

### **Dual SPDT Switch**

**ADG436** 

#### **FEATURES**

44 V supply maximum ratings  $V_{SS}$  to  $V_{DD}$  analog signal range Low on resistance (12  $\Omega$  typ) Low  $\Delta R_{ON}$  (3  $\Omega$  max) Low  $R_{ON}$  match (2.5  $\Omega$  max) Low power dissipation Fast switching times

t<sub>on</sub> < 175 ns

t<sub>OFF</sub> < 145 ns

Low leakage currents (5 nA max)
Low charge injection (10 pC)
Break-before-make switching action

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Audio and video switching Battery-powered systems Test equipment Communications systems

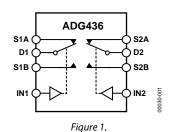
#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The ADG436 is a monolithic CMOS device comprising two independently selectable SPDT switches. It is designed on an LC<sup>2</sup>MOS process, which provides low power dissipation yet gives high switching speed and low on resistance.

The on resistance profile is very flat over the full analog input range, ensuring good linearity and low distortion when switching audio signals. High switching speed also makes the part suitable for video signal switching. CMOS construction ensures ultralow power dissipation, making the part ideally suited for portable and battery-powered instruments.

Each switch conducts equally well in both directions when on and has an input signal range which extends to the power supplies. In the off condition, signal levels up to the supplies are blocked. All switches exhibit break-before-make switching action for use in multiplexer applications. Inherent in the design is low charge injection for minimum transients when switching the digital inputs.

#### **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### **PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS**

- Extended signal range.
   The ADG436 is fabricated on an enhanced LC<sup>2</sup>MOS process, giving an increased signal range that extends to the supply rails.
- 2. Low power dissipation.
- 3. Low Ron.
  - Single-supply operation.

    For applications where the analog signal is unipolar, the ADG436 can be operated from a single rail power supply.

## **ADG436**

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REVISION HISTORY		
3/05—Rev. A to Rev. B Updated Format		
11/98—Rev. 0 to Rev. A		
1/96—Revision 0: Initial Version		

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

### **DUAL SUPPLY**<sup>1</sup>

 $V_{\text{DD}}$  = +15 V,  $V_{\text{SS}}$  = -15 V, GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

Parameter	+25°C	-40°C to +85°C	Unit	<b>Test Conditions/ Comments</b>
ANALOG SWITCH				
Analog Signal Range		$V_{SS}$ to $V_{DD}$	V	
Ron	12		Ωtyp	$V_D = \pm 10 \text{ V}, I_S = -1 \text{ mA}$
		25	Ω max	
$\Delta R_{ON}$	1		Ωtyp	$V_D = -5 \text{ V}, 5 \text{ V}, I_S = -10 \text{ mA}$
		3	Ω max	
RonMatch	1		Ωtyp	$V_D = \pm 10 \text{ V}, I_S = -10 \text{ mA}$
		2.5	Ω max	
LEAKAGE CURRENTS				$V_{DD} = 16.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -16.5 \text{ V}$
Source OFF Leakage Is (OFF)	±0.005		nA typ	$V_D = \pm 15.5 \text{ V}, V_S = \pm 15.5 \text{ V}$
5	±0.25	±5	nA max	Figure 13
Channel ON Leakage ID, IS (ON)	±0.05		nA typ	$V_S = V_D = \pm 15.5 \text{ V}$
<b>3</b> ,	±0.4	±5	nA max	Figure 14
DIGITAL INPUTS				
Input High Voltage, V <sub>INH</sub>		2.4	V min	
Input Low Voltage, VINL		0.8	V max	
Input Current, linL or linh		±0.005	μA typ	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V or } V_{DD}$
pat can end into		±0.5	μA max	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS <sup>2</sup>			F	
ton	70		ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ , $C_L = 35 pF$ ;
	- +	125	ns max	$V_s = \pm 10 \text{ V}$ ; Figure 15
toff	60		ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ , $C_L = 35 pF$ ;
2011		120	ns max	$V_S = \pm 10 \text{ V}$ ; Figure 15
Break-Before-Make Delay, t <sub>OPEN</sub>	10	120	ns min	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ , $C_L = 35 pF$ ;
break before make belay, toren	'		113 111111	$V_s = +5 \text{ V}$ ; Figure 16
Charge Injection	10		pC typ	$V_D = 0 \text{ V}, R_D = 0 \Omega, C_L = 10 \text{ nF};$
charge injection	1.0		PC 57P	Figure 17
OFF Isolation	72		dB typ	$R_L = 75 \Omega$ , $C_L = 5 pF$ , $f = 1 MHz$ ;
C. 1 13010011	/ 2		do typ	$V_s = 2.3 \text{ V rms}$ , Figure 18
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	90		dB typ	$R_L = 75 \Omega$ , $C_L = 5 pF$ , $f = 1 MHz$ ;
Chaimer-to-Chaimer Crosstark	90		ub typ	$V_S = 2.3 \text{ V rms, Figure 19}$
C <sub>s</sub> (OFF)	13		pF typ	v <sub>5</sub> – 2.5 v IIIIs, i igule 19
C <sub>D</sub> , C <sub>s</sub> (ON)	49		pF typ	
POWER REQUIREMENTS	47		pr typ	
	0.05		m A tun	Digital inputs — 0 V or F V
$I_{DD}$	0.05	0.35	mA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V or 5 V
	0.01	0.35	mA max	
Iss	0.01	_	μA typ	
	1	5	μA max	local by t
$V_{DD}/V_{SS}$		±3/±20	V min/V max	$ V_{DD}  =  V_{SS} $

