

RTS Stacker

Device Driver User Guide



Notices

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Letter to our Customers

Dear Customer,

The Agilent Technologies acquisition of Velocity11 resulted in the following changes:

- Creation of Agilent Technologies Automation Solutions, formerly Velocity11
- Renaming of some Velocity11 products
- New Customer Service and Technical Support contact information
- New website address for product information

Please make a note of the following changes as they impact this user guide.

Velocity11 product name changes

Velocity11 product name	Changes to
Access2 Automated Microplate Loader	Automated Centrifuge Loader
Element Automation System	BioCel 900 System
IWorks Device Driver Programming Interface	VWorks DCL Interface
PlatePierce Seal Piercing Station	Microplate Seal Piercer
VCode Barcode Print and Apply Station	Microplate Barcode Labeler
Velocity11 Robot	3-Axis Robot
VHooks Integration Interface	VWorks Hooks Interface
VPrep Pipetting System	Vertical Pipetting Station
VSpin Microplate Centrifuge	Microplate Centrifuge
VStack Labware Stacker	Labware Stacker

New contact information

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RTS Stacker Device Driver User Guide

Introduction



This chapter introduces Velocity11 device drivers and provides some basic procedures that are needed to use them.

A Velocity11 device driver is software that plugs into VWorks or BenchWorks software to allow them to control a specific device.

Before reading this guide, you should be familiar with the VWorks or BenchWorks software user interface. Information about using VWorks or BenchWorks software can be found in the *VWorks Version 3 Automation Control User Guide* or *BenchWorks Automation Control User Guide*.

To set up and use Velocity11 device drivers, become familiar with the content in this guide as well as the guides for the devices that use VWorks or BenchWorks software.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- "Who should read this guide" on page 2
- □ "About Velocity11 user guides" on page 3
- □ "What this guide covers" on page 5
- □ "About devices" on page 6
- □ "About device drivers" on page 7
- □ "Installing device drivers" on page 9
- □ "Adding devices" on page 10
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- □ "About profiles" on page 15
- General Setting the properties for a device" on page 16
- □ "Adding and linking Sub Process tasks" on page 19
- □ "Using JavaScript to set task parameters" on page 21
- □ "About reader output files" on page 22
- □ "About device initialization" on page 25

Who should read this guide

Job roles

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This user guide is for people with the following job roles:

Job role	Responsibilities	
Integrator	Someone who writes software and configures hardware controlled by device drivers.	
Lab manager, administrator, or	Someone who is responsible for:	
technician	□ Installing device drivers	
	Managing device drivers	
	Developing the applications that are run using device drivers	
	Solving the more challenging problems that might arise	
	Developing training materials and standard operating procedures for operators	
Operator	Someone who performs the daily production work using the device driver and solves routine problems.	
	Your organization may choose to create its own procedures for operators including the procedures in this guide.	

Related topics

For information about	See
Contacting Velocity11	http://www.velocity11.com/ contact.html
Accessing online help	"About Velocity11 user guides" on page 3
Device drivers	"About device drivers" on page 7

About Velocity11 user guides

About this topic	This topic describes the different formats of Velocity11 user information and explains how to access the user information.	
Formats available	Velocity11 user information is provided to you as:	
	Online help	
	□ A PDF file	
	□ A printed book	
	The information in each format is the same but each format has different benefits.	
Where to find user	Online help	
information	The online help is added to your computer with the Velocity11 lab automation system software installation.	
	PDF file	
	The PDF file of the user guide is on the software CD that is supplied with the product.	
	Velocity11 website	
	You can search the online help or download the latest version of any PDF file from the Velocity11 website at www.velocity11.com.	
	<i>Note:</i> All Velocity11 user information can be searched from the website at www.velocity11.com.	
Online help	The online help is the best format to use when you are working at the computer and when you want to perform fast or advanced searches for information.	
	To open the online help:	
	1. In the Velocity11 lab automation software, press F1. The online help window opens.	
	Main features	
	The online help window contains the following:	
	Navigation pane. Consists of four tabs. The Contents, Index, and Search tabs provide different ways to locate information. The Using tab contains information about using the help system.	
	Content pane. Displays the online help topics.	
	Navigation buttons. Enables you to navigate through the pages. The online help includes a navigation pane, content pane, and navigation buttons.	

