

# IrDA Infrared Communication Module

## RPM882-H14

RPM882-H14 is an infrared communication module for IrDA Ver. 1.2 (Low Power). The infrared LED, PIN photo diode, LSI are all integrated into a single package. This module is designed with power down function and low current consumption at stand-by mode. The ultra small package makes it a perfect fit for mobile devices.

### ●Features

- 1) Infrared LED, PIN photo diode, LED driver & Receiver frequency formation circuit built in. Improvement of EMI noise protection because of Shield Case.
- 2) Applied to SIR (2.4 to 115.2kbps)
- 3) Surface mount type.
- 4) Power down function built in.
- 5) Low voltage operation as 1.5V of interface terminals to controller (TXD, RXD, PWDOWN, TX-RC).
- 6) Infrared remote control transmission driver built-in.

### ●Applications

Mobile phone, PDA, DVC, Digital Still Camera, Printer, Handy Terminal etc.

### ●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter             | Symbol                          | Limits                       | Unit |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------|
| Supply voltage        | V <sub>max</sub>                | 7.0* <sup>1</sup>            | V    |
| Input voltage         | V <sub>in</sub> (4, 5, 6, 7pin) | -0.3 to V <sub>IO</sub> +0.3 | V    |
| Operation temperature | T <sub>opr</sub>                | -25 to +85                   | °C   |
| Storage temperature   | T <sub>stg</sub>                | -30 to +100                  | °C   |
| LED peak current      | I <sub>FP</sub>                 | 300* <sup>2</sup>            | mA   |
| Power dissipation     | P <sub>d</sub>                  | 300* <sup>3</sup>            | mW   |

\*1 This applies to all pins basis ground pins (1pin)

\*2 LED Peak Current < 90μs, On duty ≤ 50%

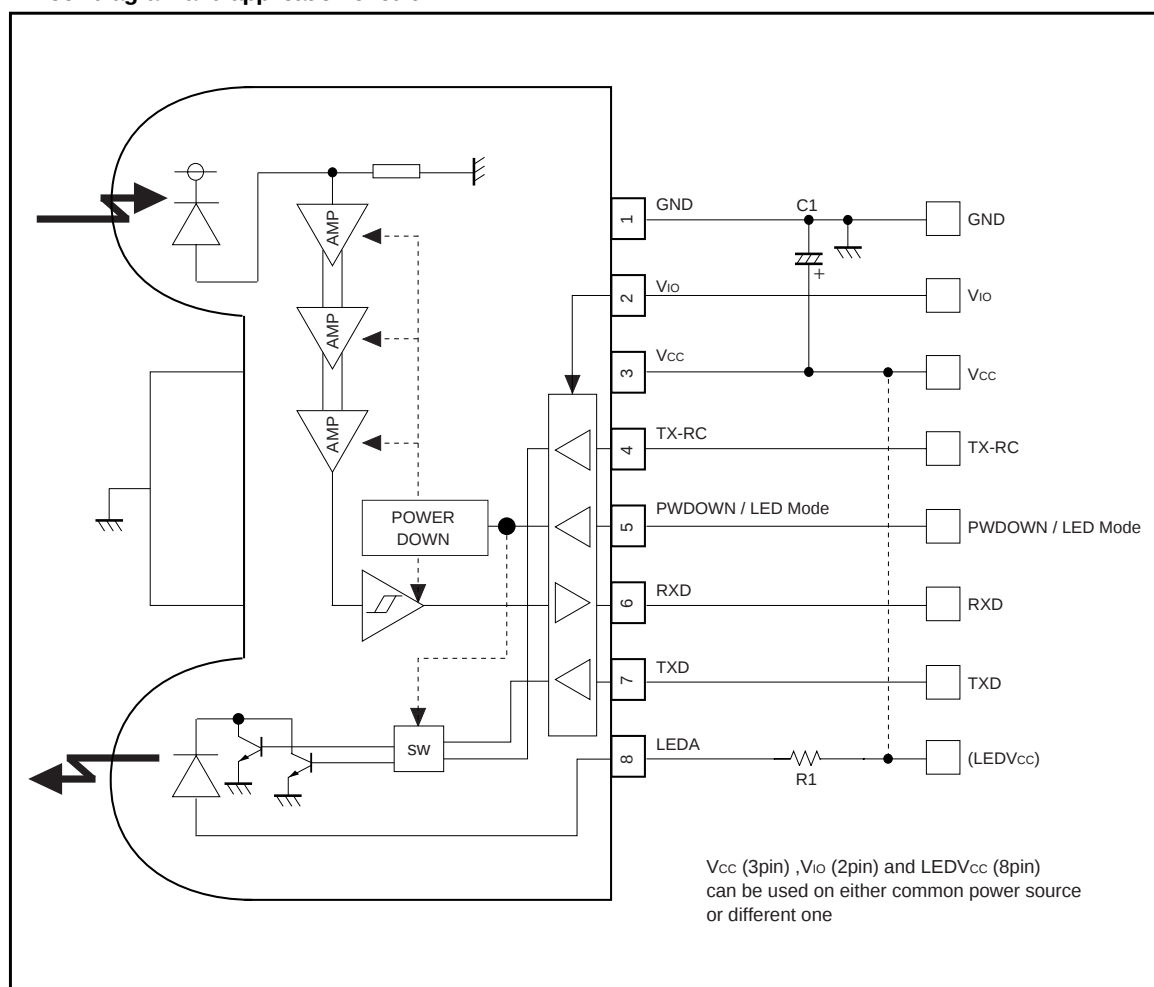
\*3 When glass-epoxy board (70×70×1.6mm) mounted. In case operating environment is over 25°C, 4mW would be reduced per each 1°C stepping up.

