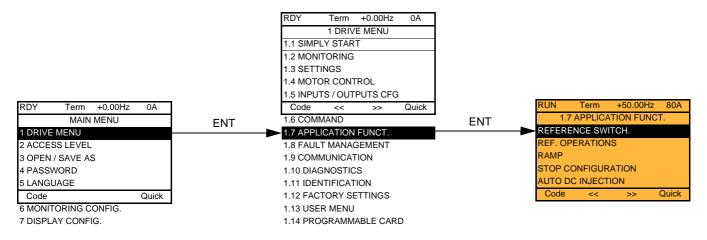
Comments:

- The display terminal command/reference is only active if the command and/or reference channels from the terminal are active with the exception of [T/K] (command via the display terminal), which takes priority over these channels. Press [T/K] (command via the display terminal) again to revert control to the selected channel.
- Command and reference via the display terminal are impossible if the latter is connected to more than one drive.
- The JOG, preset speed and +/- speed functions can only be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM).
- The preset PID reference functions can only be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) or [Separate] (SEP)
- The [T/K] (command via the display terminal) can be accessed regardless of the [Profile] (CHCF).

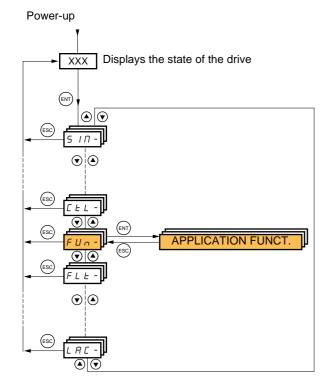
Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting			
[F1 key assignment]	[No]			
 [No]: Not assigned [Jog]: JOG operation [Preset spd2]: Press the key to run the drive at the 2nd preset speed [Preset speed 2] (SP2) page <u>163</u>. Press STOP to stop the drive. [Preset spd3]: Press the key to run the drive at the 3rd preset speed [Preset speed 3] (SP3) page <u>163</u>. Press STOP to stop the drive. [PID ref. 2]: Sets a PID reference equal to the 2nd preset PID reference [Preset ref. PID 2] (rP2) page <u>197</u>, without sending a run command. Only operates if [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) = [HMI] (LCC). Does not operate with the [T/K] function. [PID ref. 3]: Sets a PID reference equal to the 3rd preset PID reference [Preset ref. PID 3] (rP3) page <u>197</u>, without sending a run command. Only operates if [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) = [HMI] (LCC). Does not operate with the [T/K] function. [PID ref. 3]: Sets a PID reference equal to the 3rd preset PID reference [Preset ref. PID 3] (rP3) page <u>197</u>, without sending a run command. Only operates if [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) = [HMI] (LCC). Does not operate with the [T/K] function. [+speed]: Faster, only operates if [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [HMI] (LCC). Press the key to run the drive and increase the speed. Press STOP to stop the drive. [- speed]: Slower, only operates if [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [HMI] (LCC) and if a different key has been assigned to [+ speed]. Press the key to run the drive and decrease the speed. Press STOP to stop the drive. 				
[T/K]: Command via the display terminal: takes priority over [Cmd switching] (CCS) and over [Ref. 2 sv	vitching] (r⊢C). [No]			
[F2 key assignment]				
Identical to [F1 key assignment].				
[F3 key assignment]	[No]			
Identical to [F1 key assignment].				
[] [F4 key assignment]	[No]			
Identical to [F1 key assignment].				
□ [HMI cmd.]	[Stop]			
 When the [T/K] function is assigned to a key and that function is active, this parameter defines the behavio control returns to the graphic display terminal. [Stop]: Stops the drive (although the controlled direction of operation and reference of the previous channe into account on the next RUN command)). [Bumpless]: Does not stop the drive (the controlled direction of operation and the reference of the previous channe into account on the next RUN command). 	l are copied (to be taken			

[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-)

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



Summary of functions:

Code	Name	Page
rEF-	[REFERENCE SWITCH.]	<u>150</u>
0 A I -	[REF. OPERATIONS]	<u>151</u>
rPt-	[RAMP]	<u>152</u>
5££-	[STOP CONFIGURATION]	<u>156</u>
AdC-	[AUTO DC INJECTION]	<u>158</u>
J06-	[JOG]	<u>160</u>
P55-	[PRESET SPEEDS]	<u>162</u>
UPd-	[+/- SPEED]	<u>165</u>
5 r E -	[+/-SPEED AROUND REF.]	<u>167</u>
5 P N -	[MEMO REFERENCE]	<u>168</u>
L 5 E -	[LIMIT SWITCHES]	<u>170</u>
6LC -	[BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL]	<u>175</u>
г БП -	[ROLLBACK MGT]	<u>181</u>
Е L П -	[EXTERNAL WEIGHT MEAS.]	<u>183</u>
H5H-	[HIGH SPEED HOISTING]	<u>188</u>
PId-	[PID REGULATOR]	<u>193</u>
Pr I-	[PID PRESET REFERENCES]	<u>197</u>
EOr -	[TORQUE CONTROL]	<u>199</u>
E0L -	[TORQUE LIMITATION]	202
EL 1-	[2nd CURRENT LIMIT.]	<u>204</u>
LLC-	[LINE CONTACTOR COMMAND]	206
OCC -	[OUTPUT CONTACTOR CMD]	<u>208</u>
L P O -	[POSITIONING BY SENSORS]	212
ПLР-	[PARAM. SET SWITCHING]	<u>215</u>
ΠΠΕ -	[MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]	<u>219</u>
£ r 0 -	[TRAVERSE CONTROL]	225
15P -	[INSPECTION MODE]	227
rFE-	[EVACUATION]	228
HFF-	[HALF FLOOR]	<u>229</u>
d C O -	[DC BUS SUPPLY]	<u>230</u>
£0P-	[TOP Z MANAGEMENT]	<u>231</u>
0 Ir -	[REGEN CONNECTION]	<u>232</u>

The parameters in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and there is no run command, except for parameters with a O symbol in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

Note: Compatibility of functions

The choice of application functions may be limited by the number of I/O and by the fact that some functions are incompatible with one another. Functions that are not listed in the table below are fully compatible.

If there is an incompatibility between functions, the first function configured will prevent the others being configured.

Each of the functions on the following pages can be assigned to one of the inputs or outputs.

A single input can activate several functions at the same time (reverse and 2nd ramp for example), The user must therefore ensure that these functions can be used at the same time. It is only possible to assign one input to several functions at [Advanced] (AdU) and [Expert] (EPr) levels.

Before assigning a command, reference or function to an input or output, the user must make sure that this input or output has not already been assigned and that another input or output has not been assigned to an incompatible or undesirable function. The drive factory setting or macro configurations automatically configure functions, which may prevent other functions being assigned. It may be necessary to unconfigure one or more functions in order to be able to enable another. Check the compatibility table below.

Compatibility table

	Reference operations (page 151)	+/- speed (3) (page <u>165</u>)	Management of limit switches (page <u>170</u>)	Preset speeds (page <u>162</u>)	PID regulator (page <u>193</u>)	Traverse control (page <u>225</u>)	JOG operation (page <u>160</u>)	Brake logic control (page <u>175</u>)	Catch on the fly (page 239)	DC injection stop (page <u>156)</u>	Fast stop (page <u>156</u>)	Freewheel stop (page <u>156</u>)	Stop on top Z (page 231)	+/- speed around a reference (page <u>167</u>)	High speed hoisting (page <u>188</u>)	Torque control (page <u>199</u>)	Load sharing (page <u>98</u>)	Positioning by sensors (page 212)	Open-loop synchronous motor (page <u>81</u>)	Closed-loop synchronous motor (page 83)	Measure of the angle motor /encoder (page 84)
Reference operations (page <u>151</u>)				t	•(4)		1									● (1)					
+/- speed (3) (page <u>165</u>)						٠	•									● (1)					
Management of limit switches (page <u>170</u>)					٠																
Preset speeds (page <u>162</u>)	+						t									● (1)					
PID regulator (page <u>193</u>)	•(4)		٠			٠	٠	•						٠	٠	● (1)	•	٠			
Traverse control (page 225)		•			٠		•							٠	٠	● (1)					
JOG operation (page <u>160</u>)	t	•		t	٠	٠		•						•	•	•(1)					
Brake logic control (page <u>175</u>)					٠		٠		٠	٠						٠			٠		•(5)
Catch on the fly (page 239)								•								•(1)					
DC injection stop (page <u>156</u>)								•			•(2)	t	•(2)						•	•	
Fast stop (page <u>156</u>)										•(2)		t	•(2)								
Freewheel stop (page <u>156</u>)										+	+		+								
Stop on top Z (page 231)										•(2)	•(2)	t									
+/- speed around a reference (page <u>167</u>)					•	•	•									•(1)					
High speed hoisting (page <u>188</u>)					٠	٠	•									•		•			
Torque control (page <u>199</u>)	•(1)	•(1)		•(1)	•(1)	•(1)	•(1)	•	•(1)					•(1)	٠		•	•(1)	•	1	
Load sharing (page <u>98</u>)					•											•				1	
Positioning by sensors (page 212)					٠										•	•(1)				1	
Open-loop synchronous motor (page 81)								•		•						٠					
Closed-loop synchronous motor (page 83)										٠											
Measure of the angle motor /encoder (page 84)								•(5)													

(1) Torque control and these functions are only incompatible while torque control mode is active.

(2) Priority is given to the first of these two stop modes to be activated.

(3) Excluding special application with reference channel Fr2 (see diagrams on pages <u>133</u> and <u>134</u>).

(4) Only the multiplier reference is incompatible with the PID regulator.

(5) These 2 functions are incompatible only if [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd).

The function indicated by the arrow has priority over the other.

•

Incompatible functions

Compatible functions

Not applicable

Priority functions (functions, which cannot be active at the same time):

← ↑

Stop functions have priority over run commands.

Speed references via logic command have priority over analog references.

Note: This compatibility table does not affect commands that can be assigned to the keys of the graphic display terminal (see page <u>143</u>).

Incompatible functions

The following functions will be inaccessible or deactivated in the cases described below:

Automatic restart

This is only possible for control type [2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). See page $\frac{102}{2}$.

Catch a spinning load

This is only possible for control type [2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). See page $\frac{102}{100}$.

This function is locked if automatic injection on stop [Auto DC injection] (AdC) = [Continuous] (Ct). See page <u>158</u>.

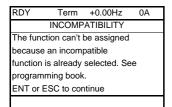
The SUP- monitoring menu (page 45) can be used to display the functions assigned to each input in order to check their compatibility.

When a function is assigned, a \checkmark appears on the graphic display terminal, as illustrated in the example below:

RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A				
1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.							
REFERE	NCE SWI	TCH.					
REF. OP	ERATION	S					
RAMP			\checkmark				
STOP CO	ONFIGUR	ATION					
AUTO DO	C INJECT	ION					
Code	<<	>>	Quick				
JOG							

If you attempt to assign a function that is incompatible with another function that has already been assigned, an alarm message will appear:

With the graphic display terminal:

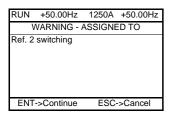


With the integrated display terminal: COMP flashes until ENT or ESC is pressed.

When you assign a logic input, an analog input, a reference channel or a bit to a function, pressing the HELP button will display the functions that may already have been activated by this input, bit or channel.

When a logic input, an analog input, a reference channel or a bit that has already been assigned is assigned to another function, the following screens appear:

With the graphic display terminal:



If the access level permits this new assignment, pressing ENT confirms the assignment. If the access level does not permit this new assignment, pressing ENT results in the following display:

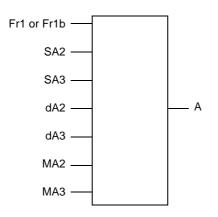
With the integrated display terminal:

The code for the first function, which is already assigned, is displayed flashing.

If the access level permits this new assignment, pressing ENT confirms the assignment.

If the access level does not permit this new assignment, pressing ENT has no effect, and the message continues to flash. It is only possible to exit by pressing ESC.

Summing input/Subtracting input/Multiplier

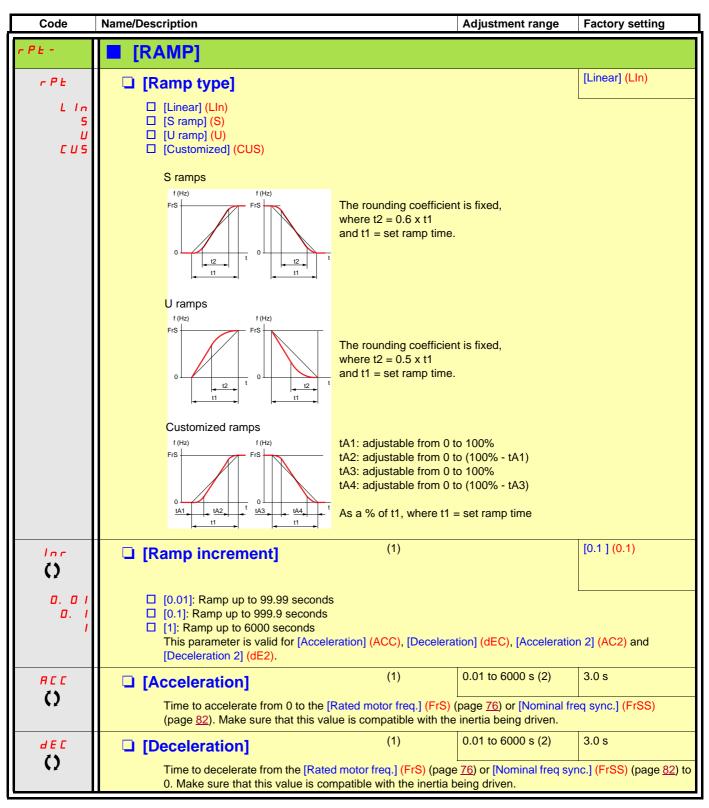


A = (Fr1 or Fr1b + SA2 + SA3 - dA2 - dA3) x MA2 x MA3

- If SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3 are not assigned, they are set to 0.
- If MA2, MA3 are not assigned, they are set to 1.
- A is limited by the minimum LSP and maximum HSP parameters.
- For multiplication, the signal on MA2 or MA3 is interpreted as a %; 100% corresponds to the maximum value of the corresponding input. If MA2 or MA3 is sent via the communication bus or graphic display terminal, an MFr multiplication variable, page <u>51</u> must be sent via the bus or graphic display terminal.
- Reversal of the direction of operation in the event of a negative result can be inhibited (see page 140).

Code	Name/Description Adjust	tment range	Factory setting
r E F -	[REFERENCE SWITCH.]		
гĽЬ	[Ref 1B switching] See the diagrams on pages <u>133</u> and <u>134</u> .		[ch1 active] (Fr1)
Fr I Fr Ib	 [ch1 active] (Fr1): no switching, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) active [ch1B active] (Fr1b): no switching, [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) active 		<u></u>
L - -	 [L11] (L11) 		
-	 If the assigned input or bit is at 0, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) is active If the assigned input or bit is at 1, [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) is active [Ref 1B switching] (rCb) is forced to [ch1 active] (Fr1) if [Profile] (C channel] (Fr1) assigned via the terminals (analog inputs, encoder, 	(see page <u>140</u>) ve. HCF) = [Not se	par.] (SIM) with [Ref.1
Fr 1b	[Ref.1B channel]		[No] (nO)
n 0 R R 2 R 3 R 4 L C C N d b C R n N E L R P P I P G	 [No] (nO): Not assigned [AI1] (AI1): Analog input [AI2] (AI2): Analog input [AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been instantial (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been instantial (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been instantial (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been instantial (Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted Note: In the following instances, only assignments via the terminals are p [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) with [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1 inputs, encoder, pulse input); see page 140. PID configured with PID references via the terminals 	serted inserted possible:	he terminals (analog

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting				
081-	[REF. OPERATIONS] Reference = (Fr1 or Fr1b + SA2 + SA3 - dA2 - dA3) x MA2 x MA3. See the diagrams Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the inst					
5 A 2	[Summing ref. 2]	[No] (nO)				
п 0 Я Я 2 Я 4 Ц С С Я 4 В С Я 1 Ц 1 Я 1 Ц 1	Selection of a reference to be added to [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b). [N0] (nO): No source assigned [A11] (A11): Analog input [A12] (A12): Analog input [A13] (A13): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [A14] (A14): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [A14] (A14): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [A14] (A14): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [RP1] (P1): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Intervent A1] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication bus, can be configured using [AI net. channel] (AIC1) page <u>111</u> . WARNING UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page <u>262</u>), the virtual input remains fixed at the last value transmitted. Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the same configuration. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.					
583	[Summing ref. 3] Selection of a reference to be added to [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] ([No] (nO) Fr1b).				
	Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	[No] (nO)				
d A 2	 [Subtract. ref. 2] Selection of a reference to be subtracted from [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B cha Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above. 					
e R b	□ [Subtract. ref. 3]	[No] (nO)				
	 Selection of a reference to be subtracted from [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above. 	innel] (Fr1b).				
ПЯ2	[Multiplier ref. 2]	[No] (nO)				
	Selection of a multiplier reference [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b). Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above. 					
п я э	[Multiplier ref. 3]	[No] (nO)				
	 Selection of a multiplier reference [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b). Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above. 					



(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. (2) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr).



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[RAMP] (continued)		
<u>е</u> п 1 ()	 [Begin Acc round] (1) Rounding of start of acceleration ramp as a % of ramp time. Can be set between 0 and 100% The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp type] 		
<u>е я 2</u> ()	 [End Acc round] (1) Rounding of end of acceleration ramp as a % of t ramp time. Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Acc ro The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp typ] 	und] (tA1))	
<u>е п э</u> ()	 [Begin Dec round] (1) Rounding of start of deceleration ramp as a % of ramp time. Can be set between 0 and 100% The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp type] 		
<u>е пч</u> ()	 (1) Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of the time. Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Dec rooted - The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp type] 	und] (tA3))	

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.



Code	Name/Description		Adjustmer	nt range	Factory setting			
	[RAMP] (continued)						
FrE	[Ramp 2 thresh	1600 Hz o rating	0 Hz					
	Ramp switching threshold The 2 nd ramp is switched if the value of Frt is not 0 (0 deactivates the function) and the output frequency is greater than Frt. Threshold ramp switching can be combined with [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) switching as follows:							
	LI or bit	Frequency	Ramp					
	0	<frt< th=""><th>ACC, dEC</th><th></th><th></th></frt<>	ACC, dEC					
	0	>Frt	AC2, dE2					
	1	<frt< th=""><th>AC2, dE2</th><th></th><th></th></frt<>	AC2, dE2					
	1	>Frt	AC2, dE2					
r P 5	[No] (nO)							
	□ [No] (nO): Not assi □ [LI1] (LI1) :	igned			<u></u>			
I	 [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. ACC and dEC are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 0. AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1. 							
R C 2	□ [Acceleration 2] (1) 0.01 to 600	0 s (2)	5.0 s			
0	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) or [Nominal freq sync.] (FrSS) (page <u>82</u>). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) > 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assigned.							
d E 2	[Deceleration 2] (1) 0.01 to 600	0 s (2)	5.0 s			
0	Time to decelerate that this value is co	from [Rated motor freq.] (From patible with the inertia bein be accessed if [Ramp 2 thr	ng driven.					

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
(2) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page <u>152</u>.



Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	ge Factory setting
	[RAMP] (continued)	
br A	[Dec ramp adapt.]	[Yes] (YES)
n D 9 E S	 Activating this function automatically adapts the deceleration ramp, if this has for the inertia of the load, which can cause an overvoltage fault. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active, for applications that do not require strong decel The following selections appear depending on the rating of the drive and [Mote They enable stronger deceleration to be obtained than with [Yes] (YES). Use determine your selection. 	eration. or control type] <mark>(Ctt)</mark> page <u>70</u> .
4 4 n A 4 4 n b 4 4 n C	 When [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is configured on [High torq. X] (dYnX), the dynamic are improved by the addition of a current flow component. The aim is to increase energy stored in the motor. [High torq. A] (dYnA) : Addition of a constant current flow component. [High torq. B] (dYnA) : Addition of a current flow component oscillating at 100 [High torq. C] (dYnC) : Addition of a current flow component oscillating at 200 amplitude. [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is forced to [No] (nO) if the brake logic control[Brake at (page 175), or if [Braking balance] (bbA) page <u>98</u> = [Yes] (YES). The factory set (dYnA) with certain ratings if [Sinus filter] (OFI) page <u>72</u> = [Yes] (YES). The function is incompatible with applications requiring: Positioning on a ramp The use of a braking resistor (the resistor would not operate correctly) If [Speed loop type] (SSL) = [High perfor.] (HPF), it is advisable de assign [De [No] (nO) or [Yes] (YES) (see page <u>155</u>). 	se the iron loss and magnetic Hz Hz but with a greater ssignment] (bLC) is assigned tting changes to [High torq. A]
	CAUTION	
	Do not use [High torq. B] (dYnB) or [High torq. C] (dYnC) configurations if the motor i synchronous motor, as it will be demagnetized. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.	s a permanent magnet

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
5 <i>22</i> -	[STOP CONFIGURATION] Note: Some types of stop cannot be used with page <u>145</u> .	all other functions. Follow	the instructions on			
5 E E r NP F 5 E n 5 E d C 1	[Ramp stop] [Ramp stop] (rMP) Stop mode on disappearance of the run command or appearance of a stop command. [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop [Freewheel stop] (nSt): Freewheel stop [Freewheel stop] (nSt): Freewheel stop					
	 [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop Note: If the "brake logic" function on page 1 (tLS) page <u>63</u> or <u>196</u> is not 0, only ramp type 		d.			
FFE	[Freewheel stop Thd.] (1)	0.0 to 1600 Hz	0.0 Hz			
0	 This parameter supports switching from a ramp stop or a fast stop to a freewheel stop below a low speed threshold. It can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [Fast stop] (FSt) or [Ramp stop] (rMP). 0.0: Does not switch to freewheel stop. 0.1 to 1600 Hz: Speed threshold below which the motor will switch to freewheel stop. 					
n 5 E	[Freewheel stop ass.]		[No] (nO)			
n 0 L - - C 0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	 [No] (nO): Not assigned [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] can be switched with possible logic inputs [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] can be switched without logic inputs 					
	The stop is activated when the input or the bit chang command is still active, the motor will only restart if [2 the [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority	/3 wire control] (tCC) pag	e <u>102</u> = [2 wire] (2C) and			
FSE	□ [Fast stop assign.]		[No] (nO)			
n 0 L - - -	 Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 145. [No] (nO): Not assigned [L11] (L11) [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 139. The stop is activated when the input changes to 0 or the bit changes to 1 (bit in [I/O profile] (IO) at 0). If 					
	the input returns to state 1 and the run command is control] (tCC) page <u>102</u> = [2 wire] (2C) and the [2 wire If not, a new run command must be sent.	e type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL				
d C F	[Ramp divider] (1)	0 to 10	4			
O O	The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [Fast stop] (FSt) and if [Fast stop assign.] (FSt) is not [No] (nO). The ramp that is enabled (dEC or dE2) is then divided by this coefficient when stop requests are sent. Value 0 corresponds to a minimum ramp time.					

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

()

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting			
	[STOP CONFIGURATION] (contin	iued)					
d C I	[DC injection assign.]	□ [DC injection assign.] [No] (nO)					
	Note: This function cannot be used with	certain othe	er functions. Follow the in	structions on page <u>145</u> .			
n 0	[No] (nO): Not assigned						
L -	□ [LI1] (LI1) 						
1	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page	ie <u>139</u> .					
	DC injection braking is initiated when the assigned input or bit changes to state 1. If the input returns to state 1 and the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page $102 = [2 \text{ wire}]$ (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). If not, a new run command must be sent.						
IdC	[DC inject. level 1] (1)) (3)	0.1 to 1.41 ln (2)	0.64 ln (2)			
0	Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic input or selected as stop mode. The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [DC injection] (dCl) or if [DC injection assign.] (dCl) is not [No] (nO).						
	C	AUTIO	N				
	Check that the motor will withstand this cur Failure to follow this instruction can res						
Ed I	□ [DC injection time 1] (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s			
0	Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level inject. level 2] (IdC2). The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop is not [No] (nO).						
i a c a ()	□ [DC inject. level 2] (1) (3)	0.1 In (2) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 ln (2)			
	Injection current activated by logic input or selected as stop mode, once period of time [DC injection time 1] (tdl) has elapsed. The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [DC injection] (dCl) or if [DC injection assign.] (dCl) is not [No] (nO).						
	CAUTION						
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.						
EdC	□ [DC injection time 2] (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s			
0	Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (Id(The parameter can be accessed if [Stop type]			de only.			

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

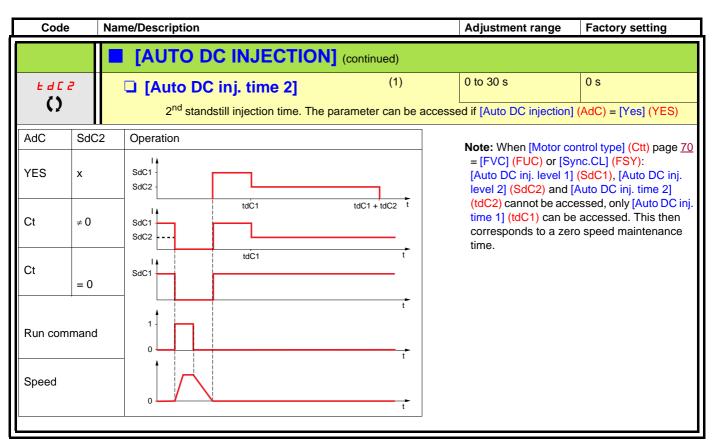
(3) Warning: These settings are independent of the [AUTO DC INJECTION] (AdC-) function.

()

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
AGC -	[AUTO DC INJECTION]					
пас ()	[Auto DC injection] Automatic current injection on stopping (at the end of the	ramp)	[Yes] (YES)			
n D 9 E S C E	 [No] (nO): No injection. [Yes] (YES): Adjustable injection time. [Continuous] (Ct): Continuous standstill injection. Warning: There is an interlock between this function and (FLU) = [Continuous] (FCt) [Auto DC injection] (Adc) must Note: This parameter gives rise to the injection of c It can be accessed with the drive running. 	be [No] (nO).				
SdC I	□ [Auto DC inj. level 1] (1)	0 to 1.2 ln (2)	0.7 ln (2)			
0	Level of standstill DC injection current. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) is not [No] (nO) and cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY). This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn).					
	CAUTIO	N				
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without Failure to follow this instruction can result in equip	-				
EdC I	□ [Auto DC inj. time 1] (1)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s			
0	Standstill injection time. The parameter can be accessed in If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [FVC] (FUC) or [Syn speed maintenance time.					
5362	[Auto DC inj. level 2] (1)	0 to 1.2 ln (2)	0.5 ln (2)			
0	2^{nd} level of standstill DC injection current. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) is not [No] (nO) and cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page $\underline{70}$ = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY). This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page $\underline{70}$ = [Sync. mot.] (SYn).					
	CAUTION					
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without Failure to follow this instruction can result in equip					

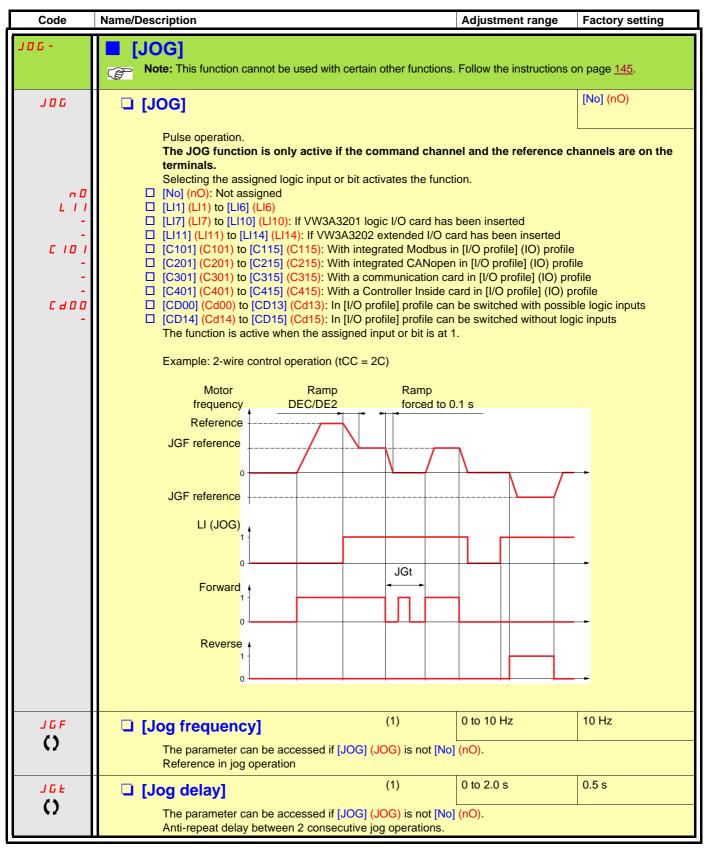
(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.





(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

()



(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.



Preset speeds

2, 4, 8 or 16 speeds can be preset, requiring 1, 2, 3 or 4 logic inputs respectively.

```
Note: You must configure 2 and 4 speeds in order to obtain 4 speeds.
You must configure 2, 4 and 8 speeds in order to obtain 8 speeds.
You must configure 2, 4, 8, and 16 speeds in order to obtain 16 speeds.
```

Combination table for preset speed inputs

16 speeds LI (PS16)	8 speeds LI (PS8)	4 speeds LI (PS4)	2 speeds LI (PS2)	Speed reference
0	0	0	0	Reference (1)
0	0	0	1	SP2
0	0	1	0	SP3
0	0	1	1	SP4
0	1	0	0	SP5
0	1	0	1	SP6
0	1	1	0	SP7
0	1	1	1	SP8
1	0	0	0	SP9
1	0	0	1	SP10
1	0	1	0	SP11
1	0	1	1	SP12
1	1	0	0	SP13
1	1	0	1	SP14
1	1	1	0	SP15
1	1	1	1	SP16

(1) See the diagram on page 133: Reference 1 = (SP1).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
P55-	[PRESET SPEEDS] Note: This function cannot be used with certain oth	er functions. Follow the ins	structions on page <u>145</u> .
P 5 2	[2 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive		
L	[LI1] (LI1)		
-] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> .		
P 5 4	[4 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive		<u>I</u>
LII	[L11] (L11)		
-] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> .		
	To obtain 4 speeds you must also configure 2 speeds.		
P 5 8	[8 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive		
LII	□ [LI1] (LI1)		
-			
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> .		
	To obtain 8 speeds you must also configure 2 and 4 spe	eeds.	
P 5 16	[16 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive		
L -	□ [LI1] (LI1) 		
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> .		
	To obtain 16 speeds you must also configure 2, 4 and 8	3 speeds.	

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PRESET SPEEDS] (contin	nued)		
5 <i>P 2</i> ()	[Preset speed 2]	(1)	0 to 1600 Hz	10 Hz
5 P 3 ()	[Preset speed 3]	(1)		15 Hz
5 P 4 ()	[Preset speed 4]	(1)		20 Hz
5 P 5 ()	[Preset speed 5]	(1)		25 Hz
5 P 6 ()	[Preset speed 6]	(1)		30 Hz
5 P 7 ()	[Preset speed 7]	(1)		35 Hz
5 <i>P 8</i> ()	[Preset speed 8]	(1)		40 Hz
5 P 9 ()	[Preset speed 9]	(1)		45 Hz
5 P 10 ()	[Preset speed 10]	(1)		50 Hz
5 P ()	[Preset speed 11]	(1)		55 Hz
5 <i>P 12</i>	[Preset speed 12]	(1)		60 Hz
5 P I 3 ()	[Preset speed 13]	(1)		70 Hz
5 P 14 ()	[Preset speed 14]	(1)		80 Hz
5 P 15 ()	[Preset speed 15]	(1)		90 Hz
5P 16	[Preset speed 16]	(1)		100 Hz
()	The appearance of these [Preset s configured.	speed x] (SPx) para	meters is determined by the	number of speeds

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

()

+/- speed

Two types of operation are available.