RTS Stacker Device Driver User Guide

Navigation pane	Content pane	Navigation buttons
Contents Index Search Using	HELP CENTER	
Introduction	VELDEITY 1 1 Main Page	2 4 \times \times \times
Who should read this guide		
bout Velocity11 user guides	About Velocity11 user guides	
Supported software versions	The control of the second seco	
inding your software versions	Introduction	
eporting VWorks problems	Introduction	
/Works overview	Each Velocity11® user guide is delivered to you as:	
asic description	Online help	
istruments you can use with VWorks	A PDF file	
verview of the VWorks user interface	A printed book	
howing and hiding tabs and toolbars in VWorks		
elationships of configuration VWorks	The information in each format is the same but each has different effectively it helps to know when it is best to use each format.	t strengths. To work most
omponents	enectively ichieps to know when it is best to use each format.	
		8
reparing for a run	Where to get the online help and PDF	
Vorkflow for preparing a run	Online help	
tarting VWorks	The VWorks® online help file is installed separately from the softw	are from the Works Help CD ROM
ogging in to VWorks and changing your	The file that launches the help is called help.html and is located in	
assword bout tasks, processes, and protocols	C:VWorks Workspace/docs/helpsystem	
pening a protocol in VWorks		
etting general options	PDF file of the user guide	
bout setting error-handling options	C:VWorks Workspace/docs	
etting general error-handling options	The VWorks user manual in PDF format is located on the software	
otification of errors by email	copy onto your computer. It is not automatically installed with th	
etting protocol options	Note: You can also download the latest version of all the docume	entation from our website at
etting pre-protocol rules	www.velocity11.com/support/support.html.	
etting protocol rules		\$
bout log and data files	Online help	~
etting log options		

PDF user guides

Computer requirements

To open a user guide in PDF format, you need a PDF viewer. You can download a free PDF viewer from the internet.

Printing and searching

The user guides in PDF format are mainly for printing additional copies. You can perform simple searches in the PDF file, although these searches are much slower than online help searches.

More information

For more information about using PDF documents, see the user documentation for the PDF viewer.

Related topics

For information about	See
Who this guide is for	"Who should read this guide" on page 2
What's in this guide	"What this guide covers" on page 5
Device driver plug-ins	"About device drivers" on page 7

What this guide covers

About this topic	This topic presents an overview of what procedures and information are provided in this user guide.			
	This guide explains how to:			
	Install the driver for the device			
	• Configure the device in the device manager			
	□ Set and use the tasks associated with the device			
	Use <i>Device</i> Diagnostics			
Also read	Information about device drivers not covered in this guide and about running VWorks or BenchWorks software can be found in the VWorks Version 3 Automation Control User Guide or the BenchWorks Automation Control User Guide.			
Driver version	To find version information for a driver in VWorks:			
	1. Start VWorks.			
	2. Click Help and select About VWorks.			
	The About VWorks dialog box lists the version numbers of all the current software for all the devices and plug-ins.			
	To find version information for a driver in BenchWorks:			
	1. Start BenchWorks.			
	2. Click Help and select About BenchWorks .			
	The About BenchWorks dialog box lists the version numbers of all the current software for all the devices and plug-ins.			
Firmware version	Some devices have firmware installed on them. Because each device is different, the version number may not be the same for all devices.			
	To find version information for device firmware:			
	1. Open <i>Device</i> Diagnostics dialog box.			
	2. Click About.			
	The About <i>Device</i> Control message box appears displaying the current version of firmware.			
What this guide does	This guide does not cover the following:			
not cover	□ The operation of the device			
	□ The operation of VWorks or BenchWorks software			
	Velocity11 devices, such as the PlateLoc Sealer, VCode Microplate Labeler, and VPrep Pipettor when used in stand-alone mode			

VWorks or BenchWorks compatibility	If you have purchased a device driver plug-in and are installing it yourself, check with the Velocity11 Technical Support to be sure your version of VWorks or BenchWorks software and the device driver plug-in are using the same version of IWorks software.	
BenchWorks versions		ith BenchWorks software may not include e specifically added for use with VWorks ed in this manual.
Related topics	For information about	See
	Who this guide is for	"Who should read this guide" on page 2
	User documentation	"About Velocity11 user guides" on page 3
	Device driver plug-ins	"About device drivers" on page 7

About devices

This topic presents a definition of a Velocity11 device and the device file.	
Read this topic if you are unfamiliar with Velocity11 devices and VWorks or BenchWorks software.	
A device is an item on your lab automation system that has an entry in the device manager. A device can be a robot, an instrument, or a location on the lab automation system that can hold a piece of labware.	
Examples of devices:	
Velocity11 robot	
Human robot	
PlateLoc Thermal Plate Sealer	
□ Labcyte Echo550	
Platepad	
□ VPrep shelf	
□ Waste	
The data entered into the device manager and saved as a device file contains the configuration information for your devices.	

Device file location	Device files have the file name format <i>file name</i> .dev and are stored in	
	the folder location that you specify when saving the file.	

