

Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software

Qualitative Analysis

Familiarization Guide



Notices

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Software Revision

This guide is valid for B.04.00 and later revisions of the Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software - Qualitative Analysis program, until superseded.

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In This Guide...

This guide contains information to learn to use your Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software - Qualitative Analysis .

Before you begin the exercises, please read the instructions in "Before you begin these exercises..." on page 7.

You can install revision B.04.00 and B.03.01 of the Qualitative Analysis program at the same time. This familiarization guide works with revision B.04.00.

Exercise 1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis

In this exercise, you explore some of the many powerful capabilities of the Qualitative Analysis program. These tasks are important no matter what data type you are using.

Exercise 2 Find and identify compounds

In the first two sets of tasks, you find and identify low-concentration sulfa drugs within a complex matrix and generate their formulas for both TOF and Q-TOF data. You also do a molecular feature extraction on a protein digest with both TOF and Q-TOF data. These tasks can also be performed on Triple Quad data.

Exercise 3 Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows

In these tasks, you learn to set up and run any qualitative analysis method. You also learn to edit a method to automate the analysis and/or compound identification. Then you run the actions within the automated method when you open a data file. You also learn to create a method to perform automated actions with a worklist. Each of these tasks is done using a different workflow.

Exercise 4 Qualitative Analysis Wizards

Several wizards are included in the Qualitative Analysis program. These wizards lead you through the steps necessary to do certain tasks. Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard - This wizard shows you the different method editor sections and tabs that you modify before running the Chromatogram Peak Survey without Analysis Report action.

Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search wizard - This wizard shows you the different method editor sections and tabs that you modify before running the Find by Molecular Feature algorithm and the Database Search algorithm.

Reference

In this chapter, you learn some basics about the Qualitative Analysis program.

What's New

in B.04.00 (Qualitative Analysis)

- The Qualitative Analysis program is supported on Windows 7.
- Excel 2010 is supported on Windows 7.
- You can annotate chromatograms and spectra with text and graphics.
- You can add calipers to spectra in the MS Spectrum Results and the UV Spectrum Results window.
- You can add Amino Acid calipers and Modifications calipers to deconvoluted spectra.
- You can find compounds using the information from an MRM data file. The Qualitative Analysis program picks up compound names for MRM transitions from the Data Acquisition method.
- The Noise region in the signal-to-noise calculation can be determined automatically for LC/MS and GC/MS data.
- The Auto-RMS algorithm is available for calculating signal-to-noise.
- The information about the compounds is now displayed in an updated Compound List window.
- The identification results for a compound are shown together in the Compound Identification Results window.
- You can filter the identification results based on the identification techniques to show only compounds identified by a specific technique.
- The identification results for a spectrum are shown together in the Spectrum Identification Results window.
- You can manually add identification information to a spectrum or compound. You can also clear this information by clearing the identification results.
- You can extract an MS/MS spectrum automatically when you run the Find by Molecular Feature algorithm. You can select to extract a separate MS/MS spectrum for each collision energy or to extract one spectrum for all collision energies.

You can also opt to deisotope the spectrum for protein applications.

- You can subtract a chromatogram from a chromatogram.
- You can subtract a deconvoluted spectrum.
- You can display glycan structures.
- You can see a summary of the modifications and links in the Chemical Data Dictionary.
- Several wizards have been added to show you the different parameters you need to modify for different workflows.
- The Agile integrator is supported for all chromatograms.
- System suitability calculations can be done for MS, MS/MS, UV and GC chromatograms when they are integrated.
- You can specify Peak Filters for the Find by Molecular Feature algorithm.
- You can specify Mass Filters for the Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution algorithm.
- You can specify a minimum Forward Search score and a minimum Reverse Search score for the Search Accurate Mass Library algorithm.
- You can export to an MS/MS inclusion list which can be included in the MassHunter Acquisition program.
- Exporting data in different formats is easier to do.
- You can filter the columns in the Compound List window and the Compound Identification Results table.
- You have more options available when you are switching to a new workflow, including whether or not to save the current method, whether or not to reload the current method and whether or not to use the current layout.
- The Glycan isotope model is supported when you are exporting an MGF or mzData file.
- The Isotope Distribution Calculator program is included.
- If BioConfirm is installed, the MassHunter Comparative Analysis program is available to compare the Match Sequence between a single reference data file and one or

more sample data files. You can only compare the reference data file to one sample data file at a time.

- If BioConfirm is installed, then you can specify Scoring parameters for the Define and Match Sequences algorithm.
- If BioConfirm is installed, then you can find compounds by maximum entropy.
- If BioConfirm is installed, you can do MS/MS confirmation.

Before you begin these exercises...

- Install the software. See the Installation Guide for instructions.
- Copy the folder named **Data** from your installation disk in uncompressed format to any location on your hard disk.

This folder contains all the data files needed for these exercises. You may need to first extract the data files from their .zip format.

NOTE

Do not reuse the example data files already on your system unless you know that you copied them from the originals on the disk and you are the only one using them. If the example data files already on the system do not match the original ones on the disk exactly, then the results obtained during these exercises will not match those shown in the guide.

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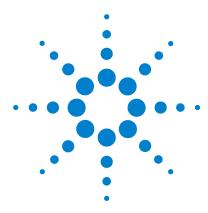
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Exercise 1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis

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In this exercise, you explore some of the many powerful capabilities of the Qualitative Analysis program for working with TOF, Q-TOF and Triple Quad data.

First, you perform tasks whose instructions are independent of the data type.

- In Task 1, you open the program with multiple data files.
- In Task 2, you zoom in and out on specific points of data.
- In Task 3, you anchor a chromatogram so it never disappears from view when scrolling.
- In Task 4, you change the layout of the windows.
- In Task 5, you print an analysis report.
- In Task 6, you add a text annotation to a chromatogram.

Then you choose whether to work with MS-only data, combined MS and MS/MS data, combined MS and UV data or GC/MS data.

In these tasks, you work with MS-only data:

- In Task 7. Extract chromatograms (MS only), you extract chromatograms at various levels and merge the EICs.
- In Task 8. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only), you integrate chromatograms, change the integration parameters and calculate the S/N ratio for integrated peaks.
- In Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only), you extract spectra from specific points and ranges in a chromatogram, learning to average them and subtract background data.
- In Task 10. Add a caliper, you add a delta mass caliper to the extracted peak spectrum. You can use these instructions to add a spectrum to any MS or MS/MS spectrum.

In these tasks, you work with combined MS and MS/MS data:

- Task 11. Extract chromatograms (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)
- Task 12. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)
- Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

In these tasks, you work with combined MS and UV data:

• Task 14. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV)

- Task 15. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV)
- Task 16. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV)

In these tasks, you work with GC/MS or GC/MS/MS data:

- Task 17. Configure User Interface for GC
- Task 18. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file
- Task 19. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram
- Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Each exercise is presented in a table with three columns:

- Steps Use these general instructions to proceed on your own to explore the program.
- Detailed Instructions Use these if you need help or prefer to use a step-by-step learning process.
- Comments Read these to learn tips and additional information about each step in the exercise.

Basic Tasks for All Data

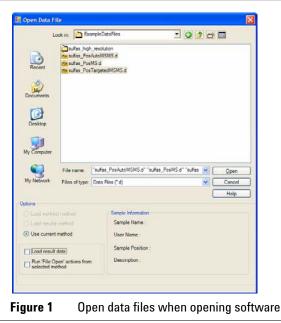
Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program

In this task you open multiple data files using the current method.

Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program with multiple data files

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Open the Qualitative Analysis program. Open the data files, sulfas-PosAutoMSMS, sulfas-PosMS.d and sulfas-PosTargetedMSMS.d in the folder \\MassHunter\Data, or in the folder where you copied them. 	 a Double-click the Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis B.04.00 icon i . i .<th> The sulfas-PosMS.d file contains MS (TOF or Q-TOF) data, and the sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d and sulfas-PosTargetedMSMS.d files contain both MS and MS/MS (Q-TOF) data. You can get help for any window, dialog box, or tab by pressing the F1 key when that window is acti </th>	 The sulfas-PosMS.d file contains MS (TOF or Q-TOF) data, and the sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d and sulfas-PosTargetedMSMS.d files contain both MS and MS/MS (Q-TOF) data. You can get help for any window, dialog box, or tab by pressing the F1 key when that window is acti 	

- Make sure that the Use current method button is clicked.
- Make sure that the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box is clear.
- Make sure that the Load result data check box is clear.



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Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program

Task 1. Open the Qualitative A	Analvsis program	with multiple	data files (continued)	
			aata	

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
	 c Press and hold the Shift key while you click sulfas_PosAutoMSMS, sulfas_PosMS.d and sulfas-PosTargetedMSMS.d. d Click Open. All three data files are displayed in the Data Navigator window, and 1 to 3 chromatograms are displayed in the Chromatogram Results window. e Click the List Mode icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. 	 If you press the Ctrl key instead, you can pick files which are not directly next to each other in the list. What you see in the main window at this point depends on the method, layout, display and plot settings used before you opened these files. 	

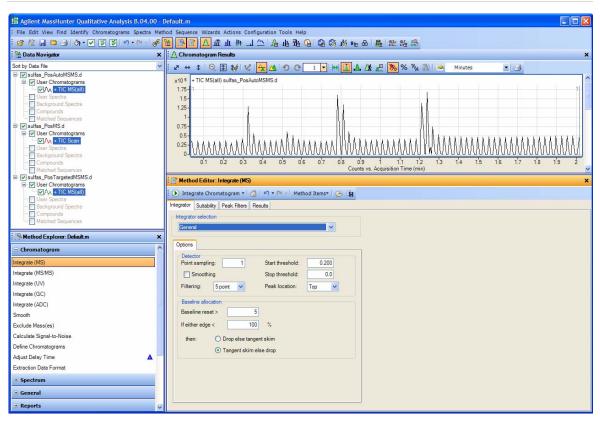


Figure 2Qualitative Analysis main window

Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program

Task 1. Open the Qualitative Analysis program with multiple data files (continued)

and select 3.

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 2 Return the main window to the default workflow, General. The default method and layout are loaded. Make sure you can see all three chromatograms. 	 a If necessary, click Configuration > Configure for Workflow > General. b In the Workflow Configuration dialog box, click the Load workflow's default method button and the Load workflow's default layout button. Clear the Save current method check box. Then, click the OK button. c Click the down arrow next to the Maximum Number of List Panes icon in the Chromatogram Results Toolbar, 	 The display and plot settings remain the same even after you switch to the General workflow. These settings are set in Display Options dialog box for each type of data. You click the <i>integrabulation</i> in the graphics window to change the display options. You can change the layout if you click Configuration > Window Layouts > Load Layout. 	

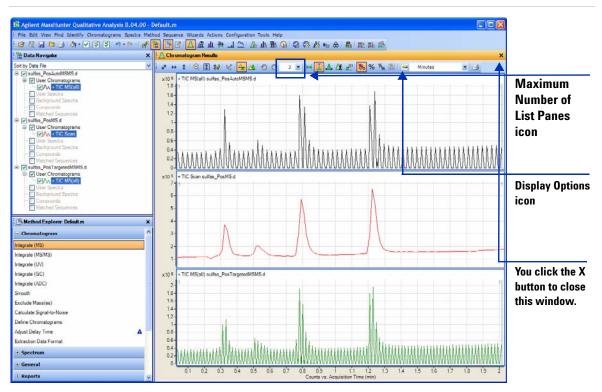


Figure 3 Qualitative Analysis main window with the General Workflow selected.

1

Task 2. Zoom in and out of the chromatogram

In this task, you become familiar with the zoom in and zoom out features of the Qualitative Analysis program.

Task 2.	Zoom i	n and	out of	the	chromatogram
---------	--------	-------	--------	-----	--------------

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Practice zooming in and out of only one of the three chromatograms (both x and y axes). Hide the others. Zoom in twice on last peak. Zoom in one more time autoscaling the y-axis. Zoom out once to the previous zoom position. Completely zoom out to the original chromatogram. 	 a Clear the check boxes in the Data Navigator window for the chromatograms you want to hide. b Click the right mouse button and drag over an area on the last peak. Make sure that the Autoscale Y-axis during Zoom icon, 1, is not selected for this step. c Repeat step b. d Click the Autoscale Y-axis during Zoom icon, 1, in the toolbar. e Click the right mouse button again and drag over an area of the last peak for the third time. The Quality Analysis program automatically scales the y-axis to the largest point in the range. f Click the Unzoom icon You can undo the last fifteen zoom operations. g Click the Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis icon to zoom out completely. 	 If a line is not checked in the Data Navigator window, that information is not displayed in any other window in the Qualitative Analysis program. You simply mark the check box for that information in the Data Navigator window, and the information is displayed in the othe windows again. You can also use these zoom features on spectra in the Spectrum Preview window, the MS Spectrum Results window, the Deconvolutior Results window, the UV Results window and the Difference Results window. A selected icon has an orange background color. 	

Task 2. Zoom in and out of the chromatogram

Task 2. Zoom in and out of the chromatogram (continued)

Step	teps Detailed Instructions		etailed Instructions	Comments	
e	Practice zooming in and out on each axis separately. Zoom in only along the x-axis. Hint: Right-click the x-axis	a h	To zoom in on the x-axis, move the cursor to the x-axis values until a horizontal double arrow appears. Click the right mouse button and drag	m Mm. €.8 1 1.2	Horizontal Double Arrow
•	values and move cursor from left to right. Partially zoom out the x-axis.		the new cursor from left to right across the x-axis values. To zoom out on the x-axis, click the	w h	New cursor appears when you
	Hint: Move cursor in opposite direction.	U	right mouse button and drag from right to left on the x-axis values.	0.8 0.9대 1.1 1.	right-click the x-axis values.
۰	Completely zoom out of the x-axis.	d	Click the Autoscale X-axis icon to completely zoom out on the x-axis.		
٥	Repeat the previous steps for the y-axis.	a	To zoom in on the y-axis, move the cursor to the y-axis values until a vertical double arrow appears.	4.4- 4.2- \$ 4-	Vertical Double Arrow
		b	Click the right mouse button and drag the new cursor from bottom to top	3.8-	New cursor
		C	across the y-axis values. To zoom out on the y-axis, click the right mouse button and drag from the top towards the bottom of the y-axis values.	0.525- 0.5- 0.475- 0.4 <u>2</u> 5- 0.425- 0.42- 0.375-	New cursor appears when you right-click the y-axis values.
		d	Click the Autoscale Y-axis icon $figure{1}{2}$ to completely zoom out on the y-axis.	0.35-	

Task 3. Anchor a chromatogram

In this task, you anchor a chromatogram. When you anchor a chromatogram, the anchored chromatogram remains permanently on display as you scroll through the other chromatograms to display them.

Task 3. Anchor a chromatogram

 Anchor a chromatogram. Show all three chromatograms. Make sure the chromatogram viewing list is set to 1. In the Chromatogram Results window, select the second TIC. Anchor this TIC. Scroll through the chromatograms. Clear the anchor. 	 a In Data Navigator mark the check boxes for the chromatograms you hid in the previous task. b Make sure the maximum number of panes is set to 1 in the Chromatogram Results window. c In the Chromatogram Results window, select the second TIC. d Right-click inside the chromatogram, and click Set Anchor. e Use the scroll bar in the Chromatogram Results window to scroll through the list of chromatograms. The second TIC stays visible always. f Click Chromatograms > Clear Anchor. 	 When you set an anchor for a chromatogram, an anchor icon appears in Data Navigator next to the name of the anchored chromatogram. Two chromatograms appear in the Chromatogram Results window after you anchor one even though the viewing list says 1. This now means you view one chromatogram in addition to the anchored chromatogram. You can also right-click the chromatogram and click Clear Anchor in the shortcut menu.

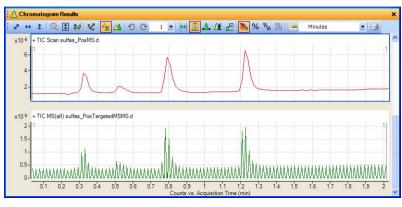


Figure 4 Anchored TIC in the Chromatogram Results window

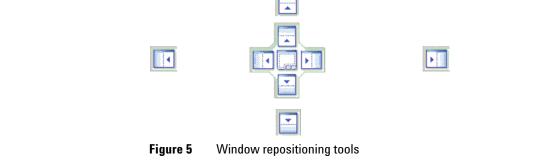
1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis Task 4. Change window layouts

Task 4. Change window layouts

In this task, you move windows within the Main View and create various window layouts.

Task 4. Change window layout

Steps	Detailed Instructions	
 Change the window layout: Change the window size. Save a window layout. Unlock the layout. Change the Chromatogram Results window to be floating. Move the Chromatogram Results window. Display the tools for repositioning the windows. 	 To change the size of a window, drag the boundary between the windows. To save a window layout, click Configuration > Window Layouts > Save Layout. To unlock a layout, click Configuration > Window Layouts > Lock Layout. To make a window float, right-click the title bar of the window, and click Floating from the shortcut menu. To move a window, click the title bar of the window and drag the window to the desired location. To display the repositioning tools, drag the windows. When one window is overlapped with another, the program displays several layout tools, as shown in Figure 5. 	 If the layout is unlocked, the system does not display a check mark next to the Lock Layout menu. You can only use the repositioning tools when the layout is unlocked. You can also make a window float by double-clicking the title bar of the window. The software has many different layouts created. You can also try loading different layouts. The software has several different workflows. Each workflow loads a different layout. Switching to a different workflow also changes the layout. If the BioConfirm program is installed, it has several different workflows and layouts.



Steps	Detailed Instructions	
 Reposition the Chromatogram Results window. Move the window so that it is at the top, to the left, to the right and then at the bottom of the other windows. Move two windows together so that they are on top of one another and available only through the tabs at the bottom. Restore the default layout. 	 If you drag the cursor over one of the smaller icons, the window you are dragging will be placed above, to the right, below, or to the left of all of the other windows. Drag the cursor over the larger icon. The window can also be placed above, to the right, below, or to the left of the other window by dragging the cursor over the edges of the larger icon. To tab two windows together, drag the cursor over the center of the larger icon. You will see a shadow version of the two windows tabbed together. Stop dragging the mouse. The two windows will be tabbed together. Click Configuration > Window Layouts > Restore Default Layout. 	 The cursor must be over one of the arrows in a box in order for repositioning to occur. Clicking the Restore Default Layout command restores the layout that is used with the General workflow. If you are using a different workflow, you need to load the layout that is used with that workflow.

Task 4. Change window layout (continued)

Task 5. Print an analysis report

Task 5. Print an analysis report

Whenever you want to print an analysis report after performing any of the tasks in this exercise or the next one, use these instructions.

An analysis report can contain the results from extracting and integrating chromatograms, extracting spectra, finding compounds, searching the database for peak spectra or generating formulas from peak spectra.

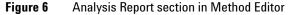
Task 5. Print an analysis report

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Change the analysis report selections: Mark the check boxes for the chromatograms, spectra or tables you want to print. Clear the check boxes for the chromatograms, spectra or tables you do not want to print. 	 a In the Method Explorer window, click Reports > Analysis Report. b Mark the check boxes for any additional selections you want to print. c Clear any chromatogram and spectra choices you do not want to print. 	 The Analysis report only contains the information that you mark in this section. If some results are not available, then those results are not included even if those results are marked in this section. For example, if you have not integrated the chromatogram, then the peak table is not included. 	

Kethod Explorer: Default.m	🗄 📝 Method Editor: Analysis Report		
Chromatogram	🕴 💽 Print Analysis Report 🔹 🚮 🛛 🛩 🍽 🚽 Method Items 🕇 📴 📑		
Spectrum	User chromatograms		
+ General	Show user chromatograms		
Reports	✓ With peak tables With signal to noise results		
Analysis Report			
Compound Report	User spectra		
Common Reporting Options	Vith peak tables		
🗄 Find Compounds	With library spectrum		
	With difference spectrum		
Identify Compounds	Compounds		
Compound Automation Steps	Show compound chromatograms		
Worklist Automation	With peak tables		
• Export	Show compound spectra With peak tables		

By default, the Method Editor window is floating. It is visible as a separate window from the rest of the Qualitative Analysis program. To anchor the window, right-click the title of the window and click Floating. You can also double-click the title bar to anchor the window.

×



Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
2 Print the report.	 a You can interactively print the report in multiple ways: From the main menu, click File > Print > Analysis Report. From the main toolbar, click the Printer icon. Click the Print Analysis Report icon, in the Method Editor toolbar when the Analysis Report section is selected. Right-click the Analysis Report. From the data file shortcut menu in the Data Navigator, click Analysis Report. 	The Run icon > in the Method Editor toolbar sometimes allows you to choose an action from a set of possible actions. For example, if you switch to the Reports > Common Reporting Options section of the Method Editor window, four different actions are possible when you click the Run icon. If you click the arrow, a list of possible actions is shown, and you can choose which action to do. Choosing a different action from the list changes the default action. If you simply click the Run button, the default action is performed.	
	b Click the Report contents .		
	c Mark the Print report check box and select a printer.		
	d Mark the Print preview check box.		
	e Click the OK button.		
	f Review the report.		
	g Click the Close Print Preview icon in the toolbar.		

Task 5. Print an analysis report (continued)

ist of opened data files:	
sulfas_PosAutoMSMS.d sulfas_PosMS.d sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d	Report contents O All results Only highlighted results Print report Print report
	Printer name: <default> Print preview</default>
	Save report Save report Save report as Excel file Save report as PDF file Inside data file's reports subdirectory A specified directory C:MassHurter/veports
	If report file already exists Overwrite existing report Auto-generate new report file name

Figure 7 Print Analysis Report dialog box

Task 6. Add an annotation

You can add an image annotation or a text annotation to the following graphics windows:

- Chromatogram Results window
- MS Spectrum Results window
- Difference Results window
- Deconvolution Results window
- UV Spectrum Results window

Task 6. Add an annotation

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments	
1	Select the location in the chromatogram.	 a In the Chromatogram Results window, click the Annotation tool () in the toolbar. b Move the cursor to the location in the chromatogram pane where you want to add the annotation. c Right-click and then click Add Text Annotation. 	 The cursor changes to a cross-hair. You use this cursor to select the exact location to add the annotation. 	
2	Add the information about the text annotation in the Add/Edit Text Annotation dialog box.	 a Type the Text for the annotation. b Select the Text color. c Select the Orientation. d Select the Font style and Font size. e Click either Anchored or Floating. If you click Anchored, select the options for the pointer to the text annotation. If you click Floating, you can change the relative position. It is easier to change the position interactively in the graphics window. f Click OK. 	 You can add multiple annotations to a chromatogram or spectrum. You can use the icons in the Annotate toolbar to select all of the annotations, delete annotations and edit annotations. 	

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments Add/Edit Text Annotation X ∧ Chromatogram Results Properties -Text The first peak ~ **A** 🧏 🗶 🗙 🕷 x10 6 +ESI TIC Scan Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d (Press Ctrl+Enter or Alt+Enter to add a new line) 6.5-Text color: BlueViolet 🗸 🖌 6 Orientation: 0 * degrees 5.5-12 V A Font size: ~ <u>A</u> Font style: Bold 5-Annotation type 4.5- Anchored 4 Show pointer 3.5-Pointer properties The first peak 3 Color: Blue ~ <u>A</u> 2.5-Pattern: - -2 Weight: - ~ 1.5 Pointer head: Filled Triangle ~ <u>A</u> Pointer head location (the x, y value using the data displayed): 0.5-0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 Counts vs. Acquisition Time (min) 0.32495 min X 3714626.75 (abundance) Y: Upper left corner of the annotation (the x, y value using the data displayed): 0.33 min X Y: 3589178.17 (abundance) O Floating Upper left corner of the annotation relative to the upper left corner of the canvas
 Relative X (%):
 14.7470398277718
 (% calculated using x,y values from the carvas)
 Relative Y (%): 59.0604026845638 OK Cancel

Task 6. Add an annotation (continued)

Figure 8 Add/Edit Text Annotation dialog box and the Chromatogram Results window

 3 Switch back to the Range Select tool in the Chromatogram Results window. Click the Range Select icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. Click the Range Select icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. You can switch betwee different tools in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. Refer to Help for more informati tools are: Range Select Peak Select Manual Integration Walk Chromatogram 	omatogram the online
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Tasks for MS-Only Data (TOF, Q-TOF or Triple Quad)

Perform these tasks with MS data from a TOF instrument and MS-only data from a Q-TOF or Triple Quad instrument.

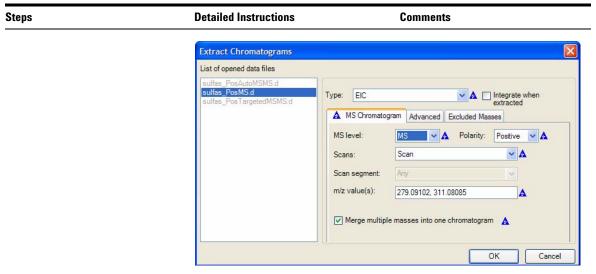
Task 7. Extract chromatograms (MS only)

In this task, you extract and merge chromatograms from the original TIC.

Task 7. Extract chromatograms (MS only)

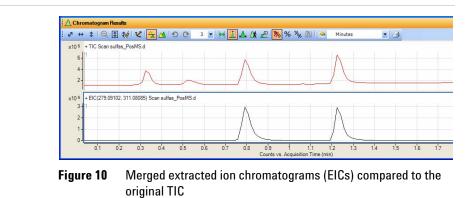
Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Extract and merge extracted ion chromatograms (EICs) from two masses in the sulfas-PosMS.d data file. The m/z values are 279.09102 and 311.08085. Merge the peaks from the individual masses into one chromatogram. 	 a In the Data Navigator window, clear the check boxes for the data files except for sulfas-PosMS.d. b Open the Extract Chromatograms dialog box, using the option below or one of the options to the right: Click Chromatograms > Extract Chromatograms. c In the List of opened data files, click sulfas-PosMS.d. d In the Type list box, select EIC. e In the m/z value(s) field, type 279.09102, 311.08085 f Mark the Merge multiple masses into one chromatogram check box to merge the EICs. g Click OK. h Make sure the Maximum number of list panes is set to 3 in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. 	 You can also extract chromatograms in one of the following ways: Right-click inside the chromatogram, and click Extract Chromatograms. From Data Navigator, highlight the TIC Scan for sulfas_PosMS.d, then right-click TIC Scan and click Extract Chromatograms. You can use an MS level of either All or MS. Note that you can also choose to have the extracted chromatogram automatically integrated after extraction. You can also extract a chromatogram from a mass spectrum. 	

Task 7. Extract chromatograms (MS only)



Task 7. Extract chromatograms (MS only) (continued)





Task 8. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 8. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only)

In this task, you learn different ways to interactively integrate a chromatogram, change integration parameters to modify the results and view the signal-to-noise ratio for each peak.

Task 8. Interactively	integrate a chromatogram	(MS only	

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
1 Integrate the sulfas_PosMS.d TIC chromatogram.	 Integrate the sulfas_PosMS.d chromatogram, using any of the following options. From the main menu, click Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram. Highlight the chromatogram. Then, right-click the chromatogram, and click Integrate Chromatogram. In Data Navigator, highlight TIC Scan in the sulfas_PosMS.d > User Chromatograms section. Then, right-click TIC Scan and click Integrate Chromatogram. 	 The integration uses the General Integrator, because that is the integrator selected in the method default.m. You can change this value in the Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) > Integrator tab in the Method Editor window. Note that the integration with default parameters is detecting very small peaks. 	

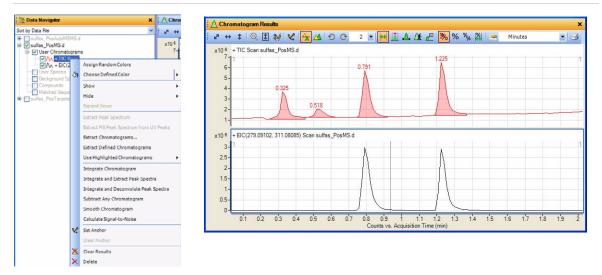


Figure 11 Shortcut menu in the Data Navigator and the integrated sulfas_PosMS.d TIC chromatogram

Task 8. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
2 Integrate the extracted ion chromatogram (EIC) from Task 1.	 Right-click anywhere in the EIC window, and click Integrate Chromatogram. 	 Normally you would mark the check box, Integrate when extracted, in the Extract Chromatogram dialog box when you set up for extraction. 	
 3 Change the filter parameters for the integrated TIC. Display the Integration Method Editor window from Method Explorer for MS data. Change the threshold to retain only the two largest peaks. 	 a From Method Explorer, click Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) to display the Integrator tab. b Click the Peak Filters tab. c Under Maximum number of peaks, mark the Limit (by height) to the largest check box, and type in 2. d Click the TIC Scan in the Data 	 Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value that is saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear. 	

Navigator window.