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Temperature range is as follows: B version,  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}.$   $^2$  Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

## **ADG436**

### SINGLE SUPPLY<sup>1</sup>

 $V_{\text{DD}}$  = 12 V,  $V_{\text{SS}}$  = 0 V, GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

Parameter	+25°C	-40°C to +85°C	Unit	Test Conditions/ Comments
ANALOG SWITCH				
Analog Signal Range		0 to V <sub>DD</sub>	V	
Ron	20		Ωtyp	$V_D = 1 \text{ V}, 10 \text{ V}, I_S = -1 \text{ mA}$
		40	Ω max	
RonMatch		2.5	Ω max	
LEAKAGE CURRENTS				V <sub>DD</sub> = 13.2 V
Source OFF Leakage Is (OFF)	±0.005		nA typ	$V_D = 12.2 \text{ V/1 V}, V_S = 1 \text{ V/12.2 V}$
	±0.25	±5	nA max	Figure 13
Channel ON Leakage ID, Is (ON)	±0.05		nA typ	$V_S = V_D = 12.2 \text{ V/1 V}$
	±4	±5	nA max	Figure 14
DIGITAL INPUTS				
Input High Voltage, V <sub>INH</sub>		2.4	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V <sub>INL</sub>		0.8	V max	
Input Current, IINL or IINH		±0.005	μA typ	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V or } V_{DD}$
		±0.5	μA max	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS <sup>2</sup>				
ton	100		ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ , $C_L = 35 pF$ ;
		200	ns max	V <sub>S</sub> = 8 V; Figure 15
t <sub>OFF</sub>	90		ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ , $C_L = 35 pF$ ;
		180	ns max	$V_S = 8 \text{ V}$ ; Figure 15
Break-Before-Make Delay, topen	10		ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ , $C_L = 35 pF$ ;
				$V_s = 5 \text{ V}$ ; Figure 16
Charge Injection	10		pC typ	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$ , $R_D = 0 \Omega$ , $C_L = 10 \text{ nF}$ ; Figure 17
OFF Isolation	72		dB typ	$R_L = 75 \Omega$ , $C_L = 5 pF$ , $f = 1 MHz$ ;
				V <sub>s</sub> = 1.15 V rms; Figure 18
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	90		dB typ	$R_L = 75 \Omega$ , $C_L = 5 pF$ , $f = 1 MHz$ ;
				V <sub>s</sub> = 1.15 V rms, Figure 19
C <sub>s</sub> (OFF)	22		pF typ	
$C_D$ , $C_S$ (ON)	46		pF typ	
POWER REQUIREMENTS				V <sub>DD</sub> = 13.5 V
I <sub>DD</sub>	0.05		mA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V or 5 V
		0.35	mA max	
$V_{DD}$		+3/+30	V min/V max	

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Temperature range is as follows: B version,  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to +85°C.  $^2$  Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

 $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted.

