

Air Server & Multi Channel Samplers (MCS06 & MCS08)

Operators Manual

AUGUST 2006

QUI-0004

VERSION 6.1



This page left intentionally blank

QUI-0004 V6.1 Aug 06

Table of Contents

1.0 for l	Introduction to the Air Server Accessory UNITY.	7
1.1	Summary of Operation	7
2.0 UNI	Installation of the Air Server accessory onto TY	10
2.1	Unpacking procedure	10
2.2	Packing list for Air Server (U-AIRSV)	10
3.0	Installation	11
3.1	Tools required	12
3.2	Pneumatic connections	12
3.2	.1 Installation of PEEK link tube assembly	12
3.2	2 Connection of the Mass Flow Controller	14
3.2. whe	.3 Connecting UNITY(e) to Air Server Link tube (SERASU-5021) en no dryer is fitted:	15
3.2	4 Requirement for sample pump (U-ASPMP1 / U-ASPMP2)	16
3.2	5 Sample line connection	17
3.3	Electrical and PC connections	17
3.4	Configuring the pump (optional)	17
3.5	Configuring the dryer (optional)	17
3.6 UNI	Installing the UNITY(e) to Air Server Link tube in TY(e)	19
3.7	Loading system software	20
3.8 met	Disconnecting Air Server in order to run tube based hods	22

4.0	Developing a UNITY-Air Server method for	22
wnc	bie air / gas analysis	23
4.1	UNITY-Air Server method	23
4.2	Setting the carrier gas type	24
4.3	Parameters for on-line mode methods	24
4.4	On-line methods	28
5.0 ana	Automatic sequencing of whole-air / gas lyses	28
5.1	Performing analyses	28
5.1	.1 Using the sequence builder and creating sequences of runs	28
5.2	Setting up your first sequence	30
5.3	Running the sequence	33
5.4	Starting at a predefined date and time	34
5.5	Stopping a sequence	34
6.0	Using the Air Server with an ULTRA-UNITY system	35
6.1	Installation of the ULTRA-UNITY-Air Server system	35
6.2	Running Air Server Methods	36
6.2	.1 Configuration changes	36
6.2	.2 Pneumatics set up	37
6.3	Running ULTRA methods	37
6.3	.1 Configuration changes	38
6.3	.2 Pneumatics set up	38

Appendix 1. Multi-channel samplers MCS06 and 40

QUI-0004 V6.1 Aug 06

A1.2	Attaching the (optional) in-line dryer	41
A1.3	Identifying connections on the back panel	42
A1.4 of Air	Configuring the MITD software for the MCS variants Server	43

Table of Figures

Figure 1.	UNITY-Air Server	7
Figure 2.	Standby Mode	9
Figure 3. PEEK tubin	Bulkhead connector located at the rear of UNITY(e) with uncut g fed through.	13
Figure 4.	Air Server connections to the front of UNITY(e)	13
Figure 5.	Connections on the back of the Air Server Unit.	15
Figure 6.	Air Server Link tube - connecting UNITY(e) and Air Server	16
Figure 7.	Mounting bracket attached to the back panel of the Air Server	18
Figure 8. (opposite v	Mounting bracket attached to the back panel of the Air Server view)	19
Figure 9. split vent a	Pneumatics configured for Air Server operation (with T-piece on and union on desorb vent)	22
Figure 10. straight thi controller f	Pneumatics configured for running tube based methods (with rough union on split vent). Air Server acts as a mass flow for the split flows.	23
Figure 11.	On-line Air Method Screen	24
Figure 12.	Pressure release settings within the Options menu	26
Figure 13.	UNITY-Air Server status bar	27
Figure 14. Automatior	Right clicking within the Sequence Builder section of the n Window brings up the contextual menu shown	29
Figure 15.	Add New Set dialogue box before (left) and after (right) editing.	30
Figure 16.	Sequence created using the set defined in Figure 13	32
Figure 17.	Sequence Reporter during a run	33
Figure 18.	Options Reporting tab.	34
Figure 19. Manual)	Air Server connections to ULTRA (see also ULTRA Operators	35
Figure 20.	ULTRA to Air Server connections	36
Figure 21.	Configuration for Air Server methods	37
Figure 22.	UNITY pneumatics connections for running Air Server methods	37

Figure 23.	Configuration set up for running ULTRA methods	38
Figure 24. UltrA	UNITY pneumatic connection when running tube methods via	39
Figure 25.	MCS06 and Air Server	40
Figure 26. (from abov	Sample and pneumatic interface ports on a Multi Channel Sample)	er 41
Figure 27.	Dryer (and interface tube) installed on Multi Channel Sampler	42
Figure 28.	Multi Channel Sampler back panel	42
Figure 29.	Configuration tab	43

The main section of this operators manual refers to the Air Server accessory. The Multi-Channel Samplers (MCS06/08) are detailed in Appendix One.

1.0 Introduction to the Air Server Accessory for UNITY.

The UNITY Thermal Desorber normally requires sample introduction by means of a standard sample tube. This could be a sorbent tube (used for diffusive or pumped sampling) or an empty tube into which solid or liquid samples are weighed for direct desorption. The Air Server accessory connects to UNITY (Figure 1) and extends the compatible sample range to include whole air / gas samples e.g. continuous monitoring of air / gas streams or samples collected in whole-air containers such as canisters or Tedlar bags.

Tubes can still be desorbed using a UNITY configured with the Air Server accessory.



Figure 1. UNITY-Air Server

The Air Server contains an electronic mass flow controller, appropriate inert switching valves and link tubing to interface the accessory to UNITY. The Air Server is controlled via an extended version of UNITY software. It features selection between three inlet ports as standard, using inert, PTFE-body solenoids, and is compatible with gas-phase samples ranging in pressure from sub-atmospheric to 50 psig. The three ports are commonly used for sample, calibrant and zero gas streams, but could just as easily be used for three different samples.

QUI-0004 V6.1 Aug 06

1.1 Summary of Operation

The gas stream selected is directed out of the Air Server accessory (via the dryer - if one is fitted) and into the UNITY cold trap via the Link tube. During this 'sampling phase', UNITY's cold trap is electrically cooled and volatiles from acetylene to $n-C_{14}$ can be quantitatively sampled and retained. The sample / standard gas, once stripped of its target VOCs, exits through the desorb flow vent and is directed to the **'flow in'** port of the electronic mass flow controller on the Air Server. It is not possible to split during sampling. Set and actual sampling flows are displayed via the UNITY software.

If the sample / standard gas is pressurised (>10 psi), the flow through the entire UNITY-Air Server system is driven by this pressure. However if the sample is at low (<10 psi), atmospheric or just below atmospheric pressure, a pump (U-ASPM1 / U-ASPM2) is required to 'pull' the gas-phase sample through the system.

Figure 2. shows the UNITY-Air Server system in standby mode.

Note that the flow controller and the optional pump are located downstream of the cold trap and thus do not come into contact with the sample prior to trapping.

At the end of sampling and after a purge of carrier gas to eliminate air from the trap, the UNITY focusing trap heats in the normal way, transferring compounds of interest to the analytical system and triggering the measurement cycle. The outlet split at this point may be entered in the software and is controlled by the mass flow controller. Collection of the next sample can begin, if required, as soon as the cold trap has re-equilibrated at its trapping temperature.

The UNITY-Air Server sequence of operation is as follows:

- Standby
- Leak test (optional)
- Pressure release
- Pre-purge
- Sampling
- Line purge
- Trap purge
- Trap fire

Further information is given in Section 5.3



Figure 2. Standby Mode

Key Air Server applications include: -

- Continuous on-line measurement of $\rm C_2$ to $\rm C_{10}$ hydrocarbons in ambient air using UNITY-Air Server with GC-FID
- Process monitoring of trace level volatiles in CO₂ using UNITY-Air Server with process MS
- Process monitoring of aroma during food and beverage production using UNITY-Air Server combined with electronic nose technology

2.0 Installation of the Air Server accessory onto UNITY

Note that if the Air Server has been ordered as part of a complete UNITY-Air Server package it is best to complete the UNITY installation first as described in Section 4 of this manual. Instructions for installing Air Server onto an existing UNITY should then be followed (see below).

2.1 Unpacking procedure

Remove the contents from the Air Server shipping box and associated pump and dryer accessories as appropriate. Inspect and check every item against the packing lists below.