### ●Recommended operating conditions (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter                | Symbol                         | Min. | Typ. | Max.            | Unit |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|------|------|-----------------|------|
| Supply voltage           | V <sub>CC</sub>                | 2.4  | 3.0  | 3.6             | V    |
| Interface supply voltage | V <sub>IO</sub>                | 1.5  | 3.0  | V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
| LED supply voltage       | V <sub>LEDV<sub>CC</sub></sub> | 2.6  | 3.0  | 5.5             | V    |

## Photo Link Module

## ●Block diagram and application circuit



## Photo Link Module

## ●Terminal description

| Pin No | Terminal          | Circuit | Function                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|-------------------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1      | GND               |         | <b>Ground</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 2      | V <sub>IO</sub>   |         | <b>Supply voltage for I/O pins.</b><br>(TX-RC, PWDOWN, RXD, TXD)                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 3      | V <sub>CC</sub>   |         | <b>Power Supply Terminal</b><br>For preventing from infection, connect a capacitor between V <sub>CC</sub> (3pin) and GND (1pin).                                                                                                           |
| 4      | TX-RC             |         | <b>RC Transmitting Data Input Terminal</b><br>H : LED Emitting<br>CMOS Logic Level Input<br>Holding TX-RC='H' status, LED will be turn off approximately 48μs.                                                                              |
| 5      | PWDOWN / LED Mode |         | <b>Power-down Control and LED Intensity switching Terminal</b><br>H : POWERDOWN (RC transmitting Mode)<br>L : OPERATION<br>CMOS Logic Level Input<br>When input is 'H', it will stop the receiving circuit and Pin-PD current.              |
| 6      | RXD               |         | <b>Receiving Data Output Terminal</b><br>CMOS Logic Level Output<br>When PWDOWN (5pin)= 'H', the RXD output will be pulled up to V <sub>IO</sub> at approximately 300kΩ.                                                                    |
| 7      | TXD               |         | <b>Transmitting Data Input Terminal</b><br>IrDA TXD input at PWDOWN=L<br>(Remote control transmitting input at PWDOWN=H).<br>H : LED Emitting<br>CMOS Logic Level Input<br>Holding TXD='H' status, LED will be turn off approximately 48μs. |
| 8      | LED <sub>A</sub>  |         | <b>LED ANODE Terminal</b><br>Other power source can be used difference between LEDV <sub>CC</sub> and V <sub>CC</sub> .<br>LED current depends on LED load resistance value at RC mode.                                                     |
| -      | Shield Case       |         | Connect to Ground.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## Photo Link Module

