# **ELECTRONIC CASH REGISTER**

# CE-6000



CI Canada

**USER'S MANUAL** 

CASIO.

# Introduction

Congratulations on your selection of a CASIO CE-6000 electronic cash register. This ECR is the product of the world's most advanced electronic technology, for outstanding versatility and reliability.

Simplified operation is made possible by a specially designed keyboard layout and a wide selection of automated, programmable functions.

A specially designed keyboard layout and a bright, easy-to-read display help to take the fatigue out of long hours operation.

# GUIDELINES LAID DOWN BY FCC RULES FOR USE OF THE UNIT IN THE U.S.A. (Not applicable to other areas)

**WARNING:** This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus as set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of Canadian Department of Communications.

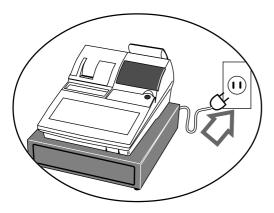
The main plug on this equipment must be used to disconnect mains power. Please ensure that the socket outlet is installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.

Please keep all information for future reference.

# Important!

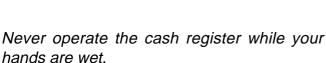
Your new cash register has been carefully tested before shipment to ensure proper operation. Safety devices eliminate worries about breakdowns resulting from operator errors or improper handling. In order to ensure years of trouble-free operation, however, the following points should be noted when handling the cash register.

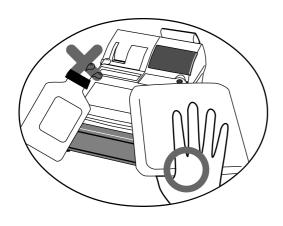
Do not locate the cash register where it will be subjected to direct sunlight, high humidity, splashing with water or other liquids, or high temperature (such as near a heater).



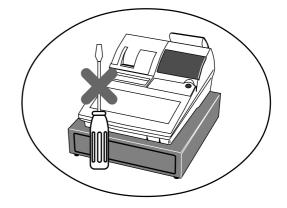
cash register to make sure that its voltage matches that of the power supply in the area.

Be sure to check the sticker on the side of the





Use a soft, dry cloth to clean the exterior of the cash register. Never use benzene, thinner, or any other volatile agent.



Never try to open the cash register or attempt your own repairs. Take the cash register to your authorized CASIO dealer for repairs.

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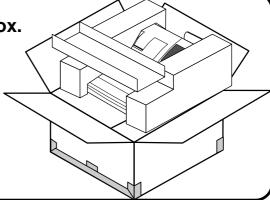
# Introduction & Contents

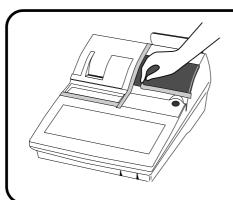
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This section outlines how to unpack the cash register and get it ready to operate. You should read this part of the manual even if you have used a cash register before. The following is the basic set up procedure, along with page references where you should look for more details.

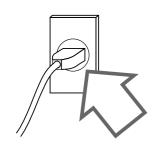
Remove the cash register from its box.





Remove the tape holding parts of the cash register in place.

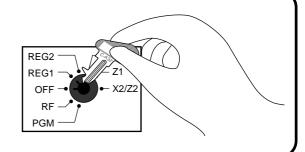
Also remove the small plastic bag taped to the printer cover. Inside you will find the mode keys.



Plug the cash register into a wall outlet.

Be sure to check the sticker on the side of the cash register to make sure that its voltage matches that of the power supply in your area. The printer will operate for a few seconds. Please do not pass the power cable under the drawer.

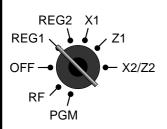
Insert the mode key marked "PGM" into the mode switch.



# 5. Install receipt/journal paper.

# Loading journal paper

The same type of paper ( $45 \text{ mm} \times 83 \text{ mm i.d.}$ ) is used for receipts and journal. Load the new paper before first operating the cash register or when red paper appears from the printer.



Use a mode key to set the mode switch to REG1 position.





Open the printer cover.



Drop the paper roll gently and insert paper to the paper inlet.



Cut off the leading end of the paper so it is even.



Press the key until about 20 cm to 30 cm of paper is fed from the printer.



Ensuring the paper is being fed from the bottom of the

roll. lower the roll into the

space behind the printer.

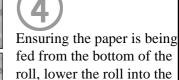


Slide the leading end of the paper into the groove on the spindle of the take-up reel and wind it onto the reel two or three turns.

# Loading receipt paper

Follow steps through under "Loading journal paper" on the previous page.









Place the take-

Place the take-up reel into place behind the printer, above the roll paper.



**(5)** 

Drop the paper roll gently and insert paper to the paper inlet.

space behind the printer.



(9)

Press the FEED key to take up any slack in the paper.



(6)

Press the key until about 20 cm to 30 cm of paper is fed from the printer.



10

Close the printer cover.



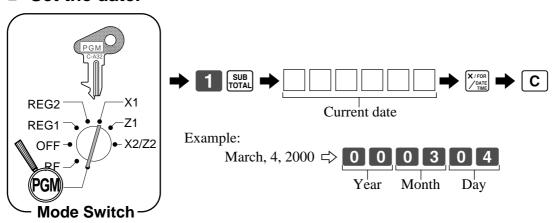
(7)

Set the printer cover, passing the leading end of the paper through the paper outlet. Close the printer cover and tear off the excess paper.

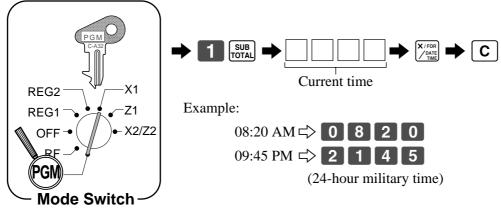
# Important!

Never operate the cash register without paper. It can damage the printer.

6. Set the date.



Set the time.



**8** Tax table programming

# Programming automatic tax calculation

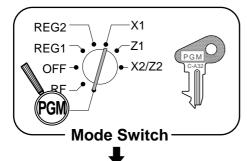
# Important!

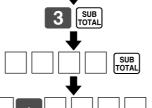
After you program the tax tables, you also have to individually specify which departments (page 27) and PLUs (page 30) are to be taxed.

And also set the appropriate tax system (U.S. or Canadian) in the general function program address 0422 (see page 65).

For this cash register to be able to automatically register state sales tax, you must program its tax tables with tax calculation data from the tax table for your state. There are three (U.S.)/four (Canada) tax tables that you can program for automatic calculation of separate sales taxes.

# Tax table programming (continued...) Programming procedure





Tax table 1 = 0 1 2 5Tax table 2 = 0 2 2 5

Tax table 3 = 0 3 2 5Tax table 4 = 0 4 2 5 (on

Tax table 4 = 0 4 2 5 (only for Canada)

CA/ANT)

CA/ANT)

 $D_1$ 

CA/AMT TEND

 $D_3$ 

Tax rate (4-digit for integer + 4-digit for decimal)

Tax table maximum value ("0" means unlimited).

Rounding/tax table system code \*1

Sum of a cyclic pattern

Number of values in each cyclic pattern

Number of values in each non-cyclic pattern

Actual value of difference of the non-cyclic and cyclic values You must enter these values in 4-digit block. If the last block comes out to be only two digits, add two zeros.

Loop to input the next block.

<sup>1</sup>Rounding/tax table system code

### Rounding code specification

$D_4$	$D_3$	Rounding
5	0	Rounding off two decimal places
9	0	Rounding up to two decimal places
0	0	Cut off to two decimal places

Tax system code specification

	$D_2$	$D_1$	Rounding			
	0	1	Tax table only			
/	0	2	U.S. tax table with tax rate or add-on tax rate only			
	0	3	Add-in tax rate			
	0	4	Canadian tax system (Tax-on-tax)			

Canadian tax system

For both add-on and add-in tax systems.

To program Tax-on-tax system, you must use the tax address "0225", "0325" or "0425."

# Tax table programming (continued...) Programming U.S.tax tables

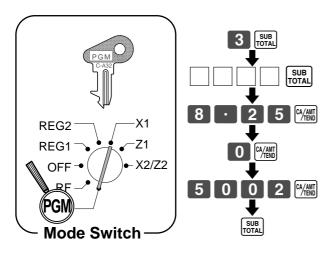
Before you can program a U.S. tax table, you must first calculate the program data.

The partial tax table shown below is for a tax rate of 6%. A tax amount is applied for each price range, which is defined by a low end minimum break point. If you subtract each maximum break point from the next lower maximum break point, you should soon be able to see certain patterns. In a cyclic pattern, the differences in maximum breakpoints form a regularly repeating cycle. A pattern which does not fit the cyclic pattern is called non-cyclic pattern.

Though rate, it is conceivable that you can find that subtracting maximum breakpoints results in an one big non-cyclic pattern. In this case, you won't be able to use automatic tax calculation, and must enter the tax for each transaction manually or use a tax rate.

## Example 1, Add-on rate tax:

## **Programming procedure:**



Tax table 1 = 0 1 2 5
Tax table 2 = 0 2 2 5
Tax table 3 = 0 3 2 5

Tax rate (2-digit for integer + 4-digit for decimal)

Tax table maximum value ("0" means unlimited).

Rounding/tax table system code

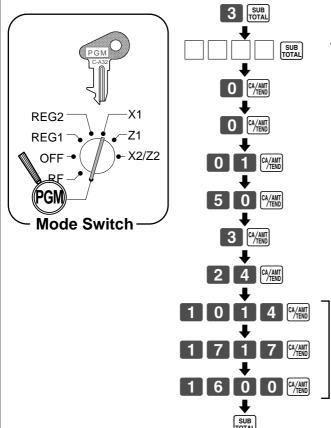
# Tax table programming (continued...)

# **Example 2, Without rate tax:**

### **Preparation**

TAX	Price	Price range		Max. break point		D:cc.	Pattern
(6%)	Min. break point	Max. break point		Upper	Lower	Difference	Fattern
\$ .00 .01	\$ .01 .11	\$ 10 .24		10 24	- 0 = - 10 =	10 14	Non-cyclic
.02 .03 .04	.25 .42 .59	.41 .58 .74		41 - 58 - 74 -	- 24 = - 41 = - 58 =	17 17 16	Cyclic
.05 .06 .07	.75 .92 1.09	.91 1.08 1.24		91 - 108 - 124 -	- 74 = - 91 = -108 =	17 17 16	Cyclic
					124 =	17	

## **Programming procedure:**



Tax table 1 = 0 1 2 5
Tax table 2 = 0 2 2 5
Tax table 3 = 0 3 2 5

Tax rate (2-digit for integer + 4-digit for decimal)

Tax table maximum value ("0" means unlimited).

Rounding/tax table system code

Sum of a cyclic pattern

Number of values in each cyclic pattern

Number of values in each non-cyclic pattern

Actual value of difference of the non-cyclic and cyclic values

You must enter these values in 4-digit block. If the last block comes out to be only two digits, add two zeros.

# Tax table programming (continued...)

# Example 3, With rate tax:

### **Preparation:**

TAX	Price	range	Max. br	eak point	Difference	Pattern
(7%)	Min. break point	Max. break point	Upper	Lower	Difference	Tuttern
\$.00	\$ .01	\$.07	7	- 0 =	77	Non-cyclic
.01	.08	.21	21.	7 =	14	
.02	.22	.35	35 -	- 21 =	14	
.03	.36	.49	49 -	- 35 =	14	
.04	.50	.64	64 -	- 49 =	15	Cyclic
.05	.65	.78	78 -	- 64 =	14	
.06	.79	.92	92 -	- 78 =	14	
.07	.93	1.07	107 -	- 92 =	15	
.08	1.08	1.21	121 -	- 107 =	14	
.09	1.22	1.35	135 -	- 121 =	14	
.10	1.36	1.49	117	- 135 =	14	
.11	1.50	1.64		- 149 =	15	Cyclic
.12	1.65	1.78	178 -	- 164 =	14	
.13	1.79	1.92	192 -	- 178 =	14	
.14	1.93	2.07	207	- 192 =	15	
1.40	10.02	20.07				
1.40	19.93	20.07				
On all s	sales above \$20.07 ate of 7 %.	, compute the tax				

Tax rate (2-digit for integer + 4- digit for decimal) ----- 7%

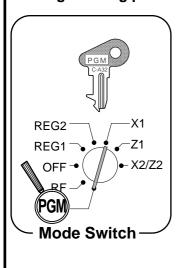
Tax table maximum value ("0" means unlimited). ----- 2007

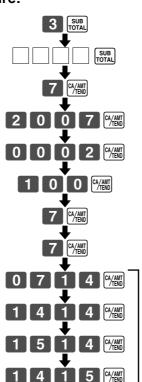
Number of values in each cyclic pattern ----- 7

Number of values in each non-cyclic pattern 7

Actual value of difference of the non-cyclic and cyclic values ----- 14, 14, 14, 15, 14, 15

# Programming procedure:





 $\begin{cases} Tax \ table \ 1 = 0 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\ Tax \ table \ 2 = 0 & 2 & 2 & 5 \\ Tax \ table \ 3 = 0 & 3 & 2 & 5 \end{cases}$ 

Tax rate (2-digit for integer + 4-digit for decimal)

Tax table maximum value ("0" means unlimited).

Rounding/tax table system code

Sum of a cyclic pattern

Number of values in each cyclic pattern

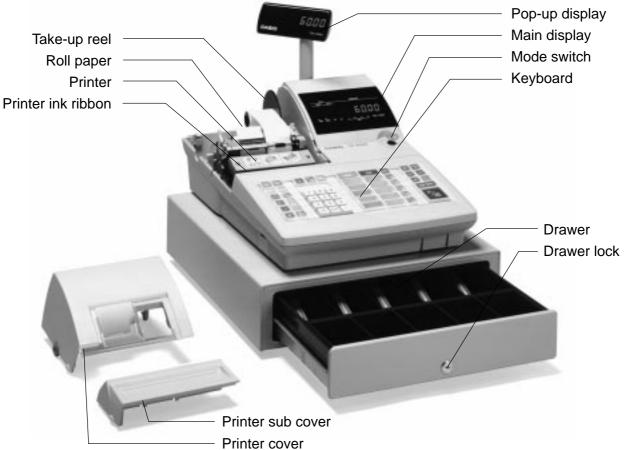
Number of values in each non-cyclic pattern

Actual value of difference of the non-cyclic and cyclic values

You must enter these values in 4-digit block. If the last block comes out to be only two digits, add two zeros.

# General guide

This part of the manual introduces you to the cash register and provides a general explanation of its various parts.



# Roll paper

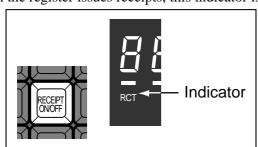
You can use the roll paper to print receipts and a journal (pages  $9 \sim 10$ ).

### Receipt on/off key

Use the receipt on/off key in REG1, REG2 and RF modes to control issuance of receipts. In other modes, receipts or reports are printed regardless the receipt key setting.

A post-finalization receipt can still be issued after finalization when the key is set to off. The cash register can also be programmed to issue a post-finalization receipt even when the key is set to on.

When the register issues receipts, this indicator is lit.

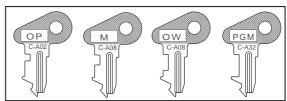


### Printer ink ribbon

Provides ink for printing of registration details on the roll paper (page 103).

### Mode key

The following four types of mode keys are provided with the unit.

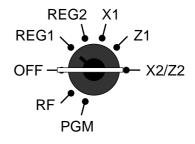


- a. OP (Operator) keySwitches between OFF and REG1.
- b. M (Master) key Switches between OFF, REG1, REG2, X1 and RF.
- c. OW (Owner) key Switches between OFF, REG1, REG2, X1, Z1, X2/ Z2 and RF.
- d. PGM (Program) key Switches to any position.

### Mode switch

Use the mode keys to change the position of the mode switch and select the mode you want to use.

Mode switch	Mode name	Description
OFF	Stand-by	Any of the mode control keys can be inserted and removed from the mode switch in this position.
REG1	Register 1	Used for normal sales transactions. Any of the mode control keys can be inserted and removed from the mode switch in this position.
REG2	Register 2	Used for special operations. Since switching to REG2 requires a special key, such functions as discounts, credit sales, charge sales, check payments, and paid outs can be controlled by programming them as prohibited in REG1 and allowed in REG2.
RF	Refund Reg minus	Used for processing refunds.  When the mode switch of the register is in RF position, you can access either the refund mode or the register minus mode.
X1	Daily sales read	Used to obtain daily reports without resetting (clearing) all total data.
Z1	Daily sales reset	Used to obtain daily reports while resetting (clearing) all total data.
X2/Z2	Periodic sale read/reset	Used to obtain periodic sales reports without resetting total data or while resetting all total data.
PGM	Program	Used when programming functions and preset data such as unit prices and tax rates. Also used when reading program data.



# **Drawer**

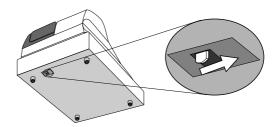
The drawer opens automatically whenever you finalize a registration and whenever you issue a read or reset report. The drawer will not open if it is locked with the drawer key.

### **Drawer lock**

Use the drawer key to lock and unlock the drawer.

## When the cash drawer does not open!

In case of power failure or the machine is in malfunction, the cash drawer does not open automatically. Even in these cases, you can open the cash drawer by pulling drawer release lever (see below).



# Important!

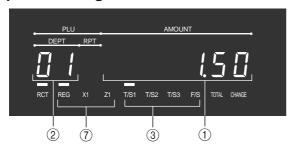
The drawer will not open, if it is locked with a drawer lock key.

# Introducing CE-6000

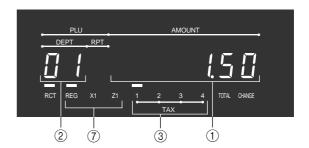
# **Display**

Main display for the U.S.

# **Department registration**



# Main display for Canada

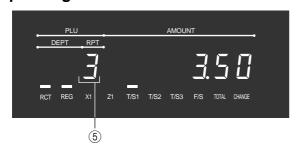


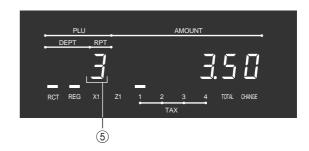
# **PLU** registration





# Repeat registration





# **Totalize operation**

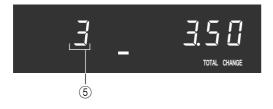




# Customer display for all area









# 1 Amount/Quantity

This part of the display shows monetary amounts. It also can be used to show the current date and time.

## 2 Department number

When you press a department key to register a unit price, the corresponding department number (01  $\sim$  15) appears here.

### (3) Taxable sales status indicators

When you register a taxable item, the corresponding indicator is lit.

### (4) PLU number

When you register a PLU item, the corresponding PLU number appears here.

## **5** Number of repeats

Anytime you perform a repeat registration (page 26), the number of repeats appears here. Note that only one digit is displayed for the number of repeats. This means that a "5" could mean 5, 15 or even 25 repeats.

### **(6) Total/Change indicators**

When the TOTAL indicator is lit, the displayed value is monetary total or subtotal amount. When the CHANGE indicator is lit, the displayed value is the change due.

### 7 REG, X1, Z1 indicators

REG: Indicates register mode X1: Indicates daily sales read mode Z1: Indicates daily sales reset mode

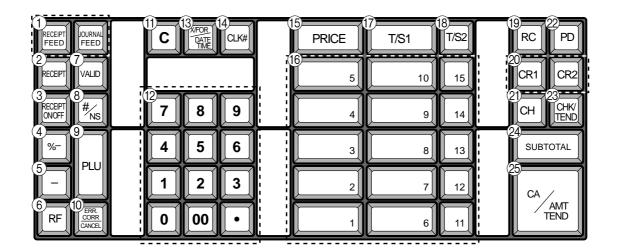
### (8) RCT indicator

When the register issues receipts, this indicator is lit.

## 

This part of display shows change amount of food stamp in dollar. This means that a "02" means \$2.00.