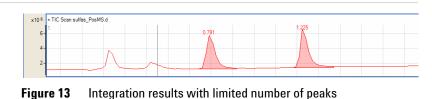
Task 8. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

[®] Method Editor: Integrate (MS) 🜔 Integrate Chromatogram 🔹 🚮 🖃 🔹 🕅 Method Items 🕯 😕 🏢 Integrator Suitability 🛕 Peak Filters Results Filter on O Peak height Peak area 10000 counts >= 5.000 % of largest peak >= [Area filters 10000 counts Absolute area 1.000 % of largest peak Relative area >= Maximum number of peaks 2 🛕 Limit (by height) to the largest 🛕



- 4 Reintegrate the chromatogram.
- Click the Integrate Chromatogram icon

 on the Method Editor toolbar to integrate using the new setting.
- Note that only the two largest peaks are now integrated.



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Task 8. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 8. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 5 Calculate the signal-to-noise ratio. Select the sulfas_PosMS.d TIC. Set the first Peak Label to Area and the second Peak Label for the chromatographic peaks to Signal-to-noise. Open the Method Editor. Use 0.63 - 0.73 for the noise region, and calculate the signal-to-noise ratio for the integrated peaks. 	 a Click Configuration > Chromatogram Display Options. b Click the Chromatogram tab. c Set the first Peak labels to Area and the second Peak labels to Signal-to-Noise. d Click OK. e In the Method Explorer, click Chromatogram > Calculate Signal-to-Noise. f Click the Specific noise regions button. g Type 0.63 - 0.73 for the Noise regions, and click the Calculate Signal to Noise icon . 	 Make sure the TIC is highlighted before you calculate the signal-to-noise. The area that you specified to be the noise region is drawn in bold in the Chromatogram Results window 	

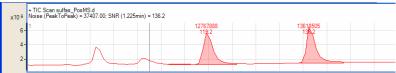


Figure 14 Integrated TIC with Area and Signal-to-Noise labels

6	Restore the settings for the default method, and close Method Editor.	a b	To cancel your changes and restore the values from the default method, click the Restore to last saved values from file button on the Method Editor toolbar. Close the Method Editor window.	•	The online Help describes each of the Signal-to-Noise algorithms.
7	Return the peak labels to Retention Time.	a b c d		•	You can also click the Default button to restore the original values in this dialog box.

Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

In this task, you extract a spectrum from exactly where you specify in the chromatogram. You can extract a spectrum from a specific data point or extract an average spectrum from an average of multiple data points or ranges. This task also shows you how to change spectral display options and subtract the background spectrum.

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments			
 Extract spectra on specific data points for the peak at 0.79 min. and the last peak of the sulfas_PosMS.d data file. After zooming in on the region between 0.7 and 1.0 minutes, extract a spectrum from the peak at or near 0.79 minutes using any one of the options described under Comments. Open Spectrum Preview. After zooming in on the region between 1.1 and 1.4 minutes, extract a spectrum from the peak at or near 1.22 minutes. Copy this spectrum to the User Spectra section. Change the display to show at least two spectra. 	 The Spectrum Preview window is not closed. i If necessary, click the arrow next to the Maximum number of list panes icon in the MS Spectrum Results 	 When you zoom, make sure the AutoScale Y-axis during Zoom icon, is "on". The background of the icon is orange when it is "on". You can extract a spectrum in any of the following ways: Double-click the data point in the chromatogram. Click the data point in the chromatogram, then right-click anywhere in the chromatogram. Click Extract MS Spectrum. The Extract Chromatogram Analysis dialog box is displayed. Make sure the sulfas_PosMS.d file is selected, and click Extract. When you first extract a spectrum, the MS Spectrum Results window appears containing the spectrum, and the type of spectrum and retention time appear under User Spectra in the Data Navigator. When the Spectrum Preview window is open, the system displays any manually-selected spectrum in the Spectrum is not kept in the User Spectra section. With Spectrum Preview on, Qualitative Analysis overwrites the previous spectrum when you extract a new spectrum. 			

Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

1

Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

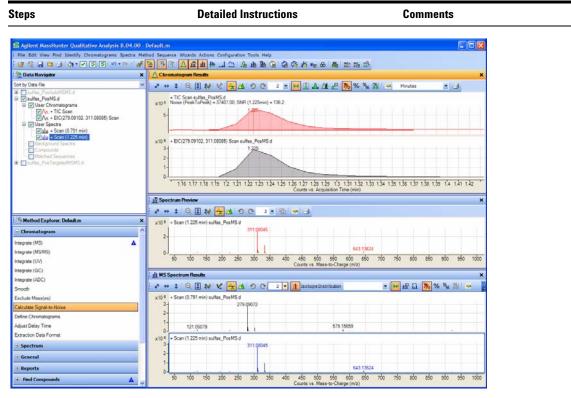
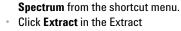


Figure 15 Main window with extracted spectra from both integrated peaks in the sulfas_PosMS.d file

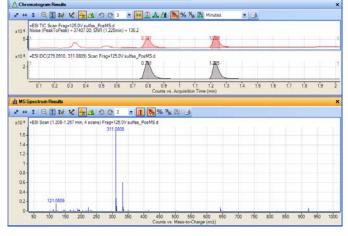
Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

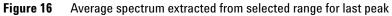
Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments		
 Extract a spectrum that averages all points within a specified range for the last integrated peak for the sulfas_PosMS.d data file: Delete any existing User Spectra. Zoom out of the chromatogram. Turn off Spectrum Preview. Use the Range Select icon on the Chromatogram toolbar. Set the range from the halfway point on the left to the same point on the right of the peak. Extract the spectrum, using any of the options listed. 	 a Highlight the User Spectra to be deleted (Press Ctrl to highlight more than one spectra). b Right-click the selected User Spectra, and click Delete. c Click Yes in the Delete dialog box, if it is displayed. d Click the Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis icon a to zoom out completely. e Close the Spectrum Preview window. f Click the Range Select icon on the Chromatogram toolbar. g Click at the halfway point on the left side of the last integrated peak and drag over to the halfway point on the right. h Extract the average spectrum using an option below or on the right. Right-click anywhere in the range of the peak, and click Extract MS 	 You can also delete all user spectra if you right-click the User Spectra line in the Data Navigator window and click Delete. You can also extract an average spectrum by double-clicking the selected range in the chromatogram. You can change whether or not you are asked to confirm every time you delete a chromatogram or spectrum by using the Message Box Options dialog box. This dialog box is displayed when you click the Configuration > Message Box Options command. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is only shown if more than one data file is loaded. 		

Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)



Spectrum dialog box.





Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 9. Extract spectra	from a chromatogram	(MS only) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments		
 3 Extract a spectrum that averages the ranges of integrated peaks 1 and 2 together for the sulfas_PosMS.d data file. • Hint: Use the Range Select icon and the Ctrl key to select the Peak 1 range taken from the halfway point. • Extract the spectrum, using any of the options on the right. 	 a Click the Chromatogram Results window title bar. The Chromatogram Results window becomes the active window, and the selected area is not lost. b Press and hold the Ctrl key. c Click at the halfway point on the left side of the first integrated peak, and drag over to the halfway point on the right. d Release the mouse. e Release the Ctrl key. f Extract the average spectrum using this option or the one on the right: 	 Remember that the second peak already has a range selected from step 2. You can also extract a spectrum by right-clicking anywhere in the chromatogram, and then click Extract MS Spectrum. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is shown. Click Extract. 		

• Double-click inside the selected range in either peak.

+ +	9 🗊 💓	K 🕀 🖄	00	2 🗷 👖	Isotope Distr	ribution		 ••• •• ••<th>n 🔭 🤊</th><th>6 3/2 121 191</th><th>4</th>	n 🔭 🤊	6 3/2 121 191	4
0 * + S	can (1.208-1.257 mi	n, 4 scans) sul	las_PosMS.d 311.08078								
0	121,05087		11				2				
0 6 + Sk	can (0.775-0.839, 1.)		9 scans) sulta 9 09078	s_PosM3.d							
0.0-	121.05085	224 12635				579 15654				922.00953	

Figure 17 An averaged spectrum created from multiple ranges.

Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 9. Extract spectra	from a chromatogram	(MS only)	(continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Change the spectral display option for sulfas_PosMS.d. Change the digits after the decimal to one more than the current setting. Change back to the original number of digits. 	 a Click Configuration > MS and MS/MS Spectra Display Options. b Click the MS and MS/MS Spectra tab. c Set Digits after the decimal to one more than the current setting for the m/z values. d Click OK. 	 You can also click the Display Options icon, A in the MS Spectrum Results window. Note that the label now shows m/2 with one more digit. 	



- e Repeat steps a and b, then set **Digits** after the decimal to one less than the current setting.
- The label should now show the original number of digits.

f Click OK.

Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 Subtract a background spectrum every time you extract a peak spectrum in sulfas_PosMS.d. Delete any scans under User Spectra in Data Navigator. Extract a background spectrum in the region of 0.0 to 0.25 minutes and have it appear in the Background Spectrum folder in Data Navigator. Use the current background MS spectrum for subtraction. Integrate the chromatogram, limiting the integrated peaks to 4. Extract a peak spectrum from the third integrated peak. 	 a Under User Spectra in Data Navigator, highlight the User Spectra to be deleted (Press the Ctrl key). b Right-click the spectra, and click Delete. Click Yes. c Make sure the Range Select icon is selected in the Chromatogram Results toolbar, and drag the cursor between 0.0 and 0.25 min. d Right-click within the range, and click Extract MS Spectrum to Background. e If a dialog box is shown, select the Sulfas_PosMS.d data file and click OK. f In Method Explorer click Spectrum > Extract MS. g Click the Peak Spectrum Extraction (MS) tab. h Under Peak spectrum background, select Current background spectrum for the MS spectrum. i From Method Explorer click Chromatogram > Integrate (MS). j Click the Peak Filters tab. k Mark the Limit (by height) to the largest check box, and type 4. I From the main menu click Chromatogram S Integrate Chromatogram S Integrate Chromatogram. m Click the Peak Select icon, M, in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. n Select the third integrated peak, and extract a peak spectrum using one of the following options Double-click the peak. Right-click the chromatogram in the Data Navigator window and click Extract Peak Spectrum. 	 To set the spectrum to be subtracted when you manually extract a spectrum, select the Manual spectrum background in the Manual Extraction tab. This tak does not affect the Peak Spectrum that is extracted. Note that at the end of this process all extracted peak spectra will automatically have the designated background spectrum subtracted. As an alternative way to move a background Spectrum folder, follow these steps: Double-click the selected range to extract an averaged spectrum Right-click anywhere in the spectrum window and click Move to Background Spectrum

Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)

Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only) (continued)

teps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
贈 Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis B.04. 5 File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectr 6 양 ⓒ 및 @ 글 성·♥ ♥ ♡ ♡ 나 ㅎ @ -	Method Sequence Wizards Actions Configuration Tools Help	■ D ▲ 22 11 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
Sort by Data File	X ∴ Chromatogram Results Y ↓ 2 ↔ \$ Q ⊉ \$ / 2 ↓ 4 ↓ 0 0 2 ↓ 4 ↓ 1	×
	x10 ⁸ + EIC(279.091020, 311.080650) Scan sulfas_PoaMS.d x10 ⁸ + EIC(279.091020, 311.080650) Scan sulfas_PoaMS.d 3-1 0.791	
Rethod Explore: Default.m	2- 1- 0- 0 ¹ 1 0 ² 0 ³ 0 ⁴ 0 ⁵ 0 ⁵ 0 ⁷ 0 ⁸ 0 ⁵ Counts	a 1 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 2 vs. Acquisition Time (min) x [.] [] MS Spectrum Results ×
Marchese and a	∧ [● Integrate Chromatogram • 🔥 🗠 • Method Items• 🥬	ä i 2 ↔ ↓ Q, ① t# 12 (A, 2 • H □ A A]
Chromatogram	A Park Dame of the	x10 ⁶ + Scan (0.775-0.839 min, 5 scans) sulfas_PosMS.d. Subtract
Integrate (MS)	Fiteron	1.75- 279.090778
Integrate (MS/MS)	Peak height O Peak area	1.5-
Integrate (UV)		1.25-
Integrate (GC)	Height fiters Absolute height >= 10000 counts	
Integrate (ADC)		0.75-
Smooth	Relative height >= 5.000 % of largest peak	0.5-0.25-0.25-0.25-0.25-0.25-0.25-0.25-0
Exclude Mass(es)	Area filters	0- 579.156515
Calculate Signal-to-Noise	Absolute area >= 10000 counts	x10 ⁵ + Scan (0.052-0.245 min, 13 scans) sulfas_PosMS.d
Define Chromatograms	Relative area >= 1.000 % of largest peak	3-
Adjust Delay Time	Maximum number of peaks	25-
Extraction Data Format	Maximum number of peaks ↓ Limit (by height) to the largest ▲ 4 ▲	2-
∃ Spectrum		1.5- 922.009661
		1- 224.128176
Extract (MS)		
Extract (MS) Extract (MS/MS)		0.5-



1 Learn basics of qualitative analysis Task 10. Add a caliper

Task 10. Add a caliper

A caliper shows the difference between two points in a spectrum. You can add a caliper to the following graphics windows:

- MS Spectrum Results window
- Deconvolution Results window

You can also add a Modifications caliper or an Amino Acid caliper to a deconvoluted spectra which are displayed in the Deconvolution Results window. If the mass could have changed due to a Modification or an Amino Acid, then the label for the caliper if the Modification or the Amino Acid. Otherwise, the change in the mass (Delta Mass) is reported.

Task 10. Add a caliper

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments	
1	Add the caliper to the peak spectrum created in the previous task.	 a In the MS Spectrum Results window, click the Caliper tool () in the toolbar. b Move the cursor to the location in the spectrum pane where you want to add the caliper. c Drag the cursor to the end point of caliper in the spectrum. As you drag the cursor, the value of the delta mass changes. When you release the mouse button, the caliper is added. 	 See "Task 9. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS only)" on page 33 to extract an MS spectrum. The cursor changes to an arrow. You use this cursor to select the start and end point of the caliper. 	
2	Modify the caliper to use a different color.	 a Click the caliper created in the previous step. b Click the Caliper Properties button () in the MS Spectrum Results Caliper toolbar. c Type the Start X and End X. d Select the Text color. e Select the Font style and Font size. f Click OK. 	 You can add multiple calipers to a spectrum. You can use the icons in the Caliper toolbar to select all of the calipers, delete calipers and edit calipers. 	

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments MS Spectrum Results Delta Mass Caliper Settings X ਯ ↔ ‡ | Q 重 ₩ | ✔ | _ ▲ ● ⊙ 1 ▼ 🕕 ⋈ ╓ 🖬 😹 % % 除 🚈 🥥 Caliper Delta mass: Profile Point o Point 🔹 🏦 X 🔀 x10 6 +ESI Scan (0.775-0.839 min, 5 scans) Frag=125.0V sulfas_PosMS.d Subtract Start X: 279.0908 🛕 m/z End X: 579,1565 A m/z 1.8-Text color Blue ~ **A** 279.0908 1.6 Orientation ~ degrees 0 1.4 12 Font style: Bold ~ <u>A</u> Font size: **∽ ∆** 1.2-300.0657 1 OK Cancel 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2-0-400 450 500 550 600 650 700 750 800 850 900 950 1000 Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z) 50 100 150 200 250 300 350

Task 10. Add a caliper (continued)



Tasks for LC/MS/MS Data (Q-TOF and Triple Quad)

Task 11. Extract chromatograms (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

In this task, you extract one chromatogram for MS data and one for MS/MS data in order to integrate the peaks. You cannot integrate the TIC of the original chromatogram because it contains both MS and MS/MS data.

Task 11. Extract chromatograms (MS and MS/MS)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
I Extract TICs for the MS data in the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d data file.	 a In the Data Navigator, mark the check box for sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d and clear the check boxes for the other data files. b Display the Extract Chromatograms dialog box, using the option below or one of the options to the right: Click Chromatograms > Extract Chromatograms. c In the List of opened data files, click sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d, if necessary. d Make sure the Type is TIC. From the MS Level list, click MS. f Click OK. 	 You can also extract chromatograms in one of the following ways: Right-click the chromatogram, and click Extract Chromatograms. From Data Navigator, click User Chromatograms > TIC MS (AII), then right-click TIC MS (AII) and click Extract Chromatograms. You can also extract chromatograms from mass spectra. 	

Task 11. Extract chromatograms (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
	Extract Chromatograms List of opened data files sulfas_PosAutoMSMS.d sulfas_PosMS.d sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d	Type: Integrate when extracted MS Chromatogram Advanced Excluded Masses MS Level: Solar Polarity: Scans: Scan Scan segment: My m/z value(s): OK Cancel act Chromatograms dialog box.
 2 Extract another chromatogram but based on a product ion for the MS/MS data. This time choose to integrate the extracted chromatogram. 	 a Repeat steps b-c of S b Click EIC as the Type c From the MS Level Ii d From the Scans list, e From the Precursor in 279.09100. f In the m/z value(s) to 	can also type a range (for example, ist, click MS/MS. click Product ion. on m/z, select

Task 11. Extract chromatograms (MS and MS/MS) (continued)

- In the m/z value(s) text box, type 186.03299.
- g Mark the Integrate when extracted check box.
- h Click OK.

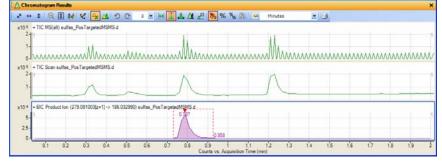


Figure 21 TIC for MS and EIC for MS/MS data compared to the original TIC

Task 12. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 12. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

In this task, you learn different ways to integrate a chromatogram, change integration parameters to modify the results and calculate the S/N for the integrated peaks for MS/MS data.

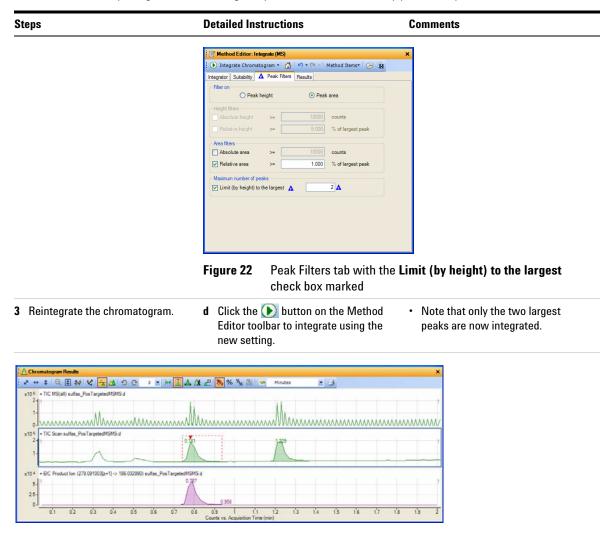
You cannot integrate the original Q-TOF TIC chromatogram because it contains both MS and MS/MS data, possibly in no particular order.

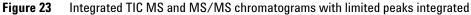
S	Steps		Detailed Instructions		Comments	
1	Integrate the TIC Scan chromatogram for the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d data file, using any of the options listed at right.	a	 Highlight the TIC Scan chromatogram, and choose from any one of the following commands to integrate the chromatogram. From the menu bar click Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram. Right-click anywhere in the chromatogram window, and click Integrate Chromatogram. In the Data Navigator window, select sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d > User Chromatograms > TIC Scan, then right-click the TIC Scan and click Integrate Chromatogram.	•	practically all the peaks in the chromatogram.	
2	 Change the threshold to integrate fewer peaks. Change the threshold to retain only the two largest peaks. 	a b c	From the Method Explorer window, click Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) to display the Integrator tab. Click the Peak Filters tab. In the Maximum number of peaks box, mark Limit (by height) to the largest, if necessary, and type in 2.	•	Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear.	

Task 12. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 12. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 12. Interactivel	y integrate a chromatog	ram (LC/MS and LC/MS	/MS) (continued)





Task 12. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 12. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps		Detailed Instructions		C	Comments	
4	Integrate the EIC Product Ion chromatogram for the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d data file, using any of the options listed at right.	 a Highlight the EIC Product Ion chromatogram, and choose from any one of the following commands to integrate the chromatogram. From the menu bar click Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram. Right-click anywhere in the chromatogram window, and click Integrate Chromatogram. In the Data Navigator window, select sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d > User Chromatograms > EIC Product Ion then right-click the EIC Product Ion and click Integrate Chromatogram. 			Note that the program integrated practically all the peaks in the chromatogram. You select the integrator to use for MS data, MS/MS data, UV data, GC Data and ADC data in the Method Editor window in the Integrator tab. You can select a different integrator for MS data, MS/MS data, UV and GC data, and ADC data.	
5	Change the filter to filter on height and set an absolute height limit.	Chroma to displa b Click the c Under F d Under H	ethod Explorer, click togram > Integrate (MS/MS) ay the Integrator tab. e Peak Filters tab. ilter on, click Peak height. eight filters, mark the e height check box.	•	The MS/MS integrator is selected by default for MS/MS data. Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear.	
6	Reintegrate the chromatogram		e 💽 icon on the Method oolbar to integrate using the ting.	•	Note that only the largest peak is now integrated.	

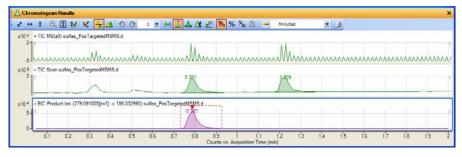


Figure 24 Integrated TIC MS and MS/MS chromatograms with higher threshold setting

Task 12. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 12. Interactively	/ integrate a chromatod	gram (LC/MS and	LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 7 Calculate the signal-to-noise ratio for the EIC of the product ion. Set the first Peak Label to Area and the second Peak Label for the chromatographic peaks to Signal-to-noise. Open the Method Editor. Use 0.0 - 0.76 for the noise region, and calculate the signal-to-noise ratio for the integrated peaks. 	 a Click Configuration > Chromatogram Display Options, and set the first Peak label to Area and the second Peak label to Signal-to-Noise. Click OK. b In Method Explorer in the Chromatogram section, select Calculate Signal to Noise. c Click the Specific noise regions button. Type 0.0 - 0.76 for the Noise regions, and click the Calculate Signal to Noise icon D. 	 Make sure the EIC is highlighted before you calculate the signal-to-noise. The default Noise definition algorithm is Peak-to-Peak. See the online Help for information about each Noise definition. The area that you specified to be the noise region is drawn in bold in the Chromatogram Results window 	

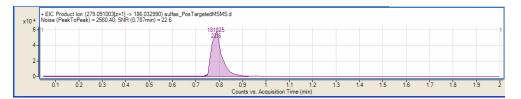


Figure 25 Signal-to-Noise results for MS/MS EIC Product Ion

8	Restore the settings that are saved		
	for the current method and close		
	Method Editor.		

- a Click the Chromatogram > Calculate Signal-to-Noise section in the Method Explorer.
- **b** Click the **Restore to last saved values** from file icon 🚀 son the Method Editor toolbar.
- c Click the Chromatogram > Integrate (MS/MS) section in the Method Explorer.
- d Click the icon 🖌
- e Click the Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) section in the Method Explorer.
- Click the icon 📈 f
- Close Method Editor. g

· To cancel your changes and restore the values from the method that is loaded, click the Restore to last saved values from file icon 🖌 Son the Method Editor toolbar.

Task 12. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 12. Interactively	y integrate a chromatogi	ram (LC/MS and LC,	/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
9 Return the peak labels for Chromatograms to Retention Time.	 a Click Configuration > Chromatogram Display Options. b Select Retention Time for the first Peak label and None for the second Peak label. c Click OK. 	 You can also click the Display Options icon, A in the Chromatogram Results window to open the Chromatogram Display Options dialog box. 	
10 Delete all chromatograms except the original.	 a Under User Chromatograms in the Data Navigator window, highlight all the chromatograms except the original. b Right-click the highlighted chromatograms, and click Delete. c Click Yes if the Delete message box is displayed. 		

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) $\,$

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) $\,$

In this task, you extract a spectrum from exactly where you specify in the chromatogram. The Qualitative Analysis program can extract a spectrum from a specific data point or extract an average spectrum from an average of multiple data points or ranges.

This task also shows you how to walk a chromatogram, change spectral display options and subtract the background spectrum.

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Walk a chromatogram to view the precursor ion and product ion for the last peak of sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d. Zoom in on the region between 1.15 and 1.35 minutes. Use the Walk Chromatogram icon. Review the spectra starting at about 1.15 minutes, and move the arrow to the right. 	 a Click the TIC MS(all) chromatogram in the Data Navigator window. b To zoom in to the last peak, right-click the mouse above the peak at 1.15 minutes and drag it to 1.35 minutes, then release. c Close the Method Editor window. d Click the Walk Chromatogram icon on the Chromatogram Results toolbar. e Move the Walk Chromatogram cursor to above the X axis at about 1.15 minutes, and click. f To navigate from spectrum to spectrum, use the right and left arrow keys on your keyboard. 	 The Walk Chromatogram tool is particularly useful on MS/MS data for identifying precursor and product ions. The spectrum for each point you click in the Chromatogram Results window is automatically displayed in the Spectrum Preview window, which is opened automatically. 	

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

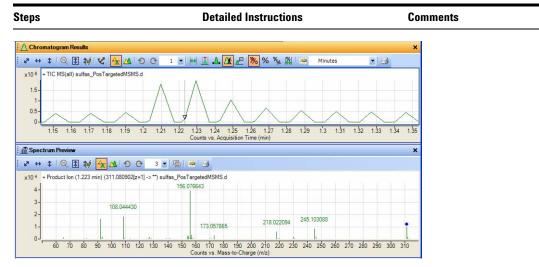
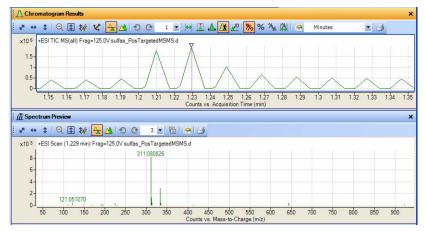


Figure 26 Walk chromatogram to view the MS/MS product ion at 1.223 minutes



If you want the Fragmentor voltage included in the chromatogram title and the spectrum title, you mark the Expanded check box in the Chromatogram Display Options dialog box and in the MS and MS/MS Spectra Display Options dialog box.

Figure 27 Walk chromatogram to view the MS scan for the peak at 1.229 minutes

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 13. Extract spectra from	n a chromatogram (LC/MS	and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 2 Extract spectra on specific data points for the peak at 0.33 minutes and the last peak of the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d data file. After zooming in on the region between 0.3 and 0.4 min., extract a spectrum from one of the peaks (MS) at or near 0.33 min. and then one of the valleys (MS/MS), using any one of the options described under Comments. After zooming in on the region between 1.15 and 1.25 min., extract a spectrum from one of the peaks at or near 1.23 min. (not the valley yet) Change the display to show at least three spectra. 	 a Click the Range Select icon from the Chromatogram Results toolbar. b Close the Spectrum Preview window. c Click the Zoom Out icon, A, in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. d To zoom in to the first peak, right-click the mouse above the peak at 0.3 min. and drag it to 0.4 min., then release. e On a peak near 0.33 min. extract a spectrum in any of the ways listed in the Comments column. f On a valley near 0.34 minutes, extract a spectrum. g Click the Zoom Out icon, A, in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. h Zoom into the region between 1.15 and 1.25 min. i On a peak near 1.23 minutes, extract a spectrum in any of the ways listed in the Comments column. j If necessary, click the arrow next to the Maximum number of list panes icon in the MS Spectrum Results toolbar, and click 3. 	 When you zoom, make sure the AutoScale Y-axis during Zoom icon, is "on". The background of the icon is orange when it is on. You can extract a spectrum in any o the following ways: Double-click the data point in the chromatogram. Click the data point in the chromatogram, then right-click anywhere in the chromatogram. Click Extract MS Spectrum. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is displayed. Make sure the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d filk is selected, and click Extract in the Extract Spectrum dialog box. Note that when you first extract a spectrum, the MS Spectrum Results window appears containing the spectrum, and the type of spectrum and retention time appear under User Spectra. All subsequent extracted spectra appear in both places as well. 	

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

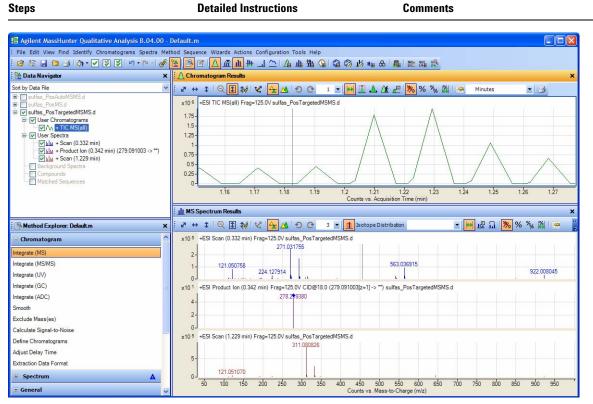


Figure 28 The Qualitative Analysis program with MS Scan and Product Ion spectra from the first peak and MS Scan spectrum from the last peak

and save only a few of the spectra.

