### 前 TPS1100供应商

## TPS1100, TPS1100Y SINGLE P-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT-MODE MOSFETS

- Low r<sub>DS(on)</sub>...0.18 Ω Typ at V<sub>GS</sub> = -10 V
- 3 V Compatible
- Requires No External V<sub>CC</sub>
- TTL and CMOS Compatible Inputs
- V<sub>GS(th)</sub> = -1.5 V Max
- Available in Ultrathin TSSOP Package (PW)
- ESD Protection Up to 2 kV Per MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015

#### description

The TPS1100 P-channel is а single enhancement-mode MOSFET. The device has been optimized for 3-V or 5-V power distribution in battery-powered systems by means of Texas Instruments LinBiCMOS™ process. With a maximum V<sub>GS(th)</sub> of -1.5 V and an I<sub>DSS</sub> of only 0.5 µA, the TPS1100 is the ideal high-side switch for low-voltage, portable battery-management systems where maximizing battery life is a primary concern. The low r<sub>DS(on)</sub> and excellent ac characteristics (rise time 10 ns typical) make the TPS1100 the logical choice for low-voltage switching applications such as power switches for pulse-width-modulated (PWM) controllers or motor/bridge drivers.

The ultrathin thin shrink small-outline package or TSSOP (PW) version with its smaller footprint and reduction in height fits in places where other P-channel MOSFETs cannot. The size advantage is especially important where board real estate is at a premium and height restrictions do not allow for a small-outline integrated circuit (SOIC) package.



schematic



NOTE A: For all applications, all source pins should be connected and all drain pins should be connected.

#### AVAILABLE OPTIONS

	PACKAGED I	CHIP FORM (Y)	
TA	SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC DIP (D) (P)		
-40°C to 85°C	TPS1100D	TPS1100PWLE	TPS1100Y

The D package is available taped and reeled. Add an R suffix to device type (e.g., TPS1100DR). The PW package is available only left-end taped and reeled (indicated by the LE suffix on the device type; e.g., TPS1100PWLE). The chip form is tested at 25°C.



Caution. This device contains circuits to protect its inputs and outputs against damage due to high static voltages or electrostatic fields. These circuits have been qualified to protect this device against electrostatic discharges (ESD) of up to 2 kV according to MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015; however, it is advised that precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum-rated voltages to these high-impedance circuits.

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### description (continued)

Such applications include notebook computers, personal digital assistants (PDAs), cellular telephones, and PCMCIA cards. For existing designs, the D-packaged version has a pinout common with other p-channel MOSFETs in SOIC packages.

### **TPS1100Y** chip information

This chip, when properly assembled, displays characteristics similar to the TPS1100. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped aluminum bonding pads. The chips may be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.







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### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

				_	UNIT	
Drain-to-source voltage, V <sub>DS</sub>						
Gate-to-source voltage, VGS	2 or –15	V				
	V <sub>GS</sub> = -2.7 V	D package	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	±0.41		
			T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C	±0.28	A	
		PW package	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	±0.4		
			T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C	±0.23		
		Dinackade	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	±0.6		
	$V_{00} = -3 V$	D package	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C	±0.33		
	VGS = -3 V	PW package	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	±0.53		
Continuous drain current (T $_{\rm L}$ = 150°C) ID <sup>‡</sup>		i w package	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C	±0.27		
	V <sub>GS</sub> = -4.5 V	D package	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	±1		
			T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C	±0.47		
		PW package	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	±0.81		
			T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C	±0.37		
	V <sub>GS</sub> = -10 V	Dinackade	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	±1.6		
		D package	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C	±0.72		
		PW package	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	±1.27		
		i w publicage	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C	±0.58		
Pulsed drain current, ID <sup>‡</sup>			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	±7	А	
Continuous source current (diode conduction), IS	-1	А				
Storage temperature range, T <sub>Stg</sub>	-55 to 150	°C				
Operating junction temperature range, T <sub>J</sub>	-40 to 150	°C				
Operating free-air temperature range, TA	-40 to 125	°C				
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds		260	°C			

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

<sup>‡</sup> Maximum values are calculated using a derating factor based on  $R_{\theta JA} = 158^{\circ}C/W$  for the D package and  $R_{\theta JA} = 248^{\circ}C/W$  for the PW package. These devices are mounted on a FR4 board with no special thermal considerations.

#### DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR <sup>‡</sup> ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C POWER RATING
D	791 mW	6.33 mW/°C	506 mW	411 mW	158 mW
PW	504 mW	4.03 mW/°C	323 mW	262 mW	101 mW

<sup>‡</sup> Maximum values are calculated using a derating factor based on  $R_{\theta JA} = 158^{\circ}C/W$  for the D package and  $R_{\theta JA} = 248^{\circ}C/W$  for the PW package. These devices are mounted on an FR4 board with no special thermal considerations when tested.





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### electrical characteristics at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise noted)

#### static

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			TPS1100			TPS1100Y			LINUT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate-to-source threshold voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ ,	I <sub>D</sub> = -250 μA		-1	-1.25	-1.50		-1.25		V
V <sub>SD</sub>	Source-to-drain voltage (diode-forward voltage) <sup>†</sup>	I <sub>S</sub> = -1 A,	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			-0.9			-0.9		V
IGSS	Reverse gate current, drain short circuited to source	V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V,	V <sub>GS</sub> = -12 V				±100				nA
1000	Zero-gate-voltage drain current	V <sub>DS</sub> = -12 V,	$V_{GS} = 0 V$	TJ = 25°C			-0.5				μA
USS				TJ = 125°C			-10				
		$V_{GS} = -10 V$	I <sub>D</sub> = -1.5 A			180			180		
	Static drain-to-source on-state resistance <sup>†</sup>	$V_{GS} = -4.5 V$	I <sub>D</sub> = -0.5 A			291	400		291		<b>m</b> 0
<sup>r</sup> DS(on)		$V_{GS} = -3 V$	- 024			476	700		476		1115.2
		$V_{GS} = -2.7 V$	ID = -0.2 A			606	850		606		
9fs	Forward transconductance <sup>†</sup>	V <sub>DS</sub> = -10 V,	$I_{D} = -2 A$			2.5			2.5		S

<sup>†</sup> Pulse test: pulse duration  $\leq$  300 µs, duty cycle  $\leq$  2%

#### dynamic

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			TPS1100, TPS1100Y			LINUT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Qg	Total gate charge					5.45		
Qgs	Gate-to-source charge	$V_{DS} = -10 V,$	$V_{GS} = -10 V,$	$I_{D} = -1 A$		0.87		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate-to-drain charge					1.4		
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-on delay time					4.5		ns
<sup>t</sup> d(off)	Turn-off delay time	V <sub>DD</sub> = -10 V, R <sub>G</sub> = 6 Ω,	$R_L = 10 \Omega$ , See Figures 1 and 2	I <sub>D</sub> = -1 A,		13		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time					10		
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time					2		ns
trr(SD)	Source-to-drain reverse recovery time	I <sub>F</sub> = 5.3 A,	di/dt = 100 A/µs			16		





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### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Figure 1. Switching-Time Test Circuit

Figure 2. Switching-Time Waveforms

### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **Table of Graphs**

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### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**





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#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**





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### THERMAL INFORMATION



NOTE A: Values are for the D package and are FR4-board mounted only.



Figure 14. Notebook Load Management

Figure 15. Cellular Phone Output Drive





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