

Low Noise, 8th Order, Clock Sweepable Elliptic Lowpass Filter

FEATURES

- 8th Order Filter in a 14-Pin Package
- No External Components
- 100:1 Clock to Center Ratio
- $150\mu\text{V}_{\text{RMS}}$ Total Wideband Noise
- 0.03% THD or Better
- 50kHz Maximum Corner Frequency
- Operates from $\pm 2.37\text{V}$ to $\pm 8\text{V}$ Power Supplies
- Passband Ripple Guaranteed Over Full Military Temperature Range

APPLICATIONS

- Antialiasing Filters
- Telecom PCM Filters

DESCRIPTION

The LTC1064-1 is an 8th order, clock sweepable elliptic (Cauer) lowpass switched capacitor filter. The passband ripple is typically $\pm 0.15\text{dB}$, and the stopband attenuation at 1.5 times the cutoff frequency is 68dB or more.

An external TTL or CMOS clock programs the value of the filter's cutoff frequency. The clock to cutoff frequency ratio is 100:1.

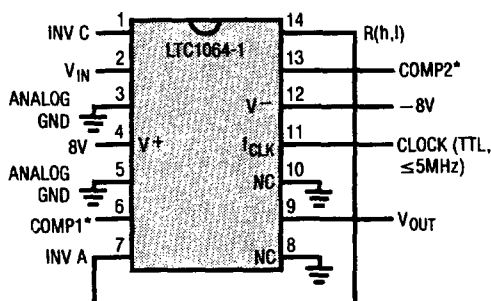
No external components are needed for cutoff frequencies up to 20kHz. For cutoff frequencies over 20kHz two low value capacitors are required to maintain passband flatness. The LTC1064-1 features low wideband noise and low harmonic distortion even for input voltages up to 3V_{RMS} . In fact the LTC1064-1 overall performance competes with equivalent multi op amp RC active realizations.

The LTC1064-1 is available in a 14-pin DIP or 16-pin surface mounted SOL package.

The LTC1064-1 is pin compatible with the LTC1064-2.

TYPICAL APPLICATION

8th Order Clock Sweepable Lowpass Elliptic Antialiasing Filter

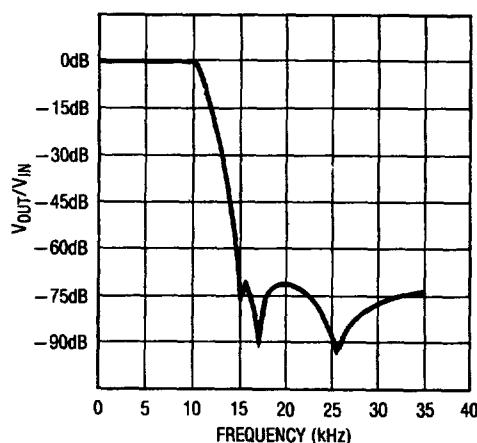


NOTE: THE POWER SUPPLIES SHOULD BE BYPASSED BY A $0.1\mu\text{F}$ CAPACITOR CLOSE TO THE PACKAGE.

FOR SERVO OFFSET NULLING APPLICATIONS, PIN 1 IS THE 2ND STAGE SUMMING JUNCTION.

*FOR CUTOFF FREQUENCY ABOVE 20kHz, USE COMPENSATION CAPACITORS (5pF – 56pF) BETWEEN PINS 13 AND 1 AND 6 AND 7.

