

Energy Management Power Analyzers Type WM2-DIN



- 3-dgt/6-dgt µP-based indicator
- Manual or automatic scrolling of system and single phase: kW, kVAr, PF, kWh, kVArh, I, V_Δ avg, VL1-N, VL2-N, VL3-N.
- TRMS measurement of distorted waves (voltage/current)
- All configuration functions selectable by built-in key-pad
- Password protection of programming parameters
- Degree of protection (front): IP 40
- Standard pulse output
- Optional serial RS 422/485 output
- MODBUS, JBUS protocol.

Product Description

µP-based power analyzer with a built-in configuration key-pad. The power, PF, current and voltage are system and single phase measure-

ments and indications. The housing is easy to mount on DIN-rail and ensures a degree of protection (front) of IP 40.

Ordering Key

WM2-DINAV53DPX

Model	WM2-DINAV53DPX
Range code	
System	
Power supply	
1st output	
2nd output	

Type Selection

Range code	System	Power supply	1st output
AV5: 250/433 VAC - 5 AAC (max. 300 V (L-N)/ 520 V (L-L) - 6 A)	3: One phase, three-phase system, 3 or 4 wires, balanced load; three phase system, 3 or 4 wires, unbalanced load	A: 24 VAC, -15% +10%, 50/60 Hz ¹⁾ B: 48 VAC, -15%+10%, 50/60 Hz ¹⁾ C: 115 VAC, -15% +10%, 50/60 Hz ¹⁾ D: 230 VAC, -15% +10%, 50/60 Hz (standard)	P: Pulse, static, DC type (standard) 2nd output X: No output (standard) S: Serial output, RS 485 multidrop bidirectional ¹⁾

¹⁾ On request

Input Specifications

Accuracy (48 to 62 Hz)	Un: 250V (AV5), In: 5A	Power supply Magnetic field	± 0.5% RDG, -15 +10% p.s. < 0.1% f.s. @ 400 A/m
Voltage/current (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 60%)	±1% f.s. (0 to 1.2 In, 0.5 to 1.2 Un)	Rated input Current	2 inputs (one/three-phase balanced load) 6 inputs (one/three-phase unbalanced load)
Energy (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 60%)	±1% RDG (kWh) (hour time base) ±2% RDG (kvarh) (hour time base) (PF≥0.7L/C, 0 to 1.2In, 0.5 to 1.2Un)	Voltage	2 inputs (one/three-phase balanced load) 4 inputs (one/three-phase unbalanced load) among the voltage and the current inputs: 2000Vrms;
Active power (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 60%)	±1% f.s. (PF ≥ 0.7 L/C, 0 to 1.2 In, 0.5 to 1.2 Un)	Insulation	among the current inputs: 2000 Vrms
Reactive power (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 60%)	±1% f.s. (PF ≥ 0.8 L/C, 0 to 1 In, 0 to 1 Un)	Temperature drift	±250 ppm/°C
Power factor (PF) (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 60%)	±1% f.s., PF ≥ 0.7 L/C, (0.6 to 1.2 In, 1 to 1.2 Un)	Display	Backlit LCD, h 13mm, 3-dgt (instantaneous meas.) 6-dgt (energies)
Additional errors			
Humidity	< 0.3% f.s., 60% to 90% R.H.		

Input Specifications (cont.)

Decimal point position	Instantaneous measurements: Automatic selection according to the current transformer ratio of the CT being connected (max. indication - single phase): CT ratio ≤ 5 : 11.11 (25.00A) CT ratio ≤ 50.0: 111.1 (250.0A) CT ratio ≤ 500.0 : 1111 (2500A) CT ratio ≤ 999.9 : 11110 (6000A) Energy measurements: max. resolution: 1 Wh/1 VArh min. resolution: 1 kWh/1 kVArh	Coupling type: Direct Crest factor: ≥ 3
Ranges (impedances)	250 V/433 V (≥ 1 MΩ) 5 AAC (≤ 0.3 VA / ≤ 0.1Ω)	
Frequency range	48 to 62 Hz	
Over-load protection	Un: 250 (AV5), In: 5A 1.2 Un/In	
Keyboard	2 Un 20 In	
Max. and min. indication		4 keys: "ΔV": - to enter programming phase and password confirmation; - for value programming and basic measurement scrolling. "L": - for confirmation of new programmed values and going ahead to the next programming step, - single phase measurement scrolling. "R": - for the reset of the partial counted active and/or reactive energy.
Sampling rate	3 times / second	
Measurements		
System variables	kW, kVAr, PF, VL-L, A, kWh, kvarh	
Total energies	kWh, kvarh	
Partial energies	(the meters are reset automatically when the values reach 14999*CT ratio)	
Single phase variables	kW, kVAr, PF, VL-N, A	
Measurement method	TRMS measurement of a distorted voltage/current wave	

