

Data Sheet October 21, 2004 FN9025.8

# 100V/2A Peak, Low Cost, High Frequency Half Bridge Driver

The HIP2101 is a high frequency, 100V Half Bridge N-Channel power MOSFET driver IC. It is equivalent to the HIP2100 with the added advantage of full TTL/CMOS compatible logic input pins. The low-side and high-side gate drivers are independently controlled and matched to 13ns. This gives users total control over dead-time for specific power circuit topologies. Undervoltage protection on both the low-side and high-side supplies force the outputs low. An on-chip diode eliminates the discrete diode required with other driver ICs. A new level-shifter topology yields the low-power benefits of pulsed operation with the safety of DC operation. Unlike some competitors, the high-side output returns to its correct state after a momentary undervoltage of the high-side supply.

## Ordering Information

•			
PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG.#
HIP2101IB	-40 to 125	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15
HIP2101IBZ (Note 1)	-40 to 125	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	M8.15
HIP2101EIB	-40 to 125	8 Ld EPSOIC	M8.15C
HIP2101EIBZ (Note 1)	-40 to 125	8 Ld EPSOIC (Pb-free)	M8.15C
HIP2101IR	-40 to 125	16 Ld 5x5 QFN	L16.5x5
HIP2101IRZ (Note 1)	-40 to 125	16 Ld 5x5 QFN (Pb-free)	L16.5x5
HIP2101IR4	-40 to 125	12 Ld 4x4 DFN	L12.4x4A
HIP2101IR4Z (Note 1)	-40 to 125	12 Ld 4x4 DFN (Pb-free)	L12.4x4A

#### NOTES:

- Intersil Pb-free products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020C.
- 2. Add "T" suffix for Tape and Reel packing option.

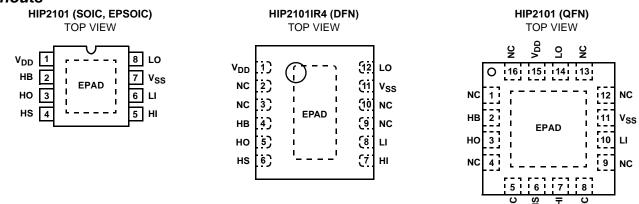
#### **Features**

- Drives N-Channel MOSFET Half Bridge
- · SOIC, EPSOIC, QFN and DFN Package Options
- SOIC, EPSOIC and DFN Packages Compliant with 100V Conductor Spacing Guidelines of IPC-2221
- Pb-free Product Available (RoHS Compliant)
- Bootstrap Supply Max Voltage to 114VDC
- On-Chip 1Ω Bootstrap Diode
- Fast Propagation Times for Multi-MHz Circuits
- Drives 1000pF Load with Rise and Fall Times Typ. 10ns
- TTL/CMOS Input Thresholds Increase Flexibility
- · Independent Inputs for Non-Half Bridge Topologies
- No Start-Up Problems
- Outputs Unaffected by Supply Glitches, HS Ringing Below Ground, or HS Slewing at High dv/dt
- Low Power Consumption
- · Wide Supply Range
- · Supply Undervoltage Protection
- 3Ω Output Driver Resistance
- QFN/DFN Package:
  - Compliant to JEDEC PUB95 MO-220
     QFN Quad Flat No Leads Package Outline
  - Near Chip Scale Package footprint, which improves PCB efficiency and has a thinner profile

# Applications

- Telecom Half Bridge Power Supplies
- · Avionics DC-DC Converters
- Two-Switch Forward Converters
- Active Clamp Forward Converters

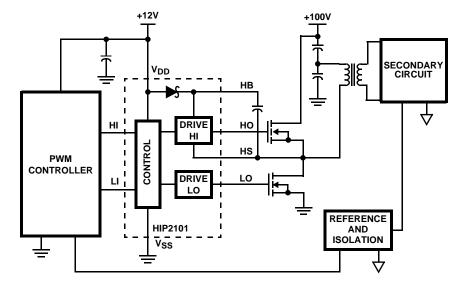
## **Pinouts**



NOTE: EPAD = Exposed PAD.

