# USER MANUAL DAP-1350

**VERSION 1.0** 



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### **Manual Revisions**

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	October 13, 2009	DAP-1350 Revision A1 with firmware version 1.00

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# **Package Contents**

D-Link DAP-1350 Wireless N Pocket Router /Access Point	D Link
Power Adapter	- Anna -
Ethernet Cable	
CD-ROM	Steere It' Storage Incare  Dilink
USB Power Cable	
Travel Case	

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DAP-1350 will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

# **System Requirements**

Network Requirements	An Ethernet-based Cable or DSL modem (router mode only)     IEEE 802.11n-draft or 802.11g wireless clients (router or AP mode)     IEEE 802.11n-draft or 802.11g wireless AP or router (client mode)     10/100/1000 Ethernet
Web-based Configuration Utility Requirements	Computer with the following:  • Windows®, Macintosh®, or Linux-based operating system  • An installed Ethernet adapter  Browser Requirements:  • Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher  • Firefox 3.0 or higher  • Safari 3.0 or higher  • Chrome 2.0 or higher  • Windows® Users: Make sure you have the latest version of Java installed. Visit www.java.com to download the latest version.
CD Installation Wizard Requirements	Computer with the following:  • Windows® XP with Service Pack 2 or Vista®  • An installed Ethernet adapter  • CD-ROM drive

## Introduction

D-Link, an industry leader in networking, introduces the new D-Link DAP-1350 Wireless N Range Extender. With the ability to transfer files with a maximum wireless signal rate of up to 300Mbps\*, the DAP-1350 gives you high-speed wireless network access for your home or when you travel.

The DAP-1350 is Wi-Fi IEEE 802.11n compliant, meaning that it can connect and interoperate with other 802.11n compatible wireless client devices. The DAP-1350 is also backwards compatible with 802.11b/g. It can be flexibly configured to operate in 3 different modes: **Access Point**, **Wireless Client**, and **Router**. With its Setup Wizard, the DAP-1350 ensures that you will be up and running on a wireless network in just a matter of minutes.

The DAP-1350 features Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK) to provide an enhanced level of security for wireless data communications. The DAP-1350 also includes additional security features to keep your wireless connection safe from unauthorized access.

The DAP-1350 supports WPS on all three operation modes, with each capable of being conveniently set up by using the PIN method or Push Button.

• Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate.

#### **TOTAL PERFORMANCE**

Combines award winning access point features and Draft 802.11n wireless technology to provide the best wireless performance.

#### **TOTAL SECURITY**

The most complete set of security features including WPA/WPA2 encryption to protect your network against outside intruders.

#### **TOTAL COVERAGE**

Provides greater wireless signal rates even at farther distances for best-in-class Whole Home Coverage.

#### **ULTIMATE PERFORMANCE**

The D-Link Wireless N Pocket Router/Access Point (DAP-1350) is a draft 802.11n compliant device that delivers real world performance of up to 650% faster than an 802.11g wireless connection (also faster than a 100Mbps wired Ethernet connection). Create a secure wireless network to share photos, files, music, video, printers, and network storage throughout your home. Connect the DAP-1350 to router and share your high-speed Internet access with everyone on the network.

#### **EXTENDED WHOLE HOME COVERAGE**

This high performance Wireless AP provides superior Whole Home Coverage while reducing dead spots. The DAP-1350 is designed for use in bigger homes and for users who demand higher performance networking.

#### TOTAL NETWORK SECURITY

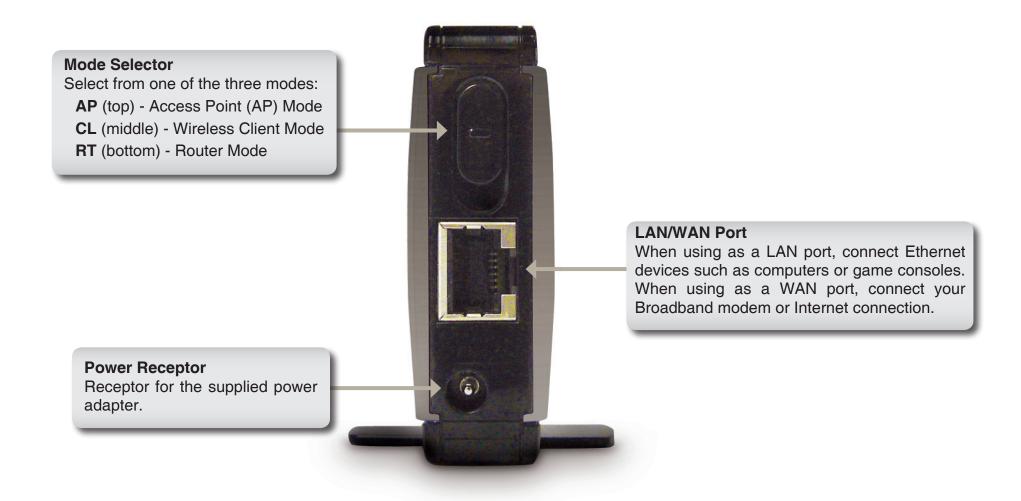
The DAP-1350 supports all of the latest wireless security features to prevent unauthorized access, be it from over the wireless network or from the Internet. Support for WPA and WPA2 standards ensure that you'll be able to use the best possible encryption method, regardless of your client devices.

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g, 802.11a and Draft 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

## **Features**

- Faster Wireless Networking The DAP-1350 provides up to 300Mbps\* wireless connection with other 802.11n wireless clients. This capability allows users to participate in real-time activities online, such as video streaming, online gaming, and real-time audio. The performance of this 802.11n wireless access point gives you the freedom of wireless networking at speeds 650% faster than 802.11g.
- Compatible with 802.11b and 802.11g Devices The DAP-1350 is still fully compatible with the 802.11b/g standards, so it can connect with existing 802.11b/g PCI, USB, and Cardbus adapters.
- WPS PBC- (Wi-Fi Protected Setup Push Button Configuration) Push Button Configuration is a button that can be pressed to add the device to an existing network or to create a new network. A virtual button can be used on the utility while a physical button is placed on the side of the device.
  - This easy setup method allows you to form a secured wireless link between the DAP-1350 and another WPS enabled device. A PC is no longer needed to log into the Web-based interface.
- WPS PIN (Wi-Fi Protected Setup Personal Identification Number) A PIN is a unique number that can be used to add the access point to an existing network or to create a new network. The default PIN may be printed on the bottom of the access point. For extra security, a new PIN can be generated. You can restore the default PIN at any time. Only the Administrator ("admin" account) can change or reset the PIN.
- **User-friendly Setup Wizard** Through its easy-to-use web-based user interface, you can configure your access point to your specific settings within minutes.

# Hardware Overview Connections



# Hardware Overview Side

#### **WPS Button/LED**

Press to start the WPS process. You will have 120 seconds to start the WPS process on another wireless device. When enabling WPS, the light will blink during broadcast. Once connected, the LED will stay solid for 5 seconds and then turn off.



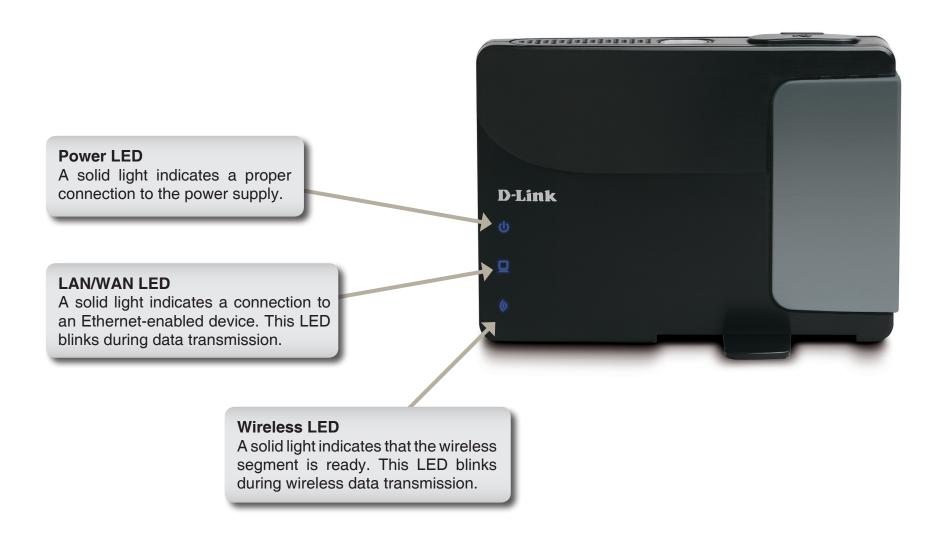
#### **USB Port**

The USB port is used to connect USB devices such as a printer to share on your network.

## **Bottom**



# Hardware Overview LEDs



# Installation

Please configure the DAP-1350 by following the Install Guide poster. The next few pages will explain the different operational modes you can use.

# **Operation Modes**

Depending on how you want to use your DAP-1350 will determine which mode you use. This section will help you figure out which setting works with your setup.

- Access Point mode page 14
- Wireless Client mode page 43
- Router mode page 62

## **Access Point Mode**

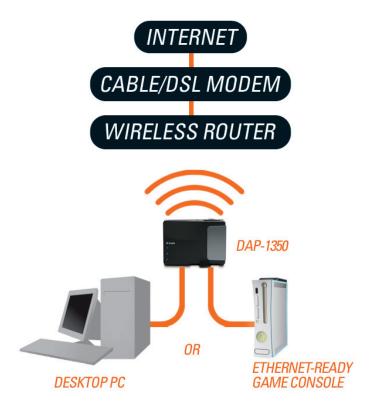
In the Access Point mode, the DAP-1350 acts as a central connection point for any computer (client) that has a 802.11n or backward-compatible 802.11b/g wireless network interface and is within range of the AP. Clients must use the same SSID (wireless network name) and channel as the AP in order to connect. If wireless security is enabled on the AP, the client will need to enter a password to connect to the AP. In Access Point mode, multiple clients can connect to the AP at the same time.



## **Wireless Client Mode**

In the Wireless Client mode, the DAP-1350 acts as a wireless network adapter for your Ethernet-enabled device (such as a game console or a laptop). Connect your Ethernet-enabled device to the AP using an Ethernet cable. The AP Client mode can support one wired client.

**Example:** Connect a gaming console using an Ethernet cable to the DAP-1350. The unit is set to Wireless Client mode which will wirelessly connect to a wireless router on your network.



## **Router Mode**

In the Router mode, the DAP-1350 connects to a broadband modem. In this mode, the DAP-1350 also acts as a router for wireless clients on your network and provides NAT (Network Address Translation) and a DHCP server to generate IP addresses. NAT and the DHCP server allow many computers to share the same Internet connection.



## **Wireless Installation Considerations**

The D-Link wireless access point lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

- 1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link access point and other network devices to a minimum. Each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
- 2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick! Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
- 3. Building Materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position access points, wireless access points, and computers so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
- 4. Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
- 5. If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones or X-10 (wireless products such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use.

# **Configuration**

This section will show you how to configure your new D-Link wireless access point using the web-based configuration utility.

## **Access Point Mode**

Change the mode selector to **AP** on the device. Connect an Ethernet cable from the Ethernet port on the DAP-1350 to a computer for configuration.

If you wish to change the default settings or optimize the performance of the DAP-1350, you may use the web-based configuration utility.

To access the configuration utility, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer and enter **dlinkap** or **192.168.0.50** in the address field.



Type **admin** and then enter your password. Leave the password blank by default.

If you get a Page Cannot be Displayed error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.

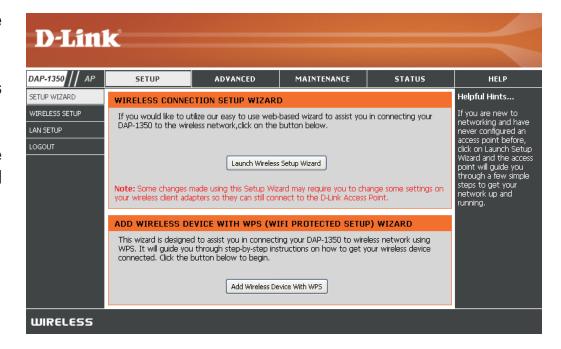


## **Wireless Setup Wizard**

Click Launch Wireless Setup Wizard to configure your access point and skip to the next page.

To set up your wireless network, click **Add Wireless Device With WPS** and skip to page 24.

If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Wireless Setup** on the left side and skip to page 26.



This Wizard is designed to assist you in configuring your DAP-1350 as an access point.

Enter the Device Name of the AP and click **Next** to continue. This is the NetBIOS name for the AP. It is recommended to change the Device Name if there is more than one D-Link device within the same wireless network.

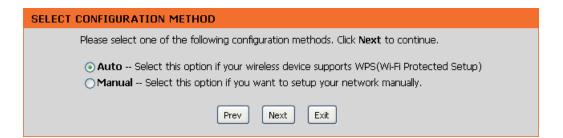


If you want to change the admin account password, enter a new password and click **Next**. It is strongly recommended to change your password.



Select **Auto** as the configuration method only if your wireless device supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS). For **Manual** setup, skip to the next page.

Click **Next** to continue.



Click **Save** to save your network settings.

In order for your network settings to take effect the AP will reboot automatically.

When the device has finished rebooting the main screen will display.



Select **Manual** as the configuration method to set up your network manually.

Click **Next** to continue.

Please select one of the following configuration methods and click next to continue.

Auto -- Select this option if your wireless device supports WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup)

Manual -- Select this option if you want to setup your network manually

Prev Next Exit

Enter a name for your wireless network (SSID).

Select Automatically assign a network key to have the access point generate a key for you to enter on your wireless clients. If you want to enter your own key, select Manually assign a network key.

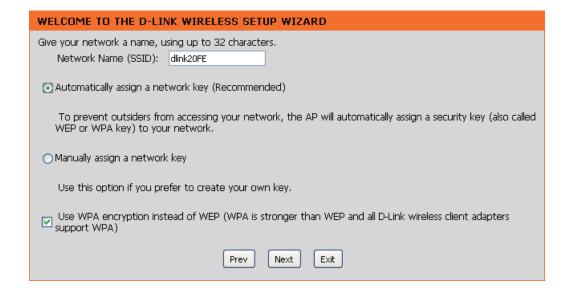
To use WPA security, check the **use WPA encryption instead of WEP box**. If left unchecked, WEP encryption will be used.

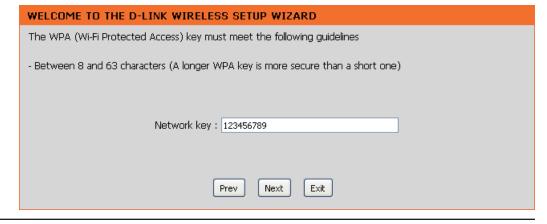
Click **Next** to continue.

If you selected **Manually assign a network key** as the configuration method, enter your network key. This key must be entered on your wireless clients.

For **WEP** encryption, enter a Network Key exactly 5 or 13 characters long or exactly 10 or 26 characters using 0-9 and A-F.

Click **Next** to continue.





The following screen will show you your network key to enter on your wireless clients.

Click **Save** to finish the Setup Wizard.



#### **Add Wireless Device With WPS**

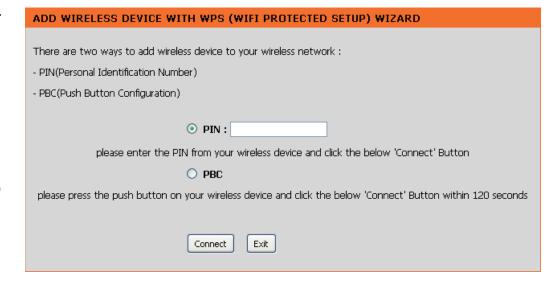
This Wizard is designed to assist you in your wireless network setup. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to set up your wireless network and how to make it secure.

Select **PIN** to use your **PIN** number from your wireless device to connect to your network.

For **PBC** configuration, skip to the next page.

Click Connect to continue.

Start **WPS** on the wireless device you are adding to you wireless network to complete the setup.



Select **PBC** to use the Push Button Configuration in order to connect to your network.

Click Connect to continue.

ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS (WIFI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD	
There are two ways to add wireless device to your wireless network :	
- PIN(Personal Identification Number)	
- PBC(Push Button Configuration)	
O PIN:	
please enter the PIN from your wireless device and click the below 'Connect' Button	
● PBC	
please press the push button on your wireless device and click the below 'Connect' Button within 120 seconds	
Connect Exit	

Press the **Push Button** on the wireless device that you are adding to your network to complete the setup.

#### **VIRTUAL PUSH BUTTON**

Please press down the Push Button (physical or virtual) on the wireless device you are adding to your wireless network within 118 seconds...

