

# UNIVERSAL ACTIVE FILTER

## FEATURES

- **VERSATILE:**
  - Low-Pass, High-Pass
  - Band-Pass, Band-Reject
- **SIMPLE DESIGN PROCEDURE**
- **ACCURATE FREQUENCY AND Q:**
  - Includes On-Chip 1000pF  $\pm 0.5\%$  Capacitors

## APPLICATIONS

- **TEST EQUIPMENT**
- **COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT**
- **MEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION**
- **DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEMS**
- **MONOLITHIC REPLACEMENT FOR UAF41**

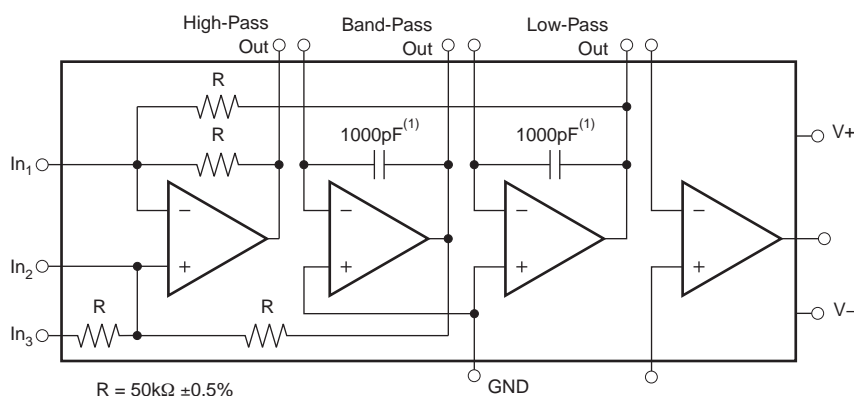
## DESCRIPTION

The UAF42 is a universal active filter that can be configured for a wide range of low-pass, high-pass, and band-pass filters. It uses a classic state-variable analog architecture with an inverting amplifier and two integrators. The integrators include on-chip 1000pF capacitors trimmed to 0.5%. This architecture solves one of the most difficult problems of active filter design—obtaining tight tolerance, low-loss capacitors.

A DOS-compatible filter design program allows easy implementation of many filter types, such as Butterworth, Bessel, and Chebyshev. A fourth, uncommitted FET-input op amp (identical to the other three) can be used to form additional stages, or for special filters such as band-reject and Inverse Chebyshev.

The classical topology of the UAF42 forms a time-continuous filter, free from the anomalies and switching noise associated with switched-capacitor filter types.

The UAF42 is available in 14-pin plastic DIP and SOIC-16 surface-mount packages, specified for the  $-25^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  temperature range.



NOTE: (1)  $\pm 0.5\%$ .



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>

Over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted.

	UAF42	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage	$\pm 18$	V
Input Voltage	$\pm V_S \pm 0.7$	V
Output Short-Circuit	Continuous	
Operating Temperature	–40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	–40 to +125	°C
Junction Temperature	+125	°C

- (1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended period may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not supported.

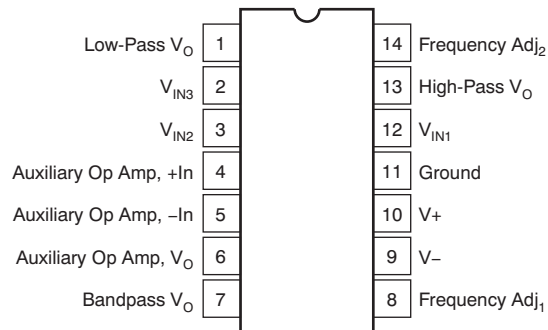
## ORDERING INFORMATION<sup>(1)</sup>

PRODUCT	PACKAGE-LEAD	PACKAGE DESIGNATOR	PACKAGE MARKING
UAF42AP	PDIP-14	N	UAF42APS
UAF42APG4			
UAF42AU	SOIC-16	DW	UAF42AUS
UAF42AUE4			