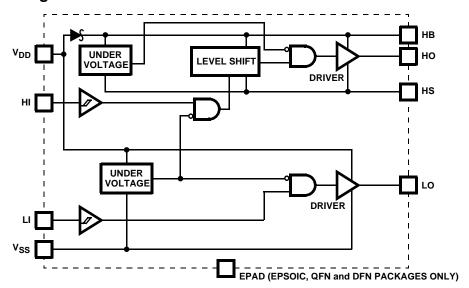
## Application Block Diagram

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<u>intersil</u> FN9025.8

# Functional Block Diagram



\*EPAD = Exposed Pad. The EPAD is electrically isolated from all other pins. For best thermal performance connect the EPAD to the PCB power ground plane.

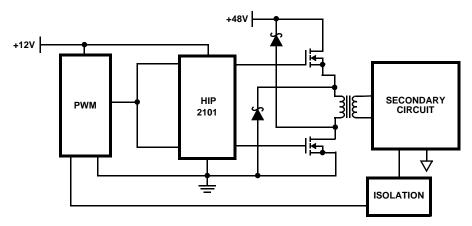


FIGURE 1. TWO-SWITCH FORWARD CONVERTER

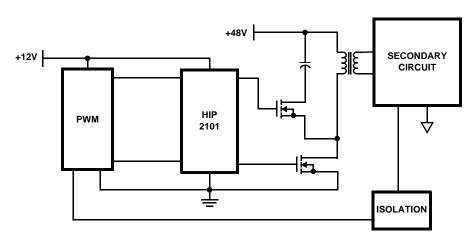


FIGURE 2. FORWARD CONVERTER WITH AN ACTIVE CLAMP

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Supply Voltage, V <sub>DD</sub> , V <sub>HB</sub> -V <sub>HS</sub> (Notes 3, 4)0.3V to 18V
LI and HI Voltages (Note 4)0.3V to 7.0V
Voltage on LO (Note 4)0.3V to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V
Voltage on HO (Note 4) $V_{HS}$ -0.3V to $V_{HB}$ +0.3V
Voltage on HS (Continuous) (Note 4)1V to 110V
Voltage on HB (Note 4) +118V
Average Current in V <sub>DD</sub> to HB diode100mA
ESD Classification Class 1 (1kV)

#### **Maximum Recommended Operating Conditions**

Supply Voltage, V <sub>DD</sub>	+9V to 14.0VDC
Voltage on HS	1V to 100V
Voltage on HS	.(Repetitive Transient) -5V to 105V
Voltage on HB V <sub>HS</sub> +8V to V <sub>HS</sub>	$_{\rm i}$ +14.0V and V <sub>DD</sub> -1V to V <sub>DD</sub> +100V
HS Slew Rate	<50V/ns

#### **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical)	θ <sub>JA</sub> (°C/W)	θ <sub>JC</sub> (°C/W)
SOIC (Note 5)	95	N/A
EPSOIC (Note 6)	40	3.0
QFN (Note 6)	37	6.5
DFN (Note 6)	40	3.0
Max Power Dissipation at 25°C in Free Air	(SOIC, Note	5) 1.3W
Max Power Dissipation at 25°C in Free Air	(EPSOIC, No	ote 6) 3.1W
Max Power Dissipation at 25°C in Free Air	(QFN, Note 6	S) 3.3W
Storage Temperature Range	6	5°C to 150°C
Junction Temperature Range	5	5°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s - SOIC	Lead Tips Or	nly) 300°C
For Recommended soldering conditions s	ee Tech Brief	f TB389.

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the recommended operating conditions of this specification is not implied.

#### NOTES:

- 3. The HIP2101 is capable of derated operation at supply voltages exceeding 14V. Figure 16 shows the high-side voltage derating curve for this mode of operation.
- 4. All voltages referenced to  $\ensuremath{\text{V}_{\text{SS}}}$  unless otherwise specified.
- 5. θ<sub>JA</sub> is measured with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.
- θ<sub>JA</sub> is measured in free air with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board with "direct attach" features. θ<sub>JC</sub>, the
  "case temp" is measured at the center of the exposed metal pad on the package underside. See Tech Brief TB379.

