

SHARP

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TECHNICAL LITERATURE

FOR

TFT - LCD module

MODEL No. **LQ104S1LG21**

These parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

The technical literature is subject to change without notice.
So, please contact SHARP or its representative before designing
your product based on this literature.

Engineering Department
Mobile LCD Design Center
MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLY GROUP
SHARP CORPORATION

1. Application

This technical literature applies to color TFT-LCD module, LQ104S1LG21

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2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit and power supply circuit and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 800 X 3 X 600 dots panel with 262,144 colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) system for interface and supplying +3.3V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.

The TFT-LCD panel used for this module is a low-reflection and higher-color-saturation type.

Therefore, this module is also suitable for the multimedia use. Viewing angle is 6 o'clock direction.

This module is the type of wide viewing angle and high brightness(350cd/m²).

Backlight-driving DC/AC inverter is not built in this module.

3. Outline Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	26 (10.4") Diagonal	cm
Active area	211.2(H) × 158.4(V)	mm
Pixel format	800 (H) X 600 (V)	pixel
	(1 pixel=R+G+B dots)	
Number of colors (Number of gray scale level)	262, 144 colors (64 gray scales per color)	
Pixel pitch	0.264(H) × 0.264(V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally white	
Unit outline dimensions *1	246.5(W) × 179.4(H) × 15.5max(D)	mm
Mass	620 max	g
Surface treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H	

[Note] excluding backlight cables.

4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (LVDS signals , +3.3V DC power supply and Control signal)

Using connectors: 20186-20E-13 (I-PEX)

Corresponding connector:FI-SE20M (FPC Type) or FI-S20S (WireType)•••JAE

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	V _{CC}	+3.3V power supply	
2	V _{CC}	+3.3V power supply	
3	GND		
4	GND		
5	RXIN0-	Differential data input, CH0 (negative)	LVDS signal
6	RXIN0+	Differential data input, CH0 (positive)	LVDS signal
7	GND		
8	RXIN1-	Differential data input, CH1 (negative)	LVDS signal
9	RXIN1+	Differential data input, CH1 (positive)	LVDS signal
10	GND		
11	RXIN2-	Differential data input, CH2 (negative)	LVDS signal
12	RXIN2+	Differential data input, CH2 (positive)	LVDS signal
13	GND		
14	RXCLK IN-	Differential clock input (negative)	LVDS signal
15	RXCLK IN+	Differential clock input (positive)	LVDS signal
16	GND		
17	R/L	Horizontal display mode select signal	[Note1]
18	U/D	Vertical display mode select signal	[Note2]
19	GND		
20	GND		

[Note] To obtain the proper relation between LVDS signals and actual digital data signals, the digital signals should be inputted into the transmitter as described in the nextsection, 4-2. The shielding case is connected with signal GND.

[Note 1],[Note 2]