# **Keyboard**



# • Register Mode

- 1) Paper feed key FEED, FEED Hold this key down to feed paper from the printer.
- 2) Post receipt key RECEIPT Use this key to produce a post-finalization receipt.
- (3) Receipt on/off key RECEIPT ON/OFF

Use this key pressing two times to change the status "receipt issue" or "no receipt." In case of "receipt issue", the "RCT" indicator is lit.

4 **Discount key** %-Use this key to register discounts.

entries.

- (5) **Minus key** Use this key to input values for subtraction.
- 6 **Refund key** RF
  Use this key to input refund amounts and void certain
- 7 **Validation key** VALID
  Use this key to validate transaction amounts on slip.
- (8) Non-add/No sale key | \*\[ \sigma\_N \]

  Non-add key: To print reference number (to identify a personal check, credit card, etc.) during a transaction, use this key after some numerical entries.

  No sale key: Use this key to open the drawer without registering anything.
- PLU key PLU
   Use this key to input PLU numbers.
- ① Error correction/Cancellation key

  Use this key to correct registration errors and to cancel registration of entire transactions.

- ① Clear key C
  Use this key to clear an entry that has not yet been registered.
- (2) Ten key pad 0, 1 ~ 9, 00, · Use these keys to input numbers.
- (3) Multiplication/For/Date/Time key

  Use this key to input a quantity for a multiplication operation and registration of split sales of packaged items. Between transactions, this key displays the current time and date.
- (4) Clerk number key CLK#
  Use this key to sign clerk on and off the register.
- (5) **Price key** PRICE
  Use this key to register an amount to an open PLU when a PLU is used as an open PLU.
- (16) Department keys 1, 2, 3 ~ 15 Use these keys to register items to departments.
- (7) Tax status shift 1 key T/S1
  Use this key to change the Taxable 1 status of the next item
- (8) Tax status shift 2 key [7/52]
  Use this key to change the Taxable 2 status of the next item.
- (9) Received on account key RC
  Use this key following a numeric entry to register money received for non-sale transactions.

20 Credit key CR1, CR2

Use this key to register a credit sale.

- 21 Charge key CH
  - Use this key to register a charge sale.
- 22 Paid out key PD

Press this key following a numeric entry to register money paid out from the drawer.

- ② Check key CHK/TEND
  - Use this key to register a check tender.
- 24 Subtotal key SUB TOTAL
  - Use this key to display and print the current subtotal (includes add-on tax) amount.
- ② Cash/Amount tendered key

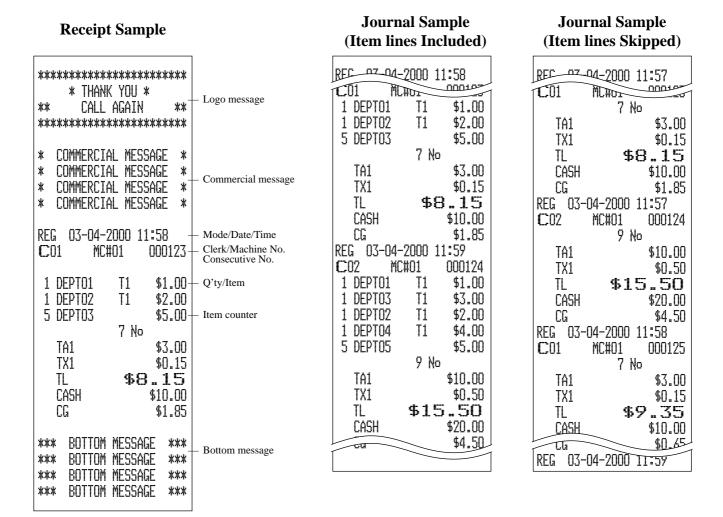
  Use this key to register a cash tender.

# How to read the printouts

- The journal and receipts are records of all transactions and operations.
- The contents printed on receipts and journal are almost identical.
- You can choose the journal skip function (page 66).

If the journal skip function is selected, the cash register will print the total amount of each transaction, and the details of premium, discount and reduction operations only, without printing department and PLU item registrations on the journal.

- The following items can be skipped on receipts and journal.
  - Consecutive number
  - Taxable status
  - Taxable amount
  - Item counter

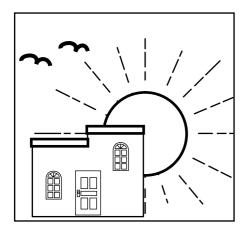


In the operation examples contained in this manual, the print samples are what would be produced if the roll paper is being used for receipts. They are not actual size. Actual receipts are 45 mm wide. Also, all sample receipts and journals are printout images.

# How to use your cash register

The following describes the general procedure you should use in order to get the most out of your cash register.

# **BEFORE** business hours...



- Check to make sure that the cash register is plugged in securely.
- Page 8
- Check to make sure there is enough paper left on the roll.
- Pages 9, 10
- Read the financial totals to confirm that they are all zero.
- Page 91 Page 25

Check the date and time.

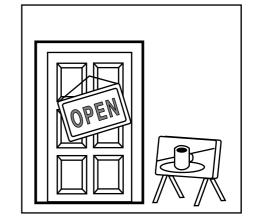
Register transactions.

**DURING** business hours...

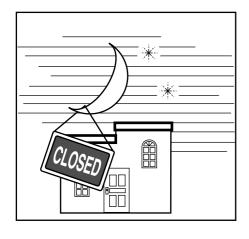
Periodically read totals.

Page 26

Page 90



# AFTER business hours...



- Reset the daily totals.
- Page 43
- Remove the journal.
- Empty the cash drawer and leave it open. Page 17
- Take the cash and journal to the office.

CE-6000 User's Manual 23

Page 104

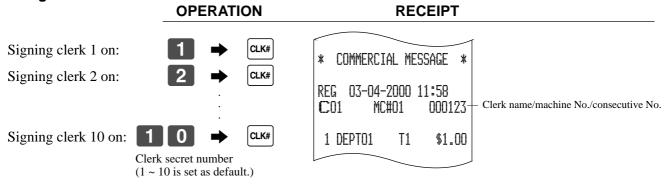
# Assigning a clerk



# Clerk secret number key

When the cash register is programmed to use clerk secret numbers for clerk or cashier assignment, the clerk buttons are not functional.

# Clerk sign on



• If you do not want the clerk secret number to be shown on the display, press CLK# before entering the number.

## Clerk sign off



• The current clerk is also signed off whenever you set the mode switch to OFF position.

### Important!

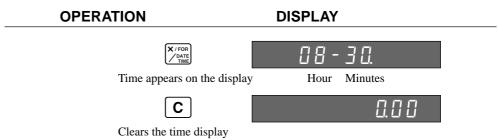
- The error code "E008" appears on the display whenever you try to perform a registration, a read/ reset operation without signing on.
- A clerk cannot sign on unless other clerk is signed off.
- The signed on clerk is also identified on the receipt/journal.

# Displaying the time and date

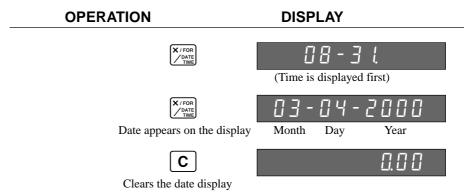


You can show the time or date on the display of the cash register whenever there is no registration being made.

# To display and clear the time



# To display and clear the date



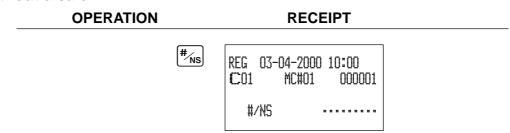
# Preparing coins for change



You can use the following procedure to open the drawer without registering an item. This operation must be performed out of a sale.

(You can use the  $\mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{C}}$  key instead of the  $\mathbb{H}_{NS}$  key. See page 42.)

# Opening the drawer without a sale



# Preparing and using department keys

# Registering department keys

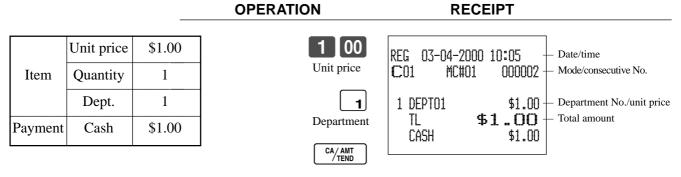
REG

- Mode switch

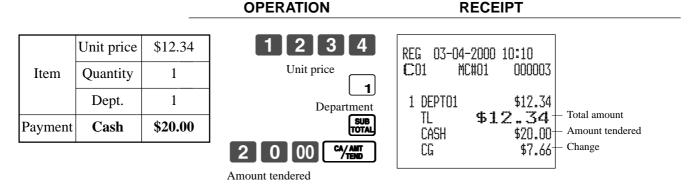
The following examples show how you can use the department keys in various types of registrations.

# Single item sale

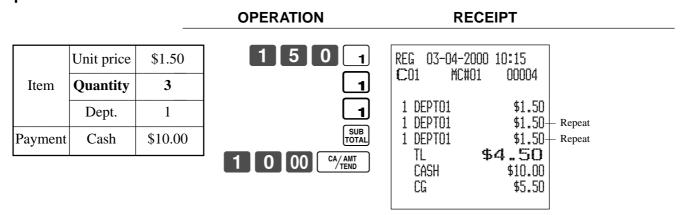
### **Example 1**



# **Example 2 (Subtotal registration and change computation)**



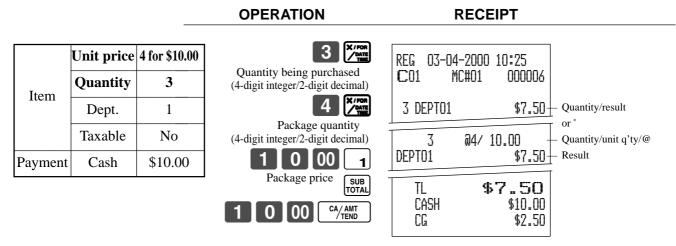
### Repeat



# Multiplication

#### **OPERATION RECEIPT** Unit price \$1.00 03-04-2000 10:20 REG Quantity **C**01 MC#01 000005 Item Quantity **12** (4-digit integer/2-digit decimal) 00 1 Quantity/result Dept. 12 PLU0001 \$12.00 SUB TOTAL \$20.00 Payment Cash Quantity/unit q'ty/@ @1/ 1.00 12 PLU00001 \$12.00+ \$12.00 TL CASH \$20.00 \$8.00 CG

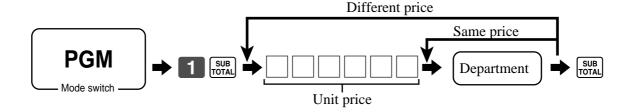
# Split sales of packaged items



<sup>\*</sup> See address 0522 of the general function program.

# Programming department keys

# To program a unit price for each department



### To program the tax calculation status for each department

### Tax calculation status

This specification defines which tax table should be used for automatic tax calculation. See page 11 for information on setting up the tax tables.

# **Programming procedure**



for the U.S.					
Food stamp				Yes = 1 $No = 0$	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_2$
Taxable 1 status			a	Yes = 1 No = 0	
Taxable 2 status			b	Yes = 2 No = 0	(a+b+c) D
Taxable 3 status			с	Yes = 4 No = 0	, D <sub>1</sub>
for Canada					
Donuts status				Yes = 1 No = 0	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_2$
Non tax = 0 Taxable 1 = 1 Taxable 2 = 2	Taxable $3 = 3$ Taxable $4 = 4$ Taxable $1 & 2 = 5$	Taxable 1 & $3 = 6$ Taxable 1 & $4 = 7$		Significant number	$D_1$

# To program high amount limit for each department

# **Programming procedure**



Description	Choice	Program code
High amount limit for entering unit price manually.	Significant numbers	D <sub>6</sub> D <sub>5</sub> ~ D <sub>2</sub> D <sub>1</sub>

# Registering department keys by programming data



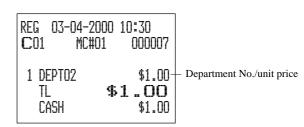
## **Preset price**

### **OPERATION**

### **RECEIPT**

	Unit price	$(\$1.00)_{\mathrm{preset}}$
Item	Quantity	1
	Dept.	2
Payment	Cash	\$1.00

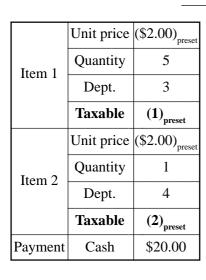


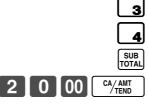


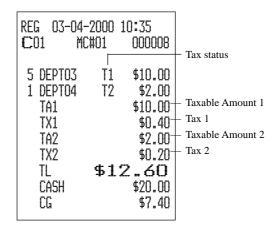
## **Preset tax status**

### **OPERATION**

### **RECEIPT**





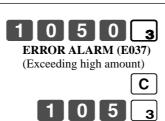


# Locking out high amount limitation

## **OPERATION**

### **RECEIPT**

Unit price	\$1.05
Quantity	1
Dept.	3
Max.amount	(\$10.00) <sub>preset</sub>
Cash	\$2.00
	Quantity Dept.  Max.amount



		$\overline{}$
2	00	CA/AMT TEND

REG	03-04-2000	10:40
<b>C</b> 01	MC#01	000009
TL	YSH	\$1.05 <b>1.05</b> \$2.00 \$0.95

# **Preparing and using PLUs**

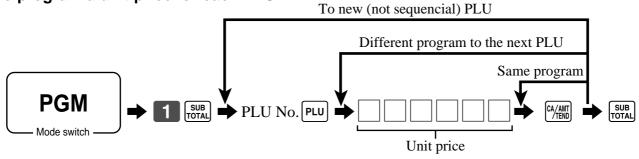
This section describes how to prepare and use PLUs.

# **CAUTION:**

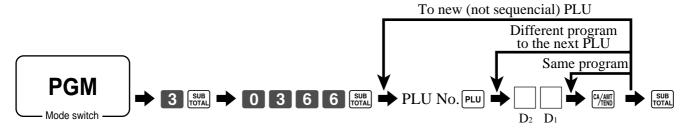
• Before you use PLUs, you must first program the unit price.

# **Programming PLUs**

To program a unit price for each PLU



# To program tax calculation status for each PLU



for the U.S.					
Food stamp				Yes = 1 No = 0	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_2$
Taxable 1 status			a	Yes = 1 No = 0	
Taxable 2 status			b	Yes = 2 No = 0	(a+b+c) D,
Taxable 3 status			с	Yes = 4 No = 0	-1
for Canada	for Canada				
Donuts status				Yes = 1 No = 0	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_2$
Non tax = 0 Taxable 1 = 1 Taxable 2 = 2	Taxable $3 = 3$ Taxable $4 = 4$ Taxable $1 & 2 = 5$	Taxable 1 & $3 = 6$ Taxable 1 & $4 = 7$		Significant number	D <sub>1</sub>

# **Registering PLUs**

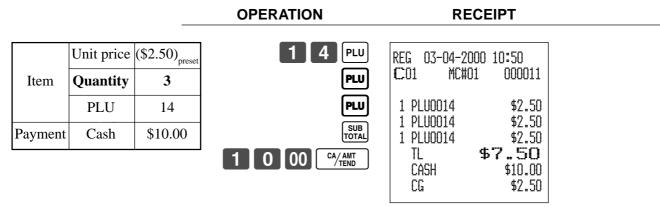


The following examples show how you can use PLUs in various types of registrations.

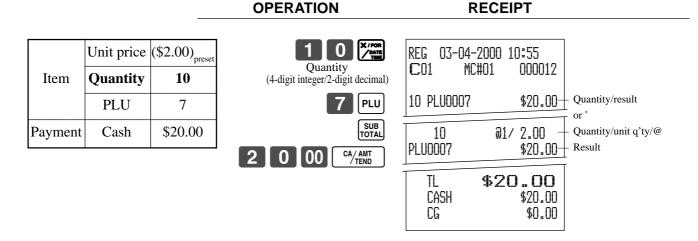
# PLU single item sale

#### **OPERATION RECEIPT** Unit price (\$2.50)<sub>pre</sub> 03-04-2000 10:45 REG PLU code C01MC#01 000010 Item Quantity 1 1 PLU0014 PLU No./unit price PLU \$2.50 **PLU** 14 \$2.50 TL SUB TOTAL \$3.00 Payment Cash CASH \$3.00 CG \$0.50 3 00

# **PLU** repeat



# **PLU** multiplication



<sup>\*</sup> See address 0522 of the general function program.

# Split sales of packaged item

#### Unit price (5for\$20.00)<sub>n</sub> 03-04-2000 11:00 Quantity being purchased C01MC#01 000013 Item 3 Quantity (4-digit integer/2-digit decimal) 5 X/FOR Quantity/result PLU 28 3 PLU0028 \$12.00 Package quantity Payment Cash \$15.00 **05**/ 20.00 (4-digit integer/2-digit decimal) Quantity/unit q'ty/@ Result PLU0028 \$12.00-8 PLU SUB TOTAL TL \$12.00

CA/AMT TEND

# Shifting the taxable status of an item

**OPERATION** 

**REG** 

Mode switch

By pressing "Tax Shift" key, you can shift the taxable status of an item.

CASH

CG

# **Calculation merchandise subtotal**

### **OPERATION**

### **RECEIPT**

RECEIPT

\$15.00

\$3.00

		1			
	Dept. 1	\$4.00	4 00 1		-2000 11:05
Item 1	Quantity	1	T/S1	<b>C</b> 01 MC	C#01 000014
	Taxable	(2) <sub>preset</sub>	2 00 2	1 DEPT01 1 DEPT02	T1 \$4.00 T2 \$2.00
	Dept. 2	\$2.00	Pressing (7/81) changes the tax status from Nontaxable to Taxable 1	1 DEPT03	T12 \$6.00
Item 2	Quantity	1	T/S2	1 DEPTO4 TA1	\$7.00 \$8.00
	Taxable	(No)→1	6 00 <sub>3</sub>	TX1	\$0.32
	Dept. 3	\$6.00	Pressing Tis2 changes the tax status from Taxable 1 to Taxable 1, 2	TA2 TX2	\$10.00 \$0.50
Item 3	Quantity	1	T/S2	TL Cash	\$19.82 \$20.00
	Taxable	<b>(1)</b> → <b>1</b> , <b>2</b>	7 00 4	CG	\$0.18
	Dept. 4	\$7.00	Pressing vs2 changes the tax status from Taxable 2 to Nontaxable		
Item 4	Quantity	1	SUB		
Item 4	Taxable	(2)→No	2 0 00 CA/AMT TEND		
Payment	Cash	\$20.00			

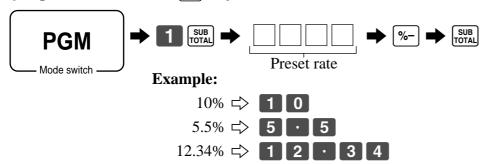
<sup>\*</sup> See address 0522 of the general function program.

# **Preparing and using discounts**

This section describes how to prepare and register discount.

# **Programming discounts**

To program a rate to the %- key



# Registering discounts



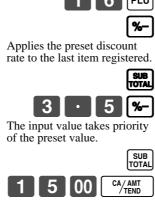
The following example shows how you can use the \( \bigcup\_- \) key in various types of registration.

## Discount for items and subtotals

## **OPERATION**

### **RECEIPT**

Payment	Cash	\$15.00
discount	Taxable	Nontaxable
Subtotal	Rate	3.5%
Discount	Rate	(5%) <sub>preset</sub>
	Taxable	(2) <sub>preset</sub>
Item 2	Quantity	1
	PLU 16	(\$10.00) <sub>preset</sub>
	Taxable	(1) <sub>preset</sub>
Item 1	Quantity	1
	Dept. 1	\$5.00



	2000 11:10 #01 000015
1 DEPT01 1 PLU0016 5%	T1 \$5.00 T2 \$10.00
J. %− ST 3.5%	-0.50 \$14.50
%-	-0.51
TA1	\$5.00
TX1	\$0.20
TA2	\$9.50
TX2	\$0.48
TL	\$14.67
CASH	\$15.00
CG	\$0.33

• You can manually input rates up to 4 digits long (0.01% to 99.99%).

