



## LB1980H

### Three-Phase Brushless Motor Driver for VCR Capstan Motors

#### Overview

The LB1980H is a 3-phase brushless motor driver that is particularly appropriate for VCR capstan motor drivers.

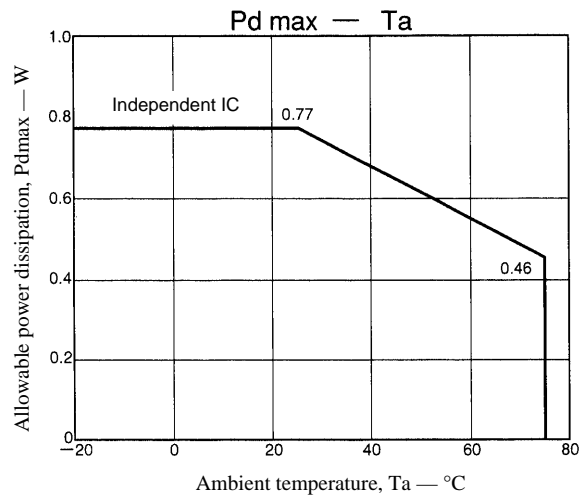
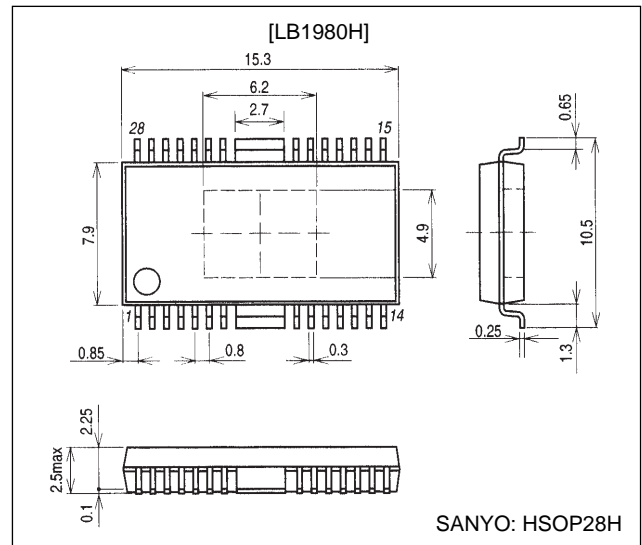
#### Functions

- 3-phase full-wave drive
- Built-in torque ripple correction circuit (variable correction ratio)
- Current limiter circuit
- Upper and lower side output stage over-saturation prevention circuit that does not require external capacitors.
- FG amplifier
- Thermal shutdown circuit

#### Package Dimensions

unit: mm

##### 3233-HSOP28H



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## Specifications

### Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> max		7	V
	V <sub>S</sub> max		24	V
Maximum output current	I <sub>O</sub> max		1.3	A
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Mounted on a 71.6 × 114.3 × 1.6 mm glass Epoxy printed circuit board	1.81	W
		Independent device	0.77	W
Operating temperature	Topr		−20 to + 75	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		−55 to + 150	°C

### Allowable Operating Ranges at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>S</sub>		5 to 22	V
	V <sub>CC</sub>		4.5 to 5.5	V
Hall input amplitude	V <sub>HALL</sub>	Between the Hall inputs	±30 to ±80	mVo-p
GSENSE pin input range	V <sub>GSENSE</sub>	With respect to the control system ground	−0.20 to + 0.20	V

### Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, V<sub>S</sub> = 15 V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
V <sub>CC</sub> supply current	I <sub>CC</sub>	RL = ∞, V <sub>CTL</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>LIM</sub> = 0 V (Quiescent)		12	18	mA
[Outputs]						
Output saturation voltage	V <sub>Osat1</sub>	I <sub>O</sub> = 500 mA, R <sub>f</sub> = 0.5 Ω, Sink + Source V <sub>CTL</sub> = V <sub>LIM</sub> = 5 V (With saturation prevention)		2.1	2.6	V
	V <sub>Osat2</sub>	I <sub>O</sub> = 1.0 A, R <sub>f</sub> = 0.5 Ω, Sink + Source V <sub>CTL</sub> = V <sub>LIM</sub> = 5 V (With saturation prevention)		2.6	3.5	V
Output leakage current	I <sub>Oleak</sub>				1.0	mA
[FR]						
FR pin input threshold voltage	V <sub>FSR</sub>		2.25	2.50	2.75	V
FR pin input bias current	I <sub>B</sub> (FSR)		−5.0			μA
[Control]						
CTLREF pin voltage	V <sub>CREF</sub>		2.05	2.15	2.25	V
CTLREF pin input range	V <sub>CREFIN</sub>		1.50		3.50	V
CTL pin input bias current	I <sub>B</sub> (CTL)	With V <sub>CTL</sub> = 5 V and the CTLREF pin open			4.0	μA
CTL pin control start voltage	V <sub>CTL</sub> (ST)	With R <sub>f</sub> = 0.5 Ω, V <sub>LIM</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>O</sub> ≥ 10 mA, Hall input logic fixed (U, V, W = H, H, L)	2.00	2.15	2.30	V
CTL pin control Gm	Gm (CTL)	With R <sub>f</sub> = 0.5 Ω, ΔI <sub>O</sub> = 200 mA, Hall input logic fixed (U, V, W = H, H, L)	0.46	0.58	0.70	A/V
[Current Limiter]						
LIM current limit offset voltage	V <sub>off</sub> (LIM)	With R <sub>f</sub> = 0.5 Ω, V <sub>CTL</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>O</sub> ≥ 10 mA, Hall input logic fixed (U, V, W = H, H, L)	140	200	260	mV
LIM pin input bias current	I <sub>B</sub> (LIM)	With V <sub>CTL</sub> = 5 V and the V <sub>CREF</sub> pin open	−2.5			μA
LIM pin current control level	I <sub>LIM</sub>	With R <sub>f</sub> = 0.5 Ω, V <sub>CTL</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>LIM</sub> = 2.06 V, Hall input logic fixed (U, V, W = H, H, L)	830	900	970	mA
[Hall Amplifier]						
Hall amplifier input offset voltage	V <sub>off</sub> (HALL)		−6		+6	mV
Hall amplifier input bias current	I <sub>B</sub> (HALL)			1.0	3.0	μA
Hall amplifier common-mode input voltage range	V <sub>CM</sub> (HALL)		1.3		3.3	V
[TRC]						
Torque ripple correction ratio	TRC	For the high and low peaks in the R <sub>f</sub> waveform when I <sub>O</sub> = 200 mA. (R <sub>f</sub> = 0.5 Ω, with the ADJ pin open)*1		9		%
ADJ pin voltage	V <sub>ADJ</sub>		2.37	2.50	2.63	V
[FG Amplifier]						
FG amplifier input offset voltage	V <sub>off</sub> (FG)		−8		+8	mV
FG amplifier input bias current	I <sub>B</sub> (FG)		−100			nA
FG amplifier output saturation voltage	V <sub>Osat</sub> (FG)	Sink side, for the load provided by the internal pull-up resistor			0.5	V
FG amplifier voltage gain	V <sub>G</sub> (FG)	For the open loop state with f = 10 kHz	41.5	44.5	47.5	dB
FG amplifier common-mode input voltage	V <sub>GM</sub> (FG)		0.5		4.0	V

Notes : 1. The torque ripple correction ratio is determined as follows from the R<sub>f</sub> voltage waveform.

2. Parameters that are indicated as design target values in the conditions column are not tested.

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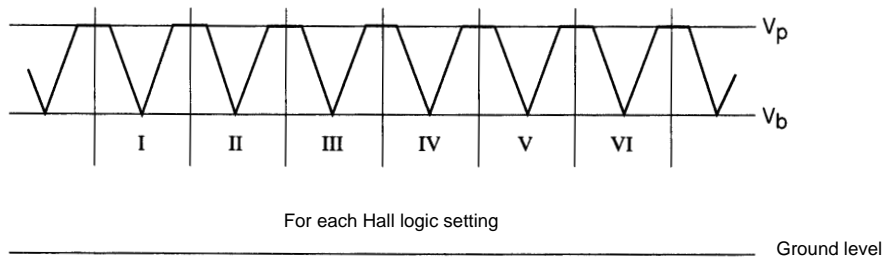
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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
[Saturation]						
Saturation prevention circuit lower side voltage setting	V <sub>0sat</sub> (DET)	The voltages between each OUT and Rf pair when I <sub>O</sub> = 10 mA, Rf = 0.5 Ω, and V <sub>CTL</sub> = V <sub>LIM</sub> = 5 V	0.175	0.25	0.325	V
[TSD]						
TSD operating temperature	TSD	Design target value*2		180		°C
Hysteresis width	ΔTSD	Design target value*2		20		°C

Notes : 1. The torque ripple correction ratio is determined as follows from the Rf voltage waveform.

