/ISUS* V-Series M2NC61S

ASUS PC (Desktop Barebone)

Installation Manual



E2874

First Edition V1 October 2006

Copyright © 2006 ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. All Rights Reserved.

No part of this manual, including the products and software described in it, may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language in any form or by any means, except documentation kept by the purchaser for backup purposes, without the express written permission of ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. ("ASUS").

Product warranty or service will not be extended if: (1) the product is repaired, modified or altered, unless such repair, modification of alteration is authorized in writing by ASUS; or (2) the serial number of the product is defaced or missing.

ASUS PROVIDES THIS MANUAL "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT SHALL ASUS, ITS DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES OR AGENTS BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING DAMAGES FOR LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF BUSINESS, LOSS OF USE OR DATA, INTERRUPTION OF BUSINESS AND THE LIKE), EVEN IF ASUS HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES ARISING FROM ANY DEFECT OR ERROR IN THIS MANUAL OR PRODUCT.

SPECIFICATIONS AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL ARE FURNISHED FOR INFORMATIONAL USE ONLY, AND ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE, AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS A COMMITMENT BY ASUS. ASUS ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS OR INACCURACIES THAT MAY APPEAR IN THIS MANUAL, INCL LIDING THE PRODUICTS AND SOFTWARE DESCRIBED IN IT.

Products and corporate names appearing in this manual may or may not be registered trademarks or copyrights of their respective companies, and are used only for identification or explanation and to the owners' benefit, without intent to infringe.

Table of contents

Notice	es		V
Safety	/ informa	ation	vi
About	this gui	ide	vii
Syste	m packa	ge contents	
Chap	ter 1	: System Introduction	
1.1	Welcor	me!	1-2
1.2	Front p	panel (external)	1-2
1.3	Rear pa	anel	1-4
1.4	Interna	ıl components	1-7
Chap	ter 2	: Basic Installation	
2.1	Prepara	ation	2-2
2.2	Before	you proceed	2-2
2.3	Remov	ing the side cover and front panel assembly	2-3
2.4	Centra	l Processing Unit (CPU)	2-4
	2.4.1	Installing the CPU	2-4
	2.4.2	Installing the CPU fan and heatsink	
2.5	Installi	ng a DIMM	2-8
	2.5.1	Memory configurations	2-8
	2.5.2	Installing a DDR2 DIMM	2-10
	2.5.3	Removing a DDR2 DIMM	
2.6	Expans	sion slots	
	2.6.1	Installing an expansion card	
	2.6.2	Configuring an expansion card	
	2.6.3	PCI Express x1 slot	
	2.6.4	PCI slots	2-13
	2.6.5	PCI Express x16 slot	2-13
2.7		ng an optical drive	
2.8	Installi	ng a hard disk drive	2-16
2.9	Installi	ng a floppy disk drive	2-19
2.10	Re-con	necting cables	2-20
2.11	Reinsta	alling the cover	2-21

Table of contents

Chap	oter 3:	: Starting up	
3.1	Installin	ng an operating system	3-2
3.2	Powerir	ng up	3-2
3.3	Suppor	t CD information	3-2
	3.3.1	Running the support CD	3-3
	3.3.2	Utilities menu	3-4
	3.3.3	Make disk	3-5
	3.3.4	ASUS contact information	3-5
3.4	Softwa	re information	3-6
Chan	tor 1	: Motherboard Info	
4.1		ction	4-2
4.2		board layout	
4.3		S	
4.4	•	tors	
4.4	Connec		4-4
Chap		: BIOS Information	
5.1	Managi	ng and updating your BIOS	5-2
	5.1.1	Creating a bootable floppy disk	5-2
	5.1.2	ASUS EZ Flash 2 utility	5-3
	5.1.3	AwardBIOS Flash utility	5-4
	5.1.4	ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 utility	5-6
	5.1.5	ASUS Update utility	5-8
5.2	DIOC oc	atus program	E 11
5.2		etup program	
	5.2.1	BIOS menu screen	
	5.2.2	Menu bar	
	5.2.3	Legend bar	5-12

Table of contents

	5.2.4	Menu items	5-12
	5.2.5	Sub-menu items	5-12
	5.2.6	Configuration fields	5-12
	5.2.7	Pop-up window	5-13
	5.2.8	General help	5-13
5.3	Main m	enu	5-14
	5.3.1	System Time	5-14
	5.3.2	System Date	5-14
	5.3.3	Legacy Diskette A	5-14
	5.3.4	Primary IDE Master/Slave	5-15
	5.3.5	Primary IDE Master/Slave	5-16
	5.3.6	First/Second SATA Master	5-17
	5.3.7	HDD SMART Monitoring	5-18
	5.3.8	Installed Memory	5-18
	5.3.9	Usable Memory	5-18
5.4	Advanc	ced menu	5-18
	5.4.1	CPU Configuration	5-19
	5.4.2	Chipset	5-19
	5.4.3	PCIPnP	5-21
	5.4.4	Onboard Device Configuration	5-22
	5.4.5	USB Configuration	5-25
5.5	Power i	menu	5-25
	5.5.1	ACPI Suspend Type	5-25
	5.5.2	ACPI APIC Support	5-25
	5.5.3	APM Configuration	5-26
	5.5.4	Hardware Monitor	5-27
5.6	Boot m	enu	5-28
	5.6.1	Boot Device Priority	5-28
	5.6.2	Removable Drives	5-28
	5.6.3	Boot Settings Configuration	5-29
	5.6.4	Security	5-30
5.7	Tools n	nenu	5-31
	5.7.1	ASUS EZ Flash 2	5-31
5.8	Exit me	enu	5-31

Notices

Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- · This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



WARNING! The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Safety information

Electrical safety

- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing devices to or from the system, ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

Operation safety

- Before installing devices into the system, carefully read all the documentation that came with the package.
- Before using the product, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If you detect any damage, contact your dealer immediately.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Do not place the product in any area where it may become wet. Place the product on a stable surface.
- If you encounter technical problems with the product, contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

Lithium-Ion Battery Warning

CAUTION: Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

VORSICHT: Explosionsgetahr bei unsachgemäßen Austausch der Batterie. Ersatz nur durch denselben oder einem vom Hersteller empfohlenem ähnlichen Typ. Entsorgung gebrauchter Batterien nach Angaben des Herstellers.

LASER PRODUCT WARNING
CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

About this guide

Audience

This guide provides general information and installation instructions about the ASUS Vintage V-Series M2NC61S barebone system. This guide is intended for experienced users and integrators with hardware knowledge of personal computers.

How this guide is organized

This guide contains the following parts:

1. Chapter 1: System introduction

This chapter gives a general description of the ASUS V-Series M2NC61S. The chapter lists the system features, including introduction on the front and rear panel, and internal components.

2. Chapter 2: Basic installation

This chapter provides step-by-step instructions on how to install components in the system.

3. Chapter 3: Starting up

This chapter helps you power up the system and install drivers and utilities from the support CD.

4. Chapter 4: Motherboard information

This chapter gives information about the motherboard that comes with the system. This chapter includes the motherboard layout, jumper settings, and connector locations.

5. Chapter 5: BIOS information

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.

Conventions used in this guide



WARNING: Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



CAUTION: Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



IMPORTANT: Instructions that you MUST follow to complete a task.



NOTE: Tips and additional information to aid in completing a task

Where to find more information

Refer to the following sources for additional information and for product and software updates.

1. ASUS Websites

The ASUS websites worldwide provide updated information on ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.

2. Optional Documentation

Your product package may include optional documentation, such as warranty flyers, that may have been added by your dealer. These documents are not part of the standard package.

System package contents

Check your V-Series M2NC61S system package for the following items.

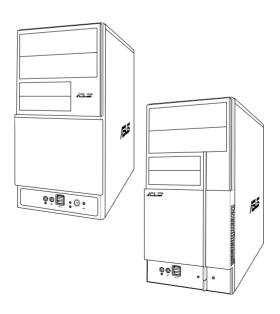


If any of the items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer immediately.

Ite	m description
1.	ASUS V-Series M2NC61S barebone system with
	ASUS motherboard
	Power supply unit
	ASUS chassis
2.	Cable
	AC power cable
3.	Support CD
4.	User guide

Chapter 1

This chapter gives a general description of the ASUS V-Series M2NC61S. The chapter lists the system features including introduction on the front and rear panel, and internal components.



introduction

1.1 Welcome!

Thank you for choosing the ASUS V-Series M2NC61S!

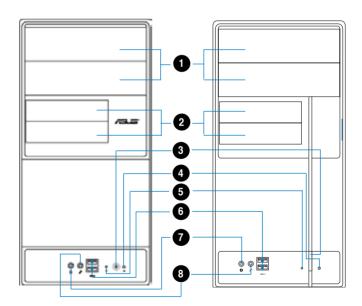
The ASUS V-Series M2NC61S is an all-in-one barebone system with a versatile home entertainment feature.

The system comes in a stylish casing and powered by the ASUS motherboard with the AMD Socket M2 that supports the AMD® Athlon™ 64X2 / Athlon™64 / Sempron™ processors.

The system supports up to 4 GB of system memory using DDR2-800/667/533/400 DIMMs. High-resolution graphics via Nividia on board Gfx or PCI Express x16 slot, Serial ATA, USB 2.0, and 8-channel audio feature the system and take you ahead in the world of power computing.

1.2 Front panel

The front panel includes the optical drive bays, floppy disk drive slot, power button, and several I/O ports are located at the front panel.



- 1. Two empty 5.25-inch bays. These bays are for IDE optical drives.
- 3.5-inch drive bays. These slots are for 3.5-inch floppy or hard disk drives.
- **3. Power button.** Press this button to turn the system on.
- **4. Reset button.** Press this button to reboot the system without turning off the power.
- 5. **HDD LED.** This LED lights up when data is read from or written to the hard disk drive.
- **6. USB 2.0 ports.** These Universal Serial Bus 2.0 (USB 2.0) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices such as a mouse, printer, scanner, camera, PDA, and others.
- 7. **Headphone port.** This Line In (green) port connects a headphone with a stereo mini-plug.
- **8. Microphone port.** This Mic (pink) port connects a microphone.



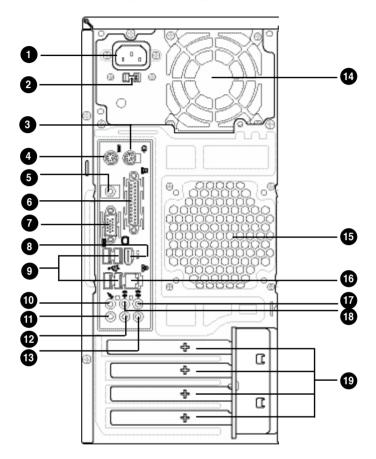
This V-series provide V2/V3 two types of front panel for users to choose, please refer to your product package for the front panel type you purchased.