Table 3.

1 able 3.				
Parameter	Rating			
V <sub>DD</sub> to V <sub>SS</sub>	+44 V			
V <sub>DD</sub> to GND	−0.3 V to +30 V			
V <sub>SS</sub> to GND	+0.3 V to -30 V			
Analog, Digital Inputs <sup>1</sup>	$V_{SS} - 2 V$ to $V_{DD} + 2V$ or 20 mA, whichever occurs first			
Continuous Current, S or D	20 mA			
Peak Current, S or D (pulsed at	40 mA			
1 ms, 10% Duty Cycle max)				
Operating Temperature Range				
Industrial (B Version)	−40°C to +85°C			
Storage Temperature Range	−65°C to +125°C			
Junction Temperature	150°C			
$\theta_{JA}$ , Thermal Impedance				
PDIP Package	117°C/W			
SOIC Package	77°C/W			
Lead Temperature, Soldering	260°C			
(10 sec)				
Lead Temperature, Soldering				
Vapor Phase (60 sec)	215°C			
Infrared (15 sec)	220°C			

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Only one absolute maximum rating may be applied at any one time.

Table 4. Truth Table

•	Logic	Switch A	Switch B
	0	Off	On
	1	On	Off

#### **ESD CAUTION**

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although this product features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Overvoltages at IN, S, or D are clamped by internal-diodes. Current should be limited to the maximum ratings given.

### PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

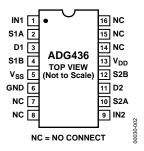


Figure 2. Pin Configuration

**Table 5. Pin Function Descriptions** 

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Descriptions	
1, 9	IN1, IN2	Logic Control Input.	
2, 4, 10, 12	S1A, S1B, S2A, S2B	Source Terminal. Can be an input or output.	
3, 11		Drain Terminal. C be an input or output.	
5	Vss	Most Negative Power Supply Potential in Dual Supplies. In single-supply applications, it can be connected to ground.	
6	GND	Ground (0 V) Reference.	
7, 8, 14, 15, 16	NC	No Connect.	
13	V <sub>DD</sub>	Most Positive Power Supply Potential.	

# **TERMINOLOGY**

### Table 6.

	Table 0.				
Mnemonic	Descriptions				
Ron	Ohmic resistance between D and S.				
$\Delta R_{ON}$	Ron variation due to a change in the analog input voltage with a constant load current.				
RonMatch	Difference between the R <sub>ON</sub> of any two channels.				
Is (OFF)	Source leakage current with the switch off.				
ID, Is (ON)	Channel leakage current with the switch on.				
$V_D(V_S)$	Analog voltage on terminals D, S.				
C <sub>s</sub> (OFF)	OFF switch source capacitance.				
$C_D$ , $C_S$ (ON)	ON switch capacitance.				
ton	Delay between applying the digital control input and the output switching on.				
$t_{OFF}$	Delay between applying the digital control input and the output switching off.				
topen	Break-before-make delay when switches are configured as a multiplexer.				
$V_{INL}$	Maximum input voltage for Logic 0.				
$V_{INH}$	Minimum input voltage for Logic 1.				
I <sub>INL</sub> (I <sub>INH</sub> )	Input current of the digital input.				
Crosstalk	A measure of unwanted signal that is coupled through from one channel to another as a result of parasitic capacitance.				
Off Isolation	A measure of unwanted signal coupling through an OFF switch.				
Charge Injection	A measure of the glitch impulse transferred from the digital input to the analog output during switching.				
$I_{DD}$	Positive supply current.				
Iss	Negative supply current.				

