

9-Mb (256K x 36/512K x 18) Pipelined SRAM with NoBL™ Architecture

Features

- Pin-compatible and functionally equivalent to ZBT
- · Supports 225-MHz bus operations with zero wait states
 - Available speed grades are 225, 200, and 166 MHz
- Internally self-timed output buffer control to eliminate the need to use asynchronous OE
- Fully registered (inputs and outputs) for pipelined operation
- · Byte Write capability
- Separate V_{DDQ} for 3.3V or 2.5V I/O
- Single 3.3V power supply
- · Fast clock-to-output times
 - 2.8 ns (for 225-MHz device)
 - 3.2ns (for 200-MHz device)
 - 3.5 ns (for 166-MHz device)
- · Clock Enable (CEN) pin to suspend operation
- · Synchronous self-timed writes
- Available in 100 TQFP, 119 BGA, and 165 fBGA packages
- IEEE 1149.1 JTAG Boundary Scan
- Burst capability-linear or interleaved burst order
- "ZZ" Sleep Mode option and Stop Clock option

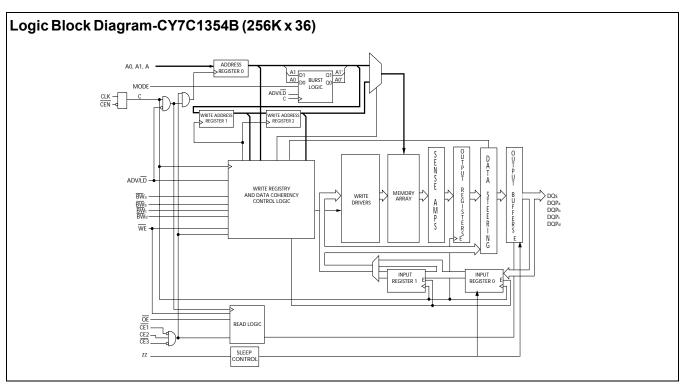
Functional Description

The CY7C1354B and CY7C1356B are 3.3V, 256K x 36 and 512K x 18 Synchronous pipelined burst SRAMs with No Bus Latency $^{\text{TM}}$ (NoBL $^{\text{TM}}$) logic, respectively. They are designed to support unlimited true back-to-back Read/Write operations with no wait states. The CY7C1354B and CY7C1356B are equipped with the advanced (NoBL) logic required to enable consecutive Read/Write operations with data being transferred on every clock cycle. This feature dramatically improves the throughput of data in systems that require frequent Write/Read transitions. The CY7C1354B and CY7C1356B are pin compatible and functionally equivalent to ZBT devices.

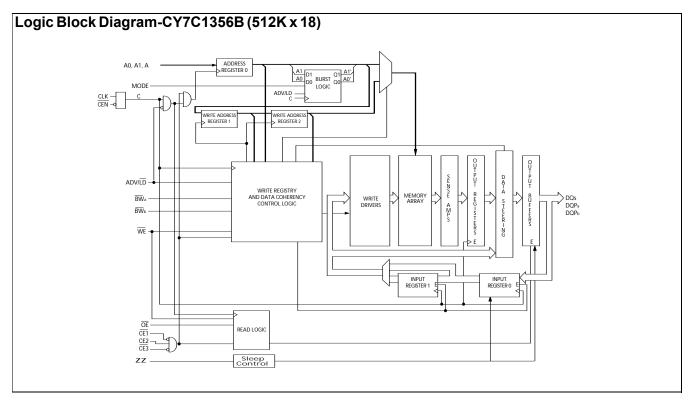
All synchronous inputs pass through input registers controlled by the rising edge of the clock. All data outputs pass through output registers controlled by the rising edge of the clock. The clock input is qualified by the Clock Enable (CEN) signal, which when deasserted suspends operation and extends the previous clock cycle.

Write operations are controlled by the Byte Write Selects (BW_a–BW_d for CY7C<u>1354B</u> and BW_a–BW_b for CY7C1356B) and a Write Enable (WE) input. All writes are conducted with on-chip synchronous self-timed write circuitry.

Three synchronous Chip Enables $(\overline{CE}_1, CE_2, \overline{CE}_3)$ and an asynchronous Output Enable (\overline{OE}) provide for easy bank selection and output three-state control. In order to avoid bus contention, the output drivers are synchronously three-stated during the data portion of a write sequence.







Selection Guide

	CY7C1354B-225 CY7C1356B-225	CY7C1354B-200 CY7C1356B-200	CY7C1354B-166 CY7C1356B-166	Unit
Maximum Access Time	2.8	3.2	3.5	ns
Maximum Operating Current	250	220	180	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	35	35	35	mA

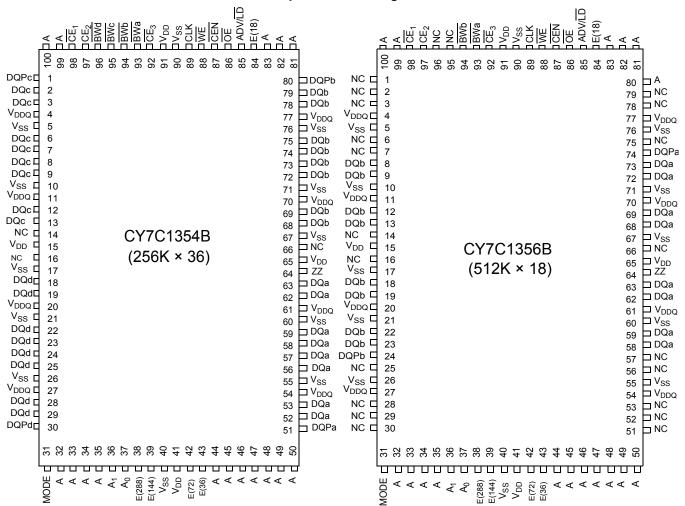
Shaded areas contain advance information.

Please contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.



Pin Configurations

100-pin TQFP Packages





Pin Configurations (continued)

119-ball BGA Pinout CY7C1354B (256K × 36) – 14 × 22 BGA

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	V_{DDQ}	Α	Α	E(18)	Α	Α	V_{DDQ}
В	NC	CE ₂	Α	ADV/LD	Α	CE ₃	NC
С	NC	Α	Α	V_{DD}	Α	Α	NC
D	DQ _c	DQP _c	V_{SS}	NC	V_{SS}	DQP _b	DQ_b
E	DQ_c	DQ_c	V_{SS}	CE ₁	V_{SS}	DQ _b	DQ _b
F	V_{DDQ}	DQ_c	V_{SS}	OE	V_{SS}	DQ _b	V_{DDQ}
G	DQ_c	DQ_c	BW _c	Α	BW _b	DQ _b	DQ_b
Н	DQ_c	DQ_c	V_{SS}	WE	V_{SS}	DQ_b	DQ_b
J	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	NC	V_{DD}	NC	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}
K	DQ_d	DQ_d	V_{SS}	CLK	V_{SS}	DQ_a	DQ_a
L	DQ_d	DQ_d	BW _d	NC	BWa	DQa	DQa
M	V_{DDQ}	DQ_d	V_{SS}	CEN	V_{SS}	DQa	V_{DDQ}
N	DQ_d	DQ_d	V_{SS}	A1	V_{SS}	DQa	DQa
Р	DQ _d	DQP _d	V_{SS}	A0	V_{SS}	DQPa	DQa
R	NC	Α	MODE	V_{DD}	NC	Α	NC
Т	NC	E(72)	Α	Α	Α	E(36)	ZZ
U	V_{DDQ}	TMS	TDI	TCK	TDO	NC	V_{DDQ}

CY7C1356B (512K x 18)-14 x 22 BGA

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	V_{DDQ}	Α	Α	E(18)	Α	Α	V_{DDQ}
В	NC	CE ₂	Α	ADV/LD	Α	CE ₃	NC
С	NC	Α	Α	V_{DD}	Α	Α	NC
D	DQ_b	NC	V_{SS}	NC	V_{SS}	DQPa	NC
Е	NC	DQ _b	V _{SS}	CE ₁	V_{SS}	NC	DQa
F	V_{DDQ}	NC	V _{SS}	ŌĒ	V_{SS}	DQa	V_{DDQ}
G	NC	DQ_b	$\overline{\text{BW}}_{\text{b}}$	Α	V_{SS}	NC	DQa
Н	DQ _b	NC	V_{SS}	WE	V_{SS}	DQ_a	NC
J	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	NC	V_{DD}	NC	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}
K	NC	DQ_b	V_{SS}	CLK	V_{SS}	NC	DQa
L	DQ_b	NC	V_{SS}	NC	$\overline{\text{BW}}_{\text{a}}$	DQa	NC
М	V_{DDQ}	DQ _b	V_{SS}	CEN	V_{SS}	NC	V_{DDQ}
N	DQ_b	NC	V_{SS}	A1	V_{SS}	DQ_a	NC
Р	NC	DQP _b	V_{SS}	A0	V_{SS}	NC	DQa
R	NC	Α	MODE	V_{DD}	NC	Α	NC
Т	E(72)	Α	Α	E(36)	Α	Α	ZZ
U	V_{DDQ}	TMS	TDI	TCK	TDO	NC	V_{DDQ}

