Varispeed G7 INSTRUCTION MANUAL

GENERAL PURPOSE INVERTER (ADVANCED VECTOR CONTROL)

MODEL: CIMR-G7B 200V CLASS 0.4 to 110kW (1.2 to 160kVA) 400V CLASS 0.4 to 300kW (1.4 to 460kVA)

Upon receipt of the product and prior to initial operation, read these instructions thoroughly, and retain for future reference.



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Preface

This manual is designed to ensure correct and suitable application of Varispeed G7-Series Inverters. Read this manual before attempting to install, operate, maintain, or inspect an Inverter and keep it in a safe, convenient location for future reference. Be sure you understand all precautions and safety information before attempting application.

General Precautions

- The diagrams in this manual may be indicated without covers or safety shields to show details. Be sure to restore covers or shields before operating the Units and run the Units according to the instructions described in this manual.
- Any illustrations, photographs, or examples used in this manual are provided as examples only and may not apply to all products to which this manual is applicable.
- The products and specifications described in this manual or the content and presentation of the manual may be changed without notice to improve the product and/or the manual.
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Safety Information

The following conventions are used to indicate precautions in this manual. Failure to heed precautions provided in this manual can result in serious or possibly even fatal injury or damage to the products or to related equipment and systems.



Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could possibly result in loss of life or serious injury.



Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could result in relatively serious or minor injury, damage to the product, or faulty operation.

Failure to heed a precaution classified as a caution can result in serious consequences depending on the situation.



Indicates important information that should be memorized.

Safety Precautions

Confirmations upon Delivery

Never install an Inverter that is damaged or missing components.

Doing so can result in injury.

Installation

- · Always hold the case when carrying the Inverter.
 - If the Inverter is held by the front cover, the main body of the Inverter may fall, possibly resulting in injury.
- Attach the Inverter to a metal or other noncombustible material. Fire can result if the Inverter is attached to a combustible material.
- Install a cooling fan or other cooling device when installing more than one Inverter in the same enclosure so that the temperature of the air entering the Inverters is below 45°C. Overheating can result in fires or other accidents.

Wiring

· Always turn OFF the input power supply before wiring terminals. Otherwise, an electric shock or fire can occur. · Wiring must be performed by an authorized person qualified in electrical work. Otherwise, an electric shock or fire can occur. • Be sure to ground the ground terminal. (200 V Class: Ground to 100 Ω or less, 400 V Class: Ground to 10 Ω or less) Otherwise, an electric shock or fire can occur. · Always check the operation of any emergency stop circuits after they are wired. Otherwise, there is the possibility of injury. (Wiring is the responsibility of the user.) · Never touch the output terminals directly with your hands or allow the output lines to come into contact with the Inverter case. Never short the output circuits. Otherwise, an electric shock or ground short can occur. • If the power supply is turned ON during the FWD (or REV) Run Command is given, the motor will start automatically. Turn the power supply ON after verifying that the RUN signal is OFF. Failure to observe this warning may result in injury. · When the 3-wire sequence is set, do not make the wiring for the control circuit unless the multifunction input terminal constant is set.

Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.

- Check to be sure that the voltage of the main AC power supply satisfies the rated voltage of the Inverter.
- Injury or fire can occur if the voltage is not correct.
- Do not perform voltage withstand tests on the Inverter.
- Otherwise, semiconductor elements and other devices can be damaged.
- Connect braking resistors, Braking Resistor Units, and Braking Units as shown in the I/O wiring examples.

Otherwise, a fire can occur and the Inverter, braking resistors, Braking Resistor Units, and Braking Units can be damaged.

- Tighten all terminal screws to the specified tightening torque. Otherwise, a fire may occur.
- Do not connect AC power to output terminals U, V, and W. The interior parts of the Inverter will be damaged if voltage is applied to the output terminals.
- Do not connect phase-advancing capacitors or LC/RC noise filters to the output circuits. The Inverter can be damaged or interior parts burnt if these devices are connected.
- Do not connect magnetic contactors to the output circuits.

If a load is connected while the Inverter is operating, surge current will cause the overcurrent protection circuit inside the Inverter to operate.

Setting User Constants

- Disconnect the load (machine, device) from the motor before performing rotational autotuning. The motor may turn, possibly resulting in injury or damage to equipment. Also, motor constants cannot be correctly set with the motor attached to a load.
- Stay clear of the motor during rotational autotuning.
 The motor exercise and stemping until autotuning has been
 - The motor repeats running and stopping until autotuning has been completed, possibly resulting in injury.
- In stationary autotuning 1, when the motor is first operated in the drive mode after tuning, the remaining motor constants E2-02 (Motor rated slip) and E2-03 (Motor no-load current) are set automatically. To perform an operation immediately after stationary autotuning 1, use the following procedure under the recommended conditions.
 - (1) Check the values of E2-02 and E2-03 in verify mode or advanced programming mode.
 - (2) Run the motor once in drive mode under the following conditions.
 - The Inverter and the motor are connected.
 - The motor shaft is not locked with a mechanical brake or other stopping mechanism (or function).
 - A motor-load ratio of 30% or less is maintained.
 - A speed of 30% or more of the base frequency set at E1-06 (default = highest frequency) is maintained at a constant speed for one second or more.
 - (3) After stopping the motor, check the values of E2-02 and E2-03 again in verify mode or advanced programming mode. If the values of E2-02 and E2-03 differ from the ones before the first operation was carried out, the settings have been successfully completed. Next, check if the values are suitable or not.

If the values of E2-02 and E2-03 differed greatly from the reference data of the motor in the test report or the instruction manual (TOE-S616-60.1), hunting, motor vibrations, insufficient motor torque, or an overcurrent may occur because the motor is operated although the aforementioned conditions have not been fulfilled after stationary autotuning 1. For elevators, failure to observe this caution may result in the cage falling or injury. If so, perform stationary autotuning 1 again and run the motor using the aforementioned procedure under the recommended conditions or perform stationary autotuning 2 or rotational autotuning.

Usually the standard setting for E2-02 is 1 Hz to 3 Hz, and that for E2-03 is 30% to 65% of the rated current for a generalpurpose motor. Generally, the larger the motor capacity is, the smaller the rated slip and the ratio of the no-load current to the rated current become. Use the data given in *Factory Settings that Change with the Inverter Capacity (o2-04) of Chapter 5 User Constants* as a reference.

Trial Operation

- Check to be sure that the front cover is attached before turning ON the power supply. An electric shock may occur.
- Do not come close to the machine when the fault reset function is used. If the alarmed is cleared, the machine may start moving suddenly.

Also, design the machine so that human safety is ensured even when it is restarted. Injury may occur.

- Provide a separate emergency stop switch; the Digital Operator STOP Key is valid only when its function is set.
- Injury may occur.

• Reset alarms only after confirming that the RUN signal is OFF. Injury may occur.

• Don't touch the radiation fins (heatsink), braking resistor, or Braking Resistor Unit. These can become very hot.

Otherwise, a burn injury may occur.

- Be sure that the motor and machine is within the applicable ranges before starting operation. Otherwise, an injury may occur.
- Provide a separate holding brake if necessary.
 Always construct the external sequence to confirm that the holding brake is activated in the event of an emergency, a power failure, or an abnormality in the Inverter.
 Failure to observe this caution can result in injury.
- If using an Inverter with an elevator, take safety measures on the elevator to prevent the elevator from dropping.
- Failure to observe this caution can result in injury.
- Don't check signals while the Inverter is running. Otherwise, the equipment may be damaged.
- Be careful when changing Inverter settings. The Inverter is factory set to suitable settings. For the Inverters in the 400 V class of 55 kW or more, however, select the correct power supply voltage jumper according to the input voltage. Otherwise, the equipment may be damaged.

Maintenance and Inspection



- A CMOS IC is used in the control board. Handle the control board and CMOS IC carefully. The CMOS IC can be destroyed by static electricity if touched directly.
- Do not change the wiring, or remove connectors or the Digital Operator, during operation. Doing so can result in personal injury.

Other

- Do not attempt to modify or alter the Inverter.
- Doing so can result in electrical shock or injury.

• Do not subject the Inverter to halogen gases, such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine, at any time even during transportation or installation.

Otherwise, the Inverter can be damaged or interior parts burnt.

Warning Information and Position

There is warning information on the Inverter in the position shown in the following illustration. Always heed the warnings.



Warning Information

Risk of electric shock.

- •Read manual before installing.
- •Wait 5 minutes for capacitor discharge after disconnecting power supply.

Risque de décharge électrique.

- •Lire le manuel avant l' installation.
- •Attendre 5 minutes aprés la coupure de l'allmentation. Pour permettre la décharge des condensateurs.

▲ 有受伤、触电危险。

- •安装、运行前务必先阅读使用说明书。
- •通电时及电源切断后5分钟以内,

不要打开端子排外壳。

Warranty Information

Free Warranty Period and Scope

Warranty Period

This product is warranted for twelve months after being delivered to Yaskawa's customer or if applicable eighteen months from the date of shipment from Yaskawa's factory whichever comes first.

Scope of Warranty

Inspections

Periodic inspections must be conducted by the customer. However, upon request, Yaskawa or one of Yaskawa's Service Centers can inspect the product for a fee. In this case, if after conferring with the customer, a Yaskawa product is found to be defective due to Yaskawa workmanship or materials and the defect occurs during the warranty period, then this fee will be waived and the problem remedied free of charge.

Repairs

If a Yaskawa product is found to be defective due to Yaskawa workmanship or materials and the defect occurs during the warranty period, Yaskawa will provide a replacement, repair the defective product, and provide shipping to and from the site free of charge.

However, if the Yaskawa Authorized Service Center determines that the problem with a Yaskawa product is not due to defects in Yaskawa's workmanship or materials, then the customer will be responsible for the cost of any necessary repairs. Some problems that are outside the scope of this warranty are:

- Problems due to improper maintenance or handling, carelessness, or other reasons where the customer is determined to be responsible.
- Problems due to additions or modifications made to a Yaskawa product without Yaskawa's understanding.
- Problems due to the use of a Yaskawa product under conditions that do not meet the recommended specifications.
- Problems caused by natural disaster or fire.
- Or other problems not due to defects in Yaskawa workmanship or materials.

Warranty service is only applicable within Japan.

However, after-sales service is available for customers outside of Japan for a reasonable fee. Contact your local Yaskawa representative for more information.

Exceptions

Any inconvenience to the customer or damage to non-Yaskawa products due to Yaskawa's defective products whether within or outside the warranty period are NOT covered by this warranty.

Restrictions

- The Varispeed G7 was not designed or manufactured for use in devices or systems that may directly affect or threaten human lives or health.
- Customers who intend to use the product described in this manual for devices or systems relating to transportation, health care, space aviation, atomic or electric power, or underwater use must contact their Yaskawa representatives or the nearest Yaskawa sales office beforehand.
- This product has been manufactured under strict quality-control guidelines. However, if this product is to be installed in any location where failure of this product could involve or result in a life-and-death situation or loss of human life or in a facility where failure may cause a serious accident or physical injury, safety devices must be installed to minimize the likelihood of any accident.

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- DeviceNet is a registered trademark of the ODVA (Open DeviceNet Vendors Association, Inc.).
- InterBus is a registered trademark of Phoenix Contact Co.
- ControlNet is a registered trademark of ControlNet International, Ltd.
- LONWORKS is a registered trademark of the Echelon.

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Varispeed G7 Introduction

Varispeed G7 Models

The Varispeed-G7 Series of Inverters included two Inverters in two voltage classes: 200 V and 400 V. Maximum motor capacities vary from 0.4 to 300 kW (41 models).

| | Maximum | | Varispeed G7 | Specifications | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------|--------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Voltage | Motor | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | (Always specify through the protective structure when ordering.) | | | | | | | | |
| Class | Capacity | Output | | Open Chassis | Enclosed Wall-mounted | | | | | | | |
| | kW | kVA | Basic Model Number | | $\begin{bmatrix} 1120, NEMA T (Type T) \end{bmatrix}$ $CIMR-G7B\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box$ | | | | | | | |
| | 0.4 | 1.2 | CIMR-G7B20P4 | | 20P41□ | | | | | | | |
| | 0.75 | 2.3 | CIMR-G7B20P7 | - | 20P71□ | | | | | | | |
| | 1.5 | 3.0 | CIMR-G7B21P5 | - | 21P51□ | | | | | | | |
| | 2.2 | 4.6 | CIMR-G7B22P2 | Remove the top and bottom cov- | 22P21□ | | | | | | | |
| | 3.7 | 6.9 | CIMR-G7B23P7 | ers from the Enclosed Wall- | 23P71□ | | | | | | | |
| | 5.5 | 10 | CIMR-G7B25P5 | mounted model. | 25P51□ | | | | | | | |
| | 7.5 | 13 | CIMR-G7B27P5 | - | 27P51□ | | | | | | | |
| | 11 | 19 | CIMR-G7B2011 | - | 2011 | | | | | | | |
| 200 14 61 | 15 | 25 | CIMR-G7B2015 | - | 20151□ | | | | | | | |
| 200 V Class | 18.5 | 30 | CIMR-G7B2018 | 20180□ | 20181□ | | | | | | | |
| | 22 | 37 | CIMR-G7B2022 | 20220□ | 20221□ | | | | | | | |
| | 30 | 50 | CIMR-G7B2030 | 20300□ | 20301□ | | | | | | | |
| | 37 | 61 | CIMR-G7B2037 | 20370□ | 20371□ | | | | | | | |
| | 45 | 70 | CIMR-G7B2045 | 20450□ | 20451 | | | | | | | |
| | 55 | 85 | CIMR-G7B2055 | 20550□ | 20551 | | | | | | | |
| | 75 | 110 | CIMR-G7B2075 | 20750□ | 20751 | | | | | | | |
| | 90 | 140 | CIMR-G7B2090 | 20900□ | - | | | | | | | |
| | 110 | 160 | CIMR-G7B2110 | 21100□ | - | | | | | | | |
| | 0.4 | 1.4 | CIMR-G7B40P4 | | 40P41 | | | | | | | |
| | 0.75 | 2.6 | CIMR-G7B40P7 | | 40P71□ | | | | | | | |
| | 1.5 | 3.7 | CIMR-G7B41P5 | | 41P51□ | | | | | | | |
| | 2.2 | 4.7 | CIMR-G7B42P2 | Remove the top and bottom cov- | 42P21□ | | | | | | | |
| | 3.7 | 6.9 | CIMR-G7B43P7 | ers from the Enclosed Wall- | 43P71□ | | | | | | | |
| | 5.5 | 11 | CIMR-G7B45P5 | mount model. | 45P51□ | | | | | | | |
| | 7.5 | 16 | CIMR-G7B47P5 | | 47P51□ | | | | | | | |
| | 11 | 21 | CIMR-G7B4011 | | 40111□ | | | | | | | |
| | 15 | 26 | CIMR-G7B4015 | | 40151 | | | | | | | |
| | 18.5 | 32 | CIMR-G7B4018 | 40180□ | 40181□ | | | | | | | |
| | 22 | 40 | CIMR-G7B4022 | 40220□ | 40221 | | | | | | | |
| 400 V Class | 30 | 50 | CIMR-G7B4030 | 40300□ | 40301 | | | | | | | |
| | 37 | 61 | CIMR-G7B4037 | 40370□ | 40371 | | | | | | | |
| | 45 | 74 | CIMR-G7B4045 | 40450□ | 40451 | | | | | | | |
| | 55 | 98 | CIMR-G7B4055 | 40550□ | 40551 | | | | | | | |
| | 75 | 130 | CIMR-G7B4075 | 40750□ | 40751 | | | | | | | |
| | 90 | 150 | CIMR-G7B4090 | 40900□ | 40901 | | | | | | | |
| | 110 | 180 | CIMR-G7B4110 | 41100□ | 41101□ | | | | | | | |
| | 132 | 210 | CIMR-G7B4132 | 41320□ | 41321□ | | | | | | | |
| | 160 | 250 | CIMR-G7B4160 | 41600□ | 41601□ | | | | | | | |
| | 185 | 280 | CIMR-G7B4185 | 41850□ | = | | | | | | | |
| | 220 | 340 | CIMR-G7B4220 | 42200□ | = | | | | | | | |
| | 300 | 460 | CIMR-G7B4300 | 43000□ | - | | | | | | | |

Table 1.1 Varispeed G7 Models

Confirmations upon Delivery

Checks

Check the following items as soon as the Inverter is delivered.

Table 1.2 Checks

| Item | Method | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Has the correct model of Inverter been delivered? | Check the model number on the nameplate on the side of the Inverter. | | | | | | | |
| Is the Inverter damaged in any way? | Inspect the entire exterior of the Inverter to see if there are any scratches or other damage resulting from shipping. | | | | | | | |
| Are any screws or other components loose? | Use a screwdriver or other tools to check for tightness. | | | | | | | |

If you find any irregularities in the above items, contact the agency from which you purchased the Inverter or your Yaskawa representative immediately.

Nameplate Information

There is a nameplate attached to the side of each Inverter. The nameplate shows the model number, specifications, lot number, serial number, and other information on the Inverter.

Example Nameplate

The following nameplate is an example for a standard domestic (Japan) Inverter: 3-phase, 200 VAC, 0.4 kW, IEC IP20 and NEMA 1 (Type 1) standards



Fig 1.1 Nameplate

Inverter Model Numbers

The model number of the Inverter on the nameplate indicates the specification, voltage class, and maximum motor capacity of the Inverter in alphanumeric codes.



Fig 1.2 Inverter Model Numbers

■Inverter Specifications

The Inverter specifications ("SPEC") on the nameplate indicate the voltage class, maximum motor capacity, the protective structure, and the revision of the Inverter in alphanumeric codes.



"P" indicates the decimal point.





Open Chassis Type (IEC IP00)

Protected so that parts of the human body cannot reach electrically charged parts from the front when the Inverter is mounted in a control panel.

Enclosed Wall-mounted Type [IEC IP20, NEMA 1 (Type 1)]

The Inverter is structured so that the Inverter is shielded from the exterior, and can thus be mounted to the interior wall of a standard building (not necessarily enclosed in a control panel). The protective structure conforms to the standards of NEMA 1 (Type 1) in the USA. The protective covers (see *Fig. 1.4*) are required for an IEC IP20 or NEMA 1 (Type 1) protective structure.

Component Names

The external appearance and component names of the Inverter are shown in *Fig 1.4*. The Inverter with the terminal cover removed is shown in *Fig 1.5*.







Fig 1.5 Terminal Arrangement

Exterior and Mounting Dimensions

Open Chassis Inverters (IP00)

Exterior diagrams of the Open Chassis Inverters are shown below.



200 V/400 V Class Inverters of 0.4 to 15 kW



* (10) for 200 V Class Inverters of 30 to 110 kW or 400 V Class Inverters of 55 to 160 kW.

200 V Class Inverters of 18.5 to 110 kW 400 V Class Inverters of 18.5 to 160 kW



400 V Class Inverters of 185 to 300 kW

Fig 1.6 Exterior Diagrams of Open Chassis Inverters

Enclosed Wall-mounted Inverters [NEMA1 (Type 1)]

Exterior diagrams of the Enclosed Wall-mounted Inverters [NEMA1 (Type 1)] are shown below.



²⁰⁰ V/400 V Class Inverters of 0.4 to 15 kW



* (7.5) for 200 V Class Inverters of 30 to 75 kW or 400 V Class Inverters of 55 to 160 kW.