# Taxable status of the %- key

- Whenever you perform a discount operation on the last item registered, the tax calculation for discount amount is performed in accordance with the tax status programmed for that item.
- Whenever you perform a discount operation on a subtotal amount, the tax calculation for the subtotal amount is performed in accordance with the tax status programmed for the <code>%-</code> key (see page 76).

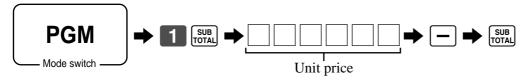
# **Preparing and using reductions**

This section describes how to prepare and register reductions.

# **Programming for reductions**

You can use the — key to reduce single item or subtotal amounts.

# To program preset reduction amount



# Registering reductions



The following examples show how you can use the — key in various types of registration.

### **Reduction for items**

#### **OPERATION RECEIPT** Dept. 1 \$5.00 03-04-2000 11:15 REG **C**01 MC#01 000016 1 Item 1 Quantity Reduces the last amount Taxable $(1)_{\text{preset}}$ 1 DEPT01 T1 \$5.00 registered by the value input. -0.25 T1 Reduction **Amount** \$0.25 5 PLU 1 PLU0045 T1 **PLU 45** (\$6.00)<sub>prese</sub> TA1 SUB Item 2 Quantity 1 TX1 \$0.41 TL \$10.66 Taxable $(1)_{\text{preset}}$ CASH \$11.00 (\$0.50)<sub>prese</sub> CG \$0.34 Reduction Amount Payment Cash \$11.00

- You can manually input reduction values up to 7 digits long.
- If you want to subtract the reduction amount from the department or PLU totalizer, program "Net totaling" (refer to page 67).

## **Reduction for subtotal**

### **OPERATION**

### **RECEIPT**

	Dept. 1	\$3.00
Item 1	Quantity	1
	Taxable	$(1)_{\text{preset}}$
	Dept. 2	\$4.00
Item 2	Quantity	1
	Taxable	(2) <sub>preset</sub>
Subtotal	Amount	\$0.75
Reduction	Taxable	(No) <sub>preset</sub>
Payment	Cash	\$7.00

3	00	1
4	00	2
		SUB TOTAL

7 5 -

Reduces the subtotal by the value input here.

SUE TOTA

REG	03-04-	2000 1	1:20
C01	MC	#01	000017
1 DE TA	Κ1 12 Κ2 - 15Η	T1 T2	\$3.00 \$4.00 -0.75 \$3.00 \$0.12 \$4.00 \$0.20 \$7.00 \$0.43

# Registering credit and check payments

REG

Mode switch -

The following examples show how to register credits and payments by check.

### Check

# **OPERATION**

### RECEIPT

	Check	\$20.00
Item	Quantity	1
Item	Dept. 1	\$11.00





	-2000 11:25 C#01 000018
1 DEPTO1 TL CHECK CG	\$11.00 <b>\$11.00</b> \$20.00 \$9.00

# Credit

# **OPERATION**

# **RECEIPT**

Item	Dept. 4	\$15.00
	Quantity	1
Reference	Number	1234
Payment	Credit	\$15.00





REG C0		2000 11:3 #01 00	0 0019	
	DEPTO4 #/NS TL CREDIT1	\$15.	5.00 1234- <b>OO</b> 5.00	- Reference No.

# Mixed tender (cash, credit and check)

## **OPERATION**

### **RECEIPT**

Item	Dept. 4	\$55.00
	Quantity	1
Payment	Check	\$30.00
	Cash	\$5.00
	Credit	\$20.00



REG 03	3-04-2000	11:35
<b>C</b> 01	MC#01	000020
1 DEPT TL CHEC CASH CREC	\$5 X {	\$55.00 <b>5.00</b> \$30.00 \$5.00 \$20.00

# **Validation printing**

**REG** 

Mode switch -

You can perform total amount validation following finalization using  $^{\text{\tiny CAM}}$ ,  $^{\text{\tiny CH}}$ ,  $^{\text{\tiny CH}}$ ,  $^{\text{\tiny CH}}$ ,  $^{\text{\tiny CRI}}$ ,  $^{\text{\tiny CR2}}$  keys and  $^{\text{\tiny RC}}$ ,  $^{\text{\tiny PD}}$  keys. Also you can perform single item validation.

## **Total amount validation**

### **OPERATION**

### **RECEIPT**

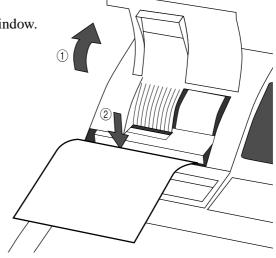
Item	Dept. 1	\$14.00
	Quantity	1
Payment	Check	\$20.00
Validation		



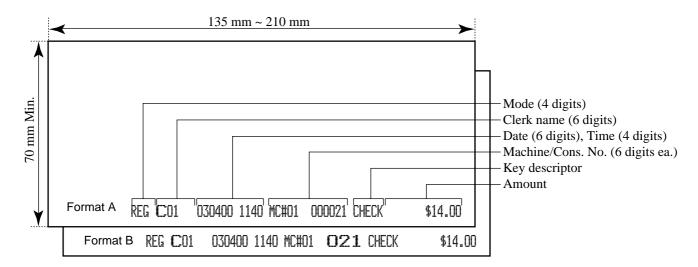


REG 03-0	)4-2000	11:45
C01	MC#01	000021
1 DEPTO: TL CHECK CG		

- ① Open the journal window.
- 2 Insert paper.
- ③ Press VALID



#### Validation sample



# Registering returned goods in the REG mode

REG

Mode switch —

The following example shows how to use the  $\[ \]$  key in the REG mode to register goods returned by customers.

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

T4 1	Dept. 1	\$2.35
Item 1	Quantity	1
Itam 2	Dept. 2	\$2.00
Item 2	Quantity	1
Item 3	PLU 1	(\$1.20) <sub>preset</sub>
Item 5	Quantity	1
Returned	Dept. 1	\$2.35
Returned Item 1	Dept. 1 Quantity	\$2.35 1
	Quantity	1
Item 1	Quantity	1
Item 1 Returned	Quantity PLU 1	1 (\$1.20) <sub>preset</sub>

	l Kt la
2 00 2	CO
1 PLU	1
RF	1 1 1
2 3 5 1	1
Press RF before the item you want to return.	1
RF	1
1 PLU	
SUB	
CA/AMT TEND	

2 3 5 1

REG <b>C</b> 01	03-04-2000 MC#01	11:50 000022
1 D 1 P R 1 D	EPT01	\$2.35 \$2.00 \$1.20
Ti	LU0001	-1.20 -2.00 \$2.00

# Registering returned goods in the RF mode

**RF**Mode switch —

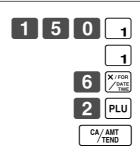
The following examples show how to use the RF mode to register goods returned by customers.

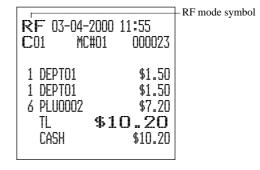
#### Normal refund transaction

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

Returned	Dept. 1	\$1.50
Item 1	Quantity	2
Returned	PLU 2	(\$1.20) <sub>preset</sub>
Item 2	Quantity	6
Payment	Cash	\$10.20





#### Reduction of amounts paid on refund

#### **OPERATION**

#### RECEIPT

Returned	Dept. 3	\$4.00
Item 1	Quantity	1
Reduction	Amount	\$0.15
Returned	PLU 2	(\$1.20) <sub>preset</sub>
Item 2	Quantity	1
Discount	Rate	(5%) <sub>preset</sub>
Payment	Cash	\$5.20



RF 03-04-2 C01 MC	2000 1: ‡01	2:00 000024
1 DEPTO3	T1	\$4.00
1 PLU0002	T1 T2	-0.15 \$1.20
5% %-	T2	-0.06
TA1 TX1		\$3.85 \$0.15
TA2		\$1.14
TX2 TI	<b>\$</b> .=	\$0.06   <b>3.20</b>
CASH		\$5.20

#### Important!

• To avoid miss registrations in the RF mode, return the mode switch to the former position immediately.

# Registering money received on account

**REG** 

- Mode switch

The following example shows how to register money received on account. This registration must be performed out of a sale.

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

Received amount \$700.00

7 00 00 RC

Amount can be up to 8 digits.

REG 03-04-2000 12:05 C01 MC#01 000025 RC \$700.00

# Registering money paid out

**REG** 

Mode switch

The following example shows how to register money paid out from the register. This registration must be performed out of a sale.

#### **OPERATION**

#### RECEIPT

Paid out amount \$1.50

1 5 0 PD

Amount can be up to 8 digits.

REG 03-04-2000 12:10 C01 MC#01 000026 PD \$1.50

# Making corrections in a registration

**REG** 

Mode switch

There are three techniques you can use to make corrections in a registration.

- To correct an item that you input but not yet registered.
- To correct the last item you input and registered.
- To cancel all items in a transaction.

#### To correct an item you input but not yet registered

CA/AMT TEND

CR1

5 00 1

**OPERATION** RECEIPT 2 00 REG 03-04-2000 12:15 **C**01 MC#01 000027 C Correction of unit price 1 DEPT01 \$1.00 11 DEPT02 1 PLU0003 \$1.30 1 PLU0015 \$10.00 C \$34.30 Correction of quantity TL CASH \$15.00 \$19.30 CREDIT1 2 С Correction of PLU No. PLU PLU С Correction of open PLU unit price 5 PLU Enter PLU No. again. PRICE SUB 0 00 С Correction of partial tender amount

# To correct an item you input and registered

OPERATION RECEIPT

1 00 1	REG 03-04-20 C01 MC#0	
2 00 2	Cot none	1 000020
ERR CORR. CANCEL Clearance	1 DEPT01 1 DEPT02 1 DEPT02	•1.00 \$2.00 \$2.00
PLU — Correction of PLU No.	CORR 1 PLU0002 CORR 1 PLU0005	-2.00 \$1.20 -1.20 \$1.50
5 PLU — 1 5 PLU —	1 PLU0003 1 PLU0015 CORR 1 PLU0015	\$6.00 -6.00 \$10.00
6 00 PRICE  ERR CORR. CANCEL  PLU unit price	8 DEPTO4 CORR 6 DEPTO4 ST	\$32.00 -32.00 \$24.00 \$38.50
1 5 PLU 1 0 00 PRICE 8 X/FOR / OATE	50% %- CORR	-19.25 \$19.25
4 00 4  ERR CORR. CANCEL — Correction of quantity	ST 5% %- RF	\$38.50 -1.93
6 X/FOR /DATE   4 00 4	1 DEPTO2 CORR RF 1 DEPTO2	-2.00 \$2.00 -2.20
5 0 %-  ERR CORR. CANCEL  — Correction of discount		\$34.37 \$20.00 -20.00 \$15.00
SUB TOTAL  5	CREDIT1	\$19.37
RF 2 00 2 — Correction of refund item		
RF 2 2 0 2  SUB TOTAL		
2 0 00 CA/AMT  ERR CORR. CANCEL  CA/AMT  CA/AMT  TEND  CA/AMT  TEND  CA/AMT  CA/AMT  TEND  CA/AMT  CA/AMT  TEND  C		
CR1		

#### To cancel all items in a transaction

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**



Pressing [SUB] key is necessary to cancel the transaction.

REG	03-04-2000	12:25
C01	MC#01	000029
1 DI 1 DI 1 DI	EPT01 EPT02 EPT03 EPT04 ANCEL	\$1.00 \$2.00 \$3.00 \$4.00



# No sale registration

**REG** 

Mode switch -

You can use the following procedure to open the drawer without registering a sale. This operation must be performed out of a sale.

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**



REG <b>C</b> 01	03-04-2000 MC#01		1			0	3	0
#,	/NS	=	=	=	=			

# Printing the daily sales reset report

This report shows daily sales totals.

#### **OPERATION** REPORT RC **Z**1 No \$810.00 Mode switch PD No 5 \$520.00 4J.UU CORR No 14 \$39.55 **VLD** 19 No Z **C**01 03-04-2000 18:50 Date/time RCT No MC#N1 NNN123-Clerk name/mc No./consecutive No. 5 NS No Department report title/reset counter Z DEPT 0001 Z BATCH01 Report title Report code 0001015 Z FIX 0001 - Fixed total report title/reset counter DEPT01 203.25 Department count/amount \*1 0001011 Report code \$1,108.54 DEPT02 183 GRASS 981.25 Gross total \*2 \$1,362.26 \$6,574.40 DEPT15 **NET** 111 Net total \*2 \$17.22 \$7,057.14 \$1,919.04+ Cash in drawer \*2 CAID TL 421.25 Department total count/total amount \$139.04+ Charge in drawer \*2 CHID \$2,872.28 Check in drawer \*2 CKID \$859.85 CRID(1) \$709.85 Credit in drawer \*2 Clerk report title/reset counter Z CASHIER 0001 Report code 0001017 RF No 3 Refund mode \*2 \$10.77 Clerk name/drawer No. \*1 **C**01 CUST ſ.T Number of customer \*2 111 421.25 GROSS Gross total \*1 \$2,872.28 \$2,369.69+ Taxable 1 amount \*2 TA1 NET 111 Net total \*1 \$128.86+ Tax 1 amount \*2 TX1 \$1,845.35 TA2 \$2,172.96+ Taxable 2 amount \*2 Cash in drawer \*1 CAID \$1,057.14 TX2 \$217.33-Tax 2 amount \*2 CHID \$139.04 GT1 \$00000000125478.96-Clerk name/drawer No. C02 GT2 \$00000000346284.23-Grand total 2 \*2 \$00000000123212.75 Grand total 3 \*2 GT3 Z Function key report title/reset counter TRANS 0001 +0001012 +Report code CASH 362 Function key count/amount \*1 \$1,638.04 CHARGE 56 No \$1,174.85

<sup>\*1</sup> Zero totalled departments/functions/clerks are not printed by programming.

<sup>\*2</sup> These items can be skipped by programming.

This chapter describes more sophisticated operations that you can use to suit the needs of your retail environment.

# **Clerk interrupt function**

There are two types of clerk interrupt function, illustrated by PROCEDURE 1 and PROCEDURE 2 below.

- In PROCEDURE 1, each clerk possesses a unique clerk interrupt buffer, and so the clerk interrupt function gives each individual clerk the ability to perform an independent registration operation. In this case, each clerk is individually linked to a unique clerk interrupt buffer.
- In PROCEDURE 2, multiple clerks use the same clerk interrupt buffer, and so a single clerk interrupt operation (clerk change during registration) can be performed any registration is in progress. In this case, multiple clerks are linked to a single clerk interrupt buffer.

Note the following important points concerning the clerk interrupt function.

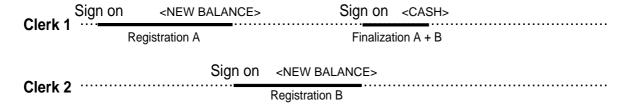
- 1. The register must be programmed to allow the clerk interrupt function.
- 2. To use the clerk interrupt function, a clerk interrupt buffer must be allocated with the memory allocation operation. Next the manager control operation (X1 mode) should be used to perform clerk assignment for the clerk interrupt function. The clerk interrupt operation cannot be performed by clerks who are not linked to a clerk interrupt buffer.

In the REG1, REG2, and RF modes, clerks can be changed while a transaction is in progress, making it possible for multiple clerks to simultaneously perform registrations in the same mode using a single register. For example, if clerk 1 is interrupted while registering a transaction, clerk 2 can use the same machine to register a different transaction. Then clerk 1 can continue the original registration from the point where it was interrupted.

#### **PROCEDURE 1**

Clark 1	Sign on	<new balance=""></new>	Sign on	<cash></cash>	Sign on	<receipt></receipt>
Clerk		egistration A		ation A	Post	receipt A
01 1 0		Sign on	<new balance=""></new>	Sign on	<cash></cash>	
Clerk 2			Registration B	Finaliz	ation B	

#### **PROCEDURE 2**



#### NOTES

- A guest receipt can be issued following clerk change, and receipts can be issued separately for each clerk.
- A cancel operation can be performed during registration by either of the clerks. When clerk 1 signs back on (after being interrupted by clerk 2), the cancel operation cancels only the items registered after signing back on (only this receipt) or from the top of the transaction. This is selectable by the key program.

# Single item cash sales

A department key or PLU programmed with single item sale status finalizes the transaction as soon as it is registered.

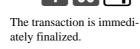
The single item sales function cannot work properly if the keyboard does not include <CASH> (the cash key). The single item sales function can only be used for cash sales.

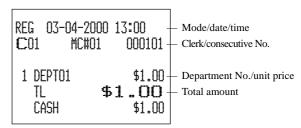
#### **Example 1**

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

	Dept. 1	\$1.00	
Item	Quantity	1	
	Status	S.I.S	
Payment	Cash	\$1.00	





#### Example 2

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

	Dept. 1	(\$1.00)
Item	Quantity	3
	Status	S.I.S
Payment	Cash	\$3.00



The transaction is immediately finalized.

REG <b>C</b> 01	03-04-2 MC#	 13:05 000102
TL	EPTO1 SH	\$ \$3.00 <b>3.00</b> \$3.00

#### Example 3

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

	Dept. 3	\$2.00
Item 1	Quantity	1
	Status	Normal
	Dept. 1	(\$1.00)
Item 2	Quantity	1
	Status	S.I.S
Payment	Cash	\$3.00



The transaction is not finalized. Because another item is registered before the single item sales department.

REG	03-04-2	13:10
<b>C</b> 01	MC#	000103
1 DI Ti	EPTO3 EPTO1 - ASH	\$ \$2.00 \$1.00 3 <b>.00</b> \$3.00

# Addition

# **Addition (plus)**

#### Example

	Dept. 1	\$1.00
Item 1	Quantity	1
	Addition	\$0.10
	Dept. 1	\$2.00
Item 2	Quantity	3
	Addition	3×(\$0.20)
Payment	Cash	\$7.70

#### **OPERATION**

00 1	REG	03-04-2000	1
	CO1	MC#U1	

RE(		04-2000 MC#01	13:15 000104
	DEPTO: + DEPTO: + TL CASH	<u>.</u>	\$1.00 \$0.10 \$6.00 \$0.60 \$7.70

**RECEIPT** 

### Premium (%+)

#### Example

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

	Dept. 1	\$1.00
Item 1	Quantity	1
	Premium	10%
Item 2	Dept. 1	\$2.00
Item 2	Quantity	3
Subtotal	Premium	(15%)
Payment	Cash	\$8.17

1	0	<b>%</b> +
	3	X / FOR DATE TIME
2	00	1
		SUB TOTAL
		SUB TOTAL %+

1 00

3 X/FOR DATE

REG 0 <b>C</b> 01	3-04-2000 MC#01	13:20 000105
1 DEP 10%		\$1.00
% <del>+</del>		\$0.10
3 DEP	T01	\$6.00
ST		\$7.10
15%		
%+		\$1.07
TL	-	8.17
CAS	H	\$8.17

# **Coupon transactions**

Note that errors result when the result of a calculation is negative if the cash register is programmed to prohibit credit balances.

#### Coupon registration using <COUPON> (coupon key)

#### **Example**

#### Dept. 1 \$3.00 Item 1 Quantity Coupon $$0.50 \times 2$ \$4.00 Dept. 3 1 Item 2 Quantity (\$1.00)Coupon Payment \$8.00 Cash

	2	X / FOR DATE TIME
3	00	1
	2	X / FOR DATE TIME
5	0	CPN
4	00	3
		CPN
	CA	/ AMT TEND

**OPERATION** 

REG C01	03-04-200 MC#0:	
1 D C TI	EPT01 PN EPT03 PN L ASH	\$6.00 -1.00 \$4.00 -1.00 \$8.00

**RECEIPT** 

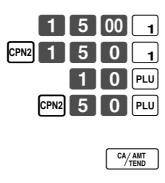
#### Coupon registration using <COUPON2> (coupon 2 key)

#### **Example**

#### OPERATION

#### RECEIPT

	Dept. 1	\$15.00
Tr 1	Quantity	1
Item 1	Coupon 2 Dept. 1	\$1.50
	PLU 10	\$5.00
Item 2	Quantity	1
Item 2	Coupon 2 PLU 50	(\$0.50)
Payment	Cash	\$18.00



REG	03-04-20	00 13:20
C01	MC#0	1 000107
Ī PL CP	N2 PT01 U0010 N2 U0050	\$15.00 -1.50 \$5.00 -0.50 \$18.00 \$18.00

# Arrangement key registrations

Key operations can be assigned to an <ARRANGE> (arrangement key). Then, simply pressing <ARRANGE> performs all of the key functions assigned to it.