PCI Express Graphics Slot supports most of the ATi® and NVDIA® graphics cards, except some ATi® graphics cards of old version, such as ATi® X300, X550, X700, and X800 series.

1.3 Rear panel

The system rear panel includes the power connector and several I/O ports that allow convenient connection of devices.



- 1. Power connector. This connector is for the power cable and plug.
- 2. Voltage selector. This switch allows you to adjust the system input voltage according to the voltage supply in your area. See the section "Voltage selector" on page 1-6 before adjusting this switch.
- 3. PS/2 mouse port. This green 6-pin connector is for a PS/2 mouse.
- **4. PS/2 keyboard port.** This purple 6-pin connector is for a PS/2 keyboard.
- 5. S/PDIF Out port. This port connects an external audio output device via a coaxial S/PDIF cable.

- **6. Parallel port.** This 25-pin port connects a printer, scanner, or other devices.
- **7. VGA port.** This port connects a VGA monitor.
- **8. IEEE 1394 port.** This 6-pin IEEE 1394 port provides high-speed connectivity for audio/video devices, storage peripherals, PCs, or portable devices.
- 9. USB 2.0 ports 1, 2, 3 and 4. These 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices.
- 10. Center / subwoofer port (lime).
- **11. Microphone port (pink).** This port connects a microphone.
- **12.** Line Out port (lime). This port connects a headphone or a speaker. In 4-channel and 6-channel configuration, the function of this port becomes Front Speaker Out.
- Line In port (light blue). This port connects the tape, CD, DVD player, or other audio sources.
- **14. Power supply unit fan vent.** This vent is for the PSU fan that provides ventilation inside the power supply unit.
- **15.** Chassis fan vent. This vent is for the fan that provides ventilation inside the system chassis.
- **16.** LAN (RJ-45) port. This port allows Gigabit connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub.
- **17. Rear speak out port (gray).** This port connects the rear speakers on a 4-channel, 6-channel, or 8-channel audio configuration.
- **18. Side speak out port (black).** This prt connects the tape, CD. DVD player, or other audio sources.
- **19. Expansion slot covers.** Remove these covers when installing expansion cards

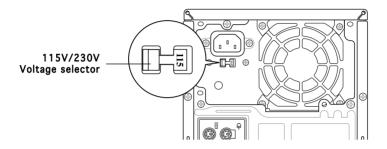
Audio 2, 4, 6 or 8-channel configuration

Port	Headset 2-channel	4-channel	6-channel	3-channel
Light Blue	Line In	Line In	Line In	Line In
Lime	Line Out	Front Speaker Out	Front Speaker Out	Front Speaker Out
Pink	Mic In	Mic In	Mic In	Mic In
Gray	•	Rear Speaker Out	Rear Speaker Out	Rear Speaker Out
Black	•	•	•	Side Speaker Out
Yellow Orange	•	•	Center/Subwoofer	Center/Subwoofer

Voltage selector

The PSU has a 115 V/230 V voltage selector switch located beside the power connector. Use this switch to select the appropriate system input voltage according to the voltage supply in your area.

If the voltage supply in your area is 100-127 V, set this switch to 115 V. If the voltage supply in your area is 200-240 V, set this switch to 230 V.

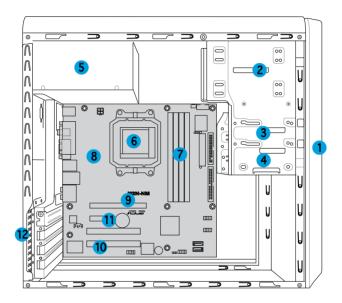




Setting the switch to 115V in a 230V environment or 230V in a 115V environment will seriously damage the system!

1.4 Internal components

The illustration below is the internal view of the system when you remove the top cover and the power supply unit. The installed components are labeled for your reference. Proceed to Chapter 2 for instructions on installing additional system components.

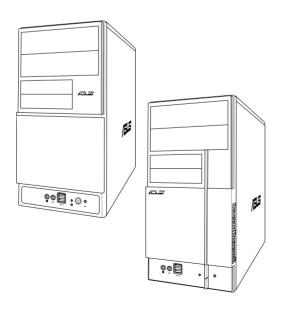


- 1. Front panel cover
- 2. 5.25-inch optical drive bays
- 3. Hard disk drive bay
- 4. Floppy disk drive bay
- 5. Power supply unit
- 6. CPU socket
- 7. DIMM sockets

- 8. ASUS motherboard
- 9. PCI Express x16 slot
- 10. PCI Express x1 slot
- 11. PCI slots
- 12. Metal bracket lock

Chapter 2

This chapter provides step-by-step instructions on how to install components in the system.



installation Sic T

2.1 **Preparation**

Before you proceed, make sure that you have all the components you plan to install in the system.

Basic components to install

- 1. Central Processing Unit (CPU)
- 2. DDR2 Dual Inline Memory Module (DIMM)
- 3. Expansion card(s)
- 4. Hard disk drive
- Optical drive
- 6. Floppy disk drive

Tool

Phillips (cross) screw driver

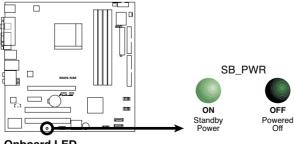
2.2 Before you proceed

Take note of the following precautions before you install components into the system.



- Use a grounded wrist strap or touch a safely grounded object or a metal object, such as the power supply case, before handling components to avoid damaging them due to static electricity.
- Hold components by the edges to avoid touching the ICs on them.
- Whenever you uninstall any component, place it on a grounded antistatic pad or in the bag that came with the component.

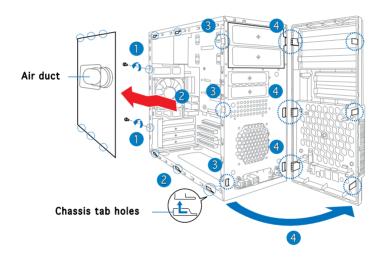
The motherboard comes with an onboard standby power LED. This LED lights up to indicate that the system is ON, in sleep mode or in soft-off mode, and not powered OFF. Unplug the power cable from the power outlet and make sure that the standby power LED is OFF before installing any system component.



Onboard LED

2.3 Removing the side cover and front panel assembly

- 1. Remove the cover screws on the rear panel.
- 2. Pull the side cover toward the rear panel until its hooks disengage from the chassis tab holes. Set the side cover aside.
- 3. Locate the front panel assembly hooks, then lift them until they disengage from the chassis.
- 4. Swing the front panel assembly to the right, until the hinge-like tabs on the right side of the assembly are exposed.
- 5. Remove the front panel assembly, then set aside.



2.4 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

The motherboard comes with a 940-pin AM2 socket designed for the AMD Athlon™ 64 X2/Athlon™ 64/Sempron™ processor.

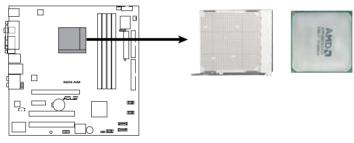


The AM2 socket has a different pinout from the 940-pin socket designed for the AMD Opteron™ processor. Make sure you use a CPU is designed for the AM2 socket. The CPU fits in only one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the connectors on the socket and damaging the CPU!

2.4.1 Installing the CPU

To install a CPU:

1. Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.



CPU Socket M2

 Unlock the socket by pressing the lever sideways, then lift it up to a 90° angle.
 Socket lever



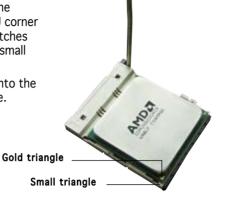


Make sure that the socket lever is lifted up to a 90° angle; otherwise, the CPU will not fit in completely.

- 3. Position the CPU above the socket such that the CPU corner with the gold triangle matches the socket corner with a small triangle.
- 4. Carefully insert the CPU into the socket until it fits in place.



Please make sure your CPU is fully plugged-in to reduce abnormal symptom.



- 5. When the CPU is in place, push down the socket lever to secure the CPU. The lever clicks on the side tab to indicate that it is locked.
- 6. Install a CPU heatsink and fan following the instructions that came with the heatsink package.



2.4.2 Installing the heatsink and fan

The AMD Athlon™ 64/AMD Athlon™ 64 X2/ AMD Sempron™ processor requires a specially designed heatsink and fan assembly to ensure optimum thermal condition and performance.



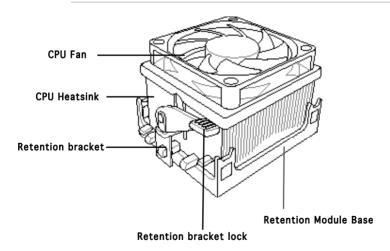
Make sure that you use only AMD-certified heatsink and fan assembly.

Follow these steps to install the CPU heatsink and fan.

1. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, making sure that the heatsink fits properly on the retention module base.



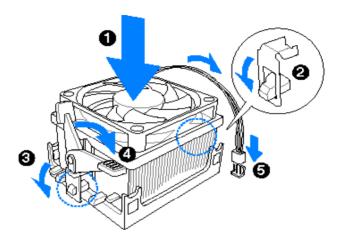
- The retention module base is already installed on the motherboard upon purchase.
- You do not have to remove the retention module base when installing the CPU or installing other motherboard components.
- If you purchased a separate CPU heatsink and fan assembly, make sure that a Thermal Interface Material is properly applied to the CPU heatsink or CPU before you install the heatsink and fan assembly.





Your boxed CPU heatsink and fan assembly should come with installation instructions for the CPU, heatsink, and the retention mechanism. If the instructions in this section do not match the CPU documentation, follow the latter.

2. Attach one end of the retention bracket to the retention module base.



3. Align the other end of the retention bracket (near the retention bracket lock) to the retention module base. A clicking sound denotes that the retention bracket is in place.



Make sure that the fan and heatsink assembly perfectly fits the retention mechanism module base, otherwise you cannot snap the retention bracket in place.

- 4. Push down the retention bracket lock on the retention mechanism to secure the heatsink and fan to the module base.
- 5. When the fan and heatsink assembly is in place, connect the CPU fan cable to the connector on the motherboard labeled CPU_FAN.