200 V Class Inverters of 18.5 to 75 kW 400 V Class Inverters of 18.5 to 160 kW

Fig 1.7 Exterior Diagrams of Enclosed Wall-mounted Inverters

| | Max. Appli- | | | | | | | | | [| Dimer | imensions (mm) | | | | | | | | | | | | | era- /) | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----|----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------|-----|-----------------|-------|----------------|-------|--------|----------|-------|--------|------|------------|--------|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------|---|
| Voltage | cable | | | O | oen C | hassi | s (IP0 |)0) | | | | | Enclo | osed \ | Wall-r | noun | ted [N | IEMA | 1 (Ty | pe 1)] | | | | | Total | Cooling | |
| 01033 | Output [kW] | w | н | D | W1 | H1 | H2 | D1 | t1 | Approx. Mass | w | н | D | W1 | H0 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | t1 | Approx. Mass | Mount- ing Holes d* | Exter nal | Inter- nal | Gen- era- tion | Method | |
| | 0.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 21 | 36 | 57 | N T . | |
| | 0.75 | | | 157 | | | | 39 | | 3 | | | 157 | | | | | | 39 | | 3 | | 43 | 42 | 85 | Natu- ral | |
| | 1.5 | 140 | 280 | | 126 | 266 | 7 | | 5 | | 140 | 280 | | 126 | 280 | 266 | 7 | | | 5 | | M5 | 58 | 47 | 105 | | |
| | 2.2 | | | 177 | | | | 59 | | 4 | | | 177 | | | | | 0 | 59 | | 4 | | 83 | 53 | 136 | | |
| | 3.7 | | | 1.7.7 | | | | 0, | | · | | | 177 | | | | | Ŭ | 0, | | Ċ | | 122 | 64 | 186 | | |
| | 5.5 | 200 | 300 | 197 | 186 | 285 | 8 | 65.5 | | 6 | 200 | 300 | 197 | 186 | 300 | 285 | 8 | | 65.5 | | 6 | | 187 | 87 | 274 | | |
| | 7.5 | | | | | | Ŭ | | | 7 | | | | | | | - | | | | 7 | | 263 | 112 | 375 | | |
| | 11 | 240 | 350 | 207 | 216 | 335 | | 78 | 2.3 | 11 | 240 | 350 | 207 | 216 | 350 | 335 | | | 78 | 2.3 | 11 | M6 | 357 | 136 | 493 | | |
| 200 V (3 phase) | 15 | 250 | 400 | | 105 | 385 | 7.5 | | | 01 | 254 | 380 | | 105 | 400 | 205 | 7.5 | 30 | | - | 24 | - | 473 | 174 | 647 | | |
| (J-phase) | 18.5 | 250 | 400 | 258 | 195 | 385 | | 100 | | 21 | 254 | 555 | 258 | 195 | 400 | 385 | | 155 | 100 | | 24 | - | 599 | 242 | 839 | E.u. | |
| | 22 | 275 | 450 | 208 | 220 | 435 | | 100 | | 24 57 | 279 | 615 | 208 | 220 | 450 | 435 | | 165 | 100 | | 62 | | 079 | 257 | 930 | Fan | |
| | 30 | 375 | 600 | 290 | 250 | 575 | | 100 | | 63 | 380 | 809 | 290 | 250 | 600 | 575 | | 209 | | - | 68 | - | 1080 | 302 434 | 1240 | - | |
| | 45 | | | 520 | | | 12.5 | | 3.2 | 86 | | | 520 | | | | 12.5 | | | 3.2 | 94 | M10 | 1291 | 510 | 1801 | | |
| | 55 | 450 | 725 | 348 | 325 | 700 | | 130 | | 0 | 87 | 453 | 1027 | 348 | 325 | 725 | 700 | | 302 | 130 |) | 95 | | 1474 | 607 | 2081 | - |
| | 75 | 500 | 850 | 358 | 370 | 820 | | | | 108 | 504 | 1243 | 358 | 370 | 850 | 820 | 15 | 393 | | 4.5 | 114 | | 2009 | 823 | 2832 | • | |
| | 90 | | | | | | 15 | | 4.5 | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | M12 | 1660 | 871 | 2531 | | |
| | 110 | 575 | 885 | 378 | 445 | 855 | | 140 | | 150 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2389 | 1194 | 3583 | | |
| | 0.4 | | | 157 | | | | 20 | | 2.5 | | | 157 | | | | | | 20 | | 2.5 | | 10 | 39 | 49 | Natu- | |
| | 0.75 | | | 157 | | | | 39 | | 3.5 | | | 157 | | | | | | 39 | | 3.5 | | 21 | 44 | 65 | ral | |
| | 1.5 | 140 | 280 | | 126 | 266 | 7 | | 5 | | 140 | 280 | | 126 | 280 | 266 | 7 | | | 5 | | M5 | 33 | 46 | 79 | | |
| | 2.2 | | | 177 | | | | 59 | | 4.5 | | | 177 | | | | | | 59 | | 4.5 | | 41 | 49 | 90 | - | |
| | 3.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 76 | 64 | 140 | | |
| | 5.5 | 200 | 300 | 197 | 186 | 285 | 8 | 65.5 | | 7 | 200 | 300 | 197 | 186 | 300 | 285 8 | 8 | _ | 65.5 78 | | 7 | | 132 | 79 | 211 | | |
| | 7.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | 10 | M6 | 198 | 106 | 304 | | |
| | 11 | 240 | 350 | 207 | 216 | 335 | | 78 | | 10 | 240 | 350 | 207 | 216 | 350 | 335 | | | | | | | 246 | 116 | 362 | | |
| | 10.5 | | | | | | | | 2.2 | | | | | | | | | | | ~ ~ ~ | | | 311 | 135 | 446 528 | | |
| | 16.5 | 275 | 450 | 258 | 220 | 435 | 75 | 100 | 2.3 | 26 | 279 | 535 | 258 | 220 | 450 | 435 | 75 | | 100 | 2.3 | 29 | | 516 | 210 | 528 726 | - | |
| 400 V | 30 | | <u> </u> | | | | 1.5 | | - | <u> </u> | | | | | <u> </u> | | 1.5 | 85 | <u> </u> | - | <u> </u> | - | 633 | 210 | 879 | Fan | |
| (3-phase) | 37 | 325 | 550 | 283 | 260 | 535 | | 105 | | 37 | 329 | 635 | 283 | 260 | 550 | 535 | | | 105 | | 39 | | 737 | 285 | 1022 | 1 | |
| | 45 | | 000 | 200 | 200 | 000 | | 100 | | 5, | 525 | 715 | | 200 | 220 | 000 | | 165 | 100 | | 40 | | 929 | 340 | 1269 | • | |
| | 55 | | | | | | | | | 90 | | | | | | | | | | | 98 | | 1239 | 488 | 1727 | 1 | |
| | 75 | 450 | 725 | 348 | 325 | 700 | 12.5 | | 3.2 | 91 | 453 | 1027 | 348 | 325 | 725 | 700 | 12.5 | 302 | | 3.2 | 99 | M10 | 1554 | 596 | 2150 | 1 | |
| | 90 | 500 | 0.50 | 2.50 | 270 | 0.00 | 1.5 | 130 | | 109 | 50.4 | 10.40 | 2.50 | 270 | 0.50 | 0.00 | 1.5 | 202 | 130 | | 127 | | 1928 | 762 | 2690 | | |
| | 110 | 500 | 850 | 328 | 5/0 | 820 | 15 | | 15 | 127 | 504 | 1243 | 328 | 5/0 | 850 | 820 | 15 | 393 | | 15 | 137 | M12 | 2299 | 928 | 3227 | 1 | |
| | 132 | 575 | 016 | 378 | 445 | 855 | 46 | 140 | 4.3 | 165 | 570 | 1374 | 378 | 415 | 016 | 855 | 46 | 408 | 140 | 4.3 | 175 | 11/11/2 | 2612 | 1105 | 3717 | 1 | |
| | 160 | 515 | 910 | 570 | -++3 | 055 | 40 | 140 | | 175 | 519 | 1924 | 570 | 443 | 910 | 055 | 40 | 400 | 140 | | 185 | | 3614 | 1501 | 5115 | | |
| | 185 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 220 | | | | | | | | | | | | See | e Tabl | e 1.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 1.3 200 VAC and 400 VAC (0.4 kW to 300 kW) Inverter Dimensions (mm) and Masses (kg)

* Same for Open Chassis and Enclosed Wall-mounted Inverters.

Table 1.4 400 VAC (185 to 300 kW) Inverter Dimensions (mm) and Masses (kg)

| T | Max. | | | | | | | | | | Din | nensions | s (m | m) | | | | | | | | | | | Heat (| on (W) | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|----|-------|-----|-----------------|------|----|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------|--|
| Voltage | Appli- | | Open Chassis (IP00) | | | | | | | | | | | | Enclosed Wall-mounted [NEMA (Type1)] | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | Casling | |
| Class | Motor Output [kW] | w | н | D | W1 | W2 | W3 | H1 | H2 | D1 | t1 | Approx. Mass | w | н | D | W1 | W2 | W3 | H1 | H2 | D1 | t1 | Approx. Mass | Mount- ing Holes d* | Exter- nal | Inter- nal | Heat Gener- ation | Method | |
| | 185 | 710 | 1205 | 412 | 540 | 240 | 270 | 1270 | 15 | 125.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 260 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4436 | 1994 | 6430 | |
| 400 V (3-phase) | 220 | 710 | 1305 | 415 | 540 | 240 | 270 | 1270 | 15 | 125.5 | 4.3 | 280 | | | | | | | | | | | | M12 | 5329 | 2205 | 7534 | Fan | |
| | 300 | 916 | 1475 | 413 | 730 | 365 | 365 | 1440 | 15 | 125.5 | 4.5 | 415 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6749 | 2941 | 9690 |] | |

Checking and Controlling the Installation Site

Install the Inverter in the installation site described below and maintain optimum conditions.

Installation Site

Install the Inverter under the following conditions and a pollution level of 2 or less (UL standard).

Table 1.5 Installation Site

| Туре | Ambient Operating Temperature | Humidity |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Enclosed wall-mounted | -10 to + 40 °C | 95% RH or less (no condensation) |
| Open chassis | -10 to + 45 °C | 95% RH or less (no condensation) |

Protection covers are attached to the top and bottom of the Inverter. Be sure to remove the protection covers before installing a 200 or 400 V Class Inverter with an output of 15 kW or less in a panel. Refer to Page 1-17 on how to remove the protection covers.

Observe the following precautions when mounting the Inverter.

- Install the Inverter in a clean location free from oil mist and dust. It can be installed in a totally enclosed panel that is completely shielded from floating dust.
- When installing or operating the Inverter, always take special care so that metal powder, oil, water, or other foreign matter does not get into the Inverter.
- Do not install the Inverter on combustible material, such as wood.
- Install the Inverter in a location free from radioactive materials and combustible materials.
- Install the Inverter in a location free from harmful gasses and liquids.
- Install the Inverter in a location without excessive oscillation.
- Install the Inverter in a location free from chlorides.
- Install the Inverter in a location not in direct sunlight.

Controlling the Ambient Temperature

To enhance the reliability of operation, the Inverter should be installed in an environment free from extreme temperature increases. If the Inverter is installed in an enclosed environment, such as a box, use a cooling fan or air conditioner to maintain the internal air temperature below 45°C.

Protecting the Inverter from Foreign Matter

Place a cover over the Inverter during installation to shield it from metal powder produced by drilling.

Always remove the cover from the Inverter after completing installation. Otherwise, ventilation will be reduced, causing the Inverter to overheat.

Installation Orientation and Space

Install the Inverter vertically so as not to reduce the cooling effect. When installing the Inverter, always provide the following installation space to allow normal heat dissipation.



200 V Class Inverters of 110 kW or 400 V Class Inverters of 160 to 220 kW*: A = 120, B = 120 400 V Class Inverters of 300 kW*: A = 300, B = 300 All other Inverters*: A = 50, B = 120

*If, however, there is a fan in the top of the control panel with sufficient exhaust capacity, the following dimensions may be used: A = 50, B = 120.

Fig 1.8 Inverter Installation Orientation and Space



1. The same space is required horizontally and vertically for both Open Chassis (IP00) and Enclosed Wallmounted [IP20, NEMA 1 (Type 1)] Inverters.

2. Always remove the protection covers before installing a 200 or 400 V Class Inverter with an output of 15 kW or less in a panel. Refer to Page 1-17 on how to remove the protection covers.
Always provide enough space for suspension eve bolts and the main circuit lines when installing a 200 or

Always provide enough space for suspension eye bolts and the main circuit lines when installing a 200 or 400 V Class Inverter with an output of 18.5 kW or more in a panel.

Removing and Attaching the Terminal Cover

Remove the terminal cover to wire cables to the control circuit and main circuit terminals.

Removing the Terminal Cover

Inverters of 15 kW or Less

Loosen the screws at the bottom of the terminal cover, press in on the sides of the terminal cover in the direction indicated by arrow 1, and then lift the terminal cover up to an angle of about 30 degrees in the direction indicated by arrow 2.

Remove the terminal cover in the direction indicated by arrow 3.



Fig 1.9 Removing the Terminal Cover (Model CIMR-G7B23P7 Shown Above)

■ Inverters of 18.5 kW or More

Loosen the screws on the left and right at the top of the terminal cover, pull out the terminal cover in the direction of arrow 1 and then lift up on the terminal in the direction of arrow 2.



Fig 1.10 Removing the Terminal Cover (Model CIMR-G7B2018 Shown Above)

♦ Attaching the Terminal Cover

When wiring the terminal block has been completed, attach the terminal cover by reversing the removal procedure.

For Inverters with an output of 15 kW or less, insert the tab on the top of the terminal cover into the grove on the Inverter and press in on the bottom of the terminal cover until it clicks into place.

Removing/Attaching the Digital Operator and Front Cover

The methods of removing and attaching the Digital Operator and Front Cover are described in this section.

Inverters of 15 kW or Less

To attach optional boards or change the terminal board connector, remove the Digital Operator and front cover in addition to the terminal cover. Always remove the Digital Operator from the front cover before removing the terminal cover.

The removal and attachment procedures are given below.

Removing the Digital Operator

Press the lever on the side of the Digital Operator in the direction of arrow 1 to unlock the Digital Operator and lift the Digital Operator in the direction of arrow 2 to remove the Digital Operator as shown in the following illustration.



Fig 1.11 Removing the Digital Operator (Model CIMR-G7B43P7 Shown Above)

Removing the Front Cover

Press the left and right sides of the front cover in the directions of arrows 1 and lift the bottom of the cover in the direction of arrow 2 to remove the front cover as shown in the following illustration.



Fig 1.12 Removing the Front Cover (Model CIMR-G7B43P7 Shown Above)

Mounting the Front Cover

After wiring the terminals, mount the front cover to the Inverter by performing in reverse order to the steps to remove the front cover.

- 1. Do not mount the front cover with the Digital Operator attached to the front cover; otherwise, Digital Operator may malfunction due to imperfect contact.
- 2. Insert the tab of the upper part of the front cover into the groove of the Inverter and press the lower part of the front cover onto the Inverter until the front cover snaps shut.

Mounting the Digital Operator

After attaching the front cover, mount the Digital Operator onto the Inverting using the following procedure.

- 1. Hook the Digital Operator at A (two locations) on the front cover in the direction of arrow 1 as shown in the following illustration.
- 2. Press the Digital Operator in the direction of arrow 2 until it snaps in place at B (two locations).



Fig 1.13 Mounting the Digital Operator



1. Do not remove or attach the Digital Operator or mount or remove the front cover using methods other than those described above, otherwise the Inverter may break or malfunction due to imperfect contact.

2. Never attach the front cover to the Inverter with the Digital Operator attached to the front cover. Imperfect contact can result.

Always attach the front cover to the Inverter by itself first, and then attach the Digital Operator to the front cover.

Inverters of 18.5 kW or More

For Inverter with an output of 18.5 kW or more, remove the terminal cover and then use the following procedures to remove the Digital Operator and front cover.

Removing the Digital Operator

Use the same procedure as for Inverters with an output of 18.5 kW or less.

Removing the Front Cover

Lift up at the location label 1 at the top of the control circuit terminal board in the direction of arrow 2.



Fig 1.14 Removing the Front Cover (Model CIMR-G7B2018 Shown Above)

Attaching the Front Cover

After completing required work, such as mounting an optional board or setting the control circuit terminal board, attach the front cover by reversing the procedure to remove it.

- 1. Confirm that the Digital Operator is not mounted on the front cover. Contact faults can occur if the cover is attached while the Digital Operator is mounted to it.
- 2. Insert the tab on the top of the front cover into the slot on the Inverter and press in on the cover until it clicks into place on the Inverter.

Attaching the Digital Operator

Use the same procedure as for Inverters with an output of 15 kW or less.

Removing and Attaching the Protection Cover

Inverters of 15 kW or less have protection covers on the top and bottom as shown in *Fig. 1.4*. Always remove the protection covers before installing an Inverter of 15 kW or less in a panel. Use the following procedure to remove and attach a protection cover.

Removing the Protection Cover

■Top Protection Cover

Insert the tip of the straightedge screwdriver in the slot. Then, lift the cover up in the direction shown by the arrow to remove it.



Fig 1.15 Removing the Top Protection Cover (Model CIMR-G7B43P7 Shown Above)

Bottom Protection Cover

- 1. Remove the terminal cover as described on Page 1-11.
- 2. Loosen the two screws, and remove the protection cover.
- 3. Return the screws to their original position and tighten (them).
- 4. Reattach the terminal cover as described on Page 1-12.



Fig 1.16 Removing the Bottom Protection Cover (Model CIMR-G7B43P7 Shown Above)
♦ Attaching the Protection Cover

■Top Protection Cover

The protection cover has four hooks: two hooks on the bottom and two on the sides. Fit the bottom hooks into the holes, bend the cover slightly, and press the cover down until the hooks on the side snap.



Fig 1.17 Attaching the Top Protection Cover (Model CIMR-G7B43P7 Shown Above)

■Bottom Protection Cover

To attach the bottom protection cover, reverse the procedure used to remove it.

2 Wiring

This chapter describes wiring terminals, main circuit terminal connections, main circuit terminal wiring specifications, control circuit terminals, and control circuit wiring specifications.

| Connections to Peripheral Devices | 2-2 |
|-------------------------------------|------|
| Connection Diagram | 2-3 |
| Terminal Block Configuration | 2-5 |
| Wiring Main Circuit Terminals | 2-6 |
| Wiring Control Circuit Terminals | 2-22 |
| Wiring Check | 2-30 |
| Installing and Wiring Option Boards | 2-31 |

Connections to Peripheral Devices

Examples of connections between the Inverter and typical peripheral devices are shown in Fig 2.1.



Fig 2.1 Example Connections to Peripheral Devices

Connection Diagram

The connection diagram of the Inverter is shown in Fig 2.2.

When using the Digital Operator, the motor can be operated by wiring only the main circuits.



Fig 2.2 Connection Diagram (Model CIMR-G7B2018 Shown Above)



1. Control circuit terminals are arranged as shown below.

IMPORTANT

| E(G | FN | ٨ | AC | | AM | P1 | P2 | P | ; | SC | MP | I. | P3 | C | 3 | P4 | C4 | ŀ | | | | |
|-----|----|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|----|----|----|-----|----|---|-----|----|---|----|----|----|-------|
| | SC | / | A1 | A2 | 2 | A3 | +V | AC | - | ٧ | RP | F | ₹+ | R- | | S+ | S- | | MA | MB | MC | |
| S1 | S2 | 2 | S3 | | S4 | S5 | S6 | S | 7 | S8 | S9 | | S10 | S1 | 1 | S12 | 10 | ì | M1 | | M2 | E (G) |

- 2. The output current capacity of the +V and –V terminals are 20 mA. Do not short-circuit between the +V, –V, and AC terminals. Doing so may result in a malfunction or a breakdown of the Inverter.
- 3. Disable the stall prevention during deceleration (set constant L3-04 to 0) when using a Braking Resistor Unit. If this user constant is not changed to disable stall prevention, the system may not stop during deceleration.
- 4. Main circuit terminals are indicated with double circles and control circuit terminals are indicated with single circles.
- 5. The wiring for a motor with a cooling fan is not required for self-cooling motors.
- 6. PG circuit wiring (i.e., wiring to the PG-B2 Board) is not required for control without a PG.
- Sequence input signals S1 to S12 are labeled for sequence connections (0 V common and sinking mode) for no-voltage contacts or NPN transistors. These are the default settings.
 For PNP transistor sequence connections (+24V common and sourcing mode) or to provide a 24-V external power supply, refer to *Table 2.13*.
- 8. The multi-function analog output is a dedicated meter output for an analog frequency meter, ammeter, voltmeter, wattmeter, etc. Do not use this output for feedback control or for any other control purpose.
- 9. DC reactors to improve the input power factor are built into 200 V Class Inverters for 18.5 to 110 kW and 400 V Class Inverters for 18.5 to 300 kW. A DC reactor is thus an option only for Inverters for 15 kW or less.
- 10.Set constant L8-01 to 1 when using a breaking resistor (model ERF). When using a Braking Resistor Unit, a shutoff sequence for the power supply must be made using a thermal relay trip.
- 11. The minimum permissible load of a multi-function contact output and an error contact output is 10 mA. Use a multi-function open-collector output for a load less than 10 mA.
- 12.Do not ground nor connect the AC terminal on the control circuit to the unit. Doing so may result in a malfunction or a breakdown of the Inverter.
- 13.If turning off the power only for the main circuit but leaving the power ON for the control circuit, use a separate power supply for the control circuit and a specially designed Inverter, which are sold as options.
- 14. \bigcirc indicates shield wire and \bigcirc indicates twisted-pair shield wire.

Terminal Block Configuration

The terminal arrangement for 200 V Class Inverters are shown in Fig 2.3 and Fig 2.4.







Fig 2.4 Terminal Arrangement (200 V Class Inverter for 18.5 kW Shown Above)

Wiring Main Circuit Terminals

Applicable Wire Sizes and Closed-loop Connectors

Select the appropriate wires and crimp terminals from to *Table 2.3*. Refer to instruction manual TOBPC72060000 for wire sizes for Braking Resistor Units and Braking Units.

| Inverter Model CIMR-□ | Terminal Symbol | Termi- nal Screws | Tightening Torque (N•m) | Possible Wire Sizes mm ² (AWG) | Recom- mended Wire Size mm ² (AWG) | Wire Type |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|
| G7B20P4 | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, ⊕2, B1, B2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 ⊕ | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 2 to 5.5 (14 to 10) | 2 (14) | |
| G7B20P7 | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, ⊕2, B1, B2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 ⊕ | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 2 to 5.5 (14 to 10) | 2 (14) | |
| G7B21P5 | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, ⊕2, B1, B2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 ④ | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 2 to 5.5 (14 to 10) | 2 (14) | |
| G7B22P2 | $ \begin{array}{c} \text{R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, } \ominus, \oplus 1, \oplus 2, \text{B1, B2,} \\ \text{U/T1, V/T2, W/T3} \\ \hline \oplus \end{array} $ | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 2 to 5.5 (14 to 10) | 3.5 (12) | |
| G7B23P7 | $ \begin{array}{c} \text{R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, } \ominus, \oplus 1, \oplus 2, \text{B1, B2,} \\ \text{U/T1, V/T2, W/T3} \\ \end{array} $ | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 2 to 5.5 (14 to 10) | 5.5 (10) | |
| G7B25P5 | $ \begin{array}{c} \text{R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, } \bigcirc, \oplus 1, \oplus 2, \text{B1, B2,} \\ \text{U/T1, V/T2, W/T3} \\ \end{array} $ | M5 | 2.5 | 8 to 14 (8 to 6) | 8 (8) | |
| G7B27P5 | $ \begin{array}{c} \text{R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, } \bigcirc, \oplus 1, \oplus 2, \text{B1, B2,} \\ \text{U/T1, V/T2, W/T3} \\ \hline \oplus \end{array} $ | M5 | 2.5 | 14 (6) | 14 (6) | Power cables, |
| | $\begin{array}{c} \text{R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, } \bigcirc, \oplus 1, \oplus 2, \text{U/T1,} \\ \text{V/T2, W/T3} \end{array}$ | M6 | 4.0 to 5.0 | 22 to 30 (4 to 3) | 22 (4) | vinyl power cables |
| G7B2011 | B1, B2 | M5 | 2.5 | 8 to 14 (8 to 6) | - | |
| | | M6 | 4.0 to 5.0 | 22 (4) | 22 (4) | |
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, \bigcirc , \oplus 1, \oplus 2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 22 to 38 (4 to 2) | 30 (3) | |
| G7B2015 | B1, B2 | M5 | 2.5 | 8 to 14 (8 to 6) | - | |
| | | M6 | 4.0 to 5.0 | 22 (4) | 22 (4) | |
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕ 1, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 30 to 60 (3 to 1) | 30 (3) | |
| G7B2018 | ÷3 | M6 | 4.0 to 5.0 | 8 to 22 (8 to 4) | - | |
| | | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 22 to 38 (4 to 2) | 22 (4) | |
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1 U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 50 to 60 (1 to 1/0) | 50 (1) | |
| G7B2022 | ÷ 3 | M6 | 4.0 to 5.0 | 8 to 22 (8 to 4) | - | |
| | | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 22 to 38 (4 to 2) | 22 (4) | |