2.2 Packing list for Air Server (U-AIRSV)

Part number	Description	Quantity
U-AIRSV	Air Server	1
	Documentation pack containing:	
	Operators manual (QUI-0004)	
	Installation engineer feedback form	1
	Brochure pack	
	Certificate of Conformity	
SERASU-5021	Air Server Interface Link Tube Assy (passed by Test with unit)	1
SERZ-0026	Union brass 1/8" x 1/8"	1
SERZ-0024	Mains cable Type:	1
U-FV003*	Pk 10 Ferrule 1/8" x 1/16" (Graphitised vespel)	4/10
SERZ-0049*	Union brass bulkhead 1/8"	1
SERZ-0062	Tubing PTFE 1/8"	3 m
SERZ-0104*	Union brass 1/8" tee	1
SERZ-0108*	Tube PEEK 1/16" OD x 0.03" bore	1.5 m
SERZ-0108*	Tube PEEK 1/16" OD x 0.03" bore	0.13 m
SERZ-0189	PC Cable	1
U-SW001	Software CD	1

* These items constitute the connection kit for the UNITY(e) **'FLOW OUT'** vents (desorb and split) to the Mass Flow controller **'FLOW IN'** port on the Air Server.

QUI-0004 V6.1 Aug 06

-10-

2.3 Packing list for pump

(Optional - Required where the gas or	r air sample is below 10 psi)
---------------------------------------	-------------------------------

Part number	Description	Quantity
U-ASPMP1	Pump 115V	1
or	or	
U-ASPMP2	Pump 230V	
SERASU-5025	Copper Tube Adaptor	1
SERZ-0206	Tubing Silicone Rubber x 500 mm	2
SERZ-0207	Pump Power Cord (connects to Air Server)	1

2.4 Packing list for dryer

(Optional - Required for monitoring ultra-volatile compounds in humid atmospheres)

Part number	Description	Quantity
SERASU-5023	Nafion Dryer Assembly	1
SERZ-0036	PTFE tubing 1/8" (for Air inlet)	2 m

Note that the Air Server Nafion dryer requires a pressure regulated (\sim 15 psi) supply of around 200 ml/min **dry** gas (air or nitrogen) with a dew point below -35°C (as required for UNITY).

Note also that appropriate fittings will be required to connect the regulated dry gas supply to the 1/8'' PTFE Air Inlet tubing provided.

3.0 Installation

Note: It is strongly recommended that the installation of the Air Server is carried out by a qualified (fully trained) engineer.

If the Air Server has been purchased as part of a complete UNITY-Air Server system it is recommended that the UNITY(e) system is installed and tested first (see UNITY Operators Manual Section Section 4.0). After successful completion of the UNITY system the Air Server should be installed as detailed below.

The Air Server must sit to the immediate left of UNITY(e) (as you look at the system from the front), see Figure 1. At least 15 cm of free bench space is

required in addition to that required for UNITY(e) itself.

Note: the UNITY(e) Thermal Desorber **must be switched off** before installing the Air Server accessory.

3.1 Tools required

To complete the installation you will need the following tools:

- 7/16" wrench / spanner
- 5/16" wrench / spanner
- Small posidrive screwdriver (required for the optional dryer only)

3.2 Pneumatic connections

3.2.1 Installation of PEEK link tube assembly

The installation procedure for this item is as follows:

- Ensure UNITY(e) is switched off.
- Turn off the supplies of carrier gas and air to UNITY(e).
- Disconnect the carrier gas and air supplies from the top back panel of UNITY(e).
- Undo the black plastic knob on the top back UNITY(e) panel and carefully slide back the top, rear painted cover. Take care not to put any strain on the transfer line connection.
- Install the bulkhead connector into the slot on the inner, back top plate of UNITY(e) (Figure 3).
- Working from the front, thread the long length of 1/16" PEEK tubing through the conduit located to the right between the analyser and base (see Figure 4) out of the back and up and through the bulkhead connector shown in Figure 3.



Figure 3. Bulkhead connector located at the rear of UNITY(e) with uncut PEEK tubing fed through.



Figure 4. Air Server connections to the front of UNITY(e)Note: It is not necessary to cut the long length of PEEK tubing, (just pass it

QUI-0004 V6.1 Aug 06

-13-

through the bulkhead as shown in Figure 3), as this will later be attached to the inlet of the MFC.

• Connect the 1/8" brass 'T' to the copper tube of the split flow vent and the 1/8"-1/8" union to the copper tube of the desorb flow vent (Figure 4).

Note: Hold the desorb pneumatics assembly firmly in position during installation of the union onto the desorb flow vent to avoid placing any strain on the cold trap link.

If in any doubt about this, disconnect the pneumatic assembly from the cold trap (see UNITY(e) Operators manual Section 4.2) before attaching the union.

Ensure all connections are firm but not over-tightened. The completed installation of the PEEK link tube assembly to the UNITY(e) pneumatics is illustrated in Figure 4.

- In order to minimise risk of moving the desorb pneumatics chassis and thus placing undue strain on the cold trap link, it is recommended that the PEEK link tube assembly be left connected to the desorb and split flow vents at all times. The assembly offers sufficient flexibility to allow removal of the desorb pneumatic chassis and access to the cold trap when required. However, if it ever becomes necessary to disconnect the assembly, loosen the nuts on the PEEK tubing itself, which contain Graphite Vespel ferrules, rather than those attached to the copper vent tubes which contain metal ferrules.
- If the main UNITY(e) desorb pneumatics assembly was withdrawn from the cold trap before installing the PEEK link tube assembly, this should be replaced following the instructions given in Section 4.2 of the main UNITY(e) operators manual.
- Carefully replace the back cover, again taking care not to strain the transfer line connection.
- Replace and tighten the black plastic knob and reconnect the UNITY(e) gas supplies, ensuring that the two lines are connected the right way round.
- Once the PEEK link tube assembly has been installed and tightened, open up the needle valves on both UNITY(e) pneumatic assemblies until they provide almost no restriction.
- It is important to remember to reset the desorb flow needle valve when reverting to standard tube desorption See Section 3.8 below.

3.2.2 Connection of the Mass Flow Controller

 Connect the end of the long piece of PEEK tubing that was passed through the rear bulkhead of UNITY(e) to the 1/8" fitting on the Air Server labeled 'FLOW IN' (top left as you look at the back of the Air Server unit - see Figure 5).



Figure 5. Connections on the back of the Air Server Unit.

This connection controls the flow through the UNITY(e) cold trap during sampling via the downstream mass flow controller inside the Air Server which also controls the split flow during trap heat.

3.2.3 Connecting UNITY(e) to Air Server Link tube (SERASU-5021) when <u>no dryer</u> is fitted:

Note: the Air Server Link tube is connected differently whenever the Air Server is configured with a dryer - see section 3.5 on dryer installation below.

• The UNITY(e) to Air Server Link tube comprises a sample tube with two lengths of 1/16" stainless steel tubing attached (figure 6).



Figure 6. Air Server Link tube - connecting UNITY(e) and Air Server

- One end of the link tube terminates with a brass nut (this carries the inert purge gas supply from UNITY(e) to the Air Server) and the other end terminates in a stainless steel nut (this carries the sample or purge gas from the Air Server to UNITY(e)).
- Connect the brass 1/16" nut to the brass 1/16" union on the Air Server back plate labeled 'PURGE IN' (top right as you look at the back of the Air Server unit - Figure 5)
- Connect the stainless steel 1/16" nut to the stainless steel union on the Air Server back plate labelled 'SAMPLE OUT' (middle, second row top as you look at the back of the Air Server unit - Figure 5).

3.2.4 Requirement for sample pump (U-ASPMP1 / U-ASPMP2)

If any of the air / gas samples are at low or sub-atmospheric pressure (<10psi), a pump will be required for UNITY-Air Server operation.

• If a pump is to be used, attach the Copper tube adapter (SERASU-5025)

(supplied in the pump shipping kit) to the 1/8'' top, middle fitting on the Air Server back plate labeled **`FLOW OUT'** see Figure 5.

3.2.5 Sample line connection

- Sample lines are connected to the fittings at the bottom of the Air Server back plate labelled 3, 2 and 1 (Figure 5).
- They refer to reference, blank and sample respectively.
- The lengths of 1/8" PTFE tubing included in the Air Server shipping kit can be used for sample connection (cut to required lengths).

