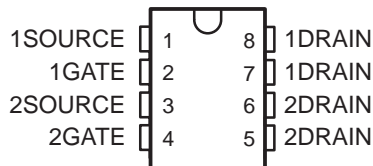


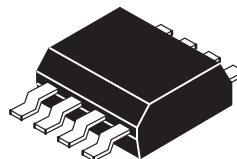
- Low $r_{DS(on)}$. . . $0.18\ \Omega$ at $V_{GS} = -10\ V$
- 3-V Compatible
- Requires No External V_{CC}
- TTL and CMOS Compatible Inputs
- $V_{GS(th)} = -1.5\ V$ Max
- ESD Protection Up to 2 kV per MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015

D PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



description

The TPS1120 incorporates two independent p-channel enhancement-mode MOSFETs that have been optimized, by means of the Texas Instruments LinBiCMOS™ process, for 3-V or 5-V power distribution in battery-powered systems. With a maximum $V_{GS(th)}$ of $-1.5\ V$ and an I_{DSS} of only $0.5\ \mu A$, the TPS1120 is the ideal high-side switch for low-voltage portable battery-management systems, where maximizing battery life is a primary concern. Because portable equipment is potentially subject to electrostatic discharge (ESD), the MOSFETs have built-in circuitry for 2-kV ESD protection. End equipment for the TPS1120 includes notebook computers, personal digital assistants (PDAs), cellular telephones, bar-code scanners, and PCMCIA cards. For existing designs, the TPS1120D has a pinout common with other p-channel MOSFETs in small-outline integrated circuit SOIC packages.



The TPS1120 is characterized for an operating junction temperature range, T_J , from $-40^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T_J	PACKAGED DEVICES†	CHIP FORM (Y)
	SMALL OUTLINE (D)	
$-40^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	TPS1120D	TPS1120Y

† The D package is available taped and reeled. Add an R suffix to device type (e.g., TPS1120DR). The chip form is tested at $25^\circ C$.



Caution. This device contains circuits to protect its inputs and outputs against damage due to high static voltages or electrostatic fields. These circuits have been qualified to protect this device against electrostatic discharges (ESD) of up to 2 kV according to MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015; however, it is advised that precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum-rated voltages to these high-impedance circuits.

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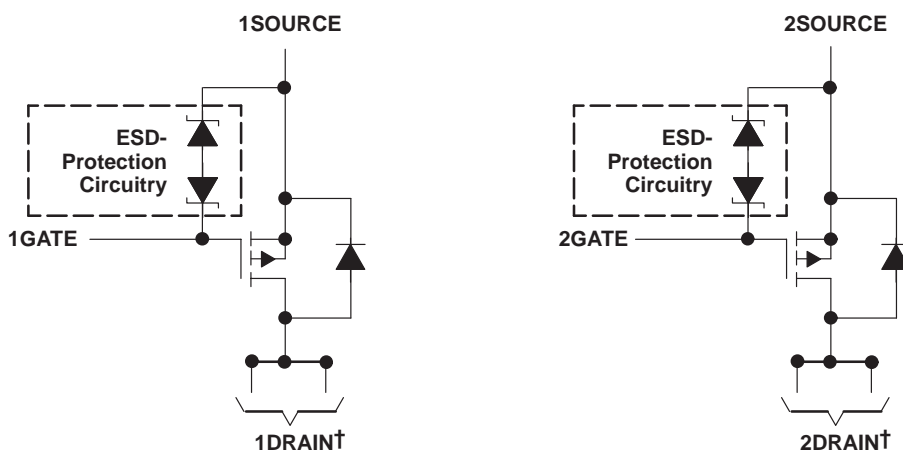
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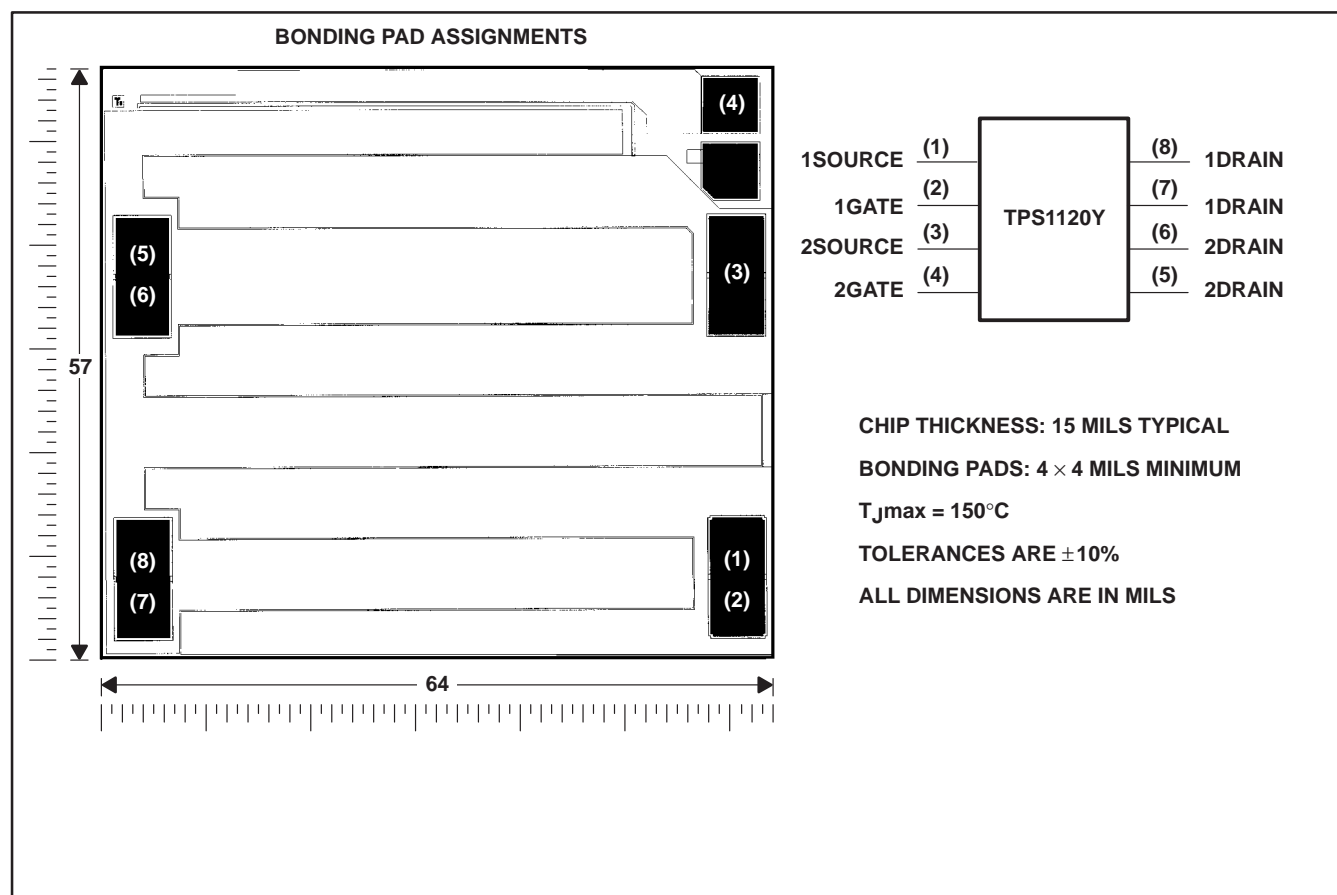
schematic



