

aprilia

TUONO 1000 **USA**



aprilia part# 8104930

use+maintenancebook



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FOREWORD

NOTE This manual is an important and integral part of your vehicle. Keep it with your vehicle at all times, even if your vehicle is resold.

aprilia has prepared this manual to supply you, the user, with correct and current information. However, since **aprilia** constantly improves the design of its vehicles, there may be slight discrepancies between your vehicle and the material provided in this manual. If you have any questions regarding your vehicle, contact your **Local aprilia Dealer**, as he will have the very latest technical information available from the factory.

For tests and repairs not expressly described in this manual, to purchase **aprilia** genuine spare parts, accessories, and other products, and for help with specific problems, please contact your **Local aprilia Dealer** or service center. These professionals will be able to assist you promptly and accurately.

Thank you for choosing **aprilia**. Have a great ride!

This manual is covered by copyright in all countries; therefore, total or partial reproduction, whatever the means adopted, is strictly prohibited.

INTRODUCTION

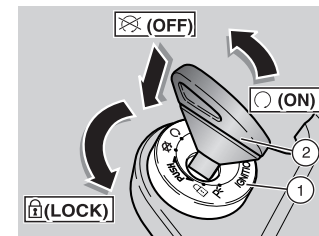
This manual is divided into sections, chapters and paragraphs, by subject. The procedures described are laid out by single operation, and each operation is indicated by a ♦.

The numbered parts shown in the figures are identified in the text by the number in parentheses or the symbol representing them.

Example (the following text is generic and does not refer to this specific vehicle):

section

MAIN INDEPENDENT CONTROLS




chapter

STEERING LOCK

safety
warning

⚠ WARNING

Never attempt to place the ignition switch in the locked “


paragraph


OPERATION


operation


To lock the steering:

position (2)

♦ Turn the key (2) to the “


symbol “

♦ Press the key and turn it to the “

2 use and maintenance **TUONO 1000** 

SAFETY WARNINGS

The symbols and warnings used throughout this manual have the following meanings:

 **Safety Warning:** When you find this symbol on the vehicle or in the manual, be careful of the potential risk of personal injury or death. Disregarding the instructions identified by this symbol may compromise the safety of the user, the motorcycle and third parties.

WARNING

Indicates a potential hazard which may result in serious injury or even death.

WARNING

Indicates a potential hazard which may result in personal injury or damage to the vehicle or other property.

NOTE The word “NOTE” in this manual identifies important information or instructions.

GENERAL SAFETY RULES

CARBON MONOXIDE

When an operation must be performed with the engine running, position the motorcycle outdoors in a well-ventilated area. Never run the engine in an enclosed place.

Use an exhaust emission extraction system when working indoors.

WARNING

Exhaust fumes contain carbon monoxide, a poisonous gas which, if inhaled, may cause loss of consciousness or even death.

WARNING

Carbon monoxide is both colorless and odorless, and cannot be detected by smell, vision, or any other sense. Avoid inhaling exhaust fumes under any circumstances.

GASOLINE

Keep gasoline away from children. Gasoline is also poisonous. Never attempt to siphon gasoline using your mouth. Never allow gasoline to come in contact with skin. If you should accidentally spill gasoline on yourself, remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash the affected area with hot water and soap. Should you accidentally swallow gasoline, do not induce vomiting. Drink large quantities of clear water or milk and immediately seek medical attention. Should you accidentally get gasoline in your eyes, rinse abundantly with cool, clear water and immediately seek medical attention.

WARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and becomes explosive under certain conditions.

KEEP GASOLINE AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

HOT COMPONENTS

WARNING

The engine and exhaust component parts, as well as the braking system, become very hot when running and will stay hot for some time after the vehicle and the engine have been stopped. Before handling any vehicle component after riding, make sure that it has cooled down and is safe to handle.

USED ENGINE OIL

WARNING

Use latex gloves for maintenance operations that require contact with used oil. Prolonged or repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water after handling used oil.

KEEP OIL AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

BRAKE FLUID

WARNING

Brake fluid is extremely poisonous. Never swallow brake fluid. Should brake fluid accidentally be swallowed, drink large quantities of milk or clear water and immediately seek medical attention. Brake fluid is highly irritant. Avoid contact with the skin and eyes. In case of contact with brake fluid, remove contaminated clothing, wash the affected area with soap and warm water and immediately seek medical attention. In case of contact with the eyes, rinse abundantly with cool, clean water and immediately seek medical attention.

KEEP BRAKE FLUID AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

CLUTCH FLUID

CAUTION

Clutch fluid is extremely poisonous. Never swallow clutch fluid. Should clutch fluid accidentally be swallowed, drink large quantities of milk or clear water and immediately seek medical attention. Clutch fluid is highly irritant. Avoid contact with the skin and eyes. In case of contact with clutch fluid, remove contaminated clothing, wash the affected area with soap and warm water and immediately seek medical attention. In case of contact with the eyes, rinse abundantly with cool, clean water and immediately seek medical attention.

KEEP CLUTCH FLUID AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

COOLANT

Under certain conditions, the ethylene glycol contained in the engine coolant is flammable: its flame is invisible, but can still cause burns.

WARNING

Avoid spilling coolant onto hot engine parts. It may ignite and produce invisible flames.

Coolant (ethylene glycol) can cause skin irritation and is poisonous if swallowed. Coolant and coolant/water mixtures are sweet to the taste and brightly colored, they are therefore highly attractive to pets and children. Take extra precautions to keep new and used coolant out of reach of children and animals.

KEEP COOLANT AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

Burn hazards.

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Wait until the engine has completely cooled down. The coolant is under pressure and may splash out and cause burns.

BATTERY HYDROGEN GAS AND ELECTROLYTE

WARNING

The battery gives off toxic and explosive gases; keep the battery away from sources of ignition such as cigarettes, flames and sparks. Make sure the area is well ventilated when servicing or refilling the battery.

During recharging and use, make sure that the room is properly ventilated and avoid inhaling the gases released during recharging operations.

The battery contains sulfuric acid (electrolyte). Contact with the skin or eyes may cause serious burns. Always wear protective clothing, rubber gloves, and tight fitting goggles or a face shield when working around the battery, especially when filling the battery with either water or electrolyte.

In case of contact with the skin, rinse immediately with plenty of water. In case of contact with the eyes, flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately seek medical attention.

The electrolyte is poisonous.

If the electrolyte is accidentally swallowed, drink large quantities of water or milk and then milk of magnesia or vegetable oil. Immediately seek medical attention.

KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

WARNING - PRECAUTIONS - GENERAL ADVICE

Before starting the engine, read this manual carefully, and in particular the chapters "WARNINGS - PRECAUTIONS - GENERAL ADVICE" and "SAFE DRIVE" see pg. 19.

Your safety and that of those around you depends not only on your skill as a rider, but also on the knowledge you have of your vehicle and riding safely. Therefore it is essential that you avoid using your vehicle on public streets or highways until you have received training from a qualified safety organization such as the Motorcycle Safety Foundation, and are properly trained and licensed.

REPORTING DEFECTS THAT AFFECT SAFETY

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect that could cause an accident or result in injury or death, you should immediately inform the **National Highway Traffic Safety Administration** (NHTSA) in addition to notifying **aprilia**. If the NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, the NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or **aprilia**. To contact the NHTSA, you may either call the **Auto Safety Hotline** toll free at 1-800-424-9393 (or 366-0123 in the Washington, D.C. area) or write to: NHTSA, U.S. Department of Transportation, Washington, D.C. 20590.

The Hotline also provides other information regarding motor vehicle safety.

ROAD REGULATIONS AND USE OF THE VEHICLE

Rules of the road vary from country to country. It is essential that you be aware of and understand the rules of the road of the country in which your vehicle will be used.

WARNING

This vehicle has been designed and produced for use only on paved roads. It is not designed to be used on graded dirt roads or trails, even if smooth. It is not designed for off-road competition, or for cross country riding. Do not use this vehicle on rough or unimproved surfaces, or in other off-road areas. Failure to observe this warning could lead to an upset and result in injury and even death.

NOISE EMISSION WARRANTY

aprilia s.p.a. warrants that, at the time of sale, this exhaust system meets all applicable U.S. **EPA** Federal noise standards. This warranty extends to the first person who buys this exhaust system for purposes other than resale, and to all subsequent buyers.

Warranty claims should be addressed to:

aprilia USA Inc.

109 Smoke Hill Lane, Suite 190
Woodstock, GA 30188
USA

Tel 001 770 592 2261
Fax 001 770 592 4878

INFORMATION ON THE NOISE AND EXHAUST GAS EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

ORIGIN OF THE EMISSIONS

The combustion process produces carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons. Hydrocarbon control is very important, because under certain conditions they react to exposure to sunlight and produce photochemical smog.

Carbon monoxide does not react in the same way, but is toxic and poisonous. aprilia utilizes "lean" carburetor settings and other systems to reduce the production of carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons.

TAMPERING WARNING

Tampering with the noise control system is prohibited. Federal law prohibits the following acts or causing thereof:

- The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or
- The use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:

- a) Removal of, or puncturing the muffler, baffles, header pipes or any other component which conducts exhaust gases.
- b) Removal or puncturing of any part of the intake system.
- c) Lack of proper maintenance.
- d) Replacing any moving part of the vehicle, or parts of the exhaust or intake system, with parts other than those specified by the manufacturer.

CAUTION

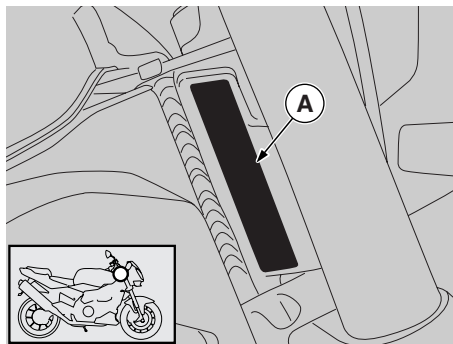
This product should be checked for repair or replacement if the vehicle noise has increased significantly through use. Otherwise, the owner may become subject to penalties under state and local ordinances.

PROBLEMS THAT MAY AFFECT VEHICLE EMISSIONS

If any of the following symptoms are observed, immediately have your vehicle inspected and repaired by your **Local aprilia Dealer**.

Symptoms:

- Difficult starting or stalling after starting.
- Irregular idle.
- Misfiring or backfiring during acceleration.
- After-burning (backfiring).
- Poor engine performance, degraded handling, or poor fuel economy.



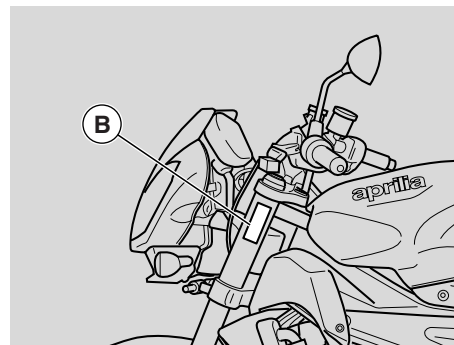
VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V.I.N.) (FRAME NUMBER)

Every vehicle produced by **aprilia** receives a vehicle identification number (V.I.N.) stamped:

- on the steering head of the frame (A), as shown above;

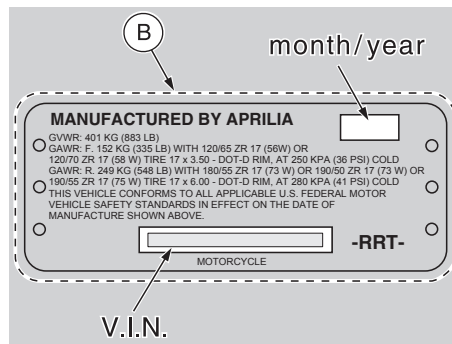
and also:

- on the identification plate (B) which is located on the front portion near the steering head of the frame.



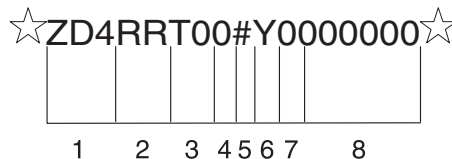
INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Description of the vehicle identification number (V.I.N.), stamped on the steering head of the frame (A) and on the identification plate (B).

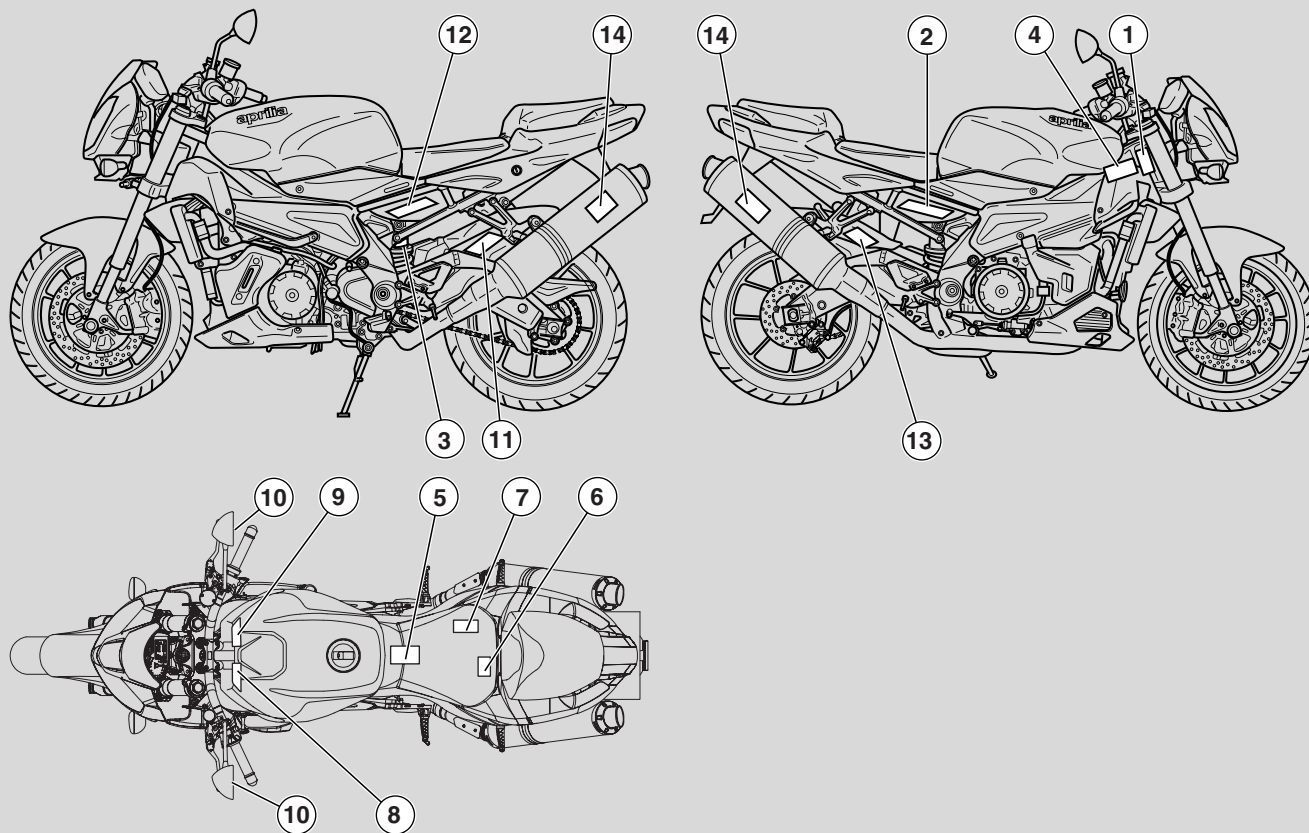


DIGIT MEANING

- 1) Manufacturer's identification alphanumeric code.
- 2) Vehicle type.
- 3) Model.
- 4) Country for which the vehicle is intended.
- 5) # = Check digit number.
- 6) Model year.
- 7) Assembling factory designation (N = NOALE-VE-, S = SCORZÉ -VE-, 0 = NOT SPECIFIED).
- 8) Sequential serial number.








POSITION OF THE ADHESIVE WARNING LABELS





ADHESIVE WARNING LABELS CHART

Ref.	Description
1	<div><div>MANUFACTURED BY APRILIA</div><div><div><div>GVWR: 401 KG (883 LB)</div><div>GAWR: F. 152 KG (335 LB) WITH 120/65 ZR 17 (56W) OR 120/70 ZR 17 (58 W) TIRE 17 x 3.50 - DOT-D RIM, AT 250 KPA (36 PSI) COLD</div><div>GAWR: R. 249 KG (548 LB) WITH 180/55 ZR 17 (73 W) OR 190/50 ZR 17 (73 W) OR 190/55 ZR 17 (75 W) TIRE 17 x 6.00 - DOT-D RIM, AT 280 KPA (41 PSI) COLD</div><div>THIS VEHICLE CONFORMS TO ALL APPLICABLE U.S. FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARDS IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF MANUFACTURE SHOWN ABOVE.</div></div></div><div><div>MOTORCYCLE</div><div>-RRT-</div></div></div>
2	<div>FOR STATE OF CALIFORNIA ONLY.</div> <div><div><div>AIR BOX</div><div>FUEL TANK</div><div>EVAP FAMILY: 7ASPE0024RRT</div><div>HOSE ROUTING DIAGRAM</div><div><div>MANIFOLD VACUUM PORT</div><div>NARROW PASSAGE</div><div>VENTILATION VALVE</div><div>AIR</div><div>CARBON CANISTER</div><div>ATMOSPHERE</div></div><div><div>aprilia</div><div>RRT</div></div></div></div>
3	<div><div>WARNING!</div><div><div>CONTAINS HIGH PRESSURE NITROGEN GAS.</div><div>SEE WORKSHOP MANUAL FOR DISPOSAL AND ADJUSTING UNIT.</div><div>DO NOT OPEN. DO NOT INCINERATE. INCINERATION, PUNCTURE OR DISASSEMBLY MAY CAUSE THIS UNIT TO EXPLODE.</div></div></div>
4	<div><div>WARNING!</div><div><div>DO NOT REMOVE THE CAP UNTIL THE ENGINE IS ENTIRELY COOL. COOLANT IS HOT AND UNDER PRESSURE. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THIS WARNING MAY LEAD TO SERIOUS BURNS. USE ONLY FLUID FOR SEALED CIRCUITS. USE ONLY ANTIFREEZE AND ANTICORROSIVE WITHOUT NITRATE, ENSURING PROTECTION -35°C AT LEAST.</div></div></div>

Ref.	Description																																				
5	<div><div><div><div></div><div>WARNING!</div></div><div><p>Contain sulfuric acid which can cause severe injuries. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Antidote: EXTERNAL - Flush with water. INTERNAL - Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg or veg. oil. Call physician immediately. Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention.</p><p>KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.</p><p>Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flames, cigarettes away. Charge only in well-ventilated space. Always wear protective goggles when working around batteries. Always connect the battery vent tube. Failure to heed this warning will cause corrosion of the electrical system.</p></div></div></div>																																				
6	<div><div><div><div></div><div>aprilia</div><div>BATTERY SERVICE</div></div><div><div></div><div>WARNING!</div></div><div><p>This battery is completely sealed. Do not attempt to remove the cap. Replace with sealed battery only. Always keep the battery charged (see Owner's Manual).</p><p>Never disconnect the battery or regulator with the engine running. This will completely destroy the entire electrical system</p></div></div></div>																																				
7	<div><div><div><div></div><div>YEAR</div><div>SPARE PARTS IDENTIFICATION</div></div><div><table><tr><td>I.M.</td><td>A</td><td>B</td><td>C</td><td>D</td><td>E</td></tr><tr><td>J</td><td>UK</td><td>A</td><td>P</td><td>SF</td><td>B</td><td>D</td><td>F</td><td>E</td><td>GR</td></tr><tr><td>NL</td><td>CH</td><td>DK</td><td>J</td><td>SGP</td><td>SLO</td><td>IL</td><td>ROK</td><td>MAL</td><td>ACH</td></tr><tr><td>HR</td><td>AUS</td><td>USA</td><td>BR</td><td>RSA</td><td>NZ</td><td>CDN</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table></div></div></div>	I.M.	A	B	C	D	E	J	UK	A	P	SF	B	D	F	E	GR	NL	CH	DK	J	SGP	SLO	IL	ROK	MAL	ACH	HR	AUS	USA	BR	RSA	NZ	CDN			
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8	<div><div><div><div></div><div>WARNING!</div></div><div><p>Never install accessories or replacement parts not approved by Aprilia as original equipment.</p><p>This can degrade the handling and safety of your motorcycle, and can cause an upset with subsequent accident and serious injury or even death.</p><p>The stability and safety of any motorcycle is adversely affected by the addition of any load carrying accessory. See owner's manual.</p></div></div></div>																																				

Follow ▶

Ref.	Description																										
9	<div><p>⚠ WARNING! Do not allow key chain and any other item to fall between the steering head and the body of motorcycle. This can cause loss of control.</p><p>⚠ WARNING! -Wear a helmet, eye protection, and bright protective clothing. -Don't ride after consuming alcohol or other drugs. -Slow down on slippery surface, unfamiliar terrain or when visibility is reduced. -Read owner's manual carefully. -Failure to follow these warnings can lead to an accident and serious injuries or death. -USE UNLEADED FUEL, MINIMUM OCTANE RATING (R + M) / 2 METHOD 90. -See owner's manual for the correct running in and maintenance of the vehicle.</p></div>																										
10	<div><p>OBJECTS IN MIRROR ARE CLOSER THAN THEY APPEAR</p></div>																										
11	<div><p>⚠ WARNING! Do not use any tire other than those recommended and approved by Aprilia. Maintain proper tire inflation. Do not use any tire with less than 1/8" (3mm) tread remaining. Do not repair any tire, nor use repaired tire. Do not ride your motorcycle overloaded or with an unbalanced load. Failure to follow these warnings can lead to an accident and serious injuries or death. Always ensure that the chain is correctly adjusted. See owner's manual.</p><div><div><p>CHAIN TENSION (WITH NO LOAD)</p><p>25 mm</p></div><div><table><tr><th colspan="2">Tires pressure (psi - kgf)</th></tr><tr><th>Front</th><th>Rear</th></tr><tr><td>230 (15)</td><td>290 (20)</td></tr><tr><td>250 (18)</td><td>290 (21)</td></tr><tr><td>250 (18)</td><td>290 (21)</td></tr></table></div></div><div><table><tr><th colspan="2">Front tire</th></tr><tr><td>Pirelli - Metzeler</td><td>120/70 ZR 17" (58W)</td></tr><tr><td>Michelin</td><td>120/65 ZR 17" (56W)</td></tr><tr><td>Dunlop</td><td></td></tr><tr><th colspan="2">Rear tire</th></tr><tr><td>Pirelli - Metzeler</td><td>160/55 ZR 17" (72W)</td></tr><tr><td>Michelin</td><td>160/50 ZR 17" (71/72W)</td></tr><tr><td>Dunlop</td><td>160/55 ZR 17" (70W)</td></tr></table><p>aprilia</p><p>RTT</p></div></div>	Tires pressure (psi - kgf)		Front	Rear	230 (15)	290 (20)	250 (18)	290 (21)	250 (18)	290 (21)	Front tire		Pirelli - Metzeler	120/70 ZR 17" (58W)	Michelin	120/65 ZR 17" (56W)	Dunlop		Rear tire		Pirelli - Metzeler	160/55 ZR 17" (72W)	Michelin	160/50 ZR 17" (71/72W)	Dunlop	160/55 ZR 17" (70W)
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12	<div><p>MOTORCYCLE NOISE EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION THIS 2007 ASPR0T0998 MOTORCYCLE, ZD41016 MEETS EPA NOISE EMISSION REQUIREMENTS OF 80 dBA AT 5225 closing r.p.m. BY FEDERAL TEST PROCEDURE. MODIFICATIONS WHICH CAUSE THIS MOTORCYCLE TO EXCEED FEDERAL NOISE STANDARDS ARE PROHIBITED BY FEDERAL LAW. SEE OWNER'S MANUAL.</p><p>RTT</p><p>aprilia</p></div>																										
13	<div><p>aprilia RTT</p><p>VEHICLE EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION ENGINE DISPLACEMENT: 988 cc ENGINE TUNE UP SPECIFICATIONS ENGINE FAMILY: 7ASPC01-09RTT IGNITION TIMING: 23.2° ± 2° AT 2800 RPM THIS VEHICLE CONFORMS TO U.S. EPA AND CALIFORNIA REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO 2007 MODEL YEAR NEW MOTORCYCLES AND IS CERTIFIED TO 0.8 HC+Nox G/KWh ENGINE FAMILY EXHAUST EMISSION STANDARD IN CALIFORNIA. SPARK PLUG: NGK R DCPRE ENGINE EXHAUST CONTROL SYSTEM: H02S-2TWC-SFI FUEL: MINIMUM OCTANE RATING (R+M)/2 METHOD 90 OIL: ENGINE OIL VISCOSITY SAE 15W-50</p></div>																										

Ref.	Description
14	Muffler stamping.

PART 575.6, CONSUMER INFORMATION

aprilia World Service USA, Inc.

109 Smoke Hill Lane Suite 190 GA, 30188 Woodstock

Reporting Safety Defects

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying **aprilia World Service USA, Inc.**

If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in any individual problems between you, your dealer, or **aprilia World Service USA, Inc.**

To contact NHTSA you may either call the Auto Safety Hotline toll-free at 1-888-327-4236 or write to:

NHTSA
U.S. DEPARTMENT of TRANSPORTATION
400 7th Street SW, (NVS-223) Washington, DC 20590

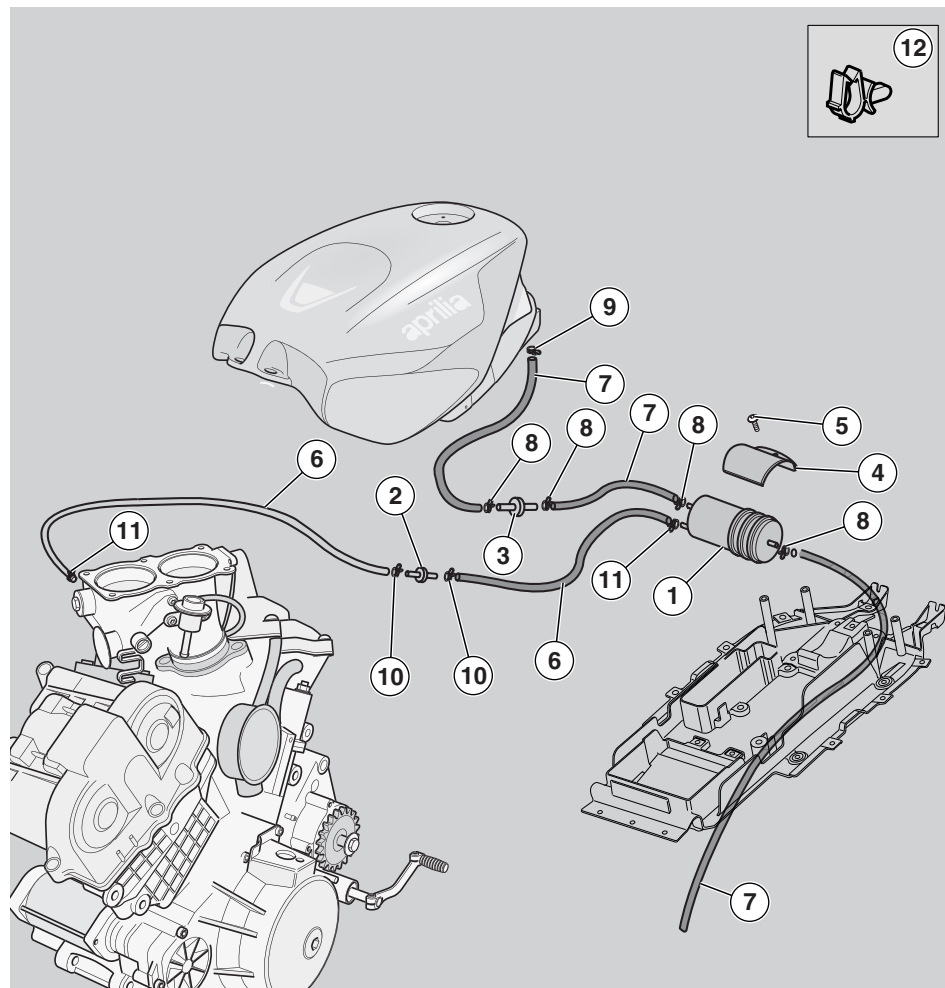
You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from the Hotline.

CALIFORNIA EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

FOR STATE OF CALIFORNIA ONLY.

The system consists of:

- 1) Coal filter
- 2) Choke hold
- 3) Valve
- 4) Canister support plate
- 5) M6x20* flanged TE screw
- 6) 4x8 tube
- 7) 5.5x10 fuel line
- 8) D11.3 tie wrap
- 9) D10.1* tie wrap
- 10) D8* tie wrap
- 11) D9.1* tie wrap
- 12) D10.6 cable runner



aprilia s.p.a. - EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY STATEMENT

YOUR WARRANTY RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

The California Air Resources Board and **aprilia s.p.a.** (hereinafter "**aprilia**") are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your 1999 and later motorcycle. In California new motor vehicles must be designed, built and equipped to meet the State's stringent antismog standards. **aprilia** must warrant the emission control system on your motorcycle for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your motorcycle.

Your emission control system may include parts such as the carburetor or fuel injection system, the ignition system, catalytic converter and engine computer. Also included may be hoses, belts, connectors and other emission-related assemblies.

Where a warrantable condition exists, **aprilia** will repair your motorcycle at no cost to you, including diagnosis, parts and labor.



MANUFACTURER'S EMISSIONS SYSTEM WARRANTY COVERAGE

Class I motorcycles (50 – 169 cm.): for a period of use of five (5) years or 12,000 kilometers (7,456 miles), whichever occurs first.

Class II motorcycles (170 – 279 cm.): for a period of use of five (5) years or 18,000 kilometers (11,185 miles), whichever occurs first.

Class III motorcycles (280 cm. and larger): for a period of use of five (5) years or 30,000 kilometers (18,641 miles), whichever occurs first.

If an emission-related part on your motorcycle is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by **aprilia**. This is your emission control system DEFECTS WARRANTY.

OWNER'S WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES

- As the motorcycle owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your owner's manual. **aprilia** recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your motorcycle, but **aprilia** cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.
- You are responsible for presenting your motorcycle to an **aprilia dealer** as soon as a problem arises. The warranty repairs should be completed in a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days.
- As the motorcycle owner, you should be aware that **aprilia** may deny your warranty coverage if your motorcycle or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact **aprilia USA, Inc.**, 10933 Crabapple Road, Suite 100, Roswell, GA 3007, or the **California Air Resources Board** at P.O. Box 8001, 9528 Telstar Avenue, El Monte, CA 91734-8001.

**aprilia s.p.a. - LIMITED
WARRANTY ON EMISSION
CONTROL SYSTEM**

aprilia s.p.a., Via G. Galilei, 1, 30033 Noale (VE) Italy (hereinafter "**aprilia**") warrants that each new 1999 and after **aprilia** motorcycle, that includes as standard equipment a headlight, taillight and stoplight, and is street legal:

- A.** is designed, built and equipped so as to conform at the time of initial retail purchase with all applicable regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, and the California Air Resources Board; and
- B.** is free from defects in material and workmanship which cause such motorcycle to fail to conform with applicable regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or the California Air Resources Board for a period of use, depending on the engine displacement, of 12,000 kilometers (7,456 miles), if the motorcycle's engine displacement is less than 170 cubic centimeters; of 18,000 kilometers (11,185 miles), if the motorcycle's engine displacement is equal to or greater than 170 cubic centimeters but less than 280 cubic centimeters; or of 30,000 kilometers (18,641 miles), if the motorcycle's engine displacement is 280 cubic centimeters or greater; or 5 (five) years from the date of initial retail delivery, whichever occurs first.

- I. COVERAGE.** Warranty defects shall be remedied during customary business hours at any authorized **aprilia** motorcycle dealer located within the United States of America in compliance with the Clean Air Act and applicable regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the California Air Resources Board. Any part or parts replaced under this warranty shall become the property of **aprilia**.

In the State of California only, emission related warranted parts are specifically defined by the state's Emission Warranty Parts List. These warranted parts are: carburetor and internal parts; intake manifold; fuel tank; fuel injection system; spark advance mechanism; crankcase breather; air cutoff valves; fuel tank cap for evaporative emission controlled vehicles; oil filler cap; pressure control valve; fuel/vapor separator; canister; igniters; breaker governors; ignition coils; ignition wires; ignition points; condensers, and spark plugs if failure occurs prior to the first scheduled replacement; and hoses, clamps, fittings and tubing used directly in these parts. Since emission related parts may vary from model to model, certain models may not contain all of these parts and certain models may contain functionally equivalent parts.

In the State of California only, Emission Control System emergency repairs, as provided for in the California Administrative Code, may be performed by other than an authorized **aprilia** dealer. An emergency situation occurs when an authorized **aprilia** dealer is not reasonably available, a part is not available within 30 days, or a repair is not complete within 30 days. Any replacement part can be used in an emergency repair. **aprilia** will reimburse the owner for the expenses, including diagnosis, not to exceed **aprilia**'s suggested retail price for all warranted parts replaced and labor charges based on **aprilia**'s recommended time allowance for the warranty repair and the geographically appropriate hourly labor rate. The owner may be required to keep receipts and failed parts in order to receive compensation.

II. LIMITATIONS. This Emission Control System warranty shall not cover any of the following:

- A.** Repair or replacement required as a result of
 - (1) accident,
 - (2) misuse,
 - (3) repairs improperly performed or replacements improperly installed,
 - (4) use of replacement parts or accessories not conforming to aprilia specifications which adversely affect performance and/or
 - (5) use in competitive racing or related events.
- B.** Inspections, replacement of parts and other services and adjustments required for required maintenance.
- C.** Any motorcycle on which the odometer mileage has been changed so that actual mileage cannot be readily determined.

III. LIMITED LIABILITY

A. The liability of **aprilia** under this Emission Control System Warranty is limited solely to the remedying of defects in material or workmanship by an authorized **aprilia** motorcycle dealer at its place of business during customary business hours. This warranty does not cover inconvenience or loss of use of the motorcycle or transportation of the motorcycle to or from the **aprilia** dealer.

aprilia SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY OTHER EXPENSES, LOSS OR DAMAGE, WHETHER DIRECT, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR EXEMPLARY ARISING IN CONNECTION WITH THE SALE OR USE OF OR INABILITY TO USE THE **aprilia** MOTORCYCLE FOR ANY PURPOSE. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

B. NO EXPRESS EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY IS GIVEN BY **aprilia** EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY SET FORTH HEREIN. ANY EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY IMPLIED BY LAW, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, IS LIMITED TO THE EXPRESS EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY TERMS STATED IN THIS WARRANTY. THE FOREGOING STATEMENTS OF WARRANTY ARE EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER REMEDIES. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS SO THE ABOVE LIMITATIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

C. No dealer is authorized to modify this **aprilia** Limited Emission Control System Warranty.

IV. LEGAL RIGHTS. THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS, AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATE TO STATE.

V. THIS WARRANTY IS IN ADDITION TO THE **aprilia** LIMITED MOTORCYCLE WARRANTY.

VI. **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.** Any replacement part that is equivalent in performance and durability may be used in the performance of any maintenance or repairs. However, aprilia is not liable for these parts. The owner is responsible for the performance of all required maintenance. Such maintenance may be performed at a service establishment or by any individual. The warranty period begins on the date the motorcycle is delivered to an ultimate purchaser.

aprilia s.p.a.

via G. Galilei, 1
30033 Noale (VE) Italy

aprilia USA, Inc.

109 Smoke Hill Lane, Suite 190
Woodstock, GA 30188

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

★ The operations preceded by this symbol must be repeated also on the opposite side of the vehicle.

If not expressly indicated otherwise, for the reassembly of the units repeat the disassembly operations in reverse order.

The terms “right” and “left” are referred to the rider seated on the vehicle in the normal riding position.

⚠ WARNING

The competition adjustment must be used in organized racing or circular course competitive event, under the auspices of a recognized sanctioning body or by permit issued by the local governmental authority having jurisdiction. It is strictly forbidden to use the competition adjustment while riding the vehicle on public streets, roads, or highways.

NOTE Immediately after purchasing the vehicle, write down the identification data provided in the SPARE PARTS IDENTIFICATION LABEL in the table below. This label is positioned on the left side of the frame; to be able to read it, remove the rider seat, see page 108 (REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT).

aprilia									
SPARE PARTS IDENTIFICATION					YEAR				
I.M.					Y	1	2	3	4
					A	B	C	D	E
I	UK	A	P	SF	B	D	F	E	GR
NL	CH	DK	J	SGP	SLO	IL	ROK	MAL	RCH
HR	AUS	USA	BR	RSA	NZ	CDN			

This information indicates:

- YEAR = year of manufacture (Y, 1, 2, ...);
- I.M. = modification code (A, B, C, ...);
- COUNTRY CODE = country of approval (I, UK, A, ...).

and must be provided to the **Local Aprilia Dealer** as reference information for the purchase of spare parts or specific accessories of the model you have purchased.

In this manual the various versions are indicated by the following symbols:

⚙ catalytic version

OPT optional

VERSION:

I Italy	SGP Singapore
UK United Kingdom	SLO Slovenia
A Austria	IL Israel
P Portugal	ROK South Korea
SF Finland	MAL Malaysia
B Belgium	RCH Chile
D Germany	HR Croatia
F France	AUS Australia
E Spain	USA United States of America
GR Greece	BR Brazil
NL Holland	RSA South Africa
CH Switzerland	NZ New Zealand
DK Denmark	CDN Canada
J Japan	

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aprilia



safe drive

BASIC SAFETY RULES

The instructions given below cover normal operation of your vehicle and must be carefully observed. By following these rules you will enhance your own safety and the safety of those around you. You will also maximize the life and utility of your vehicle.

Two-wheeled vehicles obviously do not provide some of the protection provided by automobiles, therefore it is essential that you wear appropriate protective clothing. In particular, never operate your vehicle without wearing your helmet, gloves, eye protection, a heavy jacket, sturdy footwear, and sturdy full length pants.

However, do not assume that even the best clothing and helmet will protect you in the event of an upset or a crash with another vehicle. At best, this gear provides some protection from scrapes and scratches, but very little, if any, impact protection.

Be sure that you meet all the requirements prescribed by local law, including driver's license, minimum age, training, insurance, taxes, vehicle registration, license plate, etc.

When you first receive your vehicle, practice by riding in areas where there is little traffic. Do not attempt to ride in heavy traffic until you are thoroughly experienced and riding your vehicle has become second nature to you.



Although this vehicle is legal for use on freeways and expressways, it is advisable to not ride on these high-speed highways until you are thoroughly familiar with your vehicle, and have attained a high degree of skill in its operation.

A new vehicle must be carefully broken in, see page 74 (RUNNING-IN).

Before starting the engine, make sure that the brakes, clutch, transmission and throttle controls function properly and that the fuel and oil supply is adequate.

The exhaust system, brakes, and some other parts of the vehicle become very hot during operation. Do not touch any of these parts.

Some medicines or drugs, whether illegal or prescription, and alcohol significantly increase the risk of accidents. Do not ride while you are under the influence of alcohol or drugs, be they illicit or prescription.



Make sure you are in good physical condition and not ill before riding your vehicle. Do not ride your vehicle when you are particularly tired or fatigued. Alcohol, drugs and fatigue are leading causes of vehicle accidents.

Many accidents are caused by the rider's inexperience and lack of training. Do not ride your vehicle until you have received training from a recognized training organization such as the Motorcycle Safety Foundation. Remember that riding a two-wheeled vehicle, though easy and fun, is quite different from driving a car. Do not assume that you can operate your vehicle safely just because you are a competent automobile driver.

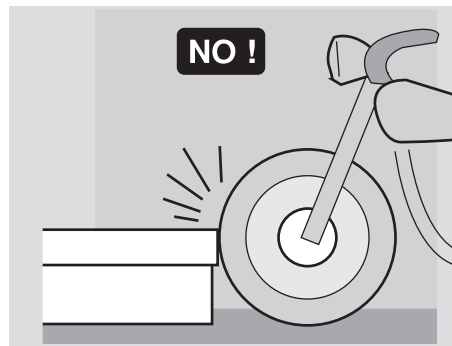
Never lend your vehicle to others unless you are sure that they are competent and properly licensed vehicle operators.



Observe all rules of the road. Particularly pay attention to all warning, regulatory and informational signs.

Avoid showing off (i.e., popping wheelies). Especially observe speed limits, and remember that road conditions change with the weather and wet and icy pavements are particularly dangerous for vehicles, especially if you are riding too fast. Remember that automobile drivers have a hard time seeing two-wheeled vehicles, so always give the automobile the right of way, even if it is legally yours.

Before changing lanes, look over your shoulder to make sure that the way is clear. Do not rely exclusively on the rearview mirror: you may miscalculate the distance and speed of a vehicle, or you may even not see it at all.

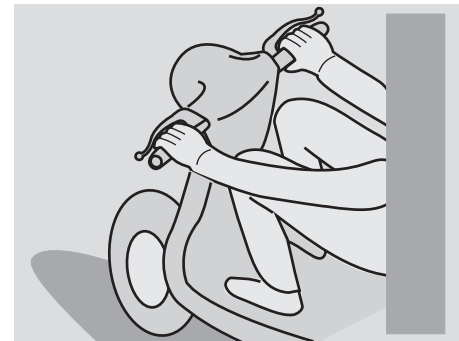


Avoid obstacles that could damage the vehicle or make you lose control.

Do not tailgate, do not attempt to increase your gas mileage by following in the slip stream of cars or trucks in front of you.

In case of accident motorcycles, scooters and mopeds do not provide the same degree of protection ensured by automobiles. The legs, in particular, are exposed to the risk of being injured. However, the additional installation of leg guards may actually increase the risk of injuries and their seriousness in case of accident.

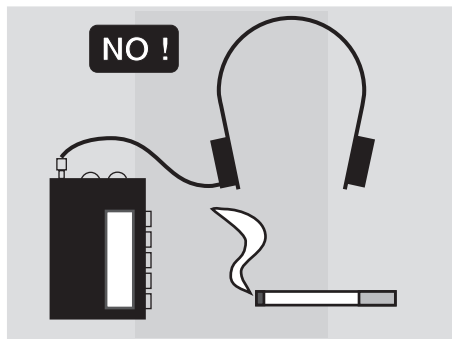
Do not install leg guards available on the spare parts and accessories market. Non-compliance with these instructions may result in serious injuries or even death.



Always ride with both hands on the handlebars and feet on the footrests.

Never shift gear without using the clutch, if the vehicle is so equipped. Do not operate the shift lever or the other controls suddenly or abruptly. Such misuse can damage the internal components of the vehicle and consequently cause seizure, loss of control, accidents and serious injuries or even death.

Remain in the seat when you are riding. Do not stand up or attempt to stretch while you are riding your vehicle. If you need to rest, pull over to the side of the road when it can be safely done.



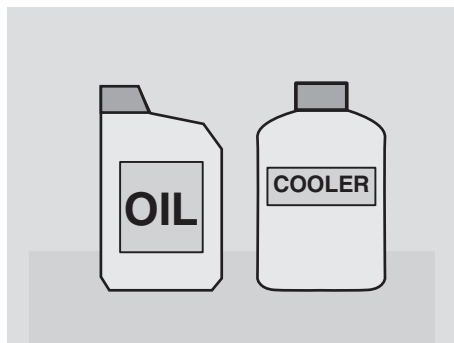
It is very important to your safety that you give full attention to the riding task. Watch what you are doing, do not allow yourself to be distracted by other cars, people or things on the roadside, etc. Never smoke, eat, drink, read, etc. while riding your vehicle. If you must consult a map, pull over when it can be done safely.