### Wireless Setup

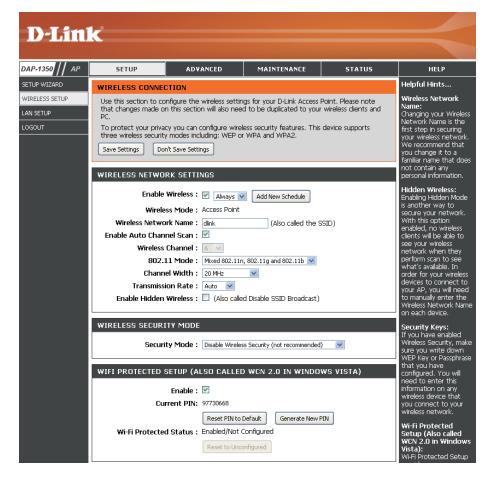
**Fnable Wireless:** Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions. You may also set up a specific time range (schedule). Select a schedule from the drop-down menu or click Add **New Schedule** to create a new schedule.

Wireless Mode: Access Point will be selected.

Wireless Network When you are browsing for available wireless Name: networks, this is the name that will appear in the list (unless Visibility Status is set to Invisible, see below). This name is also referred to as the SSID. For security purposes, it is highly recommended to change from the default network name.

**Enable Auto** The **Auto Channel Scan** setting can be selected to Channel Scan: allow the DAP-1350 to select the channel with the least amount of interference (during boot-up).

Wireless Indicates the channel setting for the DAP-1350. The Channel: Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize the wireless network. If you enable Auto Channel Scan, this option will be grayed out.



**802.11 Mode:** Select one of the following:

802.11n Only - Select if you are only using 802.11n wireless clients.

Mixed 802.11n, 802.11g and 802.11b - Select if you are using a mix of 802.11n, 11g, and 11b wireless clients.

Channel Width: Select the Channel Width:

Auto 20/40 - Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices.

**20MHz** - Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients.

**Transmission Rate:** Select the transmit rate. It is strongly suggested to select **Best (automatic)** for best performance.

Enable Hidden Check the box if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the DAP-1350. If checked, the

Wireless: SSID of the DAP-1350 will not be seen by Site Survey utilities so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your

DAP-1350 in order to connect to it.

Security Mode: Refer to page 107 for more information regarding the wireless security.

**Enable:** Enable the Wi-Fi Protected Setup feature.

Lock Wireless Locking the wireless security settings prevents the settings from being changed by any new external user using its PIN.

Security Settings: Devices can still be added to the wireless network using Wi-Fi Protected Setup. It is still possible to change wireless network

settings with Manual Wireless Network Setup, Wireless Network Setup Wizard, or an existing external WLAN Manager

user.

Current PIN: Shows the current value of the access point's PIN.

Generate New Create a random number that is a valid PIN. This becomes the access point's PIN. You can then copy this PIN to the user

PIN: interface of the user.

Reset PIN to Default: Restore the default PIN of the access point.

Reset to Resets Wi-Fi Protected Status to Not Configured. The Vista WPS icon will only be displayed when the Wi-Fi Protected

**Unconfigured:** Status is Not Configured.

### LAN Setup

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the access point and to configure the DHCP settings.

**LAN Connection** Use the drop-down menu to select Dynamic IP **Type:** (DHCP) to automatically obtain an IP address on the LAN/private network.

Device Name: Enter the Device Name of the AP. It is recommended to change the Device Name if there is more than one D-Link device within the subnet.



#### Static IP

Select Static IP to manually enter the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway addresses.

LAN Connection Type: Select Static IP from the drop-down menu.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the access point. The default IP address is 192.168.0.50. If you change the IP address, once you click **Apply**, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration

utility.

**Subnet Mask:** Enter the Subnet Mask.

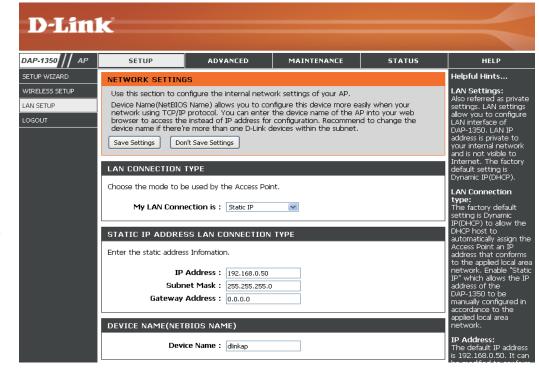
**Default Gateway:** Enter the Gateway. This is usually the LAN or

internal IP address of your router.

Device Name: Enter the Device Name of the AP. It is

recommended to change the Device Name if there is more than one D-Link device within the subnet. You can enter the device name of the AP into your web browser to access the instead of IP address for configuration. If you are using the device name to connect, make sure that your PC and your DAP-1350

are on the same network.



#### **MAC Address Filter**

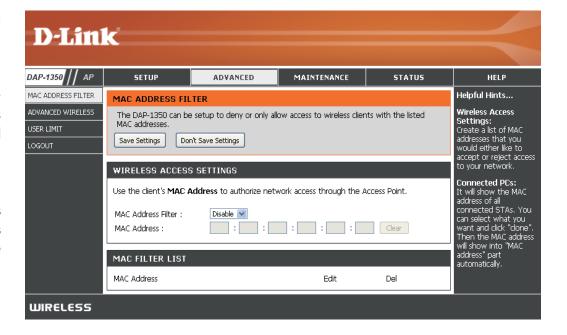
Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to authorize wireless clients by their MAC addresses to access your network. When enabled, any client not on the MAC filter list will not be able to access your network.

MAC Address Select Enable or Disable from the drop-down Filter: menu.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address you would like to filter. To find the MAC address on a computer, please refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual. Click Save Settings to activate and save.

> Note: Make sure you enter the computer you are currently using to configure the access point first or you will not be able to access the configuration utility once you click Save Settings.

MAC Filter List: Displays the list of clients in the filter list.



#### **Advanced Wireless**

Transmit Power: Sets the transmit power of the antennas.

**Note:** Transmit power is regulated by international standard. Users are forbidden to change its maximum limit.

Beacon Period: Beacons are packets sent by an access point

to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. 100 is the default setting and is

recommended.

DTIM Interval: (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) 1 is the

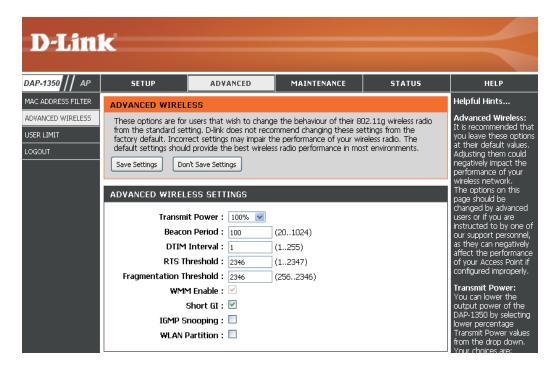
default setting. A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to

broadcast and multicast messages.

RTS Threshold: This value should remain at its default setting of

2346. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only

a minor modification should be made.



**Fragmentation** The fragmentation threshold, which is specified in bytes, determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding **Threshold**: the 2346 byte setting will be fragmented before transmission. 2346 is the default setting.

WMM Enable: WMM is QoS for your wireless network. This will improve the quality of video and voice applications for your wireless clients.

**Short GI:** Check this box to reduce the guard interval time therefore increasing the data capacity. However, it's less reliable and may create higher data loss.

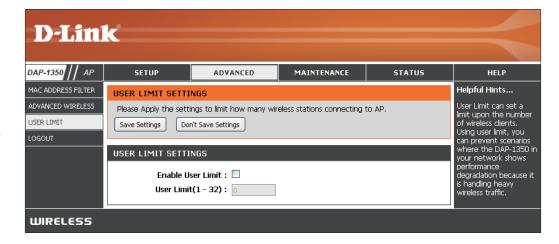
### **User Limit**

Enter the maximum number of wireless clients that can connect at one time to your access point.

Enable User Check the Enable User Limit box to enable Limit: this feature.

**User Limit:** Enter the maximum number of clients, between 1 and 32.

**Save** Click **Save Settings** to save and activate the **Settings**: new changes.



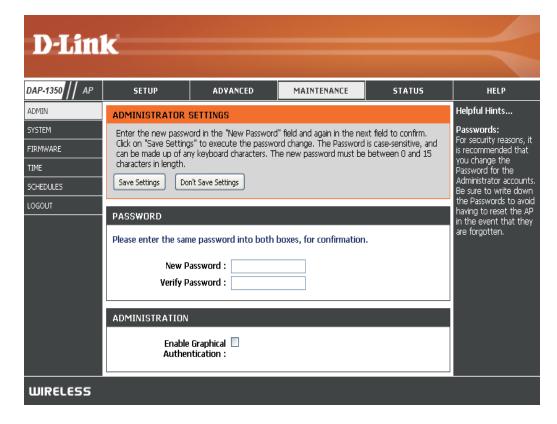
#### **Admin**

This page will allow you to change the Administrator password. The administrator password has read/write access.

Password: Enter a new password for the Administrator Login Name. The administrator can make changes to the settings.

Verify Enter the same password that you entered Password: in the previous textbox in order to confirm its accuracy.

**Enable** Enables a challenge-response test to require Graphical users to type letters or numbers from a distorted Authentication: image displayed on the screen to prevent online hackers and unauthorized users from gaining access to your router's network settings. This feature is disabled by default.



## System

Save to Local Use this option to save the current access point Hard Drive: configuration settings to a file on the hard disk of the computer you are using. Click the **Save** button. You will then see a file dialog where you can select a location and file name for the settings.

Upload from Use this option to load previously saved access Local Hard Drive: point configuration settings. Click Browse to find a previously saved configuration file. Then, click the **Upload Settings** button to transfer those settings to the access point.

Restore to This option will restore all configuration settings Factory Default: back to the settings that were in effect at the time the access point was shipped from the factory. Any settings that have not been saved will be lost, including any rules that you have created. If you want to save the current access point configuration settings, use the Save button above.

> Note: Restoring the factory default settings will not reset the Wi-Fi Protected Status to Not Configured.

Reboot the

**Device:** Click to reboot the access point.



#### **Firmware**

You can upgrade the firmware of the access point here. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click on **Browse** to locate the firmware file to be used for the update. Please check the D-Link support website for firmware updates at http://support.dlink.com. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from this site.

**Browse:** After you have downloaded the new firmware, click **Browse** to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the firmware upgrade.

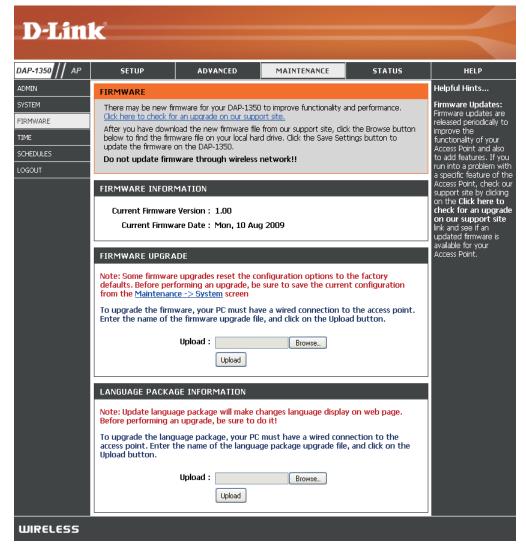
**Upload:** Once you have a firmware update on your computer, use this option to browse for the file and then upload the information into the access point.

#### **Language Pack**

You can change the language of the web UI by uploading available language packs.

**Browse:** After you have downloaded the new language pack, click **Browse** to locate the language pack file on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the language pack upgrade.

**Note:** In most cases you must unzip the file first before uploading.



#### Time

The Time Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone that you are in. Daylight Saving can also be configured to automatically adjust the time when needed.

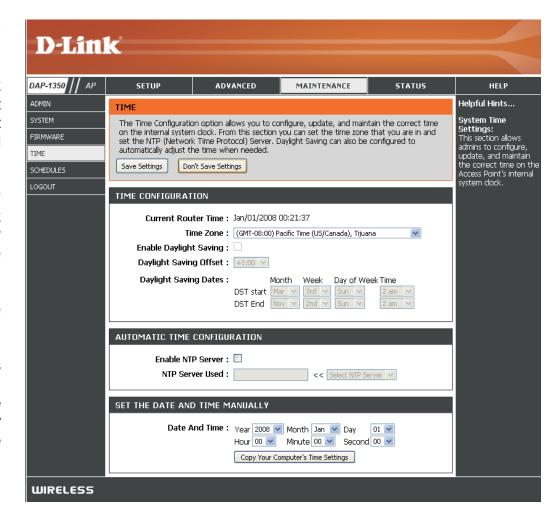
**Time Zone:** Select the Time Zone from the drop-down menu.

Daylight Saving: To select Daylight Saving time manually, click the Enable Daylight Saving check box. Next use the drop-down menu to select a Daylight Saving Offset and then enter a start date and an end date for daylight saving time.

Enable NTP Server: NTP is short for Network Time Protocol. NTP synchronizes computer clock times in a network of computers. Check this box to use a NTP server. This will only connect to a server on the Internet, not a local server.

NTP Server Used: Enter the NTP server or select one from the drop-down menu.

Date and Time: To manually input the time, enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second and then click Save Settings. You can also click the Copy Your Computer's Time Settings button at the bottom of the screen.



#### **Schedules**

Schedules can be created for use with enforcing rules. For example, if you want to restrict web access to Mon-Fri from 3pm to 8pm, you could create a schedule selecting Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, and Fri and enter a Start Time of 3pm and End Time of 8pm.

Name: Enter a name for your new schedule.

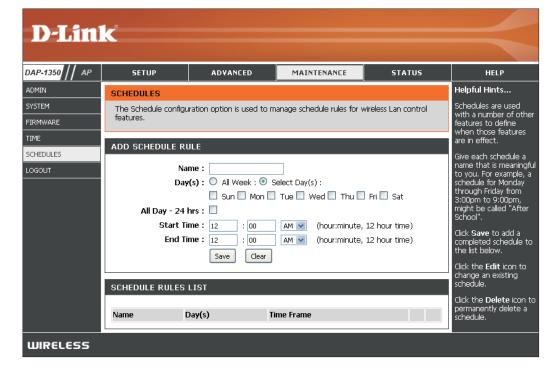
Days: Select a day, a range of days, or All Week to include every day.

**Time:** Check **All Days** or enter a start and end time for your schedule.

Wireless: Select On or Off from the drop-down menu.

Add: Click Add to save your schedule. You must click Save Settings at the top for your schedules to go into effect.

Schedule Rules The list of schedules will be listed here. Click
List: the Edit icon to make changes or click the
Delete icon to remove the schedule.



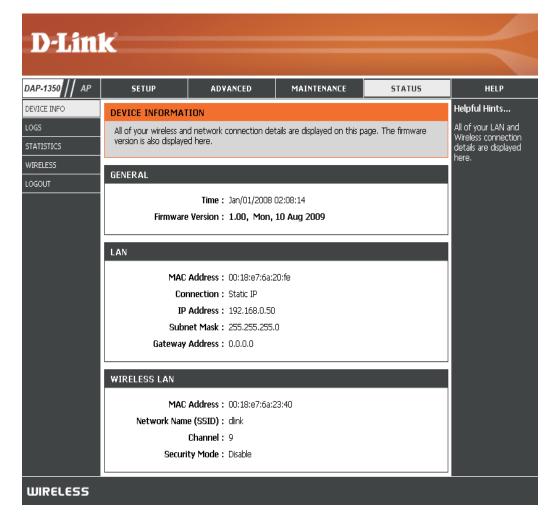
## **Device Info**

This page displays the current information for the DAP-1350. It will display the LAN and wireless LAN information.

**General:** Displays the access point's time and firmware version.

LAN: Displays the MAC address and the private (local) IP settings for the access point.

Wireless LAN: Displays the wireless MAC address and your wireless settings such as SSID and Channel.



# Logs

The DAP-1350 keeps a running log of events and activities occurring on the AP. If the AP is rebooted, the logs are automatically cleared. You can save the log files under Log Settings.

Log Options: You can select the types of messages that you want to display from the log: System Activity, Debug Information, Attacks, Dropped Packets, and Notice. Select and click Apply Log Settings

Now.

First Page: This button directs you to the first page of the log.

Last Page: This button directs you to the last page of the log.

Previous: This button directs you to the previous page of the

log.

Next: This button directs you to the next page of the

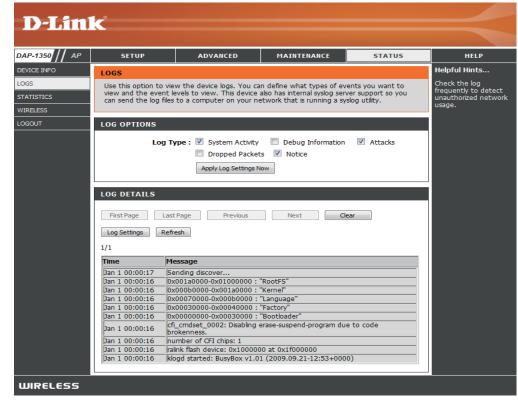
log.