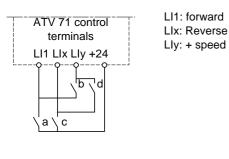
- Use of single action buttons: Two logic inputs are required in addition to the operating direction(s). The input assigned to the "+ speed" command increases the speed, the input assigned to the "- speed" command decreases the speed.
- 2. Use of double action buttons: Only one logic input assigned to "+ speed" is required.

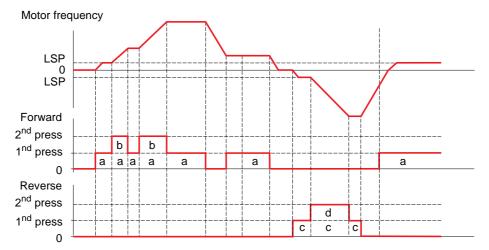
+/- speed with double-press buttons:

Description: 1 button pressed twice (2 steps) for each direction of rotation. A contact closes each time the button is pressed.

	Released (- speed)	1 st press (speed maintained)	2 nd press (faster)
Forward button	-	а	a and b
Reverse button	_	С	c and d

Example of wiring:





Do not use this +/-speed type with 3-wire control.

Whichever type of operation is selected, the max. speed is set by [High speed] (HSP) (see page 56).

Note:

If the reference is switched via rFC (see page <u>141</u>) from any one reference channel to another reference channel with "+/- speed", the value of reference rFr (after ramp) may be copied at the same time in accordance with the [Copy channel 1 --> 2] (COP) parameter, see page <u>142</u>. If the reference is switched via rFC (see page <u>141</u>) from one reference channel to any other reference channel with "+/- speed", the value of reference rFr (after ramp) is always copied at the same time.

This prevents the speed being incorrectly reset to zero when switching takes place.

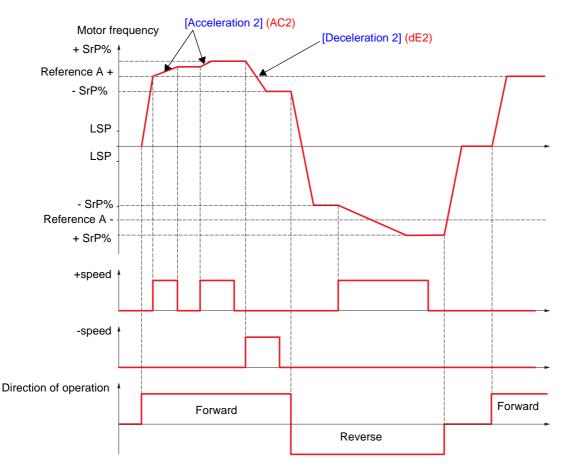
Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting	
UPd-	[+/- SPEED] Function can be accessed if reference channel [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [+/-Speed] (UPdt) see page 141. Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 145.		
U S P	[+ speed assignment]	[No] (nO)	
n 0 L - - C 0 - - - - C 0 0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted [L17] (L17) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] can be switched with possible log [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] can be switched without logic inp 		
	Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1.	[No] (nO)	
d 5 P	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted [L111] (L11) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] can be switched with possible logic inputs [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] can be switched without logic inputs 		
5 <i>E r</i>	[Reference saved]	[No] (nO)	
п D г Я П Е Е Р	 Associated with the "+/- speed" function, this parameter can be used to save the re When the run commands disappear (saved to RAM) When the line supply or the run commands disappear (saved to EEPROM) Therefore, the next time the drive starts up, the speed reference is the last refere [No] (nO): No save (the next time the drive starts up, the speed reference is [Low page 44) [RAM] (rAM): Saved in RAM [EEprom] (EEP): Saved in EEPROM 	nce saved.	

+/- speed around a reference

The reference is given by Fr1 or Fr1b with summing/subtraction/multiplication functions and preset speeds if relevant (see the diagram on page <u>133</u>). For improved clarity, we will call this reference A. The action of the +speed and -speed buttons can be set as a % of this reference A. On stopping, the reference (A +/- speed) is not saved, so the drive restarts with reference A+ only.

The maximum total reference is always limited by [High speed] (HSP) and the minimum reference by [Low speed] (LSP), see page 56.

Example of 2-wire control:



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
5 r E-	[+/-SPEED AROUND REF.] The function can be accessed for reference channel [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1). Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 145.			
US I	[+ speed assignment]		[No] (nO)	
n 0	[No] (nO): Function inactive			
L 1 1	□ [L11] (L11)			
-	 [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1. 			
d 5 I	- · ·		[No] (nO)	
- <u>-</u>	[-Speed assignment] [No] (nO): Function inactive			
L - -	 [LI1] (LI1) [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. 			
	Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1.			
Sr P	[+/-Speed limitation]	0 to 50 %	10 %	
0	This parameter limits the variation range with +/- speed as a % of the reference. The ramps used in this function are[Acceleration 2] (AC2) and [Deceleration 2] (dE2). The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.			
AC 2	[Acceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 6000 s (2)	5.0 s	
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) or [Nominal freq sync.] (FrSS) page <u>82</u> . Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.			
d E 2	[Deceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 6000 s (2)	5.0 s	
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) or sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being d The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned	iven.	b) page <u>82</u> to 0. Make	

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page <u>152</u>.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

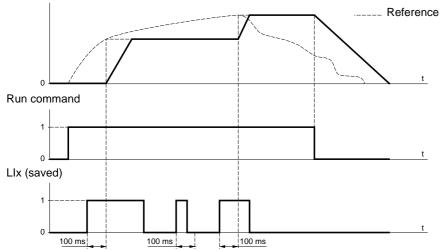
()

Save reference

Saving a speed reference value using a logic input command lasting longer than 0.1 s.

- This function is used to control the speed of several drives alternately via a single analog reference and one logic input for each drive.
- It is also used to confirm a line reference (communication bus or network) on several drives via a logic input. This allows movements to be synchronized by getting rid of variations when the reference is set.
- The reference is acquired 100 ms after the rising edge of the request. A new reference is not then acquired until a new request is made.

F: Motor frequency



Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 <i>P</i> // -	[MEMO REFERENCE]	
5 P N	[Ref. memo ass.]	[No] (nO)
n 0 L - L 4	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted Assignment to a logic input Function active if the assigned input is at 1. 	

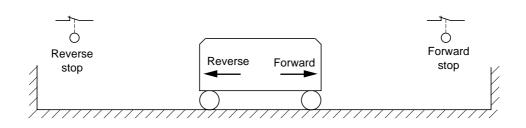
Limit switch management

This function can be used to manage trajectory limits using limit switches.

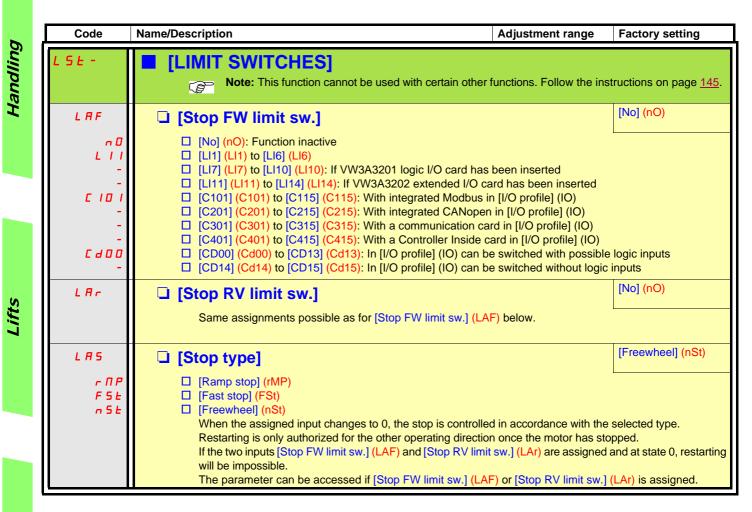
The stop mode is configurable.

When the stop contact is activated, startup in the other direction is authorized.

Example:



The stop is activated when the input is at 0 (contact open).



Brake logic control

Used to control an electromagnetic brake by the drive, for horizontal and vertical hoisting applications, and for unbalanced machines.

Principle:

Vertical hoisting movement:

Maintain motor torque in the driving load holding direction during brake opening and closing, in order to hold the load, start smoothly when the brake is released and stop smoothly when the brake is engaged.

Horizontal movement:

Synchronize brake release with the build-up of torque during startup and brake engage at zero speed on stopping, to prevent jolting.

Recommended settings for brake logic control for a vertical hoisting application:



UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

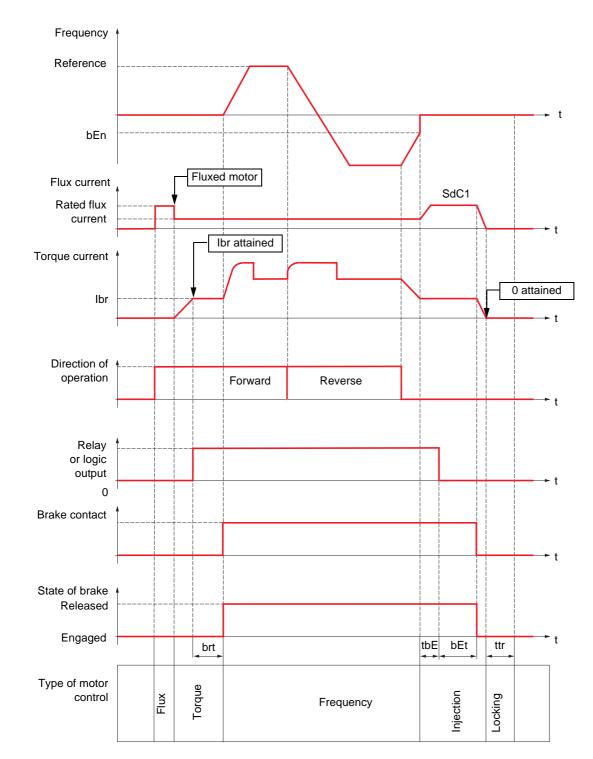
Check that the selected settings and configurations will not result in the dropping or loss of control of the load being lifted.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.

- Brake impulse (bIP): YES. Ensure that the direction of rotation FW corresponds to lifting the load. For applications in which the load being lowered is very different from the load being lifted, set BIP = 2 lbr (e.g., ascent always with a load and descent always without a load).
- 2. Brake release current (lbr and Ird if BIP = 2 lbr): Adjust the brake release current to the rated current indicated on the motor. During testing, adjust the brake release current in order to hold the load smoothly.
- Acceleration time: For hoisting applications it is advisable to set the acceleration ramps to more than 0.5 seconds. Ensure that the drive does not exceed the current limit. The same recommendation applies for deceleration. Reminder: For a hoisting movement, a braking resistor should be used.
- 4. Brake release time (brt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to release.
- 5. Brake release frequency (blr), in open-loop mode only: Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.
- 6. Brake engage frequency (bEn): Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.
- 7. Brake engage time (bEt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to engage.

Recommended settings for brake logic control for a horizontal hoisting application:

- 1. Brake impulse (bIP): No
- 2. Brake release current (lbr): Set to 0.
- 3. Brake release time (brt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to release.
- **4.** Brake engage frequency (bEn), in open-loop mode only: Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.
- 5. Brake engage time (bEt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to engage.



Brake logic control, horizontal movement in open-loop mode

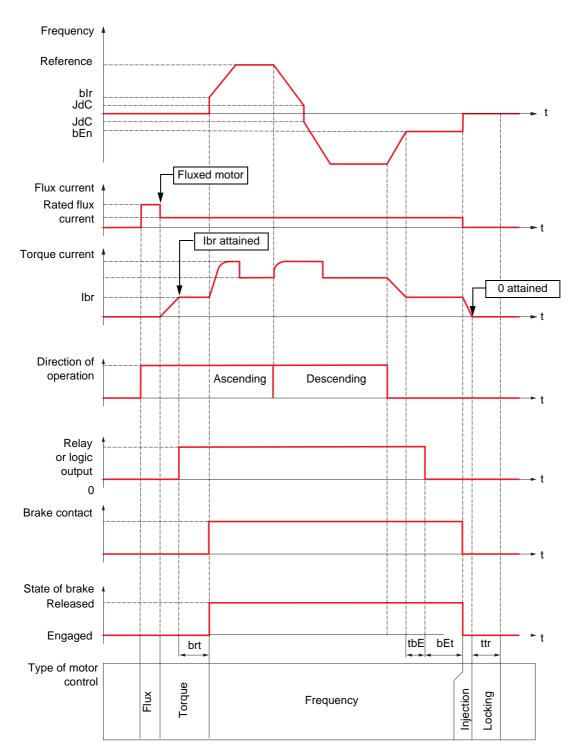
Key:

Handling

Lifts

Hoisting

- (bEn): [Brake engage freq]
- (bEt): [Brake engage time]
- (brt): [Brake Release time] - (lbr): [Brake release I FW]
- (SdC1): [Auto DC inj. level 1]
- (tbE): [Brake engage delay]
- (ttr): [Time to restart]

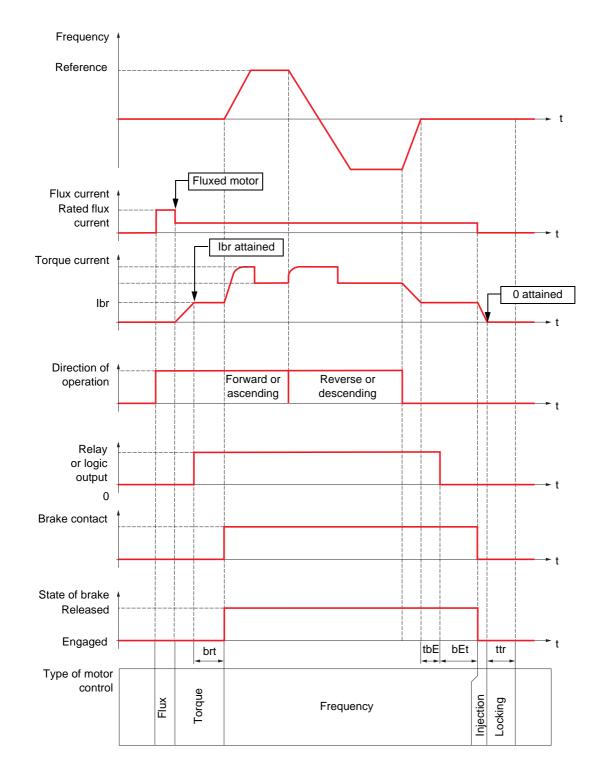


Brake logic control, vertical movement in open-loop mode

Key:

- (bEn): [Brake engage freq]
- (bEt): [Brake engage time]
- (blr): [Brake release freq]
- (brt): [Brake Release time]
- (Ibr): [Brake release I FW]
- (JdC): [Jump at reversal]
- (tbE): [Brake engage delay]
- (ttr): [Time to restart]

Handling



Brake logic control, vertical or horizontal movement in closed-loop mode

Key:

Handling

Lifts

Hoisting

- (bEt): [Brake engage time]
- (brt): [Brake Release time]
- (Ibr): [Brake release I FW]
- (tbE): [Brake engage delay]
- (ttr): [Time to restart]

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting			
6LC -	[BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL]				
	Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the inst				
6 L C	[Brake assignment]	[No] (nO)			
	Note: If the brake is assigned, only a ramp stop is possible. Check the [Type of stop] (Stt) page 156.				
	Brake logic control can only be assigned if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [SVC V] (UUC), [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC), or if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) for ATV71eeeN4 from 90 kW and for ATV71eeeM3X from 55 kW. Logic output or control relay				
n 0 r 2	 [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the function parameters can [R2] (r2) 	be accessed).			
- - 4 L 0 1	to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted). [LO1] (LO1)				
L 0 4 2 0 1	to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected). [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page <u>126</u> = [No] (nO).				
6 5 E	[Movement type]	[Hoisting] (UEr)			
HOr	[Traveling] (HOr): Resistive-load movement (translational motion of overhead crane	e, for example).			
	Note : If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) for ATV71•••N4 from 90 kW nd for ATV71•••M3X from 55 kW, [Movement type] (bSt) is forced to [Traveling] (HOr).				
UEr	 [Hoisting] (UEr): Driving-load movement (hoisting winch, for example). If [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) page <u>183</u> is not [No] (nO) [Movement type] (bSt) is forced to [Hoisting] (UEr). 				
6C /	[Brake contact]	[No] (nO)			
	If the brake has a monitoring contact (closed for released brake). [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) : :				
ЬІР	 [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. [Brake impulse] 	[No] (nO)			
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) = [No] (nO) (see page <u>183</u>) and if [Movement				
n D 4 E S	 type] (bSt) = [Hoisting] (UEr). [No] (nO): The motor torque is given in the required operating direction, at current lbr. [Yes] (YES): The motor torque is always Forward (check that this direction corresponds to ascending), at current lbr. 				
2 br	 [2 IBR] (2lbr): The torque is in the required direction, at current lbr for Forward and Ird for Reverse, for certain specific applications. 				
lbr	(1) 0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0			
()	Brake release current threshold for ascending or forward movement The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) = [No] (nO) (see page <u>183</u>).				
lr d	(1) 0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0			
()	Brake release current threshold for ascending or forward movement The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) = [No] (nO) (see page	e <u>183</u>).			

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

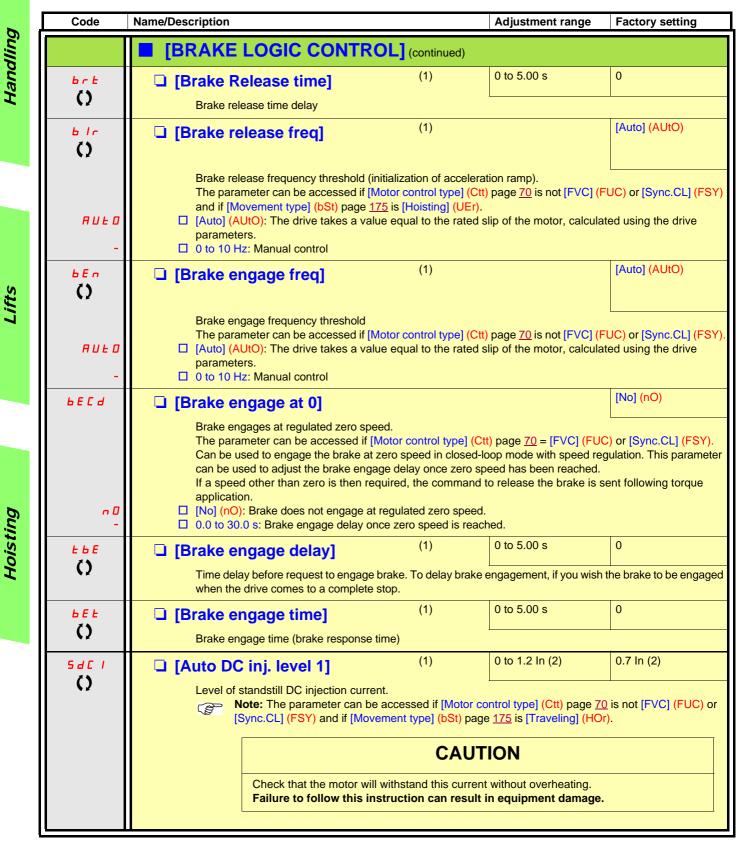
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

()

Handling

Lifts

Hoisting



(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

()

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	[BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL] (continued)				
ь е d ()	[Engage at reversal]			[No] (nO)	
n D 9 E S					
<u>ا ه د</u> ()	[Jump at reversal]	(1)	0 to 10.0 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)	
A U E O -	 The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> is not [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) and if [Movement type] (bSt) page <u>175</u> is [Hoisting] (UEr). [Auto] (AUtO): The drive takes a value equal to the rated slip of the motor, calculated using the drive parameters. 0 to 10 Hz: Manual control When the reference direction is reversed, this parameter can be used to avoid loss of torque (and consequential release of load) on transition to zero speed. Parameter is not applicable if [Engage at reversal] (bEd) = [Yes] (YES). 				
	[Time to restart] Time between the end of a brake er	(1) ngage sequence and th	0 to 15.00 s ne start of a brake releas	0 e sequence	

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.



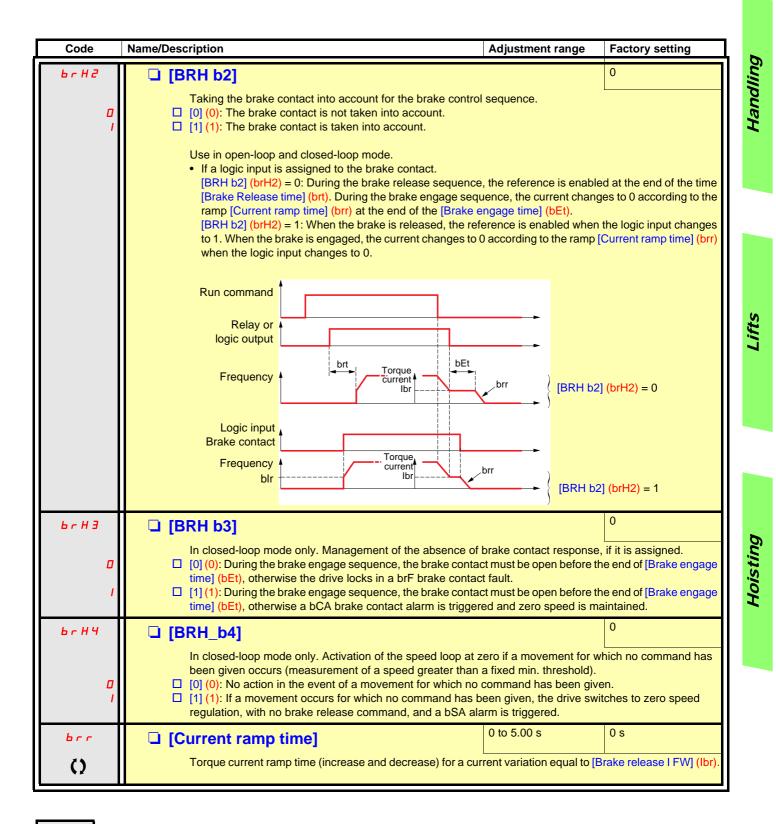
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Lifts

Handling

Brake control logic expert parameters

6	Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Handling	6 r H 0 0 1	Image: Constraint of the brake restant sequence if a run command is repeated while the brake is engaging. 0 Selection of the brake restant sequence if a run command is repeated while the brake is engaging. 0 [0] (0): The engage/release sequence is executed in full. 1 [1] (1): The brake is released immediately. 0 Use in open-loop and closed-loop mode. • A run command may be requested during the brake engagement phase. Whether or not the brake release sequence is executed depends on the value selected for [BRH b0] (brH0).		
		Run command		
Lifts		Frequency Relay or logic output		D] (brH0) = 0
		bEn Relay or logic output		D] (brH0) = 1
	Note: If a run command is requested during the "ttr" phase, the complete brake control sequence is initialized.			ntrol sequence is
Hoisting	6 r H I 0 1	 [BRH b1] Deactivation of the brake contact in steady state fault. [0] (0): The brake contact in steady state fault is active brF brake contact fault is monitored in all operating ph [1] (1): The brake contact in steady state fault is inactive during the brake release and engage phases. 	e (fault if the contact is open nases.	

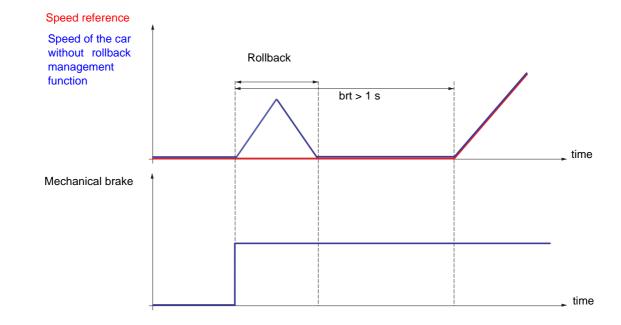


()

Rollback management

In some lift applications (gearless with high inertia), a jerk can be felt in the car at the very beginning of the movement when the break is opened. At this time, because no external weight sensor is used, the torque applied by the motor is not yet at the level required to hold the car. A little movement (up or down, depending on the overall balance occurs). This movement is know as "rollback".

The rollback management function is only available in closed loop ([Motor control type] (Ctt) page $\frac{70}{2}$ = [Sync.CL] (FSY) or [FVC] (FUC)). It increases drive control stiffness during the mechanical brake release to cancel any movement during the brake opening time ([Brake Release time] (brt) page $\frac{176}{2}$).



The [Rollback MGT] (rbM) function can be used to avoid the rollback effect once the following settings are done:

- The speed loop parameters must be set and must not be modified after the [Rollback MGT] (rbM) function activation.
- An adequate [Encoder filter value] (FFr) page <u>117</u> should be set and must not be modified after the [Rollback MGT] (rbM) function activation.
- An appropriate [Brake release I FW] (lbr) page <u>175</u> can be set to apply a current level that corresponds to the more frequent load case (about 25 % of the full load).
- The opening brake sequence must be set with adequate [Brake Release time] (brt) (typically brt > 1 second).

Adjustment recommandations:

- Good speed loop setting is essential for satisfactory rollback compensation results (good tracking of the ramp and well damped response) The speed loop setting optimization initially has to be done with the rollback function disable ([Rollback MGT] (rbM) = [No] (no)).
- It is recommended to increase gradually [Rbk Compensation] (rbC) starting from 0 until rollback motion is reduced to the desired level.
- If vibrations occur while increasing [Rbk Compensation] (rbC), it has to be reduced to stop them. It is possible to increase the damping by increasing the [Rbk Damping] (rbd) setting. It may allows to further increase the [Rbk Compensation] (rbC).
- Note: Elevated [Rbk Damping] (rbd) setting may amplify the encoder quantization noise, so it is recommended to keep this setting as low as possible.
- Depending on the elevator system resonant frequencies and encoder feedback resolution, there will be a practical limit on the performance of the rollback compensation function. Low resolution encoders may not allow desired rollback management.
- **Note:** Sufficient time must be allowed after the brake opening and prior the launch of the speed ramp for the rollback control stabilizes the elevator position.

Code	Nom / Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
г Ь П -	[ROLLBACK MGT] Menu can be accessed: - only for ATV71•••M3X drives up to 45 kW and for ATV7 - if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync.CL] (FSY) of - if [Brake assignment] (bLC) page <u>175</u> is assigned.		V,	
гЬП	[Rollback MGT]		[No] (nO)	
n D 9 E S	Activation of the Rollback management function Image: Noi Include the Rollback management function Image: Image: Rollback management function Imagem			
rЬC	[Rbk Compensation]	0 à 1000 %	100 %	
0	Parameter can be accessed if reference channel [Rollt Proportionnal gain of the position controller	back MGT] (rbM) = [Yes] (YES)	
rЬd	[Rbk Damping]	0 à 1000 %	100 %	
0	Parameter can only be accessed in [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expert] mode and if reference channel [Rollback MGT] (rbM) = [Yes] (YES). Differential gain of the position controller.			

()

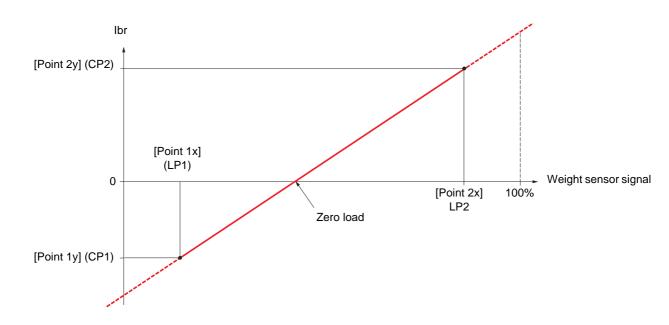
Load measurement

This function uses the information supplied by a weight sensor to adapt the current [Brake release I FW] (lbr) of the [BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL] (bLC-) function. The signal from the weight sensor can be assigned to an analog input (usually a 4 - 20 mA signal), to the pulse-in input or to the encoder input, according to the type of weight sensor.

Examples:

- Measurement of the total weight of a hoisting winch and its load
- Measurement of the total weight of an elevator winch, the cabin and counterweight

The current [Brake release I FW] (Ibr) is adapted in accordance with the curve below.



This curve can represent a weight sensor on an elevator winch, where zero load on the motor occurs when the load in the cabin is not zero.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
Е L П -	EXTERNAL WEIGHT MEAS.]				
PES	[Weight sensor ass.]		[No] (nO)		
- 0 A I I A I 2 A I 3 A I 4 P I P 0 A I U I	Function can be accessed if brake logic control is assigned (see page <u>175</u>). If [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) is not [No] (nO), [Movement type] (bSt) page <u>175</u> is forced to [Hoisting] (UEr). [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) is not authorized in [U/F 2pts] (UF2) or [U/F 5pts] (UF5). [No] (nO): Function inactive [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [RP] (P]): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [RP] (P]): Frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Network Al] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication bus, to be configured via [Al net. channel] (AlC1) page 111. WARNING UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 262), the virtual input remains fixed at the last value transmitted. Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the same configuration.				
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in dea	th or serious injury.			
LPI	[Point 1 X]	0 to 99.99%	0		
	0 to 99.99% of signal on assigned input. [Point 1x] (LP1) must be less than [Point 2x] (LP2). The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (F	PES) is assigned.			
CP I	[Point 1Y]	-1.36 to +1.36 ln (1)	- In		
	Current corresponding to load [Point 1 X] (LP1), in A. The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (F	PES) is assigned.			
LP2	[Point 2X]	0.01 to 100%	50%		
	0.01 to 100% of signal on assigned input. [Point 2x] (LP2) must be greater than [Point 1x] (LP1). The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) is assigned.				
C P 2	[Point 2Y]	-1.36 to +1.36 ln (1)	0		
	Current corresponding to load [Point 2x] (LP2), in A. The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (F	PES) is assigned.			
()	[Ibr 4-20 mA loss] Brake release current in the event of the loss of the weigh This parameter can be accessed if the weight sensor is ass loss fault is deactivated.		0 nt input and the 4-20 mA		
	Recommended settings: - 0 for elevators - Rated motor current for a hoisting application				

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

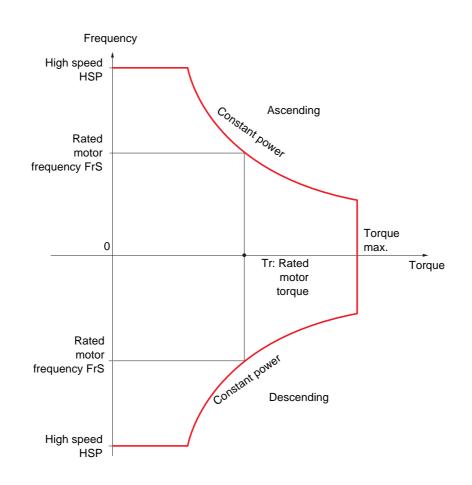
183

High-speed hoisting

This function can be used to optimize the cycle times for hoisting movements for zero or lightweight loads. It authorizes operation at "constant power" in order to reach a speed greater than the rated speed without exceeding the rated motor current. The speed remains limited by the [High speed] (HSP) parameter, page <u>56</u>.

The function acts on the speed reference pedestal and not on the reference itself.