Use only the vehicle's specific fuels and lubricants indicated in the "LUBRICANT CHART"; check the oil, fuel and coolant levels regularly.

If the throttle sticks open, it may cause a collision with another vehicle, or an upset.

If the throttle sticks, kill the engine with the engine stop switch located on the right handlebar.

Do not attempt to restart the engine until the throttle has been repaired and works perfectly. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a runaway resulting in serious injuries or even death.

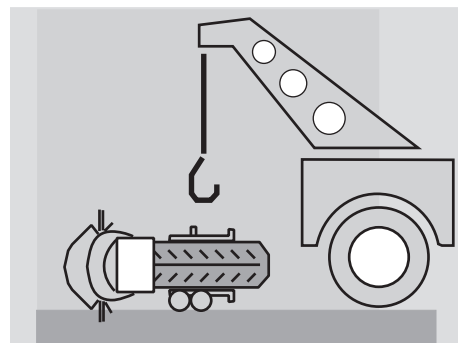


Your vehicle is equipped with a double cable throttle. One cable opens the throttle when you rotate the throttle grip towards you; the other closes the throttle when you rotate the grip away from you. It is essential, when you release the throttle grip, that it automatically return to the idle position.

This double cable arrangement enhances safety by providing for positive closing of the throttle.

⚠ WARNING

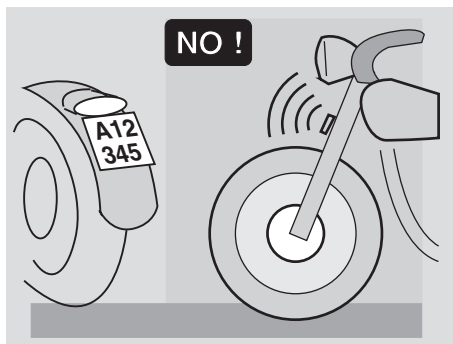
In the event of a throttle sticking emergency, always kill the engine using the engine stop switch located near the throttle grip on the right handlebar. Never use your vehicle if the throttle does not automatically fully return to the idle position when the throttle grip is released. Contact your Local **aprilia Dealer for repairs. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a serious accident and result in injury or even death.**



If you and your vehicle are involved in an accident, make sure that there has been no damage to the control levers, tubes, wires, braking system and other vital parts. If your vehicle is involved in an accident, take it immediately to your **Local aprilia Dealer** who has the equipment and knowledge to check for accidental damage which may compromise your safety.

Your **aprilia** dealer is ready and able to help you with any safety problems that you might have, but of course it is necessary for you to report any malfunctions to your mechanic in order for him to help you.

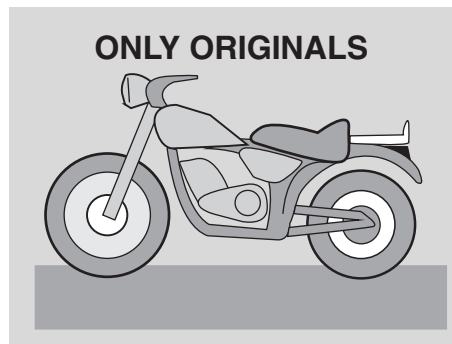
Do not use your vehicle if it is damaged. A damaged vehicle may become unstable or present other problems which can increase the risk of accident, and therefore of serious injury or even death.



Do not attempt to modify the position, angle or color of your license plate. Do not cover it, even with a clear plastic covering. Do not modify any of the safety equipment of your vehicle, especially such safety related items as turn indicators, rearview mirrors, lights or horns.

Any modification to your vehicle will invalidate the warranty.

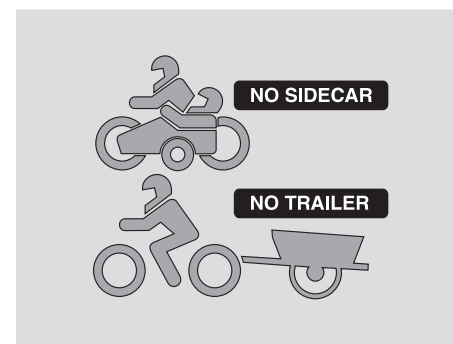
Do not modify your engine in an attempt to increase the horsepower. This can result in irreparable damage to the engine, as well as degradation of the performance and handling of the vehicle which could lead to an upset, and serious injury or even death.



Have your vehicle repaired only with original **aprilia** or **aprilia** approved accessories. The use of aftermarket accessories and parts can seriously compromise the safety of your vehicle as well as its performance and serviceability. Any modification which affects performance or safety voids your warranty completely.

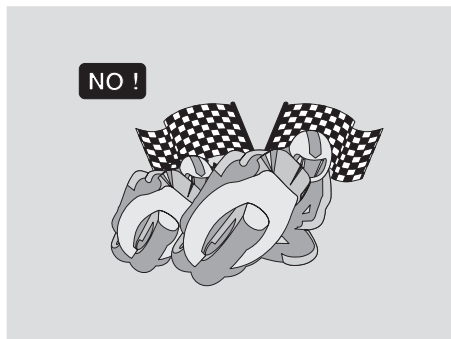
Tampering with the emissions or noise control systems on your vehicle is against the law, and can be punished by large fines.

In some jurisdictions, it can even lead to the confiscation of your vehicle.



This vehicle was not designed to be equipped with a sidecar or to be used to tow trailers or other vehicles.

aprilia does not manufacture sidecars or trailers and therefore cannot predict the effects of such accessories on the maneuverability or stability of the vehicle: it can only warn that such effects may be negative and that any damage to the vehicle components caused by the use of such accessories will not be covered by the warranty.



Never race other vehicles with your vehicle.

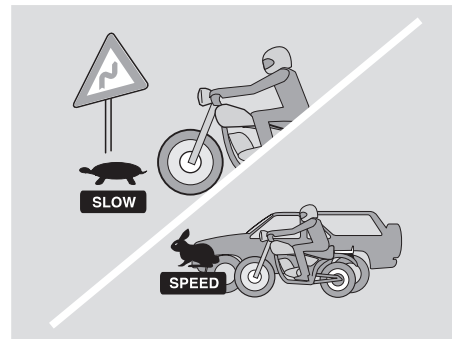
Brake with both the front and rear brakes. The use of only one brake for sudden braking may cause the vehicle to skid or make the rider lose control of the vehicle itself.

When riding down a steep hill, use the engine as a brake by selecting the same gear, or a lower gear, than you would use to climb the hill. Use front and rear brakes sparingly.



Always ride at the appropriate speed and avoid unnecessary harsh acceleration. This is not only safer, but also reduces fuel consumption and increases the life of the vehicle.

If you must ride your vehicle in rainy weather, or on loose surfaces, remember that traction is greatly reduced. Under these conditions, all handling of the vehicle must be done gradually and smoothly. Sudden acceleration, braking or turning may make you lose control of your vehicle. When traction is reduced, accelerate and slow using your vehicle's engine braking insofar as possible. Avoid rapid, harsh application of the brakes.



Gradually open and close the throttle, to avoid spinning or skidding the rear wheel.

On rough road surfaces, slow down and ride with particular care.

Try to avoid wide open throttle accelerations, unless they are necessary for such things as passing.

Do not allow your engine to "lug," i.e., run at too low an rpm. Shift down to a lower gear. Also, do not over-rev the engine. Observe the red line on the tachometer.

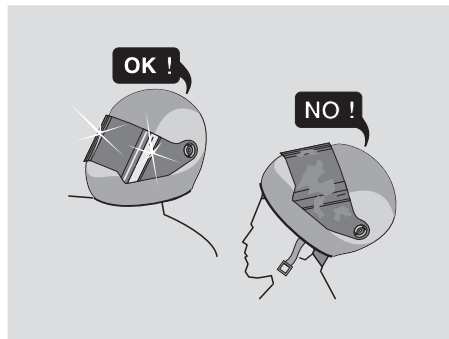
Remember that excessively aggressive cornering can cause your vehicle's tires to lose sideways traction, which can result in an upset and serious injury or even death.



Always observe posted and statutory speed limits, but do not assume that you can ride as fast as the speed limit under all road conditions. Slowing down a little can greatly increase your safety under all road conditions.

Do not ride your vehicle off road.

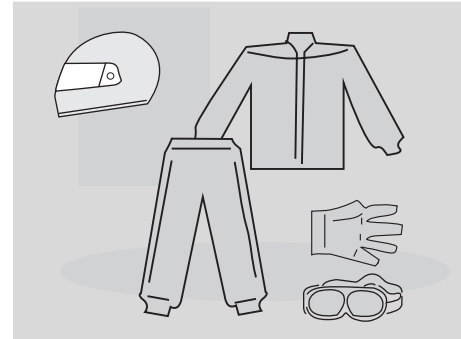
Do not tamper with the muffler system or the emissions control system of your vehicle. This is not only bad for the environment, but it can subject you to serious penalties.



CLOTHING

Before riding your vehicle, make sure that your riding gear is in good condition. To be effective, your helmet must fit properly, and the visor or other eye protection must be clean.

Both research and experience have shown that drivers of other vehicles often do not see vehicles or riders. In order to make yourself more conspicuous to these drivers, wear bright reflective clothing, such as a reflective vest, or clothing with reflective sections sewn into the jacket, pants and gloves. Be particularly aware of approaching automobiles and trucks that might be trying to turn left in front of you. Many vehicle accidents are caused by an opposing automobile driver making a left turn without warning in front of the vehicle.

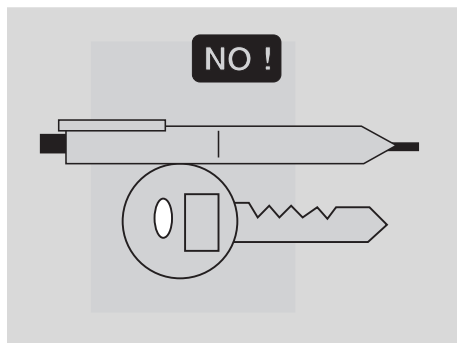


Inevitably, the driver will look right at you, and yet swear that they did not see you before they turned directly into your path. Ride alert!

Wear protective clothing, preferably in light and/or reflecting colors. In this way you will make yourself more visible to the other drivers, thus notably reducing the risk of being knocked down, and you will be more protected in case of fall.

Always wear your crash helmet. Many accidents are fatal because of injuries to the head.

This clothing should be very tight-fitting and fastened at the wrists and ankles. Strings, belts and ties should not be hanging loose; prevent these and other objects from interfering with driving by getting entangled with moving parts or driving mechanisms.

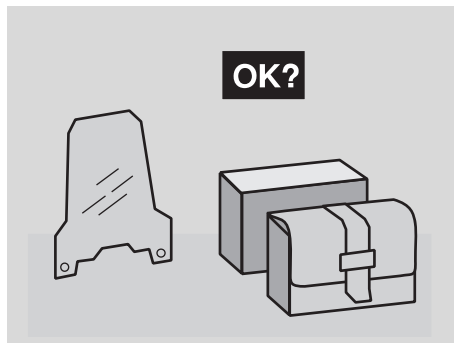


Do not carry sharp objects in your pockets that could be dangerous in case of an upset, for example, pens or mechanical pencils, etc. Also, make sure that your passengers follow this recommendation.

ACCESSORIES

The owner of the vehicle is responsible for the choice, installation and use of any accessory.

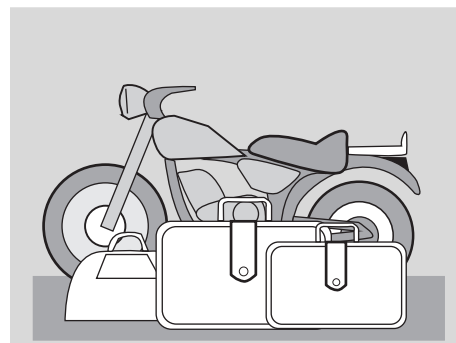
The installation of inappropriate accessories or the overloading of the vehicle may result in the instability of the vehicle itself and cause accidents with consequent risk of serious injuries or even death. Windshields could be particularly dangerous, as they can break and injure or cut the rider in case of accident. In case of doubt with regard to any accessory you would like to install or any load you would like to carry, consult your **Local aprilia Dealer**.



Avoid installing accessories that cover horns or lights or that could impair their functions, limit the suspension stroke and the steering angle, hamper the operation of the controls and reduce the distance from the ground and the angle of inclination in turns.

Avoid using accessories that hamper access to the controls, since this can prolong reaction times during an emergency.

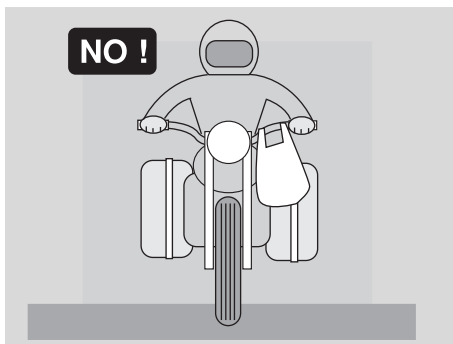
Fairings and windshields installed on the vehicle may produce aerodynamic forces that will affect the stability of the vehicle during use, especially at high speeds.



Make sure that anything you carry on your vehicle is securely attached, and cannot come loose and jam the wheels, forks, etc. Do not install any electrical accessories, and do not modify the electrical system of your vehicle. Anything that could cause an electrical overload or other fault could cause the vehicle to suddenly stop, the lights to dim or quit, or the horn and other safety accessories not to work. Use only original **aprilia** accessories.

LOAD

Do not overload your vehicle. Attach luggage or packages as close as possible to the center of your vehicle and distribute the load from side to side as evenly as possible, to keep imbalance to a minimum. Remember that loads tend to loosen with riding, so frequently check the security of your load.

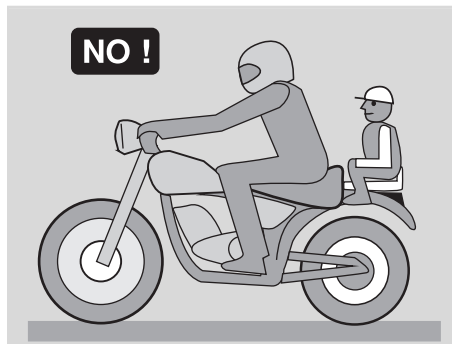


Do not hang anything from your vehicle handlebars, fenders, or forks, because this will upset the handling of your vehicle, and could prevent you from avoiding an accident. Failure to observe this warning can lead to an upset, which can result in serious injury or even death.

Do not ride with your crash helmet hanging from the strap because it could easily foul the wheels, fenders, or forks, causing an upset and result in serious injury or even death.

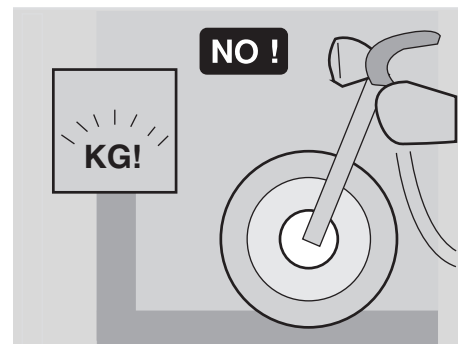
Carry a passenger only if your vehicle is equipped with passenger footrests, handgrips for the passenger to hold on to, and a passenger seat.

When carrying a passenger, remember that your vehicle's handling is degraded, that the brakes are less efficient, and the center of gravity is higher and further to the rear.



This makes it more likely that the front wheel will come up off the ground, especially on acceleration. Therefore, you should avoid harsh acceleration and harsh braking. Many accidents are caused by inexperienced riders carrying passengers. Remember that allowance must be made for the extra weight of the passenger for all driving maneuvers.

Avoid abrupt and excessive acceleration. Always slow down in time and calculate longer stopping and maneuvering distances. Non-compliance with these instructions may lead to the overturning of the vehicle or to other accidents with consequent serious injuries or even death.



Never carry loosely packaged items, make sure that everything that you carry on your vehicle is carefully secured.

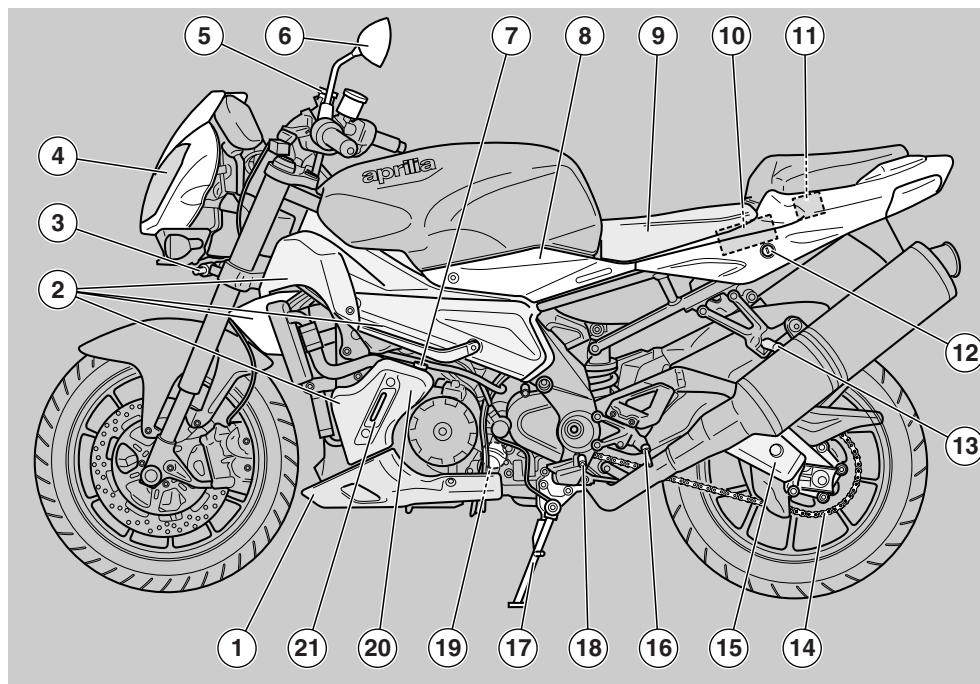
Do not carry packages which protrude from the luggage rack or which cover any of the signal lights, the headlight, or the horn.

Never carry animals or children on the glove compartment or on the luggage rack.

Never exceed the labeled maximum load for each seatbag.

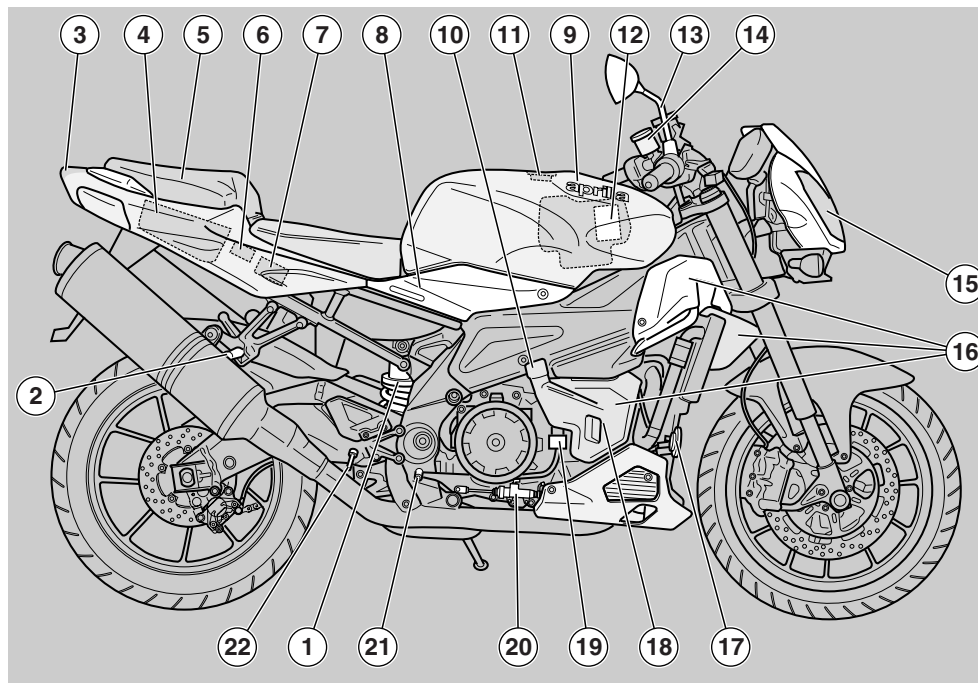
Overloading your vehicle seriously reduces its stability and maneuverability and can lead to an upset, which can result in serious injury or death.

ARRANGEMENT OF THE MAIN ELEMENTS



KEY

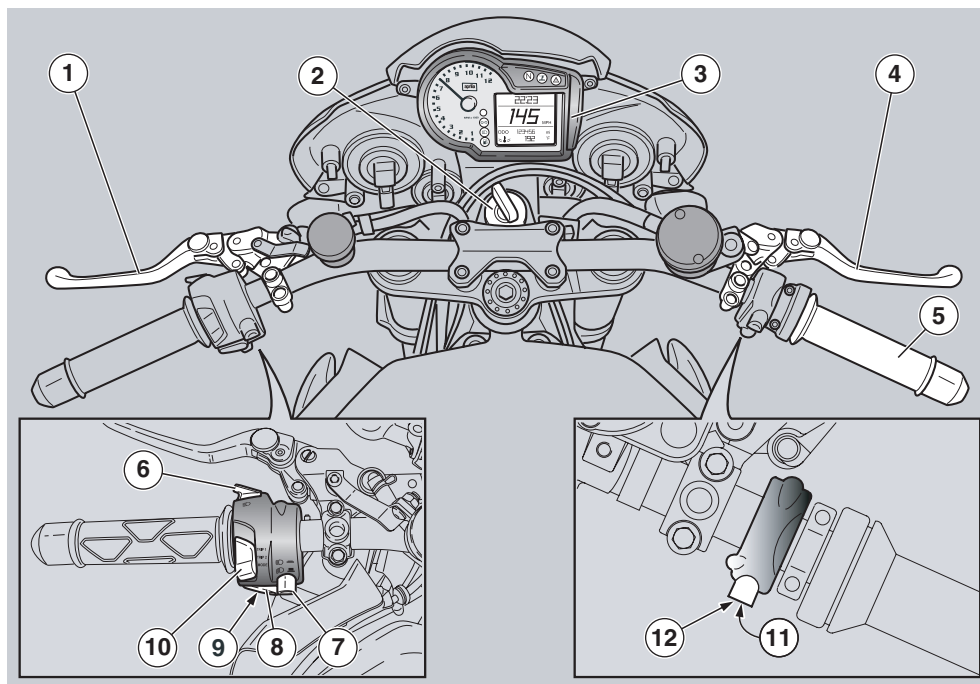
- | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1) Fairing lug | 7) Engine oil reservoir plug | 13) Passenger left footrest | 19) Engine oil filter |
| 2) Side fairings | 8) Left side body panel | (snapping, closed/open) | 20) Engine oil tank |
| 3) Adjustable steering damper | 9) Rider seat | 14) Drive chain | 21) Engine oil level |
| 4) Left headlight | 10) Battery | 15) Swingarm | |
| 5) Clutch fluid reservoir | 11) Main fuse carrier (30A) | 16) Rider left footrest | |
| 6) Left rearview mirror | 12) Passenger seat-glove/tool kit compartment lock | 17) Side stand | |
| | | 18) Gear shift lever | |



KEY

- | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1) Rear shock absorber | 7) Auxiliary fuse carrier (15A) | 14) Front brake fluid reservoir | 21) Rear brake control lever |
| 2) Passenger right footrest (snapping, closed/open) | 8) Right side body panel | 15) Right headlight | 22) Rider right footrest |
| 3) Tail light | 9) Fuel tank | 16) Right side fairings | |
| 4) Glove/tool kit compartment | 10) Coolant expansion tank cap | 17) Horn | |
| 5) Passenger seat / Seat cover | 11) Fuel tank filler cap | 18) Expansion tank | |
| 6) E.C.U. | 12) Air filter | 19) Rear brake fluid reservoir | |
| | 13) Right rearview mirror | 20) Rear brake master cylinder | |

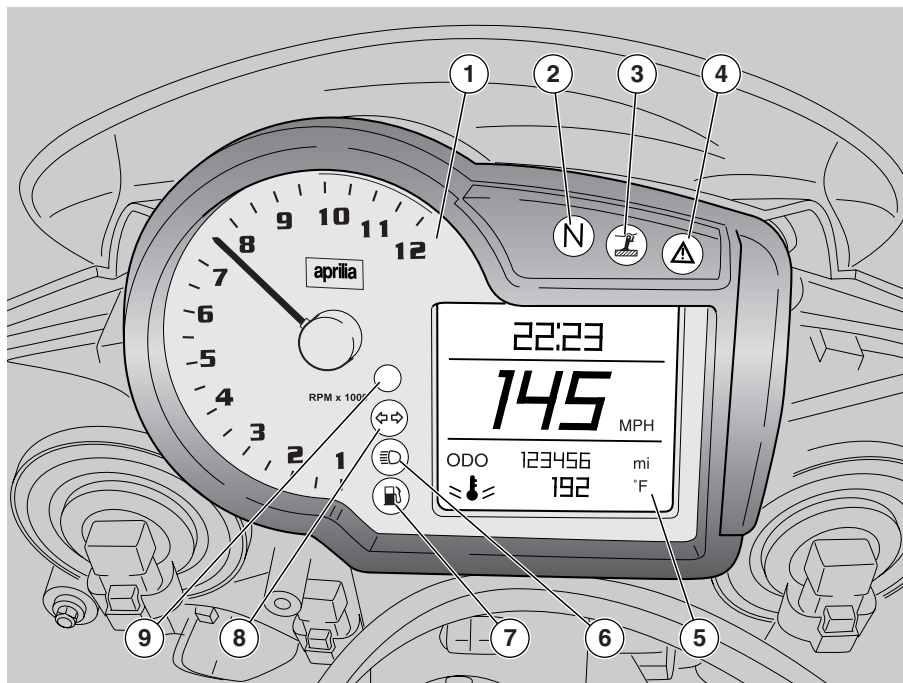
ARRANGEMENT OF THE INSTRUMENTS/CONTROLS



KEY

- 1) Clutch lever
- 2) Ignition switch/steering lock (⌂-⌂-⌂)
- 3) Instruments and indicators
- 4) Front brake lever
- 5) Throttle grip
- 6) High-beam flasher - passing button (⌂)

- 7) Dimmer switch (⌂-⌂)
- 8) Turn indicator switch (↔)
- 9) Horn button (⌂)
- 10) TRIP 1 / TRIP 2 / MODE switch
- 11) Engine kill switch (⌂-⌂-⌂)
- 12) Starter button (⌂)














KEY

- 1) Revolution counter
- 2) Green neutral light (N)
- 3) Amber "stand down" light (I)
- 4) Red general warning light (Δ)
- 5) Multifunction digital display (coolant temperature - clock - battery voltage - lap timer - engine oil pressure diagnostics (⚡))
- 6) Blue high-beam warning light (≡)
- 7) Amber low fuel warning light (⛽)
- 8) Green turn indicator warning light (⇄)
- 9) Red line light

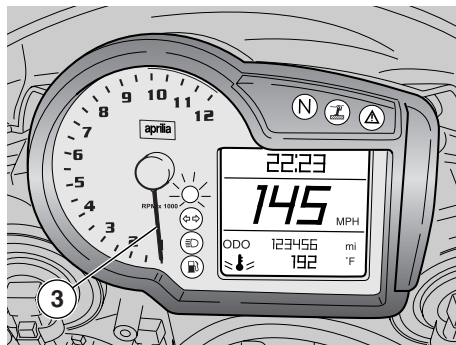
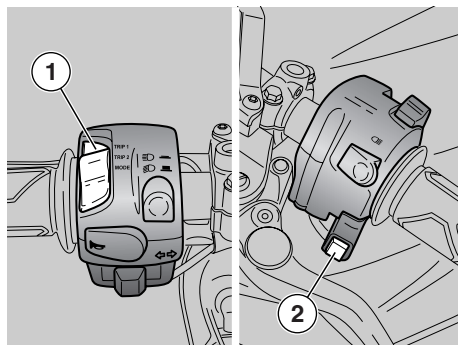
INSTRUMENT AND INDICATOR TABLE

When the ignition key is turned to "○" with the engine stopped, all warning lights come on for an LED checkup and go off after two seconds. If one or more warning lights do not come on at this stage, contact an **aprilia dealer**.

Description		Function
Revolution counter <i>rpm</i>		Indicates the number of revolutions of the engine per minute. ⚠ CAUTION Never exceed the engine max. speed rate, see page 74 (RUNNING-IN).
Gear shift light		Blinks when activation threshold (max. rpm) set by the user is exceeded, see page 37 (GEAR SHIFT INDICATOR).
Turn indicator warning light		Blinks when the turn indicators are on.
High-beam warning light		Comes on when the high-beam bulbs are on or when the headlight signaler is operated.
Side stand down light		Turns on when the side stand is down.
Low fuel warning light		It comes on when the quantity of fuel left in the tank is approx. $4,5 \pm 1 \ell$. In this case, top up as soon as possible, see page 47 (FUEL).
Neutral indicator warning light	N	Comes on when the gear is in neutral.
Error warning light		Comes on when the ignition switch is set to "○" with the engine stopped as a lamp test. If the light does not come on in this phase, contact an aprilia dealer. When engine is off it indicates that the immobilizer system is enabled. ⚠ CAUTION If the  light remains on after the engine start or comes on during normal engine operation, this means that an injection system fault was detected and, if it is displayed simultaneously with "  ", a low engine oil pressure was detected. In this case, stop the engine immediately and contact a Local aprilia Dealer .

Description		Function
Multifunction digital display	Speedometer (km/h - MPH)	Displays current, average or maximum riding speed (in kilometers or miles) depending on presetting, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).
	Odometer (KM - Mi)	Gives total distance covered or distance covered since the trip meter was last reset (in km or miles).
	Coolant temperature  (°C/°F)	<p>Displays engine coolant temperature, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).</p> <p>If the pointer gets near the danger area, stop the engine, turn the key to "○" and wait until the cooling fan is disconnected.</p> <p>⚠ CAUTION Do not leave the ignition switch on "⊗", since the cooling fans would stop regardless of the coolant temperature and in this case the temperature would increase even further. Now turn the key to "⊗" and check the coolant level, see page 60 (COOLANT). Contact an aprilia dealer.</p> <p>⚠ CAUTION If the maximum allowed temperature is exceeded (115 °C - 239 °F), the engine may be seriously damaged.</p>
	Clock	Displays time (hour and minutes) as preset, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).
	Battery voltage V  BATT	Displays the battery voltage in Volts, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).
	Lap timer	Displays the different lap times, as preset, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).
	Diagnosis	<p>In case a serious failure is detected, one that might jeopardize the vehicle or the rider's safety, the panel will show an icon indicating the failure cause (such as: oil pressure , maintenance intervals .</p> <p>⚠ CAUTION If the word "⚠ SERVICE" appears during normal engine operation, it means that the ECU or the instrument panel have detected a failure. In many cases the engine keeps running with limited performance; contact an Local aprilia Dealer immediately.</p>

To toggle between readouts, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER)



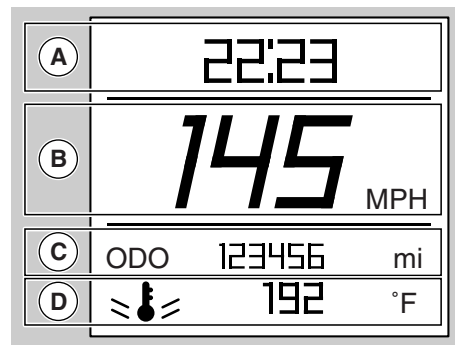
MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER

Controls

- 1) Switch with three positions: TRIP1 / TRIP2 / MODE
- 2) SET button; briefly press it to scroll the functions in the menus; press for several seconds to confirm the selected option.

When you turn the ignition key to "○", the following instrument panel lights will turn on for 2 seconds:

- All warning lights
- Backlighting
- The display shows the Tuono 1000 logo. The pointer of the revolution counter (3) reaches the set gear shift value (rpm) and then immediately goes back to zero.

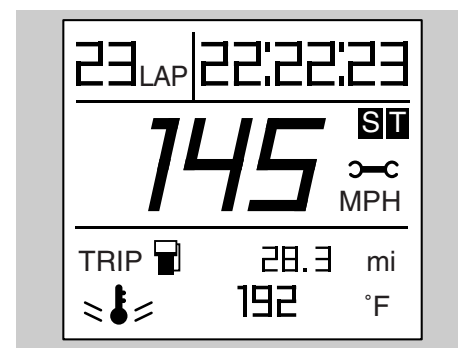
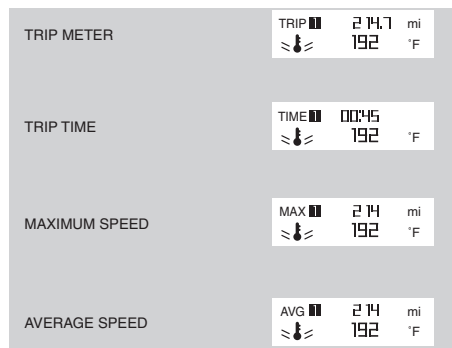
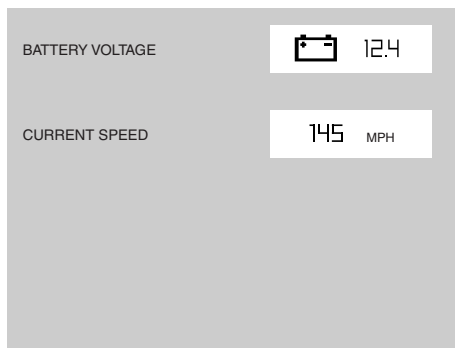


During the initial checkup, all instruments will briefly show the current values of the corresponding parameters.

When the key is on "○", the following standard settings are displayed:

- Clock or lap timer (*) (zone A)
- Current speed (zone B)
- Odometer (zone C)
- Coolant temperature (zone D)

(*) According to the settings entered in MENU, see page 36 (Menu) the displayed value may vary.



TRIP 1 AND 2

In TRIP 1 and 2 the data concerning trip 1 and 2 is shown.

Displayed trip meter indication can be found next to the value description.

Set the selector (1) to the position corresponding to TRIP configuration to be displayed (TRIP 1 or TRIP 1).

At the bottom (C) the following data is displayed:

- TRIP METER 1/2
- TRIP TIME 1/2
- MAXIMUM SPEED 1/2
- AVERAGE SPEED 1/2

Briefly press SET (2) to toggle between these parameters. Press it for several seconds to reset all data from the selected TRIP meter.

Mode

The MODE configuration features the functions allowing the user to interact with the system.

Set selector (1) to MODE to select the MODE configuration.

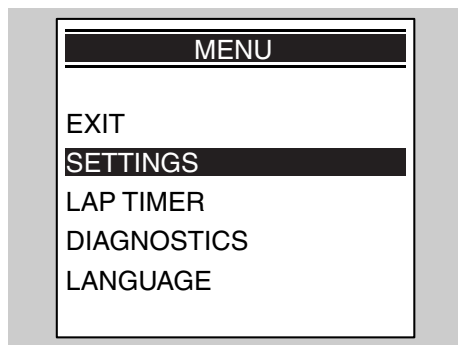
While the vehicle at rest, the following data is alternately displayed every time the SET button (2) is pressed:

- CURRENT SPEED
- BATTERY VOLTAGE

Press SET (2) for several seconds to enter the configuration menu:

- MENU

When the reserve km indication is enabled, it replaces the odometer.



Menu

If the vehicle is stopped and the selector is set to MODE, it is possible to access the configuration menu of the MENU page. To enter this function, confirm the MENU selection [press SET (2) for several seconds].

Configuration menu options are:

- EXIT
- SETTINGS
- LAP TIMER
- DIAGNOSTICS
- LANGUAGE

SETTINGS

When confirming the SETTINGS selection (by pressing SET (2) for several seconds) the following options are displayed:

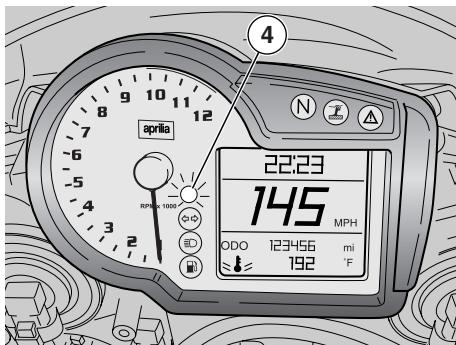
- EXIT
- TIME SETTINGS
- GEAR SHIFT INDICATOR
- BACK LIGHTING
- CHANGE THE CODE
- CODE RECOVERY
- °C/°F

TIME SETTINGS

This mode allows you to set the clock. In this function, hours increase by one unit every time SET (2) is pressed; when the value is 12, it goes back to 1 if SET (2) is pressed again.

AM indication becomes PM or vice versa when time goes from 11:59 to 12:00.

Press SET (2) for several seconds to store the value and access the minutes setting mode. Minutes increase by one unit every time SET (3) is pressed; when the value is 59, it goes back to 0 if SET (2) is pressed again. Press SET (2) for several seconds to complete the procedure; the instrument panel will return to the SETTINGS menu.



GEAR SHIFT INDICATOR

This function allows you to set the value for the gear shift indicator threshold. As soon as you enter this function, the display shows “GEAR SHIFT INDICATOR” (if English is the selected language) and the rev. counter index indicates the threshold value.

Briefly press SET (2) to increase the threshold value by 100 RPM. Once the max. value has been reached, press the button again to decrease the value and vice versa.

Press SET (2) for several seconds to complete the procedure; the instrument panel will return to the SETTINGS menu.

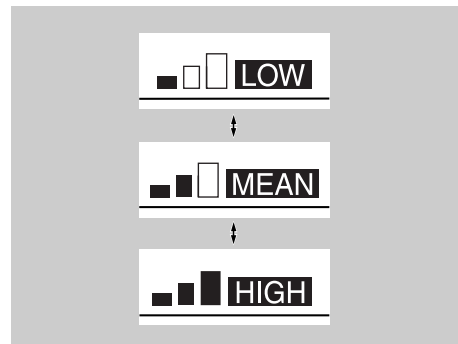
When the battery is connected for the first time, the instrument panel sets to running-in rpm value; the next time the battery is connected it sets to the last set value.

RUNNING-IN RPM: 6000

MINIMUM RPM: 5000

MAXIMUM RPM: 12000

When the set threshold is exceeded, the alarm light (4) on the instrument panel flashes until the value goes below the threshold.



BACK LIGHTING

This function allows you to set backlighting: three levels are available. In this function the display shows “BACKLIGHTING” and every time SET (2) is briefly pressed, the following symbols are alternately displayed:

- LOW
- MEAN
- HIGH

Press SET (2) for several seconds to complete the procedure; the instrument panel will return to the SETTINGS menu.

CHANGE THE CODE

This function is used when the old code is available and is to be changed.

Within this function, the following message is displayed:

"INSERT THE OLD CODE"

As soon as the old code is acknowledged, the new code is requested; the following message is displayed:

"INSERT THE NEW CODE"

Once the operation is completed, the display goes back to the DIAGNOSIS menu. If you entered with the code, this operation will not be allowed.

Once the operation is completed, the instrument panel will return to the SETTINGS menu.

CODE RECOVERY

This function is used when the old code is not available and you need to change it. In this case it is necessary to insert at least two keys in the ignition switch. The first key is already inserted, a second key is requested with the message:

"INSERT THE 2nd KEY"

The instrument panel remains on in-between these two keys; if the second key is not inserted within 20 seconds the operation is aborted. When the second key is acknowledged, the new code is requested with the message:

"INSERT THE NEW CODE"

Once the operation is completed, the display goes back to the DIAGNOSIS menu. If you entered with the code, this operation will not be allowed.

Once the operation is completed, the instrument panel will return to the SETTINGS menu.

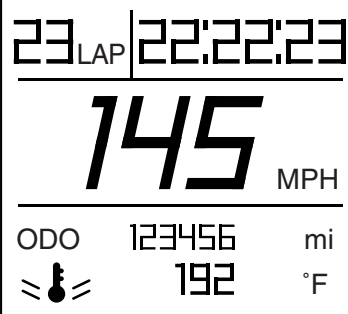
°C/°F

This function allows you to select the unit of measure for ambient temperature. From this function, every time SET (2) is briefly pressed, the following two units of measure are alternately displayed:

°C

°F

Press SET (2) for several seconds to store the data; the instrument panel will return to the SETTINGS menu.



Lap timer

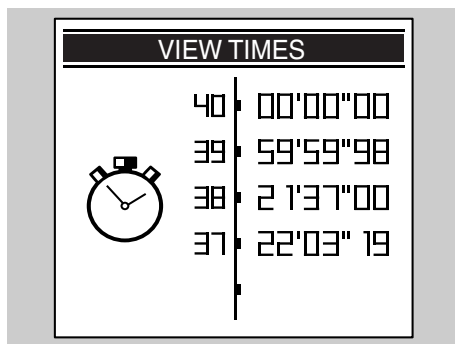
When confirming LAP TIMER selection [by pressing SET (2) for several seconds] the following options are displayed:

- EXIT
- ENABLE LAP TIMER
- VIEW TIMES
- DELETE TIMES

ENABLE LAP TIMER

This function enables lap timer operation. Lap time is shown in the upper area of the display, in place of the clock.

The display maintains this operation mode even after key-off/key-on.



VIEW TIMES

This function also displays the acquired lap times. Briefly press SET (2) to scroll the pages with the times recorded; press it for several seconds to set the display to LAP TIME menu. If the battery is disconnected, stored times are lost.

DELETE TIMES

This function deletes the acquired lap times. Deletion should be confirmed. Once the operation is completed, the display goes back to the LAP TIMER menu.

Lap time operation

Select ENABLE LAP TIMER and confirm (by pressing SET (2) for several seconds) and the display top area (A) is automatically set for time recording. Briefly press SET (2) to start recording with the lap timer.

Press SET (2) again within the first 10 seconds from when the timer starts, time measurement is canceled and a new one is started. Press SET (2) again after 10 seconds have elapsed from timer start, time measurement is stopped, stored and a new one is started. Stop the time measurement session by pressing SET (2) for several seconds.

Acquisition ends as soon as 40 lap times are stored; "FULL" is displayed. Stop the vehicle, see page 75 (STOPPING) and enter the VIEW TIMES function of the LAP TIME menu to read the stored lap times.

Diagnosis

This function interfaces with the systems fitted on the motorcycle for performing diagnosis. To enable it, you require a special password available only to the **aprilia Authorized Service Centers**.

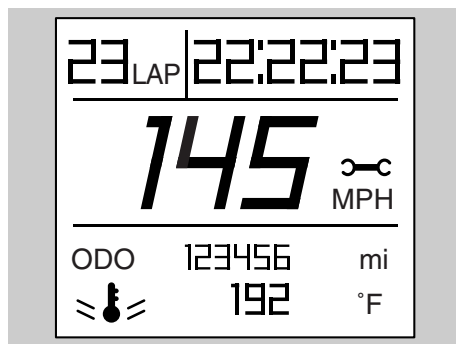
Language

This function allows you to choose the language of any message displayed.

