# GA-MA78GM-S2H

AM2+/AM2 socket motherboard for AMD Phenom<sup>™</sup> FX processor/ AMD Phenom<sup>™</sup> processor/ AMD Athlon<sup>™</sup> 64 FX processor/ AMD Athlon<sup>™</sup> 64 X2 Dual-Core processor/ AMD Athlon<sup>™</sup> 64 processor/AMD Sempron<sup>™</sup> processor

# User's Manual

Rev. 1002 12ME-MA78GMS2H-1002R

	Name : Timmy Huang	Date : Feb. 5, 2008	(p)	(Stamp)
Date: Feb. 5, 2008	Signature: Tununy Huang	Manufacturer/Importer		
Signature: <u>Eric Lu</u>	General and Safety requirements for uninterruptible power systems (UPS)	Safety of household and similar EN 50091-1 electrical appliances	Safety of household electrical appliances	🗆 EN 60335
Representative Person's Name: ERIC LU	oarety tor momanum recimougy equipment including electrical business equipment	electronic and related apparatus for household and similar general use	electronic and household and	
including that may cause undesired operation.	re mentioned product e with LVD 2006/95/EC	es the c standa	The m with th	
subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful and (2) this device must accent any inference received	(EC conformity marking)			🛛 CE marking
This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is		DIN VDE 0655 Cabled distribution systems: Equipment     Dent 10 for receiving and/or distribution from     part 12 sound and television signals	55 Cabled distribution for receiving a sound and tele	DIN VDE 08     part 10     part 12
(a), Class B Digital Device		Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment	Limits and met of radio disturt information tec	2 EN 55022
FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.107(a) and Section 15.109	EMC requirements for uninterruptible power systems (UPS)	Immunity from radio interference of   EN 50091- 2 broadcast receivers and associated equipment	Immunity from broadcast rece equipment	□ EN 55020
Model Number: GA-MA78GM-S2H Conforms to the following specifications:	Immunity requirements for household appliances tools and similar apparatus	Limits and methods of measurement  Of radio disturbance characteristics of fluorescent lamps and luminaries	Limits and met of radio disturt fluorescent lan	🗆 EN 55015
Product Name: Motherboard	Generic immunity standard Part 2: Industrial environment	portable tools and similar electrical EN 50082-2 apparatus	portable tools apparatus	
hereby declares that the product	Generic immunity standard Part 1: Residual, commercial and light industry	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of household electrical apoliances.	Limits and met of radio disturt household eler	EN 55014-1
City of Industry, CA 91748 Phone/Fax No: (818) 854-9338/ (818) 854-9339	Information Technology equipment.immunity charactensistica-immis and methods of measurement	<ul> <li>Limits and methods of measurement</li> <li>EN 55024</li> <li>of radio disturbance characteristics of broadcast receivers and associated equipment</li> </ul>	Limits and met of radio disturt broadcast rece equipment	□ EN 55013
Address: 17358 Railroad Street	Disturbances in supply systems caused by household appliances and similar electrical equipment "Voltage fluctuations"	Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) If EN 61000-3-3 high frequency equipment	industrial, scientific and me high frequency equipment	
Responsible Party Name: G.B.T. INC. (U.S.A.)	Disturbances in supply systems caused		Limits and met of radio disturt	🗆 EN 55011
	nthy is declared) ective	is in conformity with (reference to the specification under which conformity is declared) in accordance with 69/338 EEC-EMC Directive		
5		Motherboard GA-MA78GM-S2H		
Per FCC Part 2 Section 2.1077(a)	many which it refers)	Bullenkoppel 16, 22047 Hamburg, Germany declare that the product (description of the anoaratus system. installation to which it refers)		
DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY	, nity	Declaration of Conformity We, Manufacturer/Importer (tul sidness) G.B.T. Technology Trading GMbH		

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#### **Documentation Classifications**

In order to assist in the use of this product, GIGABYTE provides the following types of documentations:

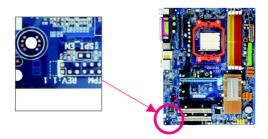
- For detailed product information, carefully read the User's Manual.
- For instructions on how to use GIGABYTE's unique features, read or download the information on/from the Support\Motherboard\Technology Guide page on our website.

For product-related information, check on our website at: http://www.gigabyte.com.tw

#### Identifying Your Motherboard Revision

The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information.

Example:



# Table of Contents

Box Conte	ents		6
Optional It	ems		6
GA-MA78	GM-S2	2H Motherboard Layout	7
		······	
Dioon Dia	Juni		0
Chapter 1	Hard	ware Installation	9
	1-1	Installation Precautions	
	1-2	Product Specifications	
	1-3	Installing the CPU and CPU Cooler	
	1-3	3-1 Installing the CPU	
	1-3	3-2 Installing the CPU Cooler	. 15
	1-4	Installing the Memory	. 16
	1-4	4-1 Dual Channel Memory Configuration	. 16
	1-4	1-2 Installing a Memory	. 17
	1-5	Installing an Expansion Card	. 18
	1-6	Back Panel Connectors	. 19
	1-7	Internal Connectors	. 22
Chapter 2	BIOS	Setup	33
	2-1	Startup Screen	
	2-2	The Main Menu	
	2-3	Standard CMOS Features	
	2-4	Advanced BIOS Features	
	2-5	Integrated Peripherals	
	2-6	Power Management Setup	
	2-7	PnP/PCI Configurations	
	2-8	PC Health Status	
	2-0 2-9	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)	
	2-10	Load Fail-Safe Defaults	
	2-10	Load Optimized Defaults	
	2-12	Set Supervisor/User Password	
	2-13	Save & Exit Setup	54

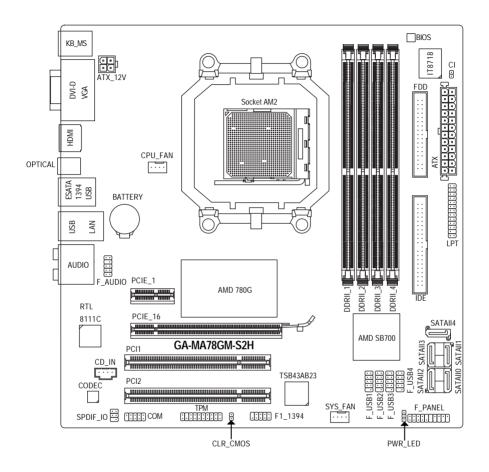
# Box Contents GA-MA78GM-S2H motherboard Motherboard driver disk User's Manual One IDE cable and one floppy disk drive cable Two SATA 3Gb/s cables I/O Shield • The box contents above are for reference only and the actual items shall depend on product package you obtain. The box contents are subject to change without notice.

• The motherboard image is for reference only.

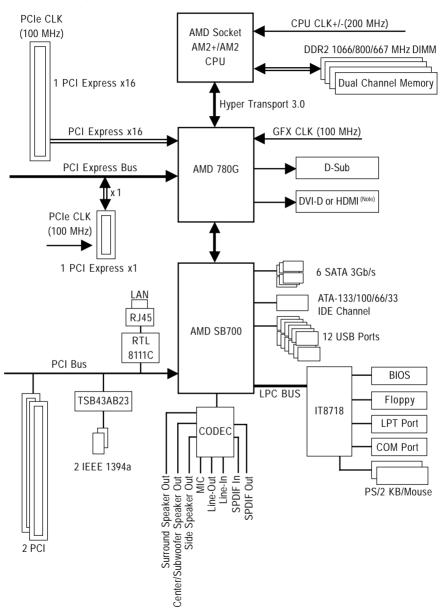
# **Optional Items**

- □ 2-port USB 2.0 bracket (Part No. 12CR1-1UB030-51R)
- □ 2-port IEEE 1394a bracket (Part No. 12CF1-1IE008-01R)
- □ 2-port SATA power cable (Part No. 12CF1-2SERPW-01R)
- COM port cable (Part No. 12CF1-1CM001-32R)
- □ S/PDIF in and out cable (Part No. 12CR1-1SPINO-11R)
- LPT port cable (Part No. 12CF1-1LP001-01R)

# GA-MA78GM-S2H Motherboard Layout



# **Block Diagram**



(Note) Simultaneous output for DVI-D and HDMI is not supported.

# Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

# 1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

# 1-2 Product Specifications

CPU	Support for Socket AM2+/AM2 processors:
	AMD Phenom™ FX processor/AMD Phenom™ processor/
	AMD Athlon <sup>™</sup> 64 FX processor/AMD Athlon <sup>™</sup> 64 X2 Dual-Core processor/
	AMD Athlon <sup>™</sup> 64 processor/AMD Sempron <sup>™</sup> processor
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
Hyper Transport Bus	• 5200/2000 MT/s
Chipset	North Bridge: AMD 780G
	South Bridge: AMD SB700
Memory	<ul> <li>4 x 1.8V DDR2 DIMM sockets supporting up to 16 GB of system memory (Note 1)</li> </ul>
<b>,</b>	Dual channel memory architecture
	<ul> <li>Support for DDR2 1066 (Note 2)/800/667 MHz memory modules</li> </ul>
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest memory support list.)
Audio	Realtek ALC889A codec
	High Definition Audio
	• 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel
	Support for DTS (dts NEO:PC)
	<ul> <li>Support for S/PDIF In/Out</li> </ul>
	Support for CD In
LAN	Realtek 8111C chip (10/100/1000 Mbit)
Expansion Slots	1 x PCI Express x16 slot
	(The PCI Express x16 slot conforms to PCI Express 2.0 standard.)
	<ul> <li>1 x PCI Express x1 slot</li> </ul>
	2 x PCI slots
Storage Interface	South Bridge:
5	- 1 x IDE connector supporting ATA-133/100/66/33 and up to 2 IDE devices
	- 5 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors (SATAII0, SATAII1, SATAII2, SATAII3, SATAII4
	supporting up to 5 SATA 3Gb/s devices
	- 1 x eSATA 3Gb/s port on the back panel supporting up to 1 SATA
	3Gb/s device
	- Support for SATA RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 and JBOD
	• iTE IT8718 chip:
	- 1 x floppy disk drive connector supporting up to 1 floppy disk drive
IEEE 1394	<ul> <li>T.I. TSB43AB23 chip</li> </ul>
ILLL IJ74	<ul> <li>Up to 2 IEEE 1394a ports (1 on the back panel, 1 via the IEEE 1394a bracke</li> </ul>
	connected to the internal IEEE 1394a header)
USB	,
USD	Integrated in the South Bridge     Up to 12 USB 2 0/1 1 parts (4 on the back panel, 9 via the USB breakets)
	<ul> <li>Up to 12 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (4 on the back panel, 8 via the USB brackets connected to the internal USB brackets)</li> </ul>
	connected to the internal USB headers)

Internal Connectors	1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector
	1 x 4-pin ATX 12V power connector
	1 x floppy disk drive connector
	1 x IDE connector
	<ul> <li>5 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors</li> </ul>
	• 1 x CPU fan header
	<ul> <li>1 x system fan header</li> </ul>
	1 x front panel header
	1 x front panel audio header
	1 x CD In connector
	1 x S/PDIF In/Out header
	<ul> <li>1 x IEEE 1394a header</li> </ul>
	• 4 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers
	<ul> <li>1 x parallel port header</li> </ul>
	1 x Trusted Platform Module (TPM) header
	1 x serial port header
	1 x chassis intrusion header
	<ul> <li>1 x power LED header</li> </ul>
Back Panel	1 x PS/2 keyboard port
Connectors	<ul> <li>1 x PS/2 mouse port</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 x D-Sub port</li> </ul>
	• 1 x DVI-D port (Note 3)
	1 x HDMI port
	<ul> <li>1 x optical S/PDIF Out connector</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 x eSATA 3Gb/s port</li> </ul>
	1 x IEEE 1394a port
	<ul> <li>4 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 x RJ-45 port</li> </ul>
	• 6 x audio jacks (Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out/Rear Speaker Out/Side
	Speaker Out/Line In/Line Out/Microphone)
I/O Controller	iTE IT8718 chip
Hardware Monitor	System voltage detection
	CPU/System temperature detection
	CPU/System fan speed detection
	CPU overheating warning
	CPU/System fan fail warning
	CPU/System fan speed control (Note 4)
BIOS	1 x 8 Mbit flash
	Use of licensed AWARD BIOS
	<ul> <li>PnP 1.0a, DMI 2.0, SM BIOS 2.4, ACPI 1.0b</li> </ul>

Unique Features	Support for @BIOS
	Support for Download Center
	Support for Q-Flash
	Support for EasyTune (Note 5)
	Support for Xpress Install
	Support for Xpress Recovery2
	Support for Virtual Dual BIOS
Bundled Software     Norton Internet Security (OEM version)	
Operating System	
Form Factor  • Micro ATX Form Factor; 24.3cm x 24.3cm	

- (Note 1) Due to Windows XP 32-bit operating system limitation, when more than 4 GB of physical memory is installed, the actual memory size displayed will be less than 4 GB.
- (Note 2) Whether 1066 MHz memory speed is supported depends on the CPU being used.
- (Note 3) The DVI-D port does not support D-Sub connection by adapter.
- (Note 4) Whether the CPU/system fan speed control function is supported will depend on the CPU/ system cooler you install.
- (Note 5) Available functions in Easytune may differ by motherboard model.

GA-MA78GM-S2H Motherboard

# 1-3 Installing the CPU and CPU Cooler

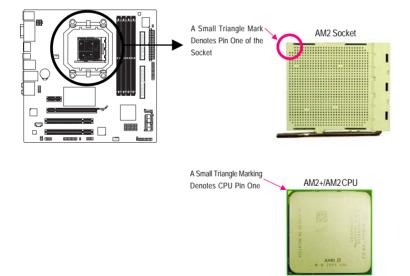


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.
  - (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly.
- Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage of the CPU may occur.
- Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics card, memory, hard drive, etc.

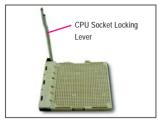
#### 1-3-1 Installing the CPU

A. Locate the pin one (denoted by a small triangle) of the CPU socket and the CPU.



B. Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU into the motherboard CPU socket.

Before installing the CPU, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power courses courses and the power outlet to prevent damage to the CPU.



Step 1:

Completely lift up the CPU socket locking lever.



Step 2:

Align the CPU pin one (small triangle marking) with the triangle mark on the CPU socket and gently insert the CPU into the socket. Make sure that the CPU pins fit perfectly into their holes. Once the CPU is positioned into its socket, place one finger down on the middle of the CPU, lowering the locking lever and latching it into the fully locked position.



Do not force the CPU into the CPU socket. The CPU cannot fit in if oriented incorrectly. Adjust the CPU orientation if this occurs.

#### 1-3-2 Installing the CPU Cooler

Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU cooler on the CPU. (The following procedure uses the GIGABYTE cooler as the example.)



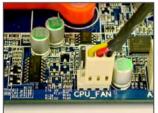
#### Step 1:

Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the installed CPU.



#### Step 3:

Hook the CPU cooler clip to the mounting lug on one side of the retention frame. On the other side, push straight down on the the CPU cooler clip to hook it to the mounting lug on the retention frame.



#### Step 5:

Finally, attach the power connector of the CPU cooler to the CPU fan header (CPU\_FAN) on the motherboard.



