

**LOW NOISE 150mA LDO REGULATOR**

NO.EA-204-111020

**OUTLINE**

The RP109x Series are CMOS-based voltage regulator ICs with high output voltage accuracy, extremely low supply current, low ON-resistance, and high ripple rejection. Each of these ICs consists of a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, a resistor-net for voltage setting, a current limit circuit and a chip enable circuit.

These ICs perform with low dropout voltage and a chip enable function which prolong the battery life.

The line transient response and load transient response of the RP109x Series are excellent, thus these ICs are very suitable for the power supply for hand-held communication equipment. RP109x Series contributes to the downsizing of the hand-held equipment because it can use the 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor.

In addition to SOT-23-5, SC-88A and DFN1010-4 packages, a 0.8mm square ultra compact DFN(PLP)0808-4 package is also available.

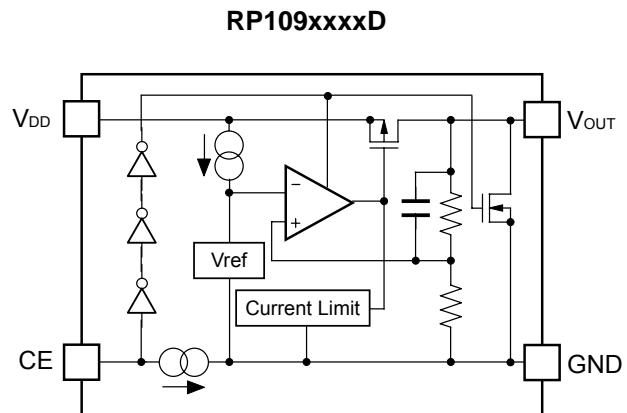
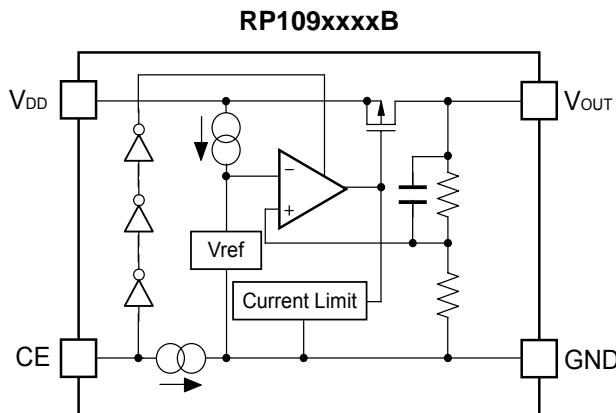
**FEATURES**

- Supply Current ..... Typ. 50 $\mu$ A
- Standby Mode ..... Typ. 0.1 $\mu$ A
- Dropout Voltage..... Typ. 0.25V ( $I_{OUT}=150mA$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.5V$ )
- Ripple Rejection ..... Typ. 75dB ( $f=1kHz$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.5V$ )
- Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Output Voltage ..... Typ.  $\pm 100ppm/^{\circ}C$  ( $V_{OUT}<1.8V$ )  
Typ.  $\pm 30ppm/^{\circ}C$  ( $V_{OUT}\geq 1.8V$ )
- Line Regulation ..... Typ. 0.02%/V
- Output Voltage Accuracy .....  $\pm 1.0\%$
- Packages..... DFN(PLP)0808-4, DFN1010-4, SC-88A, SOT-23-5
- Input Voltage Range..... 1.4V to 5.25V
- Output Voltage Range..... 0.8V to 3.6V (0.1V steps)  
(For other voltages, please refer to MARK INFORMATIONS.)
- Built-in Fold Back Protection Circuit..... Typ. 40mA (Current at short mode)
- Ceramic capacitors are recommended to be used with this IC .... 0.1 $\mu$ F or more

**APPLICATIONS**

- Power source for portable communication equipment.
- Power source for electrical appliances such as cameras, VCRs and camcorders.
- Power source for battery-powered equipment.
- Power source for home appliances.

## BLOCK DIAGRAMS



## SELECTION GUIDE

The output voltage, auto discharge function, package, and the taping type, etc. for the ICs can be selected at the user's request.

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
RP109Kxx1*-TR	DFN(PLP)0808-4	10,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
RP109Lxx1*-TR	DFN1010-4	10,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
RP109Qxx2*-TR-FE	SC-88A	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
RP109Nxx1*-TR-FE	SOT-23-5	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes

xx: The output voltage can be designated in the range from 0.8V(08) to 3.6V(36) in 0.1V steps.  
(For other voltages, please refer to MARK INFORMATIONS.)

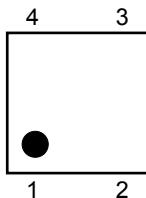
\* : CE pin polarity and auto discharge function at off state are options as follows.

- (B) "H" active, without auto discharge function at off state
- (D) "H" active, with auto discharge function at off state

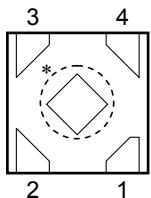
## PIN CONFIGURATIONS

- DFN(PLP)0808-4

Top View

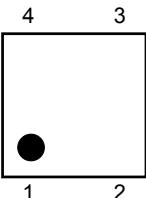


Bottom View

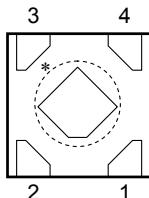


- DFN1010-4

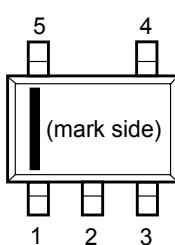
Top View



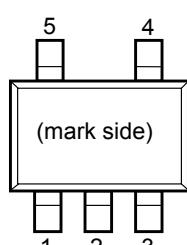
Bottom View



- SC-88A



- SOT-23-5



## PIN DESCRIPTIONS

- DFN(PLP)0808-4 / DFN1010-4

Pin No	Symbol	Pin Description
1	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Pin
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	CE	Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active)
4	V <sub>DD</sub>	Input Pin

\*) Tab is GND level. (They are connected to the reverse side of this IC.)

The tab is better to be connected to the GND, but leaving it open is also acceptable.

- SC-88A

Pin No	Symbol	Pin Description
1	CE	Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active)
2	NC	No Connection
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Pin
5	V <sub>DD</sub>	Input Pin

- SOT-23-5

Pin No	Symbol	Pin Description
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Input Pin
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	CE	Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active)
4	NC	No Connection
5	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Pin

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage	6.0	V
$V_{CE}$	Input Voltage (CE Pin)	6.0	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	-0.3 to $V_{IN}+0.3$	V
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current	180	mA
$P_D$	Power Dissipation* (DFN(PLP)0808-4)	286	mW
	Power Dissipation* (DFN1010-4)	400	
	Power Dissipation* (SC-88A)	380	
	Power Dissipation* (SOT-23-5)	420	
$T_{opt}$	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 125	°C

\*) For Power Dissipation, please refer to PACKAGE INFORMATION.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field.

The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- RP109xxxxB/D

$V_{IN}$ =Set  $V_{OUT}+1V$  ( $V_{OUT}>1.5V$ ),  $V_{IN}=2.5V$  ( $V_{OUT}\leq1.5V$ ),  $I_{OUT}=1mA$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=0.1\mu F$ , unless otherwise noted.

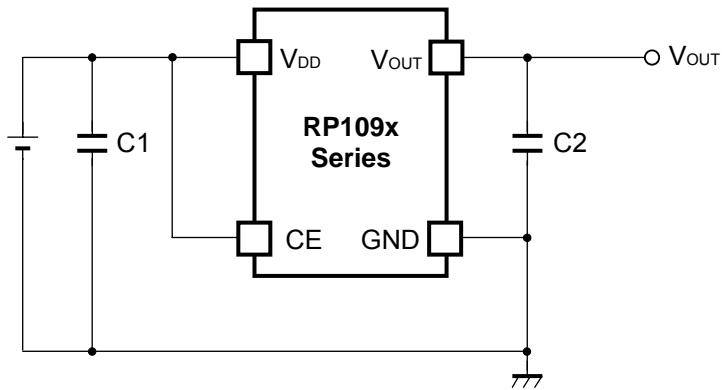
The specification in    is checked and guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{opt} \leq 85^{\circ}C$ .  $T_{opt}=25^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	$T_{opt}=25^{\circ}C$	$V_{OUT} \geq 1.8V$	$\times 0.99$		$\times 1.01$	V
			$V_{OUT} < 1.8V$	-18		+18	mV
	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{opt} \leq 85^{\circ}C$	$V_{OUT} \geq 1.8V$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.985</span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1.015</span>	V	
		$V_{OUT} < 1.8V$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">-50</span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">+50</span>	mV	
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current			<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">150</span>			mA
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	$1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 150mA$			5	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">30</span>	mV
$V_{DIF}$	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT}=150mA$	$V_{OUT}=0.8V$		0.70	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1.00</span>	V
			$V_{OUT}=0.9V$		0.62	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.91</span>	
			$1.0V \leq V_{OUT} < 1.2V$		0.56	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.82</span>	
			$1.2V \leq V_{OUT} < 1.4V$		0.47	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.67</span>	
			$1.4V \leq V_{OUT} < 1.8V$		0.39	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.54</span>	
			$1.8V \leq V_{OUT} < 2.1V$		0.33	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.48</span>	
			$2.1V \leq V_{OUT} < 2.5V$		0.28	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.40</span>	
			$2.5V \leq V_{OUT} < 3.0V$		0.25	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.35</span>	
			$3.0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 3.6V$		0.23	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.32</span>	
$I_{SS}$	Supply Current	$I_{OUT}=0mA$			50	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">70</span>	$\mu A$
$I_{Standby}$	Standby Current	$V_{CE}=0V$			0.1	1.0	$\mu A$
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	Set $V_{OUT}+0.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.25V$ , $V_{IN} \geq 1.4V$			0.02	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.10</span>	%/V
RR	Ripple Rejection	$f=1kHz$ , Ripple 0.2Vp-p, $V_{IN}$ =Set $V_{OUT}+1V$ , $I_{OUT}=30mA$			75		dB
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage*			<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1.4</span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">5.25</span>	V
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta T_{opt}$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{opt} \leq 85^{\circ}C$	$V_{OUT} < 1.8V$		$\pm 100$		ppm $^{\circ}C$
			$V_{OUT} \geq 1.8V$		$\pm 30$		
$I_{SC}$	Short Current Limit	$V_{OUT}=0V$			40		mA
$I_{PD}$	CE Pull-down Current				0.3		$\mu A$
$V_{CEH}$	CE Input Voltage "H"			<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1.0</span>			V
$V_{CEL}$	CE Input Voltage "L"					<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.4</span>	V
en	Output Noise	$BW=10Hz \text{ to } 100kHz$	$V_{OUT} < 1.8V$		$40 \times V_{OUT}$		$\mu V_{rms}$
			$V_{OUT} \geq 1.8V$		$20 \times V_{OUT}$		
$R_{LOW}$	Low Output Nch Tr. ON Resistance (of D version)	$V_{IN}=4.0V$ $V_{CE}=0V$			60		$\Omega$

\*) The maximum Input Voltage of the ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS is 5.25V. In case of exceeding this specification, the IC must be operated on condition that the Input Voltage is up to 5.5V and the total operating time is within 500hrs.

All of units are tested and specified under load conditions such that  $T_j \approx T_{opt}=25^{\circ}C$  except for Output Noise, Ripple Rejection, Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION



(External Components)

C2 0.1 $\mu$ F MURATA: GRM155B31C104KA87B

## TECHNICAL NOTES

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

### Phase Compensation

In these ICs, phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current is varied. For this purpose, use a capacitor C2 with 0.1 $\mu$ F or more and good ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance).

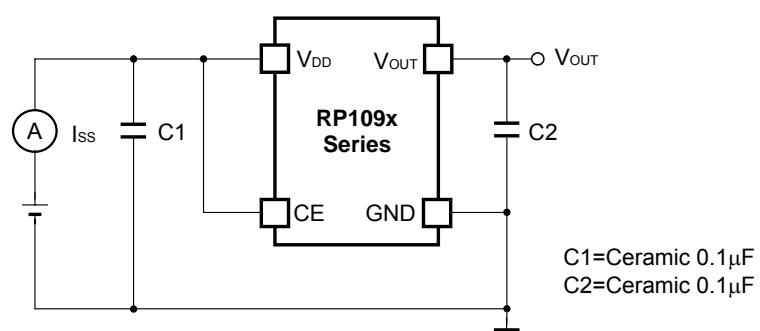
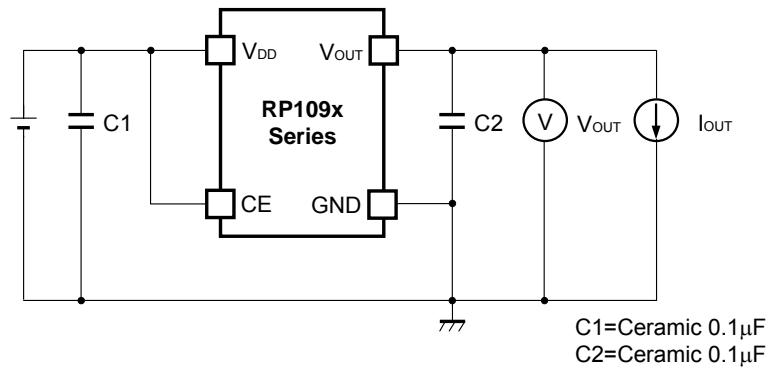
(Note: If additional ceramic capacitors are connected with parallel to the output pin with an output capacitor for phase compensation, the operation might be unstable. Because of this, test these ICs with as same external components as ones to be used on the PCB.)

### PCB Layout

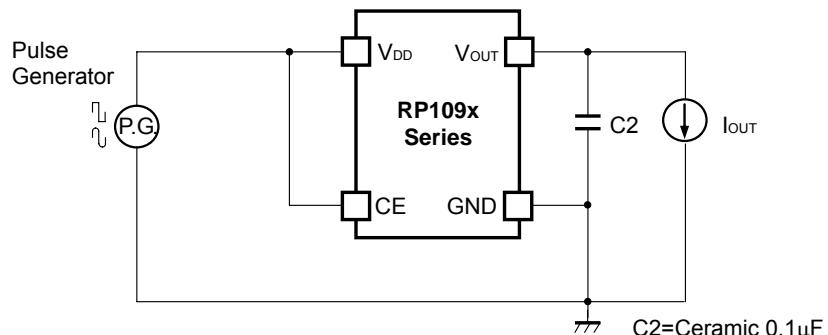
Make V<sub>DD</sub> and GND lines sufficient. If their impedance is high, noise pickup or unstable operation may result. Connect a capacitor C1 with a capacitance value as much as 0.1 $\mu$ F or more between V<sub>DD</sub> and GND pin, and as close as possible to the pins.

Set external components, especially the output capacitor C2, as close as possible to the ICs, and make wiring as short as possible.