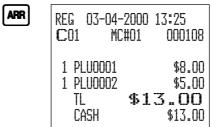
Key operations can also be assigned to an address code. Then, when you input the address code using <ARRANGE>, all of the key functions assigned to the address code are performed.

#### **Example 1**

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

Arrangement 1		
Item 1	PLU 1	(\$8.00)
	Quantity	1
Item 2	PLU 2	(\$5.00)
Item 2	Quantity	1
Payment	Cash	\$13.00



#### Example 2

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

Arrangement 5		
Item 1	Dept. 1	\$1.00
	Quantity	1
Item 2	Dept. 2	\$2.00
	Quantity	1
Payment	Cash	\$3.00



REG 03-04-20	00 13:30
C01 MC#0	1 000109
1 DEPT01	\$1.00
1 DEPT02	\$2.00
TL	\$3.00
CASH	\$3.00

#### **Arrangement programming**

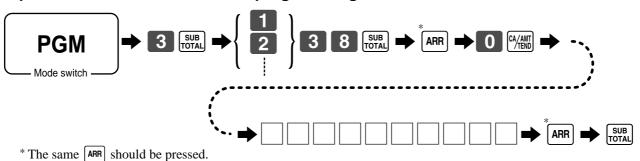
#### **Arrangement key allocation**

Please refer to page 88.

#### Attribution of <ARRANGEMENT> programming

Please refer to page 78.

#### The operation in <ARRANGEMENT> programming



# **Currency exchange function**

When <CE> (currency exchange key) is pressed, a current subtotal including tax is converted directly into foreign currency and the result is displayed, and the subsequent finalization is handled using the foreign currency. The currency exchange function is released by finalizing a transaction, partial tender operation, receipt issuance, or by pressing <SUBTOTAL>.

Before using the currency exchange function, it is necessary to program the conversion rate.

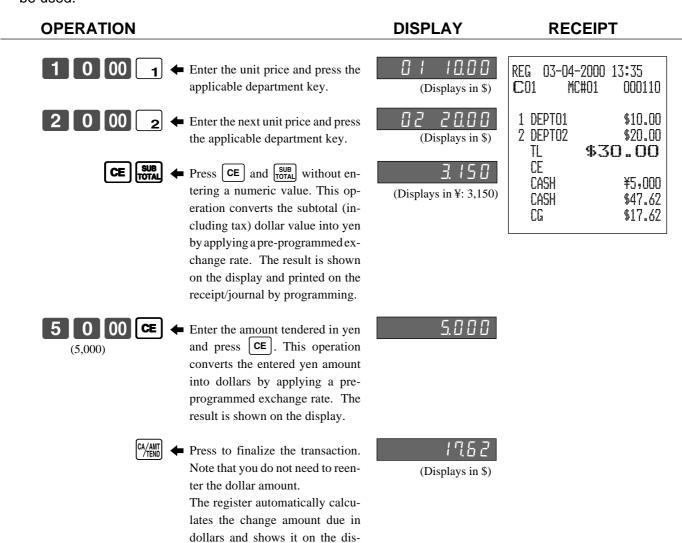
#### Registering foreign currency

#### Full amount tender in foreign currency

\* Pre-programmed exchange rate: ¥ 100 = \$0.9524

#### Important!

Tenders in a foreign currency can be registered using and em only. Other finalize keys cannot be used.



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play, receipts and journal.

#### Partial tender in a foreign currency

\* Pre-programmed exchange rate: ¥ 100 = \$0.9524

#### Important!

Partial tender in a foreign currency can be registered using and conjust only. Other finalization keys cannot be used, but the remaining tender can be finalized using any finalize key.

OPERATION		DISPLAY	RECEIPT
1 0 00 1	← Enter the unit price and press the applicable department key.	(Displays in \$)	REG 03-04-2000 13:40 C01 MC#01 000111
2 0 00 2	← Enter the next unit price and press the applicable department key.	(Displays in \$)	1 DEPT01 \$10.00 1 DEPT02 \$20.00 TL \$30.00
CE SUB TOTAL	← Press CE and SUB without entering a numeric value. This operation converts the subtotal (including tax) dollar value into yen by applying a pre-programmed exchange rate. The result is shown on the display and printed on the receipt/journal by programming.	3. 15 [] (Displays in ¥: 3,150)	CE
2 0 00 CE (2,000)	← Enter the partial amount tendered in yen and press CE.  This operation converts the entered yen amount into dollars by applying a pre-programmed exchange rate. The result is shown on the display.	2.000	
CA/AMT /TEND	Press [CA/ANT] to specify cash tender for the yen partial tender. Note that you do not need to reenter the dollar amount.  The register automatically deducts the dollar equivalent of the yen amount tendered from the total amount due and shows the amount on the display.	1095 (Displays in \$)	
CHK/ TEND	← Press to finalize the transaction.	(Displays in \$)	

#### **Currency exchange programming**

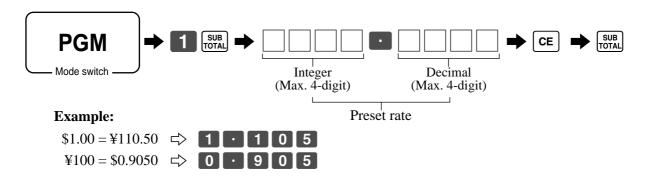
#### **Currency exchange key allocation**

Please refer to page 88.

#### **Attribution of <CURRENCY EXCHANGE> programming**

Please refer to page 78.

#### **Exchange rate programming**



# **Food stamp function**

#### Food stamp key programming

Allocating "Food stamp shift", "Food stamp subtotal", and "Food stamp tender" keys Please refer to page 88.

#### **Defining Food stamp calculation system:**

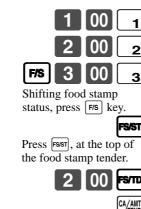
Please refer to page 65, 75.

#### Food stamp registration

#### No change due



Item 1	Dept. 1	\$1.00
Item 2	Taxable	1, F/S
	Dept. 2	\$2.00
	Taxable	2
Item 3	Dept. 3	\$3.00
item 3	Taxable	$No \rightarrow F/S$
	Food stamp	\$2.00
Payment	Cash	\$4.14
	•	



**OPERATION** 

REG 03-04-20 C01 MC#0		
1 DEPTO1 1 DEPTO2 1 DEPTO3 TA1 TX1 TA2 TX2 TL FSST FSTD CASH	T1 F \$1.00 T2 \$2.00 F \$3.00 \$1.00 \$0.04 \$2.00 \$0.10 \$6.14 \$2.00 \$4.04 \$2.00 \$4.04	Subtotal Food stamp subtotal Food stamp tendered

**RECEIPT** 

# Advanced Operations and Setups

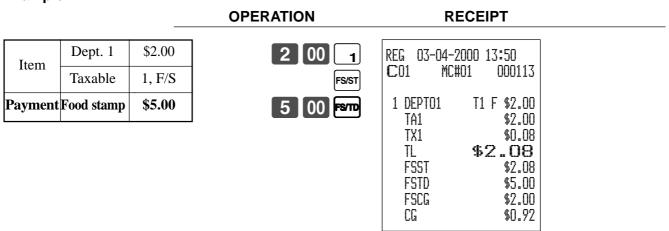
#### Mixed food stamp/cash change

#### **Example 1**

#### **OPERATION** RECEIPT 00 Dept. 1 \$1.00 REG 03-04-2000 13:50 Item 1 C01MC#01 000113 Taxable 1, F/S T1 F \$1.00 1 DEPTO1 F/S Dept. 2 \$2.00 T2 F \$2.00 1 DEPTO2 Item 2 FS/ST Taxable 2, F/S 1 DEPTO3 F \$3.00 TA1 \$1.00 00 FS/TD Dept. 3 \$3.00 TX1 \$0.04 Item 3 \$2.00 TA2 Taxable F/S TX2 \$0.10 \$7.00 Subtotal Payment Food stamp TL \$6.14 Food stamp subtotal **FSST** \$6.14 **FSTD** \$7.00 Food stamp tendered Cash change CG \$0.86

The change in food stamp transactions is automatically calculated as cash for amounts of \$1.00 or less, and as food stamps for amounts greater than \$1.00.

#### Example 2



In the above example, the total amount of change due is \$2.92; \$2.00 in food stamps and \$0.92 in cash.

#### Mixed food stamp/cash change (continued...)

#### Example 3

#### 2 00 \$2.00 Dept. 1 RFG 03-04-2000 13:55 Item 1 **C**01 MC#01 000114 0 Taxable 1, F/S 1 DEPT01 T1 F \$1.00 Dept. 4 \$0.50 Item 2 1 DEPT04 5 00 FS/TD Taxable No TA1 TX1 Payment Food stamp \$5.00 \$2.58 TL **FSST FSTD FSCG**

**OPERATION** 

**RECEIPT** 

\$0.50

\$2.00

\$0.08

\$2.08

\$5.00

\$2.00

\$0.42

When food stamp items are included in a transaction, the amount of change due in cash is applied as a cash amount tendered for cash (nonfood stamp) items. In this example, the \$0.50 purchased (department 4) is automatically deducted from the \$0.92 cash due in change from the food stamp purchase (department 4).

CG

#### **Example 4**

			OPERATION	RECI	EIPT
Item 1	Dept. 1 Taxable	\$1.00 1, F/S	1 00 1 2 00 2	REG 03-04-2000 CO1 MC#01	0 14:00 000115
Item 2	Dept. 2 Taxable	\$2.00	3 00 3 FS/ST		[1 F \$1.00 [2 \$2.00 \$3.00
Item 3	Dept. 3 Taxable	\$3.00 No	5 00 FS/TD CA/AMT	TA1 TX1 TA2	\$1.00 \$0.04 \$2.00
Payment	Food stamp Cash	<b>\$5.00</b> \$4.14		TX2 TL 9 FSST FSTD	\$0.10 <b>56.14</b> \$1.04 \$5.00
			•	FSCG CASH	\$3.00 \$4.14

The following calculation is performed internally to apply the cash change due on the food stamp transaction to the balance due of the cash transaction.

	Food stamp transaction	Cash transaction
Price items:	\$1.00	\$5.00
Tax:	\$0.04	\$0.10
Total due:	\$1.04	\$5.10
Amount tendered:	\$5.00 (food stamp)	\$4.14 (cash), \$0.96 (change from food stamp)
Amount due:	\$1.04	
Change amount due:	\$3.00 (food stamp), \$0.96 (cash)	
Total:		\$5.10

#### Food stamp registration (Illinois rule)

#### No change due

#### Example 1

#### **OPERATION**

#### RECEIPT

Payment	Food stamp	\$6.00
Helli 3	Taxable	F/S
Item 3	Dept. 4	\$3.00
Item 2	Taxable	1, F/S
	Dept. 1	\$2.00
Item 1	Taxable	1, F/S
	Dept. 1	\$1.00

1	00	1
2	00	1
3	00	4
		FS/ST

6	00	FS/TD

REG C01		2000 14:05 #01 000116
1 DE DE TL	PTO4 ST	T1 F \$1.00 T1 F \$2.00 F \$3.00 <b>\$6.00</b> \$6.00

#### Example 2

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

Item 1	Dept. 1	\$2.00
	Taxable	1, F/S
Item 2	Dept. 1	\$3.00
	Taxable	1, F/S
Item 3	Dept. 4	\$4.00
	Taxable	1, F/S
Payment	Food stamp	\$5.00
	Cash	\$4.16

2	00	<u> </u>
3	00	1
4	00	4
		FS/ST
5		E9/7D



REG 03-04-200 C01 MC#01	
1 DEPTO1	T1 F \$2.00
1 DEPTO1	T1 F \$3.00
1 DEPTO4	T1 F \$4.00
FSST	\$9.00
FSTD	\$5.00
TA1	\$4.00
TX1	\$0.16
CASH	\$4.16

#### No change due (continued...)

#### Example 3

#### **OPERATION RECEIPT** \$2.00 2 00 Dept. 1 REG 03-04-2000 14:15 Item 1 **C**01 MC#01 000118 3 00 Taxable 1, F/S 1 DEPT01 T1 F \$2.00 Dept. 2 \$3.00 Item 2 1 DEPT02 T2 F \$3.00 00 FS/TD 2, F/S Taxable **FSST** \$5.00 FSTD \$1.00 Food stamp \$1.00 \$1.00 TA1 Payment \$0.04 TX1 Cash \$4.14 \$2.00 TA2 TX2 \$0.10 CASH \$4.14

If the total of the food stamps tendered is less than the food stamp total, the food stamp tendered amount is deducted from the taxable 1 amount and the taxable 2 amount.

#### **Example 4**

			OPERATION	RECEIPT
Item 1	Dept. 1 Taxable	\$1.00 1, F/S	1 00 1 5 00 2	REG 03-04-2000 14:20 C01 MC#01 000119
Item 2	Dept. 2 Taxable	\$5.00 2, F/S	FS/ST 4 00 FS/TD	1 DEPT01 T1 F \$1.00 1 DEPT02 T2 F \$5.00 FSST \$6.00
Payment	Food stamp Cash	<b>\$4.00</b> \$2.05	CA/AMT /TEND	FSTD \$4.00 TA2 \$1.00 TX2 \$0.05 CASH \$2.05

In this example, the result of the taxable 1 amount is "0".

# Advanced Operations and Setups

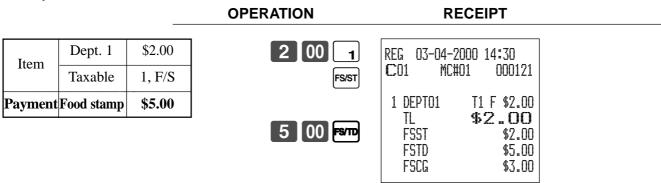
#### Mixed food stamp/cash change

#### **Example 1**

#### **OPERATION RECEIPT** 1 | 5 | 0 \$1.50 Dept. 1 REG 03-04-2000 14:25 Item 1 C01 MC#01 000120 00 Taxable 1, F/S \$2.00 3 00 1 DEPT01 T1 F \$1.50 Dept. 1 Item 2 1 DEPT01 T1 F \$2.00 FS/ST Taxable 1, F/S 1 DEPTO4 F \$3.00 \$6.50 TL Dept. 4 \$3.00 **FSST** \$6.50 Item 3 1 0 00 FS/TD **FSTD** \$10.00 Taxable F/S FSCG \$3.00 Payment Food stamp \$10.00 CG \$0.50

The change in food stamp transactions is automatically calculated as cash for amount of \$1.00 or less, and as food stamps for amounts greater than \$1.00. In the above example, the total amount of change due is \$3.50 (\$3.00 in food stamps and \$0.50 in cash).

#### Example 2



#### Mixed food stamp/cash change (continued...)

#### Example 3

#### **OPERATION RECEIPT** 2 00 Dept. 1 \$2.00 REG 03-04-2000 14:35 Item 1 **C**01 MC#01 000122 Taxable 1, F/S 1 DEPT01 T1 F \$2.00 Dept. 1 \$1.20 Item 2 1 DEPT01 T1 F \$1.20 FS/ST 1, F/S Taxable 1 DEPTO3 \$0.30 TA1 \$0.30 Dept. 3 \$0.30 TX1 \$0.01 Item 3 5 00 FS/TD TL \$3.51 Taxable 1 \$3.20 **FSST** \$5.00 Payment Food stamp **FSTD** \$5.00 **FSCG** \$1.00 CG \$0.49

When food stamp items are included in a transaction, the amount of change due in cash is applied as a cash amount tendered for cash (nonfood stamp) items. In this example, the \$0.30 purchase is automatically deducted from the \$0.80 cash due in change from the food stamp purchase.

#### **Example 4**

			OPERATION	RECEIPT
Item 1	Dept. 1 Taxable	\$1.00 1, F/S	1 00 <sub>1</sub> 2 5 0 <sub>1</sub>	REG 03-04-2000 14:40 C01 MC#01 000123
Item 2	Dept. 1 Taxable	\$2.50 1, F/S	5 00 3 FS/ST	1 DEPT01 T1 F \$1.00 1 DEPT01 T1 F \$2.50 1 DEPT03 \$5.00
Item 3	Dept. 3 Taxable	\$5.00 No	5 00 Em	FSST \$3.50 FSTD \$5.00 FSCG \$1.00 CASH \$4.50
Payment	Food stamp Cash	<b>\$5.00</b> \$4.50	CA/AMT TEND	CHUII #4.JU
1	1		l	

The following calculation is performed internally to apply the cash change due on the food stamp transaction to the balance due of the cash transaction.

	Food stamp transaction	Cash transaction
Price items:	\$3.50	\$5.00
Tax:	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total due:	\$3.50	\$5.00
Amount tendered:	\$5.00 (food stamp)	\$4.50 (cash), \$0.50 (change from food stamp)
Amount due:	\$3.50	
Change amount due:	\$1.00 (food stamp), \$0.50 (cash)	
Total:	_	\$5.00

# Advanced Operations and Setups

#### Mixed food stamp/cash change (continued...)

#### Food stamp + Taxable 1 + Taxable 2

When food stamps are received as partial tender for items preset with the status "food stamp", "taxable 1", and "taxable 2", the calculation are performed using one of the two cases described in this section. The case used depends on the food stamp amount received as partial tender.

#### Case 1

This case is used when the total amount of the items preset with the status "food stamp", "taxable 1", and "taxable 2" is greater than or equal to the food stamp amount received as partial tender. Case 1 subtracts the food stamp amount tendered from both the taxable 1 amount and taxable 2 amount.

#### Example 5

			OPERATION	RECEIPT
Item 1 Item 2	Dept. 1 Taxable Dept. 2	\$2.00 1, F/S \$3.00	2 00 1 3 00 2 T/S2 2 00 1	REG 03-04-2000 14:45 C01 MC#01 000124 1 DEPT01 T1 F \$2.00 1 DEPT02 T2 F \$3.00
Item 3	Taxable Dept. 1 Taxable	2, F/S \$2.00 1/2, F/S	2 00 निश्रा	1 DEPT01 T12F \$2.00 FSST \$7.00 FSTD \$2.00 TA1 \$2.00 TX1 \$0.08
Payment	Food stamp Cash	<b>\$2.00</b> \$5.23	CA/AMT /TEND	TA2 \$3.00 TX2 \$0.15 CASH \$5.23

In this example, the food stamp received as partial tender is \$2.00, so that amount is deducted from both the taxable 1 amount and taxable 2 amount. This means that the remaining taxable 1 amount is \$2.00, while the remaining taxable 2 amount is \$3.00.

#### Mixed food stamp/cash change (continued...)

#### Case 2

This case is used when the total amount of the items preset with the status "food stamp", "taxable 1", and "taxable 2" is less than or equal to the food stamp amount received as partial tender.

**RECEIPT** 

#### Example 6

Item 1	Dept. 1	\$2.00	2 00 1	REG 03-04-2000 14:50
Item 1	Taxable	1, F/S	3 00 2	C01 MC#01 000125
Item 2	Dept. 2	\$3.00	T/S2 2 00 1	1 DEPT01
	Taxable	2, F/S	FS/ST	1 DEPT01 T12F \$2.00
Item 3	Dept. 1	\$2.00		FSST \$7.00 FSTD \$4.00
Item 3	Taxable	1/2, F/S	4 00 FS/TD	TA2 \$1.00
Payment	Food stamp	\$4.00	CA/AMT /TEND	TX2 \$0.05 CASH \$3.05
1 ayıncın	Cash	\$3.05		

**OPERATION** 

#### **Electronic benefits transfer**

In addition to standard food stamp tender finalizations, this model also allows finalization for tenders electronic benefits transfer (EBT) card.