Available options are:

- ITALIANO
- ENGLISH
- FRANCAIS
- DEUTSCH
- ESPANOL

Once the operation is completed, the display goes back to the LANGUAGE menu.



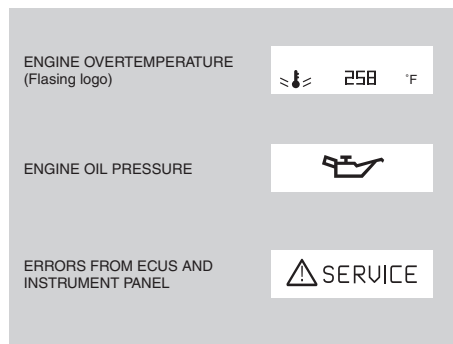
SERVICE INTERVAL

When the scheduled service intervals are reached, an icon is displayed (wrench).

Switches on first at: 1,000 km

Then switches on: every 10,000 km

This indication can be eliminated as soon as **aprilia Authorized Dealers and Service Centers** carry out the necessary scheduled maintenance operations.

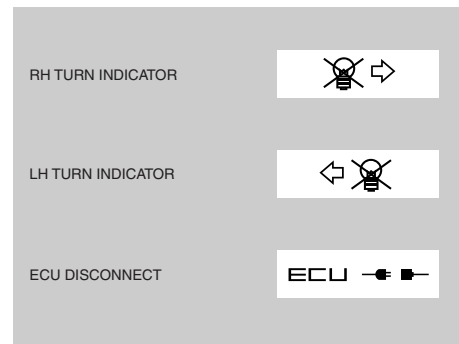


ALARM DISPLAY

In case a serious failure is detected, one that might jeopardize the vehicle or the rider's safety, the display will show an icon indicating the failure cause, at the bottom (D).

Alarms are divided in two groups depending on their priority:

High priority: engine overtemperature, engine oil pressure, faults from E.C.U., instrument panel faults.

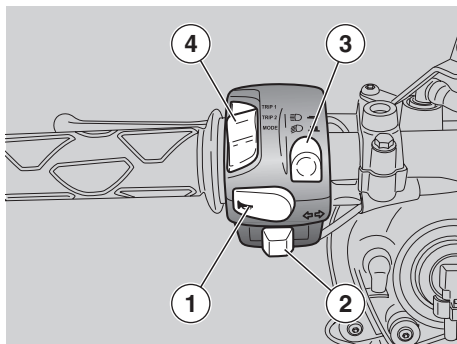


Low priority: turn indicators and control unit disconnect.

Should there be many alarms with the same priority level, the relevant icons are displayed alternately.

High priority alarms do not allow you to display low priority ones.

If the alarm light and the SERVICE icon briefly come on, it does not mean that there is a failure.



NOTE The electrical components function only when the ignition switch is on “○” (ON).

The parking lights are illuminated as well when the ignition switch is on “≡○” (PARKING).

CONTROLS ON THE LEFT HAND GRIP

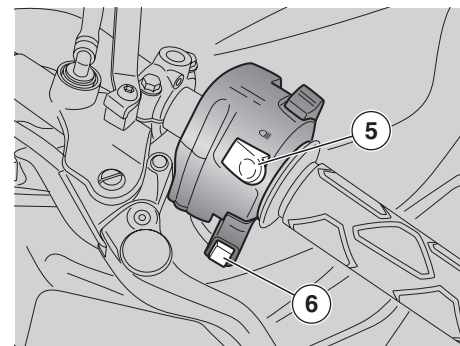
- 1) **HORN BUTTON** ()
The horn sounds when the button is pressed.
- 2) **TURN INDICATOR SWITCH** ()
To activate the left turn indicator, move the switch to the left. To activate the right turn indicator, move the switch to the right. To cancel turn indicator flashing, press the switch.

- 3) **DIMMER SWITCH** ()
The dimmer switch has two positions:
– push DOWN, low beam “ ”;
– push UP, high beam “ ”.

When the button is in the DOWN position indicated by the “ ”, the parking lights, dashboard light and low beam are illuminated.

When the button is in the UP position “ ” and released, the high beam is illuminated, the dashboard and parking lights remain on.

Push and release the DOWN button to return to the low beam “ ”.



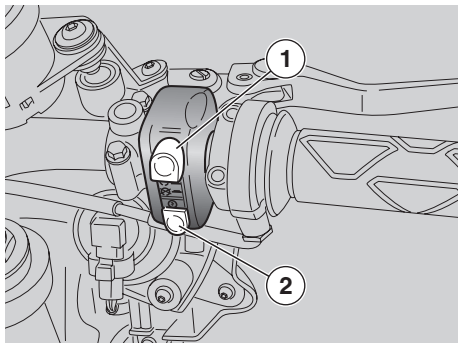
- 4) **MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY CONFIGURATION SELECTOR**
Sets the configuration shown on the display, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).

- 5) **HIGH-BEAM FLASHER - PASSING BUTTON** ()
Makes it possible to use the high beam for signaling forthcoming vehicles while overtaking and in case of danger and/or emergency.

NOTE Release the button to turn off the high-beam flasher.

- 6) **MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY (SET) BUTTON**

NOTE To set functions, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).



CONTROLS ON THE RIGHT HAND GRIP

1) ENGINE STOP SWITCH ()

Use the engine stop switch to stop the engine only in case of emergency. It is essential that you be very familiar with this control so that you will automatically stop the engine in the event of a stuck throttle or other engine runaway.

WARNING

If the throttle sticks open, it may cause a collision with another vehicle, or an upset.

If the throttle sticks, kill the engine with the engine stop switch located on the right handlebar.

Do not attempt to restart the engine until the throttle has been repaired and works perfectly.

Failure to observe this warning can lead to a runaway resulting in serious injuries or even death.



Your vehicle is equipped with a double cable throttle. One cable opens the throttle when you rotate the throttle grip towards you; the other closes the throttle when you rotate the grip away from you. It is essential, when you release the throttle grip, that it automatically return to the idle position. This double cable arrangement enhances safety by providing for positive closing of the throttle.

WARNING

In the event of a throttle sticking emergency, always kill the engine using the engine stop switch located near the throttle grip on the right handlebar. **Never use your vehicle if the throttle does not automatically fully return to the idle position when the throttle grip is released. Contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer for repairs. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a serious accident and result in injury or even death.**


WARNING


Do not use the engine stop switch to stop the engine while the vehicle is moving.


With the switch (1) on “  ” (ON) it is possible to start the engine. The engine can be stopped by moving the switch (1) to “  ” (OFF).

CAUTION

To stop the vehicle, use only the ignition switch.

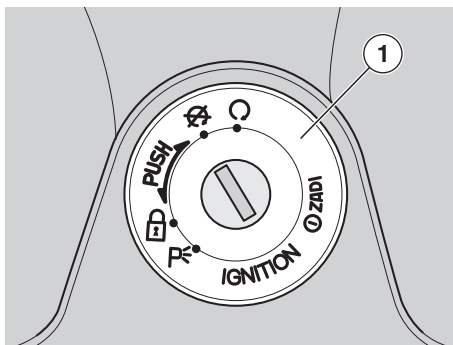
Leave the engine stop switch (1) on “  ” (ON) and use it only in case of emergency.

Do not leave the ignition on if you have stopped the engine for emergency by moving the engine stop switch to “  ” (OFF) as this will discharge the battery.

When, for emergency, the vehicle has come to rest after stopping the engine with the engine stop switch, turn the ignition switch to “  ” (OFF).

2) STARTER SWITCH ()

When the starter switch is pressed, the starter engages and the engine will start. For starting, see page 68 (STARTING).



IGNITION SWITCH

The ignition switch (1) is located on the upper plate of the steering head.





NOTE The key (2) operates:

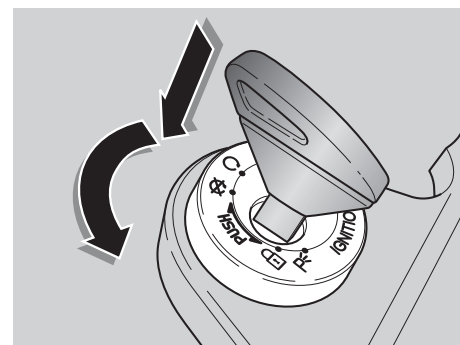
- the ignition switch/steering lock (1);
 - the fuel tank lock (3);
 - the glove/tool kit compartment lock (4).
- Two keys are supplied with the vehicle (one spare key).

NOTE Do not keep the spare key on the vehicle.

NOTE Setting the ignition key in the "○" position automatically turns on the lights.

The lights will turn off when the ignition switch is on "⊗".

Position	Function	Key removal
 (LOCK) Steering lock	The steering is locked. It is neither possible to start the engine, nor to switch on the lights.	It is possible to remove the key. The immobilizer system is activated after the key is removed. (where the immobilizer system is fitted)
 (OFF)	Neither the engine, nor the lights can be switched on.	It is possible to remove the key. The immobilizer system is activated after the key is removed. (where the immobilizer system is fitted)
 (ON)	The engine and the lights can be switched on.	It is not possible to remove the key.
 (PARKING)	The steering is locked. It is not possible to start the engine. The headlight and taillight parking lights are turned on.	It is possible to remove the key. The immobilizer system is activated after the key is removed. (where the immobilizer system is fitted)



STEERING LOCK

⚠ WARNING

Never attempt to place the ignition switch on "⊗" (LOCK) while the vehicle is moving. This will cause loss of control of the vehicle resulting in possible accidents, serious injury or even death.

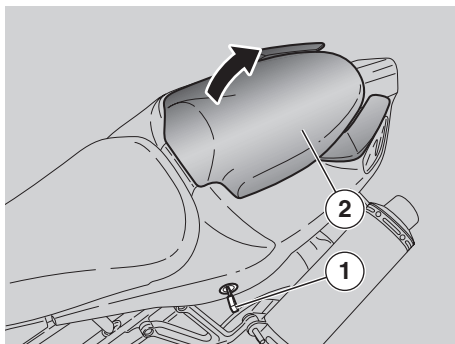
OPERATION

To lock the steering:

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).
- ◆ Turn the handlebar completely counterclockwise.
- ◆ Turn the key (2) to "⊗" (OFF).
- ◆ Release the key (2)

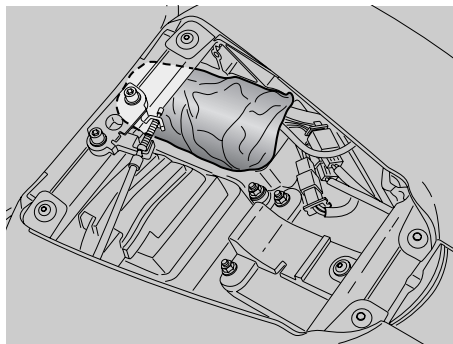
NOTE Turn the key (2) and steer the handlebar at the same time.

- ◆ Press the key (2) and turn it counterclockwise; steer the handlebar slowly until the key (2) reaches "⊗" (LOCK).
- ◆ Remove the key (2).



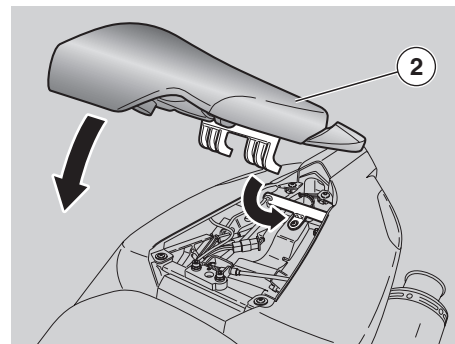
UNLOCKING/LOCKING THE PASSENGER SEAT/SEAT COVER

- ◆ Position the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).
- ◆ Insert the key (1) in the lock.
- ◆ Turn the key (1) counterclockwise, raise the passenger seat/seat cover (2) and ease it off in a forward motion.



The tail section of the vehicle accommodates a convenient glove / tool kit compartment, simply remove the passenger seat/seat cover (2).

NOTE Before lowering and locking the passenger seat/seat cover (2), make sure that you have not left the key in the glove/tool kit compartment.



To lock the passenger seat/seat cover (2):

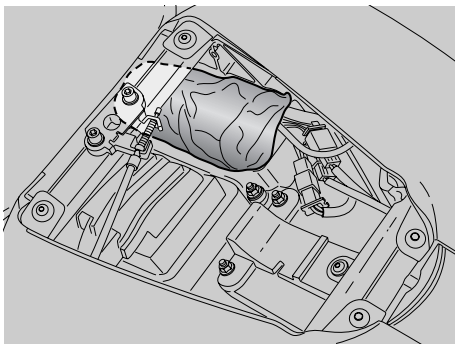
- ◆ Slide the lower front lugs underneath the frame tube of the rear subframe.
- ◆ Position the passenger seat/seat cover and press down until the lock snaps shut.

⚠ WARNING

Before riding, make sure that the passenger seat/seat cover (2) is properly locked.

⚠ WARNING

The passenger seat can be replaced with the seat cover, however it is not possible to carry a passenger when the seat cover is on. Carrying a passenger on a seat cover is illegal and the passenger is very likely to fall from the vehicle.



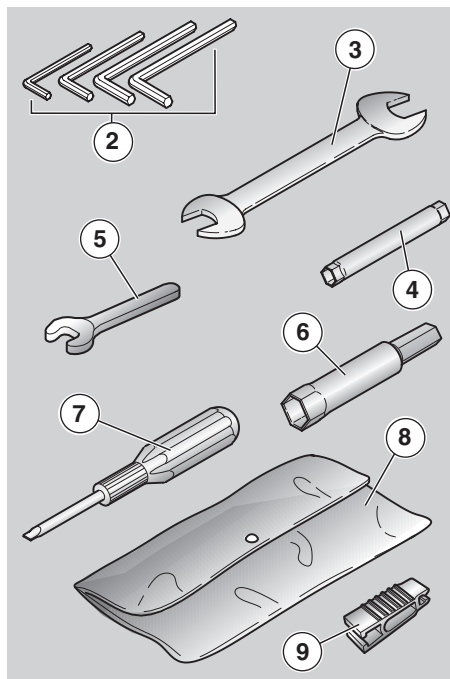
GLOVE/TOOL KIT COMPARTMENT

To reach the glove/tool kit compartment, proceed as follows:

- ◆ Remove the passenger seat/seat cover, see page 44 (UNLOCKING/LOCKING THE PASSENGER SEAT/SEAT COVER).

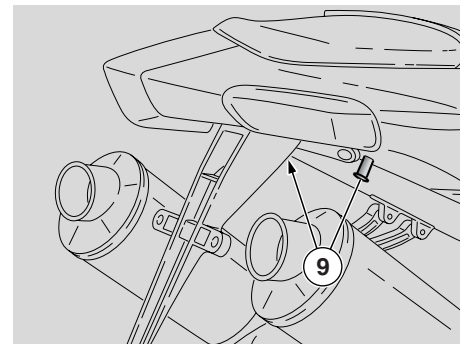
The tool kit (1) includes:

- 3, 4, 5, 6 mm bent Allen wrenches (2);
- 11 - 13 mm double open-end wrench (3);
- 8 - 10 mm double socket wrench (4);
- 17 mm open-end wrench (5);
- 16 mm socket wrench for spark plugs (6);



- double-ended (cross-headed/hexagon) screwdriver (7);
- tool box (8).
- fuse puller (9).

NOTE The maximum allowable weight for the glove/tool kit compartment is: 3.31 lb (1.5 kg).



LUGGAGE RACK FASTENINGS

Small parcels can be carried only on the passenger seat, using elastic bands. The elastic bands are hooked to the two fastening studs (9).

Maximum allowable weight: 20 lb (9 kg).

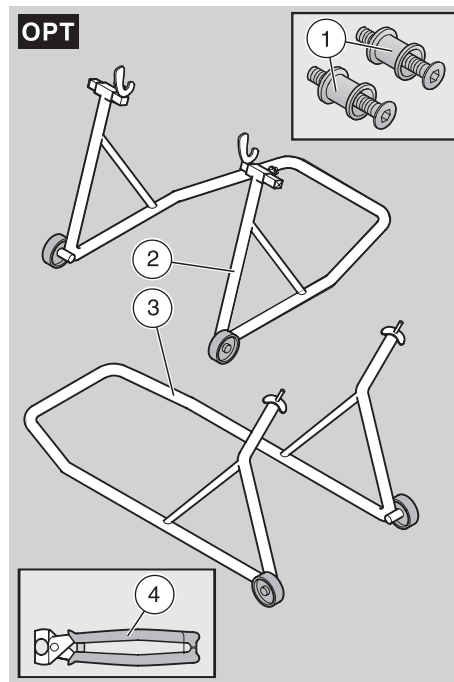
⚠ CAUTION

The package carried on the passenger seat must be small, and carefully and securely held in place.

SPECIAL TOOLS OPT

To perform some specific operations, it is advisable to use the following special tools (to be requested to an **aprilia dealer**):

Tool	Operations
Pins (1) for the rear support stand, see page 99 (ASSEMBLING THE PINS FOR THE REAR SUPPORT STAND) <small>OPT</small> .	Positioning of the vehicle on the rear stand.
Rear support stand (2), see page 99 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE REAR SUPPORT STAND) <small>OPT</small> .	Engine oil and engine oil filter change. Rear wheel disassembly. Drive chain adjustment. Removal of the lower fairing.
Front support stand (3), see page 100 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE FRONT SUPPORT STAND) <small>OPT</small> .	Front wheel disassembly.
Click clamp (4) installation pliers, see page 86 (CLICK CLAMPS).	Click clamp installation.



MAIN COMPONENTS

FUEL

⚠ WARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and in some conditions can become explosive. Therefore, it is necessary to refuel and carry out maintenance operations involving the fuel system in a well-ventilated area with the engine off.

Do not refuel or perform any maintenance on the fuel system with the engine running.

Do not smoke while refueling or near fuel vapors.

Never allow any portion of the fuel system to come in contact with open flames, sparks or other heat sources. Be careful to avoid spilling fuel when you are refueling. Spilled fuel could ignite when it comes in contact with hot engine or exhaust system surfaces. If you accidentally spill some fuel, make sure that it is wiped up or completely evaporated before starting the vehicle.

Since gasoline expands in the fuel tank when the vehicle is sitting in the open sun, never fill the tank completely to the rim. Leave at least one inch of expansion space.

Avoid any contact of the fuel with your skin, and avoid inhalation of fuel vapors. Never attempt to siphon fuel from one container to another using your mouth as suction for a siphon hose.

⚠ WARNING

Gasoline is poisonous and carcinogenic and contains chemical substances that cause birth defects and other reproductive problems. If gasoline should be accidentally spilled on the skin or clothes, immediately wash it off with soap and water and change clothes.

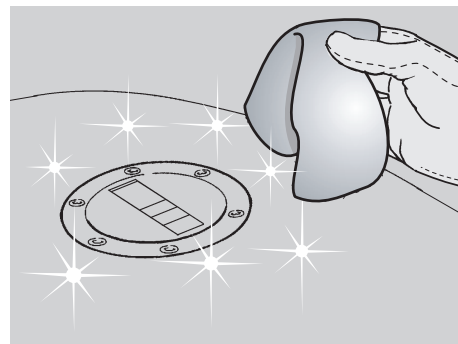
Should gasoline accidentally come in contact with your eyes, flush with a large quantity of water and immediately seek medical attention. Should you accidentally get gasoline in your mouth, do not induce vomiting. Drink a large quantity of milk or clear water and immediately seek medical attention.

Never try to siphon gasoline by using your mouth. Use a manual pump or a similar system.

If your vehicle overturns, it will leak gasoline which is extremely flammable. Flames or sparks may ignite it, causing not only the destruction of the vehicle but also possible serious damage to surrounding property and serious injuries or even death.

ALWAYS KEEP GASOLINE AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

DISPOSE OF UNWANTED GASOLINE PROPERLY, DO NOT DUMP IT INTO STORM SEWERS OR INTO SINKS OR TOILETS.



Use only unleaded gasoline minimum octane rating (M+R)/2 method 90.

FUEL TANK CAPACITY

(reserve included): 4.62 US gal (17,5 ℓ).

TANK RESERVE: 1.19 ± 0.26 US gal (4.5 ± 1 ℓ).

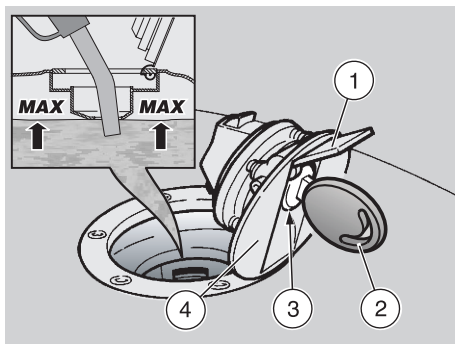
REFUEL

To refuel, proceed as follows:

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).

⚠ CAUTION

If dirt has accumulated on or around the fuel filler cap, wipe the cap and the area around the cap with a clean cloth. Prevent any foreign material from getting into the fuel tank, as this could lead to serious engine damage.



- ◆ Lift the little cover (1).
- ◆ Insert the key (2) in the cap lock (3).
- ◆ Turn the key (2) clockwise, pull it and open the fuel filler cap (4).

⚠ CAUTION

If you use a container or funnel for refueling, make sure that it is perfectly clean.

Any foreign matter getting into the fuel tank may lead to severe damage.

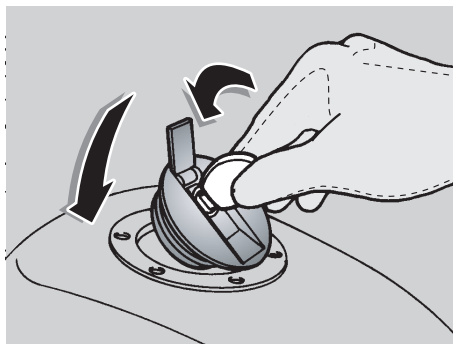
⚠ WARNING

Do not add any additives or other substances to the gasoline.

⚠ WARNING

Do not fill the tank completely. The fuel should never be higher than the bottom of the rim of the filler neck.

- ◆ Refuel.



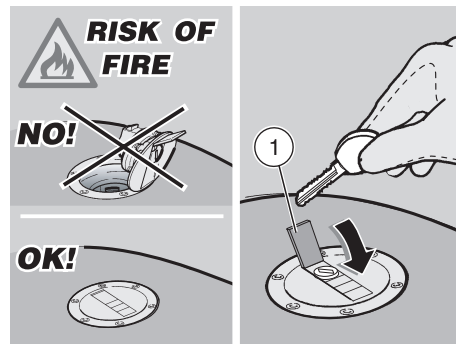
When refueling operations are completed:

⚠ WARNING

After refueling, replace the fuel filler cap (4) in the correct position.

NOTE It is impossible to close the fuel filler cap without the key.

- ◆ With the key (2) inserted in the lock (3) close the fuel filler cap (4) rotate the key counterclockwise and push it.
- ◆ Release the key (2). At this point the fuel filler cap (4) is closed.



⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the fuel filler cap (4) is properly closed.

- ◆ Extract the key (2).
- ◆ Close the little cover (1).

LUBRICANTS

⚠ WARNING

Proper vehicle lubrication is critical to safe operation. Failure to maintain proper lubricant levels or to use the proper type of clean, new lubricant, can lead to an engine or transmission seizure, which can result in accidents, serious injury or death.

⚠ WARNING

Use latex gloves for the maintenance operations that require contact with used oil. Prolonged or repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water after handling used oil.

KEEP OIL AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

DISPOSE OF OIL PROPERLY.

⚠ CAUTION


Be very careful not to spill oil when putting oil in your vehicle. Clean up any spilled oil immediately because oil can damage the finish of your vehicle. Also, oil on the tires creates an extremely slippery and therefore dangerous situation.

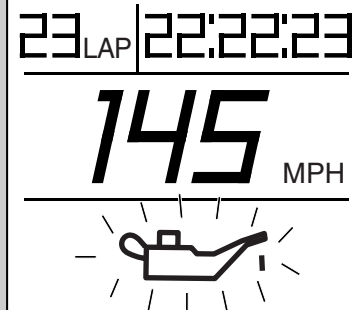
⚠ CAUTION

In case of oil leakage do not ride your vehicle. Before using the vehicle, have it repaired by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.

ENGINE OIL

⚠ WARNING

If the engine oil pressure warning light “” (1) remains on after the engine has started, or if it comes on while you are riding your vehicle, this means that the oil system is not developing sufficient pressure. In this case, immediately stop the engine and contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer. Failure to observe this warning can lead to engine seizure, upset, and serious injury or even death.



⚠ CAUTION

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

Check the engine oil level every 300 mi (500 km), see page 89 (CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL AND TOPPING UP).

⚠ CAUTION

Have your Local **aprilia** Dealer change the engine oil after the first 600 mi (1,000 km), and thereafter every 4,650 mi (7,500 km) or every 2,300 mi (3,750 km) if you use your vehicle for competition.

NOTE Use high-quality 15W – 50 oil, see page 141 (LUBRICANT CHART).

BRAKES

⚠ WARNING

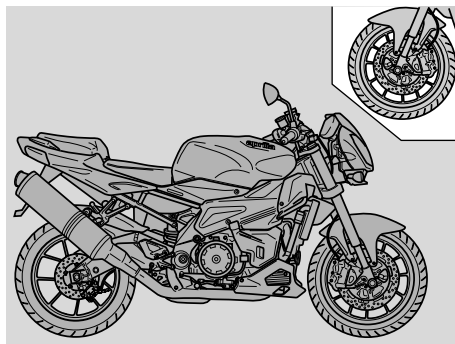
Do not ride your vehicle with worn or malfunctioning brakes! The brakes are the most important safety system of your vehicle, and using the bike with brakes that are anything less than perfect is very likely to lead to a collision or upset, with consequent risk of serious injury or death.

Check the brake pad wear, as shown on page 97 (CHECKING THE BRAKE PAD WEAR). Have your brakes serviced by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.

⚠ WARNING

Wet conditions seriously degrade the performance of your brakes. When the road is wet from rain, you should plan to use double the normal stopping distances since both the brakes themselves and the traction of the tires on the road are reduced by the presence of water.

Water on the brakes from washing your vehicle, or splashed up from wet roads, or crossing puddles or ditches, can wet the brakes enough to greatly reduce their effectiveness. Failure to observe these warnings may lead to serious accidents and result in serious injury or even death.



NOTE Your vehicle is equipped with disc brakes and two separate brake systems.

The front brake system is equipped with two discs, one on the right and one on the left side of the front wheel.

The rear brake system is equipped with a single disc on the right side of the rear wheel.

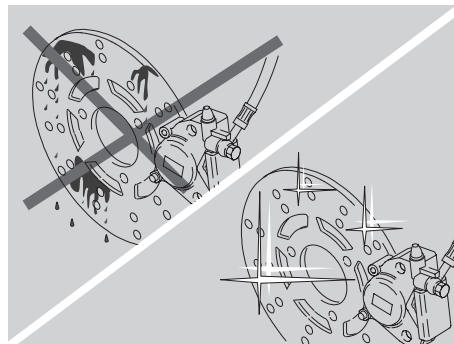
The following information refers to a single braking system, but applies to both braking systems.

⚠ WARNING

The brakes are extremely important for your safety. Do not use the vehicle if the brakes are not in perfect working condition. Always check brake efficiency before riding.

⚠ WARNING

If the “feel” or position of the brake lever changes, this may be due to problems in the hydraulic brake system.



If you have any doubt regarding the perfect functioning of your brake system, or if the normal pre-ride checks indicate any discrepancy, contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer before riding.

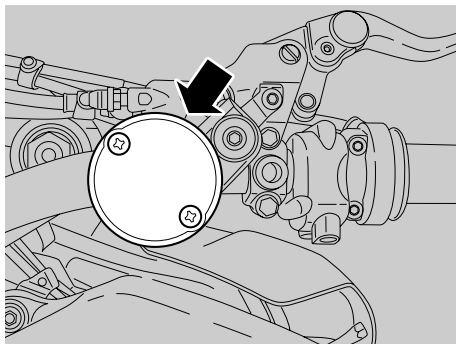
⚠ WARNING

Pay special attention to the brake disc and friction material, making sure that they are neither dirty nor oily, especially after maintenance operations or inspections.

Check the brake line, make sure that it is neither twisted, kinked nor leaking.

KEEP BRAKE FLUID AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

DISPOSE OF USED BRAKE FLUID PROPERLY. SEE THE GENERAL WARNINGS AT page 4 (BRAKE FLUID).



DISC BRAKES

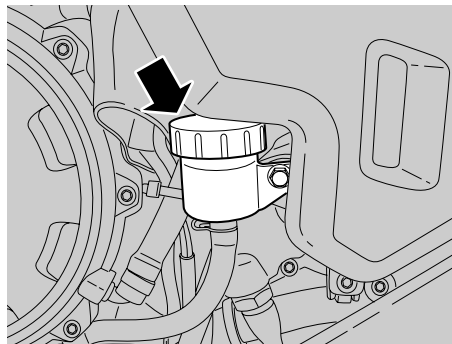
⚠ WARNING

As mentioned above, the brakes are the most important safety system on your vehicle. For your safety, they must be in perfect condition, so they should be checked every time you ride your vehicle.

Oil or other fluid on a disc will contaminate the brake pads. Dirty pads must be discarded and replaced, a dirty or oily disc must be cleaned with a high quality degreaser.

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

Have your Local **aprilia** Dealer check the levels of the brake fluid in the reservoirs after the first 600 mi (1,000 km).



Arrange with your Local **aprilia** Dealer to flush the systems and completely change the brake fluid once every two years.

NOTE This vehicle is fitted with front and rear disk brakes. Each braking system is operated by an independent hydraulic circuit.

The front brake is a twin-disk brake (one disk on either side of the wheel).

The rear brake uses a single disk (fitted on the right side of the wheel).

The information provided below applies to both braking systems.

The brake fluid level decreases gradually as the brake pads wear down.

The front brake fluid reservoir is mounted near the front brake lever coupling.

The rear brake fluid reservoir is positioned under the right fairing; to access it, remove the right fairing, see page 80 (REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS).

NOTE Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

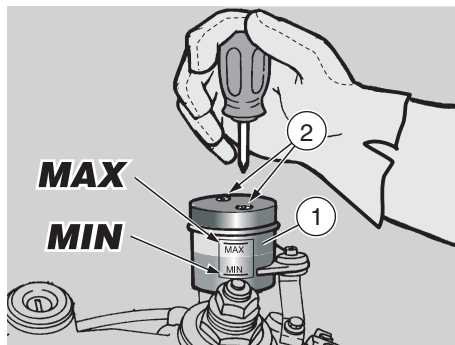
Have the brake disks checked by an Official **aprilia** dealer after the first 625 mi (1,000 km) and every 6,250 mi (10,000 km) thereafter.

Before each ride, check the brake fluid level in both reservoirs - see page 52 (FRONT BRAKE) and page 53 (REAR BRAKE), and check the brake pads for wear - see page 97 (CHECKING THE BRAKE PAD WEAR).

Have brake fluid changed every two years by an Official **aprilia** dealer.

⚠ WARNING

Never use your vehicle if any portion of either brake system is leaking.



FRONT BRAKE

CHECKING THE SYSTEM

NOTE Carry out these checks only on a firm, flat surface such as a concrete garage floor.

- ◆ Place the vehicle in vertical position, keeping the handlebar in the direction of travel.
- ◆ Make sure that the fluid contained in the reservoir exceeds the “MIN” mark stamped on the brake reservoir (1).

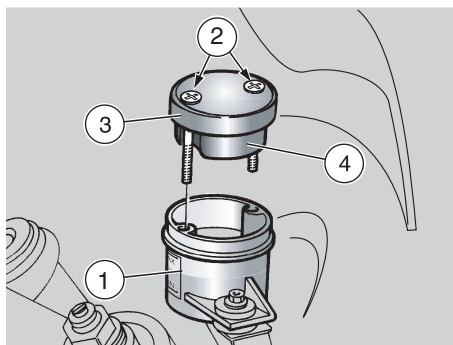
MIN = minimum level.

If the fluid does not reach the “MIN” mark:

⚠ CAUTION

When the disc pads wear out, the level of the fluid decreases progressively to compensate for their wear.

- ◆ Check front brake pad wear, page 97 (CHECKING THE BRAKE PAD WEAR) and front disc wear.



If the pads and/or the disc do not need replacing:

- ◆ Top up the reservoir, see below (TOPPING UP).

TOPPING UP

Carefully read page 50 (BRAKES) and page 51 (DISC BRAKES).

⚠ CAUTION

Danger of brake fluid overflow. Do not use the brake lever when the screws (2) are loose or, especially, when the brake fluid tank cap has been removed.

- ◆ Place the vehicle in vertical position, keeping the handlebar in the direction of travel.
- ◆ Using a short Phillips screwdriver, loosen the three screws (2).
- ◆ Raise and remove the cover (3) together with the screws (2) and the gasket (4).

⚠ WARNING

Avoid any prolonged exposure of the brake fluid to air.

The brake fluid is hygroscopic and when in contact with air it absorbs its humidity.

Leave the brake fluid reservoir open ONLY for the time necessary for topping up.

NOTE In order not to spill the brake fluid while topping up, keep the fluid in the reservoir parallel to the reservoir rim, and do not shake the vehicle.

⚠ CAUTION

While topping up, never pour too much fluid. Fill up to the max. level only with new brake pads.

⚠ CAUTION

If topped up to the max. level with worn pads, the brake fluid will overflow when you change the pads at a later time.

⚠ CAUTION

Use only DOT 5 or 4 fluid taken from a clean, sealed container. Never reuse used brake fluid.

⚠ CAUTION

If you use a container or funnel for topping up, make sure that it is perfectly clean. Any foreign matter getting into the brake reservoir may lead to severe damage.

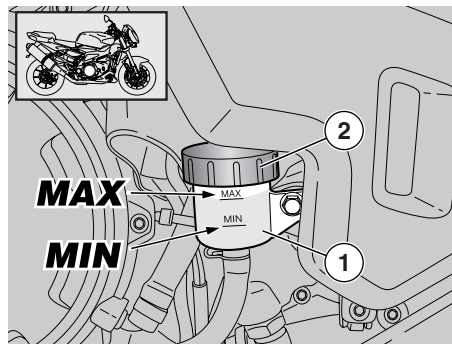
⚠ WARNING

Do not add any additives or other substances to the brake fluid.

- ◆ Top up the reservoir (1) with brake fluid, see page 141 (LUBRICANT CHART) until it exceeds the "MIN" level mark.
- ◆ Replace the cover (4) together with the screws (3) and the gasket (6).
- ◆ Screw and tighten the three screws (3).

⚠ CAUTION

After servicing the brakes, always check that they are working properly. If the stroke of the lever is excessive, or if you detect that the effectiveness of the brakes is reduced in any way, have your vehicle serviced by your Local **aprilia Dealer. It may be necessary to have your dealer bleed the system, or there may be some other problem with the brake system. Never ride your vehicle in traffic immediately after servicing the brakes. Always apply the brake lever several times before riding your vehicle. Then, try your vehicle in a parking lot or other safe area with little traffic to make sure that the brakes are working properly. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a serious accident, which can result in serious injury or death.**



REAR BRAKE

CHECKING THE SYSTEM

NOTE Carry out these checks only on a firm, flat surface such as a concrete garage floor.

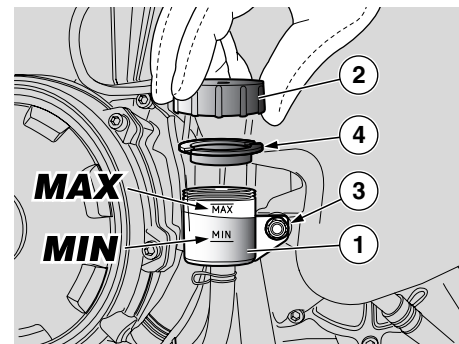
- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).

NOTE If the reservoir is dirty, wipe it with a clean cloth so that you can see the "MIN" and "MAX" marks.

- ◆ Keep the vehicle vertical, so that the fluid contained in the reservoir (1) is parallel to the filler cup (2).

MIN = minimum level.

MAX = maximum level.



If the fluid does not reach the "MIN" mark:

⚠ CAUTION

When the disc pads wear out, the level of the fluid decreases progressively to compensate for their wear.

- ◆ Check rear brake pad wear, page 97 (CHECKING THE BRAKE PAD WEAR) and rear disc wear.

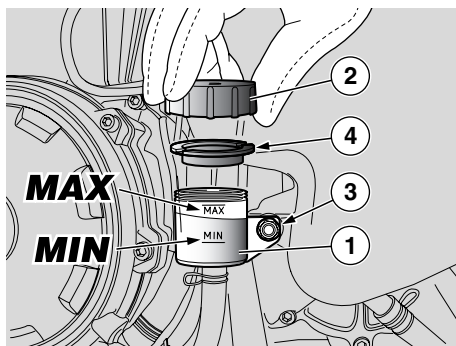
If the pads and/or the disc do not need replacing:

- ◆ Top up the reservoir, see below (TOPPING UP).

TOPPING UP

Carefully read page 50 (BRAKES) and page 51 (DISC BRAKES).

- ◆ Remove the right fairing, see page 109 (REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS).
- ◆ Loosen the screw (3) completely.
- ◆ Slightly move the complete reservoir (1) outwards.



⚠ CAUTION

Do not operate the rear brake pedal with the reservoir filler cap (2) removed. This will cause brake fluid to squirt out and spill.

- ◆ Loosen and remove the reservoir filler cap (2).

⚠ WARNING

Avoid any prolonged exposure of the brake fluid to air. The brake fluid is hygroscopic and when in contact with air it absorbs its humidity. Leave the brake fluid reservoir open **ONLY** for the time necessary for topping up. In order not to spill the brake fluid while topping up, keep the fluid in the reservoir parallel to the reservoir rim.

- ◆ Remove the gasket (4).



⚠ CAUTION

When topping up, never exceed the “MAX” level. Top up to “MAX” only when new pads are installed. Do not fill the reservoir to “MAX” with worn pads; this will cause fluid to overflow when you change the pads at a later time.

NOTE In order to fill the reservoir to the “MAX” level, top up until the “MAX” mark is parallel with the brake fluid reservoir top parallel to the ground.

⚠ WARNING

Use only DOT 5 or 4 fluid taken from a clean, sealed container. Never reuse used brake fluid.

⚠ CAUTION

If you use a container or funnel for topping up, make sure that it is perfectly clean. Any foreign matter getting into the brake reservoir may lead to severe damage.



⚠ WARNING

Do not add any additives or other substances to the brake fluid.

- ◆ Top up the reservoir with brake fluid, until the fluid reaches the “MAX” mark.
- ◆ Replace the gasket (4) in its seat correctly.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not tilt the reservoir (1) even if the cap (2) is tightened. This might let air in the circuit and the brake system would be impaired.

- ◆ Replace and tighten the reservoir filler cap (2).
- ◆ Replace the reservoir (1) in its seat correctly.
- ◆ Replace and tighten the screw (3).
- ◆ Replace the right fairing, see page 109 (REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS).

CAUTION

After servicing the brakes, always check that they are working properly. If the stroke of the pedal is excessive, or if you detect that the effectiveness of the brakes is reduced in any way, have your vehicle serviced by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.

It may be necessary to have your dealer bleed the system, or there may be some other problem with the brake system.

Never ride your vehicle in traffic immediately after servicing the brakes. Always apply the brake pedal several times before riding your vehicle. Then, try your vehicle in a parking lot or other safe area with little traffic to make sure that the brakes are working properly. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a serious accident and result in serious injury or death.

CLUTCH

WARNING

Do not ride your vehicle with a worn or malfunctioning clutch! The clutch is an important safety system of your vehicle, and using the bike with a clutch that is anything less than perfect is very likely to lead to a collision or upset, which can result in serious injury or death.

NOTE This vehicle is equipped with hydraulic clutch control.

WARNING

The clutch is extremely important for your safety. Do not use the vehicle if the clutch does not work perfectly. Always check clutch efficiency before riding.

WARNING

If the “feel” or position of the clutch lever changes, this may be due to problems in the hydraulic clutch system.

If you have any doubt regarding the perfect functioning of your clutch system, or if the normal pre-ride checks indicate any discrepancy, contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer before riding.

WARNING

Check the clutch line, make sure that it is neither twisted, kinked nor leaking.

KEEP CLUTCH FLUID AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

DISPOSE OF USED CLUTCH FLUID PROPERLY. SEE THE GENERAL WARNINGS AT page 4 (CLUTCH FLUID).

WARNING

As mentioned above, the clutch is an important safety system on your vehicle. For your safety, it must be in perfect condition, so it should be checked every time you ride your vehicle.

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

Have your Local **aprilia** Dealer check the levels of the clutch fluid in the reservoirs after the first 600 mi (1,000 km).

Arrange with your Local **aprilia** Dealer to flush the systems and completely change the clutch fluid once every two years.

The clutch fluid reservoir (1) is located near the clutch lever.

Before riding and every 3,750 mi (6,000 km), check the levels of the clutch fluid in the reservoir, see below (CHECKING THE SYSTEM).

⚠ WARNING

Never use your vehicle if the clutch hydraulic system is leaking.

⚠ WARNING

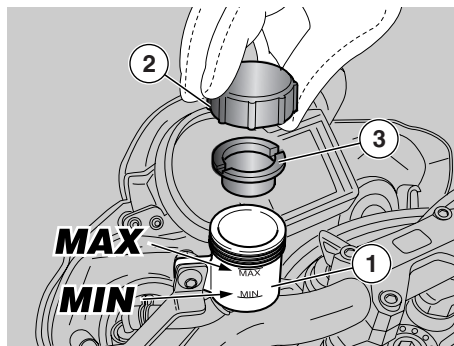
Have your Local **aprilia** Dealer check the clutch conditions every 4,650 mi (7,500 km).

For competition use:

⚠ WARNING

Have your Local **aprilia** Dealer check the clutch conditions every 2,300 mi (3,750 km).

NOTE The engine is provided with a hydraulic control clutch, aided by the PPC (Pneumatic Power Clutch) exclusive patented system, which avoids the bouncing of the rear wheel.



CHECKING THE SYSTEM

NOTE Carry out these checks only on a firm, flat surface such as a concrete garage floor.

- ◆ Place the vehicle in vertical position, keep the handlebar in the direction of travel.

MIN = minimum level.

MAX = maximum level.

- ◆ Make sure that the fluid contained in the reservoir exceeds the “**MIN**” mark stamped on the clutch reservoir (1).

If the fluid does not reach the “**MIN**” mark:

- ◆ Top up the reservoir, see below (TOPPING UP).

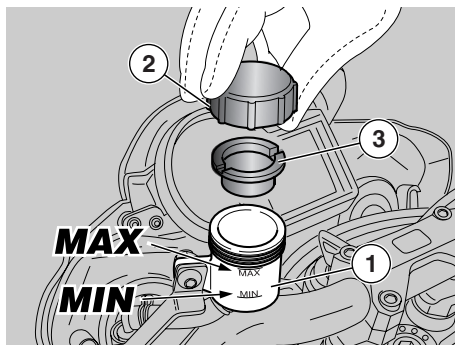
TOPPING UP

- ◆ Place the vehicle in vertical position, keeping the handlebar in the direction of travel.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not operate the clutch lever and do not rotate the handlebar with the reservoir filler cap (2) removed. This will cause clutch fluid to squirt out and spill.

