

**Vishay Siliconix** 

Half-Bridge N-Channel MOSFET Driver for DC/DC Conversion

New Product

### FEATURES

- PWM With Tri-State Enable
- 12-V Low-Side Gate Drive (SiP41109)
- 8-V Low-Side Gate Drive (SiP41110)
- Undervoltage Lockout
- Internal Bootstrap Diode
- Switching Frequency Up to 1 MHz
- 30-ns Max Propagation Delay
- Drive MOSFETs In 5- to 48-V Systems
- Adaptive Shoot-Through Protection

# APPLICATIONS

- Multi-Phase DC/DC Conversion
- High Current Low Voltage DC/DC Converters
- High Frequency DC/DC Converters
- Mobile and Desktop Computer DC/DC Converters
- Core Voltage Supplies for PC Micro-Processors

### DESCRIPTION

The SiP41109 and SiP41110 are high-speed half-bridge MOSFET drivers for use in high frequency, high current, multiphase dc-to-dc synchronous rectifier buck power supplies. They are designed to operate at switching frequencies up to 1 MHz. The high-side driver is bootstrapped to allow driving n-channel MOSFETs.

They feature adaptive shoot-through protection to prevent simultaneous conduction of the external MOSFETs. There are two options available for the voltage of the high-side and low-side drivers. In the SiP41109, the regulator supplies gate drive voltage to the high-side driver and  $V_{CC}$  supplies the low-side driver. in the SiP41110, the regulator supplies the high- and low-side gate drive voltage.

The SiP41109 and SiP41110 are assembled in a lead (Pb)-free 8-pin SOIC package for operation over the industrial operating range (-40 °C to 85 °C).



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### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (ALL VOLTAGES REFERENCED TO GND = 0 V)

V <sub>CC</sub> , PV <sub>CC</sub>	–0.3 to 15 V
BOOT, PHASE	
BOOT to PHASE	
Storage Temperature	
Operating Junction Temperature	
Power Dissipation <sup>a</sup>	
SO-8	

Thermal Impedance	e (Θ <sub>JA</sub> ) <sup>b</sup>
-------------------	-----------------------------------

SO-8 ...... 130°C/W

Notes

a. Device mounted with all leads soldered or welded to PC board.
b. Derate 7.7 mW/°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE (ALL VOLTAGES REFERENCED TO GND = 0 V)**

V <sub>CC</sub>		 	•	 													 . '	10	.8	to	o 1	3.	2	V
V <sub>LX</sub>		 	•	 													 					.4	8	V
CBOO	τс	 		 													.1	00	) r	۱F	tc	) 1	μ	F

BOOT to PHASE	 8 V
Operating Temperature Range	 –40 to 85°C

SPECIFICA	TIONS <sup>a</sup>								
			Test Conditions Unless S	Specified		Limits			
Parameter		Symbol	$V_{CC}$ = 12 V, $V_{BOOT}$ – $V_{PHASE}$ $T_A$ = -40 to 85°C	Min <sup>a</sup>	Тур <sup>ь</sup>	Max <sup>a</sup>	Unit		
Power Supplie	S								
Supply Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>			10.8		13.2	V	
Quiescent Current		Iccq	PWM Non-Switching			5.6	9.5		
Supply Current		I <sub>DD</sub>	f <sub>PWM</sub> = 100 kHz, C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 3 nF	SiP41109 SiP41110		12.5 11.0		mA	
Tristate (Shutdown)	Current	Ісст	PWM = Open		850	1200	μΑ		
Reference Volt	age	1					1	<u> </u>	
Break-Before-Make		V <sub>BBM</sub>				2.5		V	
PWM Input		•							
Input High		V <sub>IH</sub>			4.0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
Input Low		V <sub>IL</sub>					1.0	v	
Bias Current		Ι <sub>Β</sub>	PWM 5 V or 0 V			$\pm600$	±1000	μΑ	
Triatata Thrashold	High	V <sub>TSH</sub>			3.0			v	
mstate mresholu	Low	V <sub>TSL</sub>					2.0	v	
Tristate Holdoff Time	eout <sup>c</sup>	t <sub>TST</sub>				240		ns	
Bootstrap Dio	de								
Forward Voltage		V <sub>F</sub>	$I_F = 40 \text{ mA}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{ C}$	;	0.70	0.85	1.0	V	
MOSFET Drive	rs								
	rontG	I <sub>PKH(source)</sub>		,		0.8			
Hign-Side Drive Current <sup>e</sup>		I <sub>PKH(sink)</sub>	V <sub>BOOT</sub> – V <sub>PHASE</sub> = 8 V			1.0			
		I <sub>PKL(source)</sub>	V	SiD41110		0.9		۵	
	ront <sup>C</sup>	I <sub>PKL(sink)</sub>	AbACC = 0 A	3F4110		1.2			
Low-Side Drive Cur	ent	I <sub>PKL(source)</sub>	V 10.V	0:041100		1.4			
		I <sub>PKL(sink)</sub>	$v_{PVCC} = 12 v$	51241109		1.8		1	