Clear: This button clears all current log content.

Log Settings: This button opens a new menu where you can

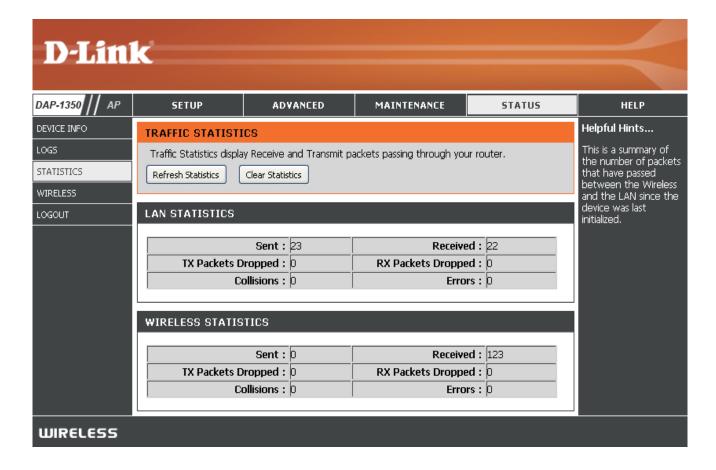
configure the log settings.

Refresh: This button refreshes the log.



## **Statistics**

The DAP-1350 keeps statistics of the traffic that passes through it. You can view the amount of packets that pass through the LAN and wireless portions of the network. The traffic counter will reset if the access point is rebooted.

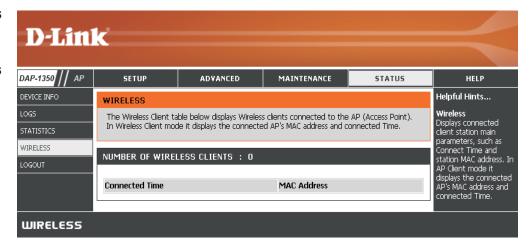


# **Wireless**

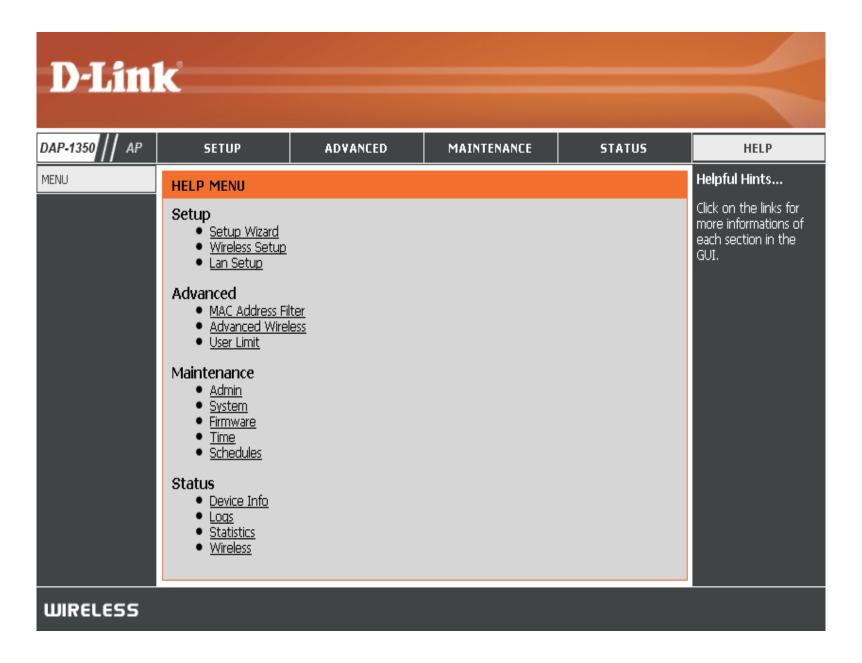
The wireless section allows you to view the wireless clients that are connected to your wireless access point.

**Connection Time:** Displays the amount of time the wireless client has been connected to the access point.

MAC Address: The Ethernet ID (MAC address) of the wireless client.



# Help



# **Wireless Client Mode**

Change the mode selector to **CL** on the device. Connect an Ethernet cable from the Ethernet port on the DAP-1350 to a computer for configuration.

If you wish to change the default settings or optimize the performance of the DAP-1350, you may use the web-based configuration utility.

To access the configuration utility, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer and enter **dlinkap** or **192.168.0.50** in the address field.



Type **Admin** and then enter your password. Leave the password blank by default.

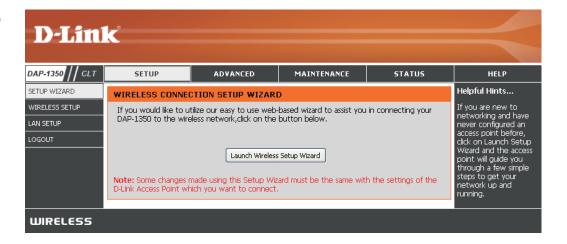
If you get a Page Cannot be Displayed error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.



# **Wireless Setup Wizard**

This Wizard is designed to assist you in configuring your DAP-1350 as a wireless client.

Click the **Launch Wireless Setup Wizard** button to use the wizard to setup your network.



Enter the Device Name of the AP and click **Next** to continue. It is recommended to change the Device Name if there is more than one D-Link device within the same wireless network.



If you want to change the admin account password, enter a new password and click **Next**. It is strongly recommended to change your password.

SET YOUR NEW PASSWORD				
You may change the <b>admin</b> account password by entering in a new password. Click <b>Next</b> to continue.				
Password :				
Prev Next Exit				

Select **Auto** as the configuration method only if your wireless device supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS). For **Manual** setup, skip to the next page.

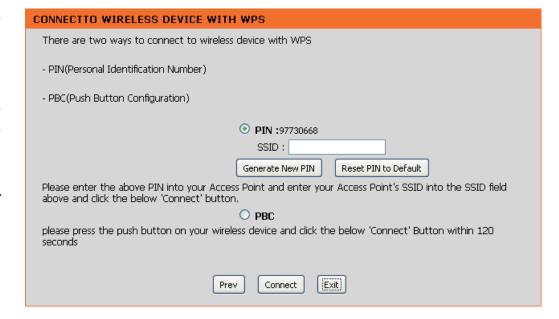
Click **Next** to continue.



For PBC (Push Button Configuration), skip to the next page.

Select **PIN** to connect your wireless device with WPS. You may click **Generate New PIN** to use a different PIN number. Click Connect to start the WPS scan.

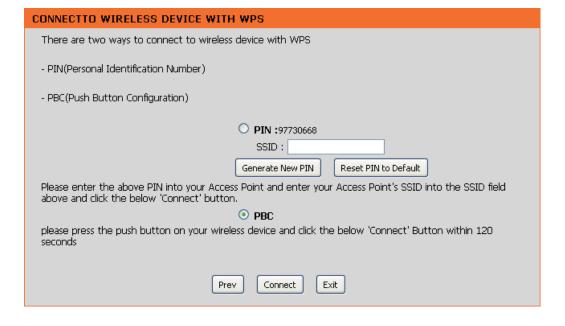
Within 2 minutes, enter the PIN number into the other device you want to connect to.



Select **PBC** to use the Push Button Configuration to connect to your network.

Click Connect to continue.

**Note:** You may also press the WPS button located on the side of the DAP-1350 instead of running this wizard.



On the device you want to connect to, start the PBC process on the device. You will have 2 minutes to start the PBC process on both devices.

#### **VIRTUAL PUSH BUTTON**

Please press down the Push Button (physical or virtual) on the wireless device you are adding to your wireless network within 118 seconds...

Select **Manual** configuration to setup your network manually.

Click **Next** to continue.

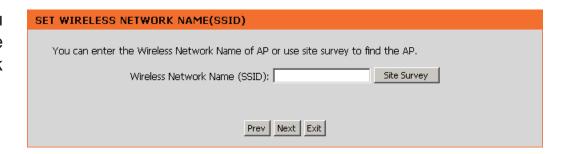
Please select one of the following configuration methods. Click Next to continue.

Auto -- Select this option if your wireless device supports WPS(Wi-Fi Protected Setup)

Manual -- Select this option if you want to setup your network manually.

Prev Next Exit

Enter the network name (SSID) of the network you want to connect to. If you do not know the exact name or would like to search for the wireless network, click **Site Survey**.



Find your access point from the list, click the radio button in the right column, and click **Connect**.



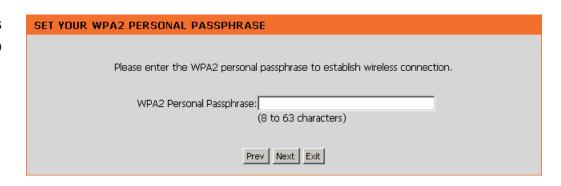
Choose which Security Mode you want to use and click **Next** to continue.



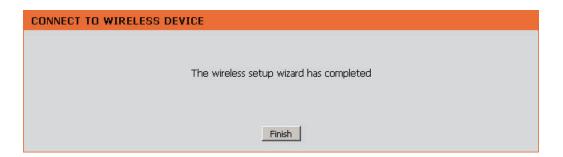
If you select **WEP**, choose the key type (ASCII or HEX), the key size (64 or 128-bit), and enter the wireless security password. Click **Next** to complete the Setup Wizard.



If you select **WPA** or **WPA2**, enter the wireless security password. Click **Next** to complete the Setup Wizard.



The Wireless Setup Wizard is complete. Click **Finish** to reboot the device.



# **Manual Wireless Setup**

Wireless Mode: Wireless Client Mode is selected.

**Site Survey:** Click **Site Survey** to display a list of wireless networks in your area. You may select the wireless access point to connect to.

Wireless Type: Select Infrastructure if connecting to an access point or wireless router, or select Ad-Hoc if connecting to another wireless client.

Wireless Network Enter the SSID of the wireless network you want to connect Name: to. If you do not know for sure, click Site Survey and select it from the list, if available.

**Wireless Channel:** The channel will automatically change to the channel of the AP you are connected to.

**802.11 Mode:** Select the appropriate 802.11 mode based on the wireless clients in your network. Select **Mixed 802.11b/g**, **802.11n Only**, or **Mixed 802.11b/g/n** from the drop-down menu.

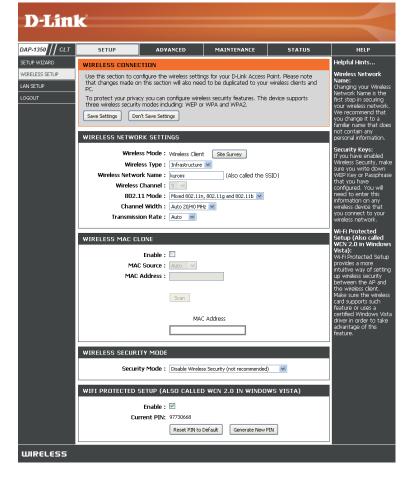
Channel Width: Select the Channel Width:

Auto 20/40 - Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-

802.11n wireless devices.

20MHz - Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless

clients.



Transmission Rate: Select the transmission rate. It is strongly suggested to use the Auto setting for optimal performance.

Wireless MAC You can clone the MAC address of the device connected via Ethernet to the DAP-1350.

Wireless Security Select a wireless security setting. Options are None, WEP, WPA, or WPA2. See the Wireless Security section in this manual Mode: for a detailed explanation of the wireless security options.

WPS: Select enable if you want to configure the DAP-1350 with Wi-Fi Protection setup.

# LAN Settings

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the access point and to configure the DHCP settings.

LAN Connection Use the drop-down menu to select Dynamic

Type: IP (DHCP) to automatically obtain an IP address on the LAN/private network or select Static IP to manually enter the IP settings.

IP Address: 192.168.0.50 is the default IP Address of the

DAP-1350.

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 is the default subnet mask.

All devices on the network must have the same subnet mask to communicate on the

network.

Default Gateway: Enter the IP Address of the gateway in your

network.

Device Name: Enter the Device Name of the AP. It is

recommended to change the Device Name if there is more than one D-Link device within

the subnet.



# Logout

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the access point and to configure the DHCP settings.



#### **Advanced Wireless**

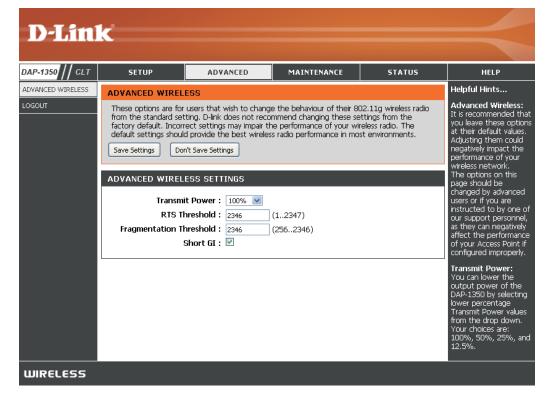
Transmit Power: Sets the transmit power of the antennas.

**Note:** Transmit power is regulated by international standard. Users are forbidden to change its maximum limit.

RTS Threshold: This value should remain at its default setting of 2346. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.

Fragmentation The fragmentation threshold, which is specified Threshold: in bytes, determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding the 2346 byte setting will be fragmented before transmission. 2346 is the default setting.

**Short GI:** Check this box to reduce the guard interval time therefore increasing the data capacity. However, it's less reliable and may create higher data loss.



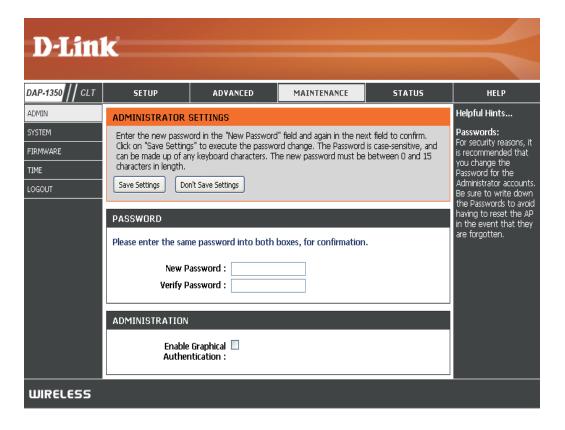
## **Admin**

This page will allow you to change the Administrator password. The administrator password has read/write access.

Password: Enter a new password for the Administrator Login Name. The administrator can make changes to the settings.

Verify Enter the same password that you entered Password: in the previous textbox in order to confirm its accuracy.

**Enable** Enables a challenge-response test to require Graphical users to type letters or numbers from a distorted Authentication: image displayed on the screen to prevent online hackers and unauthorized users from gaining access to your router's network settings.



Save to Local Use this option to save the current access point Hard Drive: configuration settings to a file on the hard disk of the computer you are using. Click the Save button. You will then see a file dialog where you can select a location and file name for the settings.

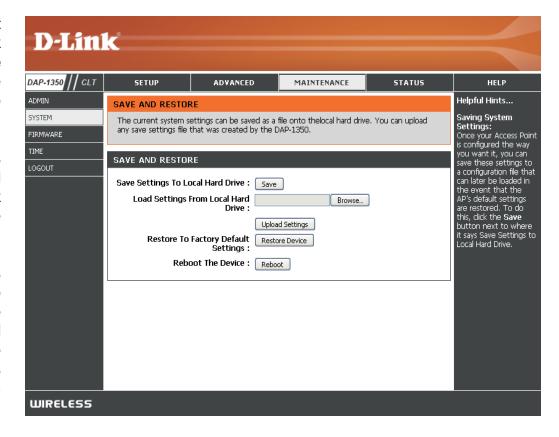
Load from Local Use this option to load previously saved access Hard Drive: point configuration settings. Click Browse to find a previously saved configuration file. Then, click the Upload Settings button to transfer those settings to the access point.

Restore to Factory This option will restore all configuration settings Default: back to the settings that were in effect at the time the access point was shipped from the factory. Any settings that have not been saved will be lost, including any rules that you have created. If you want to save the current access point configuration settings, use the **Save** button above.

> Note: Restoring the factory default settings will not reset the Wi-Fi Protected Status to Not Configured.

Reboot the Device: Click to reboot the access point.

# System



#### **Firmware**

You can upgrade the firmware of the access point here. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click on **Browse** to locate the firmware file to be used for the update. Please check the D-Link support website for firmware updates at http://support.dlink.com. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from this site.

**Browse:** After you have downloaded the new firmware, click **Browse** to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the firmware upgrade.

