

TOSHIBA PHOTOINTERRUPTER INFRARED LED + PHOTOTRANSISITOR

# TLP1230(C4)

COPIER, LASER BEAM PRINTER

FACSIMILE, PRINTER, ELECTRONIC TYPEWRITER

AUTOMATIC VENDING MACHINE, TERMINAL  
EQUIPMENT IN BANKING FACILITIES

VARIOUS POSITION DETECTION SENSOR

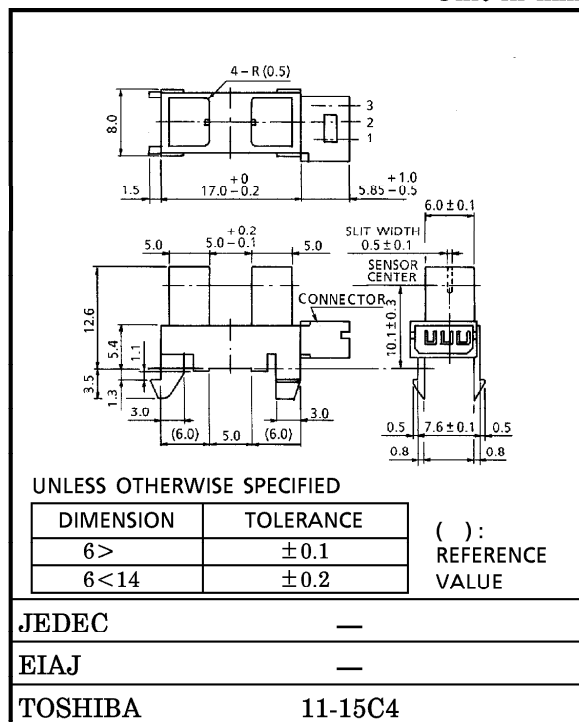
TLP1230 (C4) are photointerrupters with a connector using an GaAs infrared LED at the emitter side and a Si photo IC at the detector side respectively.

The phototransistor is turned off when a substance is detected (when the light is shielded) .

This product is also usable in applications requiring severe using temperature condition such as detection of paper exit on copier, etc. connector)

- Small package
- Phototransistor output (Cathode, emitter common)
- Mountable by one touch (Snap-in mounting type)
- Mountable to boards in 2 kinds of thickness (1.0mm, 1.2mm)
- Gap : 5mm
- Resolution : Slit width 0.5mm
- Large operation temperature range :  $T_{opr} = -25 \sim 95^{\circ}\text{C}$
- High current transfer ratio :  $I_C / I_F = 5\%$  (min)
- UL recognized PWB adopted : UL94V-0
- Material of the case : Polycarbonate
- Connector : 53014-0310  
(Molex Japan Co., Ltd. made 2mm pitch connector)

Unit in mm

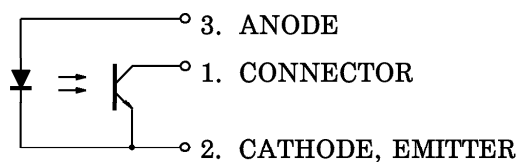


Weight : 1.1g (typ.)

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## PIN CONNECTION



## MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

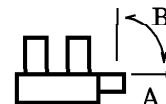
CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Forward Current		$I_F$	50	mA
Forward Current Derating	Ta > 25°C	$\Delta I_F / ^\circ\text{C}$	-0.33	mA / °C
	Ta > 85°C		-2	
Reverse Voltage		$V_R$	5	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage		$V_{CEO}$	35	V
Emitter-Collector Voltage		$V_{ECO}$	5	V
Collector Power Dissipation		$P_C$	75	mW
Collector Power Dissipation Derating (Ta > 25°C)		$\Delta P_C / ^\circ\text{C}$	-1	mW / °C
Collector Current		$I_C$	50	mA
Operating Temperature Range		$T_{opr}$	-25~95	°C
Storage Temperature Range		$T_{stg}$	-40~100	°C