Note: The UNITY-Air Server accessory is only rated to 50 psig. Standards or samples at pressures higher than this must be regulated to lower pressures using appropriate pneumatic controls before they are connected to an inlet on the Air Server.

3.3 Electrical and PC connections

- Attach the power lead to the 'POWER IN'/ (ON/OFF) switch socket on the back of the Air Server.
- Attach the PC to Air Server cable (SERZ-0189) to the 9-pin D connector on the back of the Air Server labeled **'IN'** (see Figure 5)

3.4 Configuring the pump (optional)

If the pump is required (see above):

- attach the power cord from the pump to the socket labeled 'PUMP SUPPLY' on the back of the Air Server.
- Connect one length of silicon rubber tubing to the outlet of the pump and use the other to link the pump inlet to the Copper tube adapter installed onto the 'FLOW OUT' fitting on the back of the Air Server - See Figure 5.

3.5 Configuring the dryer (optional)

The Markes International dryer incorporates a semi-permeable membrane which selectively eliminates water and polar organic compounds from a gas or air stream. The selectivity of the dryer is, sometimes, an advantage, for example when monitoring multiple trace level hydrocarbons in real-time in ambient air using GC and FID. However, **note** that alternative, less selective 'drying' options - e.g. use of hydrophobic sorbents, high split ratios, etc. - can be applied for higher boiling (less volatile than ethane) or higher concentration samples. (See Markes Thermal Desorption Technical Support Note TDTS26 Minimising analytical interference from water during the analysis of sorbent tubes.)

If the dryer is required (see above) (refer to figures 7 and 8)

• attach the mounting bracket of the dryer to the back panel of the Air Server using the two screws and washers provided

QUI-0004 V6.1 Aug 06

- Orientate the dryer such that the knob of the needle valve is pointing upwards.
- Plug in the circular electrical fitting to the circular socket labeled **'DRYER'** on the Air Server back panel.



Figure 7. Mounting bracket attached to the back panel of the Air Server



Figure 8. Mounting bracket attached to the back panel of the Air Server (opposite view)

- The dryer requires a pressure regulated supply (~15 psi) of around 200 ml/min dry air or nitrogen.
- The dry gas supply should be connected in to the dryer as shown in figure 8 using the 1/8" copper tubing provided.
- The dry air or nitrogen exhausts from the dryer as shown in figure 7.
- Connect the 1/16" stainless steel nut of the UNITY to Air Server Link tube (SERASU-5021) to the **'SAMPLE OUT'** point of the dryer (see figure 7).
- Connect the 1/16" sample inlet to the dryer to the 1/16" **'SAMPLE OUT'** union on the back of the Air Server (see figures 5 and 7).
- The 'purge' arm of the UNITY to Air Server Link tube which ends with a brass nut connects into the 1/16" brass union labeled '**PURGE IN'** on the back of the Air Server as usual.

3.6 Installing the UNITY(e) to Air Server Link tube in UNITY(e)

Once all the pneumatic and electrical connections have been made:

- position the Air Server immediately to the left of UNITY(e) as you look at the front of the system (Figure 1).
- Bend the sample tube of the UNITY(e) to Air Server Link tube downwards keeping the end to which the two 1/16" tubes are attached pointing to the rear of the instrument.
- Locate the link tube in the UNITY(e) tube desorption oven as if it was a standard tube. Move the left hand lever mechanism of UNITY(e) to seal the link tube into the UNITY(e) flow path.

Note: when the lever is fully down, the two 1/16'' tubes connected into the link tube should be protruding to the left of the instrument, at the far side of the desorption oven cover - see figure 6.

• Adjust the position of the Air Server unit until this can be achieved without placing undue strain on any part of system hardware.

3.7 Loading system software

The minimum PC specifications required for UNITY-Air Server operation are the same as those required for UNITY(e) alone - (UNITY(e) Operators manual Section 2.1) **plus** one additional free serial port.

Note: If sufficient serial ports are not available on the PC then a USB hub system may be used as described in UNITY(e) Operators manual Appendix Four.

3.7.1 Installing UNITY-Air Server software onto a PC that has never before been used for UNITY control

Follow the instructions given for UNITY(e) software in the UNITY(e) Operators Manual Section 6.1.

3.7.2 Installing UNITY-Air Server software onto a PC that has previously been used for UNITY control

If your Air Server is to be added to an existing UNITY installation, the accessory will have been shipped with a new set of UNITY-Air Server software. This software will replace the software you have been using to operate UNITY as a standalone device. Before installing the software upgrade, the old UNITY software must be completely uninstalled from the PC. This should be done following the method given in Appendix One of the main UNITY operators manual - Uninstalling UNITY software from the computer.

Once the old software has been completely removed from the PC, the new software should be installed from the CD as described in Section 6.1 of the main UNITY operators manual.

3.7.3 Switching on

Ensure that the UNITY(e) installation (as described in Section 4 of the main UNITY

operators manual) and the Air Server installation (as described above) have both been completed in full before switching on either instrument. Also ensure that the gas supplies to the system - especially the dry air or nitrogen used for UNITY(e) valve actuation and purging the cold trap box - are on.

Note: As with any UNITY(e) installation, switching on UNITY(e) without a supply of dry gas to purge the cold trap box will lead to icing of the **Peltier cell and possible damage to UNITY(e).** It is for this reason that UNITY(e) has a built in sensor that will detect the lack of dry gas and stop the trap from heating. If a run is initiated under such circumstances, the UNITY(e) status bar (see Section 14.3 of the main UNITY operators manual) will read `**EQUILIBRATING',** and the trap will not reach its '**trap low'** temperature. The user should then switch on the dry gas supply and restart the run.

Ensure that the PC is switched on.

Note: UNITY(e) must never be switched on with the stainless steel trap alignment tool inside the cold trap box.

Having checked all of the above switch both UNITY(e) and the Air Server on using the switch located on the back panel of each instrument.

3.7.4 Downloading the operating software to UNITY-Air Server

Download the software to UNITY(e) as described in Section 6.2 of the main UNITY(e) user manual. Once this download is complete, the UNITY LED will turn green, while that of the Air Server will remain red. The software displayed on the PC at that point is for a standalone, (manual) version of UNITY only.

Use the mouse to click on the **'View'** menu of the software, click on **'Options'** and then select the **'Configurations'** tab.

In the sampling options check the Air Server box (see Section 16 of the main UNITY(e) operators manual).

A **"Change of System Configuration"** warning message will be displayed - click **'OK'** a **"Configurations Options"** dialogue box then appears - click **'OK'**.

Now select the **'Ports'** tab, and select the correct Com port for the Air Server / MCS (if known). The default port is Com2.

Click **'OK'** on the Options page - a **"Software is shutting down"** message will be displayed telling you that the software is closing in order to effect the changes just made.

Recycle the power on the Air Server and then restart the UNITY(e) software by double clicking on the UNITY(e) icon on the Desk top.

Wait as the software is downloaded to the Air Server unit.

Note: that the Air Server LED will turn amber while the download is in progress and will turn green when it is complete. If any problems are encountered when communicating with the Air Server, a Dialogue box containing the message **"OLA unit not detected"** will appear. Under such circumstances, the user should check that the correct serial port has been selected by selecting the option **'select serial port'** from the Dialogue box and changing the port in the drop down list which appears.

-21-

3.8 Disconnecting Air Server in order to run tube based methods

In order to run tube based methods on UNITY(e) the Air Server link tube must be disconnected from UNITY(e), however the carrier gas continues to be directed through the Air Server which acts as a mass flow controller for the split flows.

- Lift the left hand lever mechanism of the UNITY(e) tube oven to unseal the link tube from the flow path.
- Remove the link tube and position out of the way.
- Re-configure the software configuration to remove Air Server from the sampling options. Select "View", "Options" and click on the "Configurations" tab. In the sampling options check the "Manual" box, then click "OK". The software will shut down to effect the changes as described in section 3.7.4 above.
- Re-configure the pneumatics from the set up in figure 9 to that shown in figure 10.



Figure 9. Pneumatics configured for Air Server operation (with T-piece on split vent and union on desorb vent)



Figure 10. Pneumatics configured for running tube based methods (with straight through union on split vent). Air Server acts as a mass flow controller for the split flows.