## $\textbf{Electrical Specifications} \qquad V_{DD} = V_{HB} = 12V, \ V_{SS} = V_{HS} = 0V, \ No \ Load \ on \ LO \ or \ HO, \ Unless \ Otherwise \ Specified$

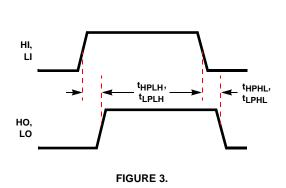
			T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C		T <sub>J</sub> =-40°C TO 125°C			
PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNITS
SUPPLY CURRENTS								
V <sub>DD</sub> Quiescent Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	LI = HI = 0V	-	0.3	0.45	-	0.6	mA
V <sub>DD</sub> Operating Current	I <sub>DDO</sub>	f = 500kHz	-	1.7	3.0	-	3.4	mA
Total HB Quiescent Current	I <sub>HB</sub>	LI = HI = 0V	-	0.1	0.15	-	0.2	mA
Total HB Operating Current	I <sub>HBO</sub>	f = 500kHz	-	1.5	2.5	-	3	mA
HB to V <sub>SS</sub> Current, Quiescent	I <sub>HBS</sub>	V <sub>HS</sub> = V <sub>HB</sub> = 114V	-	0.05	1.5	-	10	μΑ
HB to V <sub>SS</sub> Current, Operating	I <sub>HBSO</sub>	f = 500kHz	-	0.7	-	-	-	mA
INPUT PINS								
Low Level Input Voltage Threshold	V <sub>IL</sub>		0.8	1.65	-	0.8	-	V
High Level Input Voltage Threshold	V <sub>IH</sub>		-	1.65	2.2	-	2.2	V
Input Pulldown Resistance	R <sub>I</sub>		-	200	-	100	500	kΩ
UNDER VOLTAGE PROTECTION								
V <sub>DD</sub> Rising Threshold	V <sub>DDR</sub>		7	7.3	7.8	6.5	8	V
V <sub>DD</sub> Threshold Hysteresis	V <sub>DDH</sub>		-	0.5	-	-	-	V
HB Rising Threshold	V <sub>HBR</sub>		6.5	6.9	7.5	6	8	V
HB Threshold Hysteresis	V <sub>HBH</sub>		-	0.4	-	-	-	V

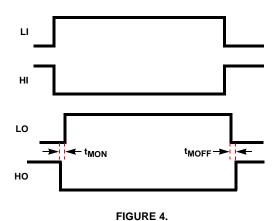


## Pin Descriptions

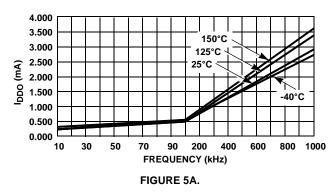
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
$V_{DD}$	Positive Supply to lower gate drivers. De-couple this pin to V <sub>SS</sub> . Bootstrap diode connected to HB.
НВ	High-Side Bootstrap supply. External bootstrap capacitor is required. Connect positive side of bootstrap capacitor to this pin. Bootstrap diode is on-chip.
НО	High-Side Output. Connect to gate of High-Side power MOSFET.
HS	High-Side Source connection. Connect to source of High-Side power MOSFET. Connect negative side of bootstrap capacitor to this pin.
HI	High-Side input.
LI	Low-Side input.
V <sub>SS</sub>	Chip negative supply, generally will be ground.
LO	Low-Side Output. Connect to gate of Low-Side power MOSFET.
EPAD	Exposed pad. Connect to ground or float. The EPAD is electrically isolated from all other pins.

## **Timing Diagrams**





# **Typical Performance Curves**



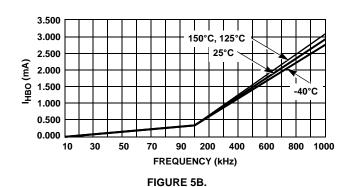


FIGURE 5. OPERATING CURRENT vs FREQUENCY

# Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

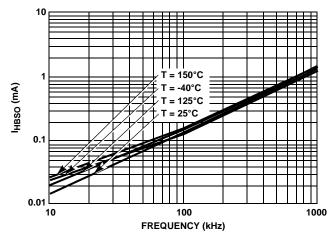


FIGURE 6. HB TO VSS OPERATING CURRENT vs **FREQUENCY** 

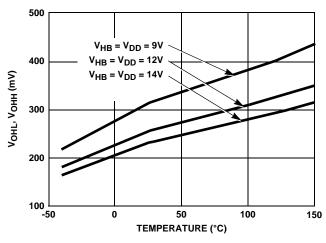


FIGURE 7. HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

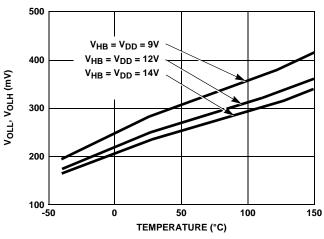


FIGURE 8. LOW LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs **TEMPERATURE** 