† For all applications, both drain pins for each device should be connected.

TPS1120Y chip information

This chip, when properly assembled, displays characteristics similar to the TPS1120C. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped aluminum bonding pads. The chip may be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.



TPS1120, TPS1120Y

DUAL P-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT-MODE MOSFETS

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)[†]

				UNIT
Drain-to-source voltage, V_{DS}			–15	V
Gate-to-source voltage, V_{GS}			2 or –15	V
Continuous drain current, each device ($T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$), I_D	$V_{GS} = -2.7\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 0.39	A
		$T_A = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 0.21	
	$V_{GS} = -3\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 0.5	
		$T_A = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 0.25	
	$V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 0.74	
		$T_A = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 0.34	
	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 1.17	
		$T_A = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 0.53	
Pulse drain current, I_D		$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 7	A
Continuous source current (diode conduction), I_S		$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–1	A
Continuous total power dissipation		See Dissipation Rating Table		
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}			–55 to 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operating junction temperature range, T_J			–40 to 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A			–40 to 125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds			260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR [‡] ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D	840 mW	6.71 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$	538 mW	437 mW	169 mW

[‡] Maximum values are calculated using a derating factor based on $R_{\theta JA} = 149^\circ\text{C/W}$ for the package. These devices are mounted on an FR4 board with no special thermal considerations.

TPS1120, TPS1120Y

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electrical characteristics at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

static

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TPS1120			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	
V _{GS(th)}	Gate-to-source threshold voltage	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = −250 μA	−1	−1.25	−1.50	V	
V _{SD}	Source-to-drain voltage (diode forward voltage) [†]	I _S = −1 A, V _{GS} = 0 V	−0.9			V	
I _{GSS}	Reverse gate current, drain short circuited to source	V _{DS} = 0 V, V _{GS} = −12 V	±100			nA	
I _{DSS}	Zero-gate-voltage drain current	V _{DS} = −12 V, V _{GS} = 0 V	T _J = 25°C	−0.5		μA	
			T _J = 125°C	−10			
r _{DS(on)}	Static drain-to-source on-state resistance [†]	V _{GS} = −10 V	I _D = −1.5 A	180		mΩ	
		V _{GS} = −4.5 V	I _D = −0.5 A	291	400		
		V _{GS} = −3 V	I _D = −0.2 A	476	700		
		V _{GS} = −2.7 V		606	850		
g _{fs}	Forward transconductance [†]	V _{DS} = −10 V, I _D = −2 A	2.5			S	