Pin Configurations (continued)

165-Ball fBGA Pinout

CY7C1354B (256K × 36) - 13 × 15 fBGA

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	E(288)	Α	CE ₁	\overline{BW}_c	\overline{BW}_b	CE ₃	CEN	ADV/LD	Α	Α	NC
В	NC	Α	CE2	\overline{BW}_d	$\overline{\text{BW}}_{\text{a}}$	CLK	WE	ŌĒ	E(18)	Α	E(144)
С	DQP _c	NC	V_{DDQ}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DDQ}	NC	DQP _b
D	DQ_c	DQ_c	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQ_b	DQ _b
E	DQ_c	DQ_c	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQ_b	DQ _b
F	DQ _c	DQ_c	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQ_b	DQ _b
G	DQ_c	DQ_c	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQ_b	DQ _b
Н	NC	NC	NC	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	NC	NC	ZZ
J	DQ_d	DQ_d	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQ_a	DQa
K	DQ_d	DQ_d	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQ_a	DQa
L	DQ_d	DQ_d	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQ_a	DQa
M	DQ_d	DQ_d	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQ_a	DQa
N	DQP _d	NC	V_{DDQ}	V_{SS}	NC	NC	NC	V_{SS}	V_{DDQ}	NC	DQP _a
Р	NC	E(72)	Α	Α	TDI	A1	TDO	Α	Α	Α	NC
R	MODE	E(36)	Α	Α	TMS	A0	TCK	А	Α	Α	Α

CY7C1356B (512K × 18) - 13 × 15 fBGA

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	E(288)	Α	CE ₁	\overline{BW}_b	NC	CE ₃	CEN	ADV/LD	Α	Α	Α
В	NC	Α	CE2	NC	BWa	CLK	WE	OE	E(18)	А	E(144)
С	NC	NC	V_{DDQ}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DDQ}	NC	DQPa
D	NC	DQ_b	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	NC	DQa
E	NC	DQ_b	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	NC	DQa
F	NC	DQ_b	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	NC	DQa
G	NC	DQ _b	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	NC	DQa
Н	NC	NC	NC	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	NC	NC	ZZ
J	DQ _b	NC	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQa	NC
K	DQ _b	NC	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQa	NC
L	DQ _b	NC	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQa	NC
M	DQ _b	NC	V_{DDQ}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{DDQ}	DQa	NC
N	DQP _b	NC	V_{DDQ}	V_{SS}	NC	NC	NC	V_{SS}	V_{DDQ}	NC	NC
Р	NC	E(72)	Α	Α	TDI	A1	TDO	Α	Α	Α	NC
R	MODE	E(36)	Α	Α	TMS	A0	TCK	Α	Α	Α	Α



Pin Definitions

Pin Name	I/O Type	Pin Description
A0 A1 A	Input- Synchronous	Address Inputs used to select one of the address locations. Sampled at the rising edge of the CLK.
BW _a BW _b BW _c BW _d	Input- Synchronous	Byte Write Select Inputs, active LOW. Qualified with $\overline{\text{WE}}$ to conduct writes to the SRAM. Sampled on the rising edge of $\overline{\text{CLK}}$. $\overline{\text{BW}}_{\text{a}}$ controls $\overline{\text{DQ}}_{\text{a}}$ and $\overline{\text{DQP}}_{\text{a}}$, $\overline{\text{BW}}_{\text{b}}$ controls $\overline{\text{DQ}}_{\text{b}}$ and $\overline{\text{DQP}}_{\text{b}}$, $\overline{\text{BW}}_{\text{c}}$ controls $\overline{\text{DQ}}_{\text{c}}$ and $\overline{\text{DQP}}_{\text{c}}$, $\overline{\text{BW}}_{\text{d}}$ controls $\overline{\text{DQ}}_{\text{d}}$ and $\overline{\text{DQP}}_{\text{d}}$.
WE	Input- Synchronous	Write Enable Input, active LOW . Sampled on the rising edge of CLK if CEN is active LOW. This signal must be asserted LOW to initiate a write sequence.
ADV/LD	Input- Synchronous	Advance/Load Input used to advance the on-chip address counter or load a new address. When HIGH (and CEN is asserted LOW) the internal burst counter is advanced. When LOW, a new address can be loaded into the device for an access. After being deselected, ADV/LD should be driven LOW in order to load a new address.
CLK	Input- Clock	Clock Input. Used to capture all synchronous inputs to the device. CLK is qualified with CEN. CLK is only recognized if CEN is active LOW.
CE ₁	Input- Synchronous	Chip Enable 1 Input, active LOW. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with CE_2 and CE_3 to select/deselect the device.
CE ₂	Input- Synchronous	
CE ₃	Input- Synchronous	
ŌĒ	Input- Asynchronous	Output Enable, active LOW . Combined with the synchronous logic block inside the device to control the direction of the I/O pins. When LOW, the I/O pins are allowed to be <u>hav</u> e as outputs. When deasserted HIGH, I/O pins are three-stated, and act as input data pins. OE is masked during the data portion of a Write sequence, during the first clock when emerging from a deselected state and when the device has been deselected.
CEN	Input- Synchronous	Clock Enable Input, active LOW. When asserted LOW the clock signal is recognized by the SRAM. When deasserted HIGH the clock signal is masked. Since deasserting CEN does not deselect the device, CEN can be used to extend the previous cycle when required.
DQ _a DQ _b DQ _c DQ _d	I/O- Synchronous	Bidirectional Data I/O lines . As inputs, they feed into an on-chip data register that is triggered by the rising edge of CLK. As outputs, they deliver the data contained in the memory location specified by addresses during the previous clock rise of the Read cycle. The direction of the pins is controlled by \overline{OE} and the internal control logic. When \overline{OE} is asserted LOW, the pins can behave as outputs. When HIGH, $\overline{DQ_a}$ — $\overline{DQ_d}$ are placed in a three-state condition. The outputs are automatically three-stated during the data portion of a write sequence, during the first clock when emerging from a deselected state, and when the device is deselected, regardless of the state of \overline{OE} .
DQP _a DQP _b DQP _c DQP _d	I/O- Synchronous	Bidirectional Data Parity I/O lines . Functionally, these signals are identical to DQ _[a:d] . During write sequences, DQPa is controlled by BWa, DQPb is controlled by BWb, DQPc is controlled by BWc, and DQPd is controlled by BWd.
MODE	Input Strap Pin	Mode Input . Selects the burst order of the device. Tied HIGH selects the interleaved burst order. Pulled LOW selects the linear burst order. MODE should not change states during operation. When left floating MODE will default HIGH, to an interleaved burst order.
TDO	JTAG serial output Synchronous	Serial data-out to the JTAG circuit. Delivers data on the negative edge of TCK.
TDI	JTAG serial input Synchronous	Serial data-In to the JTAG circuit. Sampled on the rising edge of TCK.
TMS	Test Mode Select Synchronous	This pin controls the Test Access Port state machine. Sampled on the rising edge of TCK.
TCK	JTAG-Clock	Clock input to the JTAG circuitry.
V_{DD}	Power Supply	Power supply inputs to the core of the device.
V_{DDQ}	I/O Power Supply	Power supply for the I/O circuitry.
V _{SS}	Ground	Ground for the device. Should be connected to ground of the system.



Pin Definitions (continued)

Pin Name	I/O Type	Pin Description
NC	_	No connects. This pin is not connected to the die.
E(18,36, 72, 144, 288)	-	These pins are not connected . They will be used for expansion to the 18M, 36M, 72M, 144M and 288M densities.
ZZ	Input- Asynchronous	ZZ "sleep" Input . This active HIGH input places the device in a non-time critical "sleep" condition with data integrity preserved. During normal operation, this pin can be connected to V _{SS} or left floating.

