

HSP061-8M16 high speed line protection on HDMI 1.4 link

Introduction

This Application note presents the HSP061-8M16 and its capability to protect HDMI 1.3 and HDMI 1.4 TMDS lines.

The HDMI interface is provided for transmitting digital television audiovisual signals from DVD players, set-top- boxes and other source to television sets and other video displays.

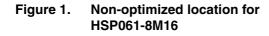
HSP061-8M16 has been developed to be compliant with:

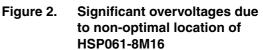
- HDMI version 1.4 standard knowing the key point is the capability to transfer data with a maximum rate of 3.4 Gbps per channel without distortion. This leads the HSP061-8M16 to have a large bandwidth, to pass fast voltage slope and to keep the 100 Ω line impedance, HSP061-8M16 is used on the TMDS line.
- IEC 61000-4-2 level 4 (15 kV contact discharge)

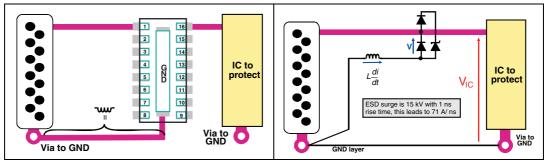
1 Location for HSP061-8M16

Many PCB parasitic elements may degrade the overall ESD performance of a system. The recommendations below are aimed at optimizing ESD protection device placement and the PCB layout to reach the best ESD performance possible.

The layout shown in *Figure 1* may induce parasitic inductances responsible for artificial overvoltages directly applied on the IC to be protected.







A very simple calculation shows that for a 15 kV ESD contact surge according to IEC61000-4-2, the overvoltage due to parasitic inductances may be really significant, as shown in *Figure 2*. This test is done with a contact discharge as the air discharge waveform is not defined in the IEC 61000-4-2 specification. Assuming that each inductance value is 5 nH (corresponds to metal track 5 mm long):

 $\frac{\mathrm{di}}{\mathrm{dt}} = 71 \mathrm{A/ns}$

then the overvoltage seen by the IC is:

$$V_{IC} = V + L \cdot \frac{di}{dt}$$

 $V_{IC} = V + 355 V$

This parasitic inductance must be reduced as much as possible by shortening the ground path return to the GND via.

To avoid ESD propagation on the PCB, the ESD protection must be placed as close as possible to the ESD source with the layout given in the datasheet.

The layout given in the datasheet reduces parasitic inductance. It is important to connect the connector on one side of the HSP and the transceiver on the other side. The GND via on both sides must be used.

As ESD stress can be propagated on both sides of the cable, a protection device on each end of the cable is required.



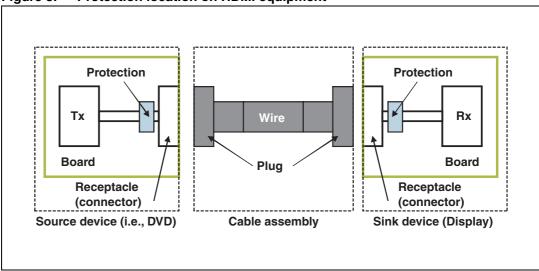


Figure 3. Protection location on HDMI equipment

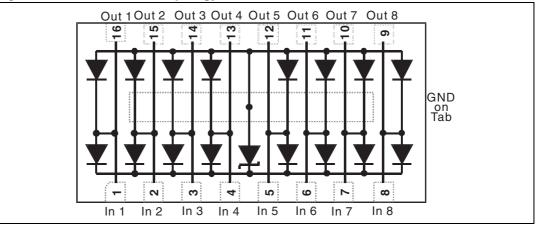


2 HSP061-8M16 topology

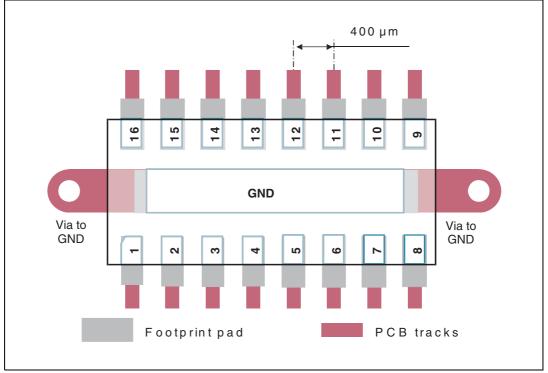
HSP061-8M16 is packaged in μ QFN-16L (3.3 mm x 1.5 mm) to protect eight high speed lines (see *Figure 4*). This package keeps the 100 Ω differential impedance on HDMI (*Figure 5*).