Table 2.1 200 V Class Wire Sizes

| Inverter Model CIMR-□ | Terminal Symbol | Termi- nal Screws | Tightening Torque (N•m) | Possible Wire Sizes mm ² (AWG) | Recom- mended Wire Size mm ² (AWG) | Wire Type |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------|
| | $R/L1$, $S/L2$, $T/L3$, Θ , \oplus 1 U/T1, | N(10 | 17 (+ 22 5 | 60 to 100 | 60 | |
| | V/T2, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | (2/0 to 4/0) | (2/0) | |
| G7B2030 | ÷ 3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 5.5 to 22 (10 to 4) | - | |
| | | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 30 to 60 (2 to 2/0) | 30 (2) | |
| | \mathbf{r}/θ | M4 | 1 3 to 1 4 | 0.5 to 5.5 | 1.25 | |
| | | | 1.5 to 1.4 | (20 to 10) | (16) | |
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1 U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 80 to 125 (3/0 to 250) | 80 (3/0) | |
| G7B2037 | ÷ 3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 5.5 to 22 (10 to 4) | - | |
| G/112037 | | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 38 to 60 (1 to 2/0) | 38 (1) | |
| | $r/\ell_1, A/\ell_2$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | 0.5 to 5.5 (20 to 10) | 1.25 | |
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, U/T1, V/T2, | N(10 | 17 (+ 22 5 | 50 to 100 | $50 \times 2P$ | |
| | W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | (1/0 to 4/0) | $(1/0 \times 2P)$ | |
| | \oplus 3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 5.5 to 60 | - | |
| G7B2045 | | | | (10 to 2/0) 30 to 60 | 50 | |
| | | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | (3 to 4/0) | (1/0) | |
| | $r/\ell_1, A/\ell_2$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | 0.5 to 5.5 | 1.25 | |
| | | | | (20 to 10) 80 to 125 | (16) 80 × 2P | |
| | $\Theta, \oplus 1$ | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | (3/0 to 250) | $(3/0 \times 2P)$ | |
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 80 to 100 (3/0 to 4/0) | $80 \times 2P$ $(3/0 \times 2P)$ | Power cables, |
| G7B2055 | ÷3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 5.5 to 60 (10 to 2/0) | - | e.g., 600 v vinyl power |
| G7B2055 | | M12 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 80 to 200 | 80 | cables |
| | | | | (2/0 to 400) 0.5 to 5.5 | (2/0) | |
| | $r/\ell_1, A/\ell_2$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | (20 to 10) | (16) | |
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, Θ , \oplus 1 | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | 150 to 200 | $150 \times 2P$ | |
| | U/T1 V/T2 W/T3 R1/L11 S1/L21 | | | (250 to 350) 100 to 150 | $(250 \times 2P)$ 100 × 2P | |
| | T1/L31 | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | (4/0 to 300) | $(4/0 \times 2P)$ | |
| G7B2075 | (+) 3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 5.5 to 60 | - | |
| | | - | | (10 to 2/0) 60 to 150 | 60 × 2P | |
| | | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | (2/0 to 300) | $(2/0 \times 2P)$ | |
| | $\Gamma/\ell_1 \ll/\ell_2$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | 0.5 to 5.5 | 1.25 | |
| | | | 1.0 to 1.1 | (20 to 10) | (16) | |
| | | | | 200 to 325 | $200 \times 2P$, or $50 \times 4P$ | |
| | $R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, \ominus, \oplus 1$ | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | (350 to 600) | (350 × 2P, | |
| | | | | | or $1/0 \times 4P$) | |
| | U/T1 V/T2 W/T3 P1/L11 S1/L21 | | | 150 to 325 | $150 \times 2P$, or $50 \times 4P$ | |
| G7P2000 | T1/L31 | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | (300 to 600) | $(300 \times 2P)$ | _ |
| 0762090 | | | | · · · · · | or $1/0 \times 4P$) | |
| | ÷ 3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 5.5 to 60 (10 to 2/0) | - | |
| | | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | 150 (300) | $150 \times 2P$ (300 × 2P) | |
| | $r/\ell_1, A/\ell_2$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | 0.5 to 5.5 | 1.25 | 1 |
| L | - | | | (20 to 10) | (16) | |

| Table 2.1 | 200 V | Class | Wire | Sizes | (Continued) |
|-----------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------------|
|-----------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------------|

| Inverter Model CIMR-□ | Terminal Symbol | Termi- nal Screws | Tightening Torque (N•m) | Possible Wire Sizes mm ² (AWG) | Recom- mended Wire Size mm ² (AWG) | Wire Type |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
| G7B2110 | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1 | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | 200 to 325 (350 to 600) | $200 \times 2P$, or $50 \times 4P$ $(350 \times 2P$, or $1/0 \times 4P$) | |
| | U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/ L31 | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | 150 to 325 (300 to 600) | $150 \times 2P$, or $50 \times 4P$ $(300 \times 2P$, or $1/0 \times 4P$) | Power cables, e.g., 600 V vinyl power cables |
| | ① 3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 5.5 to 60 (10 to 2/0) | - | |
| | | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | 150 (300) | $150 \times 2P$ $(300 \times 2P)$ | |
| | $r/\ell_1, A/\ell_2$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | 0.5 to 5.5 (20 to 10) | 1.25 (16) | |

Table 2.1 200 V Class Wire Sizes (Continued)

* The wire thickness is set for copper wires at 75° C.

| Inverter Model CIMR-⊡ | Terminal Symbol | Termi- nal Screws | Tightening Torque (N•m) | Possible Wire Sizes mm ² (AWG) | Recom- mended Wire Size mm ² (AWG) | Wire Type |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|
| G7B40P4 | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, ⊕2, B1, B2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 ⊕ | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 2 to 5.5 (14 to 10) | 2 (14) | |
| G7B40P7 | $ \begin{array}{c} \text{R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, } \bigcirc, \oplus 1, \oplus 2, \text{B1, B2,} \\ \text{U/T1, V/T2, W/T3} \\ \end{array} $ | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 2 to 5.5 (14 to 10) | 2 (14) | |
| G7B41P5 | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, ⊕2, B1, B2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 ⊕ | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 2 to 5.5 (14 to 10) | 2 (14) | |
| G7B42P2 | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, ⊕2, B1, B2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 2 to 5.5 (14 to 10) | 3.5 (12) 2 (14) | |
| G7B43P7 | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, ⊕2, B1, B2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 2 to 5.5 (14 to 10) | 3.5 (12) | |
| G7B45P5 | R/L1, $S/L2$, $T/L3$, $⊖$, $⊕$ 1, $⊕$ 2, $B1$, $B2$, $U/T1$, $V/T2$, $W/T3$ | M4 | 1.2 to 1.5 | 3.5 to 5.5 (12 to 10) | 5.5 (10) | |
| G7B47P5 | $ \begin{array}{c} \text{R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, } \bigcirc, \oplus 1, \oplus 2, \text{B1, B2,} \\ \text{U/T1, V/T2, W/T3} \\ \hline \oplus \end{array} $ | M5 | 2.5 | 5.5 to 14 (10 to 6) | 8 (8) | |
| G7B4011 | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, ⊕2, B1, B2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 | M5 | 2.5 | 8 to 14 (8 to 6) | 8 (8) | Power cables, e.g., 600 V |
| | | M5 (M6) | 2.5 (4.0 to 5.0) | 5.5 to 14 (10 to 6) | 5.5 (10) | vinyl power |
| | $\begin{array}{c} \text{R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, } \ominus, \oplus 1, \oplus 2, \text{U/T1,} \\ \text{V/T2, W/T3} \end{array}$ | M5 | 4.0 to 5.0 | 8 to 14 (8 to 6) | 8 (8) | cables |
| G7B4015 | B1, B2 | M5 | 2.5 | 8 (8) | 8 (8) | |
| G7B4015 | | M5 (M6) | 4.0 to 5.0 | 8 to 22 | 8 | |
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, ⊕3, U/T1, | (NIO) | 10 to 50 | (8 to 4) 14 to 22 | (8) | |
| G7B4018 | V/T2, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | IVIO | 4.0 10 3.0 | (6 to 4) | (6) | |
| | | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 14 to 38 (6 to 2) | 14 | |
| | $R/L1$, $S/L2$, $T/L3$, \bigcirc , $\oplus 1$, $\oplus 3$, $U/T1$, | M | 104-50 | 22 | 22 | |
| G7B4022 | V/T2, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | IVIO | 4.0 10 3.0 | (4) | (4) | |
| | | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 22 to 38 | 22 (4) | |
| | R/L1, $S/L2$, $T/L3$, $⊖$, $⊕1$, $U/T1$, $V/T2$, $W/T3$, $R1/L11$, $S1/L21$, $T1/L31$ | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 22 to 60 (4 to 1/0) | 38 (2) | |
| G7B4030 | ÷ 3 | M6 | 4.0 to 5.0 | 8 to 22 | - | |
| | | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 22 to 38 | 22 | |
| | | NI0 | 9.0 10 10.0 | (4 to 2) | (4) | |
| | K/L1, S/L2, 1/L3, ⊡, ⊕1, U/11, V/12, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 30 to 60 (2 to 1/0) | 38 (2) | |
| G7B4037 | ÷ 3 | M6 | 4.0 to 5.0 | 8 to 22 (8 to 4) | - | |
| | | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 22 to 38 (4 to 2) | 22 (4) | |

Table 2.2 400 V Class Wire Sizes

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| Inverter Model CIMR-□ | Terminal Symbol | Termi- nal Screws | Tightening Torque (N•m) | Possible Wire Sizes mm ² (AWG) | Recom- mended Wire Size mm ² (AWG) | Wire Type |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------|
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, U/T1, V/T2, | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 50 to 60 | 50 | |
| | W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | | | (1 to 1/0) | (1) | |
| G7B4045 | ① 3 | M6 | 4.0 to 5.0 | 8 to 22 (8 to 4) | - | |
| | | M8 | 9.0 to 10.0 | 22 to 38 (4 to 2) | 22 (4) | |
| | $R/L1$, $S/L2$, $T/L3$, Θ , $\oplus 1$, $U/T1$, $V/T2$, $W/T3$, $R1/L11$, $S1/L21$, $T1/L31$ | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | (4 to 2) 50 to 100 (1/0 to 4/0) | 50 (1/0) | |
| G7B4055 | ⊕ 3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 5.5 to 22 (10 to 4) | - | |
| 0764055 | Ð | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 38 to 60 (2 to 2/0) | 38 (2) | - |
| | $r/\ell_1, a 200/\ell_2 200, a 400/\ell_2 400$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | 0.5 to 5.5 (20 to 10) | 1.25 (16) | |
| | $R/L1$, $S/L2$, $T/L3$, Θ , $\oplus 1$, $U/T1$, $V/T2$, $W/T3$, $R1/L11$, $S1/L21$, $T1/L31$ | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 80 to 100 (3/0 to 4/0) | 100 (4/0) | |
| C7P4075 | ⊕3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 8 to 22 (8 to 4) | - | |
| 0704075 | Ð | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 50 to 100 (1 to 4/0) | 50 (1) | |
| | r/ l ₁ , 200/ l ₂ 200, 400/ l ₂ 400 | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | 0.5 to 5.5 | 1.25 | |
| | R/L1. S/L2. T/L3. ⊖. ⊕1. U/T1. V/T2. | 2410 | 17.61.00.5 | (20 to 10) 50 to 100 | (16) $50 \times 2P$ | |
| | W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L33 | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | (1/0 to 4/0) | $(1/0 \times 2P)$ | |
| G7B4090 | ⊕ 3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 8 to 60 (8 to 2/0) | - | Power cables, |
| | | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 60 to 150 (2/0 to 300) | 60 (2/0) | e.g., 600 V vinyl power |
| | $r/\ell_1, \ a \ 200/\ell_2 200, \ a \ 400/\ell_2 400$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | 0.5 to 5.5 (20 to 10) | 1.25 | cables |
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕1, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L33 | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 60 to 100 (2/0 to 4/0) | $80 \times 2P$ $(3/0 \times 2P)$ | |
| G7B4110 | ⊕ 3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 8 to 60 (8 to 2/0) | - | |
| 0704110 | | M10 | 17.6 to 22.5 | 100 to 150 | 100 | |
| | | 24 | 12:14 | (4/0 to 300) 0.5 to 5.5 | (4/0) | |
| | r/ ½ 1, | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | (20 to 10) | (16) | |
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, ⊖, ⊕ 1, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | 80 to 200 (3/0 to 400) | $80 \times 2P$ $(3/0 \times 2P)$ | |
| G7B4132 | ⊕ 3 | M8 | 8.8 to 10.8 | 8 to 60 (8 to 2/0) | - | |
| 0/11/12 | | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | 50 to 150 (1/0 to 300) | $50 \times 2P$ (1/0 × 2P) | |
| | r/ $\ell_1,\ \textbf{a}\ 200/\ \ell_2 200,\ \textbf{a}\ 400/\ \ell_2 400$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | 0.5 to 5.5 (20 to 10) | 1.25 (16) | |
| | $R/L1$, $S/L2$, $T/L3$, Θ , $\oplus 1$, $U/T1$, $V/T2$, $W/T3$, $R1/L11$, $S1/L21$, $T1/L31$ | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | 100 to 200 (4/0 to 400) | $100 \times 2P$ $(4/0 \times 2P)$ | |
| G7P4160 | $\oplus 3$ | | 8.8 to 10.8 | 80 to 60 (8 to 2/0) | - | |
| 0704100 | | M12 | 31.4 to 39.2 | 50 to 150 (1/0 to 300) | $50 \times 2P$ (1/0 $\times 2P$) | |
| | r/ℓ_1 , 200/ ℓ_2 200, 2400/ ℓ_2 400 | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | 0.5 to 5.5 (20 to 10) | 1.25 | |

| Inverter Model CIMR-□ | Terminal Symbol | Termi- nal Screws | Tightening Torque (N•m) | Possible Wire Sizes mm ² (AWG) | Recom- mended Wire Size mm ² (AWG) | Wire Type |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | 100 to 325 $(4/0 \text{ to } 600)$ | $150 \times 2P$ (300 × 2P) | |
| | U/T1 V/T2 W/T3 | | | 100 to 325 | (300×21) 125 x 2P | |
| | R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L33 | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | (4/0 to 600) | $(250 \times 2P)$ | |
| | $\Theta, \oplus 1$. | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | 100 to 325 | $200 \times 2P$ | |
| G7B4185 | | 1 | | (4/0 to 600) 100 to 325 | $(400 \times 2P)$ | |
| | ÷ 3 | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | (4/0 to 600) | - | |
| | | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | 100 to 325 | 150 | |
| | | - | | (4/0.10.600) | (300) | |
| | $r/\ell_1, a 200/\ell_2 200, a 400/\ell_2 400$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | (20 to 10) | (16) | |
| | Р/I 1 С/Г 2 Т/Г 2 | M16 | 78 / to 08 | 100 to 325 | $200 \times 2P$ | |
| | R/L1, S/L2, 1/LS | WITO | 78.4 10 98 | (4/0 to 600) | $(400 \times 2P)$ | |
| | U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 | M16 | 78 / to 98 | 100 to 325 | $150 \times 2P$ | - |
| | R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L33 | 10110 | /0.1 10 /0 | (4/0 to 600) | $(350 \times 2P)$ | |
| | Θ \oplus 1 | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | 100 to 325 | $250 \times 2P$ | |
| G7B4220 | $\bigcirc, \bigcirc 1,$ | 10110 | 70.4 10 70 | (4/0 to 600) | $(500 \times 2P)$ | |
| | \oplus 3 | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | 100 to 325 | _ | Darwar aablaa |
| | | | | (4/0 to 600) | | Power cables, |
| | | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | 100 to 325 | 200 | e.g., 600 V vinyl power cables |
| | | | | (4/0 to 600) | (400) | |
| | r/ l_1 , 200/ l_2 200, 200/ l_2 400 | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | (20 to 5.5) | (16) | cables |
| | | | | , i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | $325 \times 2P$ | 1 |
| | R/I 1 S/I 2 T/I 3 | M16 | 78 / to 98 | 100 to 325 | $(600 \times 2P),$ | |
| | R/L1, 5/L2, 1/L5 | WITO | 70.4 10 70 | (4/0 to 600) | $125 \times 4P$ | |
| | | | | | $(250 \times 4P)$ | |
| | | | | | $325 \times 2P$ | |
| | U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 | M16 | 78 4 to 98 | 100 to 325 | $(600 \times 2P),$ | |
| | R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L33 | | /0.1 10 /0 | (4/0 to 600) | $125 \times 4P$ | |
| | | | | | $(250 \times 4P)$ | |
| G7B4300 | $\ominus \oplus 1$ | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | 100 to 325 | $200 \times 4P$ | |
| | ÷, ; ; ; | | | (4/0 to 600) | $(400 \times 4P)$ | |
| | \oplus 3 | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | 100 to 325 | - | |
| | | | | (4/0 to 600) | 125 v 2D | |
| | | | | 100 to 225 | $123 \times 2P$ (250 \times 2D) | |
| | | M16 | 78.4 to 98 | (4/0 to 600) | $(230 \times 2r),$ | |
| | | | | (4/0 10 000) | 525 (600) | |
| | | <u> </u> | | 0.5 to 5.5 | 1.25 | |
| | r/ ℓ_1 , $a 200/ \ell_2 200$, $a 400/ \ell_2 400$ | M4 | 1.3 to 1.4 | (20 to 10) | (16) | |
| L | | 1 | | (201010) | (10) | 1 |

Table 2.2 400 V Class Wire Sizes (Continued)

* The wire thickness is set for copper wires at 75°C.

| Wire Thickness (mm ²) | Terminal Screws | Size | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|
| 0.5 | M3.5 | 1.25 to 3.5 | | |
| 0.5 | M4 | 1.25 to 4 | | |
| 0.75 | M3.5 | 1.25 to 3.5 | | |
| 0.75 | M4 | 1.25 to 4 | | |
| 1.25 | M3.5 | 1.25 to 3.5 | | |
| 1.25 | M4 | 1.25 to 4 | | |
| | M3.5 | 2 to 3.5 | | |
| | M4 | 2 to 4 | | |
| 2 | M5 | 2 to 5 | | |
| | M6 | 2 to 6 | | |
| | M8 | 2 to 8 | | |
| | M4 | 5.5 to 4 | | |
| | M5 | 5.5 to 5 | | |
| 3.3/3.3 | M6 | 5.5 to 6 | | |
| | M8 | 5.5 to 8 | | |
| | M5 | 8 to 5 | | |
| 8 | M6 | 8 to 6 | | |
| | M8 | 8 to 8 | | |
| 14 | M6 | 14 to 6 | | |
| 14 | M8 | 14 to 8 | | |
| 22 | M6 | 22 to 6 | | |
| | M8 | 22 to 8 | | |
| 30/38 | M8 | 38 to 8 | | |
| 50/60 | M8 | 60 to 8 | | |
| 50/00 | M10 | 60 to 10 | | |
| 80 | N/10 | 80 to 10 | | |
| 100 | MIU | 100 to 10 | | |
| 100 | | 100 to 12 | | |
| 150 | M12 | 150 to 12 | | |
| 200 |] | 200 to 12 | | |
| 225 | M12 x 2 | 325 to 12 | | |
| 525 | M16 | 325 to 16 | | |

Table 2.3 Closed-loop Connector Sizes (JIS C2805) (200 V Class and 400 V Class)



Determine the wire size for the main circuit so that line voltage drop is within 2% of the rated voltage. Line voltage drop is calculated as follows:

Line voltage drop (V) = $\sqrt{3}$ x wire resistance (W/km) x wire length (m) x current (A) x 10^{-3}

♦ Main Circuit Terminal Functions

Main circuit terminal functions are summarized according to terminal symbols in *Table 2.4*. Wire the terminals correctly for the desired purposes.

| Burposo | Terminal Symbol | Model: Cli | MR-G7BL | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| Fulpose | Terminal Symbol | 200 V Class | 400 V Class | | |
| Main aircuit nowar input | R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 | 20P4 to 2110 | 40P4 to 4300 | | |
| Main encuit power input | R1/L11, S1/L21, T1/L31 | 2018 to 2110 | 4018 to 4300 | | |
| Inverter outputs | U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 | 20P4 to 2110 | 40P4 to 4300 | | |
| DC power input | ⊕1, ⊖ | 20P4 to 2110 | 40P4 to 4300 | | |
| Braking Resistor Unit connec- tion | B1, B2 | 20P4 to 2015 | 40P4 to 4015 | | |
| DC reactor connection | ⊕1, ⊕2 | 20P4 to 2015 | 40P4 to 4015 | | |
| Braking Unit connection | ⊕3,⊖ | 2018 to 2110 | 4018 to 4300 | | |
| Ground | | 20P4 to 2110 | 40P4 to 4300 | | |

Table 2.4 Main Circuit Terminal Functions (200 V Class and 400 V Class)

Note The \oplus 1 and \bigcirc input terminals for the DC power do not conform to UL/cUL standards.

Main Circuit Configurations

The main circuit configurations of the Inverter are shown in Fig 2.5.





Note Consult your Yaskawa representative before using 12-phase rectification.

* These terminals are wired before shipment. When using DC power for the main circuit power supply, remove the wires between R-r/l₁ and S-a/l₂, then, for 200 V Class Inverters, input 200 VAC to r/l₁- a/l₂, or, for 400 V Class Inverters, input either 200 VAC to r/l₁- a200/l₂200 or 400 VAC to r/l₁- a400/l₂400.

Standard Connection Diagrams

Standard Inverter connection diagrams are shown in *Fig 2.5*. These are the same for both 200 V Class and 400 V Class Inverters. The connections depend on the Inverter capacity.

CIMR-G7B20P4 to 2015 and 40P4 to 4015





■CIMR-G7B2018, 2022, and 4018 to 4045

Be sure to remove the short-circuit bar before connecting the DC reactor.





When connecting a separately-installed type Braking Unit (model CDBR), connect the B1 terminal of the Inverter to the + terminal of the Braking Unit and connect the – terminal of the Inverter to the – terminal of the Braking Unit. The B2 terminal is not used in this case.

■CIMR-G7B2030 to 2110

■CIMR-G7B4055 to 4300



Control power is supplied internally from the main circuit DC power supply for all Inverter models.