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 3 Extract a product ion spectrum for the last peak of the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d data file. View the Spectrum Preview window. Extract a spectrum from the valley at RT 1.237 min. Copy this spectrum to the User Spectra folder. Change the display to show 4 spectra. Turn off Spectrum Preview. 	 a Click the Spectrum Preview icon, in the main toolbar. b On a valley near 1.23 minutes extract a spectrum. c Right-click the spectrum in the Spectrum Preview window, and click Copy to User Spectra. d Select 4 for the Maximum number of list panes in the MS Spectrum Results window. e Close the Spectrum Preview window. 	 When Spectrum Preview is enabled, the system displays any manually-selected spectrum in the Spectrum Preview window but not in the User Spectra section of Data Navigator. With the Spectrum Preview window open, Qualitative Analysis overwrites the previous spectrum when you extract a new spectrum. Spectrum Preview mode is useful when you quickly want to review the spectra in your chromatogram

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

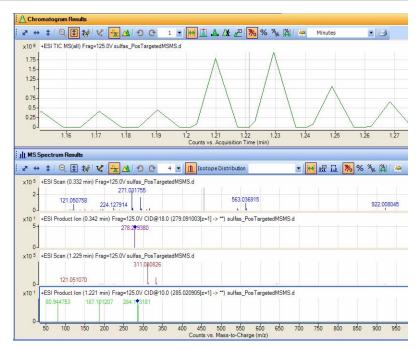


Figure 29 Chromatogram Results and MS Spectrum Results windows with product ion spectrum from the last peak in the chromatogram

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 4 Extract a spectrum that averages all points within a specified range for the last peak for the sulfas_PosTargeted.d data file: 200m out. Use the Range Select icon on the Chromatogram toolbar. Set the range across the entire peak. Extract the spectrum, using any of the options listed. 	 a Click the Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar to zoom out completely. b Click the Range Select icon i on the Chromatogram toolbar. c Click at about 1.21 minutes of the last peak and drag over to about 1.229 minutes on the right. d Extract the average spectrum using one of the options on the right. e Click the down arrow next to the Maximum number of list panes icon, 	 You can extract an average spectrum by double-clicking the selected range in the chromatogram. Or, right-click anywhere in the chromatogram, and click Extract MS Spectrum from the shortcut menu. Then, click Extract. Note that both the averaged MS spectrum and averaged MS/MS spectrum appear.

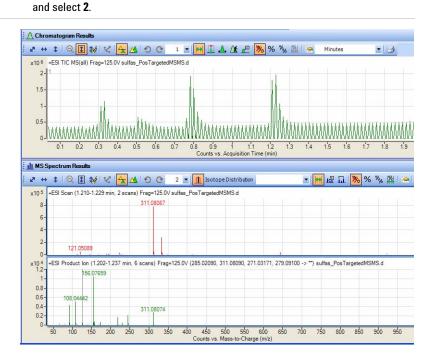


Figure 30 Averaged spectra extracted from selected range for last peak

shown in gray and the blue range is

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 5 Extract spectra that average the ranges of peaks 1 and 4 together for the sulfas_PosTargeted.d data file. • Hint: Use the Range Select icon and the Ctrl key to select the Peak 1 range taken from the halfway point. • Extract the spectra, using any of the options on the right. 	 a Press and hold the Ctrl key. b Click at about 0.3 min. on the left side of the first peak and drag over to about 0.33 min. on the right, and release the mouse. c Release the Ctrl key. d Extract the averaged spectra using this option or the one on the right: Double-click inside the selected range in either peak. 	 Remember that the second peak already has a range selected from step 4. To extract spectra, you can also right-click anywhere in the chromatogram and clicking Extract MS Spectrum. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is shown. Click Extract. The range that you select is shown in blue. When you use this range, the range that is actually used is

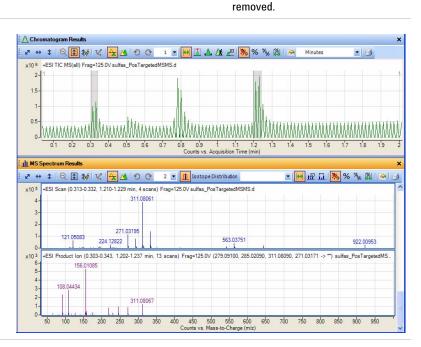


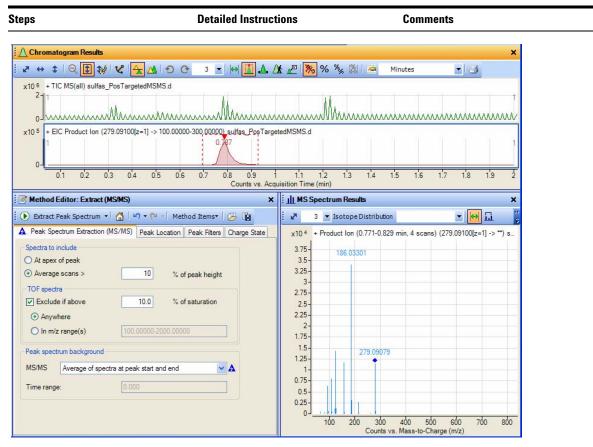
Figure 31 Averaged MS and MS/MS spectra created from multiple ranges.

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 6 Subtract a background spectrum every time you extract a peak spectrum for an MS/MS EIC extracted from sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d. Delete any scans under User Spectra in Data Navigator. Extract a background spectrum that is the average of a spectrum at the start of the peak and a spectrum at the end of the peak. Extract a peak spectrum from the integrated peaks. 	 a Under User Spectra in Data Navigator, right-click the spectra, and click Delete. b Click Yes in the Delete message box. c Extract an integrated MS/MS EIC of ions 279.09100 with an m/z range of 100-300 (see "Task 11. Extract chromatograms (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)" on page 42) d In Method Explorer, select Spectrum > Extract (MS/MS). e Click the Peak Spectrum Extraction (MS/MS) tab, if not visible. f Under Peak spectrum background, click Average of spectra at peak start and end. g In the Chromatogram Results toolbar, click the Peak Select icon. h Select the peak at 0.8 min. i Right-click and click Extract Peak Spectrum. 	 Note that at the end of this process all extracted peak spectra will automatically have the designated background spectrum subtracted.

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)



Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Figure 32 Product ion (MS/MS) spectra with background subtracted

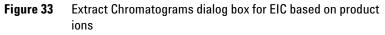
Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatog	ram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 7 Extract an MS/MS EIC Product Ion chromatogram specifying the product ions 186.03396 and 156.07760. Do not integrate when the chromatogram is extracted. 	 a Right-click the Product Ion spectrum. b Click Extract Chromatograms. c From the Type list, select EIC. d Clear the Integrate when extracted check box. e From the MS level list, select MS/MS. f Select Any for the Precursor ion m/z. g Type 186.03396, 156.07760 into the m/z values box. h Mark the Merge multiple masses into one chromatogram check box. 	 You separate multiple m/z values with a comma. If you type a single m/z value, then it is changed to a range automatically by using the Single m/z expansion range for this chromatogram parameters that are entered on the Advanced tab. 	

i Click OK.

Extract Chromatograms	
sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d	Production
m/z val	rge multiple masses into one chromatogram A



Task 13. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (LC/MS and LC/MS/MS)

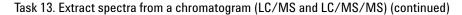




Figure 34 Product Ion EIC

- 8 Extract an MS/MS EIC using the product ion spectra, 279.091-> ** from Step 6.
- a In the MS Spectrum Results window, select a range around the 279.09079 peak.
- **b** Press and hold the **Ctrl** key.
- c Select a range around the 186.03301 peak.
- d Right-click the spectrum and click Extract EIC > Over Selected Ranges.
- A separate chromatogram is extracted for each range in the spectrum.
- The product ion range is set to the range selected in the MS Spectrum Results window.

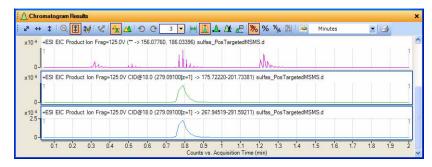


Figure 35 Product Ion EIC created directly from the Product Ion spectrum

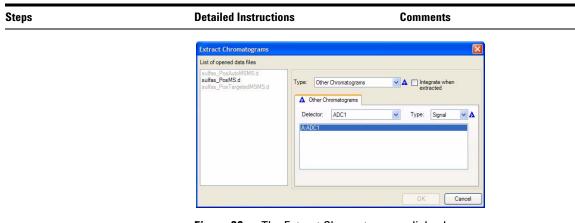
Tasks for MS and UV Data

Task 14. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV)

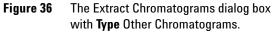
In this task, you extract MS and UV chromatograms from a data file.

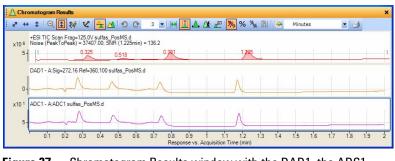
Task 14. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV)

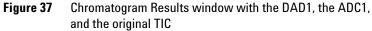
Task 14. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV)



Task 14. Extract chromatograms (MS and UV) (continued)







Task 15. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV)

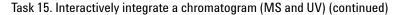
Task 15. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV)

In this task, you learn different ways to interactively integrate a chromatogram, change integration parameters to modify the results and view the signal-to-noise ratio for each peak. You also learn how to enable System Suitability calculations.

Task 15. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS and UV)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Integrate the sulfas_PosMS.d UV chromatograms, using any of the options listed at right. Highlight the DAD1 and ADC1 chromatogram. Integrate the chromatograms. 	 a Highlight the DAD1 and ADC1 chromatograms. b Integrate the sulfas_PosMS.d UV chromatogram, using any of the following options. From the main menu, click Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram. Highlight the chromatogram. Then, right-click the chromatogram, and click Integrate Chromatogram. In Data Navigator, highlight DAD1 and ADC1 in the sulfas_PosMS.d > User Chromatograms section. Then, right-click either chromatogram and click Integrate Chromatogram and click Integrate Chromatogram. 	 The integration uses the General Integrator, because that is the integrator selected in the method default.m. You can change this value in the Chromatogram > Integrate (UV) > Integrator tab. If the Chromatogram > Integrate (UV) section is not available, then you need to mark the UV check box in the User Interface Configuration dialog box. Note that the integration with default parameters is detecting very small peaks. 	

Task 15. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV)



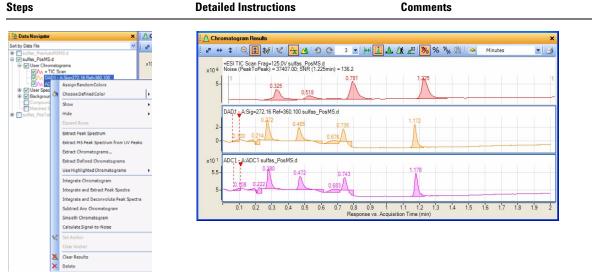


Figure 38 One of the shortcut menus in the Data Navigator and integrated sulfas_PosMS.d chromatograms

 2 Enable system suitability calculations for UV chromatograms. a From Method Explorer, select Chromatogram > Integrate (UV) to display the Integrator tab. b Click the Suitability tab. c Mark Enable system suitability calculations. d Select the United States Pharmacopoeia (USP). e In the Column void time box, type 0.15. f In the Column length box, type 5. 	 Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value that is saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear. The algorithms that are used to set several of the columns in the Integration Peak List change, depending on the selected pharmacopoeia. See the online Help for more information.
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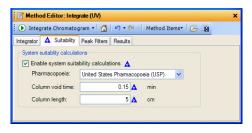


Figure 39 Chromatogram > Integrate (UV) Suitability tab

Task 15. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (UV) and calculate System Suitability values (MS and UV)

Task 15. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (MS and UV) (continued)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
3 Reintegrate the chromatogram.	 Click the Integrate Chromatogram icon on the Method Editor toolbar to integrate using the new setting. 		
 4 View the system suitability calculations. Open the Integration Peak List window. Review the values for the noise region, and calculate the signal-to-noise ratio for the integrated peaks. 	 a Click View > Integration peak list. b Right-click the header of the Integration peak list window and click Floating. c Right-click the column header of any column that you do not want to see and click Remove Column. d Right-click any column header and click Add/Remove Columns to change the columns that are visible. 	 The system suitability calculations are included in the Integration Peak List table. These values include k', Tailing factor, Plates, Plates/M, and Symmetry. You can also enable system suitability calculations for an MS, an MS/MS and a GC chromatogram. 	

Peak		RT	Area	Area%	Width	k'	Plates	Plates/M	Resolution	Symmetry	Tailing facto
	1	0.1	0.1	2.07	0.043	-0.3	2	40	0.7	24.5	0.5
	2	0.185	1.03	21.16	0.057	0.2	562	11240	0.5	4.29	0.6
	3	0.214	0.45	9.19	0.028	0.4	112	2240	0.5	1	1
	4	0.272	4.39	90.03	0.089	0.8	830	16600	1	0.47	1.6
	5	0.465	4.88	100	0.169	2.1	1844	36880	4.8	0.45	1.8
	6	0.676	0.81	16.53	0.095	3.5	108	2160	1.4	1.79	0.8
	7	0.735	3.5	71.74	0.08	3.9	5943	118860	0.4	0.88	1.1
	8	1.172	4,72	96.71	0.085	6.8	18802	376040	12.1	0.53	1.6

Figure 40 Integrated Peaks table with system suitability values

- 5 Restore the settings for the default
method, and close the MethodaTo
the
the
the
the
cl
Peak List window.fr
- a To cancel your changes and restore the values from the default method, click the **Restore to last saved values** from file icon on the Method Editor toolbar.
 - **b** Close Method Editor.
 - c Right-click the header of the Integration peak list window and click Floating.
 - d Click View > Integration Peak List.
- When you click the Floating command in the shortcut menu the second time, the Integration Peak List window is docked where it was originally.

Learn basics of qualitative analysis Task 16. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV)

Task 16. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV)

In this task, you extract a spectrum from exactly where you specify in the chromatogram. The Qualitative Analysis program can extract a UV spectrum from a specific data point, extract an averaged UV spectrum from an average of multiple data points or ranges, or extract a Peak Spectrum.

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Extract spectra on specific data points for the peak at 0.27 minutes and the last peak (1.22) of the sulfas_PosMS.d data file. Delete the ADC1 chromatogram. After zooming in on the region between 0.17 and 0.31 minutes, extract a spectrum from the peak at or near 0.27 minutes using any one of the options described under Comments. Open Spectrum Preview. After zooming in on the region between 1.1 and 1.3 minutes, extract a spectrum from the peak at or near 1.17 minutes. Copy this spectrum to the User Spectra section. Change the display to show at least two spectra. 	 a Delete the ADC1 chromatogram. b Click the Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis icon a in the Chromatogram Results toolbar to zoom out completely. c Click the Range Select icon of on the Chromatogram Results toolbar. d Highlight the DAD1 chromatogram. e To zoom in to the first peak, right-click the mouse above the peak at 0.17 min. and drag it to below the curve at 0.31 minutes, then release. f On the peak near 0.27 minutes, extract a UV spectrum using one of the methods in the Comments column. g Click the Zoom Out icon, a, in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. h To open Spectrum Preview, click the Spectrum Preview icon, and 1.3 min. j On the peak near 1.17 min. extract a UV spectrum. The spectrum is shown in the Spectrum Preview window. k Right-click the spectra. The Spectrum Preview window. k Right-click the arrow next to the Maximum number of list panes icon in the UV Spectrum Results toolbar, and select 2. m Close the MS Spectrum Results window. 	 You cannot extract spectra from an ADC chromatogram. When you zoom, make sure the AutoScale Y-axis during Zoom icon,	

Task 16. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS and UV)

1

Task 16. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV)

Task 16. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS and UV) (continued)

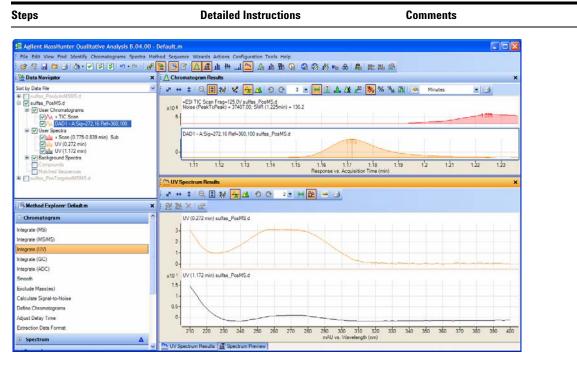


Figure 41 Main window with extracted UV spectra from two integrated peaks in the sulfas_PosMS.d file

Task 16. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 2 Extract a spectrum that averages all UV points within a specified range for the last integrated UV peak for the sulfas_PosMS.d data file: Delete any existing User Spectra. Zoom out of the chromatogram. Turn off Spectrum Preview. Use the Range Select icon on the Chromatogram toolbar. Set the range from the halfway point on the left to the same point on the right of the peak. Extract the spectrum, using any of the options listed. 	 a Highlight the User Spectra to be deleted (Use Ctrl). b Right-click the selected User Spectra, and click Delete. c Click Yes in the Delete dialog box, if it is displayed. d Click the Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis icon a to zoom out completely. e Click the Spectrum Preview window, then close the window. f Click the Range Select icon on the Chromatogram toolbar. g Click at the halfway point on the left side of the last integrated peak in the DAD1 chromatogram and drag over to the halfway point on the right. h Extract the averaged spectrum using the option below or on the right. r Right-click anywhere in the range of the peak, and click Extract UV Spectrum from the shortcut menu. Click Extract in the Extract 	 You can also extract an average spectrum by double-clicking the selected range in the chromatogram. You can change whether or not you are asked to confirm every time you delete a chromatogram or spectrum by using the Message Box Options dialog box. This dialog box is displayed from the Tools > Message Box Options command. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is only shown if more than one data file is loaded. 	

Spectrum dialog box.

Task 16. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS and UV) (continued)



Figure 42 Average spectrum extracted from selected range for last peak

Task 16. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (UV)

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 3 Extract a UV peak spectrum in sulfas_PosMS.d. Delete any scans under User Spectra in Data Navigator. Integrate the DAD1 chromatogram. Extract a peak spectrum from the third integrated peak. 	 a Under User Spectra in Data Navigator, highlight the User Spectra to be deleted. b Right-click the spectra, and click Delete. c Click Yes. d Highlight the DAD1 Chromatogram. e Click Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram. f Click the Peak Select icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. g Click the third integrated peak (at 0.225 minutes) in the DAD1 chromatogram. h Right-click the peak and click Extract Peak Spectrum. 	 Extracted peak spectra are always put into either the UV Spectrum Results window or the MS Spectrum Results window, even if the Spectrum Preview window is open. 	

Task 16. Extract spectra from a chromatogram (MS and UV) (continued)

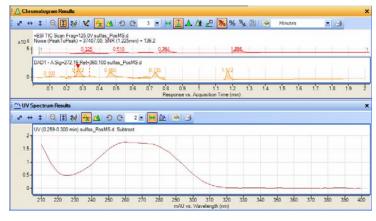


Figure 43 Integrated DAD1 chromatogram and UV Peak Spectrum

- 4 Close all three data files.
- a Click File > Close All.
- **b** Click **No** when asked to save the results.

Tasks for GC-MS data

Task 17. Configure User Interface for GC

In this task, you switch to the General workflow. This is the only workflow that supports analyzing GC/MS data. Then, you open the User Interface Configuration dialog box and mark the appropriate check boxes for a GC QQQ system.

Task 17. Configure User Interface for GC

St	teps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
1	Open the Qualitative Analysis program.	 a Double-click the Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis icon . The system displays the Open Data Files dialog box. b Click Cancel in the Open Data Files dialog box. 	 You can get help for any window, dialog box, or tab by pressing the F1 key when that window is active. 	
2	Switch to the General Workflow.	 a Click the Configuration > Configure for Workflow > General command. b Click the Load workflow's default method button and the Load workflow's default layout button. c Click OK. d Click the List Mode icon A in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. 	 If the Data Acquisition program for GC-QQQ is installed on the same computer, the software configures the User Interface automatically. By default, chromatograms are overlaid. For these examples, the chromatograms are shown in List Mode. 	

Task 17. Configure User Interface for GC

ace for GC
ace for GO

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
3 Configure the user interface to show GC features only.	 a Click Configuration > User Interface Configuration. b Under Separation types, only mark the GC check box. c Under Ionization type, mark the El or other "hard" ionization technique check box. Clear the CI, APCI, ESI, MADLDI or other "soft" ionization technique check box d Under Mass accuracy, clear the Accurate mass (TOF, Q-TOF) check box. Mark the Unit mass (Q, QQQ) check box. e Under Optional software features, clear the Peptide Sequence Editor check box and the BioConfirm Software check box. f Under Non-MS detectors, clear the UV and ADC check boxes. g Mark the Show advanced parameters check box. h Click OK. 	 You change which commands are available in the User Interface Configuration dialog box. If a feature is not visible, it probably was hidden when a check box was cleared in the User Interface Configuration dialog box.

at are enabled as well as the initial values for some p Separation types	Mass accuracy	
GC Other (for example, CE)	Unit mass (Q, QQQ)	
LC A Vone (for example, infusion)	Accurate mass (TOF, Q-TOF) 🛕	
Ionization type	MS levels	
El or other "hard" ionization technique	MS (any)	
CI, APCI, ESI, MALDI or other "soft" ionization technique	MS/MS (QQQ, Q-TOF)	
Optional software features	Non-MS detectors	
Peptide Sequence Editor	UV 🛦	
BioConfirm Software	ADC 🔺	
Other		

Figure 44 Configuring the user interface for a GC Triple Quadrupole

Task 18. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file

In this task, you extract one BPC chromatogram from a GC/MS data file. You also extract an EIC chromatogram from two GC/MS/MS data file.

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments
1	Open the three example GC data files. • Open the data files, Pest - 200 - Scan.D, Pest - STD 200 MRM.D, and Pest Strawb-01 SPIKED 1 ppb - 1 ul inj.D in the folder \ MassHunter\Data\GC , or in the folder where you copied them.	 a Click File > Close All. b Click No in the Save dialog box. c Click File > Open Data File. d Go to the folder \MassHunter\Data \GC or the folder where the example files are located. e Select the three data files. f Clear the Load result data check box. g Click Open. 	STD 200 MRM.D and Pest Strawb-01 SPIKED 1 ppb - 1 ul inj.D files contain both MS and MS/MS
2	Configure the user interface to work with GC data.	 Follow the instructions in "Task 17. Configure User Interface for GC" on page 69. 	
3	Extract a BPC for the GC/MS data in the Pest - 200 - Scan.d data file.	 a In the Data Navigator, mark the check box for Pest - 200 - Scan.d and clear the check boxes for the other data files. b Open the Extract Chromatograms dialog box, using the option below or one of the options to the right: Click Chromatograms > Extract Chromatograms. c In the List of opened data files, click Pest - 200 - Scan.d, if necessary. d Select BPC for the Type. e Click OK. 	 You can also extract chromatograms in one of the following ways: Right-click inside the chromatogram, and click Extract Chromatograms. From Data Navigator, click one of the chromatograms in the User Chromatograms section, then right-click and click Extract Chromatograms. You can also extract chromatograms based upon a mass spectrum.

1

Task 18. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file

Task 18. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file (continued)

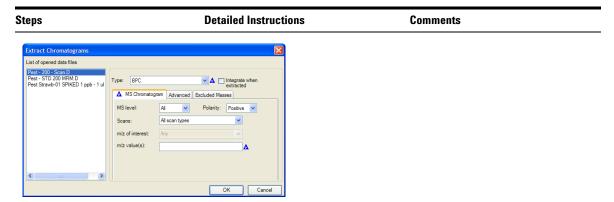


Figure 45 The Extract Chromatograms dialog box

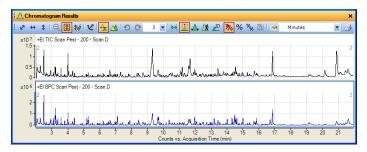


Figure 46 TIC and BPC for GC/MS data file

Task 18. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 4 Extract the 160 -> 133 EIC from the MS/MS data files. This time choose to integrate the extracted chromatogram. 	 a In the Data Navigator, mark the check box for Pest - STD 200 MRM.d and Pest Strawb-01 SPIKED 1 ppb - 1 ul inj.D and clear the check box for Pest - 200 - Scan.d. b Open the Extract Chromatograms dialog box: Click Chromatograms > Extract Chromatograms. c In the List of opened data files, click Pest - STD 200 MRM.d and Pest Strawb-01 SPIKED 1 ppb - 1 ul inj.D, if necessary. d Select EIC as the Type. e From the MS Level list, select MS/MS. f From the Scans list, select Multiple reaction monitor. g From the Precursor ion m/z, select 160. h In the m/z value(s) box, type 133. i Mark the Integrate when extracted check box. j Clear the Do cycle sum and Merge multiple masses into one chromatogram check boxes. k Click OK. 	 When you first select EIC, a red error warning icon is shown next to the m/z value(s) text box. This error icon is removed when you enter an <i>m/z</i> value. In the m/z value(s) text box, you can also type a range (for example, 100 - 300) or multiple values (for example, 133, 139). If you type a single m/z value, it is automatically converted to a range using the parameters on the Advanced tab. 	

Task 18. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file (continued)

xtract Chromatograms		
ist of opened data files		
Pest - 200 - Scan.D Pest - STD 200 MRM.D Pest Strawb-01 SPIKED 1 ppb - 1 ul	Type: EIC Integrate when extracted	4
	MS level: MS/MS 🖌 Polarity: Positive 🗸 Scans: Multiple reaction monitor	
	Precursor ion m/z: 160.0	
	Do cycle sum Merge multiple masses into one chromatogram M	
<		
	OK Cance	el

Figure 47 The Extract Chromatograms dialog box.

Task 18. Extract chromatograms from a GC/MS data file

Task 18.	Extract chromatograms	from a GC/MS	data file	(continued)

Steps		Detailed Instructions		C	Comments	
5	Change the plot display options to not label the Time segment markers.	b	Click Configuration > Chromatogram Display Options. Click Line for the Time segment markers. Clear the Expanded check box.	•	You can customize how chromatograms are displayed in many different ways by modifying values in this dialog box.	
		d	Click the OK button.			

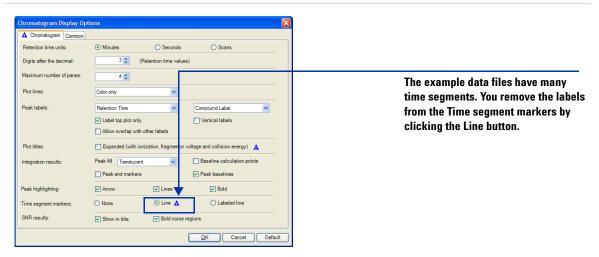


Figure 48 Chromatogram Display Options dialog box

- 6 Display all four chromatograms from the MS/MS data files at the same time.
- Select 4 in the Maximum number of list panes box in the Chromatogram Results Toolbar.

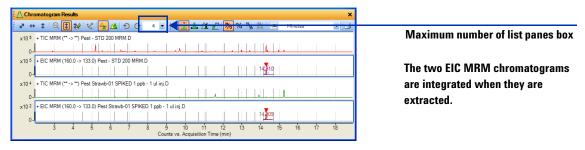


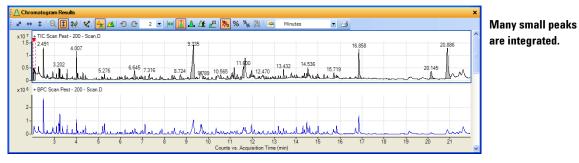
Figure 49 TIC MRM Chromatograms and EIC MRM Chromatograms for MS/MS data files

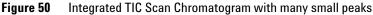
Task 19. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram

In this task, you learn different ways to integrate a chromatogram, change integration parameters to modify the results and calculate the Signal-to-Noise for the integrated peaks for MS/MS data.

S	teps	Detailed Instructions		C	Comments	
1	Integrate the TIC Scan chromatogram for the Pest - 200 - Scan.d data file, using any of the options listed at right.	-	Mark the Pest - 200 - Scan.D line in the Data Navigator window. Highlight the TIC Scan chromatogram, and use one of the following commands: • From the menu bar click Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram. • Right-click anywhere in the chromatogram window, and click Integrate Chromatogram. • In the Data Navigator window, select sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d > User Chromatograms > TIC Scan, then right-click the TIC Scan and click Integrate Chromatogram.	•	Note that the program integrated practically all the peaks in the chromatogram. You select the integrator to use for MS data, MS/MS data, UV data and ADC data in the Method Editor window. This chromatogram is an MS chromatogram, so the values that are set in the Integrate (MS) section of the Method Editor are used when integrating this chromatogram.	
2	Display only two chromatograms at the same time.		Select 2 in the Maximum number of list panes box in the Chromatogram Results Toolbar.			

