SCBS116B - JANUARY 1991 - REVISED MARCH 1994

- Replaces SN74ABT328
- Low Output Skew for Clock-Distribution and Clock-Generation Applications
- TTL-Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- Distributes One Clock Input to Six Clock Outputs
- Polarity Control Selects True or Complementary Outputs
- Distributed V_{CC} and GND Pins Reduce Switching Noise
- High-Drive Outputs (-15-mA I_{OH}, 64-mA I_{OI})
- State-of-the-Art EPIC-IIB ™ BiCMOS Design Significantly Reduces Power Dissipation
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (D) and Shrink Small-Outline (DB) Packages

(TOP VIEW) GND 16 1Y1 1Y2 🛮 2 15 1T/C 14 🛮 V_{CC} 2Y1 **∏**3 GND ∏4 2T/C 2Y2 [5 12] ∨<u>c</u>c 3Y 6 GND ∏7 10 3T/C 9 1 4T/C 4Y

D OR DB PACKAGE

description

The CDC328 contains a clock-driver circuit that distributes one input signal to six outputs with minimum skew for clock distribution. Through the use of the polarity-control inputs (\overline{T}/C) , various combinations of true and complementary outputs can be obtained.

The CDC328 is characterized for operation from −40°C to 85°C.

FUNCTION TABLE

	INPUTS		OUTPUT		
T,	/C	Α	Υ		
	L	L	L		
	L	Н	Н		
	Н	L	Н		
	Н	Н	L		

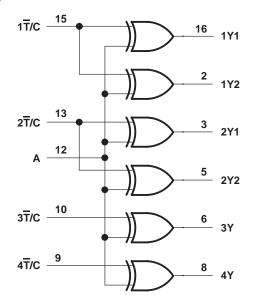
logic symbol†

Α	12	⊳	1	16	1Y1
1 <u>T</u> /C	15	N1		2	1Y2
2T/C	13		1	3	2Y1
21/0		N2	2	5	
3 T /C	10	NO	2	6	2Y2
4T/C	9	N3	3	8	3Y
41/C		N4	4		4Y

[†]This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

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logic diagram (positive logic)



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V _{CC} –0.5 V	to 7 V
Input voltage range, V _I (see Note 1) –0.5 V	to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high state	
or power-off state, V _O (see Note 1)	0.5 V
Current into any output in the low state, I _O	28 mA
Input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$)	18 mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK} (V _O < 0) –5	50 mA
Continuous total power dissipation at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature (see Note 2) 100	0 mW
Storage temperature range, T _{stg} –65°C to ²	150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 3)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Vcc	Supply voltage	4.75	5	5.25	V
VIH	High-level input voltage	2			V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			0.8	V
VI	Input voltage	0		VCC	V
ІОН	High-level output current			-15	mA
loL	Low-level output current			64	mA
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate			5	ns/V
fclock	Input clock frequency			80	MHz
TA	Operating free-air temperature	-40		85	°C

NOTE 3: Unused inputs must be held high or low.



NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

^{2.} For operation above 25°C free-air temperature, derate to 478 mW at 85°C at the rate of 8.7 mW/°C.

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
VIK	V _{CC} = 4.75 V,	$I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$				-1.2	V
Voн	V _{CC} = 4.75 V,	$I_{OH} = -15 \text{ mA}$		2.5			V
V _{OL}	$V_{CC} = 4.75 \text{ V},$	$I_{OL} = 64 \text{ mA}$				0.55	V
lį	$V_{CC} = 5.25 \text{ V},$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND				±1	μΑ
IO [‡]	V _{CC} = 5.25 V,	V _O = 2.5 V		-15		-100	mA
laa	V _{CC} = 5.25 V,	$I_{O} = 0$,	Outputs high			50	μΑ
lcc	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		Outputs low		20	30	mA
C _i	V _I = 2.5 V or 0.5 V				3		pF

switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (see Figures 1 and 2)

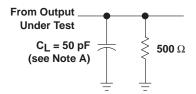
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
^t PLH	_	Any V	1.7		7	
^t PHL	A	Any Y	1.5		5.4	ns
^t PLH	T/C	AnuV	1.5		8	no
^t PHL		Any Y	1.4		6.6	ns
*	Δ.	Any Y (same phase)			0.7	no
^t sk(o)	A	Any Y (any phase)			2.6	ns
t _r				1.2		ns
t _f				0.5		ns

switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.25 V, T_A = 25°C to 70°C (see Figures 1 and 2)

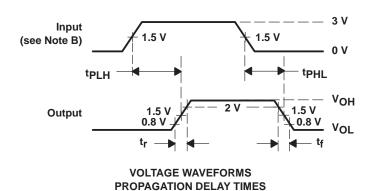
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	UNIT
^t PLH	А	Any Y	2.1	6.1	ns
t _{PHL}			1.7	4.8	115
^t sk(o)	А	Any Y (same phase)		0.7	no
		Any Y (any phase)		2.1	ns

[†] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C ‡ Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed one second.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



LOAD CIRCUIT FOR OUTPUTS



NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

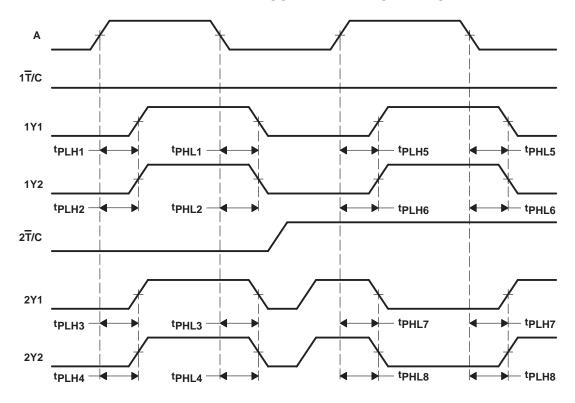
B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_Q = 50 \ \Omega$, $t_f \leq 2.5 \ ns$, $t_f \leq 2.5 \ ns$.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. Output skew, $t_{sk(0)}$, from A to any Y (same phase), can be measured only between outputs for which the respective polarity-control inputs (\overline{T}/C) are at the same logic level. It is calculated as the greater of:

- The difference between the fastest and slowest of tpLH from A↑ to any Y (e.g., tpLHn, n = 1 to 4; or tpLHn, n = 5 to 6)
- The difference between the fastest and slowest of tp_{HL} from A↓ to any Y (e.g., tp_{HLn}, n = 1 to 4; or tp_{HLn}, n = 5 to 6)
- The difference between the fastest and slowest of tpLH from A↓ to any Y (e.g., tpLHn, n = 7 to 8)
- The difference between the fastest and slowest of tpHL from A↑ to any Y (e.g., tpHLn, n = 7 to 8)
- B. Output skew, $t_{sk(0)}$, from A to any Y (any phase), can be measured between outputs for which the respective polarity-control inputs (\overline{T}/C) are at the same or different logic levels. It is calculated as the greater of:
 - The difference between the fastest and slowest of tp_{LH} from A[↑] to any Y or tp_{HL} from A[↑] to any Y (e.g., tp_{LHn}, n = 1 to 4; or tp_{LHn}, n = 5 to 6, and tp_{HLn}, n = 7 to 8)
 - The difference between the fastest and slowest of tpHL from A↓ to any Y or tpLH from A↓ to any Y (e.g., tpHLn, n = 1 to 4; or tpHLn, n = 5 to 6, and tpLHn, n = 7 to 8)

Figure 2. Waveforms for Calculation of t_{sk(o)}

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