

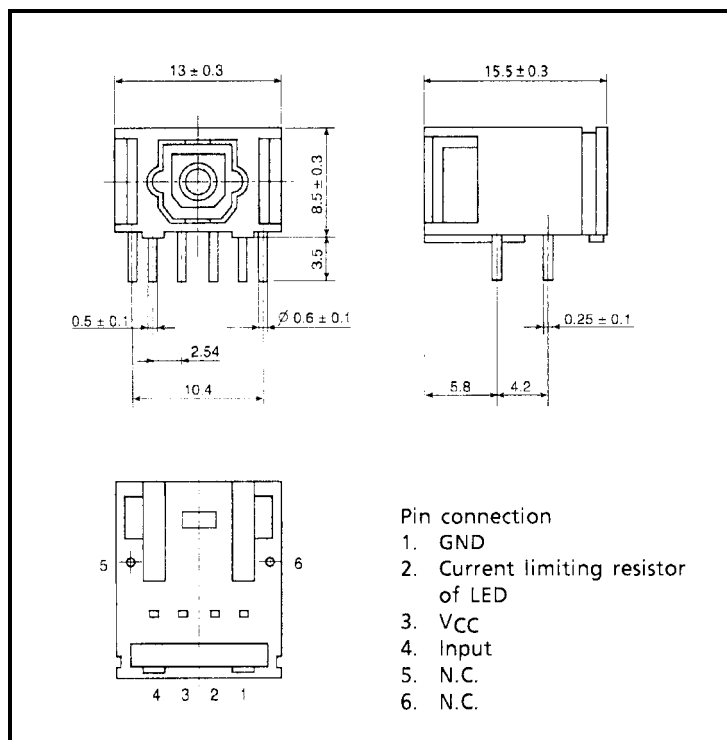
FIBER OPTIC TRANSMITTING MODULE

TOTX194

FIBER OPTIC TRANSMITTING MODULE FOR SIMPLEX DIGITAL SIGNAL TRANSMISSION

Unit: mm

- Data rate : DC to 10 Mb / s (NRZ code)
- Transmission distance: Up to 1000 m
- TTL interface
- LED is driven by Differential circuit.



1. Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to 85	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40 to 85	°C
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.5 to 7	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5	V
Soldering Temperature	T _{sol}	260 (Note 1)	°C

Note 1: Soldering time ≤ 3 s (More than 1 mm apart from the package).

Handling precaution: The LEDs used in this product contain GaAs (Gallium Arsenide).

Care must be taken to protect the safety of people and the environment when scrapping or terminal processing.

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
High Level Input Voltage	V_{IH}	2.0	—	V_{CC}	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V_{IL}	0	—	0.8	V

3. Electrical and Optical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, V_{CC} = 5 V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Data Rate		NRZ Code (Note 2)	DC	—	10	Mb / s
Transmission Distance		Using PCF (Note 3) and TORX194	0.2	—	1000	m
		Using PCF (Note 4) and TORX194	0.2	—	700	m
Pulse Width Distortion (Note 5)	Δtw	Using TORX194 Pulse width 100 ns Pulse cycle 200 ns, $C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$	-30	—	30	ns
Fiber Output Power	P_f	PCF 2 m, $R = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ (Note 6)	-20	—	-14	dBm
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		—	800	—	nm
Current Consumption	I_{CC}	$R = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$	—	40	55	mA
High Level Input Voltage	V_{IH}		2.0	—	—	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V_{IL}		—	—	0.8	V
High Level Input Current	I_{IH}		—	—	20	μA
Low Level Input Current	I_{IL}		—	—	-0.4	mA

Note 2: LED is on when input signal is high level, it is off when low level.

The duty factor must be kept 25 to 75%.