[†] Pulse test: pulse width $\leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$

static

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TPS1120Y			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	
V _{GS(th)}	Gate-to-source threshold voltage	V _{DS} = V _{GS} ,	I _D = −250 μA	−1.25			V
V _{SD}	Source-to-drain voltage (diode forward voltage) [†]	I _S = −1 A,	V _{GS} = 0 V	−0.9			V
r _{DS(on)}	Static drain-to-source on-state resistance [†]	V _{GS} = −10 V	I _D = −1.5 A	180			mΩ
		V _{GS} = −4.5 V	I _D = −0.5 A	291			
		V _{GS} = −3 V	I _D = −0.2 A	476			
		V _{GS} = −2.7 V		606			
g _{fs}	Forward transconductance [†]	V _{DS} = −10 V,	I _D = −2 A	2.5			S

[†] Pulse test: pulse width $\leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$

dynamic

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			TPS1120, TPS1120Y			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
Q _g	Total gate charge	V _{DS} = −10 V,	V _{GS} = −10 V,	I _D = −1 A	5.45			nC
Q _{gs}	Gate-to-source charge				0.87			
Q _{gd}	Gate-to-drain charge				1.4			
t _{d(on)}	Turn-on delay time	V _{DD} = −10 V,	R _L = 10 Ω,	I _D = −1 A,	4.5			ns
t _{d(off)}	Turn-off delay time				13			ns
t _r	Rise time				10			ns
t _f	Fall time				2			
t _{rr(SD)}	Source-to-drain reverse recovery time	I _F = 5.3 A,	di/dt = 100 A/μs		16			



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

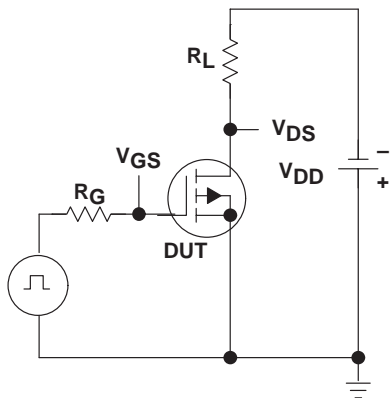


Figure 1. Switching-Time Test Circuit

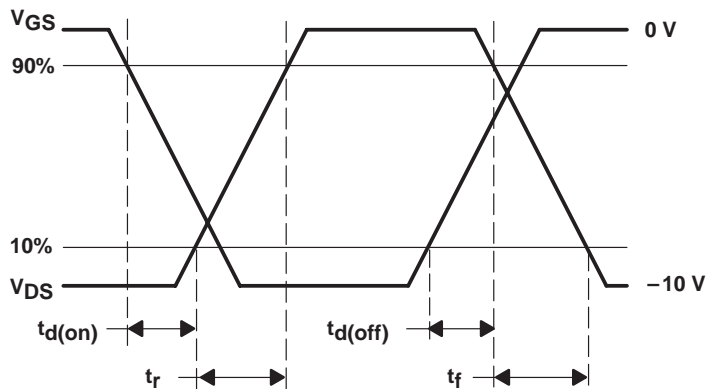


Figure 2. Switching-Time Waveforms

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

Table of Graphs

		FIGURE
Drain current	vs Drain-to-source voltage	3
Drain current	vs Gate-to-source voltage	4
Static drain-to-source on-state resistance	vs Drain current	5
Capacitance	vs Drain-to-source voltage	6
Static drain-to-source on-state resistance (normalized)	vs Junction temperature	7
Source-to-drain diode current	vs Source-to-drain voltage	8
Static drain-to-source on-state resistance	vs Gate-to-source voltage	9
Gate-to-source threshold voltage	vs Junction temperature	10
Gate-to-source voltage	vs Gate charge	11