Introduction

Functional Overview

The CY7C1354B and CY7C1356B are synchronous-pipelined Burst NoBL SRAMs designed specifically to eliminate wait states during Write/Read transitions. All synchronous inputs pass through input registers controlled by the rising edge of the clock. The clock signal is qualified with the Clock Enable input signal (CEN). If CEN is HIGH, the clock signal is not recognized and all internal states are maintained. All synchronous operations are qualified with CEN. All data outputs pass through output registers controlled by the rising edge of the clock. Maximum access delay from the clock rise (t_{CO}) is 2.8 ns (225-MHz device).

Accesses can be initiated by asserting all three Chip Enables (\overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , \overline{CE}_3) active at the rising edge of the clock. If Clock Enable (\overline{CEN}) is active LOW and ADV/LD is asserted LOW, the address presented to the device will be latched. The access can either be a Read or Write operation, depending on the status of the Write Enable (\overline{WE}). $\overline{BW}_{[d:a]}$ can be used to conduct Byte Write operations.

Write operations are qualified by the Write Enable (WE). All Writes are simplified with on-chip synchronous self-timed Write circuitry.

Three synchronous Chip Enables (\overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , \overline{CE}_3) and an asynchronous Output Enable (\overline{OE}) simplify depth expansion. All operations (Reads, Writes, and Deselects) are pipelined. ADV/LD should be driven LOW once the device has been deselected in order to load a new address for the next operation.

Single Read Accesses

A read access is initiated when the following conditions are satisfied at clock rise: (1) CEN is asserted LOW, (2) CE₁, CE₂, and CE₃ are ALL asserted active, (3) the Write Enable input signal WE is deasserted HIGH, and (4) ADV/LD is asserted LOW. The address presented to the address inputs is latched into the address register and presented to the memory core and control logic. The control logic determines that a read access is in progress and allows the requested data to propagate to the input of the output register. At the rising edge of the next clock the requested data is allowed to propagate through the output register and onto the data bus within 2.8 ns (225-MHz device) provided OE is active LOW. After the first clock of the read access the output buffers are controlled by OE and the internal control logic. OE must be driven LOW in order for the device to drive out the requested data. During the second clock, a subsequent operation (Read/Write/Deselect) can be initiated. Deselecting the device is also pipelined. Therefore, when the SRAM is deselected at clock rise by one of the chip enable signals, its output will three-state following the next clock rise.

Burst Read Accesses

The CY7C1354B and CY7C1356B have an on-chip burst counter that allows the user the ability to supply a single address and conduct <u>up</u> to four Reads without reasserting the address inputs. ADV/LD must be driven LOW in order to load a new address into the SRAM, as described in the Single Read Access section above. The sequence of the burst counter is determined by the MODE input signal. A LOW input on MODE selects a linear burst mode, a HIGH selects an interleaved burst sequence. Both burst counters use A0 and A1 in the burst sequence, and will wrap around when incremented sufficiently. A HIGH input on ADV/LD will increment the internal <u>burst counter</u> regardless of the state of chip enables inputs or WE. WE is latched at the beginning of a burst cycle. Therefore, the type of access (Read or Write) is maintained throughout the burst sequence.

Single Write Accesses

Write access are initiated when the following conditions are satisfied at clock rise: (1) CEN is asserted LOW, (2) CE₁, CE₂, and CE₃ are ALL asserted active, and (3) the Write signal WE is asserted LOW. The address presented to $A_0 \angle A_{16}$ is loaded into the Address Register. The write signals are latched into the Control Logic block.

On the subsequent clock rise the data lines are automatically three-stated regardless of the state of the \overline{OE} input signal. This allows the external logic to present the data on \overline{DQ} and \overline{DQP} ($\overline{DQ}_{a,b,c,d}/\overline{DQP}_{a,b,c,d}$ for CY7C1354B and $\overline{DQ}_{a,b}/\overline{DQP}_{a,b}$ for CY7C1356B). In addition, the address for the subsequent access (Read/Write/Deselect) is latched into the address register (provided the appropriate control signals are asserted).

On the next clock rise the data presented to DQ $_{and\ DQP}$ (DQ $_{a,b,c,d}$ /DQP $_{a,b,c,d}$ for CY7C1354B and DQ $_{a,b}$ /DQP $_{a,b}$ for CY7C1356B) (or a subset for byte write operations, see Write Cycle Description table for details) inputs is latched into the device and the Write is complete.

The data written during the Write operation is controlled by BW (BW $_{a,b,c,d}$ for CY7C1354B and BW $_{a,b}$ for CY7C1356B) signals. The CY7C1354B/56B provides Byte Write capability that is described in the Write Cycle Description table. Asserting the Write Enable input (WE) with the selected Byte Write Select (BW) input will selectively write to only the desired bytes. Bytes not selected during a Byte Write operation will remain unaltered. A synchronous self-timed write mechanism has been provided to simplify the Write operations. Byte Write capability has been included in order to greatly simplify



Read/Modify/Write sequences, which can be reduced to simple Byte Write operations.

Because the CY7C1354B and CY7C1356B are common I/O devices, data should not be driven into the device while the outputs are active. The Output Enable (\overline{OE}) can be deasserted HIGH before presenting data to the DQ and DQP (DQa,b,c,d/DQPa,b,c,d for CY7C1354B and DQa,b/DQPa,b for CY7C1356B) inputs. Doing so will three-state the output drivers. As a safety precaution, DQ and DQP (DQa,b,c,d/DQPa,b for CY7C1354B) and DQa,b/DQPa,b for CY7C1356B) are automatically three-stated during the data portion of a write cycle, regardless of the state of \overline{OE} .

Burst Write Accesses

The CY7C1354B/56B has an on-chip burst counter that allows the user the ability to supply a single address and conduct up to four WRITE operations without reasserting the address inputs. ADV/LD must be driven LOW in order to load the initial address, as described in the Single Write Access section above. When ADV/LD is driven HIGH on the subsequent clock rise, the chip enables (CE1, CE2, and CE3) and WE inputs are ignored and the burst counter is incremented. The correct BW (BWa,b,c,d for CY7C1354B and BWa,b for CY7C1356B) inputs must be driven in each cycle of the burst write in order to write the correct bytes of data.

Sleep Mode

The ZZ input pin is an asynchronous input. Asserting ZZ places the SRAM in a power conservation "sleep" mode. Two clock cycles are required to enter into or exit from this "sleep"

mode. While in this mode, data integrity is guaranteed. Accesses pending when entering the "sleep" mode are not considered valid nor is the completion of the operation guaranteed. The <u>devi</u>ce must be <u>de</u>selected prior to entering the "sleep" mode. $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$, $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$, and $\overline{\text{CE}}_3$, must remain inactive for the duration of t_{ZZREC} after the ZZ input returns LOW.

Interleaved Burst Address Table (MODE = Floating or V_{DD})

First Address	Second Address	Third Address	Fourth Address
A1,A0	A1,A0	A1,A0	A1,A0
00	01	10	11
01	00	11	10
10	11	00	01
11	10	01	00

Linear Burst Address Table (MODE = GND)

First Address	Second Address	Third Address	Fourth Address		
A1,A0	A1,A0	A1,A0	A1,A0		
00	01	10	11		
01	10	11	00		
10	11	00	01		
11	00	01	10		

ZZ Mode Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Max	Unit
I _{DDZZ}	Sleep mode standby current	$ZZ \ge V_{DD} - 0.2V$		35	mA
t _{ZZS}	Device operation to ZZ	$ZZ \ge V_{DD} - 0.2V$		2t _{CYC}	ns
t _{ZZREC}	ZZ recovery time	ZZ <u><</u> 0.2V	2t _{CYC}		ns
t_{ZZI}	ZZ active to sleep current	This parameter is sampled		2t _{CYC}	ns
t _{RZZI}	ZZ Inactive to exit sleep current	This parameter is sampled	0		ns



Truth Table^[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]

Operation	Address Used	CE	ZZ	ADV/LD	WE	BWx	ŌE	CEN	CLK	DQ
Deselect Cycle	None	Н	L	L	Х	Х	Х	L	L-H	Three-State
Continue Deselect Cycle	None	Х	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	L	L-H	Three-State
Read Cycle (Begin Burst)	External	L	L	L	Н	Х	L	L	L-H	Data Out (Q)
Read Cycle (Continue Burst)	Next	Х	L	Н	Х	Х	L	L	L-H	Data Out (Q)
NOP/Dummy Read (Begin Burst)	External	L	L	L	Н	Х	Н	L	L-H	Three-State
Dummy Read (Continue Burst)	Next	Х	L	Н	Х	Х	Н	L	L-H	Three-State
Write Cycle (Begin Burst)	External	L	L	L	L	L	Х	L	L-H	Data In (D)
Write Cycle (Continue Burst)	Next	Х	L	Н	Х	L	Х	L	L-H	Data In (D)
NOP/WRITE ABORT (Begin Burst)	None	L	L	L	L	Н	Х	L	L-H	Three-State
WRITE ABORT (Continue Burst)	Next	Х	L	Н	Х	Н	Х	L	L-H	Three-State
IGNORE CLOCK EDGE (Stall)	Current	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	L-H	-
Sleep MODE	None	Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Three-State

Notes:

- 1. X = "Don't Care", 1 = Logic HIGH, 0 = Logic LOW, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ stands for ALL Chip Enables active. $\overline{\text{BWx}}$ = 0 signifies at least one Byte Write Select is active, $\overline{\text{BWx}}$ = Valid signifies that the desired Byte Write Selects are asserted, see Write Cycle Description table for details.