Principle:



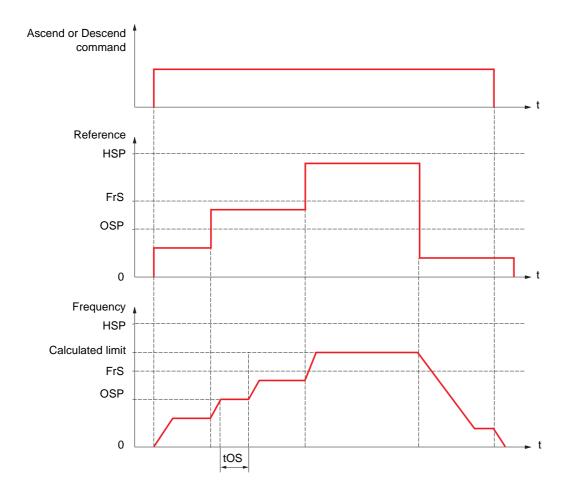
CAUTION

For permanent magnet synchronous motors, the maximum permissible speed must not be exceeded, otherwise demagnetization may occur. The maximum speed permitted by the motor, drive chain or application must not be exceeded at any time. **Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.**

There are 2 possible operating modes:

- "Speed reference" mode: The maximum permissible speed is calculated by the drive during a speed step that is set so that the drive can measure the load.
- "Current limitation" mode: The maximum permissible speed is the speed that supports current limitation in motor mode, in the "Ascending" direction only. For the "Descending" direction, operation is always in "Speed reference" mode.

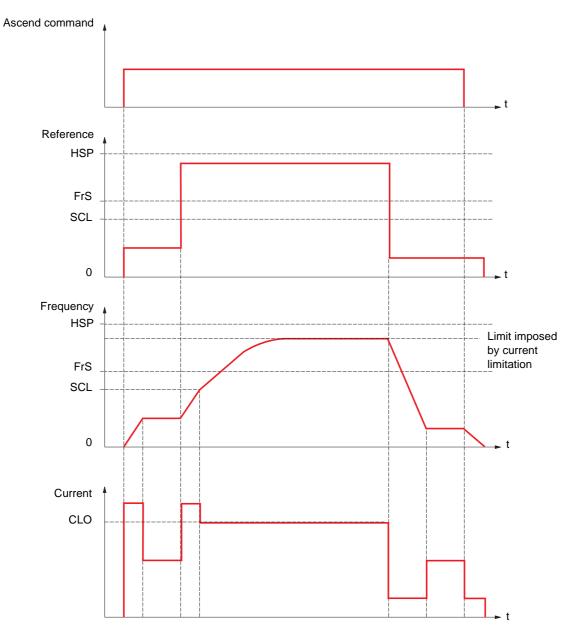
Speed reference mode



OSP: Adjustable speed step for load measurement tOS: Load measuring time

Two parameters are used to reduce the speed calculated by the drive, for ascending and descending.

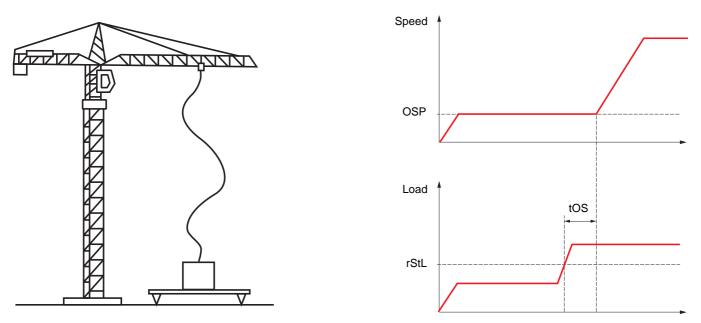
Current limiting mode



SCL: Adjustable speed threshold, above which current limitation is active CLO: Current limitation for high-speed function

Rope slack

The "rope slack" function can be used to prevent starting up at high speed when a load has been set down ready for lifting but the rope is still slack (as illustrated below).



Note: Operation will only be optimized in speed reference mode: [High speed hoisting] (HSO) = [Speed ref] (SSO).

The speed step (OSP parameters) described on page <u>185</u> is used to measure the load. The effective measurement cycle will not be triggered until the load reaches the adjustable threshold rStL, which corresponds to the weight of the hook.

A logic output or a relay can be assigned to the indication of the "rope slack" state in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu.

Hoisting

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
H 5 H -	[HIGH SPEED HOISTING] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions.	Follow the instructions	on page <u>145</u> .
H 5 D	[High speed hoisting]		[No] (nO)
n 0 5 5 0 C 5 0	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [Speed ref] (SSO): "Speed reference" mode [I Limit] (CSO): "Current limitation" mode 		
C O F	[Motor speed coeff.]	0 to 100%	100%
()	Speed reduction coefficient calculated by the drive for Asc The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (H	0)).
C D r	Gen. speed coeff]	0 to 100%	50%
()	Speed reduction coefficient calculated by the drive for Des The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (High speed hoisting)		
E 0 5	[Load measuring tm.]	0.1 s to 65 s	0.5 s
()	Duration of speed step for measurement. The parameter can b2e accessed if [High speed hoisting] (
0 S P	[Measurement spd]	0 to FrS or FrSS (1)	40 Hz
()	Speed stabilized for measurement. The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (F		
<u> </u>	[High speed Limit]	0 to 1.65 ln (2)	In
0	Current limitation at high speed. The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (H The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching free Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive ma if this has been enabled (see page <u>242</u>).	.](SFr) page <u>62</u> is less t	
5 C L	[I Limit. frequency]	0 to 500 or 1600 Hz according to rating	40 Hz
()	Frequency threshold, above which the high-speed limitatio The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (High speed hoisting)	n current is active.	
r 5 d	[Rope slack config.]		[No] (nO)
n D dr I PES	 Rope slack function. The parameter can be accessed if [Hi [No] (nO): Function inactive [Drive estim.] (drl): Measurement of the load by estimating [Ext. sensor] (PES): Measurement of the load using a weigh ass.] (PES) page <u>183</u> is not [No] (nO). Note: Operation will only be optimized if [High speced] 	the torque generated by t sensor, can only be ass	/ the drive. signed if [Weight sensor
rSEL	[Rope slack trq level]	0 to 100%	0%
	Adjustment threshold corresponding to a load weighing slig of the rated load. The parameter can be accessed if [Rope slack trq level] (r		k when off-load, as a %

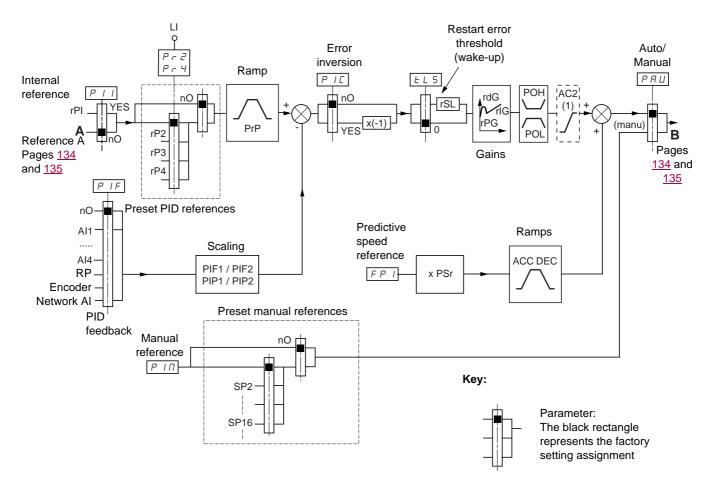
(1) [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) page <u>76</u> for an asynchronous motor or [Nominal freq sync.] (FrSS) page <u>82</u> for a synchronous motor. (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.



PID regulator

Block diagram

The function is activated by assigning an analog input to the PID feedback (measurement).



(1) Ramp AC2 is only active when the PID function starts up and during PID "wake-ups".

PID feedback:

The PID feedback must be assigned to one of the analog inputs AI1 to AI4, to the frequency input or the encoder, according to whether any extension cards have been inserted.

PID reference:

The PID reference must be assigned to the following parameters:

- Preset references via logic inputs (rP2, rP3, rP4)
- In accordance with the configuration of [Act. internal PID ref.] (PII) pages 193:
 - Internal reference (rPI) or
 - Reference A (Fr1 or Fr1b, see page 134)

Combination table for preset PID references

LI (Pr4)	LI (Pr2)	Pr2 = nO	Reference
			rPI or A
0	0	rPI or A	
0	1	rP2	
1	0		rP3
1	1		rP4

A predictive speed reference can be used to initialize the speed on restarting the process.

Scaling of feedback and references:

PIF1, PIF2 parameters
 Can be used to scale the PID feedback (sensor range).
 This scale MUST be maintained for all other parameters.

• PIP1, PIP2 parameters

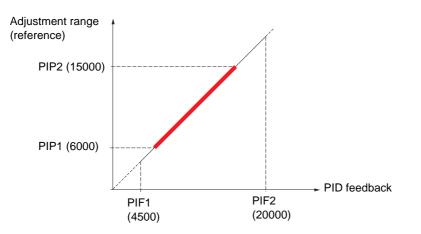
Can be used to scale the adjustment range, i.e., the reference. The adjustment range MUST lie within the sensor range.

The maximum value of the scaling parameters is 32767. To facilitate installation, we recommend using values as close as possible to this maximum level, while retaining powers of 10 in relation to the actual values.

Example (see graph below): Adjustment of the volume in a tank, between 6 m³ and 15 m³.

- Sensor used 4-20 mA, 4.5 m³ for 4 mA, 20 m³ for 20 mA, with the result that PIF1 = 4500 and PIF2 = 20000.
- Adjustment range 6 to 15 m³, with the result that PIP1 = 6000 (min. reference) and PIP2 = 15000 (max. reference).
- Example references:
- rP1 (internal reference) = 9500
- rp2 (preset reference) = 6500
- rP3 (preset reference) = 8000
- rP4 (preset reference) = 11200

The [DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu can be used to customize the name of the unit displayed and its format.



Other parameters:

rSL parameter:

Can be used to set the PID error threshold, above which the PID regulator will be reactivated (wake-up) after a stop due to the max. time threshold being exceeded at low speed (tLS).

- Reversal of the direction of correction (PIC): If PIC = nO, the speed of the motor will increase when the error is positive, for example: pressure control with a compressor. If PIC = YES, the speed of the motor will decrease when the error is positive, for example: temperature control using a cooling fan.
- The integral gain may be short-circuited by a logic input.
- An alarm on the PID feedback may be configured and indicated by a logic output.
- An alarm on the PID error may be configured and indicated by a logic output.

Process

"Manual - Automatic" operation with PID

This function combines the PID regulator, the preset speeds and a manual reference. Depending on the state of the logic input, the speed reference is given by the preset speeds or by a manual reference input via the PID function.

Manual reference (PIM)

- Analog inputs Al1 to Al4
- Frequency input
- Encoder

Predictive speed reference (FPI)

- [AI1] (AI1): Analog input
- [AI2] (AI2): Analog input
- [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted
- [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal
- [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus
- [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen
- [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)
- [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)

Setting up the PID regulator

- **1.** Configuration in PID mode
 - See the diagram on page 189.
- 2. Perform a test in factory settings mode (in most cases, this will be sufficient).

To optimize the drive, adjust rPG or rIG gradually and independently and observe the effect on the PID feedback in relation to the reference.

3. If the factory settings are unstable or the reference is incorrect

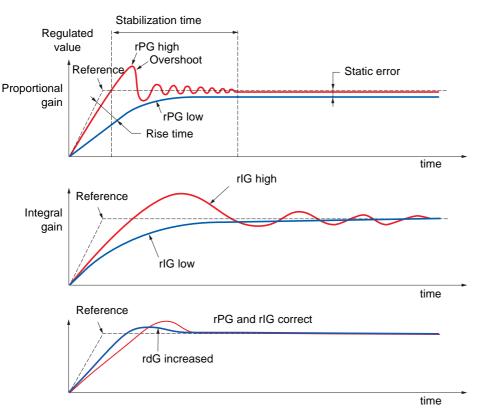
• Perform a test with a speed reference in Manual mode (without PID regulator) and with the drive on load for the speed range of the system:

- In steady state, the speed must be stable and comply with the reference and the PID feedback signal must be stable.

- In transient state, the speed must follow the ramp and stabilize quickly, and the PID feedback must follow the speed.

If this is not the case, see the settings for the drive and/or sensor signal and wiring.

- Switch to PID mode.
- Set brA to no (no auto-adaptation of the ramp).
- Set the PID ramp (PrP) to the minimum permitted by the mechanism without triggering an ObF fault.
- Set the integral gain (rIG) to minimum.
- Leave the derivative gain (rdG) at 0.
- Observe the PID feedback and the reference.
- Switch the drive ON/OFF a number of times or vary the load or reference rapidly a number of times.
- Set the proportional gain (rPG) in order to ascertain the best compromise between response time and stability in transient phases (slight overshoot and 1 to 2 oscillations before stabilizing).
- If the reference varies from the preset value in steady state, gradually increase the integral gain (rIG), reduce the proportional gain (rPG) in the event of instability (pump applications), find a compromise between response time and static precision (see diagram).
- Lastly, the derivative gain may permit the overshoot to be reduced and the response time to be improved, although this will make it more difficult to obtain a compromise in terms of stability, as it depends on 3 gains.
- Perform in-production tests over the whole reference range.



The oscillation frequency depends on the system kinematics.

Parameter	Rise time	Overshoot	Stabilization time	Static error
rPG	**	1	=	X
rIG	`	11	1	**
rdG	=	•	\	=

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Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
Pld-	[PID REGULATOR] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page <u>145</u> .				
PIF	[PID feedback ass.]		[No] (nO)		
п 0 Я 1 1 Я 12 Я 13 Я 14 Р 1 Р 0 Я 1 U 1	 [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) In this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed. [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Network AI] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication bus Note: If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 262), the virtual input remains fixed at the last value transmitted. 				
A IC I	[Al net. channel]		[No] (nO)		
n 0 N d b C A n n E L A P P	 The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) = [Network AI] (AIU1). This parameter can also be accessed in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu. [No] (nO): Not assigned [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) 				
PIFI	[Min PID feedback] (1)		100		
()	Value for minimum feedback. Adjustment range from 0 to [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) (2).				
PIF2	[Max PID feedback] (1)		1000		
0	Value for maximum feedback Adjustment range from [Min	PID feedback] (PIF1) to	32767 (2).		
PIPI	[Min PID reference] (1)		150		
0	Minimum process value. Adjustment range from [Min PID f (2).	eedback] (PIF1) to [Max	× PID reference] (PIP2)		
PIPZ	[Max PID reference] (1)		900		
	Maximum process value Adjustment range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) (2).				
PII	[Act. internal PID ref.]		[No] (nO)		
n 0 9 E S	 Internal PID regulator reference [No] (nO): The PID regulator reference is given by Fr1 or Fr1b with summing/subtraction/multiplication functions (see the diagram on page <u>133</u>). [Yes] (YES): The PID regulator reference is internal via parameter rPI. 				
r P I	[Internal PID ref.]		150		
0	Internal PID regulator reference This parameter can also be accessed in the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu. Adjustment range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Max PID reference] (PIP2) (2).				
r P G	□ [PID prop. gain]	0.01 to 100	1		
()	Proportional gain	<u> </u>			

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

()

Process

Process

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)		
r 16	[PID integral gain]	0.01 to 100	1
0	Integral gain		
r d G ()	[PID derivative gain]	0.00 to 100	0
	Derivative gain (1)	0 to 99.9 s	0 s
	(1) PID acceleration/deceleration ramp, defined to get		
	(PIP2) and vice versa.	ט ווטוון נאווו רוט ופופופונפן (רור	
PIC	[PID correct. reverse]		[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E 5	□ [No] (nO) □ [Yes] (YES)		
	Reversal of the direction of correction (PIC): If PIC = nO, the speed of the motor will increase v	when the error is positive. Exam	ple: pressure control with
	a compressor. If PIC = YES, the speed of the motor will decrease	e when the error is positive. Exa	mple: temperature control
POL	using a cooling fan. [Min PID output] (1)	- 500 to 500 or -1600	0 Hz
Q		to 1600 according to rating	
	Minimum value of regulator output in Hz		
рон ()	□ [Max PID output] (1)	0 to 500 or 1600 according to rating	60 Hz
	Maximum value of regulator output in Hz		
ряL ()	[Min fbk alarm] ⁽¹⁾		100
V 2	Minimum monitoring threshold for regulator feed Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback] (PIF1		(2).
рпн	□ [Max fbk alarm] (1)		1000
\mathbf{O}	Maximum monitoring threshold for regulator feed Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback] (PIF1		(2).
PEr	□ [PID error Alarm] (1)	0 to 65535 (2)	100
0	Regulator error monitoring threshold		
P 15	[PID integral reset]		[No] (nO)
	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [LI1] (LI1) 		
-			
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function is		bled).
	If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function is		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit,

e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

()

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)		
FP I	[Speed ref. assign.]		[No] (nO)
, 0 R R 2 R 3 R 4 L C C N d b C R i C R i R P P I P G	PID regulator predictive speed input [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card h [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card h [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card h [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been	as been inserted has been inserted	
PSr	□ [Speed input %] (1)	1 to 100%	100%
0	Multiplying coefficient for predictive speed input. The parameter cannot be accessed if [Speed ref. assign	.] (FPI) = [No] (nO).	
PRU	[Auto/Manual assign.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	 [No] (nO): The PID is always active. [L11] (L11) : :] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the PID is active. If the assigned input or bit is at 1, manual operation is an another the set of the provide the provided of the pr	ctive.	
A C 2	□ [Acceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 6000 s (3)	5.0 s
0	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS inertia being driven. Ramp AC2 is only active when the PID function starts up		
Р ІП	[Manual reference]		[No] (nO)
00 111 212 13 14 14 14 14 17 19	Manual speed input. The parameter can be accessed if [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card h [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card h [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has beer The preset speeds are active on the manual reference if	as been inserted as been inserted has been inserted n inserted	

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit,

e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

(3) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page 152.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)				
EL S	[Low speed time out] (1)	0 to 999.9 s	0 s		
O	Maximum operating time at [Low speed] (LSP) (see page Following operation at LSP for a defined period, a motor sto if the reference is greater than LSP and if a run command Caution: Value 0 corresponds to an unlimited period. Note: If [Low speed time out] (tLS) is not 0, [Type (rMP) (only if a ramp stop can be configured).	p is requested automatic is still present.			
r 5L	[PID wake up thresh.]	0.0 to 100.0	0		
	If the "PID" and "Low speed operating time" tLS functions are configured at the same time, the PID regulator may attempt to set a speed lower than LSP. This results in unsatisfactory operation, which consists of starting, operating at low speed then stopping, and so on Parameter rSL (restart error threshold) can be used to set a minimum PID error threshold for restarting after a stop at prolonged LSP. The function is inactive if tLS = 0 or if rSL = 0.				
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Check that unintended restarts will not present any danger.				
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in dea	,			

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.



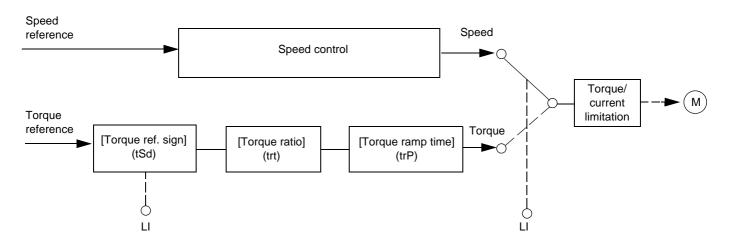
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
Pr I-	[PID PRESET REFERENCES] Function can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) is assigned.				
Pr2	[2 preset PID ref.]		[No] (nO)		
n 0 L - - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) : : [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function is inactive. If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function is active. 				
Pr4	[4 preset PID ref.]		[No] (nO)		
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	Make sure that [2 preset PID ref.] (Pr2) has been assigned before assigning this function. [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) : : : [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> . If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function is inactive. If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function is active.				
r P 2	[2 preset PID ref.] (1)		300		
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Preset ref. PID 2] (Pr2) is assigned. Adjustment range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Max PID reference] (PIP2) (2).				
r P J	[3 preset PID ref.] (1)		600		
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Preset ref. PID 4] (Preset ref. PID 4] (Preset ref. PID 4] (Preset range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Mathematical Mathematical Action of the set		(2).		
r P 4	[4 preset PID ref.] (1)		900		
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Preset ref. PID 4] (Preset ref. PID 4] (Preset ref. PID 4] (Preset range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Mathematical Mathematical Mathe	-	(2).		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

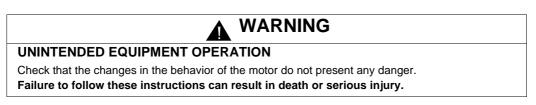


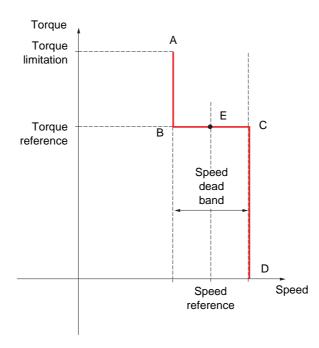
Torque regulation



The function can be used to switch between operation in speed regulation mode and operation in torque control mode. In torque control mode, the speed may vary within a configurable "deadband". When it reaches a lower or upper limit, the drive automatically reverts to speed regulation mode (fallback) and remains at this limit speed. The regulated torque is therefore no longer maintained and two scenarios may occur.

- If the torque returns to the required value, the drive will return to torque control mode.
- If the torque does not return to the required value at the end of a configurable period of time, the drive will switch to fault or alarm mode.





- AB and CD: "Fallback" to speed regulation
- BC: Torque control zone
- E: Ideal operating point

The torque sign and value can be transmitted via a logic output and an analog output.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
±0r-	[TORQUE CONTROL] This function can only be accessed for [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY). Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page <u>145</u> .				
£55	[Trq/spd switching]		[No] (nO)		
9 E S L I I - - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive, thereby preventing access to other parameters. [Yes] (YES): Permanent torque control [L11] (L1) [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 139. If the assigned input or bit is at 1: Torque control If the assigned input or bit is at 0: Speed regulation 				
Er I	[Torque ref. channel]		[No] (nO)		
п 0 Я Я 2 Я 3 Я 4 Ц С С П 4 6 С Я п С Я п С Я п С Я п С Я п С Я п Р Г Р Б	 [No] (nO): Not assigned (zero torque reference). [AI1] (AI1): Analog input [AI2] (AI2): Analog input [AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted [AI4] (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted 100% of the reference corresponds to 300% of the rated torque. 				
£5d	[Torque ref. sign] [No] (nO)				
0 L - - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [LI1] (LI1)]] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the torque sign is the sa If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the torque sign is the op 				
ErE	[Torque ratio]	0 to 1000%	100%		
()	Coefficient applied to [Torque reference] (tr1).				
	[Torque ramp time] Rise and fall time for a variation of 100% of the rated torque	0 to 99.99 s Je.	3 s		
£ 5 £	[Speed] (SPd)				
5 P d 9 E 5 5 P n	 [Speed] (SPd): Speed regulation stop, in accordance with the type of stop configuration (see page <u>156</u>) [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop [Spin] (SPn): Zero torque stop, but maintaining the flux in the motor. This type of operation is only possible if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY). 				
5 P E	[Spin time]	0 to 3600 s	1		
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Torque control stop] (to Spin time following stop, in order to remain ready to restar				

()

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[TORQUE CONTROL] (continued)		
<u>а ь Р</u> ()	[Positive deadband]	0 to 2 x [Max frequency] (tFr)	10 Hz
	 Positive deadband. Value added algebraically to the speed reference. Example for dbP = 10: If reference = +50 Hz: + 50 + 10 = 60 If reference = - 50 Hz: - 50 + 10 = - 40 		
d b n	[Negative deadband]	0 to 2 x [Max frequency] (tFr)	10 Hz
Ø	Negative deadband. Value subtracted algebraically from the speed reference. Example for dbn = 10: If reference = +50 Hz: + 50 - 10 = 40 If reference = - 50 Hz: - 50 - 10 = - 60		
r E O	[Torque ctrl time out]	0 to 999.9 s	60
	Time following automatic exit of torque control mode in the	event of a fault or alar	m.
£06	[Torq. ctrl fault mgt] Response of drive once time [Torque ctrl time out] (rtO) h	as elapsed.	[Alarm] (ALrM)
AL - A FL E	 [Alarm] (ALrM) [Fault] (FLt): Fault with freewheel stop. 		L

Note: If the motor is equipped with an encoder assigned to speed feedback, the "torque control" function will trigger a [Load slipping] (AnF) fault. One of the following solutions should be applied:

- Set [Load slip detection] (Sdd) page 251 = [No] (nO).
- Set [Positive deadband] (dbP) and [Negative deadband] (dbn) each to a value less than 10% of the rated motor frequency.

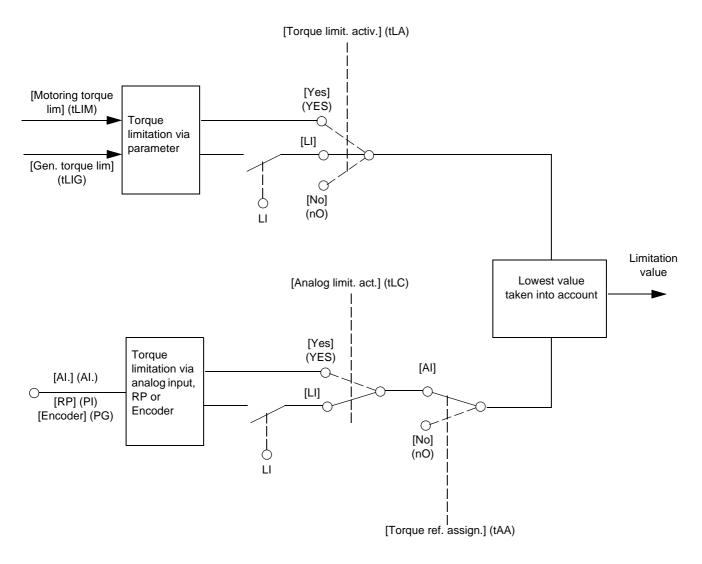
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Torque limitation

There are two types of torque limitation:

- With a value that is fixed by a parameter
- With a value that is set by an analog input (AI, pulse or encoder)

If both types are enabled, the lowest value is taken into account. The two types of limitation can be configured or switched remotely using a logic input or via the communication bus.



E 0 L -	This function cannot be accessed in V/F profile mode			
).		
ELA	[Torque limit. activ.]			[No] (nO)
n 0 965 L 1 1 - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function always active [L11] (L11) : 			
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions of If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the func- If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the func-	ction is inactive.		
IntP	[Torque increment]			[1 %] (1)
0. I I	 The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. activ.] (tLA) = [No] (nO) Selection of units for the [Motoring torque lim] (tLIM) and [Gen. torque lim] (tLIG) parameters. [0,1%] (0.1): unit 0.1%. [1%] (1): unit 1%. 			
ELIN	[Motoring torque lim]	(1)	0 to 300%	100%
O O	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. activ.] (tLA) = [No] (nO) Torque limitation in motor mode, as a % or in 0.1% increments of the rated torque in accordance with the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter.			
EL IG	[Gen. torque lim]	(1)	0 to 300%	100%
O O	The parameter cannot be accessed if [To Torque limitation in generator mode, as a the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter.			que in accordance with
EAA	[Torque ref. assign.]			[No] (nO)
п 0 Я I I Я I Ч Р I Р G Я I U I	If the function is assigned, the limitation varies between 0% and 300% of the rated torque on the basis of the 0% to 100% signal applied to the assigned input. Examples: - 12 mA on a 4-20 mA input results in limitation to 150% of the rated torque. - 2.5 V on a 10 V input results in 75% of the rated torque. [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) [Al1] (Al1) to [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Network AI] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication bus, to be configured via [Al net. channel] (AlC1) page 111.			
	WARNING			
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERA If the equipment switches to forced local mod value transmitted. Do not use the virtual input and forced local Failure to follow these instructions can re	de (see page <u>262</u> mode in the sam	e configuration.	ns fixed at the last

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [TORQUE LIMITATION]	(continued)	
ELC	[Analog limit. act.]		[Yes] (YES)
9E5 LII - -	 [Yes] (YES): The limitation depends [LI1] (LI1) [] (): See the assignment condition If the assigned input or bit is at 0: The limitation is specified by the [I [Torque limit. activ.] (tLA) is not [N] No limitation if [Torque limit. activ. If the assigned input or bit is at 1: The limitation depends on the input 	Motoring torque lim] (tLIM) and [Gen. torque li lo] (nO).	m.] (tLIG) parameters if

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
EL 1-	[2nd CURRENT LIMIT.]				
LC2	[Current limit 2]		[No] (nO)		
n 0 L 1 1 - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive. [L11] (L11) : 				
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> . If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the first current limitation If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the second current limitation				
<u> </u>	□ [I Limit. 2 value] (1)	0 to 1.65 In (2)	1.5 ln (2)		
0	 Second current limitation The parameter can be accessed if [Current limit 2] (LC2) is not [No] (nO). The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 62 is less than 2 kHz. Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 242). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect. 				
	CAUTION				
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.				
EL I	[Current Limitation] (1)	0 to 1.65 In (2)	1.5 ln (2)		
0	 First current limitation The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching find the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive if this has been enabled (see page <u>242</u>). If it is less longer has any effect. 	may lock in [Output Phase	Loss] (OPF) fault mode		
	CAUTION				
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment d		nagnet synchronous		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

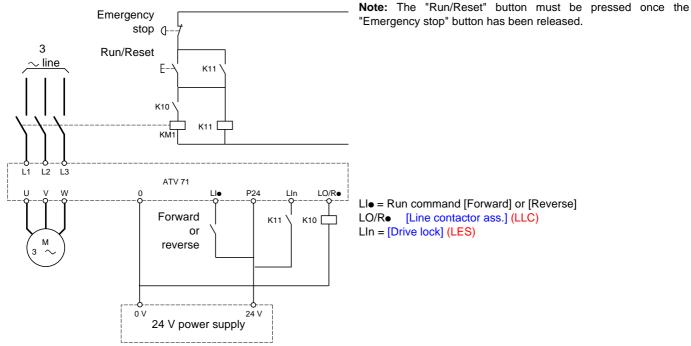


Line contactor command

The line contactor closes every time a run command (forward or reverse) is sent and opens after every stop, as soon as the drive is locked. For example, if the stop mode is stop on ramp, the contactor will open when the motor reaches zero speed.

 \sim Note: The drive control power supply must be provided via an external 24 V source.

Example circuit:



CAUTION

This function can only be used for a small number of consecutive operations with a cycle time longer than 60 s (in order to avoid premature aging of the filter capacitor charging circuit).

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
LLC-	[LINE CONTACTOR COMMAND]			
LLC	[Line contactor ass.]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 L 0 1 - L 0 4 r 2 - r 4 d 0 1	 Logic output or control relay [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed). [LO1] (LO1) to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected). [R2] (r2) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted). [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page <u>126</u> = [No] (nO). 			
L E 5	[Drive lock]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive. [L11] (L11) 			
LEE	[Mains V. time out]	5 to 999 s	5 s	
	Monitoring time for closing of line contactor. If, once this time has elapsed, there is no voltage on the drive power circuit, the drive will lock with a "Line contactor" fault (LCF).			

Output contactor command

This allows the drive to control a contactor located between the drive and the motor. The request for the contactor to close is made when a run command is sent. The request for the contactor to open is made when there is no longer any current in the motor.

CAUTION

If a DC injection braking function has been configured it should not be left operating too long in stop mode, as the contactor only opens at the end of braking.

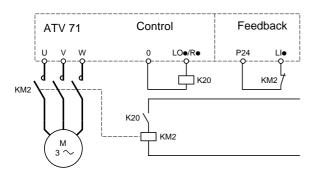
Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Output contactor feedback

The corresponding logic input should be at 1 when there is no run command and at 0 during operation.