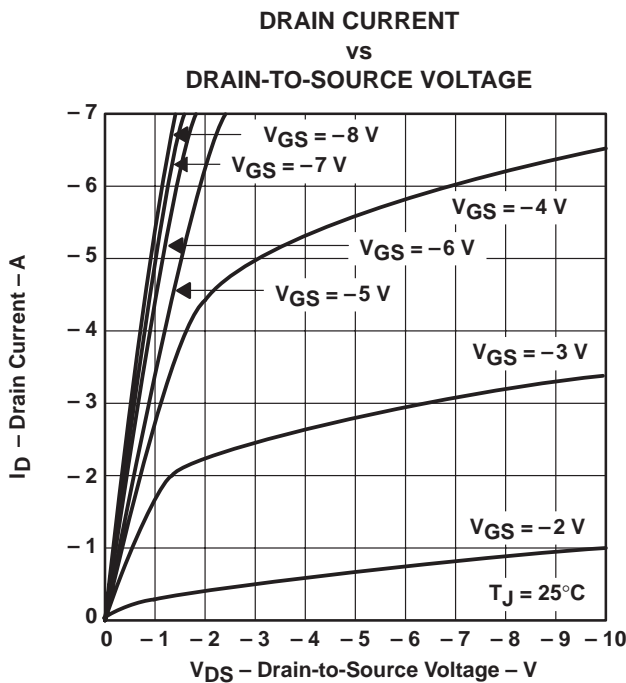


Figure 3

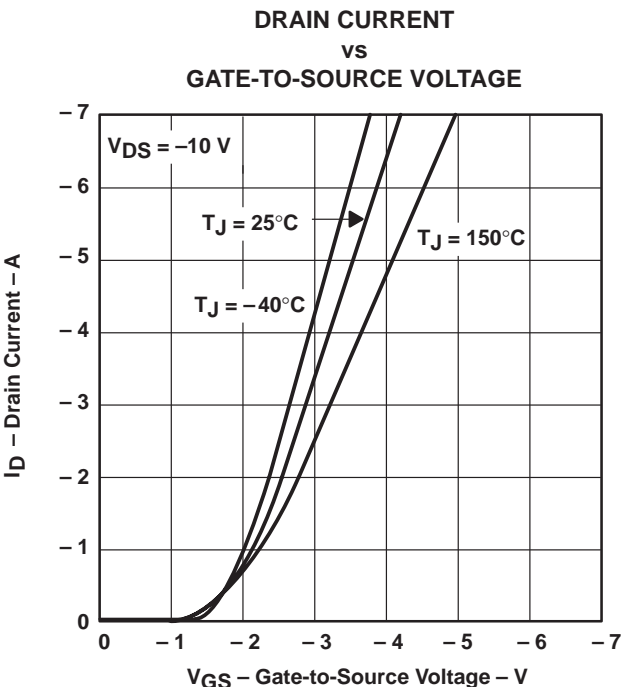


Figure 4

† All characteristics data applies for each independent MOSFET incorporated on the TPS1120.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

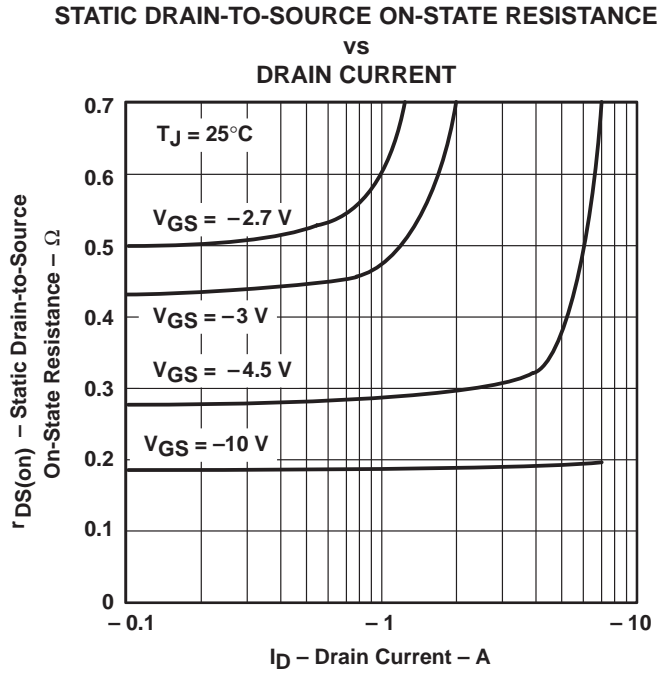
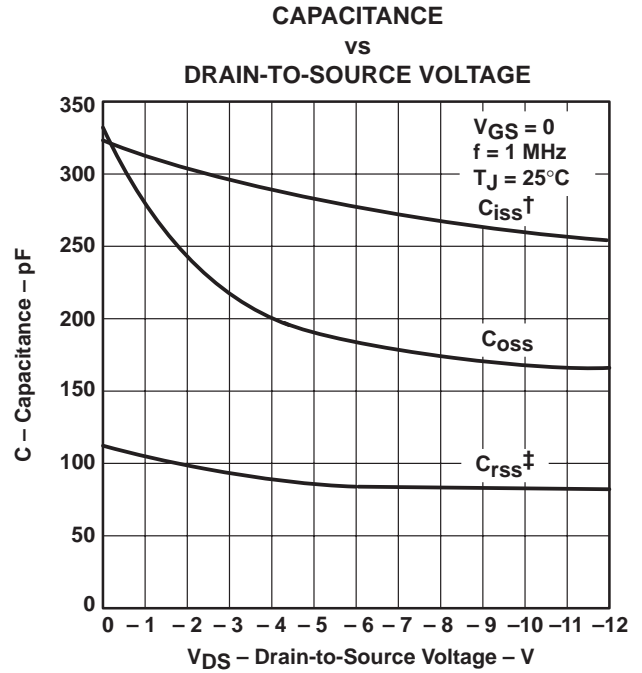