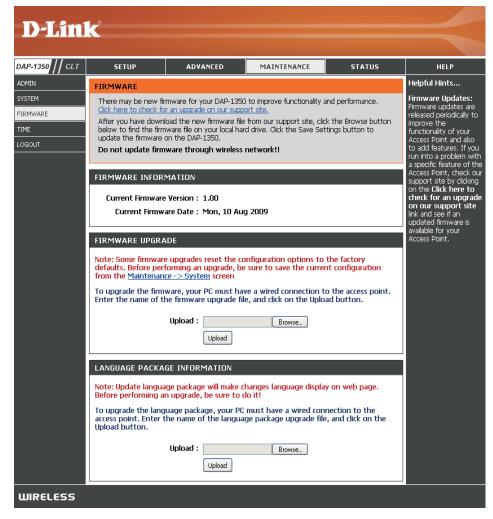
**Upload:** Once you have a firmware update on your computer, use this option to browse for the file and then upload the information into the access point.

#### **Language Pack**

You can change the language of the web UI by uploading available language packs.

**Browse:** After you have downloaded the new language pack, click **Browse** to locate the language pack file on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the language pack upgrade.

**Note:** In most cases you must unzip the file first before uploading.



#### Time

The Time Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone that you are in. Daylight Saving can also be configured to automatically adjust the time when needed.

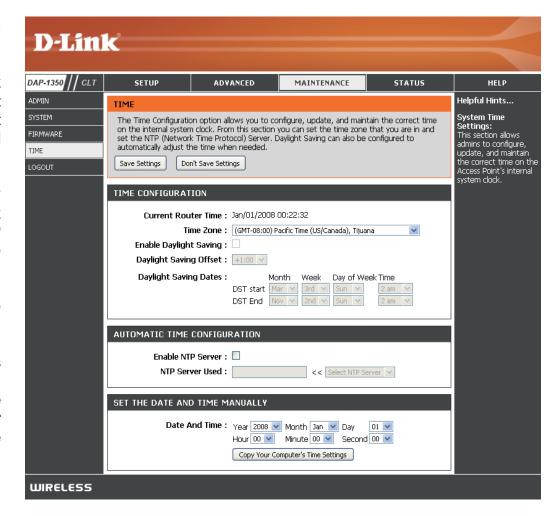
**Time Zone:** Select the Time Zone from the drop-down menu.

Daylight Saving: To select Daylight Saving time manually, click the Enable Daylight Saving check box. Next use the drop-down menu to select a Daylight Saving Offset and then enter a start date and an end date for daylight saving time.

Enable NTP Server: NTP is short for Network Time Protocol. NTP synchronizes computer clock times in a network of computers. Check this box to use a NTP server. This will only connect to a server on the Internet, not a local server.

NTP Server Used: Enter the NTP server or select one from the drop-down menu.

Date and Time: To manually input the time, enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second and then click Save Settings. You can also click the Copy Your Computer's Time Settings button at the bottom of the screen.



## **Device Info**

This page displays the current information for the DAP-1350. It will display the LAN and wireless LAN information.

**General:** Displays the access point's time and firmware version.

LAN: Displays the MAC address and the private (local) IP settings for the access point.

Wireless LAN: Displays the wireless MAC address and your wireless settings such as SSID and Channel.



# Logs

The DAP-1350 keeps a running log of events and activities occurring on the AP. If the AP is rebooted, the logs are automatically cleared. You can save the log files under Log Settings.

Log Options: You can select the types of messages that you want to display from the log: System Activity, Debug Information, Attacks, Dropped Packets, and Notice. Select and click Apply Log Settings Now.

First Page: This button directs you to the first page of the log.

Last Page: This button directs you to the last page of the log.

Previous: This button directs you to the previous page of the

log.

Next: This button directs you to the next page of the

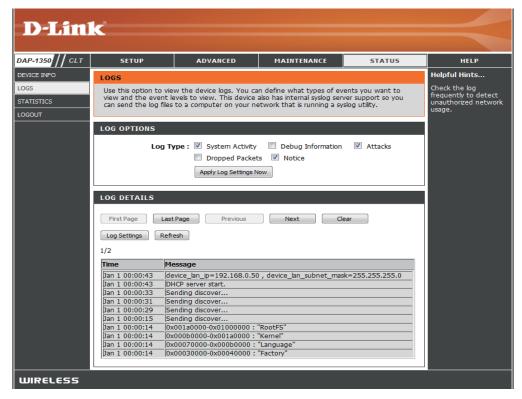
log.

Clear: This button clears all current log content.

Log Settings: This button opens a new menu where you can

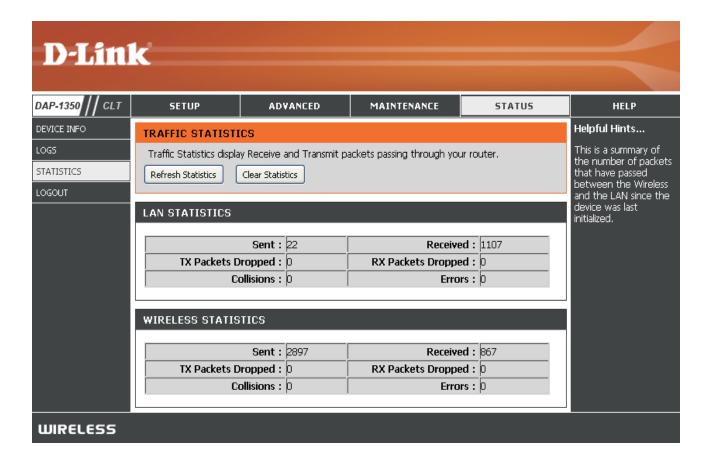
configure the log settings.

**Refresh:** This button refreshes the log.

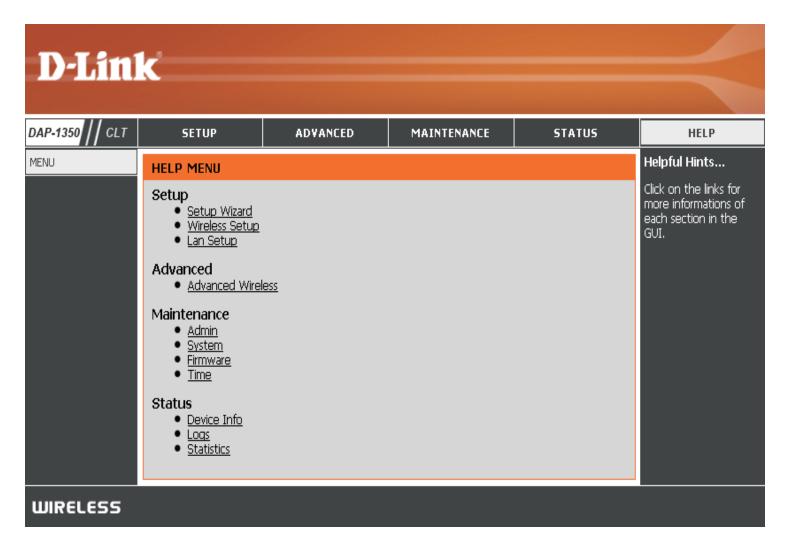


## **Statistics**

The DAP-1350 keeps statistics of the traffic that passes through it. You can view the amount of packets that pass through the LAN and wireless portions of the network. The traffic counter will reset if the access point is rebooted.



# Help



# **Router Mode**

Change the mode selector to **RT** on the device. Connect an Ethernet cable from the Ethernet port on the DAP-1350 to your broadband modem. You will need to connect wirelessly to the DAP-1350 to configure it.

If you wish to change the default settings or optimize the performance of the DAP-1350, you may use the web-based configuration utility.

To access the configuration utility, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer and enter **dlinkap** or **192.168.0.50** in the address field.



Type **admin** and then enter your password. Leave the password blank by default.

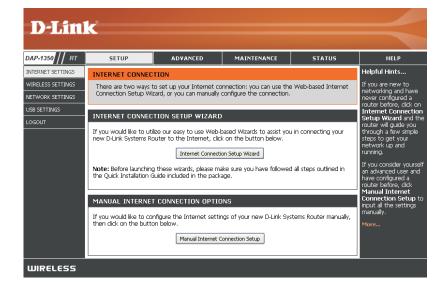
If you get a Page Cannot be Displayed error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.



# **Setup Wizard**

Click Launch Internet Connection Setup Wizard to begin.

If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Internet Configuration Setup** and skip to page 65.



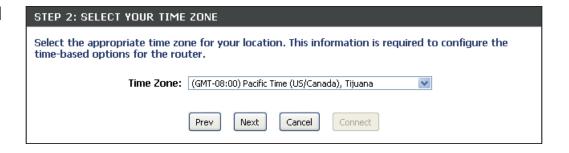
Click **Next** to continue.

Create a new password and then click **Next** to continue.

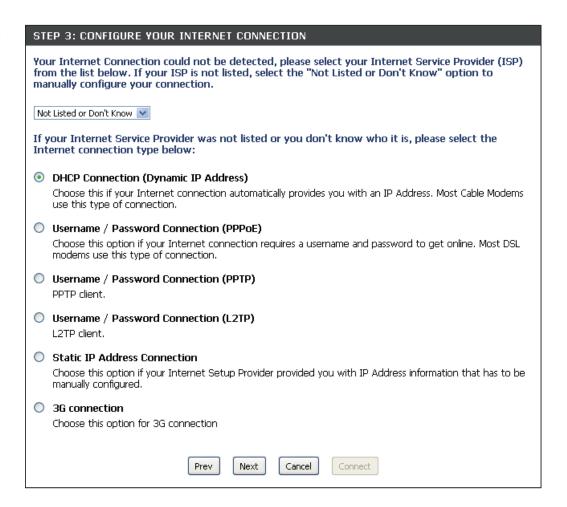


STEP 1: SET YOUR PASSWORD					
By default, your new D-Link Router does not have a password configured for administrator access to the Web-based configuration pages. To secure your new networking device, please set and verif a password below:					
Password : Verify Password :					
	Prev	Next	Cancel	Connect	

Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.



Select the type of Internet connection you use and then click **Next** to continue.



If you selected Dynamic, you may need to enter the MAC address of the computer that was last connected directly to your modem. If you are currently using that computer, click **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** and then click **Next** to continue.

The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.

To set up this connection, please make sure that you are connected to the D-Link Router with the PC that was originally connected to your broadband connection. If you are, then click the Clone MAC button to copy your computer's MAC Address to the D-Link Router.							
MAC Address :	(optional)						
Host Name :	Clone Your PC's MAC address						
your ISP.  DNS SETTINGS	de a Host Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact						
Primary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0						
Secondary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0						
	Prev Next Cancel Connect						

Click **Connect** to save your settings. Once the router is finished rebooting, click **Continue**. Please allow 1-2 minutes to connect.

Close your browser window and reopen it to test your Internet connection. It may take a few tries to initially connect to the Internet.

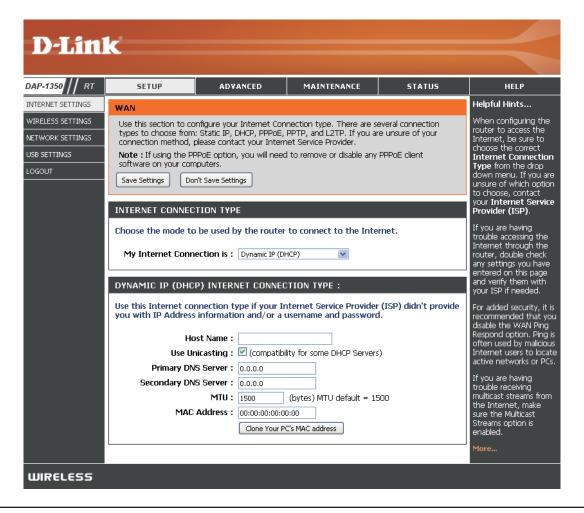


# **Internet Setup**

If you opt to set up your Internet connection manually, you will be redirected to a WAN page that allows you to select your Internet type and enter the correct configuration parameters.

Select your Internet connection type using the "My Internet Connection is" drop-down menu.

Click the **Save Settings** button when you have configured the connection.



# **Dynamic IP (DHCP)**

Select Dynamic IP(DHCP) to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. Select this option if your ISP does not give you any IP number to use. This option is commonly used for Cable modem services.

Host Name: The Host Name is optional but may be

required by some ISPs.

Use Unicasting: Select if you are having problems obtaining

an IP address from your DHCP server.

DNS Server: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS

server IP address assigned by your ISP.

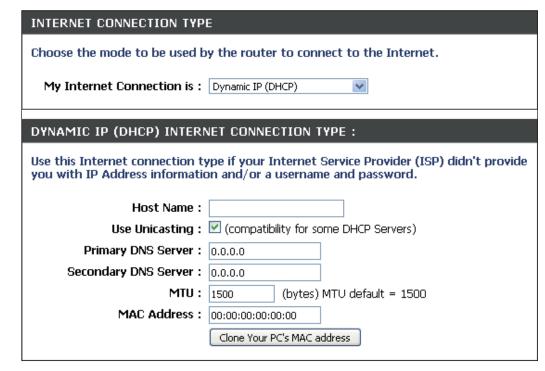
MTU: You may need to change the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) for optimal performance with your specific ISP. The default MTU size

is 1500.

MAC Address: The default MAC address is set to the

Ethernet MAC address your DAP-1350. You can click the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to replace the AP's MAC address with the MAC address of the PC that you used to register with your ISP. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by

your ISP.



#### Static IP

Select Static IP if all WAN IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter in the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, and DNS address(es) provided to you by your ISP.

IP Address: Enter the IP Address provided by your ISP

(Internet Service Provider).

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 is the default subnet mask.

All devices on the network must have the same subnet mask to communicate on

the network.

Default Gateway: Enter the IP Address of the gateway in

your network.

Primary DNS Server: Enter the Primary DNS (Domain Name

System) server IP address assigned by

your ISP.

Secondary DNS Server: Enter the Secondary DNS (optional) server

IP address assigned by your ISP.

MTU: You may need to change the MTU

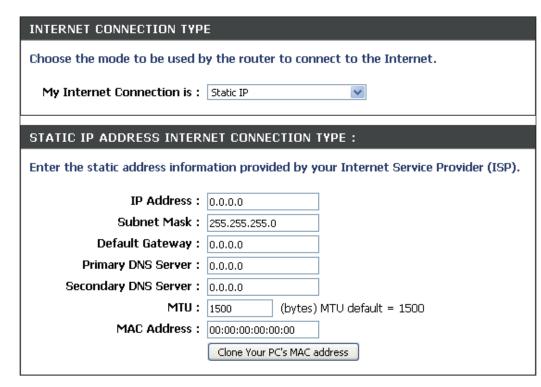
(Maximum Transmission Unit) for optimal

performance with your specific ISP. The default MTU size is 1500.

Clone MAC Address: The default MAC address is set to the MAC address on the AP (Access Point). You can click the Clone Your PC's MAC

Address button to replace the AP's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card. It is not recommended

that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP.



#### **PPPnE**

Select PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet) if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through the DAP-1350.

**Username:** Enter your PPPoE user name.

Password: Enter your PPPoE password and then retype

the password in the next box.

Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

Reconnect Mode: Select Always on, On Demand or Manual.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter the time (in minutes) where the router will

disconnect if idle for the time specified.

**DNS Servers:** Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS (Domain

Name System) server IP address assigned by

your ISP.

MTU: You may need to change the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) for optimal performance with your specific ISP. The default MTU size

is 1400.

Clone MAC Address: The default MAC address is set to the MAC

address on the AP (Access Point). You can click

the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to

replace the AP's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet. My Internet Connection is: PPPoE (Username / Password) 💌 PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE: Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). Address Mode: O Dynamic IP O Static IP IP Address: 0,0,0,0 Username: Password: Verify Password: Service Name: (optional) Reconnect Mode: O Always on O On demand O Manual Maximum Idle Time: 5 (minutes, 0=infinite) Primary DNS Server: 0.0.0.0 (optional) Secondary DNS Server: 0,0,0,0 (optional) MTU: 1492 (bytes) MTU default = 1492 MAC Address: 00:00:00:00:00:00 Clone Your PC's MAC address

## **PPTP**

Choose PPTP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

PPTP IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Subnet Mask: Enter the subnet mask.

PPTP Server IP Address: Enter the Server IP Address provided by

your ISP.

**Username:** Enter your PPTP username.

Password: Enter your PPTP password and then retype

the password in the next box.

Reconnect Mode: Select Always on, On Demand or

Manual.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter the time (in minutes) where the

router will disconnect if idle for the time

specified.

DNS Servers: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS

(Domain Name System) server IP address

assigned by your ISP.

MTU: You may need to change the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) for optimal

performance with your specific ISP. The

default MTU size is 1400.

