MONOROPA/D供应商 SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA



Low rDS(on) Small-Signal MOSFETs TMOS Single P-Channel Field Effect Transistors

Part of the GreenLine[™] Portfolio of devices with energy–conserving traits.

These miniature surface mount MOSFETs utilize Motorola's High Cell Density, HDTMOS process. Low $r_{DS(on)}$ assures minimal power loss and conserves energy, making this device ideal for use in small power management circuitry. Typical applications are dc–dc converters, power management in portable and battery–powered products such as computers, printers, PCMCIA cards, cellular and cordless telephones.

- Low rDS(on) Provides Higher Efficiency and Extends Battery Life
- Miniature SC-70/SOT-323 Surface Mount Package Saves Board Space



3 DRAIN

2 SOURCE

by MMBF2202PT1/D

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MMBF2202PT1

Motorola Preferred Device

P-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT-MODE TMOS MOSFET rDS(on) = 2.2 OHM



CASE 419-02, STYLE 7 SC-70/SOT-323

MAXIMUM RATINGS (T _J = 25° C unless otherwise noted)	
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Rating		Value	Unit
Drain-to-Source Voltage	V _{DSS}	20	Vdc
Gate-to-Source Voltage — Continuous	V _{GS}	± 20	Vdc
$ \begin{array}{l} \text{Drain Current} \text{Continuous} @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C} \\ \text{Continuous} @ T_A = 70^\circ\text{C} \\ \text{Pulsed Drain Current} (t_p \leq 10 \mu\text{s}) \end{array} $	ID ID IDM	300 240 750	mAdc
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C^{(1)}$ Derate above 25°C	PD	150 1.2	mW mW/°C
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	TJ, T _{stg}	- 55 to 150	°C
Thermal Resistance — Junction-to-Ambient	R _{θJA}	833	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes, for 10 seconds	TL	260	°C

1 O GATE

DEVICE MARKING

P3

(1) Mounted on G10/FR4 glass epoxy board using minimum recommended footprint.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
MMBF2202PT1	7″	8 mm embossed tape	3000
MMBF2202PT3	13″	8 mm embossed tape	10,000

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HDTMOS is a trademark of Motorola, Inc. TMOS is a registered trademark of Motorola, Inc. Thermal Clad is a registered trademark of the Berquist Company.

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.



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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic			Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					•	
Drain–to–Source Breakdown Voltage ($V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, I_D = 10 \mu A$)		V _(BR) DSS	20	_	—	Vdc
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $(V_{DS} = 16 \text{ Vdc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc})$ $(V_{DS} = 16 \text{ Vdc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C})$		IDSS	_		1.0 10	μAdc
Gate–Body Leakage Current ($V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ Vdc}, V_{DS} = 0$)		IGSS	_	_	±100	nAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS(1)				•	•	•
Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 250 \ \mu Adc$)		VGS(th)	1.0	1.7	2.4	Vdc
Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance ($V_{GS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, I_D = 200 \text{ mAdc}$) ($V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ Vdc}, I_D = 50 \text{ mAdc}$)		^r DS(on)	_	1.5 2.0	2.2 3.5	Ohms
Forward Transconductance (V _{DS} = 10 Vdc, I _D = 200 mAdc)		9FS	—	600	—	mMhos
YNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS				•		
Input Capacitance	(V _{DS} = 5.0 V)	C _{iss}	_	50	—	pF
Output Capacitance	(V _{DS} = 5.0 V)	C _{OSS}	_	45	—	
Transfer Capacitance	(V _{DG} = 5.0 V)	C _{rss}	_	20	—	
WITCHING CHARACTERISTICS(2)	·	-				
Turn-On Delay Time		^t d(on)	—	2.5	—	ns
Rise Time	$(V_{DD} = -15 \text{ Vdc},$ R _I = 75 Ω , I _D = 200 mAdc,	tr	_	1.0	—	
Turn–Off Delay Time	$V_{\text{GEN}} = -10 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{\text{G}} = 6.0 \Omega$	^t d(off)	—	16	—	
Fall Time]	t _f	—	8.0	—	
Gate Charge (See Figure 5)	$(V_{DS} = 16 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 200 \text{ mA})$	QT		2700	—	рС
OURCE-DRAIN DIODE CHARACTE	ERISTICS			-		
Continuous Current		۱ _S	_		0.3	А
Pulsed Current		ISM	—	-	0.75	
Forward Voltage ⁽²⁾		V _{SD}	_	1.5	—	V

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width \leq 300 µs, Duty Cycle \leq 2%.

(2) Switching characteristics are independent of operating junction temperature.