In the event of an inconsistency, the drive trips on an FCF2 fault if the output contactor fails to close (LIx at 1) and on an FCF1 fault if it is stuck (LIx at 0).

The parameter [Delay to motor run] (dbS) can be used to delay tripping in fault mode when a run command is sent and the [Delay to open cont.] (dAS) parameter delays the fault when a stop command is set.



The [Out. contactor ass.] (OCC) and [Output contact. fdbk] (rCA) functions can be used individually or together.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
0CC-	I [OUTPUT CONTACTOR CMD]			
000	[Out. contactor ass.]			
n 0 L 0 1 - L 0 4 r 2	Logic output or control relay [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the [LO1] (LO1) to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have bee [R21 (r2)]			
- - 401	 [R2] (r2) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted). [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page <u>126</u> = [No] (nO). 			
r C A	[Output contact. fdbk] [No] (nO)			
	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L1) : : [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. The motor starts up when the assigned input or bit change 	es to 0.		
d 6 5	[Delay to motor run]	0.05 to 60 s	0.15	
\circ	 Time delay for: Motor control following the sending of a run command Output contactor fault monitoring, if the feedback is assigned the set time, the drive will lock in FCF2 fault mode. This parameter can be accessed if [Out. contactor ass.] (Output contactor assigned. The time delay must be greater than the closing time of the set time. 	CC) is assigned or if [Out		
d A S	[Delay to open cont.]	0 to 5.00 s	0.10	
0	Time delay for output contactor opening command followir This parameter can be accessed if [Output contact. fdbk] (The time delay must be greater than the opening time of th not be monitored. If the contactor fails to open at the end of the set time, the	rCA) is assigned. ne output contactor. If it i		

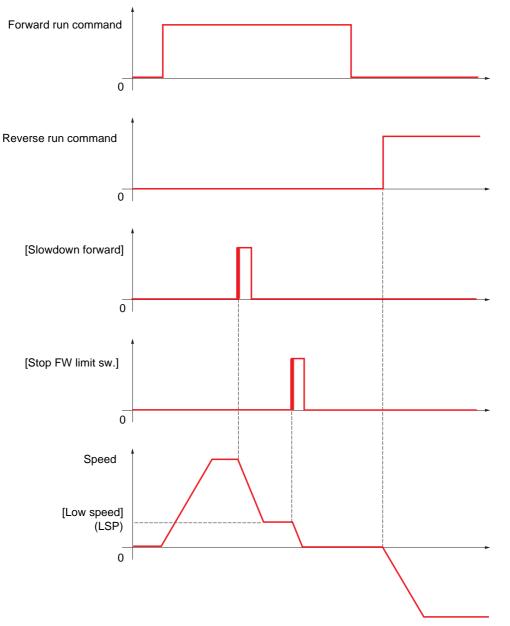


Positioning by sensors or limit switches

This function is used for managing positioning using position sensors or limit switches linked to logic inputs or using control word bits:

- Slowing down
- Stopping

The action logic for the inputs and bits can be configured on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) or a falling edge (change from 1 to 0). The example below has been configured on a rising edge:



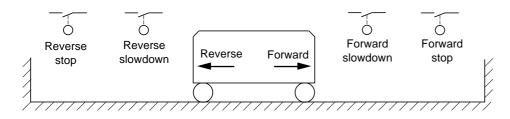
The slowdown mode and stop mode can be configured.

The operation is identical for both directions of operation. Slowdown and stopping operate according to the same logic, described below.

Example: Forward slowdown, on rising edge

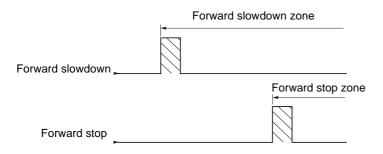
- Forward slowdown takes place on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the input or bit assigned to forward slowdown if this rising edge occurs in forward operation. The slowdown command is then memorized, even in the event of a power outage. Operation in the opposite direction is authorized at high speed. The slowdown command is deleted on a falling edge (change from 1 to 0) of the input or bit assigned to forward slowdown if this falling edge occurs in reverse operation.
- A bit or a logic input can be assigned to disable this function.
- Although forward slowdown is disabled while the disable input or bit is at 1, sensor changes continue to be monitored and saved.

Example: Positioning on a limit switch, on rising edge



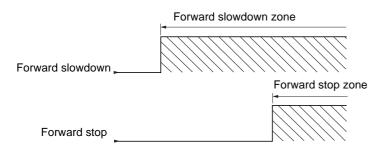
Operation with short cams:

In this instance, when operating for the first time or after restoring the factory settings, the drive must initially be started outside the slowdown and stop zones in order to initialize the function.



Operation with long cams:

In this instance, there is no restriction, which means that the function is initialized across the whole trajectory.



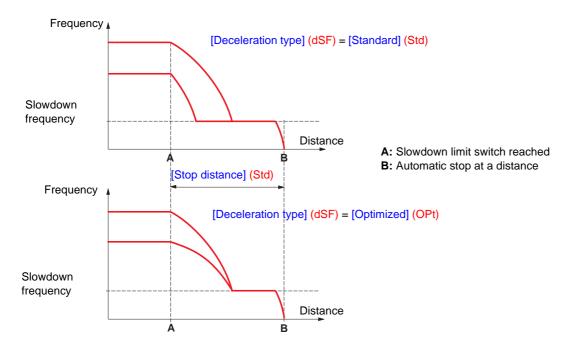
Stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch

This function can be used to control the stopping of the moving part automatically once a preset distance has been traveled after the slowdown limit switch.

On the basis of the rated linear speed and the speed estimated by the drive when the slowdown limit switch is tripped, the drive will induce the stop at the configured distance.

This function is useful in applications where one manual-reset overtravel limit switch is common to both directions. It will then only respond to ensure safety if the distance is exceeded. The stop limit switch retains priority in respect of the function.

The [Deceleration type] (dSF) parameter can be configured to obtain either of the functions described below:



Note:

- If the deceleration ramp is modified while stopping at a distance is in progress, this distance will not be observed.
- If the direction is modified while stopping at a distance is in progress, this distance will not be observed.

DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Check that the parameters configured are consistent (in particular, you should check that the required distance is possible).
- This function does not replace the stop limit switch, which remains necessary for safety reasons.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L P O -	[POSITIONING BY SENSORS] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other function	nctions. Follow the ins	tructions on page <u>145</u> .
5 A F	[Stop FW limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	 [No] (nO): Not assigned [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has be [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [[C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen ir [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be see [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO)	I has been inserted I/O profile] (IO) n [I/O profile] (IO) in [I/O profile] (IO) d in [I/O profile] (IO) switched with possible	
SRr	□ [Stop RV limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit sw.] (SAF)	above.	L
SAL	[Stop limit config.]		[Active high] (HIG)
L 0 H 16	 The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one stop sensor has been assigned. It defines the positive or negative logic of the bits or inputs assigned to the stop. [Active low] (LO): Stop controlled on a falling edge (change from 1 to 0) of the assigned bits or inputs. [Active high] (HIG): Stop controlled on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the assigned bits or inputs. 		
dRF	[Slowdown forward]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit sw.] (SAF)	above.	
dfir	[Slowdown reverse]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit sw.] (SAF)	above.	
d A L	[Slowdown limit cfg.]		[Active high] (HIG)
L 0 H 16	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or defines the positive or negative logic of the bits or inputs ass [Active low] (LO): Slowdown controlled on a falling edge (cha [Active high] (HIG): Slowdown controlled on a rising edge (cha	igned to the slowdow nge from 1 to 0) of the	n. e assigned bits or inputs.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
	[POSITIONING BY SENSORS] (continued)				
C L 5	[No] (nO)				
n 0 L -	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned. [No] (nO): Not assigned [LI1] (LI1) :				
1	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> . The action of the limit switches is disabled when the assign stopped or being slowed down by limit switches, it will rest				
PAS	[Stop type]		[Ramp stop] (rMP)		
r ПР F 5 E 9 E 5	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned. [Ramp stop] (rMP): On ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop (ramp time reduced by [Ramp divider] (dCF), see page 156) [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop				
d 5 F	[Deceleration type] [Standard] (Std)				
5 E 8 0 P E	 The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned. [Standard] (Std): Uses the [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2) ramp (depending on which has been enabled). [Optimized] (OPt): The ramp time is calculated on the basis of the actual speed when the slowdown contact switches, in order to limit the operating time at low speed (optimization of the cycle time: the slowdown time is constant regardless of the initial speed). 				
S E d	□ [Stop distance] [No] (nO)				
n 0 -	 The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned. Activation and adjustment of the "Stop at distance calculated after the slowdown limit switch" function. [No] (nO): Function inactive (the next two parameters will, therefore, be inaccessible). 0.01 yd to 10.94 yd: Stop distance range in yards. 				
n L 5	[Rated linear speed]	0.20 to 5.00 m/s	1.00 m/s		
	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned. Rated linear speed in meters/second.				
SFd	[Stop corrector] 50 to 200% 100%				
	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch Scaling factor applied to the stop distance to compensate,		•		

Parameter set switching [PARAM. SET SWITCHING]

A set of 1 to 15 parameters from the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu on page <u>54</u> can be selected and 2 or 3 different values assigned. These 2 or 3 sets of values can then be switched using 1 or 2 logic inputs or control word bits. This switching can be performed during operation (motor running).

It can also be controlled on the basis of one or two frequency thresholds, whereby each threshold acts as a logic input (0 = threshold not reached, 1 = threshold reached).

	Values 1	Values 2	Values 3
Parameter 1	Parameter 1	Parameter 1	Parameter 1
Parameter 2	Parameter 2	Parameter 2	Parameter 2
Parameter 3	Parameter 3	Parameter 3	Parameter 3
Parameter 4	Parameter 4	Parameter 4	Parameter 4
Parameter 5	Parameter 5	Parameter 5	Parameter 5
Parameter 6	Parameter 6	Parameter 6	Parameter 6
Parameter 7	Parameter 7	Parameter 7	Parameter 7
Parameter 8	Parameter 8	Parameter 8	Parameter 8
Parameter 9	Parameter 9	Parameter 9	Parameter 9
Parameter 10	Parameter 10	Parameter 10	Parameter 10
Parameter 11	Parameter 11	Parameter 11	Parameter 11
Parameter 12	Parameter 12	Parameter 12	Parameter 12
Parameter 13	Parameter 13	Parameter 13	Parameter 13
Parameter 14	Parameter 14	Parameter 14	Parameter 14
Parameter 15	Parameter 15	Parameter 15	Parameter 15
Input LI or bit or frequency threshold 2 values	0	1	0 or 1
Input LI or bit or frequency threshold 3 values	0	0	1

Note: Do not modify the parameters in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu, because any modifications made in this menu ([1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)) will be lost on the next power-up. The parameters can be adjusted during operation in the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) menu, on the active configuration.

Note: Parameter set switching cannot be configured from the integrated display terminal.

Parameters can only be adjusted on the integrated display terminal if the function has been configured previously via the graphic display terminal, by PowerSuite or via the bus or communication network. If the function has not been configured, the **MLP-** menu and the **PS1-**, **PS2-**, **PS3-** submenus will not appear.

Code	Name/Description		Adjusti	ment range	Factory setting
ПL Р -	[PARAM. SET SW	/ITCHING	3]		
CHA I	[2 parameter sets]				[No] (nO)
0 F L A F 2 A L A P	 [No] (nO): Function inactive. [Freq. Th.att.] (FtA): Switching via [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page <u>68</u>. [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): Switching via [Freq. threshold 2] (Ftd) page <u>68</u>. [Ramp Mode] (tAP): Switching during braking sequence. This new assignment allows to put higher gain when the brake is open and before the starting of the ramp (useful for lift application). 				
	Frequency	4			
	Reference				t
	[Brake engage freq] (bEN)				
	Type of motor control	Flux Torque	Frequency	Injection	
	Parar	meter sets 2	Parameter sets 2		
L	🗖 [LI1] (LI1)				
-	 [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. Switching 2 parameter sets 				
C H A 2	□ [3 parameter sets] [No] (nO)				
n D F L A F 2 A L A P	 [No] (nO): Function inactive. [Freq. Th.att.] (FtA): Switching via [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page <u>68</u>. [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): Switching via [Freq. threshold 2] (Ftd) page <u>68</u>. [Ramp Mode] (tAP): Switching during braking sequence. This new assignment allows to put higher gain when the brake is open and before the starting of the ramp (useful for lift application). 				
	Frequency	•			
	Reference				t
	[Brake engage freq] (bEN)			7	
	Type of motor control	Flux Torque	Frequency	Injection	
	Para	meter sets 2	Parameter sets 3		
LII	🗖 [LI1] (LI1)				
-					
-	[] (): See the assignm Switching 3 parameter s Note: In order to obtain	ets	s on page <u>139</u> . ets, [2 parameter sets] must a	also be configu	ıred.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
	[PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (continued)
5 P 5	[PARAMETER SELECTION] The parameter can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal if [2 parameter sets] is not [No]. Making an entry in this parameter opens a window containing all the adjustment parameters that can be accessed. Select 1 to 15 parameters using ENT (a tick then appears next to the parameter). Parameter(s) can also be deselected using ENT. Example: PARAMETER SELECTION 1.3 SETTINGS Ramp increment Output Description Description
P 5 /-	□ [SET 1] The parameter can be accessed if at least 1 parameter has been selected in [PARAMETER SELECTION]. Making an entry in this parameter opens a settings window containing the selected parameters in the order in which they were selected. With the graphic display terminal: Image: With the graphic display terminal: Image: With the graphic display terminal: Image: With the integrated display terminal: Image: With the integrated display terminal:
P 5 2 -	[SET 2] The parameter can be accessed if at least 1 parameter has been selected in [PARAMETER SELECTION].
	Procedure identical to [SET 1] (PS1-).
P 5 3 -	□ [SET 3]
	The parameter can be accessed if [3 parameter sets] is not [No] and if at least 1 parameter has been selected in [PARAMETER SELECTION]. Procedure identical to [SET 1] (PS1-).

Note: We recommend that a parameter set switching test is carried out while stopped and a check is made to ensure that it has been performed correctly.

Some parameters are interdependent and in this case may be restricted at the time of switching.

Interdependencies between parameters must be respected, even between different sets.

Example: The highest [Low speed] (LSP) must be below the lowest [High speed] (HSP).

Motor or configuration switching [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]

The drive may contain up to 3 configurations, which can be saved using the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu, page <u>267</u>. Each of these configurations can be activated remotely, enabling adaptation to:

- 2 or 3 different motors or mechanisms (multimotor mode)
- 2 or 3 different configurations for a single motor (multiconfiguration mode)

The two switching modes cannot be combined.

 \bigcirc Note: The following conditions MUST be observed:

- Switching may only take place when stopped (drive locked). If a switching request is sent during operation, it will not be executed until the next stop.
- In the event of motor switching, the following additional conditions apply:
 - When the motors are switched, the power and control terminals concerned must also be switched as appropriate.
 - The maximum power of the drive must not be exceeded by any of the motors.
- All the configurations to be switched must be set and saved in advance in the same hardware configuration, this being the
 definitive configuration (option and communication cards). Failure to follow this instruction can cause the drive to lock on an
 [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault.

Menu and parameters switched in multimotor mode

- [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)
- [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)
- [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)
- [1.6 COMMAND] (CtL-)
- [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) with the exception of the [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.] function (to be configured once only)
- [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt)
- [1.13 USER MENU]
- [USER CONFIG.]: The name of the configuration specified by the user in the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu

Menu and parameters switched in multiconfiguration mode

As in multimotor mode, except for the motor parameters that are common to the three configurations:

- Rated current
- Thermal current
- Rated voltage
- Rated frequency
- Rated speed
- Rated power
- IR compensation
- Slip compensation
- Synchronous motor parameters
- Type of thermal protection
- Thermal state
- The auto-tuning parameters and motor parameters that can be accessed in expert mode
- Type of motor control

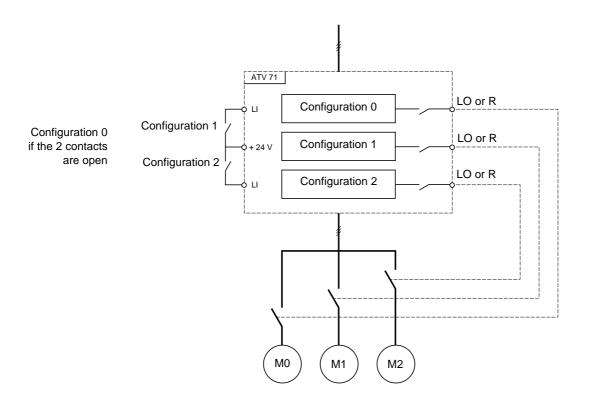
Note: No other menus or parameters can be switched.

Switching command

Depending on the number of motors or selected configuration (2 or 3), the switching command is sent using one or two logic inputs. The table below lists the possible combinations.

LI 2 motors or configurations	LI 3 motors or configurations	Number of configuration or active motor
0	0	0
1	0	1
0	1	2
1	1	2

Schematic diagram for multimotor mode



Auto-tuning in multimotor mode

This auto-tuning can be performed:

- Manually using a logic input when the motor changes
- Automatically each time the motor is activated for the 1st time after switching on the drive, if the [Automatic autotune] (AUt) parameter on page <u>88</u> = [Yes] (YES).

Motor thermal states in multimotor mode:

The drive protects the three motors individually. Each thermal state takes into account all stop times, including drive shutdowns. It is, therefore, not necessary to perform auto-tuning every time the power is switched on. It is sufficient to auto-tune each motor at least once.

Configuration information output

In the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu, a logic output can be assigned to each configuration or motor (2 or 3) for remote information transmission.

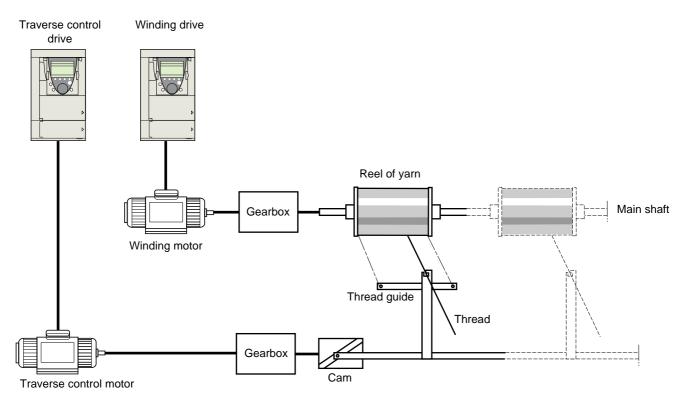


Note: As the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu is switched, these outputs must be assigned in all configurations in which information is required.

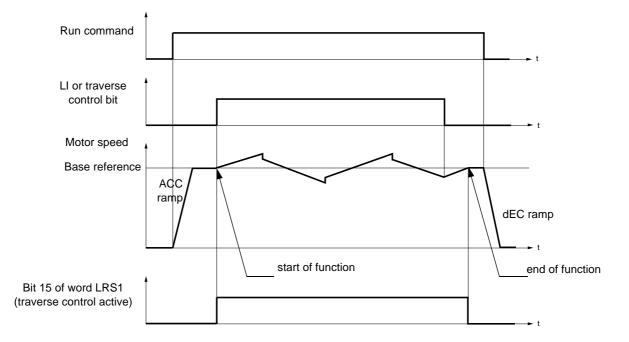
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
ΠΠC -	[MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]		
снп	[Multimotors]		[No] (nO)
п D 9 E S	 [No] (nO): Multiconfiguration possible [Yes] (YES): Multimotor possible 		<u></u>
EnF I	[2 Configurations]		[No] (nO)
00 L - - - - - - -	 [No] (nO): No switching [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has b [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O car [C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus [C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen [C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card [C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside car Switching of 2 motors or 2 configurations 	d has been inserted	
EnF2	[3 Configurations]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L - - - - - -	 [No] (nO): No switching [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has b [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card [C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus [C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen [C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card [C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card Switching of 3 motors or 3 configurations Note: In order to obtain 3 motors or 3 configurations, [2 Cord 	d has been inserted d rd	ust also be configured.

Traverse control

Function for winding reels of yarn (in textile applications)



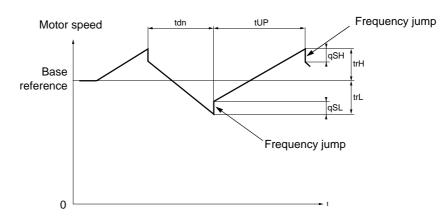
The speed of rotation of the cam must follow a precise profile to ensure that the reel is steady, compact and linear:



The function starts when the drive has reached its base reference and the traverse control command has been enabled. When the traverse control command is disabled, the drive returns to its base reference, following the ramp determined by the traverse control function. The function then stops, as soon as it has returned to this reference. Bit 15 of word LRS1 is at 1 while the function is active.

Function parameters:

These define the cycle of frequency variations around the base reference, as shown in the diagram below:



- trC: [Yarn control]: Assignment of the traverse control command to a logic input or to a communication bus control word bit
- tdn: [Traverse ctrl. decel] time, in seconds
- tUP: [Traverse ctrl. accel.] time, in seconds
- trH: [Traverse freq. high], in Hertz
- trL: [Traverse Freq. Low], in Hertz
- qSH: [Quick step High], in Hertz
- qSL: [Quick step Low], in Hertz

Reel parameters:

• tbO: [Reel time]: Time taken to make a reel, in minutes.

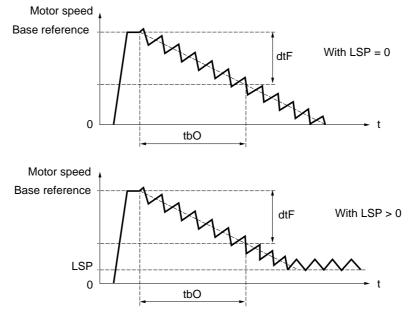
This parameter is intended to signal the end of winding. When the traverse control operating time since command trC reaches the value of tbO, the logic output or one of the relays changes to state 1, if the corresponding function EbO has been assigned.

The traverse control operating time EbOt can be monitored online by a communication bus and in the Monitoring menu.

• dtF: [Decrease ref. speed]: Decrease in the base reference.

In certain cases, the base reference has to be reduced as the reel increases in size. The dtF value corresponds to time tbO. Once this time has elapsed, the reference continues to fall, following the same ramp. If low speed LSP is at 0, the speed reaches 0 Hz, the drive stops and must be reset by a new run command.

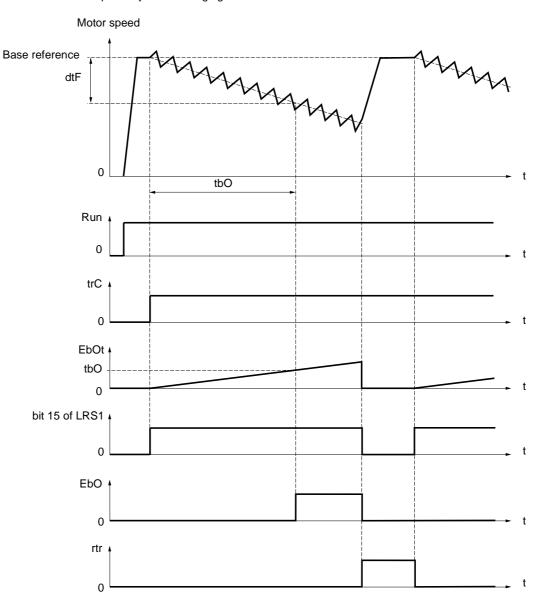
If low speed LSP is not 0, the traverse control function continues to operate above LSP.



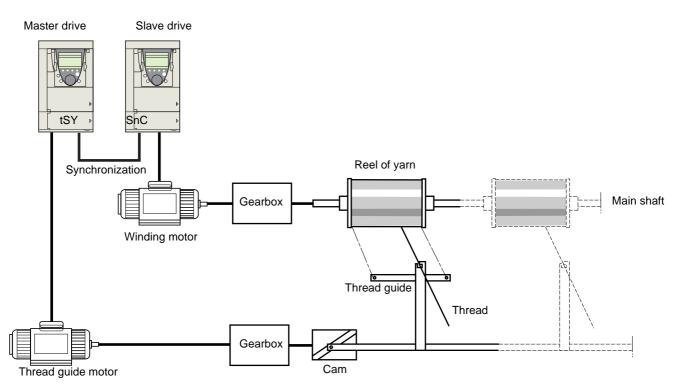
• rtr:

[Init. traverse ctrl] Reinitialize traverse control.

This command can be assigned to a logic input or to a communication bus control word bit. It resets the EbO alarm and the EbOt operating time to zero and reinitializes the reference to the base reference. As long as rtr remains at 1, the traverse control function is disabled and the speed remains the same as the base reference. This command is used primarily when changing reels.



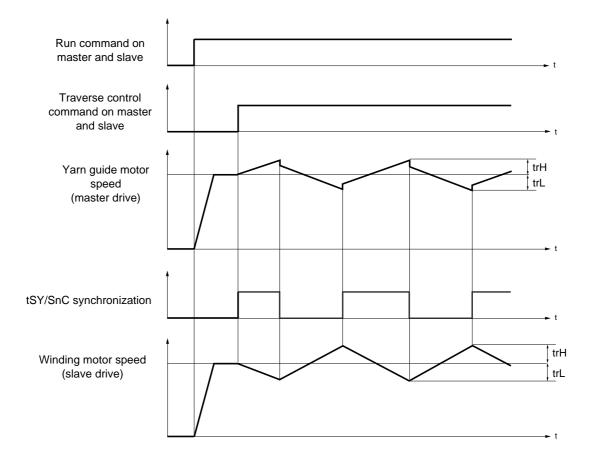
Counter wobble



The "Counter wobble" function is used in certain applications to obtain a constant yarn tension when the "Traverse control" function is producing considerable variations in speed on the yarn guide motor (trH and trL, see page <u>225</u>).

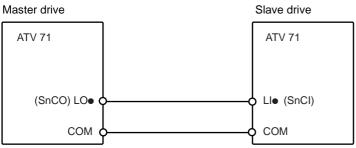
Two motors must be used (one master and one slave).

The master controls the speed of the yarn guide, the slave controls the winding speed. The function assigns the slave a speed profile, which is in antiphase to that of the master. This means that synchronization is required, using one of the master's logic outputs and one of the slave's logic inputs.





Connection of synchronization I/O



The starting conditions for the function are:

- Base speeds reached on both drives
- [Yarn control] (trC) input activated
- Synchronization signal present

Note: On the slave drive, the [Quick step High] (qSH) and [Quick step Low] (qSL) parameters should generally be left at zero.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting	
£ r 0 -	[TRAVERSE CONTROL] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page <u>145</u> .				
ErC	[Yarn control]			[No] (nO)	
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive, thereby preventing access to other parameters. [L11] (L11) [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. The "traverse control" cycle starts when the assigned input or bit changes to 1 and stops when it changes to 0. 				
	[Traverse freq. high]	(1)	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz	
	[Traverse Freq. Low]	(1)	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz	
95H ()	[Quick step High]	(1)	0 to [Traverse freq. high] (trH)	0 Hz	
95L ()	[Quick step Low]	(1)	0 to [Traverse Freq. Low] (trL)	0 Hz	
<u>е и Р</u> ()	[Traverse ctrl. accel.]		0.1 to 999.9 s	4 s	
t d n ()	[Traverse ctrl. decel]		0.1 to 999.9 s	4 s	
<u>ьро</u> С)	[Reel time] Reel execution time		0 to 9999 minutes	0 minute	
Е Ь О	[End reel]			[No] (nO)	
n 0 L 0 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	 [No] (nO): Function not assigned. [LO1] (LO1) to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected). [R2] (r2) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted). [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page <u>126</u> = [No] (nO). The assigned output or relay changes to state 1 when the traverse control operating time reaches the [Reel time] (tbO). 				

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Textiles

Textiles

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
	[TRAVERSE CONTROL] (continued)				
5 n C	[Counter wobble]		[No] (nO)		
- - -	 [No] (nO): Function not assigned. [L11] (L11) [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. Synchronization input. To be configured on the winding drive (slave) only. 		<u></u>		
£ 5 9	□ [Sync. wobble]		[No] (nO)		
∩ □ L □ I - L □ 4 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	 [No] (nO): Function not assigned. [LO1] (LO1) to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected). [R2] (r2) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted). [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page <u>126</u> = [No] (nO). Synchronization output. To be configured on the yarn guide drive (master) only. 				
dEF	□ [Decrease ref. speed]	0 to 1600 Hz	0 Hz		
()	Decrease in the base reference during the traverse contro	l cycle.			
rtr	[Init. traverse ctrl]		[No] (nO)		
	 [No] (nO): Function not assigned. [L11] (L11) 	e traverse control operat	ing time is reset to zero,		

Inspection

The inspection function is designed for "elevator" applications.

It can only be accessed if the "brake logic control" and "output contactor command" functions have already been assigned.

It is used for operation at a fixed preset speed that is independent of all other references and over which it takes priority. The whole trajectory of the elevator can thus be covered and the necessary checks performed.

This function requires:

- · A logic input to control the "inspection" mode
- · An appropriate frequency reference (inspection speed)

When the assigned logic input is at state 1, inspection mode is activated:

- When a run command is given, the motor starts up normally, with output contactor command and brake logic control, until it reaches the inspection speed.
- When the run command is disabled, the motor changes to freewheel stop and brake logic control and output contactor command functions are triggered immediately.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
15P -	[INSPECTION MODE]		
ISP	[Inspection]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - L 1 1 4	 The parameter can be accessed if brake logic control [Brake assignment] (bLC) page <u>175</u> and [Out. contactor ass.] (OCC) page <u>208</u> are assigned. [No] (nO): Function not assigned [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted. Inspection mode is activated when the assigned input changes to state 1. 		
lSrF	[Inspection speed]	0 to 25 Hz	12 Hz
0	Value of the "inspection" mode frequency reference. The parameter can be accessed if [Inspection] (ISP) is not [No] (nO).		

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

Evacuation function

The evacuation function is designed for "elevator" applications. It is only accessible for ATV71•••N4 (380/480 V) drives, up to 75 kW (100 HP) only.

When an elevator is stuck between 2 floors due to a power outage, it must be possible to evacuate its occupants within a reasonable period of time.

This function requires an emergency power supply to be connected to the drive.

This power supply is at a reduced voltage, and only allows a derated operating mode, at reduced speed, but with full torque.

The function requires:

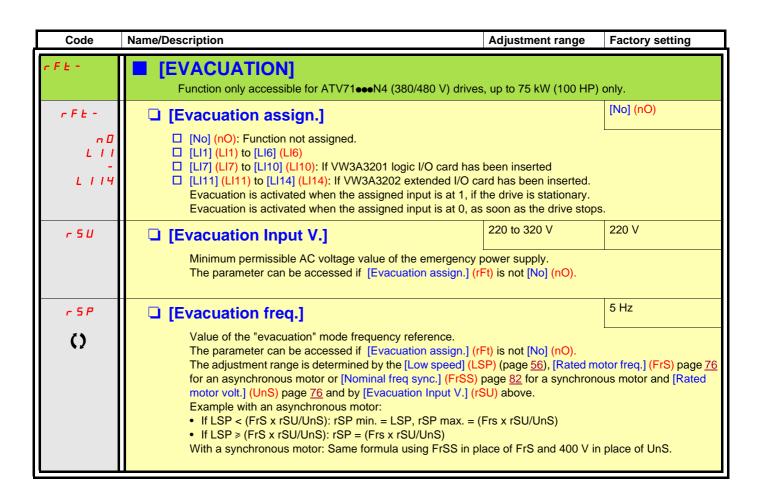
- · One logic input to control "evacuation" operation
- Reduction of the voltage monitoring threshold
- An appropriate low speed reference

Following a power outage, the drive can restart without going into [Undervoltage] (USF) fault mode if the corresponding logic input is at 1 at the same time.