2. Parameters that are indicated as design target values in the conditions column are not tested.



$$\text{Correction ratio} = \frac{2 \times (V_p - V_b)}{V_p - V_b} 100 \times (\%)$$

### Truth Table and Control Functions

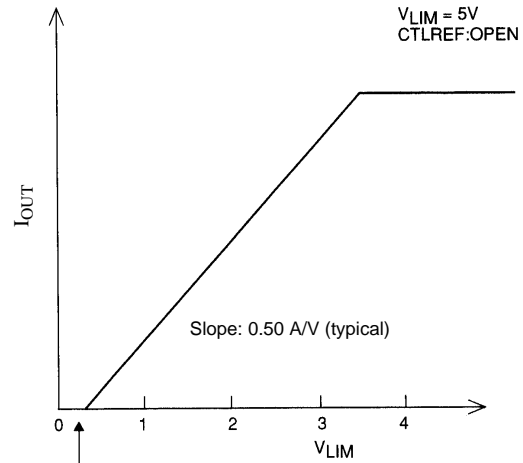
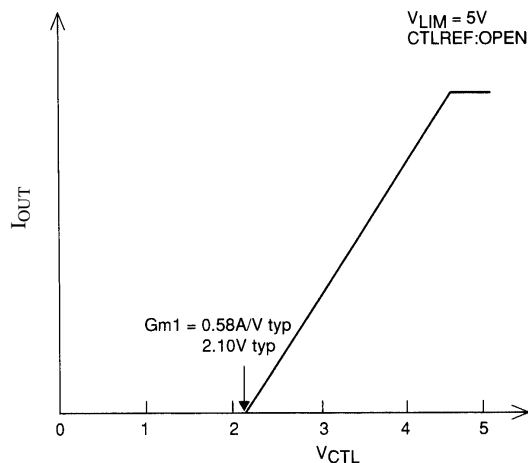
	Source → Sink	Hall input			FR
		U	V	W	
1	Phase V → Phase W	H	H	L	H
	Phase W → Phase V				L
2	Phase U → Phase W	H	L	L	H
	Phase W → Phase U				L
3	Phase U → Phase V	H	L	H	H
	Phase V → Phase U				L
4	Phase W → Phase V	L	L	H	H
	Phase V → Phase W				L
5	Phase W → Phase U	L	H	H	H
	Phase U → Phase W				L
6	Phase V → Phase U	L	H	L	H
	Phase U → Phase V				L

Note: In the FR column, "H" refers to a voltage of 2.75 V or higher, and "L" refers to 2.25 V or lower (when  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ .)

Note: In the Hall input column, "H" refers to the state in the corresponding phase where the + input is at a potential at least 0.01 V higher than the – input, and "L" refers to the state where the – input is at a potential at least 0.01 V higher than the + input.

Note: Since the drive technique adopted is a 180° technique, phases other than the sink and source phase do not turn off.