Frequency Response



8TH ORDER CLOCK SWEEPABLE LOWPASS ELLIPTIC ANTIALIASING FILTER MAINTAINS, FOR $0.1\text{Hz} \leq f_{\text{CUTOFF}} \leq 10\text{kHz}$, a $\pm 0.15\text{dB}$ PASSBAND RIPPLE AND 72dB STOPBAND ATTENUATION AT $1.50 \times f_{\text{CUTOFF}}$. TOTAL WIDEBAND NOISE = $150\mu\text{V}_{\text{RMS}}$. THD = 0.03% FOR $V_{\text{IN}} = 1\text{V}_{\text{RMS}}$.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Total Supply Voltage (V^+ to V^-)	16.5V
Power Dissipation	400mW
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	300°C
Operating Temperature Range	
LTC1064-1M	-55°C to 125°C
LTC1064-1C	-40°C to 85°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

TOP VIEW		ORDER PART NUMBER
	J PACKAGE 14-LEAD CERAMIC DIP	LTC1064-1MJ LTC1064-1CJ LTC1064-1CN
	N PACKAGE 14-LEAD PLASTIC DIP	
TOP VIEW		LTC1064-1CS
	S PACKAGE 16-LEAD PLASTIC SOL	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = \pm 7.5\text{V}$, $f_{\text{CLK}} = 1\text{MHz}$, $R_I = 10\text{k}\Omega$, $C_I = 10\text{pF}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$, TTL or CMOS clock input level unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Passband Gain, LTC1064-1, 1A	Referenced to 0dB, 1Hz to $0.1f_c$		± 0.1	± 0.35	dB
Gain TempCo			0.0002		dB/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Passband Edge Frequency, f_c			$10 \pm 1\%$		kHz
Gain at f_c	Referenced to Passband Gain				
LTC1064-1		-1.25		0.85	dB
LTC1064-1A		-0.75		0.65	dB
–3dB Frequency			10.7		kHz
Passband Ripple (Note 1)	$0.1f_c$ to $0.85f_c$ Referenced to Passband Gain, Measured at 6.25kHz and 8.5kHz		± 0.15	± 0.32	dB
LTC1064-1			± 0.1	± 0.19	dB
LTC1064-1A			0.0004		dB/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Ripple TempCo					
Stopband Attenuation	At $1.5f_c$, Referenced to 0dB				
LTC1064-1		66	72		dB
LTC1064-1A		68	72		dB
Stopband Attenuation	At $2f_c$, Referenced to 0dB				
LTC1064-1		67	72		dB
LTC1064-1A		68	72		dB
Input Frequency Range		0		$f_{\text{CLK}}/2$	kHz
Output Voltage Swing and	$V_S = \pm 2.37\text{V}$	-1.0		1	V
Operating Input Voltage Range	$V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$	-3.2		3.2	V
	$V_S = \pm 7.5\text{V}$	-5.0		5.2	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = \pm 7.5V$, $f_{CLK} = 1MHz$, $R_I = 10k\Omega$, $C_I = 10pF$, $T_A = 25^\circ$, TTL or CMOS clock input level unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Total Harmonic Distortion	$V_S = \pm 5V$, Input = $1V_{RMS}$ at 1kHz		0.015		%
	$V_S = \pm 7.5V$, Input = $3V_{RMS}$ at 1kHz		0.03		%
Wideband Noise	$V_S = \pm 5V$, Input = GND 1Hz-999kHz		150		μV_{RMS}
	$V_S = \pm 7.5V$, Input = GND 1Hz-999kHz		165		μV_{RMS}
Output DC Offset	$V_S = \pm 7.5V$, Pin 2 Grounded				mV
LTC1064-1			50	175	mV
LTC1064-1A			50	125	mV
Output DC Offset TempCo	$V_S = \pm 5V$		-100		$\mu V/^\circ C$
Input Impedance		10	20		k Ω
Output Impedance	$f_{OUT} = 10kHz$		2		Ω
Output Short Circuit Current	Source/Sink		3/1		mA
Clock Feedthrough			200		μV_{RMS}
Maximum Clock Frequency	50% Duty Cycle, $V_S = \pm 7.5V$			5	MHz
Power Supply Current	$V_S = \pm 2.37V$	●	10	16	mA
	$V_S = \pm 5V$	●	12	18	mA
		●		22	mA
	$V_S = \pm 8V$	●	16	22	mA
		●		28	mA
Power Supply Voltage Range		●	± 2.37	± 8	V