Figure 5



$$^\dagger C_{iss} = C_{gs} + C_{gd}, C_{ds(\text{shorted})}$$

$$^\ddagger C_{rss} = C_{gd}, C_{oss} = C_{ds} + \frac{C_{gs} C_{gd}}{C_{gs} + C_{gd}} \approx C_{ds} + C_{gd}$$

Figure 6

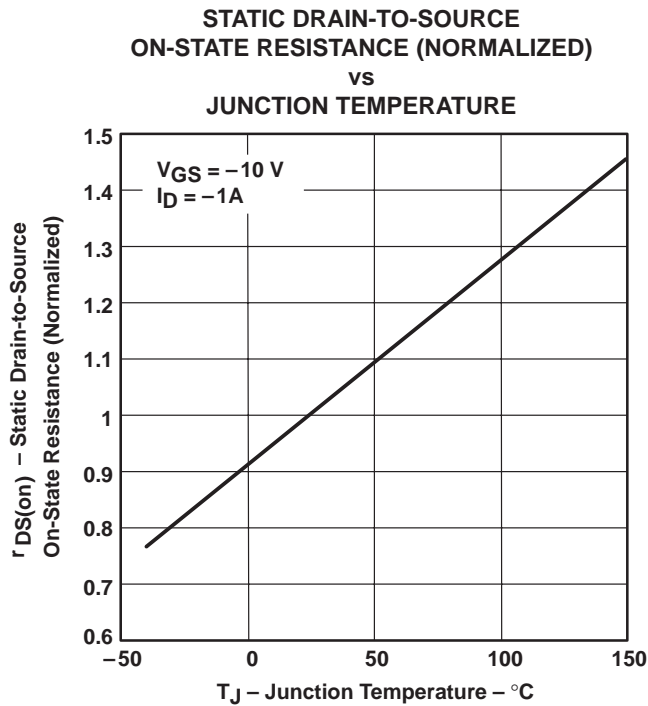


Figure 7

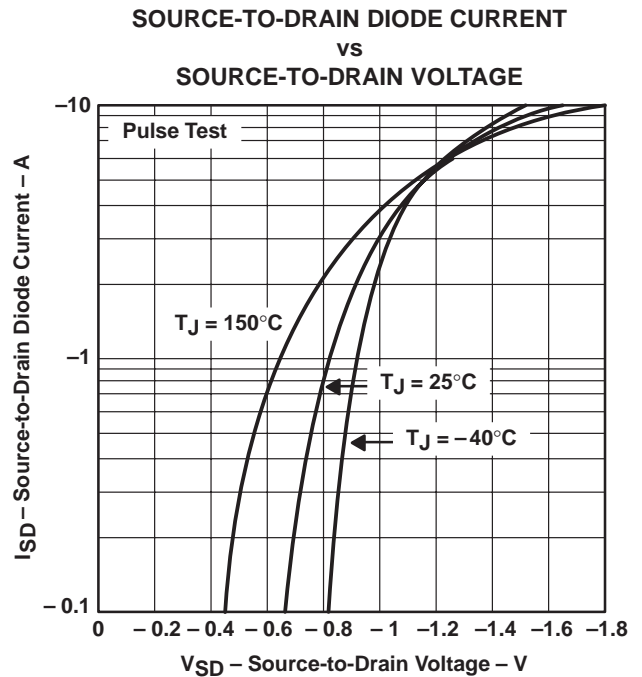


Figure 8

TPS1120, TPS1120Y
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

STATIC DRAIN-TO-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE
vs
GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

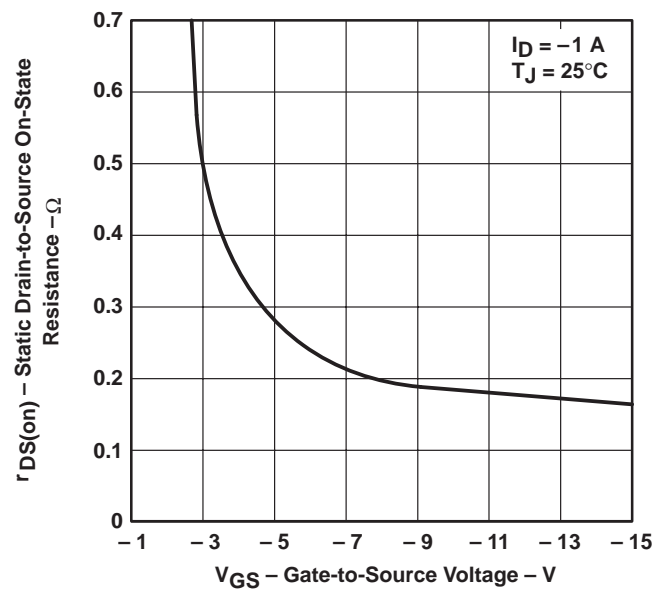


Figure 9

GATE-TO-SOURCE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE
vs
JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

