19-1984; Rev 1; 10/01

High-Current, 10Ω, SPST, CMOS Analog Switches

General Description

Maxim's MAX4655–MAX4658 are medium-voltage CMOS analog switches with low on-resistance of 10Ω max, specifically designed to handle large switch currents. With a switch capability of up to 400mA peak current and 300mA continuous current (MAX4655/MAX4656), and up to 300mA peak current and 150mA continuous current (MAX4657/MAX4658), these parts can switch loads as low as 25Ω . They can replace reed relays with a million times the speed and virtually unlimited number of lifetime cycles. Normal power consumption is only 3mW, whether the switch is on or off. These parts are TTL/CMOS compatible and will switch any voltage within its power-supply range.

These are SPST (single-pole/single-throw) switches. The MAX4655/MAX4657 are normally closed (NC), while the MAX4656/MAX4658 are normally open (NO). The difference between the MAX4655/MAX4656 and the MAX4657/MAX4658 is in the power dissipation of their packages. Refer to the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* and the *Electrical Characteristics*.

The MAX4655–MAX4658 power-supply range is from ±4.5V to ±20V for dual supply operation and +9V to +40V for single supply operation. These switches can operate from any combination of supplies, within a 40V V+ to V- range. They conduct equally well in either direction and can handle Rail-to-Rail[®] analog signals. The offleakage current is only 1nA max at T_A = +25°C. They are available in 8-pin μ MAX, QFN, and SO packages, with exposed pad options for high-power applications.

Applications

- Relay Replacement
- Test Equipment
- Communication Systems
- xDSL Modems
- PBX, PABX Systems
- Audio Signal Routing
- Audio Systems
- PC Multimedia Boards
- Redundant/Backup Systems

Rail-to-Rail is a registered trademark of Nippon Motorola, Ltd.

Features

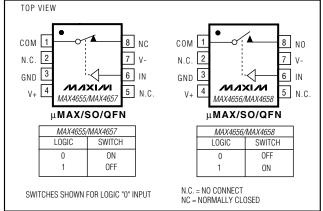
- High Continuous Current Handling 300mA (MAX4655/MAX4656) 150mA (MAX4657/MAX4658)
- High Peak Current Handling 400mA (MAX4655/MAX4656) 300mA (MAX4657/MAX4658)
- 10Ω max On-Resistance (±15V supplies)
- VL not Required
- 1Ω max R_{ON} Flatness over Specified Signal Range
- Rail-to-Rail Signal Handling
- +12V Single Supply or ±15V Dual Supply Operation
- Pin Compatible with DG417, DG418

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4655EGA	-40°C to +85°C	8 QFN
MAX4655EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μMAX-EP*
MAX4655ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO-EP*
MAX4656EGA	-40°C to +85°C	8 QFN
MAX4656EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μMAX-EP*
MAX4656ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO-EP*
MAX4657EGA	-40°C to +85°C	8 QFN
MAX4657EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μΜΑΧ
MAX4657ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX4658EGA	-40°C to +85°C	8 QFN
MAX4658EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μMAX
MAX4658ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO

*EP = exposed pad

/Pin Configurations Functional Diagrams/Truth Tables_



M/IXI/M

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V+ to GND V- to GND	
V+ to V	0.3V to +44V
All Other Pins to GND (Note 1) Continuous Current, COM, NO, NC	V 0.3V to V+ + 0.3V
(MAX4655/MAX4656)	±300mA
Continuous Current, COM, NO, NC (MAX4657/MAX4658)	+150mA
Continuous Current, IN	±30mA
Peak Current, COM, NO, NC (pulsed at 1ms, 10% duty cycle)	
MAX4655/MAX4656	±400mA
(pulsed at 1ms, 10% duty cycle) MAX4657/MAX4658	±300mA

Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)
8-Pin QFN (derate 24.4mW/°C above +70°C)195mW
8-Pin µMAX-EP (derate 10.3mW/°C above +70°C)
MAX4655/MAX4656825mW
8-Pin µMAX (derate 4.50mW/°C above +70°C)
MAX4657/MAX4658
8-Pin SO-EP (derate 18.9mW/°C above +70°C)
MAX4655/MAX46561509mW
8-Pin SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C)
MAX4657/MAX4658471mW
Operating Temperature Ranges
MAX4655–MAX465840°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature+150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Note 1: Signals on NC, NO, COM, or IN exceeding V+ or V- will be clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current rating.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies

 $(V_{+} = +15V, V_{-} = -15V, V_{IH} = 2.4V, V_{IL} = 0.8V, T_{A} = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C.$) (Notes 2, 7)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH							
Analog Signal Range	V _{NO} , V _{NC} , V _{COM}			V-		V+	V
On-Resistance	Ron	$I_{COM} = 100 \text{mA};$	+25°C		7	10	Ω
On-nesistance	NON	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = \pm 10V$	T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}			15	52
On-Resistance Flatness		I _{COM} = 100mA;	+25°C		0.3	1	Ω
(Note 3)	RFLAT (ON)	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = -5V, 0, +5V$	T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}			1.5	52
NO or NC Off-Leakage	I _{NO(OFF)} or	V _{COM} = +14.5V, -14.5V;	+25°C	-1	0.01	1	nA
Current (Note 4)	INC(OFF)	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = -14.5V, +14.5V	T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	-10		10	
COM Off-Leakage		$V_{COM} = +14.5V, -14.5V;$ $V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = -14.5V, +14.5V$	+25°C	-1	0.01	1	nA
Current (Note 4)			T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	-10		10	
0010	ICOM(ON) VN	$V_{COM} = +14.5V, -14.5V;$ V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = +14.5V,$ -14.5V, or floating	+25°C	-2		2	
COM On-Leakage Current (Note 4)			$T_{\mbox{MIN}}$ to $T_{\mbox{MAX}}$	-20		20	nA
DYNAMIC CHARACTERIS	TICS						
Turn-On Time	$t_{ON} \begin{tabular}{l} V_{NO} \mbox{ or } V_{NC} = 10V; \\ R_L = 50 \Omega; \mbox{ MAX4655/4656}, \\ R_L = 100 \Omega; \mbox{ MAX4657/4658}, \\ C_L = 35 pF; \mbox{ Figure 3} \end{tabular}$	110	+25°C		110	200	
		$T_{\mbox{MIN}}$ to $T_{\mbox{MAX}}$			300	ns	
Turn-Off Time	$t_{OFF} \begin{array}{c} V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 10V; \\ R_L = 50\Omega; \text{ MAX4655/4656}, \\ R_L = 100\Omega; \text{ MAX4657/4658}, \\ C_L = 35pF; \text{ Figure 3} \end{array}$		+25°C		75	100	
		T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}			150	ns	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (continued)

(V+ = +15V, V- = -15V, V_{IH} = 2.4V, V_{IL} = 0.8V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Notes 2, 7)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Charge Injection	Q	$V_{GEN} = 0$; $R_{GEN} = 0$; $C_L = 1nF$; Figure 4	+25°C		23		рС
-3dB Bandwidth	BW		+25°C		210		MHz
Off-Isolation (Note 5)	VISO	$f = 1MHz; R_L = 50\Omega;$ Figure 5	+25°C		-77		dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	f = 20Hz to 20kHz, V _N _ = 5V _{p-p} ; R _L = 600Ω	+25°C		0.007		%
NO or NC Off-Capacitance	C _{NO(OFF)} , C _{NC(OFF)}	f = 1MHz; Figure 6	+25°C		25		pF
COM Off-Capacitance	CCOM(OFF)	f = 1MHz; Figure 6	+25°C		25		pF
COM On-Capacitance	CCOM(ON)	f = 1MHz; Figure 7	+25°C		67		pF
DIGITAL I/O							
Input Logic High	VIH		T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	2.4			V
Input Logic Low	VIL		$T_{\mbox{MIN}}$ to $T_{\mbox{MAX}}$			0.8	V
Input Leakage Current	I _{IN}	$V_{IN} = 0.8V \text{ or } 2.4V$	T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}	-1		1	μA
POWER SUPPLY							
Power-Supply Range			T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	±4.5		±20	V
Positive Supply Current	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ or } 5V, V_{N_{-}} = 3V;$ $I_{SWITCH} = 200mA,$ $I_{+} MAX4655/4656;$ $I_{SWITCH} = 100mA,$ MAX4657/4658	+25°C		90	150	μA	
			$T_{\mbox{MIN}}$ to $T_{\mbox{MAX}}$			300	
Negative Supply Current	I- ISW I- ISW	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ or } 5V, V_{N_{-}} = 3V;$ ISWITCH = 200mA, MAX4655/4656; ISWITCH = 100mA, MAX4657/4658	+25°C		10	50	μA
			T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}			100	
Ground Current	$I_{SWITCH} = 200 m A,$	MAX4655/4656;	+25°C		80	130	μA
			$T_{\mbox{MIN}}$ to $T_{\mbox{MAX}}$			260	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single Supply