●Electrical characteristics (Unless otherwise noted,  $V_{CC}=V_{IO}=3.0V$ ,  $V_{LEDV_{CC}}=3.0V$ ,  $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ )

| Parameter                     | Symbol             | Min.                               | Typ. | Max.                                                | Unit | Conditions                                                           |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Consumption current1          | I <sub>CC1</sub>   | –                                  | 80   | 104                                                 | μA   | PWDOWN=0V At no input light                                          |
| Consumption current2          | I <sub>CC2</sub>   | –                                  | 0.01 | 0.2                                                 | μA   | PWDOWN=V <sub>IO</sub> At no input light                             |
| Data rate                     |                    | 2.4                                | –    | 115.2                                               | kbps |                                                                      |
| PWDOWN input high voltage     | VPDH               | $\frac{2}{3} \times V_{IO}$<br>1.2 | –    | V <sub>IO</sub>                                     | V    | V <sub>IO</sub> =1.8 to 3.6V<br>V <sub>IO</sub> =1.5 to 1.8V         |
| PWDOWN input low voltage      | VPDL               | 0                                  | –    | $\frac{1}{3} \times V_{IO}$<br>V <sub>IO</sub> –1.2 | V    | V <sub>IO</sub> =1.8 to 3.6V<br>V <sub>IO</sub> =1.5 to 1.8V         |
| PWDOWN input high current     | IPDH               | –1.0                               | 0    | 1.0                                                 | μA   | PWDOWN=V <sub>IO</sub>                                               |
| PWDOWN input low current      | IPDL               | –1.0                               | 0    | 1.0                                                 | μA   | PWDOWN=0V                                                            |
| <Transmitter>                 |                    |                                    |      |                                                     |      |                                                                      |
| TXD/TX-RC input high voltage  | VTXH               | $\frac{2}{3} \times V_{IO}$<br>1.2 | –    | V <sub>IO</sub>                                     | V    | V <sub>IO</sub> =1.8 to 3.6V<br>V <sub>IO</sub> =1.5 to 1.8V         |
| TXD/TX-RC input low voltage   | VTXL               | 0                                  | –    | $\frac{1}{3} \times V_{IO}$<br>V <sub>IO</sub> –1.2 | V    | V <sub>IO</sub> =1.8 to 3.6V<br>V <sub>IO</sub> =1.5 to 1.8V         |
| TXD/TX-RC input high current  | ITXH               | 7.5                                | 15   | 30                                                  | μA   | TXD=V <sub>IO</sub> or TX-RC=V <sub>IO</sub>                         |
| TXD/TX-RC input low current   | ITXL               | –1.0                               | 0    | 1.0                                                 | μA   | TXD=0V or TX-RC=0V                                                   |
| LED anode current (IrDA Mode) | I <sub>LEDA1</sub> | 28                                 | 40   | 52                                                  | mA   | TXD=V <sub>IO</sub> , R <sub>1</sub> =4.7Ω, PWDOWN=0V                |
| LED anode current (RC Mode)   | I <sub>LEDA2</sub> | 150                                | 200  | 245                                                 | mA   | TX-RC=V <sub>IO</sub> , R <sub>1</sub> =4.7Ω, PWDOWN=V <sub>IO</sub> |
| <Receiver>                    |                    |                                    |      |                                                     |      |                                                                      |
| RXD output high voltage       | VRXH               | V <sub>CC</sub> –0.4               | –    | V <sub>IO</sub>                                     | V    | IRXH=–200μA                                                          |
| RXD output low voltage        | VRXL               | 0                                  | –    | 0.4                                                 | V    | IRXL=200μA                                                           |
| RXD output rise Time          | t <sub>RR</sub>    | –                                  | 35   | –                                                   | ns   | C <sub>L</sub> =15pF                                                 |
| RXD output fall Time          | t <sub>FR</sub>    | –                                  | 35   | –                                                   | ns   | C <sub>L</sub> =15pF                                                 |
| RXD output pulse width        | t <sub>wRXD</sub>  | 1.5                                | 2.3  | 4.2                                                 | μs   | C <sub>L</sub> =15pF, 2.4 to 115.2kbps                               |
| Receiver latency time         | t <sub>RT</sub>    | –                                  | 100  | 200                                                 | μs   |                                                                      |