Clone MAC Address: The default MAC address is set to the MAC address on the AP (Access Point). You can click the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to replace the AP's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet. My Internet Connection is: PPTP (Username / Password) PPTP INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE: Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). Address Mode: O Dynamic IP O Static IP PPTP IP Address: 0.0.0.0 PPTP Subnet Mask: 255,255,255,0 PPTP Gateway IP Address: 0.0.0.0 PPTP Server IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Username: Password: Verify Password: Reconnect Mode: O Always on O On demand O Manual Maximum Idle Time: 5 (minutes, 0=infinite) **Primary DNS Server:** 0.0.0.0 **Secondary DNS Server:** |0.0.0.0 MTU: 1400 (bytes) MTU default = 1492 MAC Address: |00:00:00:00:00:00 Clone Your PC's MAC address

#### L2TP

Choose L2TP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a L2TP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

PPTP IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).

**PPTP Subnet Mask:** Enter the subnet mask.

PPTP Server IP Address: Enter the Server IP Address provided by

vour ISP.

**Username:** Enter your PPTP username.

Password: Enter your PPTP password and then retype

the password in the next box.

Reconnect Mode: Select Always on, On Demand or

Manual.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter the time (in minutes) where the

router will disconnect if idle for the time

specified.

DNS Servers: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS

(Domain Name System) server IP address

assigned by your ISP.

MTU: You may need to change the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) for optimal

performance with your specific ISP. The default MTU size is 1400.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet. My Internet Connection is: L2TP (Username / Password) L2TP INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE: Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). Address Mode: O Dynamic IP O Static IP **L2TP IP Address:** 0.0.0.0 L2TP Subnet Mask: 255,255,255,0 **L2TP Gateway IP Address:** 0.0.0.0 **L2TP Server IP Address:** 0.0.0.0 Username: Password: Verify Password: Reconnect Mode: O Always on O On demand Manual Maximum Idle Time: 5 (minutes, 0=infinite) Primary DNS Server: 0.0.0.0 Secondary DNS Server: 0.0.0.0 MTU: 1400 (bytes) MTU default = 1492 MAC Address: |00:00:00:00:00:00 Clone Your PC's MAC address

Clone MAC Address: The default MAC address is set to the MAC address on the AP (Access Point). You can click the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to replace the AP's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP.

### **3G Mobile Connection**

Choose USB3G if you want to connect your router to the Internet through a compatible D-Link 3G USB adapter. Plug in your USB 3G adapter to the DAP-1350's USB port, then select **USB3G** from the drop down box and click on **Save Settings**. Your DAP-1350 will reboot and auto-load most of the required settings from the 3G adapter.

**ISP Name:** Displays the name of your **Internet Service Provider** (ISP).

**APN:** Enter a name for the access point. This is set to **Auto** by default, though you can select **Manual** to manually enter an access point name.

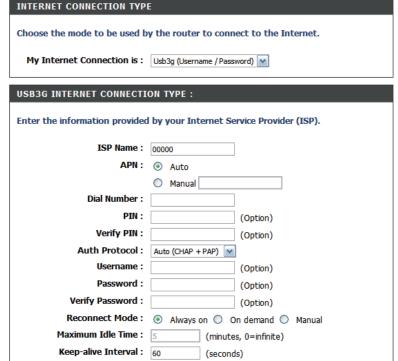
Dial Number: Enter the dial-up number.

PIN: Enter the PIN code required to unlock the 3G SIM card in your 3G USB adapter, then enter it again in the **Verify PIN** box. This field is only necessary if your SIM card is locked with a PIN code.

**Auth Protocol:** Choose the authentication type from the drop-down list. The default setting is **Auto**.

**Username:** Enter the username required to log in to your 3G Internet service. This field is only necessary if you need to use a username and password to connect to your 3G service.

Password: Enter the password required to log in to your 3G Internet service, then enter it again in the Verify Password box. This field is only necessary if you need to use a username and password to connect to your 3G service.



(Option)

(Option)

Keep-alive Server1:

Keep-alive Server2:

Reconnect Select Always-on, On Demand, or Manual to configure how the

Mode: DAP-1350 stays connected.

Maximum Idle Enter the maximum idle time during which the Internet connection

Time: is maintained during inactivity. This function does not apply if you have selected Pagennet Mode as Always on

have selected **Reconnect Mode** as **Always on**.

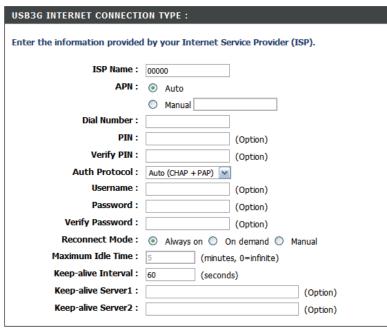
**Keep-alive** Set the number of seconds to send a keepalive signal. This is set

Interval: to 60 seconds by default.

Keep-alive Enter the servers you want to send keepalive signals to for your

Server: connection.



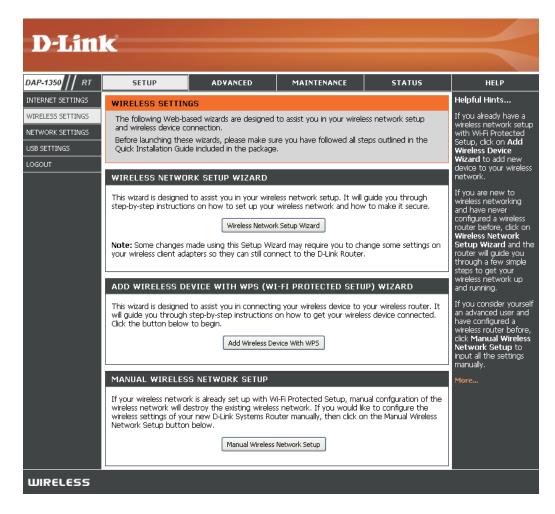


# **Wireless Setup Wizard**

You may click **Wireless Network Setup Wizard** to quickly configure your router. Refer to the next page.

To set up your wireless network, click **Add Wireless Device With WPS** and skip to page 76.

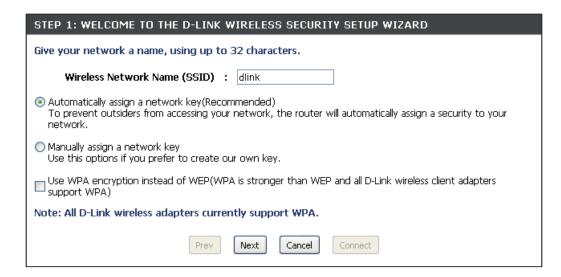
If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Wireless Network Setup** and skip to page 77.



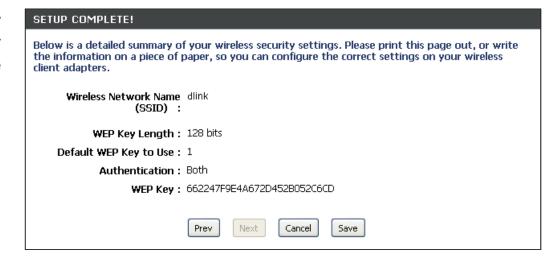
Type your desired wireless network name (SSID).

**Automatically:** Select this option to automatically generate the router's network key and click **Next**.

**Manually:** Select this option to manually enter your network key and click **Next**.



If you selected **Automatically**, the summary window will display your settings. Write down the security key and enter this on your wireless clients. Click **Save** to save your settings.



If you selected **Manually assign a network key** as the configuration method, enter your network key. This key must be entered on your wireless clients.

Check the **Use WPA encryption instead of WEP** box to use WPA Encryption instead of WEP.

Click **Next** to continue.

Give your network a name, using up to 32 characters.

Wireless Network Name (SSID): dlink

Automatically assign a network key(Recommended)
To prevent outsiders from accessing your network, the router will automatically assign a security to your network.

Manually assign a network key
Use this options if you prefer to create our own key.

Use WPA encryption instead of WEP(WPA is stronger than WEP and all D-Link wireless client adapters support WPA)

Note: All D-Link wireless adapters currently support WPA.

Prev Next Cancel Connect

For **WEP** encryption, enter a Network Key exactly 5 or 13 characters long or exactly 10 or 26 characters using 0-9 and A-F.

Click **Next** to continue.

STEP 2: SET YOUR WIRELESS SECURITY PASSWORD
You have selected your security level - you will need to set a wireless security password.
The WEP ( Wired Equivalent Privacy) key must meet one of following guildelines:
- Exactly 5 or 13 characters
- Exactly 10 or 26 characters using 0-9 and A-F
A longer WEP key is more secure than a short one
Wireless Security Password :
Note: You will need to enter the same password as keys in this step into your wireless clients in order to enable proper wireless communication.
Prev Next Cancel Save

The summary screen will appear.

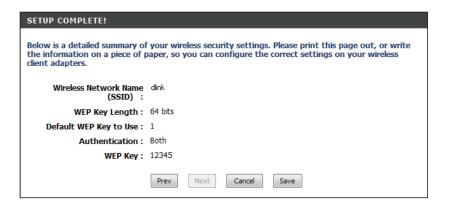
Click Save to continue.

If you select **WPA**, enter the wireless security password (8-32 characters). Click **Next** to complete the Setup Wizard.

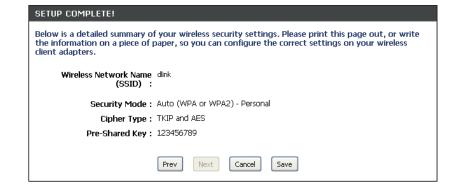
Click **Next** to continue.

The summary screen will appear.

Click Save to continue.

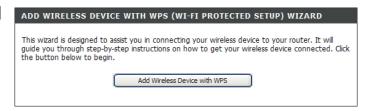


STEP 2: SET YOUR WIRELESS SECURITY PASSWORD
You have selected your security level - you will need to set a wireless security password.
The WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) key must meet one of following guildelines:
- Between 8 and 64 characters (A longer WPA key is more secure than a short one)
- Exactly 64 characters using 0-9 and A-F
Wireless Security Password :
Note: You will need to enter the same password as keys in this step into your wireless clients in order to enable proper wireless communication.
Prev Next Cancel Save



#### Add Wireless Device with WPS Wizard

From the **Setup** > **Wireless Settings** screen, click **Add Wireless Device with WPS**.



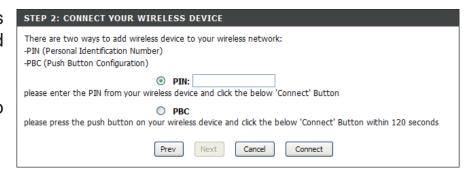
Select **Auto** to add a wireless client using WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup). Once you select **Auto** and click **Connect**, you will have a 120 second time limit to apply the settings to your wireless client(s) and successfully establish a connection.

If you select **Manual**, a settings summary screen will appear. Write down the security key and enter this on your wireless clients.



**PIN:** Select this option to use PIN method. In order to use this method you must know the wireless client's 8 digit PIN and click **Connect**.

**PBC:** Select this option to use PBC (Push Button) method to add a wireless client. Click **Connect**.



# **Wireless Settings**

**Enable Wireless:** Select this to turn the Wi-Fi module on and off.

Use the drop-down box to select if you want to use a schedule. Click **Add New Schedule** to

add or change a schedule.

Wireless Network Enter a wireless network name (SSID) for your

Name: network (up to 32 characters).

Wireless Mode: Select the appropriate 802.11 mode based

on the wireless clients in your network. The drop-down menu options are 802.11g Only, Mixed 802.11b/g, 802.11b Only, 802.11n

Only, or Mixed 802.11b/g/n.

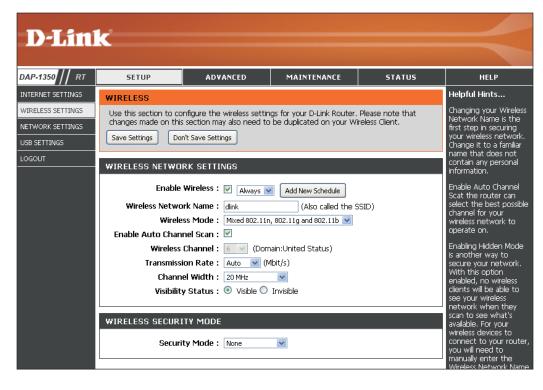
**Enable Auto** Check this box to have the device automatically

Channel Scan: scan for the best available channel.

Wireless Channel: Select a wireless channel. It is recommended

to use channels 1,6, or 11. This option will be disabled if the **Auto Channel Scan** box is

checked.



Transmission Rate: Select the transmission rate. It is strongly suggested to use the Auto setting for optimal performance.

Channel Width: Select the appropriate channel width between 20MHz or Auto 20/40MHz from the drop-down menu.

Visibility Status: Select Invisible if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcast by the DAP-1350. If Invisible is selected,

the SSID of the DAP-1350 will not be seen by Site Survey utilities so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your

DAP-1350 in order to connect to it.

**Wireless Security** Select a wireless security setting. Options are None, WEP, WPA, or WPA2. Refer to the **Wireless Security** section of this **Mode:** manual for a detailed explanation of the wireless security options.

# **Network Settings**

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1.

If you change the IP address, once you click **Apply**, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is

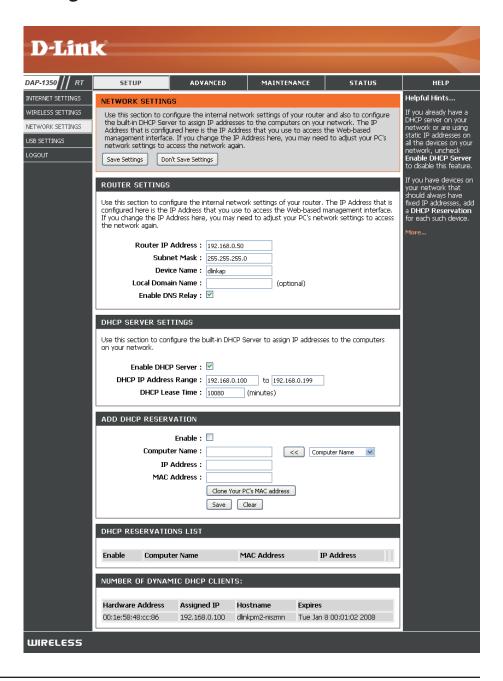
255.255.255.0.

Local Domain: Enter the Domain name (Optional).

Enable DNS Relay: Uncheck the box to transfer the DNS server

information from your ISP to your computers. If checked, your computers will use the router for a

DNS server.



# **DHCP Server Settings**

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DAP-1350 has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to "Obtain an IP Address Automatically." When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DAP-1350. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

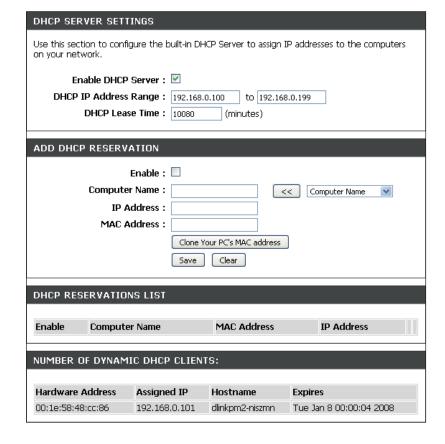
**Enable DHCP** Check this box to enable the DHCP server on **Server**: your router. Uncheck to disable this function.

**DHCP IP Address** Enter the starting and ending IP addresses for **Range:** the DHCP server's IP assignment.

**Note:** If you statically (manually) assign IP addresses to your computers or devices, make sure the IP addresses are outside of this range or you may have an IP conflict.

**Lease Time:** The length of time for the IP address lease. Enter the Lease time in minutes.

**Add DHCP** Refer to the next page for the DHCP Reservation **Reservation**: function.



#### **DHCP Reservation**

If you want a computer or device to always have the same IP address assigned, you can create a DHCP reservation. The router will assign the IP address only to that computer or device.

Note: This IP address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

**Enable:** Check this box to enable the reservation.

**Computer Name:** Enter the computer name or select from the drop-down

menu and click <<.

IP Address: Enter the IP address you want to assign to the computer

or device. This IP Address must be within the DHCP

IP Address Range.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the computer or device.

Copy Your PC's If you want to assign an IP address to the computer MAC Address: you are currently on, click this button to populate the

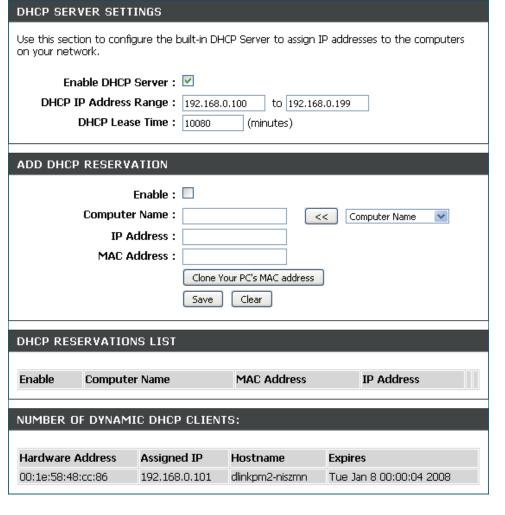
fields.