 2. Write is defined by $\overline{\text{WE}}$ and $\overline{\text{BW}}_{[\text{a:d}]}$. See Write Cycle Description table for details.

 3. When a write cycle is detected, all I/Os are three-stated, even during Byte Writes.

- 4. The DQ and DQP pins are controlled by the current cycle and the OE signal.
- 5. CEN = H inserts wait states.
- Device will power-up deselected and the I/Os in a three-state condition, regardless of OE.
 QE is asynchronous and is not sampled with the clock rise. It is masked internally during write cycles. During a read cycle DQs and DQP_[a:d] = Three-state when OE is inactive or when the device is deselected, and DQs = data when OE is active.



Partial Write Cycle Description^[1, 2, 3, 8]

WE	BW _d	BW _c	BW _b	BW _a
Н	Х	Х	Х	Х
L	Н	Н	Н	Н
L	Н	Н	Н	L
L	Н	Н	L	Н
L	Н	Н	L	L
L	Н	L	Н	Н
L	Н	L	Н	L
L	Н	L	L	Н
L	Н	L	L	L
L	L	Н	Н	Н
L	L	Н	Н	L
L	L	Н	L	Н
L	L	Н	L	L
L	L	L	Н	Н
L	L	L	Н	L
L	L	L	L	Н
L	L	L	L	L
		H X L H L H L H L H L H L H L L L L L L L L L L L	H X X X L H H H L H H L H H L H L L H L L H L L H L L H L L L H L L L H L L L L	H X X X X L H H H H L H H H L H H L L H L H L H L H L H L H L H L H L L H L L L L H L L L L H H L L L H H H L L H H L L H H L L H H H L L H H L L H H H L L H H H L L L H H L L L H H L L L H L L H

Note:

^{8.} Table only lists a partial listing of the byte write combinations. Any combination of $\overline{BW}_{[a:d]}$ is valid. Appropriate write will be done based on which byte write is active.

Function (CY7C1356B)	WE	BW _b	BWa
Read	Н	х	х
Write – No Bytes Written	L	Н	Н
Write Byte a – (DQ _a and DQP _{a)}	L	Н	L
Write Byte b – (DQ _b and DQP _{b)}	L	L	Н
Write Both Bytes	L	L	L

IEEE 1149.1 Serial Boundary Scan (JTAG)

The CY7C1354B/CY7C1354B incorporates a serial boundary scan Test Access Port (TAP) in the BGA package only. The TQFP package does not offer this functionality. This port operates in accordance with IEEE Standard 1149.1-1900, but does not have the set of functions required for full 1149.1 compliance. These functions from the IEEE specification are excluded because their inclusion places an added delay in the critical speed path of the SRAM. Note that the TAP controller functions in a manner that does not conflict with the operation of other devices using 1149.1 fully compliant TAPs. The TAP operates using JEDEC standard 3.3V I/O logic levels.

Disabling the JTAG Feature

It is possible to operate the SRAM without using the JTAG feature. To disable the TAP controller, TCK must be tied LOW (V_SS) to prevent clocking of the device. TDI and TMS are internally pulled up and may be unconnected. They may alternately be connected to V_{DD} through a pull-up resistor. TDO should be left unconnected. Upon power-up, the device will come up in a reset state which will not interfere with the operation of the device.

Test Access Port-Test Clock

The test clock is used only with the TAP controller. All inputs are captured on the rising edge of TCK. All outputs are driven from the falling edge of TCK.

Test Mode Select

The TMS input is used to give commands to the TAP controller and is sampled on the rising edge of TCK. It is allowable to leave this pin unconnected if the TAP is not used. The pin is pulled up internally, resulting in a logic HIGH level.

Test Data-In (TDI)

The TDI pin is used to serially input information into the registers and can be connected to the input of any of the registers. The register between TDI and TDO is chosen by the instruction that is loaded into the TAP instruction register. For information on loading the instruction register, see the TAP Controller State Diagram. TDI is internally pulled up and can be unconnected if the TAP is unused in an application. TDI is connected to the Most Significant Bit (MSB) on any register.

Test Data Out (TDO)

The TDO output pin is used to serially clock data-out from the registers. The output is active depending upon the current state of the TAP state machine (see TAP Controller State



Diagram). The output changes on the falling edge of TCK. TDO is connected to the Least Significant Bit (LSB) of any register.

Performing a TAP Reset

A Reset is performed by forcing TMS HIGH (V_{DD}) for five rising edges of TCK. This RESET does not affect the operation of the SRAM and may be performed while the SRAM is operating. At power-up, the TAP is reset internally to ensure that TDO comes up in a High-Z state.

TAP Registers

Registers are connected between the TDI and TDO pins and allow data to be scanned into and out of the SRAM test circuitry. Only one register can be selected at a time through the instruction registers. Data is serially loaded into the TDI pin on the rising edge of TCK. Data is output on the TDO pin on the falling edge of TCK.

Instruction Register

Three-bit instructions can be serially loaded into the instruction register. This register is loaded when it is placed between the TDI and TDO pins as shown in the TAP Controller Block Diagram. Upon power-up, the instruction register is loaded with the IDCODE instruction. It is also loaded with the IDCODE instruction if the controller is placed in a reset state as described in the previous section.

When the TAP controller is in the Capture-IR state, the two least significant bits are loaded with a binary "01" pattern to allow for fault isolation of the board level serial test path.

Bypass Register

To save time when serially shifting data through registers, it is sometimes advantageous to skip certain states. The bypass register is a single-bit register that can be placed between TDI and TDO pins. This allows data to be shifted through the SRAM with minimal delay. The bypass register is set LOW (V_{SS}) when the BYPASS instruction is executed.

Boundary Scan Register

The boundary scan register is connected to all the input and output pins on the SRAM. Several no connect (NC) pins are also included in the scan register to reserve pins for higher density devices. The ×36 configuration has a 69-bit-long register, and the ×18 configuration has a 69-bit-long register.

The boundary scan register is loaded with the contents of the RAM Input and Output ring when the TAP controller is in the Capture-DR state and is then placed between the TDI and TDO pins when the controller is moved to the Shift-DR state. The EXTEST, SAMPLE/PRELOAD and SAMPLE Z instructions can be used to capture the contents of the Input and Output ring.

The Boundary Scan Order tables show the order in which the bits are connected. Each bit corresponds to one of the bumps on the SRAM package. The MSB of the register is connected to TDI, and the LSB is connected to TDO.

Identification (ID) Register

The ID register is loaded with a vendor-specific, 32-bit code during the Capture-DR state when the IDCODE command is loaded in the instruction register. The IDCODE is hardwired into the SRAM and can be shifted out when the TAP controller

is in the Shift-DR state. The ID register has a vendor code and other information described in the Identification Register Definitions table.

TAP Instruction Set

Eight different instructions are possible with the three-bit instruction register. All combinations are listed in the Instruction Code table. Three of these instructions are listed as RESERVED and should not be used. The other five instructions are described in detail below.

The TAP controller used in this SRAM is not fully compliant to the 1149.1 convention because some of the mandatory 1149.1 instructions are not fully implemented. The TAP controller cannot be used to load address, data, or control signals into the SRAM and cannot preload the Input or Output buffers. The SRAM does not implement the 1149.1 commands EXTEST or INTEST or the PRELOAD portion of SAMPLE/PRELOAD; rather it performs a capture of the Inputs and Output ring when these instructions are executed.

Instructions are loaded into the TAP controller during the Shift-IR state when the instruction register is placed between TDI and TDO. During this state, instructions are shifted through the instruction register through the TDI and TDO pins. To execute the instruction once it is shifted in, the TAP controller needs to be moved into the Update-IR state.

EXTEST

EXTEST is a mandatory 1149.1 instruction which is to be executed whenever the instruction register is loaded with all 0s. EXTEST is not implemented in the TAP controller, and therefore this device is not compliant to the 1149.1 standard.