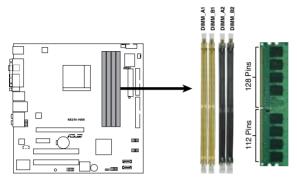


Do not forget to connect the CPU fan connector! Hardware monitoring errors can occur if you fail to plug this connector.

2.5 Installing a DIMM

The system motherboard comes with two Double Data Rate 2 (DDR2) Dual Inline Memory Module (DIMM) sockets.

The following figure illustrates the location of the sockets:



240-pin DDR2 DIMM Sockets

Channel	Sockets
Channel A	DIMM_A1 and DIMM_A2
Channel B	DIMM_B1 and DIMM_B2

2.5.1 Memory configurations

You may install up to 4 GB system memory using 256 MB, 512 MB, 1 GB, and 2 GB unbuffered non-ECC DDR2 DIMMs.



- For dual-channel configuration, the total size of memory module(s) installed per channel must be the same (DIMM_A1 + DIMM_A2 = DIMM_B1 + DIMM_B2).
- Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is recommended that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor. Refer to the DDR2 Qualified Vendors List for details.
- Some odd version DDR2-667 DlMMs may not match Intel On-Die-Temination (0DT) requirement and may downgrade to run at DDR2-533. If this happen, contact your retailer for the ODT value.
- This motherboard does not support memory modules made up of 128 Mb chips.

Qualified Vendors Lists (QVL) DDR2-667

					DIMM Support
Size	Vendor	Model	Side(s)	Component	A B C
256MB	KINGSTON	HYB18T256800AF3	SS	KVR667D2N5/256	V
512MB	KINGSTON	D6408TEBGGL3U	SS	KVR667D2N5/512	V
1024MB	KINGSTON	D6408TEBGGL3U	DS	KVR667D2N5/1G	V
256MB	Qimonda	HYB18T512160AF-3S	SS	HYS64T32000HU-3S-A	V V
512MB	Qimonda	HYB18T512800AF3S	SS	HYS64T64000HU-3S-A	V
512MB	A-DATA	AD29608A8A-3EG	SS	M2OAD5G3H3166I1C52	V
1024MB	A-DATA	AD29608A8A-3EG	DS	M2OAD5G3I4176I1C52	V
1024MB	crucial	Heat-Sink Package	DS	BL12864AL664.16FD	V
512MB	Apacer	AM4B5708GQJS7E0628F	SS	AU512E667C5KBGC	V

DDR2-533

						ирр	ort
Size	Vendor	Model Side(s)	Component		Α	В	С
256MB	KINGSTON	E5116AF-5C-E	SS	KVR533D2N4/256	V	V	
512MB	KINGSTON	HYB18T512800AF37	SS	KVR533D2N4/512	V	V	V
1024MB	KINGSTON	5YDIID9GCT	DS	KVR533D2N4/1G	V	٧	
256MB	Qimonda	HYB18T512160AF-3.7	SS	HYS64T32000HU-3.7-A	V	٧	
512MB	Qimonda	HYB18T512800AF37	SS	HYS64T64000HU-3.7-A	V	V	
1024MB	Qimonda	HYB18T512800AF37	DS	HYS64T128020HU-3.7-A	V	٧	
256MB	Qimonda	HYB18T5121608BF-3.7	SS	HYS64T32000HU-3.7-B	V	V	V
512MB	Qimonda	HYB18T512800BF37	SS	HYS64T64000HU-3.7-B	V	٧	V
1024MB	Qimonda	HYB18T512800BF37	DS	HYS64T128020HU-3.7-B	V	V	V
512MB	SAMSUNG	ZCD5K4T51083QC	SS	M378T6553CZ3-CD5	V	V	V
1024MB	SAMSUNG	ZCD5K4T51083QC	DS	M378T2953CZ3-CD5	V	٧	
512MB	Hynix	HY5PS12821F-C4	SS	HYMP564U648-C4	V	V	
1024MB	Hynix	HY5PS12821F-C4	DS	HYMP512U648-C4	V	٧	
512MB	Hynix	HY5PS12821AFP-C3	SS	HYMP564U64AP8-C3	V	٧	V
1024MB	Hynix	HY5PS12821AFP-C3	DS	HYMP512U64AP8-C3	V	V	
1024MB	CORSAIR	64M8CEDG	DS	VS1GB533D2	V	٧	٧
512MB	ELPIDA	E5108AB-5C-E	SS	EBE51UD8ABFA-5C-E	V	V	V
512MB	KINGMAX	E5108AE-5C-E	SS	KLBC28F-A8EB4	V	V	V
1024MB	KINGMAX	E5108AE-5C-E	DS	KLBD48F-A8EB4		V	
512MB	KINGMAX	KKEA88E4AAK-37	SS	KLBC28F-A8KE4	V	V	
_1024MB	KINGMAX	5MB22D9DCN	DS	KLBD48F-A8ME4	V	V	V

Side(s): SS - Single-sided DS - Double-sided

CL: CAS Latency

DIMM support:

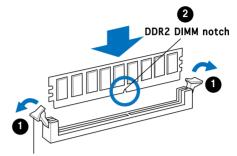
- **A** Supports one module inserted into either slot, in Single-channel memory configuration.
- **B** Supports one pair of modules inserted into both slots as one pair of Dual-channel memory configuration.

2.5.2 Installing a DDR2 DIMM



Make sure to unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both the motherboard and the components.

- Unlock a DDR2 DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clips outward.
- Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the break on the socket.

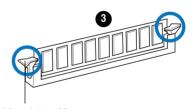


Unlocked retaining clip



A DDR2 DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. DO NOT force a DIMM into a socket to avoid damaging the DIMM.

 Firmly insert the DIMM into the socket until the retaining clips snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.

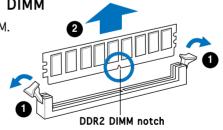


Locked Retaining Clip

2.5.3 Removing a DDR2 DIMM

Follow these steps to remove a DIMM.

1. Simultaneously press the retaining clips outward to unlock the DIMM.





Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.

2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.

2.6 Expansion slots

In the future, you may need to install expansion cards. The following sub-sections describe the slots and the expansion cards that they support.



Make sure to unplug the power cord before adding or removing expansion cards. Failure to do so may cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components.



PCI Express Graphics Slot supports most of the ATi® and NVDIA® graphics cards, except some ATi® graphics cards of old version, such as ATi® X300, X550, X700, and X800 series.

2.6.1 Installing an expansion card

To install an expansion card:

- 1. Before installing the expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and make the necessary hardware settings for the card.
- 2. Remove the system unit cover (if your motherboard is already installed in a chassis).
- 3. Remove the bracket opposite the slot that you intend to use. Keep the screw for later use.
- 4. Align the card connector with the slot and press firmly until the card is completely seated on the slot.
- 5. Secure the card to the chassis with the screw you removed earlier.
- 6. Replace the system cover.

2.6.2 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure it by adjusting the software settings.

- 1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 5 for information on BIOS setup.
- 2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the tables on the next page.
- 3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.

Standard interrupt assignments

IRQ	Standard Function
0	System Timer
1	Keyboard Controller
2	Re-direct to IRQ#9
4	Communications Port (COM1)*
5	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
6	Floppy Disk Controller
7	Printer Port (LPT1)*
8	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
10	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
11	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
12	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port*
13	Numeric Data Processor
14	Primary IDE Channel
15	Secondary IDE Channel

^{*} These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

IRQ assignments for this motherboard

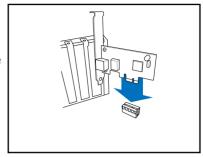
	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н
PCI slot 1	shared	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
PCI slot 2	_	shared	_	_	_	_	_	_
PCI Express x16 slot	shared	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
PCI Express x1 slot	_	shared	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onboard USB controller 1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	shared
Onboard USB controller 2	_	_	_	shared	_	_	_	_
Onboard USB controller 3	_	_	shared	_	_	_	_	_
Onboard USB controller 4	_	_	_	shared	_	_	_	_
Onboard USB 2.0 controller	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	shared
Onboard IDE port	_	_	_	shared	_	_	_	_
Onboard HD audio	shared	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onboard LAN	_	shared	_	_	_	_	_	_



When using PCI cards on shared slots, ensure that the drivers support "Share IRQ" or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments. Otherwise, conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups, making the system unstable and the card inoperable.

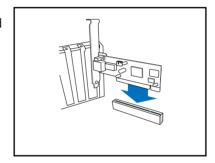
2.6.3 PCI Express x1 slot

This motherboard supports PCI Express x1 network cards, SCSI cards and other cards that comply with the PCI Express specifications. The figure shows a network card installed on the PCI Express x1 slot.



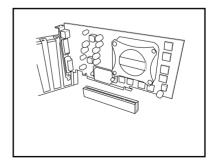
2.6.4 PCI slots

The PCI slots support cards such as a LAN card, SCSI card, USB card, and other cards that comply with PCI specifications. The figure shows a LAN card installed on a PCI slot.



2.6.5 PCI Express x16 slot

This motherboard supports PCI Express x16 graphic cards that comply with the PCI Express specifications. The figure shows a graphics card installed on the PCI Express x16 slot.

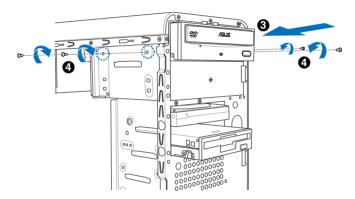


2.7 Installing an optical drive

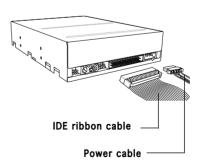
Refer to the instructions in this section if you wish to install a new optical drive.

Follow these steps to install an optical drive:

- 1. Place the chassis upright.
- 2. Remove the drive slot metal plate cover.
- 3. Insert the optical drive into the upper 5.25-inch drive bay and carefully push the optical drive into the bay until its screw holes align with the holes on the bay as shown.
- 4. Secure the optical drive with two screws on both sides of the bay.



- Connect a power cable from the power supply to the power connector at the back of the optical drive.
- Connect one end of the IDE ribbon cable to the IDE interface at the back of the optical drive, matching the red stripe on the cable with Pin 1 on the IDE interface.



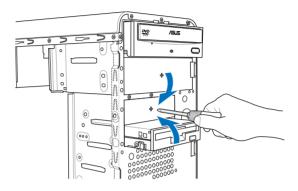
- 7. Connect the other end of the IDE ribbon cable to the primary IDE connector (labeled PRI_IDE) on the motherboard.
- 8. Remove the dummy drive slot cover from the front panel.
- 9. Replace the front panel.