Use extreme care when removing the CPU cooler because the thermal grease/tape between the CPU cooler and CPU may adhere to the CPU. Inadequately removing the CPU cooler may damage the CPU.



Step 2: Place the CPU cooler on the CPU.





Turn the cam handle from the left side to the right side (as the picture above shows) to lock into place. (Refer to your CPU cooler installation manual for instructions on installing the cooler.)

# 1-4 Installing the Memory



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

• Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.

(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest memory support list.)

- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

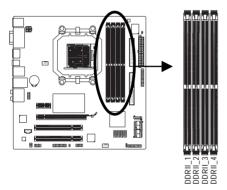
#### 1-4-1 Dual Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides four DDR2 memory sockets and supports Dual Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. Enabling Dual Channel memory mode will double the original memory bandwidth.

The four DDR2 memory sockets are divided into two channels and each channel has two memory sockets as following:

▶ Channel 0: DDRII\_1, DDRII\_3

▶ Channel 1: DDRII\_2, DDRII\_4



#### ▶ Dual Channel Memory Configurations Table

	DDRII_1	DDRII_2	DDRII_3	DDRII_4
Two Modules	DS/SS	DS/SS		
			DS/SS	DS/SS
Four Modules	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS

(SS=Single-Sided, DS=Double-Sided, "- -"=No Memory)

If two memory modules are to be installed, it is recommended that you install them in the DDRII\_1 and DDRII\_2 sockets.

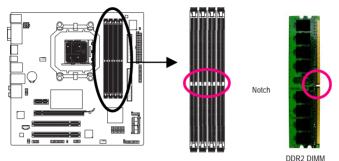
Due to CPU limitation, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in Dual Channel mode.

- 1. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one DDR2 memory module is installed.
- When enabling Dual Channel mode with two or four memory modules, it is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used and installed in the same colored DDR2 sockets for optimum performance.

#### 1-4-2 Installing a Memory



Before installing a memory module , make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module. DDR2 DIMMs are not compatible to DDR DIMMs. Be sure to install DDR2 DIMMs on this motherboard.



A DDR2 memory module has a notch, so it can only fit in one direction. Follow the steps below to correctly install your memory modules in the memory sockets.



#### Step 1:

Note the orientation of the memory module. Spread the retaining clips at both ends of the memory socket. Place the memory module on the socket. As indicated in the picture on the left, place your fingers on the top edge of the memory, push down on the memory and insert it vertically into the memory socket.



#### Step 2:

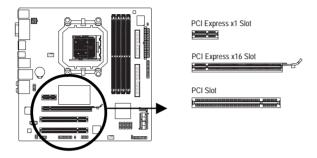
The clips at both ends of the socket will snap into place when the memory module is securely inserted.

# 1-5 Installing an Expansion Card



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:

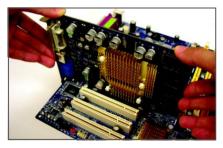
- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an expansion card to prevent hardware damage.



Follow the steps below to correctly install your expansion card in the expansion slot.

- 1. Locate an expansion slot that supports your card. Remove the metal slot cover from the chassis back panel.
- 2. Align the card with the slot, and press down on the card until it is fully seated in the slot.
- 3. Make sure the metal contacts on the card are completely inserted into the slot.
- 4. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.
- 5. After installing all expansion cards, replace the chassis cover(s).
- 6. Turn on your computer. If necessary, go to BIOS Setup to make any required BIOS changes for your expansion card(s).
- 7. Install the driver provided with the expansion card in your operating system.

Example: Installing and Removing a PCI Express x16 Graphics Card:



Installing a Graphics Card:

Gently push down on the top edge of the card until it is fully inserted into the PCI Express x16 slot. Make sure the card is securely seated in the slot and does not rock.



 Removing the Card: Gently push back on the lever on the slot and then lift the card straight out from the slot.

## 1-6 Back Panel Connectors



#### PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Port

Use the upper port (green) to connect a PS/2 mouse and the lower port (purple) to connect a PS/2 keyboard.

#### D-Sub Port

The D-Sub port supports a 15-pin D-Sub connector. Connect a monitor that supports D-Sub connection to this port.

#### OVI-D Port

The DVI-D port supports DVI-D specification. Connect a monitor that supports DVI-D connection to this port.

#### HDMI Port

The HDMI (High-Definition Multimedia Interface) provides an all-digital audio/video interface to transmit the uncompressed audio/video signals and is HDCP compliant. Connect the HDMI audio/ video device to this port. The HDMI Technology can support a maximum resolution of 1920x1080p but the actual resolutions supported depend on the monitor being used.



 After installing the HDMI device, make sure the default device for sound playback is the HDMI device. (The item name may differ by operating system. Refer the figures below for details.), and enter BIOS Setup, then set Onboard VGA output connect to D-SUB/ HDMI under Advanced BIOS Features.

• Please note the HDMI audio output only supports AC3, DTS and 2-channel-LPCM formats. (AC3 and DTS require the use of an external decoder for decoding.)

In Windows XP, select Start>Control Panel>Sounds and Audio Devices>Audio, set the Default device for sound playback to **Realtek HDA HDMI Out**.

Sounds and Audio Devices Properties 🛛 🛛 🔀				
Volume Sounds Audio Voice Hardware				
Sound playback Default device: Texates HoA HOME Our				
Yokme. Advagced.				
Pgfault device: Realtek HD Audio Input				
Vglume Advanged				
Default device: Microsoft GS Wavestable SW Synth				
Voluge Algout				
Use only default devices				
OK Cancel Apply				

In Windows Vista, select Start>Control Panel> Sound, select Realtek HDMI Output and then click Set Default.

iij Sound 🔫
Payback Recording Sounds
Select a playback device below to modify its settings:
Speakers 2- Realtek High Definition Audio Not plugged in
Realtek Digital Cutput 2- Realtek High Definition Audio Working
Realitek HDME Output ATI HDMI Audio Working
Senfigure Set Default Broperties
OK Cancel (pply

#### Optical S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital optical audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides an optical digital audio in connector.

#### USB Port

The USB port supports the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as an USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

#### IEEE 1394a Port

The IEEE 1394 port supports the IEEE 1394a specification, featuring high speed, high bandwidth and hotplug capabilities. Use this port for an IEEE 1394a device.

#### eSATA 3Gb/s Port

The eSATA 3Gb/s port conforms to SATA 3Gb/s standard and is compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Use the port to connect an external SATA device or a SATA port multiplier.

#### RJ-45 LAN Port

The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.

. . . . . . .

Connection/



Сс	Connection/Speed LED:				
State Orange		Description			
		1 Gpbs data rate			
Green		100 Mpbs data rate			
Off		10 Mpbs data rate			

Activity LED:			
State	Description		
Blinking	Data transmission or receiving is occurring		
Off No data transmission or receiving is occurring			

#### • Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out Jack (Orange)

Use this audio jack to connect center/subwoofer speakers in a 5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

#### Rear Speaker Out Jack (Black)

Use this audio jack to connect rear speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

#### • Side Speaker Out Jack (Gray)

Use this audio jack to connect side speakers in a 7.1-channel audio configuration.

#### Line In Jack (Blue)

The default line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

#### Line Out Jack (Green)

The default line out jack. Use this audio jack for a headphone or 2-channel speaker. This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.



- When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector, first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- When removing the cable, pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to prevent an electrical short inside the cable connector.

#### • Mic In Jack (Pink)

The default Mic in jack. Microphones must be connected to this jack.



In addition to the default speakers settings, the • • • • audio jacks can be reconfigured to perform different functions via the audio software. Only microphones still MUST be connected to the default Mic in jack (•). Refer to the instructions on setting up a 2/4/5.1/ 7.1-channel audio configuration in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."

#### A. Dual Display Configurations:

This motherboard provides three ports for video output: DVI-D, HDMI and D-Sub. The table below shows the supported dual display configurations.

Dual	Combination	Supported or Not
Display	DVI-D + D-Sub	Yes
	DVI-D + HDMI	No
	HDMI + D-Sub	Yes

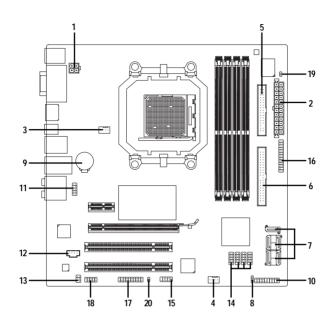
#### B. Playback of HD DVD and Blu-ray Discs:

In order to get better playback quality, when playing the HD DVD or Blu-ray discs, refer to the recommended system requirements (or better) below.

- CPU: AMD Athlon<sup>™</sup> 64 X2 Dual-Core processor (4200+ or above)
- Memory: Two 1 GB DDR2 800 memory modules with dual channel mode enabled
- BIOS Setup: At least 256 MB of UMA Frame Buffer Size (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Advanced BIOS Features," for more information)
- Playback software: CyberLink PowerDVD 7.3 (Note: Please ensure Hardware Acceleration is enabled )

File Format	Suitable Resolution	
	Windows XP Windows Vis	
Non-protected contents	1920 x 1080p	1920 x 1080p
HD-DVD	1920 x 1080p	1920 x 1080p
Blu-ray	1920 x 1080p	1920 x 1080p

# 1-7 Internal Connectors



1)	ATX_12V	11)	F_AUDIO
2)	ATX	12)	CD_IN
3)	CPU_FAN	13)	SPDIF_IO
4)	SYS_FAN	14)	F_USB1 / F_USB2 / F_USB3 / F_USB4
5)	FDD	15)	F1_1394
6)	IDE	16)	LPT
7)	SATAII0 / 1 / 2 / 3 / 4	17)	ТРМ
8)	PWR_LED	18)	СОМ
9)	BATTERY	19)	CI
10)	F_PANEL	20)	CLR_CMOS



Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

• First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.

- Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.
  - After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

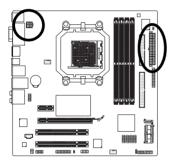
#### 1/2) ATX\_12V/ATX (2x2 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation. The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.



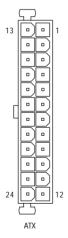
To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (400W or greater). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.

• The main power connector is compatible with power supplies with 2x10 power connectors. When using a 2x12 power supply, remove the protective cover from the main power connector on the motherboard. Do not insert the power supply cable into pins under the protective cover when using a 2x10 power supply.





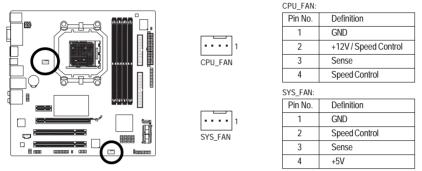
ATX_12V:			
Pin No.	Definition		
1	GND		
2	GND		
3	+12V		
4	+12V		



ATX:					
Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition		
1	3.3V	13	3.3V		
2	3.3V	14	-12V		
3	GND	15	GND		
4	+5V	16	PS_ON(soft On/Off)		
5	GND	17	GND		
6	+5V	18	GND		
7	GND	19	GND		
8	Power Good	20	-5V		
9	5V SB(stand by +5V)	21	+5V		
10	+12V	22	+5V		
11	+12V (Only for 2x12-pinATX)	23	+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)		
12	3.3V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)	24	GND (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)		

#### 3/4) CPU\_FAN/SYS\_FAN (Fan Headers)

The motherboard has a 4-pin CPU fan header (CPU\_FAN)and a 4-pin system fan header (SYS\_FAN). Each fan header supplies a +12V power voltage and possesses a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation. Most fans are designed with color-coded power connector wires. A red power connector wire indicates a positive connection and requires a +12V voltage. The black connector wire is the ground wire. The motherboard supports CPU fan speed control, which requires the use of a CPU fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.

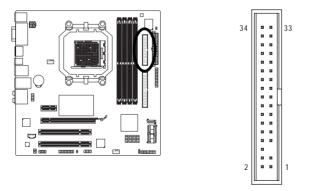




- Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU or the system may hang.
- These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers.

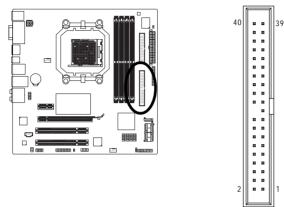
#### 5) FDD (Floppy Disk Drive Connector)

This connector is used to connect a floppy disk drive. The types of floppy disk drives supported are: 360 KB, 720 KB, 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB. Before connecting a floppy disk drive, be sure to locate pin 1 of the connector and the floppy disk drive cable. The pin 1 of the cable is typically designated by a stripe of different color.



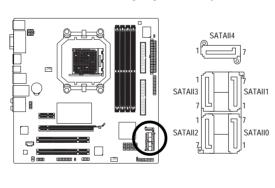
#### 6) IDE (IDE Connector)

The IDE connector supports up to two IDE devices such as hard drives and optical drives. Before attaching the IDE cable, locate the foolproof groove on the connector. If you wish to connect two IDE devices, remember to set the jumpers and the cabling according to the role of the IDE devices (for example, master or slave). (For information about configuring master/slave settings for the IDE devices, read the instructions from the device manufacturers.)



#### 7) SATAII0/1/2/3/4 (SATA 3Gb/s Connectors)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 3Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The AMD SB700 controller supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 and JBOD. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive (s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.



Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	ТХР
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

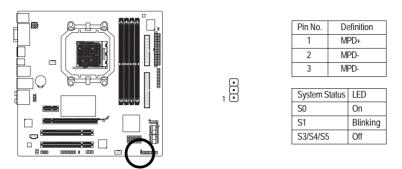


Please connect the L-shaped end of the SATA 3Gb/s cable to your SATA hard drive.

- A RAID 0 or RAID 1 configuration requires at least two hard drives. If more than two hard drives are to be used, the total number of hard drives must be an even number.
  - A RAID 10 configuration requires at least four hard drives and the total number of hard drives must be an even number.

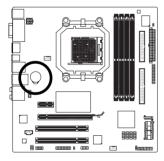
#### 8) PWR\_LED (System Power LED Header)

This header can be used to connect a system power LED on the chassis to indicate system power status. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when the system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).



#### 9) BATTERY

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.



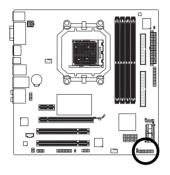


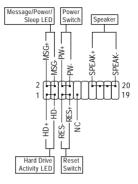
You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:

- 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
- Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
- 3. Replace the battery.
- 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.
- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery.
- Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect model.
- Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself or uncertain about the battery model.
- When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-) of the battery (the positive side should face up).
- Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.

#### 10) F\_PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, speaker and system status indicator on the chassis front panel to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.





• MSG (Message/Power/Sleep LED):

System Status	LED	C0
SO	On	LE
S1	Blinking	the
S3/S4/S5	Off	S3

Connects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The ED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when he system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

• PW (Power Switch):

Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power Management Setup," for more information).

• SPEAK (Speaker):

Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup. If a problem is detected, the BIOS may issue beeps in different patterns to indicate the problem. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for information about beep codes.

 HD (IDE Hard Drive Activity LED) Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.

• RES (Reset Switch):

Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.

• NC:

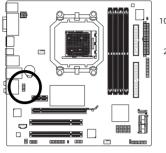
No connection



The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED, speaker and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.

#### 11) F\_AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)

The front panel audio header supports Intel High Definition audio (HD) and AC'97 audio. You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.