Related topics

For information about	See
Device diagnostics	"About diagnostics" on page 11
Device profiles	"About profiles" on page 15
Adding a device to the device manager	"Adding devices" on page 10

About device drivers

About this topic	This topic describes what device drivers are and what they do.			
	Velocity11 device drivers enable mechanical devices or software programs to work with VWorks or BenchWorks software.			
	Read this topic if you are:			
	An administrator in charge of installing device drivers and managing Velocity11 devices			
	A lab automation system integrator who writes software and configures hardware controlled by VWorks or BenchWorks software			
Device driver defined	A Velocity11 device driver enables VWorks or BenchWorks software to control and communicate with the specific type of device. Each type of device that you operate with VWorks or BenchWorks software requires a device driver.			
	For example, VWorks software uses the:			
	VPrep Pipettor device driver to communicate with the Velocity11 VPrep Pipettor device			
	Softmax Reader device driver to communicate with Molecular Devices readers			
Plug-in defined	A plug-in is a software program that when added to another program extends it.			
Plug-in device drivers	Some device drivers are incorporated directly into the VWorks or BenchWorks software application. Other device drivers are distributed as plug-ins. All the device drivers covered in this guide are the plug-in type.			

Advantages of distributing device drivers as plug-ins are: • You only need to install the plug-ins for the devices you use U When new plug-ins become available, they can be easily added. There is no need to re-install the VWorks or BenchWorks software application **IWorks interface** The device driver plug-ins and VWorks or BenchWorks software use IWorks software as a common interface to communicate with each other. Using a common interface allows the creation of a device driver plug-in without the necessity of changing the software. **!! IMPORTANT !!** Both VWorks or BenchWorks software and the device driver must be using the same version of IWorks to work properly. Writing your own If you are a lab automation system integrator who writes software and configures hardware controlled by VWorks or BenchWorks software, you device driver can write your own driver plug-in for a new device. Contact the Velocity11 Technical Support for information about how to do this. What functions do Once installed, the following items are enabled: the device drivers □ Tasks associated with the device. provide? Device-specific tasks appear in the Protocol Tasks list and are available for use in protocol editor processes. □ Task parameters associated with the device. Device-specific task parameters appear in the Protocol Task Parameters toolbar. These determine the conditions with which to execute the tasks of the device. Diagnostic commands specific to the device. Device-specific diagnostic commands and options appear in the Device Diagnostics dialog box. These commands enable direct control of the device.

Related topics

For information about	See
Adding a device to the device manager	"Adding devices" on page 10
Opening diagnostics	"Opening diagnostics" on page 12
Installing a device driver	"Installing device drivers" on page 9
Devices	"About devices" on page 6

Installing device drivers

About this topic	Devices are integrated into VWorks or BenchWorks software using device driver plug-ins. Plug-ins need to be installed before the device can be configured and used.		
	This topic describes how to install device drivers if they are not already installed on your system. Read this topic if you are an administrator in charge of managing Velocity11 devices.		
Procedure	To install device	e drivers:	
		ce driver installation disc into the CD-ROM of the ning VWorks or BenchWorks software.	
	2. Follow the on-screen instructions for installation, selecting the default values when available.		
	3. When finished, exit VWorks or BenchWorks software.		
	4. Log off Windows and restart your computer.		
	5. Start VWorks or BenchWorks software.		
	For this application	The default location for the device driver is	
	VWorks softwa	re C:\VWorks Workspace\bin\plugins	
	BenchWorks software	C:\Program Files\Velocity11\BenchWorks\plugins	

Related topics

For information about	See
Device drivers	"About device drivers" on page 7
Opening diagnostics	"Opening diagnostics" on page 12

Adding devices

About this topic	To configure your lab automation system to use a device, you need to add it to a device file in VWorks or BenchWorks software. The VWorks or BenchWorks software device manager uses the information in the device file to communicate and operate the device within the automation system.			
	This topic describes how to:			
	Create a new device file (if one does not already exist)			
	□ Add devices			
	□ Save the device file			
	Read this topic if you are an administrator in charge of managing Velocity11 devices.			
Procedure	To add devices to a device file:			
	1. Make sure that the devices are physically networked to the VWorks or BenchWorks software computer and turned on.			
	2. Start VWorks or BenchWorks software and login as an Administrator.			
	3. Do one of the following:			
	 If you have an existing device file that you want to add to, select File > Device File, click Open, and select your device file. 			
	 If you are creating a new device file, select File > Device File and click New. 			
	4. Click the Device Manager tab.			
	E Click New device in the Device List teelbar and enter a name for the			

- 5. Click **New device** in the **Device List** toolbar and enter a name for the device you are adding.
- 6. In the device manager, set the **Device type**.

The default type is **Plate Pad, Standard**.

🖃 General		
Device name		STR device
Device type		Plate Pad, Standard
Approach height (mm)		StoreX Incubator
Allowed / prohibited labw	are	StoreX IO Pad
Teachpoints		StoreX/CytomatPLC Device Driver (from plugin)
Device is accessible from	robot "Human Robot"	ー Symbol MiniScan BCS Driver しえ Teleshake, High-speed/1536
🖃 Bar code Readers		Teleshake, Standard
Device has south side BC	R	Thermo Labsystems Multiskan Ascent Reader
Device has west side BCF	(Ultramark

7. Repeat step 5 and step 6 for each device.

8. Select File > Device File > Save.

If you are creating a new device file, you are prompted to enter a name for your device file.