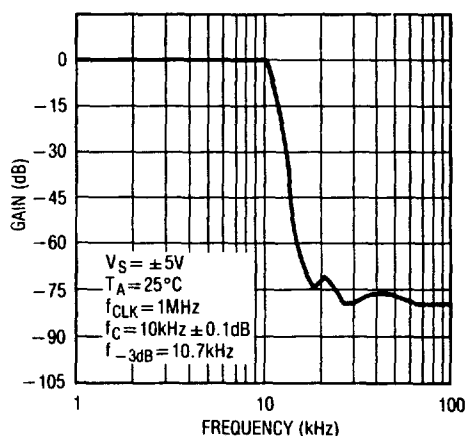
The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range.

Note 1: For tighter specifications please contact LTC Marketing.

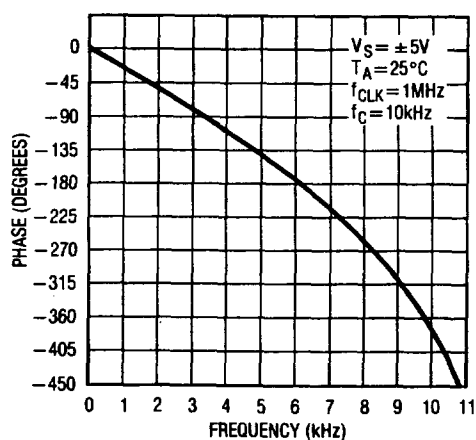
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