Fig 2.5 Main Circuit Terminal Connections



If a Braking Unit or a Braking Resistor Unit is connected to a wrong terminal, the Inverter, Braking Unit, or Braking Resistor Unit can be damaged.

Wiring the Main Circuits

This section describes wiring connections for the main circuit inputs and outputs.

■Wiring Main Circuit Inputs

Observe the following precautions for wiring the main circuit power supply inputs.

Installing a Molded-case Circuit Breaker

Always connect the power input terminals (R, S, and T) and power supply via a molded-case circuit breaker (MCCB) suitable for the Inverter.

- Choose an MCCB with a capacity of 1.5 to 2 times the Inverter's rated current.
- For the MCCB's time characteristics, be sure to consider the Inverter's overload protection (one minute at 150% of the rated output current).
- If the same MCCB is to be used for more than one Inverter, or other devices, set up a sequence so that the power supply will be turned OFF by a fault output, as shown in *Fig 2.6*.



* For 400 V Class Inverters, connect a 400/200 V transformer.

Fig 2.6 MCCB Installation

Installing a Ground Fault Interrupter

Inverter outputs use high-speed switching, so high-frequency leakage current is generated. At the Inverter primary side, use a ground fault interrupter for Inverters with a countermeasure against high frequency to detect only the leakage current in the frequency range that is hazardous to humans and to ignore high-frequency leakage current. Use one or several ground fault interrupters with a total cumulative sensitivity amperage of at least 30 mA per Inverter.

Using a ground fault interrupter without a countermeasure against high frequency may result in a malfunction caused by high-frequency leakage current. If a ground fault interrupter without a countermeasure malfunctions, replace it with a ground fault interrupter with a countermeasure against high frequency or reduce the carrier frequency of the Inverter. Alternatively, use one or several ground fault interrupters with a total cumulative sensitivity amperage of at least 200 mA per Inverter.

Installing a Magnetic Contactor

If the power supply for the main circuit is to be shut off during a sequence, a magnetic contactor can be used.

When a magnetic contactor is installed on the primary side of the main circuit to forcibly stop the Inverter, however, the regenerative braking does not work and the Inverter will coast to a stop.

- The Inverter can be started and stopped by opening and closing the magnetic contactor on the primary side. Frequently opening and closing the magnetic contactor, however, may cause the Inverter to break down. Start and stop the Inverter at most once every 30 minutes.
- When the Inverter is operated with the Digital Operator, automatic operation cannot be performed after recovery from a power interruption.
- If the Braking Resistor Unit is used, program the sequence so that the magnetic contactor is turned OFF by the contact of the Unit's thermal overload relay.

Connecting Input Power Supply to the Terminal Block

Input power supply can be connected to any terminal R, S or T on the terminal block; the phase sequence of input power supply is irrelevant to the phase sequence.

Installing an AC Reactor or DC Reactor

If the Inverter is connected to a large-capacity power transformer (600 kW or more) or the phase advancing capacitor is switched, an excessive peak current may flow through the input power circuit, causing the converter unit to break down.

To prevent this, install an optional AC Reactor on the input side of the Inverter or a DC reactor to the DC reactor connection terminals.

This also improves the power factor on the power supply side.

Installing a Surge Absorber

Always use a surge absorber or diode for inductive loads near the Inverter. These inductive loads include magnetic contactors, electromagnetic relays, solenoid valves, solenoids, and magnetic brakes.

Installing a Noise Filter on Power Supply Side

Install a noise filter to eliminate noise transmitted between the power line and the Inverter.

• Correct Noise Filter Installation



Fig 2.7 Correct Power supply Noise Filter Installation

• Incorrect Noise Filter Installation



Do not use general-purpose noise filters. No generalpurpose noise filter can effectively suppress noise generated from the Inverter.

Fig 2.8 Incorrect Power supply Noise Filter Installation

Wiring the Output Side of Main Circuit

Observe the following precautions when wiring the main output circuits.

Connecting the Inverter and Motor

Connect output terminals U, V, and W to motor lead wires U, V, and W, respectively.

Check that the motor rotates forward with the Forward Run Command. Switch over any two of the output terminals to each other and reconnect if the motor rotates in reverse with the Forward Run Command.

Never Connect a Power Supply to Output Terminals

Never connect a power supply to output terminals U, V, and W. If voltage is applied to the output terminals, the internal circuits of the Inverter will be damaged.

Never Short or Ground Output Terminals

If the output terminals are touched with bare hands or the output wires come into contact with the Inverter casing, an electric shock or grounding will occur. This is extremely hazardous. Do not short the output wires.

Do Not Use a Phase Advancing Capacitor or Noise Filter

Never connect a phase advancing capacitor or LC/RC noise filter to an output circuit. The high-frequency components of the Inverter output may result in overheating or damage to these part or may result in damage to the Inverter or cause other parts to burn.

Do Not Use a Magnetic Contactor

Never connect a magnetic contactor between the Inverter and motor and turn it ON or OFF during operation. If the magnetic contactor is turned ON while the Inverter is operating, a large inrush current will be created and the overcurrent protection in the Inverter will operate.

When using a magnetic contactor to switch to a commercial power supply, stop the Inverter and motor before operating the magnetic contactor. Use the speed search function if the magnetic contactor is operated during

operation. If measures for momentary power interrupts are required, use a delayed release the magnetic contactor.

Installing a Thermal Overload Relay

This Inverter has an electronic thermal protection function to protect the motor from overheating. If, however, more than one motor is operated with one Inverter or a multi-polar motor is used, always install a thermal relay (THR) between the Inverter and the motor and set L1-01 to 0 (no motor protection). The sequence should be designed so that the contacts of the thermal overload relay turn OFF the magnetic contactor on the main circuit inputs.

Installing a Noise Filter on Output Side

Connect a noise filter to the output side of the Inverter to reduce radio noise and inductive noise.



 Inductive Noise:
 Electromagnetic induction generates noise on the signal line, causing the controller to malfunction.

 Radio Noise:
 Electromagnetic waves from the Inverter and cables cause the broadcasting radio receiver to make noise.

Fig 2.9 Installing a Noise Filter on the Output Side

Countermeasures Against Inductive Noise

As described previously, a noise filter can be used to prevent inductive noise from being generated on the output side. Alternatively, cables can be routed through a grounded metal pipe to prevent inductive noise. Keeping the metal pipe at least 30 cm away from the signal line considerably reduces inductive noise.



Fig 2.10 Countermeasures Against Inductive Noise

Countermeasures Against Radio Interference

Radio noise is generated from the Inverter as well as from the input and output lines. To reduce radio noise, install noise filters on both input and output sides, and also install the Inverter in a totally enclosed steel box.

The cable between the Inverter and the motor should be as short as possible.





Cable Length between Inverter and Motor

If the cable between the Inverter and the motor is long, the high-frequency leakage current will increase, causing the Inverter output current to increase as well. This may affect peripheral devices. To prevent this, adjust the carrier frequency (set in C6-02) as shown in *Table 2.6*. (For details, refer to *Chapter 5 User Constants*.)

Table 2.6 Cable Length between Inverter and Motor

| Cable length | 50 m max. | 100 m max. | More than 100 m | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------|--|
| Carrier frequency | Carrier frequency 15 kHz max. | | 5 kHz max. | |

Ground Wiring

Observe the following precautions when wiring the ground line.

- Always use the ground terminal of the 200 V Inverter with a ground resistance of less than 100 Ω and that of the 400 V Inverter with a ground resistance of less than 10 Ω .
- Do not share the ground wire with other devices, such as welding machines or power tools.
- Always use a ground wire that complies with technical standards on electrical equipment and minimize the length of the ground wire.

Leakage current flows through the Inverter. Therefore, if the distance between the ground electrode and the ground terminal is too long, potential on the ground terminal of the Inverter will become unstable.

• When using more than one Inverter, be careful not to loop the ground wire.



Fig 2.12 Ground Wiring

Connecting the Braking Resistor (ERF)

A Braking Resistor that mounts to the Inverter can be used with 200 V and 400 V Class Inverters with outputs from 0.4 to 3.7 kW.

Connect the braking resistor as shown in Fig 2.13.

| Table 2.7 | ' |
|-----------|---|
|-----------|---|

| L8-01 (Protect selection for internal DB resistor) | | 1 (Enables overheat protection) | |
|--|------------------------------|---|--|
| L3-04 (Stall prevention selection during deceleration) | | 0 (Disables stall prevention function) | |
| | (Select either one of them.) | 3 (Enables stall prevention function with braking resistor) | |



Fig 2.13 Connecting the Braking Resistor



The braking resistor connection terminals are B1 and B2. Do not connect to any other terminals. Connecting to any terminals other than B1 or B2 can cause the resistor to overheat, resulting in damage to the equipment.

Connecting the Braking Resistor Unit (LKEB) and Braking Unit (CDBR)

Use the following settings when using a Braking Resistor Unit. Refer to *Wiring Examples* on page 10-20 for connection methods for a Braking Resistor Unit.

A Braking Resistor that mounts to the Inverter can also be used with Inverters with outputs from 0.4 to 3.7 kW.

| Table 2 | 2.8 |
|---------|-----|
|---------|-----|

| | L8-01 (Protect selection for internal DB resistor) | 0 (Disables overheat protection) | |
|--|--|---|--|
| L3-04 (Stall prevention selection during deceleration) | | 0 (Disables stall prevention function) | |
| | (Select either one of them.) | 3 (Enables stall prevention function with braking resistor) | |

L8-01 is used when a braking resistor without thermal overload relay trip contacts (ERF type mounted to Inverter) is connected.

The Braking Resistor Unit cannot be used and the deceleration time cannot be shortened by the Inverter if L3-04 is set to 1 (i.e., if stall prevention is enabled for deceleration).

Wiring Control Circuit Terminals

Wire Sizes and Closed-loop Connectors

For remote operation using analog signals, keep the control line length between the Digital Operator or operation signals and the Inverter to 50 m or less, and separate the lines from high-power lines (main circuits or relay sequence circuits) to reduce induction from peripheral devices.

When setting frequencies from an external frequency setter (and not from a Digital Operator), use shielded twisted-pair wires and ground the shield to terminal E (G), as shown in the following diagram.



Terminal numbers and wire sizes are shown in Table 2.9.

| Terminals | Termi- nal Screws | Tightening Torque (N•m) | Possible Wire Sizes mm ² (AWG) | Recom- mended Wire Size mm ² (AWG) | Wire Type |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
| FM, AC, AM, P1, P2, PC, SC, A1, A2, A3, +V, -V, S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, S8, MA, MB, MC, M1, M2 | M3.5 | 0.8 to 1.0 | 0.5 to 2 ^{*2} (20 to 14) | 0.75 (18) | • Shielded, twisted-pair wire ^{*1} |
| P3, C3, P4, C4, MP, RP, R+, R-, S9, S10, S11, S12, S+, S-, IG | Phoenix type | 0.5 to 0.6 | Single wire ^{*3} : 0.14 to 2.5 Stranded wire: 0.14 to 1.5 (26 to 14) | 0.75 (18) | • Shielded, polyethylene-cov- ered, vinyl sheath cable (KPEV-S by Hitachi Electri- cal Wire or equivalent) |
| E (G) | M3.5 | 0.8 to 1.0 | 0.5 to 2 ^{*2} (20 to 14) | 1.25 (12) | |

* 1. Use shielded twisted-pair cables to input an external frequency reference.

* 2. Refer to Table 2.3 Closed-loop Connector Sizes (JIS C2805) (200 V Class and 400 V Class) for suitable closed-loop crimp terminal sizes for the wires.

* 3. We recommend using straight solderless terminal on signal lines to simplify wiring and improve reliability.

Straight Solderless Terminals for Signal Lines

Models and sizes of straight solderless terminal are shown in the following table.

| Wire Size mm ² (AWG) | Model | d1 | d2 | L | Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-----|-----|------|-----------------|
| 0.25 (24) | AI 0.25 - 8YE | 0.8 | 2 | 12.5 | |
| 0.5 (20) | AI 0.5 - 8WH | 1.1 | 2.5 | 14 | |
| 0.75 (18) | AI 0.75 - 8GY | 1.3 | 2.8 | 14 | Phoenix Contact |
| 1.25 (16) | AI 1.5 - 8BK | 1.8 | 3.4 | 14 | |
| 2 (14) | AI 2.5 - 8BU | 2.3 | 4.2 | 14 | |

Table 2.10 Straight Solderless Terminal Sizes



Fig 2.15 Straight Solderless Terminal Sizes

■Wiring Method

Use the following procedure to connect wires to the terminal block.

- 1. Loosen the terminal screws with a thin-slot screwdriver.
- 2. Insert the wires from underneath the terminal block.
- 3. Tighten the terminal screws firmly.



Fig 2.16 Connecting Wires to Terminal Block

Control Circuit Terminal Functions

The functions of the control circuit terminals are shown in *Table 2.11*. Use the appropriate terminals for the correct purposes.

| Туре | No. | Signal Name | Function | Signal Level |
|----------------------------|------------|--|--|---|
| | S 1 | Forward Run/Stop Command | Forward run when ON; stopped when OFF. | |
| | S2 | Reverse Run/Stop Command | Reverse run when ON; stopped when OFF. | |
| | S3 | Multi-function input 1 ^{*1} | Factory setting: External fault when ON. | |
| | S4 | Multi-function input 2 ^{*1} | Factory setting: Fault reset when ON. | |
| | S5 | Multi-function input 3 ^{*1} | Factory setting: Multi-speed reference 1 effective when ON. | |
| | S6 | Multi-function input 4 ^{*1} | Factory setting: Multi-speed reference 2 effective when ON. | |
| Se- quence | S7 | Multi-function input 5 ^{*1} | Factory setting: Jog frequency selected when ON. | 24 VDC, 8 mA |
| input signals | S 8 | Multi-function input 6 ^{*1} | Factory setting: External baseblock when ON. | Photocoupler isolation |
| | S9 | Multi-function input 7 ^{*1} | Factory setting: Multi-speed reference 3 effective when ON. | |
| | S10 | Multi-function input 8*1 Factory setting: Multi-speed reference 4 effective when ON. | | |
| | S11 | Multi-function input 9 ^{*1} | Factory setting: Acceleration/deceleration time selected when ON. | |
| | S12 | Multi-function input 10 ^{*1} Factory setting: Emergency stop (NO con- tact) when ON. | | |
| | SC | Sequence input common | - | |
| | +V | +15 V power output | +15 V power supply for analog references | +15 V (Max. current: 20 mA) |
| | -V | -15 V power output | -15 V power supply for analog references | -15 V (Max. current: 20 mA) |
| | A1 | Master speed frequency ref- erence | er speed frequency ref- e $-10 \text{ to } +10 \text{ V}/-100 \text{ to } 100\%$ 0 to +10 V/100% | |
| Analog input signals | A2 | Multi-function analog input | 4 to 20 mA/100%, -10 to +10 V/-100 to +100%, 0 to +10 V/100% Factory setting: Added to terminal A1 (H3-09 = 0) | 4 to 20 mA (Input imped- ance: 250Ω) -10 to +10 V, 0 to +10 V (Input impedance: $20 k\Omega$) |
| | A3 | Multi-function analog input | -10 to +10 V/-100 to +100%, 0 to +10 V/ 100% Factory setting: Auxiliary speed frequency reference 1 (H3-05 = 2) | -10 to +10 V, 0 to +10 V (Input impedance: 20 kΩ) |
| | AC | Analog reference common | 0 V | - |
| | E(G) | Shield wire, optional ground line connection point | - | - |

Table 2.11 Control Circuit Terminals

| Туре | No. | Signal Name | Function | Signal Level | |
|------------------------------|-----|--|---|--|--|
| | P1 | Multi-function PHC output 1 | Factory setting: Zero-speed Zero-speed level (b2-01) or below when ON. | | |
| | Р2 | Multi-function PHC output 2 | Factory setting: Frequency agreement detec- tion Frequency within 2 Hz of set frequency when ON. | | |
| Photo- coupler outputs | PC | Photocoupler output common for P1 and P2 | - | 50 mA max. at 48 VDC ^{*2} | |
| | Р3 | Multi function DUC output 2 | Factory setting: Ready for operation when | | |
| | C3 | Multi-function PHC output 3 | ON. | | |
| | P4 | M Hi C matien DHC a to t A | Franking and the Minage Co. 14 | | |
| | C4 | Multi-function PHC output 4 | Factory setting: Minor fault. | | |
| МА | | Fault output signal (NO con- tact) | Fault when CLOSED across MA and MC | Dry contacts Contact capacity: 10 mA min. 1 A max. at | |
| | MB | Fault output signal (NC con- tact) Fault when OPEN across MB and MC C | | | |
| Relay outputs | MC | Relay contact output com- mon | - | 10 mA min. 1 A max. at 30 VDC | |
| | M1 | Multi-function contact output | Factory setting: Operating | Minimum permissible load: 5 VDC, 10 mA ^{*4} | |
| | M2 | (NO contact) | Operating when ON across M1 and M2. | | |
| Analog | FM | Multi-function analog moni- tor 1 | Factory setting: Output frequency 0 to 10 V/100% frequency | | |
| moni- tor out- puts | AM | Multi-function analog moni- tor 2 | Factory setting: Current monitor 5 V/Inverter's rated current | -10 to +10 VDC ±5% 2 mA max. | |
| | AC | Analog common | - | | |
| Pulse | RP | Multi-function pulse input ^{*3} | Factory setting: Frequency reference input (H6-01 = 0) | 0 to 32 kHz (3 kΩ) | |
| I/O | MP | Multi-function pulse monitor | Factory setting: Output frequency (H6-06 = 2) | 0 to 32 kHz (2.2 kΩ) | |
| | R+ | MEMOBUS communica- | | Differential input, photo- coupler isolation Differential output, pho- | |
| RS- | R- | tions input | For 2-wire RS-485, short R+ and S+ as well | | |
| 485/ | S+ | MEMOBUS communica- | as R- and S | | |
| 422 | S- | tions output | | tocoupler isolation | |
| | IG | Communications shield wire | - | - | |

| Table 2.11 | Control | Circuit | Terminals | (Continued) |
|------------|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|
|------------|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|

* 1. For a 3-wire sequence, the default settings are a 3-wire sequence for S5, multi-step speed setting 1 for S6 and multi-step speed setting 2 for S7, and jog frequency command for S8.
 2. When the term of the hear term of term of

* 2. When driving a reactive load, such as a relay coil, always insert a flywheel diode as shown in Fig 2.17.

* 3. Pulse input specifications are given in the following table.

* 4. Use the photocoupler outputs when the minimum permissible load is 5 VDC or less and 10 mA or less.

| Low level voltage | 0.0 to 0.8 V |
|--------------------|---------------|
| High level voltage | 3.5 to 13.2 V |
| H duty | 30% to 70% |
| Pulse frequency | 0 to 32 kHz |



Fig 2.17 Flywheel Diode Connection

■Shunt Connector CN5 and DIP Switch S1

The shunt connector CN 5 and DIP switch S1 are described in this section.



Fig 2.18 Shunt Connector CN5 and DIP Switch S1

The functions of DIP switch S1 are shown in the following table.

Table 2.12 DIP Switch S1

| Name | Function | Setting |
|------|---|--|
| S1-1 | RS-485 and RS-422 terminating resis- tance | OFF: No terminating resistance ON: Terminating resistance of 110 Ω |
| S1-2 | Input method for analog input A2 | OFF: 0 to 10 V, -10 to 10 V (internal resistance: 20 k Ω) ON: 4 to 20 mA (internal resistance: 250 Ω) |

Sinking/Sourcing Mode

The input terminal logic can be switched between sinking mode (0-V common) and sourcing mode (+24-V common) if shunt connector CN5 is used. An external 24-V power supply is also supported, providing more freedom in signal input methods.



Table 2.13 Sinking/Sourcing Mode and Input Signals

Control Circuit Terminal Connections

Connections to Inverter control circuit terminals are shown in Fig 2.19.



Fig 2.19 Control Circuit Terminal Connections

Control Circuit Wiring Precautions

Observe the following precautions when wiring control circuits.

- Separate control circuit wiring from main circuit wiring (terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, B1, B2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, ⊖, ⊕1, ⊕2, and ⊕3) and other high-power lines.
- Separate wiring for control circuit terminals MA, MB, MC, M1, and M2 (contact outputs) from wiring to other control circuit terminals.
- Use shielded twisted-pair cables for control circuits to prevent operating faults. Process cable ends as shown in *Fig 2.20*.
- Connect the shield wire to terminal E (G).
- Insulate the shield with tape to prevent contact with other signal lines and equipment.
- Use a class 2 power supply (UL standard) when connecting to the control terminals.



Fig 2.20 Processing the Ends of Shielded Twisted-pair Cables

Wiring Check

Checks

Check all wiring after wiring has been completed. Do not perform a buzzer check on control circuits. Perform the following checks on the wiring.

- Is all wiring correct?
- Have any wire clippings, screws, or other foreign material been left?
- Are all screws tight?
- Are any wire ends contacting other terminals?

Installing and Wiring Option Boards

Option Board Models and Specifications

Up to three option boards can be mounted in the Inverter. You can mount up one Board into each of the three places on the control board (A, C, and D) shown in *Fig 2.21*.

Table 2.14 lists the type of option boards and their specifications.

| Board | Model | Specifications | Mounting Loca- tion |
|---------------------------------------|---------|--|------------------------|
| | PG-A2 | Serial open-collector/complimentary inputs | А |
| DG Speed Control Deorde | PG-B2 | Phase A/B complimentary inputs | А |
| ro speed Control Boards | PG-D2 | Single line-driver inputs | А |
| | PG-X2 | Phase A/B line-driver inputs | А |
| | AI-14U | Input signal levels 0 to 10 V DC (20 k Ω), 1 channel 4 to 20 mA (250 Ω), 1 channel Input resolution: 14-bit | С |
| Speed Reference Boards | AI-14B | Input signal levels 0 to 10 V DC (20 k Ω) 4 to 20 mA (250 Ω), 3 channels Input resolution: 13-bit with sign bit | С |
| | DI-08 | 8-bit digital speed reference setting | С |
| | DI-16H2 | 16-bit digital speed reference setting | С |
| DeviceNet Communications Board | SI-N1 | DeviceNet communications support | С |
| Profibus-DP Communica- tions Board | SI-P1 | Profibus-DP communications support | С |
| CC-Link Communications Board | SI-C | CC-Link communications support | С |
| LONWORKS | SI-J | LONWORKS communications support | С |
| Communications Board | SI-W1 | LON WORKS communications support | |
| MECHATROLINK Commu- nication Board | SI-T | MECHATROLINK communications support | С |
| Analog Monitor Doord | AO-08 | 8-bit analog outputs, 2 channels | D |
| | AO-12 | 12-bit analog outputs, 2 channels | D |
| Digital Output Board | DO-08 | Six photocoupler outputs and 2 relay outputs | D |
| Digital Output Doald | DO-02C | 2 relay outputs | D |

Table 2.14 Option Board Specifications

Installation

Before mounting an option board, remove the terminal cover and be sure that the charge indicator inside the Inverter is not lit. After confirming that the charge indicator is not lit, remove the Digital Operator and front cover and then mount the option board.