EBT tenders can be accepted for New Jersey rule or Illinois rule food stamp tenders, as well as for food stamp tenders that do not follow these rules.

#### **About mixed EBT card tenders**

When the register is programmed to prohibit an EBT amount tendered that exceeds the food stamp subtotal, nonfood stamp items cannot be paid for using an EBT card. In this case, the following applies:

• ST – (EBT/TEND – FS/ST) = Balance due (the remaining balance due must be finalized using another finalize key.) When the register is programmed to allow an EBT amount tendered that exceeds the food stamp subtotal, nonfood stamp items can be paid for using an EBT card.

In this case, there are two possible situations:

- ST > EBT/TEND
  - ST (EBT/TEND FS/ST) = Balance due (the remaining balance due must be finalized using another finalize key.)
- EBT/TEND > or = ST EBT/TEND - ST = cash change

#### No change due

#### **Example 1**

			OPERATION	RECEIPT
Item 1	Dept. 1 Taxable	\$1.00 1, F/S	1 00 1 2 00 2	REG 03-04-2000 14:55 C:01 MC#01 000126
Item 2	Dept. 2 Taxable	\$2.00 2, F/S	3 00 <sub>3</sub>	1 DEPTO1 T1 F \$1.00 1 DEPTO2 T2 F \$2.00 1 DEPTO3 F \$2.00
Item 3	Dept. 3 Taxable	\$3.00 F/S	6 00 EBT	TL \$6.00 FSST \$6.00 EBTTD \$6.00
Payment	EBT	\$6.00		

# Advanced Operations and Setups

#### Example 2

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

Item 1	Dept. 1	\$1.00
Item 1	Taxable	1, F/S
Item 2	Dept. 2	\$2.00
Item 2	Taxable	1, F/S
Item 3	Dept. 3	\$3.00
Item 5	Taxable	1
Payment	EBT	\$5.00
	Cash	\$1.12

1	00	_1
2	00	2

3 00 3

FS/ST

5	00	ЕВТ
	CA/	/ AMT

REG 03-0 <b>C</b> 01	14-2000 15:00 MC#01 000:	127
1 DEPTO1 1 DEPTO2 1 DEPTO3 FSST EBTTD TA1 TX1 CASH	T1 F \$2 T1 \$3 \$3 \$5 \$5 \$3 \$0	

#### Change due

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

Payment	EBT	\$5.00
Item 3	Taxable	1
Item 3	Dept. 3	\$0.30
Item 2	Taxable	1, F/S
Item 2	Dept. 2	\$1.20
Item 1	Taxable	1, F/S
Item 1	Dept. 1	\$1.00

	1	00	_1
1	2	0	2



FS/ST

REG 03-04-20	)00 15:05
CO1 MC#C	)1 000128
1 DEPTO1	T1 F \$1.00
1 DEPTO2	T1 F \$1.20
1 DEPTO3	T1 \$0.30
TA1	\$0.30
TX1	\$0.01
TL	\$2.51
FSST	\$2.20
EBTTD	\$5.00
CG	\$2.49

# Temporarily releasing compulsion

<PEN 2> (open 2 key) can be programmed to release specific compulsion.

#### **Example 1**

# Item Unit price \$10.00 Dept. 1 Payment Check \$10.00 Validation compulsory

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

1 0 00 1 1 0 00 EKK		2000 15:10 #01 000129
2 00 2 Validation compulsory (E041)	1 DEPTO1 TL CHECK CG	\$10.00 \$10.00 \$10.00 \$0.00



Validation compulsory is temporarily released.

#### Example 2

#### **OPERATION**

#### **RECEIPT**

Input customer No. compulsory					
Item	Unit price	\$10.00			
Item	Dept.	1			
Payment	Check	\$10.00			



Input customer No. compulsory (E019)



Compulsory is temporarily released.

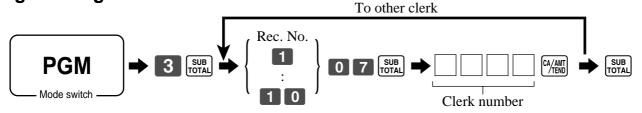


)0130
.0.00 <b>OO</b> .0.00

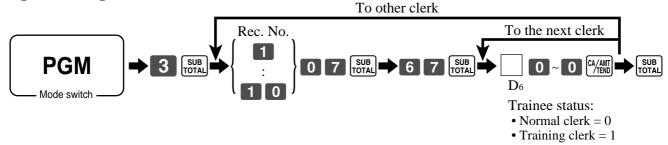
# **Programming to clerk**

You can program up to 4-digit assigning number (clerk number), trainee status of clerk (i.e. training cashier) and commission rate for each clerk.

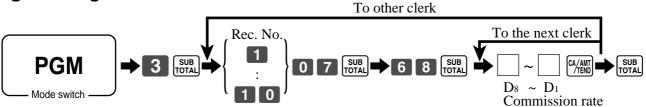
#### Programming clerk number



#### **Programming trainee status**



#### **Programming commission rate**

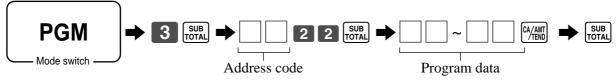


					Trainee Commission rate									
Record	Clerk number				status				ion rate				ion rate	
No.					34	status		Integer Decimal		Integer		Decimal		
	D4	<b>D</b> 3	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>6</sub>	00000	D <sub>8</sub>	D <sub>7</sub>	D <sub>6</sub>	D5	D4	D3	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>
1						00000								
2						00000								
3						00000								
4						00000								
5						00000								
6						00000								
7						00000								
8						00000								
9						00000								
10						00000								

# **Programming machine features**

You can program several machine features by the general control file.

#### Programming to general control file



#### Address code 0122

Description	Choice	Program code
Date order Year/Month/Day = 0, 1 Day/Month/Year = 2, Month/Day/Year = 3	Significant number (0 ~ 3)	$\mathbf{D}_{10}$
Monetary mode $[ ] = 0, [ ] [ ] = 1, [ ] [ ] [ ] = 2, [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] = 3$	Significant number (0 ~ 3)	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{9}$
Password in Manager mode		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Password in X2/Z2 mode		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

#### Address code 0222

Description	Choice	Program code
Password in PGM1/PGM2 mode	Significant numbers	$\begin{array}{c c} & & \\ \hline & D_{10} D_9 D_8 D_7 \end{array}$
Always "0"		$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ D_6 & D_5 \end{bmatrix}$
Always "0"		$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \mathbf{D}_4 & \mathbf{D}_3 & \mathbf{D}_2 & \mathbf{D}_1 \end{bmatrix}$

#### Address code 0322

Description	Choice	Program code
Reset consecutive number after daily fixed total reset report is issued.	Yes = 1 No = 0	$D_8$
Always "0"		0 D <sub>7</sub>
Consecutive number start value		$\begin{array}{c c} D_6 D_5 D_4 \\ \hline D_3 D_2 D_1 \end{array}$

Description		Choice	Program code
Tax system VAT system = 0, U.S. tax system = 1, Canadian tax system = 2		Signigficant number (0 ~ 2)	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_{9}}$
Receipt on/off Controlled by receipt on/off key = 0 Always on (issue) = 1, Always off (not issue) = 2		Signigficant number (0 ~ 2)	$D_8$
Allow amount tender in RF/REG- mode operation.	a	Yes = 0 No = 2	
Cash drawer opening: ①Immediately when the transaction is finalized. ②After validation compulsory is released.	b	① = 0 ② = 4	(a+b) D <sub>7</sub>
Food stamp system (in case of $D_9 = 1$ ) Payable = 0, Illinois rule = 1, New Jersey rule = 2		Signigficant number (0 ~ 2)	
Tax exempt quantity of donuts tax. (in case of $D_9 = 2$ ) $0 \sim 9$ ("0" means "No donuts tax".)		Signigficant number (0 ~ 9)	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{\!_{6}}$
Rounding of results produced by departments and PLUs programmed with package prices and package quantities		Round off = 0 Cut off = 1 Round up = 2	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_{5}$
High amount limit specification for cash in drawer amount. (Sentinel function)		Maximum value (0 ~ 9)  Number or zeros (0 ~ 9)	$D_4$ $D_3$
Printing of clerk/cashier name on receipt following sign back on following clerk/cashier interrupt operation.		No = 0 Yes = 4	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_2$
Enable clerk/cashier interrupt		No = 0 Yes = 1	$D_1$

# Advanced Operations and Setups

#### Address code 0522

Description		Choice	Program code
Print total line during finalization.	a	Yes = 0 No = 1	
Time system: ① 24 hour system, ② 12 hour system	b	① = 0 ② = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>10</sub>
Feed one line after issuing receipt.	c	No = 0 Yes = 4	10
Print consecutive number by double sized letter (up to 3 digits).	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	(-11)
Buffered receipt print	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b) D <sub>9</sub>
Skip item lines on journal. (journal skip)	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Break-down set menu printing on receipt, post receipt, guest receipt.	b	No = 0 Yes = 4	(a+b) D <sub>8</sub>
Always "0"			$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \mathbf{D}_7 & \mathbf{D}_6 & \mathbf{D}_5 \end{bmatrix}$
Print number of item sold.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Print tax symbols.	b	Yes = 0 No = 2	(a+b) D <sub>4</sub>
Always "0"			0 D <sub>3</sub>
Print multiplication or item consolidation in one line.		Yes = 0 No = 4	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_2$
Print C operation.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Print number of customers on header.	b	Yes = 0 No = 2	(a+b+c) D
Print PLU number on receipt.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	υ <sub>1</sub>

Description	Choice	Program code		
Follow the taxable status and commission status of +/- to the previous item.	a	Yes = 0 No = 1		
Force to register rate tax before finalization.		No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>10</sub>	
Force a money declaration before read/reset operation.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	- 10	
Force to press (SUB) before finalization		No = 0 Yes = 1		
Allow credit balance while finalization.		Yes = 0 No = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>o</sub>	
Allow multiple refund/register minus operation.	С	Yes = 0 No = 4	29	
Affect the result of +/-, %+/%- to the item. (Net totaling)	a	No = 0 Yes = 1		
Include add-on tax in net total	b	Yes = 0 No = 2	(a+b) D <sub>8</sub>	
Include commission in net total.	a	Yes = 0 No = 2		
Treatment of department key numenric inputs:  ① Treat as amount override ② Treat as quantity extensions	b	① = 0 ② = 4	$D_{7}$	
Clear the key buffer when a receipt is issued.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	_	
Sounds key catch tone.	b	Yes = 0 No = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>6</sub>	
Allow to issue post receipt, even if the original one is issued.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	D <sub>6</sub>	
Allow program 1 programming in the manager control mode (X1 mode).	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	_	
Display "seconds" during time display.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>5</sub>	
Connect slit drawer.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	25	
RF mode status		RF = 0 REG- = 1	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_{_{4}}}$	
Allow one registration of +/-, %+/%- per one transaction.		No = 0 Yes = 4	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_3}$	
Round on the least significant digit of %+/%- registration.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1		
Display separator.		Yes = 0 No = 2	$(\overline{a+b})$ $D_2$	
Allow numeric entry while compulsory drawer opening.	a	Yes = 0 No = 2	,□,	
PLU numbering: ① By memory No. (sequencial), ② By random code	b	① = 0 ② = 4	(a+b) D <sub>1</sub>	

Description		Choice	Program code
Print taxable amount 1 on receipt/journal.	a	Yes = 0 No = 1	
Print taxable amount 2 on receipt/journal.	b	Yes = 0 No = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>10</sub>
Print taxable amount 3 on receipt/journal.	с	Yes = 0 No = 4	- 10
Print taxable amount 4 on receipt/journal.		Yes = 0 No = 1	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_{g}}$
Always "0"			<b>0</b> D <sub>8</sub>
Print taxable amount 10 on receipt/journal.		Yes = 0 No = 1	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_{7}$
Always "0"			$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ D_6 & D_5 \end{bmatrix}$
Till timer (00 ~ 59 minutes)		Significant numbers	$D_4$ $D_3$
Till timer (00 ~ 59 seconds)		Significant numbers	$egin{bmatrix} oxedsymbol{igcup} \ D_2 \ D_1 \ \end{pmatrix}$

#### Address code 1422

Description		Choice	Program code	
Monetary mode of foreign currency 1:		Significant number (0 ~ 9)	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_8}$	
Decimal for foreign currency 1: ① Period = 0, ② Comma = 1	a			
Separator for foreign currency 1:  ① Comma = 0, ② Period = 1	b	① = 0 ② = 4	$(\overline{a}+\overline{b})$ $D_7$	
Monetary mode of foreign currency 2:		Significant number (0 ~ 9)	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{_{6}}$	
Decimal for foreign currency 2: ① Period = 0, ② Comma = 1	a			
Separator for foreign currency 2:  ① Comma = 0, ② Period = 1	b	① = 0 ② = 4	$(\overline{a+b})$ $D_5$	
Monetary mode of foreign currency 3:		Significant number (0 ~ 9)	$D_4$	
Decimal for foreign currency 3: ① Period = 0, ② Comma = 1	a			
Separator for foreign currency 3:  ① Comma = 0, ② Period = 1	b	① = 0 ② = 4	$(\overline{a+b})$ $D_3$	
Monetary mode of foreign currency 4:		Significant number (0 ~ 9)	${\displaystyle\prod\limits_{\mathrm{D}_{2}}}$	
Decimal for foreign currency 4: ① Period = 0, ② Comma = 1	a	① = 0 ② = 1		
Separator for foreign currency 4: ① Comma = 0, ② Period = 1	b	① = 0 ② = 4	(a+b) D <sub>1</sub>	

Description	Choice	Program code		
Money declaration compulsory (cash) in REG/RF mode	a	No = 0 Yes = 1		
Money declaration compulsory (charge) in REG/RF mode b		No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>10</sub>	
Money declaration compulsory (check) in REG/RF mode		No = 0 Yes = 4	10	
Money declaration compulsory (credit) in REG/RF mode		No = 0 Yes = 1	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_{9}}$	
Always "0"			<b>O</b> D <sub>8</sub>	
Include VAT amount in commission subtotal.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1		
Whenever pressing <plus> or <minus>, the amount registered is proportioned among all taxable amounts.</minus></plus>	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b) D <sub>7</sub>	
Rounding of commission: Round off = 0, Cut off = 1, Round up = 2		Significant number (0 ~ 2)	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_{6}}$	
Append two zeros in unit price programming.		No = 0 Yes = 1	$\overline{D}_{5}$	
Print date on receipt.	a	Yes = 0 No = 1		
Print date on journal. b		Yes = 0 No = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>4</sub>	
Print consecutive number on receipt/journal.	с	Yes = 0 No = 4		
Print time on receipt. a		Yes = 0 No = 1		
Print time on journal. b		Yes = 0 No = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>3</sub>	
Merge the same department/PLU registration on buffered receipt and post receipt. (Item consolidation)	с	Yes = 0 No = 4	3	
Always "0"			$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ D_2 & D_1 \end{bmatrix}$	

Description		Choice	Program code
Print logo message on receipt.		No = 0 Yes = 1	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{10}$
Print commercial message on guest receipt.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Print bottom message on guest receipt.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>9</sub>
Print intermediate message on guest receipt.	c	No = 0 Yes = 4	9
Print bill top message.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Print bill copy message.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>8</sub>
Print bill bottom message.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	- 8
Always "0"			$\mathbf{D}_{7}$
Print commercial message on receipts in REG/RF mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Print bottom message on receipts in REG/RF mode.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>6</sub>
Print commercial message on journal in REG/RF mode.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	<i>D</i> 6
Print bottom message on journal in REG/RF mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Print commercial message on receipts in X/Z mode.	b	No = 0  Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>5</sub>
Print bottom message on receipts in X/Z mode.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	25
Print commercial message on journal in X/Z mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Print bottom message on journal in X/Z mode.	b	No = 0  Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>4</sub>
Print commercial message on receipt in PGM mode.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	D <sub>4</sub>
Print bottom message on receipt in PGM mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Print commercial message on journal in PGM mode.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>2</sub>
Print bottom message on journal in PGM mode.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	<b>D</b> <sub>3</sub>
Print commercial message on FC or AUTO-PGM receipts.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	_
Print bottom message on FC or AUTO-PGM receipts.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>2</sub>
Print commercial message on FC or AUTO-PGM journal.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	$D_2$
Print bottom message on FC or AUTO-PGM journal.		No = 0 Yes = 1	$D_1$

SUB TOTAL

CA/AMT TEND

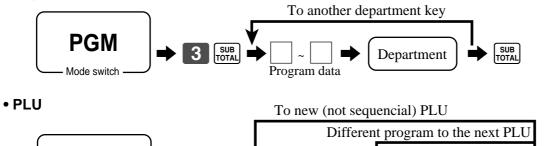
Program data

# **Programming department/PLU**

There are two ways to program to department/PLU, batch feature programming and individual feature programming.

#### Batch feature programming to department/PLU

#### Department



PLU No. PLU

#### • Program data

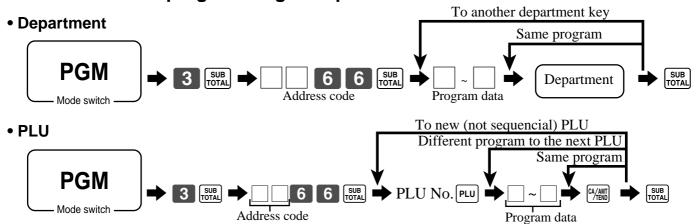
**PGM** 

Description		Choice	Program code	
Single item control: Normal receipt = 0, Single item receipt = 3		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{12}$	
Always "0"			<b>0</b> D <sub>11</sub>	
Normal/condiment/preparation Normal item = 0, Condiment = 1, Preparation = 2		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{10}$	
Enable operation in RF/REG- mode.	a	Yes = 0 No = 1		
Enable operation in REG 2 mode.	b	Yes = 0 $No = 2$	(a+b+c) D <sub>9</sub>	
Enable operation in REG 1 mode.	c	Yes = 0 No = 4	9	
Taxable status: See below.			$D_8 D_7$	
Enable 0 unit price.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1		
Enable negative price.	b	No = 0  Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>6</sub>	
Hash	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	$D_6$	
Always "0"			0 D <sub>5</sub>	
Low digit limitation (LDL) for manually entered unit price.		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_4}$	
Multiple validation: (If "No", only one validation is possible.)	a	Yes = 0 No = 1		
Open PLU (Only effective for PLU)	b	No = 0 Yes = 4	$(\overline{a+b})$ $D_3$	
Commission 1	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	(0.11)	
Commission 2	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	$(\overline{a+b})$ $D_2$	
Compulsory number of condiment/preparation PLU input.		Significant number (0 ~ 8)	$D_1$	

#### **Taxable status**

for the U.S.					
Food stamp				Yes = 1 No = 0	$D_8$
Taxable 1 status			a	Yes = 1 No = 0	_
Taxable 2 status			b	Yes = 2 No = 0	(a+b+c) D <sub>7</sub>
Taxable 3 status			с	Yes = 4 No = 0	27
for Canada					
Donuts status				Yes = 1 No = 0	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_8}$
Non tax = $0$ Taxable $1 = 1$ Taxable $2 = 2$	Taxable 3 = 3 Taxable 4 = 4 Taxable 1 & 2 = 5	Taxable 1 & $3 = 6$ Taxable 1 & $4 = 7$		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{7}$

# Individual feature programming to department/PLU



#### Program data

#### Address code 1166

Description	Choice	Program code
Link group record number: (00 ~ 15)	Significant numbers	$D_6$ $D_5$
Link depatment record number: (00 ~ 15) (for PLU)	Significant numbers	$D_4$ $D_3$
Always "0"		$\begin{bmatrix} \textbf{0} & \textbf{0} \\ D_2 & D_1 \end{bmatrix}$

#### Address code 1266

Description	Choice	Program code
PLU random code (only for PLU)	Significant numbers	D <sub>6</sub> D <sub>5</sub> ~ D <sub>2</sub> D <sub>1</sub>

#### Address code 1366

Description	Choice	Program code
Set menu table record number (only for PLU)	Significant numbers	$\begin{array}{c c} & & \\ & D_6 & D_5 & D_4 & D_3 \end{array}$
Set menu table file number (only for PLU) Always "28"		<b>28</b> D <sub>2</sub> D <sub>1</sub>

#### Address code 1566

Description	Choice	Program code
High amount limit for entering unit price manually.	Significant numbers	$\begin{array}{c c} & & \\ \hline D_6 & D_5 \sim D_2 & D_1 \end{array}$

# Programming to transaction keys

#### **Procedure** To another transaction key **PGM** SUB TOTAL Transaction SUB TOTAL key Mode switch Program data

### Data

### <CASH>, <CHARGE>, <CHECK>

Description		Choice	Program code
Allowable number of validation printing ("0" means no limitation) *1 *2	*3 *4	Significant number (0 ~ 9)	$D_{11}$
Force validation operation. *1 *2 *3 *4	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Restriction (to 00, 25, 50, 75) on last two digits for amount tendered (Only for <cash> in Danish rounding)*4</cash>	b	No = 0 Yes = 4	(a+b) D <sub>10</sub>
Disable operation in RF/REG- mode. *3 *4	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Disable operation in REG2 mode. *3 *4	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>o</sub>
Disable operation in REG1 mode. *3 *4	с	No = 0 Yes = 4	29
Always "0"			0 D <sub>8</sub>
Prohibit entry of a partial payment	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Prohibit the entry of the amount tendered.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>7</sub>
Force entry of the amount tendered.	с	No = 0 Yes = 4	$\mathcal{D}_{7}$
Print VAT breakdown. *1 *3	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	_
Check cashing commission (Only for <check>) *2  ① Use an amount ② Use a rate</check>	b	Amount = 0 Rate = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>6</sub>
Validation amount *2 *3  ① Print subtotal amount ② Print amount tendered	с	Subtotal = 0 Tender = 4	6
Always "0"			0 D <sub>5</sub>
High amount limit specification for subtotal and tendering amounts. $^{*2}$		Number of zeros (0 ~ 9)	$D_4 D_3$
		Maximum value (0 ~ 9)	
High amount limit specification for change amount due.		Number of zeros (0 ~ 9)	$D_2 D_1$

<sup>\*1</sup> Those are valid options for SINGLE ITEM as well.
\*2 Those are valid options for CASHING A CHECK as well.
\*3 Those are valid options for CURRENCY EXCHANGE (include partial tender) as well.