R/L = High, U/D = Low

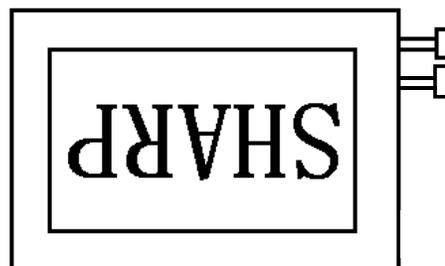
R/L = Low, U/D = Low



R/L = High, U/D = High



R/L = Low, U/D = High

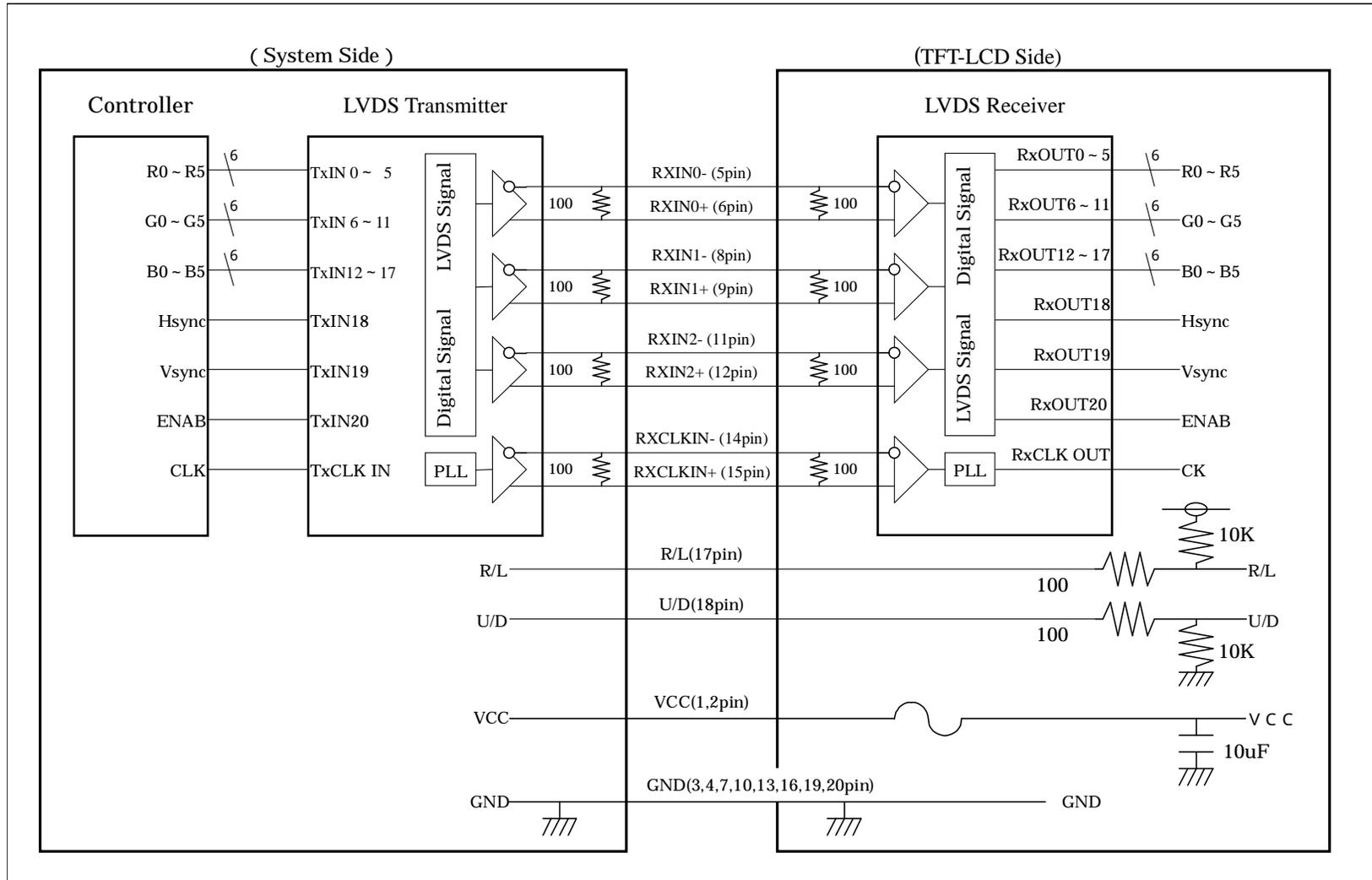


4-2 LVDS Interface block diagram

Using receiver : Single LVDS interface, which equals THC63LVDF64A(THine),contained in a control IC

Corresponding Transmitter : DS90C363, DS90C363A, DS90C383, DS90C383A(National semiconductor) ,

THC63LVDF63A,THC63LVDM63A(THine), SN75LVDS84(Ti)



4-3. Backlight driving CN2 ,CN3

Used connector : BHR-03VS-1(JST)

Corresponding connector :SM02(8.0)B-BHS(JST)

Pin no.	symbol	function	Color of FL cable	
			CN2	CN3
1	VHIGH	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	Pink	Pink
2	NC	This is electrically opened.		
3	VLOW	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	White	White

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Pin name	Ratings	Unit	Remark
+3.3V supply voltage	V _{CC}	T _a =25°C	V _{CC}	0 to + 6.0	V	
Input voltage	VI1	T _a =25°C	RXINi-/+ (i= 0,1,2)	-0.3 to V _{CC} +0.3	V	V _{CC} <3.3V
			RXCLK IN-/+	-0.3 to 3.3V	V	3.3V V _{CC}
	VI2	T _a =25°C	R/L , U/D	-0.3 to V _{CC} +0.3	V	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-	-	-30 to +70	°C	[Note1]
Operating temperature	T _{opa}	Ambient	-	-10 to +65	°C	[Note2]
Lamp Input voltage	V _{HIGH}	-	-	0 ~ + 2000	V _{rms}	

[Note1] Humidity : 95%RH Max. at T_a 50 .

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 or less at T_a>50 . (No condensation.)

[Note2] Humidity : 95%RH Max. at T_a 40 .

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 or less at T_a>40 . (No condensation.)

6.Recommended operation condition

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	+ 3.0	+3.3	+ 3.6	V	[Note1]
LVDS Signals	V _L	0		2.4	V	[Note2]
Input voltage	V _I	0		V _{CC}	V	[Note3]
Ambient temperature	T _{opa}	-10		+65		[Note4]