- ◆ Loosen and remove the cap (2).
- ◆ Remove the gasket (3).



⚠ WARNING

Avoid any prolonged exposure of the clutch fluid to air.

The clutch fluid is hygroscopic and when in contact with air it absorbs its humidity.

Leave the clutch fluid reservoir open **ONLY** for the time necessary for topping up.

NOTE In order not to spill the clutch fluid while topping up, keep the fluid in the reservoir parallel to the reservoir rim and do not shake the vehicle.

⚠ CAUTION

When topping up, never exceed the "MAX" level.



NOTE In order to fill the reservoir to the "MAX" level, top up until the "MAX" mark is parallel with the clutch fluid reservoir top parallel to the ground.

⚠ WARNING

Use only DOT 5 or 4 fluid taken from a clean, sealed container. Never reuse used clutch fluid.

⚠ CAUTION

If you use a container or funnel for topping up, make sure that it is perfectly clean. Any foreign matter getting into the clutch reservoir may lead to damage.

⚠ WARNING

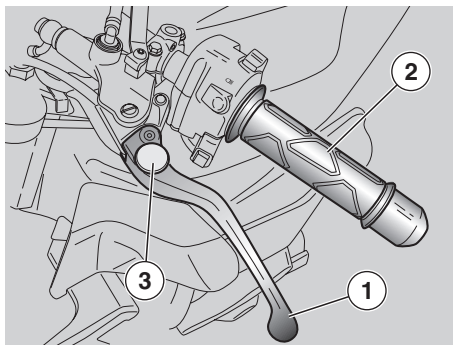
Do not add any additives or other substances to the clutch fluid.

- ◆ Top up the reservoir (1) with clutch fluid, until the fluid reaches the "MAX" mark.
- ◆ Replace the gasket (3) in its seat correctly.
- ◆ Replace and tighten the reservoir filler cap (2).

⚠ CAUTION

After servicing the clutch, always check that it operates correctly. If the stroke of the lever is excessive, or if you detect that the effectiveness of the clutch is reduced in any way, have your vehicle serviced by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.

It may be necessary to have your dealer bleed the system, or there may be some other problem with the clutch system.

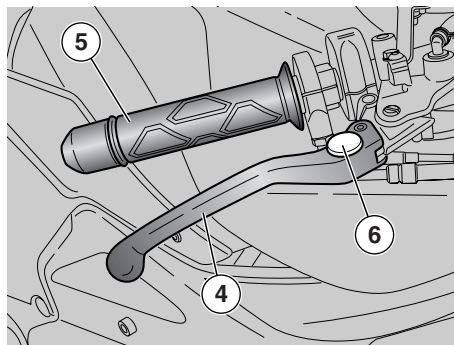


ADJUSTING THE CLUTCH LEVER

It is possible to adjust the distance between the clutch lever (1) end and the grip (2), by rotating the adjuster (3).

The positions “**MAX**” and “**MIN**” correspond to an approximate distance of 126 and 83 mm, respectively, between the lever end and the grip.

- ◆ Push the brake lever (1) forward and rotate the adjuster (3) until the lever (1) is set at the desired distance.

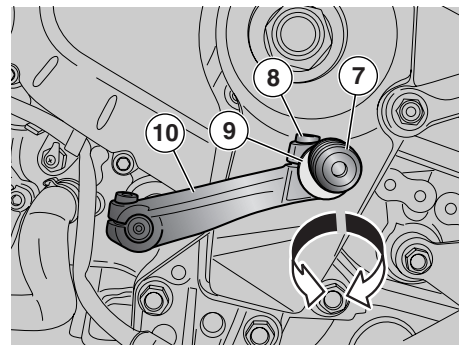


ADJUSTING THE FRONT BRAKE LEVER

It is possible to adjust the distance between the front brake lever (4) end and the throttle grip (5), by rotating the adjuster (6).

The positions “**MAX**” and “**MIN**” correspond to an approximate distance of 126 and 83 mm, respectively, between the lever end and the grip.

- ◆ Push the front brake lever (4) forward and rotate the adjuster (6) until the lever (4) is set at the desired distance.



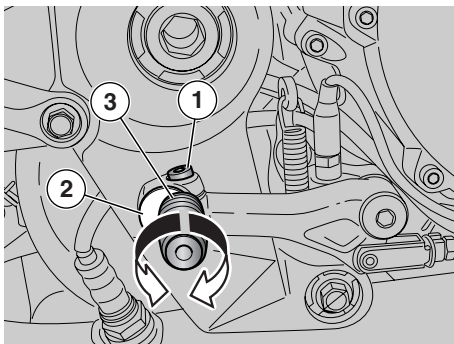
ADJUSTING THE SHIFT PEDAL

The shift lever (7) is adjusted to fit most riders during manufacture.

If you wish to adjust the shift lever:

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).
- ◆ Loosen the screw (8).
- ◆ Rotate the eccentric (9) to adjust the position of the shift pedal (7) to your satisfaction.
- ◆ Tighten the screw (8) snugly, making sure that the eccentric is firmly clamped in the shift lever (10).

NOTE If it is necessary to further adjust the shift lever, contact your Official **aprilia** dealer.



ADJUSTING THE REAR BRAKE PEDAL

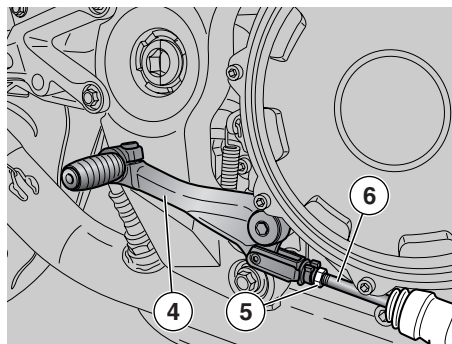
The rear brake pedal (1) is adjusted to fit most riders during manufacture.

If you wish to adjust the brake pedal:

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).
- ◆ Loosen the screw (2).
- ◆ Rotate the eccentric (3) to adjust the position of the rear brake pedal (1) to your satisfaction.
- ◆ Tighten the screw (2) snugly, making sure that the eccentric is firmly clamped in the rear brake lever (4).

ADJUSTING THE CLEARANCE OF THE REAR BRAKE LEVER

The clearance of the rear brake lever (4) is adjusted to fit most riders during manufacture.

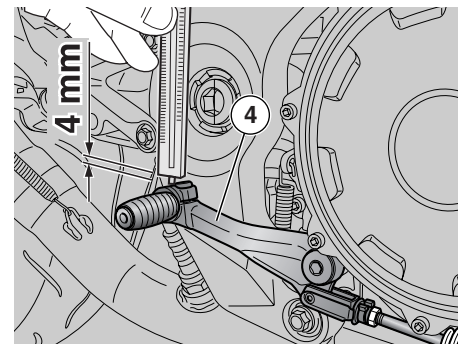


If you wish to adjust the clearance of the rear brake lever (4):

- ◆ Loosen the lock nut (5) on the master cylinder push rod (6) and run it as far towards the master cylinder as it will go on the threads of the push rod.
- ◆ Screw the master cylinder push rod (6) out of the clevis until it just contacts the master cylinder piston.
- ◆ Then, screw the push rod into the clevis to obtain a minimum clearance of 0.02 – 0.04 in (0.5 – 1 mm) between the master cylinder push rod and the master cylinder piston.
- ◆ Lock the push rod in position with the lock nut (5).

⚠ CAUTION

Be sure there is the specified clearance between the master cylinder push rod and the master cylinder piston.



⚠ CAUTION

If this caution is not observed, the brake will remain slightly applied, with subsequent brake overheating and wear of pads and discs. Clearance between the push rod and the piston 0.02 – 0.04 in (0.5 – 1 mm).

To check the specified clearance mentioned above:

- ◆ Measure the distance traveled by the rear brake lever (4) before braking action starts. The idle stroke at the end of the rear brake lever (4) must be about 0.16 in (4 mm).

⚠ WARNING

After making any brake adjustment apply the brakes repeatedly. Try the brakes in a parking lot or other area where there is little traffic. After you have completed the adjustment, lift the wheel free of the ground and make sure that it rotates freely when the brake is released.

COOLANT

CAUTION

Do not use the vehicle if the coolant is below the minimum prescribed level.

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

Check the coolant level every 600 mi (1,000 km), before riding and after long trips.

CAUTION

Have the coolant changed by your Official **aprilia** dealer every 2 years.

WARNING

Coolant is poisonous! Do not swallow coolant under any circumstance. Should you get coolant in your mouth, rinse with cool water and immediately seek medical attention. Coolant is also very dangerous to your skin and eyes. Should you accidentally get coolant on your clothing or skin, change clothes immediately. Wash coolant from your skin with hot water and soap. Should you get coolant in your eyes, flush with plenty of cool water and immediately seek medical attention. Should someone swallow coolant accidentally, induce vomiting, rinse mouth with water, and immediately seek medical attention.

DISPOSE OF THE COOLANT PROPERLY.

BE SURE TO KEEP THE DRAINED COOLANT AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND PETS. IT IS SWEET TASTING, AS WELL AS EXTREMELY POISONOUS, AND IS VERY ATTRACTIVE TO CHILDREN AND PETS.

Use extra caution not to spill the coolant on any hot parts of the engine. It is flammable, and can emit invisible, toxic fumes.

Always wear rubber or latex gloves when servicing the cooling system.

Have the coolant changed by your Local **aprilia Dealer.**

The coolant is made up of 50% water and 50% antifreeze.

This mixture is ideal for most running temperatures and ensures good protection against corrosion.

It is advisable to keep the same mixture also in the hot season. In this way loss due to evaporation is reduced, making frequent top ups unnecessary.

The mineral salt deposits left in the radiator by evaporated water are thus reduced and the efficiency of the cooling system remains unchanged.

If the outdoor temperature is below 0°C, check the cooling circuit frequently and if necessary increase the antifreeze concentration (up to maximum 60%).

CAUTION

Use only distilled water when topping off the cooling system. This will reduce damage to the engine.

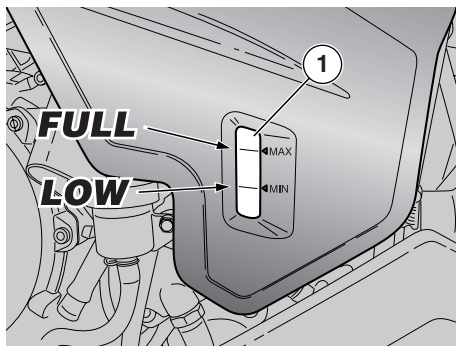
WARNING

Do not add any additives or other substances to the coolant.

The coolant is very hot.

Do not remove the filler cap (2) when the engine is hot since the coolant is under pressure and it will splash out violently.

If it comes in contact with the skin or with your clothing, it may cause severe burns.



CHECKING AND TOPPING UP

⚠ WARNING

Wait for the engine to cool down before checking or topping up coolant level.

- ◆ Stop the engine and wait until it has cooled down.
- ◆ Hold the vehicle upright, with both wheels on the ground.
- ◆ Look through the slot (1) in the right fairing and check that coolant level in the expansion tank is between the "FULL" and "LOW" marks.

FULL = maximum level

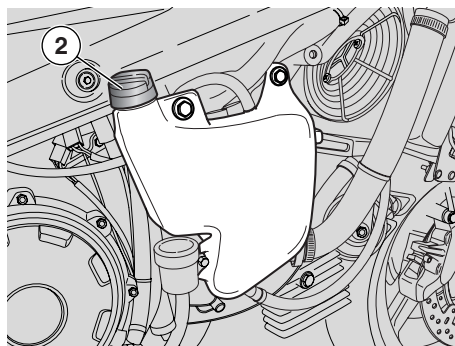
LOW = minimum level

If not so:

- ◆ Remove the side fairing, see page 109 (REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS).

⚠ CAUTION

If dirt has accumulated on or around the filler cap, wipe the cap and the area around the cap with a clean cloth.



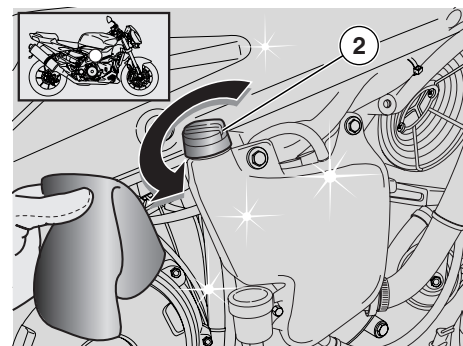
⚠ CAUTION

Prevent any foreign material from getting into the expansion tank, this could lead to serious engine damage.

- ◆ Unscrew the filler cap (2) (by giving it half counterclockwise turn), without removing it.
- ◆ Wait a few seconds in order to release any residual pressure that may be present in the circuit.
- ◆ Unscrew and remove the filler cap (2).

⚠ WARNING

Coolant is poisonous! Do not swallow coolant under any circumstance. Should you get coolant in your mouth, rinse with cool water and immediately seek medical attention. Coolant is also very dangerous to your skin and eyes. Should you accidentally get coolant on your clothing or skin, change clothes immediately. Wash coolant from your skin with hot water and soap. Should you get coolant in your eyes, flush with plenty of cool water and immediately seek medical attention.



Should someone swallow coolant accidentally, induce vomiting, rinse mouth with water, and immediately seek professional medical attention. Never use your fingers or any other object to check the coolant level.

⚠ CAUTION

If you use a container or funnel for topping up, make sure that it is perfectly clean. Any foreign matter getting into the expansion tank may lead to severe damage.

- ◆ Top up with coolant, see page 141 (LUBRICANT CHART) until the coolant level is almost up to the "FULL" notch. Do not exceed this level, otherwise the coolant will overflow while the engine is running.
- ◆ Replace the filler cap (2).

⚠ WARNING

Have any damage or discrepancy repaired by your Local **aprilia** Dealer. Do not attempt to repair the cooling system yourself.

TIRES

This vehicle is equipped with tubeless tires.

WARNING

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

Check tire inflation at room temperature at least once a week.

Check the conditions of the tires and the inflation pressure at room temperature after the first 600 mi (1,000 km) and thereafter every 4,650 mi (7,500 km), see page 137 (TECHNICAL DATA).

Pressure measurement must always be carried out when the tires are cold, as when the tires are warm, pressure will increase, and result in incorrect readings.

If the tire is overinflated (pressure is too high), the result will be an uncomfortably harsh ride, and riding comfort will be compromised. Also, road holding, especially during turns and in wet conditions, will likewise be compromised.

If the tire is underinflated (pressure is too low), the tire may slip on the rim with consequent loss of control. Again, road holding and handling characteristics will be degraded, and brake performance will be reduced.

When the tire is worn to a point where any tread is less than 0.12 in (3 mm) deep, the tire is worn out, and must be replaced. Also, if a tire suffers a puncture that is larger than 0.20 in (5 mm) in its longest dimension, the tire must not be repaired, but should be replaced.

After a tire is repaired, balance the wheels. Use only tires that are listed in the technical data, page 137 (TECHNICAL DATA).

Install only tires that are listed in the technical data, page 137 (TECHNICAL DATA), or that have been specifically approved by **aprilia** for this vehicle.

WARNING

The use of tires other than those approved by **aprilia** may adversely effect the handling of the vehicle, leading to an upset and accidents, which can result in serious injury or even death.

Make sure that valve caps are fitted on all tires. This is important to prevent sudden flats.

WARNING

Do not ride the vehicle if the tire wear indicators show that the tire is worn out. Failure to observe this warning can lead to accidents and result in serious injury or even death.

Some of the original equipment tires for this vehicle are provided with wear indicators. There are several kinds of wear indicators.

For more information on how to check wear, contact your Dealer.

Visually check to see if the tires are worn out. If they are, have them replaced.

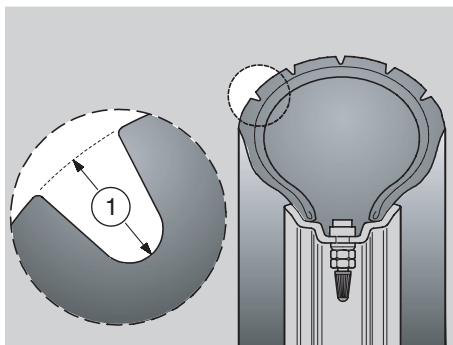
If a tire should go flat while you are riding the vehicle, do not attempt to continue riding. Avoid abrupt braking and steering inputs, and avoid shutting the throttle quickly. Slowly decrease the throttle setting, moving to the side of the road, using the engine compression to slow you to a stop. Non-compliance with these instructions may cause accidents which can result in injuries or even death.

If the tires are very old, even if they are not completely worn out, they may have become so hard that road holding is compromised. In this case, replace the tires.

Do not install tires with inner tube on rims for tubeless tires and vice versa.

Repairing, maintenance, changing and balancing of tires are very important to your safety, and should only be performed by qualified mechanics using the appropriate tools.

For this reason, we suggest that you have your tires serviced by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.

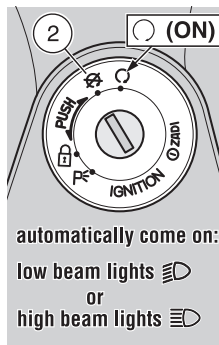


⚠ WARNING

New tires are often covered with a slippery mold release compound. Scrub the tires in by riding slowly and making numerous turns for the first few miles. Do not use any kind of tire dressing or other liquid on your tires. Especially do not permit any petroleum products, such as oil, gasoline or brake fluid to come in contact with the tires. If you do, wipe it immediately, then scrub the tire with soap and water and a stiff brush.

Do not use a tire that is worn out.

Minimum tread depth is measured as shown above. The minimum tread depth (1) for both the front and the rear tires is 0.12 in (3 mm).



AUTOMATIC LIGHTS ON

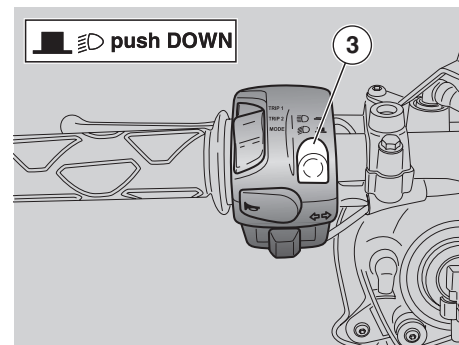
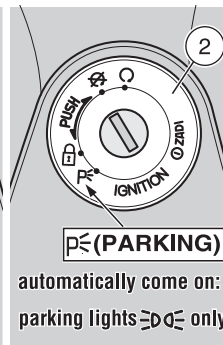
Your vehicle is equipped with lights that come on automatically as soon as the ignition switch (2) is turned to "○" (ON) (low-beam lights "■" or high-beam lights "■" or position "≡" (PARKING) (only parking lights "≡").

For this reason, there is no light switch on your vehicle. The lights can be switched off only by turning the ignition switch (2) to "⊗" (OFF). Before starting the vehicle, make sure that the dimmer switch (3) is in the (push DOWN) low-beam lights "■" position.

MUFFLER/EXHAUST SILENCER

⚠ WARNING

Tampering with the exhaust system is prohibited. It is against the law for you to alter the exhaust system in a manner that increases the noise. Carefully read page 5 (WARNING - PRECAUTIONS - GENERAL ADVICE).



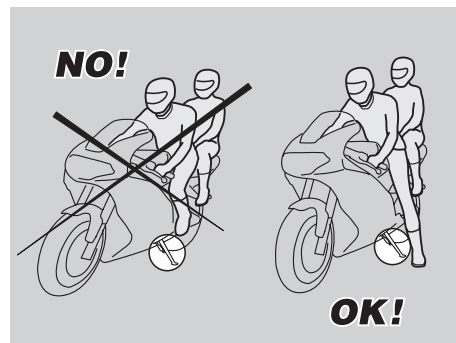
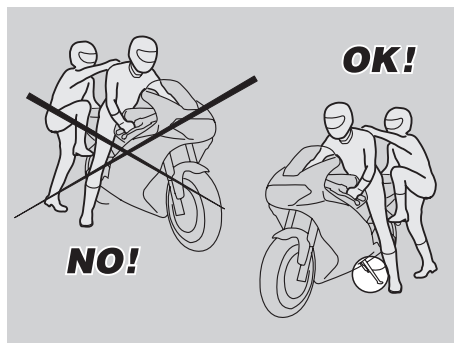
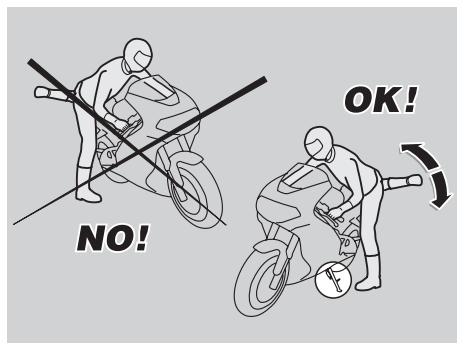
⚠ WARNING

Periodically inspect the entire exhaust system, including the exhaust pipe and silencer, to make sure that no holes have rusted through. Using a wire or small pick, make sure that the drain hole in the bottom of the muffler is open. If the noise of your vehicle has increased significantly, replace the defective exhaust system components. See your Local **aprilia Dealer**. Tampering with the exhaust system not only makes your vehicle loud, it will reduce its performance and shorten its life.

⚠ WARNING

Both exhaust silencers are equipped with catalytic converter and become very hot to the touch. Be careful! Danger of burns!

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE



GETTING ON AND OFF THE VEHICLE

The instructions below must be followed with the maximum care in order to avoid injury to persons and damage to property and to the vehicle, caused by the rider or passenger falling from the vehicle and/or the vehicle falling or overturning.

⚠ WARNING

Risk of falling and overturning. Proceed with care.

When getting on and off the vehicle, make sure nothing can impair your movements. Also, your hands should be free (replace any objects, such as your helmet, gloves or dangling glasses before mounting or dismounting). Always mount and dismount from the left side with the vehicle on the side stand.

However, do not apply your full weight or that of the passenger to the side stand.

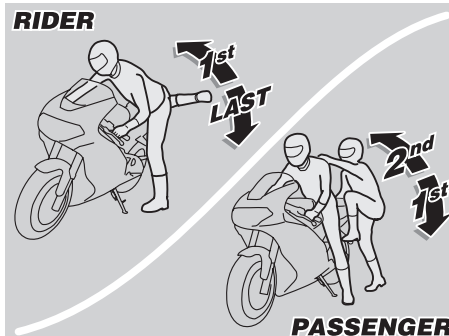
⚠ CAUTION

The stand has been designed to support the weight of the vehicle and a minimum load, without the rider and the passenger.

The purpose of placing the vehicle on the side stand before mounting is to keep the vehicle from falling or overturning. This does not mean that the side stand should be used to support the weight of rider and passenger.

While getting on and off, the weight of the vehicle may make you lose balance, and the vehicle may fall or overturn.

NOTE The rider must always mount before the passenger and dismount after the passenger. It is the rider's responsibility to keep the vehicle balanced while the passenger gets on and off.



The passenger must move carefully when getting on and off the vehicle, to avoid upsetting the balance of vehicle and rider.

NOTE It is the rider's responsibility to instruct the passenger on how to safely get on and off the vehicle.



The vehicle is equipped with special passenger footrests to make it easier to get on and off the vehicle. The passenger must always use the left footrest to get on and off the vehicle.

Never get off or try to get off the vehicle by jumping or stretching your leg and putting your foot on the ground. This would compromise the stability and balance of the vehicle.

NOTE Any bags or objects strapped to the rear of the vehicle can impair your movements while getting on and off.

When mounting or dismounting, swing your right leg over the vehicle in a controlled movement. Do not hit the rear end (tail or luggage) or you will upset vehicle balance.

GETTING ON THE VEHICLE

- ◆ Grasp the handlebar correctly and get on the vehicle without loading your weight onto the side stand.

NOTE If you cannot touch both feet on the ground, set the right foot firmly on the ground (if you should lose your balance, the side stand on the left side of the vehicle will keep you from falling over on that side) and keep ready to place your left foot on the ground.

- ◆ Push the vehicle upright and place both feet on the ground. Keep the vehicle balanced.

NOTE Do not fold out the passenger footrest or attempt to do so while sitting astride the vehicle, or you might lose your balance.

- ◆ Instruct the passenger to fold out both passenger footrests.
- ◆ Explain to the passenger how to safely get on the vehicle.
- ◆ Pull up the side stand using your left foot. Make sure it is fully up.

GETTING OFF THE VEHICLE

- ◆ Choose the parking area, see page 75 (PARKING).
- ◆ Stop the vehicle, see page 75 (STOPPING).

⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the parking surface is free from obstacles. Park on firm and level ground.

- ◆ Push down on the side stand lever with your left heel until the side stand is fully down.

NOTE If you cannot touch both feet on the ground, set your right foot firmly on the ground (if you should lose your balance, the side stand on the left side of the vehicle will keep you from falling over on that side) and keep ready to place your left foot on the ground.

- ◆ Place both feet on the ground and keep the vehicle upright and balanced.
- ◆ Explain to the passenger how to safely get off the vehicle.

⚠ CAUTION

Risk of falling and overturning. Make sure that the passenger has dismounted. Do not place your weight on the side stand.

- ◆ Lean the vehicle until the stand touches the ground.
- ◆ Grasp the handlebar correctly and get off the vehicle.
- ◆ Rotate the handlebar fully to the left.
- ◆ Fold the passenger footrests.

⚠ CAUTION

Make sure that the vehicle is stable.



PRE-RIDE CHECKS

⚠ WARNING

Before starting, always perform vehicle pre-ride checks, to ensure safe operation see page 67 (PRE-RIDE CHECKS CHART).



Failure to comply with these checking operations can cause severe personal injuries or damage to the vehicle.

Do not hesitate to contact your **aprilia dealer** in case there is something you do not understand about the operation of some controls or in case you suspect or discover failures.


It does not take long to carry out a checkup and this operation ensures more safety.



NOTE This vehicle is equipped with an electronic engine control unit capable of detecting abnormal operation in real time and storing faults.

Each time the ignition key is set to , the word “ **SERVICE**” (1) appears on the right side of the multifunction display for approximately three seconds.

⚠ CAUTION

If the word “ **SERVICE” (1) is displayed during normal engine operation, it means that the Engine Control Unit has detected a fault.**

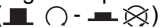
In many cases the engine keeps running with limited performance; contact an Local **aprilia Dealer immediately.**

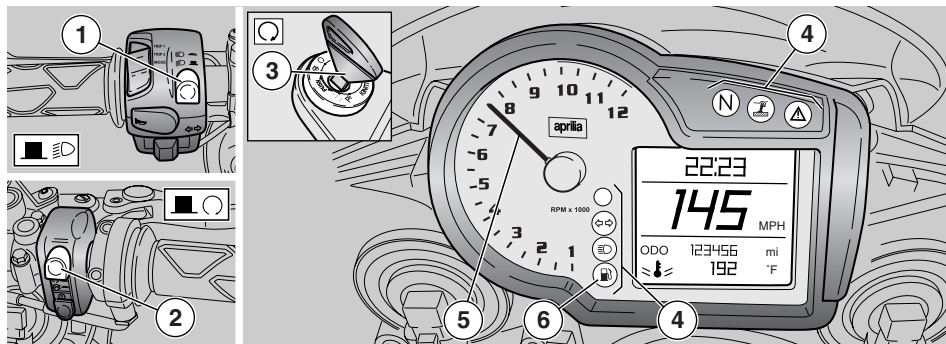
⚠ CAUTION

After covering the first 625 mi (1,000 km) and every 6,250 mi (10,000 km) thereafter, the “SERVICE” warning (2) appears on the right display.

In this case have a Local **aprilia Dealer perform all service operations as indicated in the scheduled maintenance chart, see page 81 (REGULAR SERVICE INTERVALS CHART).**

PRE-RIDE CHECKS CHART

Component	Check	Page
Front and rear disc brakes	Check the operation, the idle stroke of the control levers, the fluid level and make sure there are no leaks. Check the wear of the pads. If necessary, top up the fluid tank.	50, 51, 52, 53, 97
Throttle	Make sure that it works smoothly and that it is possible to open and close it completely, in all steering positions. Adjust and/or lubricate, if necessary.	118
Engine oil	Check and/or top up if necessary.	49, 89
Wheels / Tires	Check the tire surface, the inflation pressure, wear and tear and any damage. Remove any foreign matter that may be stuck in the tread grooves.	62
Brake levers	Make sure that they work smoothly. Lubricate the articulations and adjust the stroke if necessary.	59
Clutch	Check for proper operation, check clutch lever free play, clutch fluid level and check for leaks. If necessary, top up the fluid; the clutch must work without snatching and/or slipping.	55, 58
Steering	Make sure that the steering rotates smoothly, without any clearance or looseness.	–
Side stand	Make sure that it operates correctly. Make sure that when the stand is let up or down there is no friction and that the spring tension brings it back to its normal position. If necessary, lubricate joints and articulations. Make sure that the safety switch operates correctly.	91, 92
Fastening elements	Make sure that the fastening elements are not loose. If necessary, adjust or tighten them.	–
Drive chain	Check the slack.	105
Fuel tank	Check the fuel level and top up, if necessary. Check the circuit for leaks. Make sure that the fuel cap is correctly closed.	47, 108
Coolant	The coolant level in the expansion tank must be included between the “ FULL ” and “ LOW ” marks.	60
Engine stop switch ()	Make sure that it operates correctly.	41
Lights, warning lights, horn, rear brake light switches and electrical devices	Check horn and indicators for proper operation. Change bulbs or fix a failure, if necessary.	92 – 129



STARTING

⚠ WARNING

This vehicle is extremely fast and powerful, and must be used with the greatest care. Do not ride this vehicle if you are not an experienced, trained motorcycle rider. This vehicle is capable of extremely high speeds and extremely high performance and must be used with due respect for these capabilities.

Do not place anything inside the front part of the fairing between the handlebar and the dashboard. Any object placed in this area could jam the forks, and could also restrict visibility of the dashboard.

NOTE Before starting the engine, carefully read the "safe drive" chapter, see p. 19 (SAFE DRIVE).

⚠ WARNING

Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, which is extremely poisonous if inhaled. Avoid starting the engine in closed or poorly-ventilated rooms. Failure to observe this warning may cause loss of consciousness or even lead to death by asphyxia.

NOTE When the side stand is extended the engine will not start unless the transmission is in neutral. Note also that if you attempt to shift into gear with side stand extended, the engine will stop.

With the side stand retracted, the engine may be started with the gear selector in neutral without pulling in the clutch lever. The engine may be started while the transmission is in gear only if the clutch lever is pulled in.

⚠ WARNING

Be careful not to drop the vehicle when you first sit on it.

◆ Sit astride the vehicle, see page 64 (GETTING ON AND OFF THE VEHICLE).

⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the side stand is correctly stowed.

- ◆ Sit astride the vehicle, see page 64 (GETTING ON AND OFF THE VEHICLE).
- ◆ Make sure the stand is fully up.
- ◆ Make sure the dimmer switch (1) is on "D".
- ◆ Set the engine kill switch (2) to "I/O".
- ◆ Turn the key (3) to set the ignition switch to "O".

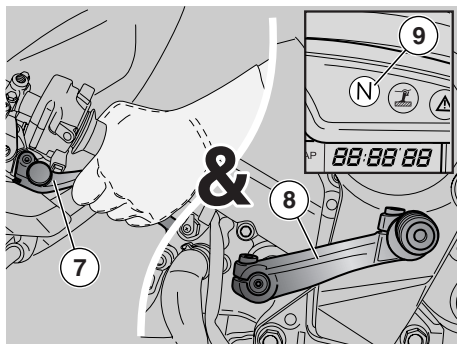
When you turn the key:

- All digits of the multifunction display come on for 3 seconds.
- All dashboard warning lights (4) and the backlighting come on for 3 seconds.
- The odometer pointer (5) points to the last red line threshold setting for 3 seconds and then returns to idle rpm.

⚠ CAUTION

During normal operation, all instruments will give the current reading.

If the fuel low warning light "F" (6) positioned on the dashboard comes on, refuel as soon as possible, see page 47 (FUEL).



– the fuel pump will pressurize the fuel supply circuit, sending out a hum for about three seconds.

⚠ CAUTION

If the low fuel warning light “” (6) comes on, refuel as soon possible, see page 47 (FUEL).

NOTE It is possible to set the unit of measurement of the speedometer (mi or km) and of the coolant temperature [°C (Celsius) or °F (Fahrenheit)], the red line threshold, the clock functions and if necessary the chronometer, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).

⚠ CAUTION

The vehicle is sold with the red line set at 6,000 rpm. Increase the threshold gradually as you get acquainted with the vehicle. During running-in, never exceed the recommended rpm, see page 74 (RUNNING-IN).

- ◆ Hold the vehicle in place by applying at least one brake.
- ◆ Pull in the clutch lever (7) completely and put the shift lever (8) in neutral so that the green warning light “N” (9) is on.
- ◆ The vehicle is equipped with a cold start feature controlled by the ECU which operates automatically when starting the engine from cold.

NOTE To avoid discharging the battery, and possibly damaging the starter, do not keep the starter button “” (10) pressed for more than fifteen seconds. If the engine does not start in this time, wait for ten seconds and try again.

⚠ CAUTION

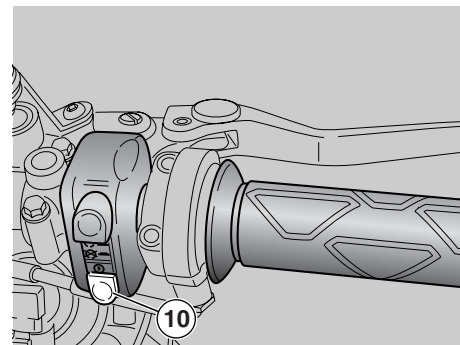
Do not press the starter button “” (10) when the engine is running. This will damage the starter and other important engine components.

- ◆ Press the starter button “” (10) - do not open the throttle yet - and release the button as soon as the engine starts.

⚠ WARNING

If the throttle sticks open, it may cause a collision with another vehicle, or an upset.

If the throttle sticks, kill the engine with the engine stop switch located on the right handlebar. Do not attempt to restart the engine until the throttle has been repaired and works perfectly. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a runaway resulting in serious injuries or even death.




Your vehicle is equipped with a double cable throttle. One cable opens the throttle when you rotate the throttle grip towards you; the other closes the throttle when you rotate the grip away from you. It is essential, when you release the throttle grip, that it automatically return to the idle position.

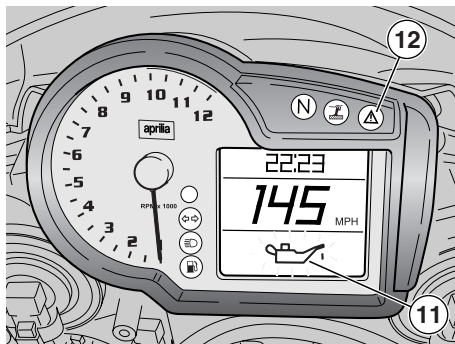
This double cable arrangement enhances safety by providing for positive closing of the throttle.

⚠ WARNING

In the event of a throttle sticking emergency, always kill the engine using the engine stop switch located near the throttle grip on the right handlebar. Never use your vehicle if the throttle does not automatically fully return to the idle position when the throttle grip is released. Contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer for repairs. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a serious accident and result in injury or even death.

⚠ WARNING


After the engine has started, the engine oil pressure icon " " (11) must go off. If the oil light stays on or comes on during normal operation, it means that oil pressure in the circuit is too low. When this is the case, stop the engine immediately and contact an Official **aprilia** dealer.

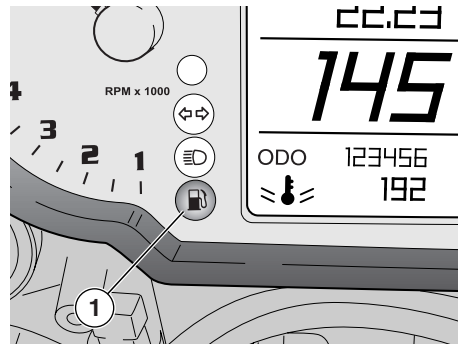


⚠ CAUTION

Never ride off briskly with a cold engine. Allow the engine to warm up by riding slowly for the first few miles.

⚠ WARNING


If the " SERVICE" symbol (12) appears, on the (multifunction) display during normal engine running, this means that the electronic unit has detected a fault. In many cases, the engine keeps running with reduced performance levels; immediately contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer.



RIDING

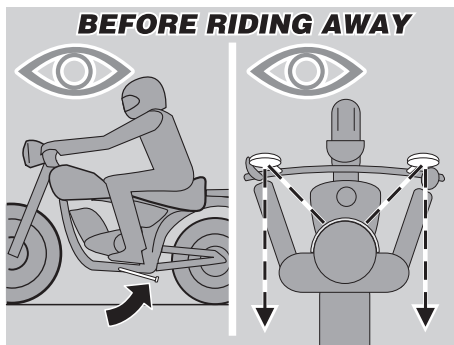
Before riding away, carefully read the "safe drive" chapter, see p. 19 (SAFE DRIVE).

⚠ CAUTION

If the low fuel warning light " " (1) positioned on the dashboard comes on while the vehicle is running, this means that there are still 1.19 ± 0.26 US gal (4.5 ± 1 ℓ) of fuel available, refuel as soon as possible, see page 47 (FUEL).

⚠ WARNING

If you are riding solo, without a passenger, make sure the passenger footrests are folded up. Never take your hands off the hand grips nor your feet off the footrests while you are riding.



⚠ WARNING

If you carry a passenger, instruct him/her not to move around unduly, and to keep his/her body aligned with yours during turns. Failure to do this could upset the stability of the vehicle.

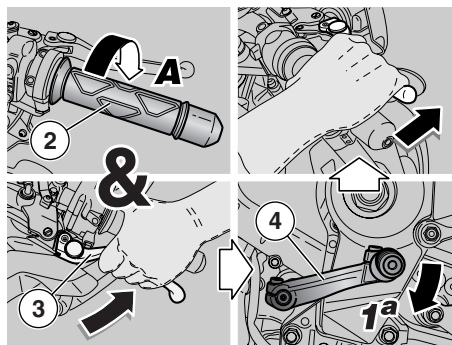
Before riding away, make sure that the side stand is correctly stowed.

If the throttle sticks open, it may cause a collision with another vehicle, or an upset.

NOTE Before riding away, be sure that the rearview mirrors are correctly adjusted.

Moving off:

- ◆ Start the engine. See page 68 (STARTING).
- ◆ Adjust the rearview mirrors.



⚠ CAUTION

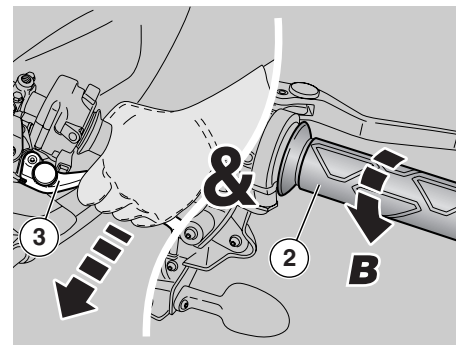
When the vehicle is new to you, practice looking in the rearview mirrors.

Reflecting surfaces are convex, therefore objects seem to be farther away than they actually are. The mirrors provide a wide angle view, and only experience will allow you to correctly determine how far behind you following vehicles are.

To ride away:

NOTE Ride at reduced speed for the first few miles in order to warm the engine up.

- ◆ With the throttle grip (2) in the idle position (**Pos. A**), and the engine idling, pull in the clutch lever (3) completely.
- ◆ Engage first gear by pressing downwards on the shift lever (4).
- ◆ Release the brakes.

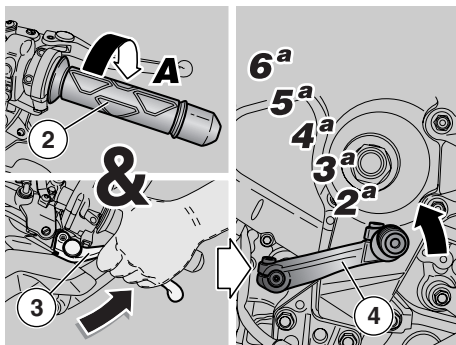


⚠ WARNING

Do not release the clutch too abruptly, or the vehicle will rear in the air (do a wheelie) or jerk forwards. Never accelerate abruptly or excessively when releasing the clutch lever in order to prevent the clutch from slipping and overheating (slow release) or the front wheel from lifting (wheelie) (quick release).

Failure to observe these instructions can lead to a serious accident and result in injury or even death.

- ◆ Slowly but steadily release the clutch lever (3) and, at the same time, open the throttle by rotating the throttle grip (2) slightly counterclockwise (**Pos. B**). This will start the vehicle moving.
- ◆ Ride at reduced speed for the first few miles in order to warm the engine up.
- ◆ Increase the speed by gradually rotating the throttle grip (2) (**Pos. B**). Do not exceed the recommended rpm, see page 74 (RUNNING-IN).

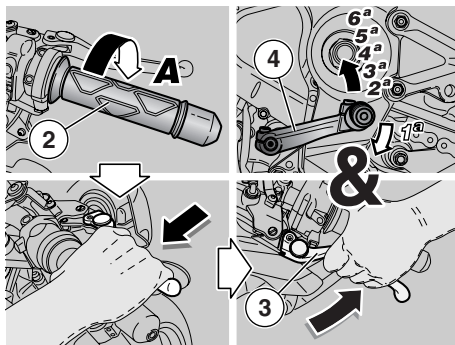


To engage second gear:


⚠ CAUTION

Shift gears fairly quickly but without great force. Develop a “feel” for shifting with your left toe. Never lug the engine, that is, running it at too low an rpm which can damage the vehicle’s engine, and causes rough and juddering acceleration.

- ◆ Rotate the throttle grip (2) clockwise (**Pos. A**), pull in the clutch lever (3) and lift the shift lever (4) straight up. Release the clutch lever (3) gently, and rotate the throttle counterclockwise to accelerate.
- ◆ Repeat the last two operations to shift from second, to third, to fourth, to fifth, to sixth.



⚠ WARNING

If the engine oil pressure icon “” comes on during the normal running of the engine, this means that the oil system is not developing sufficient pressure. In this case, immediately stop the engine and contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer. Failure to observe this warning can lead to engine seizure, upset, and serious injury or even death.

Shifting from higher to lower gears, that is, downshifting, is accomplished as follows:

- ◆ Rotate the throttle grip (2) clockwise (**Pos. A**), slow the vehicle with the brakes, pull in the clutch lever (3), depress the shift lever (4) with your toe, release the clutch.

⚠ WARNING


Shift gears one by one. Simultaneously downshifting more than one gear may cause the engine to exceed its maximum rated rpm (red line). This can seriously damage the engine.

Before and during downshift, rotate the throttle clockwise to decelerate in order to avoid overspeeding the engine. Downshifting should be carried out in the following situations:


- ◆ When riding downhill or when braking, in order to increase the braking action by using the compression of the engine.
- ◆ When riding uphill if the engine lugs down (rpm decreases).



To shift down, proceed as follows:

- ◆ Release the throttle grip (2) (**Pos. A**).
- ◆ If necessary, apply both brakes lightly to slow down the vehicle.
- ◆ Pull the clutch lever (3) and lower the gear shift lever (4) to shift down.
- ◆ Release the brake levers if you have pulled them.
- ◆ Release the clutch lever and accelerate moderately.



NOTE The cooling fans function only when the ignition key is in the “” (ON) position.