7

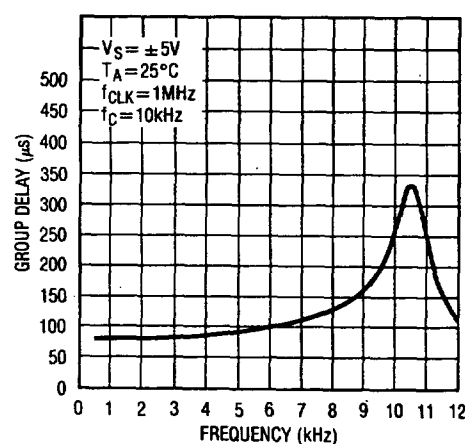
Graph 1. Gain vs Frequency



Graph 2. Phase vs Frequency

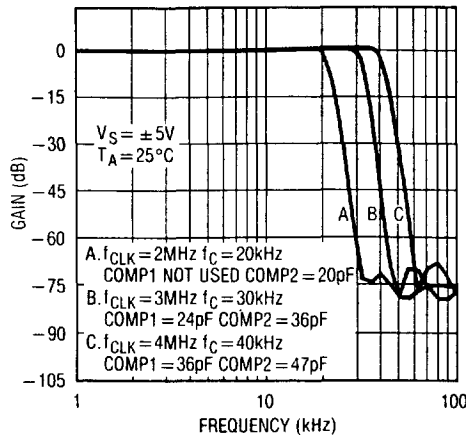


Graph 3. Group Delay

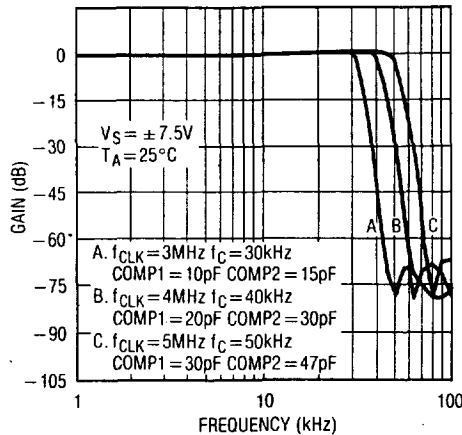


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

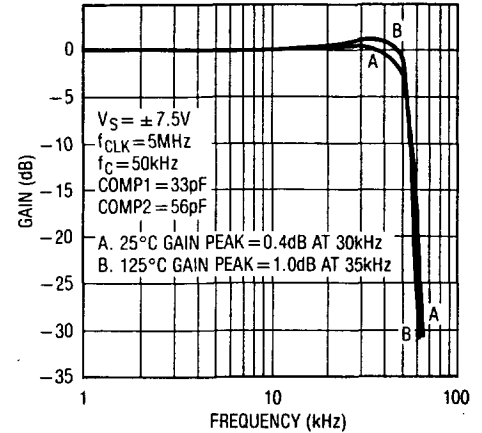
Graph 4. Gain vs Frequency



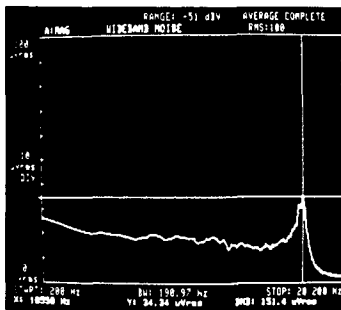
Graph 5. Gain vs Frequency



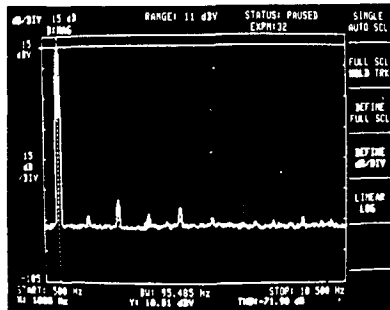
Graph 6. Gain vs Frequency



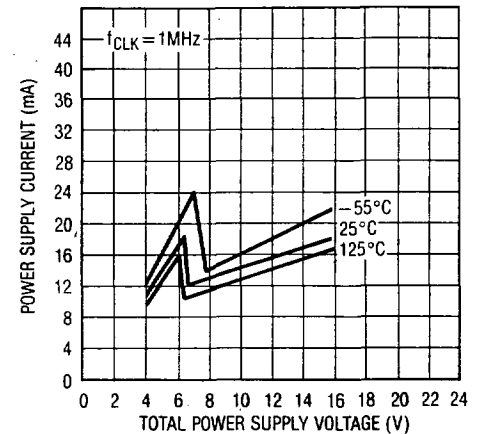
Graph 7. Typical Wideband Noise
 (151 μV_{RMS}) $V_S = \pm 5V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$
 $f_{CLK} = 1MHz$ $f_c = 10kHz$ Input Grounded



Graph 8. Total Harmonic Distortion (0.025%) $V_S = \pm 7.5V$
 $T_A = 25^\circ C$ $f_{CLK} = 1MHz$ $f_c = 10kHz$
 Input = 1kHz at 3V $_{RMS}$



Graph 9. Power Supply Current vs
 Power Supply Voltage



PIN DESCRIPTION

Power Supply Pins (4, 12)

The V^+ (pin 4) and V^- (pin 12) should be bypassed with a 0.1 μF capacitor to an adequate analog ground. Low noise, non-switching power supplies are recommended. To avoid latch up when the power supplies exhibit high turn-on transients, a 1N5817 schottky diode should be added from the V^+ and V^- pins to ground, Figure 1.

Clock Pin (11)

For $\pm 5V$ supplies the logic threshold level is 1.4V. For $\pm 8V$ and 0V to 5V supplies the logic threshold levels are

2.2V and 3V respectively. The logic threshold levels vary $\pm 100mV$ over the full military temperature range. The recommended duty cycle of the input clock is 50% although for clock frequencies below 500kHz the clock "on" time can be as low as 200ns. The maximum clock frequency for $\pm 5V$ supplies is 4MHz. For $\pm 7V$ supplies and above, the maximum clock frequency is 5MHz. Do not allow the clock levels to exceed the power supplies. For clock level shifting, see Figure 3.

