

Energy Management

Three-phase power analyzer with output modules

Type WM22-DIN



- Front dimensions: 9 DIN modules
- Analogue output by means of optional module (20mA or 10VDC)
- RS 422/485 Serial port by means of optional module
- Alarm output by means of optional module
- Dual pulse output by means of optional module
- Control of phase asymmetry

- Class 0.5 (current/voltage)
- Three-phase power analyzer
- Back-lighted LCD
- 4 x 3½ DGT instantaneous variables read out
- 7½ DGT energy read-out
- Measurements of system and phase variables: W, Wdmd, var, VA, VAdmd, PF ($\cos\phi$), V, A, Hz, THD-A, THD-V
- Measurements of total energies: kWh, kvarh
- Measurements of partial energies: kWh, kvarh
- Energy measurements according to EN61036 and EN61268
- TRMS measurements of distorted wave forms (voltages/currents)
- Two basic models: direct connection 20(90)AAC, CT 5(10)AAC and VT connection
- Maximum value indication of W dmd and VA dmd (only 5A version); maximum value indication of A (only 90A version)
- Self power supply (available for some models only) or auxiliary power supply: 24V, 48V, 115V, 230V, 50-60Hz; 18 to 60VDC, 77 to 143VDC
- Degree of protection (front): IP 40

Product description

Three-phase power analyzer with built-in configuration key-pad;

Particularly indicated for the analysis of main, secondary and energy metering electrical variables.

Housing for DIN-rail or wall-mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

Completely sealable housing. In case of direct connection up to 90A, the measuring input terminals are suitable for cables with a cross-section area from 6 to 35 mm².

The special design of the instrument's housing allows to add at any time the interface modules, even when the instrument is already installed.

The following modules are available:

- for all versions: pulses output;
- only for the versions with auxiliary power supply: analogue output, RS485 port or alarm output.

Type selection

| Range Code | Power supply | Slot A (retransmission) | Slot B (retransmission) |
|---|--|--|---|
| Auxiliary Power Supply: | For all versions | | |
| AV0: 208V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [3] | A: 24VAC -15+10%, 50-60Hz | X: None | Only with A-B-C-D-4 power supply |
| AV1: 400V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [1] | B: 48VAC -15+10%, 50-60Hz | O: AO2900 module Dual open collector output | XX: None |
| AV3: 660V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [2] | C: 115VAC -15+10%, 50-60Hz | Three operating modes: • two pulse outputs (kWh and kvarh); • one alarm output and one pulse output (kWh or kvarh) | A1: AO2920 module 0-20mADC analogue output |
| AV4: 208V _{L-L} /5(10)AAC [3] | D: 230VAC -15+10%, 50-60Hz | • one output which is remotely controlled by a serial port and one pulse output (kWh or kvarh) | V1: AO2921 module 0-10VDC analogue output |
| AV5: 400V _{L-L} /5(10)AAC [1] | 4: 18 to 60VDC | | S0: AR2950 module RS422/485 serial port |
| AV6: 100V _{L-L} /5(10)AAC [3] | 5: 77 to 143VDC | | |
| AV7: 660V _{L-L} /5(10)AAC [2] | AV2, AV8 and AV9 only | | |
| Self Power Supply: | X: Self Power Supply 400V _{L-L} (-20+15%, 50-60Hz) | | |
| AV2: 220V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [4] | 208V_{L-L} (-20+15%, 50-60Hz) | R: AO2910 module. One relay output + one open collector output. Operation modes like module AO2900. | |
| AV8: 208V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [1] | 220V_{L-L} (-10+15%, 50-60Hz) | | |
| AV9: 400V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [1] | | | |
| System | | | |
| 3 : Three-phase, unbalanced load with or without neutral | | | |