	FOLHD FL
) 💶 9	Pin No.
	1
2 • • 1	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
	10

r HD Fr	For	
'in No.	Definition	Ρ
1	MIC2_L	
2	GND	
3	MIC2_R	
4	-ACZ_DET	
5	LINE2_R	
6	GND	
7	FAUDIO_JD	
8	No Pin	
9	LINE2_L	
10	GND	



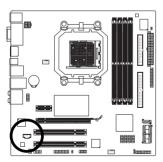
	Pin No.	Definition		
	1	MIC		
	2	GND		
	3	MIC Power		
	4	NC		
	5	Line Out (R)		
	6	NC		
	7	NC		
	8	No Pin		
	9	Line Out (L)		
	10	NC		
-				



- The front panel audio header supports HD audio by default. If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, refer to the instructions on how to activate AC'97 functioninality via the audio software in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- When using an AC'97 front panel audio module, you can use either the front or the back panel audio connectors, but not both at the same time.
- Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

#### 12) CD\_IN (CD In Connector)

You may connect the audio cable that came with your optical drive to the header.

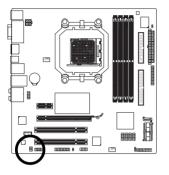




Pin No.	Definition
1	CD-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD-R

#### 13) SPDIF\_IO (S/PDIF In/Out Header, Red)

This header supports digital S/PDIF in/out. Via an optional S/PDIF in and out cable, this header can connect to an audio device that supports digital audio out and an audio system that supports digital audio in. For purchasing the optional S/PDIF in and out cable, please contact the local dealer.

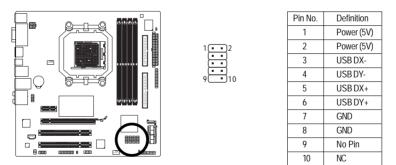




Pin No.	Definition
1	Power
2	No Pin
3	SPDIF
4	SPDIFI
5	GND
6	GND

#### 14) F\_USB1/F\_USB2/F\_USB3/F\_USB4 (USB Headers, Yellow)

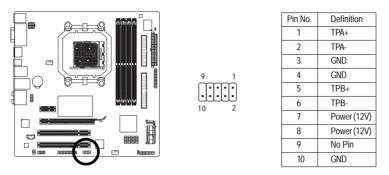
The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.



- Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB header.
- Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.

#### 15) F1\_1394 (IEEE 1394a Header, Gray)

The header conforms to IEEE 1394a specification. The IEEE 1394a header can provide one IEEE 1394a port via an optional IEEE 1394a bracket. For purchasing the optional IEEE 1394a bracket, please contact the local dealer.

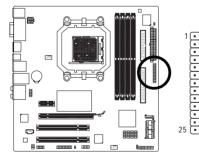




- Do not plug the USB bracket cable into the IEEE 1394a header.
- Prior to installing the IEEE 1394a bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the IEEE 1394a bracket.
- To connect an IEEE 1394a device, attach one end of the device cable to your computer and then attach the other end of the cable to the IEEE 1394a device. Ensure that the cable is securely connected.

#### 16) LPT (Parallel Port Header)

The LPT header can provide one parallel port via an optional LPT port cable. For purchasing the optional LPT port cable, please contact the local dealer.

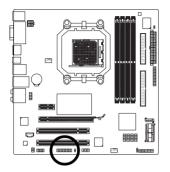


Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	STB-	14	GND
2	AFD-	15	PD6
3	PD0	16	GND
4	ERR-	17	PD7
5	PD1	18	GND
6	INIT-	19	ACK-
7	PD2	20	GND
8	SLIN-	21	BUSY
9	PD3	22	GND
10	GND	23	PE
11	PD4	24	No Pin
12	GND	25	SLCT
13	PD5	26	GND

126

#### 17) TPM (Trusted Platform Module Header)

You may connect a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) to this header.

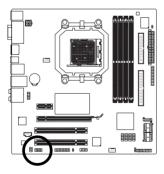




Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	LCLK	11	LAD0
2	GND	12	GND
3	LFRAME	13	RSVO
4	No Pin	14	RSV1
5	LRESET	15	SB3V
6	VCC5	16	SERIRQ
7	LAD3	17	GND
8	LAD2	18	CLKRUN
9	VCC3	19	LPCPD
10	LAD1	20	RSV2

#### 18) COM (Serial Port Header)

The COM header can provide one serial port via an optional COM port cable. For purchasing the optional COM port cable, please contact the local dealer.

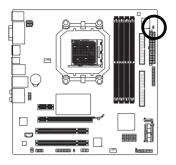




Pin No.	Definition	
1		
2		
3	NSOUT	
4	NDTR - GND	
5		
6	NDSR -	
7	NRTS -	
8	NCTS -	
9	NRI-	
10	No Pin	

#### 19) CI (Chassis Intrusion Header)

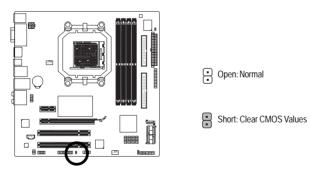
This motherboard provides a chassis detection feature that detects if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with chassis intrusion detection design.



	Pin No.	Definition
1 💽	1	Signal
•	2	GND

#### 20) CLR\_CMOS (Clearing CMOS Jumper)

Use this jumper to clear the CMOS values (e.g. date information and BIOS configurations) and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, place a jumper cap on the two pins to temporarily short the two pins or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.





- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
- After clearing the CMOS values and before turning on your computer, be sure to remove the jumper cap from the jumper. Failure to do so may cause damage to the motherboard.
- After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).

# Chapter 2 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on. To see more advanced BIOS Setup menu options, you can press <Ctrl> + <F1> in the main menu of the BIOS Setup program.

To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.

- Q-Flash allows the user to quickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.

For instructions on using the Q-Flash and @BIOS utilities, refer to Chapter 4, "BIOS Update Utilities."



- Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- BIOS will emit a beep code during the POST. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for the beep codes description.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

# 2-1 Startup Screen

The following screen may appear when the computer boots.



#### SATA Mode Message:

#### "SATA is found running at IDE MODE!"

When the motherboard is set to its default values, the monitor will display a message during the POST, telling you the SATA controller is running at IDE mode. The message that follows asks if you want to change it to AHCI mode and enable hot plug functionality for the SATA connectors. Press <Y> to enable AHCI mode or <N> to continue IDE mode operation and stop showing this message again.

Note: This message will appear again at next boot if you do not respond YES or NO in time.

#### Function Keys:

#### <DEL>: BIOS Setup/Q-Flash

Press the <Delete> key to enter BIOS Setup or to access the Q-Flash utility in BIOS Setup.

#### <F9>: Xpress Recovery2

If you have ever entered Xpress Recovery2 to back up hard drive data using the motherboard driver disk, the <F9> key can be used for subsequent access to XpressRecovery2 during the POST. For more information, refer to Chapter 4, "Xpress Recovery2."

#### <F12>: Boot Menu

Boot Menu allows you to set the first boot device without entering BIOS Setup. In Boot Menu, use the up arrow key <  $\uparrow$  > or the down arrow key<  $\downarrow$  > to select the first boot device, then press <Enter> to accept. To exit Boot Menu, press <Esc>. The system will directly boot from the device configured in Boot Menu.

Note: The setting in Boot Menu is effective for one time only. After system restart, the device boot order will still be based on BIOS Setup settings. You can access Boot Menu again to change the first boot device setting as needed.

#### <End>: Q-Flash

Press the <End> key to access the Q-Flash utility directly without having to enter BIOS Setup first.

# 2-2 The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu.

#### (Sample BIOS Version: F3c)

	CMOS Setup U	Jtility-Copyright	(C) 1984-2007 A	Award Software	
<ul> <li>Standard CMOS Features</li> </ul>		Load Fail-Safe Defaults			
<ul> <li>Advanced BIOS Features</li> </ul>			Load Optimized Defaults		
Integrated Peripherals			Set Supervisor Password		
<ul> <li>Power Management Setup</li> </ul>			Set User Password		
►	PnP/PCI Configurations		Save & E	xit Setup	
►	PC Health Status		Exit With	out Saving	
►	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)				
ESC	C: Quit	↑↓→←: Select 1	Item	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS	
F8:	Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	it Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS	
		Time, Date, Ha	ard Disk Type		

#### **BIOS Setup Program Function Keys**

$\overbrace{<\uparrow><\downarrow><\leftrightarrow>>}$	$><\downarrow><\leftrightarrow>>$ Move the selection bar to select an item	
<enter></enter>	Execute command or enter the submenu	
<esc></esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program	
	Submenus: Exit current submenu	
<page up=""></page>	Increase the numeric value or make changes	
<page down=""></page>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes	
<f1></f1>	Show descriptions of the function keys	
<f2></f2>	> Move cursor to the Item Help block on the right (submenus only)	
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus	
<f6></f6>	Load the Fail-Safe BIOS default settings for the current submenus	
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus	
<f8></f8>	Access the Q-Flash utility	
<f9></f9>	Display system information	
<f10></f10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program	
<f11></f11>	Save CMOS to BIOS	
<f12></f12>	Load CMOS from BIOS	

#### Main Menu Help

The onscreen description of a highlighted setup option is displayed on the bottom line of the Main Menu.

#### Submenu Help

While in a submenu, press <F1> to display a help screen (General Help) of function keys available for the menu. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen. Help for each item is in the Item Help block on the right side of the submenu.



- If you do not find the settings you want in the Main Menu or a submenu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to access more advanced options.
- When the system is not stable as usual, select the Load Optimized Defaults item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

#### ■ The Functions of the <F11> and <F12> keys (For the Main Menu Only)

#### ▶ F11 : Save CMOS to BIOS

This function allows you to save the current BIOS settings to a profile. You can create up to 8 profiles (Profile 1-8) and name each profile. First enter the profile name (to erase the default profile name, use the SPACE key) and then press <Enter> to complete.

#### ▶ F12 : Load CMOS from BIOS

If your system becomes unstable and you have loaded the BIOS default settings, you can use this function to load the BIOS settings from a profile created before, without the hassles of reconfiguring the BIOS settings. First select the profile you wish to load, then press <Enter> to complete.

#### Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu to configure the system time and date, hard drive types, floppy disk drive types, and the type of errors that stop the system boot, etc.

#### Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to configure the device boot order, advanced features available on the CPU, and the primary display adapter.

#### Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to configure all peripheral devices, such as IDE, SATA, USB, integrated audio, and integrated LAN, etc.

#### Power Management Setup

Use this menu to configure all the power-saving functions.

#### PnP/PCI Configurations

Use this menu to configure the system's PCI & PnP resources.

#### PC Health Status

Use this menu to see information about autodetected system/CPU temperature, system voltage and fan speed, etc.

#### MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

Use this menu to configure the clock, frequency and voltages of your CPU, memory, etc.

#### Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe defaults are factory settings for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

#### Load Optimized Defaults

Optimized defaults are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations.

#### Set Supervisor Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. A supervisor password allows you to make changes in BIOS Setup.

#### Set User Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. An user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

#### Save & Exit Setup

Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <F10> can also carry out this task.)

#### Exit Without Saving

Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation message will exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <Esc> can also carry out this task.)

# 2-3 Standard CMOS Features

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software Standard CMOS Features							
Date (mm:dd:yy)	Date (mm:dd:yy) Tue, Feb 5 2008 Item Help						
Time (hh:mm:ss)	18:25:04	Menu Level▶					
	<b>C</b> X 3						
IDE Channel 0 Master	[None]						
IDE Channel 0 Slave	[None]						
IDE Channel 1 Master	[None]						
IDE Channel 1 Slave	[None]						
IDE Channel 2 Master	[None]						
IDE Channel 2 Slave	[None]						
IDE Channel 3 Master	[None]						
<ul> <li>IDE Channel 3 Slave</li> </ul>	[None]						
	51 4 0 C 0 C PD						
Drive A	[1.44M, 3.5"]						
Floppy 3 Mode Support	[Disabled]						
II-h O-	[All Der Kersherry]						
Hait On	Halt On [All, But Keyboard]						
Base Memory	640K						
Extended Memory	511M						
Extended Memory							
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Default	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults					

#### ං Date

Sets the system date. The date format is week (read-only), month, date and year. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the date.

#### ං Time

Sets the system time. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:0:0. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the time.

#### → IDE Channel 0, 1 Master/Slave

▶ IDE HDD Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

▶ IDE Channel 0, 1 Master/Slave

Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the three methods below:

- Auto Lets BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
- None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to **None** so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
   Allows you to manually acts the apacifications of the hard drive when the
- Manual Allows you to manually enter the specifications of the hard drive when the hard drive access mode is set to CHS.
- Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), CHS, LBA, Large.

#### ☞ IDE Channel 2, 3 Master/Slave

#### ► IDE Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

- >> Extended IDE Drive Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the two methods below:
  - Auto Lets BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
  - None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to **None** so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.

➤ Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), Large. The following fields display your hard drive specifications. If you wish to enter the parameters manually, refer to the information on the hard drive.

- ➤ Capacity Approximate capacity of the currently installed hard drive.
- Cylinder Number of cylinders.
- ➡ Head Number of heads.
- ✤ Precomp Write precompensation cylinder.
- ► Landing Zone Landing zone.
- ➤ Sector Number of sectors.

#### Drive A

Allows you to selects the type of floppy disk drive installed in your system. If you do not install a floppy disk drive, set this item to **None**. Options are: None, 360K/5.25", 1.2M/5.25", 720K/3.5", 1.44M/3.5", 2.88M/3.5".

#### Floppy 3 Mode Support

Allows you to specify whether the installed floppy disk drive is 3-mode floppy disk drive, a Japanese standard floppy disk drive. Options are: Disabled (default), Drive A.

#### ☞ Halt on

Allows you to determine whether the system will stop for an error during the POST.

- ➤ No Errors The system boot will not stop for any error.
- ✤ All Errors Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the system boot will stop.
- ➤ All, But Keyboard The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error but stop for all other errors. (Default)
- ✤ All, But Diskette The system boot will not stop for a floppy disk drive error but stop for all other errors.
- ➤ All, But Disk/Key The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or a floppy disk drive error but it will stop for all other errors.

#### Memory

These fields are read-only and are determined by the BIOS POST.

- Base Memory Also called conventional memory. Typically, 640 KB will be reserved for the MS-DOS operating system.
- ▶ Extended Memory The amount of extended memory.

# 2-4 Advanced BIOS Features

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software Advanced BIOS Features					
Onboard VGA output connect UMA Frame Buffer Size Init Display First Surround View Virtualization Patch AMD TLB Erratum <sup>(Rote)</sup> AMD K8 Cool&Quiet control Hard Disk Boot Priority First Boot Device Second Boot Device Third Boot Device Password Check HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability Away Mode	[D-SUB/DVI] [Auto] [PEG] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto] [Press Enter] [Floppy] [Hard Disk] [CDROM] [Setup] [Disabled] [Disabled]	Item Help Menu Level>			
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		Exit F1: General Help Optimized Defaults			

#### Onboard VGA output connect

Specifies the graphics display of the onboard VGA output from the D-SUB/DVI-D or D-SUB/HDMI. D-SUB/DVI Sets the D-SUB/DVI-D as the graphics display. (Default)

▶ D-SUB/HDMI Sets the D-SUB/HDMI as the graphics display.

#### → UMA Frame Buffer Size

Frame buffer size is the total amount of system memory allocated solely for the onboard graphics controller. MS-DOS, for example, will use only this memory for display. Options are: Auto (default), 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB, 512MB.