<sup>\*4</sup> Those are valid options for MEDIA CHANGE (include partial tender) as well.

### <CREDIT>

Description		Choice	Program code
Allowable number of validation printing ("0" means no limitation) *1		Significant number (0 ~ 9)	$D_{11}$
Force validation operation. *1		No = 0 Yes = 1	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{10}$
Disable operation in RF/REG- mode. *1	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Disable operation in REG2 mode. *1	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>o</sub>
Disable operation in REG1 mode. *1	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	9
Always "0"			$egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{0} \ D_8 \ \end{array}$
Prohibit entry of a partial payment	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Prohibit the entry of the amount tendered.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>7</sub>
Force entry of the amount tendered.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	27
Print VAT breakdown.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Validation amount ① Print subtotal amount ② Print amount tendered	b	Subtotal = 0 Tender = 4	$D_6$
Always "0"			0 D <sub>5</sub>
		Maximum value (0 ~ 9)	
gh amount limit specification for subtotal and tendering amounts		Number of zeros (0 ~ 9)	$D_4 D_3$
Always "0"			0 D <sub>2</sub>
Specify credit in drawer total in the fixed totalizer. *1		Significant number (0 ~ 4)	$D_1$

<sup>\*1</sup> Those are valid options for MEDIA CHANGE (include partial tender) as well.

## <RECEIVED ON ACCOUNT>, <PAID OUT>

Description		Choice	Program code
Allowable number of validation printing ("0" means no limitation)		Significant number (0 ~ 9)	$D_{11}$
Force validation operation.		No = 0 Yes = 1	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{_{10}}$
Disable operation in RF/REG- mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Disable operation in REG2 mode.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>o</sub>
Disable operation in REG1 mode.	с	No = 0 Yes = 4	9
Always "0"			$ \begin{array}{c c} 0 & \sim & 0 \\ D_8 & \sim & D_5 \end{array} $
High amount limit specification for entering amounts		Maximum value (0 ~ 9)	
		Number of zeros (0 ~ 9)	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_{4}^{'}\mathrm{D}_{3}^{'}}$
Always "0"			$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ D_2 D_1 \end{bmatrix}$

# <FOOD STAMP TENDER>, <EBT>

Description		Choice	Program code
Allowable number of validation printing ("0" means no limitation)		Significant number (0 ~ 9)	$D_{11}$
Force validation operation.		No = 0 Yes = 1	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{10}$
Disable operation in RF/REG- mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Disable operation in REG2 mode.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>9</sub>
Disable operation in REG1 mode.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	<u> </u>
Prohibit over tendering. (only for <ebt>)</ebt>		No = 0 Yes = 4	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{8}$
Always "0"			<b>0</b> D <sub>7</sub>
Print VAT breakdown.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Validation amount ① Print subtotal amount ② Print amount tendered	b	Subtotal = 0 Tender = 4	$(\overline{a+b})$ $D_6$
Always "0"			<b>0</b> D <sub>5</sub>
High amount limit specification for subtotal and tendering amounts.		Maximum value (0 ~ 9)	
		Number of zeros (0 ~ 9)	$D_4 D_3$
Always "0"			$\begin{bmatrix} \textbf{0} & \textbf{0} \\ D_2 & D_1 \end{bmatrix}$

## <#/NO SALE>

Description		Choice	Program code
Disable operation in RF/REG- mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Disable operation in REG2 mode.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>0</sub>
Disable operation in REG1 mode.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	<u> </u>
Always "0"			$\mathbf{O}$ $\mathbf{D}_8$
Allow mode change or clerk change after non-add registration as first transaction. (only for non-add function)		Yes = 1 No = 0	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{7}$
Always "0"			0 ~ 0 D <sub>6</sub> ~ D <sub>1</sub>

# Advanced Operations and Setups

## <%+>, <%->

Description		Choice	Program code
Multiple validation (If "No", only one validation printing is possible.)		Yes = 0 No = 4	$D_{11}$
Always "0"			$egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{0} \ D_{10} \ \end{array}$
Disable operation in RF/REG- mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Disable operation in REG2 mode.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>o</sub>
Disable operation in REG1 mode.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	- 9
Taxable status: See below.	·		$D_8 D_7$
Prohibit manual rate override.		No = 0 Yes = 2	$\overline{D}_6$
Rounding: Round off = 0, cut off = 1, round up = 2		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{5}$
Allow key operation after <subtotal>.</subtotal>	a	Yes = 0 No = 1	
Allow key operation after item registration.	b	Yes = 0 No = 4	$(\overline{a+b})$ $D_4$
Always "0"			<b>0</b> D <sub>3</sub>
Commission status: Commission $1 = 1$ , Commission $2 = 2$ , None $= 0$		Significant number	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_2$
Always "0"			<b>0</b> D <sub>1</sub>

## **Taxable status**

for the U.S.			
Food stamp		Yes = 1 No = 0	$D_8$
Taxable 1 status	a	Yes = 1 No = 0	
Taxable 2 status	b	Yes = 2 No = 0	(a+b+c) D <sub>7</sub>
Taxable 3 status	с	Yes = 4 No = 0	7
for Canada			
Donuts status ( $D_8D_7$ = "99" means donuts and all taxable)		Yes = 1 No = 0	$D_8$
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_{7}}$

# <+>, <->, <COUPON>

Description		Choice	Program code
Multiple validation (If "No", only one validation printing is possible.)		Yes = 0 No = 4	$D_{11}$
Always "0"			<b>0</b> D <sub>10</sub>
Disable operation in RF/REG- mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Disable operation in REG2 mode.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>9</sub>
Disable operation in REG1 mode.	c	No = 0 Yes = 4	9
Taxable status: See below.			$\overline{\mathrm{D}_8^{}\mathrm{D}_7^{}}$
Allow credit balance. (-, CPN only)		No = 0 Yes = 1	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_{_{6}}}$
Always "0"			<b>0</b> D <sub>5</sub>
Allow key operation after <subtotal>.</subtotal>	a	Yes = 0 No = 1	
Allow key operation after item registration.	b	Yes = 0 No = 4	$(\overline{a+b})$ $D_4$
High digit limitation (HDL) for manually entered unit price ("9" means NOT allow manual entry.)		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{3}$
Commission status: Commission 1 = 1, Commission 2 = 2, None = 0		Significant number	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_2$
Always "0"			$D_1$

## **Taxable status**

for the U.S.				
Food stamp		Yes = 1 No = 0	$D_8$	
Taxable 1 status	a	Yes = 1 No = 0		
Taxable 2 status	b	Yes = 2 No = 0	(a+b+c) D <sub>7</sub>	
Taxable 3 status	с	Yes = 4 No = 0	<u>-</u> γ	
for Canada			-	
Donuts status ( $D_8D_7$ = "99" means donuts and all taxable)		Yes = 1 No = 0	$D_8$	
		Significant number	$D_7$	

## <ARRANGEMENT>

Description		Choice	Program code
Secret code (0000 ~ 9999)		Yes = 0 No = 1	$D_{14}D_{13}D_{12}D_{11}$
Enable operation in X1 mode.	a	Yes = 0 No = 1	
Enable operation in Z1 mode.	b	Yes = 0 No = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>10</sub>
Enable operation in X2/Z2 mode.	С	Yes = 0 No = 4	10
Enable operation in RF/REG- mode.	a	Yes = 0 No = 1	
Enable operation in REG2 mode.	b	Yes = 0 No = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>o</sub>
Enable operation in REG1 mode.	С	Yes = 0 No = 4	2,9
Always "0"			$\mathbf{O}$ $\mathbf{D}_8$
Treat numeric entry as arrange table number		No = 0 Yes = 1	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_7$
Arrangement table link number		Significant numbers	$D_6 \sim D_1$

## <CURRENCY EXCHANGE>

Description		Choice	Program code
Disable operation in RF/REG- mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Disable operation in REG2 mode.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>9</sub>
Disable operation in REG1 mode.	с	No = 0 Yes = 4	<u> </u>
Always "0"	-		$egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{0} \ D_8 \ \end{array}$
Define amount symbol. (0, 1 ~ 4) ("0" means local currency symbol.)		Significant number	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_{7}$
Define foreign currency totalizer. (0, 1 ~ 4) ("0" treats as "1".)		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_{_{6}}}$
Rounding: Round off = 0, cut off = 1, round up = 2		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{5}$
Always "0"			$egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{0} \ D_4 \ \end{array}$
Monetary mode $(0 \sim 9)$ : $[]  []  []  = 2, []  []  = 1, []  = 0$		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{3}$
Monetary symbol for decimal	a	Decimal = 0 Comma = 1	
Monetary symbol for separator	b	Comma = 0 Decimal = 4	$(\overline{a+b})$ $D_2$
Assigning drawer number: 0 ~ 2 ("0" means drawer 1.)		Significant number	$D_1$

## <POST RECEIPT>

Description		Choice	Program code
Maximum number of post receipts (0 ~ 9) ("0" means 1 post receipt.)		Significant number	D <sub>12</sub>
Always "0"			$\begin{bmatrix} \textbf{0} & \textbf{0} \\ D_{11} & D_{10} \end{bmatrix}$
Disable operation in RF/REG- mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Disable operation in REG2 mode.	b	No = 0 $ Yes = 2$	(a+b+c) D <sub>o</sub>
Disable operation in REG1 mode.	С	No = 0 Yes = 4	9
Always "0"			$\mathbf{O}$ $\mathrm{D}_8$
Print current time on guest receipt.		No = 0 Yes = 4	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_{7}$
Clear finalized check.		Yes = 0 No = 1	$\overline{\mathrm{D}_{6}}$
Always "0"			$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ D_5 & D_4 & D_3 \end{bmatrix}$
Line number of guest bottom message (00 ~ 10): ("00" means no bottom message.)		Significant number	$D_2 D_1$

## <MULTIPLICATION>, <QUANTITY/FOR>, <SQUARE>, <CUBE>

Description		Choice	Program code
Disable operation in RF/REG- mode.	a	No = 0 Yes = 1	
Disable operation in REG2 mode.	b	No = 0 Yes = 2	(a+b+c) D <sub>9</sub>
Disable operation in REG1 mode.	с	No = 0 Yes = 4	<u> </u>
Always "0"			$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ D_8 D_7 \end{bmatrix}$
Multiplication procedure: (Ketten Bon and <x> only)  ① Quantity × Amount, ② Amount × Quantity</x>		① = 0 ② = 1	$\overline{\mathbb{D}}_{6}$
Rounding: Round off = 0, cut off = 1, round up = 2		Significant number	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle{5}}$
Always "0"			$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \sim & 0 \\ D_4 & \sim & D_1 \end{bmatrix}$

Character programming can be performed in two ways:

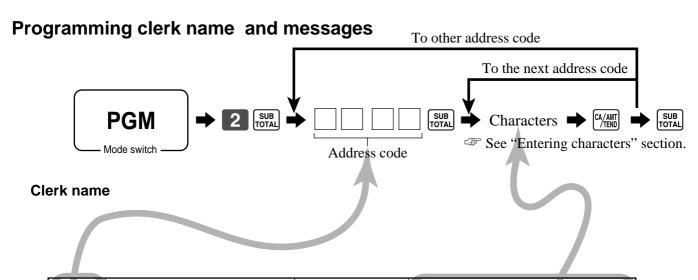
- Character keyboard programming (see page 86), or
- Entering characters by code (see page 87).

# **Programming descriptors and messages**

The following descriptors and messages can be programmed;

- · Clerk name
- Fix totalizer
- · Special character
- PLU item descriptor

- Messages
- Report header
- Department key descriptor
- Machine number



Address code	Contents	Initial character			You	urs	,		
0107	Clerk 01	C01							
0207	Clerk 02	<b>C</b> 02							
0307	Clerk 03	<b>C</b> 03							
0407	Clerk 04	<b>C</b> 04							
0507	Clerk 05	<b>C</b> 05							
0607	Clerk 06	<b>C</b> 06							
0707	Clerk 07	<b>C</b> 07							
0807	Clerk 08	<b>C</b> 08							
0907	Clerk 09	<b>C</b> 09							
1007	Clerk 10	C10							

# Message

Address	Contents	Initial character	Yours
0132	1st line of logo message	YOUR RECEIPT	
0232	2nd line of logo message	THANK YOU	
0332	3rd line of logo message	CALL AGAIN	
0432	4th line of logo message		
0532*	1st line of commercial message		
0632*	2nd line of commercial message		
0732*	3rd line of commercial message		
0832*	4th line of commercial message		
0932*	1st line of bottom message		
1032*	2nd line of bottom message		
1132*	3rd line of bottom message		
1232*	4th line of bottom message		
1332*	1st line of bill top message		
1432*	2nd line of bill top message		
1532*	3rd line of bill top message		
1632*	4th line of bill top message		
1732*	1st line of bill copy message		
1832*	2nd line of bill copy message		
1932*	3rd line of bill copy message		
2032*	4th line of bill copy message		
2132*	1st line of bill bottom message		
2232*	2nd line of bill bottom message		
2332*	3rd line of bill bottom message		
2432*	4th line of bill bottom message		
2532*	Post receipt message		
2632*	1st line of guest intermediate msg.		
2732*	2nd line of guest intermediate msg.		
2832*	3rd line of guest intermediate msg.		
2932*	4th line of guest intermediate msg.		
3032*	1st line of guest bottom msg.		
3132*	2nd line of guest bottom msg.		
3232*	3rd line of guest bottom msg.		
3332*	4th line of guest bottom msg.		
3432*	5th line of guest bottom msg.		
3532*	6th line of guest bottom msg.		
3632*	7th line of guest bottom msg.		
3732*	8th line of guest bottom msg.		
3832*	9th line of guest bottom msg.		
3932*	10th line of guest bottom msg.		

<sup>\*</sup> If you want to use these messages, please ask your dealer.

# Advanced Operations and Setups

## Fix total

Up to 12 characters can be set.

Address code	Contents	Initial character	Address code	Contents	Initial character
Fix totalizer	r				
0101	Gross sales total	GROSS	5001	New balance total	NB
0201	Net sales total	NET	5101	Clerk commission 1 total	C-1
0301	Cash in drawer	CAID	5201	Clerk commission 2 total	C-2
0401	Cash declared amount	CATL	5301	Foreign currency cash in drawer 1	CECA1
0501	Declared short cash amount	CA-	5401	Foreign currency check in drawer 1	CECK1
0601	Declared over cash amount	CA+	5501	Foreign currency cash in drawer 2	CECA2
0701	Charge in drawer	CHID	5601	Foreign currency check in drawer 2	CECK2
0801	Charge declared amount	CHTL	5701	Foreign currency cash in drawer 3	CECA3
0901	Declared short charge amount	CH-	5801	Foreign currency check in drawer 3	CECK3
1001	Declared over charge amount	CH+	5901	Foreign currency cash in drawer 4	CECA4
1101	Check in drawer	CKID	6001	Foreign currency check in drawer 4	CECK4
1201	Check declared amount	CKTL	6101	Reduction	DC
1301	Declared short check amount	CK-	6201	Item return	REF
1401	Declared over check amount	CK+	6301	Clear counter	CLEAR
1501	Credit 1 in drawer	CRID(1)	6401	Rounding 2	ROUND
1601	Credit 2 in drawer	CRID(2)	6501	Rounding 1	ROUND
1701	Credit 3 in drawer	CRID(3)	6601	Cancellation	CANCEL
1801	Credit 4 in drawer	CRID(4)	6701	Taxable amount 1	TA1
1901	Credit declared amount	CRTL	6801	Tax 1	TX1
2001	Declared short credit amount	CR-	6901	Tax exempt 1	EX1
2101	Declared over credit amount	CR+	7001	Taxable amount 2	TA2
2201-4001	Not used		7101	Tax 2	TX2
041	Food stamp in drawer	FSID	7201	Tax exempt 2	EX2
042	Food stamp cash change	FSCACG	7301	Taxable amount 3	TA3
043	EBT in drawer	EBTTL	7401	Tax 3	TX3
044	EBT cash change	EBTCACG	7501	Tax exempt 3	EX3
4501	Refund mode total	RF	7601	Taxable amount 4	TA4
4601	Customer count	CUST	7701	Tax 4	TX4
4701	Average sales per customer	AVRG	7801	Tax exempt 4	EX4
4801	Check cashing service fee	FEE	7901-9601	Not used	
4901	New Balance fee	+	9701	Nontaxable amount	NON TAX

## Report header

Up to 12 characters can be set.