CAUTION

Do not leave the ignition key on “” (OFF) since the cooling fans will not run regardless of the coolant temperature. This will cause the coolant temperature to continue to rise.



If, before shutting off the engine, you hear the cooling fans functioning, stop the engine but leave the ignition key in the “” (ON) position. This will allow the cooling fans to draw air through the radiators, and lower the temperature. Turn the ignition key to “” (OFF) only when the cooling fans have stopped.

CAUTION


If the coolant temperature readout of the multifunction display is between 115°C (239°F) and 135°C (275°F) - see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER), stop the vehicle and let the engine run at 3,000 rpm for approximately two minutes to keep coolant circulating in the system. After two minutes, set the engine kill switch to “ ” and check the coolant level, see page 41 (COOLANT).

WARNING

Do not operate the vehicle if the maximum temperature [120 °C (248 °F)] is exceeded. Serious engine damage or even seizure may result which can cause an upset and serious injury or even death.

Whenever the ignition key is turned to “” (ON), the right side of the multifunction display will show “ SERVICE” for about three seconds.

CAUTION

If the “ SERVICE” symbol is displayed during normal engine running, this means that the electronic unit has detected a fault. In many cases, the engine keeps running with reduced performance levels; immediately contact your Official **aprilia** dealer.

WARNING

Avoid opening and closing the throttle repeatedly and continuously. Failure to observe this warning can cause you to accidentally lose control of your vehicle. When you have to brake, close the throttle and apply both brakes simultaneously in order to obtain the best brake performance.

WARNING

By applying only the front brake or only the rear brake, you reduce braking performance considerably and run the risk of locking up one wheel which can cause an upset and result in serious injury or even death.

If you stop uphill, use brakes only to slow the vehicle and to keep it in place. Slipping the clutch to keep the vehicle in one place on an uphill grade will very quickly ruin the clutch and overheat the engine.

Before entering a turn, slow down, using the brakes and the engine, to a constant speed and then accelerate slightly through the turn. Avoid braking at the last minute. This can cause you to lose control of your vehicle.

If the brakes are operated continuously on downhill grades, the discs and pads will overheat, reducing braking efficiency. Use engine compression and downshift to retard your vehicle while going downhill. Use the brakes as little as possible to maintain a safe speed.

Never coast downhill with the engine off and/or the clutch disengaged or the transmission in neutral.

On roads that are wet or covered with snow, ice or mud, ride very slowly, avoiding braking or accelerating or maneuvering quickly. Hold the handlebars firmly.

Failure to observe these warnings can cause an upset and result in serious injury or death.

WARNING

Pay very close attention to any obstacles or variations of the road surface. Uneven roads, rails, manhole covers, painted traffic stripes, traffic dots all become slippery when wet. Avoid particularly steel plates which are sometimes used during road maintenance. They become more slippery than ice once they are wet by rain or other water source. If you must ride on such surfaces, decrease your speed and operate the throttle, brakes and steering very gently.

Always use the turn indicators any time you intend to change lanes or change direction, and avoid sudden or abrupt turning.

Switch off the turn indicators as soon as you have changed direction.

Overtake and pass with care, especially in rainy weather when a water cloud created by larger vehicles reduces visibility and the slip stream could cause you to lose control of your vehicle.

RUNNING-IN

The internal parts of the engine and transmission must be properly run-in to ensure their long life and dependable operation.

If possible, while breaking in your vehicle, ride on hilly roads and/or roads with many curves so that the engine and transmission undergo lots of speed changes. It is also important that, during the run-in period, the suspension and brakes be treated gently to allow the mating parts to bed.

Therefore, avoid harsh braking, high speeds or very bumpy roads during the break-in period.

NOTE Only after the first 900 mi (1,500 km) of running-in you can expect the best performance from the vehicle.

During break-in, observe the following rules:

- ◆ Do not open the throttle abruptly or fully at low engine speed. This rule applies even after break-in has been completed.
- ◆ During the first 60 mi (100 km), apply the brakes with caution, avoid sudden and prolonged braking. This ensures correct bedding-in of the pads on the discs.
- ◆ During the first 600 mi (1,000 km), never exceed 6,000 rpm.

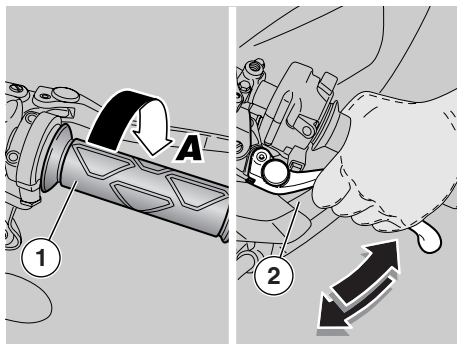
WARNING

After the vehicle has been operated for 600 mi (1,000 km) perform the “checking operations” shown in the column labeled “After running-in” of the **REGULAR SERVICE INTERVALS CHART**, see page 81. Rectify any faults found. Failure to observe this warning could lead to damage to your vehicle or engine seizure or other malfunction which could cause an upset and result in serious injury or even death.

- ◆ Between the first 600 mi (1,000 km) and 900 mi (1,500 km) drive more briskly, changing speed and using maximum acceleration for only a few seconds. Never exceed 7,500 rpm.
- ◆ After the first 900 mi (1,500 km) if you have followed the above break-in schedule, the engine should be fully broken in, and will deliver maximum performance. However, never exceed the maximum allowed rpm (11,000 rpm).

Engine maximum rpm for the running-in

Mileage mi (km)	Max. rpm
0 - 600 (0 - 1,000)	6,000
600 - 900 (1,000 - 1,500)	7,500
over 900 (1,500)	11,000



STOPPING

⚠ WARNING

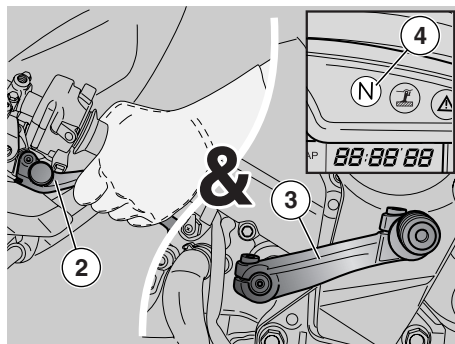
If possible, avoid stopping abruptly, slowing down suddenly and braking at the last minute.

Failure to comply with these instructions may cause an accident with consequent risk of serious injuries or even death.

- ◆ Release the throttle grip (1) (**Pos. A**), gradually put on the brakes and at the same time shift down in order to decrease the speed, see page 70 (RIDING).

Once the speed has decreased, before stopping the vehicle:

- ◆ Pull in the clutch lever (2) in order to prevent the engine dying.



When the vehicle has come to rest:

- ◆ Position the shift lever (3) in neutral (green warning light “N” (4) on).
- ◆ Release the clutch lever (2).
- ◆ If you are stopping just briefly and not shutting down the engine, keep one brake applied.



PARKING

It is very important to choose a suitable parking area, respecting the road signs and the indications given below.

⚠ WARNING

Park the vehicle only on firm flat ground, otherwise it could fall over.

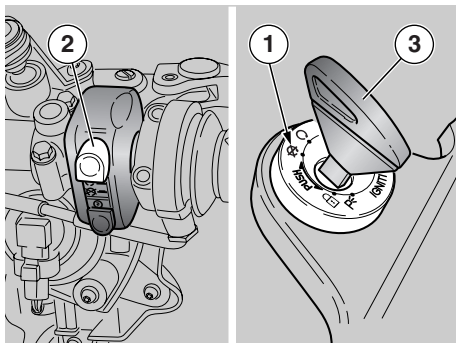
Do not lean the vehicle against walls, do not lay it on the ground.

Park your vehicle away from children and pedestrians, so that they will not come in contact with hot parts.

Do not leave your vehicle unattended with the engine running or with the key in the ignition switch.

Do not sit on the vehicle when the side stand is extended.

Do not get too close to the cooling fans. Even though they are not moving, they could start automatically and suck clothing, hair, etc. into the fan.



If the vehicle falls over, it will leak gasoline which is extremely flammable. Flames or sparks could cause a fire which could destroy not only your vehicle but also buildings around it and cause injury or even death to people as well.

⚠ CAUTION

Never allow the weight of the rider or passenger to be supported directly by the side stand.

Before parking the vehicle:

- ◆ Choose a suitable parking area.
- ◆ Stop the vehicle, see page 75 (STOPPING).

NOTE To stop the vehicle, use only the ignition switch (1).

Leave the engine stop switch (2) in the "○" (ON) position; use it only in case of emergency.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not leave the ignition on if you have stopped (for emergency) the engine by moving the engine stop switch to the "⊗" (OFF) position as this will discharge the battery. When, for emergency, the vehicle has come to rest after stopping the engine with the engine stop switch, turn the ignition switch (1) to the "⊗" (OFF) position.

- ◆ Set the engine kill switch (3) on "⬇".
- ◆ Rotate the key (3) and move the ignition switch (1) to the "⊗" (OFF) position.

⚠ WARNING

Observe the instructions describing how to get off and on the vehicle, see page 64 (GETTING ON AND OFF THE VEHICLE).

- ◆ Following the instructions, wait until the passenger has gotten off the vehicle before, dismounting.

NOTE Never leave the key in the ignition switch.

- ◆ Lock the steering, see page 43 (STEERING LOCK) and extract the key. When you have to park your vehicle in a dark or badly lit area (parking lot or street), it is sometimes useful to leave the parking lights on so that your vehicle will be easily visible.

To leave the parking lights on: see page 131 (PARKING-LIGHT BULB).

⚠ WARNING

Make sure the vehicle is stable when parked. If it falls down, it will certainly be damaged and could injure others as well.



PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND

Carefully read page 75 (PARKING).

SIDE STAND

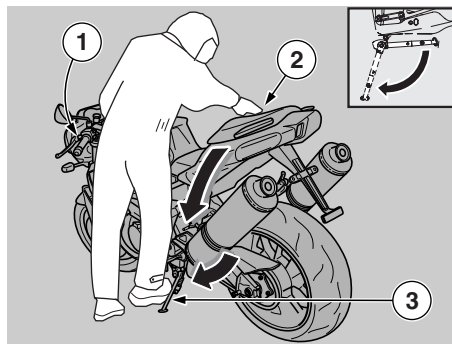
To place the vehicle on the side stand while seated astride the vehicle, see page 64 (GETTING ON AND OFF THE VEHICLE).

If any maneuver (for example, moving the vehicle) requires the stowing of the stand, to place the vehicle on the stand again, proceed as follows:

WARNING

Make sure that the parking surface is free from obstacles, firm and flat.

- ◆ Choose a suitable parking area, see page 75 (PARKING).



- ◆ Grasp the left grip (1) and place your right hand on the rear upper part of the vehicle (2).
- ◆ Put the side stand (3) down with your right foot. Make sure it is extended completely and all the way forward.
- ◆ Lean the vehicle to the left until the stand rests firmly on the ground.
- ◆ Turn the handlebars completely against the left stop.

WARNING

Make sure the vehicle is stable when parked. If it falls down, it will certainly be damaged and could injure others as well.

SUGGESTIONS TO PREVENT THEFT

CAUTION

Do not use any "brake lock" devices. Failure to observe this warning can seriously damage the braking system and lead to an accident and result in serious injuries or death.

NEVER leave the key in the ignition switch, always use the steering lock "🔒" (LOCK).

Try to park your vehicle in a safe place, if at all possible, in a garage or other protected area.

Lock your vehicle up using a chain and padlock around the rear wheel. Chain the rear wheel to the swingarm.

Make sure that all legal requirements: registration, license plates, insurance, etc. are in order.



Write down your name, address and telephone number and the vehicle identification number in the space below, to facilitate finding the owner in case your vehicle is recovered after theft.

LAST NAME:



NAME:

ADDRESS:

TELEPHONE NO.:

NOTE Very often stolen vehicles are identified thanks to the data written in the use/maintenance manual.

IMMOBILIZER (if fitted)

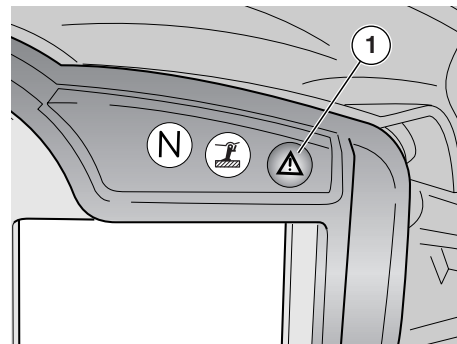
The vehicle is fitted with an immobilizer anti-theft system  by  that is automatically activated each time the ignition key is removed from the switch.

Store the spare key in a safe place. Immobilizer system keys cannot be duplicated. If both keys are lost, you will have to have a number of vehicle components replaced (rather than just the key-operated locks).

Embedded in the key grip is a transponder, an electronic device that modulates the radio frequency signal emitted by a special antenna built into the switch when the key is turned to on. The modulated signal acts as a "password" that tells the control unit whether an authorized key is being used to start the engine.

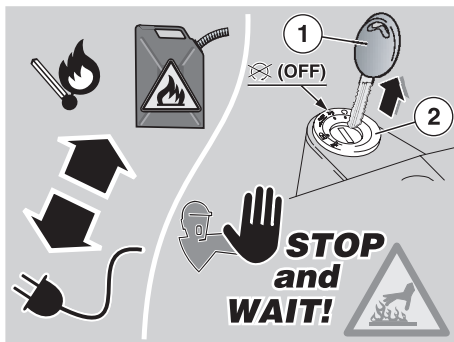
NOTE The Immobilizer system supports up to four enabled keys. New keys can only be enabled at your Official Dealer, who has the master key available.

The programming procedure wipes off all existing key codes. An owner who wishes to have a new key enabled, will have to bring all the keys he intends to be using to the Dealer.



Immobilizer status is indicated by a dashboard light (1):

- Immobilizer off - light off
- Immobilizer on - light flashes every three seconds as a theft deterrent
- Unknown key - light flashes every second.



Carefully read page 2 (FOREWORD) and (INTRODUCTION), page 3 [SAFETY WARNINGS] and (GENERAL SAFETY RULES), page 5 [WARNING - PRECAUTIONS - GENERAL ADVICE].

⚠ WARNING

Fire hazard.
Keep fuel and other flammable substances away from the electrical components. Before beginning any maintenance operation or any inspection of the vehicle, stop the engine, remove the key (1) from the ignition switch (2), wait until the engine and the exhaust system have cooled down and if possible lift the vehicle by means of the proper equipment, on firm and flat ground. Before proceeding, make sure that the room in which you are working is properly ventilated.

Be careful to avoid hot parts of the engine and exhaust system. They are hot enough to cause serious burns.

Avoid the temptation to hold any part of the vehicle in your mouth. The coatings, platings and components used are not edible and, in some cases, are noxious or even toxic.

⚠ WARNING

In general, reassembly is performed in the reverse order of the disassembly instructions given here.

For some maintenance operations, especially those in which your hands are likely to come in contact with coolant, engine oil, gasoline, or brake fluid, it is advisable to use thin disposable gloves, such as those made of latex, rubber or nitrile.

The routine maintenance operations described in this manual can usually be performed by the user. However, in some cases, specific tools and technical expertise may be required.

Do not hesitate to contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer who has all the latest factory information and tools to properly service your vehicle.

Remember that many service operations, if done improperly, can be very hazardous. If you have any questions about your ability to carry out the operations described here, contact your Local **aprilia**.

In all cases, personally carry out the "preliminary checking operations" after any maintenance, see page 67 (PRE-RIDE CHECKS CHART).

⚠ WARNING

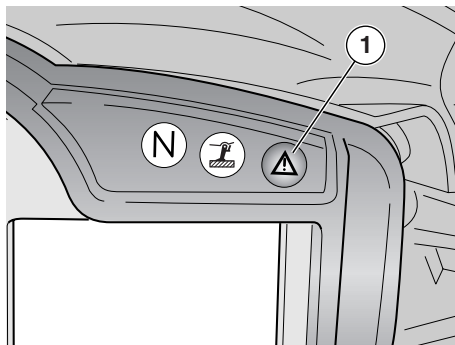
Remember that tightening torque settings of all fasteners on the wheels, brakes, axles, suspension are extremely important to ensure safety, and must be maintained at the prescribed values.

Check the tightening torque settings of the fasteners regularly, and always use a torque wrench when installing them.

Failure to observe this warning could cause the loosening and subsequent loss of critical fasteners, which could cause a wheel to lock or cause other handling problems with consequent overturning, and the risk of serious injury or even death.

⚠ WARNING

Fasteners must be neither overtightened or undertightened. If they are overtightened, the threads may be damaged and the fasteners will be destroyed, whereas if they are undertightened, they can vibrate and come off. This could cause a serious accident and result in serious injury or death.



⚠ CAUTION

If the word “**⚠ SERVICE**” (1) is displayed during normal engine operation, it means that the Engine Control Unit has detected a fault.

In most cases, the engine will keep running, but with reduced performance levels. At any rate, contact an **aprilia** Official dealer immediately.

⚠ CAUTION

After covering the first 625 mi (1,000 km) and every 6,250 mi (10,000 km) thereafter, the “**⚠ SERVICE**” symbol (1) appears on the right display.

In this case have a Local **aprilia** Dealer perform all service operations as indicated in the scheduled maintenance chart, see page 81 (REGULAR SERVICE INTERVALS CHART).

REGULAR SERVICE INTERVALS CHART

THESE OPERATIONS MAY BE
CARRIED OUT BY YOUR Local **aprilia**
Dealer, OR BY THE OWNER OF THE
VEHICLE.


KEY

- ① = check and clean, adjust, lubricate or change, if necessary;
- ② = clean;
- ③ = change;
- ④ = adjust.

CAUTION

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

- (*) = Check at least once a week and at the specified intervals.

Component	After running- in [625 mi (1,000 km)]	Every 3,125 mi (5,000 km) (only for racing use	Every 6,250 mi (10,000 km) or 12 months	Every 12,500 mi (20,000 km) or 24 months
Spark plug		③	①	③
Air filter		③	①	③
Engine oil filter	③	③	③	
Engine oil filter (on oil tank)	②	②		②
Light operation/direction			①	
Light system	①		①	
Safety switches				
Clutch fluid	①	①	①	
Brake fluid	①	①	①	
Coolant	①	①		①
Engine oil	③	③	③	
TIRES	①		①	
Tire pressure (*)	④		④	
Error warning light (on instrument panel) 	at every startup: ①			
Drive chain tension and lubrication	every 625 mi (1,000 km): ①			
Brake pad wear	①	every 625 mi (1,000 km): ①	before each ride and every 1,250 mi (2,000 km): ①	

**THESE MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS
SHOULD ONLY BE PERFORMED BY
YOUR Local **aprilia** Dealer.**

KEY

① = check and clean, adjust, lubricate or change, if necessary;

② = clean;

③ = change;

④ = adjust.

(*) only for versions with magnesium wheels: check that rim paint is in good condition.

⚠ CAUTION

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

Component	After running-in [625 mi (1,000 km)]	Every 3,125 mi (5,000 km) (only for racing use)	Every 6,250 mi (10,000 km) or 12 months	Every 12,500 mi (20,000 km) or 24 months
Rear shock absorber		①		①
Gearbox		every 6,250 mi (10,000 km): ①		
Transmission cables and controls	①	①	①	
Rear suspension linkage bearings				①
Steering bearings and steering clearance	①	①	①	
Wheel bearings		①	①	
Brake discs	①	①	①	
General running of the vehicle	①	①	①	
Adjusting the valve clearance		④		④
Braking systems	①	①	①	
Cooling system		①	①	
Clutch fluid		every 12 months: ③	every 24 months: ③	
Brake fluid				
Coolant				
Fork oil			after the first 6,250 mi (10,000 km) and then every 12,500 mi (20,000 km): ③	
Fork oil seals			after the first 18,650 mi (30,000 km) and then every 12,500 mi (20,000 km): ①	
Brake pads	if worn: ③			
Wheels/Tires (*)	①	①	①	
Nut, bolt, screw tightening				
Cylinder synchronization	①		①	
Suspensions and track alignment	①	①		①
Final transmission (chain, rear sprocket, front sprocket)		①	①	
Fuel pipes			①	every 4 years: ③
Clutch wear		①		
Pistons		①		

MAINTENANCE RECORD

Owner Name	
Owner Address	
Owner Telephone Number	
Vehicle Identification Number (V.I.N.) (frame number) see page 86 (IDENTIFICATION DATA)	
Engine Number see page 86 (IDENTIFICATION DATA)	
Local aprilia Dealer Name	
Local aprilia Dealer Address	
Local aprilia Dealer Telephone Number	
Warranty Activation Date (from Retail Purchase Warranty Activation Form)	

The following is to help you keep an accurate record of maintenance work.

Information recorded is not considered proof that maintenance has been carried out.

Keep copies of work orders and/or receipts for parts you purchase.

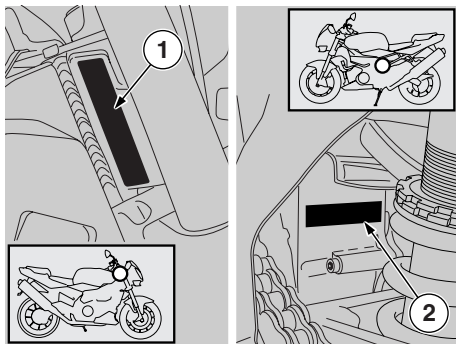
Date	Odometer reading	Maintenance Performed	Dealer Stamp

Follow ►

Date	Odometer reading	Maintenance Performed	Dealer Stamp

Follow ►

Date	Odometer reading	Maintenance Performed	Dealer Stamp



IDENTIFICATION DATA

It is a good idea to write down the frame and engine numbers in the space provided below. Use the frame number (VIN) to identify your vehicle when ordering spare parts.

⚠ WARNING

In all states and countries, it is against the law to alter the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN). You can incur severe penalties by doing this. Also, this will immediately invalidate your warranty.

FRAME NUMBER

The frame number (A) is stamped on the right side of the fork head.

Frame no. _____

ENGINE NUMBER

The engine number (B) is stamped on the rear part of the left engine crankcase.

Engine no. _____

JOINTS WITH CLICK CLAMPS AND WITH SCREW-TYPE CLAMPS

⚠ CAUTION

Remove ONLY the clamps indicated in the maintenance procedures. The following text does not authorize the arbitrary removal of the clamps present on the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING

Before removing a clamp, make sure that its oval does not cause any fluid leakage; if so, provide for preventing such leakage and protect the parts placed around the joint.

CLICK CLAMPS

For removal it is sufficient to use simple pliers, while for installation a special tool is required (see below).

Before removing a clamp, prepare the material necessary for the correct installation of the new clamp.

NOTE Have the appropriate special tool **OPT** available:

- click clamp installation pliers, see page 46 (SPECIAL TOOLS).

⚠ CAUTION

Upon installation, replace the click clamp that has been removed with a new click clamp having the same dimensions, available from your Local **aprilia Dealer.**

Do not attempt to reinstall the removed click clamp, since it is unusable. Do not replace the removed click clamp with a screw-type clamp or with other types of clamps.

⚠ CAUTION

Proceed with care, in order not to damage the joint components.

♦ Work with the pliers on the head of the click clamp, forcing until you release it.

SCREW-TYPE CLAMPS

For removal and installation it is sufficient to use a simple screwdriver.

⚠ CAUTION

Check the conditions of the screw-type clamp and if necessary replace it with a new screw-type clamp of the same dimensions, available from your Local **aprilia Dealer.**

When fastening the screw-type clamp, make sure that the joint is sufficiently stable.

AIR CLEANER

Carefully read page 79
(MAINTENANCE).

⚠ WARNING

Do not use gasoline or flammable solvents to wash the air cleaner, in order to avoid fire or explosion.

⚠ CAUTION

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

Inspect the air cleaner for clogging every 6,250 mi (1,000 km) or 12 months of use. Replace the air cleaner with a new one every 12,500 mi (20,000 km).

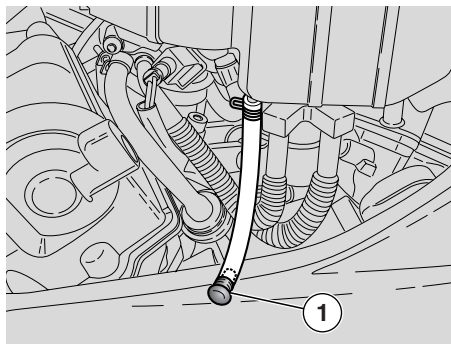
The air cleaner must be inspected more frequently, cleaned if necessary, and replaced more frequently if the vehicle is used on dusty or wet roads.

More frequent cleaning of the air cleaner is suggested, especially if your bike is used under very dusty conditions.

⚠ CAUTION

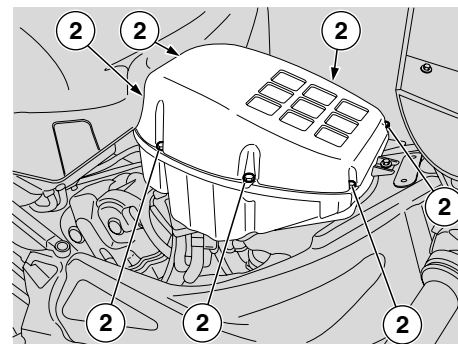
The air cleaner must not be used for more than 12,500 mi (20,000 km) regardless of how many times it has been cleaned in the interval. Under very dusty or dirty conditions, it is advisable to replace the air cleaner more often.

Before cleaning, it is necessary to remove the air cleaner from the vehicle.



KEEP POLLUTING SUBSTANCES AND COMPONENTS AWAY FROM CHILDREN. DISPOSE OF POLLUTING SUBSTANCES AND COMPONENTS PROPERLY.

- ◆ Every 6,250 mi (10,000 km) remove the plug (1) so that any dirt that may have accumulated inside the filter case can be removed and disposed properly.



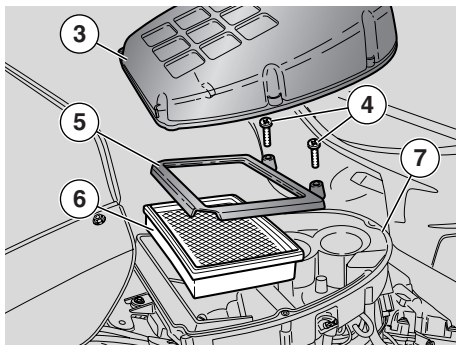
REMOVAL

- ◆ Lift the fuel tank, see page 108 [LIFTING THE FUEL TANK].

⚠ CAUTION

Before unscrewing and removing the screws (2), clean the filter case cover (3) and the filter case (4) with a clean cloth. Prevent any foreign matter from getting into the inlet tubes. This could cause severe engine damage.

- ◆ Lift the fuel tank, see page 79 (LIFTING THE FUEL TANK).
- ◆ Loosen and remove the seven screws (2).
- ◆ Remove the air box cover (3).
- ◆ Loosen and remove the two screws (4).
- ◆ Remove the air cleaner retaining bracket (5).
- ◆ Extract the air cleaner (6).
- ◆ Check the seal (7) for wear or damage and replace as required.



⚠ CAUTION

Plug the opening with a clean cloth to prevent any foreign matter from entering the intake tubes.

When reassembling, before putting back the filter case cover (3), make sure that you have not left the cloth or other objects inside the case. Make sure that the air cleaner is positioned correctly, in such a way as to prevent non-filtered air from entering. Premature wear of the piston rings, pistons and cylinders is caused by an improperly installed air cleaner.

CLEANING

⚠ CAUTION

Take great care not to deform the perforated metal outside screen. It is very fragile and can be easily damaged. Never use a screwdriver or other sharp hard tool to remove the air cleaner itself.

⚠ WARNING

During this operation, always wear goggles which provide your eyes with 360° protection.

Be very careful using compressed air jets, they can cause serious personal injury if directed towards your body.

- ◆ Grasp the air cleaner (6) vertically and strike it repeatedly on a clean hard horizontal surface.
- ◆ If available, clean the air cleaner (6) with a compressed air jet, directing it from the inside of the filter towards the outside.

⚠ CAUTION

When cleaning the air cleaner, make sure that there are no tears. If there are, replace the air cleaner element with a new one of the same type.

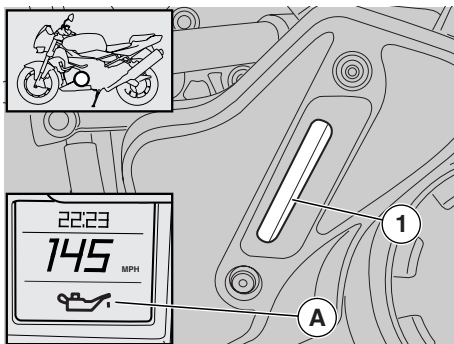
- ◆ Clean the outer part of the air cleaner (6) with a cloth.

CHANGING

⚠ CAUTION

Never reuse an air cleaner.

- ◆ Replace the air cleaner (6) with a new one of the same type.



CHECKING THE ENGINE OIL LEVEL AND TOPPING UP

Carefully read page 48 (LUBRICANTS), page 79 (MAINTENANCE) and page 141 (LUBRICANT CHART).

⚠ WARNING

It is critical to the safe operation of your vehicle that the proper lubricants, maintained at the proper levels, are used. Failure to observe this warning can lead to engine seizure which can result in accidents, serious injury or death.

NOTE Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

Periodically check the engine oil level, and change oil after the first 625 mi (1,000 km) and every 6,250 mi (10,000 km) thereafter, see page 65 (CHANGING ENGINE OIL AND THE ENGINE OIL FILTER).

⚠ CAUTION


If the vehicle is used for racing, change the engine oil every 3,125 mi (5,000 km). Change oil more frequently if the vehicle is used in dusty conditions.

CHECKING

NOTE Place the vehicle on firm and flat ground.

⚠ CAUTION

The engine oil level must be checked when the engine is warm. If the check is carried out when the engine is cold, the oil level may temporarily lower below the “MIN” mark.

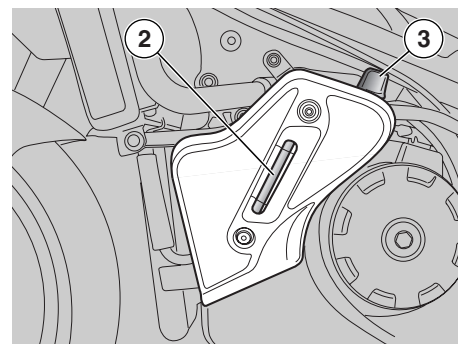
This is not a problem, provided that the engine oil pressure icon “” (A) does not come on, see page 32 (INSTRUMENT AND INDICATOR TABLE).

⚠ WARNING

Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, which is extremely poisonous if inhaled. Do not start the engine in closed or poorly-ventilated rooms. Failure to observe this warning may cause loss of consciousness or even lead to death by asphyxia.

- ◆ Check the oil when the engine is warm, having been ridden for at least 10 mi (15 km).

NOTE If the engine is cold, warm it up for riding, preferably on a hilly road, for approximately 10 mi (15 km) before checking the oil.



- ◆ Stop the engine before checking the oil.

⚠ WARNING

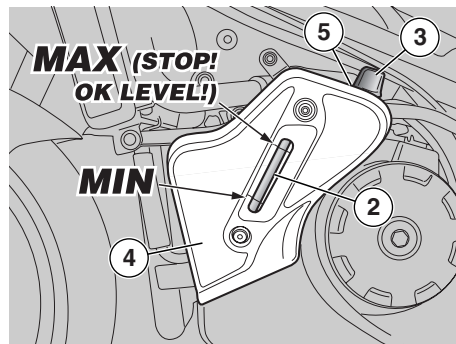
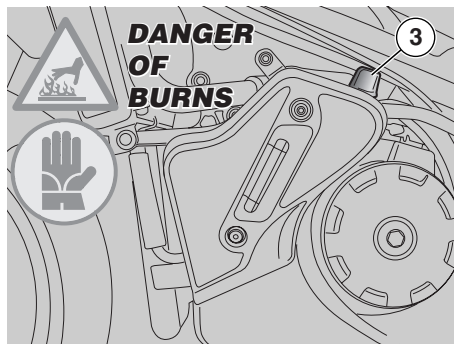
Should your vehicle overturn, it will leak gasoline, which is extremely flammable. Flames or sparks may cause a fire, which could destroy not only the vehicle, but also the building in which it is located, and cause serious injuries or even death.

- ◆ Keep the vehicle vertical, with the two wheels resting on the ground.

NOTE If you attempt to check the oil with the vehicle in any position other than vertical, the measurement will be inaccurate.

NOTE If the engine oil tank is dirty, wipe it with a clean cloth so that the “MIN” and “MAX” marks are visible.

- ◆ Look through the appropriate slots (1) in the left fairing. Check the oil level in the inspection glass (2).



MAX = maximum level

MIN = minimum level

The difference between “**MAX**” and “**MIN**” is about 0.53 US qt (500 cm³).

- ◆ The level is correct if the oil reaches approx. the “**MAX**” mark.

⚠ WARNING

Never exceed the “**MAX**” mark, nor leave the oil below the “**MIN**” mark, in order to avoid serious damage to the engine.

If necessary, top up the engine oil tank:

⚠ CAUTION

When warmed up, the engine contains hot oil and the engine oil tank (4) is warm; therefore, while carrying out the operations described here below, be particularly careful, in order to avoid burns.

⚠ CAUTION

Use thick gloves to prevent burns.

- ◆ Remove the left fairing, see page 109 (REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS).

⚠ CAUTION

Before unscrewing and removing the filler cap (3), clean it and the area of the tank around it with a clean cloth. Prevent any foreign matter from falling into the oil tank, since this could cause serious engine damage.

Do not use any flammable solvents such as alcohol or gasoline when wiping the oil tank. The oil tank is hot enough to cause ignition of flammable solvents.

Use only a natural fiber cloth, e.g. cotton. Man made fabrics such as polyester, etc. could ignite.

- ◆ Unscrew and remove the filler cap (3).

⚠ CAUTION

If you use a container or funnel for topping up, make sure that it is perfectly clean. Any foreign matter getting into the oil tank may lead to severe damage.

⚠ WARNING

Do not add any additives or other substances to the engine oil. If you use a funnel or other tool, make sure they are perfectly clean.

⚠ CAUTION

When topping up, never exceed the “**MAX**” level.

- ◆ Top up the engine oil tank (4) through the filler neck (5), with high-quality engine oil, see page 141 (LUBRICANT CHART).
- ◆ Replace and tighten the filler cap (3).

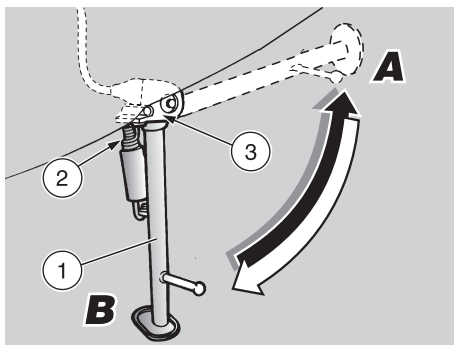
⚠ WARNING

Tighten the filler cap (3) snugly to avoid leaks.

- ◆ Replace the left fairing, see page 109 [REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS].

⚠ WARNING

Never ride your vehicle with low engine oil, or with contaminated oil, or with unapproved oil. Any of these will greatly accelerate wear of your engine, and cause irreparable damage.



CHECKING THE SIDE STAND

Carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE) and page 92 (CHECKING THE SWITCHES).

The side stand (1) has two positions:

- normal or stowed (**Pos. A**);
- extended (**Pos. B**).

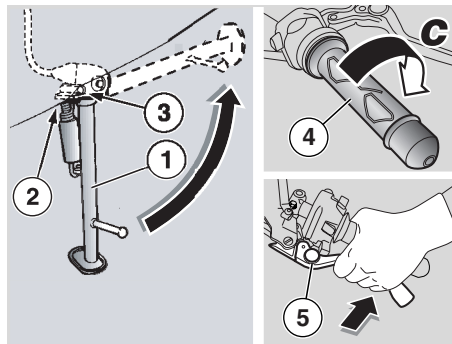
The rider must make sure that the stand is safely and completely extended, or completely stowed, as required.

The side stand (1) must rotate around its pivot smoothly and easily.

The springs (2) provide for keeping the stand in the desired position (extended or stowed).

Perform the following checks:

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the appropriate rear support stand, see page 99 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE REAR SUPPORT STAND) **OPT.**
- ◆ The springs (2) must not be damaged, worn, or rusted, and must fully and firmly stow the side stand when the weight of the vehicle is lifted off of it.

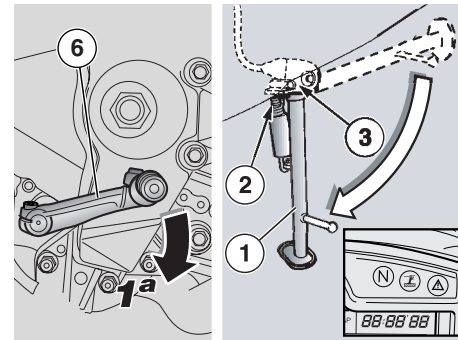


- ◆ Make sure that the stand presents no slack in either position (extended or stowed).
- ◆ Extend the stand, making sure that the action of the springs ensures complete extension.
- ◆ Move the stand to stow it and release it when it has reached half its stroke to make sure that the action of the springs is sufficient to stow it completely.
- ◆ The side stand (1) must rotate freely around its pivot. If necessary, lubricate the pivot, see page 141 (LUBRICANT CHART).

CHECKING THE FUNCTIONING OF THE SAFETY SWITCH ON THE SIDE STAND

The side stand (1) is equipped with a safety system, operated by a safety switch (3).

This system prevents the motor from being started while the stand is extended unless the transmission is in neutral. It also kills the engine if the stand is extended while the engine is running, unless the transmission is



in neutral.

To check the proper functioning of the safety switch (3):

- ◆ Remove the rear support stand **OPT.**, see page 99 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE REAR SUPPORT STAND) **OPT.**
- ◆ Sit on the vehicle in the normal riding position, see page 64 (GETTING ON AND OFF THE VEHICLE).
- ◆ Stow the side stand (1) carefully and completely.

⚠ WARNING

Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, which is extremely poisonous if inhaled.

Do not start the engine in closed or poorly-ventilated rooms.

Failure to observe this warning may cause loss of consciousness or even lead to death by asphyxia.

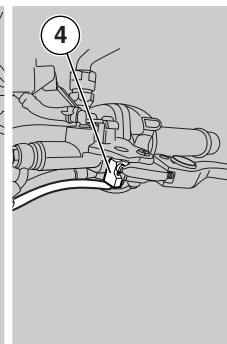
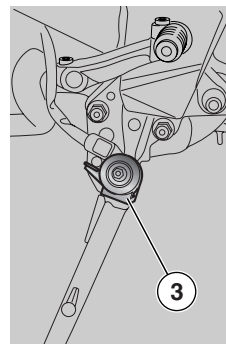
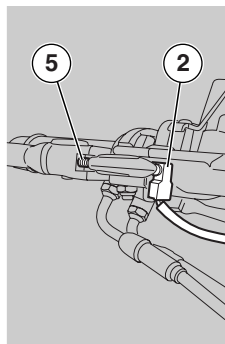
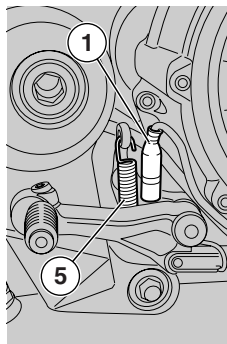
- ◆ Start the engine, see page 68 (STARTING).
- ◆ Release the throttle grip (4) (**Pos. C**). With the engine idling, pull in the clutch lever (5) completely.
- ◆ Engage first gear, pushing the shift lever (6) downwards.
- ◆ Extend the side stand (1).

NOTE Extending the side stand must kill the engine and the “side stand down” warning light “**I**” (7) must come on. If the engine continues to run:

- ◆ Check the safety switch (3) on the side stand (1), see page 92 (CHECKING THE SWITCHES). Perform the necessary cleaning or repairs.
- ◆ Repeat the check.

⚠ WARNING

If the engine does not stop when the side stand is extended, do not ride your vehicle. Contact your Local aprilia Dealer.



CHECKING THE SWITCHES

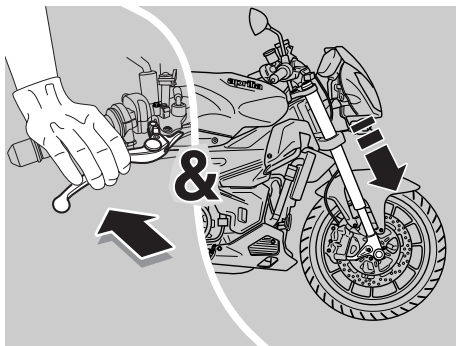
Carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

Check the switches after the first 600 mi (1,000 km) and thereafter every 4,650 mi (7,500 km).

The vehicle is equipped with four switches:

- stoplight switch on the rear brake pedal (1);
- stoplight switch on the front brake lever (2);
- safety switch on the side stand (3);
- clutch lever switch (4).

- ◆ Make sure that there is no dirt or mud on the switch. The switch pin must move freely and without interference, returning automatically to its unapplied position.
- ◆ Check the spring (5); it must not be damaged, worn or stretched.
- ◆ Make sure that the cables are connected correctly.



INSPECTING THE FRONT AND REAR SUSPENSIONS

⚠ CAUTION

The front fork oil change operation should be entrusted to your Local **aprilia** Dealer.

Carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

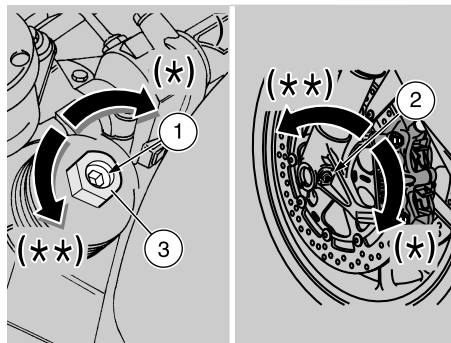
⚠ WARNING

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

NOTE Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

Have the front fork oil changed after the first 6,250 mi (10,000 km) and then every 12,500 mi (20,000 km).

Carry out the following checks after the first 625 mi (1,000 km) and every 6,250 mi (10,000 km) thereafter:



- ◆ Apply the front brake lever and push up and down on the handlebar repeatedly, pushing the fork up and down. The fork must move smoothly and easily, there must be no trace of oil on the fork tubes.
- ◆ Check the torque of all the fasteners on the front fork and inspect the entire front fork to make sure that it is in good condition without leaks or damage. Repeat for the rear suspension and swingarm.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not ride your vehicle if either suspension is damaged in any way, contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer.

FRONT SUSPENSION

After the first 18,750 mi (30,000 km) and then every 12,500 mi (20,000 km), check, clean and lubricate the fork oil seals. If necessary, have them replaced by an **aprilia** dealer.

The front suspension is controlled by a hydraulic fork, which is held to the steering tube by two yokes.

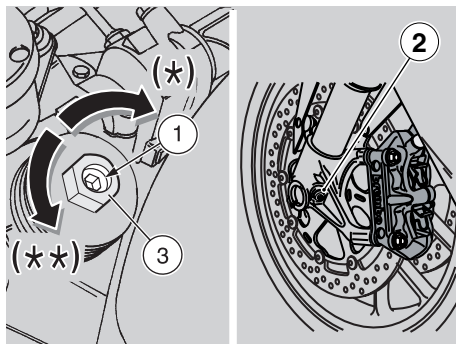
Each fork leg is fitted with suitable adjusters to modify suspension response. An upper adjuster screw (1) controls rebound damping, whereas a lower adjuster screw (2) controls compression damping. A top-mounted adjuster nut (3) controls spring preload.