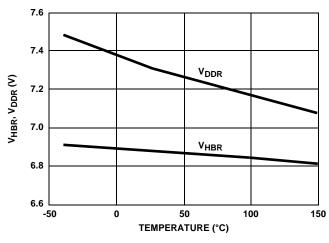


FIGURE 9. UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT THRESHOLD vs **TEMPERATURE** 

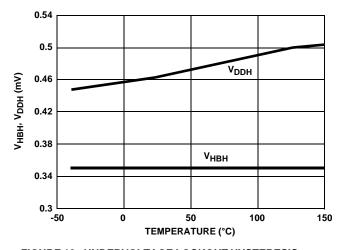


FIGURE 10. UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT HYSTERESIS vs **TEMPERATURE** 

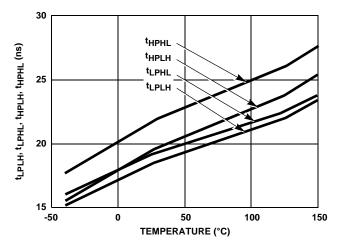


FIGURE 11. PROPAGATION DELAYS vs TEMPERATURE

# Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

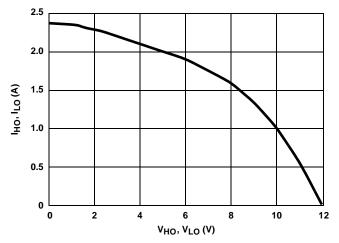


FIGURE 12. PEAK PULLUP CURRENT vs OUTPUT VOLTAGE

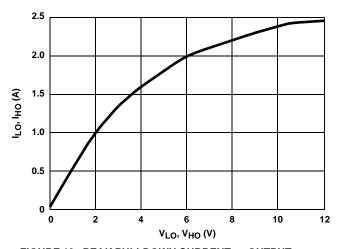


FIGURE 13. PEAK PULLDOWN CURRENT vs OUTPUT **VOLTAGE** 

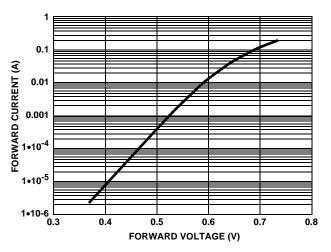


FIGURE 14. BOOTSTRAP DIODE I-V CHARACTERISTICS

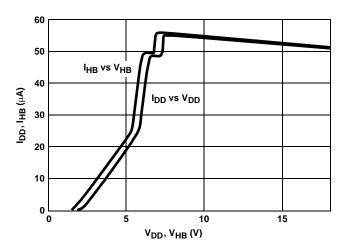


FIGURE 15. QUIESCENT CURRENT vs VOLTAGE

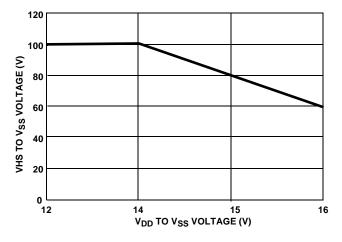
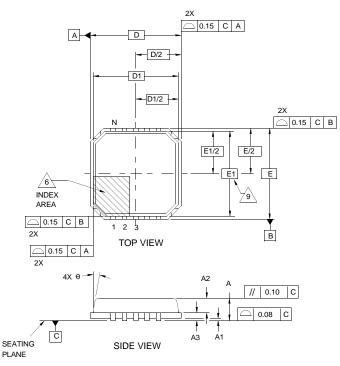
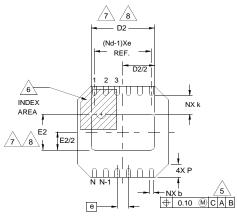