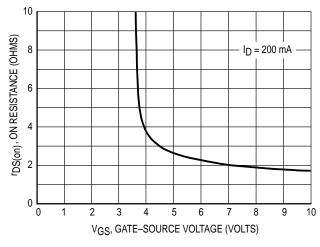


Figure 1. On Resistance versus Gate–Source Voltage

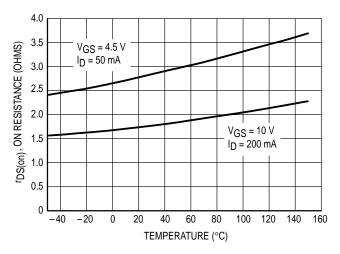


Figure 2. On Resistance versus Temperature

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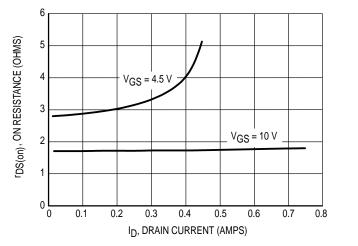


Figure 3. On Resistance versus Drain Current

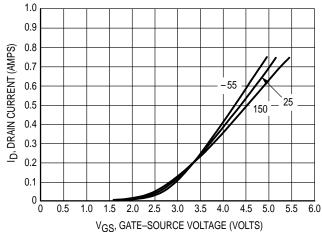


Figure 4. Transfer Characteristics

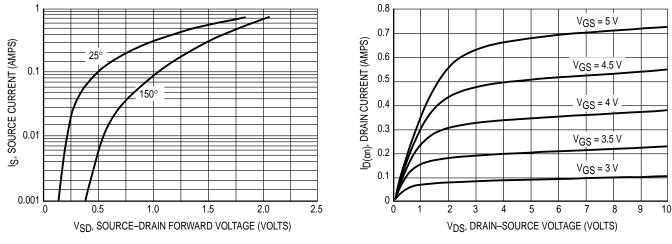


Figure 5. Source–Drain Forward Voltage

Figure 6. On Region Characteristics

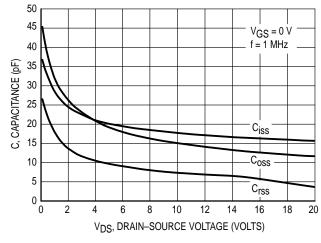


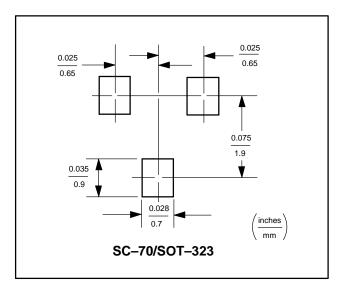
Figure 7. Capacitance Variation

INFORMATION FOR USING THE SC-70/SOT-323 SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection

interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



SC-70/SOT-323 POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the SC–70/SOT–323 is a function of the drain pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by $T_{J(max)}$, the maximum rated junction temperature of the die, $R_{\theta JA}$, the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature, T_{A} . Using the values provided on the data sheet for the SC–70/SOT–323 package, P_{D} can be calculated as follows:

$$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature T_A of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 150 milliwatts.

$$P_{D} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{833^{\circ}C/W} = 150 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 833°C/W for the SC–70/SOT–323 package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 150 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the SC–70/SOT–323 package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad[™]. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

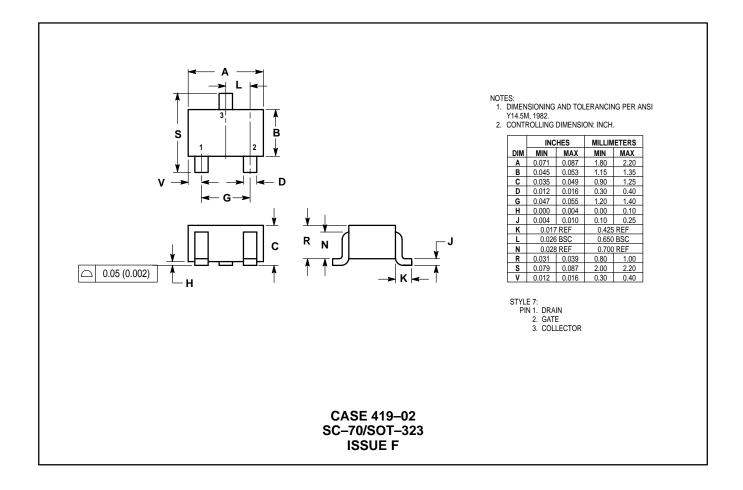
SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes. Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.

* Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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