#### ∽ Init Display First

Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI graphics card, PCI Express graphics card, or the onboard VGA.

- ▶ PCI Slot Sets the PCI graphics card as the first display.
- ➤ Onboard Sets the onboard VGA as the first display.
- ▶ PEG Sets PCI Express graphics card as the first display. (Default)

#### Surround View

This option is configurable only when **Init Display First** is set to **PEG**. Enables or disables the Surround View function. This option is configurable only if an ATI graphics card is installed.

(Default: Disabled)

#### ∽ Virtualization

Virtualization allows a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple virtual systems. (Default: Disabled)

#### ∽ Patch AMD TLB Erratum <sup>(Note)</sup>

Enables or disables the Patch AMD TLB Erratum function. (Default: Enabled)

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

#### ∽ AMD K8 Cool&Quiet control

Auto Lets the AMD Cool'n'Quiet driver dynamically adjust the CPU clock and VIA to reduce heat output from your computer and its power consumption. (Default)
 Disabled Disable this function.

### ・ Hard Disk Boot Priority

Specifies the sequence of loading the operating system from the installed hard drives. Use the up or down arrow key to select a hard drive, then press the plus key <+> (or <PageUp>) or the minus key <-> (or <PageDown>) to move it up or down on the list. Press <Esc> to exit this menu when finished.

#### ☞ First/Second/Third Boot Device

Specifies the boot order from the available devices. Use the up or down arrow key to select a device and press <Enter> to accept. Options are: Floppy, LS120, Hard Disk, CDROM, ZIP, USB-FDD, USB-ZIP, USB-CDROM, USB-HDD, Legacy LAN, Disabled.

#### Password Check

Specifies whether a password is required every time the system boots, or only when you enter BIOS Setup. After configuring this item, set the password(s) under the Set Supervisor/User Password item in the BIOS Main Menu.

Setup
 A password is only required for entering the BIOS Setup program. (Default)
 System
 A password is required for booting the system and for entering the BIOS Setup program.

#### ☞ HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability

Enables or disables the S.M.A.R.T. (Self Monitoring and Reporting Technology) capability of your hard drive. This feature allows your system to report read/write errors of the hard drive and to issue warnings when a third party hardware monitor utility is installed. (Default: Disabled)

#### 🗢 Away Mode

Enables or disables Away Mode in Windows XP Media Center operating system. Away Mode allows the system to silently perform unattended tasks while in a low-power mode that appears off (Default: Disabled)

# 2-5 Integrated Peripherals

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software Integrated Peripherals						
OnChip IDE Channel [Enabled] Item Help						
OnChip SATA Controller	[Enabled]	Menu Level				
OnChip SATA Type	[Native IDE]					
x OnChip SATA Port4/5 Type	[IDE]					
Onboard Audio Function	[Enabled]					
OnChip USB Controller	[Enabled]					
USB EHCI Controller	[Enabled]					
USB Keyboard Support	[Disabled]					
USB Mouse Support	[Disabled]					
Legacy USB storage detect	[Enabled]					
Onboard 1394 Function	[Enabled]					
Onboard LAN Function	[Enabled]					
<ul> <li>SMART LAN</li> </ul>	[Press Enter]					
Onboard LAN Boot ROM	[Disabled]					
Onboard Serial Port 1	[3F8/IRQ4]					
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]					
Parallel Port Mode	[SPP]					
x ECP Mode Use DMA						
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		C: Exit F1: General Help : Optimized Defaults				

#### ∽ OnChip IDE Channel

Enables or disables the integrated IDE controller. (Default: Enabled)

#### ∽ OnChip SATA Controller

Enables or disables the integrated SATA controller. (Default: Enabled)

#### ∽ OnChip SATA Type (SATAII0~SATAII3 connectors)

Configures the operating mode of the integrated SATA controller.

5		5 5
▶ Native IDE		Allows the SATA controller to operate in Native IDE mode. (Default)
		Enable Native IDE mode if you wish to install operating systems that
		support Native mode, e.g. Windows XP/2000.
► RAID		Enables RAID for the SATA controller.
AHCI		Configures the SATA controller to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller
		Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to
		enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing
		and hot plug.
Onchin CAT	\ Dort	A/E Mada (SATAU//ESATA connectors)

#### ∽ OnChip SATA Port4/5 Mode (SATAII4/ESATA connectors)

Configures the operating mode of the integrated SATAII4/ESATA connectors.

- IDE Disables RAID for the SATA controller and configures the SATA controller to PATA mode. (Default)
- ➤ As SATA Type The mode depends on the OnChip SATA Type settings.

#### ∽ Onboard Audio Function

Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Enabled) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item to **Disabled**.

#### ∽ OnChip USB Controller

Enables or disables the integrated USB 1.1 controller. (Default: Enabled)

Ċ	USB EHCI Controller
	Enables or disables the integrated USB 2.0 controller. (Default: Enabled)
Ċ	USB Keyboard Support
	Allows USB keyboard to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Disabled)
T	USB Mouse Support
	Allows USB mouse to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Disabled)
Ċ	Legacy USB storage detect
	Determines whether to detect USB storage devices, including USB flash drives and USB hard
	drives during the POST. (Default: Enabled)
$\mathcal{O}$	Onboard 1394 Function
	Enables or disables the onboard IEEE 1394 function. (Default: Enabled)
Ċ	Onboard LAN Function
	Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Enabled)
	If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item
	to Disabled.
Ċ	SMART LAN (LAN Cable Diagnostic Function)

	•						
CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software							
	SMART LAN						
Start detecting at Port		Item Help					
Part1-2 Status = Open	/ Length = 0m	Menu Level▶					
Part3-6 Status = Open	/ Length = 0m						
Part4-5 Status = Open	/ Length = 0m						
Part7-8 Status = Open	/ Length = 0m						
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ : Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save	ESC: Exit F1: General Help					
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults					

This motherboard incorporates cable diagnostic feature designed to detect the status of the attached LAN cable. This feature will detect cabling issue and report the approximate distance to the fault or short. Refer to the following information for diagnosing your LAN cable:

#### ∽ When No LAN Cable Is Attached...

If no LAN cable is attached to the motherboard, the **Status** fields of all four pairs of wires will show **Open** and the **Length** fields show **0m**, as shown in the figure above.

#### ∽When LAN Cable Is Functioning Normally...

If no cable problem is detected on the LAN cable connected to a Gigabit hub or a 10/100 Mbps hub, the following message will appear:



- Link Detected Displays transmission speed
- >> Cable Length Displays the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

Note: The Gigabit hub will only operate at a speed of 10/100 Mbps in MS-DOS mode; it will operate at a normal speed of 10/100/1000 Mbps in Windows mode or when the LAN Boot ROM is activated.

#### ∽ When a Cable Problem Occurs...

If a cable problem occurs on a specified pair of wires, the **Status** field will show **Short** and thenlength shown will be the approximate distance to the fault or short.

Example: Part1-2 Status = Short / Length = 2m Explanation: A fault or short might occur at about 2m on Part 1-2.

Note: Part 4-5 and Part 7-8 are not used in a 10/100 Mbps environment, so their **Status** fields will show **Open**, and the length shown is the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

#### ∽ Onboard LAN Boot ROM

Allows you to decide whether to activate the boot ROM integrated with the onboard LAN chip. (Default: Disabled)

#### Onboard Serial Port 1

Enables or disables the first serial port and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: Auto, 2F8/IRQ3, 3F8/IRQ4(default), 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Disabled.

#### ∽ Onboard Parallel Port

Enables or disables the onboard parallel port (LPT) and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: 378/IRQ7 (default), 278/IRQ5, 3BC/IRQ7, Disabled.

#### ☞ Parallel Port Mode

Selects an operating mode for the onboard parallel (LPT) port. Options are: SPP (Standard Parallel Port)(default), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port), ECP (Extended Capabilities Port), ECP+EPP.

#### ☞ ECP Mode Use DMA

Selects DMA channel for the LPT port in ECP mode. This item is configurable only if **Parallel Port Mode** is set to **ECP** or **ECP+EPP** mode. Options are: 3 (default), 1.

# 2-6 Power Management Setup

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software Power Management Setup					
ACPI Suspend Type Soft-Off by Power button USB Wake Up from S3 Modem Ring Resume PME Event Wake Up HPET Support <sup>(Nose)</sup> Power On By Mouse Power On By Keyboard X KB Power ON Password AC Back Function Power-On by Alarm X Date (of Month) X Resume Time (hh:mm:ss)	[S1(POS)] [Instant-off] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] Enter [Soft-Off] [Disabled] Everyday 0:0:0	<u>Item Help</u> Menu Level <b>≯</b>			
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults			

#### ACPI Suspend Type

Specifies the ACPI sleep state when the system enters suspend.

➡ S1(POS)	Enables the system to enter the ACPI S1 (Power on Suspend) sleep state
	(default). In S1 sleep state, the system appears suspended and stays in a
	low power mode. The system can be resumed at any time.
➡ S3(STR)	Enables the system to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend to RAM) sleep state. In
	S3 sleep state, the system appears to be off and consumes less power than
	in the S1 state. When signaled by a wake-up device or event, the system
	resumes to its working state exactly where it was left off.

#### ∽ Soft-Off by Power button

Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button.

 Instant-Off
 Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)

Delay 4 Sec. Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

#### ☞ USB Wake Up from S3

Allows the system to be awakened from ACPI S3 sleep state by a wake-up signal from the installed USB device. (Default: Enabled)

#### ☞ Modem Ring Resume

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a modem that supports wake-up function. (Default: Disabled)

(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

#### ☞ PME Event Wake Up

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a PCI or PCIe device. Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. (Default: Disabled)

#### ☞ HPET Support (Note)

Enables or disables High Precision Event Timer (HPET) for Windows<sup>®</sup> Vista<sup>®</sup> operating system. (Default: Enabled)

#### ∽ Power On By Mouse

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 mouse wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. Disables this function. (Default)

Double Click Double click on left button on the PS/2 mouse to turn on the system.

#### ∽ Power On By Keyboard

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.

Note: you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ▶ Password Set a password with 1~5 characters to turn on the system.
- ➤ Any KEY Press any key on the keyboard to turn on the system.
- ✤ Keyboard 98 Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.

#### ∽ KB Power ON Password

Set the password when **Power On by Keyboard** is set to **Password**. Press <Enter> on this item and set a password with up to 5 characters and then press <Enter> to accept. To turn on the system, enter the password and press <Enter>.

Note: To cancel the password, press <Enter> on this item. When prompted for the password, press <Enter> again without entering the password to clear the password settings.

#### ∽ AC Back Function

Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.

- ✤ Soft-Off The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default )
- ➤ Full-On The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.
- Memory The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC power.

#### ☞ Power-On by Alarm

Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled) If enabled, set the date and time as following:

➤ Date (of Month): Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.

➤ Resume Time (hh: mm: ss): Set the time at which the system will be powered on automatically. Note: When using this function, avoid inadequate shutdown from the operating system or removal of the AC power, or the settings may not be effective.

(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

# 2-7 PnP/PCI Configurations

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software PnP/PCI Configurations						
PCI1 IRQ Assignment	PCI1 IRQ Assignment [Auto] Iter					
PCI2 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Menu Level				
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults				
15. Hevious values	Fo. Fail-Sale Defaults	17. Optimized Defaults				

### ☞ PCI1 IRQ Assignment

Auto BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the first PCI slot. (Default)
 ≫ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15
 Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the first PCI slot.

#### ☞ PCI2 IRQ Assignment

► Auto

▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15

BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the second PCI slot. (Default) Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the second PCI slot.

# 2-8 PC Health Status

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software PC Health Status						
Reset Case Open Status [Disabled] Item Help						
Case Opened		Menu Level▶				
Vcore						
DDR2 1.8V						
+3.3V						
+12V						
Current System Temperature						
Current CPU Temperature						
Current CPU FAN Speed	3375 RPM	r				
Current SYSTEM FAN Speed	0 RPM					
CPU Warning Temperature	rning Temperature [Disabled]					
CPU FAN Fail Warning	CPU FAN Fail Warning [Disabled]					
SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning	SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning [Disabled]					
CPU Smart FAN Control	[Enabled]					
CPU Smart FAN Mode	[Auto]					
System Smart FAN Control	System Smart FAN Control [Enabled]					
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save	ESC: Exit F1: General Help				
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults				

### Reset Case Open Status

Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. **Enabled** clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the **Case Opened** field will show "No" at next boot. (Default: Disabled)

#### Case Opened

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard CI header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to CMOS, and then restart your system.

### ∽ Current Voltage(V) Vcore/DDR2 1.8V/+3.3V/+12V

Displays the current system voltages.

Current System/CPU Temperature
 Displays current system/CPU temperature.

### ∽ Current CPU/SYSTEM FAN Speed (RPM)

Displays current CPU/system fan speed.

#### ∽ CPU Warning Temperature

Sets the warning threshold for CPU temperature. When CPU temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default),  $60^{\circ}C/140^{\circ}F$ ,  $70^{\circ}C/158^{\circ}F$ ,  $80^{\circ}C/176^{\circ}F$ ,  $90^{\circ}C/140^{\circ}F$ .

#### ∽ CPU/SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning

Allows the system to emit warning sound if the CPU/system fan is not connected or fails. Check the fan condition or fan connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

### ∽ CPU Smart FAN Control

Enables or disables the CPU fan speed control function. **Enabled** allows the CPU fan to run at different speed according to the CPU temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on system requirements. If disabled, CPU fan runs at full speed. (Default: Enabled)

#### ☞ CPU Smart FAN Mode

Specifies how to control CPU fan speed. This item is configurable only if CPU Smart FAN Control is set to Enabled.

- Auto Lets BIOS autodetect the type of CPU fan installed and sets the optimal CPU fan control mode. (Default)
- ✤ Voltage Sets Voltage mode for a 3-pin CPU fan.
- ▶ PWM Sets PWM mode for a 4-pin CPU fan.

#### ∽ System Smart FAN Control

Enables or disables the system fan speed control function. **Enabled** allows the system fan to run at different speed according to the system temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on system requirements. If disabled, system fan runs at full speed. (Default: Enabled)

# 2-9 MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)						
HT Link Frequency [Auto] Ite						
VGA Core Clock control	[Disabled]	Menu Level				
x VGA Core Clock (Mhz)						
CPU Clock Ratio	[Auto]					
Memory Controller Freq. (Note)	[Auto] 1800Mhz					
CPU Host Clock Control	[Auto]					
x CPU Frequency (MHz)						
PCIE Clock (MHz)	[Auto]					
Set Memory Clock	[Auto]					
x Memory Clock	DDR 533					
DCTs Mode (Note)	[Unganged]					
******* System Voltage Optimized						
System Voltage Control	[Auto]					
x DDR2 Voltage Control						
x NorthBridge Volt Control						
x CPU Voltage Control						
Normal CPU Vcore						
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		E: Exit F1: General Help Optimized Defaults				



Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory
and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and
we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other
unexpected results. (Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to
boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)

• When the System Voltage Optimized item blinks in red, it is recommended that you set the System Voltage Control item to Auto to optimize the system voltage settings.

#### ☞ HT Link Frequency

Allows you to manually set the frequency for the HT Link between the CPU and chipset. Auto BIOS will automatically adjust the HT Link Frequency. (Default) 200 MHz-2.6 GHz Sets HT Link Frequency to 200 MHz-2.6 GHz.