[Note1] On-off conditions for supply voltage

0<t₁ 15ms

0<t₂ 10ms

0<t₃ 100ms

0<t₄ 1s

200ms<t₅

V_{CC}-dip conditions

1) 2.5V V_{CC}

t_d 10ms

2) V_{CC}<2.5V

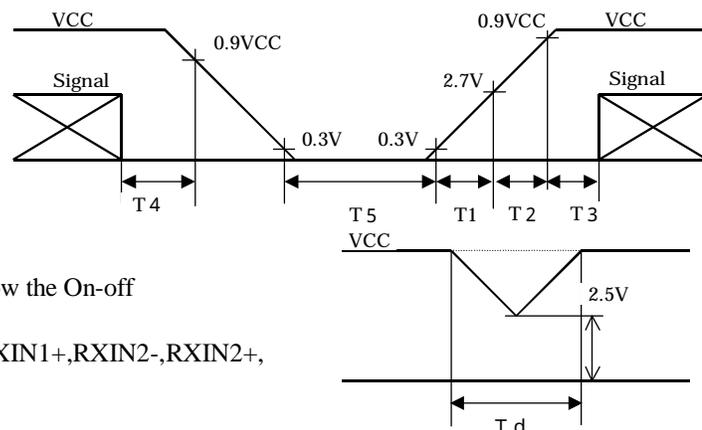
V_{CC}-dip conditions should also follow the On-off conditions for supply voltage

[Note2] RXIN0-, RXIN0+, RXIN1-, RXIN1+, RXIN2-, RXIN2+,
RXCLK IN-, RXCLK IN+

[Note3] R/L, U/D

[Note4] Humidity: 95%RH Max. at T_a=<40°C.

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less at T_a>40°C.



No condensation.

7. Electrical Characteristics

7-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

Ta=25 °C

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Current dissipation	Vcc=+3.3V	Icc	-	TBD	TBD	mA	[Note1]
Permissive input ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	
Input voltage range	LVDS signal	VL	0	-	2.4	V	[Note2]
Differential input threshold voltage	High	VTH	-	-	VCM+ 100	mV	V _{CM} =1.2V [Note3]
	Low	VTL	VCM- 100	-	-	mV	
Input impedance (Differential input)		RT	-	100	-		[Note2]
Input voltage	Low	VIL	-	-	0.8	V	[Note4]
	High	VIH	2.1	-	-		[Note5]
Input current1	Low(VI=0V)	IOL1	-800	-	-		[Note4]
	High(VI=Vcc)	IOH1	-10.0	-	10.0		
Input current2	Low(VI=0V)	IOL2	-10.0	-	10.0	uA	[Note5]
	High(VI=Vcc)	IOH2	-	-	800		

[Note1] Typical current situation : 16-gray-bar pattern.

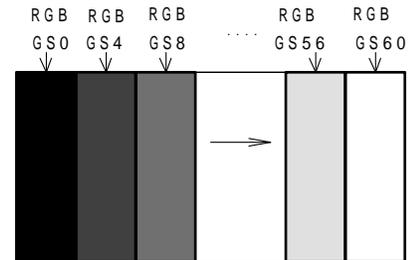
Vcc=+3.3V

[Note2] LVDS signals

[Note3] V_{CM} : Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

[Note4] R/L

[Note5] U/D



7-2. Backlight driving

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with 2 CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

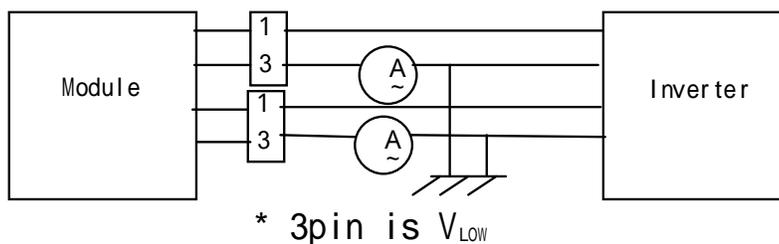
The characteristics of single lamp are shown in the following table.

(It is usually required to measure under the following condition. condition :

$$I_L = 6.0\text{mA}, T_a = 25 \pm 2, F_L = 60\text{kHz.})$$

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Lamp current range	IL	3.5	6.0	7.0	mArms	[Note1]
Lamp power consumption	PL	-	2.8	-	W	[Note2]
Lamp frequency	FL	35	60	80	kHz	[Note3]
Kick-off voltage	Vs	-	-	1300	Vrms	Ta=0°C
		-	-	1450		Ta=-10°C
Lamp life time	LL	50000	-	-	hour	[Note5] IL=6.0mA
	LL	30000	-	-	hour	[Note5] IL=7.0mA

[Note1] Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below.



[Note2] At the condition of $I_L=6.0\text{mArms}$

[Note3] Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached as much as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from the harmonics of horizontal synchronous to avoid interference.

[Note4] The voltage above this value should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second to start-up. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

[Note5] Above value is applicable when lamp (the long side of LCD module) is placed horizontally. Since lamp is consumables, the life time written above is referencial value and it is not guaranteed in this specification sheet by SHARP.

Lamp life time is defined that it applied either or under this condition
(Continuous turning on at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_L=6.0\text{mArms}$)

Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.

Kick-off voltage at $T_a=-10^\circ\text{C}$ exceeds maximum value, 1450Vrms.

In case of operating under lower temp environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower. (Continuous operating under for around 1 month under lower temp condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

In case of such usage under lower temp environment, periodical lamp exchange is recommended. (Lamp lifetime may vary if lamp is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.)