• Reset the desorb flow to a suitable flow rate for tube based methods (see UNITY operators manual section 25)

4.0 Developing a UNITY-Air Server method for whole air / gas analysis

4.1 UNITY-Air Server method

Once the software has been downloaded to the Air Server, the only operating mode available will be On Line Air and an on-line sampling method is displayed - See figure 11. The system is now ready for use with whole-air samples or for continuous on-line monitoring of air or gas streams.

				X				
31124.44	2	3	Standby Row Rate a	nijimen		Г	Top	ç
05 Prepular	Time	110	Trap Page Time 200	niton	-	-		3
In Line Sampling		S P F	lample Time e3.0 □ Pung On Nov Rute mi/tim IP Oryer On 13.0 □ □ Leak test	Set_00 Sample00_1 Port=1.Sample Garr+N2		1		
Tap Decob Tap Low Tag 10 50 Tap High Tag	Hold	F Spit On IC/s Spit Rown IS 0	n Altrian)
1.000	and a				I F	7 1		
120 Flow Par 0.0 GC Cycle	h Tenp I Time				40		aar -0.	102
120 Flow Par 10.0 GC Cycle 15.0 Minimum	h Tenp 1 Time Carlei Piessa	•			L.	Gai	avi -17	972
Flow Flow <th< th=""><th>h Tenp I Tane Carrier Pressua</th><th>e.</th><th>Controlling Sequence) (Mode</th><th>-0</th><th><u>ل</u>ئ د</th><th>Gan</th><th>wa 41</th><th><u> x</u></th></th<>	h Tenp I Tane Carrier Pressua	e.	Controlling Sequence) (Mode	-0	<u>ل</u> ئ د	Gan	wa 41	<u> x</u>
120 Flow Par 10.0 GC Cycle 15.0 Minimum Recycle	h Tenp r Tine Carles Presos		(Controlling Sequence) (Maddle	-0	4	Gai	wa 47	2772 X X X X X X X X X
120 Flow Par 100 GC Cycle 100 Minimum Recycle Sequent	h Tenp e Tine Carier Pressu ryterettends ce Builder	r. Franceir stra	(Contractions) (Maddin		ن د هو	Gan Gan	pote	2772 X
120 Flow Par 0.0 GC Cyck 5.0 Minimum Recycle Sequen Set	th Temp a Tane Carrier Pressu references to Builder TVPE	re Transmission ()	(Constrainting Sequence) (Madda		C Sec	Gan Gan Gan	svi -[" spote injection	×
120 Flow Par 100 GC Cycli 150 Mineran Recycle Set = ~Set_03	th Temp a Tane Carrier Pressu references ce Builder TYPE	re Transmission for a l Method 400 oL.mh	(Controlling Sequence) (Madda	end)	Commet	Gai	svi -[" spole injection 1	×
120 Flow Pat 10.0 GC Cycle 10.0 Horacan Flowerson Control Recycle Sequen Set 	th Temp e Time (Carrier Precou regeneration for the Builder TYPE	m Transmitterer Method 400 cl. mh	(Curretto Tang Sectores et a) (Madda Sectores et al.	51art Time 14400/200011120/00	C Sec	Aminer Gasi Gasi	poste Injection 1	×172
120 Flow Pat 00 60 C Cycling 30 60 C Cycling 30 60 C Cycling 80 C Cycling Marcular Recycle Sequence Set Sequence Set Sequence Y - Secquence Y - Secquence	th Temp a Time Carrier Pressu ry/sectloads ce Builder TYPE Sample	Method 400 nL mh C-Vhopen Fil	Constrailing Sequence) (Maddle Security Constraints 2013 Interferential (100 mL coll e/Web/web/od/100 mL coll	51et Tite 51et Tite 14/00/2000 14/00/00	Convert	Janier Gas Gas Gas N2	svi -[" pote Injection 1	x72 X
120 Flow Path 10.0 GC Cycli 15.0 Minute Recycle Sequent Set Sequent Set Sequent F ⁻¹ Sect(0.0) F ⁻¹ Secuent(0.0) F ⁻¹ Secuent(0.0) F ⁻¹ Secuent(0.0)	th Temp e Time Carrier Pressur Ce Builder TYPE Sample Sample	Method 400 sL nh C Vingen Fil C Vingen Fil	Constraining Sequence) (Hadde Security Security Security Constraints (Constraint (Unity Sector) (Constraint (Unity Sector) (Constraint)	51at Tine 14/09/2003 14:00:00 14/08/2003 15:00:00	Convet	Janier Gas Gas N2 N2 N2	svi -[" goote Injection 1	xrz
120 Flow Par 10.0 GC Cyclo 15.0 Mirenau Recycle Set 	h Tenp n Tine Carter Pressu Type Builder Type Sanple Sanple	Method 400 nL mh C.Vhogan Fil C.Vhogan Fil	Contractions Secondaria (Madda Secondaria Managementation (Marcania Managementation) Managementation (Managementation) Managementation (Managementation) Managementation (Managementation) Managementation (Managementation) Managementation (Managementation) Managementation (Managementation) Managementation (Managementation) Managementation (Managementation) (Managementatio	51art Time 14/09/2000 14/00 00 14/09/2000 15/00 00 14/09/2000 15/00 00 14/09/2000 15/00 00	Sec Diarret	Gai Gai N2 N2 N2 N2	svi -[]"	xrz
120 Flow Put 0.0 GC Cyclic 3.0 Horman Recycle Sequen Set Sequen	h Tenp 1 Tine I Carter Pressu ry Insettants ce Builder Type Sarple Sarple Sarple Sarple	Method 400 ol. orb C-Vhogan Fil C-Vhogan Fil C-Vhogan Fil C-Vhogan Fil	Contributions Sectoremon (Principle Principle Sectoremon) (Principle Principle Sectoremon) Principle Sectoremon (Principle Principle Sectoremon) Principle Sectoremon (Principle Principle Sectoremon) Principle Sectoremon (Principle Principle Sectoremon) Principle Sectoremon (Principle Secto	51et Title 14/05/200114/00.00 14/05/200115/00.00 14/05/200115/00.00 14/05/200117/00.00	Correct Sec	Amile Gas Marce R Gas N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2	pote	×72
120 Flow Path 0.0 GC Option 5.0 Microsovic Recycle Sequent Set Sequent F - Secold 0.2 P - Secold 0.2 P - Secold 0.2 P - Secold 0.2 P - Secold 0.4 P - Secold 0.4 P - Secold 0.4 P - Secold 0.3	h Tenp Tine Carier Pressu ry Ce Builder TYSE Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple	Method 400 oL.vrh C.VProgen Fil C.VProgen Fil C.VProgen Fil C.VProgen Fil	Control of Sectors of Control of Unity Sectors of Control of Control One of Unity Sectors of Control of Control One of Control One o	51at Tine 14/06/200114/00.00 14/06/200115/00.00 14/06/200115/00.00 14/06/200116/00.00 14/06/200116/00.00	Connel I I I I I I I	America Ri Gast N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2	pote	XY2
Fi20 Flow Path 010 GC Cycling 020 GC Cycling 020 GC Cycling 020 GC Cycling 020 Minimum Recycle Sequence Set Sequence F* Sexplet03, 2 F* Sexplet03, 5	h Tenp e Tine Carier Pierru cy Insethods ce Builder Type Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple	Method 400 st. wh C.Vhogan Fil C.Vhogan Fil C.Vhogan Fil C.Vhogan Fil C.Vhogan Fil C.Vhogan Fil	Controlling Sequence) (Model December 2000) and December 400 mL with er/Unity/wethod:/400 mL with er/Unity/wethod:/400 mL with er/Unity/wethod:/400 mL with er/Unity/wethod:/400 mL with er/Unity/wethod:/400 mL with	51et Titer 54/08/2003 14:00.00 14/08/2003 15:00.00 14/08/2003 15:00.00 14/08/2003 15:00.00 14/08/2003 16:00.00 14/08/2003 16:00.00 14/08/2003 16:00.00 14/08/2003 19:00.00	Correct	Gai	pote	
120 Flow Pat 10.0 GC Cycli 15.0 Miranum Recycle Sequent Set Sequent Sequent Sequent Sequent Sequent Sequent Sequent Sequent Sequent	h Tenp e Tane Carier Persu ry Josef Persu ce Builder Type Sarple Sarple Sarple Sarple Sarple Sarple Sarple	Method 400 ol. reh C. Vhogan Fil C. Vhogan Fil C. Vhogan Fil C. Vhogan Fil C. Vhogan Fil C. Vhogan Fil	Constraining Sequences) (Handle Sequences) (Sequences) (Hang) Anstrady 400 mL with In (Unig) Anstrady 400 mL with	51et Titler 14/06/2003 14/00 00 14/06/2003 15/00 00 14/06/2003 15/00 00 14/06/2003 16/00 00 14/06/2003 18/00 00 14/06/2003 18/00 00 14/06/2003 18/00 00 14/06/2003 20/00 00	Coursel	Gai	sente Intention	×r2
F20 Prov Pat 010 GC Cyck 010 GC Cyck 010 GC Cyck 010 Microson Recycle Sequence 5et Sequence 9 Seque	h Tenp e Tine (Carier Piesra (Carier Piesra (Carier Piesra (Carier Piesra (Carier Piesra) (Carier Piesra) (Car	Method 400 ol. wh C. Vhogan Fé C. Vhogan Fé	Control and Second Control (Market Participation of the Second S	51art Time 14/09/2000 14/00 00 14/09/2000 16/00 00 14/09/2000 16/00 00 14/09/2000 16/00 00 14/09/2000 19/00 00 14/09/2000 19/00 00 14/09/2000 19/00 00 14/09/2000 21/00 00 14/09/2000 21/00 00	Correct See	Gas Gas N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2	porte	
Fi20 Flow Path 010 GC Cycli 020 GC Cycli 030 GC Cycli 030 Manuar Recycle Sequen 5et Sequen F - Secold 0.3 F - Secold 0.3 F - Secold 0.5 F - Secold 0.5 F - Secold 0.7 F - Secold 0.7	h Tenp e Tine (Cater Press) oc Builder Type Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple Sanple	Method 400 oL of C.Vhogan Fé C.Vhogan Fé C.Vhogan Fé C.Vhogan Fé C.Vhogan Fé C.Vhogan Fé C.Vhogan Fé C.Vhogan Fé	Control and Sectorem (Control and Sectorem (See Connel	Annual Gass	poste	× 1
120 Flow Path 10.0 GC Optil 15.0 Microsovi Recycle Sequence Set Sequence Set Sequence Set Sequence P - Sequence, Sequence Sequence P - Sequence, Sequence Sequence P - Sequence, Sequence Sequence P - Sequence, Sequ	h Tenp e Taxe (Carler Piezra rydraethork) ce Builder TyPE Sangle Sangle Sangle Sangle Sangle Sangle Sangle Sangle Sangle	Method 400 ol. orb C. Vhogan Fi C. Vhogan Fi	Card Constant of Constant of Constant In Constant of Constant In Constant of Consta	51at Time 14/06/2003 14/00 00 14/06/2003 15/00 00 14/06/2003 15/00 00 14/06/2003 16/00 00 14/06/2003 16/00 00 14/06/2003 20/00 00 14/06/2003 22/00 00 14/06/2003 22/00 00 14/06/2003 22/00 00 14/06/2003 22/00 00	Sec Correct Damet	Gast Gast N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2	poste	× 12