The side of the front cover of the Inverter for 200/400 V Class 0.4 to 3.7 kW can be cut out as described in *Fig* 2.22 to make wiring of the option board easy. If the side of the front cover is cut out, the protective structure will be open chassis (IEC IP00).

Refer to documentation provided with the option board for actual mounting instructions for option slots A, C, and D.

Preventing C and D Option Board Connectors from Rising

After installing an option board into slot C or D, insert an option clip to prevent the side with the connector from rising. The option clip can be easily removed by holding onto the protruding portion of the clip and pulling it out.

Remove the option clip before installing an option board into slot C or D. The option board can not be installed completely and may not function properly if it is installed with the option clip attached.



Fig 2.21 Mounting Option Boards



Fig 2.22 Cutting the Front Cover

Cut out the slits on the front cover with nippers. Be careful to avoid injury.

PG Speed Control Board Terminals and Specifications

The terminal specifications for the PG Speed Control Boards are given in the following tables.

■PG-A2

The terminal specifications for the PG-A2 are given in the following table.

| Terminal | No. | Contents | Specifications |
|----------|-----|-------------------------------------|--|
| | 1 | Dower apply for pulse concreter | 12 VDC (±5%), 200 mA max. |
| | 2 | Power suppry for pulse generator | 0 VDC (GND for power supply) |
| | 3 | +12 V/open collector switching ter- | Terminal for switching between 12 V voltage input and open collector input. For open collector input, |
| TA1 | 4 | mmai | short across 3 and 4. |
| | 5 | Pulse input terminal | H: +4 to 12 V; L: +1 V max. (Maximum response frequency: 30 kHz) |
| | 6 | | Pulse input common |
| | 7 | Dulse motor output terminal | 12 VDC (±10%), 20 mA max. |
| | 8 | ruise motor output terminar | Pulse monitor output common |
| TA2 | (E) | Shield connection terminal | - |

| Table 2 15 | PG-A2 | Terminal | Specification | ns |
|------------|--------|----------|---------------|----|
| | 1 0-74 | renninai | opecification | 13 |

■PG-B2

The terminal specifications for the PG-B2 are given in the following table.

| Terminal | No. | Contents | Specifications |
|--------------|-----|----------------------------------|---|
| | 1 | Dower supply for pulse generator | 12 VDC (±5%), 200 mA max. |
| | 2 | rower suppry for pulse generator | 0 VDC (GND for power supply) |
| T 1 1 | 3 | A-phase pulse input terminal | H: +8 to 12 V L: +1 V max. (Maximum response frequency: 30 kHz) |
| IAI | 4 | | Pulse input common |
| | 5 | B-phase pulse input terminal | H: +8 to 12 V L: +1 V max. (Maximum response frequency: 30 kHz) |
| | 6 | | Pulse input common |
| TA2 | 1 | A phase monitor output terminal | Open collector output, 24 VDC, 30 mA max. |
| | 2 | A-phase monitor output terminar | A-phase monitor output common |
| | 3 | B-phase monitor output terminal | Open collector output, 24 VDC, 30 mA max. |
| | 4 | B-phase monitor output terminar | B-phase monitor output common |
| TA3 | (E) | Shield connection terminal | - |

Table 2.16 PG-B2 Terminal Specifications

■PG-D2

The terminal specifications for the PG-D2 are given in the following table.

| Terminal | No. | Contents | Specifications |
|----------|-----|----------------------------------|--|
| | 1 | | 12 VDC (±5%), 200 mA max.* |
| | 2 | Power supply for pulse generator | 0 VDC (GND for power supply) |
| | 3 | | 5 VDC (±5%), 200 mA max.* |
| TA 1 | 4 | Pulse input + terminal | Line driver input (RS-422 level input) |
| IAI | 5 | Pulse input - terminal | Maximum response frequency: 300 kHz |
| | 6 | Common terminal | - |
| | 7 | Pulse monitor output + terminal | Line driver output (PS 422 level output) |
| | 8 | Pulse monitor output - terminal | Eme arriver output (RS-422 level output) |
| TA2 | (E) | Shield connection terminal | - |

| Table 2.17 | PG-D2 | Terminal | Specifications |
|------------|-------|----------|----------------|
|------------|-------|----------|----------------|

* 5 VDC and 12 VDC cannot be used at the same time.

■PG-X2

The terminal specifications for the PG-X2 are given in the following table.

| Table 2.18 | PG-X2 | Terminal | Specifications |
|------------|-------|----------|-----------------|
| 10010 2.10 | | 10111111 | opoolinoullonio |

| Terminal | No. | Contents | Specifications | |
|----------|-----|----------------------------------|--|--|
| | 1 | | 12 VDC (±5%), 200 mA max.* | |
| | 2 | Power supply for pulse generator | 0 VDC (GND for power supply) | |
| | 3 | | 5 VDC (±5%), 200 mA max.* | |
| | 4 | A-phase + input terminal | | |
| TA 1 | 5 | A-phase - input terminal | | |
| IAI | 6 | B-phase + input terminal | Line driver input (RS-422 level input) | |
| | 7 | B-phase - input terminal | Maximum response frequency: 300 kHz | |
| | 8 | Z-phase + input terminal | | |
| | 9 | Z-phase - input terminal | | |
| | 10 | Common terminal | 0 VDC (GND for power supply) | |
| | 1 | A-phase + output terminal | Line driver output (RS-422 level output) | |
| | 2 | A-phase - output terminal | | |
| | 3 | B-phase + output terminal | | |
| TA2 | 4 | B-phase - output terminal | | |
| | 5 | Z-phase + output terminal | | |
| | 6 | Z-phase - output terminal | | |
| | 7 | Control circuit common | Control circuit GND | |
| TA3 | (E) | Shield connection terminal | - | |

* 5 VDC and 12 VDC cannot be used at the same time.

Wiring

Wiring examples are provided in the following illustrations for the option boards.

Wiring the PG-A2

Wiring examples are provided in the following illustrations for the PG-A2.



Fig 2.23 Wiring a 12 V Voltage Input



- Shielded twisted-pair wires must be used for signal lines.
- Do not use the pulse generator's power supply for anything other than the pulse generator (encoder). Using it for another purpose can cause malfunctions due to noise.
- The length of the pulse generator's wiring must not be more than 100 meters.

Fig 2.24 Wiring an Open-collector Input



Fig 2.25 I/O Circuit Configuration of the PG-A2
■ Wiring the PG-B2

Wiring examples are provided in the following illustrations for the PG-B2.



- · Shielded twisted-pair wires must be used for signal lines.
- Do not use the pulse generator's power supply for anything other than the pulse generator (encoder). Using it for another purpose can cause malfunctions due to noise.
- The length of the pulse generator's wiring must not be more than 100 meters.
- The direction of rotation of the PG can be set in user constant F1-05. The factory preset if for forward rotation, A-phase advancement.



Fig 2.26 PG-B2 Wiring

- When connecting to a voltage-output-type PG (encoder), select a PG that has an output impedance with a current of at least 12 mA to the input circuit photocoupler (diode).
- The pulse monitor dividing ratio can be changed using constant F1-06 (PG division rate).

A-phase pulses

• The pulse monitor emitter is connected to common inside the PG-B2. The emitter common must be used for external circuits.

Fig 2.27 I/O Circuit Configuration of the PG-B2

■Wiring the PG-D2

Wiring examples are provided in the following illustrations for the PG-D2.



- Shielded twisted-pair wires must be used for signal lines.
- Do not use the pulse generator's power supply for anything other than the pulse generator (encoder). Using it for another purpose can cause malfunctions due to noise.
- The length of the pulse generator's wiring must not be more than 100 meters.

Fig 2.28 PG-D2 Wiring

■Wiring the PG-X2

Wiring examples are provided in the following illustrations for the PG-X2.



- Shielded twisted-pair wires must be used for signal lines.
- Do not use the pulse generator's power supply for anything other than the pulse generator (encoder). Using it for another purpose can cause malfunctions due to noise.
- The length of the pulse generator's wiring must not be more than 100 meters.
- The direction of rotation of the PG can be set in user constant F1-05 (PG Rotation). The factory preset if for motor forward rotation, A-phase advancement.

Fig 2.29 PG-X2 Wiring

Wiring Terminal Blocks

Use no more than 100 meters of wiring for PG (encoder) signal lines, and keep them separate from power lines.

Use shielded, twisted-pair wires for pulse inputs and pulse output monitor wires, and connect the shield to the shield connection terminal.

■Wire Sizes (Same for All Models)

Terminal wire sizes are shown in Table 2.19.

Table 2.19 Wire Sizes

| Terminal | Terminal Screws | Wire Thickness (mm ²) | Wire Type |
|---|--------------------|--|---|
| Pulse generator power supply Pulse input terminal Pulse monitor output terminal | - | Stranded wire: 0.5 to 1.25 Single wire: 0.5 to 1.25 | Shielded, twisted-pair wire Shielded, polyethylene-covered, vinyl sheath cable |
| Shield connection terminal | M3.5 | 0.5 to 2 | (KPEV-S by Hitachi Electric Wire or equivalent) |

Straight Solderless Terminals for Control Circuit Terminals

We recommend using straight solderless terminal on signal lines to simplify wiring and improve reliability.

Refer to Straight Solderless Terminal Sizes for specifications.

■Closed-loop Connector Sizes and Tightening Torque

The closed-loop connectors and tightening torques for various wire sizes are shown in Table 2.20.

Table 2.20 Closed-loop Connectors and Tightening Torques

| Wire Thickness [mm ²] | Terminal Screws | Crimp Terminal Size | Tightening Torque (N • m) | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| 0.5 | | 1.25 - 3.5 | | | |
| 0.75 | M2 5 | 1.25 - 3.5 | 0.8 | | |
| 1.25 | M15.5 | 1.25 - 3.5 | 0.8 | | |
| 2 | | 2 - 3.5 | | | |

Wiring Method and Precautions

The wiring method is the same as the one used for straight solderless terminals. Refer to page 2-23. Observe the following precautions when wiring.

- Separate the control signal lines for the PG Speed Control Board from main circuit lines and power lines.
- Connect the shield when connecting to a PG. The shield must be connected to prevent operational errors caused by noise. Also, do not use any lines that are more than 100 m long. Refer to *Fig 2.20* for details on connecting the shield.
- Connect the shield to the shield terminal (E).
- Do not solder the ends of wires. Doing so may cause contact faults.
- When not using straight solderless terminals, strip the wires to a length of approximately 5.5 mm.

Selecting the Number of PG (Encoder) Pulses

The setting for the number of PG pulses depends on the model of PG Speed Control Board being used. Set the correct number for your model.

■PG-A2/PG-B2

The maximum response frequency is 32,767 Hz.

Use a PG that outputs a maximum frequency of approximately 20 kHz for the rotational speed of the motor.

 $\frac{\text{Motor speed at maximum frequency output (min^{-1})}{60} \times \text{PG rating (p/rev)} = 20,000 \text{ Hz}$

Some examples of PG output frequency (number of pulses) for the maximum frequency output are shown in *Table 2.21*.

| Motor's Maximum Speed (min ⁻¹) | PG Rating (p/rev) | PG Output Frequency for Maximum Fre- quency Output (Hz) |
|--|----------------------|--|
| 1800 | 600 | 18,000 |
| 1500 | 600 | 15,000 |
| 1200 | 900 | 18,000 |
| 900 | 1200 | 18,000 |

Table 2.21 PG Pulse Selection Examples

Note 1. The motor speed at maximum frequency output is expressed as the sync rotation speed.

2. The PG power supply is 12 V.

3. A separate power supply is required if the PG power supply capacity is greater than 200 mA. (If momentary power loss must be handled, use a backup capacitor or other method.)



Fig 2.30 PG-B2 Connection Example

■PG-D2/PG-X2

There are 5 V and 12 V PG power supplies.

Check the PG power supply specifications before connecting.

The maximum response frequency is 300 kHz.

Use the following equation to computer the output frequency of the PG (f_{PG}).

$$f_{PG}(Hz) = \frac{Motor speed at maximum frequency output (min-1)}{60} \times PG rating (p/rev)$$

A separate power supply is required if the PG power supply capacity is greater than 200 mA. (If momentary power loss must be handled, use a backup capacitor or other method.)



Fig 2.31 PG-X2 Connection Example (for 12 V PG power supply)

3

Digital Operator and Modes

This chapter describes Digital Operator displays and functions, and provides an overview of operating modes and switching between modes.

| Digital Operator | 3-2 |
|------------------|-----|
| Modes | 3-5 |

Digital Operator

This section describes the displays and functions of the Digital Operator.

Digital Operator Display

The key names and functions of the Digital Operator are described below.



Fig 3.1 Digital Operator Component Names and Functions

Digital Operator Keys

The names and functions of the Digital Operator Keys are described in Table 3.1.

| Table 3.1 | Key Functions |
|-----------|---------------|
|-----------|---------------|

| Key | Name | Function |
|-----------------|------------------|---|
| LOCAL REMOTE | LOCAL/REMOTE Key | Switches between operation via the Digital Operator (LOCAL) and control circuit terminal operation (REMOTE). This Key can be enabled or disabled by setting user constant o2-01. |
| | MENU Key | Selects menu items (modes). |
| ESC | ESC Key | Returns to the status before the DATA/ENTER Key was pressed. |
| JOG | JOG Key | Enables jog operation when the Inverter is being operated from the Digital Operator. |

| Key | Name | Function |
|---------------|-----------------|---|
| FWD REV | FWD/REV Key | Selects the rotation direction of the motor when the Inverter is being operated from the Digital Operator. |
| > RESET | Shift/RESET Key | Sets the number of digits for user constant settings. Also acts as the Reset Key when a fault has occurred. |
| | Increment Key | Selects menu items, sets user constant numbers, and increments set values. Used to move to the next item or data. |
| V | Decrement Key | Selects menu items, sets user constant numbers, and decrements set values. Used to move to the previous item or data. |
| DATA ENTER | DATA/ENTER Key | Pressed to enter menu items, user constants, and set values. Also used to switch from one display to another. Constants cannot be changed when Undervoltage (UV) is detected. |
| RUN | RUN Key | Starts the Inverter operation when the Inverter is being controlled by the Digital Operator. |
| STOP | STOP Key | Stops Inverter operation. This Key can be enabled or disabled when operating from the control circuit terminal by setting user constant o2-02. |

Table 3.1 Key Functions (Continued)

Note Except in diagrams, Keys are referred to using the Key names listed in the above table.

There are indicators on the upper left of the RUN and STOP Keys on the Digital Operator. These indicators will light and flash to indicate operating status.

The RUN Key indicator will flash and the STOP Key indicator will light during initial excitation of the dynamic brake. The relationship between the indicators on the RUN and STOP Keys and the Inverter status is shown in the *Fig 3.2*.





Fig 3.2 RUN and STOP Indicators

The following table shows the relationship between the indicators on the RUN and STOP Keys and the Inverter conditions.

The indicators are lit, unlit or blinking reflecting the order of priority.

| Priority | RUN Indicator | STOP Indicator | Inverter Status | Conditions | |
|----------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| 1 | ٠ | ٠ | Stopped | Power supply is shut down. | |
| 2 | • | Ö | Stopped* | Emergency stop Stop Command is sent from the Digital Operator when the control circuit terminals were used to operate the Inverter. Emergency Stop Command is sent from the control circuit terminal. Switched from LOCAL (operation using the Digital Operator) to REMOTE (operation using the control circuit terminals) when the Run Command is sent from the external terminal. Switched from the Quick or Advanced Quick programming mode to the Drive mode when the Run Command is sent from the external terminal. | |
| 3 | Ŏ. | Ŏ | Stopped | The Inverter is run at a frequency below the minimum output frequency. The Run Command is carried out when the External Baseblock Com- mand using the multi-function contact input terminal is issued. | |
| 4 | ٠ | Ŏ | Stopped | Stopped | |
| 5 | Ö | ö | Running | During deceleration to a stop During DC injection braking when using the multi-function contact input terminal. During initial excitation of DC injection braking while the Inverter is stopped. | |
| 6 | Ö | Ö | Running | During emergency deceleration Stop Command is sent from the Digital Operator when operating the Inverter using the control circuit terminals. Emergency Stop Command is sent from the control circuit terminal. | |
| 7 | Ŏ. | • | Running | Run Command is issued. During initial excitation of DC injection braking when starting the Inverter. | |

Table 3.2 Relation of Inverter to RUN and STOP Indicators

Note $: \overleftrightarrow{\mathbb{Q}} :$ Lit $\overleftrightarrow{\mathbb{Q}} :$ Blinking \bullet : Not lit

* If planning to run the Inverter again, first turn OFF the Run Command and Emergency Stop Command from the control circuit terminal and send the Run Command.

Modes

This section describes the Inverter's modes and switching between modes.

Inverter Modes

Drive mode

Verify mode

Autotuning mode*

Quick programming mode

Advanced programming mode

The Inverter's user constants and monitoring functions are organized in groups called modes that make it easier to read and set user constants. The Inverter is equipped with 5 modes.

The 5 modes and their primary functions are shown in the Table 3.3.

set values.

| Mode | Primary function(s) |
|------|---|
| | The Inverter can be run in this mode. Use this mode when monitoring values such as frequency references or output cur- rent, displaying fault information, or displaying the fault history. |
| | Use this mode to reference and set the minimum user constants to operate the |

Use this mode to reference and set all user constants.

Inverter (e.g., the operating environment of the Inverter and Digital Operator).

Use this mode to read/set user constants that have been changed from their factory-

Use this mode when running a motor with unknown motor constants in the vector

control method. The motor constants are calculated and set automatically. This mode can also be used to measure only the motor line-to-line resistance.

Table 3.3 Modes

Always perform autotuning with the motor before operating using vector control. Autotuning mode will not be displayed during operation or when an error has occurred. The default setting of the Inverter is for open-loop vector 1 control (A1-02 = 2).

Switching Modes

The mode selection display will appear when the MENU Key is pressed from a monitor or setting display. Press the MENU Key from the mode selection display to switch between the modes.

Press the DATA/ENTER Key from the mode selection key to monitor data and from a monitor display to access the setting display.



Fig 3.3 Mode Transitions



When running the Inverter after using Digital Operator, press the MENU Key to select the drive mode (displayed on the LCD screen) and then press the DATA/ENTER Key from the drive mode display to bring up the monitor display. Run Commands can't be received from any other display. (Monitor display in the drive mode will appear when the power is turned ON.)

Drive Mode

Drive mode is the mode in which the Inverter can be operated. The following monitor displays are possible in drive mode: The frequency reference, output frequency, output current, and output voltage, as well as fault information and the fault history.

When b1-01 (Reference selection) is set to 0, the frequency can be changed from the frequency setting display. Use the Increment, Decrement, and Shift/RESET Keys to change the frequency. The user constant will be written and the monitor display will be returned to when the DATA/ENTER Key is pressed after changing the setting.

Example Operations

Key operations in drive mode are shown in the following figure.



Note When changing the display with the Increment and Decrement Keys, the next display after the one for the last parameter number will be the one for the first parameter number and vise versa. For example, the next display after the one for U1-01 will be U1-40. This is indicated in the figures by the letters A and B and the numbers 1 to 6.



The display for the first monitor constant (frequency reference) will be displayed when power is turned ON. The monitor item displayed at startup can be set in o1-02 (Monitor Selection after Power Up). Operation cannot be started from the mode selection display.

Quick Programming Mode

In quick programming mode, the constants required for Inverter trial operation can be monitored and set.

Constants can be changed from the setting displays. Use the Increment, Decrement, and Shift/RESET Keys to change the frequency. The user constant will be written and the monitor display will be returned to when the DATA/ENTER Key is pressed after changing the setting.

Refer to Chapter 5 User Constants for details on the constants displayed in quick programming mode.

■Example Operations

Key operations in quick programming mode are shown in the following figure.



Fig 3.5 Operations in Quick Programming Mode

З

Advanced Programming Mode

In advanced programming mode, all Inverter constants can be monitored and set.

Constants can be changed from the setting displays. Use the Increment, Decrement, and Shift/RESET Keys to change the frequency. The user constant will be written and the monitor display will be returned to when the DATA/ENTER Key is pressed after changing the setting.

Refer to Chapter 5 User Constants for details on the constants.

■Example Operations

Key operations in advanced programming mode are shown in the following figure.



Fig 3.6 Operations in Advanced Programming Mode

■Setting User Constants

Here, the procedure is shown to change C1-01 (Acceleration Time 1) from 10 s to 20 s.

| Step No. | Digital Operator Display | Description |
|-------------|--|--|
| 1 | -DRIVE- Rdy 频率指令 U1- 01 = 60.00Hz | Power supply turned ON. |
| 2 | DRIVE- 驱动模式 ★ G 7 ★ | MENU Key pressed to enter drive mode. |
| 3 | -ouick- 简易程序模式 ★ G 7 ★ | MENU Key pressed to enter quick programming mode. |
| 4 | -ADV- 高级程序模式 * G7 * | MENU Key pressed to enter advanced programming mode. |
| 5 | -ADV- 环境设定 A1 -00= 7 | DATA/ENTER pressed to access monitor display. |
| 6 | -ADV- 加速 / 减速 C1-01= 10.0sec | Increment or Decrement Key pressed to display C1-01 (Acceleration Time 1). |
| 7 | -ADV- 加速时间1 C1-O1= 0 010.0sec | DATA/ENTER Key pressed to access setting display. The setting of C1-01 (10.00) is displayed. |
| 8 | -ADV- 加速时间1 C1—O1= 0 ፬ 10. Osec | Shift/RESET Key pressed to move the flashing digit to the right. |
| 9 | -ADV- 加速时间1 C1-O1=O0∎0. 0sec | Increment Key pressed to change set value to 20.00 s. |
| 10 | -ADV- 加速时间1 C1-O1=00 2 0.0sec | DATA/ENTER Key pressed to enter the set data. |
| 11 | -ADV- 写入完毕 | "写入完毕" is displayed for 1.0 s after the data setting has been confirmed with the DATA/ENTER Key. |
| 12 | -ADV- 加速时间1 C1- 01 = 20.0sec | The monitor display for C1-01 returns. |

| | | | <u> </u> | | | _ | | |
|-----------|---------|-------|-----------|--------|---------|----------|--------|-------|
| Table 3.4 | Sotting | lleor | Constants | in Δr | hooneve | Program | mina I | |
| | ocuing | 0301 | Constants | III AU | vanceu | riogrami | migi | viouc |

■External Fault Setting Procedure

Examples of the Digital Operator displays that appear when setting an eternal error for a multi-function contact input in Advanced Programming Mode are shown in the following diagram.