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### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

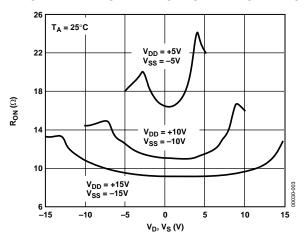


Figure 3.  $R_{ON}$  as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_S$ ): Dual Supply

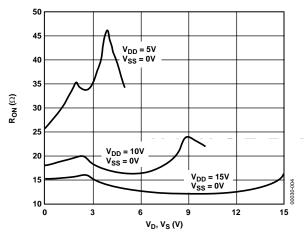


Figure 4.  $R_{ON}$  as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_S$ ): Single Power Supply

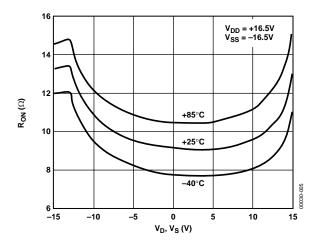


Figure 5.  $R_{ON}$  as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_s$ ) for Different Temperatures: Dual Supply

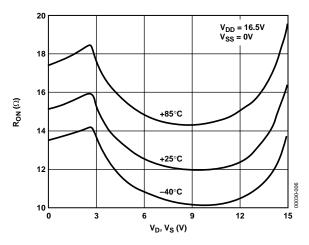


Figure 6.  $R_{ON}$  as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_s$ ) for Different Temperatures: Single Supply

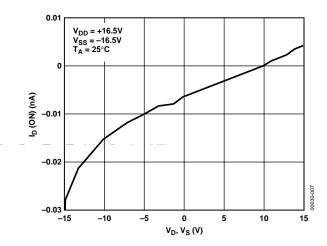


Figure 7.  $I_D$  (ON) Leakage Current as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_S$ ): Dual Supply

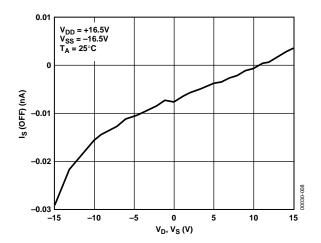


Figure 8. Is (OFF) Leakage Current as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_S$ ): Dual Supply

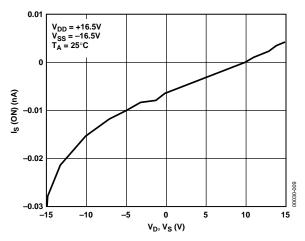


Figure 9. IS (ON) Leakage Current as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_S$ ): Dual Supply

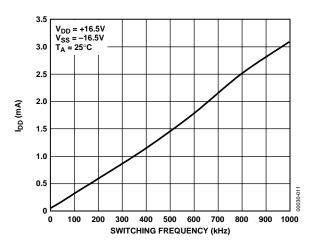


Figure 11.  $I_{DD}$  as a Function of Switching Frequency: Dual Supply

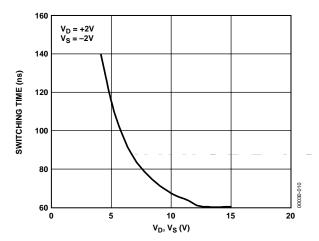
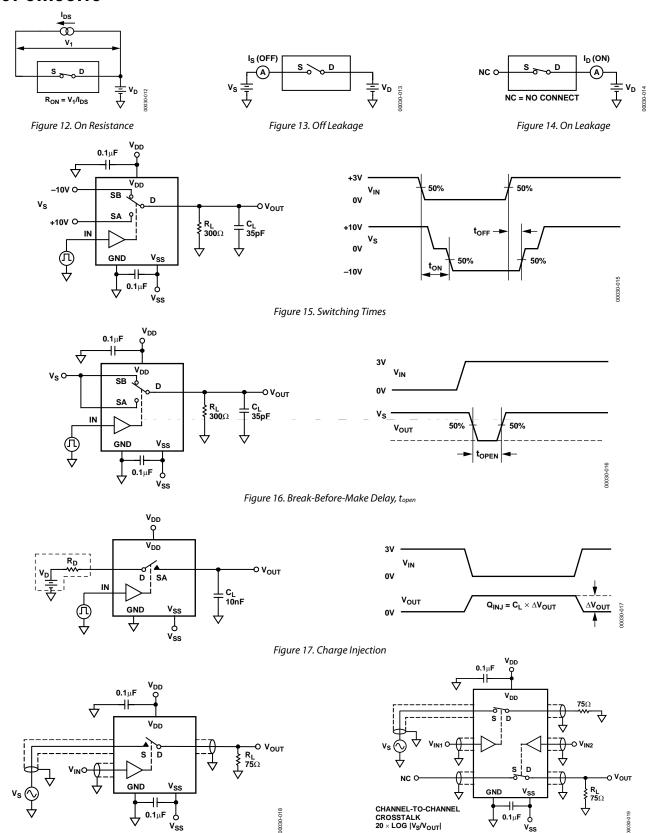