[Note6] The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.
Be sure to use a back light power supply with the safety protection circuit such as the detection circuit for the excess voltage, excess current and or electric discharge waveform.
Be sure to use the detect circuit by which one side of the CCFT lamps can be controlled independently. Otherwise, when one side of the CCFT is open, the excess current may possibly be applied to the other side of the lamp.

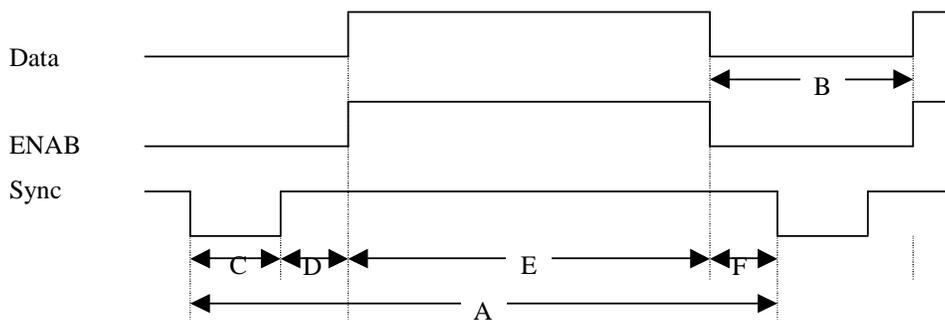
[Note7] It is required to have the inverter designed so that to allow the impedance deviation of the two CCFT lamps and the capacity deviation of barast capacitor.

Note) Insulate the high voltage area in order to prevent direct contacts to the area. As countermeasures for excessive heat or exothermic fire, use protection elements such as fuses to cut the circuit.
Use burn-resistant (or noncombustible) material for board or resin.

8. Timing characteristics of input signals

8-1. Timing characteristics

(These are specified at the digital inputs/outputs of LVDS transmitter/receiver.)



(Vertical timing)

Item(symbol)	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	備考
Vsync cycle (T_{VA})	-	17.6	-	ms	Negative
	628	666	798	line	
Blanking period(T_{VB})	28	66	-	line	
Vsync pulse width (T_{VC})	2	4	6	line	
Back porch (T_{VD})	23	23	23	line	
Vsync pulse width+Back porch ($T_{VC}+T_{VD}$)	25	27	29	line	
Active display area (T_{VE})	600	600	600	line	
Front porch (T_{VF})	3	39	-	line	

(Horizontal timing)

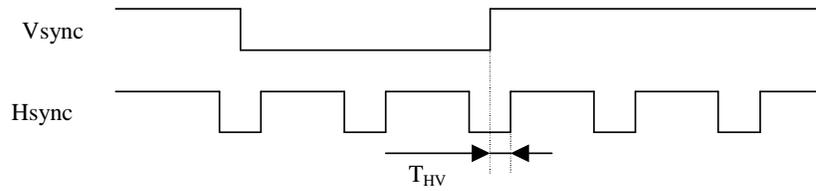
Item(symbol)	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync cycle (T_{HA})	20.8	26.4	TBD	us	Negative
	832	1056	TBD	clock	
Blanking period (T_{HB})	40	256	-	clock	
Hsync pulse width (T_{HC})	2	128	200	clock	
Back porch (T_{HD})	58	88	170	clock	
Active display area (T_{HE})	800	800	800	clock	
Front porch (T_{HF})	-	40	-	clock	

(Clock signal)

Item	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Frequency	35	40	42	MHz	[Note1]

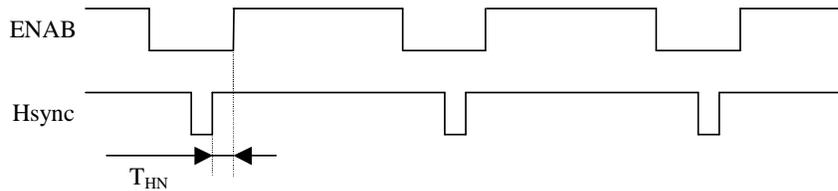
[Note1] In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc., may be occurred.

(Hsync-Vsync Phase difference)



Item(symbol)	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync-Vsync Phase difference (T_{HV})	1	-	$T_{HA}-T_{HC}$	clock	

(Hsync-ENAB Phase difference)



Item	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync-ENAB Phase difference (T_{HN})	58	88	170	clock	