Fig 3.7 External Fault Function Setting Example

Verify Mode

Verify mode is used to display any constants that have been changed from their default settings in a programming mode or by autotuning. "无变更" will be displayed if no settings have been changed.

Of the environment mode settings, only A1-02 will be displayed if it has been changed. Other environment modes settings will not be displayed even if they have been changed from their default settings.

Even in verify mode, the same procedures can be used to change settings as are used in the programming modes. Use the Increment, Decrement, and Shift/RESET Keys to change the frequency. The user constant will be written and the monitor display will be returned to when the DATA/ENTER Key is pressed after changing the setting.

Example Operations

An example of key operations is given below for when the following settings have been changed from their default settings: b1-01 (Reference Selection), C1-01 (Acceleration Time 1), E1-01 (Input Voltage Setting), and E2-01 (Motor Rated Current).



Fig 3.8 Operations in Verify Mode

Autotuning Mode

Autotuning automatically tunes and sets the required motor constants when operating in the vector control methods. Always perform autotuning before starting operation.

When V/f control has been selected, stationary autotuning for only line-to-line resistance can be selected.

When the motor cannot be disconnected from the load, perform stationary autotuning. Contact your Yaskawa representatives to set motor constants by calculation.

The Inverter's autotuning function automatically determines the motor constants, while a servo system's autotuning function determines the size of a load, so these autotuning functions are fundamentally different. The default setting of the Inverter is for open-loop vector 1 control.

■Example of Operation

Set the motor output power (in kW), rated voltage, rated current, rated frequency, rated speed, and number of poles specified on the nameplate on the motor and then press the RUN Key. The motor is automatically run and the motor constants measured based on these settings and autotuning will be set.

Always set the above items. Autotuning cannot be started otherwise, e.g., it cannot be started from the motor rated voltage display.

Constants can be changed from the setting displays. Use the Increment, Decrement, and Shift/RESET Keys to change the frequency. The user constant will be written and the monitor display will be returned to when the DATA/ENTER Key is pressed after changing the setting.

The following example shows autotuning for open-loop vector control while operating the motor without switching to motor 2.



* TUn10 will be displayed during rotational autotuning and TUn11 will be displayed during stationary autotuning. The DRIVE indicator will light when autotuning starts.

Fig 3.9 Operation in Autotuning Mode



The setting displays in for autotuning depend on the control method (V/f, V/f with PG, or open-loop vector). If a fault occurs during autotuning, refer to *Chapter 7 Troubleshooting*.

4

Trial Operation

This chapter describes the procedures for trial operation of the Inverter and provides an example of trial operation.

| Overview of Trial Operation Procedure | 4-2 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Trial Operation Procedures | 4-3 |
| Adjustment Suggestions | .4-18 |

Overview of Trial Operation Procedure

Perform trial operation according to the following flowchart.



Fig 4.1 Trial Operation Flowchart

Trial Operation Procedures

The procedure for the trial operate is described in order in this section.

Setting the Power Supply Voltage Jumper (400 V Class Inverters of 55 kW or Higher)

Set the power supply voltage jumper after setting E1-01 (Input Voltage Setting) for 400 V Class Inverters of 55 kW or higher. Insert the jumper into the power tap nearest to the actual power supply voltage. If the wrong jumper is selected, the Inverter may be damaged.

The jumper is factory-set to 400/415 V when shipped. If the power supply voltage is not 400/415 V, use the following procedure to change the setting.

- 1. Turn OFF the power supply and wait for at least 5 minutes.
- 2. Confirm that the CHARGE indicator has gone out.
- 3. Remove the terminal cover.
- 4. Insert the jumper at the position for the voltage supplied to the Inverter (see Fig 4.2).
- 5. Return the terminal cover to its original position.





Power ON

Confirm all of the following items and then turn ON the power supply.

- Check that the power supply is of the correct voltage.
 200 V Class: 3-phase 200 to 240 VDC, 50/60 Hz
 400 V Class: 3-phase 380 to 480 VDC, 50/60 Hz
- Make sure that the motor output terminals (U, V, W) and the motor are connected correctly.
- Make sure that the Inverter control circuit terminal and the control device are wired correctly.
- Set all Inverter control circuit terminals to OFF.
- When using a PG Speed Control Board, make sure that it is wired correctly.
- Make sure that the motor is not connected to the mechanical system (no-load status)

Checking the Display Status

If the Digital Operator's display at the time the power is connected is normal, it will read as follows:

Display for normal operation

-DRIVE- Rdy 频率指令 U1-01 = 50.00Hz

The frequency reference monitor is displayed in the data display section.

When an fault has occurred, the details of the fault will be displayed instead of the above display. In that case, refer to *Chapter 7 Troubleshooting*. The following display is an example of a display for faulty operation.

Display for fault operation

-^{DRIVE-} UV 主回路欠电压 The display will differ depending on the type of fault. A low voltage alarm is shown at left.

Basic Settings

Switch to the quick programming mode ("QUICK" will be displayed on the LCD screen) and then set the following user constants. Refer to *Chapter 3 Digital Operator and Modes* for Digital Operator operating procedures and to *Chapter 5 User Constants* and *Chapter 6 Constant Settings by Function* for details on the user constants.

Constants that must be set are listed in *Table 4.1* and those that are set according to the application are listed in *Table 4.2*.

| Con- stant Number | Name | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Page |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|---|------------------------------|
| A1-02 | Control method selection | Set the control method for the Inverter. 0: V/f control 1: V/f control with PG 2: Open-loop vector 1 control 3: Flux vector 4: Open-loop vector 2 control | 0 to 4 | 2 | 5-8 |
| b1-01 | Reference selectionSet the frequency reference input method. 0: Digital Operator 1: Control circuit terminal (analog input) 2: MEMOBUS communications 3: Option board 4: Pulse train input | | 0 to 4 | 1 | 5-10 6-2 6-76 6-94 |
| b1-02 | Operation method selection | Set the Run Command input method. 0: Digital Operator 1: Control circuit terminal (sequence input) 2: MEMOBUS communications 3: Option board | 0 to 3 | 1 | 5-10 6-10 6-76 6-94 |
| C1-01 | Acceleration time 1 | Set the acceleration time in seconds for the output frequency to climb from 0% to 100%. | 0.0 to 6000.0 | 10.0 s | 5-21 6-18 |
| C1-02 | Deceleration time 1 | Set the deceleration time in seconds for the output frequency to fall from 100% to 0%. | 0.0 to 6000.0 | 10.0 s | 5-21 6-18 |
| E1-01 | Input voltage set- ting | Set the Inverter's nominal input voltage in volts. This setting is used as a reference value in protec- tion functions. | 155 to 255 V (200 V Class) 310 to 510 V (400 V Class) | 200 V (200 V Class) 400 V (400 V Class) | 5-33 6-120 |
| E2-01 | Motor rated cur- rent | Set the motor rated current. | 10% to 200% of Inverter's rated current | Setting for general- purpose motor of same capacity as Inverter | 5-34 6-57 6-117 |
| L1-01 | Motor protection selection | Set to enable or disable the motor overload protec- tion function using the electronic thermal relay. 0: Disabled 1: General motor protection 2: Inverter motor protection 3: Vector motor protection | 0 to 3 | 1 | 5-57 6-57 |

Table 4.1 Constants that Must Be Set

| Con- stant Number | Name | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Page |
|--------------------------------|---|---|------------------|--|--------------|
| b1-03 | Stopping method selection | Select stopping method when Stop Command is sent. 0: Deceleration to stop 1: Coast to stop 2: DC braking stop 3: Coast to stop with timer | 0 to 3 | 0 | 5-10 6-12 |
| C6-02 | C6-02 Carrier fre- quency selection The carrier frequency is set low if t is 50 m or longer or to reduce radio | | 1 to F | Depends on capac- ity, volt- age, and control method. | 5-26 |
| C6-11 | Carrier fre- quency selection for open-loop vector 2 control | age current. | 1 to 4 | Depends on kVA setting. | 5-26 |
| d1-01 to d1-04 and d1-17 | Frequency refer- ences 1 to 4 and jog frequency ref- erence | Set the required speed references for multi-step speed operation or jogging. | 0 to 400.00 Hz | d1-01 to d1-04: 0.00 Hz d1-17: 6.00 Hz | 5-27 |
| H4-02 and H4- 05 | FM and AM ter- minal output gain | Set the voltage level gain for the multi-function analog output 1 (H4-02) and 2 (H4-05). Set the number of multiples of 10 V to be output as the 100% output for the monitor item. | 0.00 to 2.50 | H4-02: 1.00 H4-05: 0.50 | 5-53 |
| L3-04 | Stall prevention selection during deceleration | 0: Disabled (Deceleration as set. If deceleration time is too short, a main circuit overvoltage may result.) 1: Enabled (Deceleration is stopped when the main circuit voltage exceeds the overvoltage level. Deceleration restarts when voltage is returned.) 2: Intelligent deceleration mode (Deceleration rate is automatically adjusted so that the Inverter can decelerate in the shortest possible time. Set deceleration time is disregarded.) 3: Enabled (with Braking Resistor Unit) When a braking option (Braking Resistor, Braking Resistor Unit, Braking Unit) is used, always set to 0 or 3. | 0 to 3 | 1 | 5-60 6-25 |

Table 4.2 Constants that Are Set as Required

Settings for the Control Methods

Autotuning methods depend on the control method set for the Inverter. Make the settings required by the control method.

Overview of Settings

Make the required settings in quick programming mode and autotuning mode according to the following flowchart.



Note If the motor cable changes to 50 m or longer for the actual installation, perform stationary autotuning for the line-to-line resistance only on-site.

- * 1. Use rotational autotuning to increase autotuning accuracy whenever it is okay for the motor to be operated. Always perform rotational autotuning when using open-loop vector 2 control.
- * 2. If there is a reduction gear between the motor and PG, set the reduction ratio in F1-12 and F1-13.
- * 3. The default setting of the Inverter is for open-loop vector 1 control (A1-02 = 2).
- * 4. If the maximum output frequency is different from the base frequency, set the maximum output frequency (E1-04) after autotuning.

Fig 4.3 Settings According to the Control Method

■Setting the Control Method

Any of the following five control methods can be set.

| Control Method | Constant Set- ting | Basic Control | Main Applications |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| V/f control | A1-02 = 0 | Voltage/frequency ratio fixed control | Variable speed control, particularly control of multiple motors with one Inverter and replacing existing Invert- ers |
| V/f control with PG | A1-02 = 1 | Voltage/frequency ratio fixed control with speed compensation using a PG | Applications requiring high-precision speed control using a PG on the machine side |
| Open-loop vector 1 control | A1-02 = 2 (factory setting) | Current vector control without a PG | Variable speed control, applications requiring speed and torque accuracy using vector control without a PG |
| Flux vector control | A1-02 = 3 | Flux vector control | Very high-performance control with a PG (simple servo drives, high-precision speed control, torque control, and torque limiting) |
| Open-loop vector 2 control | A1-02 = 4 | Current vector control without a PG with an ASR (speed controller) (Always perform rotational autotun- ing.) | Very high-performance control with- out a PG (torque control without a PG, torque limiting, applications requiring a 1:200 speed control range without a PG) |

Note With vector control, the motor and Inverter must be connected 1:1. The motor capacity for which stable control is possible is 50% to 100% of the capacity of the Inverter.

V/f Control (A1-02 = 0)

• Set either one of the fixed patterns (0 to E) in E1-03 (V/f Pattern Selection) or set F in E1-03 to specify a user-set pattern as required for the motor and load characteristics in E1-04 to E1-13 in advanced programming mode.

| Simple operation operation Simple operation op | ion of | a | general-purpose | E1-03 = 1 |
|--|--------|---|-----------------|---|
| Simple operation operation operation of the second | ion of | a | general-purpose | E1-03 = F (default) or 0 If $E1-03 = F$, the default setting in the user setting from E1-04 to $E1-13$ are for 50 Hz |

• Perform stationary autotuning for the line-to-line resistance only if the motor cable is 50 m or longer for the actual installation or the load is heavy enough to produce stalling. Refer to the following section on *Autotuning* for details on stationary autotuning.

V/f Control with PG (A1-02=1)

• Set either one of the fixed patterns (0 to E) in E1-03 (V/f Pattern Selection) or set F in E1-03 to specify a user-set pattern as required for the motor and load characteristics in E1-04 to E1-13 in advanced programming mode.

| Simple operation motor at 60 Hz: | of | a | general-purpose | E1-03 = 1 |
|----------------------------------|----|---|-----------------|---|
| Simple operation motor at 50 Hz: | of | a | general-purpose | E1-03 = F (default) or 0 If $E1-03 = F$, the default setting in the user setting from E1-04 to $E1-13$ are for 50 Hz |

- Set the number of motor poles in E2-04 (Number of Motor Poles)
- Set the number of rotations per pulse in F1-01 (PG Constant). If there is a reduction gear between the motor and PG, set the reduction ratio in F1-12 and F1-13 in advanced programming mode.

• Perform stationary autotuning for the line-to-line resistance only if the motor cable is 50 m or longer for the actual installation or the load is heavy enough to produce stalling. Refer to the following section on *Autotuning* for details on stationary autotuning.

Open-loop Vector 1 Control (A1-02 = 2)

Perform autotuning. If the motor can be operated, perform rotational autotuning. If the motor cannot be operated, perform stationary autotuning 1 or 2. Refer to the following section on *Autotuning* for details on autotuning.

Flux Vector Control (A1-02 = 3)

Perform autotuning. If the motor can be operated, perform rotational autotuning. If the motor cannot be operated, perform stationary autotuning 1 or 2. Refer to the following section on *Autotuning* for details on autotuning.

Open-loop Vector 2 Control (A1-02 = 4)

Perform autotuning. If the motor can be operated, perform rotational autotuning. If the motor cannot be operated, perform stationary autotuning 1 or 2. Refer to the following section on *Autotuning* for details on autotuning.

Autotuning

Use the following procedure to perform autotuning to automatically set motor constants when using the vector control method, when the cable length is long, etc.

If the control method was changed after autotuning, be sure to perform autotuning again.

One of the following four autotuning modes can be set.

- Rotational autotuning
- Stationary autotuning 1
- Stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only
- Stationary autotuning 2

Precautions Before Using Autotuning

Read the following precautions before using autotuning.

- Autotuning the Inverter is fundamentally different from autotuning the servo system. Inverter autotuning automatically adjusts parameters according to detected motor constants, whereas servo system autotuning adjusts parameters according to the detected size of the load.
- When speed or torque precision is required at high speeds (i.e., 90% of the rated speed or higher), use a motor with a rated voltage that is 20 V less than the input power supply voltage of the Inverter for 200V-class Inverters and 40 V less for 400V-class Inverters. If the rated voltage of the motor is the same as the input power supply voltage, the voltage output from the Inverter will be unstable at high speeds and sufficient performance will not be possible.
- Use stationary autotuning 1 or 2 whenever performing autotuning for a motor that is connected to a load.
- Use rotational autotuning whenever performing autotuning for a motor that has fixed output characteristics, when high precision is required, or for a motor that is not connected to a load.
- If rotational autotuning is performed for a motor connected to a load, the motor constants will not be found accurately and the motor may exhibit abnormal operation. Never perform rotational autotuning for a motor connected to a load.

4

- If the wiring between the Inverter and motor changes by 50 m or more between autotuning and motor installation, perform stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only.
- If the motor cable is long (50 m or longer), perform stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only even when using V/f control.
- The status of the multi-function inputs and multi-function outputs will be as shown in the following table during autotuning. When performing autotuning with the motor connected to a load, be sure that the holding brake is not applied during autotuning, especially for conveyor systems or similar equipment.

| Tuning Mode | Multi-function Inputs | Multi-function Outputs |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Rotational autotuning | Do not function. | Same as during normal operation |
| Stationary autotuning 1 | Do not function. | Maintain same status as when autotuning is started. |
| Stationary autotuning for line- to-line resistance only | Do not function. | Maintain same status as when autotuning is started. |
| Stationary autotuning 2 | Do not function. | Maintain same status as when autotuning is started. |

- To cancel autotuning, always use the STOP Key on the Digital Operator.
- Power will be supplied to the motor when stationary autotuning is performed even though the motor will not turn. Do not touch the motor until autotuning has been completed.

Setting the Autotuning Mode

Rotational Autotuning (T1-01 = 0)

Rotational autotuning is used for open-loop vector control and flux vector control. Set T1-01 to 0, input the data from the nameplate, and then press the RUN Key on the Digital Operator. The Inverter will stop the motor for approximately 1 minute and then set the required motor constants automatically while operating the motor for approximately 1 minute.



1. Always disconnect the motor from the machine and confirm that it is safe to operate the motor before performing rotational autotuning. 2. If the motor cannot be operated by itself, perform stationary autotuning, but always use rotational

autotuning whenever it is possible to operate the motor by itself to increase performance.

Stationary Autotuning 1 (T1-01 = 1)

Stationary autotuning 1 is used for open-loop vector control and flux vector control. Set T1-01 to 1, input the data from the nameplate, and then press the RUN Key on the Digital Operator. The Inverter will supply power to the stationary motor for approximately 1 minute and some of the motor constants will be set automatically. The remaining motor constants E2-02 (motor rated slip) and E2-03 (motor no-load current) will be set automatically the first time operation is started in drive mode. To perform an operation immediately after stationary autotuning1, use the following procedure under the recommended conditions.

- 1. Check the values of E2-02 and E2-03 in verify mode or advanced programming mode.
- 2. Run the motor once in drive mode under the following conditions.
- The Inverter and the motor are connected.
- The motor shaft is not locked with a mechanical brake or other stopping mechanism (or function).
- A motor-load ratio of 30% or less is maintained.
- A speed of 30% or more of the base frequency set at E1-06 (default = highest frequency) is maintained at a constant speed for one second or more.

3. After stopping the motor, check the values of E2-02 and E2-03 again in verify mode or advanced programming mode. If the values of E2-02 and E2-03 differ from the ones before the first operation was carried out, the settings have been successfully completed. Next, check if the values are suitable or not.

If the values of E2-02 and E2-03 differed greatly from the reference data of the motor in the test report or the instruction manual, hunting, motor vibrations, insufficient motor torque, or an overcurrent may occur because the motor is operated although the aforementioned conditions have not been fulfilled after stationary autotuning1. For elevators, failure to observe this caution may result in the cage falling or injury. If so, perform stationary autotuning1 again and run the motor using the aforementioned procedure under the recommended conditions or perform stationary autotuning 2 or rotational autotuning.

Usually the standard setting for E2-02 is 1 Hz to 3 Hz, and that for E2-03 is 30% to 65% of the rated current for a general-purpose motor. Generally, the larger the motor capacity is, the smaller the rated slip and the ratio of the no-load current to the rated current become. Use the data given in *Factory Settings that Change with the Inverter Capacity (o2-04)* of *Chapter 5 User Constants* as a reference.



1. Power will be supplied to the motor when stationary autotuning 1 is performed even though the motor will not turn. Do not touch the motor until autotuning has been completed.

2. When performing stationary autotuning 1 connected to a conveyor or other machine, ensure that the holding brake is not activated during autotuning.

Stationary Autotuning for Line-to-Line Resistance Only (T1-01 = 2)

Stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only can be used in any control method. This is the only autotuning possible for V/f control and V/f control with PG modes.

Autotuning can be used to prevent control errors when the motor cable is long (50 m or longer) or the cable length has changed since installation or when the motor and Inverter have different capacities.

Set T1-01 to 2, and then press the RUN Key on the Digital Operator. The Inverter will supply power to the stationary motor for approximately 20 seconds and the Motor Line-to-Line Resistance (E2-05) and cable resistance will be automatically measured.



 Power will be supplied to the motor when stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance is performed even though the motor will not turn. Do not touch the motor until autotuning has been completed.
 When performing stationary autotuning connected to a conveyor or other machine, ensure that the holding brake is not activated during autotuning.

Stationary Autotuning 2 (T1-01 = 4)

If using Inverters for applications with constant loads such as for elevators, or with a motor load ratio exceeding 30% at startup, and rotational autotuning without loads cannot be performed, perform stationary autotuning 2 (T1-01=4).

Stationary autotuning 2 is used for open-loop vector control and flux vector control. Set T1-04 to 4, and Motor no-load current (T1-09) will be added as a setting item. Input the data from the nameplate. Be sure to input the value or motor no-load current (motor exciting current) from motor examination results to T1-09. After autotuning, the value of T1-09 will be written in E2-03. When not setting T1-09, the value of Yaskawa standard motor's no-load current will be written in E2-03.



- 1. Power will be supplied to the motor when stationary autotuning 2 is performed even though the motor will not turn. Do not touch the motor until autotuning has been completed.
- When performing stationary autotuning 2 connected to a conveyor or other machine, ensure that the holding brake is not activated during autotuning.

■Precautions for Rotational and Stationary Autotuning

Lower the base voltage based on *Fig 4.4* to prevent saturation of the Inverter's output voltage when the rated voltage of the motor is higher than the voltage of the power supply to the Inverter. Use the following procedure to perform autotuning.

- 1. Input the voltage of the input power supply to T1-03 (Motor rated voltage).
- Input the results of the following formula to T1-05 (Motor base frequency): (Base frequency from the motor's nameplate × setting of T1-03)/(Rated voltage from motor's nameplate)
- 3. Perform autotuning.

After having completed autotuning, set E1-04 (Max. output frequency) to the base frequency shown on the motor nameplate.