[1] Un: -20+15% [2] Un: -30+15% [3] Un: -20+20% [4] Un: -10 +15%

Input specifications

| Number of inputs | | Additional errors | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Current | 3 | Wave form | Acc. to EN61036, EN61268 | |
| Voltage | 4 | Voltage asymmetry | <1% (3 rd harmonic: 10%) | |
| Accuracy (display, RS485) | Ib: 5A, Imax: 10A Ib: 20A, Imax: 90A Un: see previous page "Range code" from 0.003lb to 0.2lb: ±(0.5%RDG +3DGT) from 0.2lb to Imax: ±(0.5%RDG +1DGT) | Magnetic induction | <0.5% (referred to Un) | |
| Current | in the range Un: ±(0.5% RDG + 1DGT) ±0.1% RDG (50 to 60 Hz) | HF Electromagnetic fields | 0 (up to 0.5 mT) | |
| Voltage | | Operation of accessories | <1% | |
| Frequency | | | 0 | |
| Active power (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 90%) | ±(1% RDG +1DGT). PF 1, 0.1lb to Imax, in the Un range; PF 0.5L, PF 0.8C, 0.2lb to Imax, in the Un range | Temperature drift | ≤200ppm/°C | |
| Reactive power (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 90%) | ±(2% RDG +1DGT). sinφ 1, 0.05lb to Imax, in the Un range; sinφ 0.5L, sinφ 0.5C, 0.1lb to Imax, in the Un range | Sampling rate | 1000 samplings/s @ 50Hz | |
| Apparent power (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 90%) | ±(1% RDG +1DGT). PF 1, 0.1lb to Imax, in the Un range | Display | Back-lighted LCD 4x3½ DGT Total:1x7½ DGT Partial: 1x7½ DGT | |
| Energies (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 90%) | Class 1 acc. to EN61036 Class 2 acc. to EN61268 Ib: 5A, Imax: 10A 0.1lb: 500mA, Start up current: 20mA Un: see table "range code" Ib: 20A, Imax: 90A 0.1lb: 2A, Start up current: 80mA Un: see table "range code" ±3% f.s. (f.s.: 100%) up to the 7 th harmonic; Un: see table "range code" Imin: 500mA; Imax: 15Ap; Imin: 2A; Imax: 127Ap; | Max. and Min. indication | Max. 1999 (19999999), Min. 0 | |
| Harmonic distortion (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 90%) | Ib 5A Ib 20A | Measurements | Current, voltage, power, energy, power factor, frequency, harmonic distortion (see display specs). TRMS measurements of distorted wave forms. Direct | |
| Ib 5A | | Crest factor | ≤3 (15A max. peak) ≤6 (127A max. peak) | |
| Ib 20A | | Current overload | 300 A max, @ 50Hz 200 A max, @ 50Hz 10A, @ 50Hz 2700A max, @ 50Hz 90A, @ 50Hz | |
| | | Voltage overload | 1.2 Un 2 Un | |
| | | Input impedance | 400V _{L-L} (AV1-AV5-AV9) 208V _{L-L} (AV0-AV4-AV8-AV2) 660V _{L-L} (AV3-AV7) 100V _{L-L} (AV6) 5(10) A (AV4-AV5-AV6-AV7) 20(90) A (AV0-AV1-AV3-AV8-AV9) 20(90) A (AV2) | > 720KΩ > 720KΩ > 1.97MΩ > 400KΩ < 0.3VA < 4VA < 4VA |
| | | Frequency | 50 to 60 Hz | |

Interface module specifications

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Analogue outputs (on request) | | |
| Number of outputs | 1 | the following ranges: 0 and 20mADC, 0 and 10VDC |
| Range | 0 to 20 mADC (AO2920 module slot B, only for versions with auxiliary power supply) 0 to 10VDC (AO2921 module slot B, only for versions with auxiliary power supply) | V, W, VA, var, PF (cosφ) 900ms |
| Accuracy | ±0.5% F.S. | 1.4s |
| Temperature drift | ≤ 300 ppm/ °C | THD-V, THD-A |
| Scaling factor | Programmable within the whole range of retransmission; it allows the retransmission of all the values included in | 3s ≤1% according to IEC 60688-1, EN 60688-1 |
| | | ≤ 500 Ω |
| | | ≥ 10 kΩ |
| | | By means of optocouplers, 2000 V _{RMS} between output and measuring input |

Interface module specifications (cont.)

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | 2000 V _{RMS} between output and power supply input | Insulation | According to DIN43864 By means of optocouplers, 2000 V _{RMS} outputs to measuring inputs, 2000 V _{RMS} output to supply input. Insulation between the two outputs: functional |
| RS422/RS485 (on request) | | | |
| Type | AR2950 module Multidrop bidirectional (static and dynamic variables) 2 or 4 wires, max. distance 1200m, termination directly on the module | | |
| Connections | 255, selectable by key-pad MODBUS/JBUS | Alarm output Number of outputs Alarm type | 1 Up alarm, down alarm phase asymmetry, phase loss. |
| Addresses | Phase and system variables: see table "Display pages" | Setpoint adjustment | 0 to 100% of the electrical scale |
| Protocol | All the programming data, reset of energy, activation of static output. | Hysteresis | 0 to 100% of the electrical scale |
| Data (bidirectional) | Stored energy (EEPROM) max. 19.999.999 kWh/kvarh | On-time delay | 0 to 255 seconds |
| Dynamic (reading only) | 1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity, 1 stop bit | Response time | V, W, VA, var, PF (cosφ) |
| Static (writing only) | 9600 bit/s | system variables FFT off, filter off | 700ms |
| | By means of optocouplers, 2000 V _{RMS} output to measuring inputs | FFT on, filter on variables | 1.2s |
| Data format | 2000 V _{RMS} output to supply input | Filter off | THD-V, THD-A |
| Baud-rate | | Output type | 3s |
| Insulation | | | Open collector (transistor NPN) V _{ON} 1.2 VDC / max. 100 mA V _{OFF} 30 VDC max. |
| Digital outputs (on request) | | Insulation | By means of optocouplers, 2000 V _{RMS} output to measuring input, 2000 V _{RMS} output to supply input. Insulation between the two outputs: functional |
| AO2900 module | To be used as alarm, energy retransmission, or remote static outputs. Three working modes are selectable: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• two pulse outputs (kWh and kvarh);• one alarm output and one pulse output (kWh or kvarh)• one output remotely controlled by means of the serial port and one pulse output (kWh or kvarh) | AO2910 module | Relay + open collector output. Working mode like AO2900. |
| Pulse outputs | 2 | Pulse output | One static output+one relay output, other characteristics like AO2900. |
| Number of outputs | From 0.01 to 100 pulses programmable according to the selected CT and VT ratios | Alarm output | Only relay output, other characteristics like AO2900. |
| Number of pulses | Open collector (transistor NPN) V _{ON} 1.2 VDC / max. 100 mA V _{OFF} 30 VDC max. | Output type | Static type like module AO2900; Relay type: SPDT, AC1, AC15: 1AAC @250VAC |
| Output type | 220 ms (ON), \geq 220 ms (OFF) | Insulation | By means of optocouplers, 2000 V _{RMS} outputs to measuring inputs, 2000 V _{RMS} output to supply input. Insulation between the two outputs: 2000 V _{RMS} |
| Pulse duration | | | |