Analog Ground Pins (3, 5)

For dual supply operation these pins should be connected to a ground plane. For single supply operation both pins

PIN DESCRIPTION

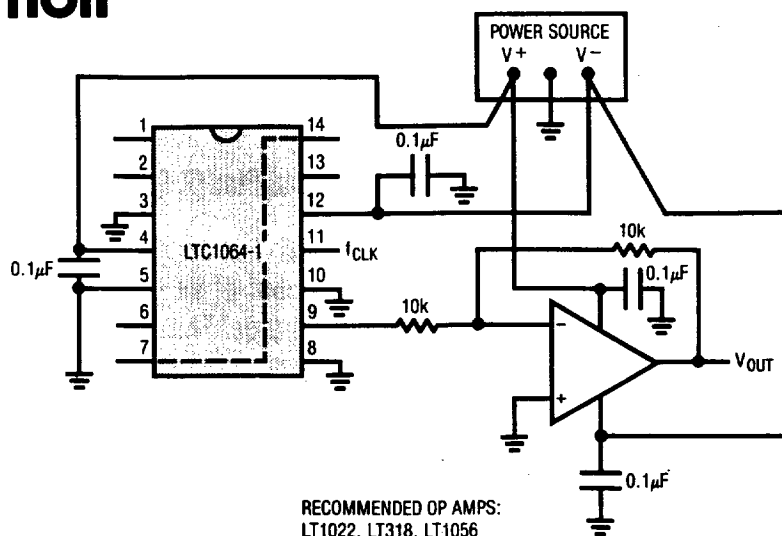
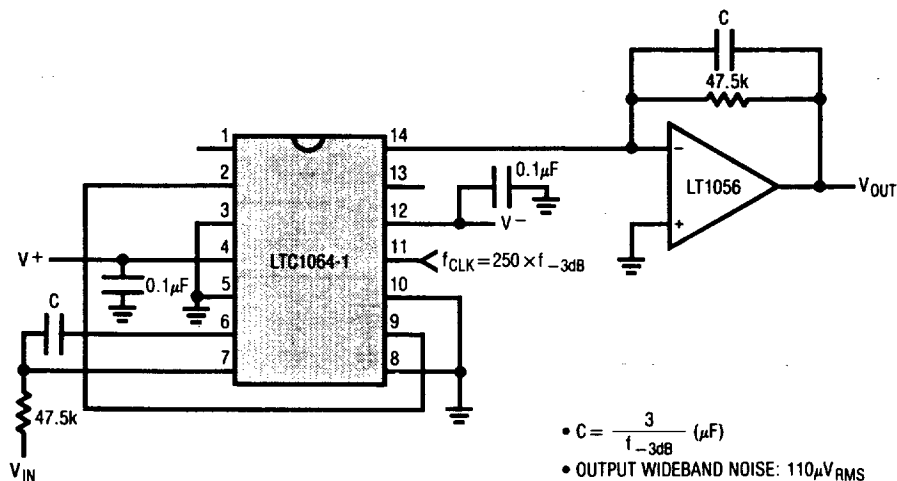


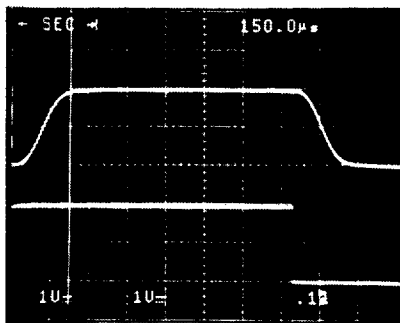
Figure 4. Buffering the Filter Output. The Buffer Op Amp Should Not Share the LTC1064-1 Power Lines.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