#### VGA Core Clock control

Enables or disables the control of VGA Core clock.

#### ☞ VGA Core Clock (Mhz)

Allows you to manually set the VGA Core clock. The adjustable range is from 150 MHz to 1100 MHz. This item is configurable only if the VGA Core Clock control option is enabled. (Default: 500)

#### ∽ CPU Clock Ratio

Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being used.

#### Memory Controller Freq. (Note)

Allows you to alter the memory controller frequency for the installed CPU. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being used.

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

### ∽ CPU Host Clock Control

Enables or disables the control of CPU host clock. Auto (default) allows BIOS to automatically adjust the CPU host frequency. Manual allows the CPU Frequency (Mhz) item below to be configurable. Note: If your system fails to boot after overclocking, please wait for 20 seconds to allow for automated system reboot, or clear the CMOS values to reset the board to default values.

#### ∽ CPU Frequency (MHz)

Allows you to manually set the CPU host frequency.

Important It is highly recommended that the CPU frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

#### ∽ PCIE Clock (MHz)

Allows you to manually set the PCIe clock frequency. The adjustable range is from 100 MHz to 200 MHz. **Auto** sets the PCIe clock frequency to standard 100 MHz. (Default: Auto)

#### Set Memory Clock

Determines whether to manually set the memory clock. **Auto** lets BIOS automatically set the memory clock as required. **Manual** allows all voltage control items below to be configurable. (Default: Auto)

#### Memory Clock

This option is configurable only when Set Memory Clock is set to Manual. When you use a AM2 CPU:

- DDR 400 Sets Memory Clock to DDR 400.
- DDR 533 Sets Memory Clock to DDR 533. (Default)
- DDR 667 Sets Memory Clock to DDR 667.
- DDR 800 Sets Memory Clock to DDR 800.

When you use a AM2+ CPU:

- ➡ X2.00 Sets Memory Clock to X2.00.
- ➡ X2.66 Sets Memory Clock to X2.66. (Default)
- ➤ X3.33 Sets Memory Clock to X3.33.
- ➡ X4.00 Sets Memory Clock to X4.00.
- ➤ X5.33 Sets Memory Clock to X5.33.

#### CTS Mode (Note)

Allows you to set memory control mode.

- ➤ Ganged Sets memory control mode to single dual-channel.
- ➡ Unganged Sets memory control mode to two single-channel.

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\* System Voltage Optimized \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### ∽ System Voltage Control

Determines whether to manually set the system voltages. **Auto** lets BIOS automatically set the system voltages as required. **Manual** allows all voltage control items below to be configurable. (Default: Auto)

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

### ☞ DDR2 Voltage Control

Allows you to set memory voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the memory voltage as required. (Default)

 $\rightarrow$  +0.1V ~ +0.3V Increases memory voltage by 0.1V to 0.3V at 0.1V increment.

#### ∽ NorthBridge Volt Control

Allows you to set the North Bridge voltage.

- ✤ Normal Supplies the North Bridge voltage as required. (Default)
- ▶ +0.1V ~ +0.3V Increases North Bridge voltage by 0.1V to 0.3V at 0.1V increment.

#### ☞ CPU Voltage Control

Allows you to set the CPU voltage. **Normal** sets the CPU voltage as required. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed. (Default: Normal)

Note: Increasing CPU voltage may result in damage to your CPU or reduce the useful life of the CPU.

#### ☞ Normal CPU Vcore

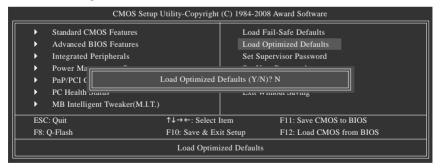
Displays the normal operating voltage of your CPU.

## 2-10 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

_	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software					
	•	Standard CMOS Features Advanced BIOS Features			-Safe Defaults	
	Integrated Peripherals		Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password			
	Power Ma     PnP/PCI C Load Fail-Safe Defaults (Y/N)? N					
	> >	PC Health Status MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)		LAR WRIN	ou oaving	_
	ESC	: Quit	↑↓→←: Select l	ltem	F11: Save CMOS to	BIOS
T	F8:	Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	it Setup	F12: Load CMOS f	rom BIOS
	Load Fail-Safe Defaults					

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the safest BIOS default settings. In case system instability occurs, you may try to load Fail-Safe defaults, which are the safest and most stable BIOS settings for the motherboard.

# 2-11 Load Optimized Defaults



Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS defaults settings helps the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the Optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.

# 2-12 Set Supervisor/User Password

 CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software							
Standard CMOS Features		Load Fail-Safe Defaults					
	Advanced B	IOS Features			Load Opti	mized Defaults	
	Integrated I	Peripherals			Set Superv	isor Password	
•	Power Marr	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Cat Haan D	h	
•	PnP/PCI (	Enter Pass	word:				
	PC Health						
•	MB Intellig	ent Tweaker(M.I.T.)					
ESC	: Quit		↑↓→←: Select l	tem		F11: Save CMOS to B	IOS
F8: Q-Flash F10: Save & Ex		it Setu	ıp	F12: Load CMOS from	m BIOS		
Change/Set/Disable Password							

Press <Enter> on this item and type the password with up to 8 characters and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>.

The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

#### ∽ Supervisor Password

When a system password is set and the **Password Check** item in **Advanced BIOS Features** is set to **Setup**, you must enter the supervisor password for entering BIOS Setup and making BIOS changes.

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup.

#### User Password

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup to continue system boot. In BIOS Setup, you must enter the supervisor password if you wish to make changes to BIOS settings. The user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

To clear the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, press <Enter> again. The message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear, indicating the password has been cancelled.

# 2-13 Save & Exit Setup

CMOS Setup Util	ity-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software
<ul> <li>Standard CMOS Features</li> <li>Advanced BIOS Features</li> </ul>	Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults
	o CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)? Y
<ul> <li>PnP/PCI Configurations</li> <li>PC Health Status</li> <li>MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)</li> </ul>	Save & Exit Setup Exit Without Saving
	Save Data to CMOS

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

## 2-14 Exit Without Saving

	CMOS Setup I	Utility-Copyright	(C) 1984-2008	Award Software	
	Standard CMOS Features		Load Fai	I-Safe Defaults	
	Advanced BIOS Features		Load Op	timized Defaults	
▶	Integrated		~ ~	<u> </u>	
▶	Power Ma	Quit Without S	aving (Y/N)? N		
►	PnP/PCI Comrgurations		Save & E	ZAR Serup	
	PC Health Status		Exit With	nout Saving	
►	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)				
ES	SC: Quit	↑↓→←: Select 1	ltem	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS	
F8	3: Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	it Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS	
	Abandon all Data				

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

# Chapter 3 Drivers Installation



- Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system. (The following instructions use Windows XP as the example operating system.)
- After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optional drive. The driver Autorun screen is automatically displayed which looks like that shown in the screen shot below. (If the driver Autorun screen does not appear automatically, go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the Run.exe program.)

# 3-1 Installing Chipset Drivers

#### "Xpress Install " is now analyizing your computer...99%

After inserting the driver disk, "Xpress Install" will automatically scan the system and then list all the drivers that are recommended to install. Please select the item that you wish to install and press the **Install** button following the item. Or you can press **Xpress Install** to install all the driver items.

AND 7-Series Util	ities DVD 1.0 B08.0	109.1					
GIGAB		AMD 7-Series Utilities DVD					
nstall Chipset Drivers	Install Chipset We recommend the Please click "Xpres	Drivers it you install the drivers listed below for your motherboard. Is install to install all the drivers automatically. By default, all drivers are checked to be installed. Uncheck	ked items will not be installed.				
oftware Applications		is Install' button to install all selected drivers,	No.				
river CD Information	C Click the "Instal	" button to install the drivers individually.	Xpress Install				
lardware	ATi 7-Serie	s VGA Driver (XP)	Install				
nformation	Size	100.0MB					
	Version	8.45RC3					
Contact Us	ATI 7-Series VOAI	Driver					
	AMD Cool i	& Quiet CPU Driver	Install				
	Size	14.0MB					
	Version	1.3.2.0					
	AMD Cool & Quiet CPU Driver						
	Realtek HD Audio Driver Install						
	Size	103.0MB					
	Version	R1.84-5.10.0.55320/Py6.0.1.5532(VISTA)					
	Realtek High Defi	nition Audio Driver					
	🖉 Realtek RT	L8168/8111 PCI-E Gigabit Ethernet NIC Driver	Install				
	Size	5.9MB					
	Version	5.684.1205.2007					
	Reatek LAN driver for Orgabit						
	ATI \$8700 \$	South Bridge Driver	Install				
	Size	5.3MB					
	Version	8.45RC3					
	ATI S8700 South 8	Bridge Driver	ATI S8700 South Bridge Driver				



- Please ignore the popup dialog box(es) (e.g. the Found New Hardware Wizard) displayed when "Xpress Install" is installing the drivers. Failure to do so may affect the driver installation.
- Some device drivers will restart your system automatically during the driver installation. After the system restart, "Xpress Install" will continue to install other drivers.
- After the drivers are installed, follow the onscreen instructions to restart your system. You can install other applications included in the motherboard driver disk.
- For USB 2.0 driver support under the Windows XP operating system, please install the Windows XP Service Pack 1 or later. After installing the SP1 (or later), if a question mark still exists in **Universal Serial Bus Controller** in **Device Manager**, please remove the question mark (by right-clicking your mouse and select **Uninstall**) and restart the system. (The system will then autodetect and install the USB 2.0 driver.)

# 3-2 Software Applications

This page displays all the tools and applications that GIGABYTE develops and some free software. You may press the **Install** button following an item to install it.



# 3-3 Driver CD Information

This page provides information about the drivers, applications and tools in this driver disk.

BD790 SB000 RAD and SM Bus Driver	Install Chipset Drivers	Driver CD information The following shows the detail	ed information about the software and drivers included in the motherboard driver disk.	
Herdware Information         Count         Description           Contact U         90:00         90:00 PAD out (IN Bus Days PAD 200 PAD out (IN Bus Days PAD 200 PAD out (IN Bus Days PAD 200 PAD	Software Applications			
	Driver CD Information			
Information Victory Name Pecception Contact Us Port Name Pecception Contact Us Port Name Pecception Percent Victory Name Pecception Peccepti	Hardware	Chipsel		
Contact Us	Information	Directory Name	Description	
	In the second se	• RD790	\$8600 RAID and BM Bus Driver	
Costrolward: AMO CPU Drive:     SPR2     SP	Contact Us	<ul> <li>7-Ser</li> </ul>	AMD 7-Benes Chipset Driver	
PP2     P		<ul> <li>EnableUSBS3Xp</li> </ul>	Enable USB device back form S3 mode	
AMCLive AMO Live Driver      Anno     Amo     Amo     Anno     Amo     Amo     Anno     Amo     A		CoolnQuiet	AMD CPU Driver	
Andre         Production           Nexting Vision         Person (Print)           A Reades         Preades High Definition Audio driver           Nextory Vision         Description           Nextory Vision         Description           Nextory Vision         Description		<ul> <li>XPR2</li> </ul>	109R2	
Versitivity Name         Description           Fisadatis         Peadatis High Definition Audio only           Network         Peadatis           Versitivity Name         Description           • Picture         Peadatis           • Tractory Name         Description           • Picture         Peadatis           • Tractory Name         Description           • Tractory Name         Description           Differ         Description           Versity Name         Description		<ul> <li>AMDEINE</li> </ul>	-AMD Live Driver	
Texting Vision         Description           • Reades:         Parallels: High Definition Audio driver           • Reference:         Description           • Reference:         Description           • Reference:         Reference:				
Texting Vision         Description           • Reades:         Parallels: High Definition Audio driver           • Reference:         Description           • Reference:         Description           • Reference:         Reference:		Audio		
Reades: Paradas kign Definition Audo driver      National:     Nationa:     National:     National:     Nationa:     National:     Nation			Description	
Network         Description           Description         Preadment 11.19780 LAN other           PR011         Preadment 11.19780 LAN other           PR011         Preadment 11.19780 LAN other           PR011         Preadment 11.19780 LAN other           Preadment 11.19780 LAN other         Preadment 11.19780 LAN other           Other         Description           Octave         Oparticle GATs and RAO Onser           Address         Description				
Vectory Kawe     Peschefine     Pestit				
Vectory Kawe     Peschefine     Pestit		Wetwork		
			Description	
FTL TOOL Preadle Ethermet Teaming UtilityCole support/PMHala 32-bit Cd)  Other  Exectory Name CodAta Coglisher BATA and RAD Driver  Arthores				
Other         Description           Deckey Name         Description           • GSATA         Departure SATA and RAO Driver           Advisors         Description				
Thectory Name Description		C		
Ospathe BATA and RAD Driver  Activeus		Wher		
Ospathe BATA and RAD Driver  Activeus		Directory Name	Description	
		• GSATA	Olgabyte SATA and RAID Driver	
Directory Rame Description		Untwines		
		Directory Name	Description	

# 3-4 Hardware Information

This page provides information about the hardware devices on this motherboard.

Install Chipset Drivers	Hardware Information The following shows the detailed hardware information about your motherboard	
Software Applications		
Driver CD Information		
Hardware Information	System Mde BIOS addr:GA-MA78GM-92H D12 - CPU3deCFU-AMD (AuthenticAND)	Î
Contact Us	Memory Info:457,136 KB RAM	
	elected distantification     control distantification     control     contro     cont	
	Device Extension Security	
	Device Descriptive:PCI standard host CPU bridge     Device DEvice Device DEvice Provider Microsot	
	Device Description/PCI standard host CPU bridge     Device DeliverIProvider.Microsoft	
	Device Description: PCI standard host CPU bridge     Device	

# 3-5 Contact Us

Check the contacts information of the GIGABYTE headquarter in Taiwan and the overseas branch offices on the last page of this manual.




# Chapter 4 Unique Features

## 4-1 Xpress Recovery2



Xpress Recovery2 is a utility that allows you to quickly compress and back up your system data and perform restoration of it. Supporting NTFS, FAT32, and FAT16 file systems, Xpress Recovery2 can back up data on PATA and SATA hard drives and restore it.

#### Before You Begin:

- Xpress Recovery2 will check the first physical hard drive\* for the operating system. Xpress Recovery2 can only back up/restore the first physical hard drive that has the operating system installed.
- As Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file at the end of the hard drive, make sure to leave enough unallocated space in advanced (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data).
- It is recommended to back up your system soon after the operating system and drivers are installed.
- The amount of data and hard drive access speed may affect the speed at which the data is backed up/restored.
- It takes longer to back up a hard drive than to restore it.

#### System Requirements:

- AMD platform
- At least 64 MB of system memory
- VESA compatible graphics card
- Windows® 2000 with SP3 or later; Windows® XP with SP1 or later



- Xpress Recovery and Xpress Recovery2 are different utilities. For example, a backup file created with Xpress Recovery cannot be restored using Xpress Recovery2.
- USB hard drives are not supported.
- Hard drives in RAID/AHCI mode are not supported.

\*\*\* Xpress Recovery2 checks the first physical hard drive in the following sequence: The first PATA IDE connector, the second PATA IDE connector, the first SATA connector, the second SATA connector and so forth. For example, when hard drives are attached to the first IDE and the first SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first IDE connector is the first physical drive. When hard drives are attached to the first SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first ACTA connectors, the hard drive on the first SATA connector is the first physical drive.