The TAP controller does recognize an all-0 instruction. When an EXTEST instruction is loaded into the instruction register, the SRAM responds as if a SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction has been loaded. There is one difference between the two instructions. Unlike the SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction, EXTEST places the SRAM outputs in a High-Z state.

IDCODE

The IDCODE instruction causes a vendor-specific, 32-bit code to be loaded into the instruction register. It also places the instruction register between the TDI and TDO pins and allows the IDCODE to be shifted out of the device when the TAP controller enters the Shift-DR state. The IDCODE instruction is loaded into the instruction register upon power-up or whenever the TAP controller is given a test logic reset state.

SAMPLE Z

The SAMPLE Z instruction causes the boundary scan register to be connected between the TDI and TDO pins when the TAP controller is in a Shift-DR state. It also places all SRAM outputs into a High-Z state.

SAMPLE/PRELOAD

SAMPLE/PRELOAD is a 1149.1 mandatory instruction. The PRELOAD portion of this instruction is not implemented, so the TAP controller is not fully 1149.1-compliant.

When the SAMPLE/PRELOAD instructions are loaded into the instruction register and the TAP controller is in the Capture-DR state, a snapshot of data on the inputs and output pins is captured in the boundary scan register.



The user must be aware that the TAP controller clock can only operate at a frequency up to 10 MHz, while the SRAM clock operates more than an order of magnitude faster. Because there is a large difference in the clock frequencies, it is possible that during the Capture-DR state, an input or output will undergo a transition. The TAP may then try to capture a signal while in transition (metastable state). This will not harm the device, but there is no guarantee as to the value that will be captured. Repeatable results may not be possible.

To guarantee that the boundary scan register will capture the correct value of a signal, the SRAM signal must be stabilized long enough to meet the TAP controller's capture set-up plus hold times (t_{CS} and t_{CH}). The SRAM clock input might not be captured correctly if there is no way in a design to stop (or slow) the clock during a SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction. If this is an issue, it is still possible to capture <u>all other signals and simply ignore the value of the CK and CK captured in the boundary scan register.</u>

Once the data is captured, it is possible to shift out the data by putting the TAP into the Shift-DR state. This places the boundary scan register between the TDI and TDO pins.

Note that since the PRELOAD part of the command is not implemented, putting the TAP into the Update to the Update-DR state while performing a SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction will have the same effect as the Pause-DR command.

Bypass

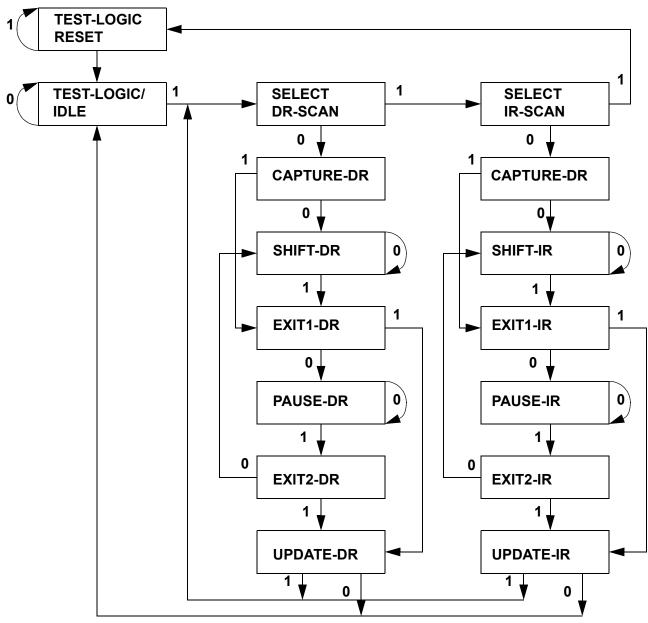
When the BYPASS instruction is loaded in the instruction register and the TAP is placed in a Shift-DR state, the bypass register is placed between the TDI and TDO pins. The advantage of the BYPASS instruction is that it shortens the boundary scan path when multiple devices are connected together on a board.

Reserved

These instructions are not implemented but are reserved for future use. Do not use these instructions.

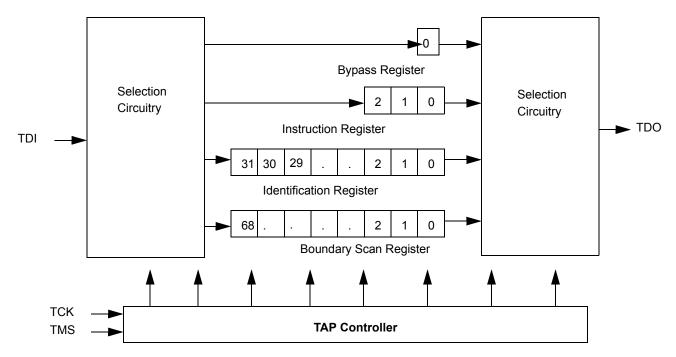


TAP Controller State Diagram



Note:
9. The 0/1 next to each state represents the value at TMS at the rising edge of TCK.





TAP Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range^[10, 11]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{OH1}	Output HIGH Voltage	I _{OH} = 2.0 mA, V _{DDQ} = 3.3V	2.0		V
		I _{OH} = 2.0 mA, V _{DDQ} = 2.5V	1.7		V
V _{OH2}	Output HIGH Voltage	I _{OH} = 100 μA, V _{DDQ} = 3.3V	2.0		V
		I _{OH} = 100 μA, V _{DDQ} = 2.5V	2.0		V
V _{OL1}	Output LOW Voltage	I _{OL} = 2.0 mA		0.7	V
V _{OL2}	Output LOW Voltage	I _{OL} = 100 μA		0.2	V
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		1.7	V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage		-0.3	0.7	V
I _X	Input Load Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{DDQ}$	-30	30	μΑ
I _X	Input Load Current TMS and TDI	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{DDQ}$	-30	30	μΑ

TAP AC Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range [12, 13]

Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
t _{TCYC}	TCK Clock Cycle Time	100		ns
t _{TF}	TCK Clock Frequency		10	MHz
t _{TH}	TCK Clock HIGH	40		ns
t _{TL}	TCK Clock LOW			ns
Set-up Time	s			•
t _{TMSS}	TMS Set-up to TCK Clock Rise			ns
t _{TDIS}	TDI Set-up to TCK Clock Rise			ns
t _{CS}	Capture Set-up to TCK Rise	10		ns

10. All voltage referenced to ground.

11. Overshoot: $V_{IH}(AC) \le V_{DD} + 1.5V$ for $t \le t_{TCYC}/2$; undershoot: $V_{IL}(AC) \ge -0.5V$ for $t \le t_{TCYC}/2$.

12. t_{CS} and t_{CH} refer to the set-up and hold time requirements of latching data from the boundary scan register.

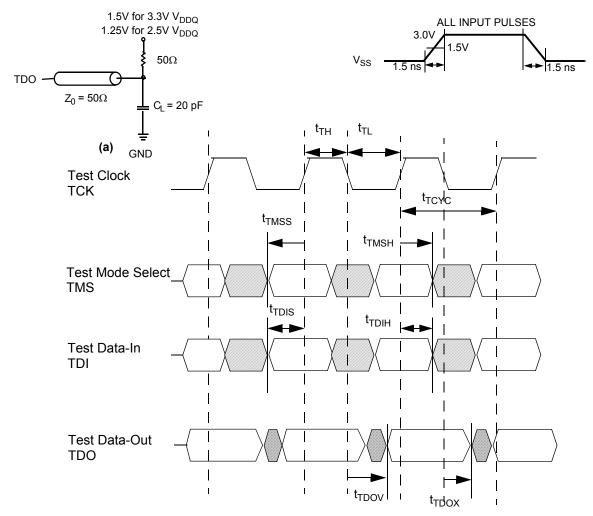
13. Test conditions are specified using the load in TAP AC test conditions. $t_{R}/t_{F} = 1$ ns.



 $\textbf{TAP AC Switching Characteristics} \ \ \text{Over the Operating Range} \ \ (\text{continued})^{[12,\ 13]}$

Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
Hold Times		I.	I .	I.
t _{TMSH}	TMS Hold after TCK Clock Rise	10		ns
t _{TDIH}	TDI Hold after Clock Rise	10		ns
t _{CH}	Capture Hold after clock rise			ns
Output Time	es	•		
t _{TDOV}	TCK Clock LOW to TDO Valid		20	ns
t _{TDOX}	TCK Clock LOW to TDO Invalid	0		ns

TAP Timing and Test Conditions



Identification Register Definitions

Instruction Field	CY7C1354B	CY7C1356B	Description
Revision Number (31:29)	001	001	Reserved for version number.
Cypress Device ID (28:12)	01010001000100110	01010001000010110	Reserved for future use.
Cypress JEDEC ID (11:1)	00000110100	00000110100	Allows unique identification of SRAM vendor.
ID Register Presence (0)	1	1	Indicate the presence of an ID register.