Software functions

| | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| Password | Numeric code of max. 3 digits 2 protection levels of the programming data Password "0", no protection Password from 1 to 1000, all data are protected | Electrical range | Programmable within the whole measuring range. |
| 1 st level 2 nd level | | Filter Filter operating range Filter coefficient Filter action | 0 to 99.9% of the input electrical scale. 1 to 16 Alarm, analogue and serial output (fundamental variables: V, A, W and their derived ones). |
| System selection | Three-phase with neutral Three-phase without neutral | | |
| Transformer ratio | | Display System variables Single phase variables System variables Single phase variables | Up to 4 variables per page Page 1: W-var-PF ($\cos\phi$) Page 2: W dmd - VA dmd - Hz Page 3: THD-V Page 4: THD-A Page 5: kWh total Page 6: kvarh total Page 7: kWh partial Page 8: kvarh partial Page 9: V_{L-N} Page 10: A Page 11a: A_{MAX} Page 11b: $W_{dmd\ MAX}$ $VA_{dmd\ MAX}$ Page 12: W Page 13: VA Page 14: var Page 15: PF ($\cos\phi$) |
| Scaling factor Operating mode | Compression/expansion of the measuring range to be connected to the analogue output. | 20(90) A 5(10) A | |

Supply specifications

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Self supplied version | 400V _{L-L} -20% +15%, 50-60Hz 208V _{L-L} -20% +15% , 50-60Hz 220V _{L-L} -10% +15% , 50-60Hz | 115VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz 48VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz 24VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz 18 to 60VDC 77 to 143VDC | |
| Auxiliary power supply | 230VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz | Energy consumption | |
| | | ≤ 7VA | |

General Specifications

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Operating temperature | 0 to +55°C (R.H. < 90% non-condensing 40°C) | Pulse voltage (1.2/50μs) | 8kV (EN61000-4-5) |
| Storage temperature | -20 to +60°C (R.H. < 90% non-condensing 40°C) | Standards Safety Metrology | IEC664-1 Energy measurements: EN61036, EN61268. DIN43864 |
| Installation category | Cat. III (IEC 664) | Pulse output | |
| Insulation | 2000 V _{RMS} between all inputs / outputs to earth | Approvals | CE |
| Dielectric strength | 4000 V _{RMS} for 1 minute | Connections 5(10) A Cable cross-section area | Screw-type, 4 mm ² |
| Noise rejection CMRR | 100 dB, 48 to 62 Hz | Connections 20(90) A Min./Max. cable cross-section area Min./Max. screws tightening torque | Screw-type, 6 mm ² / 35 mm ² 2 Nm / 6 Nm |
| EMC Burst Immunity to irradiated electromagnetic fields | 4kV/level 4 (EN61000-4-4) 10V/m 26-1000MHz (EN61000-4-3) 15kV (EN61000-4-2) according to CISPR 14 and CISPR 22 | Housing Dimensions Material | 162.5 x 90 x 63 mm ABS, NORYL, PC self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0 |
| Electrostatic discharges Radio frequency emissions | | Mounting | DIN-rail and wall |
| | | Degree of protection | Front: IP40 Connections: IP20 |
| | | Weight | 800 g approx. (packing included) |

Function description

Input and output scaling capability

Working examples of the analogue output (Y) versus the input variable (x) - (input/output scaling possibilities).

Figure A

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. The output quantity is proportional to the measured quantity.

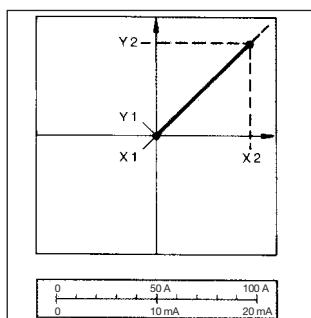


Figure B

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. With the measured quantity being zero, the output quantity already has the value $Y_1 = 0.2 Y_2$.
Live zero output.