●Optical characteristics (Unless otherwise noted,  $V_{CC}=V_{IO}=3.0V$ ,  $V_{LEDV_{CC}}=3.0V$ ,  $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ )

| Parameter                        | Symbol                         | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit               | Conditions                                           |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|------|------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Peak wave length1 (IrDA Mode)    | λ <sub>P1</sub>                | 880  | 890  | 892  | nm                 | I <sub>LED</sub> =50mA, Duty20%                      |
|                                  |                                | 850  | –    | 900  | nm                 | I <sub>LED</sub> =50mA, Duty20%, –20 to 60°C         |
| Peak wave length2 (RC Mode)      | λ <sub>P2</sub>                | 880  | 890  | 920  | nm                 | I <sub>LED</sub> =200mA, Duty20%                     |
| Intensity1 (IrDA Mode)           | I <sub>E1</sub>                | 4    | 13   | 28   | mW/sr              | –15° ≤ θ <sub>L</sub> ≤ 15° R <sub>1</sub> =4.7Ω     |
| Intensity2 (RC Mode)             | I <sub>E2</sub>                | 30   | 65   | 130  | mW/sr              | –15° ≤ θ <sub>L</sub> ≤ 15° R <sub>1</sub> =4.7Ω     |
| Half-angle                       | θ <sub>L</sub> /2              | ±15  | ±22  | –    | deg                |                                                      |
| Optical pulse width1 (IrDA Mode) | T <sub>WLED1</sub>             | 1.42 | 1.63 | 2.02 | μs                 | TXD=1.63μs pulse input R <sub>1</sub> =4.7Ω          |
| Optical pulse width2 (RC Mode)   | T <sub>WLED2</sub>             | 9.5  | 10   | 10.5 | μs                 | TX-RC=10μs pulse input R <sub>1</sub> =4.7Ω          |
| Rise time / Fall time            | T <sub>r</sub> /T <sub>f</sub> | –    | 60   | 120  | ns                 | 10% to 90%                                           |
| Optical over shoot               |                                | –    | –    | 25   | %                  |                                                      |
| Edge jitter                      | T <sub>j</sub>                 | –40  | –    | 40   | ns                 |                                                      |
| Minimum Irradiance in angular    | E <sub>emin</sub>              | –    | 3.6  | 6.8  | μW/cm <sup>2</sup> | –15° ≤ θ <sub>L</sub> ≤ 15°                          |
| Maximum Irradiance in angular    | E <sub>emax</sub>              | 500  | –    | –    | mW/cm <sup>2</sup> | –15° ≤ θ <sub>L</sub> ≤ 15°                          |
| Input half-angle                 | θ <sub>D</sub> /2              | ±15  | –    | –    | deg                |                                                      |
| Maximum emitting time            | T <sub>LEDmax</sub>            | 20.5 | 48   | 120  | μs                 | TXD=0 → V <sub>IO</sub> or TX-RC=0 → V <sub>IO</sub> |

1. This product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays.
2. This product dose not include laser transmitter.
3. This product includes one PIN photo diode.
4. This product dose not include optical load.

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## ●LED Operation Mode Table

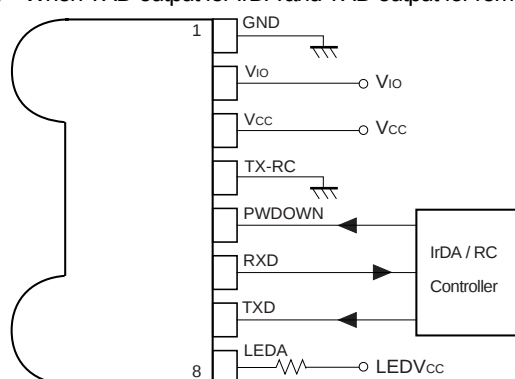
| PWDOWN<br>(5pin) | TX-RC<br>(4pin)                                                                   | TXD<br>(7pin)                                                                     | LED<br>Emitting Mode | IrDA Receiver<br>Operation Condition |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| L                | L                                                                                 | L                                                                                 | OFF                  | ON                                   |
| L                | L                                                                                 |  | IrDA                 | ON                                   |
| L                |  | L                                                                                 | RC                   | ON                                   |
| H                | L                                                                                 | L                                                                                 | OFF                  | OFF                                  |
| H                | L                                                                                 |  | RC                   | OFF                                  |
| H                |  | L                                                                                 | RC                   | OFF                                  |

Notes) •Please be sure to set up the TX-RC (4pin) and the TXD (7pin) input to be "L" (under 0.3V) except transmitting data (for < 90μs. ON Duty ≤ 50%).  
 • of TX-RC (4pin) and TXD (7pin) in the table above is supposed to be the pulse input.  
 •When either TX-RC (4pin) input TXD (7pin) input keeps the state of "H" (more than approximately 48μs), LED will be turned off due to LED pulse width limiting circuit if the pulse is input from the other terminal. Therefore, don't use as the normal transmitting is impossible.  
 •Please input the pulse when both TX-RC (4pin) and TXD (7pin) are "L".