Figure 11. On-line Air Method Screen

Note: For Air Server systems with serial number (GB00)A-**2**xxxx using software version 2.2.0 (or earlier) the **'Pump On'** check box has no function. For Air Server systems with serial number (GB00)A-**1**xxxx using software version 2.2.0 (or earlier) the **'Pump On'** check box will switch the Air Server pump on or off (assuming the appropriate option is selected). **It is strongly recommended** that the box is left checked (i.e. Pump On) at all times.

Note: Selection of or **'Dryer On'** (for humid samples) by checking the appropriate box will only be effective if the appropriate option has been installed.

4.2 Setting the carrier gas type

- Under the 'View' menu select 'Options' and then 'Gas'.
- Access the carrier gas selection by clicking on the box with the small arrow to the right of the gas type.
- The three carrier gas options He, H_2 and N_2 will then be displayed.
- Click on the desired gas and then click on the **'OK'** button to select and set the carrier gas type.

4.3 Parameters for on-line mode methods

All on-line method parameters (except **Sample Gas** and **Sample Channel**) are accessed and changed in the same way as tube desorption method parameters in other method modes - see Section 22 of the main UNITY operators manual.

This section of the manual only covers those parameters which differ from those used in standard tube desorption methods. For common parameters, such as the flow path temperature, reference is made to the relevant sections of the main UNITY operators manual.

Split on in standby: This is the same parameter used in tube desorption methods (see Section 19 of the main UNITY operators manual) except that, in on-line mode the flow through the split in standby is controlled by the electronic mass flow controller. The flow range is from 5-100 ml/min and may be set as required.

Standby split flow: Type in the standby split flow (Range 5-100 ml/min) as required.

Leak test: Given that UNITY-Air Server systems are commonly used in a continuous or semi-continuous sequence by recycling or linking methods and given that there is no need to break into the sample flow path by using the lever mechanism to change a tube between samples, the leak test is optional in on-line mode.

However, if a sequence of air analyses is to be run in on-line mode and with the leak test de-selected, it is recommended that an initial leak test be carried out to check system integrity before initiating the series of runs.

To do this, first set up the run with **'leak test'** selected - i.e. check the appropriate box. Ensure that the UNITY(e) to Air Server Link tube is properly located in the desorption oven with the lever mechanism fully down as described above.

Initiate the run using the **'Start run'** command - see Section 30 of the main UNITY operators manual. Watch as the instrument performs the complete leak test. If the leak test is successful, stop the run immediately as described in Section 31 of the main UNITY(e) operators manual.

The on-line mode method can then be modified to de-select the leak test before running the sequence of samples. Save the method at this stage.

If the leak test is not successful, re-check the seal of the UASL link tube and all the connections between UNITY(e) and the Air Server.

Pressure release: The Air Server can be used to sample using a pump or directly from a pressurised container. In standby (figure 2), the UNITY(e) trap and internal flow path is at the pressure of the column. In the case of a pressurised source, if the carrier gas pressure is greater then the pressure of the sample, then carrier gas will flow into the container when the sequence enters pre -purge. In order to avoid dilution of the sample with carrier gas the pressure of the UNITY(e) flow path is first reduced by venting carrier gas through the split line prior to opening any sampling valves. The duration of this vent is set in the **View >option>sequence** section of the UNITY(e) software (figure 12.)

Options	
Methods Gas Sequence Ports Configuration Reporting	Miscellaneous
Sequence AirServer, wait for external ready before prepurge Use Dry Purge DryPurge/Standard Turn on Unty Tube Heater with AirServer	
 Turn on UltrA. Tube Heater Turn on Re-collection Tube Heater 	
Pre Trap-Fire Purge Time: AirServer Post Leak Test Pressure Release Time:	0.3
Post Tube Desorb Pressure Release Time:	0.3
OK	

Figure 12. Pressure release settings within the Options menu

Note: The default value is 0.3, values greater than this may be required particularly if sampling from very low-pressure source such as tedlar bags.

Prepurge time: Range 0.0 to 99.9 minutes selectable in 0.1 minute increments. This ensures that the UNITY-Air Server flow path and individual sample lines leading up to the Air Server are swept with the current sample before sample collection. This allows accurate metering of a volume of sample during the sample collection phase without either contamination from previous samples or dilution by carrier gas. The mass flow controller controls the pre-sample purge flow to that set for sampling. The pre-sample purge flow is all directed down the split line. None of the gas is allowed to pass into the cold trap.

Trap purge time: Range 0.2 to 99.9 minutes selectable in 0.1 minute increments. This relates to the post sampling purge of the sampling lines and cold trap with carrier gas before the trap is desorbed. It is analogous to the ambient temperature purge of the tube before desorption (see Section 21 of the main UNITY(e) operators manual). The Air Server and UNITY(e) sweep the internal sample flow path (including the dryer, if fitted) out of the split, for the first 12 seconds, thus ensuring that the metered volume of sample collected on the cold trap is not added to. After the 12 second purge to split, the carrier gas is switched to flow entirely through the cold trap and eliminate air before the trap is heated.

Note: By careful adjustment of the cold trap sorbents, purge volume and cold trap temperature it is also often possible to use the trap purge to

selectively eliminate water and / or solvents without losing compounds of interest.

The **'Trap purge time'** parameter determines the length of time that the carrier gas is purging through the cold trap and includes by default the initial 12 second purge to split.

Trap purge flow: Range 5-100 ml/min. This determines the flow rate of carrier gas during the trap purge procedure above.