CAUTION

- This input must not be at 1 when the drive is powered from the line supply. To ensure this and also avoid any short-circuits, supply changeover contactors must be used.
- Set this input to 0 before connecting the emergency power supply to the line supply.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.





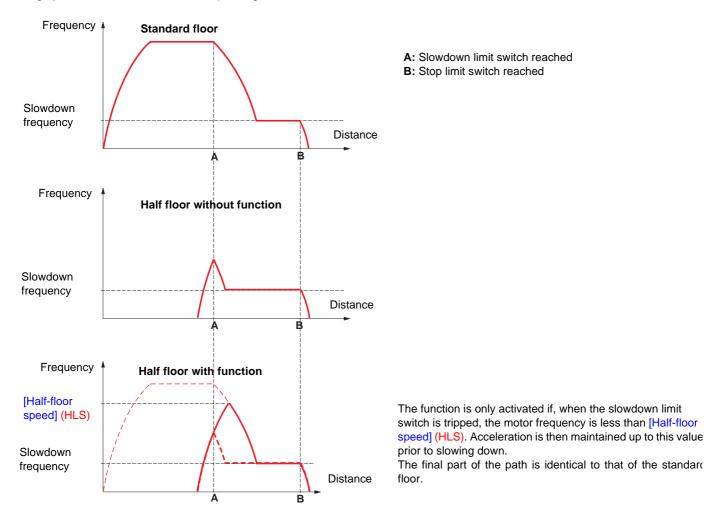
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Half floor

The "half floor" function is designed for "elevator" applications.

When an elevator sets off from floors and half floors, the cycle time for half floors can be too long, as the elevator does not have time to reach full speed before crossing the slowdown limit switch. As a result, the slowdown time is unnecessarily long. The "half floor" function can be used to compensate this by not triggering slowdown until the speed reaches a preset threshold [Half-floor speed] (HLS) in order that the final part of the path will be the same as for a standard floor.

The graphs below illustrate the various operating scenarios with and without the function:



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
HFF-	[HALF FLOOR]		
HL S	[Half-floor speed]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	 Activation and adjustment of the "half floor" function functions (preset speeds, for example) with the excessed, for example). [No] (nO): Function inactive 0.1 Hz to 500.0 Hz: Activation of the function by adjudent. 	ception of those generated via f	ault monitoring (fallback

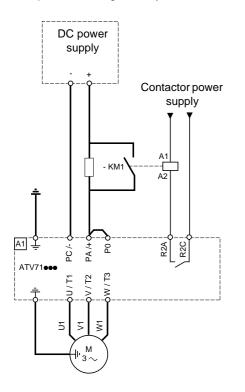
Direct power supply via DC bus

This function is only accessible for ATV71eeeM3 ≥ 18.5 kW (25 HP)and ATV71eeeN4 18.5 kW (25 HP) drives.

Direct power supply via the DC bus requires a protected direct current source with adequate power and voltage as well as a suitably dimensioned resistor and capacitor precharging contactor. Consult Schneider Electric for information about specifying these components.

The "direct power supply via DC bus" function can be used to control the precharging contactor via a relay or a logic input on the drive.

Example circuit using R2 relay:



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
d C D -	This function is only accessible for ATV7 (25 HP).	′1●●●M3 drives ≥ 18.5 kW (25 HP) and ATV7′	l●●●N4 drives 18.5 kW
d C 0	□ [Precharge cont. ass.]		[No] (nO)
~ 0 L 0 - L 0 4 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	[R2] (r2) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 exter	o I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 nded to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have ioning as a logic output. Selection can be ma	e been inserted).

Top Z management

This function is only accessible if an encoder card VW3 A3 411 has been inserted and if [Encoder type] (EnS) = [AABB] (AAbb).

This function can be used to make homing but it is necessary to have an approach speed low otherwise the drive trips in [Overbraking] (ObF) fault.

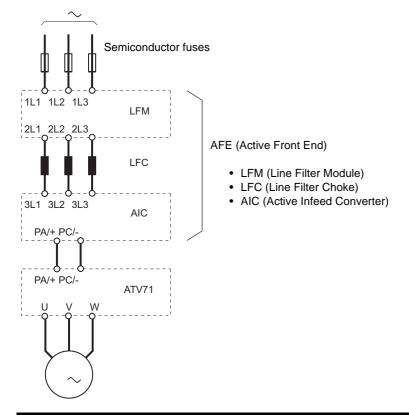
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
£0P-	[TOP Z MANAGEMENT]		
E O S E	[Stop on top Z]		[No] (nO)
	Note: This function cannot be used with certain othe	r functions. Follow the in	structions on page <u>145</u> .
n 0	[No] (nO): Not assigned		
L			
_			
-	□ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> .		
	The stop is activated when the input changes to 1 or the bi following Top Z. If the input returns to state 0 and the run co if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page $\underline{102} = [2 \text{ wire}]$ (2C) and the [2 (PFO). If not, a new run command must be sent.	ommand is still active, th	e motor will only restart

Active Front End connection

This function is not accessible for ATV71HeeeS6X \ge and for ATV71HeeeY \ge 110 kW (150 HP). (HHP range)

Direct power supply via Active Front End (AFE) reduces the mains current harmonics to less than 4% and gives enables the drive to feedback the generative energy to the mains supply.

Example circuit using one AFE for one ATV71



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
0 Ir -	[REGEN CONNECTION]				
A F E	[Regen. Connection]		[No] (nO)		
n 0	[No] (nO): Not assigned				
9 E S	[Yes] (YES): Function always active				
L	[LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6)				
-	[LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card h				
-	[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/C	card has been inserted	1		
C D	[C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbu				
-	[C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANop				
-	[C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication				
-	[C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside				
C d D D	[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possible logic inputs				
-	[CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) car	n be switched without lo	gic inputs		
	If [Profile] (CHCF) = [8 serie] (SE8), then only [Yes] (YES) a	and <mark>[LIx] (LIx)</mark> are availa	ible		

DAMAGED EQUIPMENT

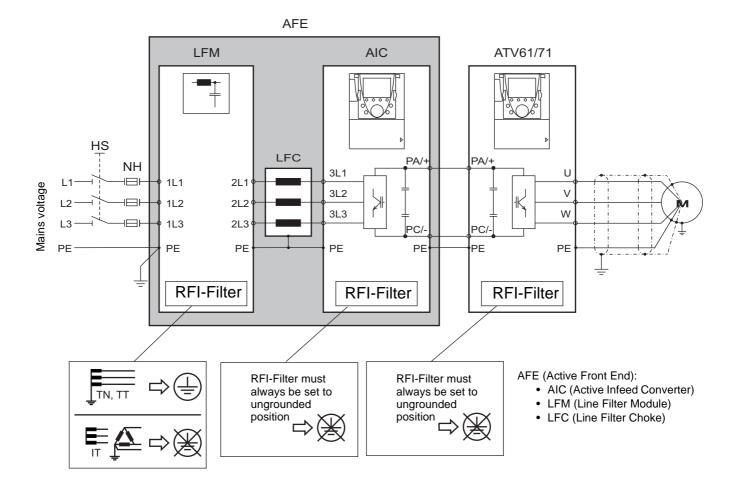
It is absolutely necessary to carry out further parameter setting on all ATV71 drive connnected to Active Front End (AFE). Check the list of parameter on next page.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

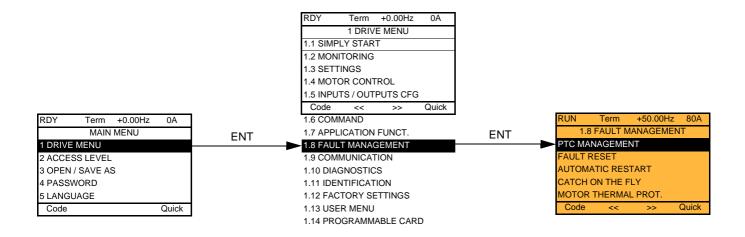
Active Front End connection

It is necessary to carry out the following settings for all frequency inverters connected to an active front end:

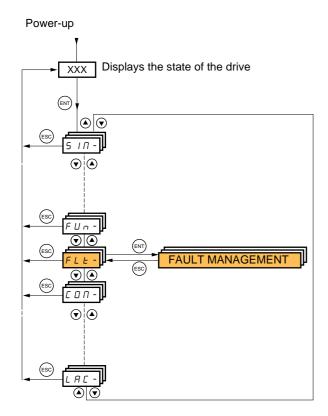
- Parameter [Mains voltage] (UrES) : Same setting as the active front end (Thereby the internal voltage levels of the frequency inverter are adapted).
- Parameter [Input phase loss] (IPL) has to be set to [Ignore] (nO).
- Parameter for operation with active front end [Regen. Connection] (AFE) has to be set to [Yes] (YES) (Thereby the undervoltage level of the frequency inverter is adapted to the operation with the active front end).
- Parameter [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is set to [nO] to inactivate this function.
- Parameter [Brake res. fault Mgt] (bUb) has to be set to [ignore] (nO) (for HHP range only).
- Parameter [Deceleration] (dEC) has to be increased for applications with high inertia to avoid overload of Active Front End. This can be prevented also by rounding the deceleration ramp with parameter [Begin Dec round] (tA3).
- Parameter [2 wire type] (tCt) has to be set on [Level] (LEL) to ensure an automatic restart after undervoltage detection of the Active
 Front End. An automatic restart is only possible on 2 wire control.
- The integrated RFI filter has to be always deactivated (position IT, non-grounded mains) for all ATV 71 inverter and also for the Active Infeed Converter (AIC) because there exists no direct mains connection.



With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



Code Name Page PEC-[PTC MANAGEMENT] 236 [FAULT RESET] - 5 E -<u>237</u> [AUTOMATIC RESTART] REC-238 [CATCH ON THE FLY] FLr-<u>239</u> EHE -[MOTOR THERMAL PROT.] <u>241</u> OPL -**[OUTPUT PHASE LOSS]** 242 IPL -[INPUT PHASE LOSS] 242 DHL -[DRIVE OVERHEAT] <u>243</u> [THERMAL ALARM STOP] SRE -244 [EXTERNAL FAULT] EEF-<u>245</u> **ИБЬ**-[UNDERVOLTAGE MGT] <u>246</u> [IGBT TESTS] <u>247</u> E IE -LFL-[4-20mA LOSS] 248 InH-[FAULT INHIBITION] 249 [COM. FAULT MANAGEMENT] <u>250</u> ELL -[ENCODER FAULT] 5 d d -<u>251</u> [TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT] Eld-<u>251</u> F - F - F[FREQUENCY METER] <u>253</u> dLd-[DYNAMIC LOAD DETECT.] 255 [DB RES. PROTECTION] brP-256 *Ь U F -*[BU PROTECTION] <u>256</u> [AUTO TUNING FAULT] EnF-<u>256</u> PPI-[CARDS PAIRING] <u>257</u> LFF -[FALLBACK SPEED] <u>258</u> F5E-[RAMP DIVIDER] 258 [DC INJECTION] d[|-258

Summary of functions:

The parameters in the [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and there is no run command, except for parameters with a O symbol in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

PTC probes

3 sets of PTC probes can be managed by the drive in order to protect the motors:

- 1 on logic input LI6 converted for this use by switch "SW2" on the control card.
- 1 on each of the 2 option cards VW3A3201 and VW3A3202.

Each of these sets of PTC probes is monitored for the following faults:

- Motor overheating
- Sensor break fault
- · Sensor short-circuit fault

Protection via PTC probes does not disable protection via I^2t calculation performed by the drive (the two types of protection can be combined).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PEC-	[PTC MANAGEMENT]		
PECL	[LI6 = PTC probe]		[No] (nO)
n D A S r d S r S	 Can be accessed if switch SW2 on the control card is set [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permanelong as the control remains connected to the power sup [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while 	ently, even if the power sup ply). ile the drive power supply i	is connected.
PEC I	[PTC1 probe]		[No] (nO)
r 0 A 5 r d 5 r 5	 Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inserted. [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permanently, even if the power supply is not connected (as long as the control remains connected to the power supply). [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the drive power supply is connected. [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the motor power supply is connected. 		
PEC2	[PTC2 probe]		[No] (nO)
r 0 A 5 r d 5 r 5	 Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permandong as the control remains connected to the power sup [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while 	ently, even if the power sup ply). ile the drive power supply i	s connected.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
r 5£ -	[FAULT RESET]		
r 5 F L 1 1 - C 10 1 - - - C 4 0 0 -	Image:		
r P 9 E 5	 [No] (nO) Parameter can only be accessed in [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expert] mode. Drive reinitialization. Can be used to reset all faults without having to disconnect the drive from the power supply. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Reinitialization. Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. The parameter changes back to [No] (nO) automatically as soon as the operation is complete. The drive can only be reinitialized when locked. CAUTION Make sure that the cause of the fault that led to the drive locking has been removed before reinitializing. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage. 		
г Р Я L Ч	 [Product reset assig.] Parameter can only be modified in [ACCESS LEVEL] = [E) Drive reinitialization via logic input. Can be used to reset all from the power supply. The drive is reinitialized on a rising e The drive can only be reinitialized when locked. [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card To assign reinitialization, press and hold down the "ENT" k Make sure that the cause of the fault that led to the dr reinitializing. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipm 	I faults without having to edge (change from 0 to 1 been inserted ird has been inserted. ey for 2 s.	I) of the assigned input.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
Rtr -	[AUTOMATIC RESTART]			
Atr D YES	[No] (nO)			
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Check that an automatic restart will not endanger personnel or equipment in any way. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.			
E A r 5 10 30	 [Max. restart time] [5 min] (5): 5 minutes [10 minutes] (10): 10 minutes [20 minutes] (20): 20 minutes 		[5 minutes] (5)	
30 16 26 36 26	 [30 minutes] (30): 30 minutes [1 hour] (1h): 1 hour [2 hours] (2h): 2 hours [3 hours] (3h): 3 hours [Unlimited] (Ct): Unlimited This parameter appears if [Automatic restart] (Atr) = [Yes] consecutive restarts on a recurrent fault. 	(YES). It can be used to	limit the number of	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
FLr-	[CATCH ON THE FLY] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page <u>145</u> .			
F L r n D y E S	 Used to enable a smooth restart if the run command is maintained after the following events: Loss of line supply or disconnection Reset of current fault or automatic restart Freewheel stop. The speed given by the drive resumes from the estimated speed of the motor at the time of the restart, t follows the ramp to the reference speed. This function requires 2-wire level control. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active 		g events: e time of the restart, then light delay of the current	
ись ()	 (0.5 s max.). [Catch on the fly] (FLr) is forced to [No] (nO) if brake logic control [Brake assignment] (bLC) is assigned (page <u>175</u>) or if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY), or if, in open-loop control, [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page <u>158</u> = [Continuous] (Ct). Censitivity 0.4 to 15% 0.6% The parameter can be accessed at and above 55 kW (75 HP) for the ATV71•••M3X and at and above 90 kW (120 HP) for the ATV71•••N4. Adjusts the catch-on-the-fly sensitivity around the zero speed. Decrease the value if the drive is not able to perform the catch on the fly, and increase it if the drive locks on a fault as it performs the catch on the fly. 			

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Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

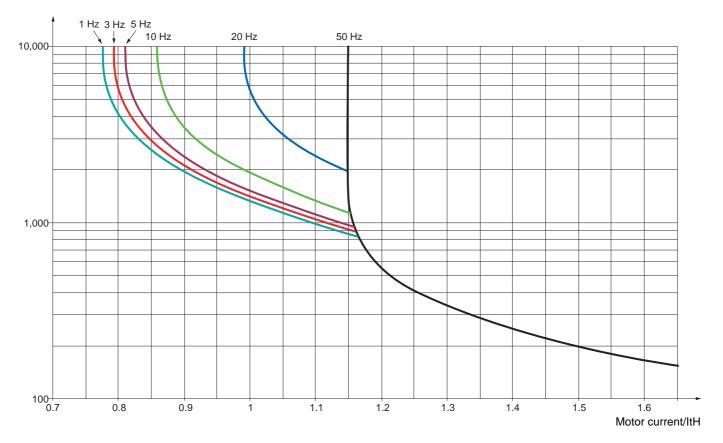
Motor thermal protection

Function:

Thermal protection by calculating the I^2t .

- Note: The memory of the motor thermal state is saved when the drive is switched off. The power-off time is used to recalculate the thermal state the next time the drive is switched on.
 - Naturally-cooled motors: The tripping curves depend on the motor frequency.
 - Force-cooled motors: Only the 50 Hz tripping curve needs to be considered, regardless of the motor frequency.

Trip time in seconds



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EHE-	[MOTOR THERMAL PROT.]		
EHE	[Motor protect. type]		[Self cooled] (ACL)
0 RCL FCL	 [No] (nO): No protection. [Self cooled] (ACL): For self-cooled motors [Force-cool] (FCL): For force-cooled motors Note: A fault trip will occur when the thermal state reached occur when the state falls back below 100%. 	es 118% of the rated state	e and reactivation will
E E d	□ [Motor therm. level] (1)	0 to 118%	100%
()	Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or rela	ay)	
EEd2	[Motor2 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
()	Trip threshold for motor 2 thermal alarm (logic output or re	elay)	
EEd3	[Motor3 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
()	Trip threshold for motor 3 thermal alarm (logic output or r	elay)	
OLL	[Overload fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
n D 4 E S 5 E E	 Type of stop in the event of a motor thermal fault. [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. 		
LFF	[fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintaine		
r L 5	command has not been removed (2). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being appendix 		rred, as long as the fault
гПP	is present and the run command has not been removed (2). [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.		
FSE dC I	 [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop can on page <u>145</u>. 	not be used with certain o	ther functions. See table

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

(2) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
0 P L -	[OUTPUT PHASE LOSS]		
OPL	[Output Phase Loss]		[Yes] (YES)
~ 0 9 E S 0 A C	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Tripping on OPF fault with freewheel stop. [Output cut] (OAC): No fault triggered, but management of the output voltage in order to avoid an overcurrent when the link with the motor is re-established and catch on the fly performed (even if this function has not been configured). This configuration is not possible at and above 55 kW (75 HP) for ATV71eeeM3X and at and above 90 kW (120 HP) for ATV71eeeN4 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY). Note: [Output phase loss] (OPL) is forced to [No] (nO) if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). For other [Motor control type] (Ctt) configurations, [Output phase loss] (OPL) is forced to [YeS] (YES) if brake logic control is configured (see page <u>175</u>). 		
0 d E ()	[OutPh time detect] Time delay for taking the [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) fault	0.5 to 10 s into account.	0.5 s
IPL -	[INPUT PHASE LOSS]		
IPL	[Input phase loss]		According to drive rating
n 0 9 E S	 [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored, to be used when the drive is supplied via a single phase supply or by the DC bus. [Freewheel] (YES): Fault with freewheel stop. If one phase disappears, the drive switches to fault mode [Input phase loss] (IPL) but if 2 or 3 phases disappear, the drive continues to operate until it trips on an undervoltage fault. Factory setting: [Ignore] (nO) for ATV71•037M3 to U30M3, [Freewheel] (YES) for all others. 		



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
OHL -	[DRIVE OVERHEAT]		
OHL	[Overtemp fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
n D	Behavior in the event of the drive overheating Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.		
	CAUTION		
	RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE		
	The drive and motor are no longer protected in the event of the warranty. Check that the possible consequences do not present any	risk.	This invalidates
	Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment	nt damage.	
УES	[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.		
5 <i>t t</i>	[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u> , without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended		
LFF	(assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicat [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained		sists and the run
r L 5	command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being app	blied when the fault occur	red, as long as the fault
r N P	is present and the run command has not been removed (1 [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.		
FSE	□ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.		
<i>a C I</i>	 [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot on page <u>145</u>. Note: A fault trip will occur when the thermal state reaches 		
EHR	occur when the state falls back below 90%.	0 to 118%	100%
\mathbf{O}	[Drv therm. state al] Trip therehold for drive thermal elerm (legic autout or relation)		
₹ F	Trip threshold for drive thermal alarm (logic output or relay)	

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Deferred stop on thermal alarm

This function is designed in particular for elevator applications. It prevents the elevator stopping between two floors if the drive or motor overheats, by authorizing operation until the next stop. At the next stop, the drive is locked until the thermal state falls back to a value, which undershoots the set threshold by 20%. Example: A trip threshold set at 80% enables reactivation at 60%.

One thermal state threshold must be defined for the drive, and one thermal state threshold for the motor(s), which will trip the deferred stop.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
5 <i>8</i> £-	[THERMAL ALARM STOP]				
5 A E	[Thermal alarm stop] [No] (nO)				
n 0 9 E 5	 [No] (nO): Function inactive (in this case, the following parameters cannot be accessed) [Yes] (YES): Freewheel stop on drive or motor thermal alarm 				
	CAUTION				
	RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE				
	The drive and motor are no longer protected in the event of thermal alarm stops. This invalidates the warranty. Check that the possible consequences do not present any risk. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.				
LHA	[Drv therm. state al]	0 to 118%	100%		
()	Thermal state threshold of the drive tripping the deferred s	top.			
E E d	[Motor therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%		
()	Thermal state threshold of the motor tripping the deferred	stop.			
EEd2	[Motor2 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%		
()	Thermal state threshold of the motor 2 tripping the deferred	d stop.			
EEd3	[Motor3 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%		
()	Thermal state threshold of the motor 3 tripping the deferred	d stop.			

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EEF-	EXTERNAL FAULT]		
EEF	[External fault ass.]		[No] (nO)
с П Ц П П -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) 		
]	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u> . If the assigned bit is at 0, there is no external fault. If the assigned bit is at 1, there is an external fault. Logic can be configured via [External fault config] (LEt) if	a logic input has been as	signed.
LEE	[External fault config]		[Active high] (HIG)
L 0 H 16	 Parameter can be accessed if the external fault has been assigned to a logic input. It defines the positive or negative logic of the input assigned to the fault. [Active low] (LO): Fault on falling edge (change from 1 to 0) of the assigned input. [Active high] (HIG): Fault on rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the assigned input. 		
EPL	[External fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
n D 4 E S 5 E E	 Type of stop in the event of an external fault [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended 		
LFF	 (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run 		
r L 5	 command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being approximation is present and the run command has not been removed in the run command has not been run command		rred, as long as the fault
- N P F 5 E d C I	 [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. [DC injection] (dCI): DC injection stop. This type of stop can on page <u>145</u>. 		ther functions. See table

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
U56-	[UNDERVOLTAGE MGT]		
U 5 6	[UnderV. fault mgt]		[Flt&R1open] (0)
0 1 2	 Behavior of the drive in the event of an undervoltage [Flt&R1open] (0): Fault and fault relay open. [Flt&R1close] (1): Fault and fault relay closed. [Alarm] (2): Alarm and fault relay remains closed. The alarm 	n can be assigned to a	logic output or a relay.
Ur E S	[Mains voltage]	According to drive voltage rating	According to drive voltage rating
200 220 240 260 980 400 440 460 480 500 600	Rated voltage of the line supply in V. For ATV71ATV71•••M3: [200Vac] (200): 200 Volts AC [220Vac] (220): 220 Volts AC [240Vac] (240): 240 Volts AC [240Vac] (240): 240 Volts AC [260Vac] (260): 260 Volts AC (factory setting) For ATV71•••N4: [380Vac] (380): 380 Volts AC [400Vac] (400): 400 Volts AC [440Vac] (440): 440 Volts AC [440Vac] (460): 460 Volts AC [480Vac] (480): 480 Volts AC [480Vac] (480): 480 Volts AC [500Vac] (500): 500 Volts AC [600Vac] (600): 600 Volts AC (factory setting)		
USL	Undervoltage level] Undervoltage fault trip level setting in V. The adjustment range and factory setting are determined by the drive voltage rating and the [Mains voltage] (UrES) value.		
USE	[Undervolt. time out]	0.2 s to 999.9 s	0.2 s
	Time delay for taking undervoltage fault into account		
5 E P	□ [UnderV. prevention]		[No] (nO)
- 0 115 - 119 - 127	Behavior in the event of the undervoltage fault prevention level being reached [No] (nO): No action [DC Maintain] (MMS): This stop mode uses the inertia to maintain the DC bus voltage as long as possible. [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop following an adjustable ramp [Max stop time] (StM). [Lock-out] (LnF): Lock (freewheel stop) without fault		
ЕSП	[UnderV. restart tm]	1.0 s to 999.9 s	1.0 s
	Time delay before authorizing the restart after a complete st (rMP), if the voltage has returned to normal.	op for [UnderV. prevent	ion] (StP) = [Ramp stop]
UPL	[Prevention level]		
	Undervoltage fault prevention level setting in V, which can I [No] (nO). The adjustment range and factory setting are de [Mains voltage] (UrES) value.		
SEN	[Max stop time]	0.01 to 60.00 s	1.00 s
0	Ramp time if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) = [Ramp stop] (rM	P).	
£ 6 5	IDC bus maintain tm	1 to 9999 s	9999 s
()	DC bus maintain time if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) = [DC N	Maintain] (MMS).	

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

()

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
E 1E -	[IGBT TESTS]		
5 t r t n D y E S	 [IGBT test] [No] (nO): No test [Yes] (YES): The IGBTs are tested on power up and every a slight delay (a few ms). In the event of a fault, the drive w Drive output short-circuit (terminals U-V-W): SCF disp IGBT faulty: xtF, where x indicates the number of the I IGBT short-circuited: x2F, where x indicates the number 	vill lock. The following fa lay GBT concerned	ults can be detected:

Code	Name/Description Adjustm	nent range	Factory setting
LFL-	[4-20mA LOSS]		
LFL2	□ [Al2 4-20mA loss]		[Ignore] (nO)
n 0	[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one possible if [Al2 min. value] (CrL2) page <u>108</u> is not greater than 3 mA or if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) page <u>108</u> = [Voltage] (10U).		value] (CrL2) page <u>108</u>
9 E S	[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.		
SEE LFF	[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u> , without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.		
- L 5	 [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long a command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when 		
, с 3 с ПР	is present and the run command has not been removed (1). [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.		
FSE	□ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.		
<i>a C I</i>	[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used on page <u>145</u> .	d with certain ot	ther functions. See table
LFLJ	□ [Al3 4-20mA loss]		[Ignore] (nO)
n 0	[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one possible is not greater than 3 mA.	ole if [Al3 min.	value] (CrL3) page <u>109</u>
<i>4 E 5</i>	[Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.		
5 <i>E E</i>	[Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u> , without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.		
LFF rLS	 [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long a command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when 		
r NP	is present and the run command has not been removed (1). [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.		<i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
FSE	□ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.	duuith contoir of	harfunctions Costable
	[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used on page <u>145</u> .	J WITH CERTAIN OF	mer functions. See table
LFLY	□ [Al4 4-20mA loss]		[Ignore] (nO)
n 0	[Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one possit is not greater than 3 mA or if [AI4 Type] (AI4t) page <u>110</u> = [Voltage]		value] (CrL4) page <u>110</u>
9 E S 5 E E	 [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) 	page 156, with	out fault tripping. In this
	case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.		
LFF	 [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long a command has not been removed (1). 		sists and the run
r L S	 [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1). 		
C NP	[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.		
FSE dCI	 [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used on page 145. 	d with certain of	ther functions. See table
	on page <u>145</u> .		

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Parameter can be accessed in [Expert] mode.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
In H -	■ [FAULT INHIBITION]			
InH	[Fault inhibit assign.]		[No] (nO)	
	To assign fault inhibit, press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s.			
	CAUTION			
	Inhibiting faults results in the drive not being protected. This invalidates the warranty. Check that the possible consequences do not present any risk. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			
n 0 L -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [LI1] (LI1) . 			
-	 [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>139</u>. If the assigned input or bit is at 0, fault monitoring is active. I is inactive. Active faults are reset on a rising edge (change) 	•		
	Note: The "Power Removal" function and any faults that put this function. A list of faults affected by this function appears on page		ation are not affected by	

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting	
ELL -	[COM. FAULT MANAGEMENT]		
<u> </u>	[Network fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)	
n 0 9 E 5 5 E E	 Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with a communication card [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended 		
LFF	 (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault personnand has not been removed (1). 	sists and the run	
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occur is present and the run command has not been removed (1).	red, as long as the fault	
r N P F S E	 [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. 		
	 [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain of on page <u>145</u>. 	her functions. See table	
C 0 L	[CANopen fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)	
n D YES SEE LFF	 Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with integrated CANopen [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run 		
г L S г ПР F S L d C I	 command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1). [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other functions. See table on page <u>145</u>. 		
S L L	[Modbus fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)	
n D 9 E S 5 E E	 Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with integrated Modbus [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. 		
	[fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1).		
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1).		
г ПР F5E d[I	 [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain ot on page <u>145</u>. 	her functions. See table	

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 d d -	Can be accessed if the encoder option card has been inserted and the encoder is used for speed feedback (see page <u>75</u>).		
5 d d	[Load slip detection]		[No] (nO)
yes	 [No] (nO): Fault not monitored. Only the alarm may be assigned to a logic output or a relay. [Yes] (YES): Fault monitored. [Load slip detection] (Sdd) is forced to [Yes] (YES) if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY). The fault is triggered by comparison with the ramp output and the speed feedback, and is only effective for speeds greater than 10% of the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), see page <u>76</u>. In the event of a fault, the drive will switch to a freewheel stop, and if the brake logic control function has been configured, the brake command will be set to 0. 		
ECC	[Encoder coupling]		[No] (nO)
yes	 [No] (nO): Fault not monitored. [Yes] (YES): Fault monitored. If the brake logic control function has been configured, the factory setting changes to [Yes] (YES). [Encoder coupling] (ECC) = [Yes] (YES) is only possible if [Load slip detection] (Sdd) = [Yes] (YES) and [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>70</u> = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) and [Brake assignment] (bLC) page <u>175</u> is not [No] (nO). The fault monitored is the break in the mechanical coupling of the encoder. In the event of a fault, the drive will switch to a freewheel stop, and if the brake logic control function has been configured, the brake command will be set to 0. 		
ECE	[Encoder check time]	2 to 10 s	2 s
	Encoder faults filtering time. The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder coupling] (EC	:C) = [Yes] (YES)	
Eld-	[TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT]		
556	[Trq/l limit. stop]		[Ignore] (nO)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 Behavior in the event of switching to torque or current limitation [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u>, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1). [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other functions. See table on page <u>145</u>. 		
5 E D	[Trq/l limit. time out]	0 to 9999 ms	1000 ms
()	(If fault has been configured) Time delay for taking SSF "Limitation" fault into account		



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Use of the "Pulse input" input to measure the speed of rotation of the motor

This function uses the "Pulse input" input from the VW3A3202 extension card and can, therefore, only be used if this card has been inserted and if the "Pulse input" input is not being used for another function.

Example of use

An indexed disk driven by the motor and connected to a proximity sensor can be used to generate a frequency signal that is proportional to the speed of rotation of the motor.

Time, in seconds

When applied to the "Pulse input" input, this signal supports:

- Measurement and display of the motor speed: signal frequency = 1/T. This frequency is displayed by means of the [Pulse in. work. freq.] (FqS) parameter, page 51 or 53.
- Overspeed detection (if the measured speed exceeds a preset threshold, the drive will trip on a fault).
- Brake failure detection, if brake logic control has been configured: If the speed does not drop sufficiently quickly following a command to engage the brake, the drive will trip on a fault. This function can be used to detect worn brake linings.
- Detection of a speed threshold that can be adjusted using [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page <u>68</u> and is assignable to a relay or logic output, see page <u>118</u>.