## OPTO-ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
LED	Forward Voltage	$V_F$	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$	1.00	1.15	1.30	V
	Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R = 5\text{V}$	—	—	10	$\mu\text{A}$
	Peak Emission Wavelength	$\lambda_P$	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	—	940	—	nm
DETECTOR	Dark Current	$I_D$	$V_{CE} = 24\text{V}, I_F = 0$	—	—	0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
	Peak Sensitivity Wavelength	$\lambda_P$	—	—	870	—	nm
COUPLED	Current Transfer Ratio	$I_C / I_F$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_F = 20\text{mA}$	5	—	100	%
	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	$I_F = 20\text{mA}, I_C = 0.5\text{mA}$	—	0.15	0.4	V
	Rise Time	$t_r$	$V_{CC} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}$ $R_L = 100\Omega$	—	6	—	$\mu\text{s}$
	Fall Time	$t_f$		—	6	—	

## TERMINAL STRENGTH (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION		LIMIT
PULL	DIRECTION	A	NO DEFECT OF ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
	WEIGHT	19.6N	
	TIME	5s / ONCE	
BEND	DIRECTION	B	
	WEIGHT	9.8N	
	TIME	5s / THRICE	



## PRECAUTION

Please be careful of the followings.

1. When installing, avoid to work by holding the connector by hand. Always, install by holding the main body of the element while assuring the mounting board is not warped or twisted. The connectors shall be inserted or pulled out at normal temperature.
2. It is recommended to mount this product by inserting from the sheet metal pressed side.
3. The container is made of polycarbonate. Polycarbonate is usually stable with acid, alcohol, and aliphatic hydrocarbons however, with peroxochemicals (such as benzene, toluene, and acetone), alkali, aromatic hydrocarbons, or chloric hydrocarbons, polycarbonate becomes cracked, swollen, or melted. Please take care when choosing a packaging material by referencing the table below.

## &lt;Chemicals to avoid with polycarbonate&gt;

	PHENOMENON	CHEMICALS
A	Little deterioration but staining	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• nitric acid (low concentration), hydrogen peroxide, chlorine</li> </ul>
B	Cracked, crazed, or swollen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• acetic acid (70% or more)</li> <li>• gasoline</li> <li>• methyl ethyl ketone, ethyl acetate, butyl acetate</li> <li>• ethyl methacrylate, ethyl ether, MEK</li> <li>• acetone, m-amino alcohol, carbon tetrachloride</li> <li>• carbon disulfide, trichloroethylene, cresol</li> <li>• thinners, oil of turpentine</li> <li>• triethanolamine, TCP, TBP</li> </ul>
C	Melted { } : Used as solvent.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• concentrated sulfuric acid</li> <li>• benzene</li> <li>• styrene, acrylonitrile, vinyl acetate</li> <li>• ethylenediamine, diethylenediamine</li> <li>• {chloroform, methyl chloride, tetrachloromethane, dioxane, 1, 2-dichloroethane}</li> </ul>
D	Decomposed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ammonia water</li> <li>• other alkali</li> </ul>

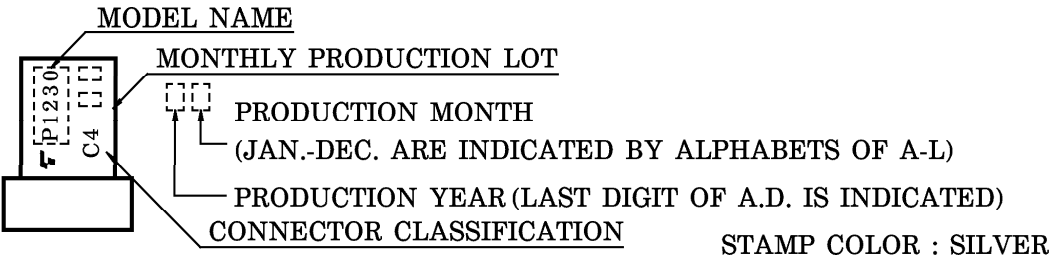
RECOMMENDABLE MATCHED CONNECTOR  
Molex Japan Co., Ltd. made connector (Low profile type)