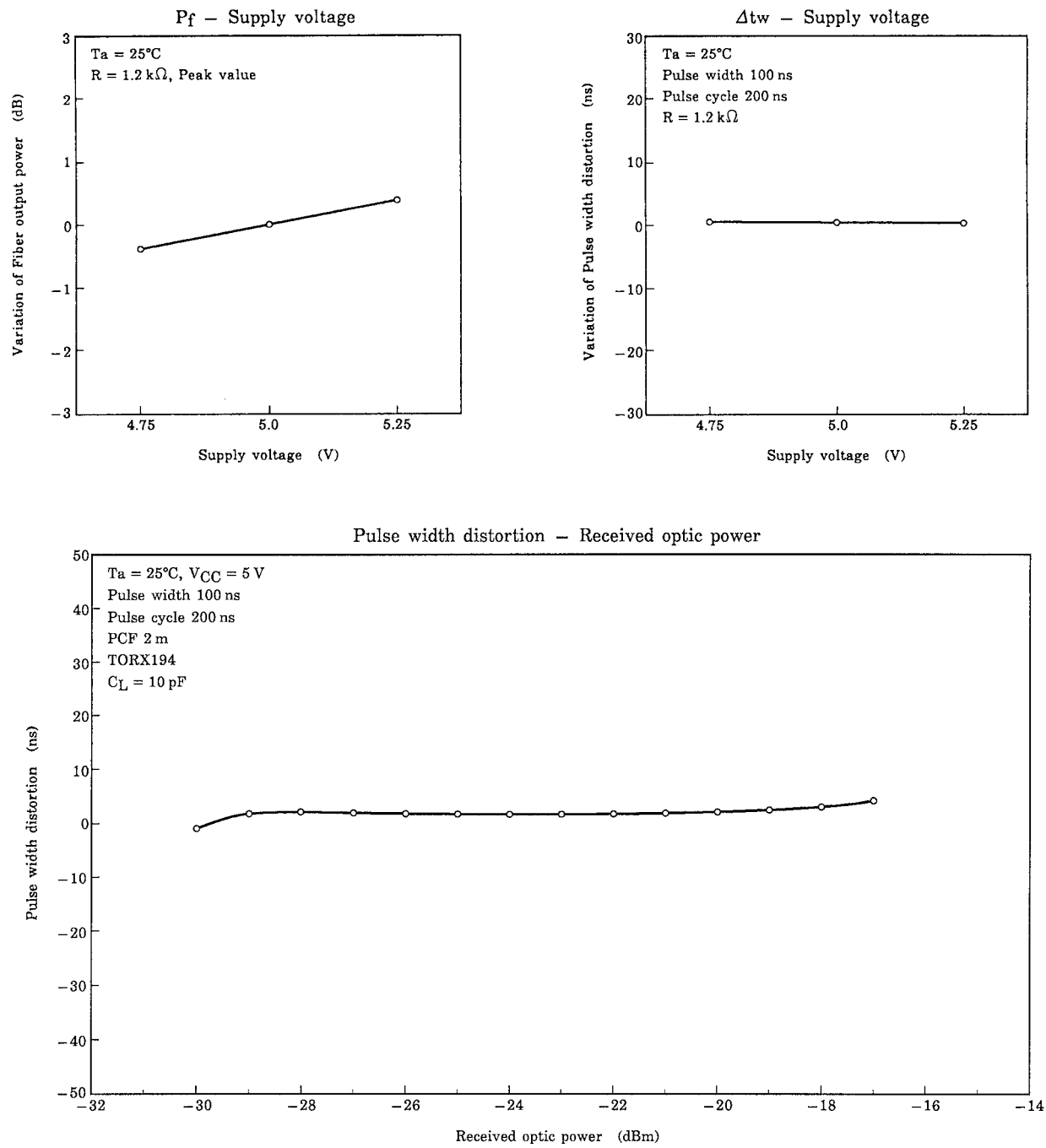
Note 3: TOCP100Q-□□B, TOCP150Q-□□B, TOCP100X-□□B, TOCP150X-□□B