Scan Register Sizes

Register Name	Bit Size
Instruction	3
Bypass	1
ID	32
Boundary Scan	69

Identification Codes

Instruction	Code	Description
EXTEST	000	Captures the Input/Output ring contents. Places the boundary scan register between the TDI and TDO. Forces all SRAM outputs to High-Z state. This instruction is not 1149.1-compliant.
IDCODE	001	Loads the ID register with the vendor ID code and places the register between TDI and TDO. This operation does not affect SRAM operation.
SAMPLE Z	010	Captures the Input/Output contents. Places the boundary scan register between TDI and TDO. Forces all SRAM output drivers to a High-Z state.
RESERVED	011	Do Not Use: This instruction is reserved for future use.
SAMPLE/PRELOAD	100	Captures the Input/Output ring contents. Places the boundary scan register between TDI and TDO. Does not affect the SRAM operation. This instruction does not implement 1149.1 preload function and is therefore not 1149.1-compliant.
RESERVED	101	Do Not Use: This instruction is reserved for future use.
RESERVED	110	Do Not Use: This instruction is reserved for future use.
BYPASS	111	Places the bypass register between TDI and TDO. This operation does not affect SRAM operation.

Boundary Scan Exit Order (×36)

Bit #	119-Ball ID	165-Ball ID
1	K4	B6
2	H4	B7
3	M4	A7
4	F4	B8
5	B4	A8
6	G4	A9
7	C3	B10
8	B3	A10
9	D6	C11
10	H7	E10
11	G6	F10
12	E6	G10
13	D7	D10
14	E7	D11
15	F6	E11
16	G7	F11
17	H6	G11
18	T7	H11
19	K7	J10
20	L6	K10
21	N6	L10
22	P7	M10
23	N7	J11

Boundary Scan Exit Order (×36) (continued)

Bit #	119-Ball ID	165-Ball ID
24	M6	K11
25	L7	L11
26	K6	M11
27	P6	N11
28	T4	R11
29	A3	R10
30	C5	P10
31	B5	R9
32	A5	P9
33	C6	R8
34	A6	P8
35	P4	R6
36	N4	P6
37	R6	R4
38	T5	P4
39	T3	R3
40	R2	P3
41	R3	R1
42	P2	N1
43	P1	L2
44	L2	K2
45	K1	J2
46	N2	M2



Boundary Scan Exit Order (×36) (continued)

Bit#	119-Ball ID	165-Ball ID
47	N1	M1
48	M2	L1
49	L1	K1
50	K2	J1
51	Not Bonded (Preset to 1)	Not Bonded (Preset to 1)
52	H1	G2
53	G2	F2
54	E2	E2
55	D1	D2
56	H2	G1
57	G1	F1
58	F2	E1
59	E1	D1
60	D2	C1
61	C2	B2
62	A2	A2
63	E4	A3
64	B2	B3
65	L3	B4
66	G3	A4
67	G5	A5
68	L5	B5
69	B6	A6

Boundary Scan Exit Order (×18)

Bit #	119-Ball ID	165-Ball ID
1	K4	B6
2	H4	B7
3	M4	A7
4	F4	B8
5	B4	A8
6	G4	A9
7	C3	B10
8	В3	A10
9	T2	A11
10	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)
11	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)
12	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)
13	D6	C11
14	E7	D11
15	F6	E11

Boundary Scan Exit Order (×18) (continued)

19	Dit#	440 0	405 D. II ID
17 H6 G11 18 T7 H11 19 K7 J10 20 L6 K10 21 N6 L10 22 P7 M10 23 Not Bonded (Preset to 0) Not Bonded (Preset to 0) 24 Not Bonded (Preset to 0) Not Bonded (Preset to 0) 25 Not Bonded (Preset to 0) Not Bonded (Preset to 0) 26 Not Bonded (Preset to 0) Not Bonded (Preset to 0) 27 Not Bonded (Preset to 0) Not Bonded (Preset to 0) 28 T6 R11 29 A3 R10 30 C5 P10 31 B5 R9 32 A5 P9 33 C6 R8 34 A6 P8 35 P4 R6 36 N4 P6 37 R6 R4 38 T5 P4 39 T3 R3 <th>Bit #</th> <th>119-Ball ID</th> <th>165-Ball ID</th>	Bit #	119-Ball ID	165-Ball ID
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20	18	Т7	H11
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23	21	N6	L10
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49 L1 K1 50 K2 J1 51 Not Bonded (Preset to 1) (Preset to 1)			
50 K2 J1 51 Not Bonded (Preset to 1) (Preset to 1)			
51 Not Bonded Not Bonded (Preset to 1) (Preset to 1)	49	L1	K1
(Preset to 1) (Preset to 1)		K2	
	51		
52 H1 G2		·	·
	52	H1	G2



Boundary Scan Exit Order (×18) (continued)

Bit #	119-Ball ID	165-Ball ID
53	G2	F2
54	E2	E2
55	D1	D2
56	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)
57	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)
58	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)
59	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)
60	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)
61	C2	B2
62	A2	A2
63	E4	A3
64	B2	B3
65	Not Bonded (Preset to 0	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)
66	G3	Not Bonded (Preset to 0)
67	Not Bonded (Preset to 0	A4
68	L5	B5
69	B6	A6



Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.) Storage Temperature-65°C to +150°C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied......–55°C to +125°C Supply Voltage on V_{DD} Relative to GND...... $-0.5 \mbox{V}$ to +4.6 \mbox{V} DC to Outputs in Three-State..... -0.5V to V_{DDQ} + 0.5V DC Input Voltage-0.5V to V_{DD} + 0.5V

Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	. > 2001V
Latch-up Current	> 200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	3.3V - 5%/+10%	
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C		to V _{DD}

Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range^[14, 15]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions			Max.	Unit
V_{DD}	Power Supply Voltage			3.135	3.6	V
V_{DDQ}	I/O Supply Voltage	$V_{DDQ} = 3.3V$		3.135	V_{DD}	V
		V _{DDQ} = 2.5V		2.375	2.625	V
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	V_{DD} = Min., I_{OH} = -4.0 mA, V_{DDO}	_Q = 3.3V	2.4		V
		V_{DD} = Min., I_{OH} = -1.0 mA, V_{DDO}	_Q = 2.5V	2.0		V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	V_{DD} = Min., I_{OL} = 8.0 mA, V_{DDQ} =	: 3.3V		0.4	V
		V_{DD} = Min., I_{OL} = 1.0 mA, V_{DDQ} =	= 2.5V		0.4	V
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	V _{DDQ} = 3.3V		2.0	V _{DD} + 0.3V	V
		V _{DDQ} = 2.5V		1.7	$V_{DD} + 0.3V$	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage ^[14]	V _{DDQ} = 3.3V		-0.3	0.8	V
		V _{DDQ} = 2.5V		-0.3	0.7	V
I _X	Input Load Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{DDQ}$		-5	5	μΑ
	Input Current of MODE			-30	30	μΑ
I_{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{DDQ}$, Output Disable	ed	- 5	5	μΑ
I _{DD}	V _{DD} Operating Supply	V _{DD} = Max., I _{OUT} = 0 mA,	4.4-ns cycle, 225 MHz		250	mA
		$f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{CYC}$	5-ns cycle, 200 MHz		220	mA
			6-ns cycle, 166 MHz		180	mA
I _{SB1}	Automatic CE Power-down Current—TTL Inputs	Max. V_{DD} , Device Deselected, $V_{IN} \ge V_{IH}$ or $V_{IN} \le V_{IL}$, $f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{CYC}$	All speed grades		50	mA
I _{SB2}	Automatic CE Power-down Current—CMOS Inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max. V}_{DD}, \text{ Device Deselected,} \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3 \text{V or V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{DDQ} - 0.3 \text{V,} \\ \text{f} = 0 \end{array}$	All speed grades		35	mA
I _{SB3}	Automatic CE Power-down Current—CMOS Inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max. V}_{DD}, \text{ Device Deselected,} \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3 \text{V or V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{DDQ} - 0.3 \text{V,} \\ \text{f} = \text{f}_{\text{MAX}} = 1/\text{t}_{\text{CYC}} \end{array}$	All speed grades		50	mA
I _{SB4}	Automatic CE Power-down Current—TTL Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max. V}_{DD}, \text{ Device Deselected,} \\ &\text{V}_{IN} \geq \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or V}_{IN} \leq \text{V}_{IL}, \text{ f = 0} \end{aligned}$	All speed grades		40	mA

Shaded areas contain advance information.