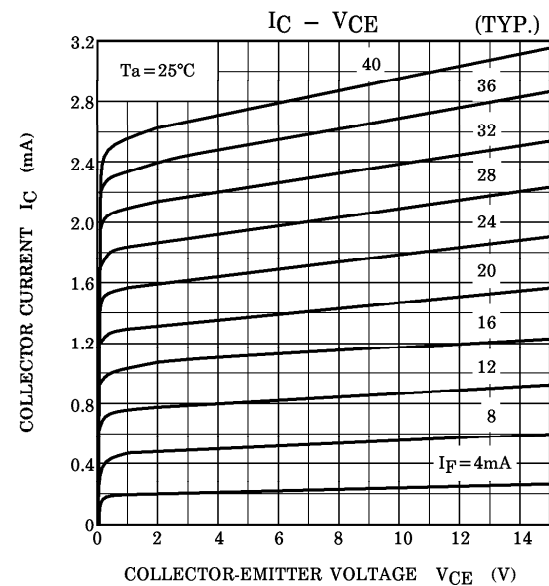
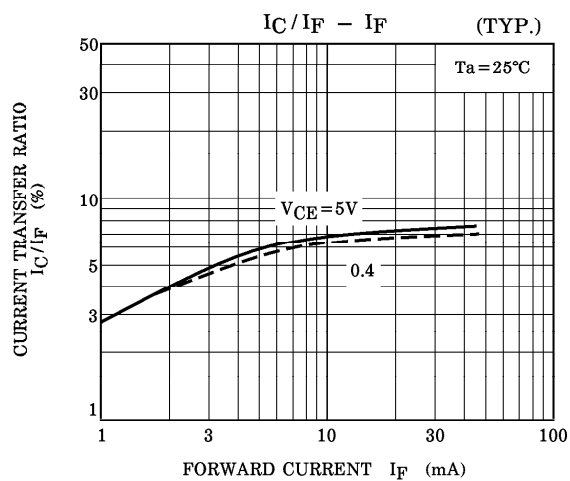
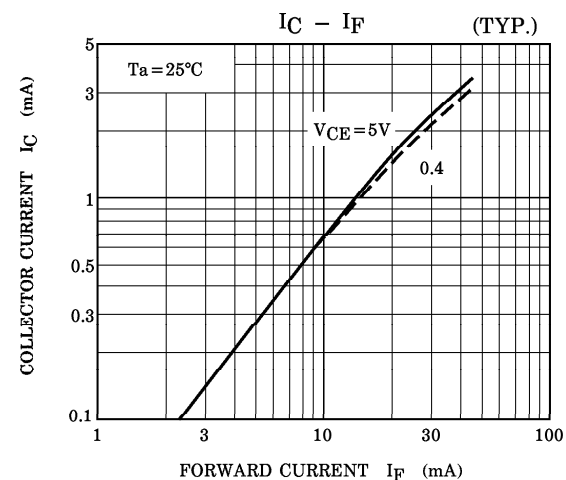
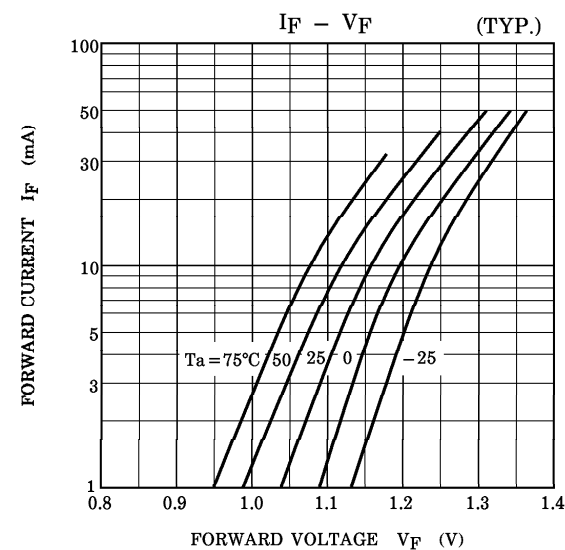
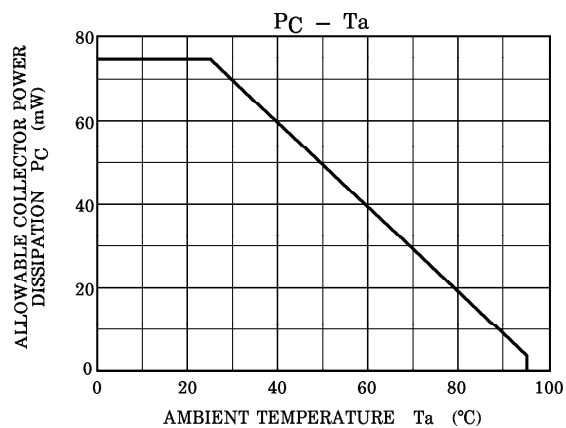
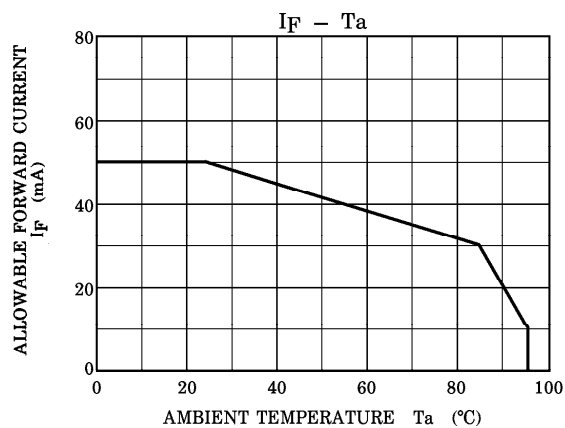
HOUSING	51004-0300				
TERMINAL	TYPE No.	PRODUCT FORM	MATERIAL	AWG SIZE	INSULATION DIAMETER
	50011-8100	LOOSEN	PHOSPHOR BRONZE	AWG24~30	1.4mm MAX
	50011-8000	LINKED			
	50031-8100	LOOSEN		AWG30~34	0.9mm MAX
	50031-8000	LINKED			