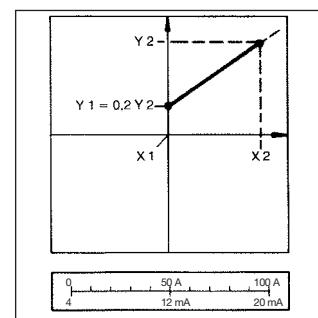
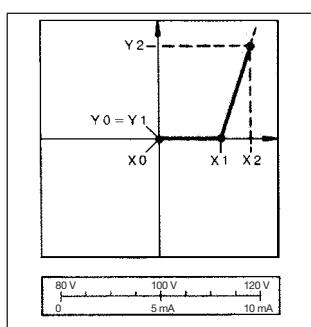


Figure C

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. On the range $X_0 \dots X_1$, the output quantity is zero. The range $X_1 \dots X_2$ is delineated on the entire output range $Y_0 = Y_1 \dots Y_2$ and thus presented in strongly expanded form.



Mode of Operation

Waveform of the signals that can be measured

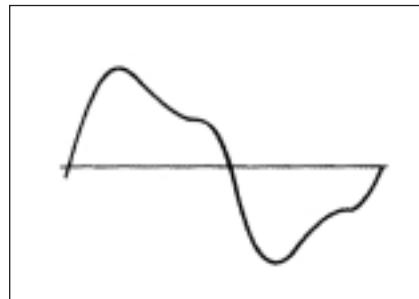
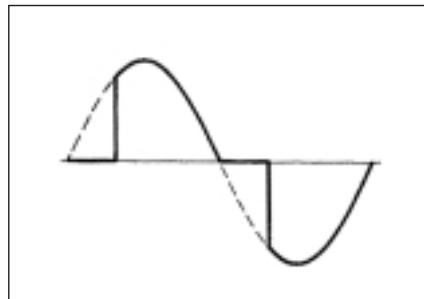
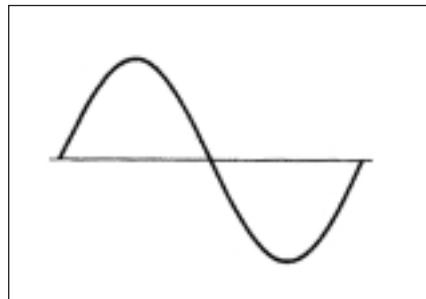


Figure D

Sine wave, undistorted

Fundamental content 100%
Harmonic content 0%
 $A_{rms} = 1.1107 |A|$

Figure E

Sine wave, indented

Fundamental content 10...100%
Harmonic contents 0...90%
Frequency spectrum: 3rd to the 16th harmonic
Additional error: <1% rdg

Figure F

Sine wave, distorted

Fundamental content 70...90%
Harmonic content 10...30%
Frequency spectrum: 3rd to the 16th harmonic
Additional error: <0.5% rdg

Harmonic distortion analysis

| Analysis principle | FFT | THD (AI2), THD (AI3) |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Harmonic measurement | Up to the 7 th harmonic Up to the 7 th harmonic | THD % |
| Type of harmonics | THD (VL1), THD (VL2), THD (VL3), THD (AL1) | The harmonic distortion can be measured in 3-wire or 4-wire systems. |

Display pages

Variables that can be displayed

| No | 1 st variable | 2 nd variable | 3 rd variable | 4 th variable | Notes |
|-----|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 1 | W sys | PF sys | Var sys | | sys = system |
| 2 | W dmd | Hz | VA dmd | | dmd = demand (integration time from 1 to 30 minutes) |
| 3 | V _{L1} THD | V _{L2} THD | V _{L3} THD | | THD = tot. harmonic distortion |
| 4 | A _{L1} THD | A _{L2} THD | A _{L3} THD | | THD = tot. harmonic distortion |
| 5 | kWh | | | | total energy |
| 6 | kvarh | | | | total energy |
| 7 | kWh | | | | partial energy |
| 8 | kvarh | | | | partial energy |
| 9 | V _{L1} | V _{L2} | V _{L3} | V _{L-L} sys | sys = system |
| 10 | A _{L1} | A _{L2} | A _{L3} | Err | Err = in case of negative power |
| 11a | W dmd MAX | VA dmd MAX | | | Only version 1-5A, dmd = demand |
| 11b | A _{L1} MAX | A _{L2} MAX | A _{L3} MAX | | Only version 90A |
| 12 | W _{L1} | W _{L2} | W _{L3} | W sys | sys = system |
| 13 | VA _{L1} | VA _{L2} | VA _{L3} | VA sys | The system value remains always 0 if the neutral is not connected |
| 14 | Var _{L1} | Var _{L2} | Var _{L3} | Var sys | |
| 15 | PF _{L1} | PF _{L2} | PF _{L3} | PF sys | |

Used calculation formulas

Phase variables

Instantaneous effective voltage

$$V_{1N} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (V_{1N})_i^2}$$

Instantaneous active power

$$W_i = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (V_{1N})_i \cdot (A_i)_i$$