#### Installation and Configuration

(The following procedure uses Windows XP as the example operating system.)

#### A. Installing Windows XP and Partitioning the Hard Drive

- 1. Set CD-ROM drive as the first boot device under "Advanced BIOS Features" in the BIOS Setup program. Save the changes and exit.
- When partitioning your hard drive (Figure 1), make sure to leave unallocated space for Xpress Recovery2 (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data) (Figure 2).

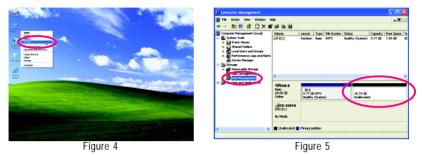


3. Select a file system (for example, NTFS) and begin the installation of the operating system (Figure 3).



Figure 3

4. After the operating system is installed, right-click the My Computer icon on your desktop and select Manage (Figure 4). Go to Computer Management to check disk allocation. Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file to the unallocated space (black stripe along the top)(Figure 5). Please note that if there is no enough unallocated space, Xpress Recovery2 cannot save the backup file.



5. If your hard drive is not properly partitioned before you install the operating system, you may create new partitions using free space on your hard drive (Figure 6, 7). However, if **Disk Management** shows the hard drive only contains the System partition without any unallocated space, you will not be able to create new partitions or use Xpress Recovery2. If this occurs, reinstall the operating system and re-partition your hard drive.





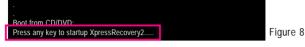


Figure 7

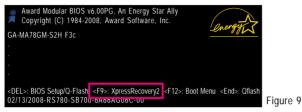
In the New Partition Wizard, you MUST select **Primary partition**. This will reserve unallocated space for Xpress Recovery2 to use.

#### B. Accessing Xpress Recovery2

 Boot from the motherboard driver disk to access Xpress Recovery2 for the first time. When you see the following message: Press any key to startup Xpress Recovery2 (Figure 8), press any key to enter Xpress Recovery2.



 After you use the backup function in Xpress Recovery2 for the first time, Xpress Recovery2 will stay permanent in your hard drive. If you wish to enter Xpress Recovery2 later, simply press <F9> during the POST (Figure 9).

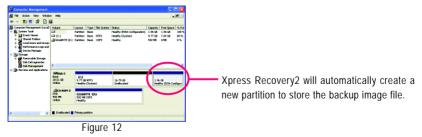


### C. Using the Backup Function in Xpress Recovery2

- 1. Select **BACKUP** to start backing up your hard drive data (Figure 10).
- Xpress Recovery2 will then begin to search the first physical hard drive as the target drive and detect whether this hard drive contains the Windows operating system. When the Windows operating system is detected, Xpress Recovery2 will begin the backup process (Figure 11).



3. When finished, go to Disk Management to check disk allocation.



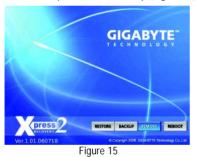
### D. Using the Restore Function in Xpress Recovery2

Select **RESTORE** to restore the backup to your hard drive in case the system breaks down. The **RESTORE** option will not be present if no backup is created before (Figure 13, 14).



### E. Removing the Backup

- 1. If you wish to remove the backup file, select **REMOVE** (Figure 15).
- 2. After the backup file is removed, no backup image file will be present in **Disk Management** and hard drive space will be freed up (Figure 16).



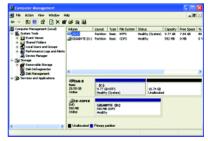
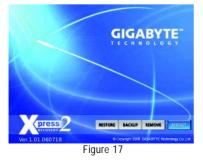


Figure 16

### F. Exiting Xpress Recovery2

Select REBOOT to exit Xpress Recovery2.



# 4-2 BIOS Update Utilities

GIGABYTE motherboards provide two unique BIOS update tools, Q-Flash<sup>™</sup> and @BIOS<sup>™</sup>. GIGABYTE Q-Flash and @BIOS are easy-to-use and allow you to update the BIOS without the need to enter MS-DOS mode.



#### What is Q-Flash<sup>™</sup>?

With Q-Flash you can update the system BIOS without having to enter operating systems like MS-DOS or Window first. Embedded in the BIOS, the

Q-Flash tool frees you from the hassles of going through complicated BIOS flashing process.



#### What is @BIOS<sup>™</sup>?

@BIOS allows you to update the system BIOS while in the Windows environment. @BIOS will download the latest BIOS file from the nearest

@BIOS server site and update the BIOS.

### 4-2-1 Updating the BIOS with the Q-Flash Utility

#### A. Before You Begin:

- 1. From GIGABYTE's website, download the latest compressed BIOS update file that matches your motherboard model.
- Extract the file and save the new BIOS file (e.g. MA78GS2H.F1) to your floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive. Note: The USB flash drive or hard drive must use FAT32/16/12 file system.
- Restart the system. During the POST, press the <End> key to enter Q-Flash. Note: You can access Q-Flash by either pressing the <End> key during the POST or pressing the <F8> key in BIOS Setup. However, if the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.





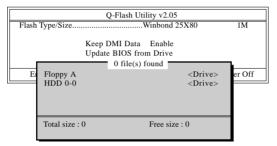
Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, please do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

### B. Updating the BIOS

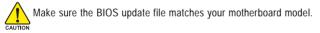
When updating the BIOS, choose the location where the BIOS file is saved. The follow procedure assumes that you save the BIOS file to a floppy disk.

Step 1:

- Insert the floppy disk containing the BIOS file into the floppy disk drive. In the main menu of Q-Flash, use the up or down arrow key to select Update BIOS from Drive and press <Enter>.
  - The Save Main BIOS to Drive option allows you to save the current BIOS file.
  - Q-Flash only supports USB flash drive or hard drives using FAT32/16/12 file system.
    - If the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.
- 2. Select Floppy A and press <Enter>.



3. Select the BIOS update file and press <Enter>.



Step 2:

The process of the system reading the BIOS file from the floppy disk is displayed on the screen. When the message "Are you sure to update BIOS?" appears, press <Enter> to begin the BIOS update. The monitor will display the update process.

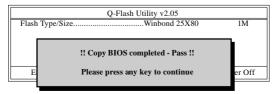


Do not turn off or restart the system when the system is reading/updating the BIOS.

 Do not remove the floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive when the system is updating the BIOS.

#### Step 3:

When the update process is complete, press any key to return to the main menu.



Step 4:

Press <Esc> and then <Enter> to exit Q-Flash and reboot the system. As the system boots, you should see the new BIOS version is present on the POST screen.

Step 5:

During the POST, press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults. System will re-detect all peripherals devices after a BIOS update, so we recommend that you reload BIOS defaults.

CMOS Setu	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software			
Standard CMOS Features     Advanced BIOS Features     Integrated Peripherals		Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password		
Power Ma     PnP/PCI (     PC Health Status     MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T	Load Optimized D	efaults (Y/N)? Y Exit without saving		
ESC: Quit F8: Q-Flash	↑↓→←: Select It F10: Save & Exit			
Load Optimized Defaults				

Press <Y> to load BIOS defaults

Step 6:

Select **Save & Exit Setup** and then press <Y> to save settings to CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. The procedure is complete after the system restarts.

### 4-2-2 Updating the BIOS with the @BIOS Utility

### A. Before You Begin:

- In Windows, close all applications and TSR (Terminate and Stay Resident) programs. This helps 1 prevent unexpected failures when performing a BIOS update.
- 2 During the BIOS update process, ensure the Internet connection is stable and do NOT interrupt the Internet connection (for example, avoid a power loss or switching off the Internet). Failure to do so may result in a corrupted BIOS or a system that is unable to start.
- 3. Do not use the C.O.M. (Corporate Online Management) function when using @BIOS.
- 4. GIGABYTE product warranty does not cover any BIOS damage or system failure resulting from an inadequate BIOS flashing.

### B. Installing and Using @BIOS:

. . ...

Use the motherboard driver disk included with the motherboard to install @BIOS.

<ul> <li>Inst</li> </ul>	alling the @BIOS utility.	<ul> <li>Accessing the @BIOS utility.</li> </ul>
GIGABY	In the second Se	agen March
Contact like	Net for views or policy Alas Forting Transaction of 2011 No	Adventisator
	And Marcel 1999 - An agent to the design of the second sec	Click Start>All Programs>GIGABYTE>@BIOS
	Mar Barner Barne	American     Annue
	Provide Management     Provide Managemen	Original Constraints     Original Constraints     Original Constraints     Original Constraints     Original Constraints     Original Constraints
	Select @BIOS and click Install.	Santh Andam     Manunda Row     Manunda Row     Satura Row
	F (ST SHORE SHERE A) SHERE AN	Martin Constanting and Constan

C. Options and Instructions:

#### 1. Save the Current BIOS File

In the main dialog box of @BIOS, Save Current BIOS allows you to save the current BIOS file.

2. Update the BIOS Using the Internet Update Function







Select the @BIOS server site closest to your location and click OK.

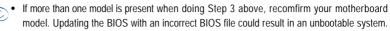
Step 1:

Select the Find BIOS From Gigabyte check box and click Update New BIOS.



Step 3:

First make sure the model name on the screen is correct, then click **OK**. Upon completion, restart your system.



 If the BIOS update file for your motherboard is not present on the @BIOS server site, please manually download the BIOS update file from GIGABYTE's website and follow the instructions in "Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function" below.

Step 4:

NOTE

As the system reboots, press <Delete> to enter the BIOS Setup program. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults.

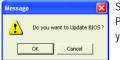
### 3. Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function

Clightlyte (20105 Unitity Ver.1.27 Currer Molectoad Irio Pash Mercy Type (Writhond 25:00 Hash Mercy Type (Units Sign On Message: 2017 Click Update New BIOS			
Click Update New BIOS     Clex DMI Data Pool     Save Career BIOS			
Check @SIOS Updates	About this program Exit		
100%			
Step 1:			

Look in:	3% Floppy (A:)	 ef 💷 -
MA7033	2H F1	
File name:	34479082H Fi	 Open

Step 2:

In the **Open** dialog box, select **All Files (\*.\*)** in the **Files of type** list. Select the location where you save the BIOS update file (e.g. MA78GS2H. F1) obtained from the Internet or through other source.



Click Update New BIOS.

### Step 3:

Press **OK** to begin the BIOS update process. Upon completion, restart your system.

Make sure the extracted BIOS file matches your motherboard model. Updating the BIOS wore with an incorrect BIOS file could result in an unbootable system.

Step 4:

As the system boots, press <Delete> to enter the BIOS Setup program. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults.

# 4-3 EasyTune 5 Pro

EasyTune<sup>™</sup> 5 Pro, an easy-to-use and convenient system overclocking and management tool, lets you do overclock and overvoltage in Windows environment, eliminating the need to enter the BIOS Setup program. EasyTune 5 Pro provides the following functions <sup>(Note 1)</sup>: overclocking/overvoltage, C.I.A./M.I.B. <sup>(Note 2)</sup>, smart fan control, and hardware monitoring and warning. (For instructions on using EasyTune5 Pro, read or download the information on/from the Support\Motherboard\Utility page on our website.)

### The EasyTune 5 Pro Interface



### **Button Information Table**

	Button/Display	Description
1.	OVERCLOCKING	Enters the OVERCLOCKING setting page
2.	C.I.A./M.I.B.	Enters the C.I.A. and M.I.B. setting page
3.	SMART FAN	Enters the SMART FAN setting page
4.	PC HEALTH	Enters the PC HEALTH setting page
5.	GO	Confirmation/execution button
6.	EASY MODE/ADVANCED MODE/	Toggles among Easy Mode, Advanced Mode, and
	GRAPHICS	Graphics Mode
7.	Display Area	Displays the CPU frequency
8.	Function LEDs	Shows the supported function(s)
9.	Live Update	Go to GIGABYTE website to update EasyTune 5 Pro
10.	Help	Opens EasyTune 5 Pro help file
11.	Exit/Minimize	Quits or minimizes the EasyTune 5 Pro interface
12.	Turbo Boost	Performance Enhancement



Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. Before you do the overclock/overvoltage, make sure that you fully know how to use each function of EasyTune 5 Pro, or system instability or other unexpected results may occur.

(Note 1) Available functions in EasyTune 5 Pro may differ by motherboard model.

(Note 2) C.I.A. and M.I.B. may provide optimizations for CPU and memory, enhancing the performance of these components.

# 4-4 Windows Vista ReadyBoost

Windows ReadyBoost allows you to use flash memory on a Windows Vista certified USB flash drive to boost your computer's performance. You may enable ReadyBoost and allocate part of your USB flash drive's memory to speed up your computer.

Follow the steps below to enable the ReadyBoost function:



Step 1: Go to Computer. Right-click on the USB flash drive icon and choose Properties.

😞 Removable Disk (G) Properties 🛛 🛁
General Tools Hardware Sharing ReadyBoost Customize
Speed up your system by utilizing the available space on this device.
Do not use this device.
Use this device.
Space to reserve for system speed:
() 870 (C) MB
While the device is being used for system speed the reserved space will not be available for file storage.
Windows recommends reserving 870 MB for optimal performance.
Bease read, our privacy statement (police)
OK Cancel Acoly

#### Step 2:

In the **ReadyBoost** tab, select **Use this device**. Under **Space to reserve for system speed**, set the amount of memory space to use for ReadyBoost using the slider or spin box. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to turn on ReadyBoost.

- NOTE
- The USB flash drive must have at least 256 MB of space.
  - The recommended amount of memory to use for ReadyBoost acceleration is one to three times the amount of RAM installed in your computer.

# Chapter 5 Appendix

# 5-1 Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)

#### To configure SATA hard drive(s), follow the steps below:

- A. Install SATA hard drive(s) in your computer.
- B. Configure SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup.
- C. Configure a RAID array in RAID BIOS. (Note 1)
- D. Make a floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver. (Note 2)
- E. Install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and operating system. (Note 2)

#### Before you begin

Please prepare:

- At least two SATA hard drives (to ensure optimal performance, it is recommended that you use two hard drives with identical model and capacity). If you do not want to create RAID, you may prepare only one hard drive.
- An empty formatted floppy disk.
- Windows Vista/XP/2000 setup disk.
- Motherboard driver disk. (Note 3)

### 5-1-1 Configuring the Onboard SATA Controller

#### A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Attach one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive and the other end to available SATA port on the motherboard. Then connect the power connector from your power supply to the hard drive.

(Note 1) Skip this step if you do not want to create RAID array on the SATA controller.

- (Note 2) Required when the SATA controller is set to AHCI or RAID mode.
- (Note 3) To install Windows Vista onto your SATA RAID drives, please go to GIGABYTE's website to download the Windows Vista SATA RAID driver.

### B. Configuring SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup .

#### Step 1:

Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST (Power-On Self-Test). Ensure OnChip SATA Controller is enabled under Integrated Peripherals. To create RAID, set OnChip SATA Type to RAID. Then enable the SATA channels with hard disks that you want to use for RAID (for example, OnChip SATA Port4/5 Type controls the SATAII4/ESATA connector)(Figure 1).

