

ICPL4502

**HIGH SPEED, NON BASE LEAD  
OPTICALLY COUPLED ISOLATOR  
PHOTOTRANSISTOR OUTPUT**



#### APPROVALS

- UL recognised, File No. E91231

#### DESCRIPTION

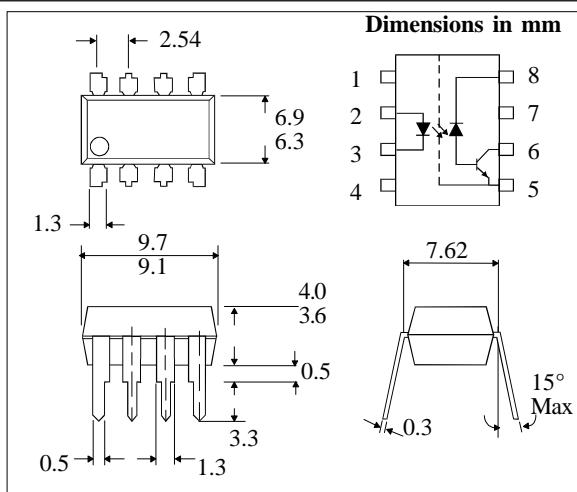
These diode-transistor optocouplers use a light emitting diode and an integrated photon detector to provide 2500Volts<sub>RMS</sub> electrical isolation between input and output. Separate connection for the photodiode bias and output transistor collector improve the speed up to a hundred times that of a conventional photo-transistor coupler by reducing the base-collector capacitance.

#### FEATURES

- High speed - 1 MBits/s
- High Common Mode Transient Immunity 10000V/ $\mu$ s typical
- Pin 7 not connected to give enhanced Noise Immunity
- TTL Compatible
- 2 MHz Bandwidth
- Open Collector Output
- 2500V<sub>RMS</sub> Withstand Test Voltage, 1 Min
- Options :-  
10mm lead spread - add G after part no.  
Surface mount - add SM after part no.  
Tape&reel - add SMT&R after part no.
- All electrical parameters 100% tested
- Custom electrical selections available

#### APPLICATIONS

- Line receivers
- Pulse transformer replacement
- Wide bandwidth analog coupling
- Output interface to CMOS-LSTTL-TTL

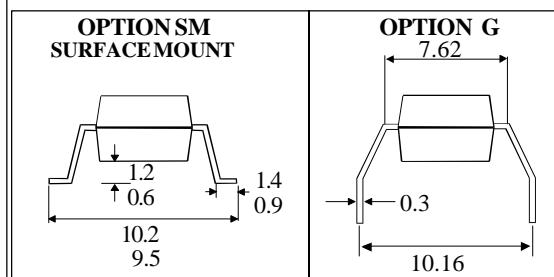


#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25°C unless otherwise specified)

Storage Temperature	-55°C to + 125°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to + 100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (1/16 inch (1.6mm) from case for 10 secs)	260°C

#### INPUT DIODE

Average Forward Current	25mA ( 1 )
Peak Forward Current	50mA ( 2 )
( 50% duty cycle, 1ms pulse width )	
Peak Transient Current	1.0A
(equal to or less than 1 $\mu$ s P.W., 300 pps)	
Reverse Voltage	5V
Power Dissipation	45mW( 3 )



#### DETECTOR

Average Output Current	8mA
Peak Output Current	16mA
Supply and Output Voltage	-0.5 to +15V
Power Dissipation	100mW(4 )

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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (  $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $70^\circ\text{C}$  Unless otherwise noted )**

PARAMETER	SYM		MIN	TYP*	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Current Transfer Ratio (note 5)	CTR		19	24		%	$I_F = 16\text{mA}, V_o = 0.4\text{V}$ $V_{cc} = 4.5\text{V}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
			15	25		%	$I_F = 16\text{mA}, V_o = 0.5\text{V}$ $V_{cc} = 4.5\text{V}$
Logic Low Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$			0.1	0.4	V	$I_F = 16\text{mA}, I_O = 2.4\text{mA}$ $V_{cc} = 4.5\text{V}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Logic High Output Current	$I_{OH}$			0.02	500	nA	$I_F = 0\text{mA}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_o = V_{cc} = 5.5\text{V}$ $I_F = 0\text{mA}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_o = V_{cc} = 15\text{V}$ $I_F = 0\text{mA}$ $V_o = V_{cc} = 15\text{V}$
Logic Low Supply Current	$I_{CCL}$				40	$\mu\text{A}$	$I_F = 16\text{mA}, V_o = \text{open}$ $V_{cc} = 15\text{V}$
Logic High Supply Current	$I_{CCH}$			0.02	1	$\mu\text{A}$	$I_F = 0\text{mA}, V_o = \text{open}$ $V_{cc} = 15\text{V}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 0\text{mA}, V_o = \text{open}$ $V_{cc} = 15\text{V}$
Input Forward Voltage	$V_F$			1.5	1.7	V	$I_F = 16\text{mA}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage	$\frac{\Delta V_F}{\Delta T_A}$			-1.6		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 16\text{mA}$
Input Reverse Voltage	$V_R$		5			V	$I_R = 10\mu\text{A}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{IN}$			60		pF	$f = 1\text{MHz}, V_F = 0$
Input-output Isolation Voltage	$V_{ISO}$		2500	5000		$V_{RMS}$	R.H.equal to or less than 50%, t = 1min. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Resistance (Input to Output)	$R_{IO}$			$10^{12}$		$\Omega$	$V_{IO} = 500\text{V dc}$ (note 6)
Capacitance (Input to Output)	$C_{IO}$			0.6		pF	$f = 1\text{MHz}$ (note 6)
Transistor DC Current Gain	$H_{FE}$			150			$V_o = 5\text{V}, I_o = 3\text{mA}$