SETTING THE FRONT FORK

⚠ CAUTION

Do not force the adjusters (1-2) beyond their limit stops in either direction, or the threads may strip. Set both fork legs to the same spring preload, compression and rebound damping settings: a vehicle whose fork legs are set to different settings will be unstable. When spring preload is increased, rebound damping should be increased accordingly. Failure to do so may result in the front end jerking unexpectedly when riding.

For fork setting, see next page.



FORK

Factory setting is designed for any riding condition, low or high speed, with reduced or full load.

However, suspension setting may be modified to suit specific needs in accordance with vehicle use.

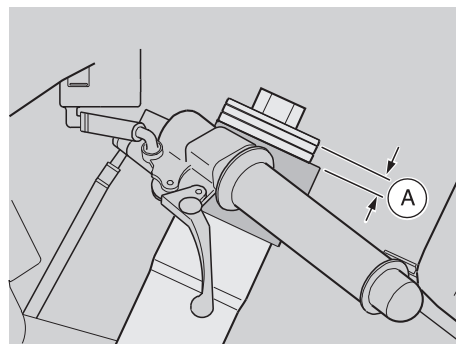
⚠ WARNING

For a correct setting of adjusters (1-2-3), first set the fork to the stiffest position (turn the adjuster fully clockwise) then set desired position (clicks and/or turns).

⚠ WARNING

Racing settings may only be used during official competitions or sports events authorized by the competent authorities and taking place in closed circuits or, anyway, away from public roads.

It is strictly prohibited to carry out adjustments for the use of the vehicle on racetracks and then ride it on roads or highways.



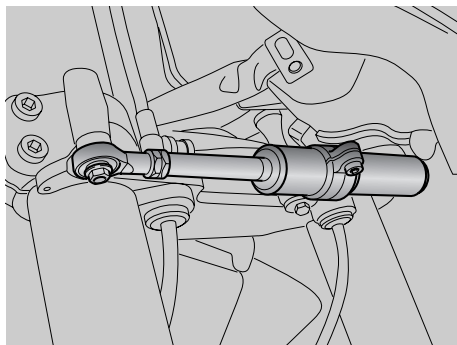
FRONT SUSPENSION	Standard setting
Hydraulic adjustment with extended shock absorber, screw (1)	Tighten fully (*) and then slacken (**) by 1.5 turns
Hydraulic compression damping, screw (2)	Tighten fully (**) and then slacken (*) 1 turn
Spring preload, nut (3)	Tighten fully (*) and then slacken (**) 5 notches are in view
Fork height (A) (***) over top yoke (not including top cap)	1 notch is in view

(*) = clockwise

(**) = counterclockwise

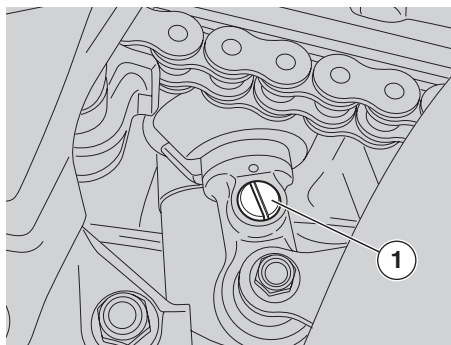
(***) = Have this adjustment carried out exclusively by an **Local aprilia Dealer**

For racing we recommend to fit the Öhlins multi-adjustable front fork unit **OPT. For purchase contact an **Local aprilia Dealer**.**



STEERING DAMPER

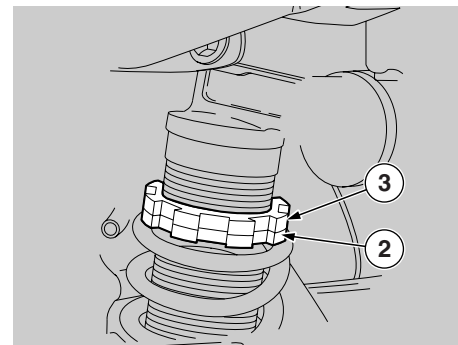
The standard model is equipped with a steering damper.



REAR SUSPENSION

The rear suspension consists of a spring-shock absorber unit, fixed to the frame by means of a uniball and to the swingarm by means of lever systems.

The rear suspension is equipped with the following adjusters: a screw (1) for rebound, a ring nut (2) for adjusting the spring preload and a locking ring nut (3).



ADJUSTING THE REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

NOTE Reduce the maintenance intervals by half if you are riding in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough road surfaces or when the vehicle is used in competitions.

Check and if necessary adjust the rear shock absorber every 12,500 mi (20,000 km).

The factory setting is designed for racing. However, the rear suspension setting may be modified to suit specific needs in accordance with vehicle usage.

⚠ CAUTION

Before adjusting, first set the rear shock absorber to the stiffest setting [turn the adjusters (1) fully clockwise].

Do not force the adjusters (1) beyond their limit stops in either direction, or the threads may strip.

- ◆ Loosen the locking ring nut (3) with an appropriate wrench.
- ◆ Adjust spring preload (A) with the adjusting ring nut (2) (see table).
- ◆ When finished, tighten the ring nut (3).
- ◆ Work the screw (1) to set shock absorber rebound damping (see table).

⚠ CAUTION

Set spring preload and rebound damping according to vehicle usage. When you increase spring preload, you will have to increase rebound damping accordingly to avoid unexpected jerking when riding. If necessary, contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer.

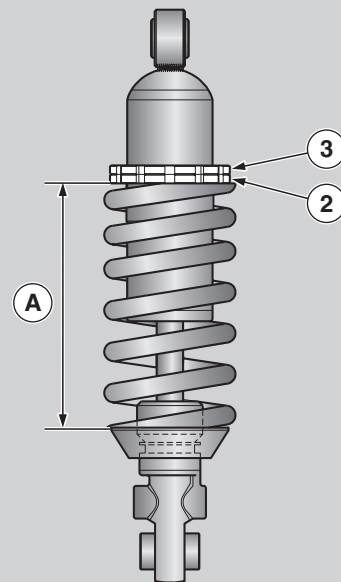
⚠ WARNING

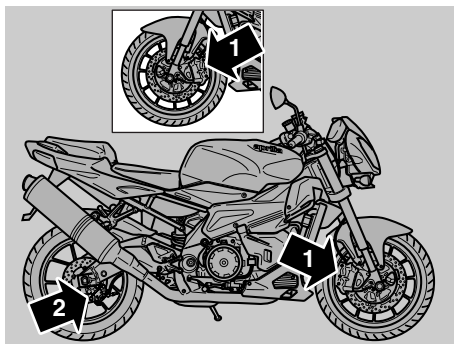
Racing settings may only be used during official competitions or sports events authorized by the competent authorities and taking place in closed circuits or, anyway, away from public roads.

It is strictly prohibited to carry out adjustments for the use of the vehicle on racetracks and then ride it on roads or highways.

FRONT SUSPENSION	Standard setting
Spring length (preloaded) (A)	147 mm
Rebound adjustment, screw (1)	tighten fully (*) and then slacken (**) by 25 click positions

For racing we recommend to fit the Öhlins multi-adjustable rear suspension unit **OPT**. For purchase contact an Local **aprilia** Dealer.





CHECKING THE BRAKE PAD WEAR

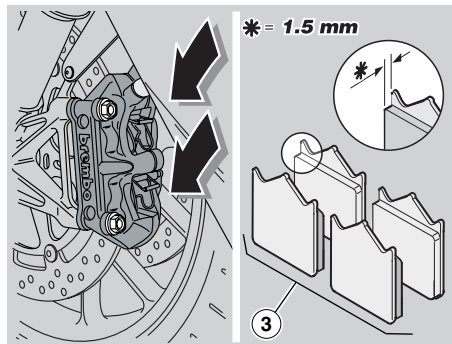
Carefully read page 50 (BRAKES), and page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

NOTE The following instructions apply to both braking systems.

NOTE Your vehicle is equipped with disc brakes and two separate brake systems. The front brake system is equipped with two discs, one on the right and one on the left side of the front wheel. The rear brake system is equipped with a single disc on the right side of the wheel. The following information may refer to a single braking system, but is applicable to both braking systems.

⚠ CAUTION

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.



Check brake pad wear after the first 600 mi (1,000 km), before every trip and thereafter every 1,250 mi (2,000 km).

The amount of wear that the brake pads experience depends on how the vehicle is used, how aggressively it is driven, and the condition of the roads upon which it is operated. Wear will be faster than normal when the vehicle is driven aggressively, or on dusty or wet roads.

⚠ WARNING

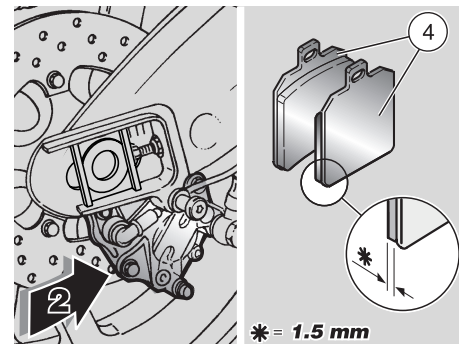
Check the wear of the brake pads before every trip.

CHECKING WEAR OF THE BRAKE PADS

◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).

NOTE The front brake calipers (left and right) are equipped with four pads for each caliper.

The rear brake caliper is equipped with two pads.



◆ Perform a visual check of the friction material thickness. Use a flashlight. See the arrows (1) and (2) above.

If the friction material on one pad, front (3) or rear (4), is worn to **0.06 in (1.5 mm)** or less:

- for the front brake calipers (left and right), have all the pads of both front brake calipers replaced by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.
- for the rear brake caliper, have both pads of the rear brake caliper replaced by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.

⚠ WARNING

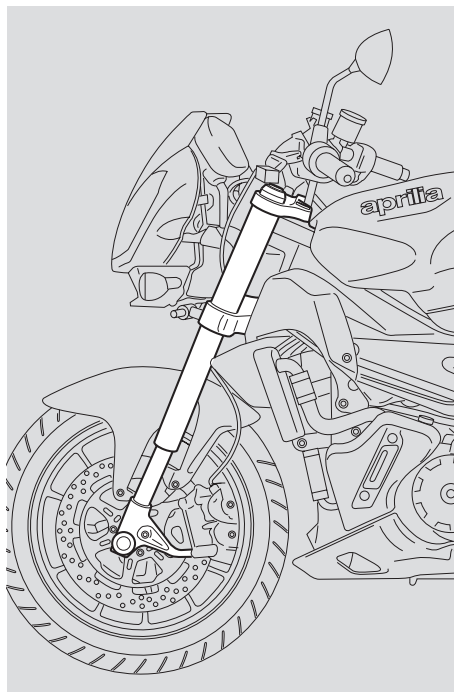
Excessive wear of the friction material on the brake pads will cause contact of the metal pad support with the disc. This will make a characteristic metallic noise, and sparks. By this time, you have already destroyed the disc, which must be replaced.



Do not ride your vehicle in this condition, braking efficiency and safety are seriously compromised. This could cause a crash and result in serious injury or death.

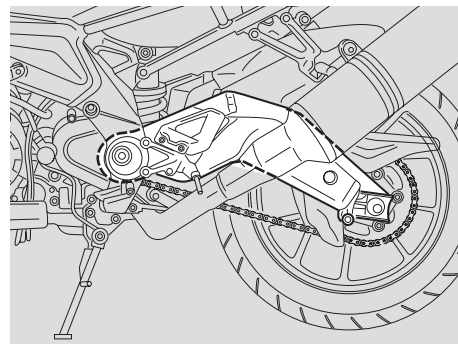
WARNING

Have the pads and the discs replaced by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.



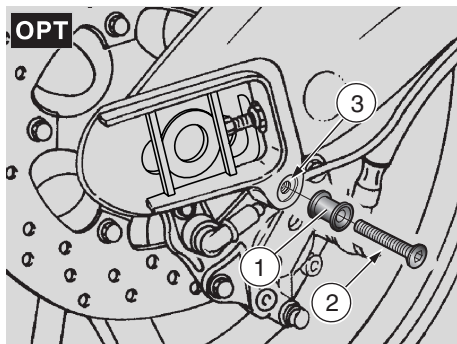
CHECKING THE STEERING

The operations necessary for this check require specific skills and therefore should be carried out by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.



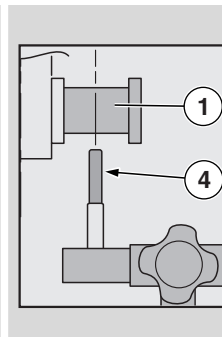
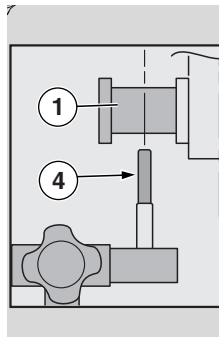
CHECKING THE SWINGARM PIVOT

The operations necessary for this check require specific skills and therefore should be carried out by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.



ASSEMBLING THE PINS FOR THE REAR SUPPORT STAND **OPT**

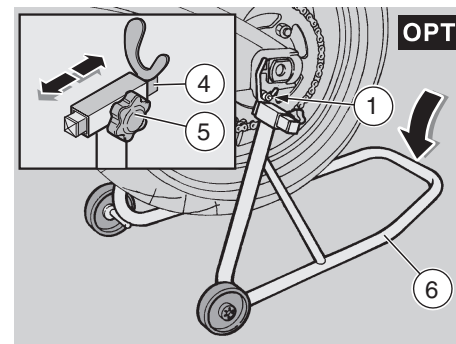
- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).
- ◆ ★ Place the pin (1) on the appropriate seat on the swingarm.
- ◆ ★ Insert and tighten the screw (2) in the appropriate threaded hole (3) in the swingarm.



PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE REAR SUPPORT STAND **OPT**

- ◆ Assemble the pins for the rear support stand **OPT**, see above (ASSEMBLING THE PINS FOR THE REAR SUPPORT STAND **OPT**).

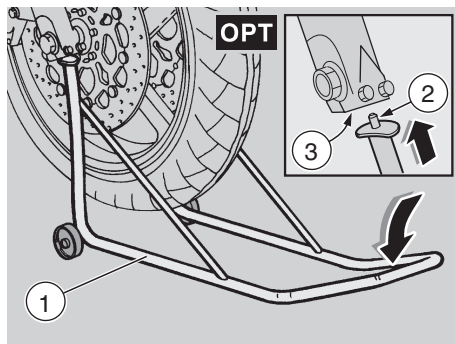
NOTE Have someone help you keep the vehicle vertical with the two wheels on the ground.



- ◆ ★ Slacken the knob (5).
- ◆ ★ Shift the fork-shaped support (4) so that its width matches the distance between the two pins (1) fitted to the swingarm.
- ◆ ★ Tighten the knob (5).
- ◆ Slide both fork-shaped seats (4) of the stand (6) underneath the pins (1) fitted to the vehicle simultaneously.
- ◆ Place one foot on the rear end of the stand (6).
- ◆ Push the stand (6) downwards until it reaches the end of its stroke (see figure).

⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the vehicle is stable.
If it falls over, it may cause damage to bystanders and other property, as well as being damaged itself.



PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE FRONT SUPPORT STAND OPT

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the appropriate rear support stand OPT, see page 99 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE REAR SUPPORT STAND) OPT.
- ◆ Lift the front part of the stand (1) and insert each of its ends (2) into the holes (3) in the bottom of the front fork.
- ◆ Rest one foot on the front part of the stand (1).
- ◆ Push the stand (1) downwards until it reaches the end of its stroke (see figure).

⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the vehicle is stable. If it falls over, it may cause damage to bystanders and other property, as well as being damaged itself.

FRONT WHEEL

⚠ WARNING

The disassembly and reassembly of the front wheel can be difficult for those unfamiliar with vehicle maintenance. You may wish to have your Local **aprilia** Dealer carry out these operations.

If you wish to perform these operations yourself, carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

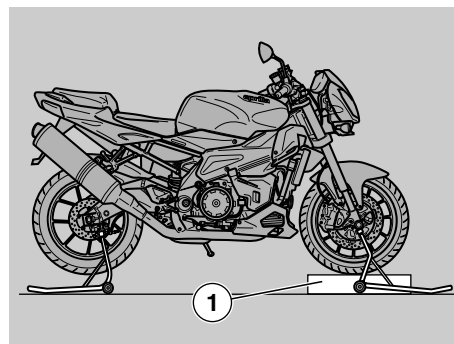
While disassembling and reassembling the wheel, pay extra care not to damage the brake lines, discs or pads.

Before carrying out the following operations, let the engine and the exhaust silencer cool down until they reach room temperature. Failure to observe this warning can lead to serious burns.

Riding with damaged rims is dangerous for the rider, the vehicle and other people. Check the conditions of the rim and have it replaced if it is damaged.

⚠ WARNING

Have the rim replaced by your Local **aprilia** Dealer. You must use the appropriate front and rear support stands (1) (2) to remove the front wheel.



DISASSEMBLY

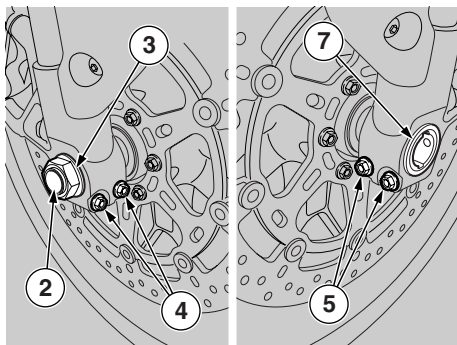
- ◆ Remove the front brake calipers, see page 114 (REMOVING THE FRONT BRAKE CALIPERS) .
- ◆ Place a support (1) under the tire to hold the wheel in place once released.

⚠ CAUTION

Never touch the front brake lever after removing the brake calipers from the discs. If you do, the caliper pistons may be pushed out of their seats, and brake fluid will be spilled.

Should you accidentally do this, take your vehicle to your Local **aprilia** Dealer who will know how to repair this damage.

- ◆ Place a support (1) under the front tire, so as to keep the wheel in its position after loosening it.



⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the vehicle is stable. If it falls over, it may cause damage to bystanders and other property, as well as being damaged itself.

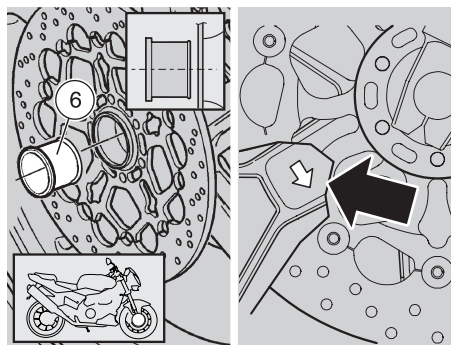
- ◆ Have a helper steady the handlebar in the straight ahead position.

Wheel nut (2) tightening torque setting: 57.86 ftlb (80 Nm).

- ◆ Remove the wheel nut (2) and washer (3).

Wheel shaft clamp screws tightening torque setting: 15.91 ftlb (22 Nm).

- ◆ Loosen the two axle clamp screws (4) (right side), using the appropriate Allen wrench.
- ◆ Loosen the two axle clamp screws (5) (left side), using the appropriate Allen wrench.



NOTE Observe the arrangement of the right spacer ring (6), in order to be able to reassemble it correctly.

NOTE To facilitate the extraction of the axle (7), slightly lift the wheel.

- ◆ Push the axle (7) partly out of the front fork by tapping the threaded end with a rubber hammer or wooden drift.
- ◆ Support the front wheel and remove the axle (7) manually by pulling it from the left side of the vehicle.
- ◆ Remove the wheel by pulling it forward.

NOTE The right spacer ring (6) remains located in its seat on the wheel; but if it has come out, replace it.

REASSEMBLY

- ◆ Apply a thin film of lubricating grease, see page 141 (LUBRICANT CHART), to the front axle (7).

NOTE Perform the following operation only if the right spacer ring (6) has come out of its seat on the wheel:

⚠ CAUTION

The right spacer ring (6) has shoulders of two different diameters, pay extra care to fit the ring (6) correctly.

- ◆ Fit the right spacer ring (6) in its seat on the wheel (right side) with the larger diameter facing the outside of the vehicle (see figure).

⚠ CAUTION

The arrow on the wheel side indicates the rotation direction. Upon reassembly, make sure that the wheel is positioned correctly: the arrow must be visible on the left side of the vehicle.

- ◆ Place the wheel between the fork tubes on the support (1).

⚠ WARNING

The front wheel is heavy and can easily crush your fingers should you get them between any part of the wheel and the front fork. Do not attempt to line up the wheel and the axle clamps with your fingers. Failure to observe this warning can lead to serious personal injury.

- ◆ Move the wheel around until the axle hole and the axle clamps are aligned.
- ◆ From the left side of the vehicle, insert the axle (7) and push in completely.

NOTE Make sure that the axle (7) is completely inserted.

- ◆ Fit the washer (3) and tighten the wheel nut (2) finger tight.

NOTE For temporary alignment of the front wheel, it is not necessary to tighten the two axle clamp screws (5) (left side) to the specified torque value.

- ◆ Tighten the two axle clamp screws (5) (left side) just enough to prevent the axle (7) from rotating.
- ◆ Tighten the wheel nut (2) to its appropriate tightening torque setting.

Wheel nut (2) tightening torque setting: 57.86 ftlb (80 Nm).

- ◆ Tighten the two axle clamp screws (4) (right side), using the appropriate Allen wrench.

Wheel shaft clamp screws tightening torque setting: 15.91 ftlb (22 Nm).

- ◆ Loosen the two axle clamp screws (5) (left side), using the appropriate Allen wrench.
- ◆ Remove the support (1) from under the front tire.
- ◆ Replace the left and right front brake caliper, see page 114 (REMOVING THE FRONT BRAKE CALIPERS).
- ◆ Apply the front brake lever, and then push down on the handlebars, compressing the fork springs several times. This will align the fork tubes.
- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).

- ◆ Tighten the two axle clamp screws (5) (left side), using the appropriate Allen wrench.

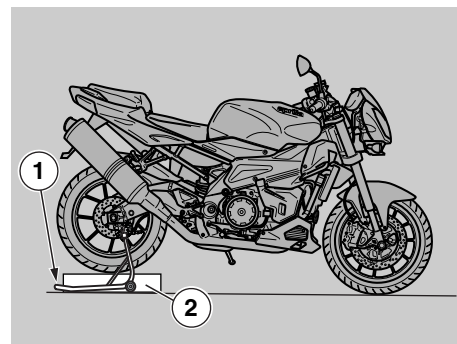
Wheel shaft clamp screws tightening torque setting (5): 15.91 ftlb (22 Nm).

- ◆ Make sure that the following components are neither dirty nor oily:
 - tire; wheel; brake discs.

⚠ WARNING

After servicing the brakes, always check that they operate correctly. If the stroke of the lever or pedal is excessive, or if you detect that the effectiveness of the brakes is reduced in any way, have your vehicle serviced by your Local **aprilia Dealer. It may be necessary to have your dealer bleed the system, or there may be some other problem with the brake system. Never ride your vehicle in traffic immediately after servicing the brakes. Always apply the brake pedal or lever several times before riding your vehicle. Then, try your vehicle in a parking lot or other safe area with little traffic to make sure that the brakes are working properly. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a serious accident, which can result in serious injury or death. Have the tightening torque settings, centering and balancing of the wheel checked by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.**

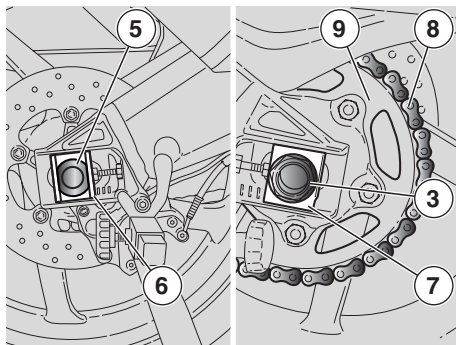
These are critical safety operations, and failure to observe this warning could lead to an upset, which can result in serious injury or death.



REAR WHEEL

⚠ WARNING

The disassembly and reassembly of the rear wheel can be difficult for those unfamiliar with vehicle maintenance. You may wish to have your Local **aprilia Dealer carry out these operations. If you wish to perform these operations yourself, carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE). While disassembling and reassembling the wheel, pay extra care not to damage the brake lines, discs or pads. Before carrying out the following operations, let the engine and the exhaust silencer cool down until they reach room temperature. Failure to observe this warning can lead to serious burns.**



Riding with damaged rims is dangerous for the rider, the vehicle and other people.

Check the conditions of the rim and have it replaced if it is damaged.

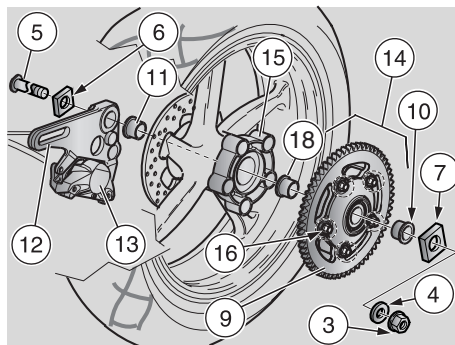
⚠ WARNING

Have the rim replaced by your Local **aprilia** Dealer.

NOTE You must use the appropriate rear support stand (1) to remove the rear wheel.

DISASSEMBLY

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the appropriate rear support stand **OPT** (1), see page 99 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE REAR SUPPORT STAND) **OPT**.
- ◆ Place a support (2) under the tire, so as to keep the wheel in its position after loosening it.



⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the vehicle is stable. If it falls over, it may cause injury to bystanders and other property, as well as become damaged.

Wheel nut (3) tightening torque setting: 86.80 ftlb (120 Nm).

- ◆ Remove the wheel nut (3) and the washer (4).

NOTE To facilitate the extraction of the axle (5), slightly lift the wheel.

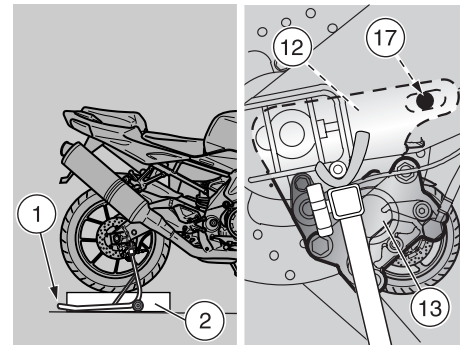
- ◆ Remove the axle (5) from the left side of the vehicle.

NOTE Observe the arrangement of the right (6) and left (7) chain tensioners in order to be able to reassemble them correctly.

- ◆ Remove the right (6) and left (7) chain tensioners.

⚠ WARNING

Keep your fingers well away from the chain and sprocket. You could easily lose a finger if it is caught between these two parts.



Use heavy work gloves while installing the rear wheel. Never attempt to line the rear wheel up using your fingers. Failure to observe this warning can result in serious personal injury.

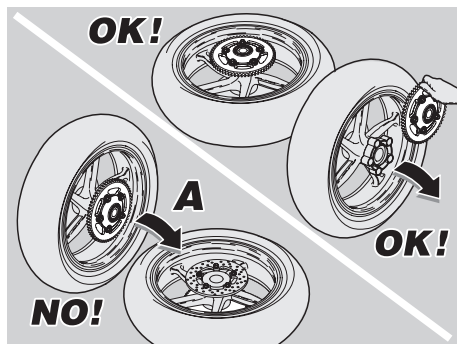
- ◆ Remove the drive chain (8) from the rear sprocket (9) and lay it down outside of the rear sprocket.

NOTE Place the drive chain (8) outside of the rear sprocket (9).

- ◆ Move the wheel forward and pull the drive chain (8) away from the rear sprocket (9).

⚠ CAUTION

Never touch the rear brake pedal after removing the rear wheel. If you do, the caliper pistons may be pushed out of their seats, and brake fluid will be spilled. Should you accidentally do this, take your vehicle to your Local **aprilia** Dealer who will know how to repair this damage.



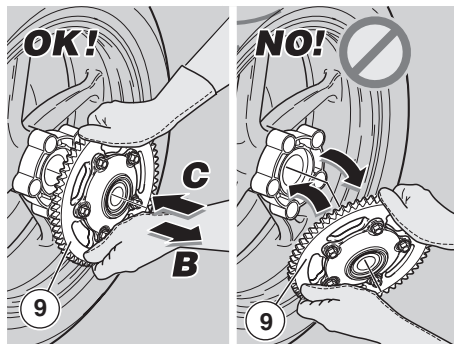
- ◆ Pull the wheel backwards, removing it from the swingarm from behind, carefully removing the disc from the brake caliper.

NOTE The left spacer ring (10) and the right spacer ring (11) remain in their seats on the wheel; collect them if they have come out.

NOTE The torque plate (12) of the brake caliper (13) remains installed on the right side of the rear fork.

Proceed with care. If the final drive unit (14) is installed on the flexible coupling holder (15), do not overturn or rotate the rear wheel in horizontal position on the rear sprocket side (A), since the final drive unit would come off and fall, and this could damage the rear sprocket (9).

NOTE If the wheel is in the normal running position (vertical) or in horizontal position with the rear sprocket facing upwards and in both cases secured against overturning, it is not necessary to remove the final drive unit.



NOTE Do not loosen the five nuts (16). The complete final drive unit must be withdrawn from the flexible coupling holder.

- ◆ Working (B) with both hands on the outer diameter of the sprocket (9), withdraw the final drive unit parallel to the wheel axis.

REASSEMBLY

If the final drive unit has been removed (14):

NOTE Introduce the final drive unit, parallel to the wheel axis, inserting the flexible couplings in the corresponding seats on the flexible coupling holder (15).

- ◆ Working (C) with both hands on the outer diameter of the sprocket (9), insert the final drive unit in the flexible coupling holder (15).

⚠ CAUTION

While reassembling the rear wheel, be careful not to damage the brake line, the disc and the pads.

NOTE Perform the follow operation only if the left spacer ring (10) and/or the right spacer ring (11) have come out of their seats on the wheel:

- ◆ Fit the left (10) and right (11) spacer rings in their seats on the wheel with the larger diameter facing the outside of the vehicle (see figure).

⚠ CAUTION

Before proceeding with reassembly, make sure that the torque plate (12) of the brake caliper (13) is positioned correctly; the plate slot must be inserted in the appropriate stop pin (17) in the inner part of the right side of the swingarm. Insert the disc in the brake caliper carefully.

- ◆ Place the wheel centrally on the swingarm, on the support (2).

⚠ WARNING

Keep your fingers well away from the chain and sprocket. You could easily lose a finger if it is caught between these two parts. Use heavy work gloves while installing the rear wheel. Never attempt to line the rear wheel up using your fingers. Failure to observe this warning can result in serious personal injury.

- ◆ Move the wheel as far forward as possible, to fit the drive chain (8) on the rear sprocket (9).
- ◆ Fit the right (6) and left (7) chain tighteners in their seats on the swingarm.
- ◆ Apply a thin film of lubricating grease, see page 141 (LUBRICANT CHART), to the rear axle (5).
- ◆ Pull the rear wheel backwards until the bearing holes are lined up with the holes in the swingarm.
- ◆ Rotate the torque plate (12), complete with brake caliper (13), with the stop pin (17) in proper position until it is appropriately aligned with the holes in the swingarm.

NOTE To facilitate the insertion of the axle (5), slightly lift the wheel.

- ◆ Fit the axle (5) completely through the wheel from the left side.

NOTE Make sure that the axle (5) is pushed all the way home with the head in the appropriate seat on the left chain tightener.

- ◆ Fit the washer (4) and tighten the wheel nut (3) finger tight.
- ◆ Remove the support (2) from under the rear tire.
- ◆ Check the chain tension, see page 105 (DRIVE CHAIN).
- ◆ Tighten the wheel nut (3).

Wheel nut (3) tightening torque setting:
86.80 ftlb (120 Nm).

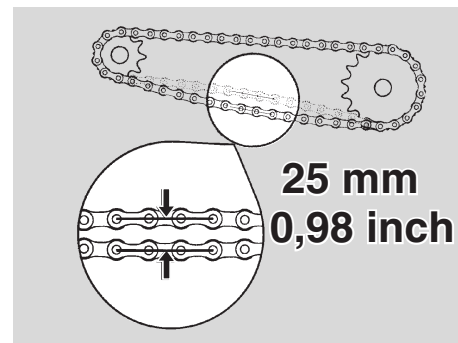
- ◆ Make sure that the following components are neither dirty nor oily:
 - tire;
 - wheel;
 - brake disc.

⚠ WARNING

After servicing the brakes, always check that they operate correctly. If the stroke of the lever or pedal is excessive, or if you detect that the effectiveness of the brakes is reduced in any way, have your vehicle serviced by your Local **aprilia Dealer. It may be necessary to have your dealer bleed the system, or there may be some other problem with the brake system.**

Never ride your vehicle in traffic immediately after servicing the brakes. Always apply the brake pedal or lever several times before riding your vehicle. Then, try your vehicle in a parking lot or other safe area with little traffic to make sure that the brakes are working properly. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a serious accident, which can result in serious injury or death.

Have the tightening torque settings, centering and balancing of the wheel checked by your Local **aprilia Dealer. These are critical safety operations, and failure to observe this warning could lead to an upset, which can result in serious injury or death.**



DRIVE CHAIN

Carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

Every 300 mi (500 km) check the condition, wear, play (tension) and lubrication of the drive chain.

The vehicle is equipped with an endless chain. There is no master link.

⚠ WARNING

An excessively loose chain may cause noise or make the chain rattle, with consequent wear of the shoe and of the chain guide plate. Do not ride your vehicle with an improperly adjusted chain, see page 106 (ADJUSTMENT). To inspect the condition of the chain, grasp the chain where it goes around the sprocket and try to pull it away from the sprocket. If you can move it more than one-eighth of an inch away from the sprocket, the chain is worn out and the chain and both front and rear sprockets must be replaced. See your Local **aprilia Dealer.**

⚠ CAUTION

Lack of maintenance can cause premature wear of the chain and damage to the sprockets. Service the chain more often if your vehicle is used on dusty or muddy roads.

⚠ WARNING

Before carrying out the following operations, let the engine and the exhaust silencer cool down until they reach room temperature. Failure to observe this warning can lead to serious burns.

⚠ WARNING

Keep your fingers well clear of the chain and sprocket, especially if you are turning the rear wheel while working on the vehicle. You can easily be seriously injured if a finger is caught between the chain and sprocket. Use work-gloves to carrying out these operations.

CHECKING THE PLAY

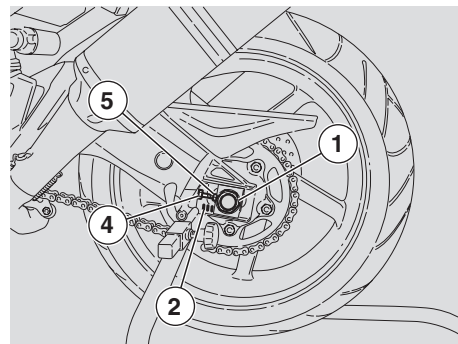
To check the play:

- ◆ Stop the engine.
- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).
- ◆ Shift to neutral.
- ◆ Check the chain play. It should be **0.98 in (25 mm)** at mid-bottom span as shown above.
- ◆ Move the vehicle forward or backward, or support the rear wheel in the air and turn the wheel to several positions, to check the chain slack at several locations. If the slack is markedly different with the wheel in different positions, the chain and sprockets must be replaced.

⚠ WARNING

Never operate your vehicle with a damaged chain. This could cause wheel seizure which could lead to an upset and result in serious injury or death. Lubricate the chain frequently to minimize the possibility of this kind of damage, see page 107 (CLEANING AND LUBRICATION).

If the play is the same at several locations, but is more or less than **0.98 in (25 mm)**, adjust it, see below (ADJUSTMENT).



ADJUSTMENT

NOTE To adjust the chain it is necessary to use the appropriate rear support stand **OPT**.

To adjust the chain tension:

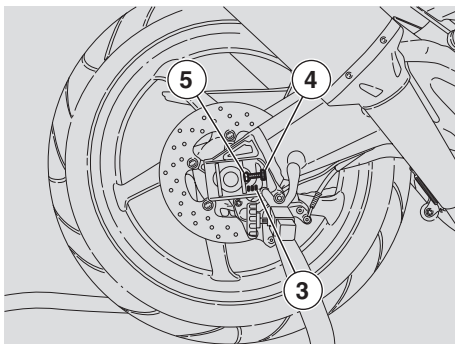
- ◆ Place the vehicle on the appropriate rear support stand **OPT**, see page 99 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE REAR SUPPORT STAND) **OPT**.

Wheel nut (1) tightening torque setting: 86.80 ftlb (120 Nm).

- ◆ Loosen the nut (1) several turns.

NOTE In order to make wheel centering in the swingarm easier, there are reference marks (2) and (3) on the swingarm. See illustration above.

- ◆ Loosen the two lock nuts (4).



◆ Adjust the tension adjusters (5) to obtain the appropriate chain play, making sure that the edge of tension adjuster is in the same position with regard to the reference marks (2) and (3) on each side of your vehicle.

◆ Tighten the two lock nuts (4).

◆ Tighten the nut (1).

Wheel nut (1) tightening torque setting: 86.80 ftlb (120 Nm).

◆ Check the chain play again, see page 106 (CHECKING THE PLAY).

CHECKING THE WEAR OF THE CHAIN AND SPROCKETS

In addition to the check, see page 106 (CHECKING THE PLAY), every 6,250 mi (10,000 km) inspect the chain and sprockets to make sure that there are no:

- damaged rollers;
- loose pins;
- dry, rusty, crushed or seized links;
- excessive wear;
- missing O-rings;

– sprocket or teeth excessively worn or damaged.

You may check the wear of the chain and sprocket by grasping the chain where it touches the rear sprocket, and pulling it away from the sprocket as far as you can. If you are able to pull the chain far enough away from the sprocket so that you can see light between the side plates of the chain and the sprocket teeth, the chain and sprocket are worn out and should be replaced.

NOTE Always replace both sprockets and the chain when any of these components are replaced.

⚠ CAUTION

If chain rollers are damaged, the pins and/or the O-rings are loose or missing, both sprockets as well as the chain must be replaced.

⚠ CAUTION

Lubricate the chain frequently, especially if it is rusty or dry to the touch. If, after lubricating the chain, it still has links which cannot be turned easily, the chain must be replaced.

◆ Check the wear of U-shaped chain guide (6).

◆ Finally, check the wear of the swingarm protection shoe (7).

CLEANING AND LUBRICATION

⚠ CAUTION

The drive chain is provided with O-rings between the link rollers and side plates, in order to retain the lubrication and to exclude dirt and grit.

Carry out chain adjustment, lubrication, cleaning and replacement with great care. Remember to keep your fingers clear of the chain and sprocket.

Never wash the chain with jets of water, steam, high-pressure water and highly flammable solvents.

◆ Wash the chain with a nonflammable solvent. If your chain rusts quickly, lubricate it more often.

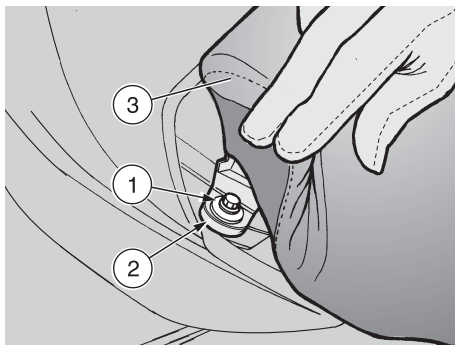
Lubricate the chain every 625 mi (1,000 km) or whenever it appears dry.

After washing the chain and letting it dry, lubricate it exclusively with spray grease for chains provided with sealing rings, see page 141 (LUBRICANT CHART).

⚠ CAUTION

Make sure that the chain lubricant you use is appropriate for O-ring chains. There are some lubricants available which contain substances which will destroy the O-rings in your chain. If you have any questions, contact your Local Aprilia Dealer.

NOTE Do not use the vehicle immediately after lubricating the chain, give the lubricant a chance to dry, otherwise the chain will spray the lubricant all over you and your vehicle.



REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).
- ◆ Turn the ignition switch (1) to the "OFF" position.
- ◆ ★ Partially lift the rear side edge of the rider seat.
- ◆ ★ Loosen and remove the screw (2) and the bushing (3).

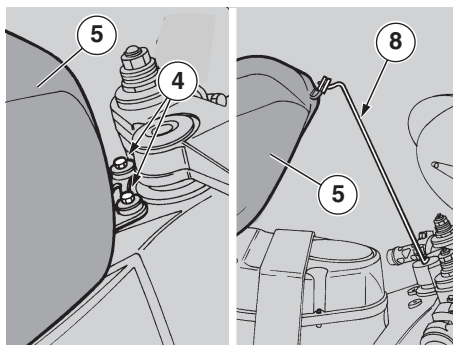
Screw (2) tightening torque setting:
8.68 ftlb (12 Nm).

- ◆ Lift and remove the seat (4).

NOTE Upon reassembly, insert the front tab of the seat in the appropriate housing.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not leave your vehicle unattended without making sure that the seat (4) is properly positioned and locked. Should you forget and ride away with the seat loose, you could be injured.



LIFTING THE FUEL TANK

Carefully read page 47 (FUEL) and page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

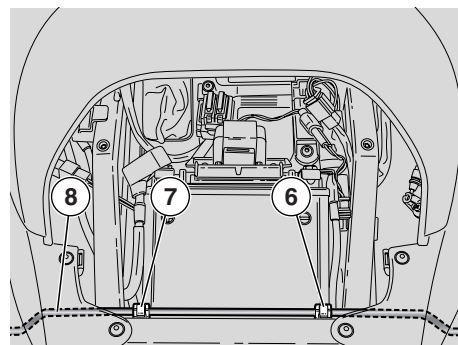
⚠ WARNING

Risk of fire.
Wait until the engine and the exhaust silencer have completely cooled down. Fuel vapors are hazardous for your health. Make sure that the room in which you are working is properly ventilated. Do not inhale fuel vapors. Do not smoke and do not use open flames.

DISPOSE OF UNWANTED FUEL PROPERLY.

⚠ CAUTION

Never drain the fuel tank, either partially or completely. This may cause damage to the inner components of the fuel tank, or to other parts of the fuel system.



Always make sure that the fuel filler cap is correctly closed.

- ◆ Remove the rider seat, see page 108 (REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT).
- ◆ Remove the side fairings, see page 109 (REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS).
- ◆ Loosen and remove the two retaining screws (4) at the front end of the fuel tank (5).
- ◆ Release the fuel tank support rod (8) from its anchor points (6-7).

NOTE The rubber-coated end of the rod (8) must be introduced in the central hole of the steering shaft.

- ◆ Lift the front end of the fuel tank (5) and insert the rod (8) as shown.

REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS

Carefully read page 79
(MAINTENANCE).

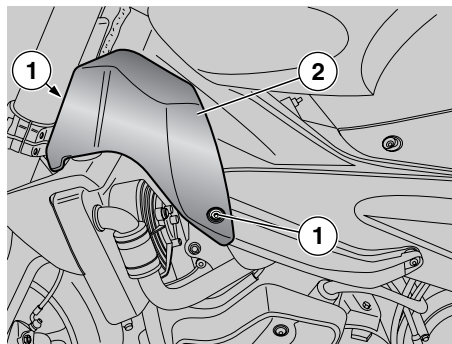
⚠ WARNING

Wait until the engine and the exhaust silencer have completely cooled down.