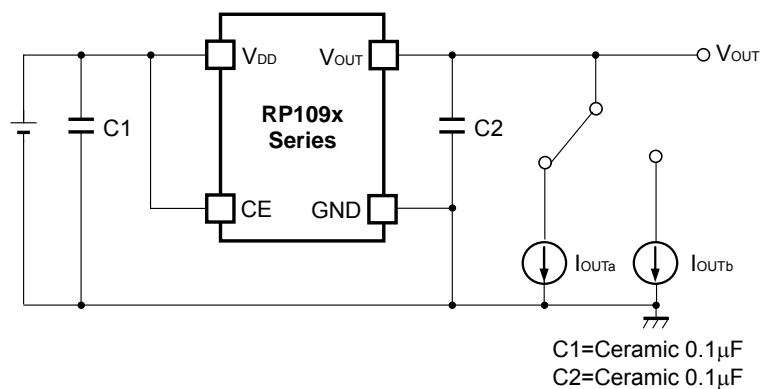
## TEST CIRCUITS



**Test Circuit for Supply Current**



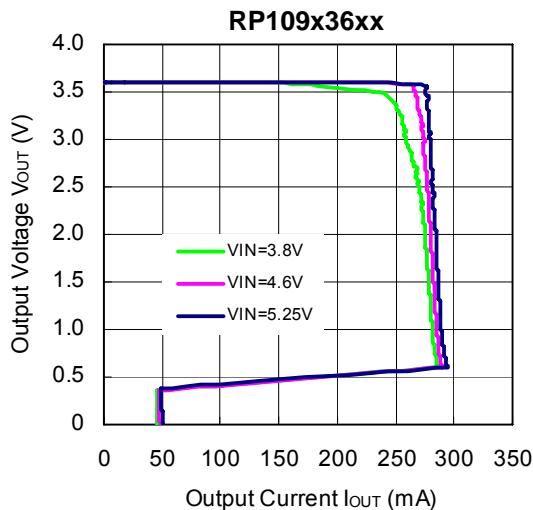
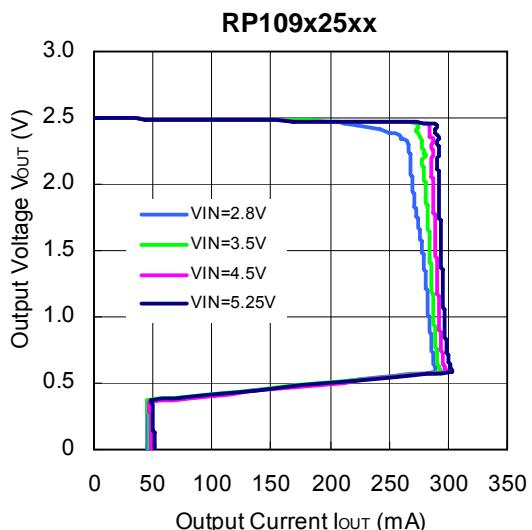
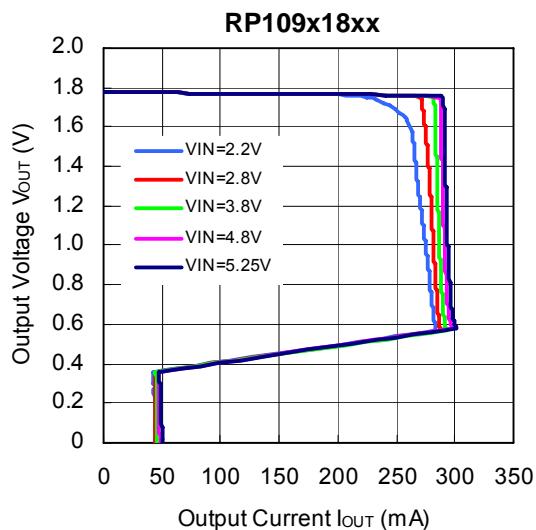
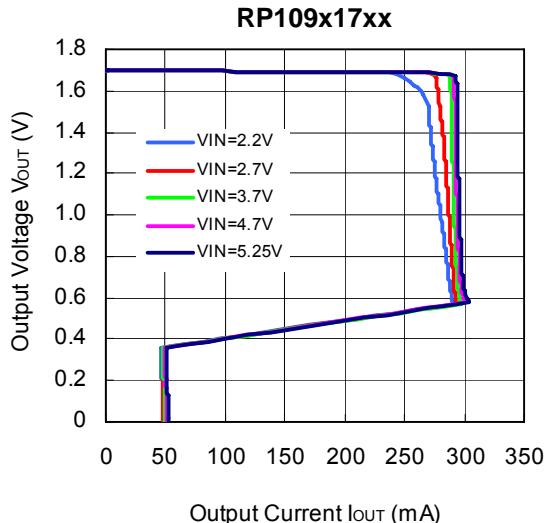
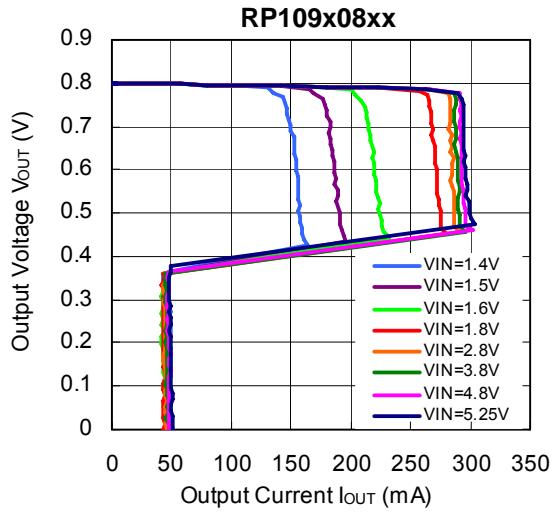
**Test Circuit for Ripple Rejection**



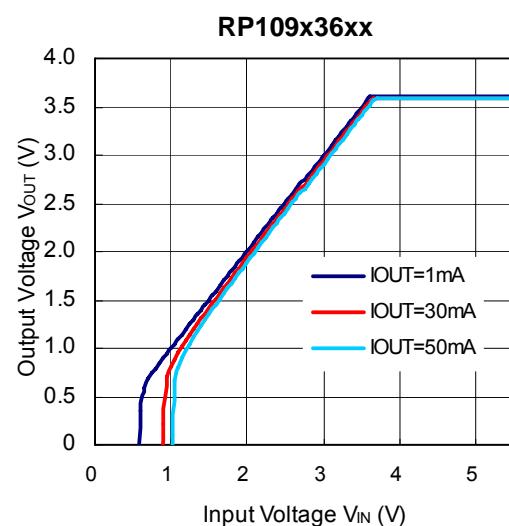
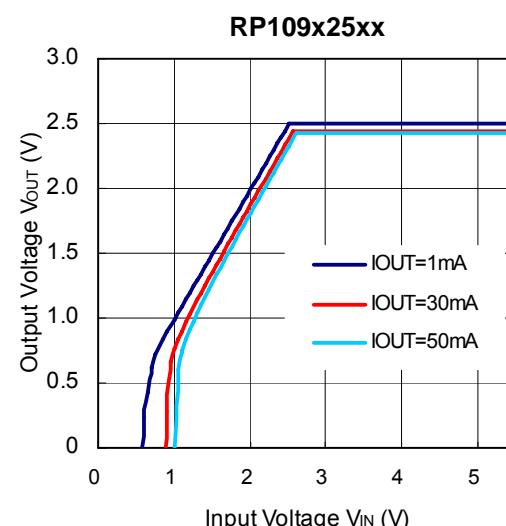
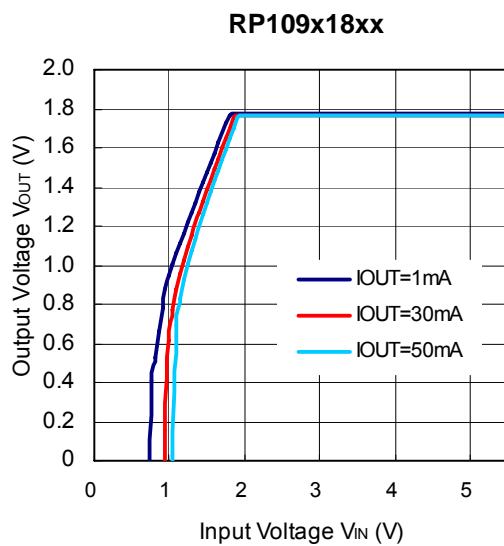
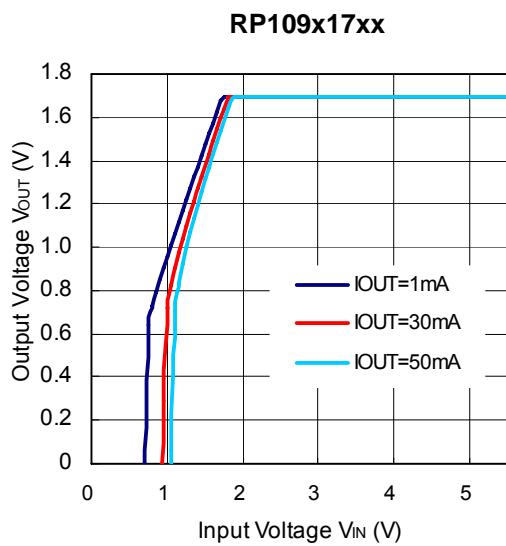
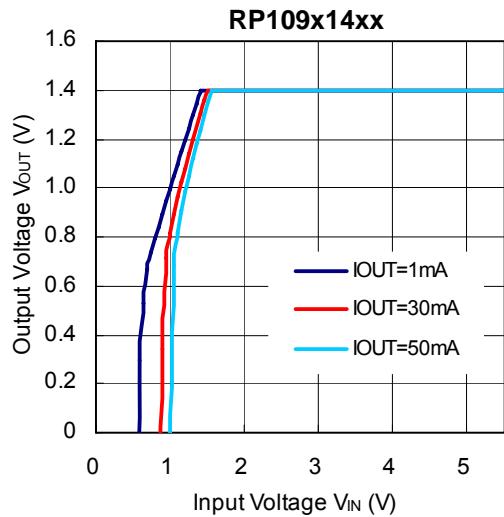
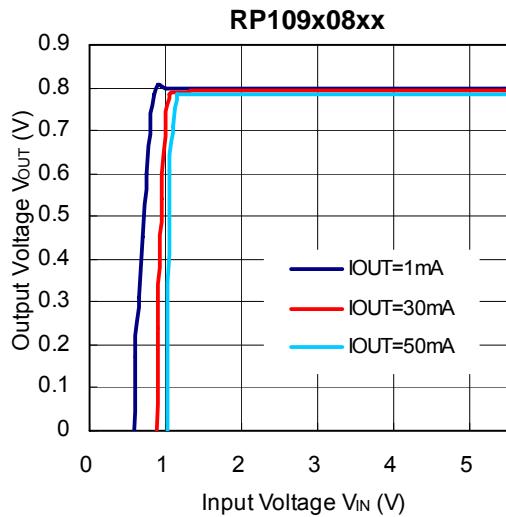
**Test Circuit for Load Transient Response**

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ , $C_2=0.1\mu F$ , $T_{opt}=25^\circ C$ )



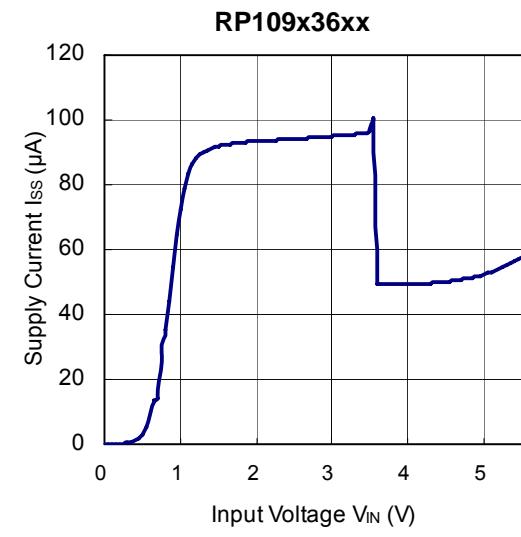
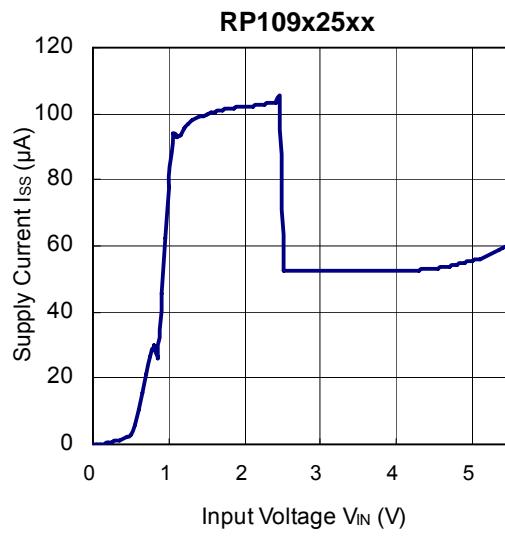
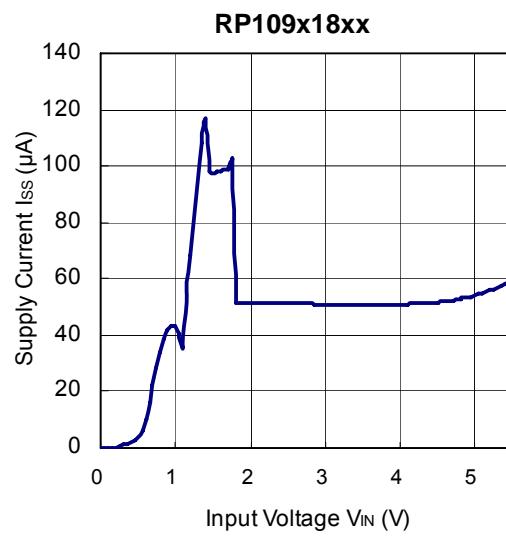
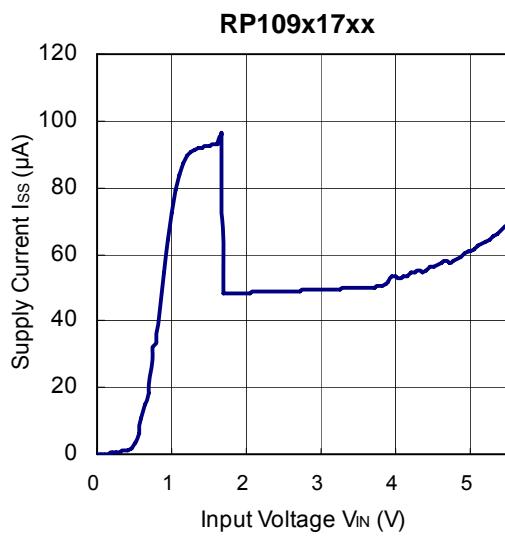
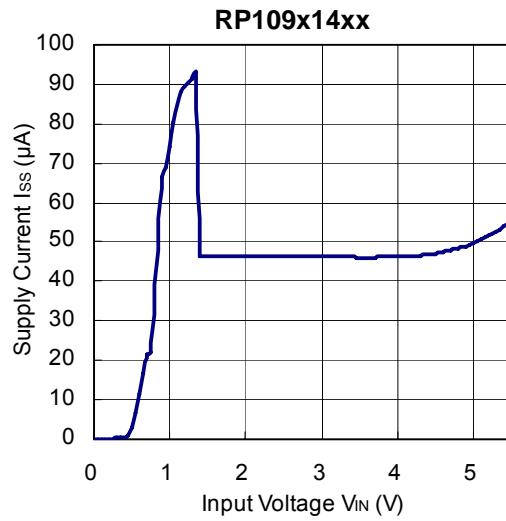
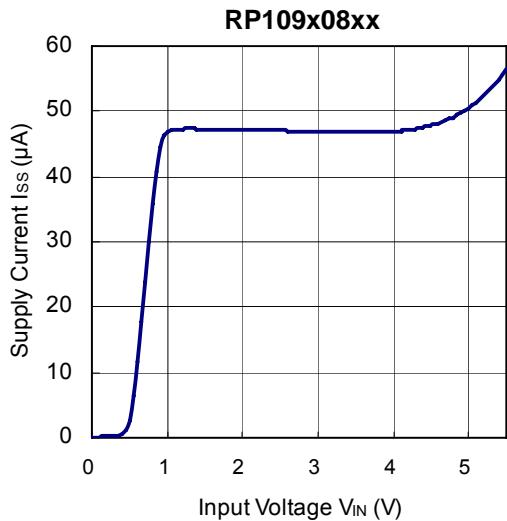
**2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ ,  $C_2=0.1\mu F$ ,  $T_{opt}=25^\circ C$ )**