### Control Function and Current Limiter Function



## Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin	Function	Equivalent circuit
27 28 1	U <sub>OUT</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> W <sub>OUT</sub>	U phase output V phase output W phase output (Spark killer diodes are built-in.)	
4 24	Rf (SENSE) Rf (PWR)	Output current detection. The control block current limiter operates using the resistor Rf connected between these pins and ground. Also, the lower side saturation prevention circuit and the torque ripple correction circuit operate based on the voltages across this resistor. It is especially important to note that, since the saturation prevention level is set using this voltage, the lower side saturation prevention circuit will become less effective in the high current region if the value of Rf is lowered excessively. Also, the PWR and SENSE pins must be connected together.	
22	V <sub>S</sub>	Output block power supply	
5	GSENSE	Ground sensing. The influence of the common ground impedance on Rf can be excluded by connecting this pin to nearest ground for the Rf resistor side of the motor ground wiring that includes Rf. (This pin must not be left open.)	
6	FR	Forward/reverse selection. The voltage applied to this pin selects the motor direction (forward or reverse). (V <sub>th</sub> = 2.5 V at V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V (typical))	
23	ADJ	Used for external adjustment of the torque ripple correction ratio. Apply a voltage externally with a low-impedance circuit to the ADJ pin to adjust the correction ratio. The correction ratio falls as the applied voltage is increased, and increases as the applied voltage decreases. The torque ripple correction ratio can be modified by factors in the range 0 to 2 times the ratio that applies when this pin is left open. (The pin voltage is set to about V <sub>CC</sub> /2 internally, and the input impedance is about 5 kΩ.)	
7	GND	Ground for all circuits other than the output transistors. The lowest potential of the output transistors is that of the Rf pin.	
8	FG <sub>IN</sub> <sup>+</sup>	Input used when the FG amplifier is used as an inverting input. A feedback resistor must be connected between FG <sub>OUT</sub> and this pin.	
9	FG <sub>IN</sub> <sup>-</sup>	Noninverting input used when the FG amplifier is used as a differential input amplifier. No bias is applied internally.	
10	FG <sub>OUT</sub>	FG amplifier output. There is an internal resistive load.	
14	FC	Speed control loop frequency characteristics correction.	