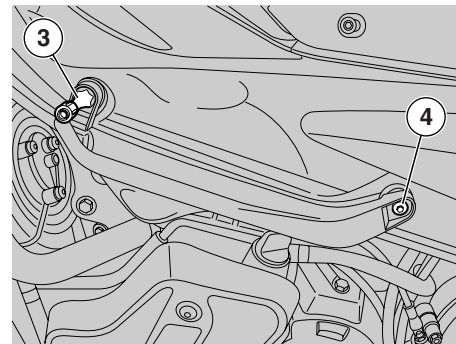
◆ Position the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).

⚠ CAUTION

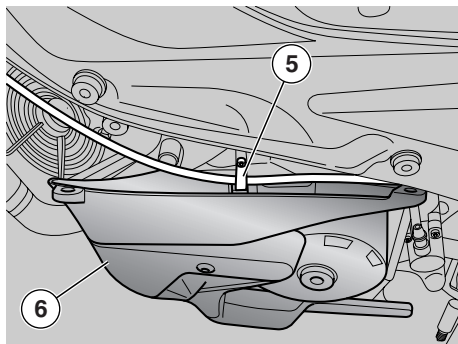
Handle plastic and painted components with care to avoid scraping or damaging.



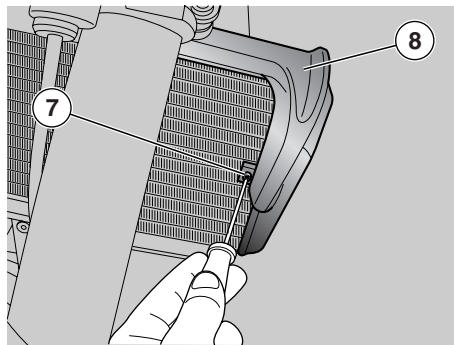
- ◆ Loosen and remove the two retaining screws (1) and collect the washers.
- ◆ Remove the fairing (2).



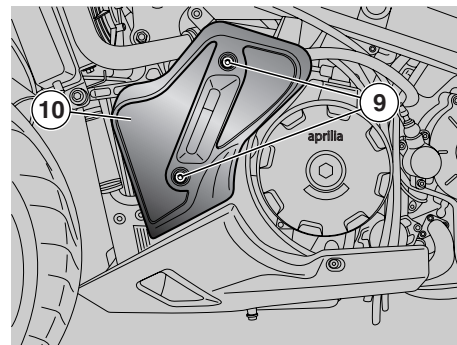
- ◆ Loosen and remove the retaining pin (3).
- ◆ Loosen and remove the retaining screw (4) and the washer.



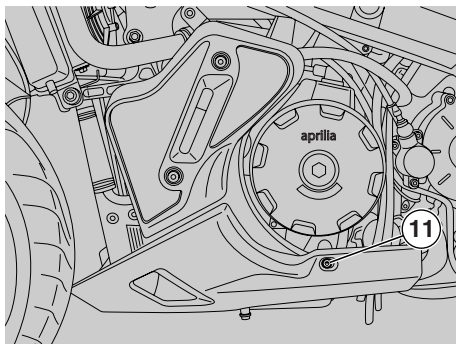
- ◆ Release the quick-coupling to release the hose (5).
- ◆ Remove the fairing (6).



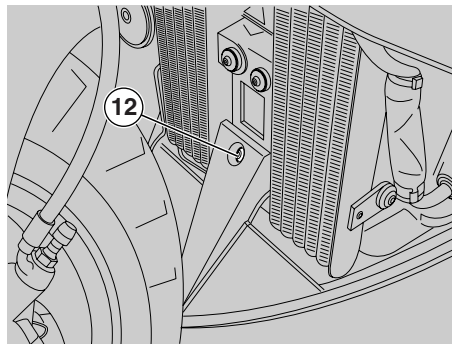
- ◆ Loosen and remove the retaining screw (7).
- ◆ Remove the fairing (8).



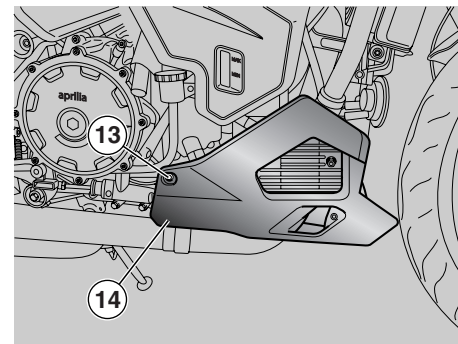
- ◆ Loosen and remove the two retaining screws (9) and the washers.
- ◆ Remove the fairing (10).



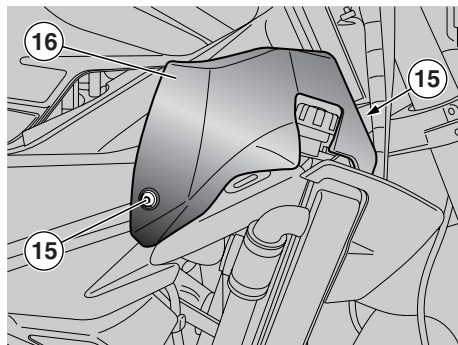
- ◆ Loosen and remove the left retaining screw (11) and the washer.



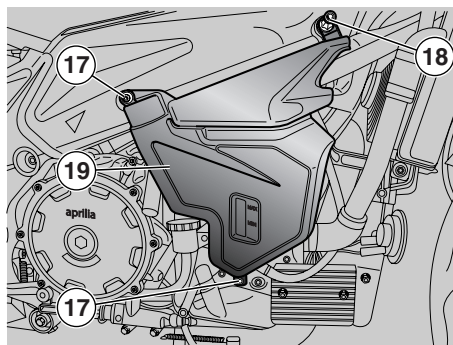
- ◆ Loosen and remove the left retaining screw (12) and the washer.



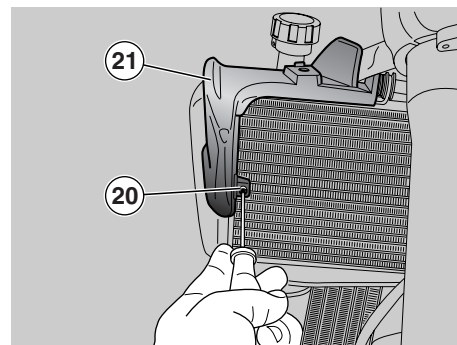
- ◆ Loosen and remove the right retaining screw (13) and the washer.
- ◆ Remove the fairing (14).



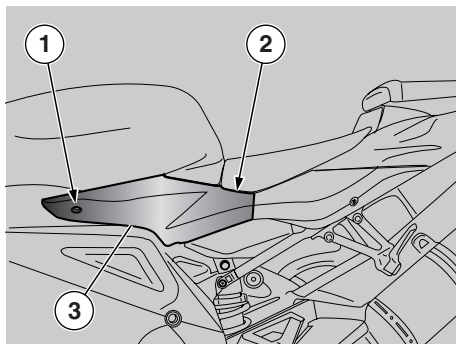
- ◆ Loosen and remove the two retaining screws (15) and the washers.
- ◆ Remove the fairing (16).



- ◆ Loosen and remove the two retaining screws (17) and the washers.
- ◆ Loosen and remove the retaining pin (18).
- ◆ Remove the fairing (19).



- ◆ Loosen and remove the retaining screw (20).
- ◆ Remove the fairing (21).



REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS

- ◆ Remove the rider seat, see page 108 (REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT).
- ◆ Loosen and remove the screw (1).
- ◆ Loosen and remove the screw (2) (remove the front screw).

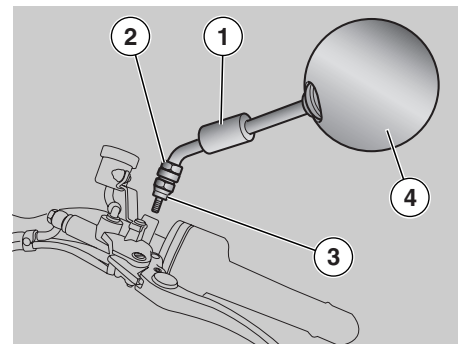
⚠ CAUTION

Handle plastic and painted components with care to avoid scraping or damaging.

- ◆ Remove the side fairing (3).

NOTE Make sure that the rear fittings are positioned correctly when refitting. Repeat these operations to remove the other side fairing.

NOTE The passenger seat lock or passenger seat cover will remain attached to the left side fairing. To separate them, disconnect the Bowden cable from the lock on the inside of the side fairing.



REMOVING THE REARVIEW MIRRORS

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the center stand on firm and level ground.
- ◆ Lift the protection element (1).

⚠ CAUTION

Support the rearview mirror (4) or it may accidentally fall down.

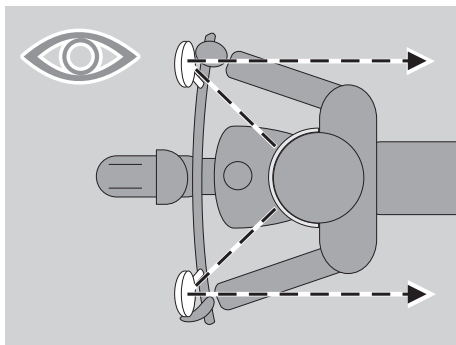
- ◆ Hold the screw (2) and loosen the nut (3) completely.

⚠ CAUTION

Handle plastic and painted components with care to avoid scraping or damaging.

- ◆ Remove the rearview mirror (4).

NOTE Repeat these operations to remove the other rearview mirror.

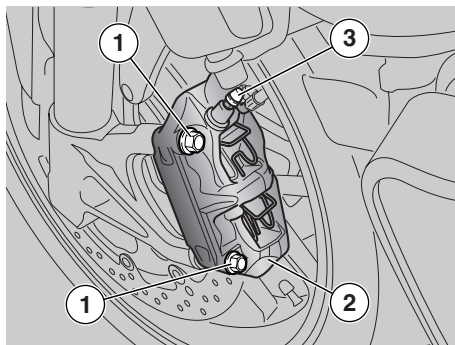


⚠ WARNING

After reassembly, correctly adjust the rearview mirrors and tighten the nuts so that the mirrors are secure. Failure to observe this warning can prevent you from seeing danger approaching from behind and lead to a serious accident.

After refitting:

- ◆ Adjust the inclination of the rearview mirrors correctly.



REMOVING THE FRONT BRAKE CALIPERS

⚠ WARNING

The disassembly and reassembly of the front brake calipers can be difficult for those unfamiliar with vehicle maintenance. You may wish to have your Local **aprilia** Dealer carry out these operations.

If you wish to perform these operations yourself, carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

The front brake system is equipped with two separate calipers, one on the left and one on the right side of the vehicle.

The following information may refer to only one brake caliper but is applicable to both.

While disassembling and reassembling the front brake calipers, pay extra care not to damage the brake lines, discs or pads.

⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the vehicle is stable. If it falls over, it may cause damage to bystanders and other property, as well as being damaged itself.

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the front wheel stand, see page 100 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE FRONT SUPPORT STAND) **OPT**.
- ◆ Rotate the wheel manually, so that the space between two spokes of the rims lines up with the brake caliper.
- ◆ Have a helper steady the handlebar in the straight ahead position.

Brake caliper screw (1) tightening torque setting: 36.16 ftlb (50 Nm).

- ◆ * Remove the two screws (1) that fasten the front brake caliper (2).

⚠ CAUTION

Never touch the front brake lever after removing the brake caliper from the disc. If you do, the caliper pistons may be pushed out of their seats, and brake fluid will be spilled. Should you accidentally do this, take your vehicle to your Local **aprilia** Dealer who will know how to repair this damage.

- ◆ * Remove the brake caliper (2) from the disc, leaving it attached to its line (3).

Operate on the second brake caliper:

- ◆ Repeat the operations marked *.

REASSEMBLY

⚠ WARNING

Keep your fingers clear. Avoid getting them caught between the wheel, the caliper or the fork. Do not attempt to align the holes in the caliper using your fingers. Failure to observe this warning can cause serious injury.

- ◆ ✗ Insert the brake caliper (2) over the disc and place it so that its fastening holes and the holes on the support are aligned.

⚠ WARNING

When reassembling the brake caliper, replace the caliper screws (1) with two new screws of the same type.

- ◆ ✗ Tighten the two screws (1) to the appropriate torque setting.

Brake caliper screw (1) tightening torque setting: 36.16 ftlb (50 Nm).

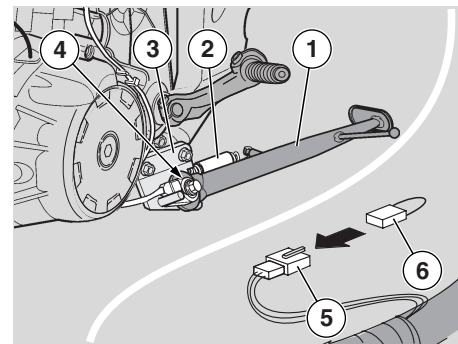
Operate on the second brake caliper:

- ◆ Repeat the operations marked ✗.
- ◆ Remove the front support stand **OPT**, see page 100 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE FRONT SUPPORT STAND) **OPT**.

⚠ WARNING

After servicing the brakes, always check that they operate correctly. If the stroke of the lever or pedal is excessive, or if you detect that the effectiveness of the brakes is reduced in any way, have your vehicle serviced by your Local **aprilia** Dealer. It may be necessary to have your dealer bleed the system, or there may be some other problem with the brake system.

Never ride your vehicle in traffic immediately after servicing the brakes. Always apply the brake pedal or lever several times before riding your vehicle. Then, try your vehicle in a parking lot or other safe area with little traffic to make sure that the brakes are working properly. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a serious accident, which can result in serious injury or death.



REMOVING THE SIDE STAND

Carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

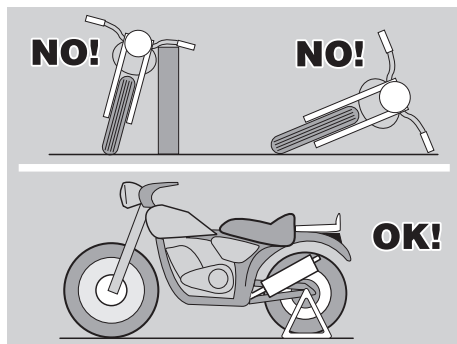
It is advisable to remove the side stand if the vehicle is to be used on closed course competition. When removing the side stand, you must remove the stand (1) complete with:

- springs (2);
- support (3);
- safety switch (4).

⚠ WARNING

Failure to remove the side stand before using your vehicle on closed course competition can result in reduced cornering clearance. This could lead to a serious crash, which can result in serious injury or even death.

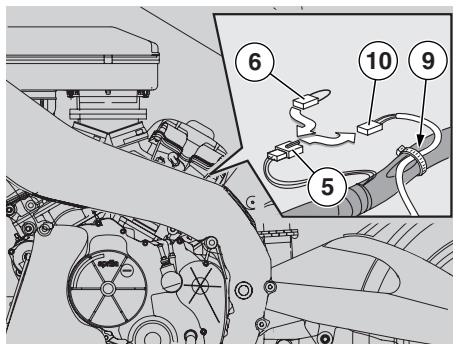
NOTE Removing the safety switch (4) disconnects the electrical circuit, and your vehicle's engine will not run with the transmission in gear.



You must restore the circuit function by connecting the wiring device (6) (**aprilia** part # 8127544), which is available at your **Local aprilia Dealer**, to the connector (5). If the vehicle is used on closed course competition, safety pegs (7) are available for installation on the rider footrests to avoid removal of the side stand.

⚠ WARNING

Removal of the safety pegs (7) fitted to the rider footrests is only allowed after removal of the side stand.



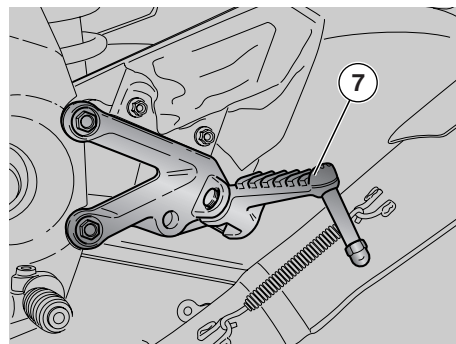
⚠ CAUTION

Never lean the vehicle against walls or lay it on the ground. This could lead to the vehicle falling over, causing damage to the vehicle and injury to yourself or other bystanders.

To park the vehicle without the stand only the rear support stand **OPT may be used.**

⚠ WARNING

Never disconnect or remove the safety switch (4) without also removing the stand. Disconnecting or removing the safety switch (4) only makes it possible to start the vehicle and ride off with an extended stand which may result in upset, and serious injuries or even death to the rider or bystanders, and damage to the vehicle.



To remove the side stand:

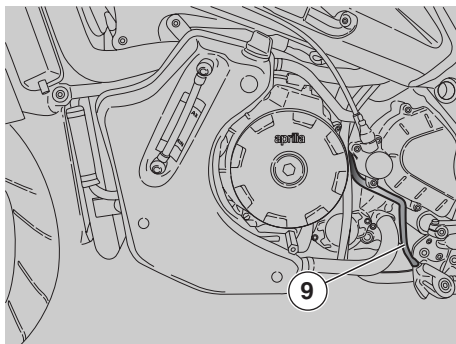
- ◆ Remove the left side cover, see page 113 (REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS).
- ◆ Lift the fuel tank, see page 108 (LIFTING THE FUEL TANK).

NOTE Use a tie-wrap (7) for reassembly.

⚠ CAUTION

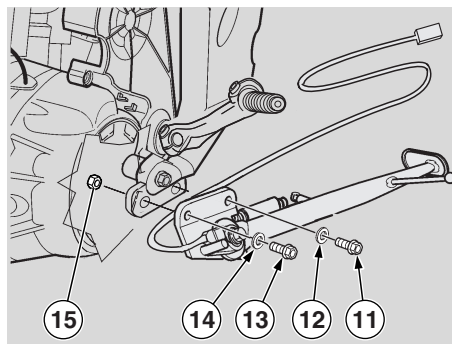
Do not force cables, tubes, lines, connectors and wires.

- ◆ Lift the tank, see page 108 (LIFTING THE FUEL TANK).
- ◆ Disconnect the electric connector (10) from the connector (5).



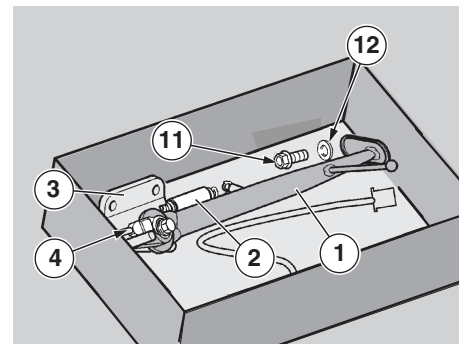
- ◆ Connect the wiring (6) (**aprilia** part # 8127544) [in place of the electric connector (10)].
- ◆ Withdraw the cable (9) completely.
- ◆ Put back the fuel tank, see page 108 (LIFTING THE FUEL TANK).
- ◆ Refit the left side fairing, see page 113 (REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS).

NOTE Support the stand, in order to prevent it from accidentally falling down.



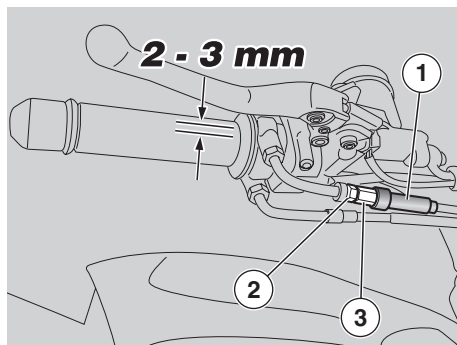
Torque wrench setting for screws (11) and (13): 40 Nm (4 kgm).

- ◆ Loosen and remove the screw (11) and the washer (12).
- ◆ Loosen and remove the screw (13) while holding the nut (15) at the rear end with a wrench.
- ◆ Remove the stand (1) complete with:
 - springs (2);
 - bracket (3);
 - stand switch (4).
- ◆ Refit the screw (13), the washer (14) and the nut (15) and tighten to the specified torque setting.



NOTE Store away the complete stand, the screw (11) and the washer (12) together. This way, you will be able to refit them correctly when you intend to use the vehicle on public roads.

- ◆ Refit the left side fairing, see page 109 (REMOVING THE SIDE FAIRINGS).



If any fastener in the throttle system becomes loose, you will also lose control of your vehicle.

Either situation can lead to an upset or collision, which can result in serious injury or death.

Your vehicle is equipped with a double cable throttle. One cable opens the throttle when you rotate the throttle grip towards you; the other closes the throttle when you rotate the grip away from you. It is essential, when you release the throttle grip, that it automatically return to the idle position.

This double cable arrangement enhances safety by providing for positive closing of the throttle.

ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE CONTROL

Carefully read page 79
(MAINTENANCE).

This vehicle is equipped with two throttle cables.

The following information may refer to just one throttle cable but applies to both throttle cables.

⚠ WARNING

If the throttle sticks open, it may cause a collision with another vehicle, or an upset.

If the throttle sticks, kill the engine with the engine stop switch located on the right handlebar.

Do not attempt to restart the engine until the throttle has been repaired and works perfectly. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a runaway resulting in serious injuries or even death.

⚠ CAUTION

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

Have your Local **aprilia** Dealer check the throttle cables after the first 600 mi (1,000 km) and thereafter every 6,250 mi (10,000 km).

The play of the throttle cable must be between **0.08 – 0.12 in (2 – 3 mm)**, measured at the edge of the grip, see the illustration above.

To adjust the cable:

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).
- ◆ Pull back the rubber boot (1).
- ◆ Loosen the lock nut (2).
- ◆ Rotate the adjuster (3) so as to obtain the proper play.
- ◆ After the adjustment, tighten the lock nut (2) and check the play again.
- ◆ Replace the rubber boot (1).
- ◆ Repeat the adjustment for the second cable.

⚠ WARNING

In the event of a throttle sticking emergency, always kill the engine using the engine stop switch located near the throttle grip on the right handlebar. Never use your vehicle if the throttle does not automatically fully return to the idle position when the throttle grip is released. Contact your Local **aprilia** Dealer for repairs. Failure to observe this warning can lead to a serious accident and result in injury or even death.



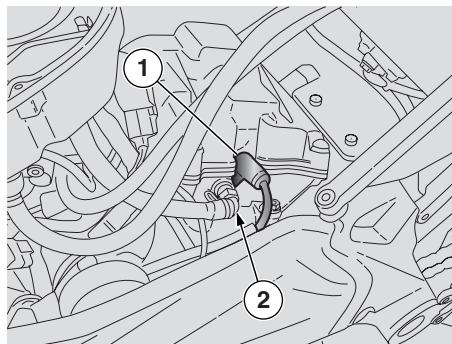
⚠ WARNING

Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, which is extremely poisonous if inhaled.

Do not start the engine in closed or poorly-ventilated rooms.

Failure to observe this warning may cause loss of consciousness or even lead to death by asphyxia.

After you have adjusted the throttle, rotate the handlebars fully left and fully right with the engine idling. Check to make sure that the idle speed is not affected by this. Also check that the throttle smoothly and fully closes when released.



SPARK PLUGS

Carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

⚠ CAUTION

Reduce the service intervals by half when the vehicle is used in rainy or dusty conditions, on rough roads or for racing.

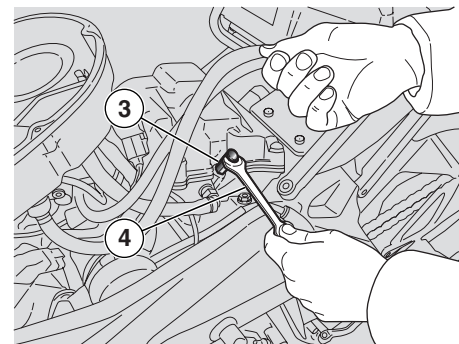
⚠ CAUTION

You must clean and/or replace, one by one, all four spark plugs.

Clean the spark plugs every 6,250 mi (10,000 km); replace them every 12,250 mi (20,000 km).

If you use your vehicle for competition, change the spark plugs every 3,125 mi (5,000 km).

Periodically remove the spark plugs and clean them carefully, removing carbon deposits; replace them if necessary.



The frequency with which this operation must be carried out will vary with the use of the vehicle. However, spark plugs must be cleaned and replaced no less often than described above.

⚠ CAUTION

Even if only one spark plug needs replacing, always change all of them.

TO GAIN ACCESS TO THE SPARK PLUG

⚠ WARNING

Before carrying out the following operations, let the engine and the exhaust silencer cool down until they reach room temperature.

Failure to observe this warning can lead to serious burns.

◆ Lift the fuel tank, see page 108 (LIFTING THE FUEL TANK).

NOTE The vehicle is equipped with one spark plug for each cylinder. The following operations refers to the spark plug installed in one cylinder only, but applies to the spark plugs of both cylinders.

TO REMOVE THE SPARK PLUG

⚠ CAUTION

Never disconnect the spark plug cap with the engine running, since this can cause electric shock from the ignition system.

Do not reverse the position of the two spark plug caps.

Do not remove the two spark plug caps at the same time.

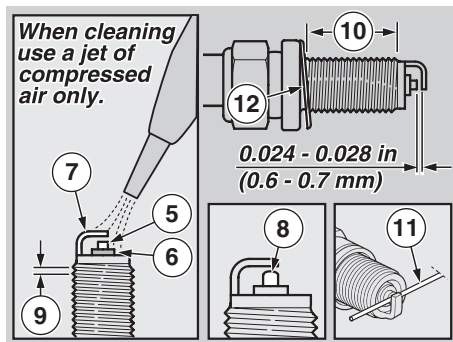
- ◆ Remove the spark plug cap (1).

⚠ WARNING

During this operation, always wear goggles which provide your eyes with 360° protection. Be very careful using compressed air jets, they can cause serious personal injury if directed towards your body.

- ◆ Using compressed air, blow all the dirt away from the base of the spark plug.

NOTE Use the special wrenches from the tool kit, see page 45 (GLOVE/TOOL KIT COMPARTMENT).



- ◆ Place the special spark plug socket wrench (2) completely over the spark plug (3).
- ◆ Place the 11–13 mm open-end wrench (4) over the hexagonal seat of the special spark plug wrench (2).

⚠ CAUTION

Make sure that no dirt falls into the cylinder through the spark plug hole.

- ◆ Unscrew the spark plug and extract it from its seat.

TO CHECK AND CLEAN THE SPARK PLUG

⚠ CAUTION

This vehicle is fitted with spark plugs featuring platinum-type electrodes. When cleaning, do not use wire brushes and/or abrasive products. Use a jet of compressed air only.

Key:

- 5) center electrode;
- 6) ceramic nose;

7) side electrode.

Inspect the spark plug, and make sure that there are neither carbon deposits, nor corrosion marks on the electrodes (5) and (7) and on the ceramic nose (6); if necessary, clean them with a jet of compressed air.

If the spark plug ceramic nose is cracked, or if the electrodes are corroded, or there are excessive deposits on the electrodes of the nose, or the tip (8) of the central electrode (5) is rounded, the spark plug must be replaced.

⚠ CAUTION

When replacing a spark plug, always check the pitch (9) and length (10) of the thread.

The use of a spark plug with too short a threaded portion will result in carbon deposits building up on the internal thread of the head. This can result in damage to the engine when the appropriate spark plug is installed.

The use of the spark plug with too long a threaded portion can cause the plug to strike the piston, with consequent irreparable damage.

Use only the recommended spark plug type, see page 137 (TECHNICAL DATA). Failure to observe this caution will result in reduction in the service life and performance of the engine. Use a round wire feeler gauge (11) to check the spark plug gap, in order to avoid damaging the platinum coating.

- ◆ Using a round wire feeler gauge (11), check the spark plug gap.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not try to adjust the spark plug gap in any way.

The gap must be **0.024 – 0.028 in (0.6 – 0.7 mm)**, otherwise it is necessary to replace the spark plug.

- ◆ Make sure the gasket (12) is in good condition.

TO FIT THE SPARK PLUG

- ◆ With the gasket (12) in place, screw the spark plug into the head finger tight.
- ◆ Tighten the spark plug with the special spark plug wrench, approximately one-half turn after it first snugly contacts the cylinder head.

Spark plug tightening torque setting:
14.47 ftlb (20 Nm).

⚠ CAUTION

The spark plug must be properly tightened, otherwise the engine may overheat and be seriously damaged.

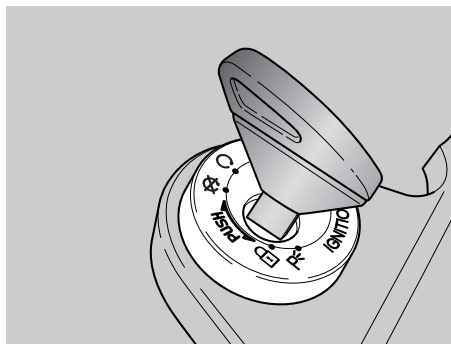
⚠ CAUTION

Do not mix up the spark plug caps (1) position.

- ◆ Fit the spark plug cap (1) properly, so that it does not come off due to the vibrations of the engine.

NOTE Repeat the operations described to remove, check and clean the other (second) spark plug of the same cylinder and the other two spark plugs of the second cylinder.

- ◆ Replace the fuel tank, see page 108 (LIFTING THE FUEL TANK).



CHANGING FUSES

Carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

⚠ WARNING

Risk of fire.

Keep fuel and other flammable substances away from the electrical components.

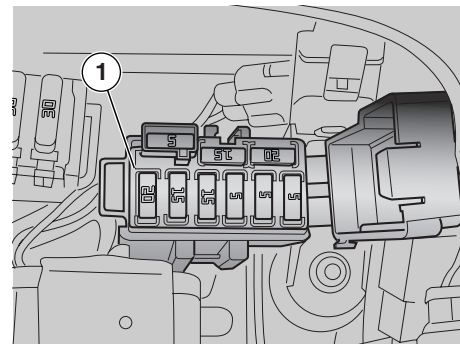
⚠ CAUTION

Do not repair faulty fuses.

Use only recommended fuses.

Using fuses of an improper capacity can cause damage to the electrical system or an electrical fire, which could result in total destruction of your vehicle as well as injury to you.

NOTE If a fuse blows frequently, there probably is a short circuit or an overload in the electrical system. If this occurs, take the vehicle to your **Local Aprilia Dealer**.



If an electric component does not work or works irregularly, or if the vehicle fails to start, it is necessary to check the fuses.


Your vehicle is equipped with two group of fuses:

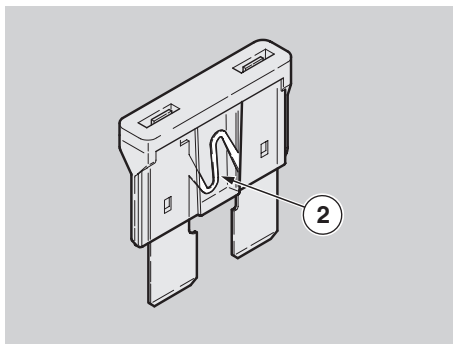
- the 15A auxiliary fuse group (1) placed on the right side of the fairing, see page 122 (ARRANGEMENT OF 15A AUXILIARY FUSES);
- the 30A main fuse group (2) placed under the rider seat, see page 122 (ARRANGEMENT OF 30A MAIN FUSES).

NOTE Check the fuses in the following order:

- first the fuses of the 15A auxiliary fuse group (1);
- second the fuses of the 30A main fuse group (2).

To check the fuses of the auxiliary fuse group (1):

- ◆ Set the ignition switch to “” to avoid any accidental short circuit.

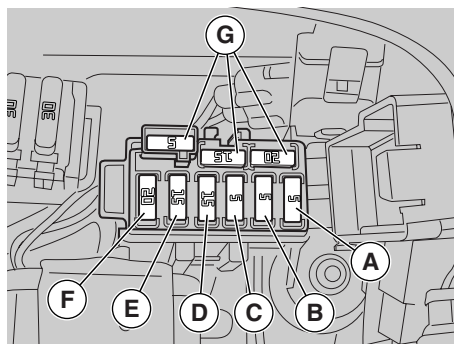


- ◆ Remove the rider seat, see page 108 (REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT)
- ◆ Open the cover of the auxiliary fuse box (1).
- ◆ Extract and check the fuses one by one - a divided link bar (2) means that the fuse is blown.
- ◆ Before replacing a fuse, try to find out the cause of the trouble, if possible.
- ◆ Replace the damaged fuse with a new one having the same amperage.

NOTE When you use one of the spare fuses, remember to add a new fuse of equal rating to the fuse box.

- ◆ Remove the rider seat, see page 108 (REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT).
- ◆ Repeat the process for the main fuses.

NOTE When the 30-A fuses are removed, the digital clock and red line setting will be reset to zero. See page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER) for instructions on how to set the clock and red line.

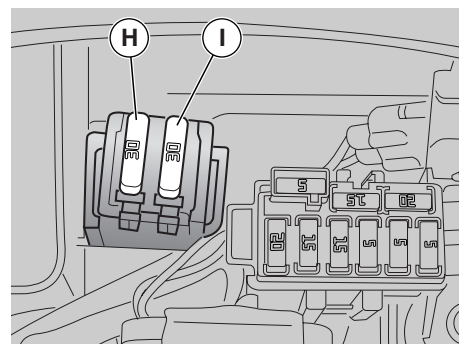


ARRANGEMENT OF 5A AUXILIARY FUSES

- A) From ignition key to: light relay, brake light, horn, parking lights.
- B) From ignition key to: direction indicators, dashboard.
- C) From battery to: key positive brought to ECU.

ARRANGEMENT OF 15A AUXILIARY FUSES

- D) From battery to: speed sensor, fuel pump, relay, starter, lambda sensor.
- E) From battery to: cooling fan relay, coils, fuel injectors, air intake flaps, camshaft position sensor.



ARRANGEMENT OF 20A AUXILIARY FUSES

- F) From ignition switch to: high-beam lights, low-beam lights.

NOTE There are three spare fuses (G).

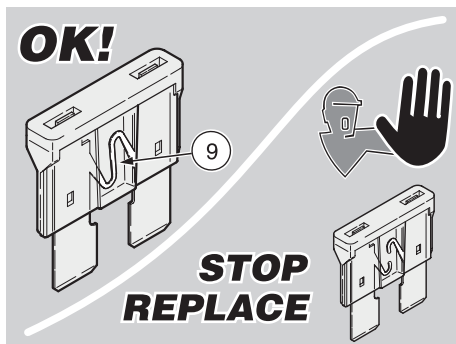
ARRANGEMENT OF 30A MAIN FUSES

- H) Battery charging and vehicle loads (red and red/white wires).
- I) Injection loads (red and red/white wires).

NOTE There is one spare fuse (L).

⚠ CAUTION

Extract the fuses one by one, so as to avoid replacing them incorrectly during reassembly.



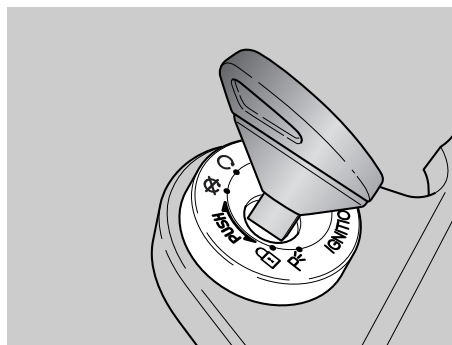
NOTE If you remove one of the 30A fuses, this will reset the digital clock and the red line on zero. To reset these functions, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).

- ◆ Remove the fuses one by one and inspect the filament (9). If it is open, the fuse must be replaced.
- ◆ Replace the blown fuse with the appropriate spare fuse or with a new fuse having the same amperage rating.

⚠ WARNING

If you replace the fuse and it blows again immediately, there is a serious problem with the electrical system of your vehicle. Do not attempt to continue using your vehicle. Take it to your Local **aprilia** Dealer for repair and service.

NOTE If you use the spare fuse, replace it as soon as convenient.



BATTERY

Carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

Your vehicle is equipped with a sealed maintenance-free battery. Except for the tightness of the terminals, and required recharging, this battery does not require any other maintenance.

Check the tightness of the terminals after the first 600 mi (1,000 km) and thereafter every 4,650 mi (7,500 km) or 12 months.

⚠ WARNING

Batteries, when charged, give off hydrogen gas, which is highly explosive. Therefore, do not smoke while working on or around the battery, and keep open flames or sparks away from the battery. Keep gasoline and other flammable substances well away from the battery, since a battery spark could easily ignite them and cause a devastating fire.

Since the battery gives off explosive hydrogen gas, especially when it is being charged, when you are charging a battery, make sure that the room is properly ventilated. Do not inhale the gases released during charging. Do not permit any open flames, sparks or cigarettes or any other source of heat anywhere near the battery while it is charging.

⚠ CAUTION

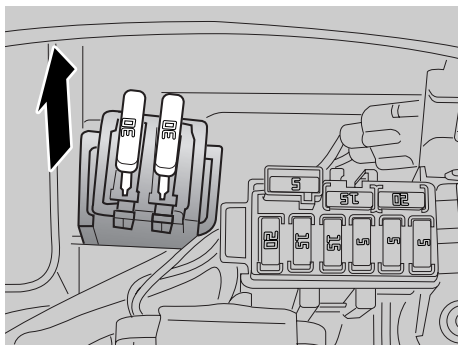
Never switch the battery cables. Observe the proper polarity of the battery. Incorrectly connections the battery to your vehicle will irreparably destroy the electrical system of your vehicle.

Connect and disconnect the battery only with the ignition switch (1) in the "OFF" position.

First connect the positive cable red (+), then the negative (-).

Disconnect the negative cable (-) first, then the positive red (+).

If your battery needs to be charged, use a constant voltage, or "taper" charger, with a current rating no greater than 1/10th the capacity of the battery (i.e., for a 50 amp hour battery, the maximum charging current should be 5 amps). Use of a more powerful charger cannot only damage the battery irreparably, but could cause it to overheat and explode.



BATTERY STORAGE

⚠ CAUTION

If this vehicle is not used for more than twenty days, remove the 30A fuses, see page 121 (CHANGING FUSES). This will prevent the discharge of the battery caused by the slight current consumption of the multifunction computer.

NOTE The removal of the 30A fuses will reset the digital clock and the red line setting to zero. To reset these functions, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).

Carefully read page 123 (BATTERY).

If your vehicle is not used for more than a couple of weeks, it will be necessary to “trickle charge” the battery, to prevent battery damage, see page 125 (RECHARGING THE BATTERY).

- ◆ Remove the battery, see page 125 (REMOVING THE BATTERY), and put it in a cool, dry place.
- ◆ The best way to prevent battery deterioration is to constantly leave a “trickle” charger with a capacity of about 1/10th amp attached. These chargers are inexpensive and available from your Local **aprilia** Dealer, and will make sure that your battery always remains in tip top condition.
- ◆ If this cannot be done, charge the battery for about 30 minutes using a battery charger with a current capacity no greater than 1/10th the capacity of the battery, see page 125 (RECHARGING THE BATTERY).

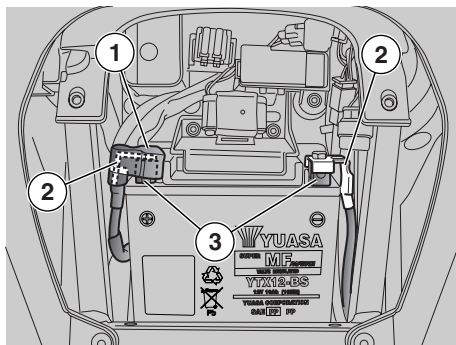
It is important to check the charge periodically (about once a month), during the winter or when the vehicle is not used, in order to prevent the deterioration of the battery.

- ◆ Recharge it completely with a normal charge, see page 125 (RECHARGING THE BATTERY).
- ◆ While we recommend removing the battery from the vehicle, if you must leave it in your vehicle, disconnect both battery cables.

CHECKING AND CLEANING THE TERMINALS

Carefully read page 123 (BATTERY).

- ◆ Make sure that the ignition switch is in the “” (OFF) position.
- ◆ Remove the rider seat, see page 108 (REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT).
- ◆ Remove the red rubber boot (1).
- ◆ Make sure that the cable terminals (2) and the battery terminals (3) are:
 - in good condition (and not corroded or covered with deposits);
 - covered with neutral grease or Vaseline.
 If it is necessary to clean the battery terminals and the cable terminals:
- ◆ Remove the battery, see page 125 (REMOVING THE BATTERY).
- ◆ Brush the cable terminals (2) and the battery terminals (3) with a wire brush to eliminate any sign of corrosion.
- ◆ Install the battery, see page 126 (INSTALLING THE BATTERY).



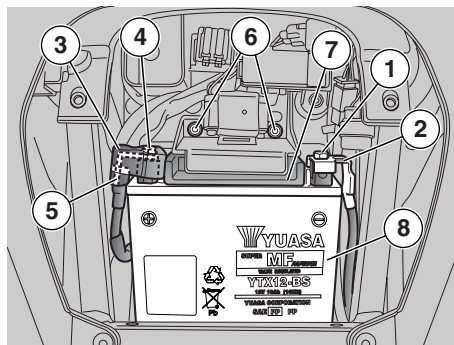
REMOVING THE BATTERY

⚠ CAUTION

When the battery is removed, the digital clock and red line setting will be reset to zero. See page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER) for instructions on how to set clock and red line.

Read page 96 (BATTERY) carefully.

- ◆ Make sure the ignition switch is in the "OFF" position.
- ◆ Remove the rider seat, see page 108 (REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT).
- ◆ Loosen and remove the negative (-) terminal screw (1).
- ◆ Slide the negative lead (2) aside.
- ◆ Lift the red protective cap (3).
- ◆ Loosen and remove the positive (+) terminal screw (4).
- ◆ Slide the positive lead (5) aside.
- ◆ Loosen and remove the two screws (6).
- ◆ Remove the battery retaining bracket (7).



- ◆ Grasp the battery (8) firmly and lift it out of its mount.

⚠ CAUTION

Once it has been removed, store the battery in a safe place and keep it away from children. Even a completely sealed, maintenance-free battery can be an injury hazard.

- ◆ Place the battery on a level surface, in a cool, dry place.
- ◆ Refit the rider seat, see page 108 (REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT).

NOTE To reinstall the battery, see page 126 (INSTALLING THE BATTERY).

CHECKING THE ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

Carefully read page 123 (BATTERY).

Your vehicle is equipped with a sealed maintenance-free battery that does not require checking of the battery level.

RECHARGING THE BATTERY

Carefully read page 123 (BATTERY).

⚠ WARNING

This battery is completely sealed. Do not attempt to remove the caps. There is never any need to add water to this battery. Attempting to remove the caps will destroy the battery and could lead to injury through the spillage of caustic electrolyte. Recharge the battery according to the table below.

- ◆ Remove the battery, see page 125 (REMOVING THE BATTERY).

⚠ WARNING

The battery gives off noxious and explosive gases; keep it away from flames, sparks, cigarettes and any other source of heat.

During recharging or use, make sure that the room is properly ventilated and avoid inhaling the gases released during the recharging.

- ◆ Connect the battery charger to the battery.
- ◆ Set the charger for the desired type of recharge (see table).
- ◆ Charge the battery using a battery charger with a current capacity of no greater than 1/10th the capacity of the battery, see page 137 (TECHNICAL DATA).