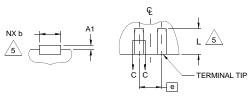
FIGURE 16. VHS VOLTAGE vs  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize DD}}$  VOLTAGE

# Dual Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (DFN) Micro Lead Frame Plastic Package (MLFP)





**BOTTOM VIEW** 



FOR EVEN TERMINAL/SIDE

# **L12.4x4A**12 LEAD DUAL FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

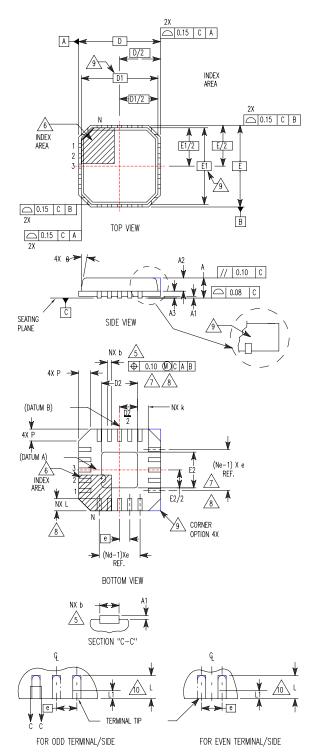
SYMBOL	MIN	MIN NOMINAL MAX		NOTES	
А	-	0.85	0.90	-	
A1	0.00	0.01	0.05	-	
A2	-	0.65	0.70	-	
A3		0.20 REF		-	
b	0.18	0.23	0.30	5, 8	
D		4.00 BSC		-	
D1		3.75 BSC			
D2	2.65 2.80 2.95		2.95	7, 8	
Е	4.00 BSC			-	
E1		3.75 BSC			
E2	1.43	1.43 1.58 1.73		7, 8	
е	0.50 BSC			-	
k	0.635			-	
L	0.30 0.40 0.50		0.50	8	
N	12			2	
Nd	6			3	
Р	0.24	0.42 0.60		-	
θ	-	12		-	

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#### NOTES:

- 1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. N is the number of terminals.
- 3. Nd refer to the number of terminals on D.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
- 5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
- The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
- 7. Dimensions D2 and E2 are for the exposed pads which provide improved electrical and thermal performance.
- 8. Nominal dimensions are provided to assist with PCB Land Pattern Design efforts, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.
- 9. COMPLIANT TO JEDEC MO-229-VGGD-2 ISSUE C except for the L dimension.

## Quad Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (QFN) Micro Lead Frame Plastic Package (MLFP)



L16.5x5

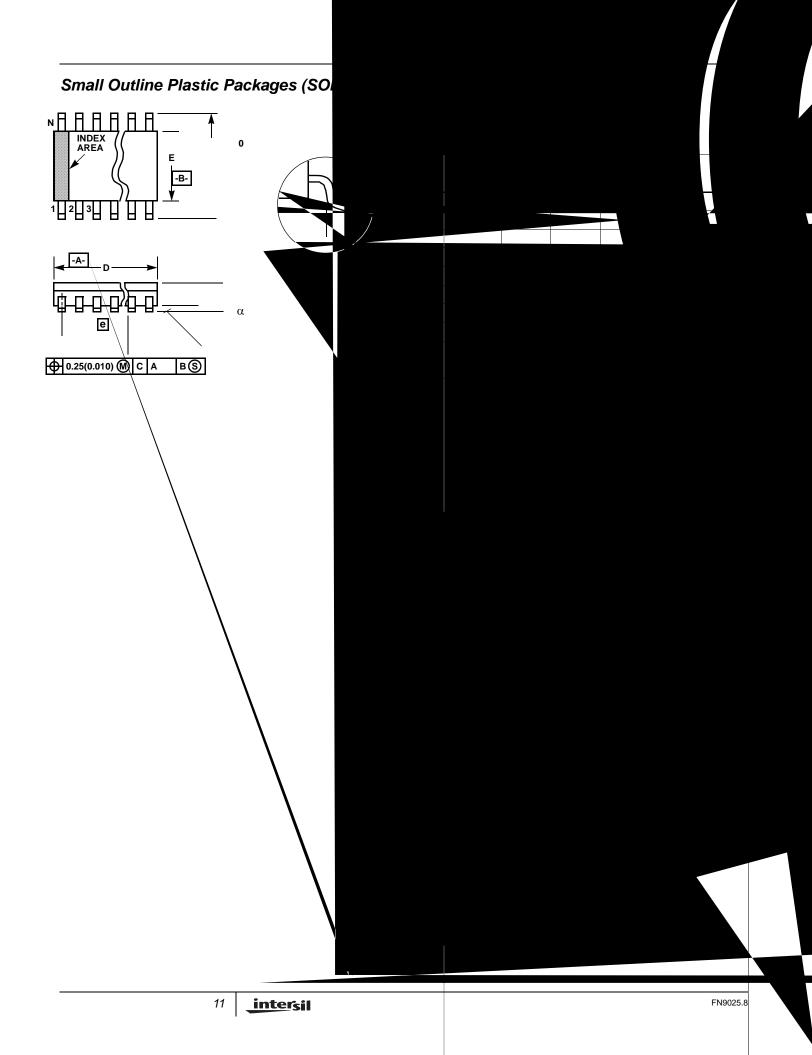
16 LEAD QUAD FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE (COMPLIANT TO JEDEC MO-220VHHB ISSUE C)