Save: Click Save to save your entry. You must click Save

**Settings** at the top to activate your reservations.

Number of In this section you can see what LAN devices are **Dynamic DHCP** currently leasing IP addresses.

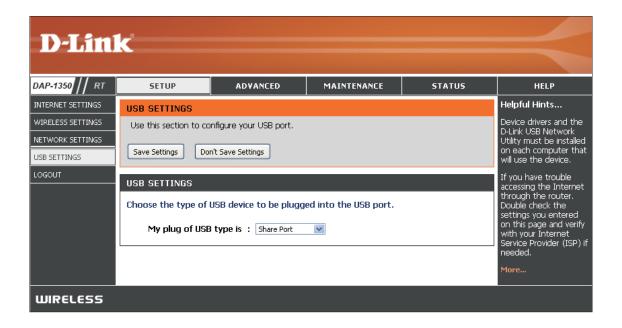
**Clients:** 



# **USB Settings**

Use this section to configure your USB port. Share Port will be selected.

Note: If using the SharePort option, users will need to install the SharePort Utility into the computers to share the USB device through the router. Please see the SharePort Manual on the CD for more information.



Note: The USB port may be used for 3G adapters. Currently only D-Link's 3G cards will be supported.

### **Virtual Server**

The DAP-1350 can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing Web or FTP services via the public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN (Local Area Network).

The DAP-1350 firewall feature filters out unrecognized packets to protect your LAN network so all computers networked with the DAP-1350 are invisible to the outside world. If you wish, you can make some of the LAN computers accessible from the Internet by enabling Virtual Server. Depending on the requested service, the DAP-1350 redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network.

The DAP-1350 is also capable of port-redirection meaning incoming traffic to a particular port may be redirected to a different port on the server computer.

Each virtual service that is created will be listed at the bottom of the screen in the Virtual Servers List. There are pre-defined virtual services already in the table. You may use them by enabling them and assigning the server IP to use that particular virtual service.

For a list of ports for common applications, please visit <a href="http://www.dlink.com/support/faq/?prod\_id=1191">http://www.dlink.com/support/faq/?prod\_id=1191</a>.

This will allow you to open ports (port forwarding).

Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the "Computer Name" drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

Private Port/ Enter the port that you want to open next to Private Public Port: Port and Public Port. The private and public ports are usually the same. The public port is the port seen from the Internet side, and the private port is the port being used by the application on the computer within your local network.

Protocol Type: Select TCP, UDP, or Both from the drop-down

menu.

Inbound Filter: Select Allow All (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the Advanced > Inbound Filter page.

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools** > **Schedules** section.



# **Application Rules**

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the DAP-1350. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the "Trigger Port" field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the firewall (public) ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The DAP-1350 provides some predefined applications in the table on the bottom of the web page. Select the application you want to use and enable it.

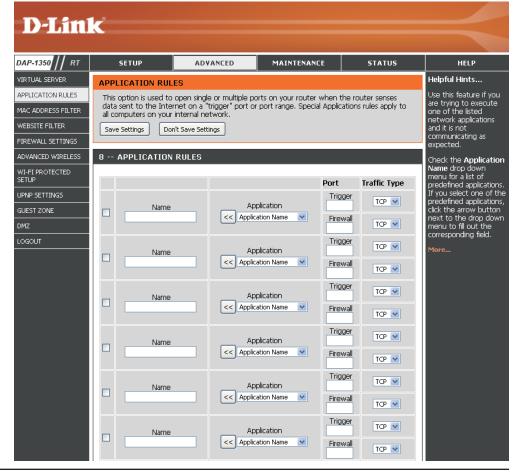
Name: Enter a name for the rule. You may select a pre-defined application from the drop-down menu and click <<.

**Trigger:** This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.

**Traffic Type:** Select the protocol of the trigger port (TCP, UDP, or Both).

Firewall: This is the port number on the Internet side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.

**Traffic Type:** Select the protocol of the firewall port (TCP, UDP, or Both).



#### **MAC Address Filter**

Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers by their MAC addresses from accessing the Network. You can either manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from the list of clients that are currently connected to the Broadband Router.

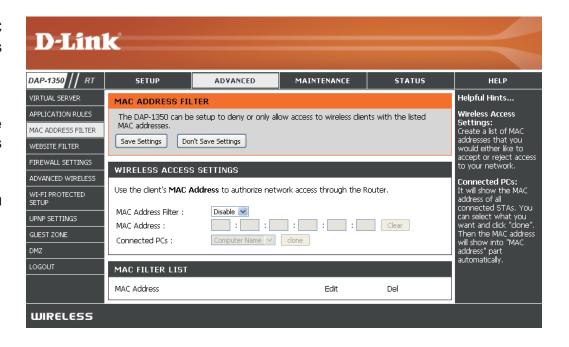
Configure MAC Select Turn MAC Filtering Off, allow MAC Filtering: addresses listed below, or deny MAC addresses listed below from the drop-down menu.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address you would like to filter. To find the MAC address on a computer, please refer to the Networking Basics section in this

manual.

**DHCP Client:** Select a DHCP client from the drop-down menu

and click << to copy that MAC Address.



#### **Website Filters**

Website Filters are used to deny LAN computers from accessing specific web sites by the URL or domain. A URL is a specially formatted text string that defines a location on the Internet. If any part of the URL contains the blocked word, the site will not be accessible and the web page will not display. To use this feature, enter the text string to be blocked and click **Save Settings**. The text to be blocked will appear in the list. To delete the text, click **Clear the List Below**.

Website URL/ Enter the keywords or URLs that you want to Domain: block (or allow). Any URL with the keyword in it will be blocked.



# **Firewall Settings**

A firewall protects your network from the outside world. The D-Link DAP-1350 offers a firewall type functionality. The SPI feature helps prevent cyber attacks. Sometimes you may want a computer exposed to the outside world for certain types of applications. If you choose to expose a computer, you can enable DMZ. DMZ is short for Demilitarized Zone. This option will expose the chosen computer completely to the outside world.

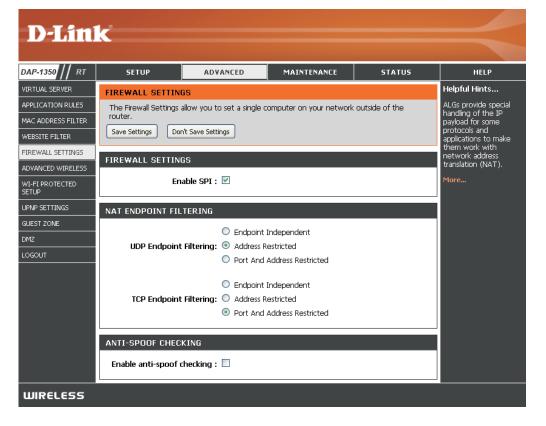
Enable SPI: SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more state per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol.

**NAT Endpoint** Select one of the following for TCP and UDP **Filtering:** ports:

**Endpoint Independent** - Any incoming traffic sent to an open port will be forwarded to the application that opened the port. The port will close if idle for 5 minutes.

**Address Restricted** - Incoming traffic must match the IP address of the outgoing connection.

Address + Port Restriction - Incoming traffic must match the IP address and port of the outgoing connection.



# **Advanced Wireless Settings**

**Transmit Power:** Set the transmit power of the antennas.

**Note:** Transmit power is regulated by international standard. Users are forbidden to change its maximum limit.

Beacon Period: Beacons are packets sent by an Access Point to

synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. 100 is the default setting and is recommended.

DTIM Interval: (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) 1 is the default

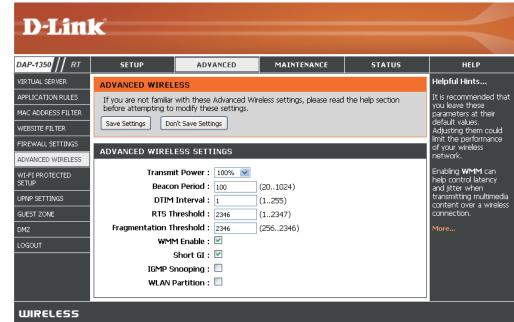
setting. A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and

multicast messages.

RTS Threshold: This value should remain at its default setting of

2346. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a

minor modification should be made.



**Fragmentation** The fragmentation threshold, which is specified in bytes, determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding **Threshold**: the 2346 byte setting will be fragmented before transmission. 2346 is the default setting.

WMM Function: WMM is QoS for your wireless network. This will improve the quality of video and voice applications for your wireless clients.

**Short GI:** Check this box to reduce the guard interval time therefore increasing the data capacity. However, it's less reliable and may create higher data loss.

# Wi-Fi Protected Setup

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) System is a simplified method for securing your wireless network during the "Initial setup" as well as the "Add New Device" processes. The Wi-Fi Alliance (WFA) has certified it across different products as well as manufactures. The process is just as easy, as depressing a button for the Push-Button Method or correctly entering the 8-digit code for the Pin-Code Method. The time reduction in setup and ease of use are guite beneficial, while the highest wireless Security setting of WPA2 is automatically used.

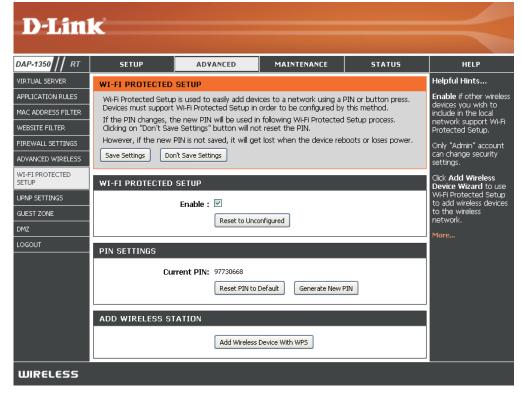
**Enable:** Enable the Wi-Fi Protected Setup feature.

Lock Wireless Locking the wireless security settings prevents the Security settings from being changed by the Wi-Fi Protected **Settings:** Setup feature of the router. Devices can still be added to the network using Wi-Fi Protected Setup. However, the settings of the network will not change once this option is checked.

PIN Settings: A PIN is a unique number that can be used to add the router to an existing network or to create a new network. The default PIN may be printed on the bottom of the router. For extra security, a new PIN can be generated. You can restore the default PIN at any time. Only the Administrator ("admin" account) can change or reset the PIN.

Current PIN: Shows the current value of the router's PIN.

Reset PIN to Restore the default PIN of the router. Default:



Generate New Create a random number that is a valid PIN. This becomes the router's PIN. You can then copy this PIN to the user interface PIN: of the registrar.

# **Station:**

Add Wireless This Wizard helps you add wireless devices to the wireless network.

The wizard will either display the wireless network settings to guide you through manual configuration, prompt you to enter the PIN for the device, or ask you to press the configuration button on the device. If the device supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and has a configuration button, you can add it to the network by pressing the configuration button on the device and then the on the router within 60 seconds. The status LED on the router will flash three times if the device has been successfully added to the network.

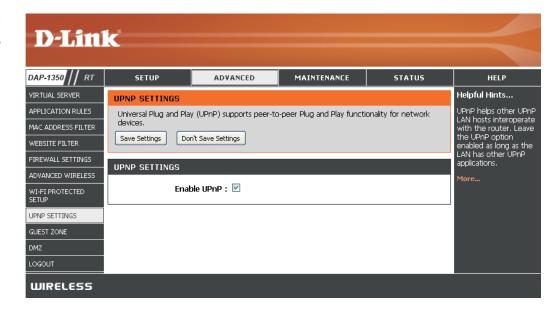
There are several ways to add a wireless device to your network. A "registrar" controls access to the wireless network. A registrar only allows devices onto the wireless network if you have entered the PIN, or pressed a special Wi-Fi Protected Setup button on the device. The router acts as a registrar for the network, although other devices may act as a registrar as well.

# **Add Wireless**

**Device Wizard:** Start the wizard.

# **UPnP Settings**

**UPnP Settings:** To use the Universal Plug and Play (UPnP<sup>™</sup>) feature click on **Enabled**. UPnP provides compatibility with networking equipment, software and peripherals.



### **Guest Zone**

The Guest Zone feature will allow you to create temporary zones that can be used by guests to access the Internet. These zones will be separate from your main wireless network.

**Enable Guest Zone:** Check to enable the Guest Zone feature.

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Guest Zone will be active. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in

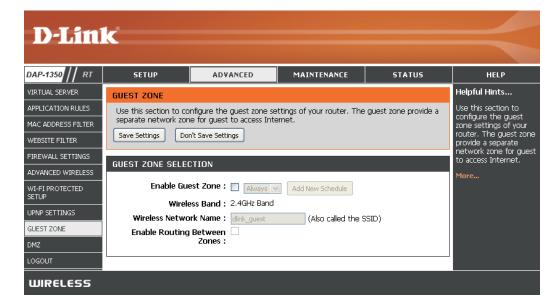
the **Tools** > **Schedules** section.

Wireless Network Enter a wireless network name (SSID) that is Name: different from your main wireless network.

**Enable Routing** Check to allow network connectivity between **Between Zones**: the different zones created.

Security Mode: Select the type of security or encryption you

would like to enable for the guest zone.

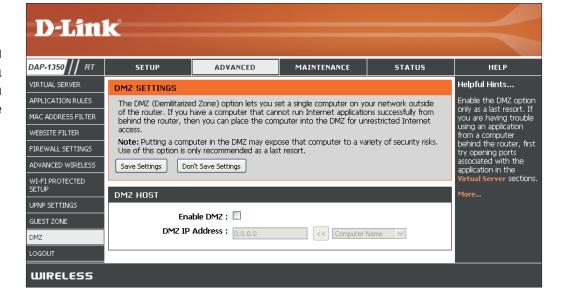


### **DMZ**

This feature allows you to set up a DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) host. If you have a client PC that cannot run Internet applications properly from behind the DAP-1350, then you can set the client up for unrestricted Internet access. The DMZ allows a computer to be exposed to the Internet. This feature is useful for gaming purposes. Enter the IP address of the computer that will be the DMZ host. Adding a client to the DMZ may expose your local network to a variety of security risks, so only use this option as a last resort.

Enable DMZ: Check this box to enable DMZ.

Address: would like to open all ports to. You can select a computer from the Computer Name drop-down menu and click << to enter the computer name into the DMZ Host IP Address field.



# **Administrator Settings**

This page will allow you to change the Administrator and User passwords. You can also enable Remote Management. There are two accounts that can access the management interface through the web browser. The accounts are admin and user. Admin has read/write access while user has read-only access. User can only view the settings but cannot make any changes. Only the admin account has the ability to change both admin and user account passwords.

Admin Password: Enter a new password for the Administrator Login Name.

The administrator can make changes to the settings.

User Password: Enter the new password for the User login. If you login

as the User, you can only see the settings, but cannot

change them.

Gateway Name: Enter a name for the DAP-1350 router.

**Enable Graphical** Enables a challenge-response test to require users to type

Authentication: letters or numbers from a distorted image displayed on the screen to prevent online hackers and unauthorized users

from gaining access to your router's network settings.

**Enable HTTPS** Check to enable HTTPS to connect to the router

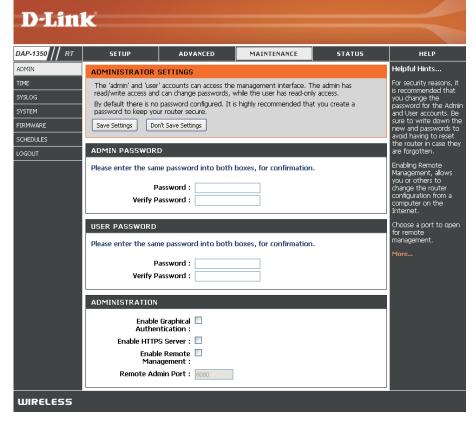
Server: securely.

Remote Remote management allows the DAP-1350 to be Management: configured from the Internet by a web browser. A username and password is still required to access the Web-Management interface. In general, only a member of your network can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks. This feature enables you to perform Administrator tasks from the remote (Internet)

host.

**Remote Admin** 

Port: The port number used to access the DAP-1350.



# **Time Settings**

The Time Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone that you are in and set the Time Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to automatically adjust the time when needed.