\* All typicals at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

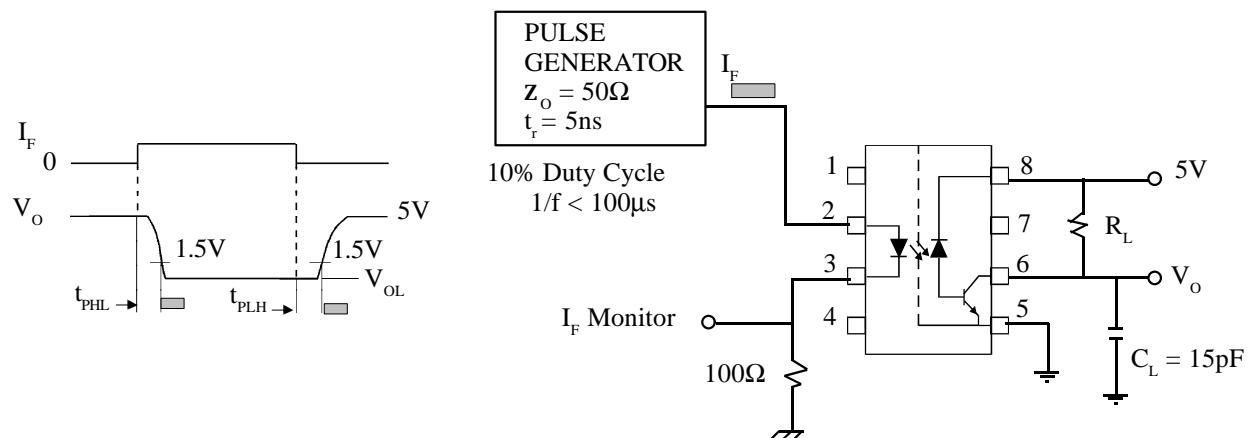
**SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS AT  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $I_F = 16\text{mA}$  Unless otherwise noted )**

PARAMETER	SYM	DEVICE	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Propagation Delay Time To Logic Low at Output ( fig 1 )	$t_{PLH}$			0.2	0.8	$\mu\text{s}$	$R_L = 1.9\text{k}\Omega$ , ( note 8 )
Propagation Delay Time To Logic High at Output ( fig 1 )	$t_{PLH}$			0.2	0.8	$\mu\text{s}$	$R_L = 1.9\text{k}\Omega$ , ( note 8 )
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic High Level Output ( fig 2 )	$CM_H$			10000		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	$I_F = 0\text{mA}$ , $V_{CM} = 10\text{V}_{pp}$ $R_L = 1.9\text{k}\Omega$ ,(note 7,8 )
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic Low Level Output ( fig 2 )	$CM_L$			-10000		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	$V_{CM} = 10\text{V}_{pp}$ $R_L = 1.9\text{k}\Omega$ ,(note 7,8 )
Bandwidth	BW			2		MHz	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , (note 9 )

NOTES:-

- Derate linearly above  $70^\circ\text{C}$  free air temperature at a rate of  $0.8 \text{ mA}/^\circ\text{C}$ .
- Derate linearly above  $70^\circ\text{C}$  free air temperature at a rate of  $1.6 \text{ mA}/^\circ\text{C}$ .
- Derate linearly above  $70^\circ\text{C}$  free air temperature at a rate of  $0.9 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$ .
- Derate linearly above  $70^\circ\text{C}$  free air temperature at a rate of  $1.0 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$ .
- CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO is defined as the ratio of output collector current,  $I_O$ , to the forward LED input current,  $I_F$  times 100%.
- Device considered a two-terminal device: pins 1,2,3, and 4 shorted together and pins 5,6,7 and 8 shorted together.
- Common mode transient immunity in Logic High level is the maximum tolerable (positive)  $dV_{cm}/dt$  on the leading edge of the common mode pulse  $V_{CM}$  to assure that the output will remain in a Logic High state (i.e.  $V_O > 2.0\text{V}$ ). Common mode transient immunity in Logic Low level is the maximum tolerable (negative)  $dV_{cm}/dt$  on the trailing edge of the common mode pulse signal,  $V_{CM}$  to assure that the output will remain in Logic Low state (i.e.  $V_O < 0.8\text{V}$ ).
- The  $1.9\text{k}\Omega$  load represents 1 TTL unit load of  $1.6\text{mA}$  and the  $5.6\text{k}\Omega$  pull-up resistor.
- The frequency at which the a.c. output voltage is  $3\text{dB}$  below the low frequency asymptote.

**FIG.1 SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT**



**FIG. 2 TEST CIRCUIT FOR TRANSIENT IMMUNITY AND TYPICAL WAVEFORMS**