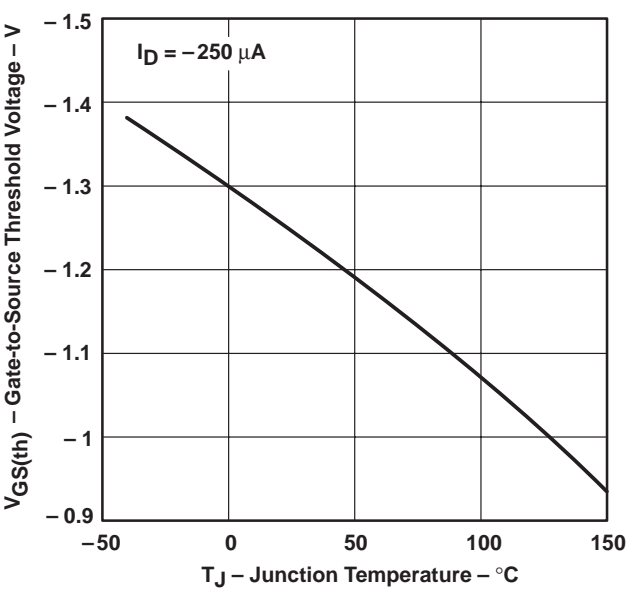


Figure 10

GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE
vs
GATE CHARGE

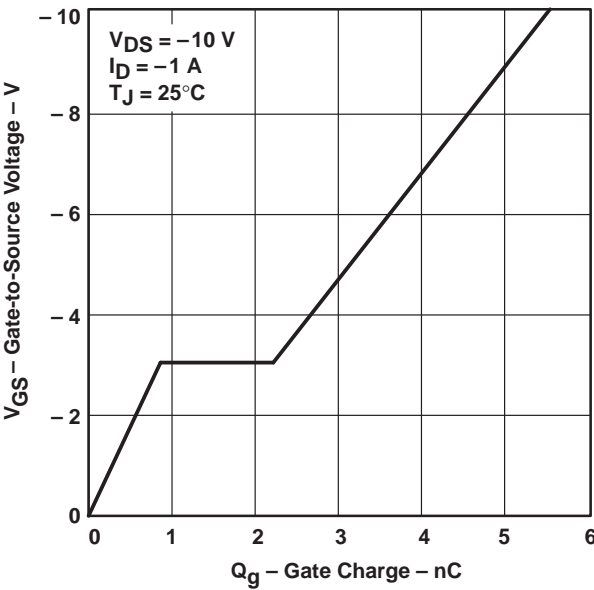
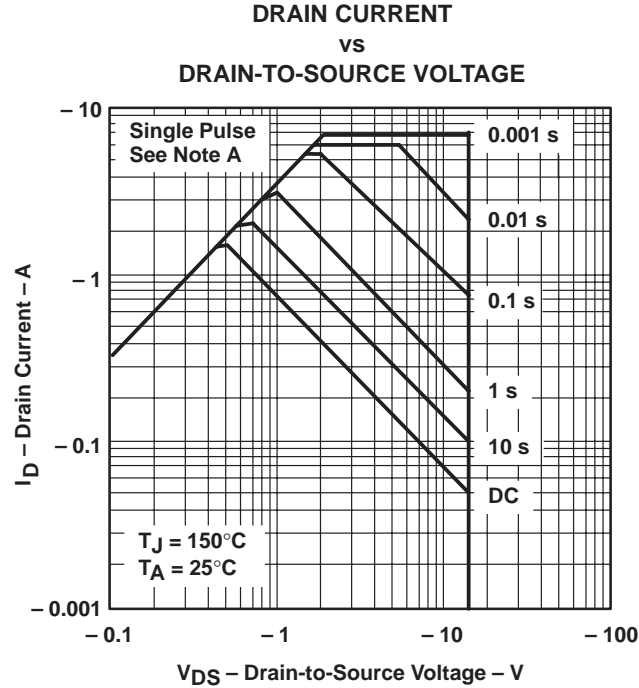