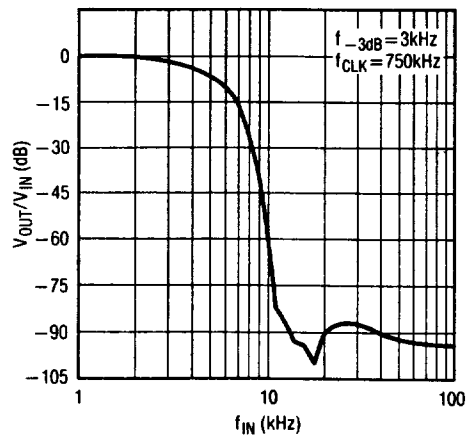
Transitional Elliptic-Bessel 10th Order Lowpass Filter



Transient Response to a 2V Step Input
Horizontal: 0.1ms/Div
Vertical: 1V/Div

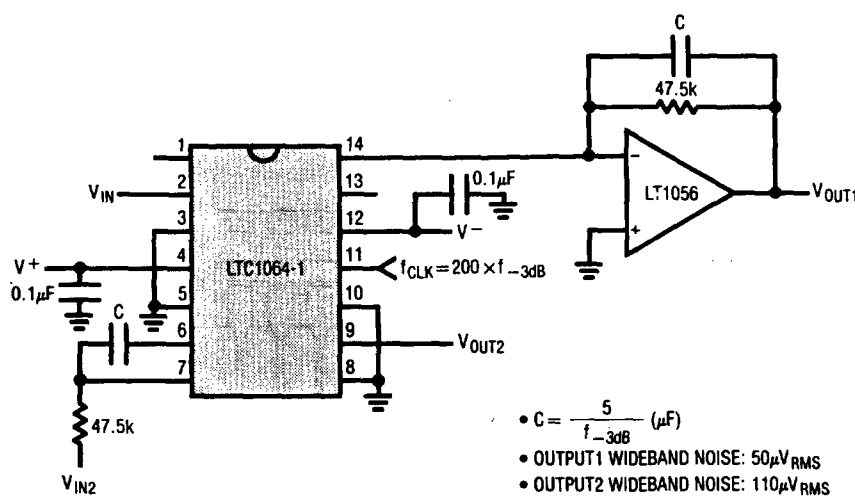


Amplitude Response

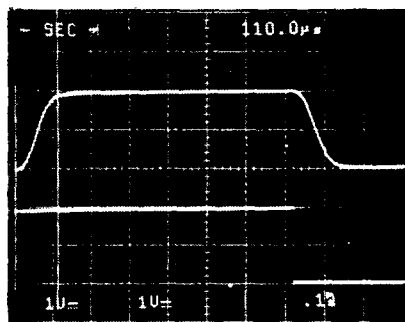


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

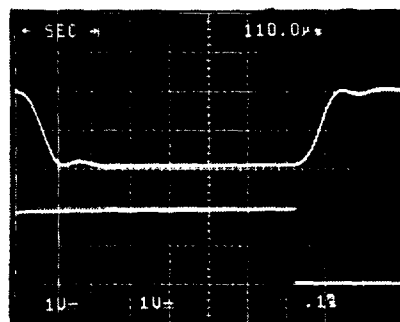
Transitional Elliptic-Bessel Dual 5th Order Lowpass Filter