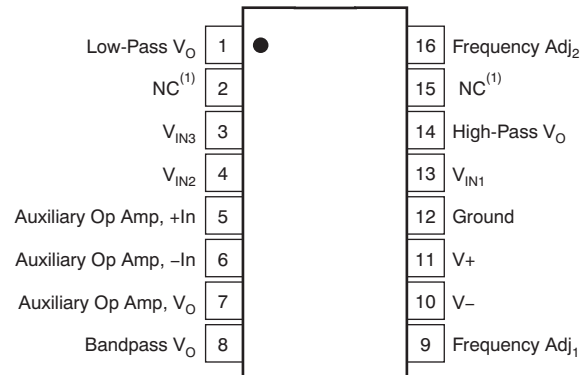
- (1) For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

## PIN CONFIGURATIONS

**P PACKAGE  
PDIP-14  
(TOP VIEW)**



**U PACKAGE  
SOIC-16  
(TOP VIEW)**



NOTE: (1) NC = no connection. For best performance connect all NC pins to ground to minimize inter-lead capacitance.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	UAF42AP, AU			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
<b>FILTER PERFORMANCE</b>					
Frequency Range, $f_n$	$f = 1\text{kHz}$		0 to 100		kHz
Frequency Accuracy vs Temperature			0.01	1	%/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum Q			400		—
Maximum (Q • Frequency) Product			500		kHz
Q vs Temperature	$(f_o \cdot Q) < 10^4$		0.01		%/ $^\circ\text{C}$
	$(f_o \cdot Q) < 10^5$		0.025		%/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Q Repeatability	$(f_o \cdot Q) < 10^5$		2		%
Offset Voltage, Low-Pass Output				$\pm 5$	mV
Resistor Accuracy			0.5	1	%
<b>OFFSET VOLTAGE<sup>(1)</sup></b>					
Input Offset Voltage	$V_S = \pm 6\text{V to } \pm 18\text{V}$		$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 5$	mV
vs Temperature			$\pm 3$		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
vs Power Supply		80	96		dB
<b>INPUT BIAS CURRENT<sup>(1)</sup></b>					
Input Bias Current	$V_{CM} = 0\text{V}$		10	50	pA
Input Offset Current	$V_{CM} = 0\text{V}$		5		pA
<b>NOISE</b>					
Input Voltage Noise					
Noise Density: $f = 10\text{Hz}$			25		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Noise Density: $f = 10\text{kHz}$			10		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Voltage Noise: BW = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			2		$\mu\text{V}_{PP}$
Input Bias Current Noise					
Noise Density: $f = 10\text{kHz}$			2		$\text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
<b>INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE<sup>(1)</sup></b>					
Common-Mode Input Range	$V_{CM} = \pm 10\text{V}$		$\pm 11.5$		V
Common-Mode Rejection		80	96		dB
<b>INPUT IMPEDANCE<sup>(1)</sup></b>					
Differential			$10^{13} \parallel 2$		$\Omega \parallel \text{pF}$
Common-Mode			$10^{13} \parallel 6$		$\Omega \parallel \text{pF}$
<b>OPEN-LOOP GAIN<sup>(1)</sup></b>					
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	$V_O = \pm 10\text{V}, R_L = 2\text{k}\Omega$	90	126		dB
<b>FREQUENCY RESPONSE</b>					
Slew Rate	$G = +1$		10		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
Gain-Bandwidth Product			4		MHz
Total Harmonic Distortion			0.1		%
<b>OUTPUT<sup>(1)</sup></b>					
Voltage Output	$R_L = 2\text{k}\Omega$	$\pm 11$	$\pm 11.5$		V
Short Circuit Current			$\pm 25$		mA

(1) Specifications apply to uncommitted op amp,  $A_4$ . The three op amps forming the filter are identical to  $A_4$  but are tested as a complete filter.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**At  $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and  $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	UAF42AP, AU			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>					
Specified Operating Voltage			$\pm 15$		V
Operating Voltage Range		$\pm 6$		$\pm 18$	V
Current			$\pm 6$	$\pm 7$	mA
<b>TEMPERATURE RANGE</b>					
Specified		$-25$		$+85$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operating		$-25$		$+85$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage		$-40$		$+125$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{JA}$			100		$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

The UAF42 is a monolithic implementation of the proven state-variable analog filter topology. This device is pin-compatible with the popular UAF41 analog filter, and it provides several improvements.