Output Specifications

Pulse output	From 0.1 to 999.9 programmable pulses for kWh, KVArh, open collector (NPN transistor) VON 0.6 VDC/ max. 4 mA VOFF 26 VDC max.	Data (bidirectional) Dynamic (reading only)	System variables: P, Q, PF, VL-L, energies, Single phase variables: PL1, QL1, PFL1, VL1-N, AL1, PL2, QL2, PFL2, VL2-N, AL2, PL3, QL3, PFL3, VL3-N, AL3 All programming data, reset of energy: - partial kWh - partial kVArh - total kWh - total KVArh Stored energy (EEPROM) ≤ 999999 kWh ≤ 999999 kVArh
Pulse duration	200 ms (ON), ≥ 200 ms (OFF)	Static (writing only)	
Insulation	By means of optocouplers, 4000 V _{rms} output to measuring input, 4000 V _{rms} output to supply input.		
Serial output (on request)	RS422/RS485; Multidrop bidirectional (static and dynamic variables) 4 wires, max. distance 1200m, termination and/or line bias by means of DIP-switches directly on the instrument 255, selectable by key-pad MODBUS/JBUS	Data format Baud-rate Insulation	1-start bit, 8-data bit, no parity/even parity, 1 stop bit 1200, 2400, 4800 and 9600 selectable bauds By means of optocouplers, 4000 V _{rms} output to measuring inputs 4000 V _{rms} output to supply input

Software Functions

Password	Numeric code of max. 3 digits; 2 protection levels of the programming data Password "0", no protection Password from 1 to 255, all data are protected	(14999*CT). Example: the CT is a 100A/5A so the ratio is 20, consequently the maximum counted energy is 299980 kWh or kVArh.
Measurement scrolling System:	Active power (kW), reactive power (kVAr), power factor ($\cos \varphi$), current (A), average phase-phase voltage (V) total and partial active energy (kWh), total and partial reactive energy (kVArh) Partial energy meters: the counters of kWh and kVArh are automatically reset when the energy reaches the value	Single phase: Active power (kW), reactive power (kVAr), power factor ($\cos \varphi$), current (A), phase-neutral voltage (V)
Transformer ratio	For CT up to 5000 A	
Programmable ratio	0.1 to 999.9	
Digital Filter	Filter operating range Filtering coefficient Filter action	0 to 100% of the input electrical scale 1 to 64 On the display and on the variable being transmitted by the serial communication port.

Supply Specifications

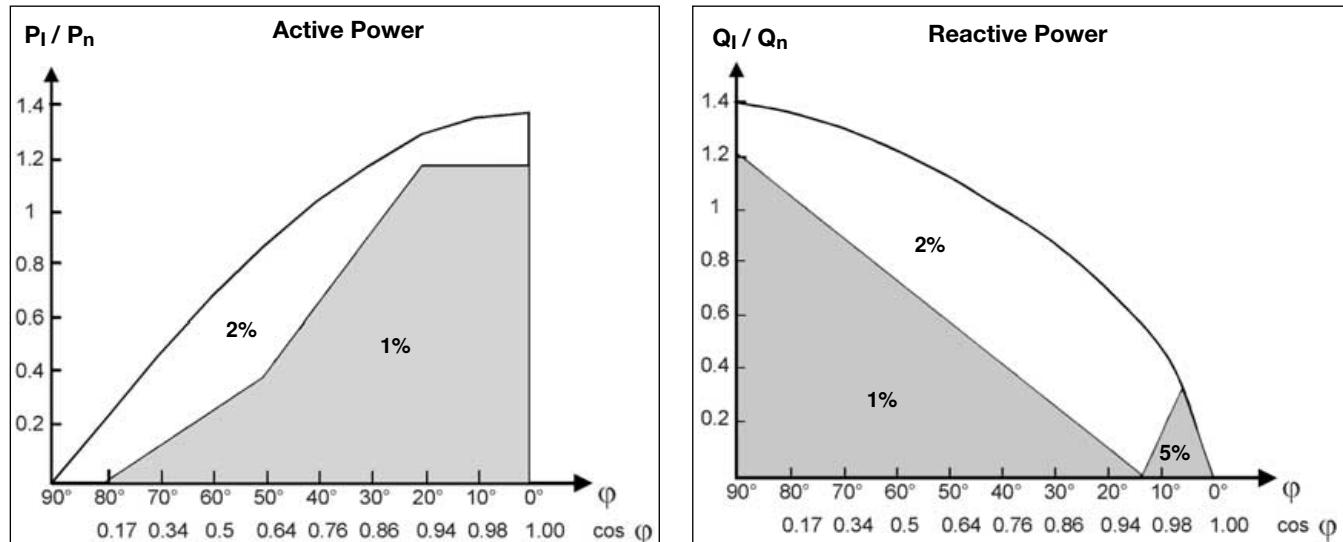
AC voltage	230 VAC (standard), -15%+10% 50/60 Hz 24 VAC, 48 VAC, 115 VAC (on request), -15%+10% 50/60 Hz	Power consumption	≤ 7 VA
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General Specifications