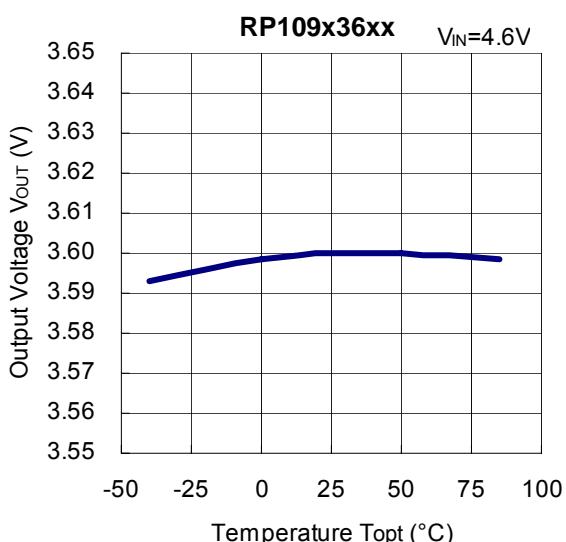
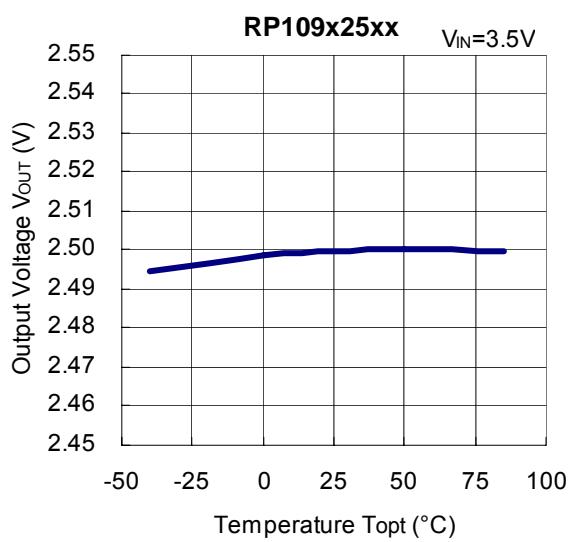
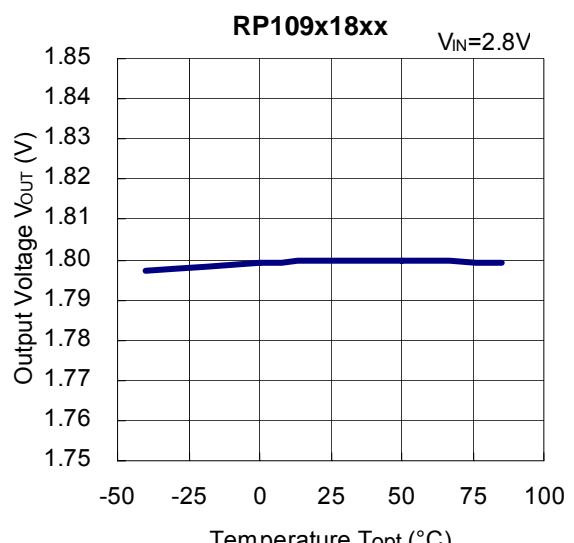
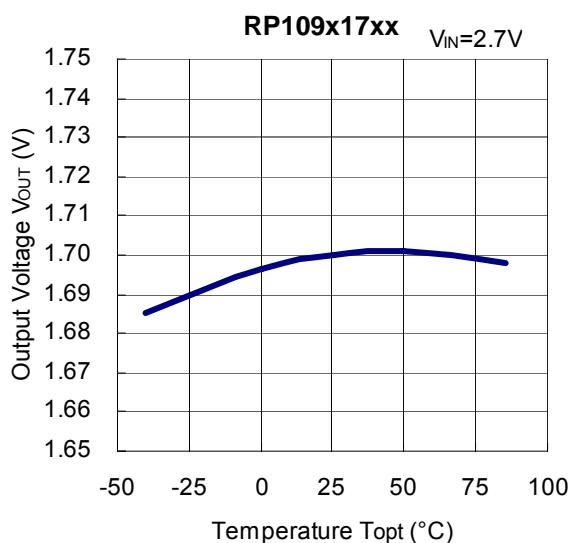
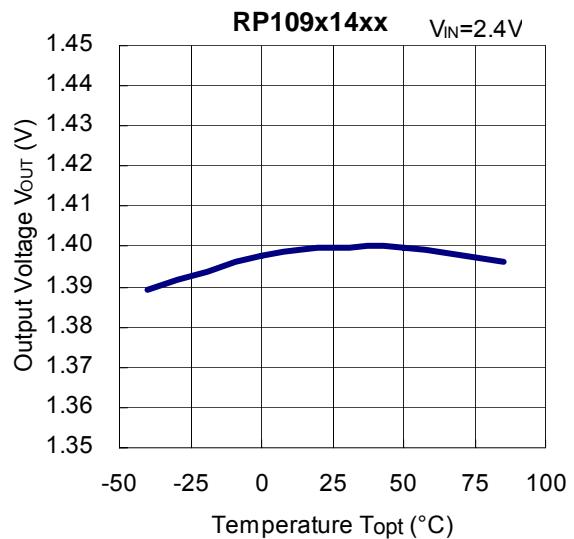
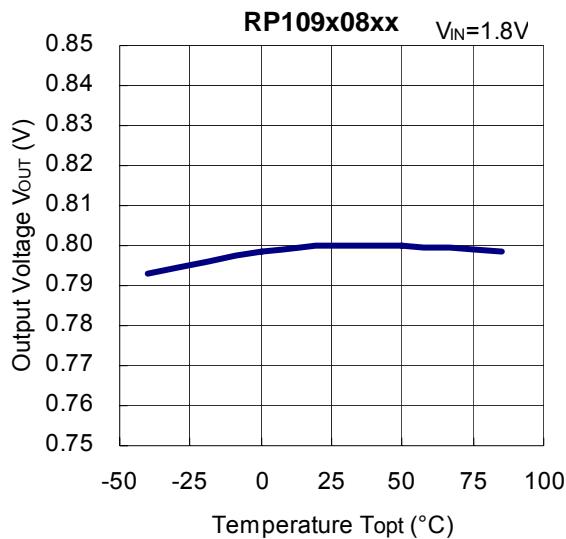
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**RP109x**

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**3) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage (C1=0.1 $\mu$ F, C2=0.1 $\mu$ F, T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C)**

**4) Output Voltage vs. Temperature ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ ,  $C_2=0.1\mu F$ ,  $I_{out}=1mA$ )**

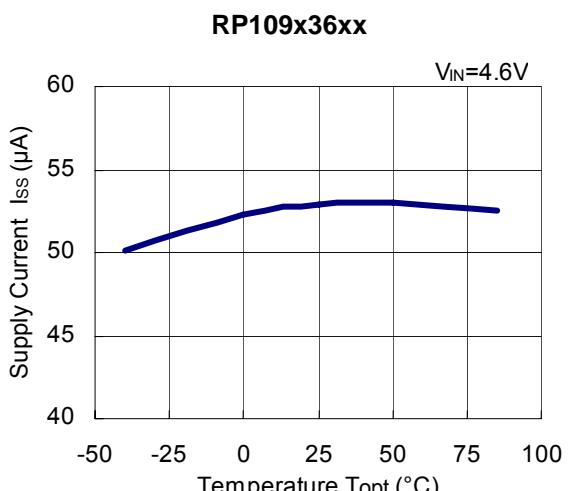
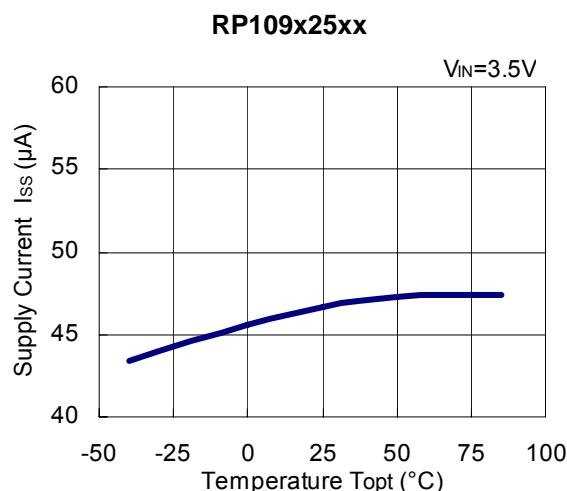
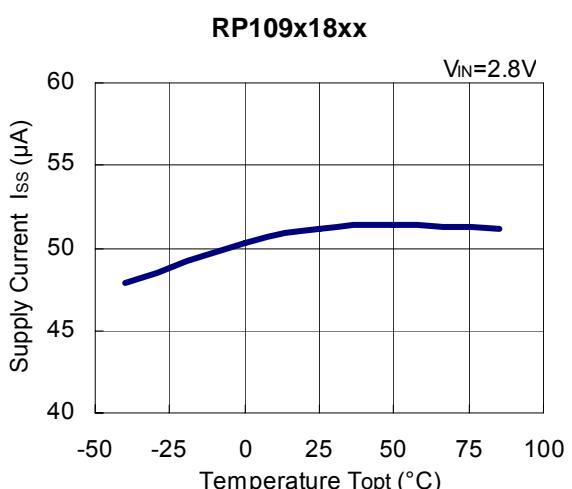
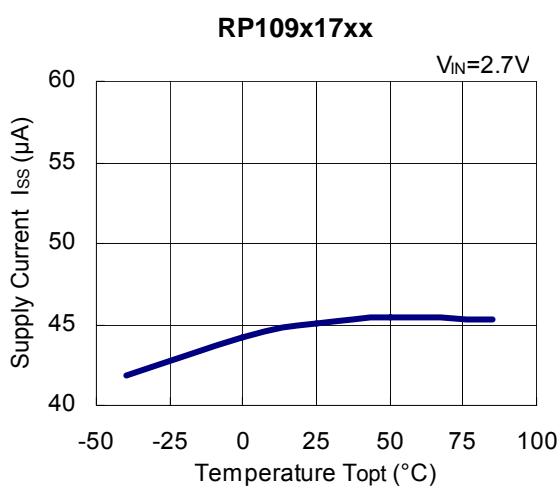
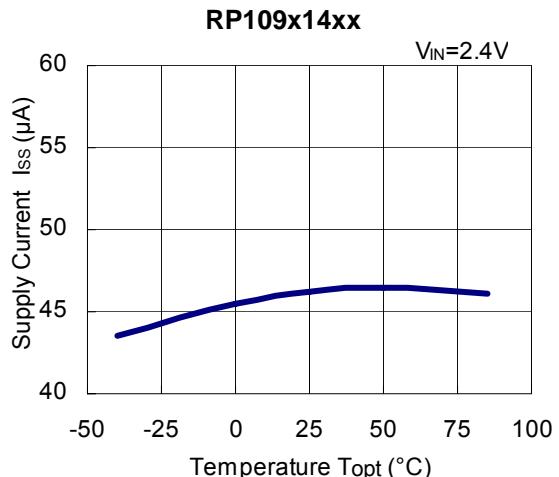
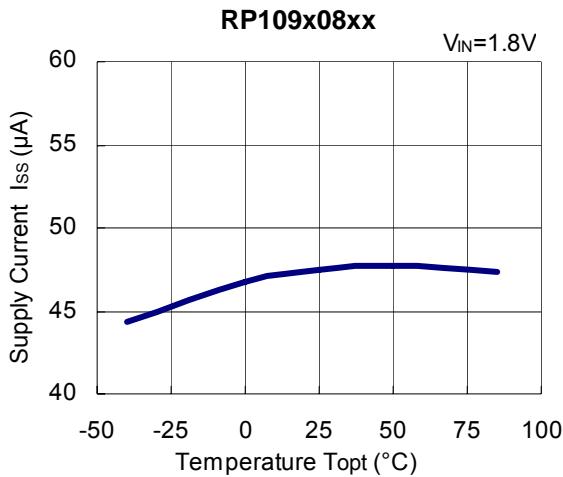


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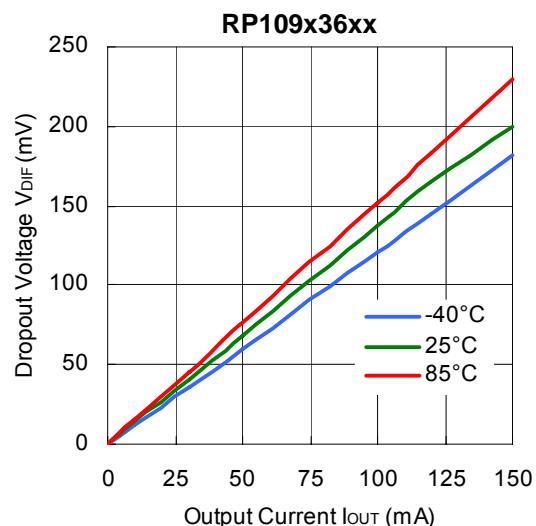
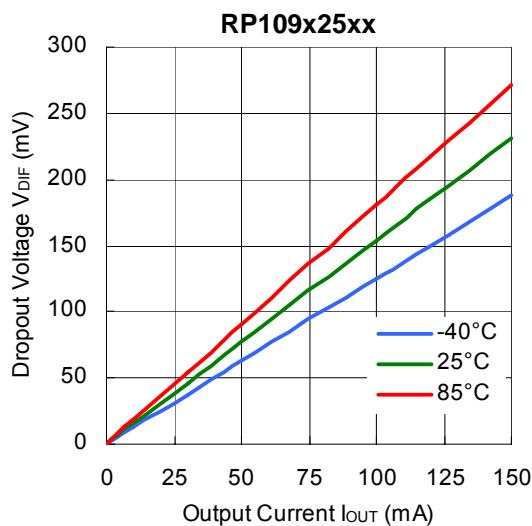
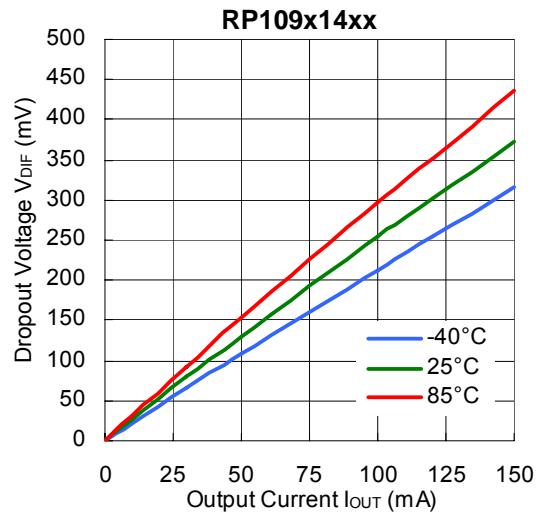
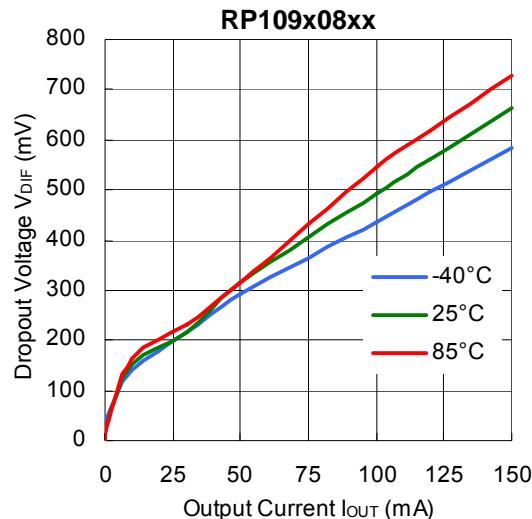
## RP109x

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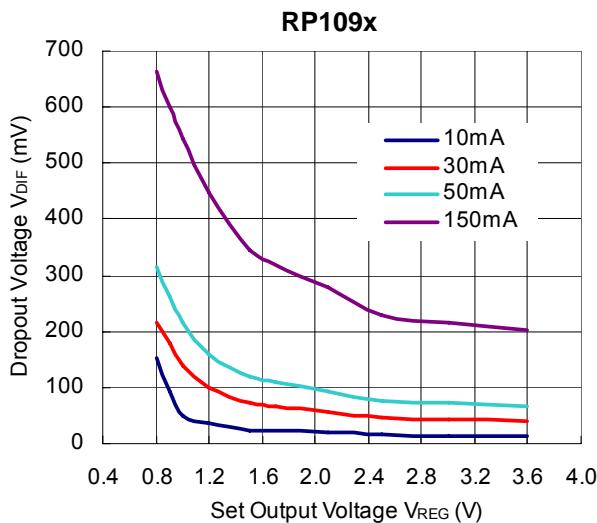
### 5) Supply Current vs. Temperature ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ , $C_2=0.1\mu F$ , $I_{OUT}=0mA$ )