Notes:

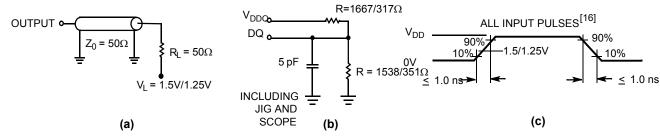
^{14.} Overshoot: $V_{IL}(AC) < V_{DD} + 1.5V$ (Pulse width less than $t_{CYC}/2$), undershoot: $V_{IL}(AC) > -2V$ (Pulse width less than $t_{CYC}/2$). 15. $T_{Power-up}$: Assumes a linear ramp from 0V to V_{DD} (min.) within 200 ms. During this time $V_{IH} < V_{DD}$ and $V_{DDQ} < V_{DD}$.



Capacitance^[16]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	BGA Max.	fBGA Max.	TQFP Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1 \text{ MHz},$	5	5	5	pF
C _{CLK}	Clock Input Capacitance	$V_{DD} = 3.3V V_{DDQ} = 2.5V$	5	5	5	pF
C _{I/O}	Input/Output Capacitance		7	7	5	pF

AC Test Loads and Waveforms



Thermal Resistance^[16]

Parameters	Description	Test Conditions	BGA Typ.	fBGA Typ.	TQFP Typ.	Unit	Notes
Θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Test conditions follow standard test methods and	25	27	25	°C/W	17
Θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	procedures for measuring thermal impedance, per EIA / JESD51.	6	6	9	°C/W	17

Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range [21, 22]

			25	-200		-166			
Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	
t _{Power} ^[17]	V _{CC} (typical) to the First Access Read or Write	1		1		1		ms	
Clock			•	•					
t _{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	4.4		5		6		ns	
F _{MAX}	Maximum Operating Frequency		225		200		166	MHz	
t _{CH}	Clock HIGH	1.8		2.0		2.4		ns	
t _{CL}	Clock LOW	1.8		2.0		2.4		ns	
Output Times	•	•			•	•	•		
t _{CO}	Data Output Valid after CLK Rise		2.8		3.2		3.5	ns	
t _{EOV}	OE LOW to Output Valid		2.8		3.2		3.5	ns	
t _{DOH}	Data Output Hold after CLK Rise	1.25		1.5		1.5		ns	
t _{CHZ}	Clock to High-Z ^[18, 19, 20]	1.25	2.8	1.5	3.2	1.5	3.5	ns	
t _{CLZ}	Clock to Low-Z ^[18, 19, 20]	1.25		1.5		1.5		ns	
t _{EOHZ}	OE HIGH to Output High-Z ^[18, 19, 20]		2.8		3.2		3.5	ns	
t _{EOLZ}	OE LOW to Output Low-Z ^[18, 19, 20]	0		0		0		ns	

Shaded areas contain advance information.

- 16. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- 17. This part has a voltage regulator internally; t_{power} is the time power needs to be supplied above V_{DD} minimum initially, before a Read or Write operation can be
- 18. t_{CHZ}, t_{CLZ}, t_{EOLZ}, and t_{EOHZ} are specified with AC test conditions shown in (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured ± 200 mV from steady-state voltage.
- 19. At any given voltage and temperature, t_{EOHZ} is less than t_{EOLZ} and t_{CHZ}; is less than t_{CLZ} to eliminate bus contention between SRAMs when sharing the same data bus. These specifications do not imply a bus contention condition, but reflect parameters guaranteed over worst case user conditions. Device is designed to achieve High-Z prior to Low-Z under the same system conditions.

 20. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 21. Timing reference level is 1.5V when $V_{\rm DDQ}$ = 3.3V and is 1.25V when $V_{\rm DDQ}$ = 2.5V. 22. Test conditions shown in (a) of AC Test Loads unless otherwise noted.



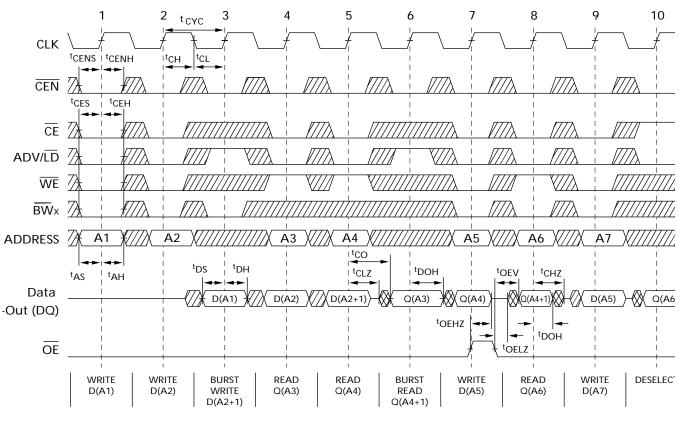
Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range (continued)^[21, 22]

		-2	-225		-200		-166	
Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
Set-up Times						•		
t _{AS}	Address Set-up before CLK Rise	1.4		1.5		1.5		ns
t _{DS}	Data Input Set-up before CLK Rise	1.4		1.5		1.5		ns
t _{CENS}	CEN Set-up before CLK Rise	1.4		1.5		1.5		ns
t _{WES}	WE, BW _x Set-up before CLK Rise	1.4		1.5		1.5		ns
t _{ALS}	ADV/LD Set-up before CLK Rise	1.4		1.5		1.5		ns
t _{CES}	Chip Select Set-up	1.4		1.5		1.5		ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold after CLK Rise	0.4		0.5		0.5		ns
Hold Times								
t _{DH}	Data Input Hold after CLK Rise	0.4		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CENH}	CEN Hold after CLK Rise	0.4		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{WEH}	WE, BW _x Hold after CLK Rise	0.4		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{ALH}	ADV/LD Hold after CLK Rise	0.4		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CEH}	Chip Select Hold after CLK Rise	0.4		0.5		0.5		ns



Switching Waveforms

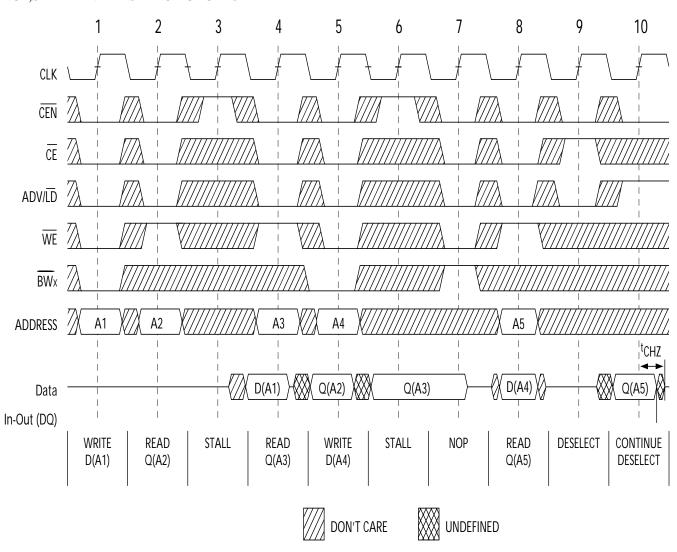
Read/WriteTiming^[23,24,25]



DON'T CARE WUNDEFINED

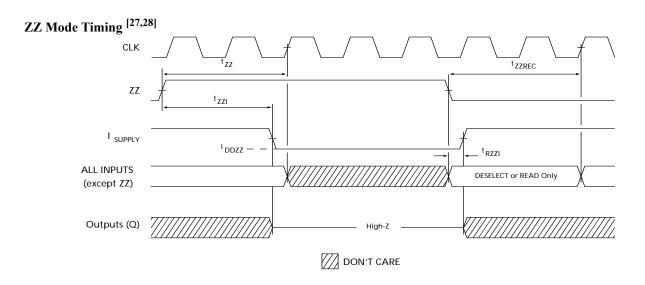
Switching Waveforms (continued)

NOP, STALL AND DESELECT CYCLES^[23,24,26]





Switching Waveforms (continued)



- Note:

 23. For this waveform ZZ is tied low.

 24. When \overline{CE} is LOW, \overline{CE}_1 is LOW, \overline{CE}_2 is HIGH and \overline{CE}_3 is LOW. When \overline{CE} is HIGH, \overline{CE}_1 is HIGH or \overline{CE}_2 is LOW or \overline{CE}_3 is HIGH.