2.8 Installing a hard disk drive

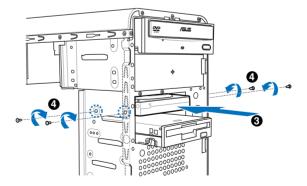
The system may have one pre-installed 3.5-inch Serial ATA or IDE hard disk drive. Refer to this section to install additional Serial ATA or IDE hard disk drive(s).

To install a Serial ATA hard disk drive:

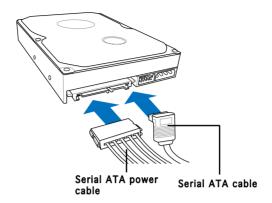
- 1. Place the chassis upright.
- 2. Use a screw driver to remove the HDD drive slot metal plate cover.



3. With the HDD label side up, carefully insert the drive into the 3.5-inch bay and push the drive into the bay until its screw holes align with the holes on the drive bay.



4. Secure the drive with two screws on both sides.



- Connect one end of the Serial ATA cable to the SATA connector at the back of the drive, then connect the other end to a Serial ATA connector on the motherboard. See page 4-6 for the location of the Serial ATA connectors.
- 6. Connect a 15-pin Serial ATA power plug from the power supply unit to the 15-pin power connector at the back of the drive.

- OR -

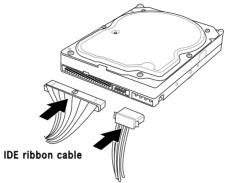
Connect a 4-pin (female) power plug from the power supply unit to the 4-pin (male) power connector at the back of the drive.



If your Serial ATA HDD has both 4-pin and 15-pin connectors at the back, use either the 15-pin SATA power adapter plug **OR** the legacy 4-pin power connector. **DO NOT** use both to prevent damage to components and to keep the system from becoming unstable.

To install an IDF hard disk drive:

- Follow steps 1-4 of the previous section.
- 2. Connect the blue interface of the IDE ribbon cable to the primary IDE connector (blue connector labeled PRI_IDE) on the motherboard. See page 4-7 for the location of the connector.



Power cable



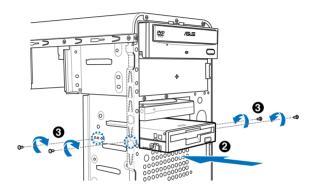
- If you will install only one hard disk drive, make sure to configure your hard disk drive as Master device before connecting the IDE cable and power plug. Refer to the HDD documentation on how to set the drive as a Master device.
- If you will install two IDE hard disk drives, configure the other device as Slave.
- Connect the gray interface of the IDE ribbon cable to the IDE connector on the drive.
- If you install two IDE hard disk drives, connect the black interface of the IDE ribbon cable to the IDE connector on the second (Slave) IDE hard disk drive.
- 5. Connect a 4-pin power plug from the power supply unit to the power connector at the back of the drive(s).

2.9 Installing a floppy disk drive

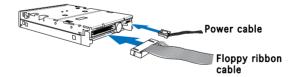
The Vintage2-PE2 system comes with one 3.25-inch drive bay for a floppy disk drive.

To install a floppy disk drive:

- 1. Remove the front panel cover.
- 2. Carefully insert the floppy disk drive into the floppy drive bay until the screw holes align with the holes on the bay.
- 3. Secure the floppy disk drive with two screws on both sides.



4. Connect the floppy disk drive signal cable to the signal connector at the back of the drive

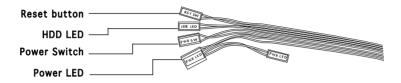


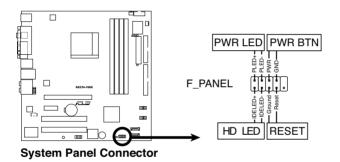
- 5. Connect the other end of the signal cable to the floppy disk drive connector on the motherboard. See page 4-6 for the location of the floppy disk drive connector.
- 6. Connect a 4-pin power cable from the power supply unit to the power connector at the back of the floppy disk drive.

2.10 Re-connecting cables

You may have disconnected some cables when you were installing components. You must re-connect these cables before you replace the chassis cover.

LED cables



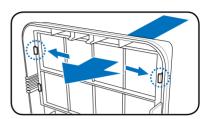


Connect the **reset button**, **power switch**, **power LED**, and **HDD LED** cables to their respective leads in the system panel connector on the motherboard.

2.11 Reinstalling the cover

If you installed an optical and/or floppy disk drive, remove the bay cover(s) on the front panel assembly before reinstalling it to the chassis. To do this:

- 1. Locate the bay cover locks.
- 2. Press the locks outward to release the bay cover.
- 3. Push the bay cover inward, then set it aside.
- 4. Follow the same instructions to remove the 3.5" drive bay cover.

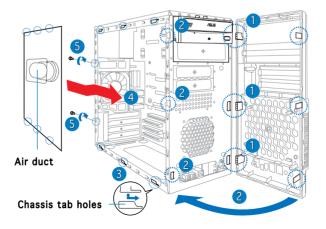


To reinstall the front panel assembly and side cover:

- 1. Insert the front panel assembly hinge-like tabs to the holes on the right side of the chassis.
- 2. Swing the front panel assembly to the left, then insert the hooks to the chassis until the front panel assembly fits in place.
- 3. Insert the six side cover hooks into the chassis tab holes.
- 4. Push the side cover to the direction of the front panel until it fits in place.
- 5. Secure the cover with two screws you removed earlier.

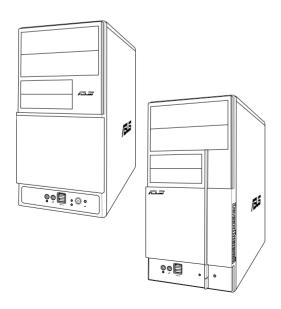


If the air duct interferes with the CPU fan, adjust the air duct accordingly.



Chapter 3

This chapter helps you power up the system and install drivers and utilities from the support CD.



Starting up

3.1 Installing an operating system

The barebone system supports Windows® 2000/XP operating systems (OS). Always install the latest OS version and corresponding updates so you can maximize the features of your hardware.



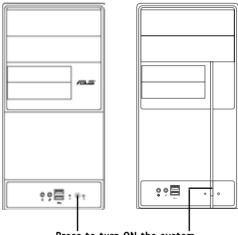
Because motherboard settings and hardware options vary, use the setup procedures presented in this chapter for general reference only. Refer to your OS documentation for more information.



- Windows XP OS setup cannot recognize Serial ATA hard drives without the necessary drivers. Use the bundled floppy disk when installing Windows XP OS to a Serial ATA hard drive.
- From the Windows XP setup screen, press F6 when prompted then follow succeeding screen instructions to install the SATA drivers.

3.2 Powering up

Press the system power button (v) to enter the OS.



Press to turn ON the system

3.3 Support CD information

The support CD that came with the system contains useful software and several utility drivers that enhance the system features.



- Screen display and driver options may not be the same for different operating system versions.
- The contents of the support CD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website for updates.

3.3.1 Running the support CD

To begin using the support CD, place the CD in your optical drive. The CD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



Click an item to install



If **Autorun** is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support CD to locate the file ASSETUP.EXE from the BIN folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the CD.

ASUS InstAll-Drivers Installation Wizard

Installs the ASUS InstAll-Drivers Installation Wizard for all drivers.

NVIDIA nForce Chipset Driver

Installs the NVIDIA nForce chipset driver.

Realtek Audio Driver

Installs the Realtek® ALC883 high-definition audio driver and application.

AMD Cool'n'Quiet Driver

Installs the AMD Cool'n'Quiet driver.

USB2.0 Driver

Installs the USB2.0 driver.

3.3.2 Utilities menu

The Utilities menu shows the applications and other software that the motherboard supports.



ASUS InstAll-Installation Wizard for Utilities

Install the ASUS InstAll-Installation Wizard for all ASUS utilities.

ADOBE Acrobat Reader V7.0

Installs the Adobe® Acrobat® Reader that allows you to open, view, and print documents in Portable Document Format (PDF).

ASUS Update

The ASUS Update utility allows you to update the motherboard BIOS in a Windows® environment. This utility requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

ASUS PC Probe II

This smart utility monitors the fan speed, CPU temperature, and system voltages, and alerts you of any detected problems. This utility helps you keep your computer in healthy operating condition.

Microsoft DirectX 9.0c

Installs the Microsoft® DirectX 9.0c driver. The Microsoft DirectX® 9.0c is a multimedia technology that enhances computer graphics and sound. DirectX® improves the multimedia features of you computer so you can enjoy watching TV and movies, capturing videos, or playing games in your computer. Visit the Microsoft website (www.microsoft.com) for updates.

ASUS Cool'n'Quiet Utility

Installs the ASUS Cool'n'Quiet utility.

3.3.4 ASUS Contact information

Click the **Contact** tab to display the ASUS contact information. You can also find this information on the inside front cover of this user guide.



3.4 Software information

Most of the applications in the support CD have wizards that will conveniently guide you through the installation. View the online help or readme file that came with the software for more information.

ASUS PC Probe II

PC Probe II is a utility that monitors the computer's vital components and alerts you of any problem with these components. PC Probe II senses fan rotations, CPU temperature, and system voltages, among others. PC Probe II is software-based, allowing you to start monitoring your computer the moment you turn it on. With this utility, you are assured that your computer is always at a healthy operating condition.

Installing PC Probe II

To install PC Probe II on your computer:

1. Place the support CD to the optical drive. The **Drivers** installation tab appears if your computer has an enabled Autorun feature.



If Autorun is not enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support CD to locate the setup.exe file from the ASUS PC Probe II folder. Double-click the setup.exe file to start installation.

- 2. Click the Utilities tab, then click ASUS PC Probe II.
- 3. Follow the screen instructions to complete installation.

Launching PC Probe II

You can launch the PC Probe II right after installation or anytime from the Windows® desktop.

To launch the PC Probe II from the Windows® desktop, click **Start > All**

Programs > ASUS > PC Probe II. The PC Probe II main window appears.

After launching the application, the PC Probe II icon appears in the Windows® taskbar. Click this icon to close or restore the application.



Using PC Probe II

Click to close the Preference panel

Main window

The PC Probe II main window allows you to view the current status of your system and change the utility configuration. By default, the main window displays the **Preference** section. You can close or restore the **Preference** section by clicking on the triangle on the main window right handle.