1. When speed precision is required at high speeds (i.e., 90% of the rated speed or higher), set T1-03 (Motor rated voltage) to the input power supply voltage × 0.9.

2. When operating at high speeds (i.e., 90% of the rated speed or higher), the output current will increase as the input power supply voltage is reduced. Be sure to provide sufficient margin in the Inverter current.

■Precautions After Using Rotational and Stationary Autotuning

- After completing autotuning, set E1-04 (Max. output frequency) to the base frequency from the motor's nameplate.
- In stationary autotuning 1, when the motor is first operated in the drive mode after tuning, the remaining motor constants E2-02 (Motor rated slip) and E2-03 (Motor no-load current) are set automatically. To perform an operation immediately after stationary autotuning 1, use the following procedure under the recommended conditions.
- 1. Check the values of E2-02 and E2-03 in verify mode or advanced programming mode.
- 2. Run the motor once in drive mode under the following conditions.
 - The Inverter and the motor are connected.
 - The motor shaft is not locked with a mechanical brake or other stopping mechanism (or function).
 - A motor-load ratio of 30% or less is maintained.
 - A speed of 30% or more of the base frequency set at E1-06 (default = highest frequency) is maintained at a constant speed for one second or more.
- 3. After stopping the motor, check the values of E2-02 and E2-03 again in verify mode or advanced programming mode. If the values of E2-02 and E2-03 differ from the ones before the first operation was carried out, the settings have been successfully completed. Next, check if the values are suitable or not.

If the values of E2-02 and E2-03 differed greatly from the reference data of the motor in the test report or the instruction manual, hunting, motor vibrations, insufficient motor torque, or an overcurrent may occur because the motor is operated although the aforementioned conditions have not been fulfilled after stationary autotuning 1. For elevators, failure to observe this caution may result in the cage falling or injury. If so, perform stationary autotuning 1 again and run the motor using the aforementioned procedure under the recommended conditions or perform stationary autotuning 2 or rotational autotuning.

Usually the standard setting for E2-02 is 1 Hz to 3 Hz, and that for E2-03 is 30% to 65% of the rated current for a general-purpose motor. Generally, the larger the motor capacity is, the smaller the rated slip and the ratio of the no-load current to the rated current become. Use the data given in *Factory Settings that Change with the Inverter Capacity (o2-04)* of *Chapter 5 User Constants* as a reference.

Constant Settings for Autotuning

The following constants must be set before autotuning.

| Con | Name | | | | Data | Display | /s during | g Autoti | uning |
|----------------------|--|---|---|-----------------------------|------|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| stant Num- ber | Display | Display | Setting Range | Factory Setting | V/f | V/f with PG | Open -loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open -loop Vec- tor 2 |
| T1-00 | Motor 1/2 selection ^{*1} 选择电机 | When switching to motor 2 is selected, set the motor for which autotuning is to be per- formed. (This constant is ignored if motor 2 is not selected.) 1: Motor 1 2: Motor 2 | 1 or 2 | 1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| T1-01 | Autotun- ing mode selection 选择自学习 模式 | Set the autotuning mode. 0: Rotational autotuning 1: Stationary autotuning 1 2: Stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only 3: Shipping adjustment^{*8} 4: Stationary autotuning 2^{*9} | 0 to 4 *4 | 2 (V/f) 0 (Vector) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| T1-02 | Motor out- put power | Set the output power of the | 0.00 to | 0.40 kW | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | 电机额定功 率 | motor in kilowatts.***/ | 650.00 kW | *2 | | | | | |
| | Motor rated volt- age | Set the rated voltage of the | 0.0 to 255.0 V 2 (200 V (Class) 0 0.0 to 4 510.0 V ((400 V 0 Class) 0 | 200.0 V (200 V Class) | | | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| T1-03 | 电机额定电 压 | motor in volts. ^{*5 *6} | | 400.0 V (400 V Class) | - | - | | | |
| T1-04 | Motor rated cur- rent | Set the rated current of the motor in amps *5*7 | 0.32 to $6.40 \ A^{*3}$ | 1.90 A ^{*2} | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | 电机额定电 流 | | 0.1071 | | | | | | |
| T1-05 | Motor base frequency | Set the base frequency of the | 0.0 to | 50.0 Hz | _ | _ | Ves | Ves | Ves |
| 11 05 | 电机基本频 率 | motor in hertz. ^{*5 *6} | 400.0 Hz | 50.0 HZ | | | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| T1-06 | Number of motor poles | Set the number of motor poles. | 2 to 48 | 4 poles | _ | _ | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | 电机极数 | | poles | * | | | | | |

| Table 4.3 | Constant | Settings | before | Autotuning |
|-----------|----------|----------|--------|------------|
| | Constant | ocungo | 001010 | ratotaring |

| Con | Name | | | Data Displays during Aut | | | | | uning |
|----------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| stant Num- ber | Display | Display | Setting Range | Factory Setting | V/f | V/f with PG | Open -loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open -loop Vec- tor 2 |
| T1-07 | Motor base speed | Set the base speed of the motor | 0 to 24000 | 1450 | - | - | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 11-07 | 电机额定速 度 | in min ⁻¹ .*5 | | min ⁻¹ | | | | | |
| T1-08 | Number of PG pulses when turn- ing | Set the number of pulses for the PG (pulse generator or encoder) Set the number of | 0 to 60000 | 600 | _ | Ves | _ | Yes | _ |
| 11-00 | PG 脉冲数 encod pulses without | pulses per motor revolution without a multiplication factor. | | | | 103 | | 103 | |
| T1-09 | Motor no- load cur- rent | Set the current value recorded in the motor's test results for a motor without a load. | 0.00 to 1.89 | 1.20A | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | 电机的空载 电流 | autotuning 2 is selected (T1-01 $=$ 4). | | 12 | | | | | |

| Table 4.3 | Constant Settings | before Autotuning | (Continued) |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|

* 1. Not normally displayed. Displayed only when a motor switch command is set for a multi-function digital input (one of H1-01 to H1-10 set to 16).

* 2. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. Values are given for a 200 V Class, 0.4 kW Inverter.

* 3. The setting range is from 10% to 200% of the Inverter rated output current. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter for a 0.4 kW is given.

* 4. Set T1-02 and T1-04 when 2 is set for T1-01. Only set value 2 is possible for V/f control or V/f control with PG.

* 5. For fixed output motors, set the base speed value.

* 6. For Inverter motors or for specialized vector motors, the voltage or frequency may be lower than for general-purpose motors. Always confirm the information on the nameplate or in test reports. If the no-load values are known, input the no-load voltage in T1-03 and the no-load current in T1-05 to ensure accuracy.

* 7. The settings that will ensure stable vector control are between 50% and 100% of the Inverter rating.

* 8. Refer to Chapter 8 Procedure for Adjusting Constants after Replacement of Control Board (Page 8-3) for the details of setting 3 (Shipping adjustment).

* 9. The setting range depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given. The upper limit depends on the setting of E2-01.

Refer to page 3-15 for Digital Operator displays during autotuning.

Precautions for Precision Settings

Settings for autotuning are different when performing autotuning using motor test reports or design data. Use the following table as reference.

| Operator Display | Simple Setting | Precision Setting |
|------------------|----------------------|--|
| T1-03 | Motor rated voltage | Voltage under no-load con- ditions at motor rated speed |
| T1-05 | Motor base frequency | Frequency under no-load conditions at rated speed |

Application Settings

User constants are set as required in advanced programming mode ("ADV" will be displayed on the LCD screen). All the constants that can be set in quick programming mode can also be displayed and set in advanced programming mode.

Setting Examples

The following are examples of settings for applications.

- When using an Inverter-mounted braking resistor (ERF), set L8-01 to 1 to enable ERF braking resistor overheating protection.
- To prevent the machine from being operated in reverse, set b1-04 to 1 to disable reverse operation.
- To increase the speed of a 50 Hz motor by 10%, set E1-04 to 55.0 Hz.
- To use a 0 to 10-V analog signal for a 50 Hz motor for variable-speed operation between 0 and 45.0 Hz (0% to 90% speed deduction), set H3-02 to 90.0%.
- To control speed between 20% and 80% to ensure smooth gear operation and limit the maximum speed of the machine, set d2-01 to 80.0% and set d2-02 to 20.0%.

No-load Operation

To being no-load operation (without connecting the machine and the motor), press the LOCAL/REMOTE Key on the Digital Operator to change to LOCAL mode (the SEQ and REF indicators on the Digital Operator should be OFF).

Always confirm safety around the motor and machine before starting Inverter operation from the Digital Operator. Confirm that the motor works normally and that no errors are displayed at the Inverter.

Jog Frequency Reference (d1-17, default: 6.00 Hz) can be started and stopped by pressing and releasing the JOG Key on the Digital Operator. If the external sequence prevent operation from the Digital Operator, confirm that emergency stop circuits and machine safety mechanisms are functioning, and then start operation in REMOTE mode (i.e., with a signal from the control signal terminals). The safety precautions must always be taken before starting the Inverter with the motor connected to the machine.



Both a Run Command (forward or reverse) and a frequency reference (or multi-step speed reference) must be provided to start Inverter operation.

Input these commands and reference regardless of the operation method (i.e., LOCAL of REMOTE).

Loaded Operation

Connect the machine to the motor and then start operation as described for no-load operation (i.e., from the Digital Operator or by using control circuit terminal signals).

Connecting the Load

- After confirming that the motor has stopped completely, connect the mechanical system.
- Be sure to tighten all the screws when securing the motor shaft to the mechanical system.
Operation using the Digital Operator

- Use the Digital Operator to start operation in LOCAL mode in the same way as in no-load operation.
- If fault occurs during operation, make sure the STOP Key on the Digital Operator is easily accessible.
- At first, set the frequency reference to a low speed of one tenth the normal operating speed.

Checking Operating Status

- Having checked that the operating direction is correct and that the machine is operating smoothly at slow speed, increase the frequency reference.
- After changing the frequency reference or the rotation direction, check that there is no oscillation or abnormal sound from the motor. Check the monitor display to ensure that U1-03 (Output Current) is not too high.
- Continuously driving a general-purpose motor with its rated current at a speed of less than 20 Hz may cause motor overheat. Further, if a current exceeding 70 to 80% of the load current flows for more than one minute while the motor is running at a low speed, OL1 (Motor Overload) will be generated.
- When neither a braking unit (braking resistor) nor a regenerative converter is connected, some operation conditions may cause an overvoltage. Check the DC bus voltage monitor (U1-07), and adjust the acceleration/deceleration time, etc. as required. (200 V class: less than 350 V, 400 V class: less than 700 V)
- Refer to *Adjustment Suggestions* on page 4-18 if hunting, vibration, or other problems originating in the control system occur.

Check and Recording User Constants

Use verify mode ("VERIFY" will be displayed on the LCD screen) to check user constants that have been changed for trial operation and record them in a user constant table.

Any user constants that have been change by autotuning will also be displayed in verify mode.

If required, the copy function in constants o3-01 and o3-02 displayed in advanced programming mode can be used to copy the changed settings from the Inverter to a recording area in the Digital Operator. If changed settings are saved in the Digital Operator, they can be easily copied back to the Inverter to speed up system recovery if for any reason the Inverter has to be replaced.

The following functions can also be used to manage user constants.

- · Recording user constants
- · Setting access levels for user constants
- · Setting a password

Recording User Constants (o2-03)

If o2-03 is set to 1 after completing trial operation, the settings of user constants will be saved in a separate memory area in the Inverter. Later, after Inverter settings have been changed, the user constants can be initialized to the settings saved in the separate memory area when o2-03 was set to 1 by setting A1-03 (Initialize) to 1110.

■User Constant Access Levels (A1-01)

A1-01 can be set to 0 (monitoring-only) to prevent user constants from being changed. A1-01 can also be set to 1 (User-specified Constants) and used along with A2 constants to display only constants required by the machine or application in a programming mode.

■Password (A1-04 and A1-05)

When the access level is set to monitoring-only (A1-01 = 0), a password can be set so that user constants will be displayed only when the correct password is input.

Adjustment Suggestions

If hunting, vibration, or other problems originating in the control system occur during trial operation, adjust the constants listed in the following table according to the control method. This table lists only the most commonly used user constants.

| Control Method | Name (Constant Number) | Performance | Factory Factory Setting Setting | | Adjustment Method | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| | Hunting-prevention gain (N1-02) Controlling hunting and vibration in mid- dle-range speeds (10 to 40 Hz) | | 1.00 | 0.50 to 2.00 | Reduce the setting if torque is insufficient for heavy loads. Increase the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs for light loads. | | |
| | Carrier frequency selection (C6-02) | Reducing motor magnetic noise Controlling hunting and vibration at low speeds | Depends on capac- ity | 0 to default | Increase the setting if motor magnetic noise is high. Reduce the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs at low to middle-range speeds. | | |
| V/f control (A1-02 = 0 or 1) | Torque compensation primary delay time constant (C4-02) Increasing torque and speed response Controlling hunting and vibration | | Depends on capac- ity | 200 to 1000 ms | Reduce the setting if torque or speed response is slow. Increase the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs. | | |
| | Torque compensation gain (C4-01) Improving torque at low speeds (10 Hz or lower) Controlling hunting and vibration | | 1.00 | 0.50 to 1.50 | Increase the setting if torque is insufficient at low speeds. Reduce the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs for light loads. | | |
| | Middle output fre- quency voltage (E1-08) Minimum output fre- quency voltage (E1-10) | Improving torque at low speeds Controlling shock at startup | Depends on capac- ity and voltage | Default to Default + 3 to 5 V^* | Increase the setting if torque is insufficient at low speeds. Reduce the setting if shock at startup is large. | | |
| | Speed feedback detec- tion control (AFR) gain (N2-01) | Increasing torque and speed response Controlling hunting and vibration in mid- dle-range speeds (10 to 40 Hz) | 1.00 | 0.50 to 2.00 | Reduce the setting if torque or speed response is slow. Increase the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs. | | |
| Open-loop vector 1 control (A1-02 = 2) | Torque compensation primary delay time constant (C4-02) Increasing torque and speed response Controlling hunting and vibration | | 20 ms | 20 to 100 ms | Reduce the setting if torque or speed response is slow. Increase the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs. | | |
| | Slip compensation pri- mary delay time (C3- 02) | Increasing speed response Improving speed sta- bility | 200 ms | 100 to 500 ms | Reduce the setting if speed response is slow.Increase the setting if the speed is not stable. | | |
| | Slip compensation gain (C3-01) | Improving speed accuracy | 1.0 | 0.5 to 1.5 | Increase the setting if speed response is slow.Reduce the setting if the speed is too fast. | | |

Table 4.4 Adjusted User Constants

| Control Method | Name (Constant Number) | Performance | Factory Setting | Recom- mended Setting | Adjustment Method | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Open-loop vector 1 control (A1-02 = 2) | Carrier frequency selection (C6-02) | Reducing motor magnetic noise Controlling hunting and vibration at low speeds (10 Hz or less) | Depends on capac- ity | 0 to default | Increase the setting if motor magnetic noise is high. Reduce the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs at low speeds. | | |
| | Middle output fre- quency voltage (E1-08) Minimum output fre- quency voltage (E1-10) | Improving torque at low speeds Controlling shock at startup | Depends on capac- ity and voltage | Default to Default + 1 or 2 V ^{*1} | Increase the setting if torque or speed response is slow. Reduce the setting if shock at startup is large. | | |
| | ASR proportional gain 1 (C5-01) and ASR proportional gain 2 (C5-03) | Torque and speed responseControlling hunting and vibration | 20.00 | 10.00 to 50.00 | Increase the setting if torque or speed response is slow. Reduce the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs. | | |
| | ASR integral time 1 (high-speed) (C5-02) and ASR integral time 2 (low-speed) (C5-04) | Torque and speed responseControlling hunting and vibration | 0.500 s | 0.300 to 1.000 s | Reduce the setting if torque or speed response is slow. Increase the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs. | | |
| Flux vector control (A1-02 = 3) | ASR switching frequency (C5-07) Switching the ASR proportional gain and integral time according to the output frequency | | 0.0 Hz | 0.0 to max. output fre- quency | Set the output frequency at which to change the ASR proportional gain and inte- gral time when the same val- ues cannot be used for both high-speed and low-speed operation. | | |
| | ASR primary delay time (C5-06) | Controlling hunting and vibration | 0.004 s | 0.004 to 0.020 s | Increase the setting if machine rigidity is low and the system vibrates easily. | | |
| | Carrier frequency selection (C6-02) | Reducing motor magnetic noise Controlling hunting and vibration at low speeds (3 Hz or less) | | 2.0 kHz to default ^{*2} | Increase the setting if motor magnetic noise is high. Reduce the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs at low to middle-range speeds. | | |
| Open-loop vector 2 control (A 1-02 = 4) | ASR proportional gain 1 (C5-01) and ASR proportional gain 2 (C5-03) | Torque and speed response Controlling hunting and vibration | 10.00 | 10.00 to 50.00 | Increase the setting if torque or speed response is slow. (Refer to <i>Procedure</i> <i>for Increasing the Speed</i> <i>Response</i> below.) Reduce the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs. | | |
| | ASR integral time 1 (high-speed) (C5-02) and ASR integral time 2 (low-speed) (C5-04) | Torque and speed responseControlling hunting and vibration | 0.500 s | 0.300 to 1.000 s | Reduce the setting if torque or speed response is slow. Increase the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs. | | |

| Control Method | Name (Constant Number) | Performance | Factory Setting | Recom- mended Setting | Adjustment Method |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | ASR switching fre- quency (C5-07) | Switching the ASR proportional gain and integral time accord- ing to the output fre- quency | 0.0 Hz | 0.0 to max. output fre- quency | Set the output frequency at which to change the ASR proportional gain and inte- gral time when the same val- ues cannot be used for both high-speed and low-speed operation. |
| | ASR primary delay | Controlling hunting and vibration | 0.010 s | 0.04 to 0.020 s | Increase the setting if machine rigidity is low and the system vibrates easily. (Enabled in the range 0 to |
| | unie (C3-00) | | 0.035 s | 0.010 to 0.035 s | 35 Hz. Refer to <i>Procedure</i> for Increasing the Speed <i>Response</i> below.) |
| | ASR primary delay time 2 (C5-10) | Controlling hunting and vibration | 0.010 s | 0.010 to 0.035 s | Increase the setting if machine rigidity is low and the system vibrates easily. (Enabled above 35 Hz. Refer to <i>Procedure for Increasing</i> <i>the Speed Response</i> below.) |
| Open-loop vector 2 control (A1-02 = 4) | Integral time of speed estimator (N4-07) | Speed response Controlling hunting and vibration | 0.030 ms | 0.015 to 0.060 ms | (Enabled below the N4-11 setting.) Reduce the setting if speed response is slow. (Typically, reduce in intervals of 0.05. Refer to <i>Procedure for Increasing the Speed Response</i> below.) Increase the setting if hunting or vibration occurs. |
| | High-speed propor- tional gain of speed estimator (N4-10) | Speed response Controlling hunting and vibration | 15 | 10 to 60 | (Enabled below the N4-11 setting.) Increase the setting if speed response is slow. (Typically, increase in intervals of 5. Refer to <i>Procedure for Increasing the Speed Response</i> below.) Reduce the setting if hunting or vibration occurs. |
| | Carrier frequency selection (C6-11) | Reducing motor magnetic noise Controlling hunting and vibration at low speeds (3 Hz or less) | Depends on the capacity. | Default value | Increase the setting if motor magnetic noise is high. Reduce the setting if hunt- ing or vibration occurs at low to middle-range speeds. |

| Table 4.4 | Adjusted | User Constants | (Continued) |
|-----------|----------|----------------|-------------|
| | | | |

* 1. The setting is given for 200 V Class Inverters. Double the voltage for 400 V Class Inverters.
* 2. The factory setting for 400V 132kW and 220kW flax vector control (A1-02 = 3) is 1.5 kHz, for software version VSG123032 or later.



Procedure for Increasing the Speed Response

- Do not change the Torque Compensation Gain (C4-01) from its default setting of 1.00 when using openloop vector 1 control.
- If speeds are inaccurate during regeneration in open-loop vector 1 control, enable Slip Compensation During Regeneration (C3-04 = 1).
- Use slip compensation to improve speed control during V/f control (A1-02 = 0). Set the Motor Rated Current (E2-01), Motor Rated Slip (E2-02), and Motor No-load Current (E2-03), and then adjust the Slip Compensation Gain (C3-01) to between 0.5 and 1.5. The default setting for V/f control is C3-01 = 0.0 (slip compensation disabled).
- To improve speed response and stability in V/f control with a PG (A1-02 = 1), set the ASR constants (C5-01 to C5-05) to between 0.5 and 1.5 times the default. (It is not normally necessary to adjust this setting.) ASR for V/f control with a PG will only control the output frequency; a high gain, such as is possible for open-loop vector 2 control or flux vector control, cannot be set.

The following user constants will also indirectly affect the control system.

| Table 4.5 | Constants Indirectly Affecting Control and Applications | |
|-----------|---|--|
| | | |

| Name (Constant Number) | Application |
|---|--|
| Dwell function (b6-01 to b6-04) | Used for heavy loads or large machine backlashes. |
| Droop function (b7-01 to b7-02) | Used to soften the torque or to balance the load between two motors. Can be used when the control method (A1-02) is set to 3 or 4. |
| Acceleration/deceleration times (C1-01 to C1-11) | Adjust torque during acceleration and deceleration. |
| S-curve characteristics (C2-01 to C2-04) | Used to prevent shock when completing acceleration. |
| Jump frequencies (d3-01 to d3-04) | Used to avoid resonance points during operation. |
| Analog input filter time constant (H3-12) | Used to prevent fluctuations in analog input signals caused by noise. |
| Stall prevention (L3-01 to L3-06, L3-11, L3-12) | Used to prevent overvoltage errors and motor stalling for heavy loads or rapid acceleration/deceleration. Stall prevention is enabled by default and the setting does not normally need to be changed. When using a braking resistor, however, disable stall prevention during deceleration by setting L3-04 to 0. |

| Name (Constant Number) | Application |
|--|---|
| Torque limits (L7-01 to L7-04, L7-06, L7-07) | Set the maximum torque during vector control. If a setting is increased, use a motor with higher capacity than the Inverter. If a setting is reduced, stalling can occur under heavy loads. |
| Feed forward control (N5-01 to N5-03) | Used to increase response for acceleration/deceleration or to reduce over- shooting when there is low machine rigidity and the gain of the speed controller (ASR) cannot be increased. The inertia ratio between the load and motor and the acceleration time of the motor running alone must be set. |

Table 4.5 Constants Indirectly Affecting Control and Applications (Continued)



5

User Constants

This chapter describes all user constants that can be set in the Inverter.

| User Constant Descriptions | .5-2 |
|--|-------|
| Digital Operation Display Functions and Levels | . 5-3 |
| User Constant Tables | .5-8 |

User Constant Descriptions

This section describes the contents of the user constant tables.