Note 4: CF-1071 series

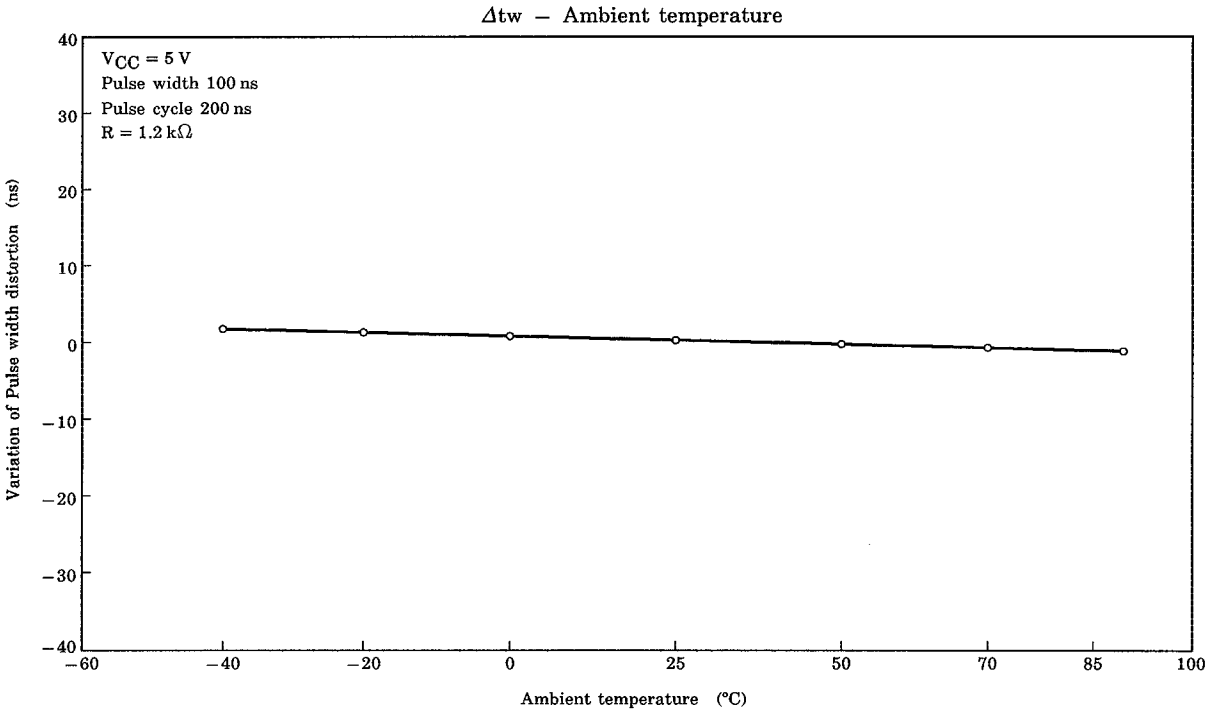
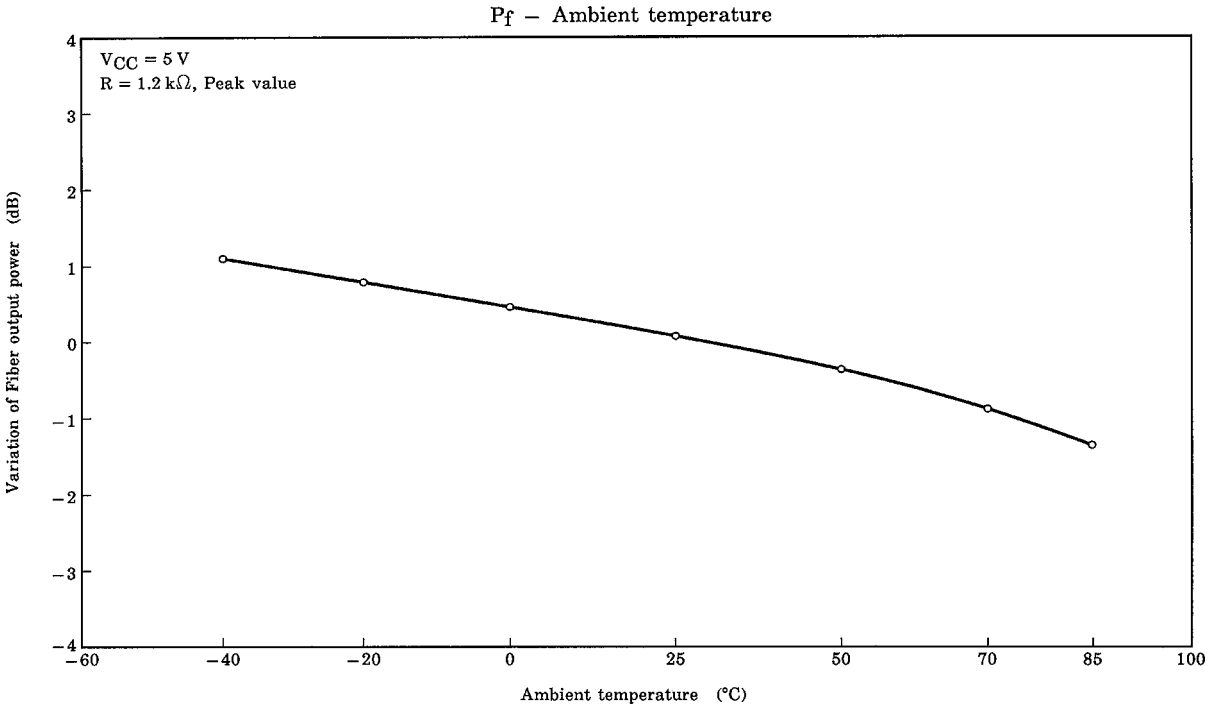
Note 5: Between input of TOTX194 and output of TORX194.

Note 6: Measure with a standard optical fiber with fiber optic connectors. Valued by peak.

4. Example of Typical Characteristics

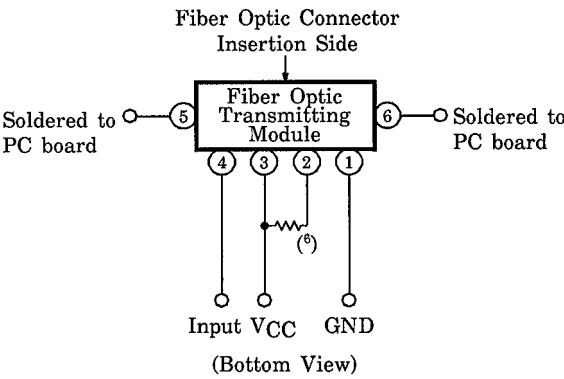


Note 7: There give characteristic examples, and its values are not guaranteed.