Button	Function		
CONFIG	Opens the Configuration window		
	Opens the Report window		
DMI	Opens the Desktop Management Interface window		
PCI	Opens the Peripheral Component Interconnect window		
WMI	Opens the Windows Management Instrumentation window		
USAGE	Opens the hard disk drive, memory, CPU usage window		
$\triangleleft \triangleright$	Shows/Hides the Preference section		
θ	Minimizes the application		
⊗	Closes the application		

Sensor alert

When a system sensor detects a problem, the main window right handle turns red, as the illustrations below show.





When displayed, the monitor panel for that sensor also turns red. Refer to the ${\bf Monitor\ panels}$ section for details.

Preferences

You can customize the application using the Preference section in the main window. Click the box before each preference to activate or deactivate.



Hardware monitor panels

The hardware monitor panels display the current value of a system sensor such as fan rotation, CPU temperature, and voltages.

The hardware monitor panels come in two display modes: hexagonal (large) and rectangular (small). When you check the **Enable Monitoring Panel** option from the **Preference** section, the monitor panels appear on your computer's desktop.



Large display



Small display

Changing the monitor panels position

To change the position of the monitor panels on the desktop, click the arrow down button of the **Scheme** options, then select another position from the list box. Click **OK** when finished



Moving the monitor panels

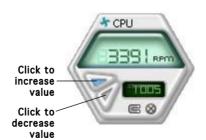
Config window.

All monitor panels move together using a magnetic effect. If you want to detach a monitor panel from the group, click the horseshoe magnet icon. You can now move or reposition the panel independently.



Adjusting the sensor threshold value You can adjust the sensor threshold value in the monitor panel by clicking the arrow buttons. You can also adjust the threshold values using the

You cannot adjust the sensor threshold values in a small monitoring panel.



Monitoring sensor alert

The monitor panel turns red when a component value exceeds or is lower than the threshold value. Refer to the illustrations below.





Small display

WMI browser

Click WMI to display the WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) browser. This browser displays various Windows® management information. Click an item from the left panel to display on the right panel. Click the plus sign (+) before WMI Information to display the available information.





You can enlarge or reduce the browser size by dragging the bottom right corner of the browser.

DMI browser

Click to display the DMI (Desktop Management Interface) browser. This browser displays various desktop and system information. Click the plus sign (+) before **DMI Information** to display the available information.



PCI browser

Click PCI to display the PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) browser. This browser provides information on the PCI devices installed on your system. Click the plus sign (+) before the PCI Information item to display available information.



Usage

The **Usage** browser displays real-time information on the CPU, hard disk drive space, and memory usage. Click **USAGE** to display the Usage browser.

CPU usage

The **CPU** tab displays real-time CPU usage in line graph representation. If the CPU has an enabled Hyper-Threading, two separate line graphs display the operation of the two logical processors.



Hard disk drive space usage

The **Hard Disk** tab displays the used and available hard disk drive space. The left panel of the tab lists all logical drives. Click a hard disk drive to display the information on the right panel. The pie chart at the bottom of the window represents the used (blue) and the available HDD space.



Memory usage

The **Memory** tab shows both used and available physical memory.

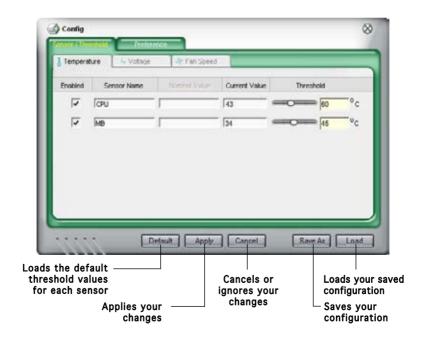
The pie chart at the bottom of the window represents the used (blue) and the available physical memory.



Configuring PC Probe II

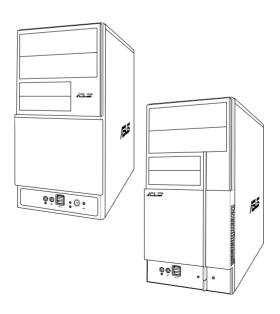
Click to view and adjust the sensor threshold values.

The **Config** window has two tabs: **Sensor/Threshold** and **Preference**. The **Sensor/Threshold** tab enables you to activate the sensors or to adjust the sensor threshold values. The **Preference** tab allows you to customize sensor alerts, change temperature scale, or enable the Q-Fan feature.



Chapter 4

This chapter gives information about he motherboard that comes with the system. This chapter includes the motherboard layout, jumper settings, and connector locations.

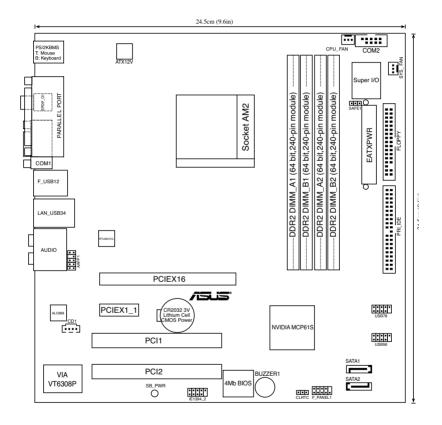


introduction **Motherboard**

4.1 Introduction

The Vintage V-Series M2NC61S barebone system comes with an ASUS motherboard. This chapter provides technical information about the motherboard for future upgrades or system reconfiguration.

4.2 Motherboard layout



4.3 Jumpers

1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC)

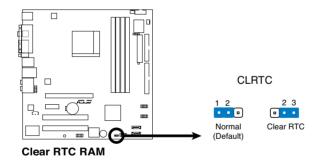
This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

- 1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Remove the onboard battery.
- 3. Move the jumper cap from pins 1-2 (default) to pins 2-3. Keep the cap on pins 2-3 for about 5~10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1-2.
- 4. Re-install the battery.
- 5. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
- Hold down the key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.



Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!

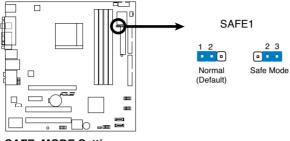




You do not need to clear the RTC when the system hangs due to overclocking. For system failure due to overclocking, use the C.P.R. (CPU Parameter Recall) feature. Shut down and reboot the system so the BIOS can automatically reset parameter settings to default values.

2. Safe jumper (3-pin SAFE1)

This jumper is for engineering purpose, do not change its setting.



SAFE MODE Setting

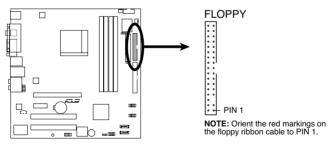
4.3 Connectors

1. Floppy disk drive connector (34-1 pin FLOPPY)

This connector is for the provided floppy disk drive (FDD) signal cable. Insert one end of the cable to this connector, then connect the other end to the signal connector at the back of the floppy disk drive.



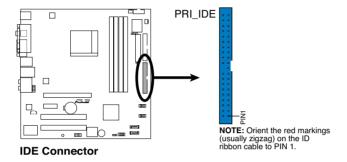
Pin 5 on the connector is removed to prevent incorrect cable connection when using an FDD cable with a covered Pin 5.



Floppy Disk Drive Connector

2. IDE connectors (40-1 pin PRI_IDE)

The onboard IDE connectors are for Ultra DMA 100/66/33 signal cables. There are three connectors on each Ultra DMA 100/66/33 signal cable: blue, black, and gray. Connect the blue connector to the motherboard's IDE connector, then select one of the following modes to configure your device(s).



	Drive jumper setting	Mode of device(s)	Cable connector
Single device	Cable-Select or Master	-	Black
Two devices	Cable-Select	Master	Black
		Slave	Gray
	Master	Master	Black or gray
	Slave	Slave	



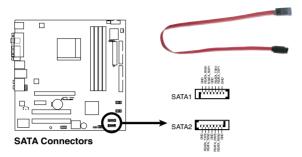
- Pin 20 on the IDE connector is removed to match the covered hole on the Ultra DMA cable connector. This prevents incorrect insertion when you connect the IDE cable.
- Use the 80-conductor IDE cable for Ultra DMA 100/66/33 IDE devices.



If any device jumper is set as "Cable-Select," make sure all other device jumpers have the same setting.

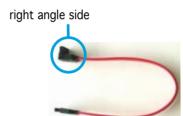
3. Serial ATA connectors (7-pin SATA1, SATA2)

These connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA hard disk drives.



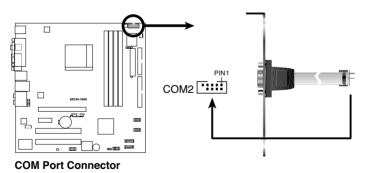


Connect the right-angle side of SATA signal cable to SATA device. Or you may connect the right-angle side of SATA cable to the onboard SATA port to avoid mechanical conflict with a long card in PCI2 slot.



4. Serial port connector (10-1 pin COM2)

This connector is for a serial (COM) port. Connect the serial port module cable to this connector, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.

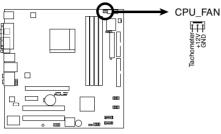




The COM module is purchased separately.

5. CPU fan connector (3-pin CPU_FAN)

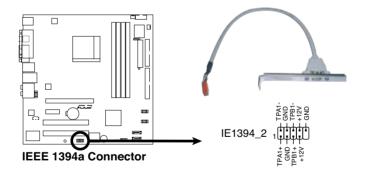
The fan connector supports cooling fan of a total of $1A\sim2.2A$ (26.4W max.) at +12V. Connect the fan cable to the fan connector on the motherboard, making sure that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.



CPU FAN Connector

6. IEEE 1394a port connector (10-1 pin IE1394_2)

This connector is for a IEEE 1394a port. Connect the IEEE 1394a module cable to this connector, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.





Never connect a USB cable to the IEEE1394a connector. Doing so will damage the motherboard!



The IEEE 1394 module is purchased separately.

7. ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR and 4-pin ATX12V)

These connectors are for ATX power supply plugs. The power supply plugs are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.



- Do not forget to connect the 4-pin ATX +12 V power plug; otherwise, the system will not boot.
- Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- Make sure that your power supply unit (PSU) can provide at least the minimum power required by your system.
- If you intent to use a PSU with 20-pin and 4-pin power plugs, make sure that the 20-pin power plug can provide at least 15A on +12V and that the PSU has a minimum power rating of 350 W. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- The ATX 12 V Specification 2.0-compliant PSU passed the motherboard power requirement test with the following configuration:

CPU : Intel® Pentium® 4 3.6 GHz

Memory : 512 MB DDR (x 4)

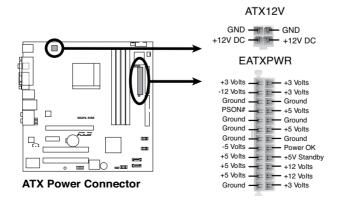
Graphics card : PCI Express x16 Nvidia EN5900

Parallel ATA devices: IDE hard disk drive (x 2) Serial ATA device : SATA hard disk drive

Optical drive : CD-ROM (x2)

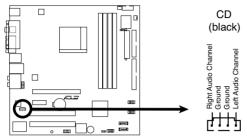
SCSI devices : SCSI card and SCSI hard disk drive

 You must install a PSU with a higher power rating if you intend to install additional devices.