Task 19. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (GC/MS)





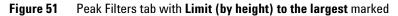
1

Task 19. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram

Task 19. Interactivel	y integrate a chromatogram	(GC/MS) (continued)	
Tuon Tor Interactivor	, meograeo a omomatogram	(00, 100, (00, 10, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00,	

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 3 Change the threshold to integrate fewer peaks. • Change the threshold to retain only the three largest peaks. 	 a From the Method Explorer window, click Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) to display the Integrate (MS) tab. b Click the Peak Filters tab. c Under Maximum number of peaks, mark Limit (by height) to the largest, and type 3. 	 Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear. 	

Method Editor: Integra		ms • 1 (13, 11)a	
prator 🛕 Peak Filters			
teron O Peak heig	ht	Peak area	
eight filters Absolute height	>=	10000	counts
Relative height	>=	5.000	% of largest peak
Absolute area	>=	10000	counts
Relative area	>=	1.000	% of largest peak



- **4** Reintegrate the chromatogram
- d Click the **b** button on the Method Editor toolbar to integrate using the new setting.
- Note that only the three largest peaks are now integrated.

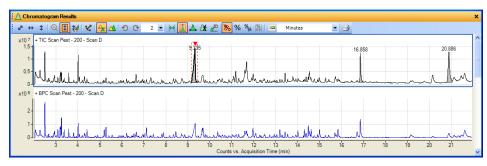


Figure 52 Integrated TIC Scan chromatogram when limiting the number of peaks

Task 19. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Integrate the TIC MRM and EIC MRM chromatograms for the Pest STD 200 MRM.D data file. 	 a In the Data Navigator window, select the TIC MRM for the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file. Press Ctrl and click the EIC MRM chromatogram. b Use one of the following commands to integrate the chromatograms. From the menu bar click Chromatogram > Integrate Chromatogram. Right-click anywhere in the chromatogram window, and click Integrate Chromatogram. In the Data Navigator window, right-click the highlighted chromatograms and click Integrate Chromatograms. 	 Press the Ctrl key to highlight more than one chromatogram in the Data Navigator window. Note that the program integrated practically all the peaks in the chromatogram. These chromatograms are MS/MS chromatograms, so the values that are set in the Integrate (MS/MS) section of the Method Editor window are used when integrating this chromatogram. You can select one integrator to use to integrate MS chromatograms and a different integrator to use to integrate MS/MS chromatograms. 	

Task 19. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (GC/MS) (continued)

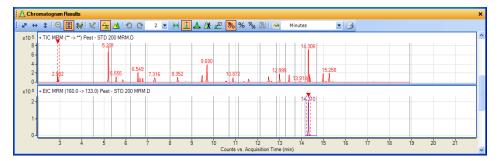


Figure 53 Integrated MRM chromatograms

6	Select the MS/MS (GC) integrator. Change the filter to only accept peaks with an absolute	a	From the Method Explorer window, select Chromatogram > Integrate (MS/MS).	•	Note the blue triangle that appears when you change a setting from the value saved in the current method.
	height greater or equal to 10,000.	d	Select MS/MS (GC) as the Integrator. Click the Peak Filters tab. Under Filter on, click Peak height. Under Height filters, mark the Absolute height check box. Type 10000 as the Absolute height.		When you save the method, the triangles disappear.

Task 19. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram

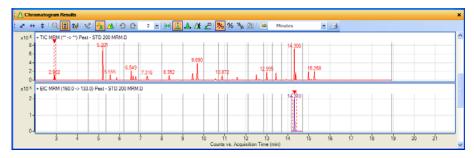
Task 19. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (GC/MS) (continued)

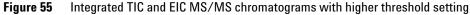
Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
	Integrate (MSMS) Integrate Chromatogram Integrate Chromatogram <th>X</th>	X

Figure 54 Peak Filters tab with Absolute height marked

- 7 Reintegrate the chromatogram
- g Click the D v button on the Method Editor toolbar.

Note that only the largest peaks are now integrated.





8 Restore the settings that are saved for the current method and close Method Editor.

- a Select the Chromatogram > Integrate (MS/MS) section in the Method Explorer.
- **b** Click the icon 7
- c Select the Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) section in the Method Explorer.
- d Click the icon 🐴
- e Close the Method Editor window.
- To cancel your changes and restore the values from the method that is loaded, click the **Restore to last** saved values from file icon the Method Editor toolbar.

Task 19. Interactively integrate a GC/MS chromatogram

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
9 Delete all chromatograms except the original. Delete the integration results on the original chromatogram.	 a Under User Chromatograms in the Data Navigator window, highlight all the chromatograms except the original. b Right-click the highlighted chromatograms, and click Delete. c Select all of the TIC chromatograms. d Click Chromatograms >Clear Results. 	 When you use the Clear Results command, the chromatograms are not deleted; the results that are connected to the chromatograms are removed. In this case, the integration values are cleared.

Task 19. Interactively integrate a chromatogram (GC/MS) (continued)

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

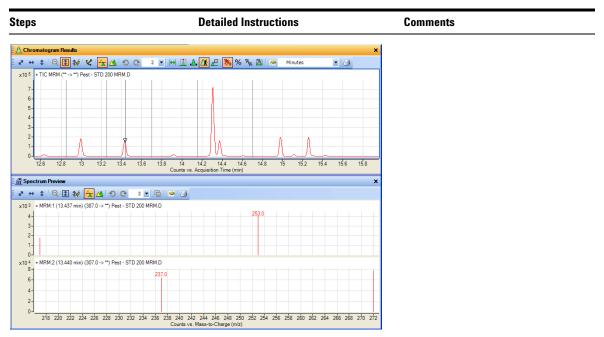
In this task, you extract a spectrum from exactly where you specify in the chromatogram. The Qualitative Analysis program extracts a spectrum from a specific data point or extract an average spectrum from an average of multiple data points or ranges.

This task also shows you how to walk a chromatogram, change spectral display options, subtract the background spectrum and integrate and extract peak spectra.

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments		
 Walk a chromatogram to view the precursor ion and product ion for the last few peaks of Pest - STD 200 MRM.d. Zoom in on the region between 13 and 16 minutes. Use the Walk Chromatogram icon. Review the spectra starting at about 13 minutes, and move the arrow to the right. 	 a Mark the Pest - 200 - Scan.D line in the Data Navigator window. b Click on the TIC MRM chromatogram in the Data Navigator window. c Close the Method Editor window. d Close the MS Spectrum Results window. e Click the Autoscale Y-axis during Zoom icon 1 in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. f To zoom in to the last few peaks, right-click the mouse above the peak at 13 min. and drag it to 16 min., then release. g Click the Walk Chromatogram Results toolbar. h Move the Walk Chromatogram cursor to above the X axis at about 13 minutes, and click. i To navigate from spectrum to spectrum, use the right and left arrow keys on your keyboard. 	 The Walk Chromatogram tool is particularly useful on MS/MS data for identifying precursor and product ions. The spectrum for each point you click in the Chromatogram Results window is automatically displayed in the Spectrum Preview window, which is opened automatically. Sometimes, two spectra are displayed in the Spectrum Preview Preview window. For example, two spectra are shown in the Spectrum Preview window for each point you click near the peak at 13.431 minutes. 		

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file



Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

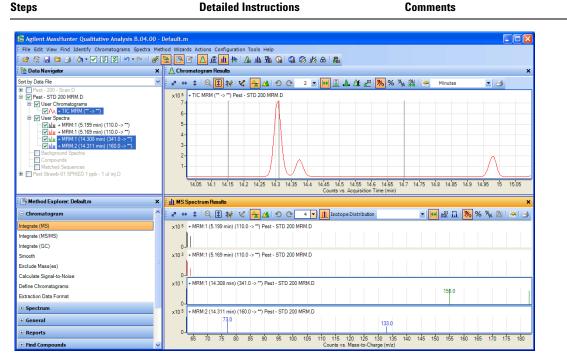
Figure 56 Walk chromatogram to view the two MRM spectra for the peak at 13. 437 minutes

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments		
 2 Extract spectra on specific data points for the peak at 5.2 minutes and the peak at 14.3 minutes of the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file. • Extract a spectrum from the peak at or near 5.2 min. and then one of the valleys, using any one of the options described under Comments. • Extract a spectrum from the peak at or near 14.3 minutes. (not the valley yet) • Change the display to show at least three spectra. 	 a Click the Range Select icon from the Chromatogram Results toolbar. b Close the Spectrum Preview window. c Click the Zoom Out icon, A, in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. d To zoom in to the peak at 5.2 minutes, right-click the mouse above the peak at 4.0 min. and drag it to 6.0 min., then release. e On a peak near 5.2 min. extract a spectrum in any of the ways listed in the Comments column. f On a valley near 5.1 min., extract the spectrum. g Click the Zoom Out icon, A, in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. h Zoom into the region between 14 and 15 min. i On a peak near 14.3 minutes, extract a spectrum in any of the ways listed in the Comments column. j If necessary, select 4 in the Maximum number of list panes icon in the MS Spectrum Results toolbar. 	 When you zoom, make sure the AutoScale Y-axis during Zoom icon is "on". The background of the icon is orange when it is on. You can extract a spectrum in any o the following ways: Double-click the data point in the chromatogram. Click the data point in the chromatogram, then right-click anywhere in the chromatogram. Click Extract MS Spectrum. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is displayed. Make sure the sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d file is selected, and click Extract in the Extract Spectrum dialog box. Note that when you first extract a spectrum, the MS Spectrum Results window appears containing the spectrum, and the type of spectrum and retention time appear under User Spectra. All subsequent extracted spectra appear in both places as well. 		

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file



Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Figure 57 Main window with two MRM spectra from the peak at 5.2 minutes and two MRM spectra from the peak at 14.3 minutes

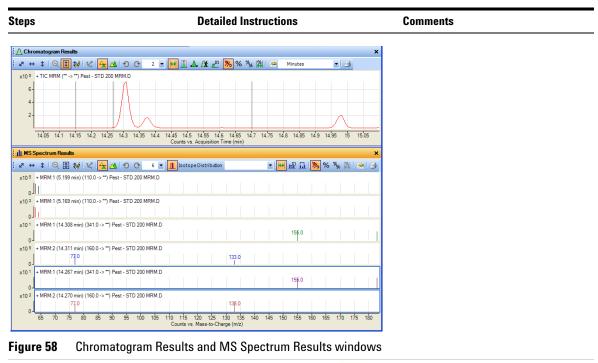
- 3 Extract an MS Spectrum for the valley at 14.35 minutes of the **Pest**
 - STD 200 MRM.d data file.
 - Bring up Spectrum Preview.
 - Extract a spectrum from the valley at RT 14.3 minutes.
 - Copy this spectrum to the User Spectra folder.
 - Change the display to show 6 spectra.
 - Turn off Spectrum Preview.

- a Click the Spectrum Preview icon,
- b On a valley near 14.3 minutes extract a spectrum.
- c Right-click the spectrum in the Spectrum Preview window, and click Copy to User Spectra. The spectra are copied to the User Spectra section in the Data Navigator and are shown in the MS Spectrum Results window.
- **d** Click the down arrow next to the spectrum pane list, and select **6**.
- e Close the Spectrum Preview window.

- When Spectrum Preview is enabled, the system displays any manually-selected spectrum in the Spectrum Preview window but not in the User Spectra section of Data Navigator.
- With Spectrum Preview on, Qualitative Analysis overwrites the previous spectrum when you extract a new spectrum.
- Spectrum Preview mode is useful when you quickly want to review the spectra in your chromatogram and save only a few of the spectra.

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

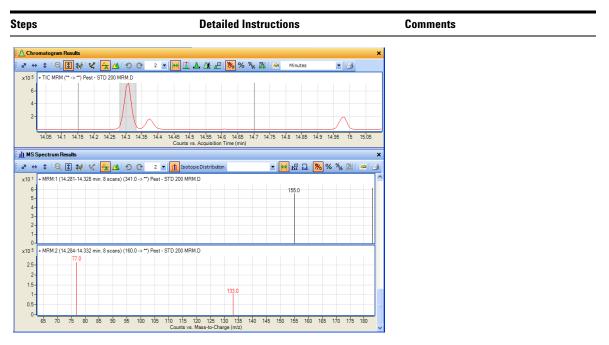


4 Extract a spectrum that averages all points within a specified range for the peak at 14.3 minutes for the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file:

- Zoom out.
- Chromatogram toolbar.
- Set the range across the entire • peak.
- Extract the spectrum, using any of the options listed.

- a Click the Range Select icon 🙌 on the Chromatogram toolbar.
- **b** Click at the left side of the base of the peak at 14.3 minutes and drag to the base of that peak on the right.
- Use the Range Select icon on the **c** Extract the average spectrum using one of the options on the right.
 - **d** Select **2** in the Maximum number of list panes in the MS Spectrum Results window.
- You can extract an average spectrum by double-clicking the selected range in the chromatogram.
- · Or, right-click anywhere in the chromatogram, and click Extract **MS Spectrum** from the shortcut menu.
- Note that two averaged MRM ٠ spectra appear.

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file



Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Figure 59 Chromatogram Results and MS Spectrum Results showing two averaged spectra

- 5 Extract spectra that average the ranges of peaks at 5.2 minutes and at 14.3 minutes together for the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file.
 - Hint: Use the Range Select icon and the Ctrl key to select the Peak 1 range taken from the halfway point.
 - Extract the spectra, using any of the options on the right.

- a Click the Zoom Out icon, 🛃, in the Chromatogram Results toolbar.
- **b** Press the **Ctrl** key.
- c Click at about 5.0 min. on the left side of the first peak and drag over to about 5.3 min. on the right, and release the mouse.
- d Release the Ctrl key.
- e Extract the averaged spectra using this option or the one on the right:
 - Double-click inside the selected range in either peak.

- Remember that the second peak already has a range selected from step 4.
- To extract spectra, you can also right-click anywhere in the chromatogram and clicking Extract MS Spectrum. The Extract Spectrum dialog box is shown. Click Extract.

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

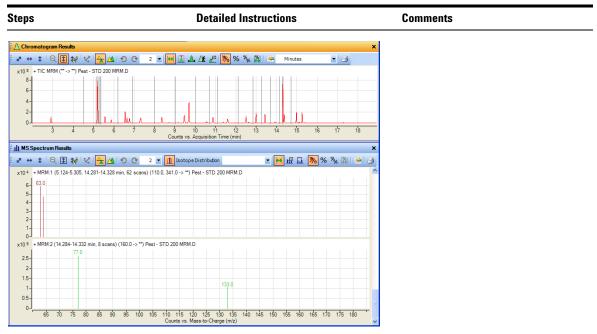


Figure 60 Two averaged spectra from two different ranges in the chromatogram

- 6 Subtract a background spectrum every time you extract a peak spectrum from Pest - STD 200 MRM.d.
 - Delete any scans under User Spectra in Data Navigator.
 - Extract a background spectrum that is the average of a spectrum at the start of the peak and a spectrum at the end of the peak.
 - Extract a peak spectrum from the integrated peaks.

- a Click the User Spectra line in the Data Navigator. Right-click the User Spectra line, and click **Delete**.
- b Click Yes.
- c In Method Explorer, select Spectrum
 > Extract (MS/MS).
- d Click the Peak Spectrum Extraction (MS/MS) tab, if not visible.
- e In the Peak spectrum background box, select Average of spectra at peak start and end.
- f In the Chromatogram Results toolbar, click the **Peak Select** icon,
- g Click the Chromatograms > Integrate command.
- h Select the peak at 5.201 minutes.
- i Right-click and click Extract Peak Spectrum from the shortcut menu.

Note that at the end of this process, all extracted peak spectra will automatically have the designated background spectrum subtracted.

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Steps **Detailed Instructions** Comments 🛗 Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis B.04.00 - Default.m File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spectra Method Sequence Wizards Actions Configuration Tools Help |☞ & 및 ם ∋|∥+∨ | ♥ ♥| ♥- ♥- | ● <mark>8</mark> 8 8 8 1 ▲ ▲ ▲ △ | ▲ ▲ ▲ @ | @ % ⊮ & | ▲ | ☆ ‰ ‰ & 🗎 Data Navigator × 🗄 🛕 Chromatogram Results Sort by Data File ☞ ↔ \$ | Q 🛐 🚧 💘 🛧 🔺 ⑦ ៚ 2 🕞 🚧 🔟 🏦 🖄 % % 🕅 🖷 ~ Minutes -16 • x10 5 + TIC MRM (** -> **) Pest - STD 200 MRM.D Pest - STD 200 MRM.D Backg 9.69 549 15.258 2 352 Pest Strawb-01 SPIKED 1 ppb - 1 ul ini.D 0 Counte ve Acra isition Time Method Editor: Extract (MS/MS) X MS Spectrum Res ∞ ↔ ‡ 🔍 🗈 💓 🔽 🚣 🔊 C 🕟 Extract Peak Spectrum 🔹 🚮 🛛 🛩 🥙 📲 Method Items 🖬 💋 2 💌 🏦 📑 Method Explorer: Default.m × Peak Location Peak Filters Charge State x10 5 + MRM:1 (5.179-5.223 min, 14 scans) (110.0000 ->**) Pest - STD 200 M ... 2.6 Spectrum 2.4 Spectra to include Extract (MS) 2.2 O At apex of peak Extract (MS/MS) Average scans > 10 2 % of peak height Extract (UV) 1.8 TOF spectra Deconvolute (MS): Maximum Entropy 1.6 Exclude if above 10.0 % of saturation 1.4 Deconvolute: Resolved Isotope Anywhere Extraction Data Format 1.2 In m/z range(s) 🗉 General 0.8 Peak spectrum background Reports 0.6 MS/MS Average of spectra at peak start and end ~ A 0.4 Find Compounds Δ 0.2 Find Compounds by Formula Time range: 0 63.1 63.2 63.3 63.4 63.5 63.6 63.7 63.8 63.9 Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z) 64 Identify Compounds

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Figure 61 Peak spectra with a background peak spectrum subtracted

7 Integrate and extract peak spectra from the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file.
 a Click the TIC MRM chromatogram in the Data Navigator window.
 b Click Chromatograms > Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra.

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Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

Task 20. Basic tasks for a GC/MS data file

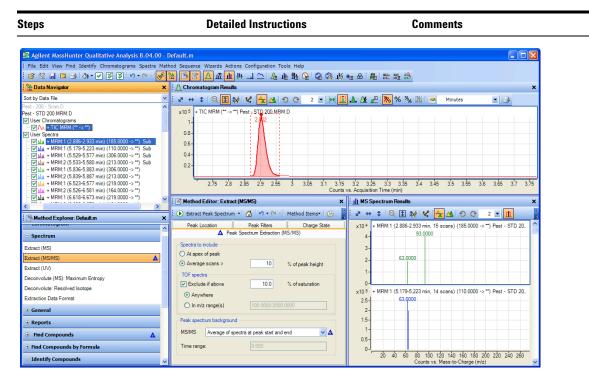


Figure 62 Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra

8 Close data files and return to LC/MS/MS user interface configuration.

- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Select all files.
- c Click Close.
- d Click Configuration > User Interface Configuration.
- e Mark all check boxes.
- f Click OK.
- g Click **No** when asked whether to save the method changes.

• If these check boxes are not marked, then some of the algorithms are not available.



Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software Qualitative Analysis Familiarization Guide

Exercise 2 Find and identify compounds

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In the first two sets of tasks, you find and identify low-concentration sulfa drugs within a complex matrix and generate their formulas for both TOF and Q-TOF data. You also do a molecular feature extraction on a protein digest with both TOF and Q-TOF data. These tasks can also be performed on Triple Quad data.

In the third set of tasks, you find and identify compounds in a GC/MS pesticide data file. You find compounds using the Find Compounds by Chromatogram Deconvolution algorithm. You identify these compounds using the Search Unit Mass Library algorithm.

Each exercise is presented in a table with three columns:

- Steps Use these general instructions to proceed on your own to explore the program.
- Detailed Instructions Use these if you need help or prefer to use a step-by-step learning process.
- Comments Read these to learn tips and additional information about each step in the exercise.

Tasks for MS-Only Data (LC/MS - TOF, Q-TOF or Triple Quad)

Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only)

The FindCompounds algorithms find compounds in data and create averaged MS spectra for each compound. This functionality is an easy way to "mine" information from complex data. This algorithm only works with data that contains MS scan data. It does not work on data with unit mass resolution (for example, Triple Quad data).

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments		
 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d chromatogram. Use the General workflow Select a range between 0.24 and 1.5 minutes. 	 a Double-click the Mass Hunter Qualitative Analysis icon. b Click the sulfa_PosMS.d data file in the example data file directory. Clear the Load result data check box and click Open. c Click Configuration > Configure for Workflow > General. The Workflow Configuration dialog box is opened. d Clear the Save current method check box if you don't want to save the changes to the method. e Click the Load workflow's default method button. f Click the Load workflow's default layout button. g Click OK. h Click the Range Select tool, and select the region from 0.24 to 1.5 minutes. 	 The method Default.m is loaded automatically. To load this method interactively, click Method > Open. Select Default.m and click Open. You can get help for any window, dialog box, or tab by using the F1 key when that window is active. When you switch between workflows, the Workflow Configuration dialog box is opened. If you mark the Save current method check box, the method is automatically saved to the current method name. If the method is default.m, then the Save Method dialog box is opened. (you cannot overwrite this method). 		

2

Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

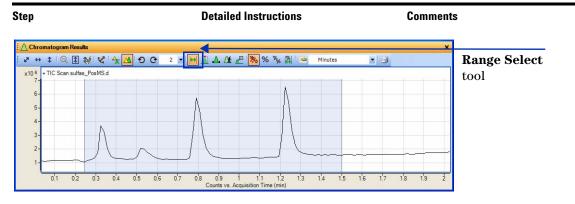


Figure 63 Selecting a time range in the TIC chromatogram

- 2 Find compounds in the chromatogram.
 - Restrict m/z to 100-350.
 - Make sure you can see chromatograms and spectra for all the compounds.
- a In the Method Explorer window, click
 Find Compounds > Find Compounds
 by Molecular Feature.
- b Select Small molecules (chromatographic) as the Target data type.
- c Mark the **Restrict m/z to** check box.
- **d** Type 100-350.

- Learn more about **Target data type** in the online Help.
- You choose the region of the chromatogram from which to find compounds. See Figure 63.
- The blue triangle appears when you change a setting from the value that is saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear.

Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments
• Chromatogram ^	Method Editor: Find Compounds by Molecular Feature Find Compounds by Molecular Feature Method Items	
Spectrum General Reports	Mass Defect Peak Filters (MS/MS) Results LN A Extraction Ion Species Charge State Compound Extraction algorithm Target data type Small molecules (chromatographic) V	FREE Advanced The LMFE and the Advanced tabs are only available if the Advanced
Find Compounds Find by Auto MSMS Find by Targeted MSMS Find by Molecular Feature Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution Find by MM Find by MM	Input data range minutes Restrict retention time to minutes Ø Restrict m/z to ▲ 100-350 ▲ Peak filters 0 Use peaks with signal-to-noise O Use peaks with signal-to-noise >= 5.0 (Profile spectra only)	check box is marked in the User Interface Configuration dialog box
Find Compounds by Formula Identify Compounds Compound Automation Steps Worklist Automation Export	Use peaks with height >= 100 counts (Profile and centroid spectra)	×

Figure 64 Restricting mass range for finding compounds by molecular feature

- e Click the Results tab.
- f Mark the Extract MFE spectrum and the Extract ECC check boxes.
- g Mark the **Display only the largest** check box and type 4 for the number of compounds.
- You can extract the complete result set for a compound after it is found by using the Find > Extract Complete Result Set command when one or more compounds are highlighted. You can also select one or more compounds in the Data Navigator window and click the Extract Complete Result Set command in the shortcut menu.

Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

Method Explorer: Default.m	×	🛿 🚰 Method Editor: F	ind Compounds by Mo	lecular Feature		×
± Chromatogram		Eind Compounds	s by Molecular Feature	🚮 🔊 - 🕅 -	Method Items• 🛛 🕒	10
* Spectrum		A Extraction	Ion Species	Charge State	Compound Filters	Mass Filters
± General		Mass Defect	Peak Filters (MS/M	IS) 🛕 Res	ults LMFE	Advanced
± Reports		Previous results				
Find Compounds		Delete previous	compounds			
Find by Auto MS/MS		New results Highlight first cor	mound			
Find by Targeted MS/MS		 Highlight all com 				
Find by Molecular Feature	A	Chromatograms and s	spectra			
Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution		Extract MFE spe	ctrum 🛕 🛛 💽	Extract ECC 🛕		
Find by Maximum Entropy		Extract raw spec	trum	Extract EIC		
Find by MRM		Prefer profil	le for raw spectrum, if av	railable		
Find Compounds by Formula		Clip extract	ed raw spectrum			
🗉 Identify Compounds		Asymmetric	(m/z) 👻 – 🗄	5.0000 + 10.00	00	
Compound Automation Steps		Extract MS/MS S				
Worklist Automation			S/MS spectrum per CE 3/ MS spectrum for all C			
± Export			ance: +/- 20.00	ppm 🗸		
= export			IS/MS spectrum			
		Display limits				
		Display inte	largest A 4			

Figure 65 Changing the values in the Find by Molecular Feature > Results tab

- h Click () to run the Find Compounds
 by Molecular Feature algorithm on the data file.
- i Change the Maximum number of list panes to 4 in the MS Spectrum Results windows.
- j Click the Autoscale Y-axis during Zoom icon, (1), in the MS Spectrum Results toolbar.
- k Zoom in on the m/z range from 270 to 350.

- The Qualitative Analysis program should find 4 major compounds in the selected range.
- The selected range is automatically used when you click () in the Method Editor toolbar. In the Find > Find by Molecular Feature command, you click either Entire Chromatogram or Over Selected Ranges.
- The chromatograms can also be displayed in overlaid mode. In overlaid mode, you can select to only show the "top"
 - chromatogram's labels. Click the Configuration > Chromatogram Display Options command to change the Label top plot only value.

Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

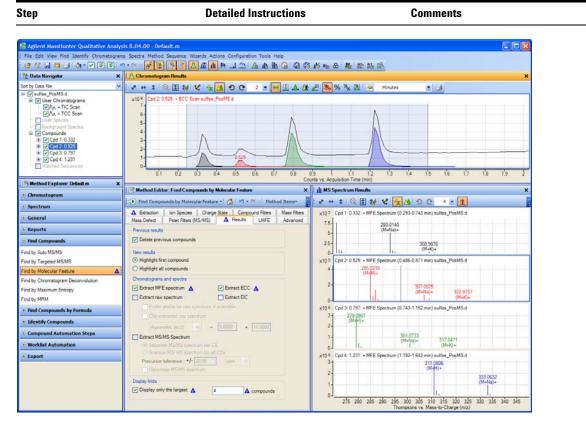


Figure 66 Finding all four compounds in the sulfa drug mix

Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only)

In this task, you generate possible formulas and search for each of those compounds found in Task 1.

Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 Generate formulas for Compounds 1-4. View the MS Formula Results for each compound. View the Compound List. Close the MS Spectrum Results window. Hint: To obtain the same results as in	 a In the Method Explorer window, click Identify Compounds > Generate Formulas. b In the Method Editor window, click the Charge State tab, and select Common organic molecules as the Isotope model. c In the Data Navigator window, click Compounds to highlight all of the 	 By default, the MS Formula Results window is tabbed with the Chromatogram Results window. Click on the tab at the bottom of the window to switch between windows. You can see the predicted isotope abundance ratios on the spectrum plot when you zoom in at the
Figure 68, make sure you have	compounds to highlight an of the compounds.	appropriate m/z . See the online
selected Common organic molecules	d Click the Identify > Generate	Help for more information.
as the lsotope model.	Formulas command or the Generate	 The Run icon () in the Method
	Formulas from Compound icon 🜔 to	Editor toolbar sometimes allows
	run the algorithm.	you to choose an action from a set
	 If necessary, click the Compound Identification Results icon, A or 	of possible actions. For example, two different actions are possible
	click the View > Compound	when you click the Run icon in this
	Identification Results command.	section. If you click the arrow, a list
	f If necessary, click View > Compound List.	of possible actions is shown, and you can choose which action to do.
	g In the Compound List window, click the Automatically Show Columns button in the toolbar.	Choosing a different action from the list changes the default action. If you simply click the Run button, the
	h In the Compound Identification Results window, click the Automatically Show	default action is performed.You can change the width of a
	Columns button in the toolbar. i Click the Hide Empty Columns icon, i Click the Compound List and the Compound Identification Results	column by dragging the line that separates adjacent columns.You can move a column by dragging the column header.
	window. j Close the Method Editor window and the MS Spectrum Results window.	 You can delete a column by clicking Remove column in the shortcut menu.

Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only)



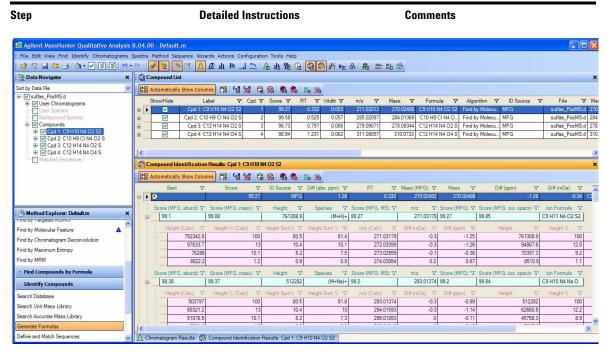


Figure 67 Generate Formula results for Compounds 1-4 in sulfas_PosMS.d

- 2 Do a database search based on formulas for compounds 1 to 4.
 - Base search on formula.
- a In the Data Navigator window, click **Compounds**.
- In the Method Explorer window, click Identify Compounds > Search Database.
- c Under Search Criteria click Molecular formula.
- d Click Identify > Search Database for Compounds in the main menu.
- e Close the Method Editor and the MS Spectrum Results windows.

- The Method Editor is opened automatically when you click a section in the Method Explorer.
- Note in the Compound List that all four sulfa drugs have been identified (See Figure 68).
- All of the identification results for compounds are shown in the Compound Identification Results window.
- Some identification results are also shown in the Compound List window.

Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 2. Generate formulas and identif	v compounds	(LC/MS -	- MS only)

Step			etailed Instructions	Comments		
3	Modify the columns that are visible.	b	Right-click the Compound List window and click Add/Remove Columns. Mark the check box next to the CAS value and click OK. The CAS column is empty; the software automatically displays any column that contains information. Click the Hide Empty Columns icon,	•	If you use the Remove Column command and remove a column that contains data, the software automatically redisplays this column if the Automatically Show Columns feature is on.	

Agilent Massilunter Qualitative Ar	alysis B.	04.00) - Default.m										- 0
File Edit View Find Identify Chromato	grams Spe	ectra I	Method Sequence Wizi	ards Actions Configurat	ion Tools Help								
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😤 Data Navigator			empound List	-									
Sort by Data File	~ :	LANE A	utomatically Show Colu			10. No.							
= V sullas_PosMS.d				1011 12 12		V Score V	Start V RT	V End V	Laboration and				2 7
User Chromatograms				Label V Cpd 11: Sulfamethizole	V Name 1 Sulfam			V End V 0.332 0.743	0.053		7 RT Diff (DB V Ba 3 -0.002 2		z v 71.03213
User Spectra Background Spectra				fachloropyridazine	2 Sulfachloropy			0.525 0.871	0.055				15.02097
B Compounds				3: Sulfamethazine	3 Sulfame			0.797 1.192	0.065	0.7			79.09071
Cpd 1: Sulfamethizole Opd 2: Sulfachloropyridazine	-		Cpd 4	Sulladimethoxine	4 Sulfadime	thaxine \$8.57	1.192	1.231 1.642	0.052	1.2	2 -0.011 3	11.08057 31	11.08057
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B Cpd 4: Sulfadimethoxine	1	¢		1.00									
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Thu by Targeleu Mumu	-		11										
Find by Molecular Feature	A [Height (Calc)	Height % (Calu) V						Diff (ppm)		V Heigt	
Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution			379014.4	100	10000	1.00110		122.12	-0.2	-0.78		4908.4	100
Find by Maximum Entropy			50249	13.3	8.4	8.3	286.0		0	-0.16		9827.7	36.4
Find by MRM			18514.4	49		23.4	288.00		-0.2	-0.61		6292.9	42
+ Find Compounds by Formula			7160.2	1.9	1.2	11	289.01		0.6	2.06		6389.3	1.7
The second s			798.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	290.01	1748	-23	-7.91		907.5	0.2
Identify Compounds			Score (MEG abund) V	Score (MFG, mass) V	Height V	Species V	Score (MFG, MS	a w z		Score (MEG) 12	Score (MFG. iso. spi	acin V Ion For	emula 🗴
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			74060.4	100		54.2	307.0	0027	0.2	0.55	7	4971 9	100
Search Unit Mass Library Search Accurate Mass Library Generate Formulas		,			63.4	64.2	307.0		0.2	0.55		4971.9	100

Figure 68 Results for Database Search and Generate Formulas for Compounds 1-4 in sulfas_PosMS.d

Find and identify compounds2Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS only)

You generate a report for each of those compounds found in **Task 1. Find compounds by molecular feature (LC/MS - MS only) 91** and identified in **Task 2. Generate formulas and identify compounds (LC/MS - MS only) 96**.

Task 3. Print a co	mpound report	(LC/MS -	MS only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments		
Change some of the sele the method for compour • Turn off viewing the M zoomed in on special • Turn off the MS/MS of the report.	and reports:Compound Report.1S spectrabClear the Show MS spectrum checkpeaks.box.	 These check boxes allow you to specify what information to include in a report if it is available. If the information is not available, that section is automatically skipped. For example, MS/MS results are never included when the data file only has MS data. 		
🖺 Method Explorer: Default.m 🛛 🗙	Method Editor: Compound Report			
Chromatogram	😧 🕑 Print Compound Report 🕶 🚮 🖌 🛩 🖓 🕶 Method Items			
Spectrum	Compounds			
- General	Show compound table			
File Open Actions	Sort by: Retention time			
Reports	Sort order: Increasing			
Analysis Report	Exclude details for unidentified compounds			
Compound Report	Chromatograms			
Common Reporting Options	Show user chromatogram(s)			
Find Compounds	Show compound chromatogram(s)			
Find by Auto MS/MS	Compound spectrum (MS)			
Find by Targeted MS/MS				
Find by Molecular Feature	Show predicted isotope match table			
Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution	Show MS spectrum (zoomed in on special peaks)			
Find by Maximum Entropy	Zoom padding: - 30.0 + 30.0 m/z			
Find by MRM	Verlay predicted isotope distribution			
🗄 Find Compounds by Formula 🛕	Compound spectrum (MS/MS) ✓ Show MS/MS spectrum Show MS/MS peak table			
Identify Compounds				
Search Database 🔺	Library search results			
Search Unit Mass Library	Show library spectrum Show difference spectrum			

Figure 69 Compound Report section in the Method Editor

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS only)

Step Detailed Instructions Comments 2 (optional) Choose a different compound report template. a In the Method Explorer window, click Reports > Common Reporting Options. • Several different are included with the several different

- b Select CompoundReport
 WithIdentificationHits.xlsx as the Compound report template.
- Several different report templates are included with the software.
- You can customize a report template using Excel and the Report Designer add-in.

Method Explorer: Default.m	×	Method Editor: Common Reporting Options
🗉 Chromatogram	^	🗄 💽 Print Acquisition Method Report 🕶 🚮 🛛 🌱 🕶 🖓 Method Items 🕇 🔑 🎲
Spectrum		A Templates Options
∃ General		Report template folder
Reports		Hunter\Report Templates\Qual\B.04.00\en-US\Letter
Analysis Report		Report templates
Compound Report		Analysis report template :
Common Reporting Options		Analysis Report xbx
□ Find Compounds		Compound report template:
Find by Auto MS/MS		Compound Report With Identification Hits xltx
Find by Targeted MS/MS		Qualitative method report template :
Find by Molecular Feature		Qualitative Method Report xltx
Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution	-	Acquisition method report template :
Find by Maximum Entropy		MSAcqMethod.rdlc
Find by MRM		
Find Compounds by Formula		
Identify Compounds		
Search Database	¥	

You can use Excel and the Report Designer add-in to customize any of the templates that have the extension XLTX. You cannot customize the acquisition method report.

Figure 70 Common Reporting Options section in the Method Editor

3 Print the report.

- a Click File > Print > Compound Report or click the arrow in the Print Analysis Report icon () and click Print Compound Report to print the compound report.
- **b** Mark the **Print preview** check box.
- c Click OK. Examine the report.
- d Click the Close Print Preview icon.
- In the Print Compound Report dialog box, you can select a different printer, select to save the report to a PDF or Excel file, select whether to print all results or only the highlighted results, and whether or not to combine different data files into one report.
- See the online Help or the Report Designer Training DVD for additional information.

- 4 Close the data file without saving results.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Click **No** when asked if you want to save the results.

Task 4. Find compounds by formula and calculate sample purity (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 4. Find compounds by formula and calculate sample purity (LC/MS - MS only)

The Find Compounds algorithms find compounds in data and create averaged MS spectra for each compound. This functionality is an easy way to "mine" information from complex data. You can also compute sample purity.

Task 4. Find compounds by formula (LC/MS - MS only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d chromatogram. Use the General workflow. Select a range between 0.2 and 1.5 minutes. 	 a Click File > Open Data File. b Select sulfas_PosMS.d and click OK. c Click View > Configure for Workflow > General. See "Open the sulfas_PosMS.d chromatogram." on page 91 for more information. d Click the Autoscale Y-axis during Zoom icon, (), in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. e Click the Range Select tool, and select the region from 0.2 to 1.5 minutes. 	 If you switch to the Formula Confirmation and Sample Purity workflow, the Compound List table automatically shows the sample purity columns. The Find by Formula sections are included in the Formula Confirmation and Sample Purity Workflow section. 	
 2 Find compounds within the specified range on the chromatogram. Enable sample purity calculations. Calculate the TIC %, ADC %, UV A%, and UV B% purity values. Use the maximum value as the purity value. Add columns to the Compound List window. Review results. 	 a In the Method Explorer window, click the Find Compounds by Formula > Find by Formula - Options section. b Click Database as the Source of formulas to confirm and select default.csv. c In the Method Explorer window, click Find Compounds by Formula > Find by Formula - Sample Purity tab. d Mark the Compute sample purity check box. e Mark the TIC %, ADC %, UV A% and UV B% check boxes. f Click Maximum of all selected algorithms. g In the Minimum acceptable purity box, type 20. 	 You double-click the title bar to anchor a window that is floating. By default in the General workflow, the Method Editor window is floating. You can also right-click the title of the window and then click Floating. The blue triangle appears when you change a setting from the value that is saved in the current method. When you save the method, the triangles disappear. This data file contains multiple sulfa drugs which is why the expected purity is 20%. 	

Task 4. Find compounds by formula and calculate sample purity (LC/MS - MS only)

Step **Detailed Instructions** Comments Method Editor: Find Compounds by Formula - Sample Purity Method Explorer: Default.m × Chromatogram 🜔 Find Compounds by Formula + 🚺 🖃 🕶 (Method Items* 🛛 🔂 Integrate (UV) Sutability (UV) Peaks (UV) Integrate (ADC) Peaks (ADC) Options Delay Time Exclude Masses Integrate (MS) Peaks (MS) • Spectrum General Sample purity = Reports Compute sample purity All of the algorithms that Analysis Report Algorithms to use ---are marked are calculated. Compound Report TIC % 🔽 UV A % 🛕 👘 UV C % Common Reporting Options EIC/TIC % 🕑 UV B % 🔥 🔲 TWC % even if they are not used to 🗹 ADC % 🔥 • Find Compounds determine the sample Calculation settings Find Compounds by Formula Use peak areas O Use peak heights purity. Find by Formula - Options ▲ RT acceptance window: +/- 0.050 Find by Formula - Chromatograms min Find by Formula - Mass Spectra Qualification settings Find by Formula - Sample Purity O Single algorithm You specify how to O Minimum of all selected algorithms Identify Compounds O Average of all selected algorithms Compound Automation Steps determine the sample purity Maximum of all selected algorithms A Worklist Automation Minimum acceptable purity 20 Δ % in this section. • Export

Task 4. Find compounds by formula (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

Figure 71 Setting sample purity options for the Find Compounds by Formula algorithm

Task 4. Find compounds by formula and calculate sample purity (LC/MS - MS only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments
	 h Click is to run the Find Compounds by Formula algorithm on the data file. i Change the Maximum number of list panes to 3 in the MS Spectrum Results windows. j Click View > Compound List to open the Compound List window, if the Automatically Show Columns icon in the toolbar is not on, click the icon. l Click the Hide Empty Columns icon, if a, in the Compound List window, clear the Automatically Show Columns check box. n Remove columns from the table that you don't want to include. 	 The Qualitative Analysis program finds 6 major compounds in the selected range. When you click the Category column, the columns are shown with columns from the same algorithm together. They are shown alphabetically within each section. The Compound List was docked at the top of the Qualitative Analysis window so that more columns are visible. See "Task 4. Change window layouts" on page 22 for more information on moving windows. If the Automatically Show Columns icon is not on, then you can manually display the Purity columns: Right-click the Algorithm column, and click Add/Remove Columns to open the Compound Columns dialog box. Click the Category column header to sort the possible columns. Mark the Purity Value column, the Purity Result column, the ADC% Area column, the UV8% Area column. Click the OK button.

Task 4. Find compounds by formula and calculate sample purity (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 4. Find compounds by formula (LC/MS - MS only) (continued)

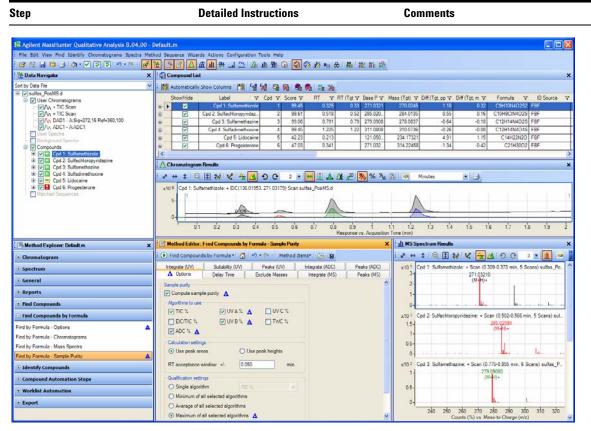


Figure 72 Finding all four compounds in the sulfa drug mix

- The icon for the Compound in the Data Navigator indicates whether the Compound passed the Sample Purity test.
- **3** Close the data file without saving results.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Click **No** when asked if you want to save the results.
- The Purity Value column is color coded:
 - Green Pass
 - Yellow Fail
 - Red Cannot measure

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)

In this task, you do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest using only MS data.

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
features.	 a Click Configuration > Configure for Workflows > General. b Click the Load workflow's default method button and the Load workflow's default layout button. c Click the OK button. d Click Configuration > User Interface Configuration. e Mark the Peptide Sequence Editor check box. f Click the OK button. 	 The Peptides option in the Charge State tab is not available unless the Peptide Sequence Editor or the BioConfirm check box is marked. You switch to the General workflow to change the layout and the visible Compound columns back to the defaults. 	
 for the data file peptide-ms-only.d with these parameters: Time range is 2.5 to 4 minutes. Specify that the Isotope model is peptides. Filter to show only the largest 20 compounds in abundance. Change the window layout to match that of Figure 73 (next page). 	 a Open the peptide-ms-only.d data file. b In the Method Explorer window, click Find Compounds > Find by Molecular Feature to display the parameters in the Method Explorer window. c In the Extraction tab, mark the Restrict retention time to check box. d Type 2.5 - 4. e Clear the Restrict m/z to check box, if necessary. f On the Charge State tab, select Peptides in the Isotope model box. g On the Compound Filters tab, mark the Limit to the largest check box and type 2.0 for the number of compounds. h On the Results tab, mark the Extract MFE spectrum and Extract ECC check boxes. i Click to run the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm on the data file. 	 The Limit to the largest filter does not limit the number of features extracted. It just limits the number of compounds displayed in Qualitative Analysis. You extract features using the Qualitative Analysis Molecular Feature algorithm. Then, you can compare sets of different compounds using Agilent Mass Profiler Professional software. You export the compounds to a CEF file using the File > Export > Export CEF Options command. If you are going to use the Match Sequences algorithm, you also mark the Extract MS/MS check box. If you do not, the columns are not displayed in the Compound List window and the Compound Identification Results window. 	

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a	protein diaest	(LC/MS - MS only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
3 Find the compound spectrum for the <i>m</i> / <i>z</i> 570.7362 ion and determine the charge state, mass and ion species.	 a In the MS Spectrum Results window, scroll to find the spectrum containing the m/z 570.7362 ion. b Find the charge state. c Find the ion species. d Find this compound in the Compound List window. e Find the mass. 	 Compound 4 has a spectrum containing this ion with a charge state of +2. The mass is 1139.4577. The ion species is (M+2H)+2. You can see the ion species in the MS Spectrum Results window and also in the Spectrum Peak List window in the column labeled Ion Species. 	

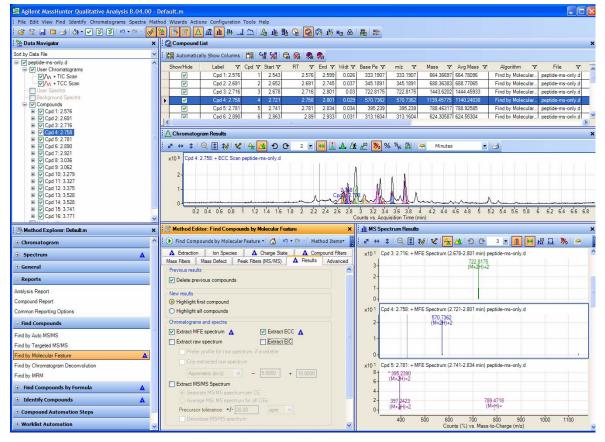


Figure 73 Find Compounds by Molecular Feature with Qualitative Analysis

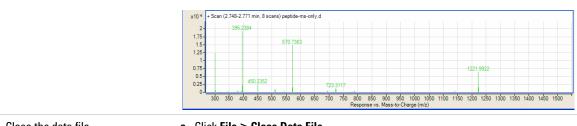
Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)

S	tep	Detailed Instructions	Comments It is important that the Single m/z expansion value is set appropriately for the data file. For this Q-TOF data file, an extraction range of +/- 100 ppm is more appropriate.
4	Extract an integrated EIC for this peptide. • Use 570.7362 as the m/z value.	 a Right-click the TIC for the data file, and click Extract Chromatograms. b From the Type list, select EIC. c Mark the Integrate when extracted check box. d Type 570.7362 as the <i>m/z</i> value. e Click the Advanced tab. f Select Symmetric (ppm) and click OK. 	
5	 Extract an averaged spectrum for the first integrated peak in the EIC. Zoom into what appears to be the first integrated peak. Select a range from the halfway point across the highest peak. 	 a Click the List mode icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. b Right-click the EIC and drag the cursor to zoom in around the first integrated peak. c Make sure that the Range Select tool has been selected, and select a range across the peak at the midpoint. 	

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS only)



d Double-click within the shaded region of the peak to extract an averaged spectrum.



- 6 Close the data file.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Click **No** when asked to save results.

Tasks for MS/MS Data (LC/MS - Q-TOF or Triple Quad)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

The FindCompounds algorithms identify compounds in MS/MS data and create averaged MS and MS/MS spectra for each compound. This functionality is an easy way to "mine" information from complex data.

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Open the TIC for the sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d data file and select a range from 0.2 to 1.3 minutes. Use the General workflow. Highlight a range from 0.2 to 1.3 minutes. 	 a If the program is not open, double-click the Mass Hunter Qualitative Analysis icon. Otherwise, click File > Open Data File. b Click the sulfa-PosAutoMSMS.d data file in the example data file directory, and click Open. c Click the Configuration > Configure for Workflow > General command. d Click the Load workflow's default method button and the Load workflow's default layout button. e Click the Range Select tool in the Chromatogram Results toolbar, if necessary. g Click the Auto-scale Y-axis during Zoom tool in the Chromatogram Results toolbar, if necessary. h Click and drag to select the range from 0.2 to 1.3 minutes. 	 The method default.m is automatically opened. To open a different method, click Method > Open, select the method, and click Open. A blue triangle is automatically shown in the Adjust Delay Time tabs in the Method Explorer. This data file also contains DAD and ADC data. You may ignore these blue triangles unless you want to enter a delay time. 	

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

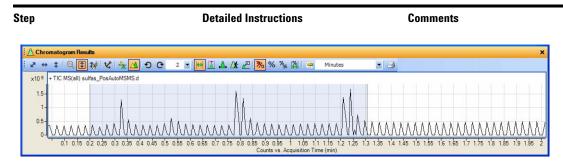


Figure 74 Zoomed range for TIC chromatogram of sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d data file

- 2 Find compounds from 0.2 to 1.3 minutes on the chromatogram.
 - Enter a Positive MS/MS TIC threshold of 100000.
 - Exclude masses 121.0504 and 922.0097.
- a In Method Explorer click Find
 Compounds > Find by Auto MS/MS.
- b Under Processing, in the Positive
 MS/MS TIC threshold, type 100000.
- c Click the Excluded Masses tab.
- d Click Exclude masses (or m/z ranges) from all new chromatograms.
- e Type 121.0504,922.0097
- f Select Symmetric (ppm).
- g Select 20.

- You can choose the region of the chromatogram from which you intend to find compounds. See Figure 74.
- You can extract the complete result set for a compound after it is found by using the Compounds > Extract Complete Result Set menu item when a compound is highlighted.

Method Explorer: Default.m	×	Method Editor: Find Compounds by Auto MS/MS ×
🗉 Chromatogram 🛛 🛕		💽 Find Compounds by Auto MS/MS 🕶 🚮 🛛 🛩 🖓 👻 Method Items 📲 🦉
Spectrum		A Processing A Excluded Masses Results
General		O Do not exclude masses
± Reports		Second Secon
Find Compounds		m/z value(s): 121.0504, 922.0097
Find by Auto MS/MS	۵	Single m/z expansion for this chromatogram
Find by Targeted MS/MS Find by Molecular Feature Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution		Symmetric (ppm)
Find by MRM		
🗄 Find Compounds by Formula		
Identify Compounds		
Compound Automation Steps		
Worklist Automation		
Export		

Figure 75 Excluded Masses tab of Find Compounds by AutoMS/MS

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Task 1. Find compounds (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 Select to extract EIC, MS spectra and MS/MS spectra. 	 h Click the Results tab. i Mark the Extract EIC, Extract MS, and Extract MS/MS check boxes. j Clear the Extract ECC check box. k Click () to run the Find Compounds by Auto MS/MS algorithm on the data file. 	 You can also click Find > Find Compounds by Auto MS/MS > Over Selected Ranges. The Qualitative Analysis program will find 4 compounds in the selected range under these conditions. In the next task you identify which compounds are the sulfa drugs.
3 Display both spectra for Compound 4 only. See Figure 76.	 a Highlight Compound 4 only. b Click the Show only the highlighted items tool in the main toolbar. c Expand Compound 4 to see the chromatogram and two spectra. You click the Plus sign next to the compound in the Data Navigator window to see the labels for the chromatogram and spectra. 	 Showing both spectra is a convenient way to display all the information for a single compound. Note that both the precursor and product spectra are extracted for each compound. The diamond represents the precursor ion. You can change the color to use for the MS/MS precursor ion symbol in the MS and MS/MS Spectra Display Options dialog box.

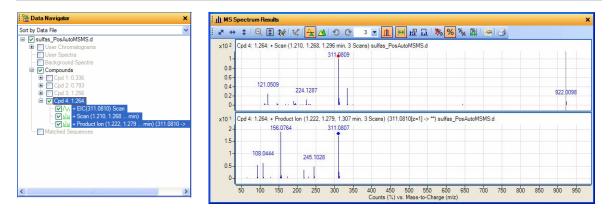


Figure 76 Data Navigator window and MS Spectrum Results window showing MS and MS/MS spectra for Compound 4

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS) $\,$

In this task, you identify and generate formulas for the compounds found in Task 1.

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments
1 Do a database search of Compounds 1 to 4 based on masses. See Figure 77 on page 112.	 a Highlight all compounds in the Data Navigator window. b In Method Explorer, click Identify Compounds > Search Database. c In the Method Editor window in the Search Criteria tab, click Mass. d Click Identify > Search Database for Compounds from the main menu. You can instead click the Search Database for Compounds icon Image to run the algorithm. e Click View > Compound List. f Click View > Compound Identification Results. g Mark the Show/Hide check boxes for compounds 1 to 3 in the Compound List. Compounds 1 to 3 were hidden in the last task. Or, click the Show all highlighted items tool in the main toolbar. 	 Note that three of the sulfa drugs have been identified in the Compound List (See Figure 78 on page 113). Note that no compound name was found for Compound 3 after running the database search algorithm.

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Step	[Detailed Ins	struction	S			Comm	ents		
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Figure 77 Compounds in sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d data file identified by searching a database

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Task 2. Identify compounds and generate formulas	s (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)
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Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 2 Generate formulas for Compounds 1 to 4. View the Compound List. View the Compound Identification Results list. Close the MS Spectrum Results window. Hint: To obtain the same results as in Figure 78, make sure you have selected Common organic molecules for the Isotope model. 	 a In the Method Explorer window, click Identify Compounds > Generate Formulas. b Click the Charge State tab, and select Common organic molecules. c Highlight all four compounds. d Click the Generate Formulas from Compound tool () to run the algorithm or click the Identify > Generate Formulas from Compounds command. e In the Data Navigator window, highlight the compound that you want to see. f Use the scroll bar in the Compound Identification Results window to see the Generate Formulas results (MFG). The second level of the table shows several Score columns. The ID Source column shows that the result was found by both the Database Search (DB) algorithm and the Generate Formulas algorithm (MFG). 	 By default, the Compound Identification Results window is tabbed with the Chromatogram Results window. Click on the tab at the bottom of the window to switch between windows. You see the predicted isotope abundance ratios on the spectrum plot when you zoom in at the appropriate m/z. Note that one or more formula were found for all compounds. Click the Hide Empty Columns icon to automatically hide empty columns. You can also use the Remove column shortcut command. Note that the formula from the database search is the same as the formula determined by the Generate Formulas algorithm. Click Configuration > Compound Label Configuration to change the compound label.

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	108.0444	C H8	MA S	11.59		18.23	203.03443	C11 H7 O4	1						1000	

Figure 78 Compound Identification Results window and MS/MS Details window for Compound 4

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS/MS)

In this task, you generate a report for each of those compounds found in Task 1 and identified in Task 2.

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments		
 Change some of the selections in the method for compound reports: Turn off viewing the MS spectra zoomed in on special peaks, if necessary. Turn on the MS/MS options in the report. 	 a In the Method Explorer window, click Reports > Compound Report. b Clear the Show MS spectrum (zoomed in on special peaks) check box, if necessary. c Mark the Show MS/MS spectrum check box and the Show MS/MS peak table check box. 	 Only sections that are marked in this tab are included in the report. To change the template that is used to print the report, click the Reports > Common Reporting Options line in the Method Explorer window. Select a different template to use for the report. 		

Method Explorer: Default.m	×	Method Editor: Compound Report
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Analysis Report		Sort order: Increasing
Compound Report	Δ	
Common Reporting Options		Chromatograms
Find Compounds	4	Show user chromatogram(s) Show compound chromatogram(s)
Find Compounds by Formula	•	Compound spectrum (MS)
Identify Compounds		Show MS spectrum
Search Database		Show predicted isotope match table
Search Unit Mass Library		Show MS spectrum (zoomed in on special peaks)
Search Accurate Mass Library		Zoom padding: - 30.0 + 30.0 m/z
Generate Formulas Define and Match Sequences		 Overlay predicted isotope distribution
Combine Identification Results		Compound spectrum (MS/MS)
Compound Automation Steps	•	Show MS/MS spectrum Show MS/MS peak table
Worklist Automation		/ Library search results
Export		Show library spectrum Show difference spectrum

Figure 79 Compound Report window in the Method Editor

- 2 Print the report.
 - Preview the report.
- a Click the Print Compound Report icon
 (b) to print the report.
- **b** In the Print Compound Report dialog box, click the **All results** button.
- c Mark Print report.
- d Select a printer.
- e Mark Print preview.
- f Click OK.

 You create a PDF file when you mark the Save report as PDF file check box. This option only works if you installed the Microsoft Excel PDF add-in after installing Excel.

Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS/MS)

p	Detailed Instruc	tions	Comments
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Task 3. Print a compound report (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Figure 80 Print Preview of a Compound Report

- **3** Close the Print Preview window.
- a Click Close Print Preview in the toolbar.
- 4 Close the data file without saving results.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Click **No** when asked if you want to save the results.
- If you want to print the report, click the Print button. The report is printed on the printer selected in step 2 in the Print Compound Report dialog box.