Check boxes for pump:

(Serial number (GB00)A-1xxxx and software version 2.2.0 or earlier).

If the pump is fitted and switched on it is possible to select for it to be on or off for any particular method, using the **'Pump On'** check box.

Note: It is strongly recommended that the pump is left on all the time (i.e. the check box is always ticked).

(Serial number (GB00)A-2xxxx and software version 2.2.0 or earlier).

The check box has no function.

Check boxes for dryer:

If a dryer is installed on the back of the Air Server, **'Dryer On'** must be selected in the method by checking the appropriate box.

Note: Failure to do this will lead to sample passing into the membrane dryer without the counter flow of dry air / nitrogen being actuated. This can cause contamination of the dryer.

The dryer will not function without the appropriate hardware being installed.

Sample time: Range 0.0 to 999.9 minutes selectable in 0.1 increments. After the leak test (if selected) and after the pre-sample purge, the flow of sample air / gas is directed to the electrically-cooled trap of UNITY(e) for the time set as 'sample time'.

Flow rate: Range 5-100 ml/min. This determines the flow of sample air / gas into the cold trap for the sampling time. It is controlled by the mass flow controller inside the Air Server and is independent of the pressure of the sample. During sampling the actual flow will be displayed in the System Status box of UNITY(e) software - see figure 13.



Figure 13. UNITY-Air Server status bar

GC Cycle time: Entry of GC cycle time allows collection of the next sample to overlap the analysis of the previous sample. The cycle time should equal the sum of times of all the different phases of analyser operation - for example GC run time, cool down and equilibration. In the case of on-line mode operation, UNITY(e) software uses the cycle time parameter to calculate when collection of the next sample can begin such that the cold trap

will be ready to desorb just after the analyser is ready for the next injection. **Note:** If sampling delays and intervals are set in the **"Automation Window"** then the GC cycle time should be set to 0.1 minutes to avoid any interference with automated sampling times.

Further Notes:

- Splitting is not available during the on-line sampling phase.
- As with tube desorption methods, the status of the flow path in on-line mode can be displayed schematically on the PC screen at all times. This facility is accessed as described in Section 18 of the main UNITY(e) users manual.
- As in the case of tube desorption, carrier gas is continually supplied to the GC or other analyser during standby and throughout all the pre-trapdesorption processes. Carrier gas is supplied to the transfer line(s) connecting UNITY(e) to the analyser(s) via the desorber's carrier by-pass line. As with conventional UNITY(e) installations, the flow of carrier gas to the analyser(s) is determined by the head pressure of the gas and impedence of the analytical system - e.g. GC column, sensor restrictor, etc..

Split flow during trap heat: Range 5-100 ml/min. It is possible to split the sample as it desorbs during trap heat. In this case, the carrier gas head pressure drives the flow of carrier gas through the hot trap and determines the flow to the analyser(s). The flow to the split vent and, consequently the split ratio, is determined by the split flow setting and is controlled by the mass flow controller.

Note: Other cold trap parameters are as described for tube desorption methods - see Section 22.2.1 of the main UNITY(e) operators manual.

4.4 On-line methods

Once an on-line mode method has been generated it is treated in the same way as one of the tube desorption methods with respect to 'controlling' system operation, storage, recall and method linking - see Section 17 of the main UNITY(e) operators manual.

5.0 Automatic sequencing of whole-air / gas analyses

5.1 Performing analyses

The UNITY-Air Server system runs in a fashion analogous to that of the automated UNITY-ULTRA system, in that the Automation Window provides the top level control for running the instrument. The Automation Window allows the user the freedom to run a single method or a complex sequence of timed analyses with minimal effort.

5.1.1 Using the sequence builder and creating sequences of runs

QUI-0004 V6.1 Aug 06

-28-

Sequences are made up of sets with each set being a series of analyses. When a set is first created it is a rapid and convenient tool for associating a defined number of analyses with a specific method and sample channel. However, once created, sets may be modified to contain any combination of methods and / or sample channels. Sequences containing complex sets may be saved for use at a later date.

Sequences and sets are created and / or amended via the Automation Window which appears by default in Air Server mode (see figure 9). When the software is set up to run in Air Server mode for the first time, a default sequence with one set of ten runs is created. Right clicking with the mouse anywhere within the **"Sequence Builder"** section of the Automation Window will bring up the contextual menu for the sequence builder (figure 14).

Note: These options can also be accessed by selecting the **'Automation'** menu via the main tool bar.

💭 C:\Program Files\Unity	r\methods	\Example.seq (Contro	olling Sequence)						
Sequence Build	ler	Sequence Viewer		Sequence Reporter					
Set	TYPE	Method	Start Time	Channel	Gas	Injection			
🛨 🧽 DefaultSet		default.mth	Immediate			1			
		New Sequence Open Sequence Add Sequence Add OLA Set Add OLA Sample Delete Item							

Figure 14. Right clicking within the Sequence Builder section of the Automation Window brings up the contextual menu shown

The contextual menu contains six items:

New Sequence - Creates a new blank sequence in a new Automation Window.

Open Sequence - Opens the File Open dialogue to allow a previously saved sequence to be opened in a new Automation Window.

Add Sequence - Opens the File Open dialogue to allow a previously saved sequence to be appended to the end of the current sequence.

Add New Set - Opens the Add New Set dialogue (see section 6.2) and once the new set has been defined it is appended to the next available row in the sequence.

Add Sample - Adds a single sample to a set within a sequence (only available once a Set has been expanded by clicking on the plus (+) sign located to the left of the Set name).

Delete Item - Deletes the selected row - this may also be performed by pressing the Delete button on your keyboard.

5.2 Setting up your first sequence

The first stage to setting up a single analysis or series of analyses is to edit and save an Air Server method with convenient parameters. In the example shown in figure 11 a method has been set up to take 400 ml of sample in 10 minutes and saved under the name **"400 ml.mth"**. Once you have created your new Air Server method and saved it you are ready to create your first sequence.

Right click in the sequence builder to bring up the contextual menu and select **'New Sequence'** and a new empty Automation Window will appear. It is good practice at this point to save this new sequence under a suitable file name (in the example given in figure 11 the name chosen was **"Example.seq"**) - to do this, use the **"File - Save As"** function in the main software window.

Having saved your new sequence the next step is to create your first set. As before right click to bring up the contextual menu and select "Add OLA Set". This will bring up the "Select Method to be used with Sample or Set" dialogue which allows you to select the saved method you wish to use.

Once the method has been selected the **"Add New Set"** dialogue box will appear (as shown on the left-hand side in figure 15), with the selected method entered in the Method box.

Add New Set	Add New Set
Set Name	Set Name
Set_02	24 hr round the clock sampling
Method	Method
C:\Program Files\Unity\Methods\400 ml.mth	C:\Program Files\Unity\Methods\400 ml.mth
ChannelSamplesNo. of Injection1IIIRecollect1stGasNoneIN2I	ChannelSamplesNo. of Injection1241Recollect1stGasNone1AIR
Sample (base) Name Cancel Sample02_ OK	Sample (base) Name Cancel 400ml (10min @ 40ml/min) _ OK
Sample Interval (days:hours:minutes) : 0:00:00 Set Delay (days:hours:minutes) : 0:00:00	Sample Interval (days:hours:minutes) : 0:01:00 Set Delay (days:hours:minutes) : <mark>0:00:00</mark>

Figure 15. Add New Set dialogue box before (left) and after (right) editing.

The parameters within the "Add New Set" dialogue are the following:

Set Name - Alphanumeric name given to a set to describe its contents - it is the only name that will be visible when a set is collapsed

Method - The UNITY-(Air Server) method that will initially be attributed to all the members of this set. By default the software automatically inserts here the most recently modified method. Alternatively, double-clicking in

QUI-0004 V6.1

Aug 06

this box with the left-hand mouse button opens the '**File Open'** dialogue allowing selection of an existing UNITY method.

Channel - The channel that will initially be attributed to all the members of this set (1 = Sample channel, 2 = Blank channel, 3 = Reference channel). The channel number set here corresponds to the numbers shown on the back panel of the Air Server (see Figure 5).

Samples - The number of separate sample rows to be included within a set.

Injections - The number of times each sample row will be repeated.

Recollect - When an optional re-collection ULTRA is installed it is possible to re-collect up to 99 on-line air samples automatically onto tubes for sample archiving and method validation purposes.

