Features

- Read Access Time 120 ns
- Word-wide or Byte-wide Configurable
- Dual Voltage Range Operation
 - Unregulated Battery Power Supply Range, 2.7V to 3.6V or Standard 5V ± 10% Supply Range
- 8-Megabit Flash and Mask ROM Compatable
- Low Power CMOS Operation
 - 20 μA Maximum Standby
 - 10 mA Max. Active at 5 MHz for V_{CC} = 3.6V
- JEDEC Standard Packages
 - 44-Lead PLCC
 - 44-Lead SOIC (SOP)
 - 48-Lead TSOP (12 mm x 20 mm)
- High Reliability CMOS Technology
 - 2,000 ESD Protection
 - 200 mA Latchup Immunity
- Rapid[™] Programming Algorithm 50 µs/word (typical)
- CMOS and TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs
 - JEDEC Standard for LVTTL and LVBO
- Integrated Product Identification Code
- Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges

Description

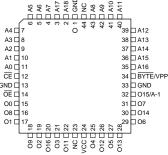
The AT27BV800 is a high performance low-power, low-voltage 8,388,608-bit one time programmable read only memory (OTP EPROM) organized as either 512K by 16 or 1024K by 8 bits. It requires only one supply in the range of 2.7 to 3.6V in normal read

Pin Configurations

_
Function
Addresses
Outputs
Output/Address
Byte Mode/ Program Supply
Chip Enable
Output Enable
No Connect

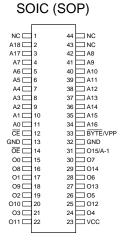
		_ `	-
	m	Ω	

PLCC



TSOP

Type 1



	((
A15 🗆 1 🔿))	48 A16
A14 🖂 2		47 BYTE/VPP
A13 🖂 3		46 🖂 GND
A12 🖂 4		45 O15/A-1
A11 🖂 5		44 🗀 07
A10 🖂 6		43 🗖 014
A9 🗖 7		42 🖂 06
A8 🖂 8		41 🗀 013
NC 🖂 9		40 🖂 O5
NC 🖂 10		39 🗀 O12
NC 🖂 11		38 🗀 O4
NC 🖂 12		37 VCC
NC 🖂 13		36 O11
NC 🖂 14		35 🗀 O3
NC 🖂 15		34 🗀 010
A18 🖂 16		33 🖂 02
A17 🖂 17		32 O9
A7 🖂 18		31 🗀 01
A6 🖂 19		30 🖂 08
A5 🖂 20		29 O0
A4 🖂 21		28 🗀 ŌĒ
A3 🗀 22		27 🗀 GND
A2 🖂 23		26 🗀 CE
A1 🖂 24	((25 A0
L		



8-Megabit (512K x 16 or 1024K x 8) Unregulated Battery-Voltage[™] High Speed OTP EPROM

AT27BV800 Preliminary

(continued)

Rev. 0988B-03/98





mode operation. The x16 organization makes this part ideal for portable and hand held 16- and 32-bit microprocessor based systems using either regulated or unregulated battery power.

Atmel's innovative design techniques provide fast speeds that rival 5V parts while keeping the low power consumption of a 3V supply. At $V_{CC}=2.7V$, any word can be accessed in less than 120ns. With a typical power dissipation of only 10 mW at 5mHZ and $V_{CC}=3V$, the AT27BV800 consumes less than one fifth the power of a standard 5V EPROM.

Standby mode supply current is typically less than 1 mA at 3V. The AT27BV800 simplifies system design and stretches battery lifetime even further by eliminating the need for power supply regulation.