Operating temperature	0° to +50°C (32° to 122°F) (R.H. < 90% non-condensing)	Safety standards	IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1
Storage temperature	-10° to +60°C (14° to 140°F) (R.H. < 90% non-condensing)	Connector	Screw-type, max. 2.5 mm ² wires
Insulation reference voltage	300 Vrms to ground	Housing	6 DIN modules, 58.5 x 89 x 107 mm ABS, self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
Insulation	4000 Vrms between all inputs/outputs to ground	Dimensions	
Dielectric strength	4000 Vrms for 1 minute	Material	
Noise rejection CMRR	100 dB, 48 to 62 Hz	Degree of protection	Front: IP40
EMC	EN 50081-2, EN 50082-2	Weight	Approx. 500 g (packing included)
		Approval	CE

Mode of Operation

Accuracy class of the instrument as a relation of P_I/P_n and PF



Test conditions:

$V = 0.8$ to $1.2 U_n$,
 $I = 0.1$ to $1.2 I_n$,
 $f = 48$ to 62 Hz

Test conditions:

$V = 0.8$ to $1.2 U_n$,
 $I = 0.1$ to $1.2 I_n$,
 $f = 48$ to 62 Hz

Input	Star voltage	Delta voltage	Current
AV5	$U_n: 230 V$	$U_n: 398 V$	$I_n: 5 A$

P/Q_I (installation power)

One phase system:

$$\begin{aligned} P_I &= U_I \cdot I_I \cdot \cos \varphi \\ Q_I &= U_I \cdot I_I \cdot \sin \varphi \end{aligned}$$

Three phase, 3-wire system:

$$\begin{aligned} P_I &= \sqrt{3} \cdot U_I \cdot I_I \cdot \cos \varphi \\ Q_I &= \sqrt{3} \cdot U_I \cdot I_I \cdot \sin \varphi \end{aligned}$$

Three phase, 4-wire system:

$$\begin{aligned} P_I &= 3 \cdot U_I \cdot I_I \cdot \cos \varphi \\ Q_I &= 3 \cdot U_I \cdot I_I \cdot \sin \varphi \end{aligned}$$

where:

U_I = the real star voltage of the electrical system being measured.

I_I = the maximum phase current of the electrical system being measured.

$\cos \varphi$ = the average $\cos \varphi$ of the electrical system being measured.

P_n / Q_n (rated power of the instrument):

One phase system:

$$P_n = Q_n = U_n \cdot I_n \cdot CT(\text{ratio})$$

Three phase, 3-wire system:

$$P_n = Q_n = \sqrt{3} \cdot U_n \cdot I_n \cdot CT(\text{ratio})$$

Three phase, 4-wire system:

$$P_n = Q_n = 3 \cdot U_n \cdot I_n \cdot CT(\text{ratio})$$

where:

U_n = the rated input voltage of WM2-DIN.

I_n = the rated input current of WM2-DIN.

$CT(\text{ratio})$ = the value of the current transformer ratio.