 $(V + = +12V, V - = 0, V_{IH} = 2.4V, V_{IL} = 0.8V, T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH							
Analog Signal Range	VIN		$T_{\mbox{MIN}}$ to $T_{\mbox{MAX}}$	0		V+	V
On Desistance	Devi	$I_{COM} = 50 mA,$ V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 10V	+25°C		15	22	Ω
On-Resistance	R _{ON}		$T_{\mbox{MIN}}$ to $T_{\mbox{MAX}}$			33	
On-Resistance Flatness		$I_{COM} = 50 mA$,	+25°C		2.2	4	Ω
(Note 3)	R _{FLAT} (ON)	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 2V, 6V, 10V	$T_{\mbox{MIN}}$ to $T_{\mbox{MAX}}$			5	52
DYNAMIC CHARACTERIS	TICS						
Turn-On Time	tou	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 10V;$ $R_{I} = 100\Omega MAX4655/4656.$	+25°C		140	200	ns
Turn-On Time	ton	$R_L = 200\Omega MAX4657/4658,$ $C_L = 35pF; Figure 3$	$T_{\mbox{MIN}}$ to $T_{\mbox{MAX}}$			300	
Turn-Off Time	toff	$\begin{array}{l} V_{NO} \mbox{ or } V_{NC} = 10V; \\ R_L = 100 \Omega \mbox{ MAX4655/4656}, \\ R_L = 200 \Omega \mbox{ MAX4657/4658}, \\ C_L = 35 pF; \mbox{ Figure } 3 \end{array}$	+25°C		65	125	ns
			T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}			200	
Charge Injection	Q	$V_{GEN} = 0; R_{GEN} = 0;$ $C_L = 1nF; Figure 4$	+25°C		1		рС
POWER SUPPLY							
Power-Supply Range	V+			9		40	V
Positive Supply Current (Note 6)	Is M I+ Vi Is	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ or } 12V,$ ISWITCH = 100mA, MAX4655/4656; ISWITCH = 50mA, MAX4657/4658	+25°C		25	100	
			T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}			200	- μΑ
		V _{IN} = 0 or 5V, I _{SWITCH} = 100mA, MAX4655/4656;	+25°C		46	125	
		lswitcн = 50mA, MAX4657/4658	T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}			200	

Note 2: The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

Note 3: Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range.

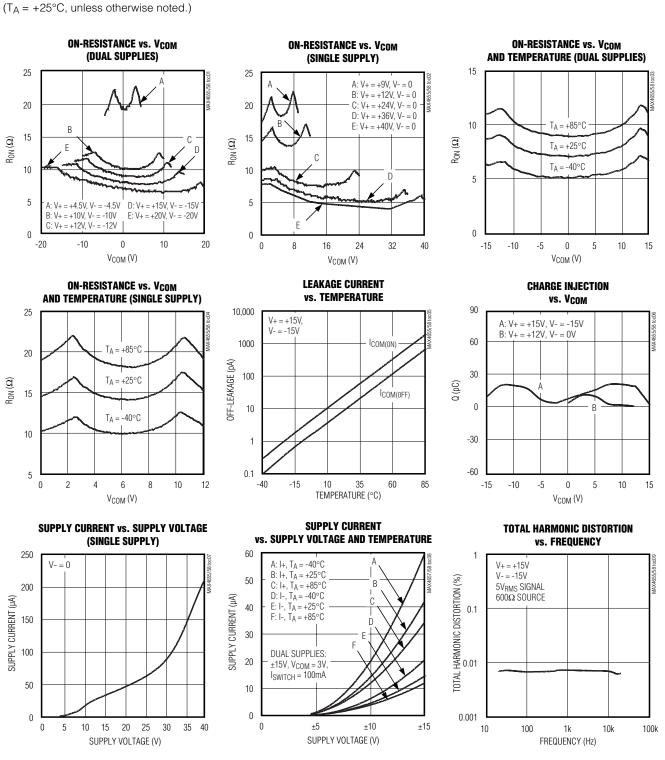
Note 4: Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum rated hot temperature and guaranteed by correlation at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.