The AT27BV800 can be organized as either word-wide or byte-wide. The organization is selected via the \overline{BYTE}/V_{PP} pin. When \overline{BYTE}/V_{PP} is asserted high (V $_{IH}$), the word-wide organization is selected and the O15/A-1 pin is used for O15 data output. When \overline{BYTE}/V_{PP} is asserted low (V $_{IL}$),the byte wide organization is selected and the O15/A-1 pin is used for the address pin A-1. When the AT27BV800 is logically regarded as x16 (word-wide), but read in the byte-wide mode, then with A-1=V $_{IL}$ the lower eight bits of the 16 bit word are selected with A-1 =V $_{IH}$ the upper 8 bits of the 16-bit word are selected.

The AT27BV800 is available in industry standard JEDEC-approved one-time programmable (OTP) PLCC, SOIC (SOP), and TSOP packages. The device features two-line control(CE,OE) to eliminate bus contention in high-speed systems.

With high density 512K word or 1024K-bit storage capability, the AT27BV800 allows firmware to be to be stored reliably and to be accessed by the system without the delays of mass storage media.

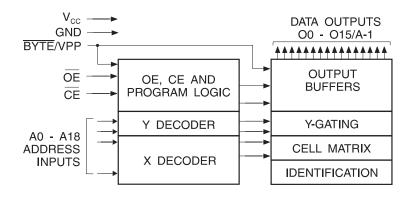
The AT27BV800 operating with V_{CC} at 3.0V produces TTL level outputs that are compatible with standard TTL logic devices operating at V_{CC} = 5V. At V_{CC} = 2.7V, the part is compatible with JEDEC approved low voltage battery operation (LVBO) interface specifications. The device is also capable of standard 5-volt operation making it ideally suited for dual supply range systems or card products that are pluggable in both 3-volt and 5-volt hosts.

Atmel's AT27BV800 has additional features that ensure high quality and efficient production use. The RapidTM Programming Algorithm reduces the time required to program the part and guarantees reliable programming. Programming time is typically only 50µs/word. The Integrated Product Identification Code electronically identifies the device and manufacturer. This feature is used by industry standard programming equipment to select the proper programming equipment and voltages. The AT27BV800 programs exactly the same way as a standard 5V AT27C800 and uses the same programming equipment.

System Considerations

Switching between active and standby conditions via the Chip Enable pin may produce transient voltage excursions. Unless accommodated by the system design, these transients may exceed data sheet limits, resulting in device non-conformance. At a minimum, a 0.1 μF high frequency, low inherent inductance, ceramic capacitor should be utilized for each device. This capacitor should be connected between the V $_{\text{CC}}$ and Ground terminals of the device, as close to the device as possible. Additionally, to stabilize the supply voltage level on printed circuit boards with large EPROM arrays, a 4.7 μF bulk electrolytic capacitor should be utilized, again connected between the V $_{\text{CC}}$ and Ground terminals. This capacitor should be positioned as close as possible to the point where the power supply is connected to the array.

Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Temperature Under Bias55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
Voltage on Any Pin with with Respect to Ground2.0V to +7.0V ⁽¹⁾
Voltage on A9 with Respect to Ground2.0V to +14.0V ⁽¹⁾
V _{PP} Supply Voltage with Respect to Ground2.0V to +14.0V ⁽¹⁾

*NOTICE:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note:

Minimum voltage is -0.6V DC which may undershoot to -2.0V for pulses of less than 20 ns. Maximum output pin voltage is Vcc + 0.75V DC which may overshoot to + 7.0V for pulses of less than 20 ns.

Operating Modes

					Outputs		
Mode/Pin	CE	ŌĒ	Ai	BYTE/V _{PP}	O ₀ -O ₇	O ₈ -O ₁₄	O ₁₅ /A-1
Read Word-wide	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	X ⁽¹⁾	V _{IH}	D _{OUT}	D _{OUT}	D _{OUT}
Read Byte-wide Upper	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	X ⁽¹⁾	V _{IL}	D _{OUT}	High Z	V_{IH}
Read Byte-wide Lower	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	X ⁽¹⁾	V _{IL}	D _{OUT}	High Z	V_{IL}
Output Disable	X ⁽¹⁾	V _{IH}	X ⁽¹⁾	Х		High Z	
Standby	V _{IH}	X ⁽¹⁾	X ⁽¹⁾	X ⁽⁶⁾		High Z	
Rapid Program ⁽³⁾	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	Ai	V _{PP}		D _{IN}	
PGM Verify	Х	V _{IL}	Ai	V _{PP}		D _{OUT}	
PGM Inhibit	V _{IH}	V _{IH}	X ⁽¹⁾	V _{PP}		High Z	
Product Identification ⁽⁵⁾	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	$A9 = V_H^{(4)}$ $A0 = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $A1 - A18 = V_{IL}$	V _{IH}	ld	entification C	Code