Task 4. Find Compounds and Search Accurate Mass Library (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Task 4. Find Compounds and Search Accurate Mass Library (LC/MS - MS/MS)

The Find Compounds by Targeted MS/MS algorithm identifies compounds in MS/MS data and can extract an MS and MS/MS spectra for each compound. If MS/MS spectra from multiple collision energies are used, you can either extract an average MS/MS spectrum for all collision energies or a separate MS/MS spectrum for each collision energy.

The Search Accurate Mass Library algorithm searches a library file (CDB) for a Product Ion spectrum. Only centroid spectra can be searched, so any profile spectrum needs to be converted to a centroid spectrum first.

Task 4. Find compounds and Search Accurate Mass Library (LC/MS - MS/M

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Open the TIC for the sulfas-PosAutoMSMS.d data file. Use the General workflow. 	 a If the program is not open, double-click the Mass Hunter Qualitative Analysis icon. Click Cancel in the Open Data File dialog box. b Click the Configuration > Configure for Workflow > General command. c Click OK. d Click File > Open Data File. e Click sulfa-PosTargetedMSMS.d, and click Open. f Click the Range Select icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar, if necessary. g Click the Auto-scale Y-axis during Zoom icon in the Chromatogram Results toolbar, if necessary. 	 Click the Load workflow's default method and the Load workflow's default layout buttons. To open a different method, click Method > Open, select the method and click Open. A blue triangle is automatically shown in the Adjust Delay Time tabs in the Method Explorer. This data file also contains DAD and ADC data. You may ignore these blue triangles unless you want to enter a delay time. 	

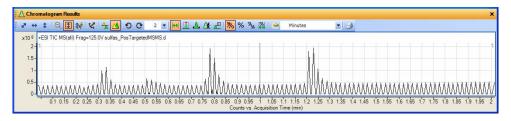


Figure 81 The TIC chromatogram for sulfas-PosTargetedMSMS.d data file

Task 4. Find Compounds and Search Accurate Mass Library (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Step	Detailed Instructions	
 Find compounds using the Targeted MS/MS algorithm. Select to extract an MS/MS chromatogram and MS/MS spectra. 	 a In the Method Explorer window, click Find Compounds > Find by Targeted MS/MS. b Click the Results tab. c Mark the Extract MS/MS chromatogram and Extract MS/MS spectrum check boxes. d Click Find > Find Compounds by Targeted MS/MS. 	 You can extract the complete result set for a compound after it is found by using the Compounds > Extract Complete Result Set menu item when a compound is highlighted. The Qualitative Analysis program will find 4 compounds under these conditions.
chromatogram and Extract MS/MS spectrum check boxes. d Click Find > Find Compounds by		 If the selected library has the <i>CDB</i> extension, then the Search Accurate Mass Library algorithm is run when you search a library. If the selected library has the <i>L</i> extension, then the Search Unit Mass Library algorithm is run when you search a library. You can also right-click the Compounds line in the Data Navigator window and then click Search Library for Compounds. To see all of the parameters that affect the Search Accurate Mass Library algorithm, you mark the Advanced check box in the User Interface Configuration dialog box. Then, the Search Criteria tab is shown. You use this tab to filter the library entries that are searched on Ionization mode, Instrument type, and Collision energy.

Task 4. Find compounds and Search Accurate Mass Library (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Task 4. Find Compounds and Search Accurate Mass Library (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Task 4. Find compounds and Search Accurate Mass Library (LC/MS - MS/MS)

Step	Detailed Instructions	C	Comments	
Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis B.04.00 -				
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🚰 Data Navigator 🛛 🗙	Compound List			×
Sort by Data File 💌	🗄 🙀 Automatically Show Columns 🟥 🖼 🙀 🖓 🗣 👧			
sulfas_PosTargetedMSMS.d	Show/Hide Label V Polari	ty ⊽ Cpd ⊽	Name 🏹 Score T	7 METLIN 🛛 Start 🗸
Image: Image	🗉 🕨 🔽 Cpd 1: Sulfamethizole	Positive 1	Sulfamethizole 99.2	
User Spectra Background Spectra	Cpd 2: Sulfachloropyridazi Cpd 3: Sulfamethazine	Positive 2 Positive 3	Sulfachloropyridazine 99.8 Sulfamethazine 96.2	
Compounds	Cpd 3: Sulfamethazine	Positive 3 Positive 4		1000 Sec.
Cpd 3: Sulfamethazine				>
Matched Sequences	Compound Identification Results: Cpd 1: Sulfamethizole			×
	Automatically Show Columns			
		Source マ Diff (abs. ppm) マ	RT V Mass (MFG) V	Mass V Mass (DB) V Num Spe
	S Sulfamethizole 99.21	LibSearch	0.323	270.02452
		n Peaks ⊽ m/z (prec.) ⊽	Reverse Score	
	10 Sulfamethizole 4		99.21 99.21	
<				
Method Explorer: Default.m				
: Spectrum	1 au			
± General	Chromatogram Results 🕼 Compound Identification Results: Cpd 1: Sulfa	mathizala		3
			i hanna i na h	
+ Reports	Method Editor: Search Accurate Mass Library	×		×
🕞 Find Compounds	🐑 Search Library for Compounds 🔹 🚮 🖃 🔹 Method Items 🕯	🕑 🧃	2 ++ 1 🤍 🕽 💓 😤 🗛	🔺 ୩ ୦ ୦ 2 🎽 🚹 🚧 🖡
Find by Auto MS/MS	A Settings Peak Filters Search Criteria A Search Results		x10 ² Cpd 1: Sulfamethizole: + Scan I	(0.293-0.488 min, 11 Scans) sulfas_P
Find by Targeted MS/MS	Search methods and score thresholds		3- 121.0508	
Find by Molecular Feature	Minimum forward score: 25.00		2- 271 0319	
Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution	(Matching peaks in unknown against the library spectrum)		2/1.0515	922,0095
Find by MRM	Minimum reverse score 50		1-	563.0374
🗄 Find Compounds by Formula 🛕	(Matching peaks in library spectrum against the unknown)		0 Akakani da aka	4 1
🗉 Identify Compounds	Search results			ct Ion (0.301-0.359 min, 4 Scans) (27
Search Database	Maximum hits per compound: 10 hits		156.0110	
Search Unit Mass Library				and you
Search Accurate Mass Library			2- 271.0308	
Generate Formulas			1-	1
Define and Match Sequences			0-1-1-1	
Combine Identification Results			100 200 300 400 Counts (%) vs.	500 600 700 800 900 Mass-to-Charge (m/z)

Figure 82 Results after running the Search Accurate Mass Library algorithm.

- 4 Close the data file without saving results.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Click **No** when asked if you want to save the results.

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

In this task, you do molecular feature extraction on protein digest data obtained on a Q-TOF in Auto MS/MS mode.

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

 Step Do a molecular feature extraction in the data file peptide-auto.d with these parameters: Make sure the layout is returned to the Default Layout. Time range is 2.5 to 4 minutes. Set the isotope model to peptides. Filter to show only the largest 20 compounds in abundance. Change the window layout to match that of Figure 83 (next page). Find the compound spectrum for 		Detailed Instructions	Comments
		 a Open the peptide-auto.d data file. b Click the Configuration > Configure for Workflow > General command. c Click OK. d Click Find Compounds > Find by Molecular Feature in the Method Explorer to display the parameters in the Method Editor window. e In the Extraction tab, select Small molecules (chromatographic) as the Target data type. f Mark the Restrict retention time to check box. Then, type 2.5 - 4. g On the Charge State tab, select Peptides as the Isotope model. h On the Compound Filters tab, mark the Limit to the largest check box and type 20 for the number of compounds. i On the Results tab, mark the Extract MFE spectrum and Extract ECC check boxes. j Click D to run the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm on the data file. k Click the List Mode tool in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. I f necessary, select 3 in the Maximum number of list panes box in the Chromatogram Results toolbar. 	 To return the layout to the default layout, click Configuration > Window Layouts > Restore Default Layout. The Limit to the largest filter does not limit the number of features extracted It just limits the number of compound displayed in Qualitative Analysis. If Peptides is not one of the options for the Isotope model, you enable this feature by marking the Peptide Sequence Editor check box in the User Interface Configuration dialog box. Click Configuration > User Interface Configuration to display this dialog box. To display the LMFE and Advanced tabs for the Find by Molecular Feature section, you marks the Advanced check box. You extract features using the Molecular Feature algorithm. Then, you can compare sets of data from different extractions using Agilent MassHunter Profiling software or GeneSpring MS software. By default, chromatograms are displayed overlaid.
2 Find the compound the <i>m</i> /z 625.31585 determine the cha	ion and rge state.	 a In the MS Spectrum Results window, scroll to find the spectrum containing the <i>m/z</i> 625.3166 ion. b Find the charge state. 	 Compound 7 has a spectrum containing this ion with a charge state of +1.

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

Task 5. Do molecular feature extraction on a protein digest (LC/MS - MS and MS/MS)

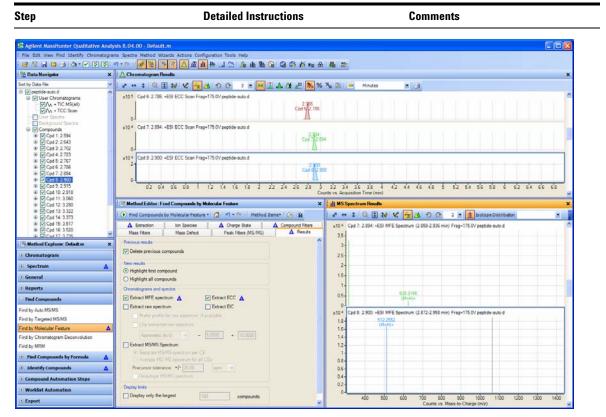


Figure 83 Find Compounds by Molecular Feature for a protein digest with auto MS/MS data

3 Close the data file without saving results.

- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Click **No** when asked to save the results.

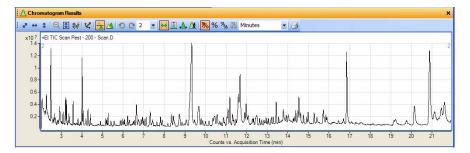
Tasks for GC/MS Data (Triple Quad)

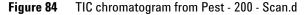
Task 1. Find compounds by chromatogram deconvolution (GC/MS)

This FindCompounds algorithm identifies compounds in GC/MS data and creates a cleaned MS spectrum for each compound. This functionality is an easy way to "mine" information from complex data. You can only use the Find Compounds by Chromatogram Deconvolution algorithm on GC/MS sample data acquired in Scan, Product Ion scan or Neutral Loss scan mode.

Task 1. Find compounds using Chromatogram Deconvolution (GC/MS)

Step Detailed Instructions		Comments	
1 Open the TIC for the Pest - 200 - Scan.d data file.	 a If the program is not open, double-click the Mass Hunter Qualitative Analysis icon. Otherwise, click File > Open Data File. b Click the Pest - 200 - Scan.d data file in the GC example data file folder. c Clear the Load result data check box and click Open. 	 You only use the General Workflow when working with GC/MS data. 	





- 2 Configure the user interface to vork with GC data. Follow
- Follow the instructions in Task 17. Configure User Interface for GC 69.

Task 1. Find compounds by chromatogram deconvolution (GC/MS)

Task 1. Find compounds using Chromatogram Deconvolution (GC/MS)

Step Detailed Instructions		Comments	
 Find compounds using the chromatogram deconvolution algorithm. Select the Agile integrator. Enter an SNR threshold of 20. 	 a In the Method Explorer window, select Chromatogram > Integrate (MS). b Select Agile as the Integrator selection. c Select Find Compounds > Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution. d On the Settings tab under Peak filter, type 20 for the SNR threshold. 	 You can choose the region of the chromatogram from which you intend to find compounds. You can extract the complete result set for a compound after it is found by using the Compounds > Extract Complete Result Set menu item when a compound is highlighted. 	

Method Explorer: Default.m	K Method Editor: Find Compounds by Chromatogram Deconvolution X
Chromatogram	🔋 💽 Find Compounds by Chromatogram Deconvolution 🔹 🚮 🖃 👻 🔛 Method Items 🛛 😕 👔
∃ Spectrum	A Settings Mass Filters Compound Filters Results
🗉 General	Resolution:
+ Reports	RT window size factor: 100.00
Find Compounds	Peak filter:
Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution	Excluded m/z: 28 example: 46,48
Find by MRM	Spectrum peak threshold 0.00 %
Identify Compounds	SNR threshold 20.00
Compound Automation Steps	Extraction window:
Worklist Automation	Left m/z delta: 0.3 Right m/z delta: 0.7
+ Export	
	m/z delta units: AMU
	Component shape:
	Sharpness threshold: 25.00 %

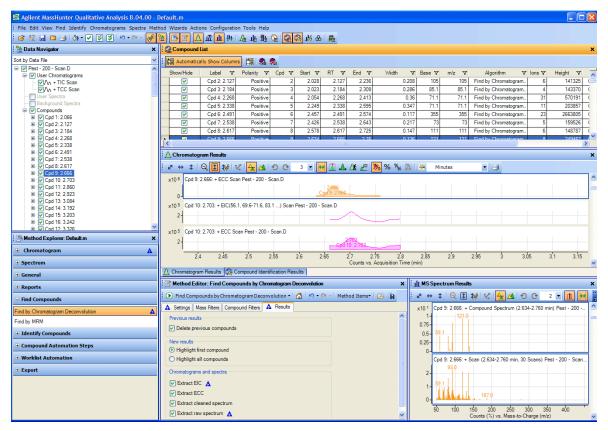
Figure 85 Settings tab in the Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution section

- Select to extract EIC, MS spectra and MS/MS spectra.
- e Click the **Results** tab.
- f Mark the Extract EIC, Extract ECC, Extract cleaned spectrum and Extract raw spectrum check boxes.
- g Click () to run the Find Compounds by Chromatogram Deconvolution algorithm on the data file.
- h Click the View > Compound List command.
- The Qualitative Analysis program finds 132 compounds under these conditions.
- In the next task you identify these compounds by searching the *NIST08.L* library.

Task 1. Find compounds by chromatogram deconvolution (GC/MS)

Task 1.	Find	compounds	using	Chromatogram	Deconvolution	(GC/MS)
				0		· /

Step Detailed Instructions		Comments	
4 Examine the compounds. See Figure 76.	 a Select 2 in the Maximum number of list panes box in the MS Spectrum Results toolbar. b Click the Hide Empty Columns icon in the Compound List window. c Click the first compound in the Data Navigator window. d When the Data Navigator window is selected, use the arrow keys to switch compounds. 	 Showing both spectra is a convenient way to display all the information for a single compound. Note that both the cleaned spectrum and the raw spectrum are shown. 	





Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm (GC/MS)

Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm (GC/MS)

In this task, you identify and generate formulas for the compounds found in Task 1. Find compounds by chromatogram deconvolution (GC/MS) 121. You can do this task if you have purchased the *NISTO8.1* library or if you use the *demo.1* library.

Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm (GC/MS)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Do a library search of all of the compounds. 	 a Highlight all compounds in the Data Navigator window. b In the Method Explorer window, click Identify Compounds > Search Unit Mass Library. c In the Settings tab, click the www.search.library. c In the Settings tab, click the www.search.library and click the OK button. d Click Identify > Search Library for Compounds from the main menu. You can instead click the Search Library for Compounds icon www.search.library for Compounds for the main menu. You can instead click the Search Library for Compounds icon www.search.library for Compounds for the main menu. You can instead click the Search Library for Compounds icon www.search.library for Compounds for the main menu. You can instead click the Search Library for Compounds icon www.search.library for Compound library and algorithm. e Click View > Difference Results. f Click View > Compound Identification Results, if necessary to display this window. h If necessary, click the Compound Identification Results window. This window is tabbed with the Chromatogram Results window. i Click the Hide Empty Columns icon in the Compound Identification Results toolbar. 	 Note that many of the compounds are identified after searching the <i>NIST08.1</i> library. If you do not have the <i>NIST08.1</i> library, select the <i>demo.1</i> library You can use the search library algorithm on an MS/MS spectrum ir you have an XML library. You can create and edit an XML library using the PCDL program which is included when you purchase the Qualitative Analysis program. See the online Help for the PCDL program for more information. 	

Task 2. Identify compounds using the Search Library algorithm (GC/MS)

Task 2. Identify	/ compounds us	ing the Search	Library algo	rithm (GC/MS)

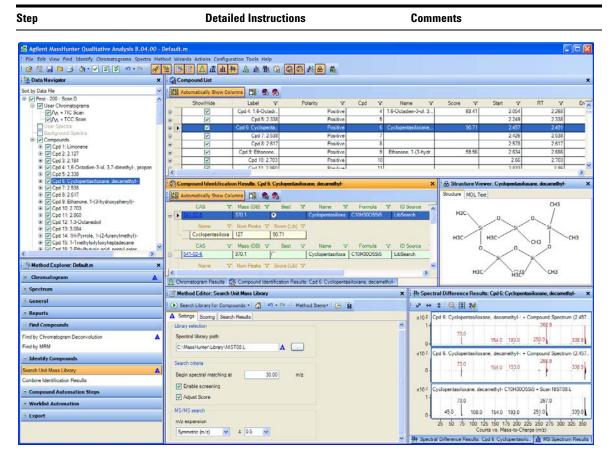


Figure 87 Compounds in Pest - 200 - Scan.D data file and the library search results

2 Close data files and return to LC/MS/MS user interface configuration.

- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Select all files.
- c Click Close.
- d Click Configuration > User Interface Configuration.
- e Mark all check boxes.
- f Click OK.

 If these check boxes are not marked, then some of the algorithms are not available.

Task 3. Find compounds by MRM (GC/MS - MRM only)

Task 3. Find compounds by MRM (GC/MS - MRM only)

The Find Compounds by MRM algorithm identifies compounds in GC/MRM data. The algorithm searches for compounds using the MRM transitions. All of the compounds in the acquisition method are extracted and shown in the Compound List. Compounds are not eliminated based on chromatogram integration results. You can only use the Find Compounds by MRM algorithm on data that was acquired using MRM transitions.

Task 3. Find compounds using MRM (GC/MS - MRM only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	
Open the TIC for the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file.	 a If the program is not open, double-click the Mass Hunter Qualitative Analysis icon. Otherwise, click File > Open Data File. b Click the Pest - STD 200 MRM.d data file in the GC example data file folder. c Clear the Load result data check box and click Open. 	 You only use the General Workflow when working with GC/MS data.
: 🛆 Chromatogram Results		×
Image: Product of the state of th	M A A P % % % Minutes Image: Construction of the second seco	17
igure 88 TIC chromatogram from	m Pest - STD 200 MRM.d	
2 Configure the user interface to work with GC data.	 Follow the instructions in "Task 17. Configure User Interface for GC" on page 69. 	
3 Find compounds using the MRM algorithm.	 a In the Method Explorer window, select Find Compounds > Find by MRM. b Click the Group transitions by compound name button. c Click the Integrator tab. d Select the Agile integrator. 	 You can choose the region of the chromatogram from which you intend to find compounds. You can extract the complete result set for a compound after it is found by using the Compounds > Extract Complete Result Set menu item

when a compound is highlighted.

Task 3. Find compounds by MRM (GC/MS - MRM only)

Task 3. Find compounds using MRM (GC/MS - MRM only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
Sector Sector	Method Editor: Find Compounds by MRM Offind Compounds by MRM Offind A triopator Peak Riters Signal to Noise Peak Spectrum Results Integrator selection Integrator selection		
Figure 89 Integrator tab in	 the Find by MRM section of the Method Editor e Click to run the Find Compounds by MRM algorithm on the data file. f If necessary, click the View > Compound List command. g Click View > Compound Identification Results to open this window. 	 The Qualitative Analysis program finds 28 compounds under these conditions. In the next task you identify these compounds by searching the <i>NISTOB.L</i> library. 	
4 Examine the compounds. See Figure 76.	 a Select 2 in the Maximum number of list panes box in the MS Spectrum Results toolbar. b Click the Hide Empty Columns icon in the Compound List window and in the Compound Identification Results window. c Click the first compound in the Data Navigator window. d When the Data Navigator window is selected, use the arrow keys to switch compounds. 	 The precursor ion is displayed in the Precursor (Acq Method) column, and the product ion is displayed in the Product (Acq Method) column in the Compound Identification Results window. 	

Task 3. Find compounds by MRM (GC/MS - MRM only)

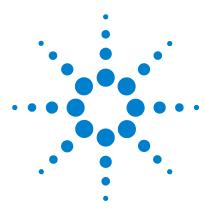
Task 3. Find compounds using MRM (GC/MS - MRM only)

Step	Detailed Instructions	Comments
🛱 Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis I		
	pectra Method Wizards Actions Configuration Tools Help	
🥵 😫 🔜 🗎 🌛 🔕 • 🗹 😻 💆 🔊 •	📲 & & & 🗞 📦 🖬 維 維 維 血 🕰 🖉 🖉 🖉 🖉 🖉 🖉	
🚰 Data Navigator	× Compound List	
Sort by Data File	🛩 🔢 Automatically Show Columns 🟥 😪 🗫	
□ Pet-1 STD 200 MRM.D □ □ User Chromolograms □ □ Vser Sectra □ □ Construct □ □ Conston □ <	ShowHvide Label ♥ Polarity ♥ Cpd ⊕ Cpd 1: DicHorvos Positive ⊕ Cpd 2: propourt Positive ⊕ Cpd 4: Positive Positive ⊕ Cpd 6: Carbofuran Positive ⊕ Cpd 6: Carbofuran Positive ⊕ Cpd Cpd 7: Carbofuran ● Compound Identification Results: Cpd 7: disarion Positive ● Name V D Source RT ● disarinon Acc 7283	1 Dichlorva 2.865 2.93 3.009 0.143 185 Peat-ST 2 propoxur 5.159 5.199 5.284 0.126 110 Pest-ST 3 triftualin 5.002 5.853 5.865 0.184 3.05 Pest-ST 4 chlorpropham 5.506 5.565 5.648 0.143 213 Pest-ST 5 BHC Rets 6.854 6.645 6.707 121 Pest-ST 7 diazinon 7.227 7.288 7.397 0.17 3.04 Pest-ST 8 BHC ream faits 7.365 7.319 7.476 0.211 219 Pest-ST 8 BHC ream faits 7.365 7.319 7.476 0.211 219 Pest-ST
Control 12: menerinvrim Control 12: menerinv	×	
+ Reports		
- Find Compounds	Method Editor: Find Compounds by MRM	× III MS Spectrum Results
Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution	💽 Find Compounds by MRM 🔹 🚮 🦃 👻 Method Items* 😕 👔	
Find by Chromatogram Deconvolution	Options A Integrator Peak Filters Signal to Noise Peak Spectrum Results	x101 Cpd 6: Carbofuran: + MRM:2 (6.492-6.683 min, 29 Scans) (164.0 -
		2-
Identify Compounds	Agile	1- 131.0
Search Unit Mass Library		
Combine Identification Results		x101 Cpd 7: diazinon: + MRM:1 (7.227-7.397 min, 26 Scans) (304.0 -> **
Compound Automation Steps		1- 179.0
Worklist Automation		0.5-
+ Export		0-3 0- 80 100 120 140 160 180 200 220 240 260 Counts (%) vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/2)

Figure 90 Find by MRM results

- 5 Close data files and return to LC/MS/MS user interface configuration.
- a Click File > Close Data File.
- **b** Select all files.
- c Click Close.
- d Click Configuration > User Interface Configuration.
- e Mark all check boxes.
- f Click OK.

 If these check boxes are not marked, then some of the algorithms are not available.



Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software Qualitative Analysis Familiarization Guide

Exercise 3 Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow 130

- Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow 136
- Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identificationusing the MS Target Compound Screening workflow142

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist 147

In these tasks, you learn to set up and run any qualitative analysis method. You also learn to edit a method to automate the analysis and/or compound identification. Then you run the actions within the automated method when you open a data file. You also learn to create a method to perform automated actions with a worklist.

You learn to create the worklist method with qualitative analysis parameters only or with both acquisition and qualitative analysis parameters.

An MS-only data file (Q-TOF) is used for illustration, although all of these tasks apply to MS/MS data from either a Q-TOF or Triple Quad as well.

Different workflows are used for these examples. You can explore these different workflows before deciding which one best matches your tasks. See "Workflows" on page 171 for more information.

The General workflow supports both GC/MS and LC/MS data. The other workflows only support LC/MS data.

The BioConfirm workflows are described in the online Help and in the BioConfirm Quick Start Guide and BioConfirm Familiarization Guide.



3 Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

Each exercise is presented in a table with three columns:

- Steps Use these general instructions to proceed on your own to explore the program.
- Detailed Instructions Use these if you need help or prefer to use a step-by-step learning process.
- Comments Read these to learn tips and additional information about each step in the exercise.

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

When you first start to use the Qualitative Analysis program, the method default.m is loaded. You can make changes to the opened method and save it, or open a new method, make changes and save the method. You cannot overwrite the method default.m.

You can also set up to run specific actions in the method when you open a data file. When you open a data file, you can also load the method that was used to create the results that are stored with the data file. This method is automatically saved whenever you save the results with the data file. The General workflow can be used with either GC/MS or LC/MS data files.

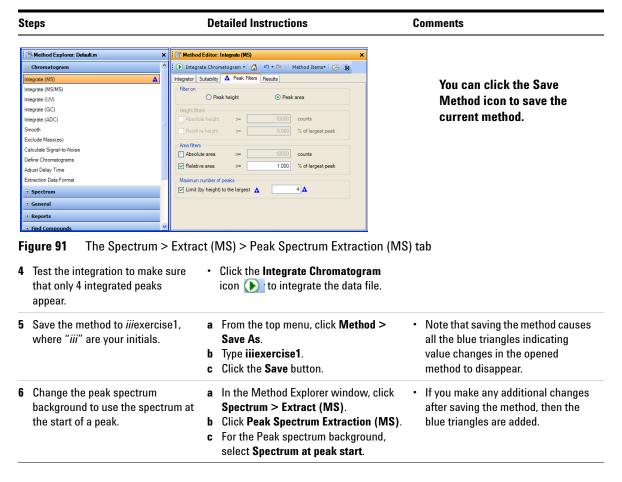
Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method
--

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d data file. Make sure that the program will not run any file actions when the data file is open. Make sure the method is Default.m. Make sure the window layout is the default layout. 	 a Double-click the Qualitative Analysis icon on your desktop. b In the Open Data File dialog box, select sulfas_PosMS.d, c If necessary, clear the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. d If necessary, clear the Load result data check box. e Click Open. f Click the Configuration > Configure for Workflow > General command. g Click the Load workflow's default method button and the Load workflow's default layout button. h Click OK. i Click Configuration > User Interface Configuration. j Mark all of the check boxes so all options are available. k Click the OK button. 	 The default layout for the General workflow is automatically loaded. If you want to return to this default layout, click View > Window Layouts > Restore Default Layout. This command always restores the layout that is used with the General workflow. To load a method, do this: Click Method > Open. Select the method Click Open. As you noticed in the last exercise, every time a change is made to a method, a blue triangle appears next to the change and in the Method Explorer next to the section which has changed. 	
 2 Set up the method to extract a TIC chromatogram. Define a TIC chromatogram for MS data. Turn off cycle sum since this is an MS-only data file. 	 a In the Method Explorer window, select Chromatogram > Define Chromatograms. b Delete the BPC chromatogram. c Select TIC as the Type. d Make sure the MS Level is MS. e Clear the Do cycle sum check box. f Click Add. 		
 3 Edit the method to integrate the data. • Limit the integration to the four highest peaks. 	 a In the Method Explorer window, click Chromatogram > Integrate (MS). b Click the Peak Filters tab. c In the Maximum number of peaks section, mark the Limit (by height) to the largest check box. d Type 4. 	 Updating a value in the Peak Filters tab in the Chromatogram > Integrate (MS) section also updates values in other sections of the Method Explorer. Blue triangles appear to show these other sections. 	

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

Task 1. S	et up and	run a d	qualitative	analysis	method



Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
Method Explorer: pfhexercise1.m	X Method Editor: Extract (MS)	×
🖃 Chromatogram	🔼 🗄 🖙 🕶 🖓 🖌 💽 🔹 Method Items 🕇 💪	
Integrate (MS) Integrate (MS/MS) Integrate (MS/MS) Integrate (UV) Integrate (ADC) Smooth Exclude Mass(es) Calculate Signal-to-Noise Define Chromatograms Adjust Delay Time Spectrum Extract (MS/MS) Extract (UV)	Peak Location Peak Filters	Charge State Peak Spectrum Extraction (MS) % of peak height % of saturation
	A	
Figure 92 The Spectrum > Ex 7 Test the MS spectrum extraction make sure a background spectru is subtracted.	<u> </u>	trum icon
Save the method.	 Save the method in one of Click the Save N in the Method Ed -Right-click the N Editor, and click Save M From the top menu click Save. 	Aethod icon Figure 92 on page 133 litor. Aethod lethod .