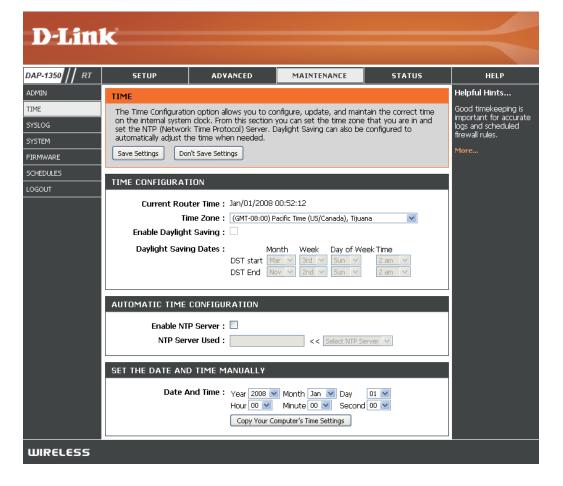
**Time Zone:** Select the Time Zone from the drop-down menu.

**Daylight Saving:** To select Daylight Saving time manually, select enabled or disabled, and enter a start date and an end date for daylight saving time.

**Server:** synchronizes computer clock times in a network of computers. Check this box to use a NTP server. This will only connect to a server on the Internet, not a local server.

NTP Server Used: Enter the NTP server or select one from the drop-down menu.

Manual: To manually input the time, enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second and then click Set Time. You can also click Copy Your Computer's Time Settings.

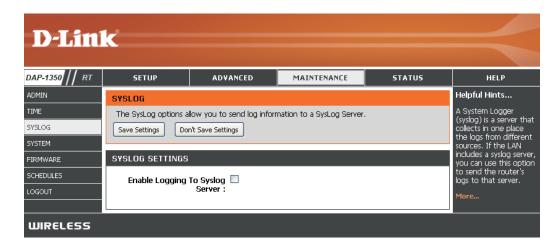


# **SysLog**

The Broadband Router keeps a running log of events and activities occurring on the Router. You may send these logs to a SysLog server on your network.

**Enable Logging to** Check this box to send the router logs to a **SysLog Server**: SysLog Server.

SysLog Server IP The address of the SysLog server that will be Address: used to send the logs. You may also select your computer from the drop-down menu (only if receiving an IP address from the router via DHCP).



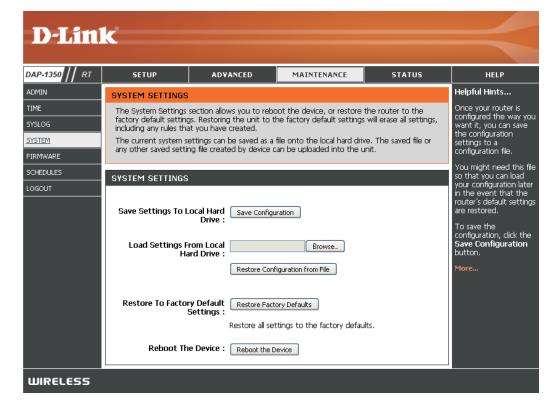
# **System Settings**

Save Settings to Use this option to save the current router Local Hard Drive: configuration settings to a file on the hard disk of the computer you are using. First, click the Save button. You will then see a file dialog, where you can select a location and file name for the settings.

Load Settings Use this option to load previously saved from Local Hard router configuration settings. First, use the **Drive:** Browse control to find a previously save file of configuration settings. Then, click the **Restore** Configuration from File button to transfer those settings to the router.

Restore to Factory This option will restore all configuration settings Default Settings: back to the settings that were in effect at the time the router was shipped from the factory. Any settings that have not been saved will be lost, including any rules that you have created. If you want to save the current router configuration settings, use the Save button above.

Rehant Device: Click to reboot the router.



# Firmware Update

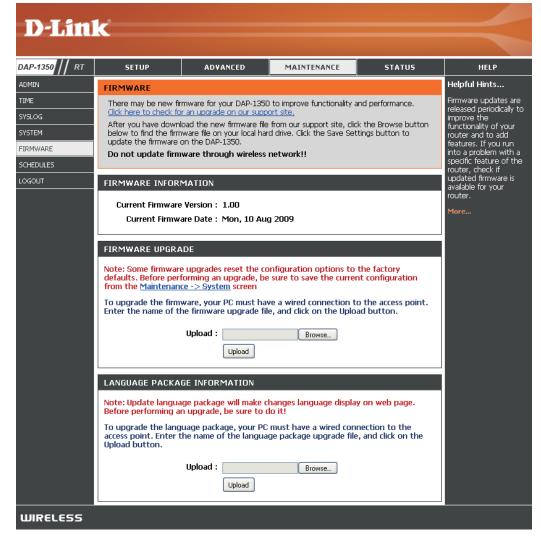
You can upgrade the firmware of the Router here. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click on **Browse** to locate the firmware file to be used for the update. Please check the D-Link support site for firmware updates at http://www.dlink.com/support. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from the D-Link support site.

Firmware Click on Check Online Now for Latest Firmware **Upgrade: Version** to find out if there is an updated firmware; if so, download the new firmware to your hard drive.

**Browse:** After you have downloaded the new firmware, click Browse to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the firmware upgrade.

Notifications Check Automatically Check Online for Latest Ontions: Firmware Version to have the router check automatically to see if there is a new firmware upgrade.

> Check Email Notification of Newer Firmware **Version** to have the router send an e-mail when there is a new firmware available.



### **Schedules**

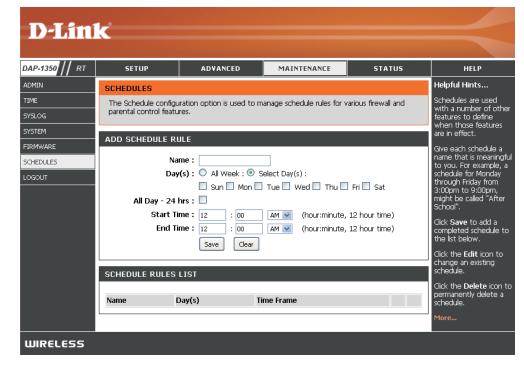
Name: Enter a name for your new schedule.

Days: Select a day, a range of days, or All Week to include every day.

Time: Check All Day - 24hrs or enter a start and end time for your schedule.

Save: Click Save to save your schedule. You must click Save Settings at the top for your schedules to go into effect.

Schedule Rules The list of schedules will be listed here. Click the List: Edit icon to make changes or click the Delete icon to remove the schedule.



### **Device Information**

This page displays the current information for the DAP-1350. It will display the LAN, WAN (Internet), and Wireless information.

If your Internet connection is set up for a Dynamic IP address then a **Release** button and a **Renew** button will be displayed. Use **Release** to disconnect from your ISP and use **Renew** to connect to your ISP.

If your Internet connection is set up for PPPoE, a **Connect** button and a **Disconnect** button will be displayed. Use **Disconnect** to drop the PPPoE connection and use **Connect** to establish the PPPoE connection.

**General:** Displays the router's time and firmware version.

**WAN:** Displays the MAC address and the public IP settings for the router.

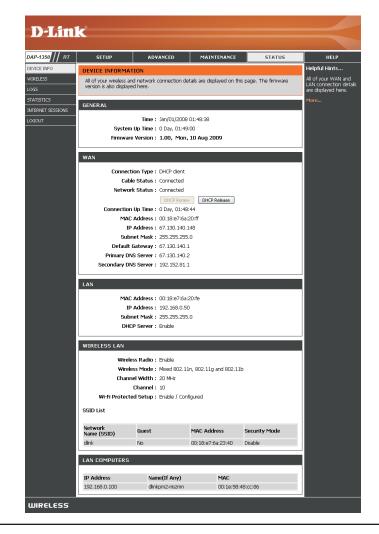
LAN: Displays the MAC address and the private (local) IP settings for the router.

Wireless LAN: Displays the wireless MAC address and your wireless settings such as SSID and Channel.

LAN Computers: Displays computers and devices that are connected to the router

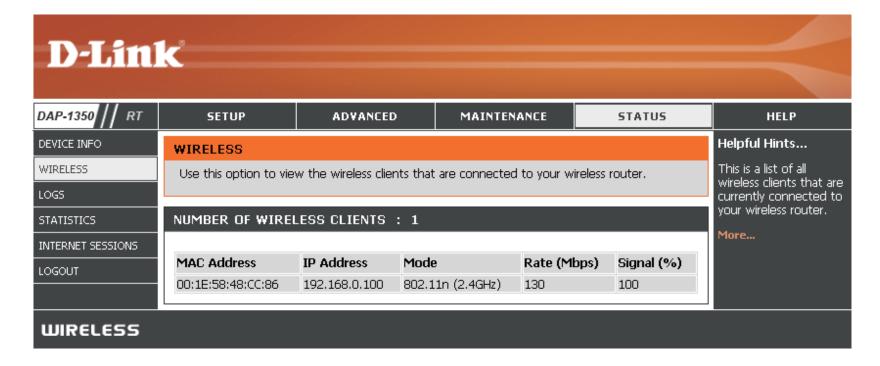
via Ethernet and that are receiving an IP address assigned by

the router (DHCP).



### **Wireless**

The wireless client table displays a list of current connected wireless clients. This table also displays the connection rate and MAC address of the connected wireless clients.



# Logs

The router automatically logs (records) events of possible interest in it's internal memory. If there isn't enough internal memory for all events, logs of older events are deleted but logs of the latest events are retained. The Logs option allows you to view the router logs. You can define what types of events you want to view and the level of the events to view. This router also has external Syslog Server support so you can send the log files to a computer on your network that is running a Syslog utility.

Log Options: You can select the types of messages that you want to display from the log: System Activity, Debug Information, Attacks, Dropped Packets, and Notice. Select and click Apply Log Settings Now.

First Page: This button directs you to the first page of the

log.

Last Page: This button directs you to the last page of the

log.

Previous: This button directs you to the previous page

of the log.

Next: This button directs you to the next page of the

log.

**Clear:** This button clears all current log content.

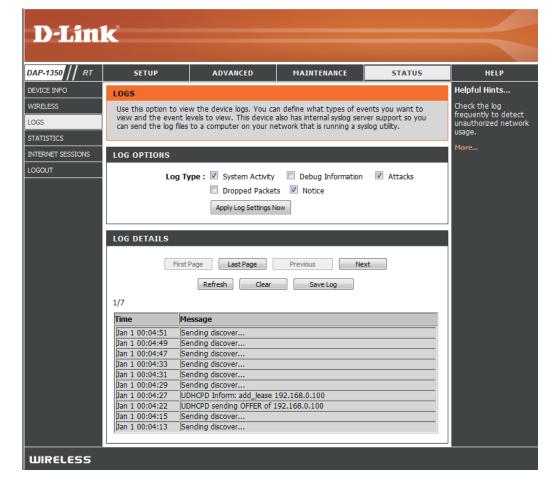
Log Settings: This button opens a new menu where you can

configure the log settings.

**Refresh:** This button refreshes the log.

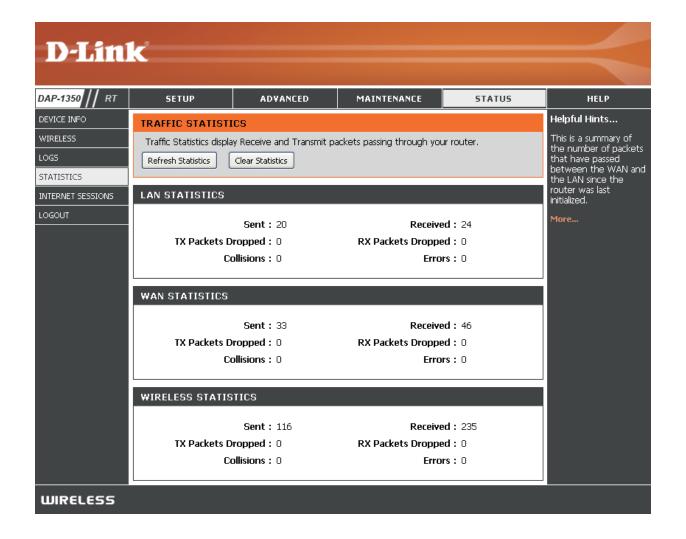
Save Log: This option will save the router log to a file on

your computer.



## **Statistics**

The screen below displays the Traffic Statistics. Here you can view the amount of packets that pass through the DAP-1350 on the Internet, wireless, and the LAN ports. The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted.



#### **Internet Sessions**

The Internet Sessions page displays full details of active Internet sessions through your router. An Internet session is a conversation between a program or application on a LAN-side computer and a program or application on a WAN-side computer.

**Local:** The IP address and, where appropriate, port number of the local application.

**NAT:** The port number of the LAN-side application as viewed by the WAN-side application.

**Internet:** The IP address and, where appropriate, port number of the application on the Internet.

**Protocol:** The communications protocol used for the conversation.

**State:** State for sessions that use the TCP protocol:

**NO:** None -- This entry is used as a placeholder for a future connection that may occur.

**SS:** SYN Sent -- One of the systems is attempting to start a connection.

**EST:** Established -- the connection is passing data.

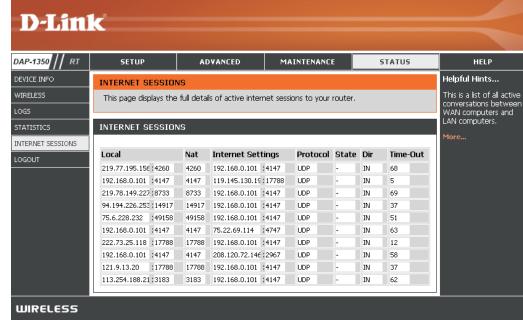
FW: FIN Wait -- The client system has requested that the connection be stopped.

CW: Close Wait -- The server system has requested that the connection be stopped.

TW: Time Wait -- Waiting for a short time while a connection that was in FIN Wait is fully closed.

LA: Last ACK -- Waiting for a short time while a connection that was in Close Wait is fully closed.

**CL:** Closed -- The connection is no longer active but the session is being tracked in case there are any retransmitted packets still pending.



**Dir:** The direction of initiation of the conversation:

Out - Initiated from LAN to WAN.

In - Initiated from WAN to LAN.

**Priority:** The preference given to outbound packets of this conversation by the QoS Engine logic. Smaller numbers represent higher priority.

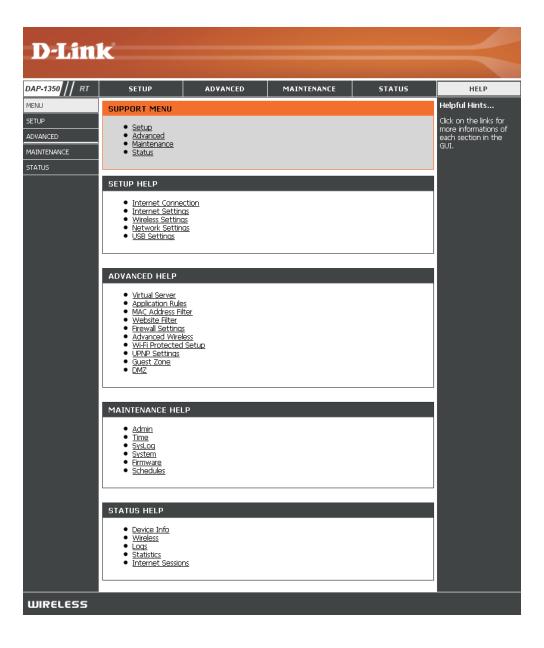
**Time Out:** The number of seconds of idle time until the router considers the session terminated. The initial value of Time Out depends on the type and state of the connection.

300 seconds - UDP connections.

**240 seconds** - Reset or closed TCP connections. The connection does not close instantly so that lingering packets can pass or the connection can be re-established.

**7800 seconds** - Established or closing TCP connections.

## Help



# **Wireless Security**

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to protect your data from intruders. The DAP-1350 offers the following types of security:

- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)
- WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy)

- WPA2-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

## What is WEP?

WEP stands for Wired Equivalent Privacy. It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard and uses the RC4 encryption algorithm. WEP provides security by encrypting data over your wireless network so that it is protected as it is transmitted from one wireless device to another.

To gain access to a WEP network, you must know the key. The key is a string of characters that you create. When using WEP, you must determine the level of encryption. The type of encryption determines the key length. 128-bit encryption requires a longer key than 64-bit encryption. Keys are defined by entering in a string in HEX (hexadecimal using characters 0-9, A-F) or ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange – alphanumeric characters) format. ASCII format is provided so you can enter a string that is easier to remember. The ASCII string is converted to HEX for use over the network. Four keys can be defined so that you can change keys easily.