- Notes: 1. X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}.
 - 2. Read, output disable, and standby modes require, $2.7V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V$, or $4.5V \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$.
 - 3. Refer to the programming characteristics tables in this data sheet.
 - 4. $V_H = 12.0 \pm 0.5 V$.
 - 5. Two identifier words may be selected. All Ai inputs are held low (V_{IL}) except A9, which is set to V_H, and A0, which is toggled low (V_{IL}) to select the Manufacturer's Identification word and high (V_{IH}) to select the Device Code word.
 - 6. Standby V_{CC} current (I_{SB}) is specified with $V_{PP} = V_{CC}$. $V_{CC} > V_{PP}$ will cause a slight increase in I_{SB} .





DC and AC Operating Conditions for Read Operation

		AT27BV800		
		-12	-15	
Operating Temperature (Case)	Com.	0°C - 70°C	0°C - 70°C	
	Ind.	-40°C - 85°C	-40°C - 85°C	
V _{CC} Power Supply		2.7V to 3.6V	2.7V to 3.6V	
		5V ± 10%	5V ± 10%	

DC and Operating Characteristics for Read Operation

	= Preliminary
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Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Max	Units
V _{CC} = 2.7	7V to 3.6V			1	
I _{LI}	Input Load Current	V _{IN} = 0V to V _{CC}		±1	μΑ
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	V _{OUT} = 0V to V _{CC}		±5	μΑ
I _{PP1} ⁽²⁾	V _{PP} ⁽¹⁾ Read/Standby Current	$V_{PP} = V_{CC}$		10	μΑ
	V (1) Quantile Quantile	I_{SB1} (CMOS), $\overline{CE} = V_{CC} \pm 0.3V$		20	μΑ
I _{SB}	V _{CC} ⁽¹⁾ Standby Current	I_{SB2} (TTL), \overline{CE} = 2.0 to V_{CC} + 0.5V		100	mA
I _{cc}	V _{CC} Active Current	$f = 5MHz$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$		10	mA
		V _{CC} = 3.0 to 3.6V	-0.6	0.8	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	V _{CC} = 2.7 to 3.6V	-0.6	0.2 x V _{CC}	V
.,		V _{CC} = 3.0 to 3.6V	2.0	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	V _{CC} = 2.7 to 3.6V	0.7 x V _{CC}	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
		I _{OL} = 2.0 mA		0.4	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 100 μA		0.2	V
		I _{OL} = 20 μA		0.1	V
		I _{OH} = -2.0 mA	2.4		V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -100 μA	V _{CC} - 0.2		V
		I _{OH} = -20 μA	V _{CC} - 0.1		V
V _{CC} = 4.5	5V to 5.5V				
I _{LI}	Input Load Current	$V_{IN} = 0V \text{ to } V_{CC}$		±1.0	μΑ
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	V _{OUT} = 0V to V _{CC}		±5.0	μΑ
I _{PP1} ⁽²⁾	V _{PP} ⁽¹⁾ Read/Standby Current	$V_{PP} = V_{CC}$		10	μΑ
	V (1) 0 II 0	I_{SB1} (CMOS), $\overline{CE} = V_{CC} \pm 0.3V$		100	μΑ
I _{SB}	V _{CC} ⁽¹⁾ Standby Current	I_{SB2} (TTL), \overline{CE} = 2.0 to V_{CC} + 0.5V		1	mA
I _{cc}	V _{CC} Active Current	$f = 5MHz$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$		40	mA
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-0.6	0.8	٧
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.0	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OH} = -2.1 mA		0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -400 μA	2.4		V

Notes: 1. V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously or before V_{PP} , and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP} .