The slew rate of the UAF42 has been increased to 10V/μs, versus 1.6V/μs for the UAF41. Frequency • Q product of the UAF42 has been improved, and the useful natural frequency extended by a factor of four to 100kHz. FET input op amps on the UAF42 provide very low input bias current. The monolithic construction of the UAF42 provides lower cost and improved reliability.

### DESIGN PROGRAM

Application report [SBFA002](#) (available for download at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com)) and a computer-aided design program also available from Texas Instruments, make it easy to design and implement many kinds of active filters. The DOS-compatible program guides you through the design process and automatically calculates component values.

Low-pass, high-pass, band-pass and band-reject (notch) filters can be designed. The program supports the three most commonly-used all-pole filter types: Butterworth, Chebyshev and Bessel. The less-familiar inverse Chebyshev is also supported, providing a smooth passband response with ripple in the stop band.

With each data entry, the program automatically calculates and displays filter performance. This feature allows a spreadsheet-like *what-if* design approach. For example, a user can quickly determine, by trial and error, how many poles are required for a desired attenuation in the stopband. Gain/phase plots may be viewed for any response type.

The basic building element of the most commonly-used filter types is the second-order section. This section provides a complex-conjugate pair of poles. The natural frequency,  $\omega_n$ , and Q of the pole pair determine the characteristic response of the section. The low-pass transfer function is shown in [Equation 1](#):

$$\frac{V_O(s)}{V_I(s)} = \frac{A_{LP}\omega_n^2}{s^2 + s\omega_n/Q + \omega_n^2} \quad (1)$$

The high-pass transfer function is given by [Equation 2](#):

$$\frac{V_{HP}(s)}{V_I(s)} = \frac{A_{HP}s^2}{s^2 + s\omega_n/Q + \omega_n^2} \quad (2)$$

The band-pass transfer function is calculated using [Equation 3](#):

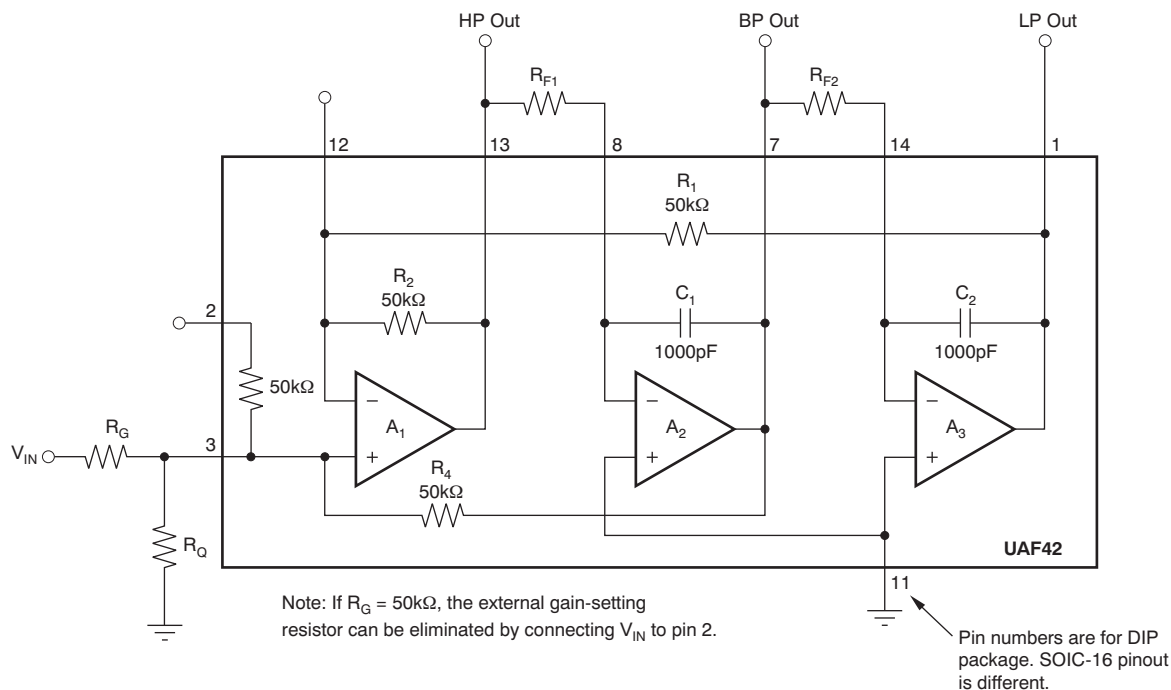
$$\frac{V_{BP}(s)}{V_I(s)} = \frac{A_{BP}(\omega_n/Q)s}{s^2 + s\omega_n/Q + \omega_n^2} \quad (3)$$