Handling

[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
F9F-	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted	ed		
F9F	[Frequency meter]		[No] (nO)	
n D 9 E S	 Activation of the speed measurement function. [No] (nO): Function inactive, In this case, none of the function [Yes] (YES): Function active, assignment only possible if no "Pulse input" input. 			
F9C	[Pulse scal. divisor]	1.0 to 100.0	1.0	
	 Scaling factor for the "Pulse input" input (divisor). The frequency in. work. freq.] (FqS) parameter, page <u>51</u> or <u>53</u>. 	r measured is displayed	by means of the [Pulse	
F9R	[Overspd. pulse thd.]		[No] (nO)	
n D -	 Activation and adjustment of overspeed monitoring: [Overspeed] (SOF) fault. [No] (nO): No overspeed monitoring. 1 Hz to 30.00 Hz: Adjustment of the frequency tripping threshold on the "Pulse input" input divided by [Pulse scal. divisor] (FqC). 			
E d 5	[Pulse overspd delay]	0.0 s to 10.0 s	0.0 s	
	Time delay for taking overspeed fault into account			
FdE	[Level fr. pulse ctrl]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 -	 Activation and adjustment of monitoring for the input Pulse input (speed feedback): [Speed fdback loss] (SPF) fault. [No] (nO): No monitoring of speed feedback. 0.1 Hz to 500.0 Hz: Adjustment of the motor frequency threshold for tripping a speed feedback fault (difference between the estimated frequency and the measured speed). 			
F9E	[Pulse thd. wo Run]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 -	 Activation and adjustment of brake failure monitoring: [Brake feedback] (brF). If brake logic control [Brake assignment] (bLC) page <u>175</u> is not configured, this parameter is forced to [No] (nO). [No] (nO): No brake monitoring. 1 Hz to 1000 Hz: Adjustment of the motor frequency threshold for tripping abrake failure fault (detection of speeds other than zero). 			
E 9 6	[Pulse thd. wo Run]	0.0 s to 10.0 s	0.0 s	
	Time delay for taking brake failure fault into account.			

Handling

Elevators

Hoisting

Load variation detection

This detection is only possible with the "high-speed hoisting" function. It can be used to detect if an obstacle has been reached, triggering a sudden (upward) increase or (downward) decrease in the load.

Load variation detection triggers a [Dynamic load fault] (dLF) fault. The [Dyn. load Mgt.] (dLb) parameter can be used to configure the response of the drive in the event of this fault.

Load variation detection can also be assigned to a relay or a logic output.

There are two possible detection modes, depending on the configuration of high-speed hoisting:

"Speed reference" mode

[High speed hoisting] (HSO) page <u>188</u> = [Speed ref] (SSO). Torgue variation detection.

During high-speed operation, the load is compared to that measured during the speed step. The permissible load variation and its duration can be configured. If exceeded, the drive switches to fault mode.

"Current limitation" mode

[High speed hoisting] (HSO) page <u>188</u> = [Current Limit] (CSO).

On ascend, during high-speed operation, an increase in load will result in a drop in speed. Even if high-speed operation has been activated, if the motor frequency drops below the [I Limit Frequency] (SCL) threshold page <u>188</u> the drive will switch to fault mode. On descend, operation takes the form of "speed reference" mode.

[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
dLd-	Load variation detection. This can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (HSO) page <u>188</u> is not [No] (nO).					
ELd	[Dynamic load time]		[No] (nO)			
n 0 -	 Activation of load variation detection and adjustment of time delay for taking load variation fault[Dynamic load fault] (dLF) into account. [No] (nO): No load variation detection. 0.00 s to 10.00 s: Adjustment of the time delay for taking fault into account. 					
dLd	[Dynamic load time]	1 to 100 %	100 %			
	Adjustment of the trip threshold for load variation detection, as a % of the load measured during the speed step.					
dLЬ	[Dyn. load Mgt.]		[Freewheel] (YES)			
n D 9 E S 5 E E	 Behavior of the drive in the event of a load variation fault. [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page <u>156</u>, without tripping fault. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel, (e.g. according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page <u>102</u> if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. 					
LFF	[Fallback spd.] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1).					
r L 5	 [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed at the time the fault occurred, as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1). 					
г П Р F 5 E	 [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. 					

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
6 r P -	[DB RES. PROTECTION]				
br O	[DB res. protection]		[No] (nO)		
п D 9 E S F L E	 [No] (nO): No braking resistor protection (thereby preventing access to the other function parameters). [Alarm] (YES): Alarm. The alarm may be assigned to a logic output or a relay (see page <u>118</u>) [Fault] (FLt): Switch to fault (bOF) with locking of drive (freewheel stop). Note: The thermal state of the resistor can be displayed on the graphic display terminal. It is calculated for as long as the drive control remains connected to the power supply. 				
br P	[DB Resistor Power]	0.1 kW (0.13 HP) to 1000 kW (1333 HP)	0.1 kW (0.13 HP)		
0	This parameter can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (brown Rated power of the resistor used.	O) is not [No] (nO).			
ЬгЦ	[DB Resistor value]	0.1 to 200 ohms	0.1 ohms		
()	This parameter can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (brO) is not [No] (nO). Rated value of the braking resistor in ohms.				
<i>Ь U F -</i>	This can be accessed from 55 kW (75 HP) upwards for the AT for the ATV71•••N4.	V71 ●●● M3X and from 90) kW (120 HP) upwards		
<u>ь и ь</u>	[Brake res. fault Mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)		
n 0 9 E S	 Management of short-circuit [DB unit sh. circuit] (bUF) and the braking unit. [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. Configuration to be used if the to the drive. [Freewheel] (YES): freewheel stop. 				
EnF-	[AUTO TUNING FAULT]				
EnL	[Autotune fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)		
п D У E S	 [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. 				

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Card pairing

Function can only be accessed in [Expert] mode.

This function is used to detect whenever a card has been replaced or the software has been modified in any way.

When a pairing password is entered, the parameters of the cards currently inserted are stored. On every subsequent power-up these parameters are verified and, in the event of a discrepancy, the drive locks in HCF fault mode. Before the drive can be restarted you must revert to the original situation or re-enter the pairing password.

The following parameters are verified:

- The type of card for: all cards.
- The software version for: the two control cards, the VW3A3202 extension card, the Controller Inside card and the communication cards.
- The serial number for: the two control cards.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PP I-	[CARDS PAIRING]		
PP I	[Pairing password]	OFF to 9999	[OFF] (OFF)
	The [OFF] (OFF) value signifies that the card pairing function is The [ON] (On) value signifies that card pairing is active and the start the drive in the event of a card pairing fault. As soon as the code has been entered the drive is unlocked a - The PPI code is an unlock code known only to Schneider	at an access code must	o [ON] (On).

[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LFF-	[FALLBACK SPEED]		
LFF	[Fallback speed]	0 to 1600 Hz	0 Hz
	Selection of the fallback speed	1	
FSE-	[RAMP DIVIDER]		
	(1) The ramp that is enabled (dEC or dE2) is then divided by the operator of the aminimum arms time.	0 to 10 his coefficient when stop	4 o requests are sent.
d[-	Value 0 corresponds to a minimum ramp time. [DC INJECTION]		
1 d C ()	DC inject. level 1] (1) (3)	0.1 to 1.41 ln (2)	0.64 ln (2)
	Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic inp CAUTIO Check that the motor will withstand this current without Failure to follow this instruction can result in equip	N overheating.	
	[DC injection time 1] (1) (3) Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 1] (ldC). A [DC inject. level 2] (ldC2).	0.1 to 30 s fter this time the injection	0.5 s n current becomes
1852 ()	DC inject. level 2 (1) (3)	0.1 ln (2) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 ln (2)
	Injection current activated by logic input or selected as stop me has elapsed.		DC injection time 1] (tdl)
	CAUTION Check that the motor will withstand this current without Failure to follow this instruction can result in equip	overheating.	
EdE	[DC injection time 2] (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
()	Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) for injec (Can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [DC injection] (d		ode only.

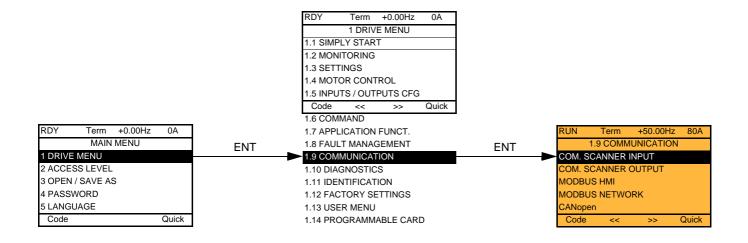
(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) and [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menus.
(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.
(3) Warning: These settings are independent of the [AUTO DC INJECTION] (AdC-) function.



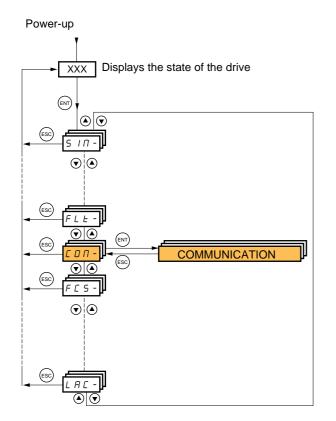
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[COM. SCANNER INPUT] Only accessible via graphic display terminal		
<u>- 18 1</u>	[Scan. IN1 address] Address of the 1 st input word.		3201
<u>∩∏A2</u>	□ [Scan. IN2 address] Address of the 2 nd input word.		8604
n N A B	□ [Scan. IN3 address] Address of the 3 rd input word.		0
<u>п</u> ПЯЧ	□ [Scan. IN4 address] Address of the 4 th input word.		0
n N A S	□ [Scan. IN5 address] Address of the 5 th input word.		0
n N A 6	□ [Scan. IN6 address] Address of the 6 th input word.		0
n N A J	Address of the 7 th input word.		0
n N A B	□ [Scan. IN8 address] Address of the 8 th input word.		0
	[COM. SCANNER OUTPUT] Only accessible via graphic display terminal		
n C A I	□ [Scan.Out1 address] Address of the 1 st output word.		8501
n C A 2	□ [Scan.Out2 address] Address of the 2 nd output word.		8602
n E A J n	□ [Scan.Out3 address] Address of the 3 rd output word.		0
n C A 4	□ [Scan.Out4 address] Address of the 4 th output word.		0
n C A S	□ [Scan.Out5 address] Address of the 5 th output word.		0
n C A 6	□ [Scan.Out6 address] Address of the 6 th output word.		0
n E A 7	Address of the 5° output word.		0
n C A B	[Scan.Out8 address]		0
	Address of the 8 th output word.		

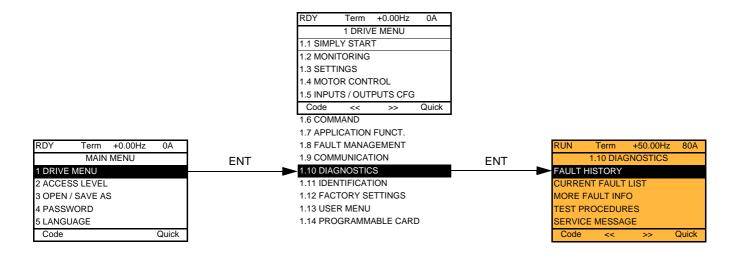
Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
Πd2-	Communication with the graphic display terminal	
Ebr2	[HMI baud rate]	19.2 kbps
	 9.6 or 19.2 kbps via the integrated display terminal. 9600 or 19200 bauds via the graphic display terminal. The graphic display terminal only operates if [HMI baud rate] (tbr2) = 19200 bauds In order for any change in the assignment of [HMI baud rate] (tbr2) to be taken int Provide confirmation in a confirmation window if using the graphic display terminal Press the ENT key for 2 s if using the integrated display terminal 	o account you must:
E F O 2	[HMI format]	8E1
	Read-only parameter, cannot be modified.	
Пат-	[MODBUS NETWORK]	
Rdd	[Modbus Address]	OFF
	OFF to 247	
япоя	[Modbus add Prg C.]	OFF
	Modbus address of the Controller Inside card OFF at 247 The parameter can be accessed if the Controller Inside card has been inserted ar configuration (please consult the specific documentation).	nd depending on its
япос	[Modbus add Com.C.]	OFF
	Modbus address of the communication card OFF to 247 The parameter can be accessed if a communication card has been inserted and o configuration (please consult the specific documentation).	lepending on its
£ b r	[Modbus baud rate]	19.2 kbps
	4.8 - 9.6 - 19.2 - 38.4 kbps on the integrated display terminal. 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminal.	
E F O	[Modbus format]	8E1
	8O1 - 8E1 - 8n1, 8n2	
£ £ 0	[Modbus time out]	10.0 s
	0.1 to 30 s	
C n O -	[CANopen]	
A C D	[CANopen address]	OFF
	OFF to 127	
6 d C 0	[CANopen bit rate]	125 kbps
	50 - 125 - 250 - 500 kbps - 1 Mbps	
ErCO	[Error code]	
	Read-only parameter, cannot be modified.	

[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting				
-	[COMMUNICATION CARD]						
	See the specific documentation for the card used.	See the specific documentation for the card used.					
L C F -	[FORCED LOCAL]						
F L D	[Forced local assign.]		[No] (nO)				
n D L I I - L I I 4	 [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L10] (L10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted 						
	Forced local mode is active when the input is at state 1. [Forced local assign.] (FLO) is forced to [No] (nO) if [Profile] (CHCF) page <u>140</u> = [I/O profile] (IO).						
FLOC	[Forced local Ref.]		[No] (nO)				
п 0 Я I I Я I 2 Я I 3 Я I 4 L C C Р I Р G	 [No] (nO): Not assigned (control via the terminals with zero relation [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has be [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has be [HMI] (LCC): Assignment of the reference and command to t Reference: [HMI Frequency ref.] (LFr), page <u>51</u>, command: F [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inso If the reference is assigned to an analog input, [RP] (PI) or [E assigned to the terminals as well (logic inputs) 	een inserted een inserted he graphic display terr RUN/STOP/FWD/REV been inserted erted	[/] buttons.				
FLDE	[Time-out forc. local]		10.0 s				
	0.1 to 30 s The parameter can be accessed if [Forced local assign.] (FL Time delay before communication monitoring is resumed on		node.				

[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.



RUN Term +50.00Hz	80A				RUN	Term	+50.00Hz	80A
FAULT HISTORY	ENT		internal com. link					
internal com. link				≁	Drive sta	ite		RDY
					ETA stat	us word		
					ETI statu	is word		
					Cmd wo	rd		
					Motor cu	rrent		
Code 0	Quick				HELP			Quick
					Output fr	requency		
					Elapsed	time		
RUN Term +50.00Hz	80A				Line volt	age		
CURRENT FAULT LIST		ENT			Motor the	ermal state	е	
internal com. link					Commar	nd Channe	el	
					Channel	ref. active	•	

This screen indicates the state of the drive at the moment the selected fault occurred.

RUN	RUN Term +50.00Hz 80A			
	MORE F/	AULT INFO		
Network	k fault		0	
Application fault 0			0	
Internal link fault 1 0			0	
Internal link fault 2			0	
Encoder Fault 0			0	
Code			Quick	

Quick

- - - - -

Code

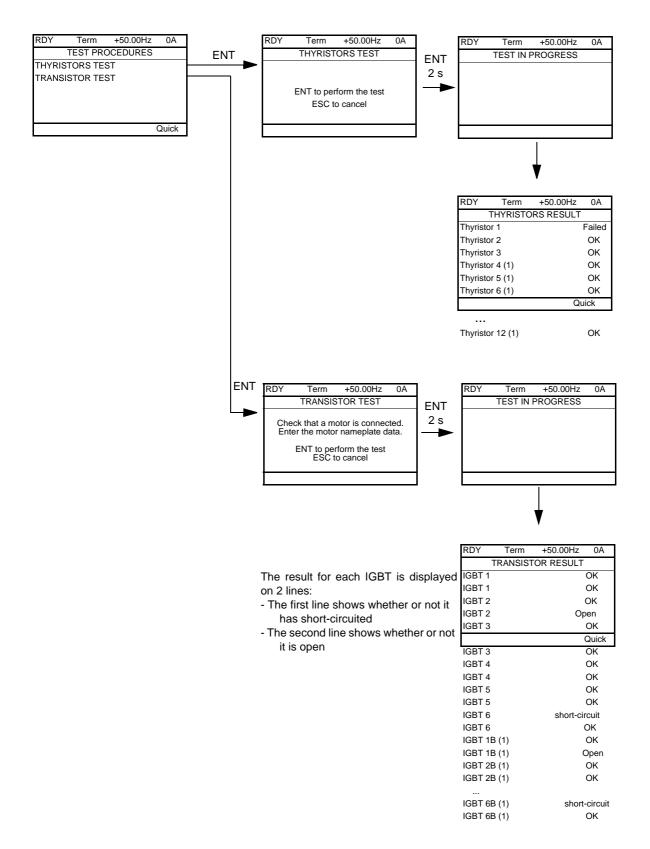
This screen indicates the number of communication faults, for example, with the option cards. Number: from 0 to 65535

For [Encoder Fault], which is only visible if a VW3 A3 408 or VW3 A3 409 has been inserted, the figure displayed corresponds to one of the fault codes summarized in the table on the next page.

Summary table of types of [Encoder Fault]

Code	Description of the error
0	No error, except if the control section has a separate power supply, in which case the power section must be turned on to display the actual code.
1	Internal UE/MC communication fault (CRC fault)
2	Internal UE/MC communication fault (time out)
16	Synchronization error (PLL error)
17	Encoder signal cut or short-circuited
18	PUC emulation fault
19	Resolver: Unstable feedback signal
20	Internal card communication fault
21	Resolver: Feedback signal too weak
22	Resolver: Feedback signal too strong
23	Encoder overcurrent
32	EnDAT: CRC error
33	EnDAT: Start bit not detected
34	EnDAT: EEP access error
35	EnDAT: Incorrect EEP value
48	Hiperface: Incoherent SinCos signal
49	Hiperface: Time out
50	Hiperface: Unknown encoder
51	Hiperface: CRC error
64	SinCos: Incoherent SinCos signal
80	SSI: Parity error
81	SSI: Invalid data
96	The position is not available
4096	ABZ Esim : Top Z error

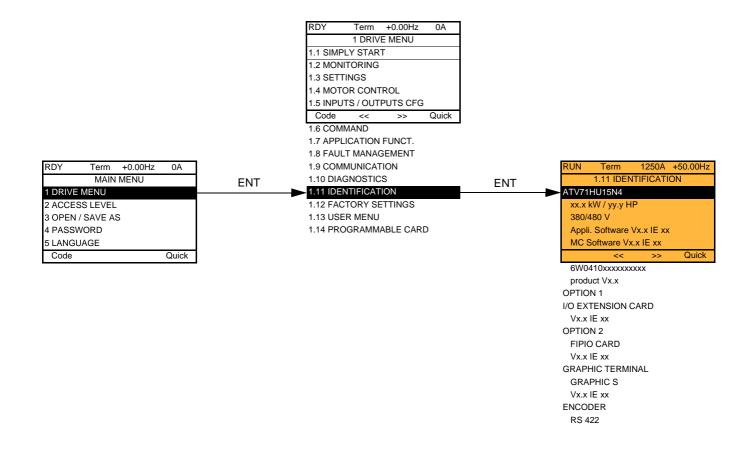
[THYRISTORS TEST] is only accessible for ATV71●●M3 ≥ 18.5 kW and ATV71●●N4 18.5 kW drives.



Note: To start the tests, press and hold down (2 s) the ENT key.

(1) Test results for Thyristor 4...12 and IGBT 1B ... 6B are olny accessible for ATV71EC90N4 to M14N4 and ATV71EM15Y to M24Y

[1.11 IDENTIFICATION]



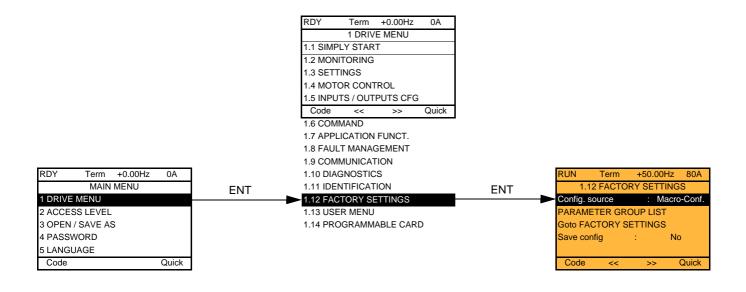
The [1.11 IDENTIFICATION] menu can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal.

This is a read-only menu that cannot be configured. It enables the following information to be displayed:

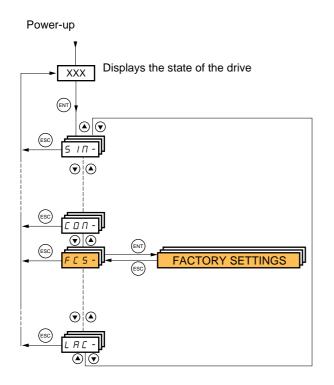
- Drive reference, power rating and voltage
- Drive software version
- Drive serial number
- · Type of options present, with their software version

[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-)

With graphic display terminal:



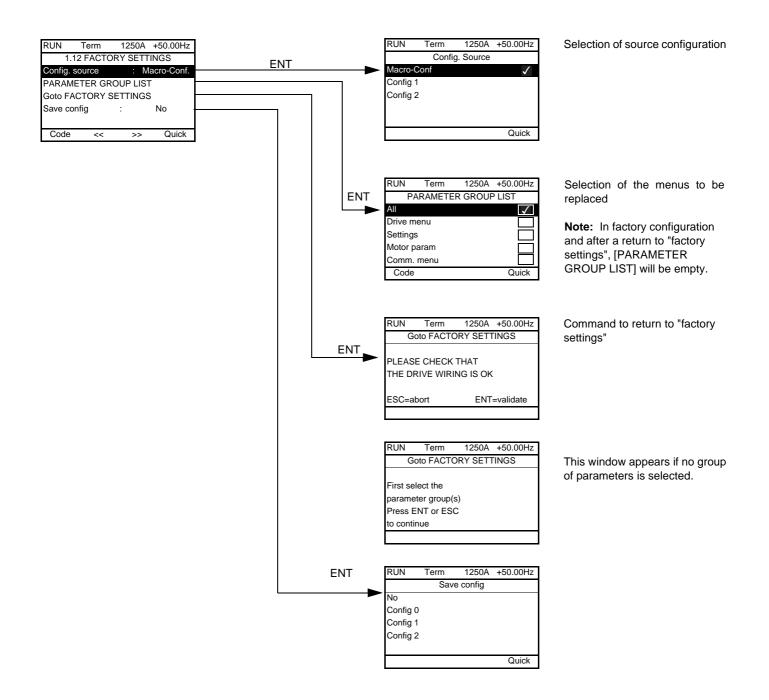
With integrated display terminal:



The [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu is used to:

- Replace the current configuration with the factory configuration or a previously saved configuration. All or part of the current configuration can be replaced: select a group of parameters in order to select the menus you wish to load with the selected source configuration.
- Save the current configuration to a file.

[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-)



Code	Name/Description
FES I	[Config. Source]
n C F G C F G 2	Choice of source configuration. [Macro-Conf] (InI) Factory configuration, return to selected macro configuration. [Config 1] (CFG1) [Config 2] (CFG2) If the configuration switching function is configured, it will not be possible to access [Config 1] (CFG1) and [Config 2] (CFG2).
Fry-	[PARAMETER GROUP LIST]
ALL dr N 5EE NOE CON PLC NOn d 15	 Selection of menus to be loaded [All] (ALL): All parameters. [Drive menu] (drM): The [1 DRIVE MENU] menu without [1.9 COMMUNICATION] and [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD]. In the [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu, [Return std name] page <u>281</u> returns to [No]. [Settings] (SEt): The [1.3 SETTINGS] menu without the [IR compensation] (UFr), [Slip compensation (SLP) and [Mot. therm. current] (ItH) parameters [Motor param] (MOt): Motor parameters, see list below. The following selections can only be accessed if [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf.] (InI): [Comm. menu] (COM): The [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu without either [Scan. In1 address] (nMA1) to [Scan. In8 address] (nMA8) or [Scan.Out1 address] (nCA1) to [Scan.Out8 address] (nCA8). [Prog. card menu] (PLC): The [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] menu [Monitor config.] (MOn): The [6 MONITORING CONFIG.] menu [Display config.] (dIS): The [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu See the multiple selection procedure on page <u>30</u> for the integrated display terminal and page <u>21</u> for the graphic display terminal. Wote: In factory configuration and after a return to "factory settings", [PARAMETER GROUP LIST] will be empty.
6 F 5	[Goto FACTORY SETTINGS]
n D 4 E S	It is only possible to revert to the factory settings if at least one group of parameters has previously been selected. With the integrated display terminal: - No - Yes: The parameter changes back to nO automatically as soon as the operation is complete. With the graphic display terminal: see previous page
5651	I [Save config]
n 0 5 t r 0 5 t r 1 5 t r 2	 [No] (nO): [Config 0] (Str0): Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. [Config 1] (Str0): Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. [Config 2] (Str0): Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. The active configuration to be saved does not appear for selection. For example, if it is [Config 0] (Str0), only [Config 1] (Str1) and [Config 2] (Str2) appear. The parameter changes back to [No] (nO) as soon as the operation is complete.

List of motor parameters

[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu:

[Rated motor power] (nPr) - [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) - [Rated mot current] (nCr) - [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) - [Rated motor speed] (nSP) - [Auto tuning] (tUn) - [Auto tuning status] (tUS) - [Angle auto-test] (ASA) - [Angle offset value] (ASU) - [U0] (U0) to [U5] (U5) - [F1] (F1) to [F5] (F5) - [V. constant power] (UCP) - [Freq. Const Power] (FCP) - [Nominal I sync] (nCrS) - [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS) - [Pole pairs.] (PPnS) - [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) - [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) - [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) - [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS) - [IR compensation] (UFr) - [Slip compensation] (SLP) - motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode pages <u>79</u>, <u>80</u> and <u>82</u>.

[1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu:

[Mot. therm. current] (ItH)

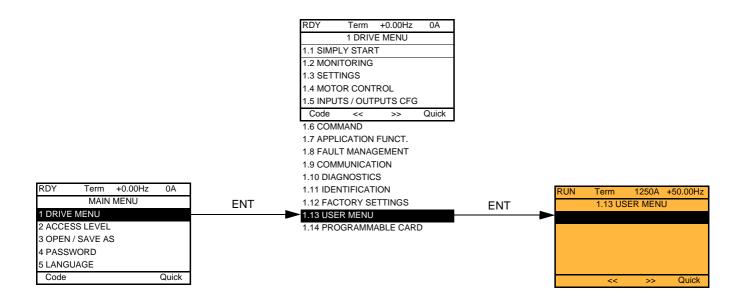
Example of total return to factory settings

- 1. [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf] (InI)
- 2. [PARAMETER GROUP LIST] (FrY-) = [AII] (ALL)
- 3. [Goto FACTORY SETTINGS] (GFS = YES)

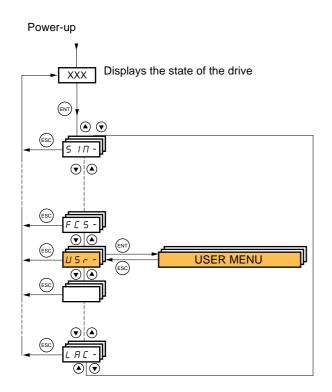
[1.13 USER MENU] (USr-)

This menu contains the parameters selected in the [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu on page 280.

With graphic display terminal:



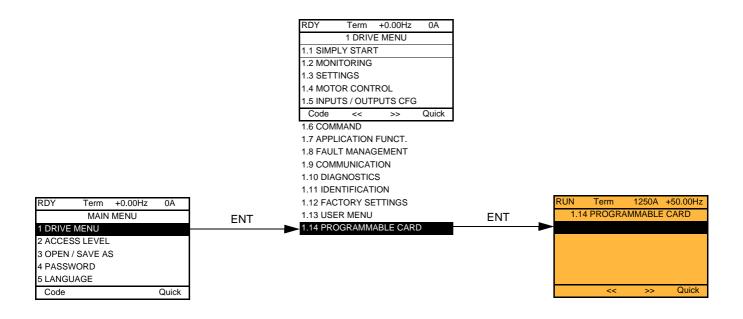
With integrated display terminal:



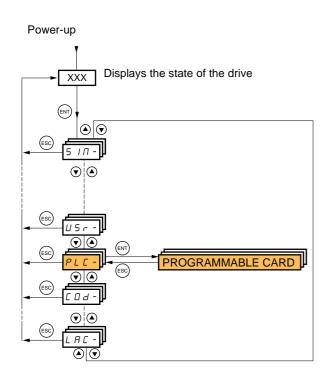
[1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] (PLC-)

This menu can only be accessed if a Controller Inside card has been inserted. Please refer to the documentation specific to this card.

With graphic display terminal:

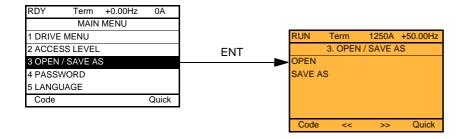


With integrated display terminal:



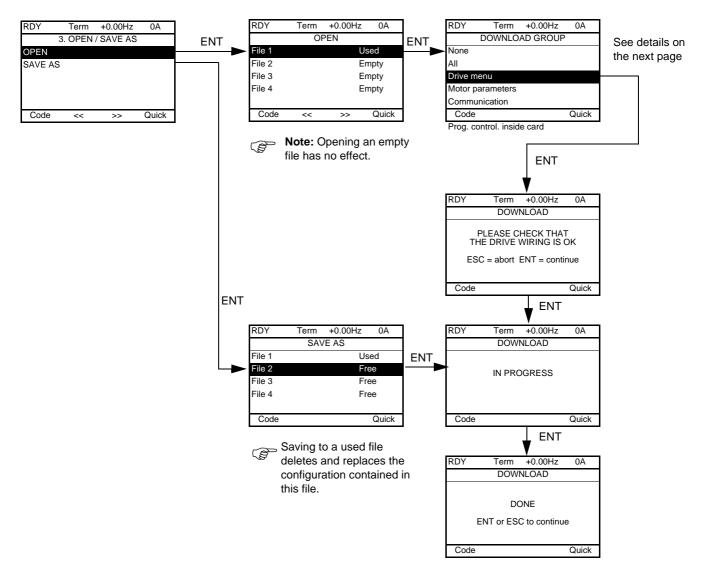
[3. OPEN/SAVE AS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.



[Open]: To download one of the 4 files from the graphic display terminal to the drive. [SAVE AS]: To download the current drive configuration to the graphic display terminal.

Note: Download between drive and graphic display terminal (and vice-versa), can be done only when the motor is stopped.



Various messages may appear when the download is requested:

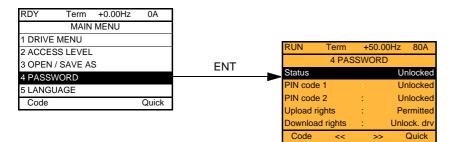
- [IN PROGRESS]
- [DONE]
- Error messages if download not possible
- [Motor parameters are NOT COMPATIBLE. Do you want to continue?]: In this case the download is possible, but the parameters will be restricted.