Example 1:
Model AV5.3 (3-wire system).

$$\begin{aligned} U_I &= 380 V \text{ (delta voltage)} \\ I_I &= 265 A \text{ (single phase current)} \\ \cos \varphi &= 0.85 \text{ (system power factor)} \quad (CT=300A) \end{aligned}$$

$$U_n = 398 V$$

$$I_n = 5 A$$

$$CT(\text{ratio}) = \frac{300}{5} = 60$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_I &= \sqrt{3} \cdot U_I \cdot I_I \cdot \cos \varphi \\ &= \sqrt{3} \cdot 380 \cdot 265 \cdot 0.85 \\ &= 148.07 \text{ kW} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_n &= \sqrt{3} \cdot U_n \cdot I_n \cdot CT(\text{ratio}) \\ &= \sqrt{3} \cdot 398 \cdot 5 \cdot 60 \\ &= 206.56 \text{ kW} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{P_I}{P_n} = \frac{148.07}{206.56} = 0.716$$

Example 2:
Model AV5.3 (4-wire system).

$$\begin{aligned} U_I &= 220 V \\ I_I &= 110 A \quad (CT=300A) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \varphi &= 0.85 \quad (\sin \varphi = 0.52) \\ U_n &= 230 V \\ I_n &= 5 A \end{aligned}$$

$$CT(\text{ratio}) = \frac{300}{5} = 60$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_I &= 3 \cdot U_I \cdot I_I \cdot \sin \varphi \\ &= 3 \cdot 220 \cdot 110 \cdot 0.52 \\ &= 37.75 \text{ Kvar} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_n &= 3 \cdot U_n \cdot I_n \cdot CT(\text{ratio}) \\ &= 3 \cdot 230 \cdot 5 \cdot 60 \\ &= 207 \text{ Kvar} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{P_I}{P_n} = \frac{37.75}{207} = 0.183$$

In both examples the accuracy of the measurement is 1% f.s. when considering the changing of the measured voltage from 0.9 U_n to 1 U_n and the measured current from 0.1 I_n to 0.9 I_n with a $\cos \varphi$ of 0.85 ($\sin \varphi$ 0.52).

Mode of Operation (cont.)

Waveform of the signals that can be measured

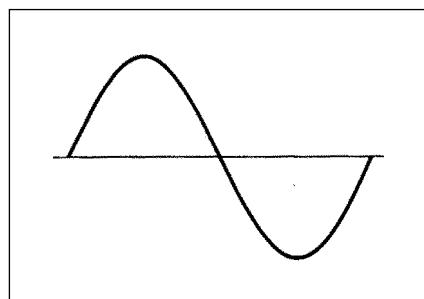


Figure G
Sine wave, undistorted

Fundamental content 100%
Harmonic content 0%
 $A_{rms} = 1.1107 \text{ A}$

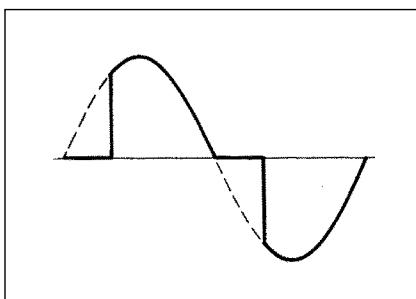


Figure H
Sine wave, indented

Fundamental content 10...100%
Harmonic content 0...90%
Frequency spectrum 3rd to 16th harmonic
Required result: additional error < 1%

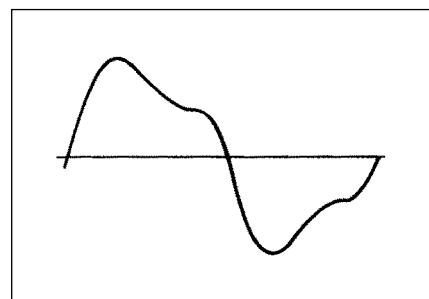
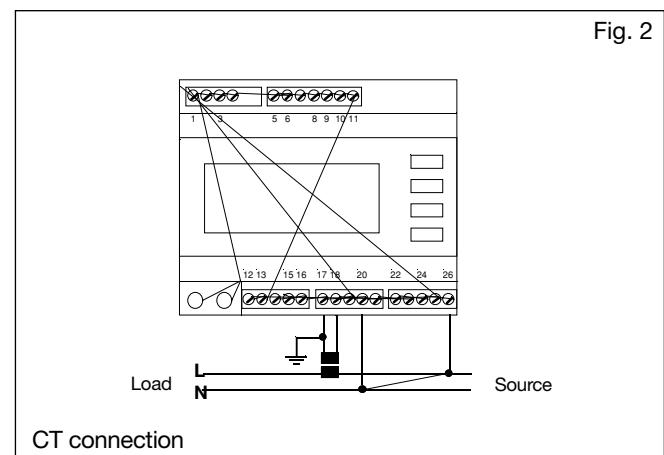
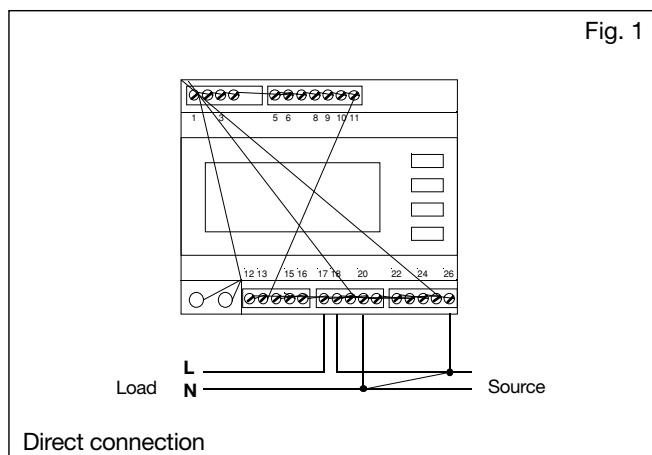