A band-reject response is obtained by summing the low-pass and high-pass outputs, yielding the transfer function shown in [Equation 4](#):

$$\frac{V_{BR}(s)}{V_I(s)} = \frac{A_{BR}(s^2 + \omega_n^2)}{s^2 + s\omega_n/Q + \omega_n^2} \quad (4)$$

The most common filter types are formed with one or more cascaded second-order sections. Each section is designed for  $\omega_n$  and Q according to the filter type (Butterworth, Bessel, Chebyshev, etc.) and cutoff frequency. While tabulated data can be found in virtually any filter design text, the design program eliminates this tedious procedure.

Second-order sections may be noninverting ([Figure 1](#)) or inverting ([Figure 2](#)). Design equations for these two basic configurations are shown for reference. The design program solves these equations, providing complete results, including component values.



## Design Equations

$$1. \quad \omega_n^2 = \frac{R_2}{R_1 R_{F1} R_{F2} C_1 C_2}$$

$$2. \quad Q = \frac{1 + \frac{R_4 (R_G + R_Q)}{R_G R_Q}}{1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1}} \left( \frac{R_2 R_{F1} C_1}{R_1 R_{F2} C_2} \right)^{1/2}$$

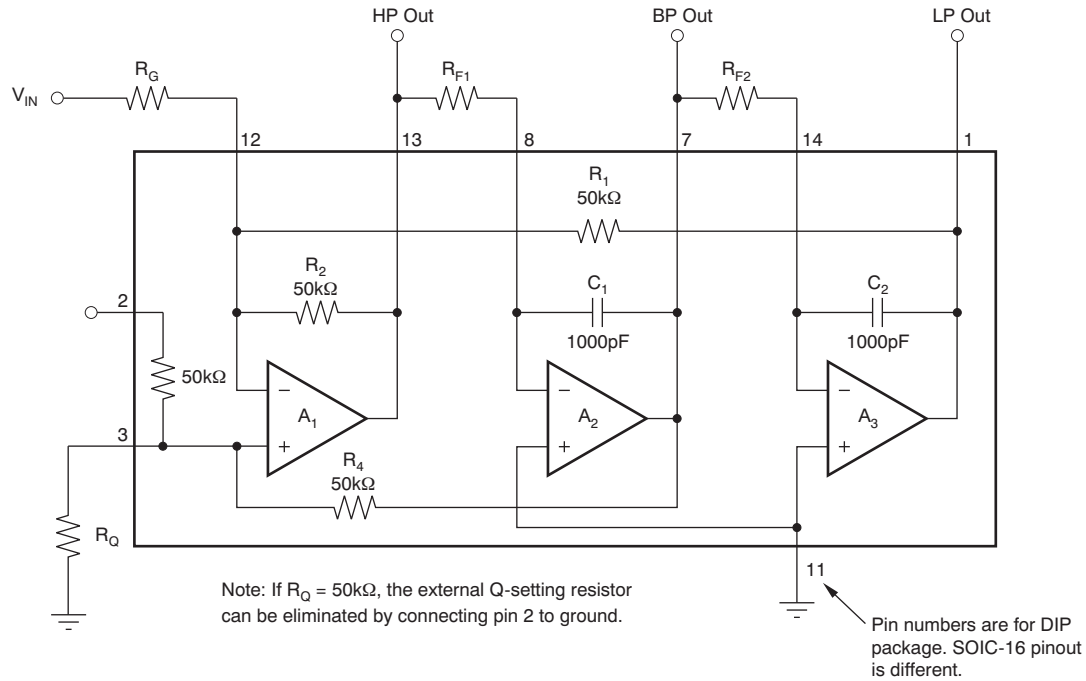
$$3. \quad Q A_{LP} = Q A_{HP} \left( \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right) = A_{BP} \left( \frac{R_1 R_{F1} C_1}{R_2 R_{F2} C_2} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$4. \quad A_{LP} = \frac{1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}}{R_G \left( \frac{1}{R_G} + \frac{1}{R_Q} + \frac{1}{R_4} \right)}$$