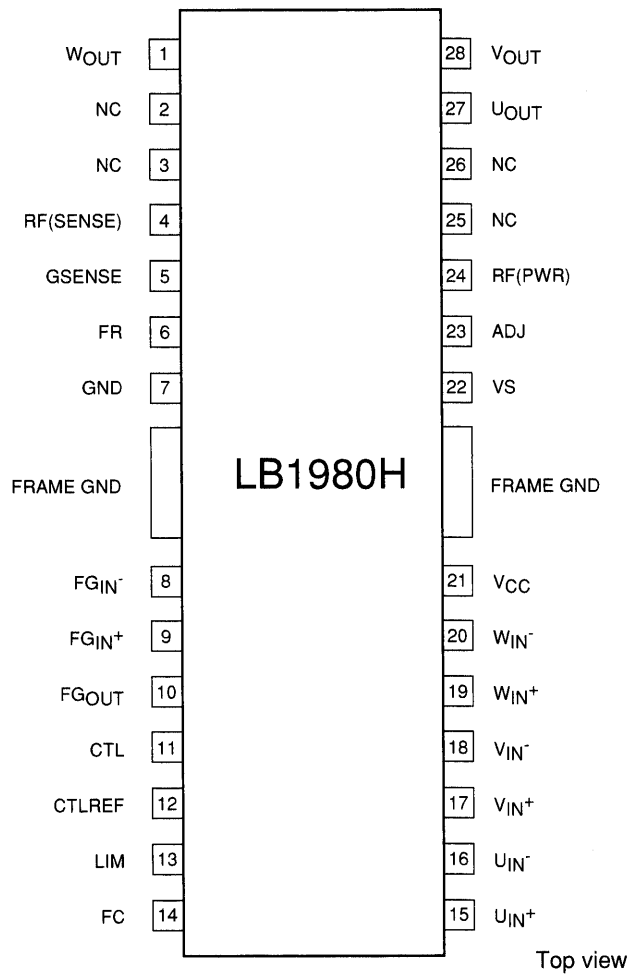
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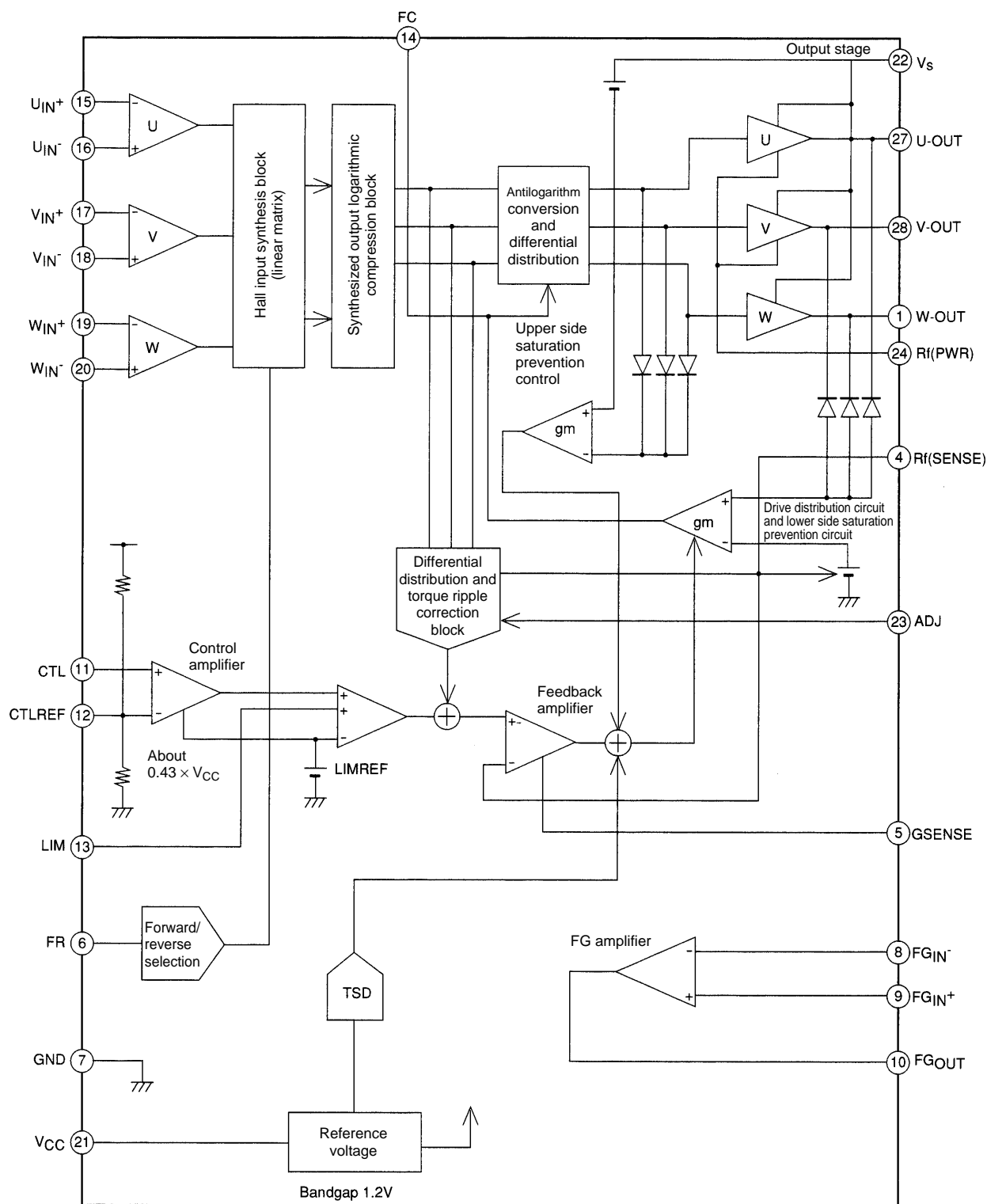
Pin No.	Pin	Function	Equivalent circuit
11	CTL	Speed control input. The control implemented is fixed current drive controlled by current feedback from Rf. $G_m = 0.58/V$ (typical) when $R_f = 0.5 \Omega$	
12	CTLREF	Control reference voltage. While this pin is set to about $0.43 \times V_{CC}$ internally, this voltage can be modified by applying a voltage from a low-impedance circuit. (The input impedance is about 4.3 kΩ).	
13	LIM	Current limiter function control. The output current can be varied linearly by applying a voltage to this pin. The slope is 0.5 A/V (typical) when $R_f = 0.5 \Omega$ .	
15 16 17 18 19 20	$U_{IN}^+$ $U_{IN}^-$ $V_{IN}^+$ $V_{IN}^-$ $W_{IN}^+$ $W_{IN}^-$	U phase Hall element inputs. Logic high is defined as states where $IN^+ > IN^-$ .  V phase Hall element inputs. Logic high is defined as states where $IN^+ > IN^-$ .  W phase Hall element inputs. Logic high is defined as states where $IN^+ > IN^-$ .	
21	$V_{CC}$	Power supply for all internal blocks other than the output block. This voltage must be stabilized so that noise and ripple do not enter the IC.	