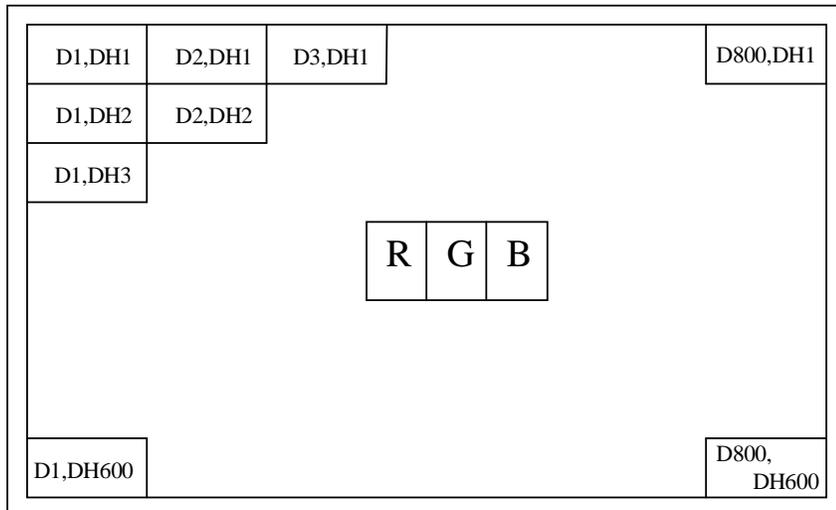
8-2 Display position

Item	Standards	Beginning	Ending	Unit	Remark
Horizontal	rising edge of ENAB	0	800	clock	
	rising edge of Hsync	88	888	clock	[Note1]
Vertical	rising edge of Vsync	23	623	line	

[Note1] In case that ENAB signal is fixed to low level. Do not keep ENAB signal high during operation.

8-3. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen

Display position of input data
(H , V)



9. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

Colors & Gray scale	Data signal																			
	Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	
Basic Color	Black	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Green	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Cyan	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Red	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Magenta	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	
	Yellow	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	White	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Gray Scale of Red	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	↑	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	↑	↓				↓					↓						↓			
	↓	↓				↓					↓						↓			
	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	↓	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray Scale of Green	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	↑	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	↑	↓				↓					↓						↓			
	↓	↓				↓					↓						↓			
	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	↓	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray Scale of Blue	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	↑	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
	↑	↓				↓					↓						↓			
	↓	↓				↓					↓						↓			
	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
	↓	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

0 :Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

10. Optical Characteristics

Ta=25°C, Vcc=+3.3V

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing angle range	Horizontal	21, 22	CR>10	60	70	-	Deg.	[Note1]
	Vertical	11		35	40	-	Deg.	[Note4]
		12		55	70	-	Deg.	[Note4]
Contrast ratio		CRn	=0°	150	-	-	-	[Note2]
		CRo	Optimum viewing angle	-	300	-	-	[Note4]
Response time	Rise	r	=0°	-	10	-	ms	[Note3]
	Decay	d		-	25	-	ms	[Note4]
Chromaticity of white		x	=0°	0.263	0.313	0.363	-	[Note4]
		y		0.279	0.329	0.379	-	
Luminance of white White Uniformity		Y _{L1}	=0°	280	350	-	cd/m ²	IL=6.0mArms fL=60kHz
		δW		-	-	1.45	-	
Viewing angle range within defined brightness		21, 22	50% of the maximum brightness	-	35	-	Deg.	[Note1]
		11		-	25	-	Deg.	
		12		-	30	-	Deg.	

The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating.

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.3 below.

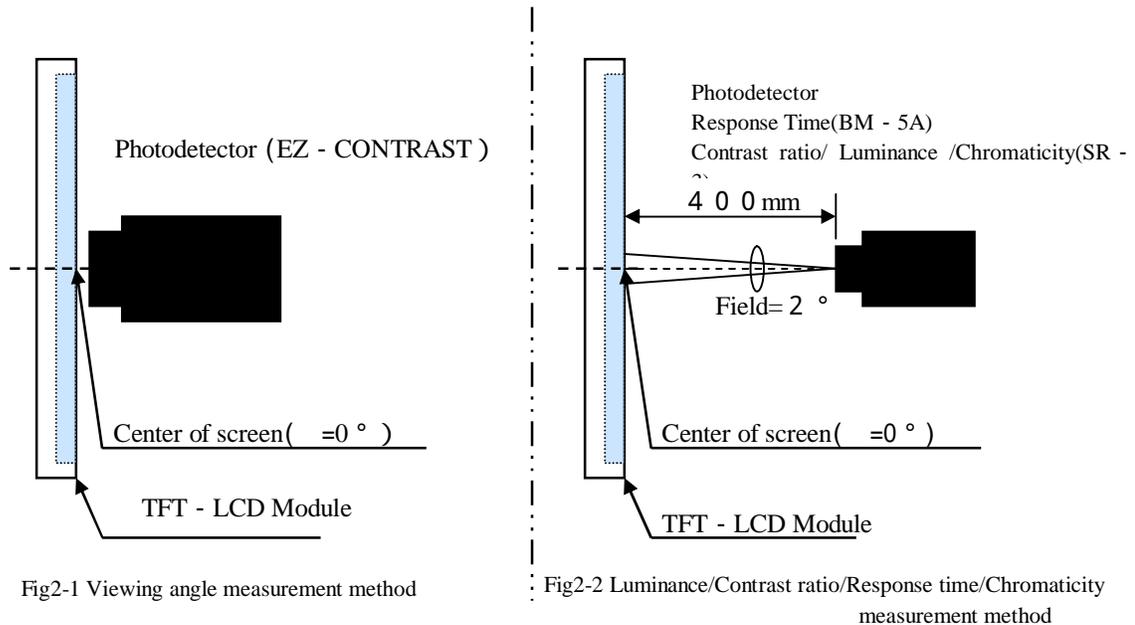
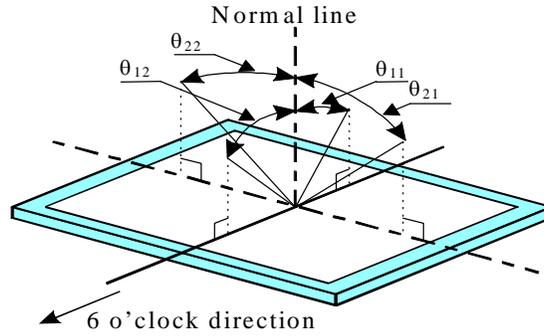