[DOWNLOAD GROUP]

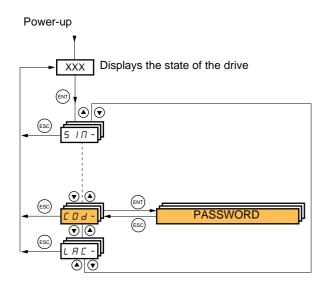
[None]:		No parameters	
[All]:		All parameters in all menus	
		The entire [1 DRIVE MENU] without [1.9 COMMUNICATION] and [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD].	
[Motor parameters]:	[Rated motor power] (nPr)	In the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu	
	[Rated motor volt.] (UnS)		
	[Rated mot. current] (nCr)		
	[Rated motor freq.] (FrS)		
	[Rated motor speed] (nSP)		
	[Auto tuning] (tUn)		
	[Auto tuning status] (tUS)		
	[Angle auto-test] (ASA)		
	[Angle offset value] (ASU)		
	[U0] (U0) to [U5] (U5)		
	[F1] (F1) to [F5] (F5)		
	[V. constant power] (UCP)		
	[Freq. Const Power] (FCP)		
	[Nominal I sync.] (nCrS)		
	[Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS)		
	[Pole pairs] (PPnS)		
	[Syn. EMF constant] (PHS)		
	[Autotune L d-axis] (LdS)		
	[Autotune L q-axis] (LqS)		
	[Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS)		
	[IR compensation] (UFr)		
	[Slip compensation] (SLP)		
	The motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode, page <u>79</u> , <u>80</u> and <u>82</u> .		
	[Mot. therm. current] (ItH)	In the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu	
[Communication]:		All the parameters in the [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu	
[Prog. control. inside card]:		All the parameters in the [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] menu	

[4. PASSWORD] (COd-)

With graphic display terminal:

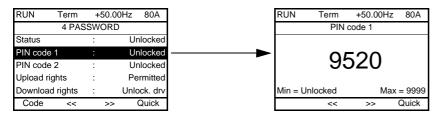


With integrated display terminal:



Enables the configuration to be protected with an access code or a password to be entered in order to access a protected configuration.

Example with graphic display terminal:



- The drive is unlocked when the PIN codes are set to [unlocked] (OFF) (no password) or when the correct code has been entered. All menus are visible.
 - Before protecting the configuration with an access code, you must:
 - Define the [Upload rights] (ULr) and [Download rights] (dLr).
 - Make a careful note of the code and keep it in a safe place where you will always be able to find it.
- The drive has 2 access codes, enabling 2 access levels to be set up.
 - PIN code 1 is a public unlock code: 6969.
 - PIN code 2 is an unlock code known only to Schneider Electric Product Support. It can only be accessed in [Expert] mode.
 - Only one PIN1 or PIN2 code can be used the other must remain set to [OFF] (OFF).

Note: When the unlock code is entered, the user access code appears.

The following items are access-protected:

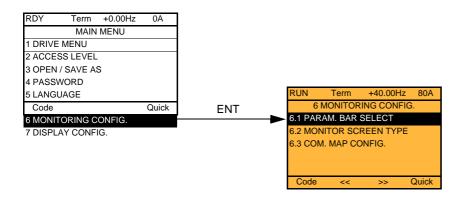
- Return to factory settings ([1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu).
- The channels and parameters protected by the [1.13 USER MENU] as well as the menu itself.
- The custom display settings ([7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu).

[4. PASSWORD] (COd-)

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting		
C S E	[Unlocked] (ULC)		
L C U L C	 Information parameter, cannot be modified. [Locked] (LC): The drive is locked by a password. [Unlocked] (ULC): The drive is not locked by a password. 		
C 0 d	[PIN code 1]	OFF to 9999	[OFF] (OFF)
	 1st access code. The value [OFF] (OFF) indicates that no password has been set [Unlocked]. The value [ON] (On) indicates that the drive is protected and an access code must be entered in order to unlock it. Once the correct code has been entered, it remains on the display and the drive is unlocked until the next time the power supply is disconnected. PIN code 1 is a public unlock code: 6969. 		
C D d 2	I [PIN code 2]	OFF to 9999	[OFF] (OFF)
	 Parameter can only be accessed in [Expert] mode. 2nd access code. The value [OFF] (OFF) indicates that no password has been set [Unlocked]. The value [ON] (On) indicates that the drive is protected and an access code must be entered in order to unlock it. Once the correct code has been entered, it remains on the display and the drive is unlocked until the next time the power supply is disconnected. PIN code 2 is an unlock code known only to Schneider Electric Product Support. When [PIN code 2] (COd2) is not set to OFF, the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu is the only one visible. Then if [PIN code 2] (COd2) is set to OFF (drive unlocked), all menu are visible. If the display settings are modified in [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu, and if [PIN code 2] (COd2) is not set to OFF, the visibility configured is kept. Then if [PIN code 2] (COd2) is set to OFF (drive unlocked), the visibility configured in [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu is the OFF (drive unlocked), the visibility configured in [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu is the OFF (drive unlocked), the visibility configured in [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu is the OFF (drive unlocked), the visibility configured in [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu is kept. 		
ШLг	[Upload rights] [Permitted] (ULr0)		
UL ~ 0	Read or copy the current configuration to the drive. [Permitted] (ULr0): The current drive configuration can always be uploaded to the graphic display terminal or PowerSuite.		
ULr I	[Not allowed] (ULr1): The current drive configuration can only be uploaded to the graphic display terminal or PowerSuite if the drive is not protected by an access code or if the correct code has been entered.		
dLr	[Download rights] [Unlock. drv] (dLr1)		
dlr D dlr I dlr 2 dlr 3	 Writes the current configuration to the drive or downloads a configuration to the drive [Locked drv] (dLr0): A configuration file can only be downloaded to the drive if the drive is protected by an access code, which is the same as the access code for the configuration to be downloaded. [Unlock. drv] (dLr1): A configuration file can be downloaded to the drive or a configuration in the drive can be modified if the drive is unlocked (access code entered) or is not protected by an access code. [Not allowed] (dLr2): Download not authorized. [Lock/unlock] (dLr3): Combination of [Locked drv.] (dLr0) and [Unlock. drv] (dLr1). 		

[6 MONITORING CONFIG.]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.



This can be used to configure the information displayed on the graphic display screen during operation.



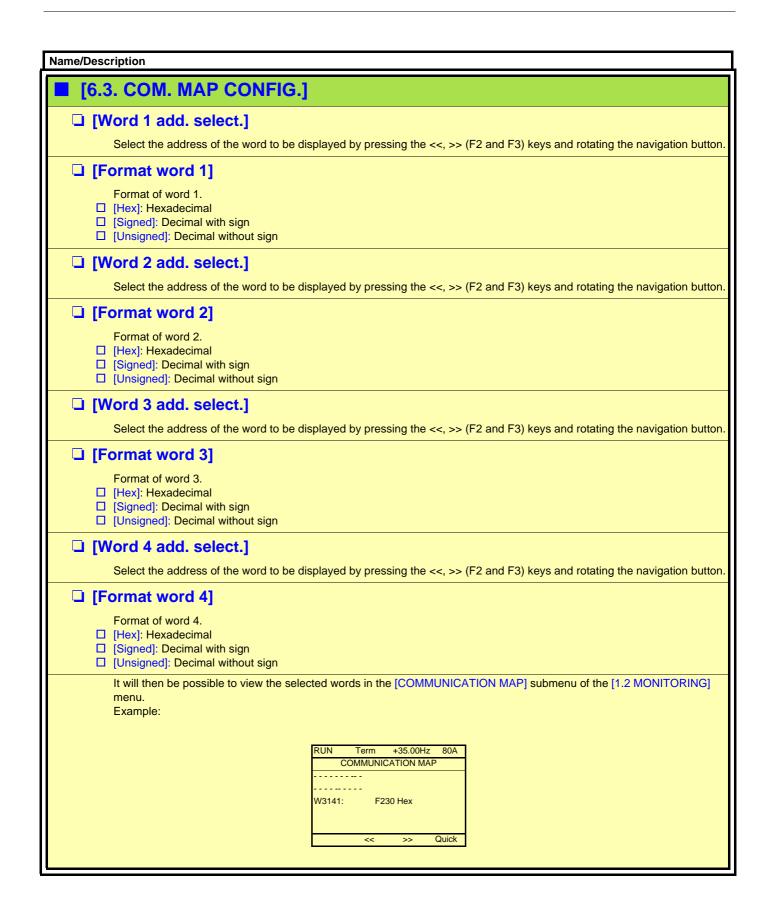
[6.1. PARAM. BAR SELECT]: Selection of 1 to 2 parameters displayed on the top line (the first 2 cannot be modified). ----

[6.2. MONITOR SCREEN TYPE]: Selection of parameters displayed in the centre of the screen and the display mode (digital values or bar graph format).

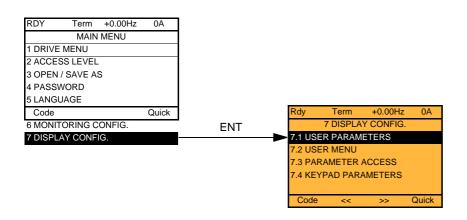
[6.3. COM. MAP CONFIG.]: Selection of the words displayed and their format.

Name/Description			
■ [6.1 PARAM. BAR SELECT]			
[Alarm groups] [Frequency ref.] [Torque reference] [Output frequency] [Motor current] [ENA avg speed] [Motor speed] [Motor voltage] [Motor torque] [Motor torque] [Motor thermal state] [Drv. thermal state] [Drv. thermal state] [Consumption] [Run time] [POwer on time] [IGBT alarm counter] [PID reference] [PID reference] [PID Output] [02] to [06] [Config. active]	<pre>in Hz: parameter displayed in factory configuration. as a % in Hz in A: parameter displayed in factory configuration. in Hz in A: parameter displayed in factory configuration. in Hz in rpm in V as a % as a % in Wh or kWh depending on drive rating in hours (length of time the motor has been switched on) in hours (length of time the drive has been switched on) in hours (length of time the drive has been switched on) in seconds (total time of IGBT overheating alarms) as a % as</pre>		
Select the parameter usi 1 or 2 parameters can be	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted) CNFO, 1 or 2 (see page <u>217</u>) SET1, 2 or 3 (see page <u>216</u>) ng ENT (a then appears next to the parameter). Parameter(s) can also be deselected using ENT. a selected.		
Example:			
PARAM. BAR SELEC MONITORING			

Name/Description			
■ [6.2. MONITOR SCREEN TYPE]			
□ [Display value type]			
	a disital values on the correspondence (factory configuration)		
 [Digital]: Display of one or two digital values on the screen (factory configuration). [Bar graph]: Display of one or two bar graphs on the screen. 			
	en one and five values on the screen.		
[PARAMETER SELEC	TION]		
□ [Alarm groups]	can only be accessed if [Display value type] = [List]		
[Frequency ref.][Torque reference]	in Hz: parameter displayed in factory configuration.		
□ [Polque reference] □ [Output frequency]	as a % in Hz		
[Motor current]	in A		
[ENA avg speed][Motor speed]	in Hz		
□ [Motor voltage]	in rpm		
[Motor power]	in V		
[Motor torque][Mains voltage]	in W		
□ [Main's voltage] □ [Motor thermal state]	as a % in V		
[Drv. thermal state]	as a %		
[DBR thermal state][Consumption]	as a %		
□ [Run time]	as a %		
[Power on time]	in Wh or kWh depending on drive rating		
 [IGBT alarm counter] [PID reference] 	in hours (length of time the motor has been switched on)		
[PID feedback]	in hours (length of time the drive has been switched on) in seconds (total time of IGBT overheating alarms)		
	as a %		
□ [PID Output] □ [02]	as a %		
to	as a %		
□ [06]	in Hz		
[Config. active][Utilised param. set]	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)		
	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)		
	CNFO, 1 or 2 (see page <u>217</u>), can only be accessed if [Display value type] = [List] SET1, 2 or 3 (see page <u>216</u>), can only be accessed if [Display value type] = [List]		
Select the parameter(s) using	ENT (a \checkmark then appears next to the parameter). Parameter(s) can also be deselected using ENT.		
PARAMETER SELECTION			
MONITORING			
Examples include:			
Display of 2 digital values	Display of 2 bar graphs Display of a list of 5 values		
	Values		
RUN Term +35.00Hz 80			
Motor speed	Min Motor speed max MONITORING 0 1250 rpm 1500 Frequency ref. : 50.1Hz		
1250 rpm	Motor current: 80 A		
	Min Motor current max Motor speed: 1250 rpm 0 80 A 150 Motor thermal state: 80%		
80 A	Drv thermal state : 80%		
Quic	k Quick Quick		



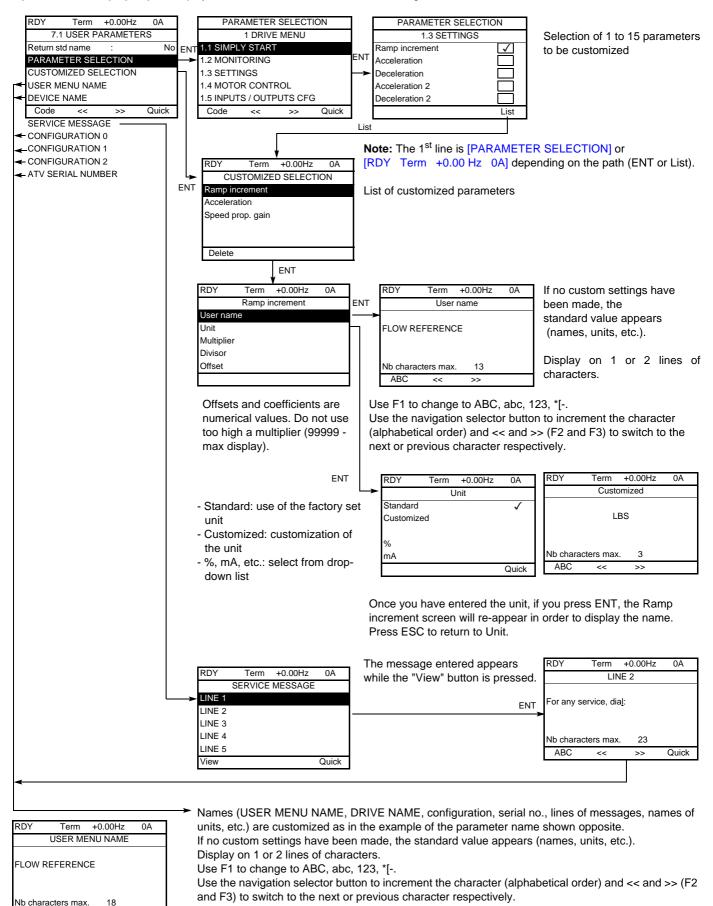
This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It can be used to customize parameters or a menu and to access parameters.



7.1: USER PARAMETERS: Customization of 1 to 15 parameters.

- 7.2 USER MENU: Creation of a customized menu.
- 7.3 PARAMETER ACCESS: Customization of the visibility and protection mechanisms of menus and parameters.
- 7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS: Adjustment of the contrast and stand-by mode of the graphic display terminal (parameters stored in the terminal rather than in the drive). Choice of the menu displayed on power up.

If [Return std name] = [Yes] the display reverts to standard but the custom settings remain stored.

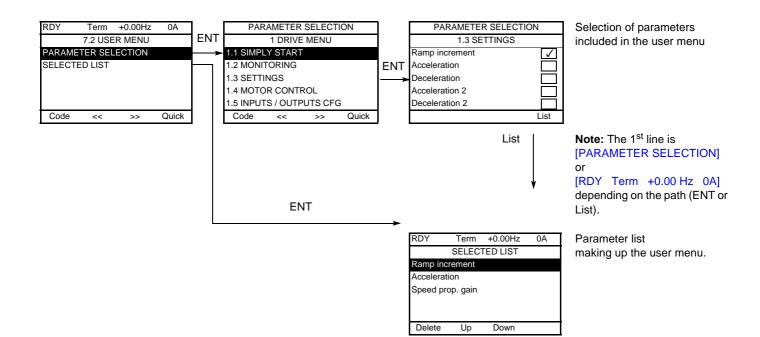


<<

>>

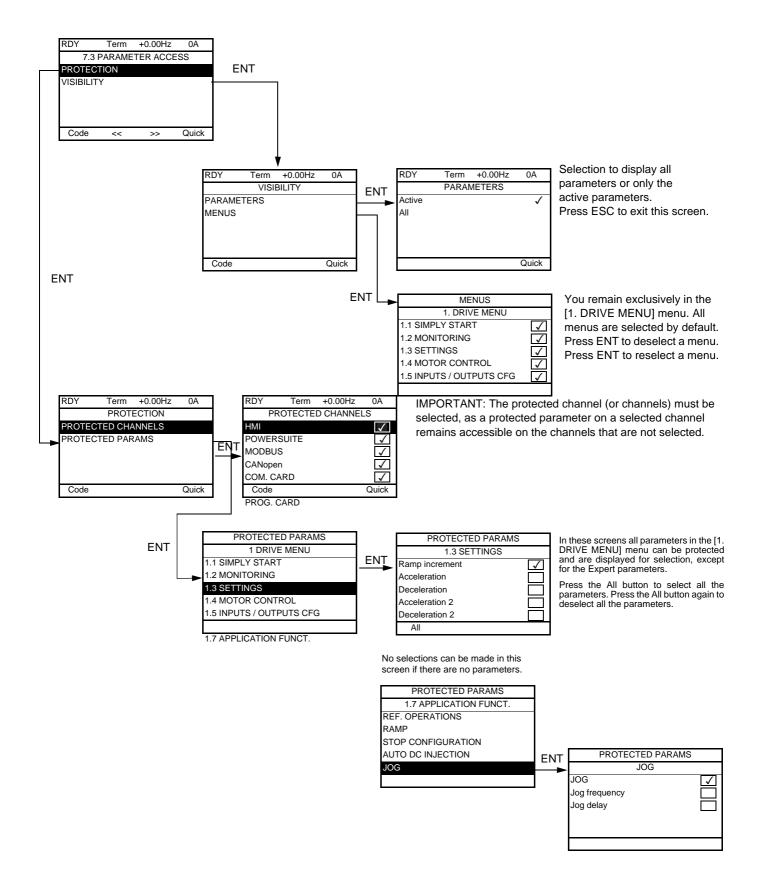
Quick

ABC

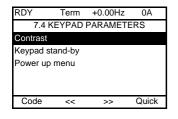


Use the F2 and F3 keys to arrange the parameters in the list (example below using F3).

RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A
	SELEC	TED LIST	
Acceleration			
Ramp increment			
Speed prop. gain			
Delete	Up	Down	



Note: The protected parameters are no longer accessible and are not, therefore, displayed for the selected channels.

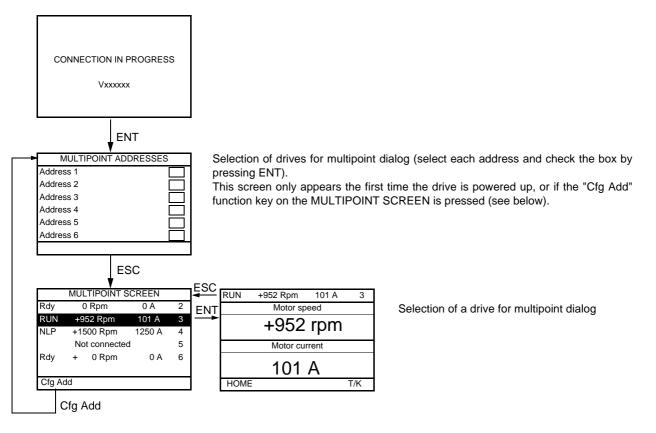


Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
[Keypad contrast]	0 to 100 %	50 %	
Adjustment of contrast on graphic display unit.			
[5] [Keypad stand-by]			
Configures and adjusts the stand-by mode of the graphic display unit. [No]: No stand-by mode. [1] to [10]: Adjusts the time during which the terminal is to remain idle before stand-by mode is triggered, in minutes. After this idle time, the display backlight turns off and the contrast is reduced. The screen returns to normal operation when a key or the navigation button is pressed. It also returns to normal operation if the terminal exits the normal display mode, for example, if a fault occurs. 			
[Power up menu]		[Main menu]	
 Choose the menu which appears on the product menu when it is powered up [Drive menu.]: Display the drive menu. [Sim. start]: Display the simply start menu. [Monitoring]: Display the monitoring menu. [Settings]: Display the setting menu. [Mot. Ctrl]: Display the motor control menu. [I/O Conf.]: Display the inputs outputs configuration menu. [Command]: Display the command menu. [Appli. fun.]: Display the tapplication function menu. [Fault mgt]: Display the fault management menu. [Com.]: Display the communication menu. [Diagnostics]: Display the diagnostic menu. [Ident.]: Display the identification menu. [Settory Set.]: Display the factory setting. [User menu]: Display the drive menu. [CI menu]: Display the drive menu. [Main menu]: Display the main menu. 			

[MULTIPOINT SCREEN]

Communication is possible between a graphic display terminal and a number of drives connected on the same bus. The addresses of the drives must be configured in advance in the [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu using the [Modbus Address] (Add) parameter, page <u>261</u>.

When a number of drives are connected to the same display terminal, the terminal automatically displays the following screens:



In multipoint mode, the command channel is not displayed. From left to right, the state, then the 2 selected parameters and finally the drive address appear.

All menus can be accessed in multipoint mode. Only drive control via the graphic display terminal is not authorized, apart from the Stop key, which locks all the drives.

If there is a fault on a drive, this drive is displayed.

Servicing

The Altivar 71 does not require any preventive maintenance. It is nevertheless advisable to perform the following regularly:

- Check the condition and tightness of the connections.
- Ensure that the temperature around the unit remains at an acceptable level and that ventilation is effective (average service life of fans: 3 to 5 years, depending on the operating conditions).
- Remove any dust from the drive.

Assistance with maintenance, fault display

If a problem arises during setup or operation, first check that the recommendations relating to the environment, mounting and connections have been observed.

The first fault detected is saved and displayed, and the drive locks.

The drive switching to fault mode can be indicated remotely via a logic output or a relay, which can be configured in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu, see, for example, [R1 CONFIGURATION] (r1-) page <u>118</u>.

Menu [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It displays faults and their cause in plain text and can be used to carry out tests, see page <u>263</u>.

Clearing the fault

Disconnect the drive power supply in the event of a non-resettable fault. Wait for the display to disappear completely. Find the cause of the fault in order to correct it.

The drive is unlocked after a fault:

- By switching off the drive until the display disappears completely, then switching on again
- Automatically in the scenarios described for the [AUTOMATIC RESTART] (Atr-) function, page 238
- By means of a logic input or control bit assigned to the [FAULT RESET] (rSt-) function, page 237
- · By pressing the STOP/RESET button on the graphic display terminal

Menu [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-):

This is used to prevent and find the causes of faults by displaying the drive state and its current values. It can be accessed with the integrated display terminal.

Spares and repairs:

Consult Schneider Electric product support.

Drive does not start, no fault displayed

- If the display does not light up, check the power supply to the drive.
- The assignment of the "Fast stop" or "Freewheel" functions will prevent the drive starting if the corresponding logic inputs are not powered up. The ATV71 then displays [Freewheel] (nSt) in freewheel stop and [Fast stop] (FSt) in fast stop. This is normal since these functions are active at zero so that the drive will be stopped safely if there is a wire break.
- Make sure that the run command input or inputs are activated in accordance with the selected control mode ([2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) parameters, page <u>102</u>).
- If an input is assigned to the limit switch function and this input is at zero, the drive can only be started up by sending a command for the opposite direction (see pages <u>169</u> and <u>209</u>).
- If the reference channel or command channel is assigned to a communication bus, when the power supply is connected, the drive will display [Freewheel] (nSt) and remain in stop mode until the communication bus sends a command.
- When an encoder is used with a VW3 A3 409 card, if the encoder is not fully configured, the drive remains locked in stop mode (displays [NST] (nSt) or [NLP] (nLP)).

Faults, which cannot be reset automatically

The cause of the fault must be removed before resetting by turning off and then back on.

AnF, ASF, brF, ECF, EnF, SOF, SPF and tnF faults can also be reset remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault reset] (rSF) parameter, page 237).

AnF, EnF, InFA, InFA, InFB, SOF, SPF, and tnF faults can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH) parameter, page 249).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
A 12F	[AI2 input]	 Non-conforming signal on analog input Al2 	 Check the wiring of analog input Al2 and the value of the signal.
An F	[Load slipping]	The encoder speed feedback does not match the reference	 Check the motor, gain and stability parameters. Add a braking resistor. Check the size of the motor/drive/load. Check the encoder's mechanical coupling and its wiring. If the "torque control" function is used, see "Note" on page 200.
A S F	[Angle Error]	 A modification has changed the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder or resolver The "Procedure for measuring the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder" page <u>83</u> has failed or has not been performed for the law [Sync. mot.] (SYn), bad setting of the speed loop, when the reference goes through 0. 	 See comments on page <u>83</u>. Repeat the "Procedure for measuring the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder" page <u>83</u>.
60F	[DBR overload]	 The braking resistor is under excessive stress 	 Check the size of the resistor and wait for it to cool down Check the [DB Resistor Power] (brP) and [DB Resistor value] (brU) parameters, page <u>256</u>.
brF	[Brake feedback]	 The brake feedback contact does not match the brake logic control The brake does not stop the motor quickly enough (detected by measuring the speed on the "Pulse input" input). 	 Check the feedback circuit and the brake logic control circuit Check the mechanical state of the brake Check the brake linings
ЬUF	[DB unit sh. Circuit]	 Short-circuit output from braking unit Braking unit not connected 	 Check the wiring of the braking unit and the resistor. Check the braking resistor The monitoring of this fault must be disabled by the [Brake res. fault Mgt.] (bUb) parameter, page <u>256</u> if there is no resistor or braking unit connected to the drive, at and above 55 kW (75 HP) for ATV71eeeM3X and at and above 90 kW (120 HP) for ATV71eeeN4.
ErF I	[Precharge]	Charging relay control fault or charging resistor damaged	 Turn the drive off and then back on again Check the internal connections Inspect/repair the drive
CrF2	[Thyr. soft charge]	 DC bus charging fault (thyristors) 	
dEF	[Differential curent Fault]	Current difference between power block A and B (ATV71EC60 M14N4 or ATVEM15M24Y only	 Check thyristor with [TEST THYRISTORS] Check IGBT with [TRANSISTOR TEST] Check current transformer
ECF	[Encoder coupling]	Break in encoder's mechanical coupling	Check the encoder's mechanical coupling

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
EEF I	[Control Eeprom]	 Internal memory fault, control card 	 Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility) Turn off, reset, return to factory settings
E E F 2	[Power Eeprom]	 Internal memory fault, power card 	 Inspect/repair the drive
EnF	[Encoder]	Encoder feedback fault	 Check all the configuration parameters for the encoder used. Refer to the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu for the value of parameter RESE. Check that the encoder's mechanical and electrical operation, its power supply and connections are all correct. If necessary, reverse the direction of rotation of the motor ([Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter, page 71) or the encoder signals.
FEFI	[Out. contact. stuck]	 The output contactor remains closed although the opening conditions have been met 	Check the contactor and its wiringCheck the feedback circuit
HdF	[IGBT desaturation]	 Short-circuit or grounding at the drive output 	 Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor insulation. Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.
IL F	[internal com. link]	 Communication fault between option card and drive 	 Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility) Check the connections Check that no more than 2 option cards (max. permitted) have been installed on the drive Replace the option card Inspect/repair the drive
InFl	[Rating error]	 The power card is different from the card stored 	Check the reference of the power card
InF2	[Incompatible PB]	The power card is incompatible with the control card	Check the reference of the power card and its compatibility.
In F B	[Internal serial link]	 Communication fault between the internal cards 	Check the internal connectionsInspect/repair the drive
In F 4	[Internal-mftg zone]	 Internal data inconsistent 	 Recalibrate the drive (performed by Schneider Electric Product Support).
In F 6	[Internal - fault option]	 The option installed in the drive is not recognized 	Check the reference and compatibility of the option.
InF 7	[Internal-hard init.]	 Initialization of the drive is incomplete 	Turn off and reset.
InFB	[Internal-ctrl supply]	The control power supply is incorrect	Check the control section power supply
InF 9	[Internal- I measure]	The current measurements are incorrect	Replace the current sensors or the power card.Inspect/repair the drive
InFA	[Internal-mains circuit]	The input stage is not operating correctly	 Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu. Inspect/repair the drive
InFb	[Internal- th. sensor]	 The drive temperature sensor is not operating correctly The braking unit's temperature sensor is not operating correctly. 	 Replace the drive temperature sensor Inspect/repair the drive Replace the braking unit's temperature sensor Inspect/repair the braking unit The monitoring of this fault must be disabled by the [Brake res. fault Mgt.] (bUb) parameter, page <u>256</u> if there is no braking unit connected to the drive.
InFC	[Internal-time meas.]	 Fault on the electronic time measurement component 	Inspect/repair the drive
InFE	[internal- CPU]	Internal microprocessor fault	 Turn off and reset. Inspect/repair the drive.