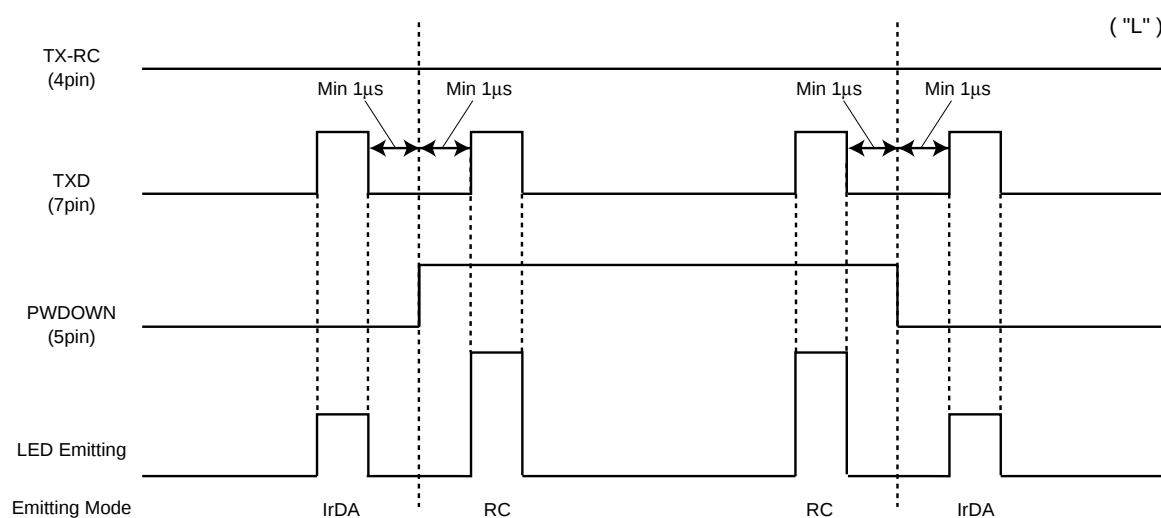
## ●Interface operating timing

(Emitting side)

- (1) When TXD output for IrDA and TXD output for remote controller is 1 line.



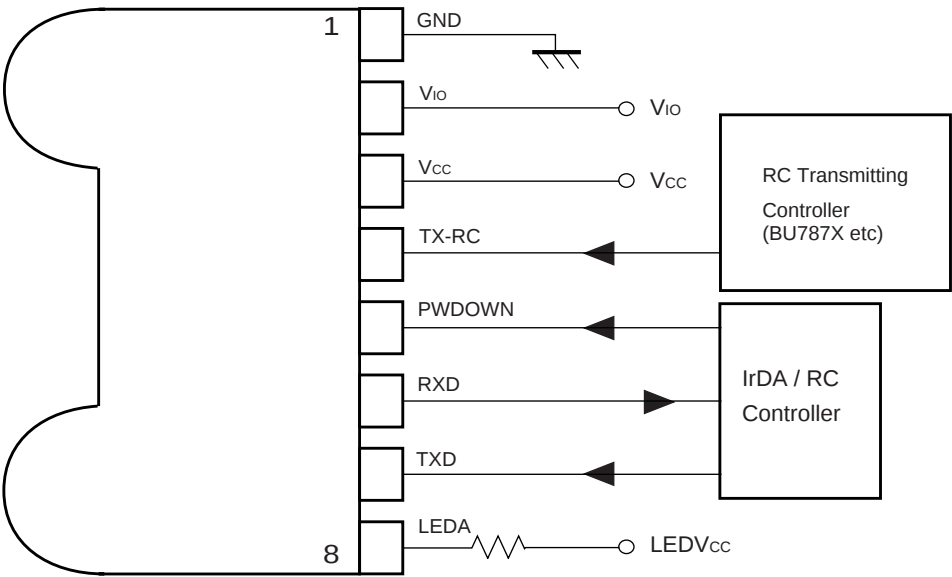
| Input  |                                                                                       | Condition |                  |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| PWDOWN | TXD                                                                                   | LED Mode  | Receiver circuit |
| L      | L                                                                                     | OFF       | ON               |
| L      |  | IrDA      | ON               |
| H      | L                                                                                     | OFF       | OFF              |
| H      |  | RC        | OFF              |



\*If TX-RC or TXD input pulse width is wider than 48μs, output LED emitting pulse will be turn off approximately 48μs.