Fig2 Optical characteristics measurement method

[Note1]Definitions of viewing angle range:



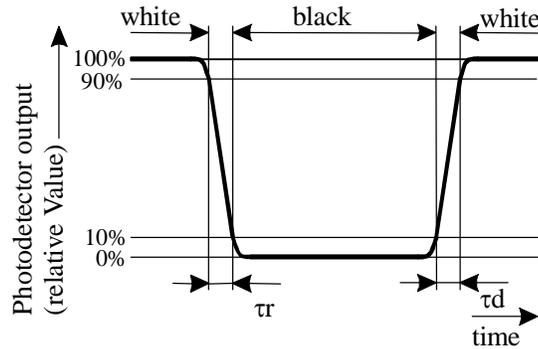
[Note2]Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black}}$$

[Note3]Definition of response time:

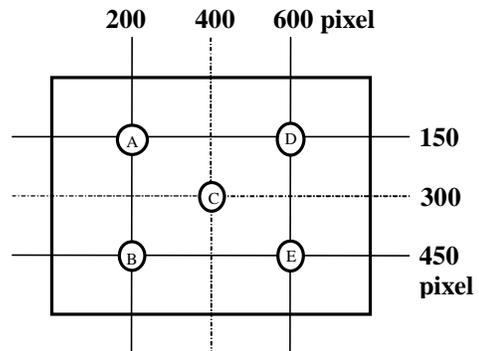
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



[Note4]This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note5]Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements (A~E).



$$w = \frac{\text{Maximum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}$$

11. Display Quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.

12. Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface.
Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling. Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- h) Since there is a circuit board in the module back, stress is not added at the time of a design assembly. Please make it like. If stress is added, there is a possibility that circuit parts may be damaged.
- i) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched .
Peel the film off slowly , just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges.
Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.
- j) The polarizer surface on the panel is treated with Anti-Glare for low reflection. In case of attaching protective board over the LCD, be careful about the optical interface fringe etc. which degrades display quality.
- k) Do not expose the LCD panel to direct sunlight. Lightproof shade etc. should be attached when LCD panel is used under such environmentl
- l) Connect GND to 4 place of mounting holes to stabilize against EMI and external noise.
- m) There are high voltage portions on the backlight and very dangerous. Careless touch may lead to electrical shock. When exchange lamps or service, turn off the power without tail.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- o) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD panel contains a small amount of mercury, please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal.
- p) Be careful of a back light lead not to pull by force at the time of the wiring to an inverter, or line processing.

13. Packing form

Product country	JAPAN	TAIWAN	CHINA
Piling number of cartons	5 (Max)		
Package quantity in one carton	20		
Carton size	494(W)×326(D)×433(H)		
Total mass of one carton filled with full modules	15.6kg		
Packing form	Fig3		

14. Reliability test items

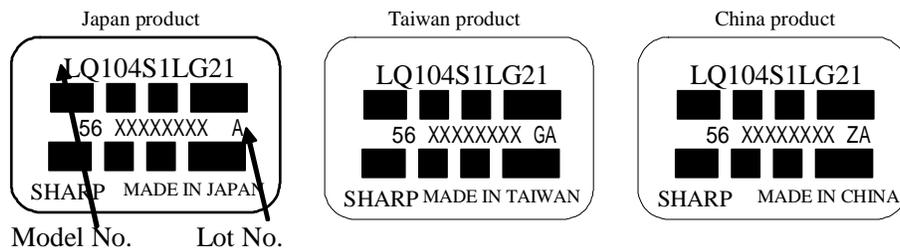
No.	Test item	Conditions	Remark
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=70 240h	
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -30 240h	
3	High temperature & high humidity operation test	Ta=40 ; 95%RH 240h (No condensation)	
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=65 240h	
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta= -10 240h	
6	Vibration test (non- operating)	Frequency: 10 ~ 57Hz/Vibration width (one side):0.075mm : 57 ~ 500Hz/Gravity:9.8m/s ² Sweep time : 11 minutes Test period : 3 hours (1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z)	
7	Shock test (non- operating)	Max. gravity : 490m/s ² Pulse width : 11ms, half sine wave Direction : ± X, ± Y, ± Z once for each direction.	
8	ESD test	Contact discharge (150pF 330) non-operating = ± 10kV, operating = ± 8kV Atmospheric discharge (150pF 330) non-operating = ± 20kV, operating = ± 15kV	
9	EMI	Measurement in 10m site Display position on the screen = "H" (full-screen), GND to 4 place = un-connect, Vcc / Vsignal = typ.	VCCI (Class B)