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
OCF	[Overcurrent]	 Parameters in the [SETTINGS] (SEt-) and [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menus are not correct. Inertia or load too high Mechanical locking 	 Check the parameters. Check the size of the motor/drive/load. Check the state of the mechanism.
PrF	[Power removal]	 Fault with the drive's "Power removal" safety function 	Inspect/repair the drive
SCF I	[Motor short circuit]	 Short-circuit or grounding at the drive output 	 Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor insulation.
5 <i>C F 2</i>	[Impedant sh. circuit]		• Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]
5 <i>C F 3</i>	[Ground short circuit]	 Significant earth leakage current at the drive output if several motors are connected in parallel 	 menu. Reduce the switching frequency. Connect chokes in series with the motor. Check the adjustment of speed loop and brake.
SPF	[Speed fdback loss]	 No resolver or encoder feedback signal No Top Z signal after the activation of the Top Z function and 2 cycles. No signal on "Pulse input", if the input is used for speed measurement 	 Check the wiring between the encoder or resolver and the drive. Check the encoder or resolver. Check all the configuration parameters for the encoder used. Refer to the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu for the value of parameter RESE. Check the wiring of the input cable and the detector used
£nF	[Auto-tuning]	 Special motor or motor whose power is not suitable for the drive Motor not connected to the drive 	 Check that the motor/drive are compatible Check that the motor is present during auto-tuning If an output contactor is being used, close it during auto- tuning

Faults that can be reset with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared

These faults can also be reset by turning on and off or by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault reset] (rSF) parameter, page <u>237</u>). APF, CnF, COF, EPF1, EPF2, FCF2, LFF3, LFF4, ObF, OHF, OLF, OPF1, OPF2, OSF, OtF1, OtF2, OtFL, PHF, PtF1, PtF2, PtFL, SLF1, SLF2, SLF3, SrF, SSF and tJF faults can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH)parameter, page <u>249</u>).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
A P F	[Application fault]	Controller Inside card fault	Please refer to the card documentation
ЬLF	[Brake control]	 Brake release current not reached Brake engage frequency threshold [Brake engage freq] (bEn) only regulated when brake logic control is assigned 	 Check the drive/motor connection Check the motor windings Check the [Brake release I FW] (lbr) and [Brake release I Rev] (lrd) settings, page <u>175</u> Apply the recommended settings for [Brake engage freq] (bEn).
[nF	[Com. network]	Communication fault on communication card	 Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility) Check the wiring. Check the time-out Replace the option card Inspect/repair the drive
C O F	[CANopen com.]	 Interruption in communication on the CANopen bus 	Check the communication bus.Check the time-outRefer to the CANopen User's Manual
EPF I	[External flt-LI/Bit]	 Fault triggered by an external device, depending on user 	Check the device which caused the fault, and reset
EPF2	[External fault com.]	 Fault triggered by a communication network 	Check for the cause of the fault and reset
FCF2	[Out. contact. open.]	The output contactor remains open although the closing conditions have been met	Check the contactor and its wiringCheck the feedback circuit
LEF	[input contactor]	• The drive is not turned on even though [Mains V. time out] (LCt) has elapsed.	 Check the contactor and its wiring Check the time-out Check the line/contactor/drive connection
LFF2	[AI2 4-20mA loss]	 Loss of the 4-20 mA reference on analog input AI2, AI3 or AI4 	 Check the connection on the analog inputs.
LFFJ	[AI3 4-20mA loss]		
LFFY	[AI4 4-20mA loss]		
OЬF	[Overbraking]	 Braking too sudden or driving load 	 Increase the deceleration time Install a braking resistor if necessary Activate the [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) function, page <u>155</u>, if it is compatible with the application
OHF	[Drive overheat]	 Drive temperature too high Braking unit over temperature Phase module over temperature Rectifier over temperature 	 Check the motor load, the drive ventilation and the ambient temperature. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting.
OLF	[Motor overload]	Triggered by excessive motor current	 Check the setting of the motor thermal protection, check the motor load. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting.
OPF I	[1 output phase loss]	 Loss of one phase at drive output 	Check the connections from the drive to the motor

Faults that can be reset with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared (continued)

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
OPF2	[3 motor phase loss]	 Motor not connected or motor power too low Output contactor open Instantaneous instability in the motor current 	 Check the connections from the drive to the motor If an output contactor is being used, parameterize [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Output cut] (OAC), page <u>242</u>. Test on a low power motor or without a motor:In factory settings mode, motor phase loss detection is active [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Yes] (YES). To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment, without having to use a motor with the same rating as the drive (in particular for high power drives), deactivate motor phase loss detection [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [No] (nO) Check and optimize the following parameters: [IR compensation] (UFr), page <u>95</u>, [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) and [Rated mot. current] (nCr) page <u>76</u> and perform [Auto-tuning] (tUn) page <u>88</u>.
0 S F	[Mains overvoltage]	Line voltage too highDisturbed mains supply	Check the line voltage
OEF I	[PTC1 overheat]	 Overheating of the PTC1 probes detected 	Check the motor load and motor size.Check the motor ventilation.
O E F 2	[PTC2 overheat]	Overheating of the PTC2 probes detected	 Wait for the motor to cool before restarting Check the type and state of the PTC probes
OEFL	[LI6=PTC overheat]	 Overheating of PTC probes detected on input LI6 	
PEFI	[PTC1 probe]	 PTC1 probes open or short- circuited 	Check the PTC probes and the wiring between them and the motor/drive
PEF2	[PTC2 probe]	 PTC2 probes open or short- circuited 	
PEFL	[LI6=PTC probe]	 PTC probes on input LI6 open or short-circuited 	
5 <i>C F 4</i>	[IGBT short circuit]	 Power component fault 	 Perform a test via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu. Inspect/repair the drive
5 <i>C F</i> 5	[Motor short circuit]	Short-circuit at drive output	 Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor's insulation Perform tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu. Inspect/repair the drive
SLFI	[Modbus com.]	 Interruption in communication on the Modbus bus 	 Check the communication bus. Check the time-out Refer to the Modbus User's Manual
SLF2	[PowerSuite com.]	 Fault communicating with PowerSuite 	Check the PowerSuite connecting cable.Check the time-out
SLFJ	[HMI com.]	 Fault communicating with the graphic display terminal 	Check the terminal connectionCheck the time-out
SrF	[TORQUE TIME OUT FLT]	The time-out of the torque control function is attained	Check the function's settingsCheck the state of the mechanism
5 5 F	[Torque/current lim]	 Switch to torque limitation 	 Check if there are any mechanical problems Check the parameters of [TORQUE LIMITATION] (tLA-) page <u>202</u> and the parameters of the [TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT.] (tld-) fault, page <u>251</u>).
E J F	[IGBT overheat]	Drive overheated	 Check the size of the load/motor/drive. Reduce the switching frequency. Wait for the motor to cool before restarting

Faults that can be reset as soon as their causes disappear

The USF fault can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH) parameter, page 249).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
C F F	[Incorrect config.]	Option card changed or removed	 Check that there are no card errors. In the event of the option card being changed/removed deliberately, see the remarks below
		 Control card replaced by a control card configured on a drive with a different rating 	 Check that there are no card errors. In the event of the control card being changed deliberately, see the remarks below
		 The current configuration is inconsistent 	 Return to factory settings or retrieve the backup configuration, if it is valid (see page <u>269</u>)
CF I	[Invalid config.]	 Invalid configuration The configuration loaded in the drive via the bus or communication network is inconsistent. 	 Check the configuration loaded previously. Load a compatible configuration
dLF	[Dynamic load fault]	Abnormal load variation	Check that the load is not blocked by an obstacleRemoval of a run command causes a reset
HEF	[Cards pairing]	The [CARDS PAIRING] (PPI-) function, page 257, has been configured and a drive card has been changed	 In the event of a card error, reinsert the original card Confirm the configuration by entering the [Pairing password] (PPI) if the card was changed deliberately
PHF	[Input phase loss]	 Drive incorrectly supplied or a fuse blown Failure of one phase 3-phase ATV71 used on a single- phase line supply Unbalanced load 	 Check the power connection and the fuses. Use a 3-phase line supply. Disable the fault by [Input phase loss] (IPL) = [No] (nO).
		This protection only operates with the drive on load	(page <u>242</u>)
USF	[Undervoltage]	 Line supply too low Transient voltage dip 	 Check the voltage and the parameters of [UNDERVOLTAGE MGT] (USb-), page <u>246</u>

Option card changed or removed

When an option card is removed or replaced by another, the drive locks in [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault mode on power-up. If the card has been deliberately changed or removed, the fault can be cleared by pressing the ENT key twice, which **causes the factory settings to be restored** (see page <u>269</u>) for the parameter groups affected by the card. These are as follows:

Card replaced by a card of the same type

- I/O cards: [Drive menu] (drM)
- Encoder cards: [Drive menu] (drM)
- · Communication cards: only the parameters that are specific to communication cards
- Controller Inside cards: [Prog. card menu] (PLC)

Card removed (or replaced by a different type of card)

- I/O card: [Drive menu] (drM)
- Encoder card: [Drive menu] (drM)
- Communication card: [Drive menu] (drM) and parameters specific to communication cards
- Controller Inside card: [Drive menu] (drM) and [Prog. card menu] (PLC)

Control card changed

When a control card is replaced by a control card configured on a drive with a different rating, the drive locks in [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault mode on power-up. If the card has been deliberately changed, the fault can be cleared by pressing the ENT key twice, which **causes** all the factory settings to be restored.

Menu [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Code	Name	Factory setting	Customer setting
ECC	[2/3 wire control]	[2 wire] (2C)	
C F G	[Macro configuration]	[Start/Stop] (StS)	
bFr	[Standard mot. freq]	[50 Hz] (50)	
nPr	[Rated motor power]	According to drive rating	
U n 5	[Rated motor volt.]	According to drive rating	
nEr	[Rated mot. current]	According to drive rating	
FrS	[Rated motor freq.]	50 Hz	
n S P	[Rated motor speed]	According to drive rating	
EFr	[Max frequency]	60 Hz	
PHr	[Output Ph rotation]	ABC	
IEH	[Mot. therm. current]	According to drive rating	
A C C	[Acceleration]	3.0 s	
d E C	[Deceleration]	3.0 s	
LSP	[Low speed]	0	
HSP	[High speed]	50 Hz	

Functions assigned to I/O

Inputs Outputs	Functions assigned	Inputs Outputs	Functions assigned
LI1		LO1	
LI2		LO2	
LI3		LO3	
LI4		LO4	
LI5		Al1	
LI6		AI2	
LI7		AI3	
LI8		AI4	
LI9		R1	
LI10		R2	
LI11		R3	
LI12		R4	
LI13		RP	
LI14		Encoder	

User settings tables

Other parameters (table to be created by the user)

Code	Name	Customer setting	Code	Name	Customer sett
_					

[2 wire] (2C)	<u>41</u>
[2nd CURRENT LIMIT.]	204
[3 wire] (3C)	<u>41</u>
+/- speed	<u>164</u>
+/- speed around a reference	<u>166</u>
[AUTO DC INJECTION]	<u>158</u>
[AUTOMATIC RESTART]	<u>238</u>
[Auto tuning]	<u>43</u>
Brake logic control	<u>171</u>
[CATCH ON THE FLY]	<u>239</u>
Closed-loop synchronous motor	<u>83</u>
Command and reference channels	132
Deferred stop on thermal alarm	244
Direct power supply via DC bus	230
[DRIVE OVERHEAT]	243
[ENA SYSTEM]	<u>93</u>
[ENCODER CONFIGURATION]	<u>114</u>
[EVACUATION]	<u>228</u>
[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-)	<u>267</u>
[FAULT RESET]	237
[FLUXING BY LI]	<u>86</u>
Half floor	<u>229</u>
[TOP Z MANAGEMENT]	<u>231</u>
High-speed hoisting	<u>184</u>
Inspection	227
[JOG]	<u>160</u>
Limit switch management	<u>169</u>
Line contactor command	205
Load measurement	<u>182</u>
[Load sharing]	<u>98</u>
Load variation detection	254
Motor or configuration switching [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]	217
Motor thermal protection	240

Index of functions

[Noise reduction]	<u>95</u>
Output contactor command	207
Parameter set switching [PARAM. SET SWITCHING]	214
[4. PASSWORD] (COd-)	274
PID regulator	<u>189</u>
Positioning by sensors or limit switches	209
Preset speeds	<u>161</u>
PTC probes	235
[RAMP]	<u>152</u>
[REFERENCE SWITCH.]	<u>150</u>
[ROLLBACK MGT]	<u>181</u>
Rope slack	<u>187</u>
[RP CONFIGURATION]	<u>112</u>
[REGEN CONNECTION]	232
Save reference	<u>168</u>
[STOP CONFIGURATION]	<u>156</u>
Stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch	211
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Synchronous motor parameters:	<u>81</u>
Torque limitation	<u>201</u>
Torque regulation	<u>198</u>
Traverse control	220
Use of the "Pulse input" input to measure the speed of rotation of the motor	252

Code						Page					
					CFG]		C113	ĹIJ		GSJ	
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 I.N -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (d.r E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (<i>E</i> ± L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Ln -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (EDT-)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (E ロ <i>പ</i> -)
A IC -					<u>130</u>						
ASC -					<u>130</u>						
A 3 C -					<u>130</u>						
AC 2			<u>55</u>				<u>154 167</u> <u>195</u>				
ACC	44		<u>55</u>				<u>152</u>				
A d C							<u>158</u>				
A 4 C 0									<u>261</u>		
Add									<u>261</u>		
A I IA		<u>52</u>			<u>107</u>						
A I IE					<u>107</u>						
A I IF					<u>107</u>						
A I I S					<u>107</u>						
A I I E					<u>107</u>						
A 12A		<u>52</u>			<u>108</u>						
A 12E					<u>108</u>						
A I 2 F					<u>108</u>						
A IST					<u>108</u>						
A 125					<u>108</u>						
A 12E					<u>108</u>						
А І Э А		<u>52</u>			<u>109</u>						
A I 3 E					<u>109</u>						
RIJF					<u>109</u>						
A 13L					<u>109</u>						
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A 13E					<u>109</u>						
A 14A		<u>52</u>			<u>110</u>						
A 14E					<u>110</u>						
A 14F					<u>110</u>						
A 14L					<u>110</u>						
A 145					<u>110</u>						
A 14E A IC I					<u>110</u>		102				
HILI					<u>111</u>		<u>193</u>				
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		<u>51, 53</u>							264		
A N O A									<u>261</u>		

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 171 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 ⊔ P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] ([1.6 COMMAND] (C ± L -)	ן.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F נוה -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (E D II -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F L 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (E 미占 -)
	7 . (5	<u>5</u>	<u> </u>	É P	<u>н</u>	<u>5</u> 2	<u>ت</u> ب	μ		ц Ц	4 7
AUDC					100				<u>261</u>		
ROI ROIF					<u>126</u>						
AD IE					<u>127</u> <u>126</u>						
A02					<u>120</u> <u>128</u>						
ROZF					<u>128</u>						
ROZE					<u>128</u>						
ROJ					129						
R D 3 F					129						
RDJE					129						
яон і					<u>126</u>						
AOH2					<u>128</u>						
ROHJ					<u>129</u>						
ROL I					<u>126</u>						
ADLS					<u>128</u>						
ADL 3					<u>129</u>						
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ASA				<u>84</u>							
ASH I					<u>127</u>						
ASH2					<u>128</u>						
A 5 H 3					<u>129</u>						
ASL				<u>84</u>							
ASL I					<u>127</u>						
ASL2					<u>128</u>						
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66 I				<u>98</u>			175				
6L 1 6d[0							<u>175</u>		<u>261</u>		
8820									201		

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 10 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 ⊔ P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C ± L -)	ן.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F נוה -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D 1 -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F [5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C D d -)
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bEd							<u>170</u>				
6En			<u>66</u>				<u>176</u>				
bEE			<u>67</u>				<u>176</u>				
bFr	<u>42</u>		70								
ЬІР							<u>175</u>				
Ьlr			<u>66</u>				176				
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br A							<u>155</u>				
br HO							<u>178</u>				
br H I							<u>178</u>				
6r H2							<u>179</u>				
brH3							<u>179</u>				
6 <i>-</i> H4							<u>179</u>				
6r0								<u>256</u>			
brP								<u>256</u>			
brr							<u>179</u>				
brt			<u>66</u>				<u>176</u>				
БгЦ								<u>256</u>			
65P					<u>105</u>						
65E							<u>175</u>				
606								<u>256</u>			
C C F G	<u>41</u>										
C C S						<u>141</u>					
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C d 2 C F G						<u>141</u>					
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CLL				<u></u>				<u>250</u>			

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 IЛ -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 ⊔ P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E ± -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C E L -)	ניז APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F נוה -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D N -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (ビロd‐)
C L D							<u>188</u>				
C L S							<u>213</u>				
EnF I							<u>219</u>				
EnF2							<u>219</u>				
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C D d											<u>275</u>
C D d 2											<u>275</u>
C O F							<u>188</u>				
C O L								<u>250</u>			
C O P						<u>142</u>					
[Dr							<u>188</u>				
CP I							<u>183</u>				
C P 2							<u>183</u>				
C r H 2					<u>108</u>						
[rH]					<u>109</u>						
Er H4					<u>110</u>						
[rl2					<u>108</u>						
ErL3					<u>109</u>						
CrL4					<u>110</u>						
C 5 Ł											<u>275</u>
CEd			<u>67</u>								
CEE				<u>70</u>							
4 A S							<u>151</u>				
6 A B							<u>151</u>				
dAF							<u>212</u>				
d A L							<u>212</u>				
dAr							<u>212</u>				
dRS							<u>208</u>				
dbn							<u>200</u>				
d 6 P							<u>200</u>				
d							<u>208</u>				
dCF			<u>60</u>				<u>156</u>	<u>258</u>			
d[<u>157</u>				
d C 0							<u>230</u>				
d E 2			<u>55</u>				<u>154.</u> <u>167</u>				

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	START]	DRING]	S	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] ([ON	ניז APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F נוה -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	NICATION	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	RDJ
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1.1 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 <i>L</i> P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR (<i>d</i> r E -)	[1.5 INPUTS (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (<i>E</i> Ł -)	<mark>1.7 АРР</mark> ЦС (F U n -)	[1.8 FAULT (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (E D 7 -)	[1.12 FACT0 (F [5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (E
dEC	<u>44</u>		<u>55</u>				<u>152</u>				
dlb								<u>255</u>			
dLd								<u>255</u>			
dLr											<u>275</u>
d 0					<u>123</u>						
d 0 d					<u>123</u>						
d 0 H					<u>123</u>						
d D S					<u>123</u>						
d 5 F							<u>213</u>				
d 5							<u>167</u>				
d 5 P							<u>165</u>				
dEF							<u>226</u>				
ЕЬО							<u>225</u>				
ECC								<u>251</u>			
ECE								<u>251</u>			
EFI					<u>115</u>						
EFr					<u>115</u>						
EIL					<u>115</u>						
Enfl				<u>94</u>							
EnC				<u>75</u>	<u>114</u>						
Enfir					<u>116</u>						
Enrl					<u>114</u>						
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EnU				<u>75</u>	<u>114</u>						
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ErCO									<u>261</u>		
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FI				77							
F 2				77							
FZd			<u>68</u>								
F J				77							
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F 5				77							
FAL				<u>95</u>							

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1.11 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 <i>L P</i> -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (طـ 1 -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (/ - D -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (E Ł L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F U)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (E D II -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F C 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (E ロ <i>占</i> -)
FCP FCSI				<u>78</u>						<u>269</u>	
Fdt								<u>253</u>		209	
FFA					<u>117</u>			200			
FFP				<u>91</u>	<u></u>						
FFr					<u>117</u>						
FFE			<u>68</u>				<u>156</u>				
FFU				<u>91</u>							
FLG			<u>56</u>	<u>90</u>							
FLI				<u>86</u>			<u>86</u>				
FLO									<u>262</u>		
FLOC									<u>262</u>		
FLOE									<u>262</u>		
FLr								<u>239</u>			
FLU			<u>63</u>	<u>86</u>			<u>86</u>				
FPI							<u>195</u>				
F9A								<u>253</u>			
F9C								<u>253</u>			
F9F								<u>253</u>			
F9L			<u>68</u>								
F95		<u>51, 53</u>									
F9E						4.40		<u>253</u>			
Frl						<u>140</u>	450				
Fr Ib Fr 2						1/1	<u>150</u>				
FrES					<u>115</u>	<u>141</u>					
FrH		<u>51, 53</u>			113						
FrS	<u>42</u>	01,00	<u>76</u>								
Fr 55	<u></u>		<u></u>	<u>82</u>							
Fre							<u>154</u>				
Fry-										<u>269</u>	
FSL							<u>156</u>				
FEd			<u>68</u>								
GF 5										<u>269</u>	
G I E			<u>60</u>	<u>94</u>							
GPE			<u>60</u>	<u>94</u>							

Code						Page					
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 IП -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C E L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F נוה -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (E D fi -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F L 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] ([[] d -)
	<u>5</u> 5	<u>5</u>	<u><u> </u></u>	<u>e</u> E	<u> </u>	E U		<u> </u>	E U	<u> </u>	[4] (C
HFF-							<u>229</u>				
HL S							<u>229</u>				
H 5 D							<u>188</u>				
HSP	<u>44</u>		<u>56</u>								
lbr			<u>66</u>				<u>175</u>				
lbr A							<u>183</u>				
IdA				<u>80</u>							
180			<u>60</u>				<u>157</u>	<u>258</u>			
1965			<u>60</u>				<u>157</u>	<u>258</u>			
ІАП				<u>79</u>							
InH								<u>249</u>			
lor			<u>55</u>				<u>152</u>				
InSP				<u>76</u>							
IntP							<u>202</u>				
IPH5				<u>81</u>							
IPL	<u>42</u>							<u>242</u>			
Ird			<u>66</u>				<u>175</u>				
ISP							<u>227</u>				
ISrF							<u>227</u>				
IEH	<u>44</u>		<u>56</u>								
JACO				<u>89</u>							
JAPL				<u>90</u>							
JdC			<u>67</u>				<u>177</u>				
JESE				<u>89</u>			100				
JGF			<u>63</u>				<u>160</u>				
JGE			<u>63</u>				<u>160</u>				
JNUL				<u>89</u>			400				
		50			100		<u>160</u>				
		<u>52</u>			<u>103</u>						
					<u>103</u>		470				
LAF							<u>170</u>				
LAr							<u>170</u>				
				00			<u>170</u>				
			69	<u>98</u>							
			<u>68</u>	<u>98</u>							
L 6 C I				<u>100</u>							

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 IП -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C ± L -)	ניז APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F נוה -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (ビロハ-)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F [5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C
L 6 C 2				<u>100</u>							
L 6 C 3				<u>100</u>							
LЬF				<u>100</u>							
LC2							<u>204</u>				
LEr		<u>51, 53</u>									
LCE							<u>206</u>				
LdS				<u>81</u>							
LES							<u>206</u>				
LEE								<u>245</u>			
LFA				<u>80</u>							
LFF								<u>258</u>			
L F L 2 L F L 3 L F L 4								<u>248</u>			
LFП				<u>79</u>							
L 15 I		<u>52</u>									
L 152		<u>52</u>									
LLC							<u>206</u>				
L 0 I					<u>121</u>						
LOId					<u>121</u>						
LOIH					<u>121</u>						
L 0 / 5					<u>121</u>						
L D 2					<u>121</u>						
LOZd					<u>121</u>						
LOZH					<u>121</u>						
L D 2 S					<u>121</u>						
L D 3					<u>122</u>						
L O 3 d					<u>122</u>						
LOJH					<u>122</u>						
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LOYd					<u>122</u>						
LOYH					<u>122</u>						
L O 4 5					<u>122</u>						
LPI							<u>183</u>				
LP2							<u>183</u>				
L 9 5				<u>81</u>							

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1Л -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 μ <i>P</i> -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C E L -)	ן ארטרארטערד.] (<i>F נו</i> ה -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D II -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C ロ <i>d</i> -)
LSP	<u>44</u>		<u>56</u>								
ПАЗ							<u>151</u>				
ПАЭ							<u>151</u>				
ΠFr		<u>51, 53</u>	<u>65</u>								
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n E A I									<u>260</u>		
n C A 2									<u>260</u>		
n E A B									<u>260</u>		
n E A 4									<u>260</u>		
n C A S									<u>260</u>		
n C A 6									<u>260</u>		
n[A]									<u>260</u>		
n C A B									<u>260</u>		
nEr	<u>42</u>		<u>76</u>								
n[r5				<u>81</u>							
n L 5							<u>213</u>				
-ΩΠΑ I									<u>260</u>		
лПА2									<u>260</u>		
пПАЭ									<u>260</u>		
~NA4									<u>260</u>		
nΠA5									<u>260</u>		
лПЯБ									<u>260</u>		
лПА Т									<u>260</u>		
n N A B									<u>260</u>		
nPr	<u>42</u>		<u>76</u>								
nrd				<u>95</u>							
n 5 L				<u>79</u>							
n 5 P	<u>42</u>		<u>76</u>								
n 5 P 5				<u>81</u>							
nSE							<u>156</u>				
o D 2		<u>51, 53</u>									
e D 3		<u>51, 53</u>									
o O 4		<u>51, 53</u>									
o D S		<u>51, 53</u>									
o D 6		<u>51, 53</u>									
0 C C							<u>208</u>				

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 10 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 ⊔ P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C E L -)	(F LL)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D 7 -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F [5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] ([[] d -)
Ddt				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	22	<u> </u>	<u>242</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2.0
OF I				<u>72</u>							
DHL								<u>243</u>			
OLL								241			
OPL								242			
0Pr		<u>51, 53</u>									
0 S P							<u>188</u>				
РАН			<u>65</u>				<u>194</u>				
PAL			<u>65</u>				<u>194</u>				
PAS							<u>213</u>				
ряц							<u>195</u>				
PEr			<u>66</u>				<u>194</u>				
PES							<u>183</u>				
PFI					<u>112</u>						
PFr					<u>112</u>						
PGA					<u>115</u>						
PG 1				<u>115</u>	<u>115</u>						
PHS				<u>81</u>							
PHr	<u>43</u>			<u>71</u>							
PIA					<u>112</u>						
PIC							<u>194</u>				
PIF							<u>193</u>				
PIFI							<u>193</u>				
PIF2							<u>193</u>				
PII							<u>193</u>				
PIL					<u>112</u>						
PIN							<u>195</u>				
PIPI							<u>193</u>				
P 1 P 2							<u>193</u>				
P 15			<u>CE</u>				<u>194</u>				
POH			<u>65</u>				<u>194</u>				
POL			<u>65</u>				<u>194</u>	257			
PP I PPn				70				<u>257</u>			
PPn5				<u>79</u> 81							
Pra Pra				<u>81</u>			107				
Fre							<u>197</u>				

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1.11 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 ⊔ P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C ± L -)	ן ארכדוסא FUNCT.] (F נוה -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	ניםה-) ניםה-)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C D d -)
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PrP			<u>65</u>				<u>194</u>				
P5 I-							<u>216</u>				
P52-							<u>216</u>				
P53-							<u>216</u>				
P52							<u>162</u>				
P54							<u>162</u>				
P 5 8							<u>162</u>				
P5 16							<u>162</u>				
PSr			<u>66</u>			110	<u>195</u>				
PSE						<u>140</u>		000			
PEC I PEC 2								<u>236</u>			
PELE								<u>236</u> <u>236</u>			
PEH		<u>51, 53</u>						230			
95H		<u>51, 55</u>	<u>67</u>				<u>225</u>				
95L			<u>67</u>				225				
r l					<u>118</u>						
r Id					<u>119</u>						
r IH					<u>119</u>						
r 15					<u>119</u>						
r 2					<u>119</u>						
r2d					<u>119</u>						
r 2 H					<u>119</u>						
r 2 5					<u>119</u>						
гЭ					<u>120</u>						
r∃d					<u>120</u>						
r 3H					<u>120</u>						
r 35					<u>120</u>						
r 4					<u>120</u>						
r 4 d					<u>120</u>						
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r 45					<u>120</u>						
r A P				<u>94</u>			101				
r 6 П							<u>181</u>				
rЬ[<u>181</u>				

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 117 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 LP -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (E E L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Ln -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (E D 7 -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (E
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r [A							<u>208</u>				
гĽЬ							<u>150</u>				
r d G			<u>65</u>				<u>194</u>				
rE9P				<u>82</u>							
rEEP				<u>82</u>							
rFC						<u>141</u>					
rFr		<u>51, 53</u>									
rFE-							<u>228</u>				
r 16			<u>65</u>				<u>194</u>				
r In						<u>140</u>					
r P								<u>237</u>			
r P 2			<u>66</u>				<u>197</u>				
r P 3			<u>66</u>				<u>197</u>				
r P 4			<u>66</u>				<u>197</u>				
r P A								<u>237</u>			
r P C		<u>51, 53</u>									
rPE		<u>51, 53</u>									
r P F		<u>51, 53</u>									
r P G			<u>65</u>				<u>193</u>				
r P I							<u>193</u>				
r P D		<u>51, 53</u>									
rPPn					<u>115</u>						
r P 5							<u>154</u>				
rPE							<u>152</u>				
rr5					<u>102</u>						
r 5 A				<u>80</u>							
r 5 A 5				<u>81</u>							
r 5 d							<u>188</u>				
r 5 F								<u>237</u>			
r 5L							<u>196</u>				
r 5 N				<u>79</u>							
r 5 N 5				<u>82</u>							
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rSEL							<u>188</u>				
r 5 U							<u>228</u>				

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 <i>IП</i> -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (<i>E</i> ± L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Ln -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (EDR -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (E
rEH		<u>51, 53</u>									
rtO							<u>200</u>				
rtr							<u>226</u>				
582							<u>151</u>				
5 A 3							<u>151</u>				
5 A F							<u>212</u>				
SAL							<u>212</u>				
SAr							<u>212</u>				
SAF								<u>244</u>			
SCL							<u>188</u>				
5051										<u>269</u>	
Sac I			<u>61</u>				<u>158.</u> <u>176</u>				
5822			<u>61</u>				<u>158</u>				
5 d d								<u>251</u>			
SFC			<u>56</u>	<u>89</u>							
SFC			<u>56</u>								
5 F d							<u>213</u>				
SFr			<u>62</u>	<u>72</u>							
5 / E			<u>56</u>	<u>89</u>							
5 / E			<u>56</u>					050			
5 <i>L</i> L				70				<u>250</u>			
SLP 5 - C			<u>60</u>	<u>78</u>			226				
5 n C 5 D P				<u>96</u>			<u>226</u>				
50P 5P2			<u>64</u>	30			<u>163</u>				
SP 3			<u>64</u>				<u>163</u>				
5 P 4			<u>64</u>				<u>163</u>				
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5 P 7			<u>64</u>				<u>163</u>				
5 P 8			<u>64</u>				<u>163</u>				
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5 <i>P 12</i>			<u>64</u>				<u>163</u>				

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 IЛ -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E ± -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (<i>C</i> ± L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F μ _n -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (E D fi -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (E 0 J -)
5 <i>P 3</i>			<u>64</u>				<u>163</u>				
5 <i>P 4</i>			<u>64</u>				<u>163</u>				
5 <i>P 1</i> 5			<u>65</u>				<u>163</u>				
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SPd		<u>51, 53</u>									
5 P G			<u>56</u>	<u>89</u>							
5 P N							<u>168</u>				
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SrP			<u>65</u>				<u>167</u>				
556								<u>251</u>			
5524					<u>117</u>						
5 5 C P					<u>116</u>						
55F5					<u>116</u>						
5 S L				<u>89</u>							
SEA			<u>56</u>	<u>90</u>							
SEd							<u>213</u>				
SEN								<u>246</u>			
5 E O								<u>251</u>			
SEP								<u>246</u>			
5 <i>t</i> r							<u>165</u>				
Strt								<u>247</u>			
5 <i>E</i> E							<u>156</u>				
5 U L				<u>96</u>							
ER I			<u>55</u>				<u>153</u>				
ER2			<u>55</u>				<u>153</u>				
LA3			<u>55</u>				<u>153</u>				
EA4			<u>56</u>				<u>153</u>				
L A A							<u>202</u>				
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£Ar								<u>238</u>			
ŁЬЕ			<u>66</u>				<u>176</u>				
£60							<u>225</u>				
tbr									<u>261</u>		
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£ 6 5								<u>246</u>			
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FCF					<u>102</u>						
Ed I			<u>60</u>				<u>157</u>	<u>258</u>			
FqC			<u>60</u>				<u>157</u>	<u>258</u>			
EdC I			<u>61</u>				<u>158</u>				
EdC2			<u>61</u>				<u>159</u>				
Edn							<u>225</u>				
£ d 5								<u>253</u>			
L F D									<u>261</u>		
EF02									<u>261</u>		
£ F r	<u>42</u>		<u>71</u>								
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ŁНd		<u>51, 53</u>									
£ H r		<u>51, 53</u>									
EHE								<u>241</u>			
ELA							<u>202</u>				
FTC							<u>203</u>				
ELd								<u>255</u>			
EL IG			<u>67</u>				<u>202</u>				
ELIN			<u>67</u>				<u>202</u>				
<i>LL</i> 5			<u>63</u>				<u>196</u>				
EnL								<u>256</u>			
£06							<u>200</u>				
£05							<u>188</u>				
£05£							<u>231</u>				
£96								<u>253</u>			
Er I							<u>199</u>				
ErA				<u>80</u>							
t r C							<u>225</u>				
ErH			<u>67</u>				<u>225</u>				
t r L			<u>67</u>				<u>225</u>				
ЕгП				<u>79</u>							
t r P							<u>199</u>				
trr		<u>51, 53</u>									
trt							<u>199</u>				
£5d							<u>199</u>				

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1П -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] (E Ł L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Ln -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D N -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (E ロ J -)
ĿSП								<u>246</u>			
£55							<u>199</u>				
£ 5 £							<u>199</u>				
£59							<u>226</u>				
E E d			<u>68</u>					<u>241,</u> <u>244</u>			
££82								<u>241,</u> <u>244</u>			
£ E d 3								<u>241,</u> 244			
EEH			<u>67</u>								
EEL			<u>67</u>								
EE D								<u>261</u>			
ttr			<u>67</u>				<u>177</u>				
EUL				<u>88</u>			<u>88</u>				
£Un	<u>43</u>			<u>88</u>							
EUP	10						<u>225</u>				
£U5	<u>43</u>			88							
U 0 U 1				<u>77</u> <u>77</u>							
U 2				77							
U 3				<u>77</u>							
<u> </u>				77							
US				77							
Ubr				<u>98</u>							
UC 2				<u>78</u>							
ИСЬ								<u>239</u>			
UCP				<u>78</u>							
UECP					<u>116</u>						
UECU					<u>116</u>						
UELC					<u>116</u>						
UFr			<u>60</u>	<u>95</u>							
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