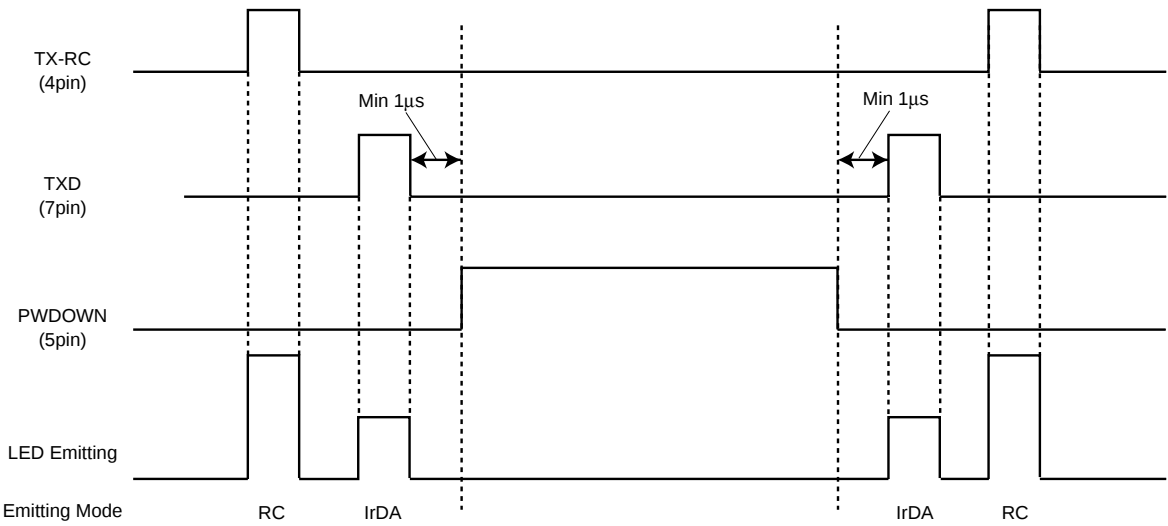
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(2) When TXD output for IrDA and TXD output for controller are different lines.



(2-a) RC transmitting mode at IrDA receiver active condition.

| Input  |       |     | Condition |                  |
|--------|-------|-----|-----------|------------------|
| PWDOWN | TX-RC | TXD | LED Mode  | Receiver circuit |
| L      | L     | L   | OFF       | ON               |
| L      | L     |     | IrDA      | ON               |
| L      |       | L   | RC        | ON               |
| H      | L     | L   | OFF       | OFF              |

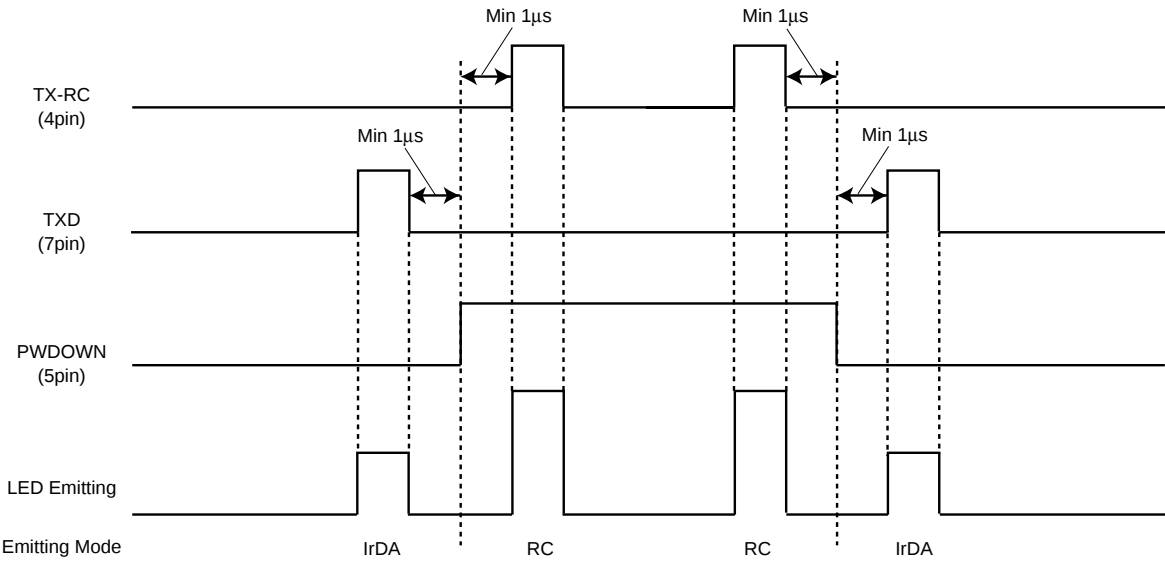


\*If TX-RC or TXD input pulse width is wider than 48µs, output LED emitting pulse will be turn off approximately 48µs.