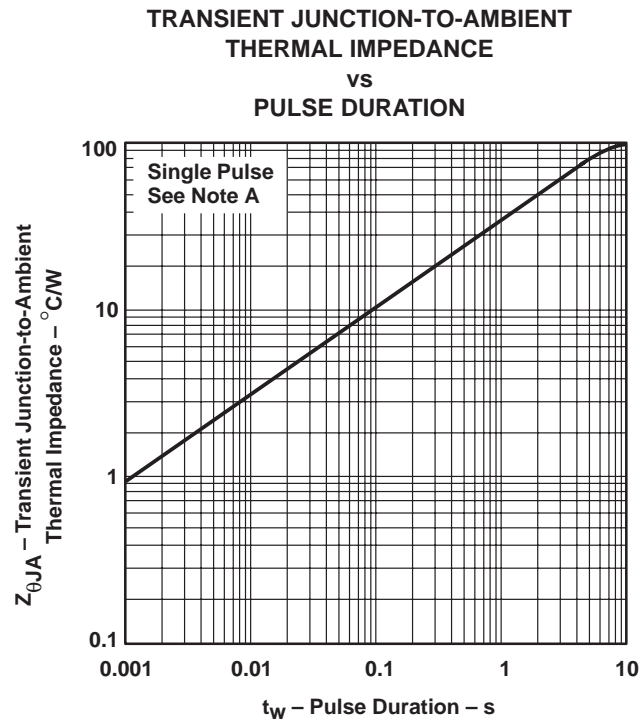
Figure 11

THERMAL INFORMATION



NOTE A: FR4-board-mounted only

Figure 12



NOTE A: FR4-board-mounted only

Figure 13

TPS1120, TPS1120Y DUAL P-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT-MODE MOSFETS

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THERMAL INFORMATION

The profile of the heat sinks used for thermal measurements is shown in Figure 14. Board type is FR4 with 1-oz copper and 1-oz tin/lead (63/37) plate. Use of vias or through-holes to enhance thermal conduction was avoided.

Figure 15 shows a family of $R_{\theta JA}$ curves. The $R_{\theta JA}$ was obtained for various areas of heat sinks while subject to air flow. Power remained fixed at 0.25 W per device or 0.50 W per package. This testing was done at 25°C.

As Figure 14 illustrates, there are two separated heat sinks for each package. Each heat sink is coupled to the lead that is internally tied to a single MOSFET source and is half the total area, as shown in Figure 15. For example, if the total area shown in Figure 15 is 4 cm², each heat sink is 2 cm².