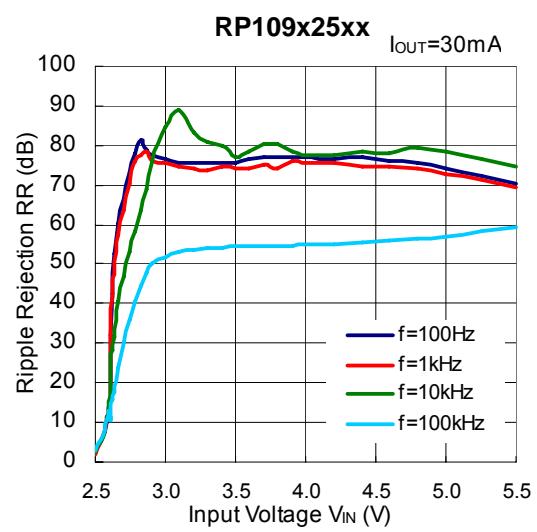
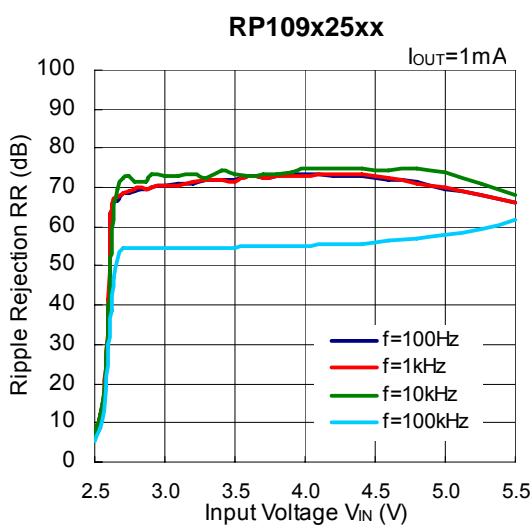
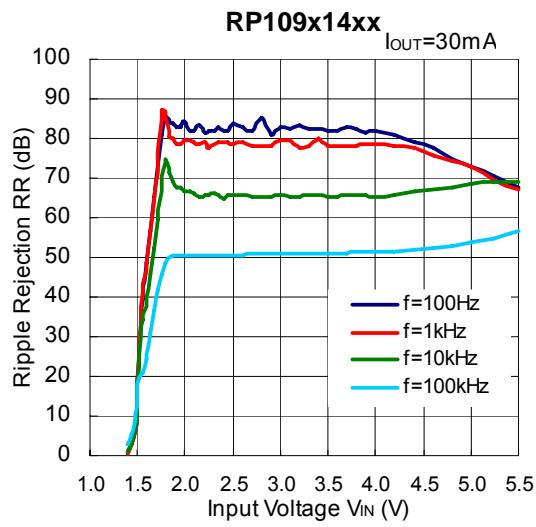
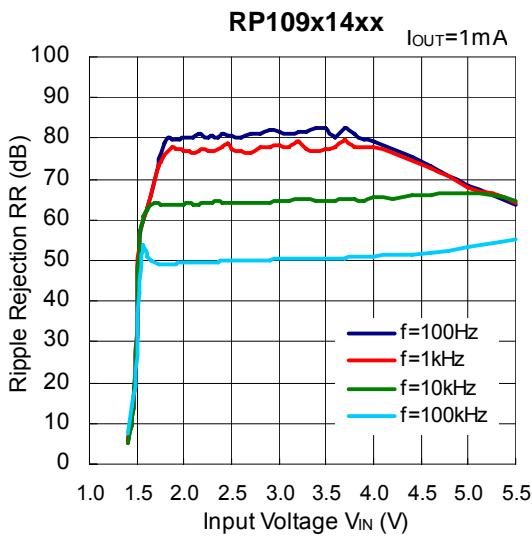
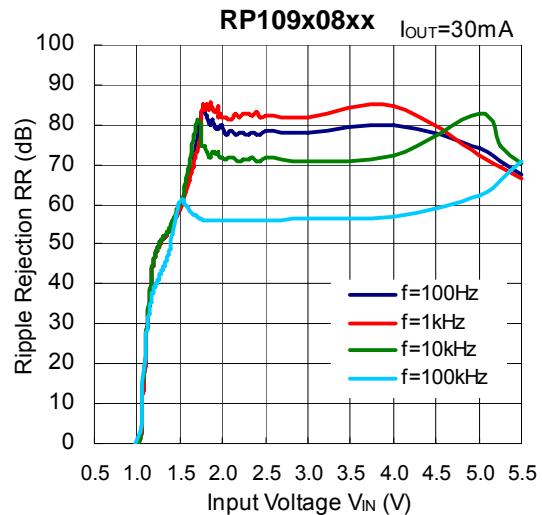
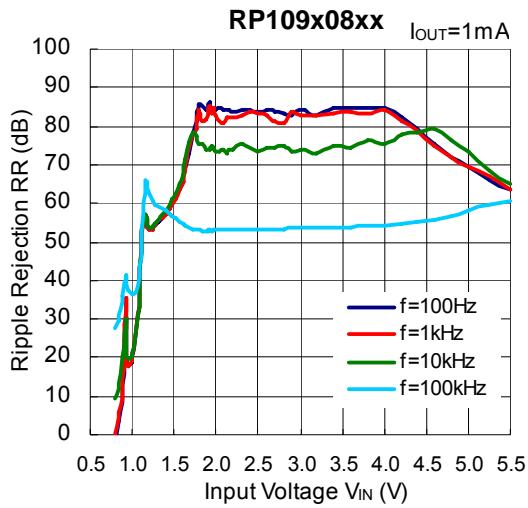
### 6) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ , $C_2=0.1\mu F$ )

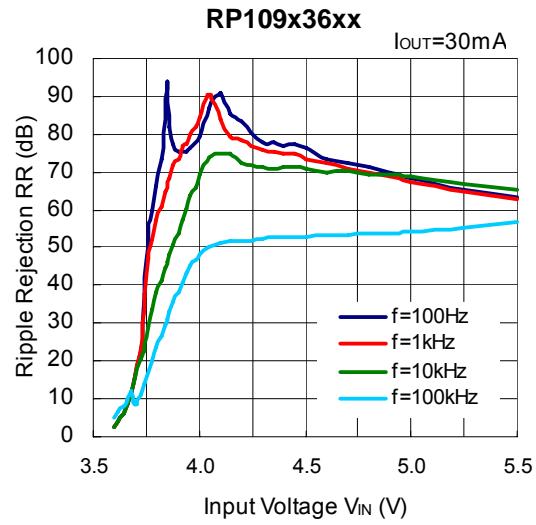
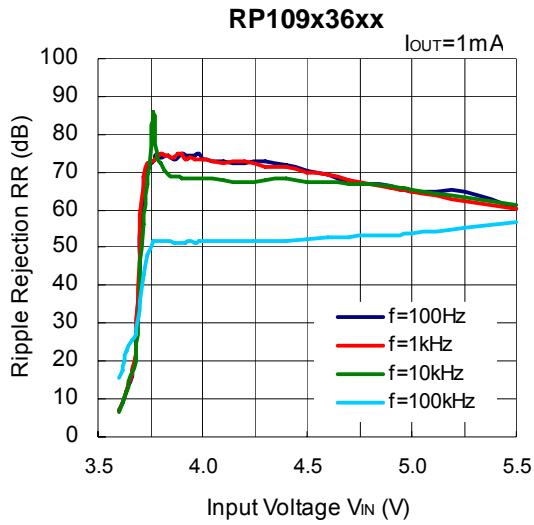


### 7) Dropout Voltage vs. Set Output Voltage ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ , $C_2=0.1\mu F$ , $T_{opt}=25^{\circ}C$ )

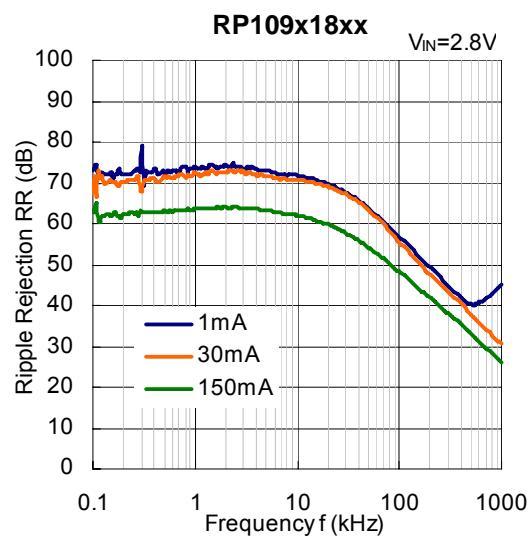
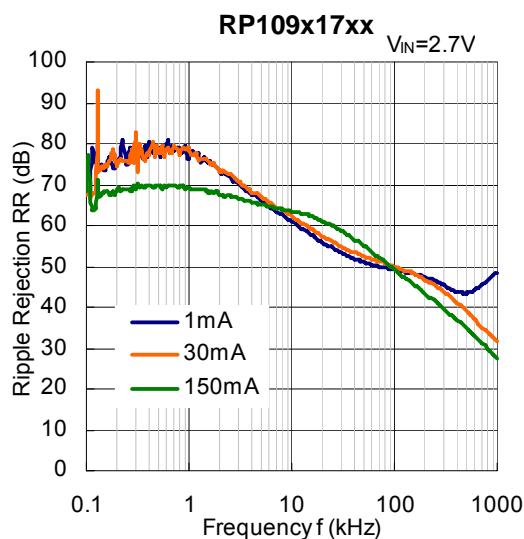
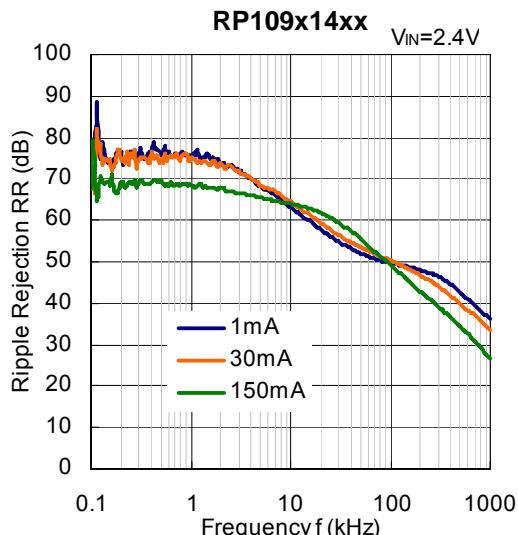
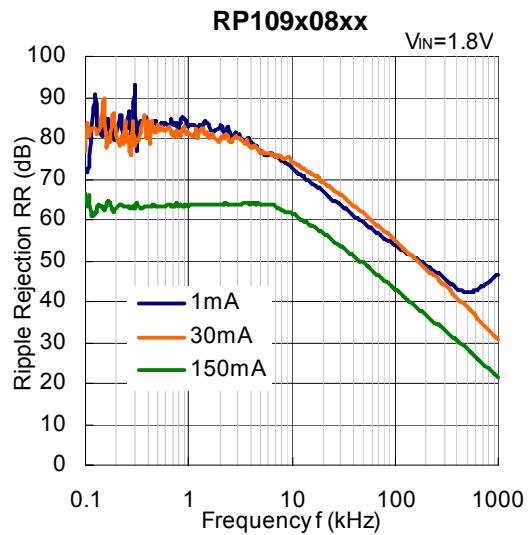


**8) Ripple Rejection vs. Input Bias Voltage (C1=none, C2=0.1 $\mu$ F, Ripple=0.2Vp-p, T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C)**

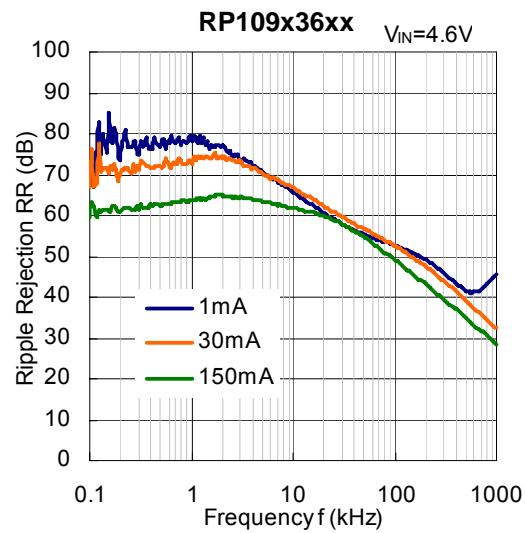
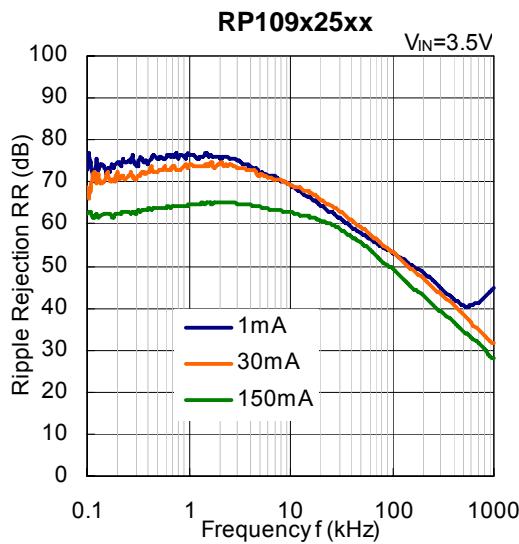




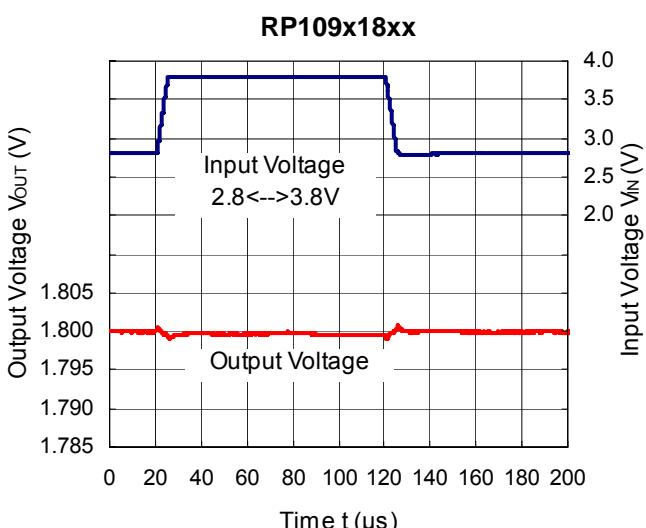
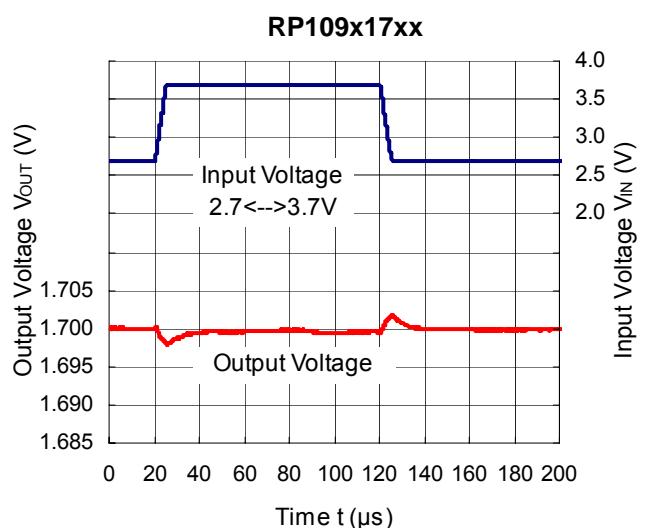
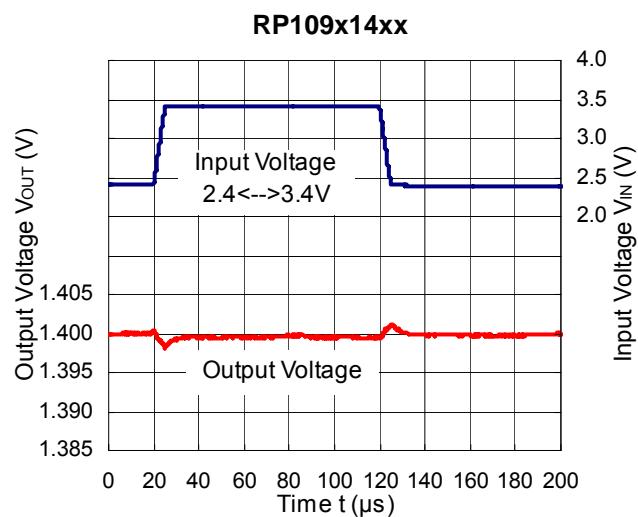
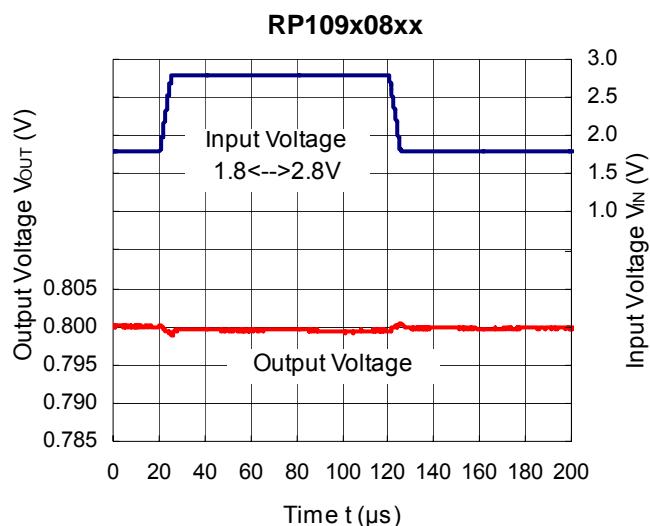
### 9) Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency ( $C_1=\text{none}$ , $C_2=0.1\mu\text{F}$ , Ripple=0.2Vp-p)