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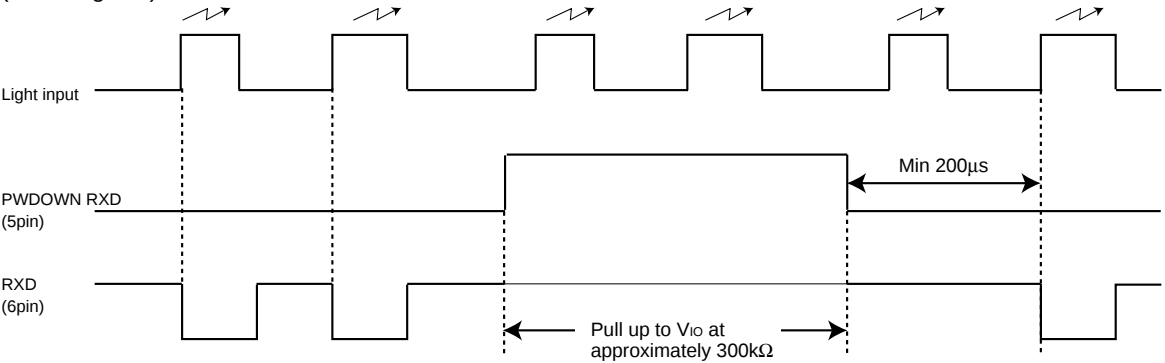
(2-b) RC transmit mode at IrDA receiver power down condition.

| Input  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   | Condition |                  |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| PWDOWN | TX-RC                                                                             | TXD                                                                               | LED Mode  | Receiver circuit |
| L      | L                                                                                 | L                                                                                 | OFF       | ON               |
| L      | L                                                                                 |  | IrDA      | ON               |
| H      |  | L                                                                                 | RC        | OFF              |
| H      | L                                                                                 | L                                                                                 | OFF       | OFF              |



\*If TX-RC or TXD input pulse width is wider than 48µs, output LED emitting pulse will be turn off approximately 48µs.

(Receiving side)



\*RXD output width is fixed approximately 2.3µs.

Note RXD output become stable after 200µs since PWDOWN is changed from H to L.  
RXD output could be unstable at H to L within 200µs.

## Photo Link Module

## ●Attached components

Recommended values

| Part symbol | Recommended value                                     | Notice                                                              |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| C1          | 1μF, tantalum or ceramic<br>Ex.) TCFGA1A105M8R (ROHM) | Bigger capacitance is recommended with much noise from power supply |
| R1          | 4.7Ω±5%, 1/8W<br>(VLEDV <sub>CC</sub> =3V)            | At LED Emitting Duty=20%                                            |

[LED current set-up method for Remote control mode]

In case of using R1 with different condition from the above, formula is as follows :

LED resistance value : R1[Ω], LED average consumption current : ILED[mA], Supply voltage : VLEDV<sub>CC</sub>[V],

minimum necessary of irradiant intensity Ie1 [mW / sr]

(Including LED's distribution within ±15deg)

$$R1 = 166 \times (VLEDV_{CC} - 1.28) / Ie1 - 5.0$$

$$ILED = Duty \times (VLEDV_{CC} - 1.28) / (R1 + 3.5)$$

Duty : LED duty at emitting

\* Please set up to be ILED / Duty &lt; 250[mA] (Duty ≤ 50%)

\* At IrDA Mode, LED current is constantly approximately 40mA.

(Reference) In case of using R1, typical intensity (Ie1<sub>typ</sub>) and maximum intensity (Ie1<sub>max</sub>) on axis are described as below.

$$Ie1_{typ} = 300 \times (VLEDV_{CC} - 1.28) / (R1 + 3.5)$$

$$Ie1_{max} = 600 \times (VLEDV_{CC} - 1.28) / (R1 + 3.5)$$

## ●Notes

1) LEDV<sub>CC</sub> (8pin), V<sub>CC</sub> (3pin) and V<sub>IO</sub> (2pin)

- Other power source can be used difference between LEDV<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>IO</sub>.