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<b>SPECIFICATIONS</b> <sup>a</sup>							
		Test Conditions Unless S	pecified		Limits		
Parameter	Symbol	$V_{CC}$ = 12 V, $V_{BOOT} - V_{PHASE}$ = 8 V T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to 85°C		Min <sup>a</sup>	Тур <sup>ь</sup>	Max <sup>a</sup>	Unit
MOSFET Drivers							
High-Side Driver Impedance	R <sub>DH(source)</sub>				2.3	4.2	
	R <sub>DH(sink)</sub>	VBOUT VPHASE - 0 V, TT # CE			1.9	3.5	
	R <sub>DL(source)</sub>	V <sub>PVCC</sub> = 8 V	SiP41110		2.9	5.2	Ω
Low-Side Driver Impedance	R <sub>DL(sink)</sub>				1.3	2.4	
	RDL(source)	V <sub>PVCC</sub> = 12 V	SiP41109		2.4	4.3	
High Sido Diao Timo	+				1.2	2.2	
High-Side Fall Time	۲H	10% – 90%, V <sub>BOOT</sub> – V <sub>PHASE</sub> = 8 V,	C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 3 nF		45	-	
	ЧН				35		
High-Side Rise Time Bypass		10% – 90%, V <sub>BOOT</sub> – V <sub>PHASE</sub> = 12 V,	C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 3 nF		45		
High-Side Fail Time Bypass	t				35		
High-Side Propagation Delay <sup>c</sup>	td(off)H	See Timing Waveforms			15		
	<sup>r</sup> d(on)H	10% – 90%, V <sub>BOOT</sub> – V <sub>PHASE</sub> = 8 V CLOAD = 3 IIF	SiP41110		40		ns
Low-Side Rise Time	t <sub>rL</sub>	10% – 90%, V <sub>BOOT</sub> – V <sub>PHASE</sub> = 12 V C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 3 nF		40		110	
		10% – 90%, V <sub>BOOT</sub> – V <sub>PHASE</sub> = 8 V C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 3 nF	SiP41110		30		
Low-Side Fall Time	t <sub>fL</sub>	10% – 90%, V <sub>BOOT</sub> – V <sub>PHASE</sub> = 12 V C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 3 nF SiP41109			30		
Low-Side Propagation Delay	t <sub>d(off)L</sub>	See Timing Waveforms			15		
Low older ropagation belay	t <sub>d(on)L</sub>				15		
PHASE Timer							
PHASE Falling Timeout <sup>c</sup>	t <sub>PHASE</sub>				380		ns
PV <sub>CC</sub> Regulator							
Output Voltage	PV <sub>CC</sub>			7.6	8	8.4	V
Output Current	I <sub>PVCC</sub>				80	100	
Current Limit	I <sub>LIM</sub>	V <sub>DRV</sub> = 0 V		120	200	280	mA
Line Regulation	LNR	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10.8 V to 13.2 V			0.05	0.5	%/V
Load Regulation	LDR	5 mA to 80 mA			0.1	1.0	%
PV <sub>CC</sub> Regulator UVLO							
PV <sub>CC</sub> Rising					6.7	7.2	
PV <sub>CC</sub> Falling	VUVLO2				6.4	6.9	v
Hysteresis	Hyst			100	300	500	mV
High-Side Undervoltage	Lockout						
Threshold	V <sub>UVHS</sub>	Rising or Falling		2.5	3.35	4.0	V
V <sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Locko	ut	I				1	
Threshold	V <sub>UVLO1</sub>			5.0	5.3	5.6	V
Power on Reset Time	POR	1			2.5		ms
Thermal Shutdown		•		•			
Temperature	T <sub>SD</sub>	Temperature Rising			165		*0
Hysteresis	T <sub>H</sub>	Temperature Falling			25	1	·U

Notes a. The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum. b. Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing and are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = 12 V unless otherwise noted.

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### TIMING WAVEFORMS



## **PIN CONFIGURATION AND TRUTH TABLE**



Top View

TRU	JTH TABLE	
PWM	UGATE	LGATE
L	L	н
н	н	L
Tri-State	L	L

ORD	ERING INFORMAT	ION				
Part Number	Temperature Range	Marking				
SiP41109DY-T1-E3	-40 to 85°C	41109				
SiP41110DY-T1-E3	-40 10 03 0	41110				

Eval Kit	Temperature Range
SiP41109DB	-40 to 85°C
SiP41110DB	4010000

PIN DESCRIP	PIN DESCRIPTION									
Pin Number	Name	Function								
1	UGATE	8-V high-side MOSFET gate drive								
2	BOOT	Bootstrap supply for high-side driver. The bootstap capacitor is connected between BOOT and PHASE.								
3	PWM	Input signal for the MOSFET drivers and tri-state enable								
4	GND	Ground								
5	LGATE	Synchronous or low-side MOSFET gate drive								
6	V <sub>CC</sub>	12-V supply. Connect a bypass capacitor $\geq$ 1 $\mu F$ from here to ground								
7	PV <sub>CC</sub>	8-V Voltage Regulator Output. Connect a bypass capacitor $\ge 1 \ \mu F$ from here to ground								
8	PHASE	Connection to source of high-side MOSFET, drain of the low-side MOSFET, and the inductor								



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#### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Figure 1.