Alternatively, you can select **File > Save All**. This saves the device file and the current protocol file at the same time.

Related topics

For information about	See	
Device drivers	"About device drivers" on page 7	
Setting generic device properties	"Setting the properties for a device" on page 16	
Adding a sub-process to a protocol	"Adding and linking Sub Process tasks" on page 19	
Opening diagnostics	"Opening diagnostics" on page 12	

About diagnostics

About this topic	This topic presents an overview of diagnostics software. Read this topic if you need to set up or troubleshoot a device running VWorks or BenchWorks software.
Background	Devices can be controlled in real time directly through the VWorks or BenchWorks software Diagnostics using simple commands.
	Diagnostics software is used for:
	□ Troubleshooting
	Setting teachpoints
	Performing manual operations outside a protocol
	Creating and editing profiles
	For example, if an error occurs during a run that leaves a plate and the robot where they should not be, you can use robot diagnostics to move the plate and return the robot to its home position.
Types of diagnostics software	Devices and robots manufactured by Velocity11 include their own diagnostics software. You can find instructions for using this software in the relevant user guide.

Related topics

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For information about	See	
Opening diagnostics	"Opening diagnostics" on page 12	
Adding a device to the device manager	"Adding devices" on page 10	
Device drivers	"About device drivers" on page 7	
The definition of devices	"About devices" on page 6	

Opening diagnostics

About this topic

Every device has diagnostics software to assist you with troubleshooting and setting up the device. This topic describes how to open a device's diagnostics in VWorks or BenchWorks software.

Read this topic if you need to access a device's diagnostics to perform a device setup task or manually operate a device.

Procedure 1 If you are using VWorks4 software

To open Diagnostics:

1. Click **Diagnostics** on the Control toolbar.



2. In the device file's window, select the device. Expand the general name of the device, if necessary.

Device File - 1 Diagnostics	×
Bravo Pipettor	
Device diagnostics	

3. Click **Device diagnostics** located at the bottom of the window. The device's diagnostics dialog box opens.

If you are using VWorks3 or BenchWorks software

To open Diagnostics:

1. Click **Diagnostics** on the Control toolbar.



2. In the **Diagnostics** window, select thedevice. Expand the general name of the device, if necessary.



3. Click **Device diagnostics**. The device's diagnostics dialog box opens.

If you are using VWorks4 software

To open Diagnostics:

Procedure 2

- 1. Click the **Device File** tab.
- Select the device from the **Devices** toolbar.
 Expand the general name of the device, if necessary.

😴 Device File - 1 * 😻 Protocol File - 1 *
Devices
⊡-\$ Bravo Pipettor ⊞-\$ <mark>Bravo-1</mark>

3. Click **Device diagnostics** located at the bottom of the **Devices** toolbar.

Initialize selected devices
Close selected devices
Delete selected devices
Device diagnostics

The device's diagnostics dialog box opens.

If you are using VWork3 or BenchWorks software

To open Diagnostics:

- 1. Click the **Device Manager** tab.
- 2. Select the device from the **Device List** toolbar. Expand the general name of the device, if necessary.

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3. Click **Device diagnostics** located at the bottom of the **Device List** toolbar.

Initialize selected devices	
Close selected devices	
Delete selected devices	
Device diagnostics	

The device's diagnostics dialog box opens.

Related topics

For information about	See
Diagnostics	"About diagnostics" on page 11
About device drivers	"About device drivers" on page 7
Adding a device to the device manager	"Adding devices" on page 10
Setting generic device properties	"Setting the properties for a device" on page 16

About profiles

About this topic	This topic describes what profiles are and what they do.		
	Read this topic if you are an adn Velocity11 devices.	ninistrator in charge of managing	
Profiles defined	between a device and device dr	on settings needed for communication iver. The data in a profile is used by to identify each device on the network.	
	A profile can also contain other change once set up.	basic settings that you are unlikely to	
	Because profiles identify device device driver device must have i	driver devices on the network, each ts own profile.	
	You can create, modify, and dele	te profiles as needed.	
Stored settings	Profiles are stored in the Windows registry.		
	The settings stored in a device driver profile include:		
	Whether the device is connected	ected using serial or Ethernet	
	If the device is connected us device on the network	ing Ethernet, the Device ID of the	
	□ If the device is connected us controlling computer uses for	ing serial, the COM port that the or communication	
	Configuration of accessories		
Related topics			
	For information about	See	
	Device drivers	"About device drivers" on page 7	
	Adding a device to the device manager	"Adding devices" on page 10	
	Opening device diagnostics	"Opening diagnostics" on page 12	