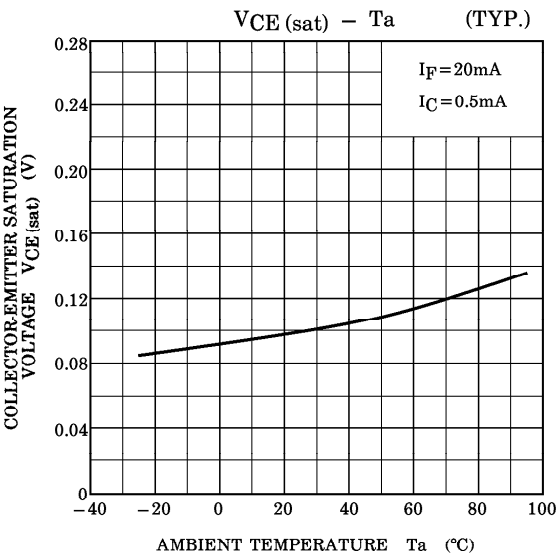
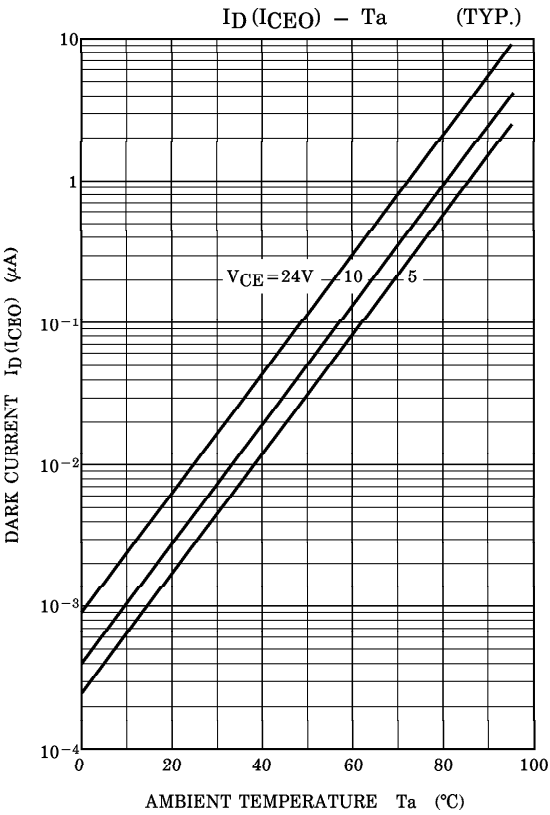
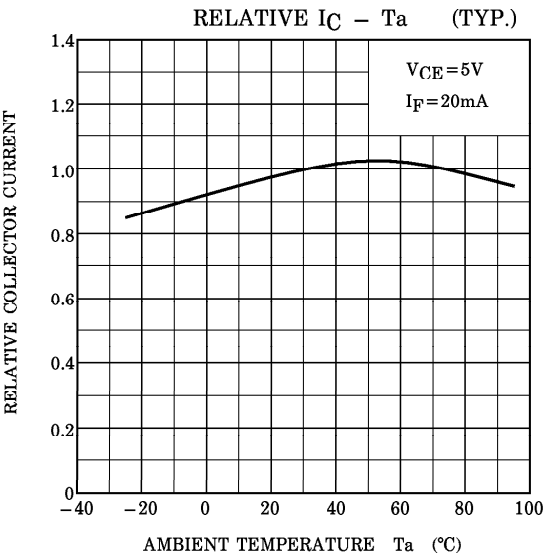
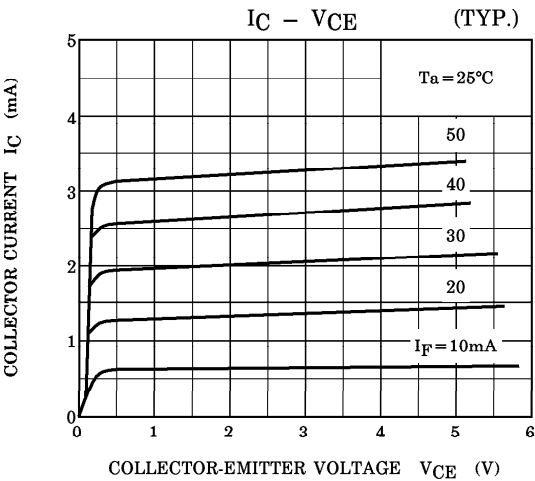
For details of the connectors, please refer to the connector maker.