8. Optical drive audio connector (4-pin CD1)

This connector is for the 4-pin audio cable that connects to the audio connector at the back of the optical drive.



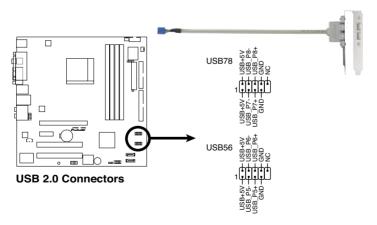
Internal Audio Connector



Enable the CD-IN function in the audio utility when using this connector.

9. USB connectors (10-1 pin USB56, USB78)

These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB module cable to any of these connectors, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.





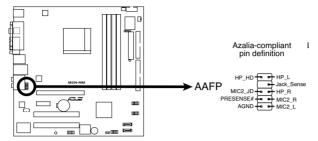
Never connect a 1394 cable to the USB connectors. Doing so will damage the motherboard!



The USB module is purchased separately.

11. Front panel audio connector (10-1 pin AAFP1)

This connector is for a chassis-mounted front panel audio I/O module that supports HD Audio standard.



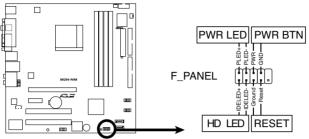
Front Panel Audio Connector



 We recommend that you connect a high-definition front panel audio module to this connector to avail of the motherboard's highdefinition audio capability

13. System panel connector (10-1 pin F_PANEL)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



System Panel Connector

• System power LED (2-pin PLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

Hard disk drive activity (2-pin HDLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.

Power/Soft-off button (2-pin PWRSW)

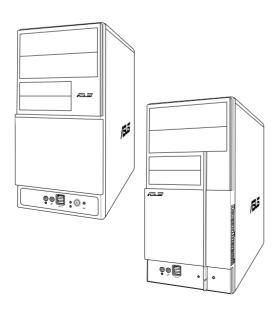
This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system ON or puts the system in SLEEP or SOFT-OFF mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

• Reset button (2-pin RESET)

This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

Chapter 5

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.



BIOS setup

5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup.

- ASUS EZ Flash 2 (Updates the BIOS using a floppy disk, USB Flash, or the motherboard support CD during POST.)
- 2. Award BIOS Flash Utility (Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable floppy disk.)
- 3. **ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2** (Updates the BIOS using a bootable floppy, or the motherboard support CD when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.)
- 4. **ASUS Update** (Updates the BIOS in Windows® environment.)

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable floppy disk in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the ASUS Update or AFUDOS utilities.

5.1.1 Creating a bootable floppy disk

- Do either one of the following to create a bootable floppy disk. DOS environment
 - a. Insert a 1.44MB floppy disk into the drive.
 - b. At the DOS prompt, type format A:/s then press <Enter>. Windows® XP environment
 - a. Insert a 1.44 MB floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
 - b. Click **Start** from the Windows® desktop, then select **My Computer**.
 - c. Select the 3 1/2 Floppy Drive icon.
 - d. Click **File** from the menu, then select **Format**. A **Format 3 1/2 Floppy Disk** window appears.
 - e. Select **Create an MS-DOS startup disk** from the format options field, then click **Start.**

Windows® 2000 environment

To create a set of boot disks for Windows® 2000:

- a. Insert a formatted, high density 1.44 MB floppy disk into the drive.
- b. Insert the Windows® 2000 CD to the optical drive.
- c. Click Start. then select Run.
- d. From the Open field, type
 - D:\bootdisk\makeboot a:
 - assuming that D: is your optical drive.
- e. Press <Enter>, then follow screen instructions to continue.

2. Copy the original or the latest motherboard BIOS file to the bootable floppy disk.

5.1.2 ASUS EZ Flash 2 utility

The ASUS EZ Flash 2 feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to go through the long process of booting from a floppy disk and using a DOS-based utility. The EZ Flash 2 utility is built-in the BIOS chip so it is accessible by pressing <Alt> + <F2> during the Power-On Self-Test (POST).

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash 2:

- Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard.
- 2. Save the BIOS file to a floppy disk or a USB flash disk, then restart the system.
- 3. You can launch the EZ Flash 2 by two methods.
 - (1) Insert the floppy disk / USB flash disk that contains the BIOS file to the floppy disk drive or the USB port.





(2) Enter BIOS setup program. Go to the Tools menu to select EZ Flash 2 and press <Enter> to enable it.

You can switch between drives by pressing <Tab> before the correct file is found. Then press <Enter>.

4. When the correct BIOS file is found, EZ Flash 2 performs the BIOS update process and automatically reboots the system when done.



- This function can support devices such as USB flash disk, or floppy disk with FAT 32/16/12 format only.
- Do not shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

5.1.3 Award BIOS Flash Utility

The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) can be updated using the AwardBIOS Flash Utility. Follow these instructions to update the BIOS using this utility.

1. Obtain the latest BIOS file from the ASUS web site or the support CD. Normally the file name is *.BIN. Save it to a floppy disk.



Save only the updated BIOS file in the floppy disk to avoid loading the wrong BIOS file.

- Copy the AwardBIOS Flash Utility (awdflash.exe) to the floppy disk with the latest BIOS file.
- Boot the system in DOS mode using the bootable floppy disk you created earlier.

 When the A:> appears, replace the bootable floppy disk with the floppy disk containing the new BIOS file and the Award BIOS Flash Utility.

5. At the prompt, type awdflash then press <Enter>. The Award BIOS Flash Utility screen appears.



The information on the screen here may not be exactly as yours and it's only for reference use.



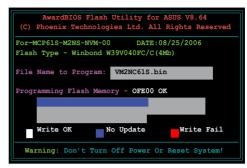
 Type the BIOS file name in the File Name to Program field, then press <Enter>.

```
AwardBIOS Flash Utility for ASUS V8.64
(C) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. All Rights Reserved

For-MCP61S-M2NS-NVM-00 DATE:08/25/2006
Flash Type - Winbond W39V040FC/C(4Mb)

File Name to Program: VM2NC61S.bin
```

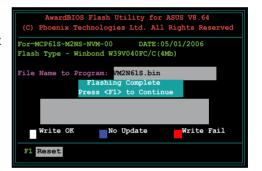
- 7. Press <N> when the utility prompts you to save the current BIOS file. The following screen appears.
- The utility verifies the BIOS file in the floppy disk and starts flashing the BIOS file





Do not turn off or reset the system during the flashing process!

 The utility displays a Flashing Complete message indicating that you have successfully flashed the BIOS file. Remove the floppy disk then press <F1> to restart the system.



5.1.4 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using the motherboard support CD, or the floppy disk that contains the updated BIOS file.



- Prepare the motherboard support CD, or the floppy disk containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.
- Make sure that you rename the original or updated BIOS file in the floppy disk to **VM2NC61S.BIN**.

Recovering the BIOS from a floppy disk

To recover the BIOS from a floppy disk:

- 1. Turn on the system.
- 2. Insert the floppy disk with the original or updated BIOS file to the floppy disk drive.
- 3. The utility displays the following message and automatically checks the floppy disk for the original or updated BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...
Checking for floppy...
```



If your display monitor is connected to the onboard VGA connector, the display monitor will turn-off and the system will beep once while the CrashFree BIOS 2 starts updating your system. The system will beep once again while the process is finished, and the display will return after the system restarts.

When found, the utility reads the BIOS file and starts flashing the corrupted BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...
Checking for floppy...
Floppy found!
Reading file "VM2NC61S.BIN". Completed.
Start flashing...
```



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS! Doing so can cause system boot failure!

4. Restart the system after the utility completes the updating process.

Recovering the BIOS from the support CD

To recover the BIOS from the support CD:

- Remove any floppy disk from the floppy disk drive, then turn on the system.
- 2. Insert the support CD to the optical drive.
- 3. The utility displays the following message and automatically checks the floppy disk for the original or updated BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...
Checking for floppy...
```

When no floppy disk is found, the utility automatically checks the optical drive for the original or updated BIOS file. The utility then updates the corrupted BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...
Checking for floppy...
Floppy not found!
Checking for CD-ROM...
CD-ROM found!
Reading file "M2NC61S.BIN". Completed.
Start flashing...
```



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS! Doing so can cause system boot failure!

4. Restart the system after the utility completes the updating process.



The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file.

5.1.5 ASUS Update utility

The ASUS Update is a utility that allows you to manage, save, and update the motherboard BIOS in Windows® environment. The ASUS Update utility allows you to:

- Save the current BIOS file
- Download the latest BIOS file from the Internet
- Update the BIOS from an updated BIOS file
- Update the BIOS directly from the Internet, and
- View the BIOS version information.

This utility is available in the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.



ASUS Update requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Installing ASUS Update

To install ASUS Update:

- 1. Place the support CD in the optical drive. The **Drivers** menu appears.
- 2. Click the Utilities tab, then click Install ASUS Update.
- 3. The ASUS Update utility is copied to your system.



Quit all Windows® applications before you update the BIOS using this utility.

Updating the BIOS through the Internet

To update the BIOS through the Internet:

 Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows® desktop by clicking Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate. The ASUS Update main window appears.







- Select Update BIOS from the Internet option from the drop-down menu, then click Next.
- Select the ASUS FTP site nearest you to avoid network traffic, or click Auto Select. Click Next.

- From the FTP site, select the BIOS version that you wish to download. Click Next.
- 5. Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.



The ASUS Update utility is capable of updating itself through the Internet. Always update the utility to avail all its features.



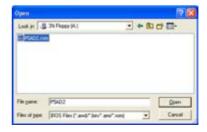
Updating the BIOS through a BIOS file

To update the BIOS through a BIOS file:

- Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows® desktop by clicking Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate. The ASUS Update main window appears.
- Select Update BIOS from a file option from the drop-down menu, then click Next.