## What is WPA?

WPA, or Wi-Fi Protected Access, is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys
  using a hashing algorithm and, by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys haven't
  been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead
  of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

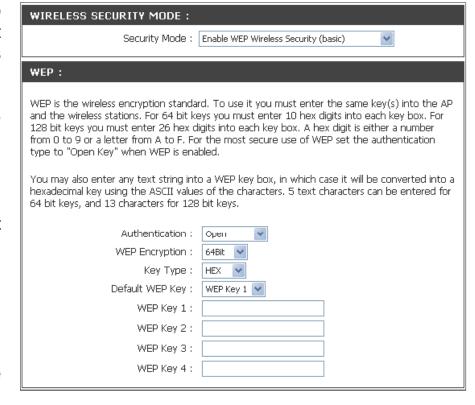
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?\*&\_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless bridge or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more secure public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

# **Configure WEP**

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless access point before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

- 1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the access point (192.168.0.50). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
- 2. Next to Security Mode in the Wireless Security Mode section, select **Enable WEP Wireless Security (Basic)**.
- 3. Next to **Authentication**, select **Open** or **Shared Key**.
- 4. Next to **WEP Encryption**, select **64-bit** or **128-bit** encryption.
- 5. Next to **Key Type**, select either **Hex** or **ASCII**. Hex (recommended) - Letters A-F and numbers 0-9 are valid. ASCII - All numbers and letters are valid.
- 6. Next to Key 1, enter a WEP key that you create. Make sure you enter this key exactly on all your wireless devices. You may enter up to 4 different keys.



7. Click **Save Settings** at the top of the window to save your settings. If you are configuring the access point with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WEP on your adapter and enter the same WEP key as you did on the access point.

# **Configure WPA/WPA2 Personal**

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless access point before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

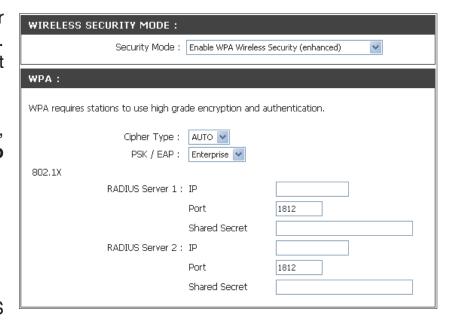
- Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the access point (192.168.0.50).
   Click on Setup and then click Wireless Settings on the left side.
- 2. Next to **Security Mode**, select **Enable WPA Wireless Security**, Enable WPA2 Wireless Security, or Enable WPA2-Auto Wireless Security.
- 3. Next to **Cipher Type**, select **TKIP**, **AES**, or **Auto**.
- 4. Next to **PSK / EAP**, select **Personal**.
- 5. Next to **Passphrase**, enter a key. The key is entered as a passphrase in ASCII format at both ends of the wireless connection. The passphrase must be between 8-63 characters.
- 6. Click **Save Settings** at the top of the window to save your settings. If you are configuring the access point with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WPA-PSK on your adapter and enter the same passphrase as you did on the access point.



# **Configure WPA/WPA2 Enterprise**

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless access point before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

- Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the access point (192.168.0.50).
   Click on Setup and then click Wireless Settings on the left side.
- 2. Next to Security Mode, select Enable WPA Wireless Security, Enable WPA2 Wireless Security, or Enable WPA2-Auto Wireless Security.
- 3. Next to **Cipher Mode**, select **TKIP**, **AES**, or **Auto**.
- 4. Next to **Personal / Enterprise**, select **Enterprise**.
- 5. Next to **RADIUS Server**, enter the IP Address of your RADIUS server.
- server.
- 6. Next to **Port**, enter the port you are using with your RADIUS server. 1812 is the default port.
- 7. Next to **Shared Secret**, enter the security key.
- 8. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings.



# Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows® XP

Windows® XP users may use the built-in wireless utility (Zero Configuration Utility). The following instructions are for Service Pack 2 users. If you are using another company's utility or Windows® 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows® XP utility as seen below.

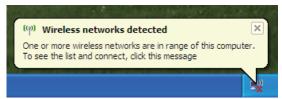
If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

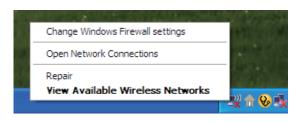
or

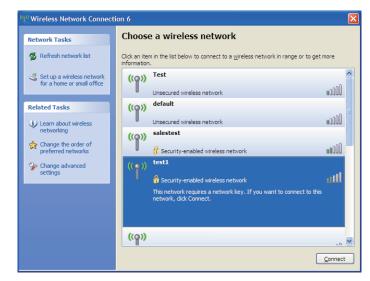
Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal, but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.







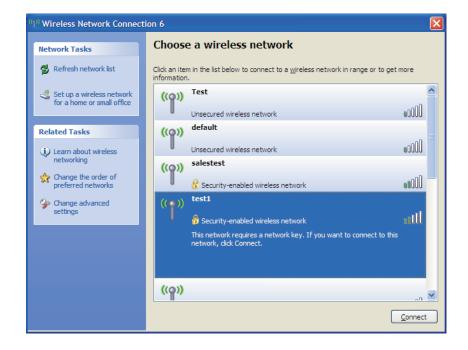
# **Configure WEP**

It is recommended to enable WEP on your wireless bridge or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WEP key being used.

 Open the Windows® XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select View Available Wireless Networks.



2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



3. The **Wireless Network Connection** box will appear. Enter the same WEP key that is on your access point and click **Connect.** 

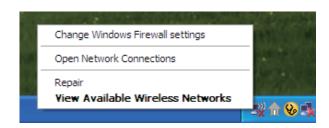
It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WEP settings are correct. The WEP key must be exactly the same as on the wireless access point.



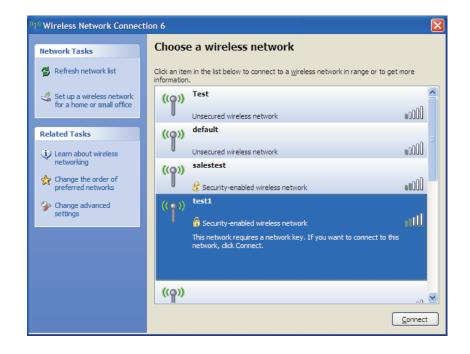
# **Configure WPA-PSK**

It is recommended to enable WEP on your wireless bridge or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WEP key being used.

1. Open the Windows® XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select View Available Wireless Networks.



2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect.** 



3. The **Wireless Network Connection** box will appear. Enter the WPA-PSK passphrase and click **Connect.** 

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WPA-PSK settings are correct. The WPA-PSK passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless access point.



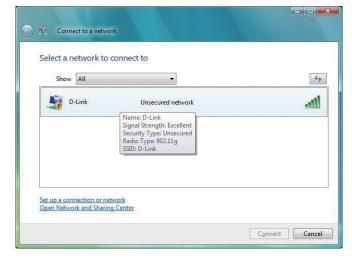
# Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows Vista®

Windows Vista® users may use the convenient, built-in wireless utility. Follow these instructions:

From the Start menu, go to Control Panel, and then click on **Network and Sharing Center**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) under Select a network to connect to and then click the **Connect** button.



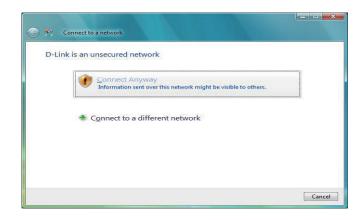


Click Connect Anyway to continue.

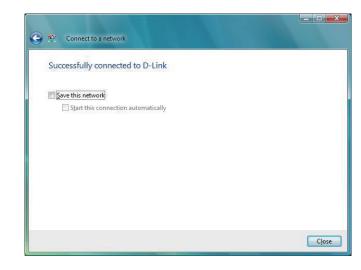
The utility will display the following window to indicate a connection is being made.

The final window indicates the establishment of a successful connection.

The next two pages display the windows used to connect to either a WEP or a WPA-PSK wireless network.





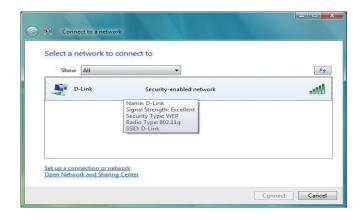


# **Configure WEP**

It is recommended to enable WEP on your wireless bridge or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WEP key being used.

Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) using WEP under Select a network to connect to and then click the **Connect** button.

Enter the appropriate security key or passphrase in the field provided and then click the **Connect** button.

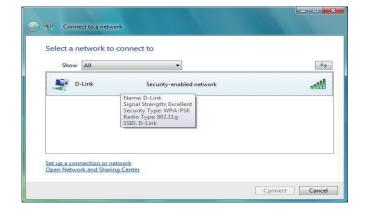




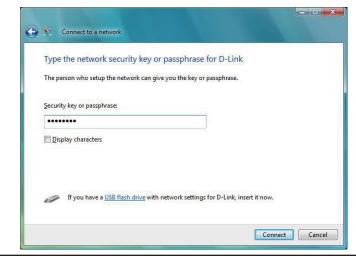
# **Configure WPA-PSK**

It is recommended to enable WEP on your wireless bridge or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WEP key being used.

Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) using WPA-PSK under Select a network to connect to and then click the **Connect** button.



Enter the appropriate security key or passphrase in the field provided and then click the **Connect** button.



# **Troubleshooting**

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DAP-1350. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. (The examples below are illustrated in Windows® XP. If you have a different operating system, the screenshots on your computer will look similar to the following examples.)

## 1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the D-Link access point (192.168.0.50 for example), you are not connecting to a website on the Internet or have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

- Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:
  - Microsoft Internet Explorer® 6.0 and higher
  - Mozilla Firefox 3.0 and higher
  - Google™ Chrome 2.0 and higher
  - Apple Safari 3.0 and higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as Zone Alarm, Black Ice, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows® XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

- Configure your Internet settings:
  - Go to **Start > Settings > Control Panel**. Double-click the **Internet Options** Icon. From the Security tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
  - Click the Connection tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click OK.
  - Go to the Advanced tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click OK three times.
  - Close your web browser (if open) and open it.
- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link access point in the address bar. This should open the login page for your the web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the access point for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

## 2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your access point. Unfortunately this process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the access point, locate the reset button (hole) on the rear panel of the unit. With the access point powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 5 seconds. Release the button and the access point will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the access point. The default IP address is 192.168.0.50. When logging in, the username is admin and leave the password box empty.

# 3. Why can't I connect to certain sites or send and receive emails when connecting through my pocket router (router mode only)?

If you are having a problem sending or receiving email, or connecting to secure sites such as eBay, banking sites, and Hotmail, we suggest lowering the MTU in increments of ten (Ex. 1492, 1482, 1472, etc).

Note: AOL DSL+ users must use MTU of 1400.

To find the proper MTU Size, you'll have to do a special ping of the destination you're trying to go to. A destination could be another computer, or a URL.

- Click on Start and then click Run.
- Windows® 95, 98, and Me users type in command (Windows® NT, 2000, and XP users type in cmd) and press Enter (or click OK).
- Once the window opens, you'll need to do a special ping. Use the following syntax:

ping [url] [-f] [-l] [MTU value]

Example: ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472

C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -1 1482 Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1482 bytes of data: Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set. Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms C:∖>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472 Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1472 bytes of data: Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=93ms TTL=52 Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=109ms TTL=52 Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=125ms TTL=52 Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=203ms TTL=52 Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli—seconds: Minimum = 93ms, Maximum = 203ms, Average = 132ms  $c: \lor \gt$ 

You should start at 1472 and work your way down by 10 each time. Once you get a reply, go up by 2 until you get a fragmented packet. Take that value and add 28 to the value to account for the various TCP/IP headers. For example, lets say that 1452 was the proper value, the actual MTU size would be 1480, which is the optimum for the network we're working with (1452+28=1480).

Once you find your MTU, you can now configure your access point with the proper MTU size.

To change the MTU rate on your access point follow the steps below:

- Open your browser, enter the IP address of your access point (192.168.0.50) and click OK.
- Enter your username (admin) and password (blank by default). Click **OK** to enter the web configuration page for the device.
- Click on Setup and then click Manual Configure.
- To change the MTU enter the number in the MTU field and click **Save Settings** to save your settings.
- Test your email. If changing the MTU does not resolve the problem, continue changing the MTU in increments of ten.

## **Wireless Basics**

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link wireless family of products will allow you to securely access the data you want, when and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people to work and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A Wireless Access point is a device used to provide this link.

### What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly, so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office.

D-Link is the worldwide leader and award winning designer, developer, and manufacturer of networking products. D-Link delivers the performance you need at a price you can afford. D-Link has all the products you need to build your network.

#### How does wireless work?

Wireless works similar to how cordless phone work, through radio signals to transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networks Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN), and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

## Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point as seen in the picture, the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, college and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

## **Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)**

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away.

Compared to WLAN the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power which makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

#### Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology has become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it, whether it's for home, office, business, D-Link has a wireless solution for it.

## Home

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check email, instant message, etc.
- Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

## **Small Office and Home Office**

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers

• No need to dedicate office space

## Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a D-Link Cardbus Adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to Internet from remote locations like: Airports, Hotels, Coffee Shops, Libraries, Restaurants, and Convention Centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

## **Tips**

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

## **Centralize your access point or Access Point**

Make sure you place the bridge/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the bridge/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

## **Eliminate Interference**

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, wireless speakers, and televisions as far away as possible from the bridge/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

## **Security**

Don't let your next-door neighbors or intruders connect to your wireless network. Secure your wireless network by turning on the WPA or WEP security feature on the access point. Refer to product manual for detail information on how to set it up.

## Wireless Modes

There are basically two modes of networking:

- Infrastructure All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless bridge.
- Ad-Hoc Directly connecting to another computer, for peer-to-peer communication, using wireless network adapters on each computer, such as two or more wireless network Cardbus adapters.

An Infrastructure network contains an Access Point or wireless bridge. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless bridge or access point.

An Ad-Hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless cardbus adapters. All the adapters must be in Ad-Hoc mode to communicate.

# **Networking Basics**

## **Check your IP address**

After you install your new D-Link adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on **Start** > **Run**. In the run box type **cmd** and click **OK**. (Windows Vista® users type **cmd** in the **Start Search** box.)

At the prompt, type **ipconfig** and press **Enter**.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your access point. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.

If you are connecting to a wireless network at a hotspot (e.g. hotel, coffee shop, airport), please contact an employee or administrator to verify their wireless network settings.

## Statically Assign an IP address

If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/access point, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

## Step 1

Windows Vista® - Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Manage Network Connections.

Windows® XP - Click on Start > Control Panel > Network Connections.

Windows® 2000 - From the desktop, right-click **My Network Places** > **Properties**.

## Step 2

Right-click on the Local Area Connection which represents your D-Link network adapter and select Properties.

## Step 3

Highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

## Step 4

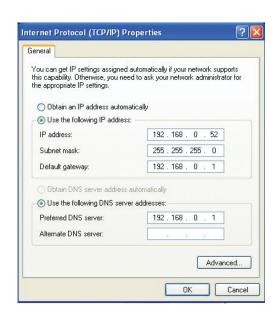
Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

**Example:** If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network. Set Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1).

Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1). The Secondary DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

## Step 5

Click **OK** twice to save your settings.



# **Technical Specifications**

#### **Standards**

- IEEE 802.11n (draft 2.0)
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.3
- IEEE 802.3u

## Security

- Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA, WPA2)<sup>®</sup>
- Wi-Fi Protected Setup<sup>™</sup> (WPS)
  - WPS Push Button
  - PIN

## **Interface Type**

- 1 10/100 LAN/WAN Port
- 1 USB Port for SharePort<sup>™</sup>
- 1 Push-Button (for Wi-Fi Protected Setup<sup>™</sup>)

## **Antenna Type**

Embedded Antennas

## Wireless Signal Rates<sup>1</sup>

- 300Mbps 108Mbps
- 54Mbps 48Mbps
- 36Mbps 24Mbps
- 18Mbps 12Mbps
- 11Mbps 9Mbps
- 6Mbps 5.5Mbps
- 2Mbps 1Mbps

## **Maximum Operating Voltage**

• 5V 2.5A

#### Modulation

- DQPSK
- DBPSK
- CCK
- OFDM

## Frequency Range<sup>2</sup>

• 2.4GHz to 2.483GHz

#### **LEDs**

- Power
- Ethernet
- WLAN

## **Operating Temperature**

• 32°F to 131°F ( 0°C to 55°C)

## **Humidity**

• 90% maximum (non-condensing)

## Safety & Emissions

- FCC Class B
- CE
- C-Tick
- IC
- Wi-Fi®

## **Dimensions**

• W3.6" x D2.6" x H0.8" (91.4mm x 66mm x 20.3mm)

## Weight

• 0.15lbs (0.066kg)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g and Draft 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Range varies depending on country's regulation.

## **CE Mark Warning:**

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## **Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

IEEE 802.11b or 802.11g operation of this product in the U.S.A. is firmware-limited to channels 1 through 11.

## **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

## **Industry Canada Statement**

This device complies with RSS-210 of the Industry Canada Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) this device may not cause interference and
- 2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device

#### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

IC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator and your body.

The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination. The firmware setting is not accessible by the end user.

## For Taiwan 警語:

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