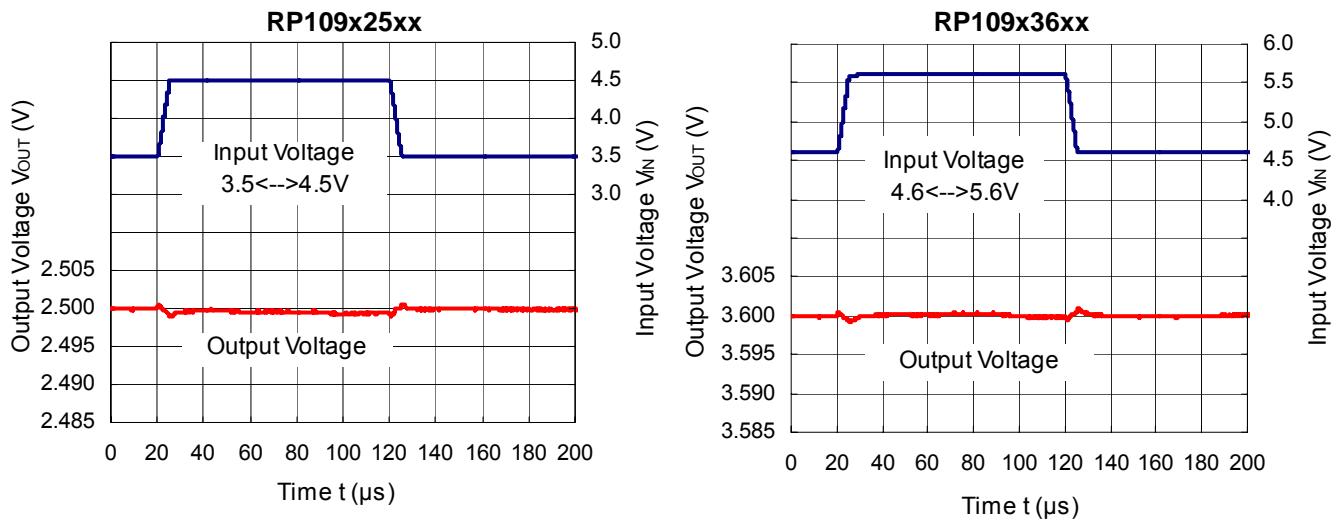


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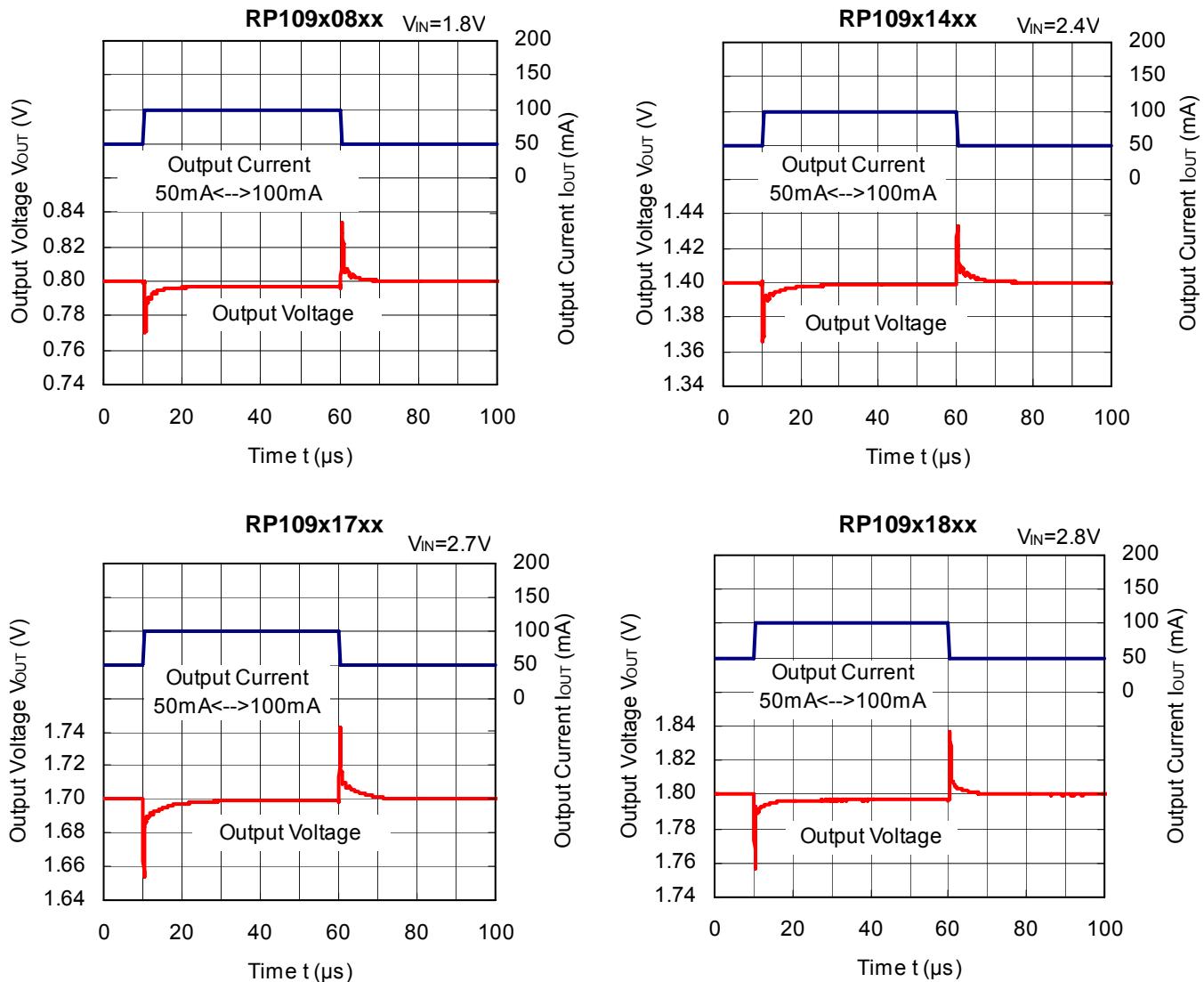


### 10) Input Transient Response ( $C_1=\text{none}$ , $C_2=0.1\mu\text{F}$ , $I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ , $t_r=t_f=5\mu\text{s}$ , $T_{opt}=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

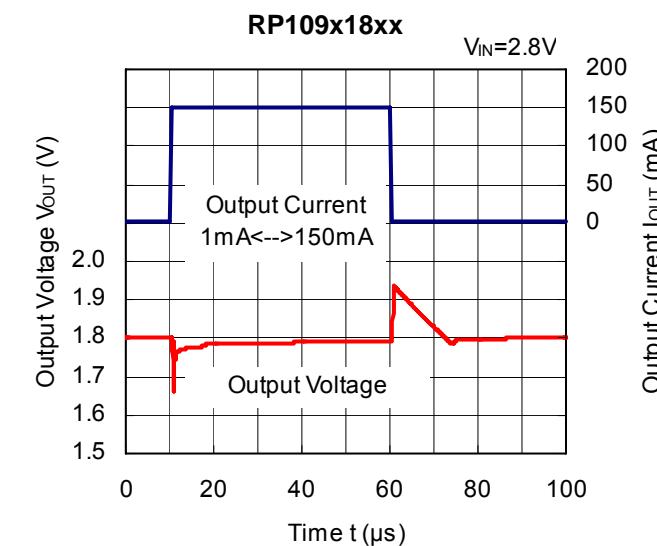
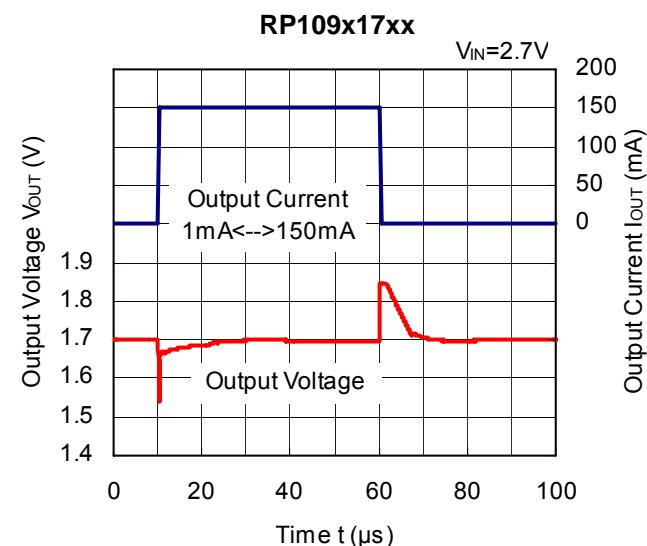
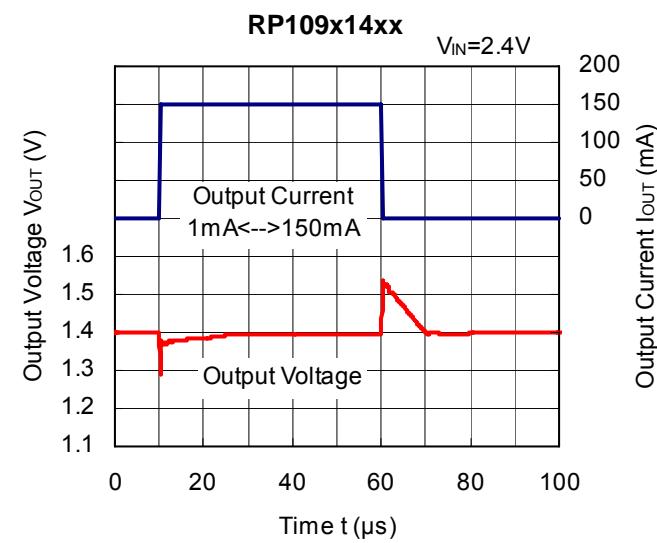
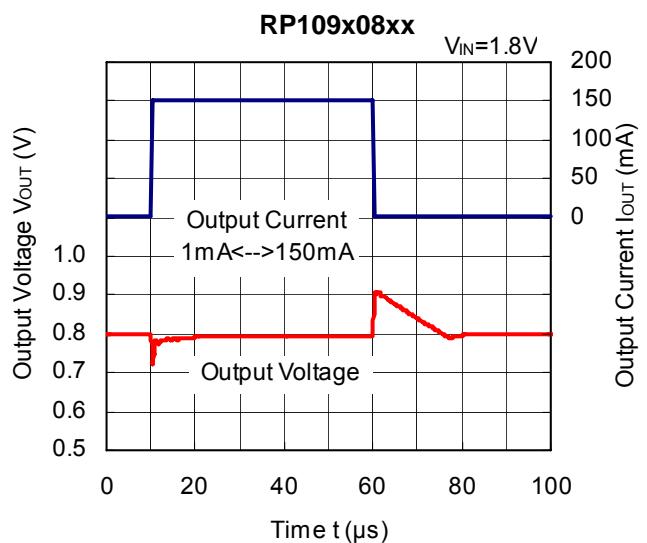
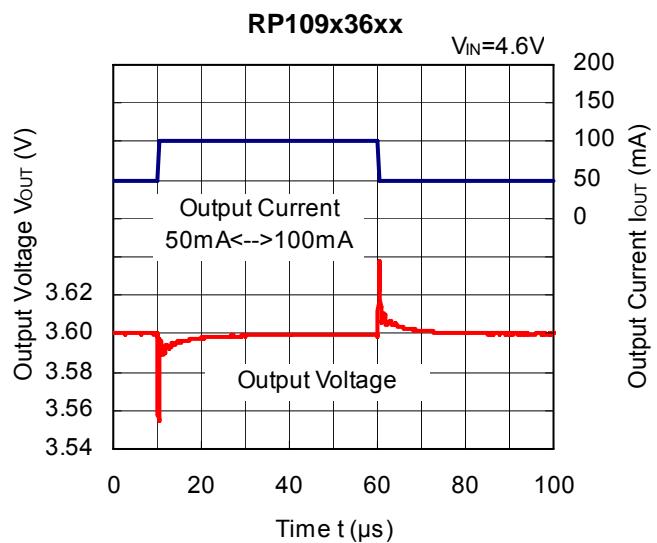
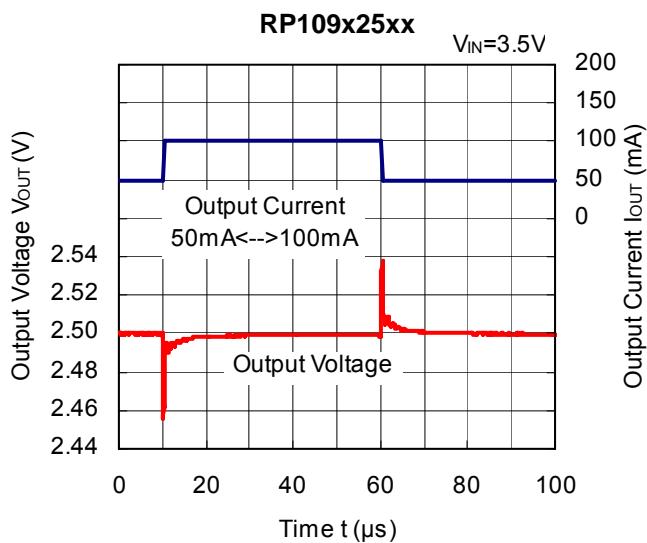


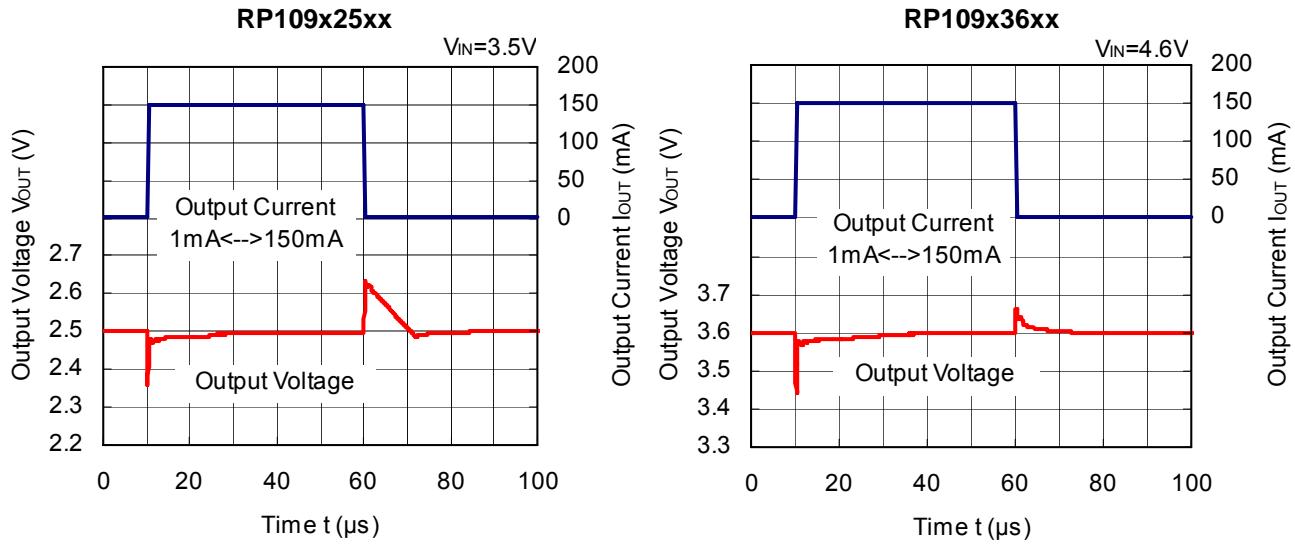


### 11) Load Transient Response ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ , $C_2=0.1\mu F$ , $tr=tf=5\mu s$ , $T_{opt}=25^\circ C$ )