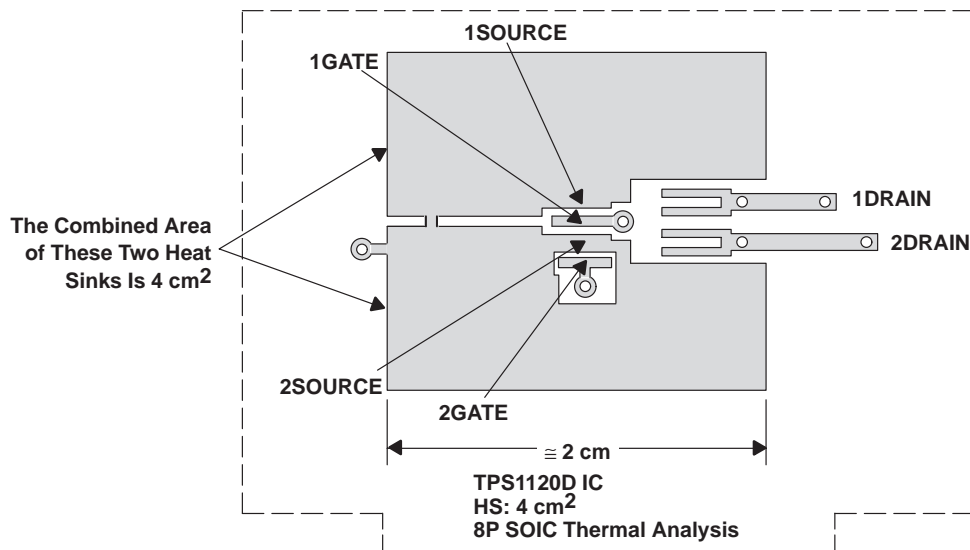


Figure 14. Profile of Heat Sinks

THERMAL RESISTANCE, JUNCTION-TO-AMBIENT vs AIRFLOW, 25°C

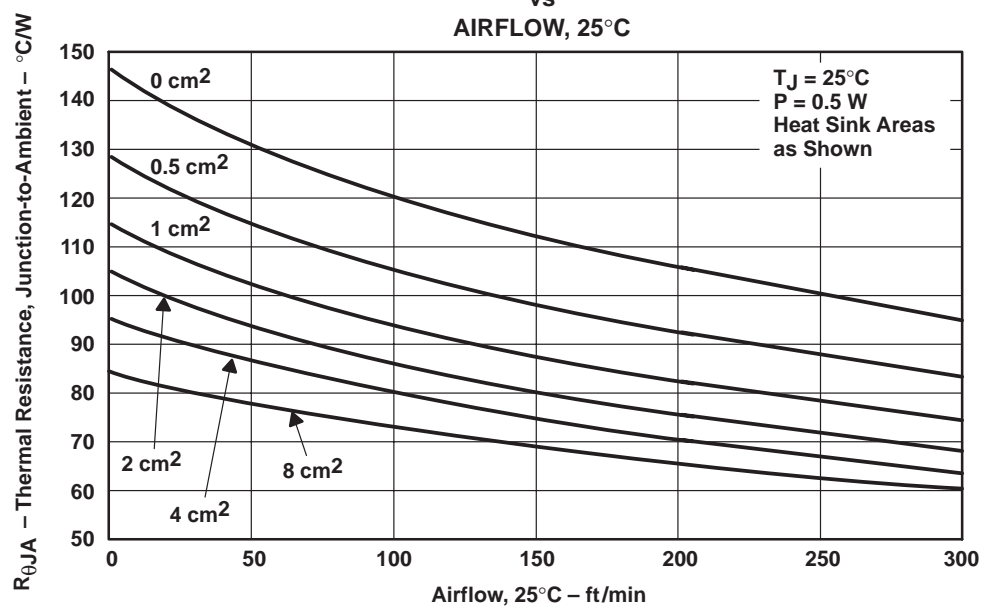


Figure 15

THERMAL INFORMATION

Figure 16 illustrates the thermally enhanced (SO) lead frame. Attaching the two MOSFET dies directly to the source terminals allows maximum heat transfer into a power plane.

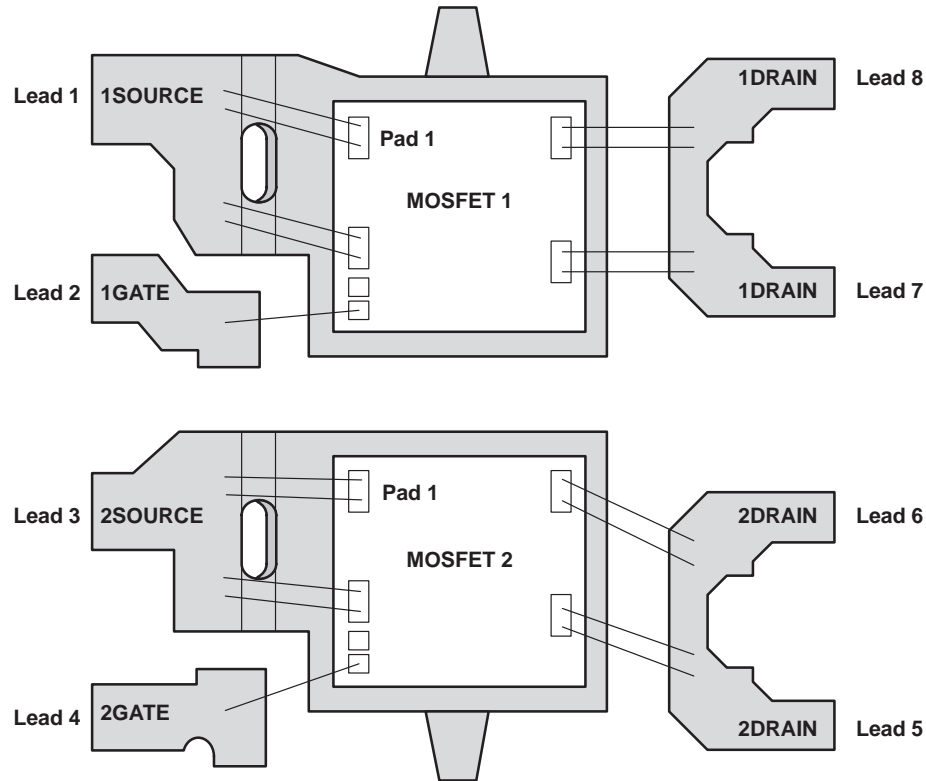


Figure 16. TPS1120 Dual MOSFET SO-8 Lead Frame

APPLICATION INFORMATION

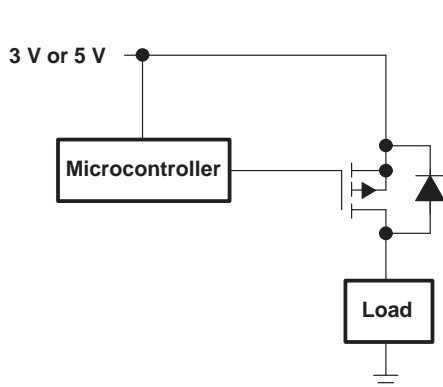


Figure 17. Notebook Load Management

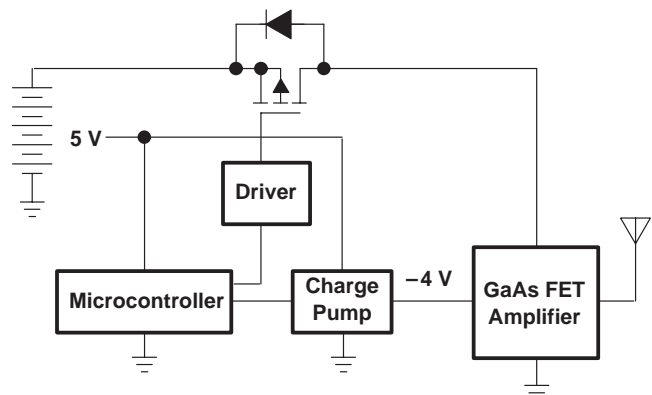


Figure 18. Cellular Phone Output Drive

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