Setting the properties for a device

About this topic	The device properties provide VWorks or BenchWorks software with additional information about the device's current configuration, such as which profile to use, and stores the information in the device file. The device file is automatically loaded when you open a protocol.		
	The device properties need to be set when configuring the device. Typically, these properties only need to be set once. This topic describes how to set the following device properties:		
	General		
	Teachpoint		
	□ Barcode		
	□ Location (for devices with multiple teachpoints)		
	Device Properties		
	Read this topic if you are an administrator in charge of managing Velocity11 devices.		
Before you start	Make sure that you have installed the device driver plug-in and have added the device to the device manager.		
	See "Related information" for procedures on how to do these tasks.		
Setting general	To set the general properties for a device:		
properties	1. Click the Device Manager tab.		
	2. Select the device from the Device List toolbar. (Expand the device name, if necessary.)		
	<i>Note:</i> For devices with Locations , see "Setting location properties" on page 17. If no Locations, continue with step 3.		
	3. In the General group, set the following:		
	a. Approach height . This is the height to raise the robot gripper above the teachpoint when the robot moves the plate horizontally towards or away from it.		
	General VCode Device name VCode (3k) Bar Code Print and Apply Station Approach height (mm) I1 Allowed / prohibited labware I Teachpoints I Bar code Readers I "YCode (3k) Bar Code Print and Apply Station		
	b. Allowed/prohibited labware . Click the adjacent field to open the dialog box. Move the labware classes by selecting them and clicking one of the arrow buttons.		
	 In the <i>Device</i> Properties, select the desired profile if it is not already selected. 		
	5. Select File > Device File > Save to save the changes to the device file.		

Setting teachpoints Teachpoints are the coordinates in space that a robot travels to in order to interact with a device. Only the devices that are accessible by robots are able to have teachpoints.

To set the teachpoint properties:

- 1. Open the **Device Properties** page.
- 2. In the **Teachpoints** property group, set the following:
 - a. Device is accessible from robot *robot's name*. Choose Yes or No.

Teachpoints	
Device is accessible from robot "robot"	Yes
Teachpoint for robot "robot"	No
Bar code Readers	Yes
Device has south side BCR	No K
Device has west side BCR	No

b. Teachpoint for robot robot's name. Choose a file.

Teachpoints	
Device is accessible from robot "Robot"	Yes
Teachpoint for robot "Robot"	
🖃 Bar code Readers	Teachpoint 1
Device has south side BCR	No
Device has west side BCR	No

Setting barcode	If your device has a barcode reader, indicate where the reader is
location	located.

To set the barcode readers property:

1. In the **Barcode Readers** property group, set the side that has the barcode to **Yes**.

Bar code Readers	
Device has south side BCR	Yes
South side BCR COM port	
Device has west side BCR	No
Device has north side BCR	No
Device has east side BCR	No

2. Enter the number of the COM port to which the device is connected.

Setting location
propertiesNote: The options available under Location groups might differ for
software and hardware device drivers. Software devices do not have
robot-accessible labware positions.

For hardware devices that have more than one robot-accessible labware position, the approach height, allowable/prohibited labware, teachpoint, and barcode properties are located under Location groups.

To set the Location properties:

- 1. *Hardware device drivers only.* Set the **Use linked location**. Follow the procedure in "Setting the Use linked location" on page 18.
- 2. *Hardware device drivers only* Set the **Teachpoints**. Follow the procedure in "Setting teachpoints" on page 17.

- 3. *Some software device drivers only.* Set the **Approach height** and **Allowed/prohibited labware**. Follow the procedure in "Setting general properties" on page 16.
- 4. Set the **Barcode Readers** location. Follow the procedure in "Setting barcode location" on page 17.
- 5. Assign the **Labware** used by the location by selecting the correct labware type from the list.

Location 'Stage1'	
Use linked location	No
Location is accessible from robot 'StaubliRobot'	Yes
Teachpoint for robot 'StaubliRobot'	
Approach height (mm)	9
Allowed / prohibited labware	
Location 'Stage1' has south side BCR	No
Location 'Stage1' has west side BCR	No
Location 'Stage1' has north side BCR	No
Location 'Stage1' has east side BCR	No
Labware	1536 Greiner 783092 PS blk clr btm LoBase 🛛 🗖

- 6. In the *Device* **Properties**, select the desired profile if it is not already selected.
- 7. Select **File > Device File > Save** to save the changes to the device file.

Setting the Use linked location Currently, this feature is enabled for the special situations in which there is a storage device such as a PlateHub Carousel, StoreX, or Cytomat and a robot, such as the Velocity11 Translator robot that is shuttling plates between systems.

> To use this feature, select yes and then select the device location to which you want to link. This tells the software that the current device location is the same physical location as the device selected from the Device to use list.

Note: Selecting this option when it is not enabled will have no effect on the system.