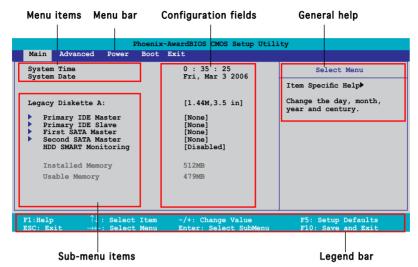


- 3. Locate the BIOS file from the **Open** window, then click **Open**.
- 4. Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.



5.2 BIOS setup program

5.2.1 BIOS menu screen



5.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

MainSelect to change basic system configurationsAdvancedSelect to configure advanced system settingsPowerSelect for advanced power management (APM)

configurations

Boot Select to change system boot configuration

Exit Select for the exit options and to load default BIOS

settings

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.



- The BIOS setup screens shown in this chapter are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS information.

5.2.3 Legend bar

At the bottom of the Setup screen is a legend bar. The keys in the legend bar allow you to navigate through the various setup menus. The following table lists the keys found in the legend bar with their corresponding functions.

Navigation Key	Function
<f1></f1>	Displays the General Help screen
<f5></f5>	Loads setup default values
<esc></esc>	Exits the BIOS setup or returns to the main menu from a sub-menu
Left or Right arrow	Selects the menu item to the left or right
Up or Down arrow	Moves the highlight up or down between fields
Page Down or - (minus)	Scrolls backward through the values for the highlighted field
Page Up or + (plus)	Scrolls forward through the values for the highlighted field
<enter></enter>	Brings up a selection menu for the highlighted field
<f10></f10>	Saves changes and exit

5.2.4 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting **Main** shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Advanced, Power, Boot, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.

5.2.5 Sub-menu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a sub-menu. To display the sub-menu, select the item and press <Fnter>.

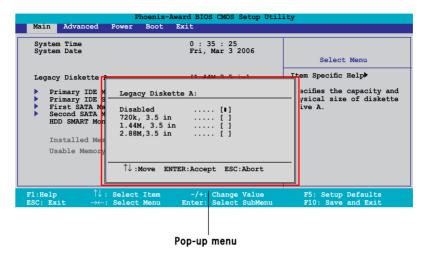
5.2.6 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it then press <Enter> to display a list of options. Refer to "2.2.7 Pop-up window."

5.2.7 Pop-up window

Select a menu item then press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.



5.2.8 General help

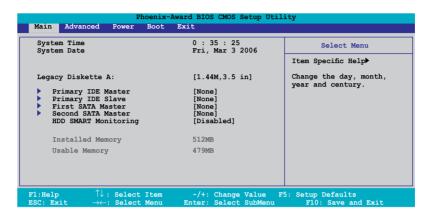
At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

5.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears, giving you an overview of the basic system information.



Refer to section "4.2.1 BIOS menu screen" for information on the menu screen items and how to navigate through them.



5.3.1 System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Allows you to set the system time.

5.3.2 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

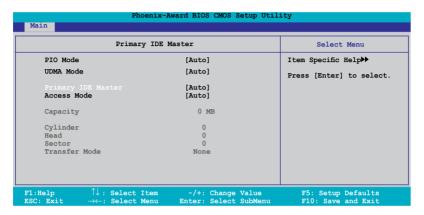
Allows you to set the system date.

5.3.3 Legacy Diskette A [Disabled]

Specifies the capacity and physical size of diskette drive A. Configuration options: [Disabled] [720K, 3.5 in.] [1.44M, 3.5 in.] [2.88M, 3.5 in]

5.3.4 Primary IDE Master/Slave

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of IDE devices. There is a separate sub-menu for each IDE device. Select a device item then press <Enter> to display the IDE device information.



The BIOS automatically detects the values opposite the dimmed items (Capacity, Cylinder, Head, Sector and Transfer Mode). These values are not user-configurable. These items show "O/None" if no IDE device is installed in the system.

PIO Mode [Auto]

Sets a PIO mode for the IDE device. Mode 0 through 4 successive increase in performance. Configuration options: [Auto] [Mode 0] [Mode 1] [Mode 2] [Mode 3] [Mode 4]

UDMA Mode [Auto]

UDMA capability allows improved transfer speeds and data integrity for compatible IDE devices. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

Primary IDE Master [Auto]

Select [Auto] to automatically detect an IDE hard disk drive. If automatic detection is successful, the BIOS automatically fills in the correct values for the remaining fields on this sub-menu. If the hard disk was already formatted on a previous system, the setup BIOS may detect incorrect parameters. Select [Manual] to manually enter the IDE hard disk drive parameters. If no drive is installed select [None]. Configuration options: [None] [Auto] [Manual]

Access Mode [Auto]

The default [Auto] allows automatic detection of an IDE hard disk drive. Select [CHS] for this item if you set the IDE Primary Master/Slave to [Manual]. Configuration options: [CHS] [LBA] [Large] [Auto]



Before attempting to configure a hard disk drive, make sure you have the correct configuration information supplied by the drive manufacturer. Incorrect settings may cause the system to fail to recognize the installed hard disk.

Capacity

Displays the auto-detected hard disk capacity. This item is not configurable.

Cylinder

Shows the number of the hard disk cylinders. This item is not configurable.

Head

Shows the number of the hard disk read/write heads. This item is not configurable.

Sector

Shows the number of sectors per track. This item is not configurable.

Transfer Mode

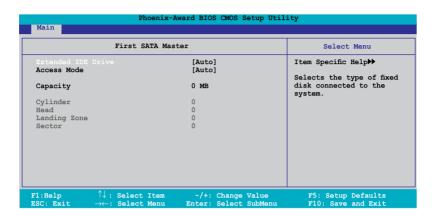
Shows the Transfer mode. This item is not configurable.



After entering the IDE hard disk drive information into BIOS, use a disk utility, such as FDISK, to partition and format new IDE hard disk drives. This is necessary so that you can write or read data from the hard disk. Make sure to set the partition of the Primary IDE hard disk drives to active.

5.3.6 First/Second SATA Master

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of Serial ATA devices. There is a separate sub-menu for each SATA device. Select a device item then press <Enter> to display the SATA device information.



The BIOS automatically detects the values opposite the dimmed items (Capacity, Cylinder, Head, Landing Zone and Sector). These values are not user-configurable. These items show 0 if no SATA device is installed in the system.

Extended Drive [Auto]

Selects the type of fixed disk connected to the system. Configuration options: [None] [Auto]

Access Mode [Auto]

Sets the sector addressing mode. Configuration options: [Large] [Auto]



Before attempting to configure a hard disk drive, make sure you have the correct configuration information supplied by the drive manufacturer. Incorrect settings may cause the system to fail to recognize the installed hard disk.

Capacity

Displays the auto-detected hard disk capacity. This item is not configurable.

Cylinder

Shows the number of the hard disk cylinders. This item is not configurable.

Head

Shows the number of the hard disk read/write heads. This item is not configurable.

Landing Zone

Shows the number of landing zone per track. This item is not configurable.

Sector

Shows the number of sectors per track. This item is not configurable.



After entering the IDE hard disk drive information into BIOS, use a disk utility, such as FDISK, to partition and format new IDE hard disk drives. This is necessary so that you can write or read data from the hard disk. Make sure to set the partition of the Primary IDE hard disk drives to active.

5.3.7 HDD SMART Monitoring [Disabled]

Disable or enable hard disk S.M.A.R.T. capability support.

5.3.8 Installed Memory [xxx MB]

Shows the size of installed memory.

5.3.9 Usable Memory [xxx MB]

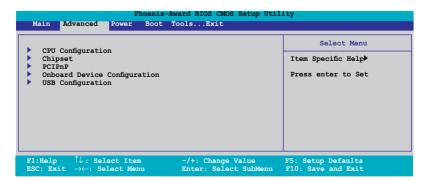
Shows the size of installed memory.

5.4 Advanced menu

The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.



5.4.1 CPU Configuration



AMD Live! [Disabled]

Enable or disable AMD Live! function.

Cool'n'Quiet Function [Auto]

Enable or disable AMD Cool'n'Quiet function which support P-state transitions in AMD processors Configuration options:[Auto][Disabled]

5.4.2 Chipset

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility Advanced Advanced			
Chi	pset		Select Menu
Auto Share Memory Control Onboard Video Memory CPU <-> MCP61 HT Speed CPU <-> MCP61 HT Width > DRAM Configuration PCIE Spread Spectrum SATA Spread Spectrum HT Spread Spectrum SSE/SSEZ Instructions System BIOS Cacheable	[Enabled] 32MB [5x] [16 16] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	↑↓	Item Specific Help▶▶

Auto Share Memory Control [Enabled]

System would assign onboard graphic frame buffer according to the size of installed memory. Configuration options: [Enabled][Disabled]

CPU<->MCP61 HT Speed [5x]

Configuration options: [1x] [2x] [3x] [4x] [5x]

CPU<->MCP61 HT Width [5x]

Configuration options: [8 8] [16 16]

DRAM Configuration

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility Advanced		
DRAM Confi	guration	Select Menu
Timing Mode Memory Clock Frequency	[Auto] Auto	Item Specific Help▶▶▶
Memory Hole Remapping Bottom of UMA DRAM [31:24]	[Enabled] [FC]	

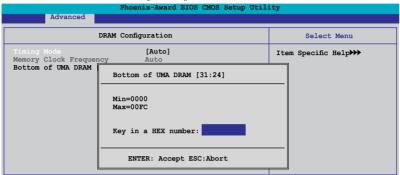
Timing Mode [Auto]

Configuration options: [Auto] [MaxMemCLK] [Manual]

Memory Hole Remapping [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Bottom of UMA DRAM [31:24]



PCIE Spread Spectrum [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

SATA Spread Spectrum [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

HT Spread Spectrum [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Center] [Down].

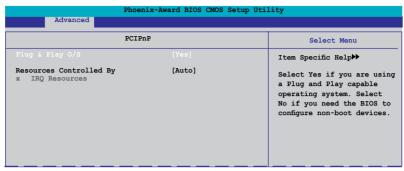
SSE/SSE2 Instructions [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

System BIOS Cacheable [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

5.4.3 PCIPnP



Plug & Play O/S [Yes]

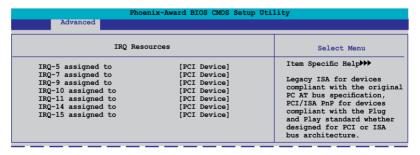
When set to [No], the BIOS configures all the devices in the system. When set to [Yes] and if you install a Plug and Play operating system, the operating system configures the Plug and Play devices not required for boot. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

Resources Controlled By [Auto]

When set to [Auto], the BIOS automatically configures all the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. Set to [Manual] if you want to assign the IRQ DMA and memory base address fields. Configuration options: [Auto] [Manual]



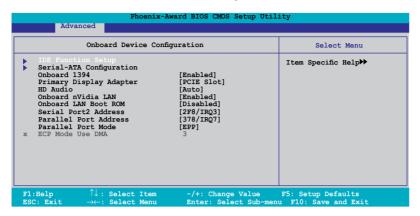
The item IRQ Resources becomes user-configurable when you set Resources Controlled By to [Manual].