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 9 Set up the method to automate the actions whose parameters you just changed when you open a data file. List the actions to be performed when this or another data file is opened. 	 a In the Method Explorer window, select General > File Open Actions. b Select Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra from the Available actions list. c Click the Add button, , to move 	
Hint: Look under General in Method Explorer.	the selected action to the Actions to be run list. You can also double-click on the selected action to move it to the other list.	
10 Test the File Open Actions.	 Click the Run File Open Actions Now icon () to run the actions on the data file. 	 The chromatograms and spectra are not overwritten. New chromatograms and spectra are added.

Task 1. Set up and run	a qualitative	analysis method
------------------------	---------------	-----------------

Two different actions are part of the Actions to be run list. The first action is to extract the defined chromatograms. Then, that chromatogram is integrated and peaks are extracted.

Section 1. Method Explorer: pfhexercise1.m	×	Method Editor: Assign Actions to Run Opening a Data File
Chromatogram		💽 Run File Open Actions Now 🔹 🚮 🔄 🕶 🖘 陀 🚽 Method Items 🔹 😕 🏢
Spectrum		Available actions
Extract (MS)	۵	Estract Peak Spectra
Extract (MS/MS)		Extract Defined Chromatograms
Extract (UV)		Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra Smooth Chromatograms
Deconvolute: Resolved Isotope		Generate Compound Report Generate Analysis Report
Extraction Data Format		Find Compounds by Auto MS/MS Find Compounds by Targeted MS/MS
🗆 General		Find Compounds by Targeted M3/M3 Find Compounds by Molecular Feature Find Compounds by Formula
File Open Actions	A	
Reports		Actions to be run
± Find Compounds		Extract Defined Chromatograms Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra
Find Compounds by Formula	۵	
Identify Compounds		
Compound Automation Steps		
Worklist Automation		
Export		

Figure 93 The General > File Open Actions section in the Method Editor

- **11** Save the method and close the data file without saving results.
- a Click the Save Method icon in Method Editor,
- b Click File > Close Data File, and clickNo when asked to save results.

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method using the general workflow

Task 1. Set up and run a qualitative analysis method

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 12 Set up the method to automa actions when the method is during a worklist. List the actions to be perforwhen this or another data opened. Hint: Look under Worklist Automin the Method Explorer window 	unWorklist Automation > Worklist Actions.rmedbbRemove Generate Analysis Report from the Actions to be run list.		
13 Test the Worklist Actions.	 Click the Run Worklist Actions Now icon () to run the actions on the data file. 	 The chromatograms and spectra are not overwritten. New chromatograms and spectra are added. 	
		auueu.	
In Method Explorer: phexercise1.m	Method Editor: Assign Actions to Run from Worklist	auueu.	
Method Explorer: pflexercise1.m X Chromatogram A	Method Editor: Assign Actions to Run from Worklist X		
		Two different lists of actions are	
Chromatogram	Image: Construction of the second	Two different lists of actions are included in a method. The first list	
Chromatogram	Run Worklist Actions Now Available actions State Desk Streating Key Action State Desk Streating Theyde Orionatograms Integrate Orionatogram Integrate Orionatograms Integrate Orionatograms Integrate Orionatograms Integrate Orionatograms Integrate Orionatograms Integrate Orionatograms Integrate Orionatogram	Two different lists of actions are	
Chromatogram Spectrum General	Available actions Available actions Extract Defined Orionatograms Integrate Origination (Construction) Struct Provide Spectra Struct Provide Spectra Central Comparts Spectra Spectra <t< td=""><td>Two different lists of actions are included in a method. The first list of actions (File Open Actions) can</td></t<>	Two different lists of actions are included in a method. The first list of actions (File Open Actions) can	
Chromatogram Spectrum General File Open Actions	Available actions Available actions Available actions Consol Desk Spectra Extract Defined Chromotograms Integrate Demotograms Integrate Demotogram Integrate Demotogram	Two different lists of actions are included in a method. The first list of actions (File Open Actions) car be run when a data file is opened	
Chromatogram Spectrum General File Open Actions Reports Find Compounds Find Compounds by Formula A	Available actions Other Worklist Actions Now * More *	Two different lists of actions are included in a method. The first list of actions (File Open Actions) car be run when a data file is opened The second list of actions	
Chromatogram Spectrum General File Open Actions Reports Find Compounds	Image: Construction of the second	Two different lists of actions are included in a method. The first list of actions (File Open Actions) car be run when a data file is opened	
Chromatogram Spectrum General File Open Actions Reports Find Compounds Find Compounds by Formula A	Available actions Other Worklist Actions Now * More *	Two different lists of actions are included in a method. The first list of actions (File Open Actions) car be run when a data file is opened The second list of actions (Worklist Actions) is run when	
Chromatogram Spectrum General File Open Actions Find Compounds Find Compounds by Formula Lidentify Compounds	Available actions Available actions Available actions Extract Derived Consolutograms Integrate and Extract Derive Spectra Smooth Chromatograms Integrate and Spectra Smooth Chromatograms Integrate and Spectra Smooth Chromatograms Integrate and Spectra Smooth Spec	Two different lists of actions are included in a method. The first lis of actions (File Open Actions) can be run when a data file is opened The second list of actions	

Figure 94 The Worklist Automation > Worklist Actions section in the Method Editor

14 Save the method and close the data file without saving results.

Worklist Actions Selected Ranges

Export

a Click the Save Method icon in Method Editor,

b Click File > Close Data File, and click
 No when asked to save results.

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

In this task you set up a qualitative analysis method that contains a list of analysis actions to run in a specific order. These include extracting and integrating chromatograms, extracting spectra, searching a database for peak spectra, generating formulas for spectra and printing an analysis report.

You switch to the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow to set up this method. You will also set up to run this automated analysis in the method when you open a data file.

The Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow can only be used with LC/MS data files.

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis	Task 2. Set u	p and run a	method to) automate an	analysis
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Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d again. Make sure that the method will not perform any actions on the data file when opening the file. Make sure the method is <i>iii</i>exercise1.m. 	 a Click the Configuration > Configure for Workflow > Chromatogram Peak Survey command. b Click the Load workflow's default method button and the Load workflow's default layout button. c Click OK. d Click Configuration > User Interface Configuration. e Mark all of the check boxes so all options are available. f Click the OK button. g Click File > Open Data File. h In the Open Data File dialog box, select sulfas_PosMS.d. i Clear the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. j Click Method > Open, select the iiiexercise1.m method, then click Open. 	 Make sure the Load result data check box is either clear or grayed out. When you switch to a different workflow, a new method is loaded, a new window layout is loaded and a new section is added to the Method Explorer. If you are prompted to save changes to the method, click No.

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis	Task 2.	2. Set up an	l run a	method	to	automate	an	analysis	3
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S	teps	Detailed Instructions	Comments		
2	Look at the sections for the Chromatogram Peak Survey algorithm.	 In the Method Explorer window, click Chromatogram Peak Survey Workflow. 	 Note the eleven sections in this workflow. Most of these sections are duplicates of sections in the General workflow. 		
3	Make sure that new results will overwrite previous results.	 a In the Method Explorer window, select Previous Results. b Mark the Delete all previous results check box. 	 Note that blue triangles appear in other sections of Method Explorer. These indicate that the same parameter values have been changed elsewhere as well. 		
1	Make sure that a TIC will be extracted, and the four largest peaks integrated.	 a Select Chromatogram Extraction. b Click the Chromatograms tab. c Make sure that TIC has been selected as the Chromatogram used to find mass spectra. d Mark Signal A under Additional chromatograms to extract. e Select the Chromatogram Integration section in the Method Explorer. f Click the Peaks (MS) tab, and mark Limit (by height) to the largest and type 4. 	• Note that the "Chromatogram Extraction" section is unique. You cannot enter this information anywhere else in the Method Editor		
5	Set up to extract MS spectra and subtract a peak spectrum background of the average of spectra before and after the peak.	 a Select Mass Spectrum Extraction. b Click the Peak Spectrum tab. c For Peak spectrum background select Average of spectra at peak start and end. 			
6	 Choose to search a database and generate formulas for all spectrum peaks. Don't change the Molecular Formula Generation nor the Database Search parameter values. 	 a Select Spectrum Peak Identification in the Method Explorer. b Mark the Search a database for each peak check box. c Mark the Generate formula for each peak check box. d Click the All peaks button. 	 Note that the "Spectrum Peak Identification" section is unique. You cannot enter this information anywhere else in the Method Editor 		

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis	

Steps		Detailed Instructions			Comments		
7	Test the automated analysis process up to this point.	•	Click the Run Chromatogram Peak Survey icon > from the Spectrum Peak Identification section.	•	If you click the () icon from the Molecular Formula Generation section, you click the arrow first and select Run Chromatogram Peak Survey from the list of possible action. By default, the action that is run in this section is Generate Formulas from Spectrum Peaks . Several other sections also have different default actions.		
8	 Open the Spectrum Identification Results window for viewing: This list is tabbed along with the Chromatogram Results window as in Figure 95 Save the method if the automation worked. 	a b	Click View > Spectrum Identification Results . Review the results for each MS scan to make sure that all actions in the Chromatogram Peak Survey algorithm were performed.		SeeTask 4. Change window layouts 22 to learn how to move windows on the main screen. You can also use the icons in the main toolbar to display these windows.		

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate a	an analysis
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iteps	Detailed Instructions					Comments					
🗄 Agilent MassHunter Qualitative Analysis B.04	.00 - pfhExercise1.m										
File Edit View Find Identify Chromatograms Spect	a Method Wizards Actions Configurati	on Tools Help									
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🕰 Data Navigator	× KSpectrum Identification F		NAMES OF STREET, STREE							×	
Sort by Data File	✓ 計算 Automatically Show Colum	ns 🖽 🖼 👷 🛱									
■ 🔽 sulfas_PosMS.d	Best	Name	Formula	Notes	Score		Mass	Mass (DB)	ID Source	Diff (ppm)	
User Chromatograms VAN + TIC Scan			C9 H10 N4 O2 S2	Sulfa mix #1		99.19	270.0248	mass (DD) 270.0245			
AADAD1 - A:Sig=272,16 Ref=360,100	Score (MFG, abund)	Score (MFG, mass)	Height	Species	Score (MFG,		m/z	Score (MFG)	Score (MFG, iso, sp	Ion Formula	
User Spectra	99.25	99.28	389366.1	(M+H)+		(Cm	271.0318		99.92	C9 H11 N4 O2 S2	
✓ IIII + Scan (0.309-0.373 min) Sub ✓ IIII + Scan (0.502-0.582 min) Sub	m/z	Height	m/z (Calc)	Height (Calc)	Diff (mDa)		iff (ppm)	Height % (Calc)	Design of the second	Height Sum %	
VIII + Scan (0.775-0.839 min) Sub	271.032		271.0318	385176.1		-0.3	-1.15		Reight Sum & (Carc) 81.2		
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Compounds	273.028	7 36679.7	273.0286	39056.1		-0.2	-0.59	10.1	8.2	7.7	
Matched Sequences	274.030	3 4655	274.0305	4518		0.2	0.87	1.2	0.9	1	
	Best	Name	Formula	Notes	Score		Mass	Mass (DB)	ID Source	Diff (ppm)	
	• C		C8 H14 O6 S2			44.12	270.0248		MFG	-6.05	
	K	1	LIS U SLH 6J			11 20	220 0248		MEG	.7 8/	
	A Chromatogram Results	Spectrum Identification R	esults: + Scan (0.30	-0.373 min) Sub							
Method Explorer: pfhExercise1.m	X Method Editor: Peak Surv	ey - Spectrum Peak Iden	tification		×	III MSS	pectrum	Results		×	
	Run Chromatogram Peak S		Mathod Itamer				+ O	1 + 1 LP	<u>∱</u> ▲ 9 ල	2 - 11 🐼 🖁	
Chromatogram Peak Survey Workflow			Piction Items	W 48							
Previous Results	Spectrum peak identification						+ Scan (0.	309-0.373 min, 5 Sc	ans) sulfas_PosMS.d 271.0321 293.0		
Chromatogram Extraction	Maximum number of peaks to id	lentity (per spectrum)	5			2-			271.0321 233.0	140	
Chromatogram Integration	Search a database for each	peak 🛕				1.5-			Í		
Mass Spectrum Extraction	Generate formula for each p	eak 🛕				0.5-				315.0692	
Spectrum Peak Identification	🔺 💿 All peaks 🛕 🔇	Only peaks without da	tabase hits			0.0-			<u>11.</u> li	te a la	
Molecular Formula Generation						-	C (0	F00.0.F00 : C.C.	ans) sulfas PosMS.d	<u></u>	
Database Search	_					x10 1	+ Scan (U.	502-0.582 min, 6 50	ans) suitas_PosM5.0 285.0209	Subtract	
Match Scoring						0.75-			200.3200		
Analysis Report						0.5-					
Automation						0.25-			1	307.0025	
Extraction Data Format						0-			ulu.	la.	
Chromatogram	x						220 23	0 240 250 2	60 270 280 290	300 310 320	
	- <u>v</u>								rs. Mass-to-Charge (m/	z) 🗸	

Figure 95 Tabbed results from running automated analysis steps

9 Save the method to <i>iii</i> exercise2, where " <i>iii</i> " are your initials.	 a From the menu, click Method > Save As. b Type iiiexercise2. c Click Save. 	 Note that saving the method causes all the blue triangles indicating value changes in the opened method to disappear.
 10 Set up the Analysis Report and indicate what sections to print for this exercise. Save the method. 	 a Select Analysis Report in the Method Explorer. b Click the Contents tab. c Make any changes you want. d Click the Print Analysis Report icon. e If necessary, click the Save Method icon in Method Editor. 	• You select whether or not to print the report when you select the action that you want to run.

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

Task 2. Set up and	run a	method	to	automate	an analy	/sis

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments			
 11 Set up the method to run the automated analysis when the data file is opened Save the method. 	 a Select Automation in the Method Explorer. b Click File Open Actions. c Select each item in the Actions to run list, and click the Remove icon, x. d Select Chromatogram Peak Survey without Analysis Report in the Available Actions list, and click the Add button, . e Click the Save Method icon in Method Editor. 	 You can also test these actions if you want. 			
 12 Close the Method Editor, Method Explorer and Data Navigator windows. Move the windows so they look like the layout in Figure 96. Close the data file, and do not save results. 	 a Click the Close button for Method Editor, Method Explorer and Data Navigator. b Move the windows so they look like Figure 96. c Click File > Close Data File. d Click No when asked to save results. 	 Note that the window layout that appears when you open a new da file is the same as the last window layout used. 			
 13 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d data file again to run the automated analysis. The results should look like the results in Figure 96. 	 a Click File > Open Data File. b Select sulfas_PosMS.d c Mark the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. d Click Open. 				

Task 2. Set up and run a method to automate an analysis using the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow

Task 2 Set i	in and run	a method to	automate an	analysis
1001 2.001	ap unu run		uutomuto un	unuiyolo

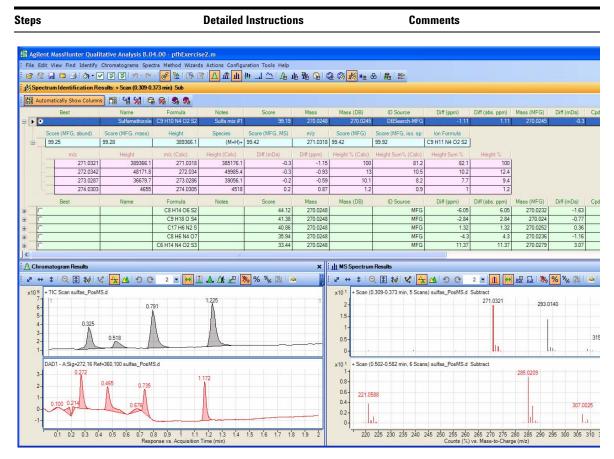


Figure 96 Results of Chromatogram Peak Survey action when opening the sulfas_PosMS.d data file

14 Close the data file without saving results.

a Click File > Close Data File.

b Click **No** when asked to save results.

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

In this task you set up a qualitative analysis method that contains a list of actions to find and identify compounds. These include finding compounds based on a selected algorithm, searching the database for compounds, generating formulas for specific compounds and printing the compound report.

You switch to the MS Target Compound Screening workflow to set up this method. You can also set up this method using the Compound Automation Steps section. You will also set up to run the compound automation in the method when you open a data file.

The MS Target Compounds Screening workflow can only be used with LC/MS data files.

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification

Steps	Detailed Instructions		
 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d again. Make sure that the method will not perform any actions on the data file when opening the file. Make sure the method is <i>iii</i>exercise2.m. Start with the MS Target Compound Screening workflow. 	 a Click Configuration > Configure for Workflow > MS Target Compound Screening. b Click the Load workflow's default method button and the Load workflow's default layout button. c Click the OK button. d Click Configuration > User Interface Configuration. e Mark all of the check boxes, so all options are available. f Click the OK button. g Click File > Open Data File. h In the Open Data File dialog box, select sulfas_PosMS.d. i Clear the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. j Click Method > Open. Select the <i>iii</i>exercise2.m method. l Click No to save method changes. 	 Make sure the Load result data check box is either clear or grayed out. The method Screening-Default.m is loaded when you switch to the MS Target Compound Screening workflow. If the MassHunter folder is not in the default location in the D: drive, you will have errors in the method when you switch to this workflow. You can change the folder for the database to the appropriate location. 	

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

Task 3.	Set up	and ru	n a n	nethod t	0	automate	compound	identification
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Steps			etailed Instructions	C	Comments				
 2 Look at the automation steps for finding and identifying compounds. Tab the Method Editor window in a convenient location. 			In the Method Explorer window, click MS Target Compound Screening Workflow > Automation . (optional) Tab the Method Editor window with the Data Navigator window. Close the Compound List window.	 In this workflow, the Method Editor is a floating window. You can either leave it as a floating window or tab it with another window, such as the Data Navigator window. 					
3	 Choose to search a database and generate formulas for all compounds. Make sure you are finding compounds by molecular feature. 	b c d	Click the Analysis Options tab. Select Find by Molecular Feature. Mark the Search a database for each compound check box. Mark the Generate formulas for each compound check box. Click All compounds. Mark the Show only identified compounds check box.	•	A compound can be identified by the Search Database algorithm, the Generate Formulas algorithm, the Search library algorithm or if the compound was found using the Find by Formula algorithm. If MassHunter BioConfirm software is installed, then a compound can also be identified by the Match Sequences algorithm.				
4	Make sure that new results will overwrite previous results.		Click the Results tab. Mark the Delete all previous results check box.						
5	Test the automation process up to this point.	•	Click the Run Compound Automation Steps icon () from any of the MS Target Compound Screening Workflow > Automation sections.						
6	 Open these windows for viewing: Compound List Compound Identification Results Make sure the windows are displayed as in Figure 97 Review each list for each compound (except for Compounds 1 and 2). 	b c	(if necessary) Click View > Compound List. (if necessary) Click View > Compound Identification Results. Clear the Compound 1 and Compound 2 check boxes in the Data Navigator. Or, you can clear the check boxes for Compound 1 and Compound 4 in the Show/Hide column in the Compound List window Review each list for each identified compound to make sure that all actions in the Compound Automation Steps were performed.		See Exercise 1 Task 4 to learn how to move windows on the main screen. The Compound Identification Results window is tabbed with the Chromatogram Results window in Figure 97.				

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments				
7 Save the method to <i>iii</i> exercise3, where " <i>iii</i> " are your initials.	 a From the top menu, click Method > Save As. b Type iiiexercise3. c Click Save. 	 Note that saving the method causes all the blue triangles indicating value changes in the opened method to disappear. 				

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File Edit View Fin			_		Configura	tion Tools He	lo									L	<u>ل ال</u>
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the second secon		Cpd 1: C8		Positiv			1			23.81			0.245		0.298		0.405
÷		Cpd 2: C16 H14 N1		Positive	-		2			49.37			0.309		0.329		0,389
	×	Cpd 3: Sulfam		Positive				Sulfamethizole		99.26			0.293		0.332		0.582
		Cpd 4: Sulfachlorop		Positiv			4 Sultacl	loropyridazine		99.74 49.7			0.486		0.525		0.743
		Cpd 5: C10 H Cpd 6: C22 H22 N1		Positive			6			49.7		-	0.502		0.794		0.775
		Cpd 6: C22 H22 N1 Cpd 7: Sulfame		Positive			· · ·	Sulfamethazine				0.775			0.794	- 1 COP 1011	1.032
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🜔 Run Compound	Automation Steps *	- M - M - M	Method If	ems• 😕 🚦		Automatically S	how Columns	聞 留 ₩	G 🙀	Sa 🕺							
🛕 Analysis Optic	ons Adde	d Chromatograms	BPO	C Exclusions		Best	V	Name	V	Score	V	ID Source	V	Diff (abs. ppm) 🛛	RT	V	Mass
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Delete all previous results						99.39		99.65			384878.1			(M+H)+	99.58		-
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							50247.1	(13.3		8.4		8.3	286.0232		0	
						-	142866		37.7		23.9		23.4	287.0179		0	
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						-	7160		1.9		1.2		1.1	289.0157		0.6	
						- C	798.3		0.2		0.1		0.2	290.0175		-2.3	
Method Editor: Sc	reening - Automation	Data Navigator		<												1	
	-				/ Ch	romatogram Re	sults 🔀 Com	pound Identifica	tion Results:	Cpd 4: Sulfa	chloropyrida	zine					
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Figure 97 Tabbed results from running compound automation identification steps

- 8 Set up the Compound Report for this exercise.
- a Select Compound Report.
- **b** Make any changes you want.
- If necessary, save the method.
- c If necessary, click the **Save Method** icon in Method Editor.

Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows 3

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

Task 3. Set up and run a method	to automate compound identification
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Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 9 Set up the method to run the automated compound identification when the data file is opened Save the method. 	 a Select MS Target Compound Screening Workflow > Automation > File Open Actions. b Select any actions in the Actions to run list, and click the Remove icon, x. c Select Compound Automation without Report in the Available Actions list, and click the Add button, . d Click the Save Method icon in Method Editor. 	 You can also test these actions if you want. 	
 10 Close Method Editor, Method Explorer and Data Navigator. Move the windows so they look like the layout in Figure 98. Close the data file, and do not save results. 	 a Click the Close button for Method Editor, Method Explorer and Data Navigator. b Move the windows so they look like Figure 98. c Click File > Close Data File. d Click No when asked to save results. 	• See Exercise 1 Task 4 to learn how to move windows.	
 11 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d data file again to run the automated compound identification. The results should look like the results in Figure 98. Hide Compounds 1 and 2 in the Compound List. 	 a Click File > Open Data File b Mark the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. c Click Open. d Clear the Show/Hide check boxes for Compounds 1 and 2 in the Compound List. 	 Compounds 1, 2, 5, 6, and 8 are not found by the database search algorithm, but they do have formulas generated by the formula generation algorithm. 	

Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows 3

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification using the MS Target Compound Screening workflow

teps	5			Det	ailed Instruct	ions			Com	ments				
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	Show/H	ide	Label	✓ Polarity	▼ Cpd	V Name	V	Score	METLI	IN 🔽 Sta	rt 🔽	RT	7	E
		1	Cpd 1: C8		ive	1			23.81		0.245		0.298	
	1		Cpd 2: C16 H14 N1	4 02 S4 Posi	ive	2		-	49.37		0.309		0.329	
	V		Cpd 3: Sulfam	ethizole Posi	tive	3 Sulfar	nethizole		99.26		0.293		0.332	
			Cpd 4: Sulfachlorop	yridazi Posi	ive	4 Sulfachloropy			99.74	_	0.486		0.525	
			Cpd 5: C10 H	9 CI N4 Posi	tive	5			49.7		0.502		0.562	
	~		Cpd 6: C22 H22 N1	4 O2 S2 Posi	live	6		2	49.64		0.775		0.794	
<		1.0	*		-									
20-			Its: Cpd 3: Sulfamethizole											
1	-													
Aut	tomatically Sho	w Columns	배 앱 対 🖬 🖗	Sa 🕺										
	Best	V	Name 🗸	Score 7	7 ID Source 🛛	Diff (abs. ppm) V	F	RT 🗸	Mass (MFG) V	RT (Tgt) V	RT (DB)	7	RT Dif	ff 7
•)		Sulfamethizole	99.2	6 DBSearch-MFG	1.26	1	0.332	270.0245	T	T	0.33	T	0.002
	Secre (MEG	ahundi 🖂	Score (MFG, mass) V	Height 7	7 Score (MFG, MS/MS)	Species V	Coore (h	MFG, MS) 🛛	m/z V	Secre (MEG)	Score (MFG, iso.	enneine) V	Ion Form	ada 🔻
-	99.09		99.08	761354.			99.27	(1) (1, 1/O)	271.0318		99.85	abacuiĝi a	C9 H11 N4	
1		2011-0		The second second second	fill and a second second	The second	1 202/05	2.122	Street in the	1	1 Proventier			
	Height (Height Sum% (Calc) N				(mDa) 🛛 🖓			Height %			
	-	752379.4	100	80.		1222 A 21		-0.3	-1.25			100		271.032
		97638.4	13	10.	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-0.3	-1.26			12.5		272.034
	-	76289.7	10.1	8.	24 C			-0.1	-0.36			9.2		273.028
		8822.6	1.2	0.	9 0.9	274.0305	1	0.2	0.87	8510.9		1.1	2	274.0303
	Score (MFG,	abund) 💎	Score (MFG, mass) ♥	Height 7	Score (MFG, MS/MS) V	Species V	Score (N	MFG, MS) V	m/z 🛛	Score (MFG) V	Score (MFG, iso.	spacing) V	Ion Form	nula 7
	98.38		99.37	512334.	4	(M+Na)+	99.2		293.0137	99.2	99.84		C9 H10 N4	4 Na O
	96 18		99 94	31726	R	(M+K)+	98 55		308 9877	98 55	98.63		C9 H10 K1	N4 02
<														
A Chro	omatogram Re	sults				×	MS Spe	ctrum Results						
7 4	+ 1 Q 1	1 24 1	AAAA	3 - 14	t 🖉 🧏 % % 🎉	🙀 🎽 E	7 44 1		× × 4 A	190 1	- 👖 😽 R		% % 9	61 1 😹
-												L III WO	70 % %	
x10 ⁶	+ TIC Scan su	lfas_PosMS.d				N	CONTRACTOR OF CASE	d 3: Sulfamethia			nin) sulfas_PosMS.d			
5-	1	0.325	0./91	1.225		1	3-			1.0321 /+H)+				
			518	A			2.5-		S.					
	1 <u></u>						2-							
	+ TCC Scan si	ulfas_PosMS.c	i				1.5-				541.056	0		
5-	1		٨	A			1-				(2M+H)	1+		
		A					0.5-				1			
0-			~ 1				0-							
	0.1 0.2	0.3 0.4 0			3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7	1.8 1.9 2	-	0 50 100	150 200 25				0 700 75	0 800
				s. Acquisition Time (min)							. Mass-to-Charge (n			

Task 3. Set up and run a method to automate compound identification

Figure 98 Results of automated compound identification when opening the sulfas PosMS.d data file

12 Close the data file without saving results. **b** Click **No** when asked to save results.

a Click File > Close Data File.

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist

In this task you set up a qualitative analysis method that contains a list of actions to execute when you run the worklist. You learn to save the method with both acquisition and qualitative analysis parameters, although you will not actually do this in this task.

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 Load the sulfas_PosMS.d data file. Open the method you saved in Task 2. Make sure actions are not run when you open the file. Restore the default window layout. 	 a To restore the default workflow, click Configuration > Configure for Workflow > General. b Click OK to continue. c Click File > Open Data File. d In the Open Data File dialog box, select sulfas_PosMS.d. e Clear the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. f Click Open. g Load the method <i>iii</i>Exercise2.m. 	 In this task you are creating a method that contains only qualitative analysis parameters. To create a worklist method from this method, you must add acquisition parameters to this method in the acquisition program. If you select Load worklist method (assuming it's available) in the Open Data File dialog box, the program opens the data file using the qualitative analysis part of the acquisition method in the worklist that produced the data file. You can create a worklist method with both acquisition and qualitative analysis parameters by saving the qualitative analysis parameters by saving the qualitative analysis parameters by saving the qualitative analysis parameters to an existing acquisition method. You can also set up the method for a complete analysis with the Analysis Automation Steps. Then you would remove these actions and add on the Analysis Automation action. You can do the same with Compound Automation. 	