1st - When re-collect is available, see above, this defines the first tube onto which sample will be recollected.

Gas - Sets the sample gas type so that the correct calibration factor is applied to the mass flow controller. Available options are: N_2 , CO_2 , Air, He or H_2

Sample base name - The base name given to all the samples within a set to which an automatically incremented number is appended.

Sample Interval - Allows a timed interval to be specified between consecutive samples (0-9 days : 00-23 hours : 00-59 minutes).

Note: If the sum of the times set within a given method (leak test, pressure release, prepurge, sample, trap purge and trap fire time) exceeds the interval specified here, then the interval will not be taken into account. In this case consecutive runs will take place one after another at a frequency determined by the overall method duration.

Set delay - Allows an inter-set delay to be set between the last sample of a given set and the first sample of the next set. The total delay will be equal to the delay time plus the sample interval time, therefore if the sample interval is set to 20 minutes and the set delay is set to 40 minutes then the total delay will be 60 minutes between the last sample of a given set and the first sample of the subsequent set.

The example shown on the right hand side of Figure 15 shows the Add Set dialogue with typical parameters filled in for creating a round the clock sampling sequence. The set that will be created will have the following characteristics:

- It will be called "24 hr round clock sampling"
- All the runs will be associated with the 400ml sample volume method set up earlier
- All samples will be taken down sample channel 1 (the Sample channel)
- The total number of samples within the set is 24
- Each sample (row) will only be run once (note that here if the number of samples was set to one but the number of injections set to 24 then this would achieve the same overall result but make later editing of the set more

difficult)

- Re-collection is not available so it is greyed out as is the first tube number
- The sample gas type is defined as air
- The sample base name is "400ml (10min @ 40ml/min) _": a very descriptive name is useful as the report tables may be imported into GC acquisition software
- The inter-sample interval is set to 1 hour.

Note: in this case the sampling time set in the method is ten minutes and therefore the UNITY-Air Server will sample for the first ten minutes of every hour

- There is no inter-set delay
- Clicking on **OK** produces the Sequence shown in Figure 16 to view the expanded version of a set click on the plus (+) sign next to the set name.

Sequence Builder		Interest Paras			100.00	rea Fighting
	TYPE	Method	Start Time	Channel	Gat	Injection
-24 hr round the clock sampling		400 mi.mth	The second second			1
1-400ml (10min @ 40ml/min)1	Sample	C:/Program Files/Unity/methods/400 ml.mth	Inmediate	1	AIR	1
F-400mi (10min @ 40mi/min)2	Sample	C \Program Files\Unity\methods\400 mi.mh	0.01.00	1	AIR	1
F- 400ml (10min @ 40ml/min)3	Sample	C-/Program Files/Unity/wethods/400 niLmth	0.02.00	1	AIR	1
F'- 400ml (10min @ 40ml/min)4	Sample	C-VProgram Files/Unity/methods/400 ml.mth	0.03.00	1	AIR	1
F'- 400mi (10min @ 40mi/min)5	Sample	C1Program Files/Unity/wethods/400 nil.mth	0.04:00	1	AIR	1
F*- 400mi (10min @ 40mi/min)6	Sample	C1Program Files1/Unity1wethods1/400 mLmth	0.05.00	1	AIR	1
F'- 400ml (10min @ 40ml/min)?	Sample	C:\Program Files\Unity\methods\400 mi.mth	0.06.00	1	AIR	1
F'- 400ml (10min @ 40ml/min)8	Sample	C:/Program Files/Unity/wethods/400 ml.mth.	0.07.00	1	AIR	1
1-400ml (10min @ 40ml/min)9	Sample	C1/Program Files/Unity/wethods/400 mLmh	0.08.00	1	AIR	1
1-400mi (10min @ 40mi/min)10	Sample	C:\Program Files\Unity\methods\400 nil.mh	0.09.00	1	AIR	1
F'- 400mi (10min @ 40mi/min)[11	Sample	C-VProgram Files/Unity/wethods/400 ml.mlh	0.10.00	1	AIR	1
F*- 400ml [10min @ 40mil/min]12	Sample	C1Program Files/Unity/wethods/400 mLmth	0.11.00	1	AIR	1
1- 400ml (10mm @ 40ml/min)13	Sample	C \Program Files\Unity\methods\400 ni.mh	0.12.00	1	AIR	1
F'- 400n8 (10min @ 40mi/min)[14	Sample	C-VProgram Files/Unity/methods/400 nil.mth	0.13:00	1	AIR	1
1"- 400ml (10min @ 40ml/min)15	Sample	C-VProgram Files/Unity/methods/400 ml.mth	0.14:00	1	AIR	1
1-400ml (10min @ 40ml/min)16	Sample	C1Program Files/Unity/wethods/400 nil.mh	0.15.00	1	AIR	1
F-400ni (10nin @ 40ni/min)17	Sample	C:/Program Files/Unity/wethods/400 ni.mth	0.16.00	1	AIR	1
F*- 400mi (10min @ 40mi/min)18	Sample	C1/Program Files/Unity/methods/400 ml.mth	0.17.00	1	AIR	1
1-400ml (10min @ 40ml/min)19	Sample	C-\Program Files\Unity\methods\400 mi.mh	0.18.00	1	AIR	1
1-400ml (10min @ 40ml/min)20	Sample	C1/Program Files1/Unity/wethods1/400 mLmth	0.19.00	1	AIR	1
1-400ml [10min @ 40ml/min]21	Sample	C1/Program Files1/Unity/wethods1400 mLmth	0.20.00	1	AIR	1
F*- 400mi (10min @ 40mi/min)22	Sanple	C1/Program Files1/Unity/wethods1400 nil.mth	0.21.00	1	AIR	1
1"- 400ml Calibration Standard	Calibration	C-VProgram Files/Unity/wethods/400 ml.mth	0.22.00	2	N2	1
E*- 400ml N2 blank	Elant.	C-Program Files/Unity/everholds/400 mi.mth	0.22.00	III IIIII ANNI	He	

Figure 16. Sequence created using the set defined in Figure 13

In a true air monitoring scenario, it would be convenient to include in this set a run of zero gas to check the instrument blank and a run of calibration gas to check retention times and response factors. Close scrutiny of the sequence shown in Figure 16 will reveal that lines 23 (calibration standard run) and 24 (blank run) have already been edited to do this. This can be done quite simply by double clicking on any of the parameters to change them - note that the gas for the blank and calibration has been changed from Air to Nitrogen.

It will also be common in an Air monitoring scenario to want to run the same set of runs again and again. This may be achieved simply by clicking the recycle check box (top left in the automation window) where you will be prompted to define a number of re-cycles. e.g. If Stop after 1 re-cycle is selected, then the sequence is run through twice. If nothing is entered then this set of runs will run indefinitely. **Note:** it is good practice to save your sequence prior to running it.

5.3 Running the sequence

Before starting the run you will need to make the sequence you have created into

the **controlling sequence**. This is easily achieved by clicking the **sequence** icon on the menu bar.

The next step is to set the sequence going by clicking on the **"Run"** button in the UNITY(e) Toolbar - see Section 30 of the main UNITY(e) operators manual.

Once "Run" is clicked then you will be prompted to start immediately:

- "Yes" triggers the UNITY Air Server system to start straight away
- "No" opens the "Start Time Dialogue" box (see below)
- "Cancel" takes the system back into standby to allow further editing of the newly created sequence

If the sequence is set to run immediately then the start time column in the sequence builder will be filled with the relevant start times for each of the samples.

Note: if recycle is chosen then only the start times for the first run through the set are shown - these start times are updated each time a full cycle is completed.

Once running, progress through the sequence may be monitored via the sequence reporter tab in the Automation Window (figure 17).



Figure 17. Sequence Reporter during a run

The parameters reported in the sequence reporter may be changed by going to **"View"** then selecting **"Options"** and then selecting the **"Reporting"** Tab, figure 18. Click on the parameters that you wish to view in the Sequence Report.

Note: a spreadsheet view of this Sequence Report (.csv file) can be created from this Reporting Tab by clicking **"Create Report File"** and saving the file.