IRQ-xx assigned to

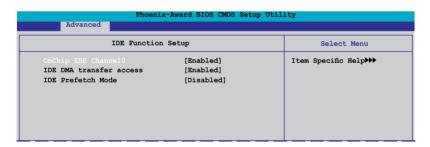
When set to [PCI Device], the specific IRQ is free for use of PCI/PnP devices. When set to [Reserved], the IRQ is reserved for legacy ISA devices. Configuration options: [PCI Device] [Reserved]

5.4.4 Onboard Device Configuration



IDE Function Setup

This sub-menu contains IDE function-related items. Select an item then press <Enter> to edit.



OnChip IDE ChannelO [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the onchip IDE channel 0 controller . Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

IDE DMA transfer access [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the IDE DMA transfer access. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

IDE Prefetch Mode [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the IDE PIO read prefetch mode. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Serial-ATA Configuration

SATA Port 1.2 [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Onboard 1394 [Enabled]

Enable/Disable onboard 1394 device support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

Primary Display Adapter [PCIE Slot]

Select which graphics controller to use as the primary boot device. Configuration options: [PCI Slot] [Onboard VGA] [PCIE Slot].

HD Audio [Auto]

Enable/Disable onboard AC97. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled].

Onboard nVidia LAN [Enabled]

Enable/Disable intergrated LAN controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Onboard LAN Boot ROM [Disabled]

Decide whether to invoke the boot ROM of the onboard LAN chip. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Serial Port2 Address [2F8/IRQ3]

Select the I/O address & IRQ for Com2. Configuration options: [Disabled] [3F8/IRQ4] [2F8/IRQ3] [3E8/IRQ4] [2E8/IRQ3] [Auto]

Parallel Port Address [378/IRQ7]

Select the I/O address & IRQ for parallel port. Configuration options: [Disabled] [378/IRQ7] [278/IRQ5] [3BC/IRQ7]

Parallel Port Mode [EPP]

Select the opreation mode for parallel port. Selecting [ECP] or [Bi-Directional] will lead you to DMA channel selection enrty. Configuration options: [Normal] [EPP] [ECP] [Bi-Directional]

USB Configuration

The items in this menu allows you to change the USB related features. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.

Advanced	hoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Util	ity
USB Co	onfiguration	Select Menu
USB Controller USB 2.0 Controller USB Legacy support	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Item Specific Help▶▶

USB Controller [Enabled]

Enable or disable USB 1.1 and 2.0 controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]

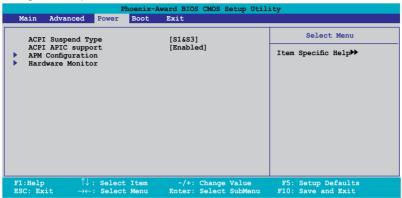
Enable/Disable USB 2.0 controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB Legacy support [Enabled]

Enable support for Legacy Universal Serial Bus. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.5 Power menu

The Power menu items allow you to change the settings for the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) and the Advanced Power Management (APM). Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



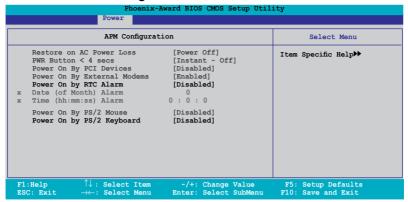
5.5.1 ACPI Suspend Type [S1&S3]

Allows you to select the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) state to be used for system suspend. Configuration options: [S1 (POS)] [S3(STR)] [S1&S3]

5.5.2 ACPI APIC Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) support in the Application-Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). When set to Enabled, the ACPI APIC table pointer is included in the RSDT pointer list. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.5.3 APM Configuration



Restore on AC Power Loss [Power Off]

Select whether or not to restart the system after AC power loss. Configuration options: [Power off] [Power On] [Last State]

PWR Button < 4 secs [Instant-Off]

When set to [Instant-Off], the system will go soft-off when power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds. [Suspend] means holding the power for more than 4 seconds to power off the system. Configuration options: [Instant-Off] [Suspend]

Power On By PCI Devices [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the PME to wake up from S5 by PCI/PCIE devices & NV Onboard LAN. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power On By External Modems [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power On By RTC Alarm [Disabled]

Set the Date, Time resume by Alarm. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power On By PS/2 Mouse [Disabled]

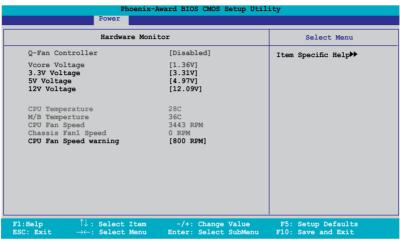
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power On by PS/2 Keyboard [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.5.4 Hardware Monitor

The items in this sub-menu displays the hardware monitor values automatically detected by the BIOS. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



Q-Fan Controller [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Vcore Voltage [1.36V]

Configuration options: [1.36V] [Ignored]

3.3V Voltage [3.31V]

Configuration options: [3.31V] [Ignored]

5V Voltage [4.97V]

Configuration options: [4.97V] [Ignored]

12V Voltage [12.09V]

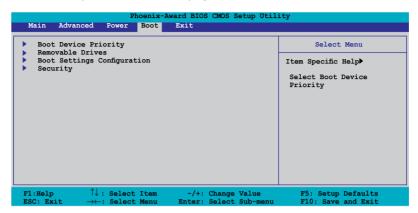
Configuration options: [4.97V] [Ignored]

CPU Fan Speed warning [800 RPM]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [800 RPM] [1200 RPM] [1600 RPM]

5.6 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the sub-menu.



5.6.1 Boot Device Priority

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility Boot Boot Device Priority Select Menu		
		1st Boot Device 2nd Boot Device 3rd Boot Device 4th Boot Device

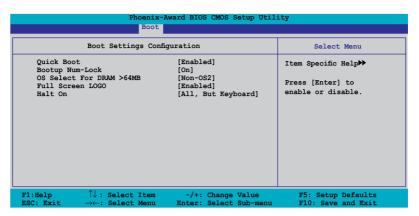
1st ~ 4th Boot Device [Removable]

These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system. Configuration options: [Removable] [Hard Disk] [CDROM] [Disabled]

5.6.2 Removable Drives

Press to display the removable drives.

5.6.3 Boot Settings Configuration



Quick Boot [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the system quick boot feature. When Enabled, the system skips certain tests while booting. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Bootup Num-Lock [On]

Enables or disables the floppy seek feature while booting. Setting to Enabled, clears the chassis open status. Configuration options: [On] [Off]

OS Select For DRAM > 64MB [Non-OS2]

Select OS2 only if you are running OS/2 operating system with greater than 64M of RAM on the system. Configuration options: [Non-OS2] [OS2]

Full Screen LOGO [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



Make sure that the above item is set to [Enabled] if you want to use the ASUS MyLogo™ feature.

Halt On [All, But Kayboard]

Allows you to select error report type.

Configuration options: [All Errors] [No Errors] [All, But Keyboard] [All, But Diskette] [All, But Disk/Key]

5.6.4 Security

Boot		
Security		Select Menu
Supervisor Password User Password Password Check	Clear Clear [Setup]	Item Specific Help▶▶

Supervisor Password User Password

These fields allow you to set passwords:

To set a password:

- 1. Select an item then press <Enter>.
- 2. Type in a password using a combination of a maximum of eight (8) alpha-numeric characters, then press <Enter>.
- When prompted, confirm the password by typing the exact characters again, then press <Enter>. The password field setting is changed to Set.

To clear the password:

1. Select the password field and press <Enter> twice. The following



Press any key to continue. The password field setting is changed to Clear

A note about passwords

The Supervisor password is required to enter the BIOS Setup program preventing unauthorized access. The User password is required to boot the system preventing unauthorized use.

Forgot your password?

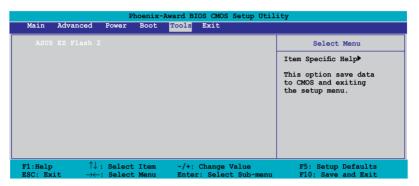
If you forget your password, you can clear it by erasing the CMOS Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM. The RAM data containing the password information is powered by the onboard button cell battery. If you need to erase the CMOS RAM, refer to section "2.6 Jumper" for instructions

Password Check

This field requires you to enter the password before entering the BIOS setup or the system. Select [Setup] to require the password before entering the BIOS Setup. Select [System] to require the password before entering the system. Configuration options: [Setup] [System]

5.7 Tools menu

The Tools menu items allow you to use the ASUS features.

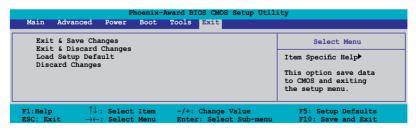


5.7.1 ASUS EZ Flash 2

Press to display ASUS EZ Flash 2 screen and follow the screen instructions to update the BIOS.

5.8 Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to load the optimal or failsafe default values for the BIOS items, and save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.





Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

Exit & Save Changes

Once you are finished making your selections, choose this option from the Exit menu to ensure the values you selected are saved to the CMOS RAM. An onboard backup battery sustains the CMOS RAM so it stays on even when the PC is turned off. When you select this option, a confirmation window appears. Select YES to save changes and exit.



If you attempt to exit the Setup program without saving your changes, the program prompts you with a message asking if you want to save your changes before exiting. Press <Enter> to save the changes while exiting.

Exit & Discard Changes

Select this option only if you do not want to save the changes that you made to the Setup program. If you made changes to fields other than System Date, System Time, and Password, the BIOS asks for a confirmation before exiting.

Load Setup Defaults

This option allows you to load the default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. When you select this option or if you press <F5>, a confirmation window appears. Select YES to load default values. Select Exit & Save Changes or make other changes before saving the values to the non-volatile RAM.

Discard Changes

This option allows you to discard the selections you made and restore the previously saved values. After selecting this option, a confirmation appears. Select YES to discard any changes and load the previously saved values.