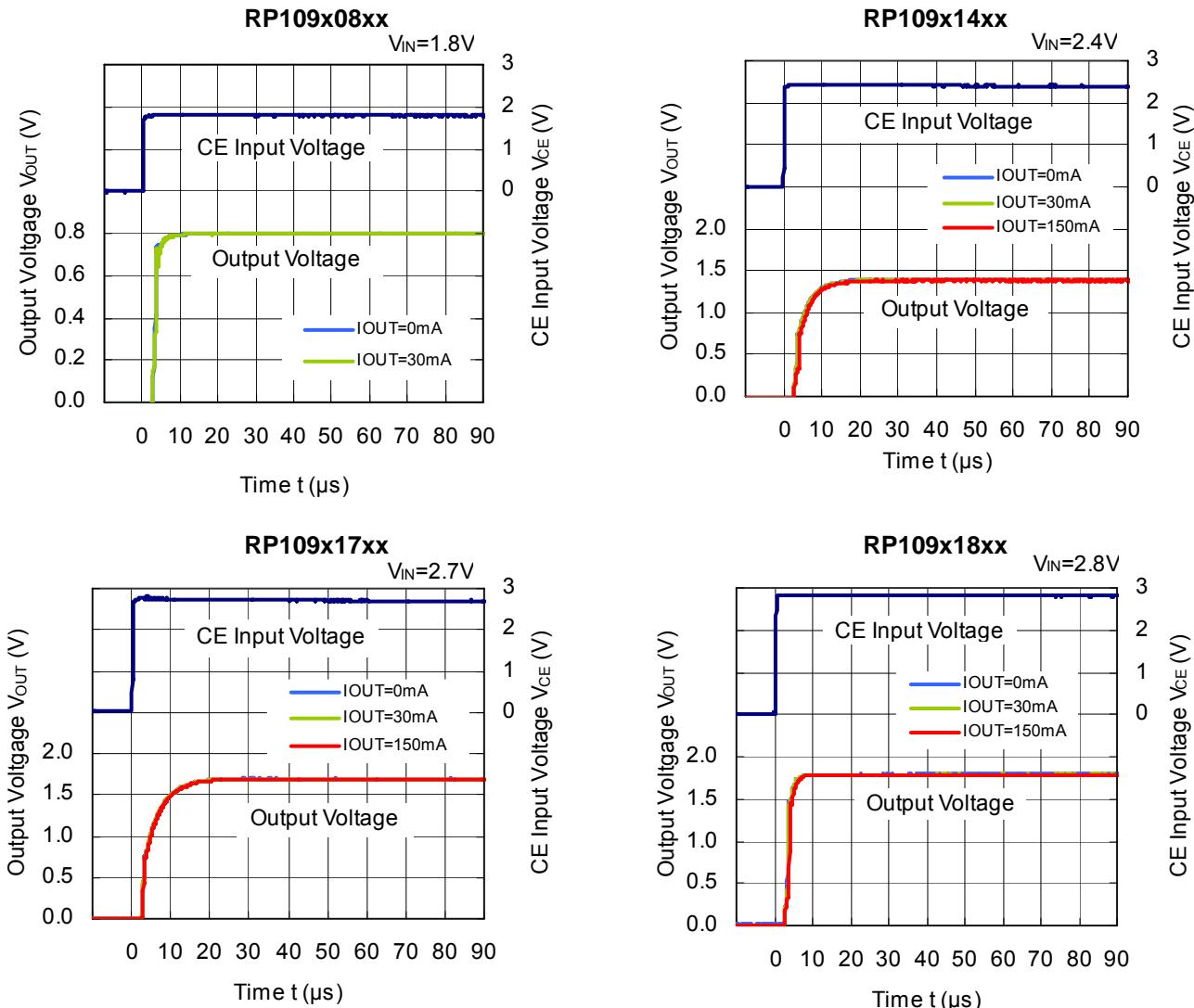


## RP109x

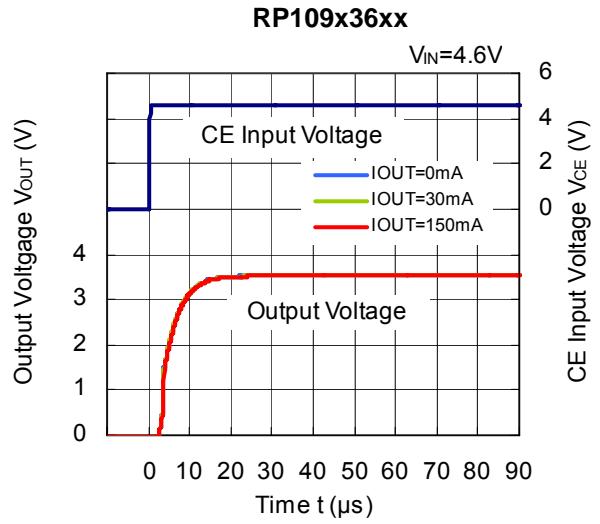
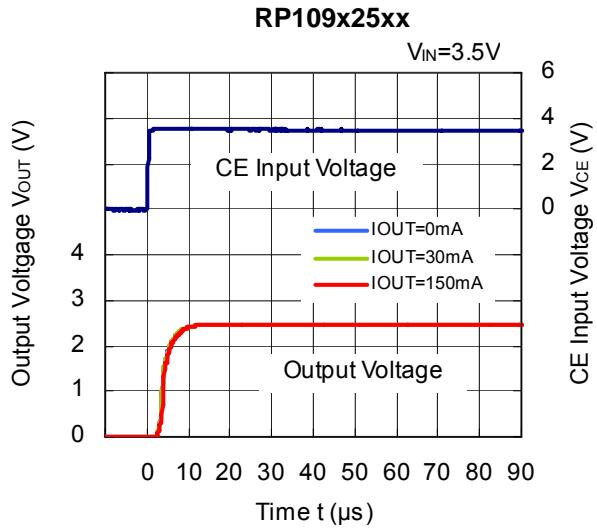




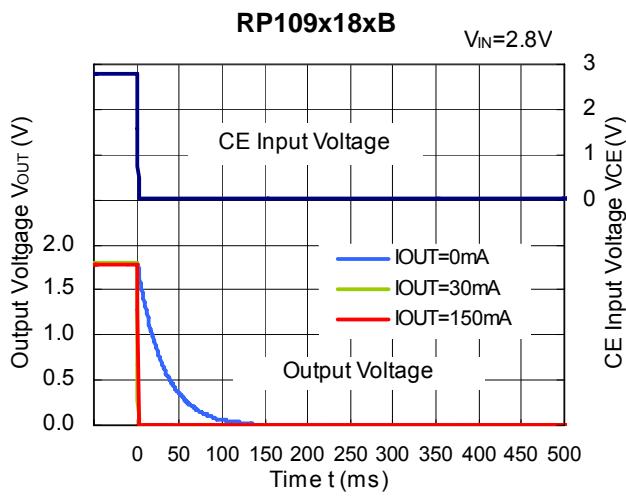
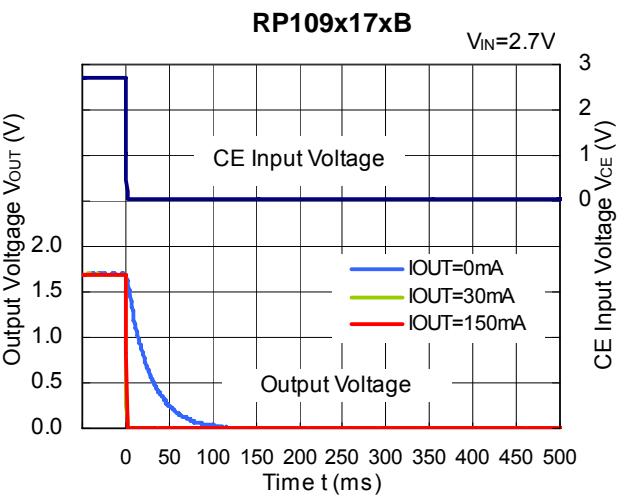
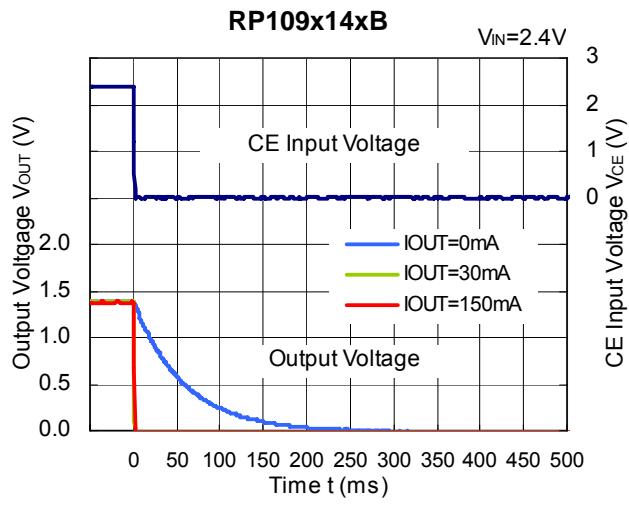
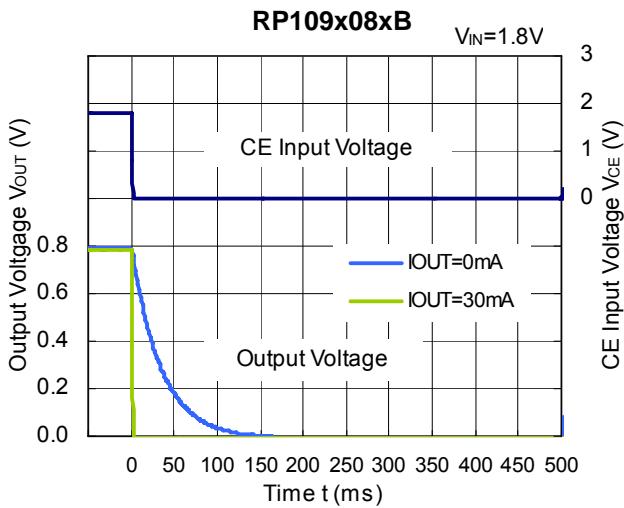
### 12) Turn On Speed with CE pin ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ , $C_2=0.1\mu F$ , $T_{opt}=25^\circ C$ )

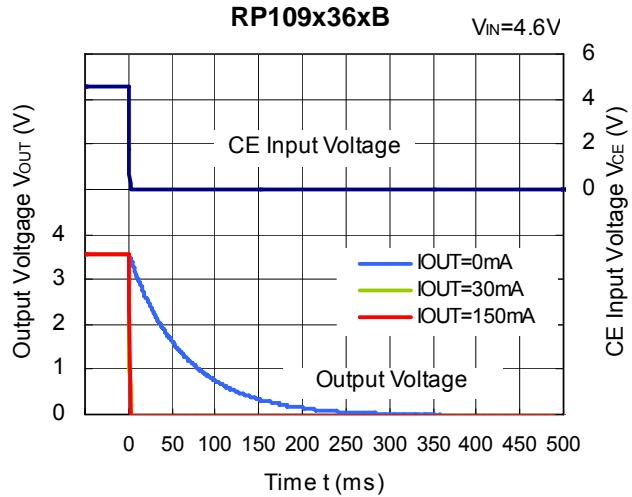
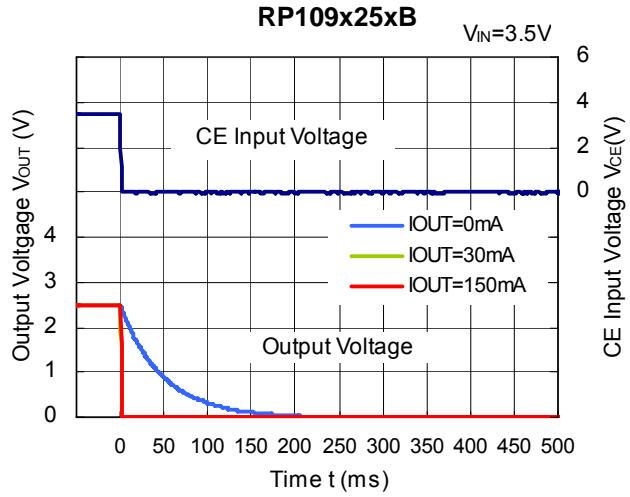


## RP109x

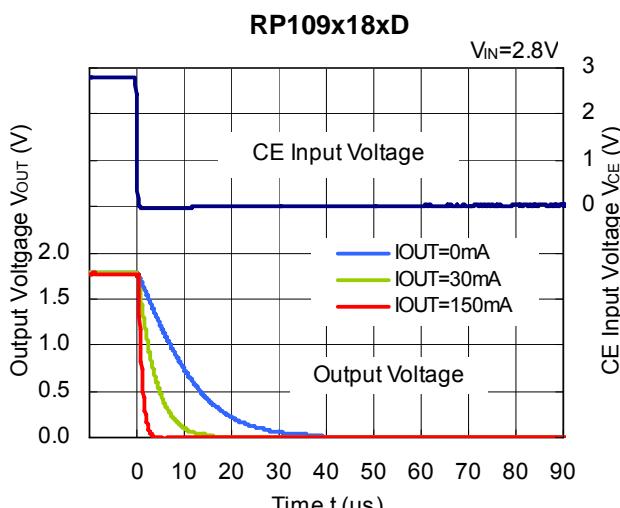
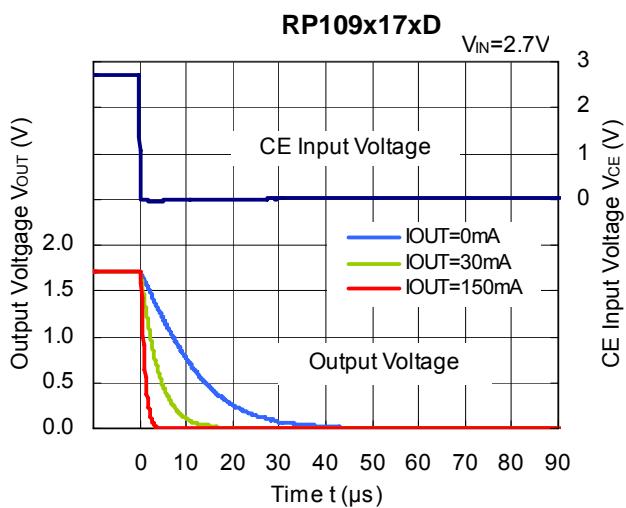
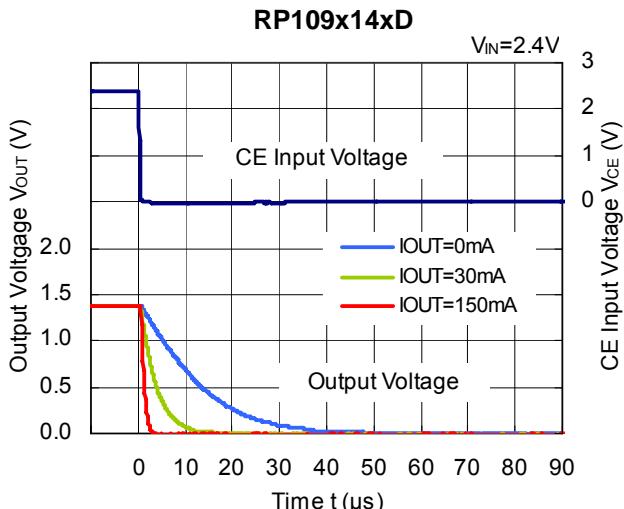
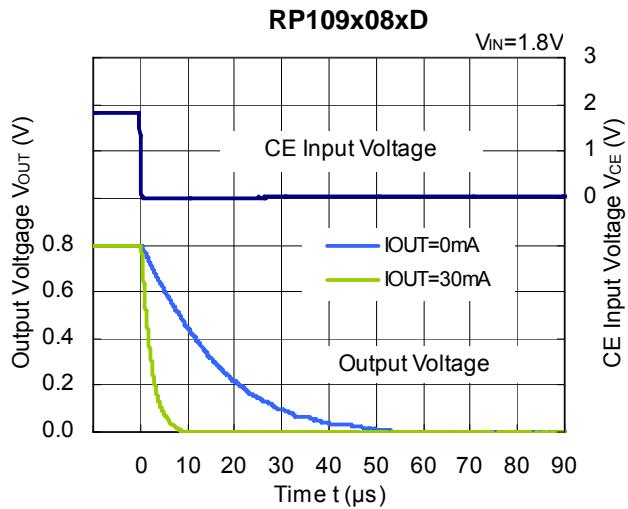