Address code	Contents	Initial character
Report head	ler	
0124	Fixed totalizer report	FIX
0224	Transaction key report	TRANS
0324	PLU report	PLU
0424	Department report	DEPT
0524	Group report	GROUP
0624	Cashier/clerk report	CASHIER
0724	Not used	
0824	Hourly sales report	HOURLY
0924	Monthly sales report	MONTHLY
1024-1324	Not used	
1424	Hourly item	HOURLY ITEM
1524	Not used	
1624	Financial report	FLASH
1724	Not used	
1824	PLU by amount	PLU AMT
1924	PLU by quantity	PLU QTY
2024	Department by amount	DEPT AMT
2124	Department by quantity	DEPT QTY
2224-2324	Not used	
2424	Individual report	INDIVIDUAL
2524	Not used	

# Special character

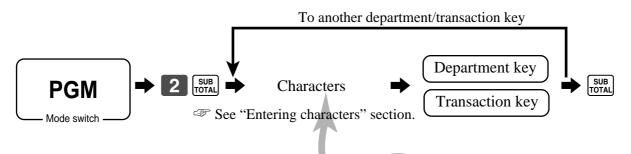
Address code	Contents	Descriptor
0123	Main currency symbol (2), @(2), No. (2), split pricing (1), Training filler (1)	\$ 0.No / **
0223	No. of item sold (2), Customer count (2)	NoCT aLB *QT
0323	Multiplication (6)	
0423	Taxable symbol 1 (3 ea.) Tax1, Tax2, Tax3, Tax4	T:1:  T:2:  T:3:  T:4:  T:5:
0523	(not used)	T6 T7 T8 T9 T10
0623	Taxable symbol 3 (3 ea.) Tax1/2, Tax1/3, Tax1/4, not used, Tax2/3	T112T13T14 T23
0723	Taxable symbol 4 (3 ea.) not used, not used, not used, Nontax, All, F/S	
0823	Foreign currency (2 ea.)	\$   \$   \$
0923	Mode symbol 1 (4 ea.) REG1/2, RF, REG-	REG RFR-MGR
1023	Mode symbol 2 (4 ea.) PGM, Daily X, Daily Z, Periodic	Pirit XIII ZIII XZ
1123	Mode symbol 3 (4 ea.) Training, not used, PGM read	TRG
1223	Decimal: amount/q'ty, Separator (Main/Sub) (1 ea.), not used (3), Square (6)	X
1323	A.M., P.M. (3 ea.), ST displayed on the dot display (2)	IAIM IPIM ISIT
1423	(not used)	CONTINUED P
1523	(not used)	
1623	(not used)	SiT
1723	Subtotal symbol (16)	S:T:
1823	Total symbol (16)	T <u>L</u>
1923	Change symbol (16)	CG
2023	Check cashing fee (16)	
2123	Check cashing amount (16)	C'A'C'G'
2223	(not used)	** STUB **
2323	Break (16)	**BREAK END**
2423	Check No. (10)	CHECK No.
2523	Service total (16)	SR.V.C. T.L.
2623	(not used)	D:I:S:C:0:U:N:T:
2723	(not used)	
2823	(not used)	
2923	Report total symbol(16)	<u>TL</u>
3023	(not used)	
3123	(not used)	
3223	Food stamp change symbol (16)	F/S/C/G/
3323	Table no. symbol (10)	TABLE No.
3423	(not used)	
3523	Declared amount (16)	DECLA:
3623	(not used)	Sub item?
3723	(not used)	
3823	(not used)	
3923	(not used)	
4023	(not used)	
4123	(not used)	
4223	(not used)	

## Machine number

Up to 8 characters can be set.

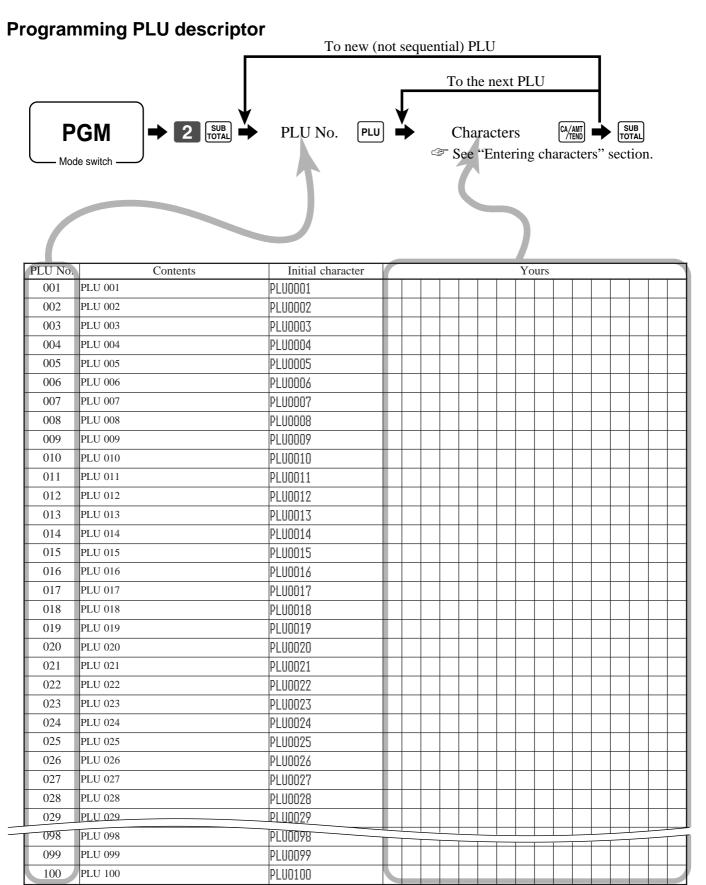
Address code	Contents	Initial character
Machine n	umber	
0191	Machine number	MC#01

# Programming department/transaction key descriptor



Contents	Initial character				Yo	urs				
Department 01	DEPT01									
Department 02	DEPT02									
Department 03	DEPT03									
Department 04	DEPT04									
Department 05	DEPT05									
Department 06	DEPT06									
Department 07	DEPT07									
Department 08	DEPT08									
Department 09	DEPT09									
Department 10	DEPT10									
Department 11	DEPT11									
Department 12	DEPT12									
Department 13	DEPT13									
Department 14	DEPT14									
Department 15	DEPT15									

Contents	Initial character	Yours
Cash/Amount tendered	CASH	
Charge	CHARGE	
Credit 1	CREDIT1	
Credit 2	CREDIT2	
Check	CHECK	
Received on account	RC	
Paid out	PD PD	
Minus	***	
Discount	7-	
Refund	RF	
Correction	CORR	
Validation	VLD	
Receipt	RCT	
Non add/No sale	#/NS	
PLU	PLU#	
Price	PRC	
Tax shift 1	T/S1	
Tax shift 2	T/S2	
Clerk number	CLK#	
Subtotal	SUBTOTAL	
Receipt on/off	RCT ON/OFF	
Multiplication/For/Date time	QT	
Two zero	00	
Decimal point		



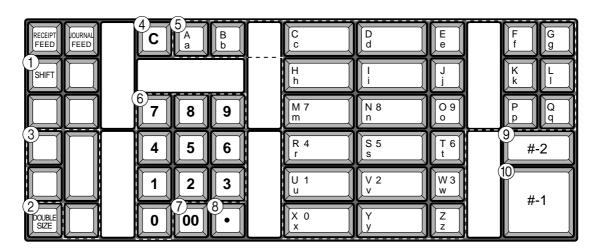
# **Entering characters**

In this section, the method to enter descriptors or messages (characters) to the cash register during programming is described.

Characters are specified by character keyboard or by codes. In the first half of this section, the usage of character keyboard is described. In the latter half, inputting method by character code is described.

## Using character keyboard

### **Example:**



### 1) Shift key

Pressing this key shifts the character through the uppercase letter, lower case letter, numerics and returns to the uppercase letter in sequence.

#### 2 Double size letter key

Specifies that the next character you input to a double size character.

You must press this key before each double size character.

#### **3** Space key

Sets a space by depression.

#### (4) Clear key

Clears all input characters in the programming.

#### (5) Alphabet keys

Used input to characters.

### **6** Numeric keys

Used to enter program codes, memory number and character codes.

#### (7) Character fixed key

Enter when the alphabetic entry for a descriptor, name or message has been completed.

#### **8** Backspace/Character code fixed key

Registers one character with code (2 or 3 digit). Clears the last input character, much like a back space key. (Does not clear the double size letter key entry.)

#### 9 Program end key

Terminates the character programming.

#### (10) Character enter key

Registers the programmed characters.

# **Entering characters by code**

Every time you enter a character, choose character codes by the character code list (below) and press the key to settle it. After you complete entering characters, press the 00 key to fix them.

## Example:

Input "	A	P	P	1	е		J	u	i	C	е		",
enter "	255 65	112	112	108	101	32 •	74	117	105	99	101	00	,,

### **Character code list**

Chara	Code	Chara	Code	Chara	Code	Chara	Code	Chara	Code	Chara	Code	Chara	Code
Space	32	0	48	â	64	р	80	,	96	Р	112	Ç	128
I	33	1	49	A	65	Q	81	ā	97	q	113	ü	129
"	34	2	50	В	66	R	82	Ь	98	r	114	é	130
#	35	3	51	C	67	S	83	С	99	s	115	â	131
\$	36	4	52	D	68	T	84	d	100	t	116	ä	132
%	37	5	53	E	69	U	85	e	101	u	117	-185	133
å	38	6	54	F	70	V	86	f	102	٧	118	a.	134
7	39	7	55	G	71	Щ	87	g	103	W	119	Ģ	135
(	40	8	56	Н	72	X	88	h	104	Х	120	œ	136
)	41	9	57	I	73	Υ	89	i	105	y	121	:@	137
*	42	:	58	J	74	Z	90	j	106	Z	122	·w	138
+	43	7	59	K	75	[	91	k	107	{	123	ï	139
7	44	<	60	L	76	١	92	1	108	-	124	î	140
	45	==	61	M	77	]	93	m	109	}	125	ì	141
	46	>	62	N	78	۸	94	n	110	*	126	Ä	142
,	4.7	7	63	0	79		95	0	111		127	Ā	143
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# **Keyboard layout change**

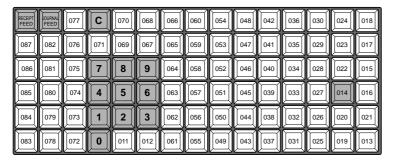
You can change the keyboard layout or allocate some new functions on the keyboard.

## Important!

Before changing the keyboard layout, you must issue the daily and all periodic report.

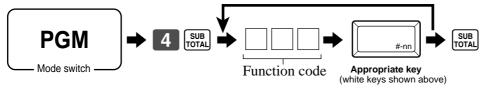
## Configuration of the physical key layout

The shadowed keys are fixed function keys. You can not change the function of these keys.



## **Programming procedure**

The shadowed keys are fixed function keys. You can not change the function of these keys.



### **Function code list**

Function	Code	Initial character	Function	Code	Initial character
Arrangement	044	ARG	No sale	042	NS
Bill copy	047	BILL	Non-add	040	#
Cancel	236	CNCL	Non-add/No sale	041	#/NS
Cash amount tendered	001	CASH	Open	067	OPEN
Charge	002	CHARGE	Open2	068	OPEN2
Check tender	003	CHECK	Paid out	021	PD
Clerk number	072	CLK#	Pick up	022	P.UP
Coupon	023	COUPON	Plus	029	+
Coupon 2	036	CPN2	PLU	048	PLU#
Credit	004	CREDIT	Previous balance	026	PB
Cube	090	xxx	Previous balance subtotal	079	PBST
Currency exchange	045	CE	Premium	030	%+
Customer number	043	CT	Price	049	PRC
Decimal point *	098	•	Quantity/For	083	QT
Declaration	061	DECLARE	Rate tax	031	TAX
Department	nn051	DEPTnn	Receipt	038	RCT
Deposit	025	DEPOSIT	Receipt On/Off	076	RCT ON/OFF
Discount	028	%-	Received on account	020	RC
Eat-in	128	EAT-IN	Refund	033	RF
EBT tender	007	EBTTD	Review	071	REVIEW
Enter	105	ENTER	Square	084	xx
Error correct	034	CORR	Subtotal	075	SUBTOTAL
Flat PLU	nnnn063	PLUnnnn	Table number	058	TBL#
Food stamp status shift	059	F/S	Take-out	129	TAKE-OUT
Food stamp subtotal	081	FSST	Tax exempt	062	EXEMPT
Food stamp tender	005	FSTD	Tax status shift	057	T/S
Loan	019	LOAN	Taxable amount subtotal	077	TAST
Lock out unused key	000	NOP	Text recall	010	CHAR
Manual tax	032	TAX	Three zero *	097	000
Media change	118	MEDIA CHG	Tip	015	TIP
Menu shift	064	MENU	Tray total	074	TRAY TL
Merchandise subtotal	080	MDST	Two zero *	096	00
Minus	027	_	Validation	037	VLD
Multiplication	082	х	VAT	046	VAT
New balance	006	NB	Void	035	VOID

<sup>\*</sup> Two zero, three zero and decimal point key can only be allocated #011 and #012 position.

## The outline of functions

#### Bill copy

Use this key to issue bill copy.

#### Cube

This key provides the same functions as the Square key. In addition, this key also has a cube multiplication function.

### **Customer number**

Use this key to register the number of customers.

#### **Declaration**

Use this key to declare in drawer amount for money declaration.

#### **Deposit**

Use this key to register deposits.

#### Eat-in

Use this key to specify if the customer eats in the restaurant. Before closing a transaction press this key.

#### **Flat PLU**

Use this key to register items to flat PLUs.

#### Manual tax

Use this key to register a tax amount.

#### Menu shift

Use this key to shift flat-PLU key to the 1st ~ 6th menu.

#### Merchandise subtotal

Use this key to obtain subtotal excluding the add-on tax amount and the previous balance.

#### New balance

Use this key for adding the latest registered total amount to the previous balance to obtain a new balance.

#### Non add

Use this key to print reference numbers (personal check number, card number, etc.)

#### **Premium**

Use this key to apply a preset % or manual input % to obtain the premium amount for the last registered item or subtotal.

#### **Previous balance**

Use this key to register the previous negative/positive balance at the beginning of or during a transaction.

## **Previous balance subtotal**

Use this key to obtain subtotal excluding the add-on tax amount and current balance.

### Rate tax

Use this key to activate the preset tax rate or manually input rate to obtain the tax for the preceding taxable status 1 amount.

#### **Review**

Use this key to examine the current transaction by displaying item descriptor and registered amount. This key is also used for void operation.

#### **Square**

This key provides the same functions as the Multiplication key. In addition, this key also has a square multiplication function.

#### Table number

Use this key to input table numbers.

#### **Takeout**

Use this key to specify if the customer takes out items. Before total a transaction. Press this key for the tax exemption.

#### Tax exempt

Use this key to change taxable amounts to nontaxable amounts.

#### Taxable amount subtotal

Use this key to obtain taxable amount subtotal.

#### Text recall

Use this key to print preset characters.

#### Tip

Use this key to register tips.

#### Trav total

Use this key to display the total amount for all registrations from the last registration until this key is pressed or registrations between presses of this key.

#### Void

Use this key to invalidate preceding item data registered.

# Printing read/reset reports

# Daily sales read report ("X1" mode)

You can print read reports at any time during the business day without affecting the data stored in the cash register's memory.

# Daily sales reset report ("Z1" mode)

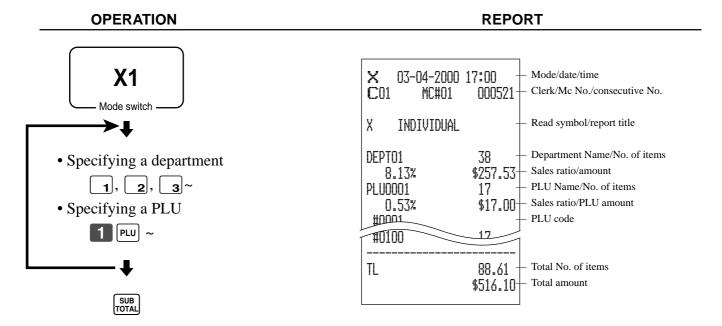
You should print reset reports at the end of the business day.

## Important!

- The reset operation issues a report and also clears all sales data from the cash register's memory.
- Be sure to perform the reset operations at the end of each business day. Otherwise, you will not be
  able to distinguish between the sales data for different dates.

## To print the individual department, PLU read report

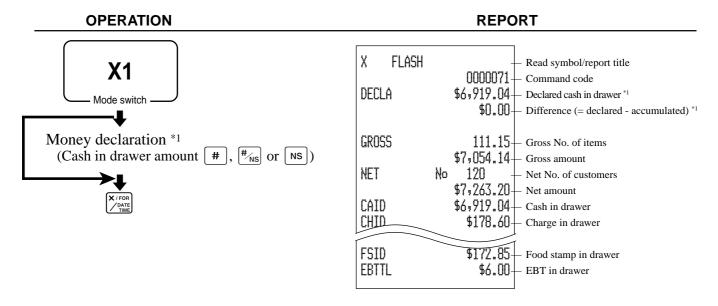
This report shows sales for specific departments or PLUs.



After you finish to select items, press [SUB] to terminate.

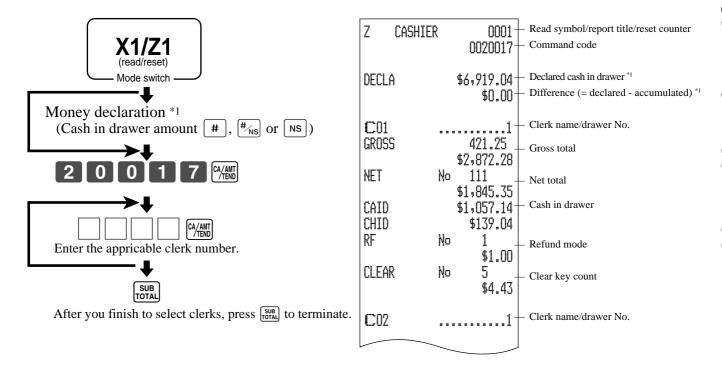
## To print the financial read report

This report shows gross sales, net sales, cash in drawer and check in drawer.



## To print the individual clerk read/reset report

This report shows individual clerk totals.



### \*1 Money declaration:

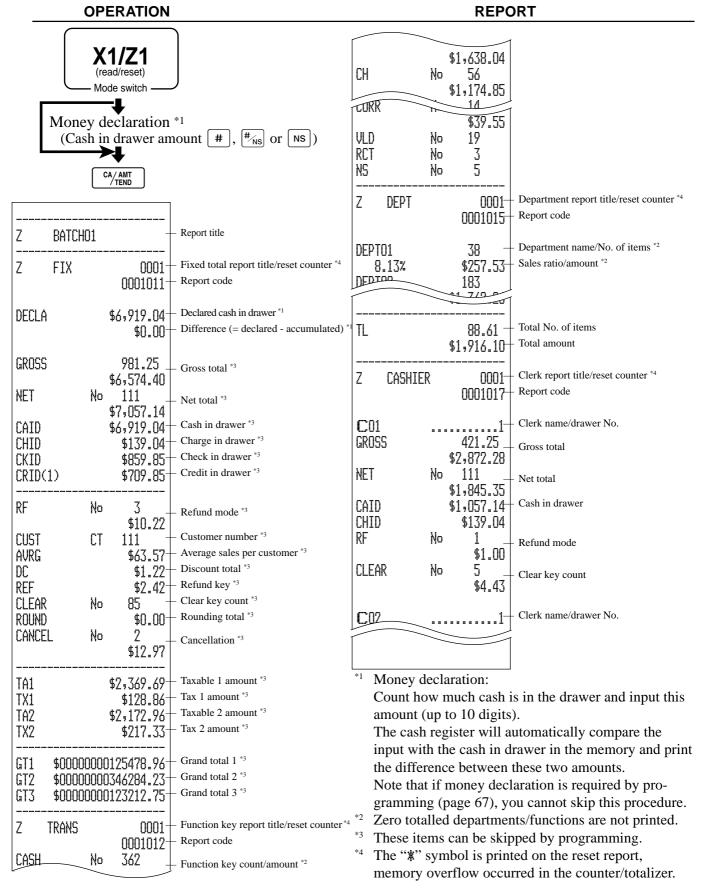
Count how much cash is in the drawer and input this amount (up to 10 digits).

The cash register will automatically compare the input with the cash in drawer in the memory and print the difference between these two amounts.

Note that if money declaration is required by programming (page 67), you cannot skip this procedure.

## To print the daily sales read/reset report

This report shows sales except for PLUs.

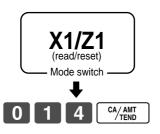


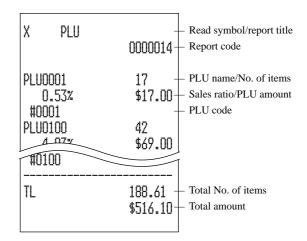
## To print the PLU read/reset report

This report shows sales for PLUs.