^{2.} V_{PP} may be connected directly to V_{CC} except during programming. The supply current would then be the sum of I_{CC} and I_{PP}

AC Characteristics for Read Operation

 $(V_{CC} = 2.7V \text{ to } 3.6V \text{ and } 4.5V \text{ to } 5.5V)$

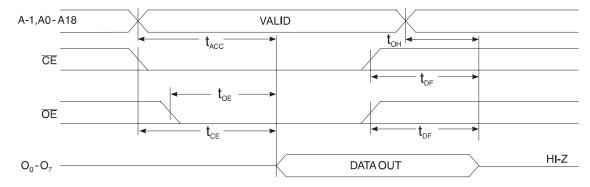
				AT27BV800			
				12	-1	15	
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
t _{ACC} ⁽³⁾	Address to Output Delay	CE = OE = V _{IL}		120		150	ns
t _{CE} ⁽²⁾	CE to Output Delay	OE = V _{IL}		120		150	ns
t _{OE} ^(2,3)	OE to Output Delay	CE = V _{IL}		40		50	ns
t _{DF} ^(4,5)	OE or CE High to Output Float, whichever occured first			35		40	ns
t _{OH} ⁽⁴⁾	Output Hold from Address $\overline{\text{CE}}$ or $\overline{\text{OE}}$, whichever occured first		5.0		5.0		ns
t _{ST}	BYTE High to Output Valid			120		150	ns
t _{STD}	BYTE Low to Output Transition			50		60	ns

Notes:

2,3,4,5. See the AC Waveforms for Read Operation diagram.

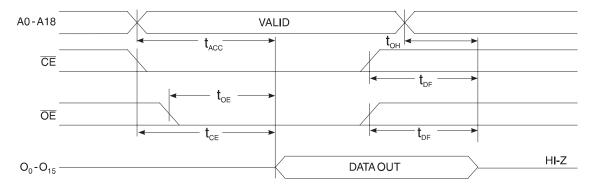
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Byte-Wide Read Mode AC Waveforms⁽¹⁾



Note: 1. $\overline{\text{BYTE}}/\text{V}_{PP} = \text{V}_{IL}$

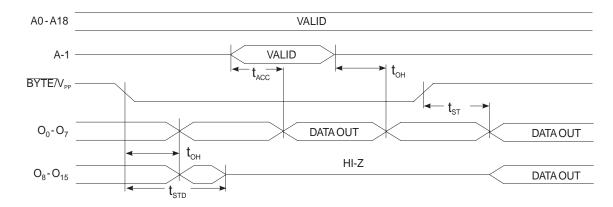
Word-Wide Read Mode AC Waveforms⁽¹⁾



Note: 1. $\overline{BYTE}/V_{PP} = V_{IH}$



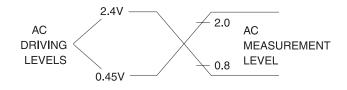
BYTE Transition AC Waveforms



Notes: 1. Timing measurement references are 0.8V and 2.0V. Input AC drive levels are 0.45V and 2.4V, unless otherwise specified.

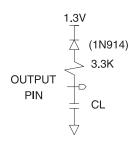
- 2. $\overline{\text{OE}}$ may be delayed up to t_{CE} t_{OE} after the falling edge of $\overline{\text{CE}}$ without impact on t_{CE} .
- 3. $\overline{\text{OE}}$ may be delayed up to t_{ACC} t_{OE} after the address is valid without impact on t_{ACC} .
- 4. This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested.
- 5. Output float is defined as the point when data is no longer driven.