SYMBOL	MIN	MIN NOMINAL MAX		NOTES	
А	0.80	0.90	1.00	-	
A1	-	-	0.05	-	
A2	-	-	1.00	9	
A3		0.20 REF		9	
b	0.28	0.33	0.40	5, 8	
D		5.00 BSC		-	
D1		4.75 BSC			
D2	2.55	2.55 2.70 2.85			
E	5.00 BSC			-	
E1	4.75 BSC			9	
E2	2.55 2.70 2.85			7, 8	
е		0.80 BSC			
k	0.25	25		-	
L	0.35	0.60 0.75		8	
L1	-	0.15		10	
N	16			2	
Nd	4			3	
Ne	4	4 4			
Р	-	- 0.60		9	
θ	-	-	9		

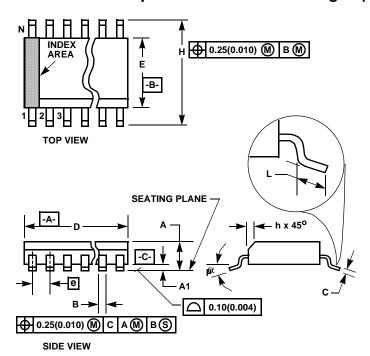
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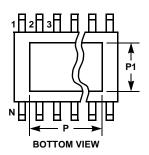
#### NOTES:

- 1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5-1994.
- 2. N is the number of terminals.
- 3. Nd and Ne refer to the number of terminals on each D and E.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
- 5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
- The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
- 7. Dimensions D2 and E2 are for the exposed pads which provide improved electrical and thermal performance.
- 8. Nominal dimensions are provided to assist with PCB Land Pattern Design efforts, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.
- Features and dimensions A2, A3, D1, E1, P & 0 are present when Anvil singulation method is used and not present for saw singulation.
- Depending on the method of lead termination at the edge of the package, a maximum 0.15mm pull back (L1) maybe present. L minus L1 to be equal to or greater than 0.3mm.



### Small Outline Exposed Pad Plastic Packages (EPSOIC)





M8.15C 8 LEAD NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE EXPOSED PAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIM		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	0.056	0.066	1.43	1.68	-
A1	0.001	0.005	0.03	0.13	-
В	0.0138	0.0192	0.35	0.49	9
С	0.0075	0.0098	0.19	0.25	-
D	0.189	0.196	4.80	4.98	3
Е	0.150	0.157	3.811	3.99	4
е	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC		-
Н	0.230	0.244	5.84	6.20	-
h	0.010	0.016	0.25	0.41	5
L	0.016	0.035	0.41	0.89	6
N	8		8		7
α	0°	8 <sup>0</sup>	0°	8 <sup>o</sup>	-
Р	-	0.126	-	3.200	11
P1	-	0.099	-	2.514	11

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#### NOTES:

- Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
- The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- The lead width "B", as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch).
- 10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.
- Dimensions "P" and "P1" are thermal and/or electrical enhanced variations. Values shown are maximum size of exposed pad within lead count and body size.

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