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with worklist

3 Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with worklist	Task 4. Set up a	qualitative	method to	run with	worklist
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Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 2 Set up a method to automatically execute upon completion of every run in the worklist. Set up the method to perform the following tasks: Extract the defined chromatogram Integrate and extract peak spectra Generate Analysis Report Hint: Look under Worklist Automation in Method Explorer. 	 a In the Method Explorer, select Worklist Automation > Worklist Actions to display the Assign Actions to Run from Worklist section. b Make sure that the following actions are in the Actions to be run list in this order: Extract Defined Chromatograms Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra Generate Analysis Report c If necessary, select each of these actions from the Available actions list, and click the Add button, , to move the selected action to the Actions to be run list. You can also double-click on the selected action to copy it to the other list. d If necessary, select any actions in the Actions to be run list that are not in the list of actions mentioned, and click 		
	the Remove icon 🗙.		

Method Editor: Assign Actions to Run from Worklist
Available actions

Image: Construction of the second second

Figure 99 Method Editor with Worklist Actions section displayed

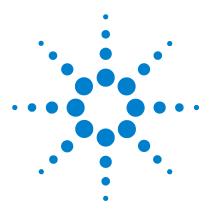
Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows 3 Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with worklist
--

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
 3 Save the method to <i>iii</i>exercise 2worklist.m, where "<i>iii</i>" is your initials. Close the program and do not save results. 	 a To save the method, click Method > Save As. b Type <i>iii</i>exercise2worklist.m. c Click Save. d Click File > Exit. e Click No when asked if you want to save the results. 	 After the acquisition parameters have been added to this method in the acquisition program, you can save it to the same name or a different one. When run from the worklist, this method (with acquisition parameters added) will acquire and analyze data sequentially and automatically. The actions in the Actions to be run list in the Worklist Actions section are run automatically. 	

3 Set up and run qualitative analysis methods using different workflows

Task 4. Set up a qualitative method to run with a worklist



Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software Qualitative Analysis Familiarization Guide

Exercise 4 Qualitative Analysis Wizards

 Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard
 152

 Task 2. Run Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search Wizard
 159

Several wizards are included in the Qualitative Analysis program. These wizards lead you through the steps necessary to do certain tasks.

- Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard This wizard shows you the different method editor sections and tabs that you modify before running the Chromatogram Peak Survey without Analysis Report action.
- Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search wizard This wizard shows you the different method editor sections and tabs that you modify before running the Find by Molecular Feature algorithm and the Database Search algorithm.

You can also update these method editor sections in the Method Editor window.

If you install BioConfirm, several other wizards are available. These other wizards are discussed in the **BioConfirm Familiarization Guide**.

Each exercise is presented in a table with three columns:

- Steps Use these general instructions to proceed on your own to explore the program.
- Detailed Instructions Use these if you need help or prefer to use a step-by-step learning process.
- Comments Read these to learn tips and additional information about each step in the exercise.



Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

When you run this wizard, the program shows you all of the method editor sections and other pages which affect the **Chromatogram Peak Survey** without Analysis Report action. Then, when you click the Finish button, the changes to the method are saved, and the **Chromatogram Peak Survey** without analysis report action is performed.

S	teps	Detailed Instructions Comments
1	 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d data file. Make sure that the program will not run any file actions when the data file is open. Make sure the method is Default.m. Make sure the window layout is the default layout. 	 a Double-click the Qualitative Analysis icon on your desktop. b In the Open Data File dialog box, select sulfas_PosMS.d, c If necessary, clear the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. d If necessary, clear the Load result data check box. e Click Open. f Click the Configuration > Configure for Workflow > General command. g Click the Load workflow's default method button and the Load workflow's default layout button. h Click the OK button. j Mark all of the check boxes so all options are available. k Click the OK button.
2	Start the Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard. Change the parameters to delete previous results.	 a Click the Wizards > Identify Chromatogram Peaks command. b In the Previous Results page, mark the Delete all previous results check box. c Click the Next button. The wizard leads you through a series of pages. You set the parameters for the task on these pages. Many of these pages are duplicates of the sections and tabs in the Method Editor window.

Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

Task 1. Run the Identi	y Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
3 Edit the Chromatogram Extraction page. Change the parameters to extract the BPC and the Signal A chromatogram.	 a In the Chromatogram Extraction page, mark the BPC check box and the Signal A check box. b Click the Next button. 	 The current method is changed when you click Finish. In the Method Editor, a blue triangle is displayed when you make a change from the values that are saved with the method. However, a blue triangle in the wizard means that you changed the value in the wizard from the current values in the method. 	

Identify Chromat	ogram Peaks			
Ch	romatogram	Extraction		
A Chromatograms	BPC Exclusion	Delay Time		
Chromatogram used	to find mass spe	ectra		
⊙ TIC	O BPC	○ TWC	Signal A	
Additional chromato	arame to extract			
		TWC	🗸 Signal A 🛕	
			Signar A 🔼	
Chromatogram para	meters			
BPC m/z range:				
Get Signal A from	DAD	~		
		Pre	vious Next F	inish Cancel

Figure 100 The Chromatogram Extraction page in the Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard

- 4 Edit the Chromatogram Integration page. Change the parameters to only integrate the four largest MS peaks.
- a In the Chromatogram Integration page, click the **Peaks (MS)** tab.
- **b** Mark the Limit (by height) to the largest check box and enter 4.
- $\textbf{c} \quad \text{Click the } \textbf{Next button}.$
- You can click the Finish button on any of the pages in the wizard. The current values in the method are used when the wizard is run.

Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments
Identify Chromatogram Peaks		×	
Chromatogram Integ	ration		
		Peaks (ADC)	
Filter on Peak height	 Integrate (UV) Peak area 	Suitability (UV)	
Height filters Absolute height >= Relative height >=	10000 counts 5.000 % of largest peak		
Area filters Absolute area >= Relative area >=	10000 counts		
Maximum number of peaks	4		
	Previous Next	Finish Cancel	

Figure 101 The Chromatogram Integration page in the Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard

- **5** Review the parameters on the Extraction Data Format page.
- **a** In the Extraction Data Format page, review the parameters.
- **b** Click the **Next** button.
- On the last page of any wizard, the **Next** button is grayed out. You can either finish the wizard or return to a previous page.

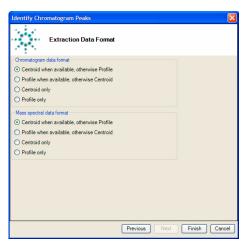


Figure 102 The Extraction Data Format page in the Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard

Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

Steps		Detailed Instructions		Comments
6	Edit the Mass Spectrum Extraction page to change the spectrum to subtract from each peak to the spectrum at the peak start.		In the Mass Spectrum Extraction page, select Spectrum at peak start for the MS Peak spectrum background. Click the Next button.	

Identify Chromatogram Pe	aks		×
Mass Spect	rum Extractio	on	
A Peak Spectrum Peak Loca	tion Charge Sta	te	
Spectra to include			1
 At apex of peak Average scans > 	10	% of peak height	
TOF spectra Exclude if above Anywhere	10.0	% of saturation	
In m/z range(s)	100.0000-200	0.0000	
Peak spectrum background	start	∼ ∧	
Time range:	0.000		
		Previous Next	Finish Cancel

Figure 103 The Mass Spectrum Extraction page in the Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard

- 7 Edit the Spectrum Peak Identification page. Change the parameters to search the database and generate formulas for all peaks.
- a In the Spectrum Peak Identification page, mark the **Search a database for** each peak check box.
- **b** Mark the **Generate formula for each peak** check box.
- c Click the All peaks button.
- d Click the **Next** button.

Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

Previous Next Finish Cancel

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
Identify Chromatogram Peaks			
Spectrum Peak Identification			
Spectrum peak identification Maximum number of peaks to identify (per spectrum) 5			
Search a database for each peak			
Generate formula for each peak Only peaks without database hits			

Figure 104 The Spectrum Peak Identification page in the Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard

- 8 Review the parameters on the Database Search page.
- **a** In the Database Search page, review the parameters.
- **b** Click the **Next** button.

*	Databas	e Search				
Search Criteria	Database	Positive lons	Negative lons	Search Result	s	
Values to mate	sh					
 Mass 						
O Mass and	retention tim	e (retention ti	me optional)			
O Mass and	retention tim	e (retention ti	me required)			
Match toleran						
Mass	5.00					
			ppm 💙			
Retention time	B 0.100		ninutes			

Figure 105 The Database Search page in the Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard

Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

Task 1. Run the Ident	ify Chromatogram	Peaks Wizard

Steps		D	etailed Instructions	Comments
9	Edit the Molecular Formula Generation page. Change the minimum overall score to 25.	b	In the Molecular Formula Generation page, click the Limits tab. Mark the Minimum overall score check box. Enter 25 for the Minimum overall score.	
		d	Click the Next button.	

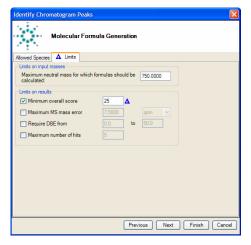


Figure 106 The Molecular Formula Generation page in the Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard

10 Review the parameters on the Match Scoring page.

- **a** In the Match Scoring page, review the parameters.
- **b** Click the **Finish** button.

Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
Identify Chromatogram Peaks	×	
Match Scoring		
Contribution to overall score Mass score I00.00 Isotope abundance score 60.00 Isotope spacing score 50.00		
Expected data variation MS mass: 2.0 mDa + 5.6 ppm MS isotope abundance: 7.5 % % MSIMS mass: 5.0 mDa + 7.5 ppm		
Previous	Vext Finish Cancel	

Task 1. Run the Identify Chromatogram Peaks Wizard

Figure 107 The Match Scoring page in the Identify Chromatogram Peaks wizard

11 Review the results.	 First, the changes to the method are made to the current method. These changes are not automatically saved to the method on the disk. Then, the chromatogram Peak Survey action is done. 	 Note that when you click Finish, a blue triangle is added to the Method Explorer window section and to the Method Editor window if the changes from the wizard are different from the changes on the disk.
12 Save the method to <i>iii</i> exercise3, where " <i>iii</i> " are your initials and close the data file without saving results.	 a From the top menu, click Method > Save As. b Type iiiexercise3.m. c Click the Save button. d Click File > Close Data File, and click No when asked to save results. 	 Note that saving the method causes all the blue triangles indicating value changes in the opened method to disappear.

Task 2. Run Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search Wizard

This wizard shows you the different method editor sections and tabs that you modify before running the **Find by Molecular Feature algorithm** and the **Database Search algorithm**.

Task 2. Run Find	Targets by: MFE -	+ Database Search

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments	
1	 Open the sulfas_PosMS.d again. Make sure that the method will not perform any actions on the data file when opening the file. Make sure the method is <i>iii</i>exercise1.m. 	 a Click the Configuration > Configure for Workflow > General command. b Click the Load workflow's default method button and the Load workflow's default layout button. c Click OK. d Click Configuration > User Interface Configuration. e Mark all of the check boxes so all options are available. f Click the OK button. g Click File > Open Data File. h In the Open Data File dialog box, select sulfas_PosMS.d. i Clear the Run 'File Open' actions from selected method check box. j Click Method > Open, select the iiiexercise1.m method, then click Open. 	 Make sure the Load result data check box is either clear or grayed out. When you switch to a different workflow, a new method is loaded, a new window layout is loaded and a new section is added to the Method Explorer. If you are prompted to save change to the method, click No. This wizard can also run with other workflows loaded. 	
2	Start the Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search wizard. Change the parameters to use the small chromatographic molecules algorithm.	 a Click Wizards > Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search. b In the Find by Molecular Feature page, select Small molecules (chromatographic) as the Target data type. c Click the Next button. 	 The MFE algorithm is modified depending on the Target data type that you select. 	

Task 2. Run Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search Wizard

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search	X	
Find by Molecular Feature		
Mass Defect Peak Filters (MS/MS) Results LMF	E Advanced	
Extraction Ion Species Charge State Compound Filte	ers Mass Filters	
Betraction algorithm Target data type Small molecules (chromatographic) vput data range Restrict retention time to minutes Restrict miz to miz		
Peak filters Use peaks with signal-to-noise >= 5.0 (Profile spectra only)		
Use peaks with height >= 100 counts (Profile and centroid spectra)	•	
Previous Next	Finish Cancel	

Figure 108 The Find by Molecular Feature page in the Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search wizard

- **3** Edit the Filter by Mass List page. Change the minimum overall score to 25.
- **a** In the Filter by Mass List page, mark the **Filter mass list** check box.
- **b** Select **Include only these mass(es)**.
- c Click the These masses button.
- **d** Type 271.0800, 285.0200, 279.0900, 311.0800.
- e Click the Next button.

- This page of the wizard contains a single tab from the previous page of the wizard. In this task, it is very important to filter the mass list.
- You can instead select the example database, *default.csv*.

Task 2. Run Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search Wizard

Task 2. Run Find Ta	aets bv: MFE +	Database Search
---------------------	----------------	-----------------

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search Filter by Mass List			
Mass filers Filter mass ist ▲ 5000 ppm Include only these mass(e) Source of masses Or these masses: [271 03, 285 02, 273 09, 311 08]			
(type a comma-separated list of masses like "142.1012,253.4003) Database C:\MassHunter\PCDL\default.cov Previous Next	Finish] Cancel]		

Figure 109 The Filter by Mass List page in the Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search wizard

- 4 Review the parameters on the Search Database page.
- **a** Review the parameters.
- b Click the Next button.

Find Targets by: MF	E + Database	Search			
Searc	h Database				
Scoring		Search Mode		Sea	arch Results
Search Criteria	Database	Peak Limits	Pos	sitive lons	Negative lons
Values to match					
O Molecular formula					
 Mass 					
O Mass and retention	time (retention	time optional)			
O Mass and retention	time (retention	time required)			
Match tolerance					
Mass 5.00 ppm 🗸					
Retention time 0.10	0	minutes			
		Previou	s [Next	Finish Cancel

Figure 110 The Search Database page in the Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search wizard

Task 2. Run Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search Wizard

Task 2. Run Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search

Steps Detai		Detailed Instructions	Comments
5	Edit the Generate Formulas page. Change the minimum overall score to 25.	 a Click the Limits tab. b Type 25 as the Minimum overall sc c Click the Finish button. 	core.
	ind Targets by: MFE + Database Search Generate Formulas		
	Generate Formulas		

Allowed Species	Limits Charge !	State Scoring		
Limits on input masses Maximum neutral ma calculated:		rmulas should be	750.0000	
Limits on results				
Minimum overall	score	25 🛕		
🔲 Maximum MS ma	iss error	7.5000	ppm 🗸	
Require DBE from	n	0.0 to	50.0	
Maximum numbe	r of hits			

Figure 111 The Generate Formulas page in the Find Targets by: MFE + Database Search wizard

6	Review the results in the Qualitative Analysis program.		A report is not generated. You can review the results in the Compound List window and in the Compound Identification Results window.		
7	Save the method to <i>iii</i> exercise4, where " <i>iii</i> " are your initials.	b	From the menu, click Method > Save As . Type iiiexercise4.m . Click Save .	•	Note that saving the method causes all the blue triangles indicating value changes in the opened method to disappear.
8	Close the data file without saving results.	a b	Click File > Close Data File. Click No when asked to save results.		



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Agilent Technologies

Work with windows

Work with windows

When you first open the Qualitative Analysis program, you see three windows in the default layout: Data Navigator, Method Explorer and Chromatogram Results. You can bring up seventeen other windows using the View menu:

- Method Editor allows you to edit method parameters separated into different tabs
- Spectrum Preview allows you to quickly scan the spectra in a data file
- MS Spectrum Results shows the MS and MS/MS spectra
- Difference Results shows the difference results after a library search
- · Deconvolution Results shows the deconvoluted spectra
- UV Spectrum Results shows the UV spectra
- Integration Peak List shows the integration results in a table
- MS Spectrum Peak List 1 shows the peak table for the first spectrum selected
- MS Spectrum Peak List 2 shows the peak table for the second spectrum selected
- MS Actuals shows acquisition information for the highlighted spectrum
- Compound List shows the compounds that are found using one of the Find Compounds algorithms
- Compound Identification Results shows the identification information for the selected compound
- Spectrum Identification Results shows the identification information for the selected spectra
- MS/MS Formula Details shows a table containing possible formulas calculated for fragments seen in an MS/MS spectrum
- Structure Viewer shows the structure associated with the current compound or spectra
- Sample Information shows information about the highlighted data file
- Sequence Editor allows you to edit a method sequence

You can also display three tool windows which are displayed when you start using the associated tool:

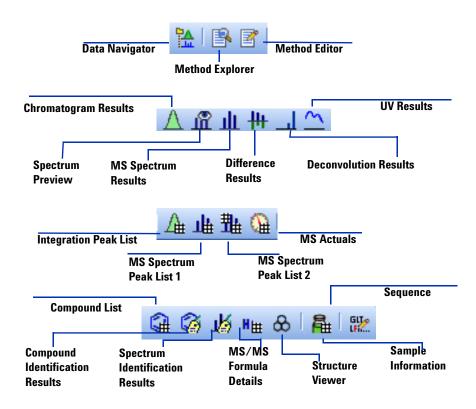
- Formula Calculator
- Mass Calculator

5

• Recalibrate

Window Icons in the Main Toolbar

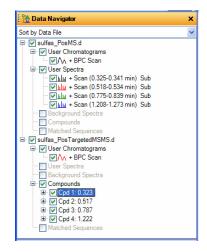
You open and close the windows with these icons on the main toolbar. Additional icons are available when the MassHunter BioConfirm software is installed. Commands in the View menu can also be used to open these windows.



Work with result data in Data Navigator

Data Navigator window and tools

The Data Navigator organizes all the results of extraction and spectrum selection either by data file or by data type.





Linked Navigation Icon

When activated (default), highlighting a chromatogram in Data Navigator also highlights the corresponding spectra. The corresponding chromatogram and spectrum graphic results are also highlighted. Linked Navigation only works if you have used the Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra menu item from the Chromatograms Menu or have run any of the Compounds algorithms.



Check Mark Tools

Single check mark – Marks check boxes of all highlighted data.

Dual check marks, one gray – Marks check boxes of highlighted data and clears the other check boxes.

Dual check marks - Marks all check boxes.

Chromatograms and spectra are displayed when their check boxes are marked.

5

Perform operations on the chromatogram

You can perform the following operations on the whole chromatogram or on a selected region of the chromatogram by using the menu items:

Action	Menu Item
Extract a chromatogram	Chromatograms > Extract Chromatograms
Extract defined chromatograms	Chromatograms > Extract Defined Chromatograms
Integrate the chromatogram	Chromatograms > Integrate Chromatogram
Integrate and extract peak spectra	Chromatograms > Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra
Smooth the chromatogram	Chromatograms > Smooth Chromatogram
Calculate Signal-to-Noise	Chromatograms > Calculate Signal-to-Noise
Subtract any chromatogram	Chromatograms > Subtract Any Chromatogram
Find compounds from auto MS/MS data	Find > Find Compounds by Auto MS/MS
Find compounds from targeted MS/MS data	Find > Find Compounds by Targeted MS/MS
Find compounds for MS(1) data	Find > Find Compounds by Molecular Feature
Find compounds for MRM data	Find > Find Compounds by MRM
Find compounds by chromatogram deconvolution	Find > Find Compounds by Chromatogram Deconvolution
Find compounds that match specific formulas	Find > Find Compounds by Formula

Select range operations from shortcut menu

When you have selected a chromatographic range, you can also extract a spectrum and extract a spectrum to background, in addition to the operations mentioned above and others not mentioned.

 To access these operations, click the Range Select tool (↔) in the Chromatogram Results toolbar.

- **2** Click at the point where you want to start the range, drag the cursor over a range, and release the mouse button.
- **3** Right-click anywhere in the chromatogram, and click the operation from the shortcut menu.

Save results to the data file(s)

• Click the **Save** icon (], or click **File > Save Results**.

When you exit the program, it also asks if you want to save the results to the data file, unless you have turned off this feature (you turn off this feature in the Message Box Options dialog box)

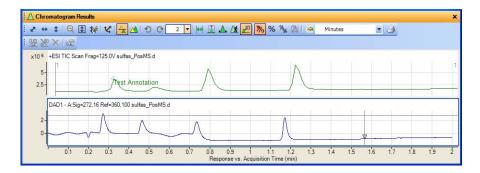
Perform operations on an MS or MS/MS spectrum

You can perform the following operations on an MS or MS/MS spectrum or on a selected region of an MS or MS/MS spectrum by using the menu items:

Action	Menu Item
View the m/z, abundance, charge state and other information about peaks in a spectrum	View > MS Spectrum Peak List 1
Subtract the background spectrum	Spectra > Subtract Background Spectrum
Subtract any spectrum	Spectra > Subtract Any Spectrum (and then click another spectrum)
Add two spectra together	Spectra > Add Any Spectrum (and then click another spectrum)
Search a database for entries that match specific masses in a spectrum	Spectra > Search Database for Spectrum Peaks
Generate formulas for the masses in the selected range in a spectrum	Spectra > Generate Formulas from Spectrum Peaks (when a range is selected in the MS spectrum)
Deconvolute using the Resolved Isotope algorithm	Spectra > Deconvolute (Resolved Isotope)
Search Library	Identify > Search Library for Spectra or Spectra > Search Library for Spectra

5

Work with chromatographic visual data



Chromatogram Results Window

Chromatogram Results Tools

Zoom Tools in order



Select Tools in order



To clear a tool selection, click another tool or icon.

Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis
Autoscale X-axis
Autoscale Y-axis
Unzoom
Autoscale Y-axis during Zoom
Linked Y-axis mode

Range Select – When On, you can draw a range for chromatogram, for which you can perform actions

Peak Select – When On, you can select spectrum of an integrated peak at apex

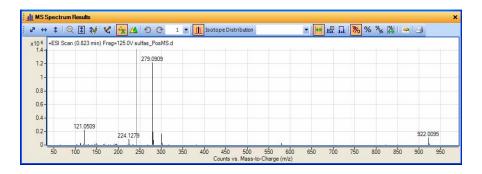
Manual Integration – When On, you can integrate interactively

Walk Chromatogram – When On, you can see individual spectra as you click each point or use the left and right arrows on the keyboard.

Annotation – When On, you can add image and text annotations to the chromatograms

Work with spectral visual data

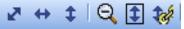
Work with spectral visual data



MS Spectrum Results Window

MS Spectrum Results Tools





Autoscale X-axis and Y-axis Autoscale X-axis Autoscale Y-axis Unzoom Autoscale Y-axis during Zoom Linked Y-axis mode

Select Tools in order



To clear a tool selection, click another tool or icon.

Range Select – When On, you can draw a range for chromatogram, for which you can perform actions

Annotation – When On, you can add image and text annotations to the chromatograms

Calipers – When On, you can add a Delta Mass caliper to the selected spectrum. In the Deconvolution Results window, you can also add an Amino Acid caliper or a Modifications caliper.

5

Workflows

Workflows help you to customize the user interface for your application. Each workflow loads a different method that has parameters that are appropriate for that workflow. Also, each workflow loads a different layout; these layouts include customizing the columns shown in each table. Lastly, four of the layouts also add a special method editor section which contains copies of the sections in the method editor that are important for that workflow. Grouping the features that are used in a specific workflow together makes it easier for you to customize your method.

Several different workflows are available in the Qualitative Analysis program. They are:

- General
- BioConfirm These workflows are only available if the BioConfirm software is installed and marked in the User Interface Configuration dialog box. BioConfirm has several possible workflows, depending on the type of analysis that you want to do.
- Chromatogram Peak Survey
- Formula Confirmation and Sample Purity
- MS Target Compound Screening

If you are working with GC/MS data, you can only select the General workflow. If you are working with LC/MS data, you can select any of the workflows.

Specific Method

Each workflow loads a specific default method with more appropriate settings for that workflow. For example, if you switch to one of the BioConfirm workflow, the **Target data type** for the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature algorithm is set to **Large molecules (proteins, oligos)**. This setting is appropriate for the BioConfirm workflow but not, by default, for the other workflows.

Specific Layout

In addition, each workflow loads a specific layout. A layout consists of the following:

- Each window's position and size
- Which windows are tabbed

Workflows

- · Which windows are floating
- Which tabbed window is on top
- · Which windows are visible by default
- Whether the status bar is visible

For each plot window (the Chromatogram Results window, the Spectrum Preview window, the MS Spectrum Results window, the Deconvolution window and the UV Results window), the following are saved:

- Whether or not the graphics are overlaid
- Whether or not the Autoscale Y-Axis during Zoom mode is on
- Whether or not the Linked Y-Axis mode is on

For each table window, the following are saved

- Which columns are visible
- The order of the columns
- The width of each column
- Any filter that has been added to the table (only available for the Compound List table, the Compound Identification Results table, and the Spectrum Identification Results window).

Specific section in the Method Explorer and Method Editor

Using the Method Editor with the General workflow, you can change almost all of the parameters in the Method.

Each of the four other workflows changes the sections available in the Method Explorer. Each new section contains only the Method Editor tabs and sections that are useful in that workflow. Changing a parameter in the workflow section also changes the parameter in the corresponding section in the general Method Editor sections.

Two tabs are not repeated in the general Method Editor sections. The Chromatogram Peak Survey Workflow > Spectrum Peak Identification section and the Chromatogram Peak Survey Workflow > Chromatogram Extraction > Chromatograms tab are only included in the Chromatogram Peak Survey workflow. These sections only affect the Chromatogram Peak Survey algorithm. This algorithm is only used in this workflow, and in the Chromatogram Peak Survey without Report action and in the Chromatogram Peak Survey with Analysis Report action.

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Workflow methods and layouts

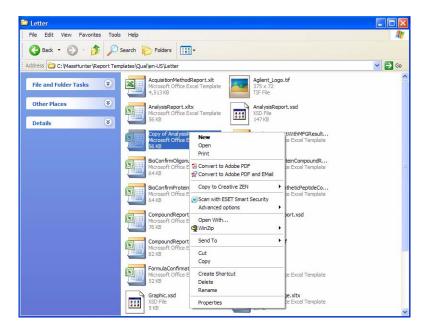
Additional default methods and layouts are provided for each workflow.

Workflow	Method	Layout	Method Editor Section		
General	default.m	Default.xml	None		
BioConfirm Intact Protein	BioConfirm IntactProtein- Default.m	BioConfirm- IntactProtein- MaximumEntropy- Default.xml	BioConfirm Workflow		
BioConfirm High Mass Intact Protein	BioConfirm IntactProtein HighMass Default.m	BioConfirm IntactProtein LMFE.xml	BioConfirm Workflow		
BioConfirm Small Oligonucleotides	BioConfirmOligo nucleotideSmall.m	BioConfirmOligo- nucleotide.xml	BioConfirm Workflow		
BioConfirm Large Oligonucleotides	BioConfirmOligo nucleotideLarge- Default.m	BioConfirmOligo- nucleotide.xml	BioConfirm Workflow		
BioConfirm Protein Digest	BioConfirmProtein Digest-Default.m	BioConfirm ProteinDigest.xml	BioConfirm Workflow		
BioConfirm Synthetic Peptide	BioConfirmSynthetic Peptide-Default.m	BioConfirm SyntheticPeptide.xml	BioConfirm Workflow		
Chromatogram Peak Survey	ChromPeakSurvey- Default.m	Default.xml	Chromatogram Peak Survey Workflow		
MS Target Compound Screening	Screening-Default.m	Screening-Default.xml	MS Target Compound Screening Workflow		
Formula Confirmation and Sample Purity	SamplePurity- Default.m	SamplePurity- Default.xml	Formula Confirmation and Sample Purity Workflow		

Customize a report template

Please refer to either the online Help for the MassHunter Report Designer Add-in, the Report Designer Familiarization Guide or the Reporting Training DVD for detailed information on how to modify a report template. The following steps give you a quick look at what it means to customize a template.

- 1 Go to the folder that contains the report templates. By default, this folder is \MassHunter\Report Templates\Qual\en-US\Letter. You can select a different folder in the Method Explorer in the General > Common Reporting Options > Templates tab.
- **2** Make a copy of the template which you intend to modify. Right-click the copy and click **Properties**. Clear the **Read-only** check box. Then, right-click the copy and click **Open** from the shortcut menu.



Opening the template this way lets Excel know that this file is a template file. When the template is open, you can modify headers and footers and add, remove or move parameter columns. Refer to the online Help for more information. All Qualitative Analysis templates are marked Read-only. You change this property before you edit a template. Many templates are installed with the Qualitative Analysis program. Refer to the Qualitative Analysis online Help for more information about the content of each report template.

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3 Make the changes you want to make.

For more information on how to modify a template, see either the online Help for the MassHunter Report Designer add-in, or the *Agilent MassHunter Reporting - Training DVD*.

- **4** To save the new template, either click **Save** or click **Save As > Other Formats** from the Microsoft Office button.
- **5** Type an identifying name, and click **Save**.

File <u>n</u> ame:	AnalysisReportCustom, xltx
Save as type:	Excel Template (*.xltx)

5

Customize a report template

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In This Book

This guide contains information to learn to use your Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software -Qualitative Analysis .

 ${\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$ Agilent Technologies, Inc. 2011

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