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function. (normal operation state : Temperature:15 ~ 35 , Humidity:45 ~ 75%, Atmospheric pressure:86 ~ 106kpa)

15. Others

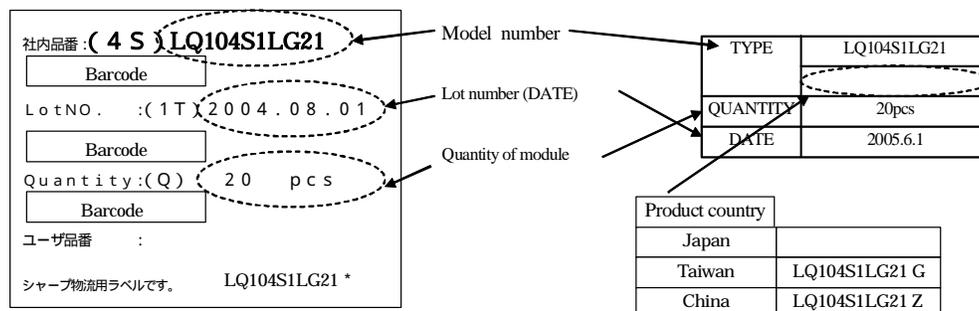
1) Lot number Label:



15-2 Packing box Label:

Quantity of module : Japan

Quantity of module : Taiwan or China



15-3 Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value.

If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.

15-4 Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.

15-5 Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.

15-6 If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this specification , it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.