Location 'Stage1'	
Use linked location	Yes
Device to use	Staubli
Location is accessible from robot 'Staubli'	Staubli
Approach height (mm)	TecanEvo

Related topics

For information about	See
Device drivers	"About device drivers" on page 7
Installing a device driver plug-in	"Installing device drivers" on page 9
Profiles	"About profiles" on page 15
Adding a device to the device manager	"Adding devices" on page 10
Opening diagnostics	"Opening diagnostics" on page 12

Adding and linking Sub Process tasks

About this topic	This topic describes how to add a sub-process to a protocol and configure it. Read this topic if you are an administrator or technician and are responsible for creating protocols in VWorks or BenchWorks software.	
Before you read this	Before you read this topic, become familiar with the topics in the <i>VWorks Version 3 Automation Control User Guide</i> or <i>BenchWorks Automation Control User Guide</i> describing what a protocol is and how it is created.	
Sub Process task defined	Sub Process tasks indicate the existence of a subroutine within a protocol. Sub-processes typically contain a series of liquid handling tasks used by devices such as the VPrep Pipettor or Multimek dispenser.	
Adding a Sub Process task	The first step in creating a pipette process is to add a Sub Process task to the protocol editor. Drag the Sub Process icon into the process.	
Setting Sub Process	When you add the Sub Process task, a new sub-process is started in the	

task parameters

When you add the Sub Process task, a new sub-process is started in the pipette process editor. This process is identified by its sub-process link icon.



Because you can have more than one sub-process in a protocol, you must link the Sub Process task to the correct sub-process.

To link the Sub Process task to the correct sub-process:

- 1. In the **Protocol Editor**, add a Sub Process task to the protocol and then select it in the protocol sequence.
- 2. In the **Protocol Task Parameters** toolbar, select the sub-process that you want to use for this pipetting task from the **Use Sub Process** list.

Protocol Task Pa	arameters	×
Task Settings	Advanced Settings	
	Add New	
	Rename Existing	
Sub Process	(Multimek) 1	
Use Sub Prod	cess	
Sub Process	(Multimek) 1	-

3. If there is only one sub-process and you need to create a second one, click **Add New**.

Associating the subprocess to a device

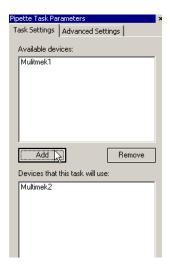
Because you can have more than one device that uses sub-processes on a lab automation system, you must link each sub-process link icon with one or more devices that you want the sub-process to be able to use. You do this by setting the parameter for the sub-process link icon.

To link a Sub Process task to a device:

1. In the Pipette Process Editor, select the Sub Process link icon.



2. In the Available devices list of the Pipette Task Parameters toolbar, select one or more pipettors to link to and click Add.



The selected pipettors move to the lower box and become available for use.

Related topics

For information about	See	
Device drivers	"About device drivers" on page 7	
Setting common device properties	"Setting the properties for a device" on page 16	
Adding a device to the device manager	"Adding devices" on page 10	
Creating protocols	VWorks Version 3 Automation Control User Guide	
	BenchWorks Automation Control User Guide	

Using JavaScript to set task parameters

About this topic	JavaScript programs (scripts) can be used to change the parameters of a protocol task immediately before it is scheduled. This extends the capability of VWorks or BenchWorks software because the parameters can be changed dynamically during a run, based on the following:		
	□ Information passed from an external source, such as a database		
	The number of times the protocol has cycled		
	Feedback on changing conditions during the run		
	This topic describes the use of JavaScript to set task parameters in a protocol.		
	Read this topic if you are an administrator or technician responsible for creating VWorks or BenchWorks software protocols and want to add functionality to a task using JavaScript.		
Where scripts are	Scripts can be written in two ways:		
written	Directly into the box in the Advanced Settings tab of the Task Parameters toolbar		
	As an external file that is located by clicking Browse in the Advanced Settings tab and navigating to its location on the hard drive		
	Note: You can also call an external file by embedding the "open () " function in the box.		
	The following screenshot displays a short script that prints the parameters of a task to the log toolbar, just before the task runs. In this case, the script is written directly in the Advanced Settings box.		

Protocol Task P	arameters ×	
Task Settings	Advanced Settings	
Enter pre-task script or click the browse button to load a script from an external file. Browse		
for(x in task)	print("task."+x+"="+task[x])	

For more information about using JavaScript, refer to the VWorks Version 3 Automation Control User Guide or the BenchWorks Automation Control User Guide.

Related topics

For information about	See
Using JavaScript in protocols	UWorks Version 3 Automation Control User Guide
	BenchWorks Automation Control User Guide
Adding tasks to protocols	VWorks Version 3 Automation Control User Guide
	BenchWorks Automation Control User Guide

About reader output files

About this topic	Plug-in device drivers that are written for plate readers have a common way of naming their output files. This topic explains the concepts related to output file naming. By reading this topic, you will learn how to prevent data in the reader output files from being overwritten by newer data.	
	Read this topic if you are an operator who wants to make changes to the task parameters for one of these readers:	
	□ VR4000	
	□ Analyst GT	
	Fusion	
	U Viewlux	
	Tecan readers	
Plug-in default output file	When you first install a reader device driver plug-in, all data recorded during a protocol or by a manual read using diagnostics software is written to a single file stored in the C: drive.	