Options						
Methods Gas	Sequence Po	rts Conf	iguration	Reporting	Miscellaneous	
Reportin	ig					
🔽 Sa	mple Name					
🔽 Sa	mple Channel	🔽 Sampl	e Gas			
Me	thod Name					
I Sar	mpling Start Time	Sampl	ing End Tir	ne 🔽	Sample Type	
Sar	mple Volume	Maxim	um Flow		Minimum Flow	
IV Ira	ap Fire Lime					
I♥ On I▼ Air	Server Deviations					
□ Inje	ection Count					
Cyc	cle Count					
			ſ	ſ		
	OK			Cre	ate Report File	

Figure 18. Options Reporting tab.

5.4 Starting at a predefined date and time

If the start of the sequence needs to be delayed until a very specific date and time then clicking **"No"**, when prompted to start immediately, will bring up the **"Start Time"** dialogue box. Here it is possible to define the start date and time down to the nearest minute and as far in advance as wished.

5.5 Stopping a sequence

Clicking the **'stop'** icon (see Section 31 of the main UNITY operators manual) when in Air Server mode will present you with several options:

- Continue Running this will allow you to continue uninterrupted if you have clicked stop by accident
- Stop after next injection of this sample this will stop the sequence after it has finished sampling and injected the sample (row) that is currently running
- Stop after all injections of this sample this will stop the sequence after it has finished all of the sampling steps and injections defined in the current sample (row)
- Stop at the end of this set will stop when the current set has completed
- Stop at the end of this cycle will complete all the sets in a sequence and then stop (this is useful for interrupting a sequence when cycle indefinitely has been chosen)

• Stop immediate - this will stop the UNITY-Air Server immediately even if it is half way through a sampling step - using stop immediate could mean that the cold trap is loaded with sample when you come to start the next sequence

6.0 Using the Air Server with an ULTRA-UNITY system

A UNITY thermal desorber may be installed with both an on-line Air Server **and** a 100-tube ULTRA autosampler (See ULTRA Operators Manual QUI-0006).

Note: although both autosamplers are connected to the UNITY they cannot both be operated in the same sequence.

6.1 Installation of the ULTRA-UNITY-Air Server system

The system should be installed by first completing an ULTRA-UNITY installation as described in the ULTRA Operators Manual. The Air Server should then be connected to the UltrA as shown in figures 19 and 20.

This hardware configuration can be set up permanently and then depending on whether you wish to run ULTRA or Air Server methods the configuration / pneumatics can be changed as appropriate (see below).



Figure 19. Air Server connections to ULTRA (see also ULTRA Operators Manual)



Figure 20. ULTRA to Air Server connections

6.2 Running Air Server Methods

6.2.1 Configuration changes

The configuration should be changed via the Options menu.

Select **"Options"** on the software menu and then select the **"Configurations"** tab. Select the blank tube position as shown in figure 21 (the default is position 1) and then place an empty tube in this position in the ULTRA trays.

Options								
Methods	Gas Se	quence	Ports	Configuratio	n R	eporting	Miscellane	ous
Aut	omation							
	Sampling				Re-c	ollection		
	C AirS	erver and						
	AirS	erver						
	O Ulto	ATD			0	UltrATD		
	O Mar	nual			•	Manual		
		d/Unload		tres				
	Load	Temp		1		nLoadTei	np	_
		,	\sim				· · ·	
				ſ			10 A	-
	Sampling		. 7					
	AirServer	Channels	\sim		_		ю. в	
	Number	Of Chani	nels: 3	-		Externa	I Valve Presi	ent
				_		Standb	yFlowUn	
	🔽 Use Ulti	A with Ai	rServer	Г		Inity with I		Module
	Use Un	ity with Q	MB Sens	or 🗆		te Direct	Mode with H	P7694
		ОК						
_		<u> </u>						

Figure 21. Configuration for Air Server methods

This tube will be permanently loaded within ULTRA to complete the flow path while operating Air Server methods.

6.2.2 Pneumatics set up

Figure 20 shows how the UNITY pneumatics should be configured (i.e. just as if UNITY were connected directly to an Air Server as in section 3.2 figure 4 above).



Figure 22. UNITY pneumatics connections for running Air Server methods

6.3 Running ULTRA methods

QUI-0004 V6.1 Aug 06

-37-

6.3.1 Configuration changes

The configuration should be changed via the Options menu.

Select **"Options"** on the software menu, select the **"Configurations"** tab and set up as shown in figure 23.

Options									
Methods	Gas	Sequence	Ports	Config	uration	Reporting	Misce	llaneous	
Aut	Samp Samp C C	ling AirServer and AirServer UltrATD Manual			Re-colle C A C 50 © M	ection utosecure (2):50 (Same I anual	nd UltrA UltrATD	ATD))	
	UltrA I Blank	Load/Unload LoadTemp	ITempera 50.0	atres		UnLoadTer	mp 1	00.0	
			-		Re		JitrA	-	
	-AirSe Nun	rver Channels nber Of Chani	s nels:	7		☐ Externa ☐ Standby	l Valve yFlowOr		
	Use	e UltrA with Ai e Unity with Q	rServer MB Sens	or	V Us	e Unity with I	Flow Co	ontrol Mod	ule
		OK							

Figure 23. Configuration set up for running ULTRA methods

This will allow you to run tube methods via ULTRA and to use the Air Server as a Mass Flow Controller for the split vent.

6.3.2 Pneumatics set up

The UNITY pneumatics should be configured as shown in figure 24 to allow mass control (from the Air Server) of the UNITY split vent.



Figure 24. UNITY pneumatic connection when running tube methods via ULTRA

Appendix 1. Multi-channel samplers MCS06 and MCS08

The standard Air Server described in the manual comes with three sampling ports typically designated as sample, reference and blank channels. When a multichannel sampler is used it extends the number of sampling ports to either six (MCS06) or eight (MCS08). Figure 25 shows a comparison between a 6-port multi-channel sampler and the standard Air Server



Figure 25. MCS06 and Air Server

Besides the number of sampling ports the big difference between the two systems is the positioning of the pneumatics connections. On a standard Air Server the pneumatics connections are all made on the back panel (see section 3.2) on the multi-channel system all of the pneumatics connections (apart from the inlet to and outlet from the mass flow controller) are situated on the top of the instrument.

A1.1 Installing and configuring the multi-channel sampler

The installation of a multi-channel sampler does not differ greatly from the installation of a standard Air Server (see section 2) with the exception of the position of the sample and pneumatic interface ports (see figure 26).



Figure 26. Sample and pneumatic interface ports on a Multi Channel Sampler (from above)

A1.2 Attaching the (optional) in-line dryer

Where the optional in-line Nafion dryer has been supplied with the multi-channel sampler it should be mounted as shown in figure 27 using the screws supplied - further details on dry gas type, flow and pressure are given in section 3.5



Figure 27. Dryer (and interface tube) installed on Multi Channel Sampler

A1.3 Identifying connections on the back panel



Figure 28. Multi Channel Sampler back panel

Please note that unlike Air Server there is no provision for a power out socket to supply the optional pump. If a pump is required to draw a low pressure sample through the system then it will require a separate mains supply. Pneumatically

QUI-0004 V6.1 Aug 06 the pump should be attached as with Air Server to the outlet from the mass flow controller on the back panel of the instrument (see section 3.2.4)

A1.4 Configuring the MITD software for the MCS variants of Air Server

The MCS06 and MCS08 samplers require MITD software version 2.0.0 or later. Follow the instructions in UNITY(e) user manual, Appendix 1 to remove any previous version of software.

Download the software to UNITY as described in Section 6.2 of the main UNITY user manual. Once the download is complete, access the configuration tab under **"View" "Options"** and select the Air Server from the list of sampling options (as described in section 3.7 above) see figure 29.

Options		
Methods	Gas Sequence Ports Cor	nfiguration Reporting Miscellaneous
Aut	omation Sampling C AirServer and UltrA AirServer C UltrATD C Manual	Re-collection Autosecure (2nd UltrATD) 50:50 (Same UltrATD) Manual
	UltrA Load/Unload Temperatres LoadTemp	UnLoadTemp
	Sampling UltrA	Re-collection UltrA
\langle	AirServer Channels Number Of Channels: 3	External Valve Present
	Use UltrA with AirServer Use Unity with QMB Sensor	Use Unity with Flow Control Module
	OK	

Figure 29. Configuration tab

Next select the number of channels required - either 6 (MCS06) or 8 (MCS08). (N.B. the default value is 3 which corresponds to an Air Server installation).

The number of channels configured determines the number that can be programmed from within the UNITY software