The device is rated V_{BR}min = 6 V @ 1 mA with a low typical leakage current of 0.1 nA @ 25 °C.

Figure 4. HSP061-8M16 topology







For further information refer to the product datasheet for HSP061-8M16.

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3 Characteristics related to HDMI 1.4

Protection bandwidth must be large enough to be transparent when a high bit rate is transferred on the line. The equation below give the relationship between lines, pixels, color depth and bit rate per channel:

Lane data rate = (H_total_pixels) × (V_total_lines) × $\left(\frac{\text{Color}_depth}{3}\right)$ × (Frame_rate) × $\frac{10}{8}$

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CEA video code	Video format	Horizontal total pixel per line	Vertical total lines per frame	Frame rate (Hz)	Color depth (bits)	HDMI data rate (Gbps)	Lane data rate (Gbps)
16	1920 x 1080p	2200	1125	60	24	4.46	1.49
					30	5.57	1.86
					36	6.68	2.23
					48	8.91	2.97

Table 1. Sample characteristics

Considering the protection device is equivalent to an RC circuit, the relationship between the required cut-off frequency (f_c) and lane data rate is:

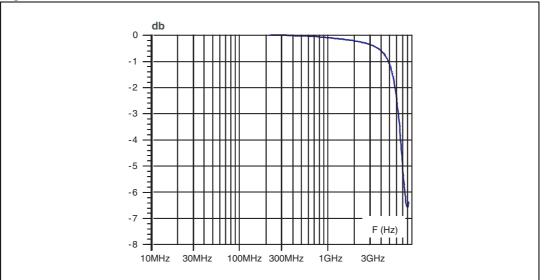
 $f_{c_{min}} = 0.875 \times (lane data rate)$

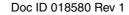
For instance, with a 3.4 Gbps data rate:

 $f_{c_{min 3.4 Gbps}} = 0.875 \times 3.4 Gbps = 2.98 GHz$

Figure 6 shows the cut-off frequency of the HSP061-8M16 is 6.3 GHz which is high enough to manage HDMI signals at 3.4 Gbps.

Figure 6. S21 attenuation measurement







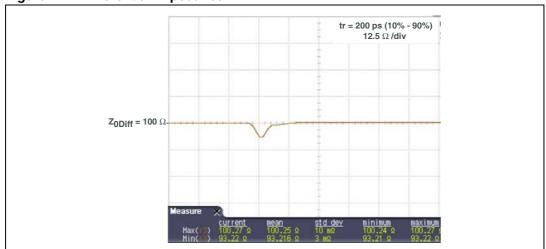


Figure 7. Differential impedance

Figure 7 shows the differential impedance measured with the "Time Domain Reflectometry" method. This method consists of sending a pulse with a short rise time (200 ps between 10% and 90% for HDMI) and to measure the reflected pulse. This gives the impedance of the line along the signal path.

The HDMI standard requires 100 Ω ±15% differential impedance (between 85 Ω and 115 Ω). As shown on *Figure 7*, TDR measurement on HSP061-8M16 gives an impedance between 93 Ω and 100 Ω . These values are in accordance with the HDMI standard.

The eye diagrams defined in the HDMI standard are related to bit rate of the signal and to location (source or sink). There are more constraints on the source side, this is why we have chosen this one on the datasheet. The duration of the eye corresponds to a bit time. This diagram visualizes signal duration, synchronization, overshoot and capability of the signal to move from one state to another one. The key point for protection is to be sure there is no slow down effect. *Figure 8* shows the eye diagram for a 3.4 Gbps signal. This measurement is done directly on the HSP061-8M16 to avoid PCB measurement effects. Measurement shows a large safety margin between the eye pattern and the signal.