Note 5: Off-isolation = $20\log_{10} [V_{COM} / (V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO})], V_{COM} = \text{output}, V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = \text{input to off switch}.$

Note 6: Guaranteed by testing with dual supplies.

Note 7: -40°C specifications are quaranteed by design.

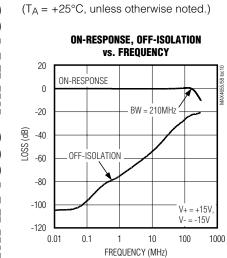
Typical Operating Characteristics

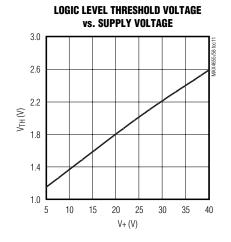


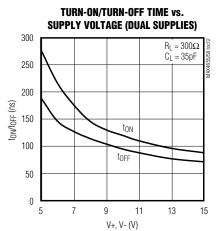
5

MAX4655-MAX4658

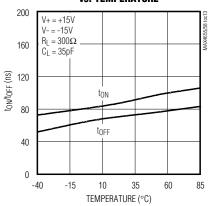
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)



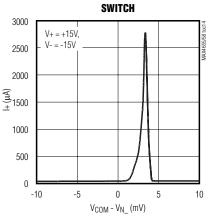




TURN-ON/TURN-OFF TIME vs. TEMPERATURE



SUPPLY CURRENT vs. VOLTAGE ACROSS



Pin Description

F	PIN				
MAX4655/ MAX4657	MAX4656/ MAX4658	NAME	FUNCTION		
1	1	COM	Analog Switch Common		
2, 5	2, 5	N.C.	No Internal Connection		
3	3	GND	Ground		
4	4	V+	Positive Supply Voltage Input		
6	6	IN	Digital Control Input		
7	7	V-	Negative Supply Voltage Input		
	8	NO	Analog Switch Normally Open		
8		NC	Analog Switch Normally Closed		

M/IXI/M

Detailed Description

The MAX4655–MAX4658 are single SPST CMOS analog switches. The CMOS switch construction provides rail-to-rail signal handling while consuming very little power. The switch is controlled by a TTL/CMOS level compatible digital input. The MAX4655/MAX4657 are normally closed switches, and the MAX4656/MAX4658 are normally open switches.

These devices can be operated with either single power supplies or dual power supplies. Operation at up to $\pm 20V$ supplies allows users a wide switching dynamic range. Additionally, asymmetrical operation is possible to tailor performance to a particular application.

These switches have been specifically designed to handle high switch currents, up to 400mA peak current and 300mA continuous currents. In order to do this, a new technique is used to drive the body of the output N-channel device. (Note: the basic switch between the input NC/NO terminal, and the output common terminal consists of an N-channel MOSFET and a P-channel MOSFET in parallel.) The standard method limits operation to approximately a 600mV drop across the switch. More than 600mV causes an increase in Idon leakage current (due to the turn-on of on-chip parasitic diodes) and an increase in V+ supply current. With the new sensing method, there is no limitation to the voltage drop across the switch. Current and voltage are limited only by the power dissipation rating of the package and the absolute maximum ratings of the switch.

When the analog input to output voltage drop is approximately 7mV there is an increase in power supply current from typically 90μ A to 2mA within a 1mV to 7mV range, caused by the new sensing/driving circuitry.