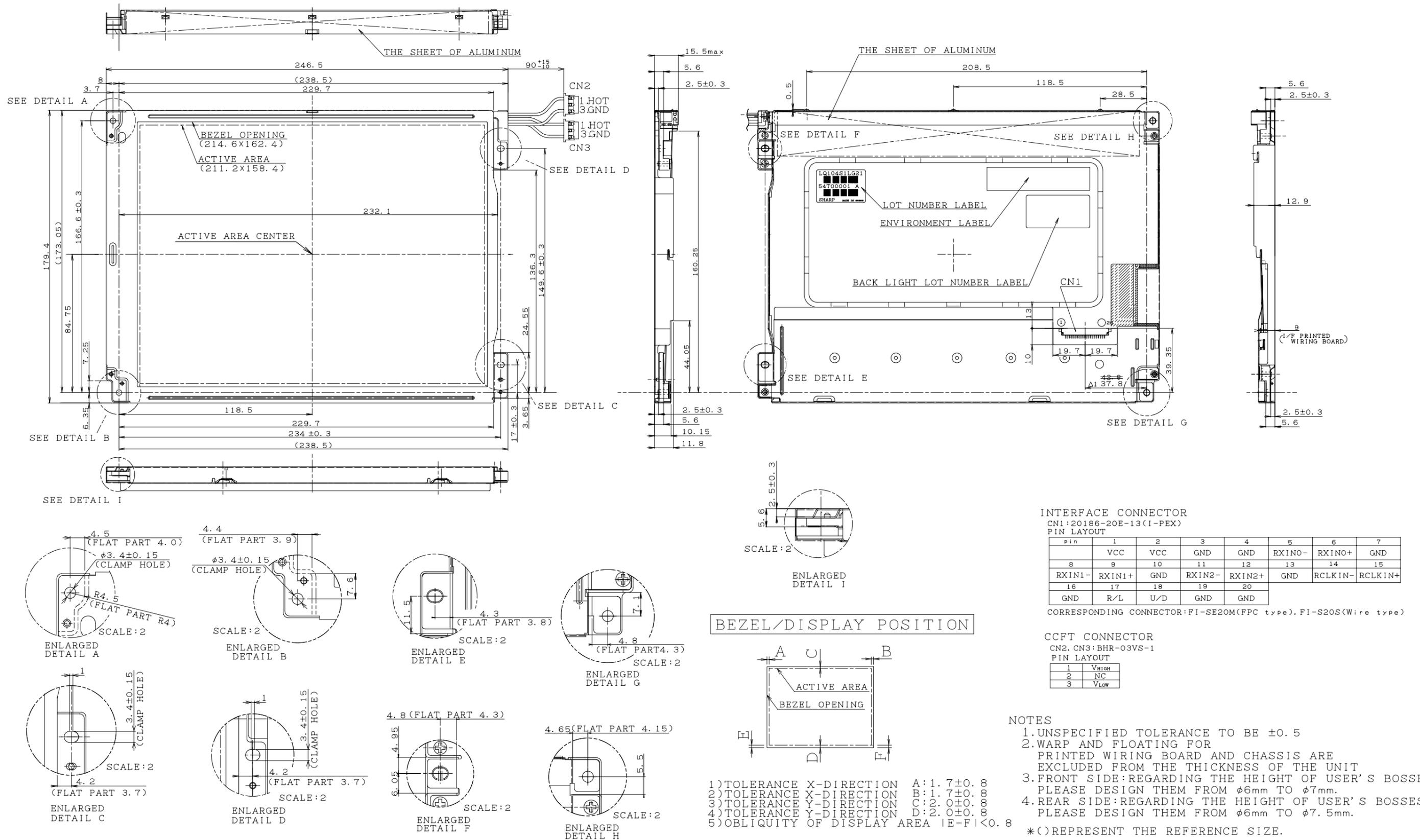


Fig 1. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS
LQ104S1LG21

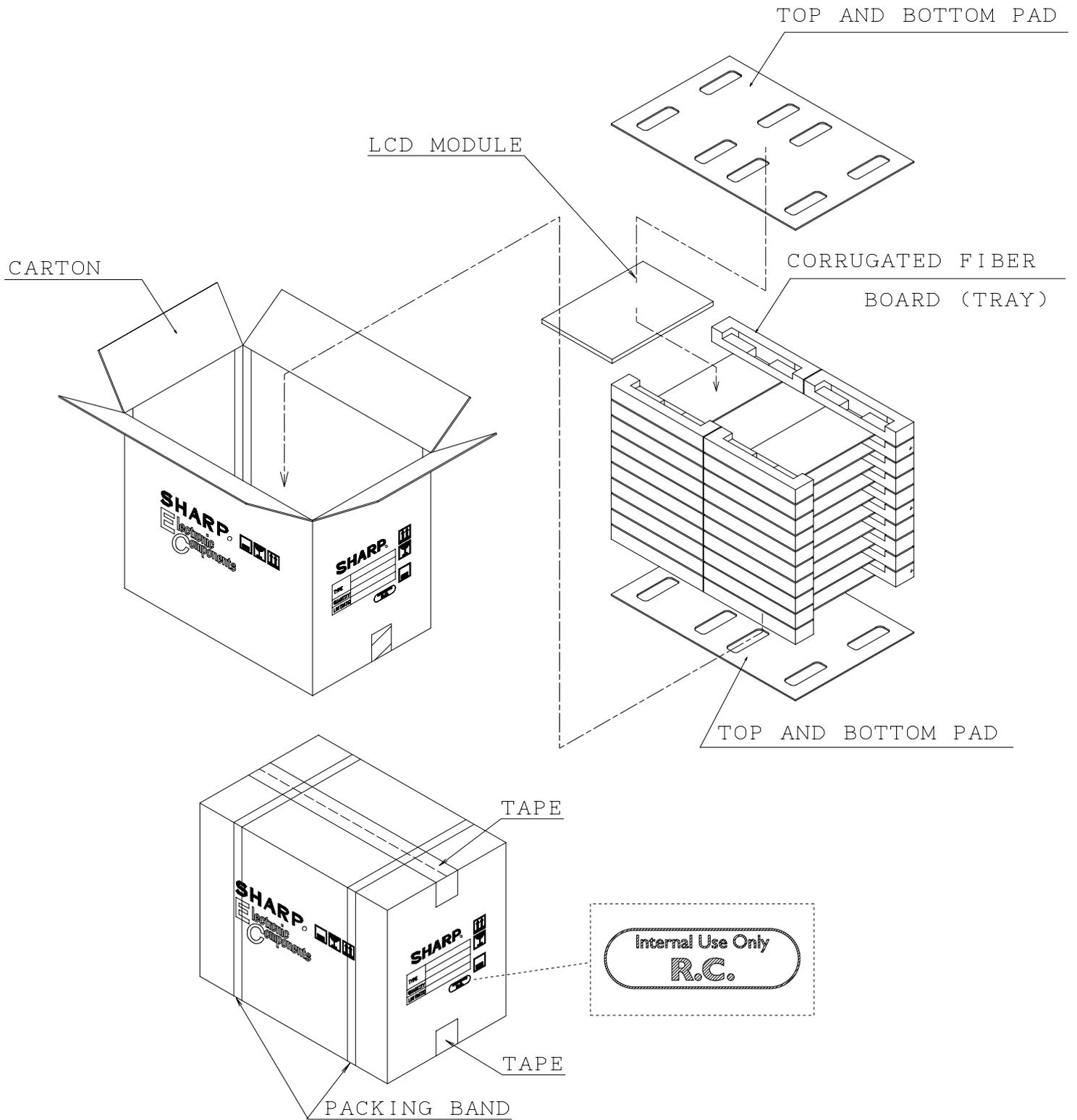


FIG. 3: PACKING FORM