#### **OPERATION**

#### **REPORT**



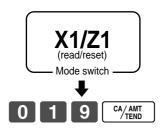


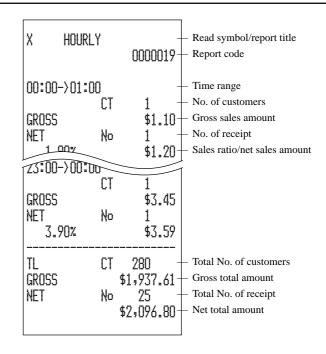
# To print the hourly sales read/reset report

This report shows hourly breakdowns of sales.

### **OPERATION**

### REPORT

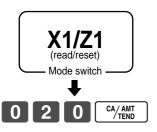


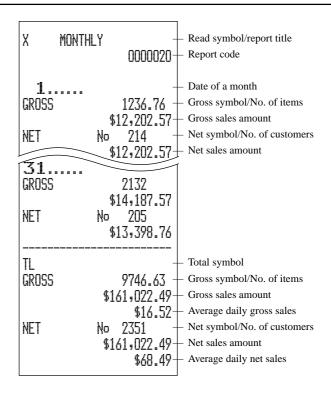


## To print the monthly sales read/reset report

This report shows monthly breakdowns of sales.

### OPERATION REPORT

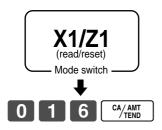


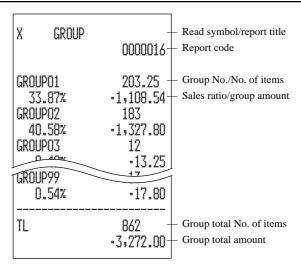


# To print the group read/reset report

This report shows PLU/department group totals.

## OPERATION REPORT





## Periodic sales read report ("X2" mode)

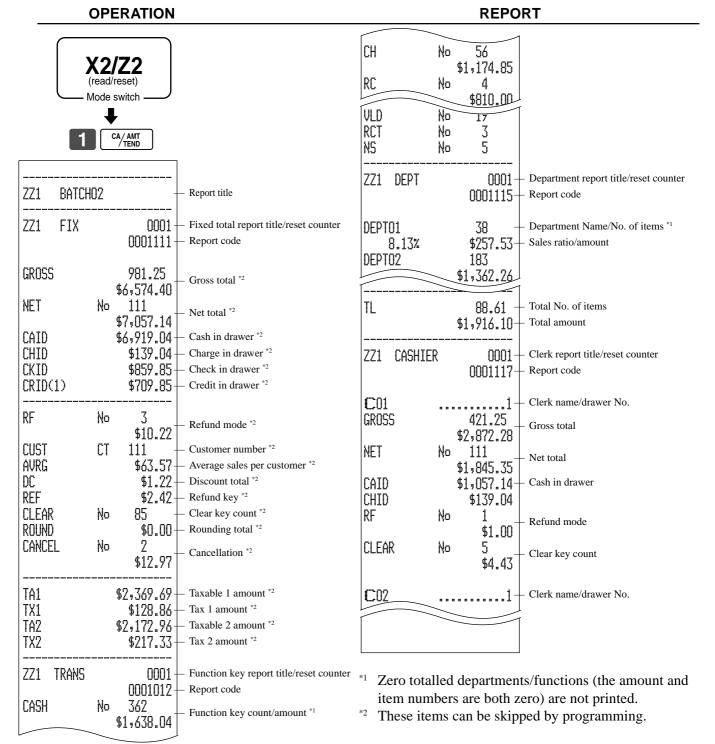
You can print read reports at any time during the business day without affecting the data stored in the cash register's memory.

## Periodic sales reset report ("Z2" mode)

You should print reset reports at the end of the business day.

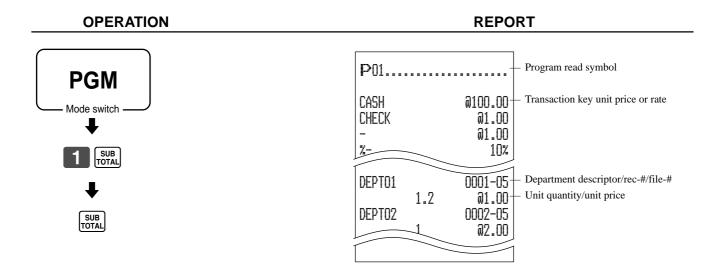
## To print the periodic 1/2 sales read/reset reports

These reports show sales breakdowns of sales by any two kinds of period you want.



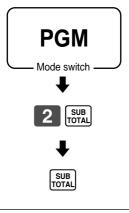
# Reading the cash register's program

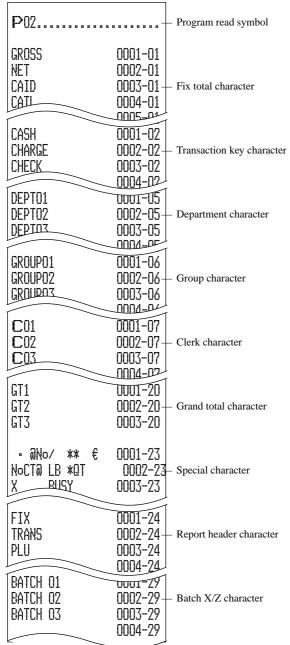
To print unit price/rate program (except PLU)

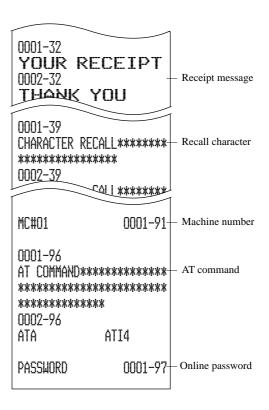


## To print key descriptor, name, message program (except PLU)

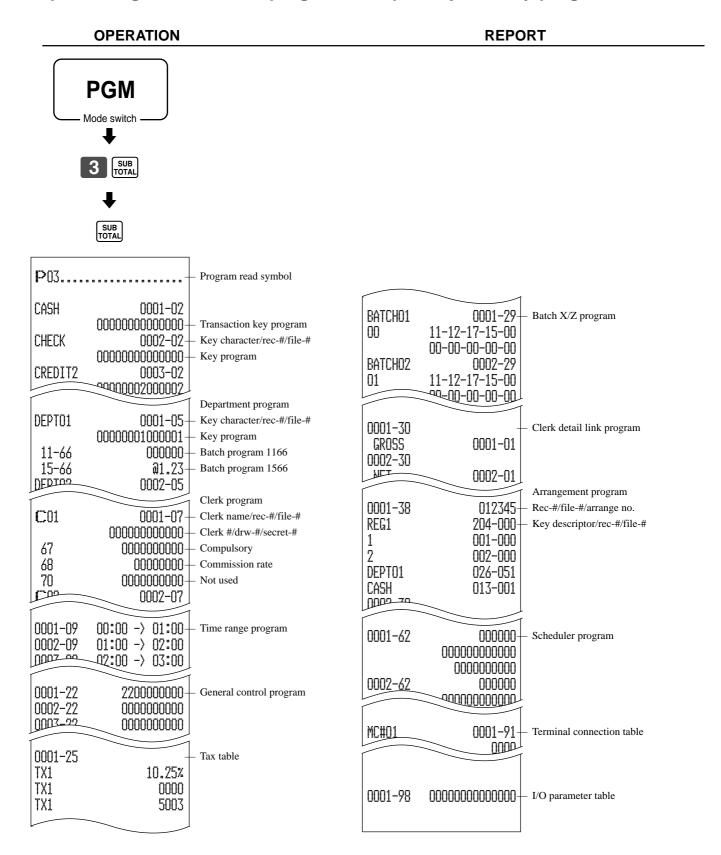
OPERATION REPORT



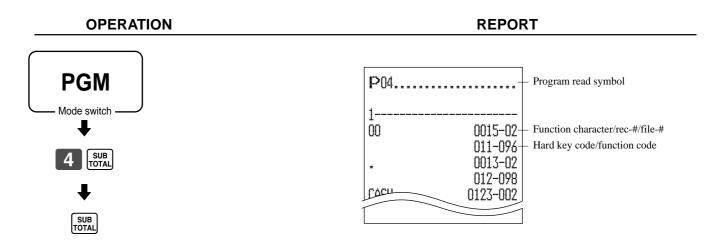




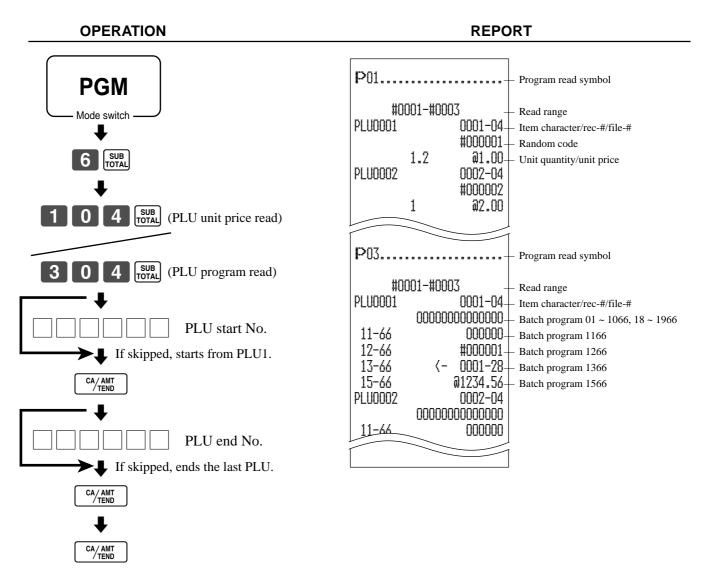
## To print the general control program, compulsory and key program



## To print the keyboard layout program



# To print the PLU program



This section describes what to do when you have problems with operation.

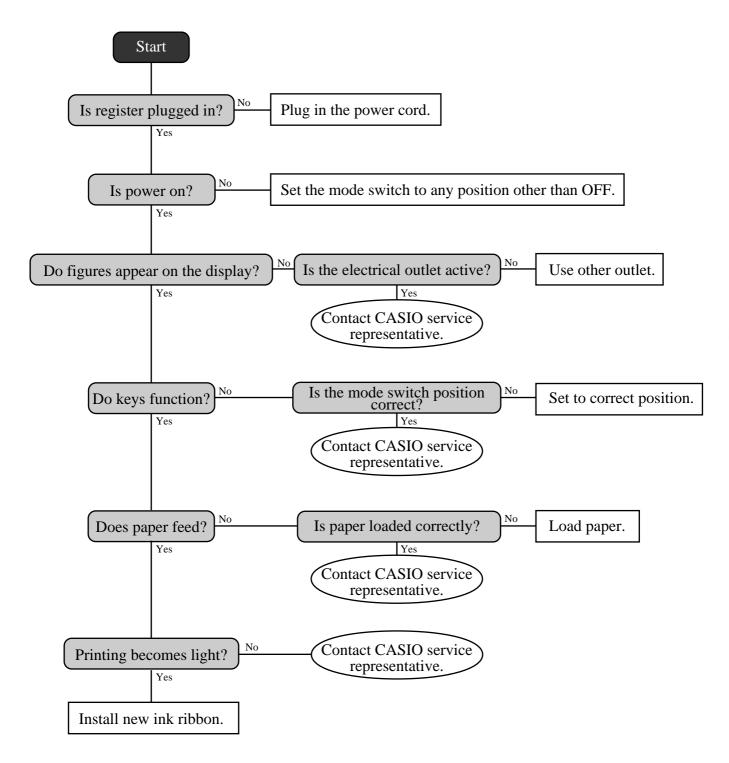
# When an error occurs

Errors are indicated by an error codes. When this happens, you can usually find out what the problem is as shown below.

Error code	Meaning	Action
E001	Mode switch position changed before finalization.	Return the mode switch to its original setting and finalize the operation.
E003	Clerk button pressed before finalization of a registration being performed under another clerk button.	Press the original clerk button and finalize the transaction before pressing another clerk button.
12003	The signed on clerk differs from the clerk performed the clerk interrupt registration.	Assign the proper clerk number.
E004	Initialization or unit lock clear operation in progress.	Complete operation.
E008	Registration without entering a clerk number.	Enter a clerk number.
E009	Operation without entering the password.	Enter password.
	Registration is made while the cash drawer is opened.	
E010	The drawer is left open longer than the program time (drawer open alarm).	Close the drawer.
E011	Attempt to register while the cash drawer is open.	Shut the cash drawer.
E015	Printer error	
E016	Two consecutive transactions attempted in the refund mode.	Switch to another mode and then back to the RF mode for the next transaction.
E018	Attempt made to register an item without inputting a table number.	Input a table number.
E019	Finalize operation attemped without entering the number of customer.	Enter the number of customer.
E021	No department linked PLU is registered.	Correct the program.
E026	No condiment/preparation PLU is registered.	Register condiment/preparation PLU.
E029	Item registration is prohibited, while partial tender.	Finalize the transaction.
E030	Attempt made to finallize the transaction without registering rate-tax.	Register <rate tax="">.</rate>
E031	Finalization of a transaction attempted without confirming the subtotal.	Press <subtotal>.</subtotal>
E032	Finalization of a transaction attmempted without confirming of the food stamp subtotal.	Press <fs st="">.</fs>
E033	Finalize operation attempted without entering amount tender.	Enter the amount tendered.
E035	Change amount exceeds preset limit.	Input amount tendered again.
E036	Contents of the drawer exceed programmed limit.	Perform pick up operation.
E037	High amount lock out/low digit lock out error	Enter correct amount.
E038	Read/reset operation without declaring cash in drawer. This error appears only when this function is activated.	Perform money declaration.
E040	Attempt made to finalize a transaction without issuing a guest receipt.	Issue a guest receipt.
E041	Validation is not performed.	Perform validation operation.
E046	Registration buffer full.	Finalize the transaction.
E049	Index memory full.	Finalize and close the check number currently used.
E050	Detail memory full.	Finalize and close the check number currently used.
E059	Register items without specifying <eat-in> or <takeout>.</takeout></eat-in>	Press <eat-in> or <takeout>.</takeout></eat-in>
E075	Attempt to finalize a transaction when balance is less than or equal to zero.	Register item(s) until the balance becomes positive amount.
E139	Attempt to register <->, <cpn>, or <void> when the balance becomes negative.</void></cpn>	Enter proper minus/coupon amount.
E146	Arrangement file is full.	Set the arrangement properly.
E153	No random PLU code is set.	Set random PLU code.

# When the register does not operate at all

Perform the following check whenever the cash register enter an error condition as soon as you switch it on. The results of this check are required by service personnel, so be sure to perform this check before you contact a CASIO representative for servicing.



# Clearing a machine lock up

If you make a mistake in operation, the cash register may lock up to avoid damage to programs and preset data. Should it happens, you can use the following procedure to clear the lock up without losing any data.

- 1 Power off the register.
- 2 Insert the PGM key in the mode switch.
- 3 Press down REED, and turn the mode switch to PGM mode.
- 4 The display shows ten Fs, then release FEED.
- 5 Press [SUB] The display shows ten Fs and issue a receipt.

## Important!

If the register does not show ten Fs, never press [SUB and call service representative.

# In case of power failure

If the power supply to the cash register is cut by a power failure or any other reason, simply wait for power to be restored. The details of any on-going transaction as well as all sales data in memory are protected by the memory backup batteries.

- Power failure during a registration
  - The subtotal for items registered up to the power failure is retained in memory. You will be able to continue with the registration when power is restored.
- Power failure during printing a read/reset report
  - The data already printed before the power failure is retained in memory. After power recovery, the register continues to issue report.
- Power failure during printing of a receipt and the journal
  - Printing will resume after power is restored. A line that was being printed when the power failure occurred is printed in full.
- Other
  - The power failure symbol is printed and any item that was being printed when the power failure occurred is reprinted in full.

The memory protection battery is constantly charging and discharging as you switch the cash register on and off during normal operations. This causes the capacity of the battery to decrease after approximately five years of use.

### **Important!**

- Remember ...a weak battery has the potential of losing valuable transaction data.
- A label on the back of the cash register shows the normal service period of the battery installed in your cash register.
- Have the battery replaced by your dealer within the period noted on this label.

# To replace the ink ribbon





Open the printer cover.



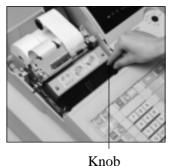


Load a new ink ribbon cassette into the unit.



2

Remove the printer sub cover.





Turn the knob on the right side of the cassette to take up any slack in the ribbon.





Pull up the knob of the ribbon cassette.



Replace the printer cover and printer sub cover.

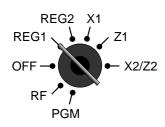
# Important!

Use only the ERC-32(P) ribbon (purple). Other types of ink ribbons can damage the printer.

Never try to extend the life of an ink ribbon by replenishing the ink.

Once an ink ribbon is in place, press <#/NS> or <NS> to test for correct operation.

# To replace journal paper







Set the mode switch to the REG1 position and remove the printer cover.





Press FEED to feed about 20 cm of paper.





Cut the journal paper as shown in the photograph.



(3)

Cut the journal paper at the point where nothing is printed.



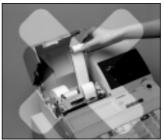


Press remaining paper from the printer.





Remove the journal takeup reel from its holder.





Do not pull the paper out of the printer by hand. It can damage the printer.



(5)

Slide the printed journal from the take-up reel.





Remove the old paper roll from the cash register.



Load new paper as described on page 9 of this manual.

# To replace receipt paper

Follow step



under "To replace journal paper" on the previous page.





Cut the receipt paper as shown in the photograph.





Do not pull the paper out of the printer by hand. It can damage the printer.







Press to feed the remaining paper from the printer.





Remove the old paper roll from the cash register.



Load new paper as described on page 10 of this manual.

# **Options**

Wetproof cover:

WT-77

Consult with your CASIO dealer for details.

# Specifications

Input method

Entry: 10-key system, buffer memory 8 keys (2-key roll over)

Department: Full key system

**Display** 

Amount 10 digits (zero suppression); department No., PLU No., No. of repeats, total, change,

receipt on/off, transaction indicator

**Printer** 

Receipt: Dot matrix alpha-numeric system 24 digits, receipt on/off key

Store name or slogan is printed automatically Dot matrix alpha-numeric system 24 digits Journal:

Automatic take up roll winding

Journal paper near end sensor (option)

55 digits, one line, for 135 mm (minimum) wide slip Validation:

Paper roll:  $45 \text{ (W)} \times 83 \text{ (D)} \text{ mm}$ 

Separate for receipt and journal Paper feed:

Print speed:  $3.0 \, 1/s$ 

Listing capacity

99999999 Amount: 9999,999 **Quantity:** 999999999 Tendered amount Percent: 99.99 9999.9999 Tax rate:

99999999999999 Numbers:

Chronological data

Date print: Automatic date printout on receipt or journal, automatic calendar Time print: Automatic time printout on receipt or journal, 24-hour system

Alarm

Key catch tone, error alarm, sentinel alarm

**Memory protection battery** 

48-hour full charge protects memories for approximately 90 days.

Battery should be replaced every five years.

Power supply/power consumption

See the rating plate.

**Operation temperature** 

 $0^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C} (32^{\circ}\text{F} \sim 104^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

Humiditiy

10 ~ 90%

Demensions and weight

454mm (H) × 410mm (W) × 332mm (D) /13kg  $17_{7/8}$ " (H) ×  $16_{5/3}$ " (W) × 13" (D)/28lbs. 11oz. ...with medium size drawer

<b>Totalizers</b>		Contents				
Category	No. of totalizers	Amount (10 digits)	No. of items (6 integer/ 3 decimal)	Count (4 digits)	No. of customers (6 digits)	Periodic totalizers
Department	Up to 15	V	V			V
PLU	Up to 100	<b>V</b>	V			
Clerk	10	<b>✓</b>	V	~		<b>V</b>
Hourly sales	24	<b>✓</b>			V	
Monthly sales	31	<b>V</b>	V		V	
Transaction	Variable with program	Variable with program				~
Non ressettable grand total	3	(16 digits)				
Reset counter	12			~		
Consecutive No.	1			(6 digits)		

<sup>\*</sup> Specifications and design are subject to change without notice.

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	wetproof cover 105



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