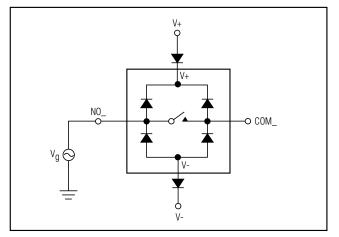


Figure 1. Overvoltage Protection Using Blocking Diodes

///XI//

Applications Information

Overvoltage Protection

Proper power-supply sequencing is recommended for all CMOS devices. Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings, because stresses beyond the listed ratings can cause permanent damage to the devices. First, connect GND, followed by V+, V-, and the remaining pins. If power-supply sequencing is not possible, add two small signal diodes (D1, D2) in series with supply pins (Figure 1). Adding diodes reduces the analog signal range to one diode drop below V+ and one diode drop above V-, but does not affect the devices' low switch resistance and low leakage characteristics. Device operation is unchanged, and the difference between V+ and V- should not exceed 44V. The protection diode for the negative supply is not required when V- is connected to GND.

Off-Isolation at High Frequencies

In 50 Ω systems, the high-frequency on-response of these parts extends from DC to above 100MHz, with a typical loss of -2dB. When the switch is turned off, however, it behaves like a capacitor, and off-isolation decreases with increasing frequency. This effect is more pronounced with higher source and load impedances. Above 5MHz, circuit board layout becomes critical. The graphs shown in the *Typical Operating Characteristics* were taken using a 50 Ω source and load connected with BNC connectors.

MAX4655-MAX4658

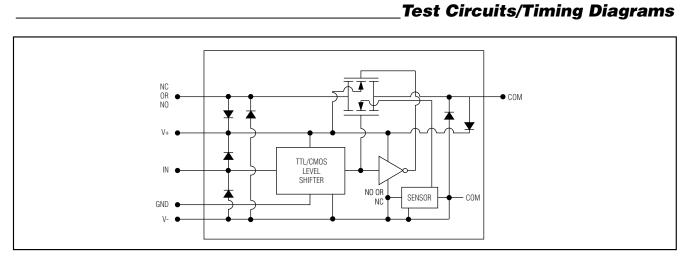


Figure 2. Block Diagram

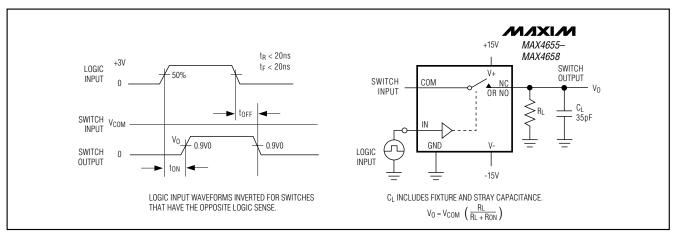


Figure 3. Switching Time

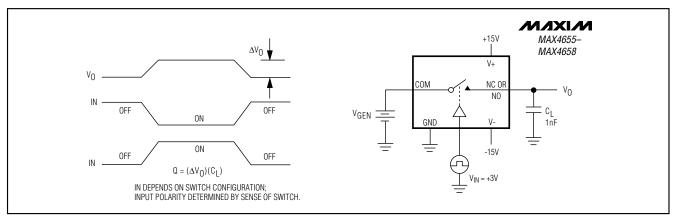


Figure 4. Charge Injection

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)