Figure 10. Switching Time as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_S$ ): Dual Supply

# **TEST CIRCUITS**



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Figure 19. Channel-to Channel Crosstalk

Figure 18. Off Isolation

### APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

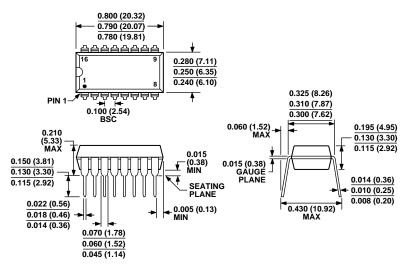
#### **ADG436 SUPPLY VOLTAGES**

The ADG436 can operate from a dual or single supply.  $V_{SS}$  should be connected to GND when operating with a single supply. When using a dual supply, the ADG436 can also operate with unbalanced supplies, for example  $V_{DD}=20~V$  and  $V_{SS}=-5~V$ . The only restrictions are that  $V_{DD}$  to GND must not exceed 30 V,  $V_{SS}$  to GND must not drop below -30~V, and  $V_{DD}$  to  $V_{SS}$  must not exceed +44~V. It is important to remember that the ADG436 supply voltage directly affects the input signal range, the switch on resistance and the switching times of the part. The effects of the power supplies on these characteristics can be clearly seen from the Typical Performance Characteristics curves.

#### **POWER-SUPPLY SEQUENCING**

When using CMOS devices, care must be taken to ensure correct power-supply sequencing. Incorrect power-supply sequencing can result in the device being subjected to stresses beyond those listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings. Always sequence  $V_{\rm DD}$  on first followed by  $V_{\rm SS}$  and the logic signals. An external signal can then be safely presented to the source or drain of the switch.

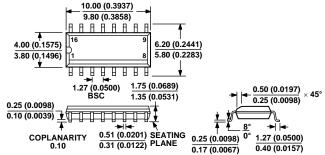
### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**



**COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-001-AB** 

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES: MILLIMETER DIMENSIONS (IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF INCH EQUIVALENTS FOR REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN. CORNER LEADS MAY BE CONFIGURED AS WHOLE OR HALF LEADS.

> Figure 20. 16-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line Package [PDIP] (N-16)Dimensions are shown in inches and (millimeters)



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-012-AC

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILL IMPTERS: INCH DIMENSIONS (IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF MILLIMETER EQUIVALENTS FOR REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN

Figure 21. 16-Lead Narrow Body Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC] (R-16)

Dimensions are shown in millimeters and (inches)

#### **ORDERING GUIDE**

Model	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option
ADG436BN	−40°C to +85°C	16-Lead PDIP	N-16
ADG436BNZ <sup>1</sup>	−40°C to +85°C	16-Lead PDIP	N-16
ADG436BR	-40°C to +85°C	16-Lead 0.15" Narrow Body SOIC	R-16
ADG436BR-REEL	−40°C to +85°C	16-Lead 0.15" Narrow Body SOIC	R-16
ADG436BRZ	-40°C to +85°C	16-Lead 0.15" Narrow Body SOIC	R-16
ADG436BRZ-REEL	-40°C to +85°C	16-Lead 0.15" Narrow Body SOIC	R-16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Z = Pb-free part.