 25. Order of the Burst sequence is determined by the status of the MODE (0=Linear, 1=Interleaved). Burst operations are optional.

 26. The IGNORE CLOCK EDGE or STALL cycle (Clock 3) illustrated \overline{CEN} being used to create a pause. A write is not performed during this cycle 27. Device must be deselected when entering ZZ mode. See cycle description table for all possible signal conditions to deselect the device.

 28. I/Os are in High-Z when exiting ZZ sleep mode..

Ordering Information

Speed (MHz)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
225	CY7C1354B-225AC	A101	100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4 mm)	Commercial
	CY7C1356B-225AC			
	CY7C1354B-225AI	A101	100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4 mm)	Industrial
	CY7C1356B-225AI			
	CY7C1354B-225BGC	BG119	119-ball Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm)	Commercial
	CY7C1356B-225BGC			
	CY7C1354B-225BGI	BG119	119-ball Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm)	Industrial
	CY7C1356B-225BGI			
	CY7C1354B-225BZC	BB165A	165-ball Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2 mm)	Commercial
	CY7C1356B-225BZC			
	CY7C1354B-225BZI	BB165A	165-ball Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2 mm)	Industrial
	CY7C1356B-225BZI			



Ordering Information

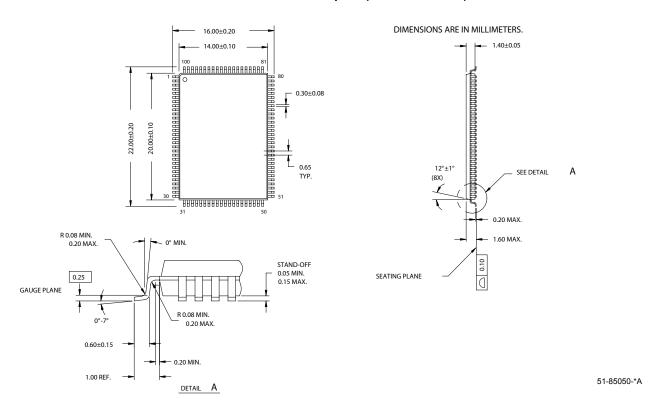
Speed (MHz)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
200	CY7C1354B-200AC	A101	100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4 mm)	Commercial
	CY7C1356B-200AC			
	CY7C1354B-200AI	A101	100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4 mm)	Industrial
	CY7C1356B-200AI			
	CY7C1354B-200BGC	BG119	119-ball Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm)	Commercial
	CY7C1356B-200BGC			
	CY7C1354B-200BGI	BG119	119-ball Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm)	Industrial
	CY7C1356B-200BGI			
	CY7C1354B-200BZC	BB165A	165-ball Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2 mm)	Commercial
	CY7C1356B-200BZC			
	CY7C1354B-200BZI	BB165A	165-ball Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2 mm)	Industrial
	CY7C1356B-200BZI			
166	CY7C1354B-166AC	A101	100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4 mm)	Commercial
	CY7C1356B-166AC			
	CY7C1354B-166AI	A101	100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4 mm)	Industrial
	CY7C1356B-166AI			
	CY7C1354B-166BGC	BG119	119-ball Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm)	Commercial
	CY7C1356B-166BGC			
	CY7C1354B-166BGI	BG119	119-ball Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm)	Industrial
	CY7C1356B-166BGI			
	CY7C1354B-166BZC	BB165A	165-ball Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2 mm)	Commercial
	CY7C1356B-166BZC			
	CY7C1354B-166BZI	BB165A	165-ball Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2 mm)	Industrial
	CY7C1356B-166BZI			

Shaded areas contain advance information. Please contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.



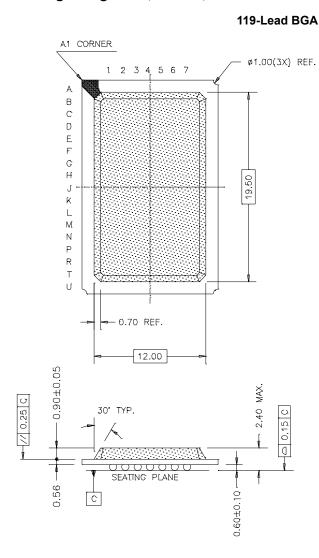
Package Diagrams

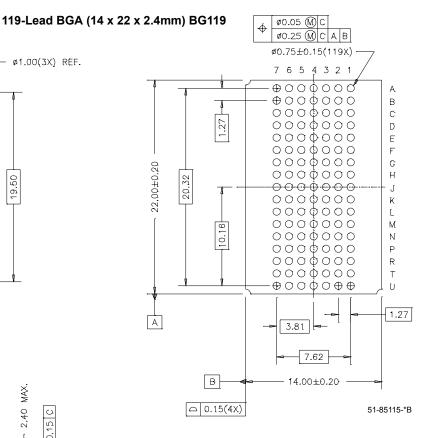
100-Pin Thin Plastic Quad Flatpack (14 x 20 x 1.4 mm) A101





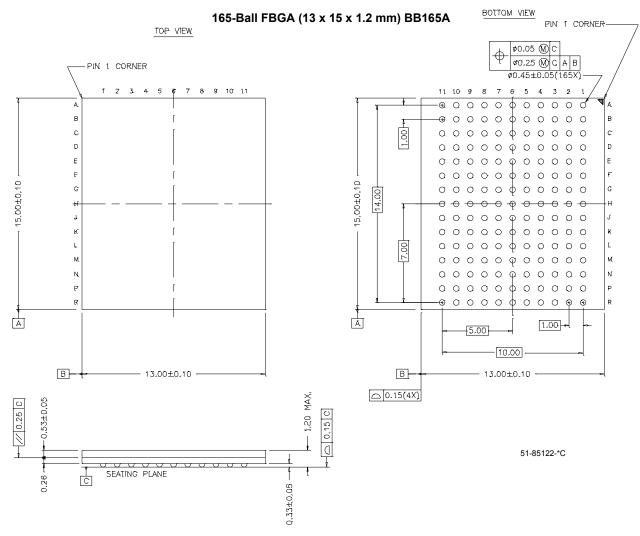
Package Diagrams (continued)







Package Diagrams (continued)



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Document History Page

loBL™ A	Architecture It Number: 3			o (256K x 36/512K x 18) Pipelined SRAM wi
REV.	ECN No.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	117904	08/28/02	RCS	New Data Sheet
*A	126207	08/27/03	DPM	Removed Preliminary status Removed 250-MHz Speed bin Added 225-MHz speed bin Increased T _{CO} , T _{EOV} , T _{CHZ} , T _{EOHZ} for 200 MHz to 3.2 ns from 3.0 ns Updated JTAG revision number and device depth Updated JTAG boundary scan orders Added t _{Power} specification Changed footnotes ordering Added Industrial operating range Changed Capacitance table to have TQFP, BGA, and fBGA columns.
*B	205060	See ECN	NJY	Removed footnote 13 "Minimum voltage equals –2.0V for pulse durations of less than 20 Removed footnote 14 "TA is the case temperature." Changed footnote 15 from "Overshoot: $V_{IH}(AC) < V_{DD} + 1.5V$ for $t < t_{TCYC}/2$; undershoved footnote 15 from "Overshoot: $V_{IH}(AC) < V_{DD} + 1.5V$ for $t < t_{TCYC}/2$; undershoved in the footnote 13 "Overshoot: VIH $4 < 2.6V$ and VDD $4 < 2.4V$ and VDDQ $4 < 1.4V$ for 200 ms. "to footnote 13 "Overshoot: VIH(AC) $4 < 1.6V$ (Pulse width less than tCYC/2) undershoot: VIL(AC) $4 < 1.6V$ (Pulse width less than tCYC/2). "Added footnote 14 "Temperature Assumes a linear ramp from 0V to VDD (min.) within 200 puring this time VIH $4 < 1.6V$ DD and VDDQ $4 < 1.6V$ VDD. "Added footnote 20 "Timing reference level is 1.5V when $4 < 1.6V$ WDDQ $4 < 1.6V$ VDDQ $4 < 1.6V$ VDQQ $4 < 1.6V$ VQQQ $4 < 1.6V$ V
*C	230388	See ECN	VBL	Modified ID code Changed balls B4 and A5 from \overline{BW}_d and \overline{BW}_b to NC and ball A4 from \overline{BW}_d to \overline{BW}_b for 165-ball FBGA package for CY7C1356B Changed balls C11 from DQPb to DQPa and balls D11,E11,F11 and G1 from DQb to DQa for CY7C1356B. Update Ordering Info section: changed BZC to BZI in Industrial part