### 13) Turn Off Speed with CE pin (B Version) ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ , $C_2=0.1\mu F$ , $T_{opt}=25^\circ C$ )



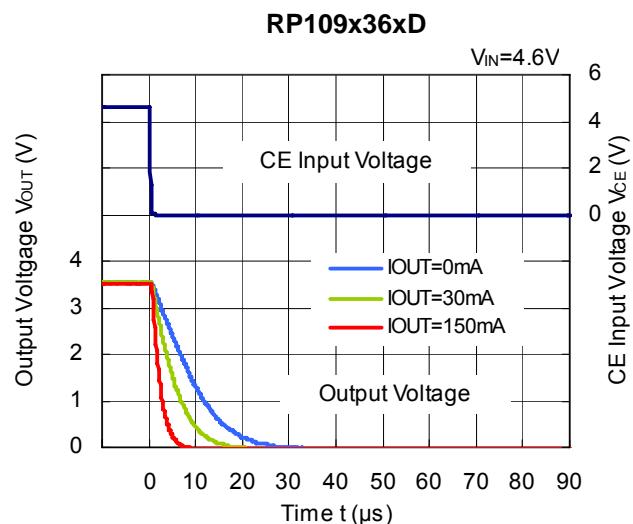
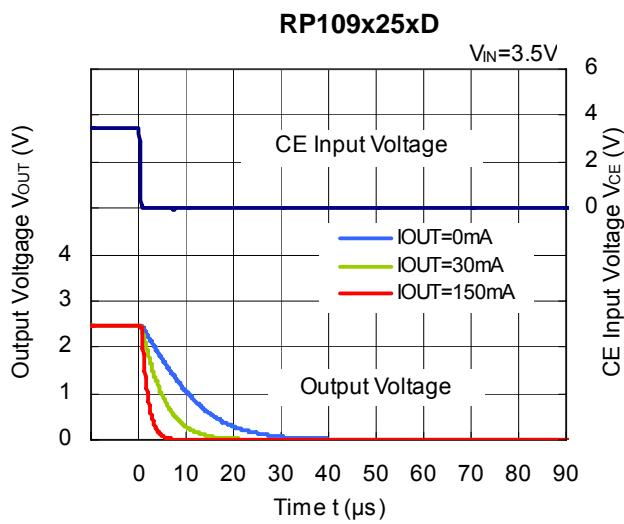


#### 14) Turn Off Speed with CE pin (D Version) ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ , $C_2=0.1\mu F$ , $T_{opt}=25^\circ C$ )



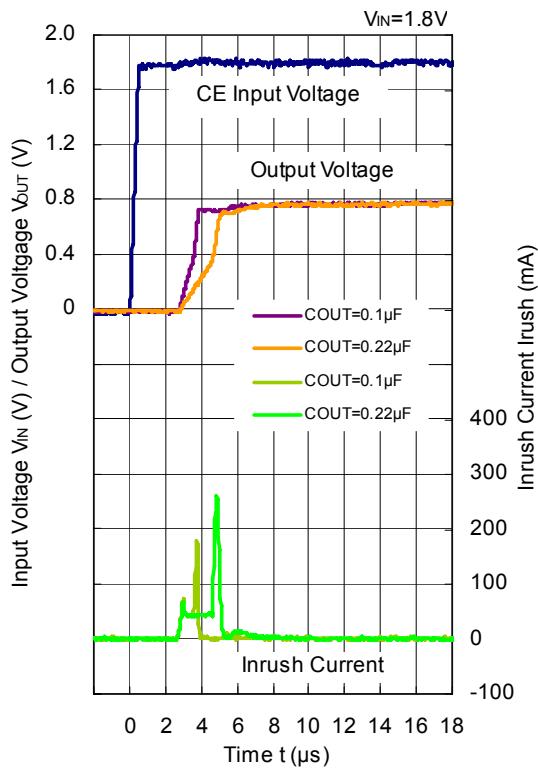
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**RP109x**

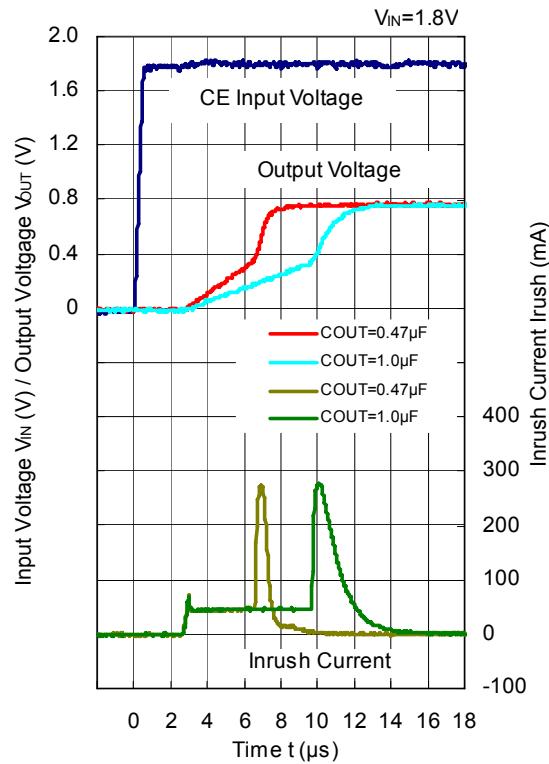


**15) Inrush Current ( $C_1=4.7\mu F$ ,  $I_{OUT}=0mA$ ,  $T_{opt}=25^\circ C$ )**

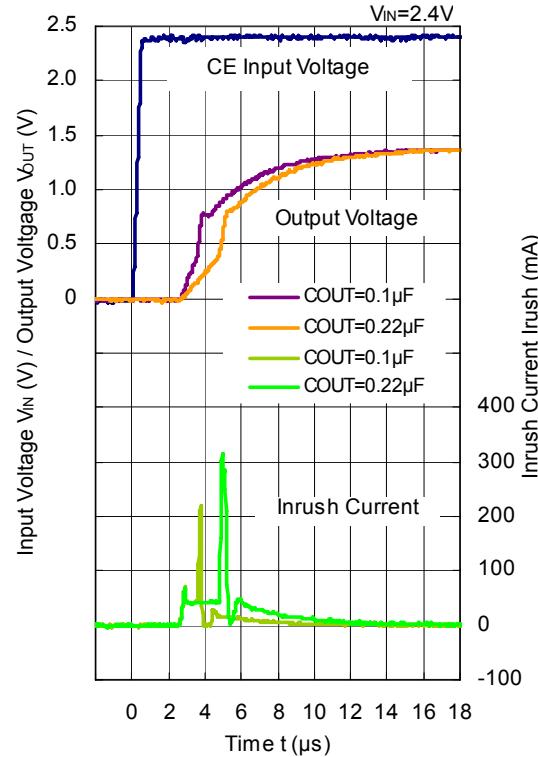
RP109x08xx



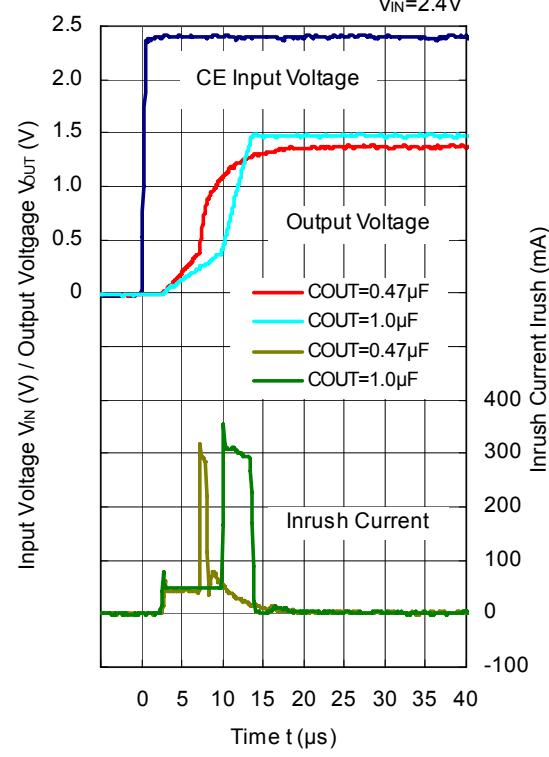
RP109x08xx



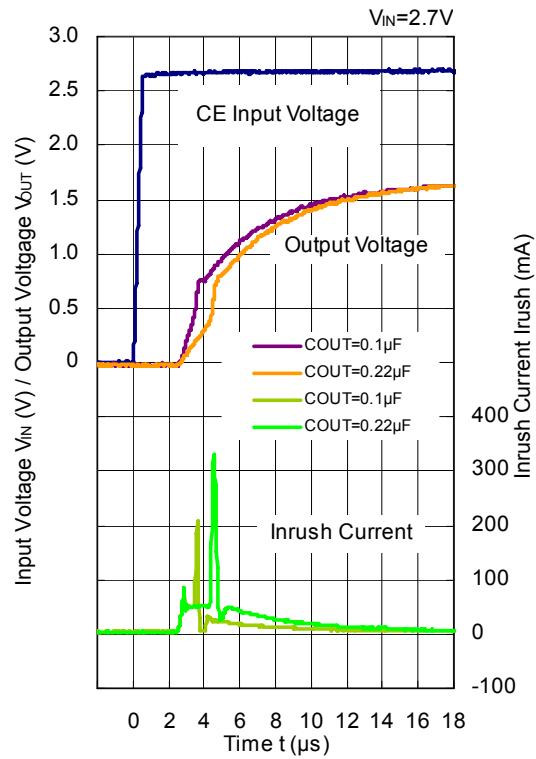
RP109x14xx



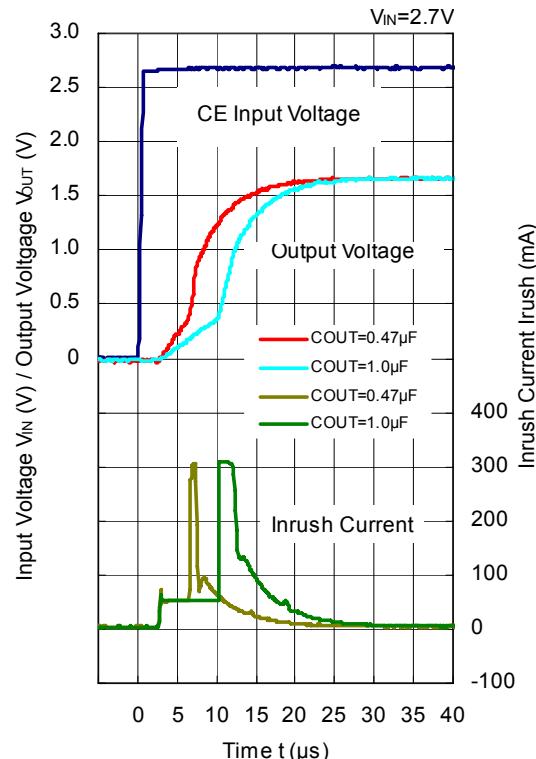
RP109x14xx



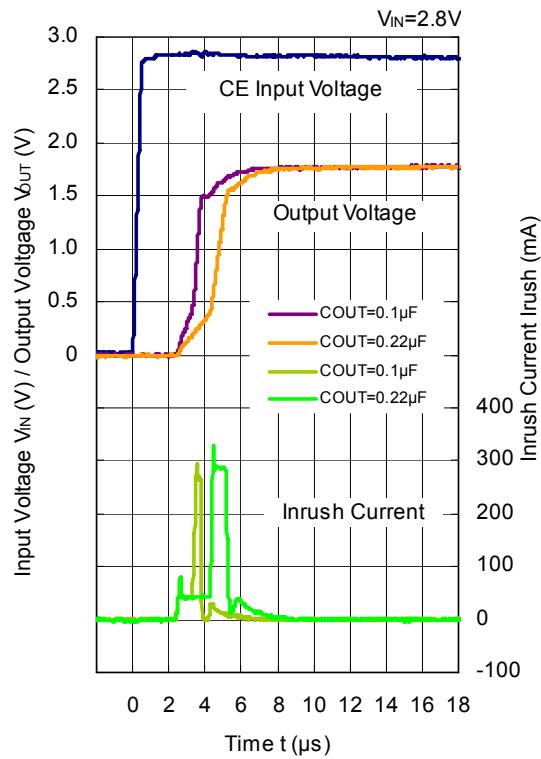
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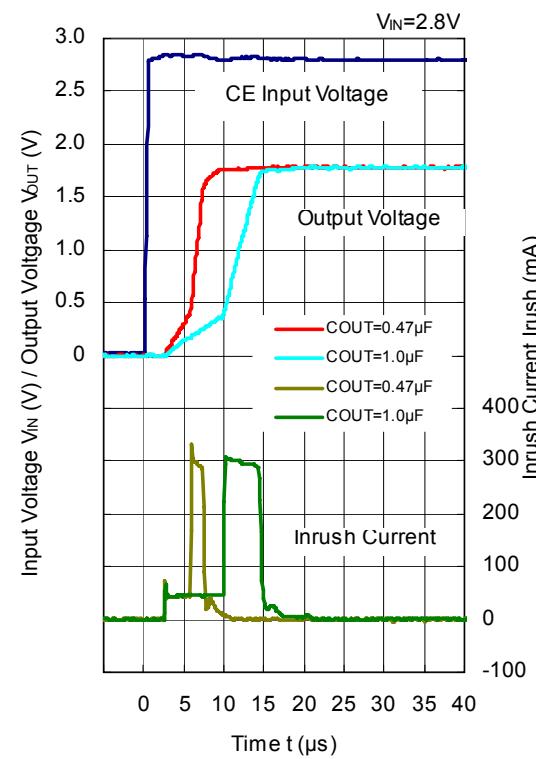
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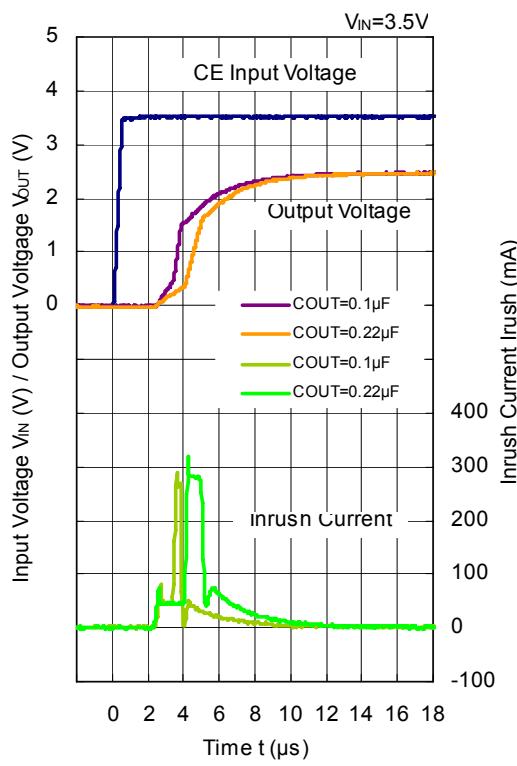
**RP109x18xx**