Transient Response to a 2V Step Input
Horizontal: 0.1ms/Div
Vertical: 1V/Div

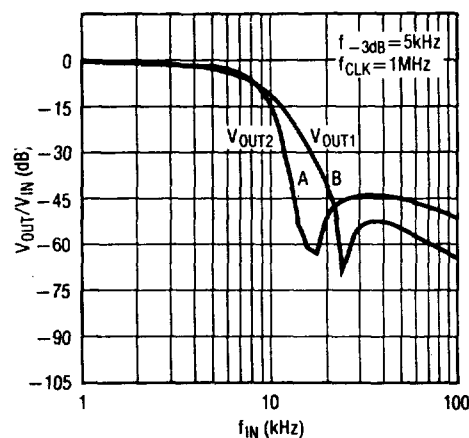


VOUT2

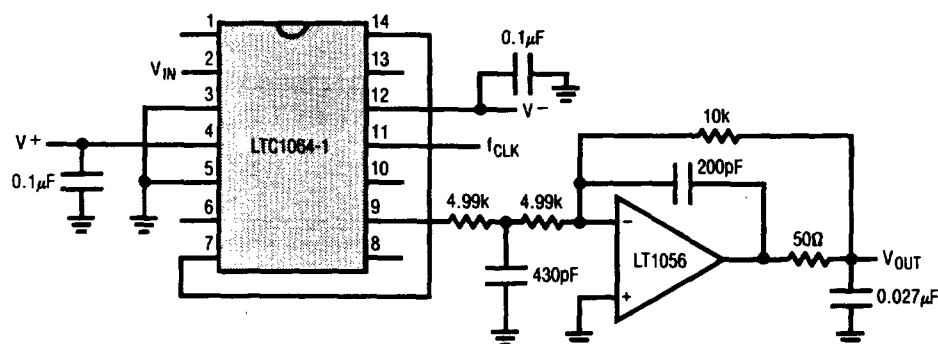


VOUT1

Amplitude Response



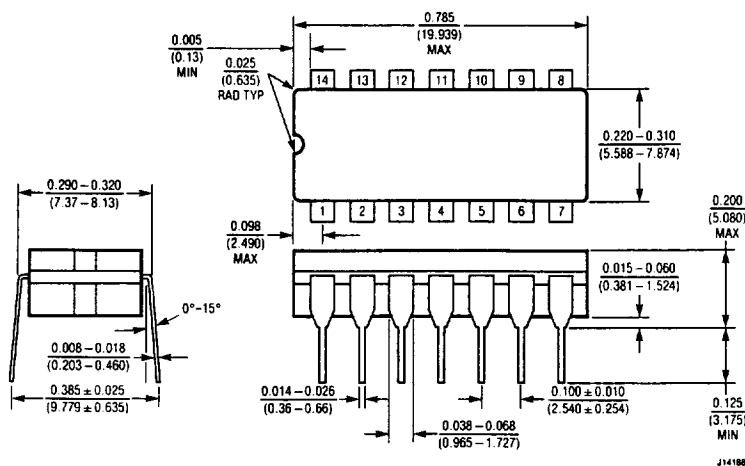
Adding an Output Buffer-Filter to Eliminate Any Clock Feedthrough
Over a 10:1 Clock Range, for $f_C = 2kHz$ to $20kHz$



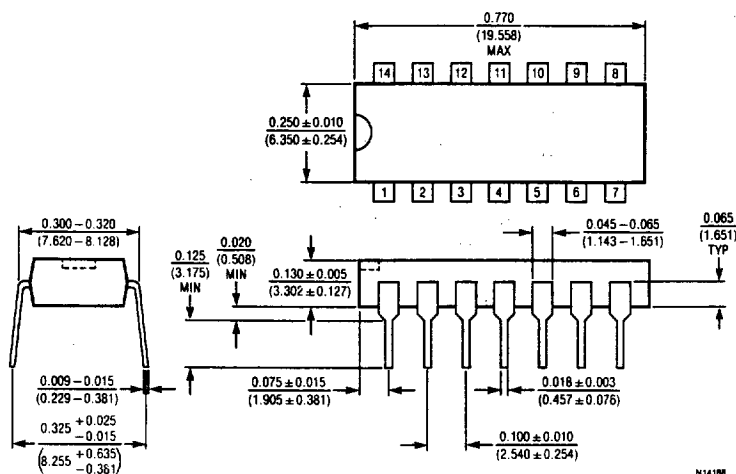
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

J Package 14-Lead Ceramic DIP



N Package 14-Lead Plastic DIP



S Package 16-Lead Plastic SOL

NOTE:
PIN 1 IDENT. NOTCH ON TOP AND CAVITIES
ON THE BOTTOM OF PACKAGE ARE THE
MANUFACTURING OPTIONS. THE PART
MAY BE SUPPLIED WITH OR WITHOUT
ANY OF THE OPTIONS.