The exact name of the file is specific to the device. For example, the
RVSI VR4000 device driver creates a file with the name
vialreaderresults.txt.

This file can only store data for one read, which means that the set of data for each read overwrites the last set in the file. To avoid this problem you must set up an output file naming convention.

Profile default
output file nameSome device drivers allow more than one device of that type to be used
in the lab automation system. In this case, each device must have its
own profile. Even if you have only one device, you can still set up
multiple profiles for it, with each storing different settings.

In these cases, you probably want each profile to have a separate default output filename to prevent the data from runs using one profile overwriting those of another.

Filename suffixes To prevent the data from one read overwriting the data from another, you need to append a variable suffix to the file name. You can append a date/time stamp and one or more bar codes on the rack or plate.

Append the following to the output filename:
Date/timestamp

South bar code
 West bar code
 North bar code

East bar code

Example

The example output file folder below shows that a profile default file name of output.txt was created at one time. At another time, a suffix was appended in the profile for the device driver, which added a barcode identifier to the file name (for example output_C100040329.txt).

Save in:	C RVSI	- 🏼 📩 🛨 🔽	
My Recent Documents Desktop My Documents	<pre> output.txt output_C100040329.txt output_C100040330.txt output_C100040331.txt output_C100040332.txt output_C100040333.txt output_C100040335.txt output_C100040335.txt output_C100040335.txt output_C100040337.txt output_C100040337.txt output_C100040338.txt output_C100040338.txt output_C100040336.txt output_C100040370.txt outpu</pre>	image: control of the system image: control of the system <td< td=""><td>Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali</td></td<>	Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali Viali
My Computer My Network Places	File name: output.txt Save as type: All Files		àave ancel

Overriding output file names with tasks

You can override the default output file name that is set in the profile using the Output filename property of the Read task parameters.

"Read tubes" properties

Use tubes expected parameter	No
Tubes expected (0-96)	96
Output filename	

This allows you to use different output file names for every task.

The suffix used for the file name that you set in the task parameters is taken from the suffix specified in the device diagnostics profile. So if you select date/time stamp in the profile, the date/time stamp will also be appended during a run in which you have specified a different file name.

Related topics

For more information about	See
Opening diagnostics	"Opening diagnostics" on page 12
Profiles	"About profiles" on page 15

About device initialization

About this topic	When working in device diagnostics software, you are often required to initialize the device. This topic explains why device initialization is necessary.			
Opening communications	device is connected with a serial	unications with it. For example, if the cable, the COM port is opened, and if Ethernet cable, the TCP/IP socket is		
Homing motors	oming motors Initializing a device homes motors that do not track their position their line of travel. Homing a motor moves it until it triggers and called a home flag. This tells the motor its location.			
	The motors on some devices automatically move to their home positions when the device is turned on. The motors on other devices must be initialized to be homed.			
Setting profile parameters	Initializing a device applies relevant parameters set in the device's profile.			
Setting state and memory variables	Most devices store variables in software or firmware. Initializing a device sets these variables to their initial values.			
Related topics				
	For information about	See		
	Using Diagnostics	□ "About diagnostics" on page 11		
		Gening diagnostics" on page 12		
	Workflow for configuring devices	"Adding devices" on page 10		

26 Chapter 1: Introduction

RTS Stacker Device Driver User Guide

RTS Stacker



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The RTS Stacker is an electronically-controlled stacker that can be used for upstacking and downstacking labware. The RTS Stacker device driver is designed for use in lab automation systems running VWorks or BenchWorks software.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- □ "Workflow for configuring the RTS Stacker" on page 28
- □ "Setting RTS Stacker task parameters" on page 29

Workflow for configuring the RTS Stacker

About this topic	This topic gives the workflow for configuring the RTS Stacker device driver.		
	Read this topic if you are an administrator responsible for setting up devices in VWorks or BenchWorks software.		
Before you start	Before you can configure the RTS Stacker device driver, you must have installed it.		
Workflow			
	Step	Торіс	
	1	"Adding devices" on page 10	

"Setting the properties for a device" on page 16

Related topics

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For information about	See
Device drivers	"About device drivers" on page 7
Device driver installation	"Installing device drivers" on page 9
Using RTS Stacker Tasks	"Setting RTS Stacker task parameters" on page 29