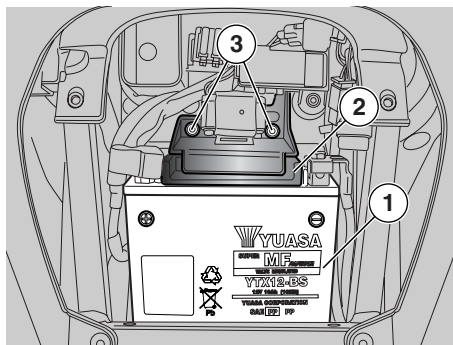
- ◆ Charge at voltage, amperage and time stated below.

Recharge type	Voltage (V)	Tension (A)	Time (hours)
Normal	12	1.0	8 – 10
Fast	12	1.0	0,5

- ◆ Switch on the battery charger.

⚠ WARNING

Wait for 5 or 10 minutes after you have finished charging the battery before reinstalling it, the battery continues to produce gas for a short period of time after the charger is removed.



INSTALLING THE BATTERY

- ◆ Make sure the ignition switch is in the "X" position.
- ◆ Remove the rider seat, see page 108 (REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT).

NOTE Place the battery (1) with the terminals pointing to the rear of the vehicle.

- ◆ Refit the battery (1) into its mount.
- ◆ Refit the battery retaining bracket (2).

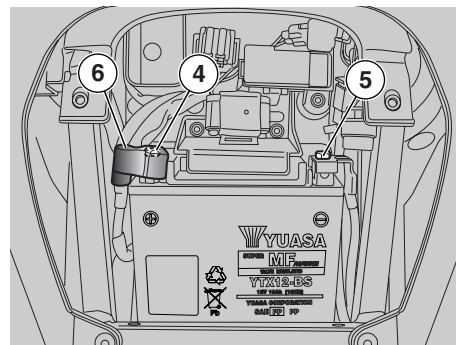
⚠ CAUTION

Pay special attention to correctly positioning the bank angle sensor on the battery bracket (2).

- ◆ Fit and tighten the screws (3).

⚠ WARNING

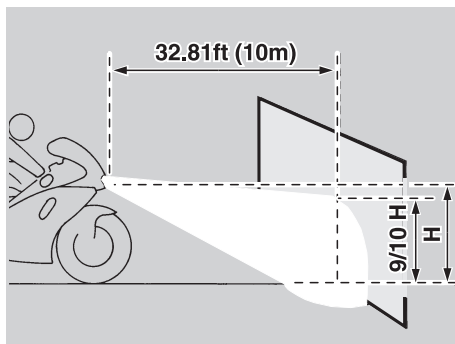
When refitting, connect the positive cable (+) first and then the negative cable (-).



- ◆ Connect the positive (+) cable by tightening the terminal screw (4).
- ◆ Connect the negative (-) cable by tightening the terminal screw (5).
- ◆ Coat lead connections and terminals with neutral grease or Vaseline.
- ◆ Refit the red protective cap (6).
- ◆ Refit the rider seat, see page 108 (REMOVING THE RIDER SEAT).

⚠ CAUTION

When the battery is removed, the digital clock and red line setting will be reset to zero. See page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER) for instructions on how to set clock and red line.



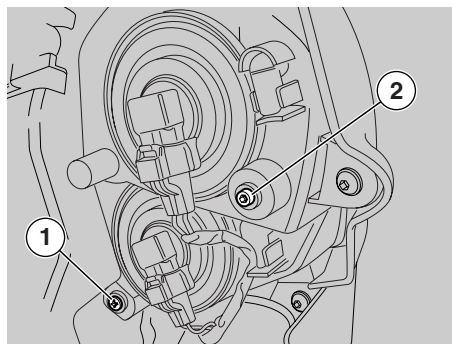
ADJUSTING THE HEADLIGHT BEAM VERTICALLY

⚠ WARNING

Do not use the vehicle if the lights are not functioning properly.

Do not use the vehicle if the headlight is adjusted incorrectly. This could temporarily blind oncoming cars, and also reduce the rider's ability to see any obstacle along the road while riding at night.

It is always advisable to reduce speed when riding at night, so as to have the time necessary to avoid any obstacle and to adapt to the poorer visibility that inevitably results from darkness. Failure to observe this warning can cause you to collide with another object, with consequent risk of serious injury or even death.



NOTE The procedure described here is in compliance with the Italian standard that establishes the maximum height of the headlight beam.

For vehicles used in other countries, you must conform with local regulations.

To quickly check the correct adjustment of the beam, place the vehicle on flat ground, **32.81 ft (10 m)** away from a wall.

Turn on the low beam, sit on the vehicle and make sure that the beam projected on the wall is slightly under the horizontal line of the headlight (about 9/10th of the total height).

To adjust the headlight beam vertically:

Working from the rear of the front part of the fairing.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not force the screw beyond its limits.

◆ Adjust the screw (1).

Turn the screw clockwise to adjust the right beam higher (upwards).

Turn the screw counterclockwise to adjust the right beam lower (downwards).

◆ Repeat the process for the right beam.

⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the vertical adjustment of the headlight beam is correct.

HEADLIGHT SCREENING

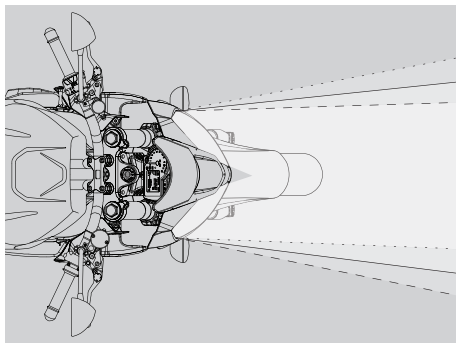
In case headlights are to be taped (for using the vehicle on the track), it is recommended to disconnect the connectors of the headlamps to prevent the lens from overheating because they are not cooled by air.

⚠ CAUTION

Secure and insulate previously disconnected wires so that they do not hinder handlebar movement and are insulated from water.

⚠ CAUTION

Restore electric connections before using the vehicle on the public road.

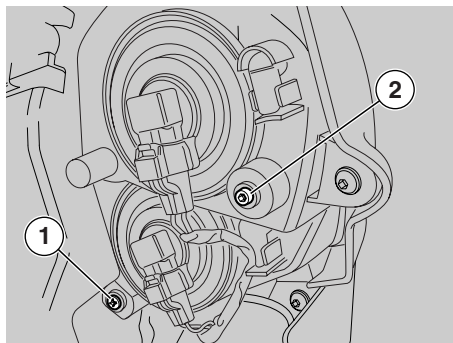


ADJUSTING THE HEADLIGHT BEAM HORIZONTALLY

⚠ WARNING

Do not use the vehicle if the lights are not functioning properly. Do not use the vehicle if the headlight is adjusted incorrectly. This could temporarily blind oncoming cars, and also reduce the rider's ability to see any obstacle along the road while riding at night. It is always advisable to reduce speed when riding at night, so as to have the time necessary to avoid any obstacle and to adapt to the poorer visibility that inevitably results from darkness. Failure to observe this warning can cause you to collide with another object, with consequent risk of serious injury or even death.

NOTE The terms "right" and "left" are referred to the rider seated on the vehicle in the normal riding position.



It is possible to adjust the horizontal position both to the right and to the left.

◆ Working from the rear left side of the front fairing, turn the screw (2).

⚠ CAUTION

Do not force the screws beyond their limits.

Working from the rear side of the front part of the fairing.

With the screw (2) to the left side of the dashboard (left beam):

- turn the screw clockwise to adjust the beam to the left;
- turn the screw counterclockwise to adjust the left beam to the right.

With the screw (2) to the right side of the dashboard (right beam):

- turn the screw clockwise to adjust the right beam to the right;
- turn the screw counterclockwise to adjust the right beam to the left.

⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the horizontal adjustment of the headlight beam is correct. Different jurisdictions have different requirements for horizontal headlight aiming. Make sure that you conform with the rules of the jurisdictions in which your vehicle is being used.

HEADLIGHT SCREENING

In case headlights are to be taped (for using the vehicle on the track), it is recommended to disconnect the connectors of the headlamps to prevent the lens from overheating because they are not cooled by air.

⚠ CAUTION

Secure and insulate previously disconnected wires so that they do not hinder handlebar movement and are insulated from water.

⚠ CAUTION

Restore electric connections before using the vehicle on the public road.



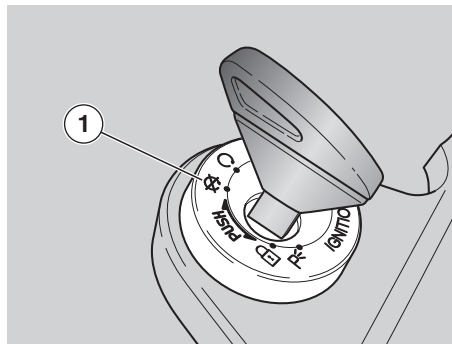
BULBS

Carefully read page 79 (MAINTENANCE).

⚠ WARNING

Do not use the vehicle if the lights are not functioning properly. Do not use the vehicle if the headlight is adjusted incorrectly. This could temporarily blind oncoming cars, and also reduce the rider's ability to see any obstacle along the road while riding at night.

It is always advisable to reduce speed when riding at night, so as to have the time necessary to avoid any obstacle and to adapt to the poorer visibility that inevitably results from darkness. Failure to observe this warning can cause you to collide with another object, with consequent risk of serious injury or even death.



⚠ WARNING

Risk of fire.

Keep fuel and other flammable substances away from the electrical components.

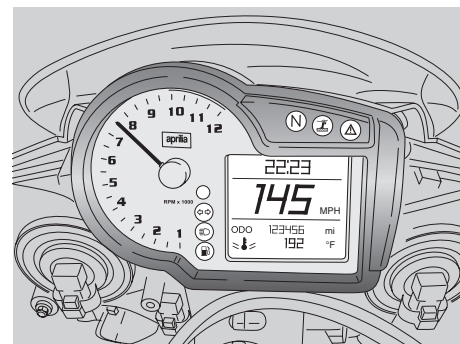
Before changing a bulb, turn the ignition switch (1) to the "⊗" (OFF) position and wait a few minutes so that the bulb cools down.

Change the bulb wearing clean gloves or using a clean and dry cloth.

Do not leave fingerprints on the bulb, since these may cause its overheating and consequent breakage.

If you touch the bulb with your bare fingers, remove any fingerprints with alcohol in order to avoid any damage.

TAKE CARE TO AVOID DAMAGING THE ELECTRIC CABLES.



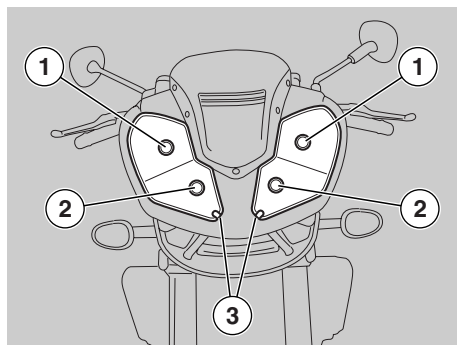
NOTE Before changing a bulb, check the fuses, see page 121 (CHANGING FUSES).

CHANGING THE DASHBOARD BULBS

In the unlikely event that the dashboard bulbs need changing, please see your Local **aprilia** Dealer. This operation is difficult and delicate, and should be entrusted to your local dealer.

⚠ CAUTION

The instrument panel is equipped with LED lighting and if a failure occurs the complete instrument panel will be replaced.



CHANGING THE HEADLIGHT BULBS

Carefully read page 129 (BULBS).

NOTE Before changing a bulb, check the fuses, see page 121 (CHANGING FUSES).

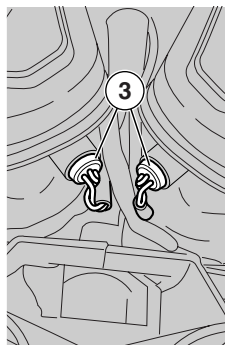
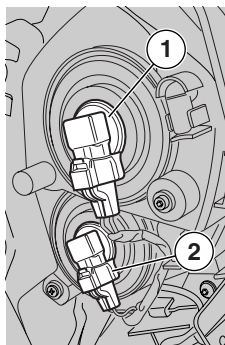
The headlight contains:

The headlight accommodates the following bulbs:

- Two high-beam bulbs (1).
- Two low-beam bulbs (2).
- Two parking-light bulbs (3).

The high- and low-beam bulbs are identical. If the low beam is burned out and no spare bulb is available, it is possible to substitute the high-beam bulb for the low-beam bulb.

This should only be done to make it possible to ride a short distance at night to a shop where a new bulb can be obtained or home.



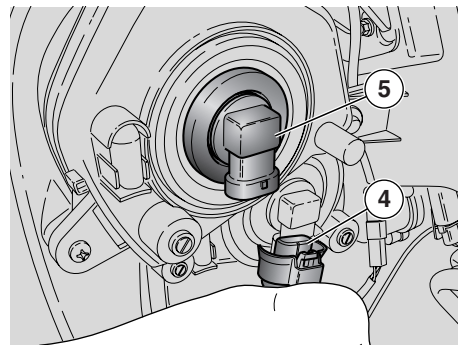
To replace:

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 58 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).

HIGH- AND LOW-BEAM BULBS

NOTE Disconnect one connector at a time to avoid confusing the various connectors when refitting.

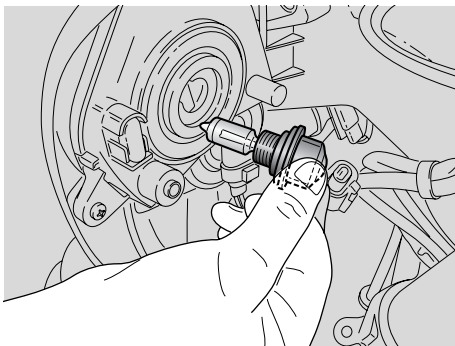
When high- and low-beam bulb connectors must be removed simultaneously, mark them with their positions and make sure to refit them in the correct positions when assembling.



⚠ CAUTION

Never pull on the wiring to disconnect a bulb connector.

- ◆ Disconnect the connector (4).
- ◆ Rotate the locking counterclockwise and extract the bulb holder (5).
- ◆ Fit a new bulb of equal rating.
- ◆ Refit the bulb holder into the seat and rotate clockwise to lock in place.
- ◆ Refit the connector (4).



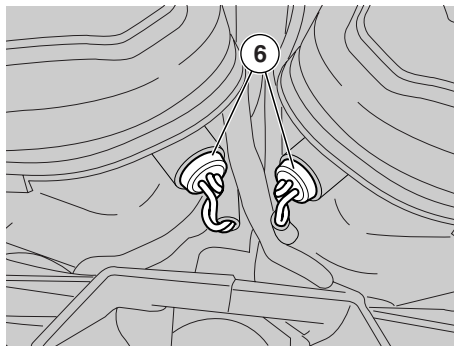
⚠ CAUTION

Never pull on the wiring to disconnect a bulb connector.

PARKING-LIGHT BULB

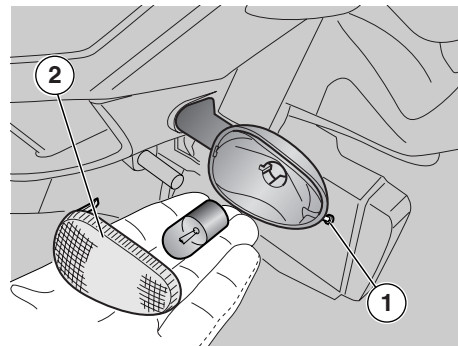
⚠ CAUTION

Never pull on the wiring to extract a bulb holder.



- ◆ Grasp the parking-light bulb holder (6) and pull to extract.
- ◆ Remove the bulb and fit a new bulb of equal rating.

NOTE Make sure that the bulb fits correctly into the bulb holder.



REPLACING THE FRONT AND REAR DIRECTION INDICATOR BULBS

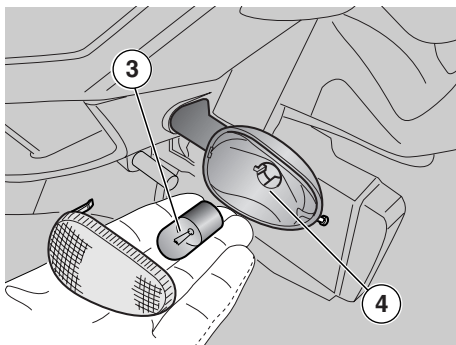
Read page 104 (BULBS) carefully.

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).
- ◆ Loosen and remove the screw (1).

⚠ CAUTION

The protective shield is retained by a locating peg. Remove carefully or the locating peg might break off.

- ◆ Remove the glass (2).



⚠ CAUTION

When refitting, make sure that the lens fits properly into its slot. Tighten the screw (1) gradually. Do not overtighten to avoid damaging the lens.

- ◆ Push down the bulb (3) gently and twist counterclockwise.
- ◆ Extract the bulb (3) from its seat.

⚠ CAUTION

When fitting the bulb, make sure that the two locating pegs fit properly into the slots in the bulb holder.

- ◆ Install a new bulb of equal rating.

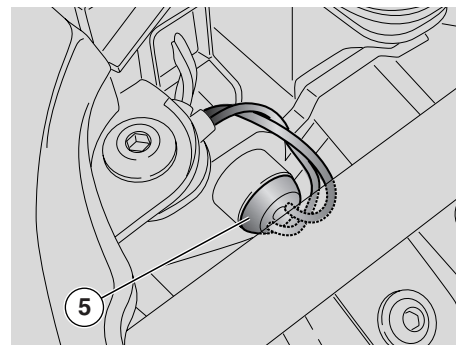
⚠ CAUTION

If the reflector (4) comes off its seat, refit it correctly.

REPLACING THE LICENSE PLATE LIGHT BULB

Read page 129 (BULBS) carefully.

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the stand, see page 77 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE STAND).
- ◆ Remove the passenger seat / glove/tool kit compartment cover, see page 45 (GLOVE/TOOL KIT COMPARTMENT).



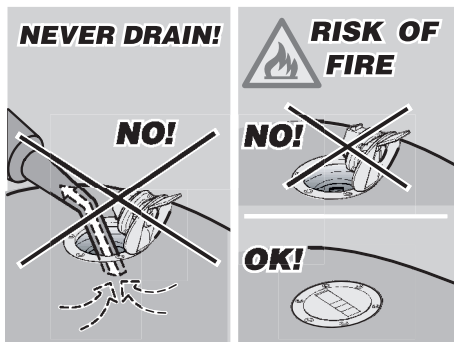
⚠ CAUTION

Never pull on the wiring to extract a bulb holder.

- ◆ Extract the license plate light bulb holder (5).
- ◆ Remove the bulb and fit a new one with equal rating.

NOTE Make sure that the bulb fits correctly into the bulb holder.

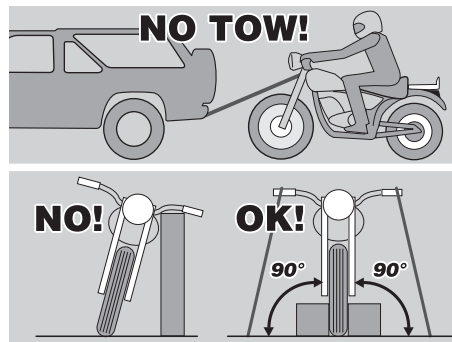
TRANSPORT



⚠ CAUTION

Never drain the fuel tank, either partially or completely. This may cause damage to the inner components of the fuel tank, or to other parts of the fuel system.

Always make sure that the fuel filler cap is correctly closed.



⚠ WARNING

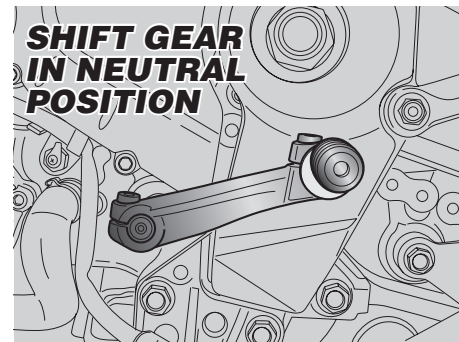
Never attempt to tow your vehicle with another vehicle.

⚠ WARNING

While your vehicle is being transported, it must be kept in a vertical position, firmly tied down, and with the wheels blocked.

Transport your vehicle in neutral gear only.

Failure to observe this warning could cause serious damage to the transmission due to vibration of the transport truck.

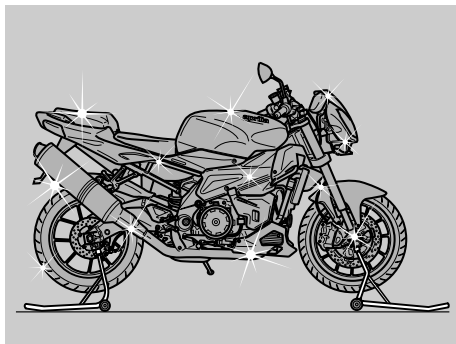


DRAINING THE FUEL TANK

⚠ CAUTION

Never drain the fuel tank, either partially or completely. This may cause damage to the inner components of the fuel tank, or to other parts of the fuel system.

Always make sure that the fuel filler cap is correctly closed.



Clean your vehicle regularly. Your vehicle will look better and work better if you keep it clean. You will find you will need to clean it more frequently if it is used in the following conditions:

- Polluted areas (cities and industrial areas).
 - Areas characterized by a high percentage of salinity and humidity (sea areas, hot and humid climates).
 - Particular conditions (use of salt and anti-ice chemical products on the roads during the winter).
- ◆ Do not allow contaminants such as industrial dust, tar spots, dead insects, bird droppings, etc. to remain on the painted portions of your vehicle. They will very quickly etch into and damage the paint.
- ◆ Do not park your vehicle under trees, since some trees ooze resins that contain chemicals which can damage the paint.



⚠ WARNING

After your vehicle has been washed, brake functioning will be temporarily impaired because of the wetness of the discs and pads. Do not ride in traffic until after you have dried the brakes by repeated braking from slow speed.

After washing your vehicle, always carry out the preliminary checking operation, see page 67 (PRE-RIDE CHECKS CHART).

⚠ CAUTION

To clean the lights, use a sponge soaked with water and a neutral detergent, rubbing the surfaces delicately and rinsing frequently with plenty of water.

Polish with silicone wax only after having carefully washed your vehicle.

Do not use polishing pastes on matt paints.

Do not wash the vehicle in direct sunlight, especially during the summer, when the paintwork is still warm: if the shampoo dries before being rinsed away, it can damage the paint.

Do not use solvents or water hotter than 40°C to clean the plastic components of the vehicle.

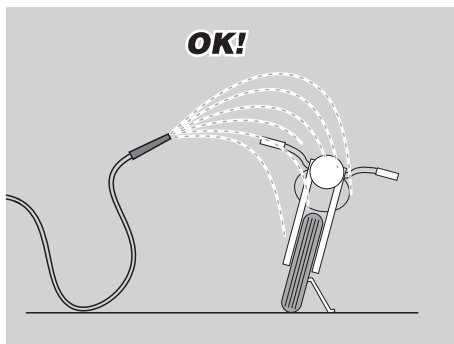
Never use a high pressure washer, a steam cleaner, or an air augmented water jet to clean your vehicle, especially the wheel hubs, handlebar controls, brake reservoirs and cylinders, instruments, electrical components or exhaust silencer.

Such cleaning machinery will force water into critical portions of your vehicle, which could damage your vehicle through corrosion or short circuiting.

Do not use alcohol, gasoline or solvents to clean rubber parts, plastic parts, and the seat. Use only clear water and mild soap.

⚠ WARNING

Do not apply any protective coating to the seat. Such coatings tend to make the seat too slippery.

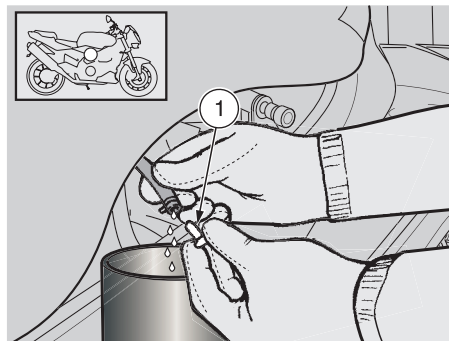


To remove dirt and mud from the painted surfaces, use a low pressure water hose. Carefully wet the dirty parts and remove mud and dirt with a soft car sponge. You may use proprietary car shampoos (2-4% parts of shampoo in clear water), to make this easier.

Carefully rinse so that no dirt or grit remains on the paintwork, and dry with a clean chamois or clean terry towel.

To clean the engine and other non-painted parts, use a mild solvent and a bristle brush, along with plenty of rags.

Parts in anodized or painted aluminum such as forks, wheel rims, frame, footpegs and so on, should be washed with mild soap and water. Do not use aggressive detergents or the surface treatment of these parts might damage.

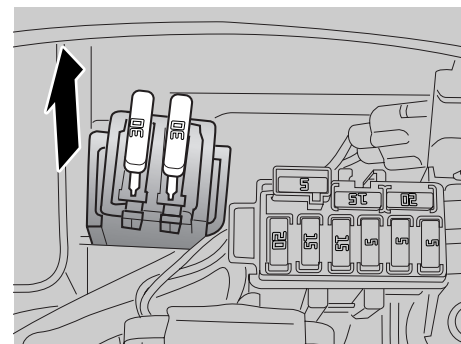


After washing the vehicle, always:

KEEP POLLUTING SUBSTANCES AND COMPONENTS AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

DISPOSE OF POLLUTING SUBSTANCES AND COMPONENTS PROPERLY.

- ◆ Remove the plug (1) to make sure that any water or other contaminant that may have accumulated inside the air cleaner case is drained.



LONG PERIODS OF INACTIVITY

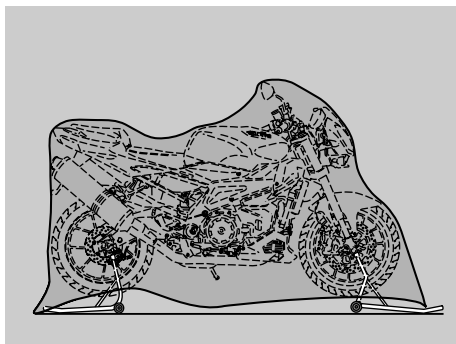
⚠ CAUTION

If this vehicle is not used for more than twenty days, remove the 30A fuses, see page 121 (CHANGING FUSES). This will prevent the discharge of the battery caused by the slight current consumption of the multifunction computer.

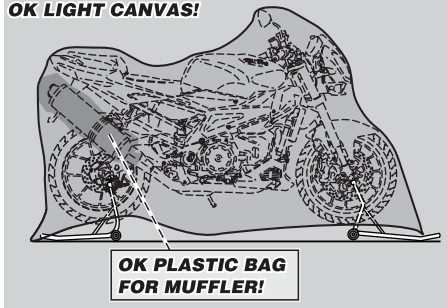
NOTE The removal of the 30A fuses will reset the digital clock and the red line setting to zero. To reset these functions, see page 34 (MULTIFUNCTION COMPUTER).

If the vehicle is to be stored for a relatively long period of time, such as over the winter, some simple precautions will make putting the vehicle back into service much easier.

It is much less difficult to prepare the vehicle for storage properly than it is to restore the vehicle to proper working condition after a storage period if you have forgotten or neglected to do this preparation.



**OK OLD SHEET! OK MUFFLER PROTECTION!
OK LIGHT CANVAS!**



**OK PLASTIC BAG
FOR MUFFLER!**

To prepare the vehicle for storage:

- ◆ Remove the battery, see page 125 (REMOVING THE BATTERY) and store it, see page 124 (BATTERY STORAGE).
- ◆ Wash and dry the vehicle, see page 134 (CLEANING).
- ◆ Polish the painted surfaces with wax, see page 134 (CLEANING).
- ◆ Inflate the tires, see page 62 (TIRES).
- ◆ Do not drain the fuel tank. However, if available, you may wish to add a proprietary fuel storage additive, available from your **aprilia dealer** or automobile supply stores. Follow the instructions on the container.

NOTE Do not add more than the recommended amount of additive.

⚠ CAUTION

Some fuel additives may damage some components of your fuel system. Check with your Local **aprilia Dealer.**

- ◆ Place the vehicle in a cool, dry room, away from direct sunlight, with minimum temperature variations.

⚠ WARNING

Before carrying out the following operations, let the engine and the exhaust silencer cool down until they reach room temperature. Failure to observe this warning can lead to serious burns.

- ◆ Place a plastic bag over the muffler outlet pipe, and tape or tie it tight.

NOTE You must use the appropriate front and rear support stands to store your vehicle so that both tires are raised from the ground.

- ◆ Place the vehicle on the appropriate rear support stand **OPT**, see page 99 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE REAR SUPPORT STAND) **OPT**.
- ◆ Place the vehicle on the appropriate front support stand **OPT**, see page 100 (PLACING THE VEHICLE ON THE FRONT SUPPORT STAND) **OPT**.
- ◆ Cover the vehicle with an old sheet or a light canvas, do not use a sheet of plastic or other waterproof material. This will cause condensation which will result in corrosion.

PUTTING THE VEHICLE BACK INTO SERVICE

NOTE Remove the plastic bag from the muffler outlet pipe.

- ◆ Uncover and clean the vehicle, see page 134 (CLEANING).
- ◆ Check the charge of the battery, see page 125 (RECHARGING THE BATTERY) and install it, see page 126 (INSTALLING THE BATTERY).
- ◆ Carry out the preliminary check operations, see page 67 (PRE-RIDE CHECKS CHART).

⚠ WARNING

Test ride the vehicle at moderate speed in a low traffic area before you ride in heavy traffic.

TECHNICAL DATA

DIMENSIONS	Max. Length	79.72 in (2025 mm)
	Max. Width	32.68 in (830 mm)
	Max. height (front fairing included).....	43.30 in (1100 mm)
	Seat height.....	31.88 in (810 mm)
	Wheelbase	55.51 in (1410 mm)
	Min. ground clearance.....	5.90 in (150 mm)
	Weight ready for starting.....	461 lb (209 kg)
ENGINE	Model	V990 NG
	Type.....	4-stroke V 60° twin-cylinder, with 4 valves per cylinder, DOHC.
	Number of cylinders	2
	Total displacement	997.6 cu. cm
	Bore/Stroke	3.82 in/2.65 in (97 mm/67.5 mm)
	Compression ratio.....	11.8 ± 0.5: 1
	Starting.....	electric
	Engine idling rpm	1250 ± 100 rpm
	Clutch.....	multiplate wet clutch, hydraulically operated, control on left side of handlebar and PPC device
	Lubrication system	dry sump with separate oil reservoir and oil cooler
TRANSMISSION	Air filter	with dry filter cartridge
	Cooling.....	liquid-cooled
TRANSMISSION	Type.....	mechanical, 6 gears with foot control on the left side of the engine
CAPACITY	Fuel (reserve included)	4.75 US Gallon (18 ℓ)
	Fuel reserve	1.05 ± 0.26 US Gallon (4 ± 1 ℓ)
	Engine oil	oil change 3700 cu. cm – oil and oil filter change 3900 cu. cm
	Fork fluid	520 ± 2.5 cu. cm (per leg)
	Coolant.....	0.58 US Gallon (2.2 ℓ) (50% water + 50% antifreeze with ethylene glycol)
	Seats	2
	Vehicle max. load	423 ib (192 kg) (rider + passenger + luggage)

GEAR RATIOS	Ratio	Primary	Secondary	Final ratio	Total ratio
	1st	31/60 = 1 : 1.935	15/34 = 1 : 2.267	16/40 = 1: 2.500	1:10.986
	2nd		19/31 = 1 : 1.632		1: 7.895
	3rd		20/26 = 1 : 1.300		1: 6.290
	4th		22/24 = 1 : 1.091		1: 5.279
	5th		25/24 = 1 : 0.960		1: 4.645
	6th		26/23 = 1 : 0.885		1: 4.280
Drive chain	Type	endless (no master link) with sealed links			
	Model	525			
FUEL SUPPLY SYSTEM	Type	electronic injection (Multipoint)			
	Throttle	Ø 2.24 in (57 mm)			
FUEL SUPPLY	Fuel	premium-grade unleaded petrol, minimum octane rating 95 (ROM) and 85 (MON).			
FRAME	Type	double beam, inclined in aluminum alloy, box-type.			
	Steering head angle	25°			
	Trail	4 in (101.7 mm) (with tire 120/70)			
SUSPENSIONS	Front	adjustable hydraulic upside-down fork, Ø 1.69 in (43 mm)			
	Stroke	4.72 in (120 mm)			
	Rear	aluminum alloy double-sided swingarm with progressive linkage and APS system. Adjustable hydraulic shock absorber in rebound and compression damping			
	Wheel travel	5.24 in (133 mm)			
BRAKES	Front	twin floating disc - Ø 12.60 in (320 mm), four-piston calipers - Ø 1.34 in (34 mm)			
	Rear	Disc brake - Ø 8.66 in (220 mm), twin-piston caliper - Ø 1.25 in (32 mm)			
WHEEL RIMS	Type	light alloy, removable shaft			
	Front	3.50 x 17"			
	Rear	6.00 x 17"			

TIRES

Type:	Original equipment: PIRELLI DIABLO CORSA; METZELER SPORTEC M1; MICHELIN PILOT SPORT E; DUNLOP SPORTMAX D208RR
Front.....	120/70-ZR 17"
Inflating pressure.....	2.5 atm (250 KPa)
Rear	190/50 ZR 17"
Inflating pressure.....	2.8 atm (280 KPa)
Type:	alternative: PIRELLI SUPERCORSA PRO; METZELER RENNSPORT; MICHELIN PILOT POWER RACING; METZELER SPORTEC M1 (180/55 ZR17" only)
Front.....	120/70-ZR 17"
Rear	180/55 ZR 17" - 190/55 ZR17

SPARK PLUGS

Standard.....	NGK R DCPR9E
Spark plug gap.....	0.024 ÷ 0.028 in (0.6 ÷ 0.7 mm)
Resistance	5 kΩ

ELECTRIC SYSTEM



Battery	12 V – 10 Ah
Main fuses.....	30 A
Auxiliary fuses.....	5 A, 15 A, 20 A
Generator (with permanent magnet).....	12 V – 500 W

BULBS





(Halogen) low beam.....	12 V – 55 W H11 x 2
(Halogen) high beam.....	12 V – 55 W H11 x 2
Front parking light	12 V – 5 W x 2
Turn indicators.....	12 V – 10 W AMBER (USA version 12 V - 10 W)
License plate light	12 V – 5 W
Rear parking lights/Stoplight	LED
Revolution counter	LED
Left multifunction display lighting	LED



WARNING LIGHTS	Neutral	LED
	Turn indicators	LED
	Fuel reserve	LED
	High beam.....	LED
	Stand down.....	LED
	Warning light.....	LED
	Red line setting	LED
	Immobilizer.....	LED



LUBRICANT CHART

(Recommended) Engine oil:  EXTRA RAID 4, SAE 15W - 50 or  Agip TEC 4T SAE 15W - 50.



As an alternative to recommended oils, top brand oils meeting or exceeding CCMC G-4 A.P.I. SG specifications can be used.

(Recommended) Fork oil:  F.A. 5W,  F.A. 20W or  Agip FORK 5W or  Agip FORK 20W.


When you wish to obtain an intermediate response between those offered by  F.A. 5W and  F.A. 20W oils, you may mix the different products as follows:

SAE 10W =  F.A. 5W 67% of volume +  F.A. 20W 33% of volume

 Agip FORK 5W 67% of volume +  Agip FORK 20W 33% of volume.

SAE 15W =  F.A. 5W 33% of volume +  F.A. 20W 67% of volume

 Agip FORK 5W 33% of volume +  Agip FORK 20W 67% of volume.



Bearings and other lubrication points (recommended):  Bimol Grease 481,  AUTOGREASE MP or  Agip GREASE 30.

As an alternative to recommended grease, use top brand roller bearing grease that will resist a temperature range of -30°C +140°C, with dripping point 150°C - 230°C, high corrosion protection, good resistance to water and oxidization.

Battery lead protection: Neutral grease or Vaseline.

Spray grease for chains (recommended):  CHAIN SPRAY or  Agip CHAIN LUBE.

Use new brake fluid only. Do not mix different makes or types of oil without having checked bases compatibility.

Recommended brake fluid: the system is loaded with  Autofluid FR. DOT 4 (Compatible DOT 5);  Agip BRAKE 5.1 DOT 4 (Compatible DOT 5).

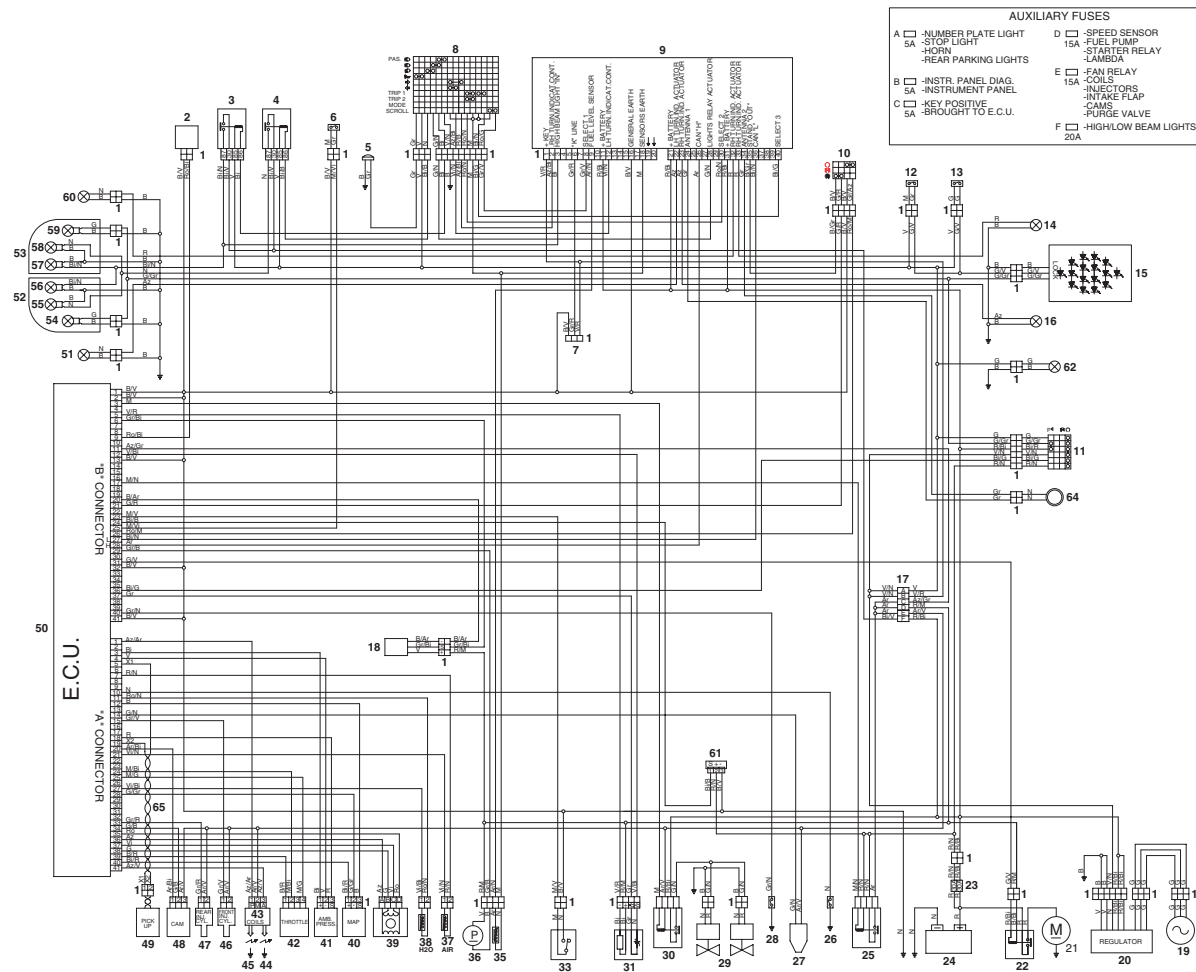
Use new clutch fluid only

(Recommended) clutch fluid:  Autofluid FR. DOT 4 (Compatible DOT 5);  Agip BRAKE 5.1 DOT 4 (Compatible DOT 5).

Use only nitrite-free antifreeze and anticorrosive, ensuring protection at -35°C at least.

(Recommended) Coolant:  ECOBLU 40 °C or  Agip COOL.

WIRING DIAGRAM TUONO 1000



WIRING DIAGRAM KEY - TUONO 1000

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1) Starter | 36) Rear right turn indicator |
| 2) Starter relay | 37) Tail light (LED) |
| 3) Main fuses | 38) - |
| 4) Purge valve (California only) | 39) Speed sensor |
| 5) Fans | 40) Voltage regulator |
| 6) Fan relay | 41) Warning horn |
| 7) Side stand switch | 42) Clutch switch |
| 8) - | 43) Front stoplight switch |
| 9) Fuel level sensor | 44) Rear left turn indicator |
| 10) Fuel pump | 45) Auxiliary fuses |
| 11) Camshaft sensor | 46) Flywheel |
| 12) Rear cylinder injector | 47) Multiple connectors |
| 13) Front cylinder injector | 48) Bank angle sensor |
| 14) Rear cylinder spark plug | 49) Lambda sensor |
| 15) Front cylinder spark plug | 50) ECU diagnostics |
| 16) Twin coil | 51) Front right turn indicator |
| 17) Water thermistor | 52) Right beam parking light |
| 18) Intake pressure sensor | 53) Left high-beam bulb |
| 19) Atmospheric pressure sensor | 54) Right low-beam bulb |
| 20) E.C.U. | 55) Right high-beam bulb |
| 21) Pick up | 56) Left low-beam bulb |
| 22) Throttle sensor | 57) Left headlight |
| 23) Air thermistor | 58) Front left turn indicator |
| 24) Automatic choke | 59) Left beam parking light |
| 25) Injection relay | 60) Right headlight |
| 26) Oil pressure sensor | 61) License plate light |
| 27) - | 62) - |
| 28) Battery | 63) Key-operated switch |
| 29) High-beam relay | 64) Neutral switch |
| 30) Low-beam relay | 65) Immobilizer antenna |
| 31) Instrument panel diagnostics | 66) Twisted cable for pick up |
| 32) Left dimmer switch | |
| 33) Instrument panel | |
| 34) Right dimmer switch | |
| 35) Rear stoplight switch | |

WIRE COLOR CODING

- Ar** Orange
Az Light blue
B Blue
Bi White
G Yellow
Gr Gray
M Brown
N Black
R Red
V Green
Vi Violet
Ro Pink

THE VALUE OF SERVICE

Thanks to ongoing technical updates and product-specific technical training, **aprilia** Authorized Network engineers are familiar with every detail of this vehicle and have the special equipment required for correct maintenance and repair.

A vehicle kept in sleek running order is a reliable vehicle. Pre-ride checks, proper maintenance at the recommended intervals and using **aprilia** Original Parts only are key factors!

For information on the Official Dealer and/or Service Center nearest you, please consult the Yellow Pages or the map provided at our web site:

www.aprilia.com

When you demand **aprilia** Original Parts, you are purchasing products that have been developed and tested as early as the vehicle design stage. **aprilia** Original Parts systematically undergo strict quality control procedures to ensure total reliability and long service life.

aprilia s.p.a. wishes to thank its customers for the purchase of this vehicle.

- Do not dispose of oil, fuel, polluting substances and components in the environment.
- Do not keep the engine running if it is not necessary.
- Avoid disturbing noises.
- Respect nature.