Input Test Waveforms and Measurement Levels



 t_R , t_F < 20 ns (10% to 90%)

Output Test Load



Note: CL = 100 pF including jig capacitance.

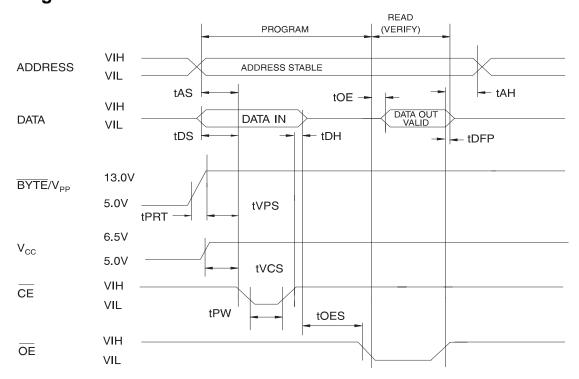
Pin Capaticance

 $(f = 1 \text{ MHz}, T = 25^{\circ}\text{C})^{(1)}$

	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
C _{IN}	4	10	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$
C _{OUT}	8	12	pF	V _{OUT} = 0V

Note: 1. Typical values for nominal supply voltage. This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested.

Programming Waveforms⁽¹⁾



Notes: 1. The Input Timing reference is 0.8V for $V_{\rm IL}$ and 2.0V for $V_{\rm IH}$.

- 2. t_{OE} and t_{DFP} are characteristics of the device but must be accommodated by the programmer.
- 3. When programming the AT27BV800, a 0.1 μ F capacitor is required across V_{PP} and ground to suppress voltage transients.

DC Programming Characteristics

 $T_A = 25 \pm 5^{\circ}C, \ V_{CC} = 6.5 \pm 0.25V, \ V_{PP} = 13.0 \pm 0.25V$

			Li	mits	
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Units
I _{LI}	Input Load Current	$V_{IN} = V_{IL}, V_{IH}$		±10	μА
V _{IL}	Input Low Level		-0.6	0.8	V
V _{IH}	Input High Level		2.0	V _{cc} + 0.5	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 2.1 mA		0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -400 μA	2.4		V
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} Supply Current (Program and Verify)			50	mA
I _{PP2}	V _{PP} Supply Current	CE = V _{IL}		30	mA
V _{ID}	A9 Product Identification Voltage		11.5	12.5	V





AC Programming Characteristics

 $T_A = 25 \pm 5^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 6.5 \pm 0.25V$, $V_{PP} = 13.0 \pm 0.25V$

		Limits		nits	
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions ⁽¹⁾	Min	Max	Units
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time		2		μs
t _{OES}	OE Setup Time	Input Rise and Fall Times: (10% to 90%) 20 ns.	2		μs
t _{DS}	Data Setup Time	Input Pulse Levels: 0.45V to 2.4V	2		μs
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time		0		μs
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time		2		μs
t _{DFP}	OE High to Output Float Delay ⁽²⁾	Input Pulse Levels:	0	130	ns
t _{VPS}	V _{PP} Setup Time	0.8V to 2.0V	2		μs
t _{VCS}	V _{CC} Setup Time	Input Timing Reference Level:	2		μs
t _{PW}	CE Program Pulse Width ⁽³⁾	0.8V to 2.0V	47.5	52.5	μs
t _{OE}	Data Valid from OE	Output Timing Reference Level:		150	ns
t _{PRT}	BYTE /V _{PP} Pulse Rise Time During Programming	0.8V to 2.0V	50		ns

Notes: 1. V_{cc} must be applied simultaneously or before V_{PP} and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP} .

Atmel's 27BV800 Integrated Product Identification Code⁽¹⁾

		Pins								
	A0	O15	O14	O13	O12	O11	O10	O9	O8	
Codes		07	O6	O5	04	O3	O2	01	00	Hex Data
Manufacturer	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1E1E
Device Type	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	F8F8

Note: 1. The AT27BV800 has the same Product Identification Code as the AT27C800. Both are programming compatible.