$$5. \quad A_{HP} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} A_{LP} = \frac{1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1}}{R_G \left( \frac{1}{R_G} + \frac{1}{R_Q} + \frac{1}{R_4} \right)}$$

$$6. \quad A_{BP} = \frac{R_4}{R_G}$$

**Figure 1. Noninverting Pole-Pair**



## Design Equations

$$1. \quad \omega_n^2 = \frac{R_2}{R_1 R_{F1} R_{F2} C_1 C_2}$$

$$4. \quad A_{LP} = \frac{R_1}{R_G}$$

$$2. \quad Q = \left( 1 + \frac{R_4}{R_Q} \right) \frac{1}{\left( \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_G} \right) \left( \frac{R_{F1} C_1}{R_1 R_2 R_{F2} C_2} \right)^{1/2}}$$

$$5. \quad A_{HP} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} A_{LP} = \frac{R_2}{R_G}$$

$$3. \quad QA_{LP} = QA_{HP} \left( \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right) = A_{BP} \left( \frac{R_1 R_{F1} C_1}{R_2 R_{F2} C_2} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$6. \quad A_{BP} = \left( 1 + \frac{R_4}{R_Q} \right) \frac{1}{R_G \left( \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_G} \right)}$$

Figure 2. Inverting Pole-Pair

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
UAF42AP	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
UAF42AP-1	OBSOLETE	PDIP	N	14		TBD	Call TI	Call TI
UAF42APG4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
UAF42AU	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	16	48	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR
UAF42AU-1	OBSOLETE	SOIC	DW	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI
UAF42AUE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	16	48	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

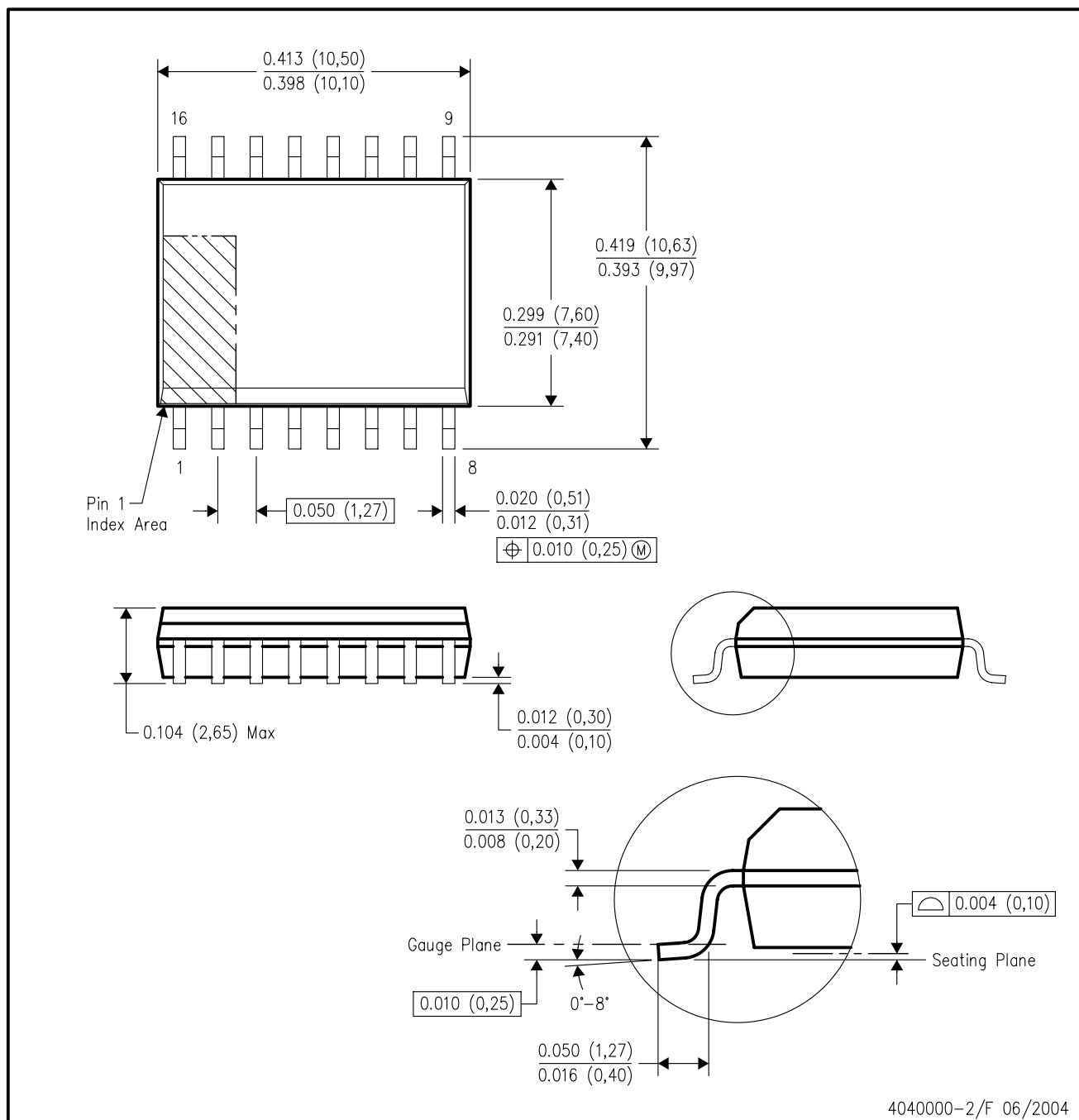
**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.