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software Integrated Peripherals		
OnChip IDE Channel	[Enabled]	Item Help
OnChip SATA Controller	[Enabled]	Menu Level
OnChip SATA Type	[RAID]	
OnChip SATA Port4/5 Type	[As SATA Type]	
Onboard Audio Function	Enabled	
OnChip USB Controller	[Enabled]	
USB EHCI Controller	[Enabled]	
USB Keyboard Support	[Disabled]	
USB Mouse Support	[Disabled]	
Legacy USB storage detect	[Enabled]	
Onboard 1394 Function	[Enabled]	
Onboard LAN Function	[Enabled]	
SMART LAN	[Press Enter]	
Onboard LAN Boot ROM	[Disabled]	
Onboard Serial Port 1	[3F8/IRQ4]	
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]	
Parallel Port Mode	[SPP]	
x ECP Mode Use DMA		
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ : Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ES	C: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7	: Optimized Defaults

Figure 1

Step 2: Save changes and exit BIOS Setup.

NOTE

The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

# C. Configuring RAID set in RAID BIOS

Enter the RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step if you do not want to create RAID.

Step 1:

After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl-F> to enter FastBuild (tm) Utility" (Figure 2). Hit the <Ctrl>+<F> key to enter the RAID BIOS setup utility.



Figure 2

Step 2:

#### Main Menu

This is the first option screen when you enter the BIOS RAID Setup utility. (Figure 3).

To view the disk drives assigned to arrays, press <1> to enter the **View Drive Assignments** window. To create an array, press <2> to enter the **Define LD** window.

To delete an array, press <3> to enter the **Delete LD** window.

To view controller settings, press <4> to enter the **Controller Configuration** window.

FastBuild (tm) Utility (c) 2007 Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.	
[ Main Menu ]	
View Drive Assignments[1]	
Define LD[2]	
Delete LD [ 3 ]	
Controller Configuration	
[ Keys Available ]	
Press 14 to Select Option	[ESC] Exit

Figure 3

#### Create Arrays Manually

To create a new array, press <2> to enter the **Define LD** window (Figure 4). The **Define LD** selection from the **Main Menu** allows users to begin the process of manually defining the drive elements and RAID levels for one or multiple disk arrays attached to the AMD SB700 controller.

FastBuild (tr	n) Utility (c)	2007 Advanced M	icro Devices, Ind Define LD Mer			
LD	No R	AID Mode	Total Drv	Capacity (MB)	Status	
LD	1					
LD	2					
LD						
LD						
LD						
LD	6					
LD	7					
LD						
LD						
LD	10					
				,		
			[ Keys Availabl	e j		
[↑] Up	[↓] Down	[ESC] Exit	[Enter]	Select		
			Element A			

Figure 4

In Figure 4, use the up or down arrow key to move to a logical disk set and press <Enter> to enter the RAID configuration menu (Figure 5).

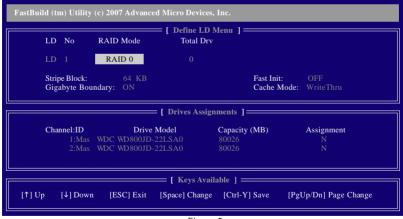


Figure 5

In the following procedure, we'll create RAID 0 as an example.

- 1. Under the **RAID Mode** section, press the <SPACE> key to select **RAID 0**.
- 2. Set the **Stripe Block** size. 64 KB is the default.
- 3. Under the Drives Assignments section, press the up or down arrow key to highlight a drive.
- Press the <SPACE> key or <Y> to change the Assignment option to Y. This action adds the drive to the disk array. The Total Drv section will show the number of disks assigned.
- 5. Press <Ctrl>+<Y> keys to save the information. The window below will appear.



Figure 6

 Press <Ctrl>+<Y> to clear the MBR or press other keys to ignore this option. Then, the window below will appear.

Press Ctrl-Y to Modify Array Capacity or press any other key to use maximum capacity...

Figure 7

- Press <Ctrl>+<Y> to set the capacity of the RAID array or press other keys to set the array to its maximum capacity.
- 8. After the creation is complete, the screen will return to **Define LD Menu** where you will see the newly-created array.
- Press <Esc> to return to Main Menu and press <Esc> again if you want to exit the RAID BIOS utility.

#### View Drive Assignments

The **View Drive Assignments** option in the **Main Menu** displays whether drives attached to the ATI SB700 controller are assigned to a disk array or are unassigned. Under the **Assignment** column, drives are labeled with their assigned disk array or shown as **Free** if unassigned.

	[ View Driv	es Assignments ]	
Channel:ID	Drive Model	Capacity (MB)	Assignment
1:Mas	WDC WD800JD-22LSA0	80026	
2:Mas	Extent 1 WDC WD800JD-22LSA0	79959 80026	LD 1-1
	Extent 1	79959	LD 1-2
	[ Key:	s Available ] ======	

Figure 8

#### Delete an Arrav

The **Delete Array** menu option allows for deletion of disk array assignments.



Deleting an existing disk array could result in loss of data. Record all array information including the array type, the disk members, and stripe block size in case you wish to undo a deletion.

- 1. To delete an array, press <3> in the Main Menu to enter the Delete LD Menu. Then highlight the array you wish to delete and press the <Delete> key or the <Alt>+<D> keys.
- 2. The **View LD Definition Menu** will appear (as shown in Figure 9) showing which drives are assigned to this array. Press <Ctrl>+<Y> if you are sure to delete the array or other keys to abort.
- 3. When the array is deleted, the screen will return to Delete LD Menu. Press <Esc>to return to Main Menu.

FastBuild (tm) Utilit	y (c) 2007 Advance	ed Micro Device	es, Inc.	
LD No	RAID Mode	View LD Defin Total Drv	ition Menu ] Capacity (MB)	Status
LD 1	RAID 0		158000	Functional
Stripe Block:	64KB		Cache Mode: Writ	teThru
		= [ Drives Assi	gnments ]	
Channel:ID 1:Mas 2:Mas	WDC WD800JD-: WDC WD800JD-: Press C		Capacity (MB) 80026 80026 he data in the disk! = o abort =	

Figure 9

# 5-1-2 Making a SATA RAID/AHCI Driver Diskette

# (Required for AHCI and RAID Mode)

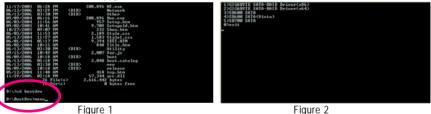
To successfully install operating system onto SATA hard drive(s) that is/are configured to RAID/AHCI mode, you need to install the SATA controller driver during the OS installation. Without the driver, the hard drive may not be recognized during the Windows setup process (Note 1). First of all, copy the driver for the SATA controller from the motherboard driver disk to a floppy disk. For installing Windows Vista, you may load the SATA RAID driver from the motherboard driver disk directly during the OS installation process. For more details, refer to the next section, "5-1-3."

See the instructions below about how to copy the driver in MS-DOS mode (Note 2). Prepare a startup disk that has CD-ROM support and a blank formatted floppy disk.

Step 1: Insert the prepared startup disk and motherboard driver disk in your system. Boot from the startup disk. Once at the A:\> prompt, change to your optical drive (example: D:\>). At the D:\> prompt, type the following two commands. Press <Enter> after each command (Figure 1):

cd bootdrv menu

Step 2: When the controller menu (Figure 2) appears, remove the startup disk and insert the blank formatted disk. Select the controller driver by pressing the corresponding letter from the menu. For example, from the menu in Figure 2, to install Windows XP to your RAID/AHCI hard drives, select (5) SB700 SATA for the AMD SB700 SATA controller. Your system will then automatically zip and transfer this driver file to the floppy disk. Press <0> to exit when finished.



- (Note 1) For AHCI drives, installation of Windows Vista does not require you to install the SATA AHCI driver in advance during the OS installation process.
- (Note 2) For users without a startup disk:

Use an alternative system and insert the motherboard driver disk. From your optical drive folder, double click the **MENU.exe** file in the **BootDrv** folder (Figure 3). A command prompt window will open similar to that in Figure 2.



Figure 3

# 5-1-3 Installing the SATA RAID/AHCI Driver and Operating System

You are ready to install Windows Vista/XP/2000 onto your hard drive(s). The following is an example of Windows XP and Vista installation.

#### A. Installing Windows XP

Step 1: Restart your system to boot from the Windows XP setup disk and press <F6> as soon as you see the message "Press F6 if you need to install a 3rd party SCSI or RAID driver" (Figure 1). After pressing <F6>, there will be a few moments of some files being loaded before you see the next screen.



Figure 1

Step 2:

When a screen similar to that below appears, insert the floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and press <S> (Figure 2).

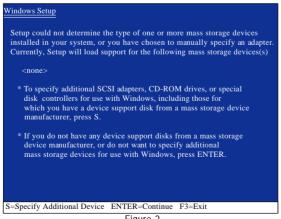


Figure 2

Step 3:

When Setup correctly recognizes the AMD SB700 SATA RAID/AHCI driver in the floppy disk, a controller menu similar to Figure 3 below will appear. Use the arrow keys to select **AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller-x86 platform** and press <Enter>.

Windows Setup
You have chosen to configure a SCSI Adapter for use with Windows, using a device support disk provided by an adapter manufacturer.
Select the SCSI Adapter you want from the following list, or press ESC to return to the previous screen.
AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller-x86 platform AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller-x64 platform
ENTER=Select F3=Exit

Figure 3

If a message appears saying one or some file(s) cannot be found, please check the floppy disk or copy the correct SATA RAID/AHCI driver again from the motherboard driver disk.

When the screen as shown below appears, press <Enter> to continue the driver installation from the floppy disk. The driver installation will be finished in about one minute.

Windows Setup
Setup will load support for the following mass storage device(s):
AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller-x86 platform
* To specify additional SCSI adapters, CD-ROM drives, or special disk controllers for use with Windows, including those for which you have a device support disk from a mass storage device manufacturer, press S.
* If you do not have any device support disks from a mass storage device manufacturer, or do not want to specify additional mass storage devices for use with Windows, press ENTER.
S=Specify Additional Device ENTER=Continue F3=Exit
Figure 4

Step 4:

After the SATA RAID/AHCI driver installation is completed, you can proceed with the Windows XP installation.

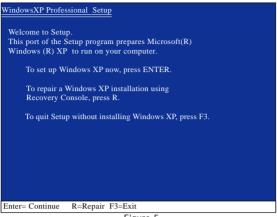


Figure 5

# B. Installing Windows Vista (Note)

(The procedure below assumes that only one RAID array exists in your system.)

Step 1:

Restart your system to boot from the Windows Vista setup disk and perform standard OS installation steps. When a screen similar to that below appears (RAID hard drive will not be detected at this stage), select **Load Driver**. (Figure 6).

Name		Total Size	Free Space Ty	pe .
in Befresh			Drive options (a	dvanced)
Load Driver				

Figure 6

Step 2:

Specify the location where the driver is saved, such as your floppy disk (Figure 7).

Select the d	iver to be installed. Browne for folder	
	Brows to the diver(d), and then dist DC	
P Hide drivers	that . OK Cancel	

Figure 7

(Note) For AHCI drives, installation of Windows Vista does not require you to install the SATA AHCI driver in advance during the OS installation process.

Step 3:

When a screen as shown in Figure 8 appears, select AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller and press Next.

🚱 🏘 İnstall Windows		
Select the driver to be installed.		
AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller		
$\overline{\mathbf{P}}$ . Hide drivers that are not compatible with hardware on this computer.		
Bigivise	1	jed
Figure 8		

Step 4:

After the driver is loaded, the RAID drive will appear. Select the RAID drive and then press **Next** to continue the OS installation (Figure 9).

where do you want to	install Window	s?	
Name		Total Size	Free Space Type
Disk 0 Unallocated S	ipace	80.0 GB	80.0 G8
€p Befresh			Drive options (gdvanced)
🛃 Load Driver			

Figure 9

The install menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by driver version.

# 5-2 Configuring Audio Input and Output

# 5-2-1 Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio

The motherboard provides six audio jacks on the back panel which support 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel audio. The picture to the right shows the default audio jack assignments.

The integrated HD (High Definition) audio provides jack retasking capability that allows the user to change the function for each jack through the audio driver.



For example, in a 4-channel audio configuration, if a Rear speaker is plugged into the default Center/ Subwoofer speaker out jack, you can retask the Center/Subwoofer speaker out jack to be Rear speaker out.



- To install a microphone, connect your microphone to the Mic in jack and manually configure the jack for microphone functionality.
- If your front panel audio supports Intel HD Audio standard, you can have both the front and back panel audio connectors active simultaneously.

## High Definition Audio (HD Audio)

HD Audio includes multiple high quality digital-to-analog converters (DACs) that support 44.1KHz/ 48KHz/ 96KHz/192KHz sampling rate. HD Audio features multistreaming capabilities that allow multiple audio streams (in and out) to be simultaneously processed. For example, users can listen to MP3 music, have an Internet chat, make a telephone call over the Internet, and etc. all at the same time.

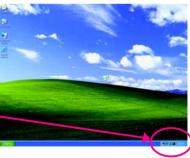
# A. Configuring Speakers:

(The following instructions use Windows XP as the example operating system.)

#### Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **Audio Manager** icon i will appear in your system tray. Doubleclick the icon to access the Audio Control Panel.







Before installing the audio driver, make sure the "Microsoft UAA Bus driver for High Definition Audio" has been installed from the motherboard driver disk and your operating system has been updated with the latest Service Pack for Windows.

(Note) 2/4/5.1/7.1- Channel Audio Configurations:

- Refer to the following for multi-channel speaker configurations.
- 2 -channel audio: Headphone or Line out.
- · 4- channel audio: Front speaker out and Rear speaker out.
- 5.1- channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, and Center/Subwoofer speaker out.
- 7.1 -channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, Center/Subwoofer speaker out, and Side speaker out.

#### Step 2:

Click the Audio I/O tab. In the speaker list on the left, select 2CH Speaker, 4CH Speaker, 6CH Speaker, or 8CH Speaker according to the type of speaker configuration you wish to set up.

Step 3:

Everytime you connect an audio device to an audio jack, the **Connected device** box appears. Select the device according to the type of device you connect. Then click **OK** to complete the configuration.

# B. Configuring Sound Effect:

You may configure an audio environment on the **Sound Effect** tab.

# C. Configuring AC'97 Audio:

If you want to connect an AC'97 front panel audio module, click the tool icon on the **Audio I/O** tab On the **Global Connector Settings** box, select the **Disable front panel jack detection** check box. Click **OK** to activiate the AC'97 functionality.







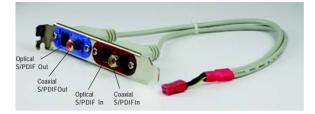




When using an AC'97 front panel audio module, you can only have audio signals present on either the front or the back panel audio connections, but not both at the same time.

# 5-2-2 Installing the S/PDIF In and Out Cable (Optional)

The S/PDIF in and out cable provides S/PDIF in and S/PDIF out functionalities.



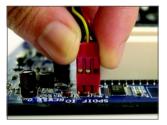
## S/PDIF in:

The S/PDIF in jacks allow you to input digital audio signals to the computer for audio processing.

## S/PDIF out:

The S/PDIF out jacks can transmit audio signals to an external decoder for decoding to get the best audio quality. Install the S/PDIF in and out cable if you want to output S/PDIF digital audio signals to an external decoder (or you may use the optical S/PDIF out connector on the motherboard back panel).