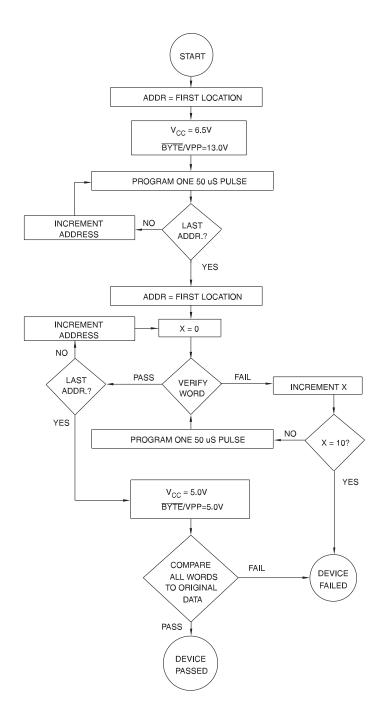
^{2.} This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested. Output Float is defined as the point where data is no longer driven—see timing diagram.

^{3.} Program Pulse width tolerance is 50 μ s \pm 5%.

Rapid Programming Algorithm

A 50 μ s \overline{CE} pulse width is used to program. The address is set to the first location. V_{CC} is raised to 6.5V and \overline{BYTE}/V_{PP} is raised to 13.0V. Each address is first programmed with one 50 μ s \overline{CE} pulse without verification. Then a verification/reprogramming loop is executed for each address. In the event a word fails to pass verification, up to 10 successive 50 μ s pulses are applied with a verification after each

pulse. If the word fails to verify after 10 pulses have been applied, the part is considered failed. After the word verifies properly, the next address is selected until all have been checked. V_{PP} is then lowered to 5.0V and V_{CC} to 5.0V. All words are read again and compared with the original data to determine if the device passes or fails.

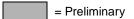






Ordering Information

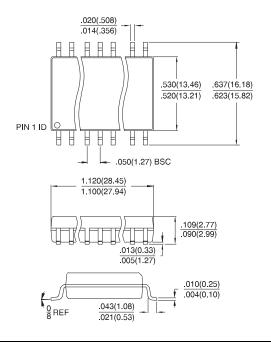
t _{ACC}	I _{CC} (mA)				Operation Range	
(ns)	Active Standby		Ordering Code	Package		
120	10	0.02	AT27BV800-12JC AT27BV800-12RC AT27BV800-12TC	44J 44R 48T	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)	
	10	0.02	AT27BV800-12JI AT27BV800-12RI AT27BV800-12TI	44J 44R 48T	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)	
150	10	0.02	AT27BV800-15JC AT27BV800-15RC AT27BV800-15TC	44J 44R 48T	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)	
	10	0.02	AT27BV800-15JI AT27BV800-15RI AT27BV800-15TI	44J 44R 48T	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)	



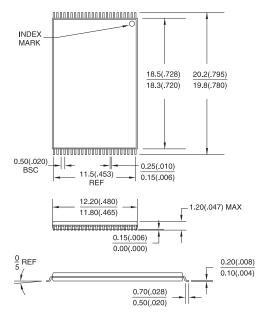
Package Type				
44J	44-Lead, Plastic J-Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)			
44R	44-Lead, 0.525" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC/SOP)			
48T	48-Lead, Plastic Thin Small Outline Package (TSOP) 12 x 20 mm			

Packaging Information

44R, 44-Lead, 0.525" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC/SOP) Dimensions in Inches and (Millimeters)



48T, 48-Lead, 12 x 20 mm, Plastic Thin Small Outline Package(TSOP) Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)* JEDEC OUTLINE MO-142 BD



*Controlling dimension: millimeters

44J, 44-Lead, Plastic J-Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC) Dimensions in Inches and (Millimeters)
JEDEC STANDARD MS-018 AC