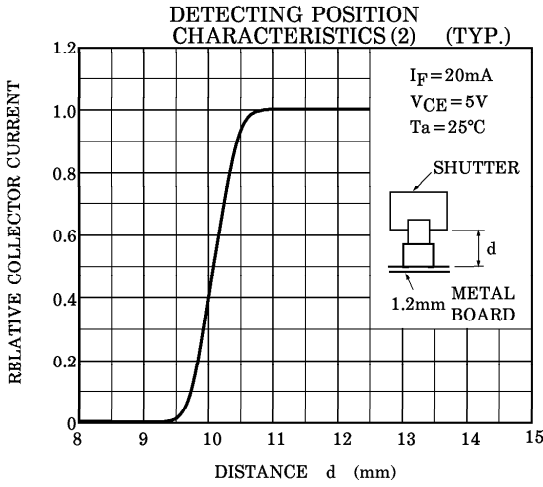
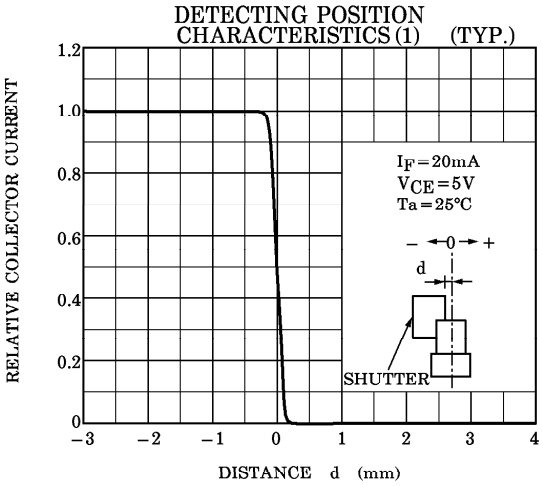
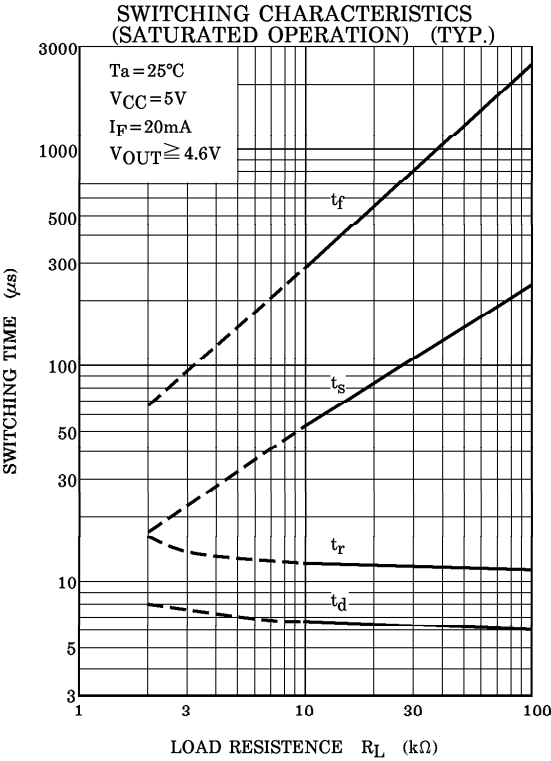
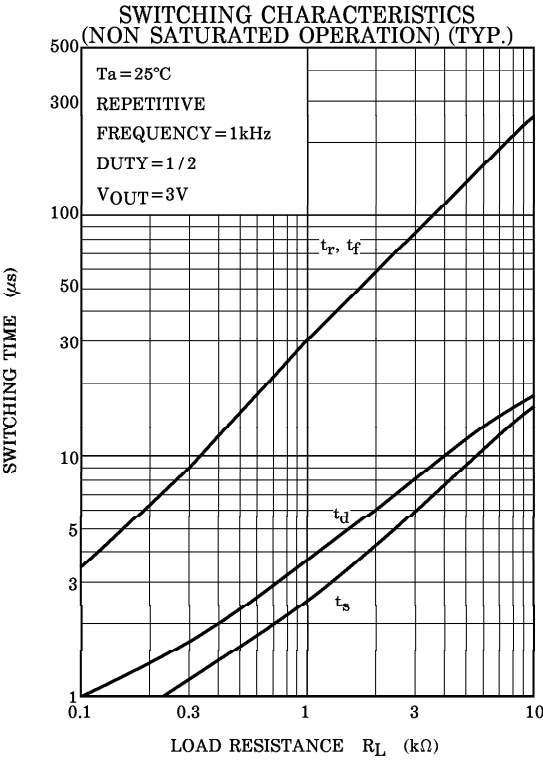
PRODUCT INDICATION