Instantaneous power factor

$$\cos\phi_i = \frac{W_i}{VA_i} \quad (\text{TPF})$$

Instantaneous effective current

$$A_i = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (A_i)_i^2}$$

Instantaneous apparent power

$$VA_i = V_{1N} \cdot A_i$$

Instantaneous reactive power

$$Var_i = \sqrt{(VA_i)^2 - (W_i)^2}$$

System variables

Equivalent system voltage

$$V_\Sigma = \frac{V_1 + V_2 + V_3}{3} * \sqrt{3}$$

System reactive power

$$VA_\Sigma = (Var_1 + Var_2 + Var_3)$$

System active power

$$W_\Sigma = W_1 + W_2 + W_3$$

System apparent power

$$VA_\Sigma = \sqrt{W_\Sigma^2 + Var_\Sigma^2}$$

System power factor

$$\cos\phi_\Sigma = \frac{W_\Sigma}{VA_\Sigma} \quad (\text{TPF})$$

Total harmonic distortion

$$THD_i = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{j=2}^n T_{i,j}^2}{T_{i,1}}}$$

Note:

i = phase (L1, L2 or L3)

T = variable (V or I)

n = harmonic order

Consumption recording

$$kWh_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} P_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n_1}^{n_2} P_{i,n}$$

$$kVarh_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} Q_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n_1}^{n_2} Q_{i,n}$$

Note:

i = phase (L1, L2 or L3)

P = active power

Q = reactive power

t₁, t₂ = starting and ending time points of consumption recording

n = time unit

Δt = time interval of consumption recording

n₁, n₂ = starting and ending discrete time points of consumption recording

List of the of the variables that can be connected to the analogue and alarm output

| N° | Variable | Notes |
|----|----------|--------------|
| 1 | V sys | sys = system |
| 2 | W sys | sys = system |
| 3 | var sys | sys = system |
| 4 | VA sys | sys = system |
| 5 | PF sys | sys = system |

| N° | Variable | Notes |
|----|----------|---|
| 6 | THD-V | Max. THD value among the three phases |
| 7 | THD-A | Max. THD value among the three phases |
| 8 | VA dmd | Power demand in the selected integration time |
| 9 | W dmd | |
| 10 | ASY | Phase asymmetry |

Available models

| Type | Inputs | Power supply | Ordering code |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| WM22-DIN AV9.3.X. | 400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | Self power supply | AF2100 |
| WM22-DIN AV8.3.X. | 208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | Self power-supply | AF2101 |
| WM22-DIN AV2.3.D. | 220V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | Self power-supply | AF2144 |
| WM22-DIN AV1.3.D. | 400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 230VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2102 |
| WM22-DIN AV0.3.D. | 208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 230VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2103 |
| WM22-DIN AV3.3.D. | 660V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 230VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2104 |
| WM22-DIN AV1.3.C. | 400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 115VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2105 |
| WM22-DIN AV0.3.C. | 208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 115VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2106 |
| WM22-DIN AV3.3.C. | 660V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 115VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2107 |
| WM22-DIN AV1.3.B. | 400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 48VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2108 |
| WM22-DIN AV0.3.B. | 208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 48VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2109 |
| WM22-DIN AV3.3.B. | 660V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 48VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2110 |
| WM22-DIN AV1.3.A. | 400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 24VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2111 |
| WM22-DIN AV0.3.A. | 208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 24VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2112 |
| WM22-DIN AV3.3.A. | 660V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 24VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2113 |
| WM22-DIN AV5.3.D. | 400V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 230VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2114 |
| WM22-DIN AV4.3.D. | 208V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 230VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2115 |
| WM22-DIN AV7.3.D. | 660V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 230VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2116 |
| WM22-DIN AV5.3.C. | 400V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 115VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2117 |
| WM22-DIN AV4.3.C. | 208V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 115VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2118 |
| WM22-DIN AV7.3.C. | 660V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 115VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2119 |
| WM22-DIN AV5.3.B. | 400V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 48VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2120 |
| WM22-DIN AV4.3.B. | 208V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 48VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2121 |
| WM22-DIN AV7.3.B. | 660V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 48VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2122 |
| WM22-DIN AV5.3.A. | 400V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 24VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2123 |
| WM22-DIN AV4.3.A. | 208V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 24VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2124 |
| WM22-DIN AV7.3.A. | 660V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 24VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2125 |
| WM22-DIN AV6.3.D. | 100V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 230VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2126 |
| WM22-DIN AV6.3.C. | 100V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 115VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2127 |
| WM22-DIN AV6.3.B. | 100V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 48VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2128 |
| WM22-DIN AV6.3.A. | 100V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 24VAC, 50-60Hz | AF2129 |
| WM22-DIN AV1.3.4 / [5] | 400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 18-60VDC [77-143VDC] | AF2130 [AF2137] |
| WM22-DIN AV0.3.4 / [5] | 208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 18-60VDC [77-143VDC] | AF2131 [AF2138] |
| WM22-DIN AV3.3.4 / [5] | 660V _{L-L} , 20(90)A | 18-60VDC [77-143VDC] | AF2132 [AF2139] |
| WM22-DIN AV5.3.4 / [5] | 400V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 18-60VDC [77-143VDC] | AF2133 [AF2140] |
| WM22-DIN AV4.3.4 / [5] | 208V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 18-60VDC [77-143VDC] | AF2134 [AF2141] |
| WM22-DIN AV7.3.4 / [5] | 660V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 18-60VDC [77-143VDC] | AF2135 [AF2142] |
| WM22-DIN AV6.3.4 / [5] | 100V _{L-L} , 5(10)A | 18-60VDC [77-143VDC] | AF2136 [AF2143] |