### **DETAILED OPERATION**

#### **PWM/Tri-State Enable**

The PWM pin controls the switching of the external MOSFETs. The driver logic operates in a noninverting configuration. The PWM input stage should be driven by a signal with fast transition times, like those provided by a PWM controller or logic gate, (<200 ns). The PWM input functions as a logic input and is not intended for applications where a slow changing input voltage is used to generate a switching output when the input switching threshold voltage is reached.

#### Shutdown

The SiP41109/41110 enters shutdown mode when the signal driving PWM enters the tri-state window for more than 240 ns. The shutdown state is removed when the PWM signal moves outside the tri-state window. If the PWM is left open, the pin is held to 2.5 V by an internal voltage divider, thus forcing the tri-state condition.

#### Low-Side Driver

In the SiP41109, the low-side driver voltage is supplied by V<sub>CC</sub>. In the SiP41110, the low-side driver voltage is supplied by PV<sub>CC</sub>. During shutdown, LGATE is held low.

#### **High-Side Driver**

The high-side driver is isolated from the substrate to create a floating high-side driver so that an n-channel MOSFET can be

used for the high-side switch. The high-side driver voltage is supplied by  $\mathsf{PV}_{CC}$ . The voltage is maintained by a floating bootstrap capacitor, which is continually recharged by the switching action of the output. During shutdown UGATE is held low.

#### Gate Drive Voltage (PV<sub>CC</sub>) Regulator

An integrated 80-mA, 8-V regulator supplies voltage to the PV<sub>CC</sub> pin and it current limits at 200 mA typical when the output is shorted to ground. A capacitor (1  $\mu$ F minimum) must be connected to the PV<sub>CC</sub> pin to stabilize the regulator output. The voltage on PV<sub>CC</sub> is supplied to the integrated bootstrap diode. PV<sub>CC</sub> is used to recharge the bootstrap capacitor and powers the SiP41110 low-side driver. PV<sub>CC</sub> pin can be externally connected to V<sub>CC</sub> to bypass the 8-V regulator and increase high-side gate drive to 12 V. If the PV<sub>CC</sub> pin is connected to V<sub>CC</sub> the system voltage should not exceed 43V.

#### **Bootstrap Circuit**

The internal bootstrap diode and an external bootstrap capacitor supply voltage to the BOOT pin. An integrated bootstrap diode replaces the external diode normally needed for the bootstrap circuit; only a capacitor is necessary to complete the bootstrap circuit. The bootstrap capacitor is sized according to,

 $C_{BOOT} = (Q_{GATE}/(\Delta V_{BOOT} - V_{PHASE})) \times 10$ 

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where  $Q_{GATE}$  is the gate charge needed to turn on the high-side MOSFET and  $\Delta V_{BOOT}$  – PHASE is the amount of droop allowed in the bootstrapped supply voltage when the high-side MOSFET is driven high. The bootstrap capacitor value is typically 0.1  $\mu$ F to 1  $\mu$ F. The bootstrap capacitor voltage rating must be greater than  $V_{CC}$  + 12 V to withstand transient spikes and ringing.

#### **Shoot-Through Protection**

The external MOSFETs are prevented from conducting at the same time during transitions. Break-before-make circuits monitor the voltages on the PHASE pin and the LGATE pin and control the switching as follows: When the signal on PWM goes low, UGATE will go low after an internal propagation delay. After the voltage on PHASE falls below 2.5 V by the inductor action, the low-side driver is enabled and LGATE goes high after some delay. When the signal on PWM goes high, LGATE will go low after an internal propagation delay. After the voltage on LGATE drops below 2.5 V the high-side driver is enabled and UGATE will go high after an internal propagation delay. If PHASE does not drop below 2.5 V within 380 ns after UGATE goes low, LGATE is forced high until the next PWM transition.

#### V<sub>CC</sub> Bypass Capacitor

MOSFET drivers draw large peak currents from the supplies when they switch. A local bypass capacitor is required to supply this current and reduce power supply noise. Connect a 1- $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor as close as practical between the V<sub>CC</sub> and GND pins.

#### **Undervoltage Lockout**

Undervoltage lockout prevents control of the circuit until the supply voltages reach valid operating levels. The UVLO circuit forces LGATE and UGATE to low when  $V_{CC}$  is below its specified voltage. A separate UVLO forces UGATE low when the voltage between BOOT and PHASE is below the specified voltage.

#### **Thermal Protection**

If the die temperature rises above  $165^{\circ}$ C, the thermal protection disables the drivers. The drivers are re-enabled after the die temperature has decreased below  $140^{\circ}$ C.



## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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### **TYPICAL WAVEFORMS**





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