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5. Application Circuit



Note 6: Select a resistor value as follows:

Fiber Optic Connector Type Name	Transmission Distance (m)	Resistor (Ω)
TOCP100Q-□□B TOCP100X-□□B	0.2 to 300	8.2 k
	300 to 600	3.9 k
	600 to 1000	1.2 k
TOCP150Q-□□B TOCP150X-□□B	0.2 to 300	8.2 k
	300 to 600	3.9 k
	600 to 1000	1.2 k
CF-1071 series	0.2 to 150	8.2 k
	150 to 350	5.1 k
	350 to 500	2.7 k
	500 to 700	1.2 k

6. Applicable Optical Fiber with Fiber Optic Connectors

TOCP100Q-□□B, TOCP150Q-□□B, TOCP100X-□□B, TOCP150X-□□B
CF-1071 series

7. Precautions on Use

(1) Maximum rating

The maximum ratings are the limit values which must not be exceeded during operation of device. None of these rating value must not be exceeded. If the maximum rating value is exceeded, the characteristics of devices may never be restored properly. In extreme cases, the device may be permanently damages.

(2) Lifetime of light emitters

If an optical module is used for a long period of time, degeneration in the characteristics will mostly be due to a lowering of the fiber output power (Pf). This is caused by the degradation of the optical output of the LEDs used as the light source. The cause of degradation of the optical output of the LEDs may be defects in wafer crystallization or mold resin stress. The detailed causes are, however, not clear.

The lifetime of light emitters is greatly influenced by the operating conditions and the environment in which it is used as well as by the lifetime characteristics unique to the device type. Thus, when a light emitting device and its operating conditions determined, Toshiba recommend that lifetime characteristics be checked.

Depending on the environment conditions, Toshiba recommend that maintenance such as regular checks of the amount of optical output in accordance with the condition of operating environment.

(3) Soldering

Optical modules are comprised of internal semiconductor devices. However, in principle, optical modules are optical components. During soldering, ensure that flux does not contact with the emitting surface or the detecting surface. Also ensure that proper flux removal is conducted after soldering. Some optical modules come with a protective cap. The protective cap is used to avoid malfunction when the optical module is not in use. Note that it is not dust or waterproof.

As mentioned before, optical modules are optical components. Thus, in principle, soldering where there may be flux residue and flux removal after soldering is not recommended. Toshiba recommend that soldering be performed without the optical module mounted on the board. Then, after the board has been cleaned, the optical module should be soldered on to the board manually.

If the optical module cannot be soldered manually, use non-halogen (chlorine-free) flux and make sure, without cleaning, there is no residue such as chlorine. This is one of the ways to eliminate the effects of flux. In such a cases, be sure to check the devices' reliability.

(4) Vibration and shock

This module is plastic sealed and has its wire fixed by resin. This structure is relatively resistant to vibration and shock. In actual equipment, there are sometime cases in which vibration, shock, or stress is applied to soldered parts or connected parts, resulting in lines cut. A care must be taken in the design of equipment which will be subject to high levels of vibration.

(5) Attaching the fiber optic transmitting module

Solder the fixed pins (pins 4 and 5) of the fiber optic transmitting module TOTX194 to the printed circuit board in order to fix it to the board.

(6) Solvent

When using solvent for flux removal, do not use a high acid or high alkali solvent. Be careful not to pour solvent in to the optical connector ports. If solvent is inadvertently poured in to them, clean it off using cotton tips.

(7) Protective cap

When the TOTX194 is not in use, attach the protective cap.

(8) Supply voltage

Use the supply voltage within the recommended operating condition ($V_{CC} = 5 \pm 0.25 \text{ V}$). Make sure that supply voltage does not exceed the maximum rating value of 7 V, even for an instant.

(9) Input voltage

If a voltage exceeding the maximum rating value ($V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$) is applied to the transmitter input, the internal IC may suffer damage. If there is a possibility that excessive voltage due to surges may be added to the input terminal, insert a protective circuit.

(10) Soldering condition

Solder at 260°C or less for no more than three seconds.

(11) Precautions when disposing of devices and packing materials.

When disposing devices and packing materials, follow the procedures stipulated by local regulations in order to protect the environment against contamination.

Compound semiconductors such as GaAs are used as LED materials in this module. When devices are disposed of, worker safety and protection of the environment must be taken into account.

(12) Precautions during use

Toshiba is continually working to improve the quality and the reliability of their products.

Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and their vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing Toshiba products, to observe standards of safety, and to avoid situations in which the malfunction or failure of a Toshiba product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property.

When developing equipment, please ensure that Toshiba products are used within the specified operating ranges set forth in the most recent product specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook.

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

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