Available modules

| Type | Channels | Code | Type | Channels | Code |
|--------------------------|----------|--------|-------------------------|----------|--------|
| Open collector output | 2 | AO2900 | 0-10VDC Analogue Output | 1 | AO2921 |
| 0-20mADC analogue output | 1 | AO2920 | RS485 Serial Output | 1 | AR2950 |
| Relay + open c. output | 2 | AO2910 | | | |

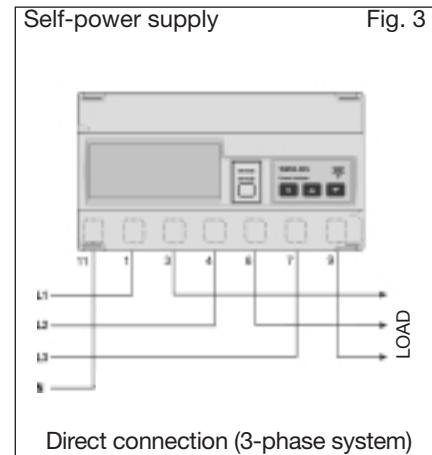
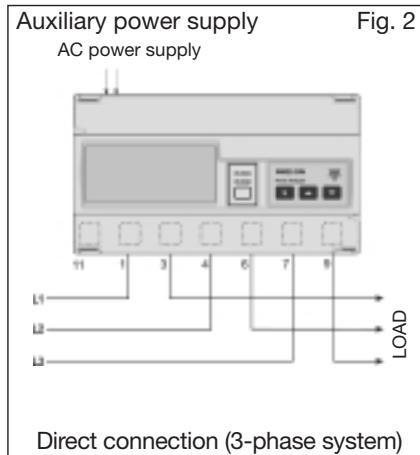
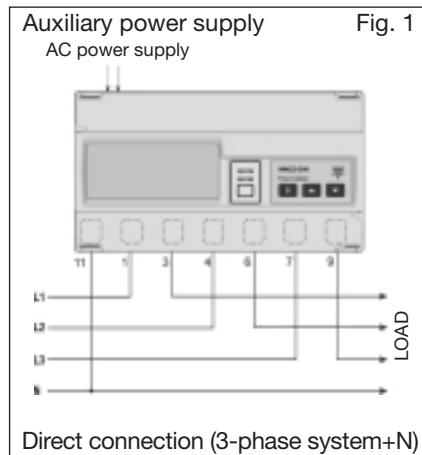
Possible module combinations

| Power supply | Self p.s. | | Auxiliary p.s. | | Power supply | Self p.s. | | Auxiliary p.s. | |
|------------------------|-----------|--------|----------------|--------|--------------|-----------|--------|----------------|--------|
| Basic unit | Slot A | Slot B | Slot A | Slot B | Basic unit | Slot A | Slot B | Slot A | Slot B |
| Open collector output | ● | | | ● | | | ●(*) | | ● |
| Relay + open c. output | ● | | | ● | | | ●(*) | | ● |

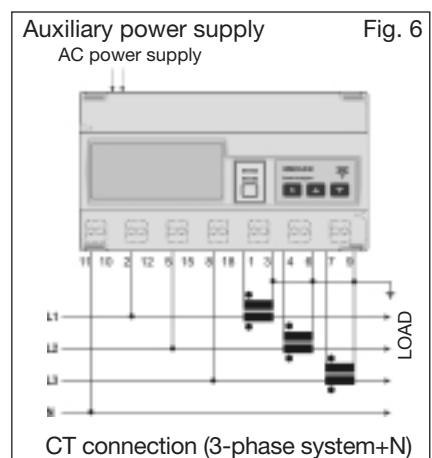
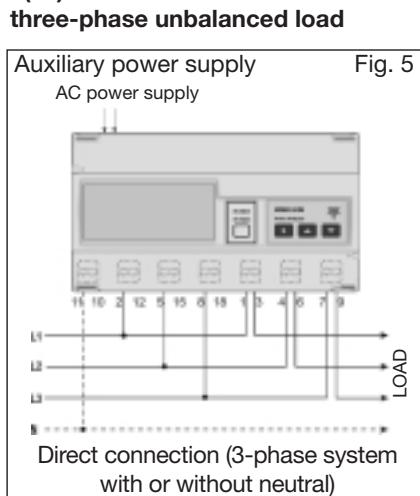
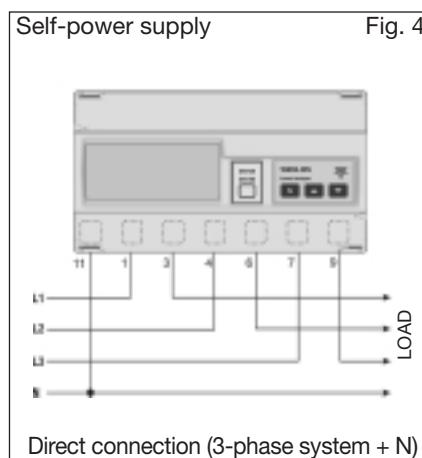
(*) AV2 only