TYPE	ABBREVIATION
TLP1230 (C4)	P1230

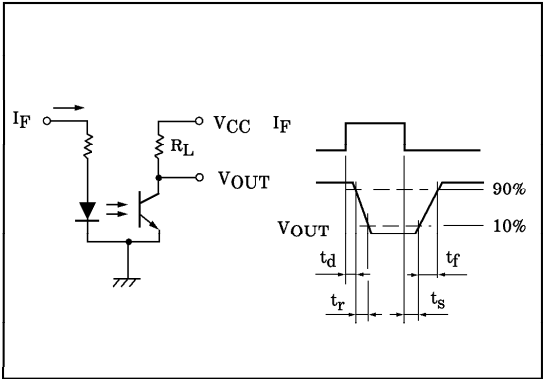








SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

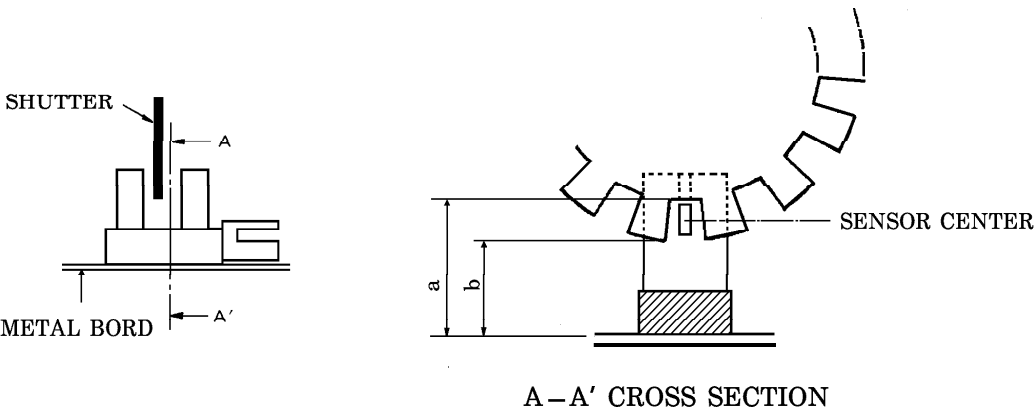


POSITIONING OF SHUTTER AND DEVICE

To operate correctly, make sure that the shutter and the device are positioned as shown in the figure below.

The shift pitch of the shutter must be set wider than the slit width of the device.  
Determine the width taking the switching time into consideration.

UNIT IN mm



Unit : mm

METAL BOARD THICKNESS	a SIZE	b SIZE
1.0	11.9MIN.	9.4MAX.
1.2	11.7MIN.	9.2MAX.

RECOMMENDED MOUNTING HOLE