Figure I
Sine wave, distorted

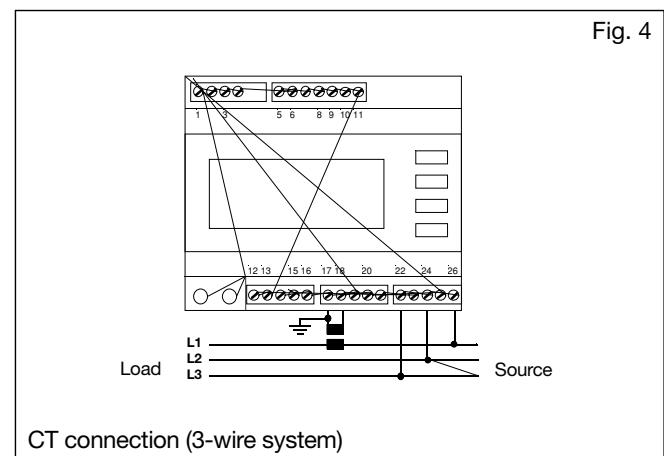
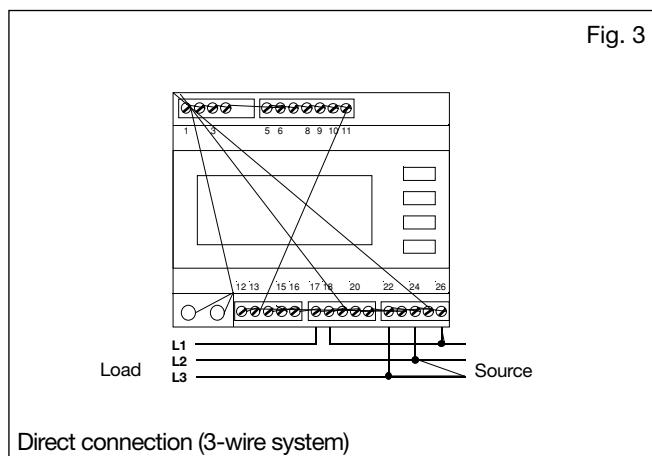
Fundamental content 70...90%
Harmonic content 10...30%
Frequency spectrum 3rd to 15th harmonic
Required result: additional error < 0.5%

Wiring Diagrams

Single phase input connections



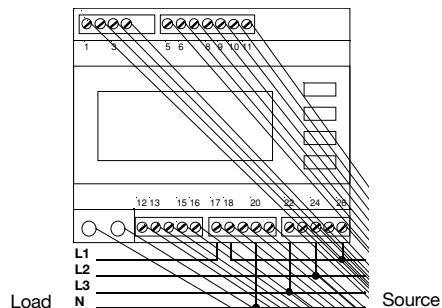
Three phase/3-wire input connections - Balanced loads



Wiring Diagrams (cont.)