Wiring diagrams

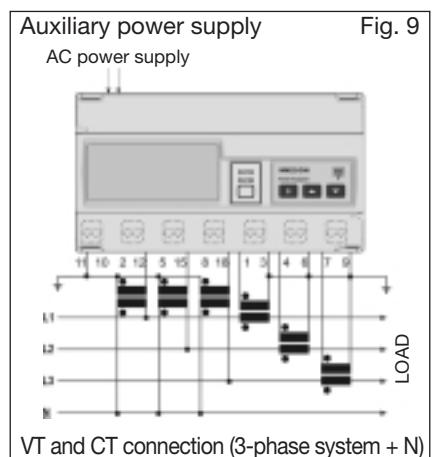
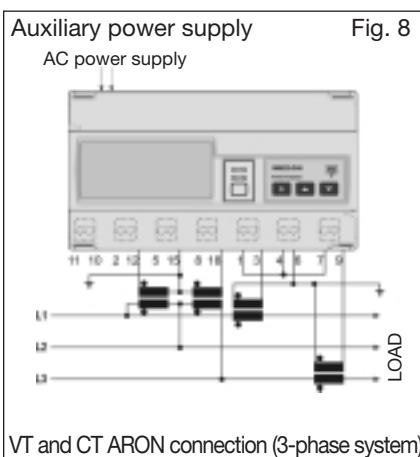
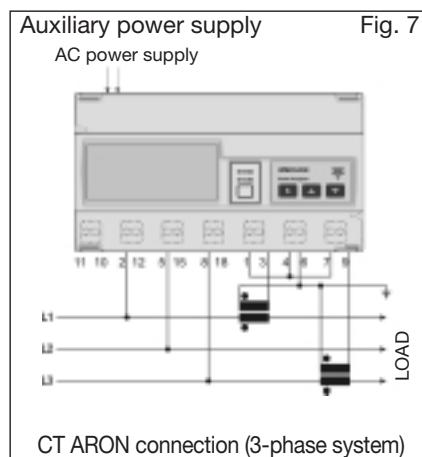
20(90)A model: three-phase unbalanced load



20(90)A model: three-phase unbalanced load



5(10)A model: three-phase unbalanced load



Wiring diagrams (optional modules)

Open collector output

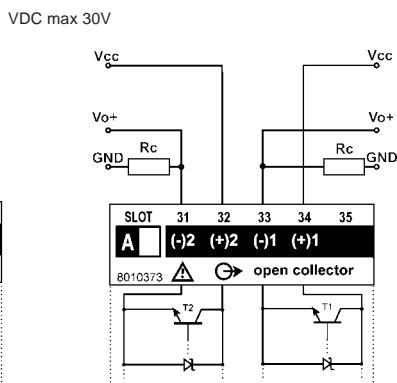
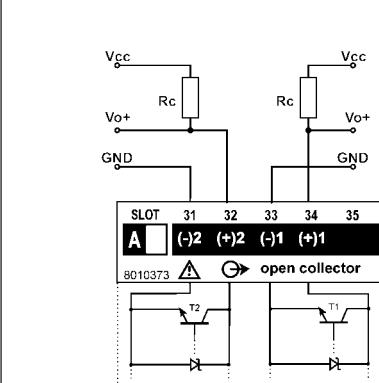
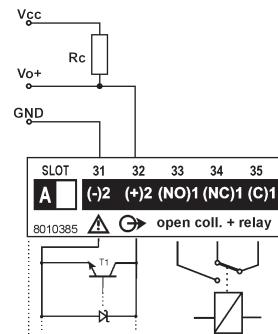


Fig.10

Relay + open collector output Fig. 11



Only open collector outputs: the grounds of the outputs are separated, and therefore it's possible to carry out, for the same module, two different connections. The load resistance (Rc) must be designed so that the closed contact current is lower than 100mA; the VDC voltage must be lower than or equal to 30V. VDC: power supply voltage output. Vo+: positive output contact (open collector transistor). GND: ground output contact (open collector transistor).