(V<sub>IO</sub> < V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)

2) Caution in designing board lay-out

To get maximum potential from RPM882-H14, please keep in mind following instruction.

- The line of RXD (6pin) should be connected at backside via through hole close to RPM882-H14 pin lead. Better not to be close to photo diode side (1pin).

⇒ This is to minimize feedback supplied to photo diode from RXD.

- As for C1 between 1-3 pin should be placed close to RPM882-H14.
- Better to be placed more than 1.0cm in radius from photo diode (pin1 side) and also away from the parts which generates noise, such as DC/DC converter.

3) Notes

- Please be sure to set up the TX-RC (4pin) and the TXD (7pin) input to be "L" (under 0.3V) except transmitting data (for < 90μs, ON duty ≤ 50%).
- Power down current might increase if exposed by strong light (ex. direct sunlight) at powerdown mode.
- Please use by the signal format at IrDA operating mode which is specified by IrDA Ver1.2 (2.4k to 115.2kbps). There might be on error if used by different signal format.
- Please pay attention to the lens carefully.  
Dusts of scratch on the lens may effect the characteristics of product. Please handle it with care.

## Photo Link Module

### 4) Eye safe

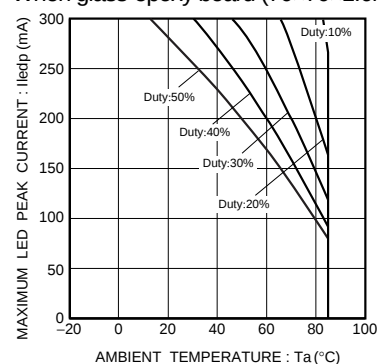
- IEC60825-1 (IEC60825-1 amendment2), Class 1 Eye Safe.

### 5) LED current derating and ambient temperature

The relation between LED peak current and maximum ambient temperature is shown below.

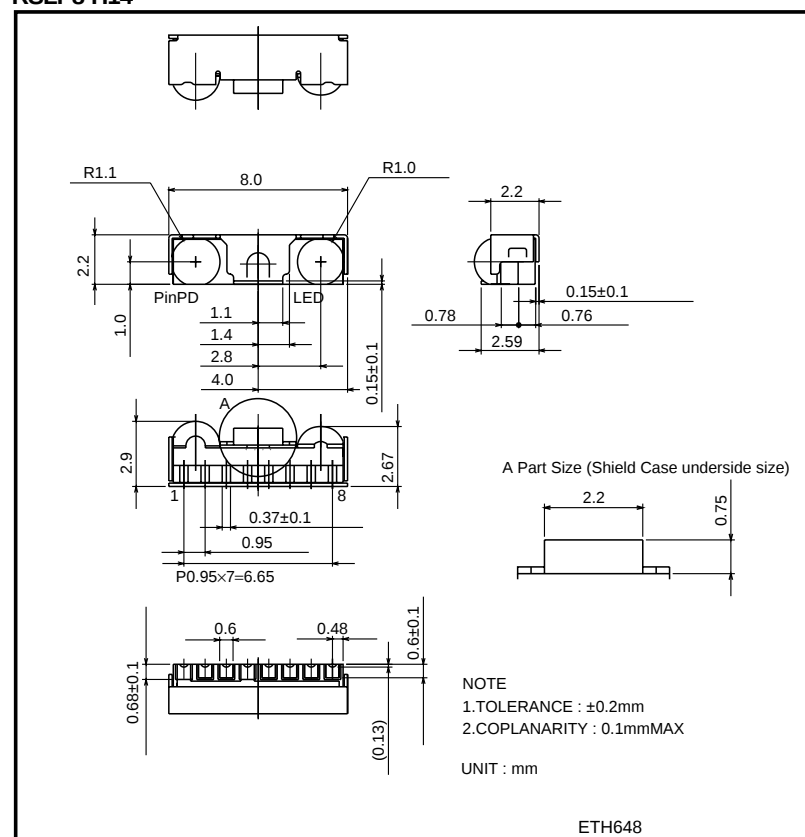
We recommend you to use within the range as indicated in below.

When glass-epoxy board (70×70×1.6mm) mounted.



### ●External dimensions (Unit : mm)

#### RSLP8-H14



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