Setting RTS Stacker task parameters

About this topic		en you add a RTS Stacker task to a pro ameters for the task.	otocol, you need to set the		
	This topic describes how to set the RTS Stacker device driver task parameters. Read this topic if you are:				
	An administrator or technician responsible for creating protocols in VWorks or BenchWorks software				
		An operator who wants to make chan parameters in a protocol (but who ca	0		
Before you start	Ber the	ore you start, the stack must be config achWorks Device Manager, including teachpoint for your system's associate	entering the stack height and		
		ation 'Access Location'			
		ation is accessible from robot 'Tran Robot'	Yes		
	1	Feachpoint for robot 'Tran Robot'	0-Start Location		
About RTS Stacker There are two tasks associated with tasks Downstack		ere are two tasks associated with the F Downstack	RTS Stacker:		
		Upstack			
		ese tasks are represented by the follow lbar.	ving icons in the Protocol Tasks		
		Downstack			
		Upstack			

Task	Function	VWorks or BenchWorks Editor
Downstack	Move plates out of the RTS Stacker <i>Note:</i> The process of moving a plate out of a stacker is called downstacking.	Protocol
Upstack	Move plates into the RTS Stacker <i>Note:</i> The process of moving a plate into a stacker is called upstacking.	Protocol

Procedures

To set the Downstack task parameters:

- 1. Add the **Downstack** task to a protocol process.
- 2. In the list of **Available stackers** in the **Protocol Task Parameters** toolbar, select a stacker to downstack from and click **Add**.

Note: To select more than one stacker, SHIFT-click or CTRL-click before clicking **Add**. An asterisk next to a stacker in the list means that the stacker is currently assigned to a task that uses the same labware.

3. To remove a stacker from your list of available stacker devices, select it and click **Remove**.

Protocol Task Parameters	×
Task Settings Advanced Set	ttings
Available stackers:	
RTS Stage RTS Access Location Stack 1 Access Location Stack 2 Access Location Stack 3 Access Location Stack 5 Access Location Stack 7 Access Location	Stack 8 Access Locatic Stack 9 Access Locatic Stack 10 Access Locat Stack 11 Access Locat Stack 12 Access Locat Stack 13 Access Locat Stack 15 Access Locat Stack 16 Access Locat
Add Stackers that this task will us	Remove se:
RTS2.Stage	Use earlier Use later
Release a new plate eve	ery 10 seconds

- 4. If you have added more than one stacker, you can change the order in which particular stackers are used:
 - a. Select a stacker.
 - b. Click **Use earlier** to increase the priority of the stacker or **Use later** to decrease the priority of it.
- 5. To specify a time interval for plates to be made available to the system, select **Release a new plate** and enter a time interval.

Note: You can use this feature to avoid a plate processing bottleneck that results when plates have different incubation times.

Consider a simplified example process in which plates are downstacked, labels applied, liquid dispensed into, then incubated for 10 minutes.

Applying the label only takes a few seconds while subsequent tasks take longer. This creates a processing bottleneck.

If the dispense task takes 2 minutes, plates that are ready for the pipetting step would have to wait. In this example, the first plate would incubate for approximately 10 minutes, the second plate for approximately 12 minutes, the third plate for approximately 14 minutes, and so on. To avoid these different incubation times, you could downstack one plate every 2 minutes. The plates are incubated simultaneously during processing at orderly intervals.

To set the Upstack task parameters:

- 1. Add the **Upstack** task to a protocol process.
- 2. In the list of **Available stackers** in the **Protocol Task Parameters** toolbar, select a stacker to downstack from and click **Add**.

Note: To select more than one stacker, SHIFT-click or CTRL-click before clicking **Add**. An asterisk next to a stacker in the list means that the stacker is currently assigned to a task that uses the same labware.

3. To remove a stacker from your list of available stacker devices, select it and click **Remove**.

Protocol Task Parameters	
Task Settings Advanced Set	tings
Available stackers: RTS.Stage RTS.Access Location Stack 1.Access Location Stack 2.Access Location	Stack 8.Access Locatic Stack 9.Access Locatic Stack 10.Access Locat Stack 11.Access Locat
Stack 3.Access Location Stack 4.Access Location Stack 5.Access Location Stack 7.Access Location	Stack 12.Access Locat Stack 13.Access Locat Stack 15.Access Locat Stack 16.Access Locat
	Remove
Stackers that this task will us RTS2.Stage	e: Use earlier Use later
Add dynamically-as	ssigned stacker

- 4. If you have added more than one stacker, you can change the order in which particular stackers are used:
 - a. Select a stacker.
 - b. Click **Use earlier** to increase the priority of the stacker or **Use later** to decrease the priority of it.
- 5. If you want to dynamically assign an upstacking stacker, click **Add dynamically-assigned stacker**.

Note: This option is only available for upstacking tasks. With dynamic assignment you do not have to specifically assign every stacker that will receive plates because assignments are made automatically. When stackers are dynamically assigned, the text "TBD," meaning To Be Determined, is added to the stacker task icon.

Related topics

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For information about	See
Changing the labware used with the RTS Stacker	The RTS Stacker user documentation



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