Analogue output

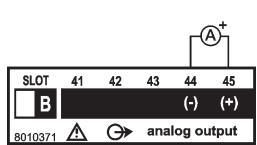
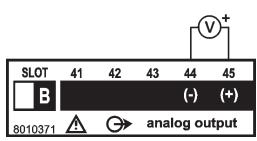


Fig. 12



Current and voltage

RS485 Serial output

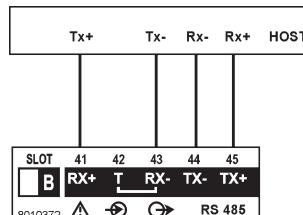


Fig. 13

RS485 Serial output

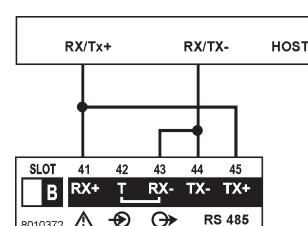
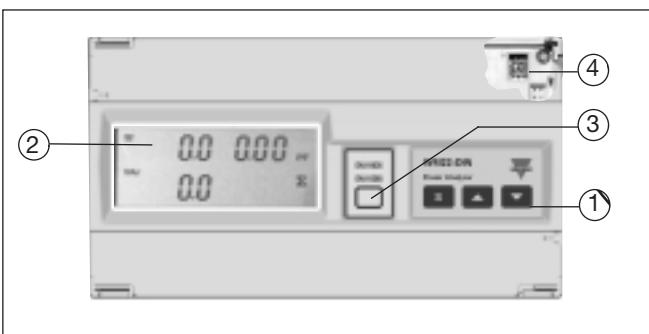


Fig. 14

4-wire connection

2-wire connection

Front panel description



Keys for:
 - value programming;
 - function selection;
 - displaying the measuring pages.

2. Display

LCD with alphanumeric indications to:
 - display configuration parameters;
 - display all the measured variables.

3. Removable label

Label to write the instrument ID number.

1. Key-pad

To program configuration parameters and to display variables.

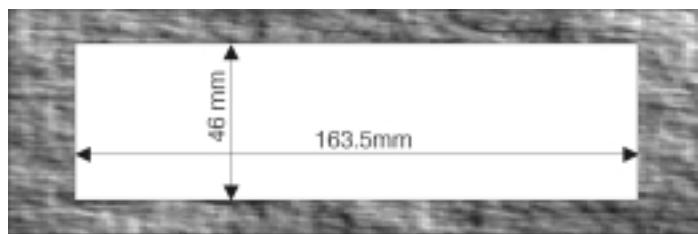
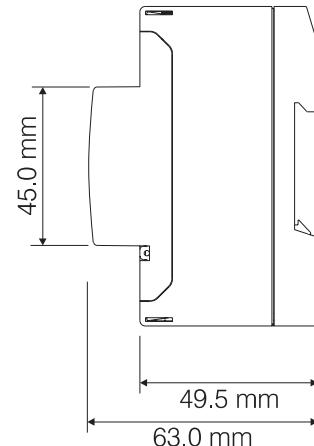
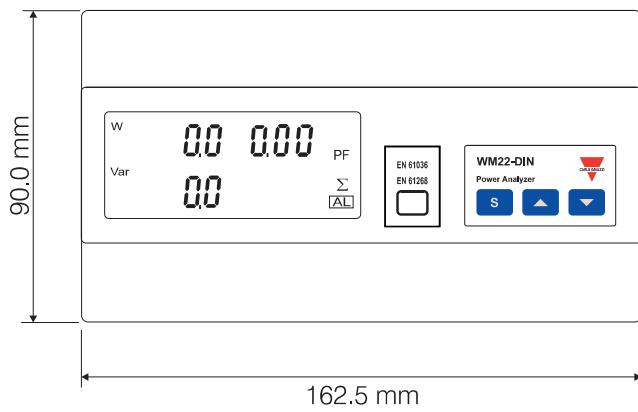


S-key to enter programming and confirm selections;

4. Hidden dip-switch

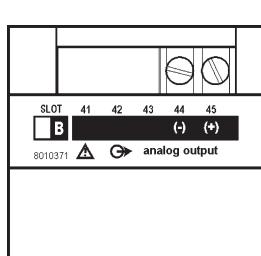
Enable/ disable the access to the programming procedure.

Dimensions and panel cut-out



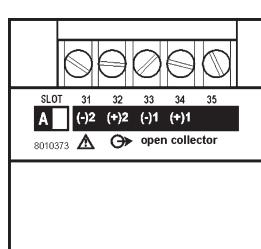
Terminal boards

Analogue output module



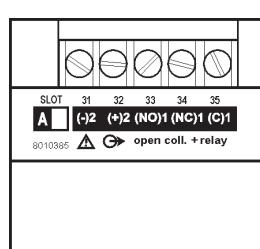
AO 2920: 0-20 mA
AO 2921: 0-10 V

Dual output open collector module



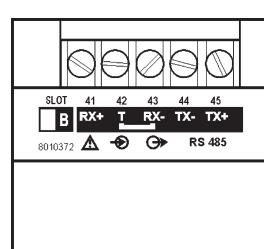
AO 2900

Relay output module + open collector output



AO 2910

RS485 serial output module



AR 2950