# A. Installing the S/PDIF In and Out Cable:



Step 1: First, attach the connector at the end of the cable to the SPDIF\_IO header on your motherboard.



Step 2: Secure the metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.



Step 3:

Connect a S/PDIF coaxial cable or a S/PDIF optical cable (either one) to an external decoder for transmitting the S/PDIF digital audio signals.

S/PDIF Coaxial Cable



S/PDIF Optical Cable

# B. Configuring S/PDIF out:

Click the tool icon in the **DIGITAL** section. In the **S/PDIF In/Out Settings** dialog box, select an output sampling rate and select (or disable) the output source. Click **OK** to complete the configuration.





# 5-2-3 Enabling the DTS (Digital Theater Systems) Function

Before DTS is enabled, you would get only 2-channel output signals (from the front speakers) when playing 2-channel music. You must play 4-, 5.1-, or 7.1- channel music sources to produce 4-, 5.1-, or 7.1- channel audio effects.

With DTS enabled, the system will transform two-channel stereo source material into multi-channel audio output, creating a virtual surround sound environment<sup>(Note)</sup>.



After installing the audio driver, at the center bottom of the Audio Control Panel, you should find the DTS control button as shown below:



- 1. Second state of the sec
- 2. dts NEO : PC" :

Press this button to enable or disable the dts NEO : PC function.

Enabling dts NEO : PC allows the system to transform ordinary 2-channel stereo content into 4-, 5.1-, or 7.1- channel surround sound, depending on your speaker configurations.

3. dts INTERACTIVE" :

If your surround sound system is connected via an external decoder, click the Audio I/O tab in the Audio Control Panel. Either click **DTS Interactive** in the upper left list or click the **dts INTERAC**-

**TIVE** button at the center bottom of the Audio Control Panel. And click the **dts NEO** : **PC** button. The system will then simulate 5.1 channel surround sound playback from two-channel content.



(Note) When DTS Interactive is enabled, only digital auio output (S/PDIF) is working, and you will not hear sound from analog speaker or headphone.

#### 4. Digital PCM Output Setup:

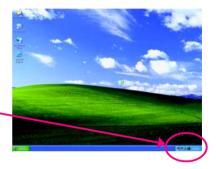
In the Audio Control Panel, click the **Audio I/O** tab. In the upper left list, click **Digital PCM Output**. Enable this function to allow digital audio sources that are not digitally processed by DTS encoding to be output from the S/PDIF OUT.



# 5-2-4 Configuring Microphone Recording

#### Step 1:





## Step 2:

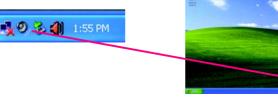
Connect your microphone to the Mic in jack (pink) on the back panel or the Mic in jack (pink) on the front panel. Then configure the jack for microphone functionality.

Note: The microphone functions on the front panel and back panel cannot be used at the same time.



# Step 3:

Locate the **Volume** icon **2** in your system tray and click it to open the volume control panel.





#### Step 4:

To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process when using the microphone function on the front panel, do not select the **Mute** check box under **Front Pink In** or **Front Green In** in **Master Volume**. It is recommended that you set the volume at a middle level.

To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process when using the microphone function on the back panel, do not select the **Mute** check box under **Rear Pink In** in **Master Volume**. It is recommended that you set the volume at its middle level.



## (Note)

If you cannot find the volume control options you need in **Master Volume**, go to the **Options** menu and then choose **Properties**. Select the volume control options you wish to show and click **OK** to complete.



Next, while in Master Volume, go to Options and click Properties. In the Mixer device list, select Realtek HD Audio Input. Then set the recording sound level properly. Do NOT mute the recording sound, or you will not hear any sound when playing back the recording you just made.

Optons Help Properties	Ware	SW Sunth	CD Player	Ford	Rea
Est	Properties	Balance	Edwor	Educe	4 B
Volume	Nier dovice Adjust vok Pieten Record	ck.	up.t		Volume
Realtak HD Audio output		lowing volume controls			
	SPDF Fonk Read Fonk Read Read Read Read Read Read	ineen In Isaa In Yak In Yak In Yak In Yanga In		•	
			OK Ca	neal I	



Select Realtek HD Audio Input in the Mixer device list

Options Help		
Recording	Mic Volume	Line Volume
Balance B - J- 4	Naturce B — ]— 4	Balance B
Volume	Values.	Value:
Mate al	Mule	Mute

**Recording Control** 

#### Step 6:

To raise the recording and playing sound for the microphone, go to **Options** in **Master Volume** and select **Advanced Controls**. Click the **Advanced** button under a volume control option (e.g. Front Green In, Front Pink In). In the **Other Controls** field, select the **1 Microphone Boost** check box.



#### Step 7:

After completion, click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **Accessories**, point to **Entertainment**, and then click **Sound Recorder** to begin the sound recording.

# 5-2-5 Using the Sound Recorder

## Recording the Sound:

- 1. Make sure you have connected the audio input device (e.g. microphone) to the computer.
- 2. On the  ${\bf File}$  menu, choose  ${\bf New}.$
- 3. To record a sound file, click the **Recording** button •

4. To stop the recording, click the **Stop** button **•**. Be sure to save the recording upon completion.

# Playing the Sound:

- 1. On the File menu, choose Open.
- In the **Open** dialog box, select the sound (.wav) file you wish to play.
- 3. To play a sound file, click the **Play** button **>>**.
- 4. To stop playing, click the Stop button .
- You may use the Fast Forward button dutton to move to the beginning of a file or the Fast Backward button button to the end.



# 5-3 Troubleshooting

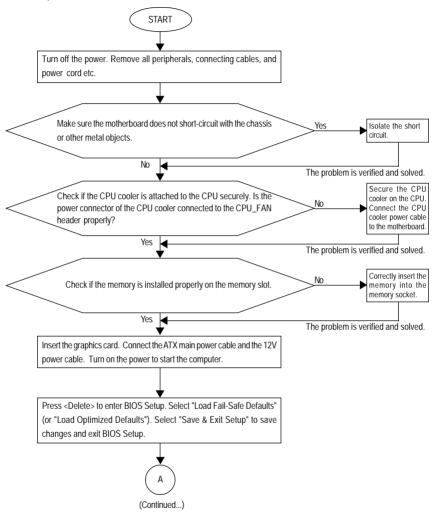
# 5-3-1 Frequently Asked Questions

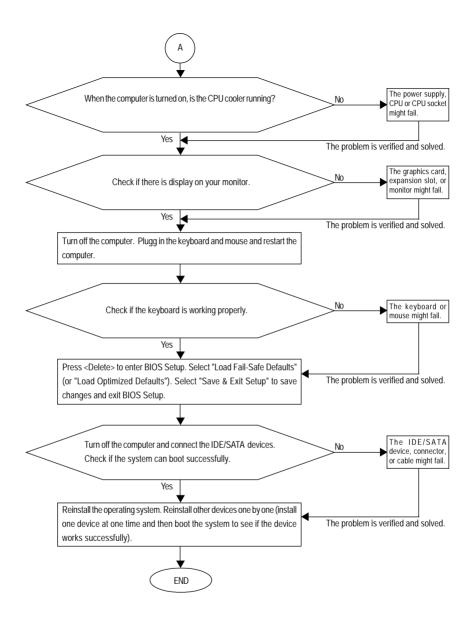
To read more FAQs for your motherboard, please go to the Support\Motherboard\FAQ page on GIGABYTE's website.

- Q: In the BIOS Setup program, why are some BIOS options missing?
- A: Some advanced options are hidden in the BIOS Setup program. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST. In the Main Menu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to show the advanced options.
- Q: Why is the light of my keyboard/optical mouse still on after the computer shuts down?
- A: Some motherboard provides a small amount of standby power after the computer shuts down and that's why the light is still on.
- Q: How do I clear the CMOS values?
- A: If your motherboard has a clearing CMOS jumper, refer to the instructions on the CLR\_CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 to short the jumper to clear the CMOS values. If your board doesn't have this jumper, refer to the instructions on the motherboard battery in Chapter 1. You can temporarily remove the battery from the battery holder to stop supplying power to the CMOS, which will clear the CMOS values after about one minute. Refer to the steps below: Steps:
  - 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
  - Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
  - 3. Replace the battery.
  - 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.
  - 5. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select "Load Fail-Safe Defaults" (or "Load Optimized Defaults") to load BIOS default settings.
  - 6. Saves changes and exit BIOS Setup (select "Save & Exit Setup") to restart your computer.
- Q:Why do I still get a weak sound even though I have turned my speaker to the maximum volume?
- A: Make sure your speaker is equipped with an internal amplifier. If not, try a speaker with power/ amplifier.
- Q: What do the beeps emitted during the POST mean?
- A: The following Award BIOS beep code descriptions may help you identify possible computer problems. (For reference only.)
  - 1 short: System boots successfully
  - 2 short: CMOS setting error
  - 1 long, 1 short: Memory or motherboard error
  - 1 long, 2 short: Monitor or graphics card error
  - 1 long, 3 short: Keyboard error
  - 1 long, 9 short: BIOS ROM error
  - Continuous long beeps: Graphics card not inserted properly
  - Continuous short beeps: Power error

# 5-3-2 Troubleshooting Procedure

If you encounter any troubles during system startup, follow the troubleshooting procedure below to solve the problem.







If the procedure above is unable to solve your problem, contact the place of purchase or local dealer for help. Or go to the Support\Technical Service Zone page to submit your question. Our customer service staff will reply you as soon as possible.

# **Regulatory Statements**

# **Regulatory Notices**

This document must not be copied without our written permission, and the contents there of must not be imparted to a third party nor be used for any unauthorized purpose. Contravention will be prosecuted. We believe that the information contained herein was accurate in all respects at the time of printing. GIGABYTE cannot, however, assume any responsibility for errors or omissions in this text. Also note that the information in this document is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by GIGABYTE.

## Our Commitment to Preserving the Environment

In addition to high-efficiency performance, all GIGABYTE motherboards fulfill European Union regulations for RoHS (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment) and WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) environmental directives, as well as most major worldwide safety requirements. To prevent releases of harmful substances into the environment and to maximize the use of our natural resources, GIGABYTE provides the following information on how you can responsibly recycle or reuse most of the materials in your "end of life" product.

# Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE products have not intended to add and safe from hazardous substances (Cd, Pb, Hg, Cr+6, PBDE and PBB). The parts and components have been carefully selected to meet RoHS requirement. Moreover, we at GIGABYTE are continuing our efforts to develop products that do not use internationally banned toxic chemicals.

## Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE will fulfill the national laws as interpreted from the 2002/96/EC WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive. The WEEE Directive specifies the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal of electric and electronic devices and their components. Under the Directive, used equipment must be marked, collected separately, and disposed of properly.

#### WEEE Symbol Statement



The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, the device should be taken to the waste collection centers for activation of the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal procedure. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the

time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local government office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product for details of environmentally safe recycling.

- When your electrical or electronic equipment is no longer useful to you, "take it back" to your local or regional waste collection administration for recycling.
- If you need further assistance in recycling, reusing in your "end of life" product, you may contact us at the Customer Care number listed in your product's user's manual and we will be glad to help you with your effort.

Finally, we suggest that you practice other environmentally friendly actions by understanding and using the energy-saving features of this product (where applicable), recycling the inner and outer packaging (including shipping containers) this product was delivered in, and by disposing of or recycling used batteries properly. With your help, we can reduce the amount of natural resources needed to produce electrical and electronic equipment, minimize the use of landfills for the disposal of "end of life" products, and generally improve our quality of life by ensuring that potentially hazardous substances are not released into the environment and are disposed of properly.

#### China Restriction of Hazardous Substances Table

The following table is supplied in compliance with China's Restriction of Hazardous Substances (China RoHS) requirements:



关于符合中国《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》的声明 Management Methods on Control of Pollution from Electronic Information Products (China Rokls Declaration)

产品中有毒有害物质	霞或元素的名称及含量
Hazardous Sul	stances Table

Hazardous Substances Table 有毒有害物质或元素(Hazardous Substances)							
部件名称(Parts)	铅(Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉(Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)	
PCB板 PCB	0	0	0	0	0	0	
结构件及风扇 Mechanical parts and Fan	×	0	0	0	0	0	
芯片及其他主动零件 Chip and other Active components	×	0	0	0	0	0	
连接器 Connectors	×	0	0	0	0	0	
被动电子元器件 Passive Components	×	0	0	0	0	0	
线材 Cables	0	0	0	0	0	0	
焊接金属 Soldering metal	0	0	0	0	0	0	
助焊剂, 散热膏, 标签及其他耗材 Flux,Solder Paste,Label and other Consumable Materials	0	0	0	0	0	0	
〇:表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求以下。 Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in all homogenous materials of this part is below the limit requirement SJ/T 11363-2006							
×:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求。 Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogenous materials of this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006							
对销售之日的所受售产品。本表显示我公司供应链的电子信息产品可能包含这些物质。注意:在所售产品中 可能会也可能不会含有所有所列的部件。 This table shows where these substances may be found in the supply chain of our electronic information products, as of the date of the sale of the enclosed products. Note that some of the component types listed above may or may not be a part of the enclosed product.							




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FAX: +886-2-8912-4003
Tech. and Non-Tech. Support (Sales/Marketing) :
http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw
WEB address (English): http://www.gigabyte.com.tw
WEB address (Chinese): http://www.gigabyte.tw

#### • U.S.A.

G.B.T. INC. TEL: +1-626-854-9338 FAX: +1-626-854-9339 Tech. Support: http://rma.gigabyte-usa.com Web address: http://www.gigabyte.us

# Mexico

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# Thailand WEB address : http://th.giga-byte.com Vietnam WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.vn

## China

NINGBO G.B.T. TECH. TRADING CO., LTD. WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.cn Shanghai TEL: +86-21-63410999 FAX:+86-21-63410100 Beiiina TEL:+86-10-62102838 FAX: +86-10-62102848 Wuhan TEL:+86-27-87851061 FAX:+86-27-87851330 GuangZhou TEL:+86-20-87540700 FAX: +86-20-87544306 ext. 333 Chenadu TEL: +86-28-85236930 FAX: +86-28-85256822 ext. 814 Xian TEL:+86-29-85531943 FAX: +86-29-85539821 Shenyang TEL:+86-24-83992901 FAX: +86-24-83992909 . India GIGABYTE TECHNOLOGY (INDIA) LIMITED WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.in . Saudi Arabia WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.sa Australia • GIGABYTE TECHNOLOGY PTY. LTD.

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.au

Germany	Russia
G.B.T. TECHNOLOGY TRADING GMBH	Moscow Representativ
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.de	Co., Ltd.
• U.K.	WEB address : http://w
G.B.T. TECH. CO., LTD.	Latvia
WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.co.uk	GIGA-BYTE Latvia
The Netherlands	WEB address : http://w
GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY B.V.	<ul> <li>Poland</li> </ul>
WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.nl	Office of GIGA-BYTE T
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WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.se	Ukraine
France	WEB address : http://w
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WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.fr	Representative Office 0
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WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.it	WEB address : http://w
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GIGA-BYTE SPAIN	Representative Office (
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You may go to the GIGABYTE website, select your language in the language list on the top right corner of the website.

# GIGABYTE Global Service System



To submit a technical or non-technical (Sales/ Marketing) question, please link to : http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw Then select your language to enter the system.