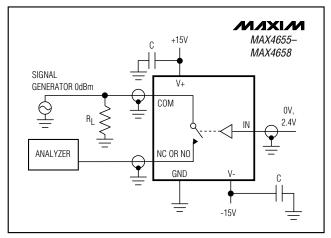


Figure 5. Off-Isolation

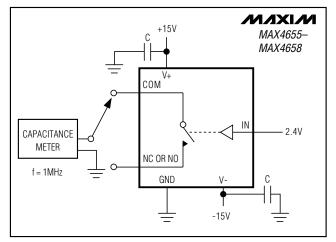


Figure 6. Channel Off-Capacitance

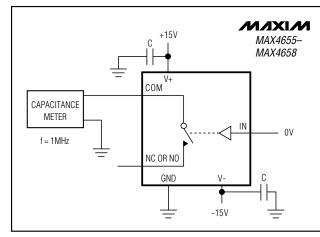


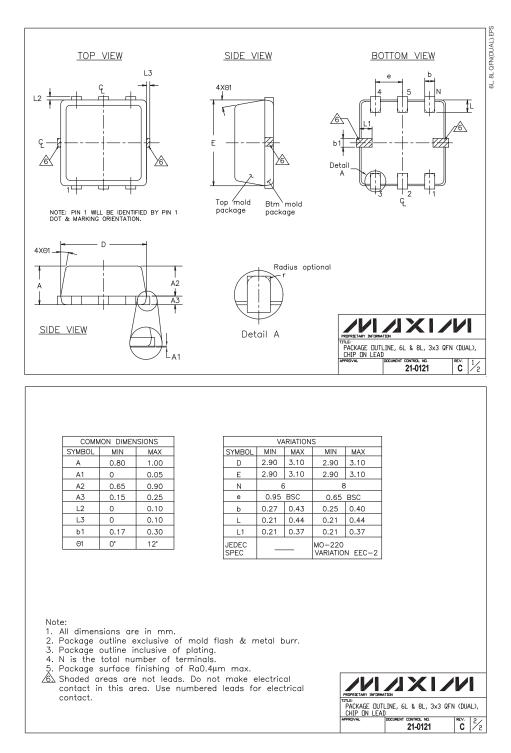
Figure 7. Channel On-Capacitance

_Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 45 PROCESS: CMOS

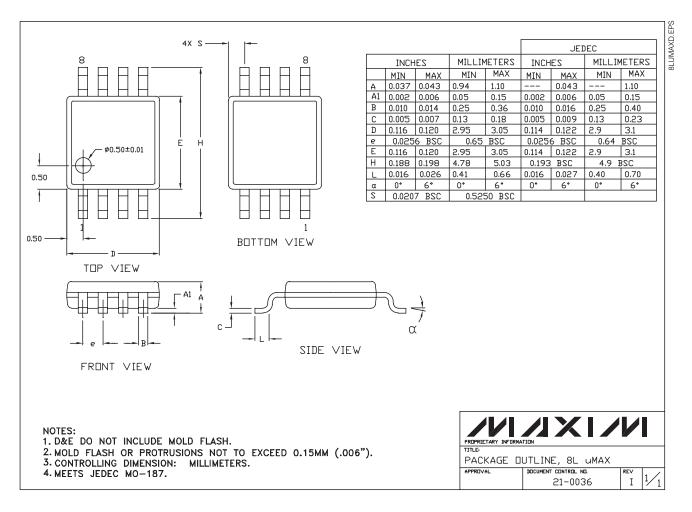
High Current, 10 Ω , SPST, CMOS Analog Switches

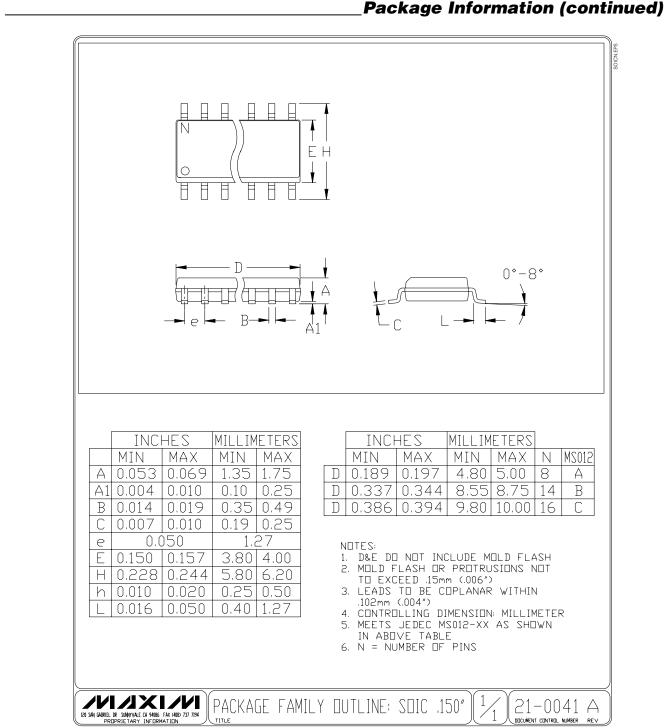
Package Information



M/XI/M

Package Information (continued)





Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600

© 2001 Maxim Integrated Products

12

Printed USA

MAXIM is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products.