# DW (R-PDSO-G16)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AA.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

TI products are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications (such as life support) where a failure of the TI product would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death, unless officers of the parties have executed an agreement specifically governing such use. Buyers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their applications, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of TI products in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Further, Buyers must fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of TI products in such safety-critical applications.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the TI products are specifically designated by TI as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by TI as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of TI products which TI has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific TI products are designated by TI as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements. Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

### Products

Amplifiers	<a href="http://amplifier.ti.com">amplifier.ti.com</a>
Data Converters	<a href="http://dataconverter.ti.com">dataconverter.ti.com</a>
DSP	<a href="http://dsp.ti.com">dsp.ti.com</a>
Clocks and Timers	<a href="http://www.ti.com/clocks">www.ti.com/clocks</a>
Interface	<a href="http://interface.ti.com">interface.ti.com</a>
Logic	<a href="http://logic.ti.com">logic.ti.com</a>
Power Mgmt	<a href="http://power.ti.com">power.ti.com</a>
Microcontrollers	<a href="http://microcontroller.ti.com">microcontroller.ti.com</a>
RFID	<a href="http://www.ti-rfid.com">www.ti-rfid.com</a>
RF/IF and ZigBee® Solutions	<a href="http://www.ti.com/lprf">www.ti.com/lprf</a>

### Applications

Audio	<a href="http://www.ti.com/audio">www.ti.com/audio</a>
Automotive	<a href="http://www.ti.com/automotive">www.ti.com/automotive</a>
Broadband	<a href="http://www.ti.com/broadband">www.ti.com/broadband</a>
Digital Control	<a href="http://www.ti.com/digitalcontrol">www.ti.com/digitalcontrol</a>
Medical	<a href="http://www.ti.com/medical">www.ti.com/medical</a>
Military	<a href="http://www.ti.com/military">www.ti.com/military</a>
Optical Networking	<a href="http://www.ti.com/opticalnetwork">www.ti.com/opticalnetwork</a>
Security	<a href="http://www.ti.com/security">www.ti.com/security</a>
Telephony	<a href="http://www.ti.com/telephony">www.ti.com/telephony</a>
Video & Imaging	<a href="http://www.ti.com/video">www.ti.com/video</a>
Wireless	<a href="http://www.ti.com/wireless">www.ti.com/wireless</a>

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265  
Copyright 2008, Texas Instruments Incorporated