## Pin Assignment



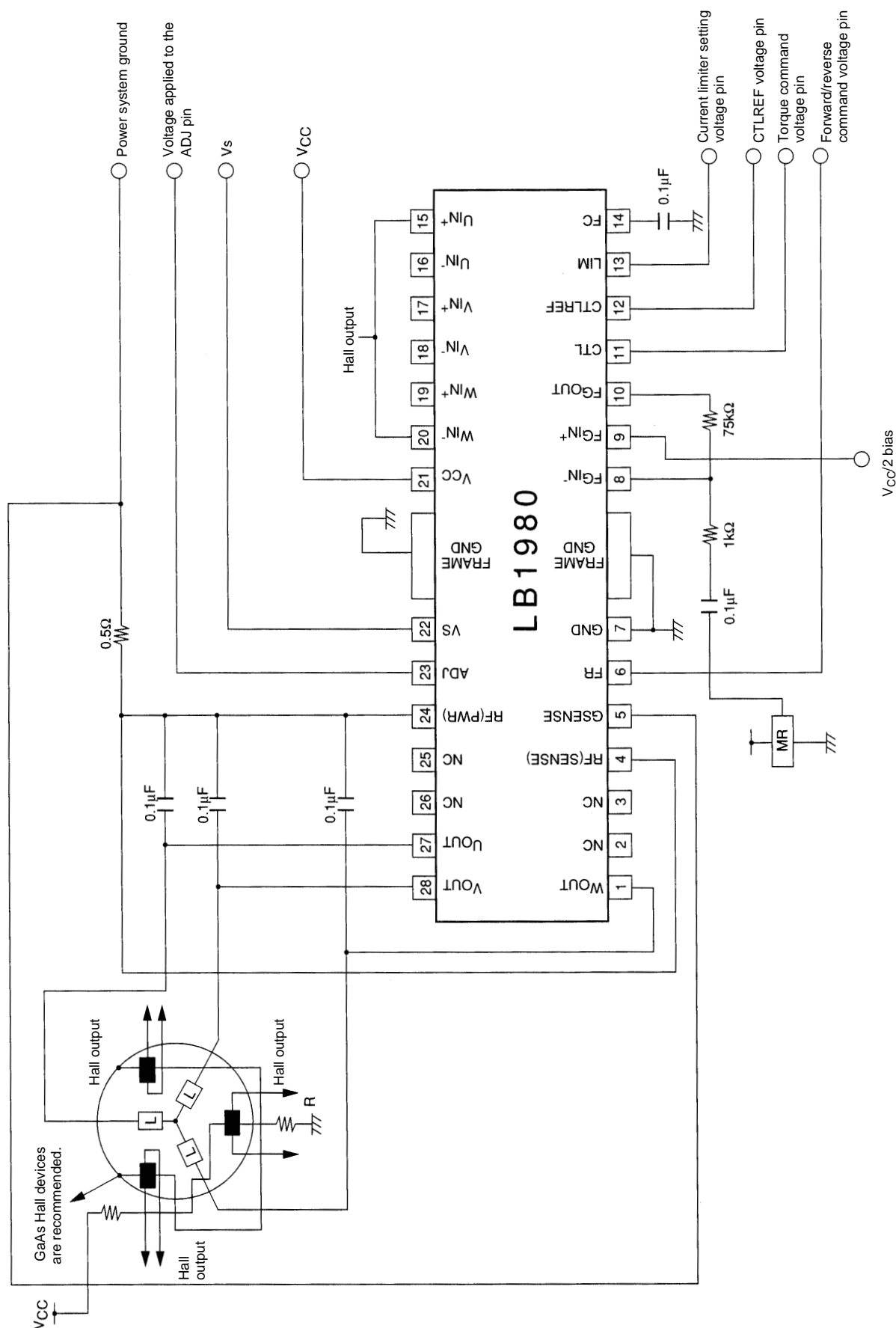
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## Block Diagram



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### Sample Application Circuit



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