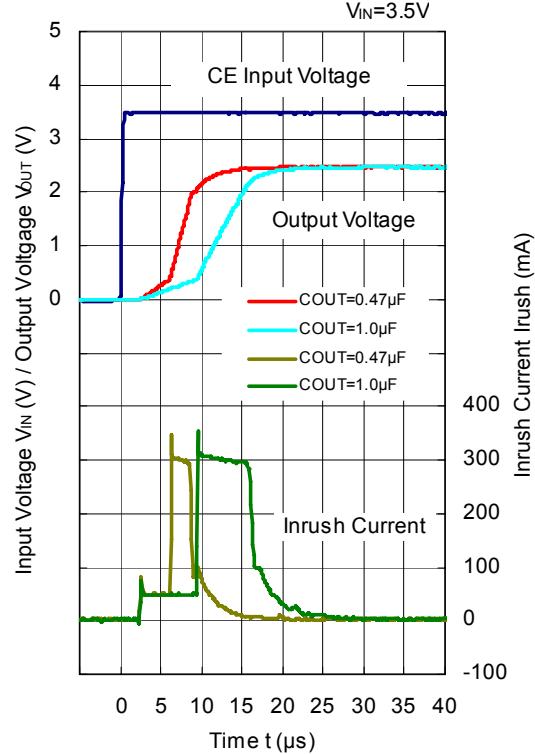
**RP109x18xx**



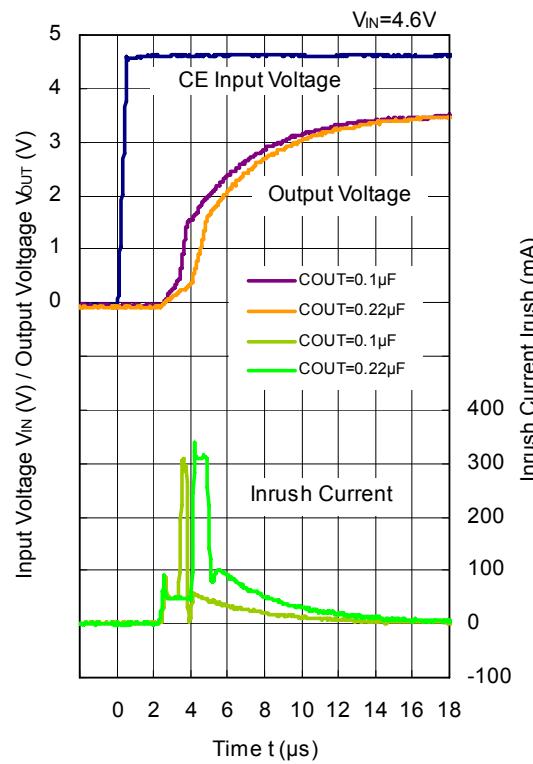
RP109x25xx



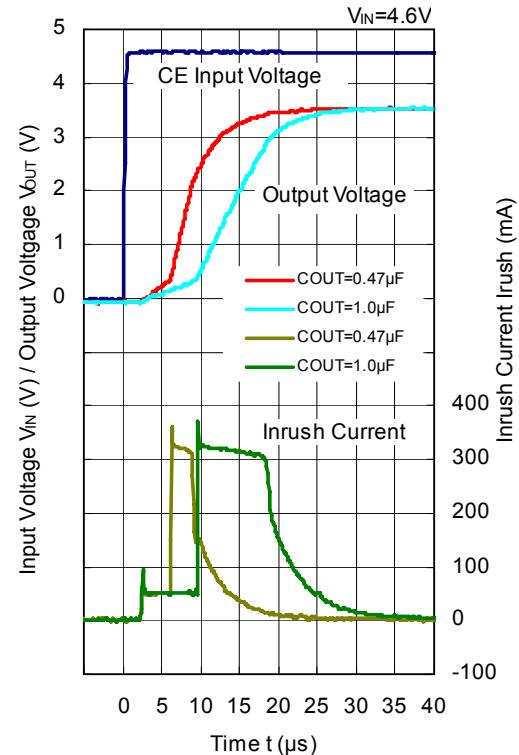
RP109x25xx

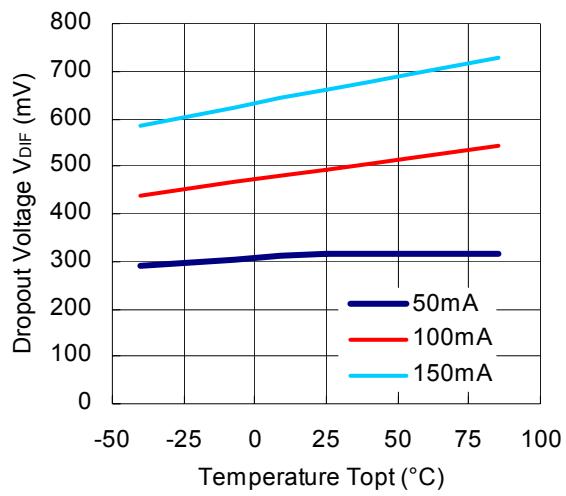
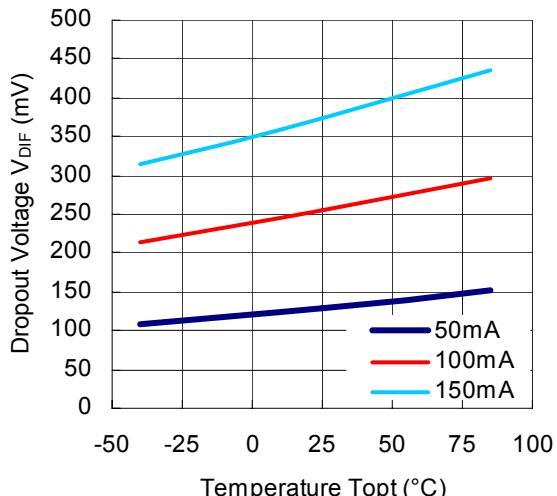
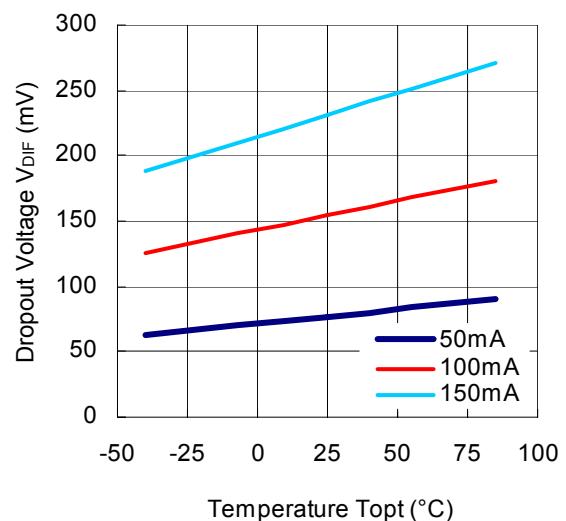
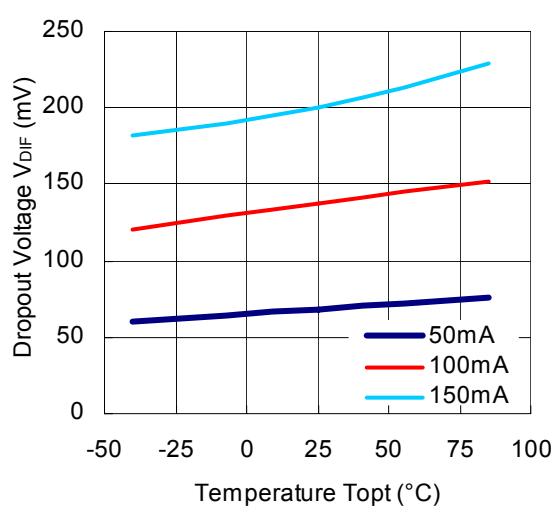


RP109x36xx



RP109x36xx



**16) Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature ( $C_1=0.1\mu F$ ,  $C_2=0.1\mu F$ )****RP109x08xx****RP109x14xx****RP109x25xx****RP109x36xx**

## ESR vs. Output Current

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

The relations between  $I_{OUT}$  (Output Current) and ESR of an output capacitor are shown below.

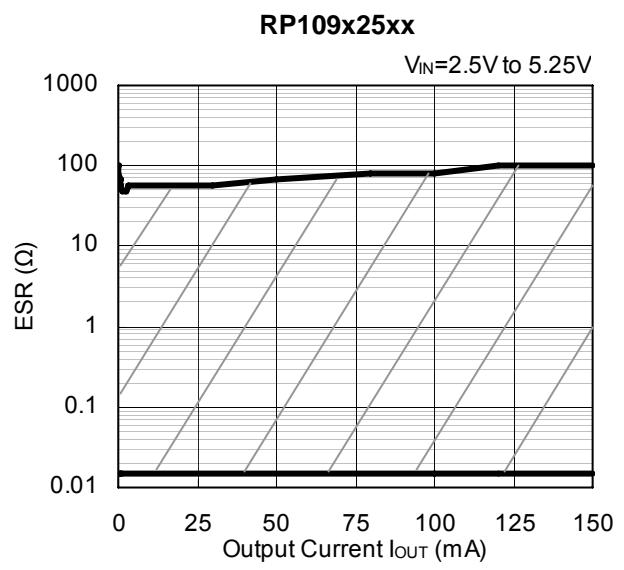
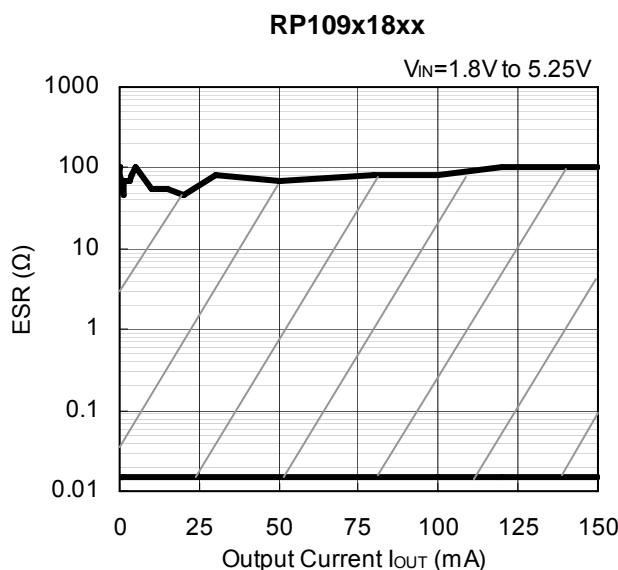
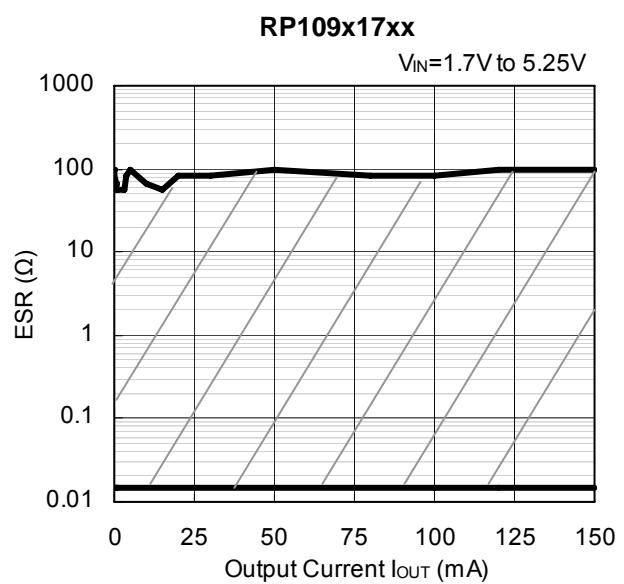
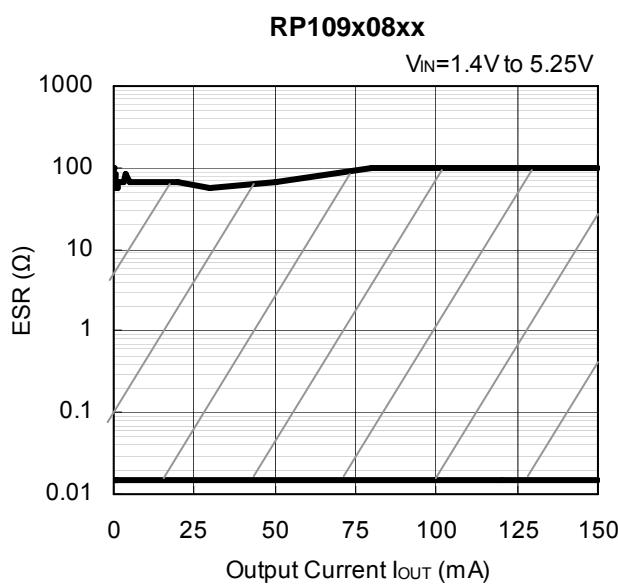
The conditions when the white noise level is under  $40\mu V$  (Avg.) are marked as the hatched area in the graph.

### Measurement conditions

Frequency Band : 10Hz to 2MHz

Temperature :  $-40^{\circ}C$  to  $85^{\circ}C$

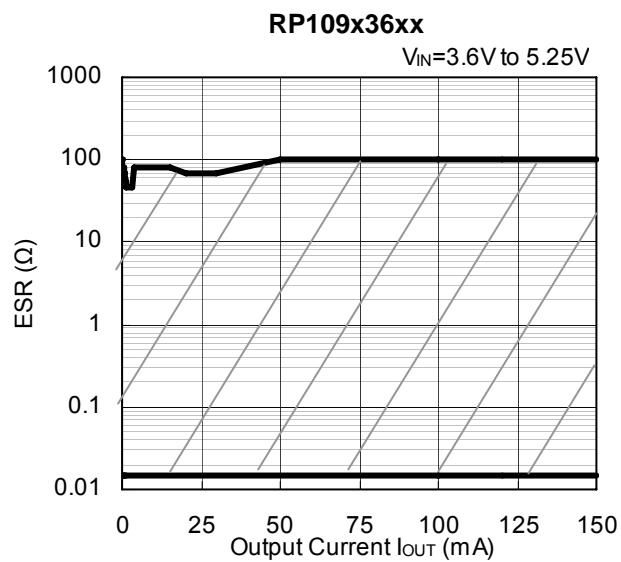
C1, C2 : Ceramic  $0.1\mu F$



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## RP109x

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■Ricoh awarded ISO 14001 certification.  
The Ricoh Group was awarded ISO 14001 certification, which is an international standard for environmental management systems, at both its domestic and overseas production facilities. Our current aim is to obtain ISO 14001 certification for all of our business offices.

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**RICOH COMPANY, LTD.**  
Electronic Devices Company

● Higashi-Shinagawa Office (International Sales)  
3-32-3, Higashi-Shinagawa, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo 140-8655, Japan  
Phone: +81-3-5479-2857 Fax: +81-3-5479-0502

**RICOH EUROPE (NETHERLANDS) B.V.**  
● Semiconductor Support Centre

Prof. W.H.Keesomlaan 1, 1183 DL Amstelveen, The Netherlands  
P.O.Box 114, 1180 AC Amstelveen  
Phone: +31-20-5474-309 Fax: +31-20-5474-791

**RICOH ELECTRONIC DEVICES KOREA Co., Ltd.**  
11 floor, Haesung 1 building, 942, Daechidong, Gangnamgu, Seoul, Korea  
Phone: +82-2-2135-5700 Fax: +82-2-2135-5705

**RICOH ELECTRONIC DEVICES SHANGHAI Co., Ltd.**  
Room403, No.2 Building, 690#B1 Bo Road, Pu Dong New district, Shanghai 201203,  
People's Republic of China  
Phone: +86-21-5027-3200 Fax: +86-21-5027-3299

**RICOH COMPANY, LTD.**  
Electronic Devices Company  
● Taipei office  
Room109, 10F-1, No.51, Hengyang Rd., Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)  
Phone: +886-2-2313-1621/1622 Fax: +886-2-2313-1623



Ricoh completed the organization of the Lead-free production for all of our products. After Apr. 1, 2006, we will ship out the lead free products only. Thus, all products that will be shipped from now on comply with RoHS Directive.