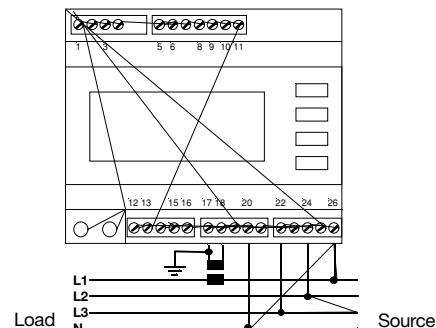
Three phase, 4-wire input connections - Balanced loads

Fig. 5



Direct connection (4-wire system)

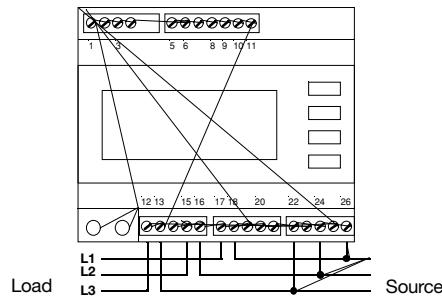
Fig. 6



CT connection (4-wire system)

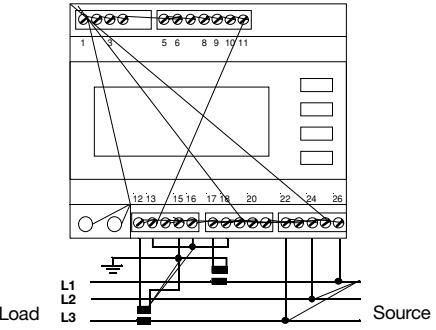
Three-phase, 3-wire input ARON connections - Unbalanced load

Fig. 7



Direct connection (3-wire system)

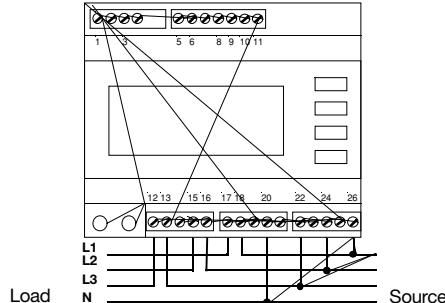
Fig. 8



CT connection (3-wire system)

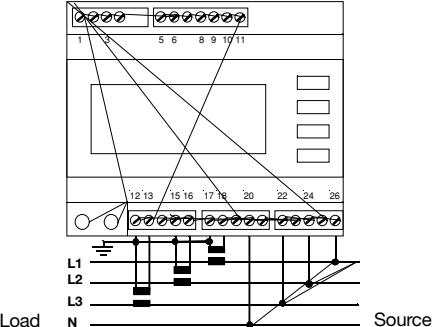
Three phase, 4-wire input connections - Unbalanced load

Fig. 9



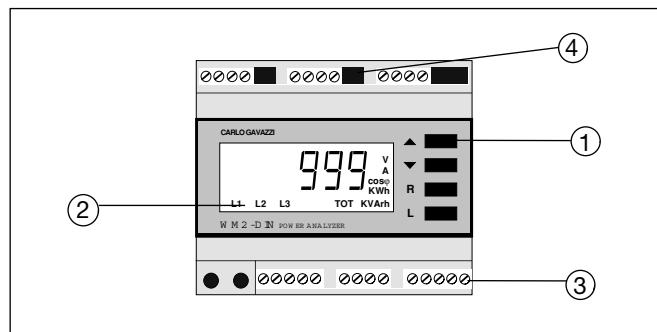
Direct connection (4-wire system)

Fig. 10



CT connection (4-wire system)

Front Panel Description



1. Key-pad

Set-up and programming procedures are easily controlled by the 4 pushbuttons.

"▲" and "▼"

- To scroll all the basic measurements (system variables)
- To increase or decrease programming values

- To enter into the programming procedure and select programming functions together with the "L" key.

"L":

- To scroll all the single phase variable of each basic measurement

"R":

- To reset the partial counted energies (kWh, kVAh).

2. Display

Instantaneous measurements:

- 3-digit (maximum read-out 999)

Energies:

- 6-digit (maximum read-out 999999).

Alphanumeric indication by means of LCD display for:

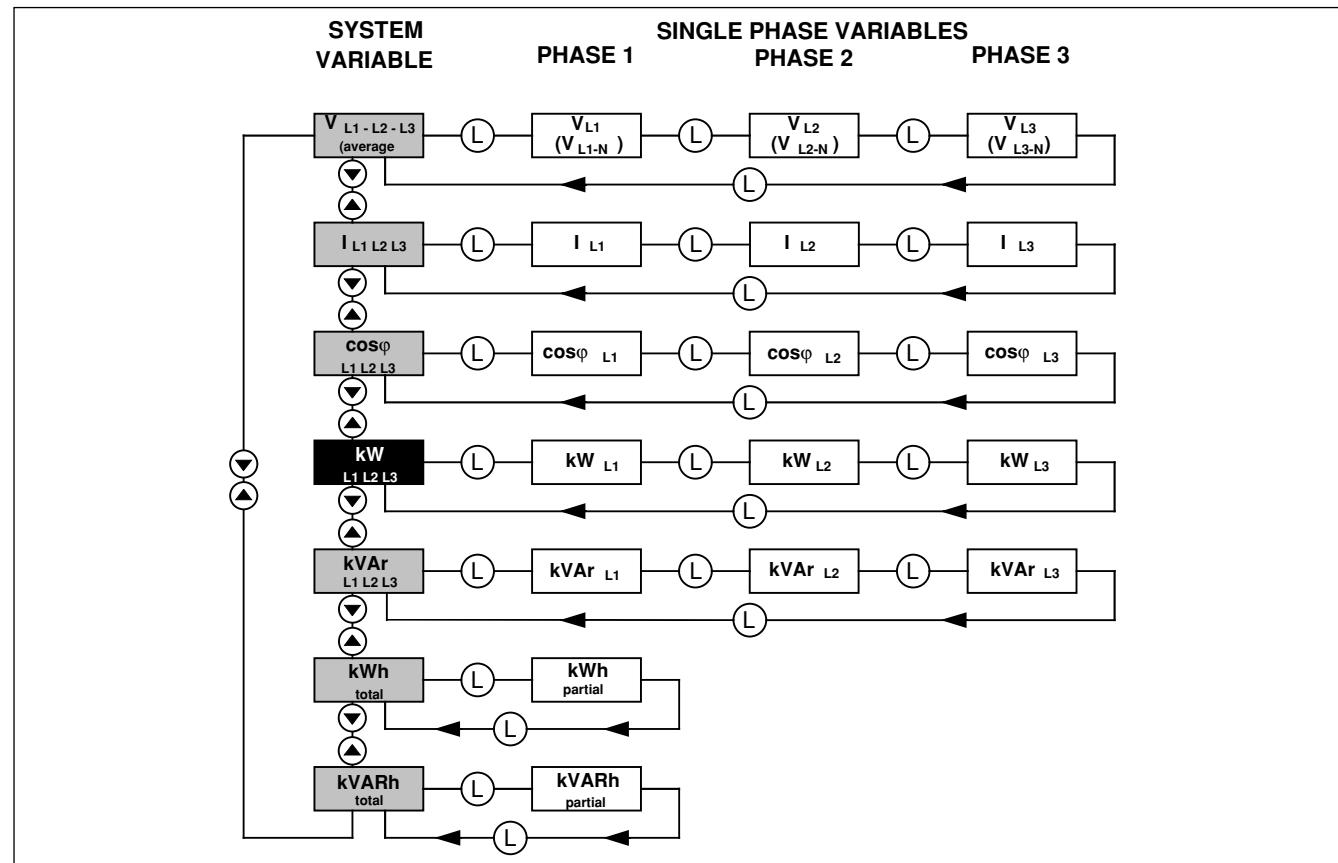
- Displaying the configuration parameters
- All the measured variables.

3. Connection terminal blocks

4. Dip-switch

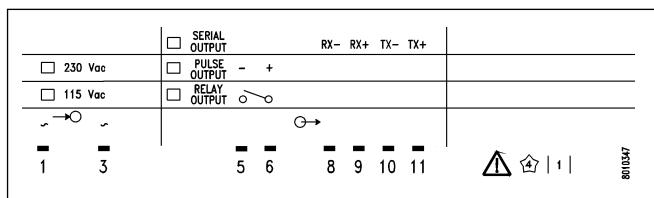
- For the selection of 2/4 wire connection, line biasing and/or line termination (only in case of RS 485 option)

Sequence of the variables on the display

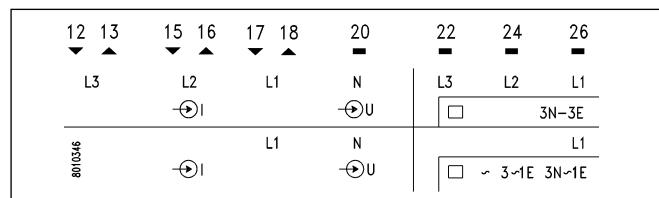


Terminal boards

Upper terminal board



Lower terminal board



Dimensions