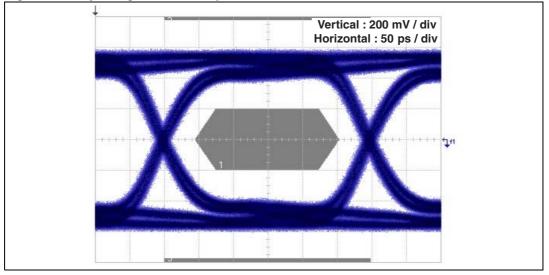


Figure 8. Eye diagram at 3.4Gbps



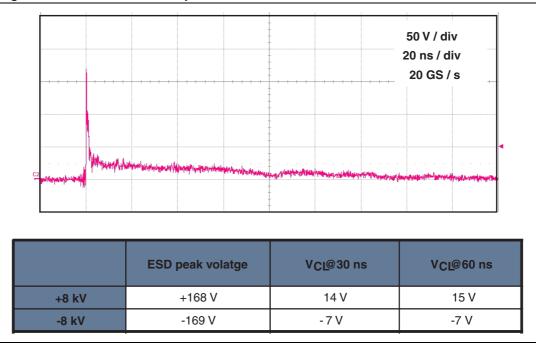


Figure 9. IEC 61000-4-2 response

The goal of a protection device is to protect against parasitic disturbances. HDMI 1.4 standard specifies a 8 kV contact discharge requirement according to IEC 61000-4-2. The test must be performed 5 times with 1 second during each shot.

In *Figure 9* shows the ESD measurement when applied to HSP061-8M16. After a first short spike, the clamping voltage is limited to less than 20 V at 30 ns and less than 10 V at 60 ns instead of 8 kV.

There is no ageing phenomenon and the protection remains efficient whatever the number of surges. It is important to keep in mind most of the integrated circuits are ESD rated between 500 V and 2 kV (human body model) thanks to internal protection.



4 Layout considerations

PCB layout must be optimized to take advantage of all performances of the HSP061-8M16.

For ESD protection efficiency, the HSP061-8M16 must be located as close as possible to the connector. This will avoid disturbance propagation to other components through the coupling effect.

To avoid the inductance effect of PCB tracks, it is required to go directly from the connector to the HSP061-8M16 and then after to go to the HDMI circuit. Vias to connect the ground pins of HSP061-8M16 to the ground plane must be as many as possible and placed as close as possible to the protection device to reduce parasitic inductance on the ground return path. Vias to connect ground plane and the connector can be located on both sides of the connector.

To be compliant with HDMI requirements, differential pairs must be designed with 100 Ω differential impedance from the connector to the IC. The length of each line in the same differential pair must be equal to minimize intra pair skew. Length of lines in different differential pair must also be as equal as far as possible to minimize inter pair skew. Track width must be calculated depending on PCB characteristics (relative permittivity, spacing, number of layers...)

Figure 10 shows an example of PCB layout for HSP061-8M16 with an HDMI type A SMD connector.

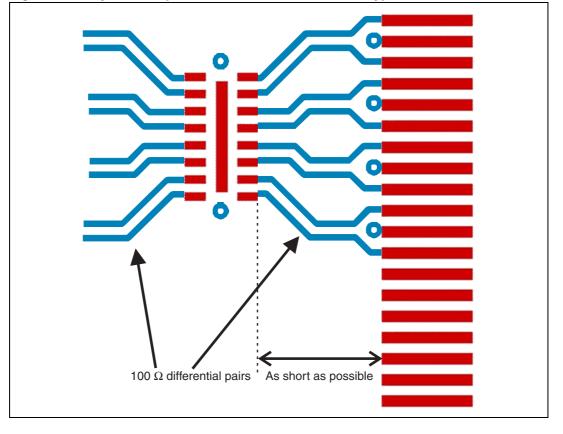


Figure 10. Layout example for HSP061-8M16 with HDMI type A SMD connector



Figure 11 shows an example of PCB layout for HSP061-8M16 with an HDMI type C SMD connector

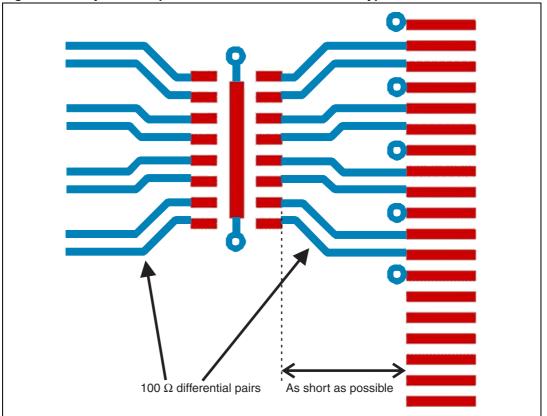


Figure 11. Layout example for HSP061-8M16 with HDMI type C SMD connector

5 Conclusion

The HSP061-8M16 is perfectly in line with the IEC61000-4-2 requirements and is fully compliant with HDMI 1.4 standards and also with most of the other high speed data lines lines (Ethernet, DisplayPort, USB3.0, SATA...)

6 Revision history

Table 2.Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
19-Apr-2011	1	Initial release.



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