Description of User Constant Tables

User constant tables are structured as shown below. Here, b1-01 (Frequency Reference Selection) is used as an example.

| Name | | | | | Chango | Control Methods | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open -loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| b1-01 | Reference selection 频率指令选 择 | Set the frequency reference input method. 0: Digital Operator 1: Control circuit terminal (analog input) 2: MEMOBUS communi- cations 3: Option board 4: Pulse train input | 0 to 4 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 180H | - |

| | 频率指令选 择 | 2: MEMOBUS com cations 3: Option board 4: Pulse train input | muni- | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---|--|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| • Consta | ant Number | | The n | umber o | f the use | er consta | nt. | | | | | | |
| • Name: | : | | The n | ame of t | he user | constant. | | | | | | | |
| • Descri | iption: | | Detail | s on the | function | n or setti | ngs o | f the u | iser co | nstan | t. | | |
| Setting | g Range: | | The se | etting rat | nge for t | the user o | consta | ınt. | | | | | |
| • Factor | ry Setting: | | The fa There chang Refer | actory set fore the ed.) to page | etting (e factory 5-86 for | ach cont setting | rol m chan settin | ethod ges w gs by | has its when the the control | s own he co ol met | facto ntrol hod. | ry setti method | ng. is |
| Chang | ge during Oj | peration: | Indica Invert | tes whe er is in c | other or | not the n. | con | stant | can b | e cha | inged | while | the |
| | | | Yes: | Change | s possib | le during | g oper | ation. | | | | | |
| | | | No: | Change | s not po | ssible du | ring o | operat | ion. | | | | |
| • Contro | ol Methods: | | Indicates the control methods in which the user constant can be moni- tored or set. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Q: | Items w ming m | hich car ode or a | n be mor dvanced | nitoreo progi | d and | set in ing mo | either ode. | quick | c progra | ım- |
| | | | A: | Items w grammi | hich ca | n be mo e. | onitore | ed and | l set c | only i | n adva | anced p | oro- |
| | | | No: | Items w | hich cai | nnot be n | nonito | ored o | r set fo | or the | contro | ol meth | od. |
| • MEM | OBUS Regi | ister: | The register number used for MEMOBUS communications. | | | | | | | | | | |
| • Page: | | | Refere | ence pag | e for m | ore detail | led in | forma | tion o | n the | consta | nt. | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Digital Operation Display Functions and Levels

The following figure shows the Digital Operator display hierarchy for the Inverter.

| | | N | 0. | Function | Display | Page |
|---|---------------------------------|---|---------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------|
| | | | | | | |
| | Drive Marte | U | J1 | Status Monitor Constants | Monitor | 5-77 |
| | Drive Mode | U | J2 | Fault Trace | Fault Trace | 5-83 |
| | Inverter can be operated and | U | J3 | Fault History | Fault History | 5-85 |
| | its status can be displayed. | | | | | |
| | | A | 1 | Initialize Mode | Initialization | 5-8 |
| | | A | 12 | User-specified Setting Mode | Parameter | 5-9 |
| | | D |)1 | Operation Mode Selections | Sequence | 5-10 |
| | | D | 02 | DC Injection Braking | DC Braking Speed | 5-12 |
| | | b | 3 | Speed Search | Search | 5-13 |
| | Quick Programming Mode | b |)4 - | Timer Function | Delay Timers | 5-15 |
| | Minimum constants required | b | <i>)</i> 5 | PID Control | PID Control | 5-15 |
| | for operation can be monitored | b | 6 | Dwell Functions | Hold | 5-17 |
| | or set. | b | 70 | Droop Control | Control | 5-18 |
| | | b | 08 | Energy Saving | Saving | 5-19 |
| | | b |)9 | Zero-servo | Zero Servo | 5-20 |
| | | C | 51 | Acceleration/Deceleration | Accel/Decel | 5-21 |
| | | C | 2 | S-curve Acceleration/Deceleration | S-Curve Acc/Dcc | 5-22 |
| | | | ;3 | Motor Slip Compensation | Motor-Slip Comp | 5-23 |
| | Advanced Programming Mode | | 24 | Torque Compensation | Torque Comp | 5-24 |
| | | C | 25 | Speed Control (ASR) | ASR Tuning | 5-25 |
| | All constants can be monitored | C | 26 | Carrier Frequency | Carrier Freq | 5-26 |
| | or set. | d | 11 | Preset Reference | Preset Reference | 5-27 |
| | | d | 12 | Reference Limits | Reference Limits | 5-28 |
| | | d | 13 | Jump Frequencies | Jump Frequencies | 5-29 |
| | | d | j 4 | Reference Frequency Hold | Sequence | 5-29 |
| | | d | 15 | Torque Control | Torque Control | 5-30 |
| | | d | 16 | Field Weakening | Field- weakening | 5-31 |
| | | E | -1 | V/f Pattern | V/f Pattern | 5-33 |
| _ | Verify Mode | E | 2 | Motor Setup | Motor | 5-34 |
| | Constants changed from the | E | -3 | Motor 2 V/f Pattern | V/f Pattern 2 | 5-36 |
| | default settings can be moni- | E | -4 | Motor 2 Setup | Motor Setup | 5-37 |
| | tored or set. | F | -1 | PG Option Setup | PG Option Setup | 5-38 |
| | | F | -2 | Analog Reference Board | Al-14 Setup | 5-40 |
| | | F | -3 | Digital Reference Board | DI-08, 16 | 5-41 |
| | | F | -4 | Analog Monitor Boards | AO-08, 12 | 5-42 |
| | | F | -5 | Digital Output Boards | DO-02,08 | 5-43 |
| | | | -6 | Communications Option Boards | ComOPT | 5-44 |
| | Autotuning Mode | | - | Multi-function Contact Inputs | Digital | 5-45 |
| | Automatically sets motor con- | | 12 | Multi-function Contact Outputs | Digital | 5-48 |
| | stants if autotuning data (from | | | Analog Inputs | Analog | 5-50 |
| | motor nameplate) is input for | | -14 | Multi-function Analog Outputs | Analog | 5-53 |
| | open-loop vector control or to | | 15 | MEMOBUS Communications | Outputs Serial Com | 5-54 |
| | measure the line-to-line resis- | | 16 | Pulse Train | Setup Pulse I/O | 5-56 |
| | tance for v/r control. | | 1 | Motor Overload | Setup Motor | 5-57 |
| | | | 2 | Power Loss Pidetbrough | Overload PwrLoss | 5-58 |
| | | | <u>-</u> 2 | Stall Prevention | Ridethru Stall | 5,60 |
| | | | .0 | | Prevention Ref | 5.61 |
| | | | .+ | Foult Postort | Detection | 5-01 |
| | | | .o | | Fault Restart | 5-62 |
| | | | .0 | Torque Detection | Detection | 5-63 |
| | | | ./ | Iorque Limits | Iorque Limit | 5-64 |
| | | | .ŏ | Hardware Protection | Protection | 5-65 |
| | | N | 11 | Hunting Prevention Function | Hunting Prev | 5-68 |
| | | N | 12 | Speed Feedback Protection Control | AFR | 5-69 |
| | | N | 13 | High-slip Braking | High Slip | 5-69 |
| | | N | 14 | Speed Estimation | Observer | 5-70 |
| | | N | 15 | Feed Forward | Feedfoward Cont | 5-71 |
| | | 0 | 1נ | Monitor Select | Monitor Select | 5-72 |
| | | 0 | J2 | Multi-function Selections | Key Selections | 5-74 |
| | | 0 | J3 | Copy Function | COPY Function | 5-75 |
| | | I | | | | |

Motor Autotuning

Т

Auto-Tuning

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User Constants Settable in Quick Programming Mode

The minimum user constants required for Inverter operation can be monitored and set in quick programming mode. The user constants displayed in quick programming mode are listed in the following table. These, and all other user constants, are also displayed in advanced programming mode.

Refer to the overview of modes on page 3-5 for an overview of quick programming mode.

| | Name | | | | | | Cont | trol Me | thods | ; | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open -loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| A1-02 | Control method selection | Set the control method for the Inverter. 0: V/f control 1: V/f control with PG 2: Open-loop vector 1 control | 0 to 4 | 2 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 102H |
| | 控制模式选 择 | 3: Flux vector control 4: Open-loop vector 2 control | | | | | | | | | |
| | Reference selection | Set the frequency reference input method. | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-01 | 频率指令选 择 | Digital Operator Control circuit terminal (analog input) MEMOBUS communications Option board Pulse train input | 0 to 4 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 180H |
| b1-02 | Operation method selection | Set the Run Command input method 0: Digital Operator 1: Control circuit terminal (sequence input) | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 181H |
| b1-02 | 运行指令选 择 | 2: MEMOBUS communications 3: Option board | | | | | | | | | |
| i t 2 2 | Stopping method selection | Select stopping method when Stop Command is sent. 0: Deceleration to stop | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-03 | 停止方法选 择 | Coast to stop DC braking stop (Stops faster than coast to stop, without regenerative operation.) Coast to stop with timer (Run Commands are disregarded during deceleration time.) | 0 to 3 *10 | 0 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 182H |
| C1-01 | Accelera- tion time 1 | Set the acceleration time in seconds for the output frequency to climb from | | | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 200H |
| | 加速时间1 | 0% to 100%. | 0.0 to 6000 0 | 10.0 s | | | | | | | |
| C1-02 | Decelera- tion time 1 | Set the deceleration time in seconds for the output frequency to fall from | *1 | | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 201H |
| | 减速时间1 | 100% to 0%. | | | | | | | | | |
| C6-02 | Carrier fre- quency selection | Select carrier wave fixed pattern. Select F to enable detailed settings | 1 to F *11 | 6 *2 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | No *13 | 224H |
| | 载波频率选 择 | using constants C6-03 to C6-07. | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | | | Cont | trol Me | thods | ; | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open -loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| C6-11 | Carrier fre- quency for open-loop vector 2 control | Select carrier frequency when open- loop vector 2 control is used. 1: 2kHz 2: 4kHz 3: 6kHz | 1 to 4 | 1 *2 | No | No *13 | No *13 | No *13 | No *13 | Q | 22DH |
| | 无 PG 矢量 2 载波 | 4: 8kHz | | | | | | | | | |
| d1-01 | Frequency reference 1 | Set the frequency reference in the unit specified in o1-03 (Frequency Units | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 280H |
| | 频率指令1 | default: Hz) | | | | | | | - | | |
| d1-02 | Frequency reference 2 | requency reference when multi-step beed reference 1 is ON for a multi- unction input (unit: Set in o1-03). | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 281H |
| | 频率指令2 | function input (unit: Set in o1-03). | | | | | | | | | |
| d1-03 | Frequency reference 3 | requency reference when multi-step peed reference 2 is ON for a multi- wation input (unit Set in al. 02) | 0 to | 0.00 Hz | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 282H |
| | 频率指令3 | function input (unit: Set in o1-03). | 400.00 *7 | | | | | | | | |
| d1-04 | Frequency reference 4 | Frequency reference when multi-step speed reference 1 and 2 are ON for a multi-function input (unit. Set in cl | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 283H |
| | 频率指令4 | 03). | | | | | | | | | |
| d1-17 | Jog frequency reference | Frequency reference when Jog Fre- quency Selection, FJOG command, or | | 6.00 Hz | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 292Н |
| | 点动频率上 限 | function input (unit: Set in o1-03). | | | | | | | | | |
| E1-01 | Input volt- age setting | Set the Inverter input voltage in 1 volt. This set value will be the basis for the | 155 to 255 | 200 V | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 300H |
| E1-01 4 | 输入电压 | protection functions. | *3 | *3 | | | | | | | |
| E1-03 | V/f pattern selection | 0 to E: Select from 15 preset patterns. | 0 to F | F | No | 0 | 0 | No | No | No | 302H |
| L1 05 | V/F 曲线设 定 | ble for setting E1-04 to E1-10). | 0.001 | 1 | 110 | × | X | 110 | 110 | 110 | 50211 |

| | Name | | | | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | ; | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open -loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| E1-04 | Max. output frequency (FMAX) 最高输出频 | Output voltage (V) | 40.0 to 400.0 *7 | 50.0 Hz *4 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 303H |
| E1-05 | 平 Max. voltage (VMAX) 最大电压 | (¹¹⁻⁰⁵) (¹²⁻⁰⁵) (¹²⁻¹⁰⁵) (¹²⁻¹⁰⁶) VMIN (¹²⁻¹⁰⁰) (¹²⁻¹⁰⁰⁾ (¹²⁻¹⁰⁰⁾) (¹²⁻¹⁰⁰⁾ (¹²⁻¹⁰⁰⁾ (¹²⁻¹⁰⁰⁾ (¹²⁻¹⁰⁰⁾ (| 0.0 to 255.0 *3 | 200.0 V *3*4 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 304H |
| E1-06 | Base fre- quency (FA) 基本频率 | To set V/f characteristics in a straight line, set the same values for E1-07 and E1-09. In this case, the setting for E1- 08 will be disregarded | 0.0 to 400.0 *7 | 50.0 Hz *4 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 305H |
| E1-09 | Min. out- put fre- quency (FMIN) 最低输出频 | Always ensure that the four frequen- cies are set in the following manner: E1-04 (FMAX) \ge E1-06 (FA) \ge E1-07 (FB) \ge E1-09 (FMIN) | 0.0 to 400.0 *7 | 0.5 Hz *4 | No | Q | Q | Q | A | Q | 308H |
| E1-13 | Base voltage (VBASE) | Change this setting only when making advanced adjustments for V/f in the fixed outputs area. Normally, there is no need to make these settings | 0.0 to 255.0 | 0.0 V *5 | No | А | A | Q | Q | Q | 30CH |
| | 基本电压 | no need to make these settings. | 5 | | | | | | | | |
| E2-01 | Motor rated cur- rent 电机额定电 流 | Set the motor rated current in amps. This set value becomes the base value for motor protection, torque limit, and torque control. It is set automatically when using autotuning. | 0.32 to 6.40 *6 | 1.90 A *2 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 30EH |
| E2-04 | Number of motor poles 电机极数 | Set the number of motor poles. The value is set automatically during auto- tuning. | 2 to 48 | 4 poles | No | No | Q | No | Q | Q | 311H |
| E2-11 | Motor rated output 电机额定功 率 | Set the output of the motor in units of 0.01kW. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.00 to 650.00 | 0.40 *8 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 318H |
| F1-01 | PG con- stant PG 脉冲数 | Set the number of pulses per rotation for the PG (pulse generator or encoder) being used. (Do not set as a multiple.) | 0 to 60000 | 600 | No | No | Q | No | Q | No | 380H |
| H4-02 | Gain (ter- minal FM) 端子 FM 增 益 | Set the voltage level gain for multi- function analog output 1. Set the number of multiples of 10 V to be output as the 100% output for the monitor items. Voltage output from the terminals, however, have a 10 V max. meter calibration function. ^{*13} | 0.00 to 2.50 | 1.00 | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 41EH |

| | Name | | | | | | Cont | rol Me | ethods | ; | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open -loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| H4-05 | Gain (ter- minal AM) 端子 AM 增 益 | Set the voltage level gain for multi- function analog output 2. Set the number of multiples of 10 V to be output as the 100% output for the monitor items. Voltage output from the terminals, however, have a 10 V max. A meter calibration function is avail- able. ^{*13} | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.50 | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 421H |
| L1-01 | Motor pro- tection selection 电机保护功 能选择 | Set to enable or disable the motor overload protection function using the electronic thermal relay. 0: Disabled 1: General-purpose motor protection 2: Inverter motor protection 3: Vector motor protection In some applications when the Inverter power supply is turned off, the thermal value is reset, so even if this constant is set to 1, protection may not be effective. When several motors are connected to one Inverter, set to 0 and ensure that each motor is installed with a protection device. | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 480H |
| L3-04 | Stall pre- vention selection during decelera- tion 减速防止失 速选择 | 0: Disabled (Deceleration as set. If deceleration time is too short, a main circuit overvoltage may result.) 1: Enabled (Deceleration is stopped when the main circuit voltage exceeds the overvoltage level. Deceleration restarts when voltage is returned.) 2: Intelligent deceleration mode (Deceleration rate is automatically adjusted so that the Inverter can decelerate in the shortest possible time. Set deceleration time is disregarded.) 3: Enabled (with Braking Resistor Unit) When a braking option (Braking Resistor, Braking Resistor Unit, Braking Unit) is used, always set to 0 or 3. | 0 to 3 *9 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 492H |

* 1. The setting range for acceleration/deceleration times depends on the setting of C1-10 (Acceleration/deceleration Time Setting Unit). If C1-10 is set to 0, the setting range is 0.00 to 600.00 (s).

* 2. The factory settings depend on the Inverter capacity. The values for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW are given.

* 3. These are values for a 200 V Class Inverter. Values for a 400 V Class Inverter are double.

* 4. The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory settings are given.

* 5. E1-13 is set to the same value as E1-05 by autotuning.

* 6. The setting range is from 10% to 200% of the Inverter rated output current. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW is given. For the motor no-load current, set E2-03 to a value less than that of E2-01.

* 7. The setting range for open-loop vector 2 control is 0 to 132.0.

* 8. The same capacity as that of the Inverter will be set if the constants are initialized.

* 9. The setting range for flux vector and open-loop vector 2 control is 0 to 2.

* 10.0 or 1 for flux vector control and open-loop vector 2 control.

* 11. The setting range depends on the capacity of the Inverter. The values for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW are given.

* 12.Displayed in Quick Programming Mode when motor 2 is set for a multi-function input.

* 13.The CH1 output can be adjusted when the H4-02 or H4-03 setting is displayed in Quick, Advanced, or Verify mode while the motor is stopped. The CH2 output can be adjusted when the H4-05 or H4-06 setting is displayed in quick, Advance, or Verify mode while the motor is stopped. For analog output, the value equivalent to 100% of output value of monitored item is multiplied by the gain setting and the set bias is added.

User Constant Tables

A: Setup Settings

The following settings are made with the environment constants (A constants): Language displayed on the Digital Operator, access level, control method, initialization of constants.

Initialize Mode: A1

User constants for the environment modes are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | Change | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Language selection for Digital Operator display | Used to select the language displayed on the Digital Operator (LCD). 0: English 1: Japanese 2: German | | | | | | | | | | |
| A1-00 | 语言选择 | 2: German 3: French 4: Italian 5: Spanish 6: Portuguese 7: Chinese This constant is not initialized by the initialize operation. | 0 to 7 | 7 | Yes | A | Α | Α | Α | Α | 100H | - |
| | Constant access level | Used to set the constant access level (set/read.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| A1-01 | 参数的访问级 | 0: Monitoring only (Monitoring drive mode and setting A1-01 and A1- 04.) 1: Used to select user constant (Only constants set in A2- 01 to A2-32 can be read and set.) 2: Advanced (Constants can be read and set in both quick programming mode and advanced programming (A) mode.) | 0 to 2 | 2 | Yes | A | А | А | A | А | 101H | 4-17 6-156 |
| A1-02 | Control method selection 控制模式选择 | Used to select the control method for the Inverter 0: V/f control 1: V/f with PG feedback 2: Open-loop vector 1 con- trol 3: Flux vector 4: Open-loop vector 2 con- trol This constant is not initialized by the initialize operation. | 0 to 4 | 2 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 102H | 4-5 4-7 4-18 |

| Con- | Name | | | | Change | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| A1-03 | Initialize 初始化 | Used to initialize the con- stants using the specified method. 0: No initializing 1110: Initializes using the User constants 2220: Initializes using a two-wire sequence. (Initializes to the factory setting.) 3330: Initializes using a three-wire sequence. | 0 to 3330 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 103H | 6-11 6-150 |
| A1-04 | Password 密码 | Password input when a pass- word has been set in A1-05. This function write-protects some constants of the initial- ize mode. If the password is changed, A1-01 to A1-03 and A2-01 to A2-32 constants can no longer be changed. (Program- ming mode constants can be changed.) | 0 to 9999 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 104H | 4-17 6-157 |
| A1-05 | Password setting 密码设定 | Used to set a four digit num- ber as the password. This constant is not usually displayed. When the Pass- word (A1-04) is displayed, hold down the RESET Key and press the Menu Key and the password will be dis- played. | 0 to 9999 | 0 | No | A | A | A | A | A | 105H | 4-17 6-157 |

■User-set Constants: A2

The constants set by the user are listed in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| A2-01 to A2-32 | User setting constants 用户参数 | Used to set the constant num- bers that can be set/read. Maximum 32. Effective when the Constant Access Level (A1-01) is set to User Program (1). Constants set in constants A2-01 to A2- 32 can be set/read in pro- gramming mode. | b1-01 to o3-02 | - | No | А | А | А | А | А | 106H to 125H | 6-157 |

b: Application Constants

The following settings are made with the application constants (B constants): Operation method selection, DC injection braking, speed searching, timer functions, dwell functions, droop control, energy saving control, and zero-servo control.

■Operation Mode Selections: b1

User constants for operation mode selection are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | Change | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|---|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Reference selection | Set the frequency reference input method. | | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-01 | 频率指令选 择 | Digital Operator Control circuit terminal (analog input) MEMOBUS communica- tions Option board Pulse train input | 0 to 4 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 180H | 4-5 6-2 6-76 6-94 |
| 61-02 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | Operation method selection | Set the Run Command input method. 0: Digital Operator | | | | | | | | | | 4-5 |
| | 运行指令选 择 | 1: Control circuit terminal (sequence input)2: MEMOBUS communica- tions3: Option board | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 181H | 6-10 6-76 6-94 |
| ž † 2 1 5 | Stopping method selection | Used to set the stopping method used when a Stop Command is input. | | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-03 | 停止方法选 择 | b): Deceleration to stop 1: Coast to stop 2: DC injection braking stop (Stops faster than coast to stop, no regenerative operation.) 3: Coast to stop with timer (Run Commands are disregarded during deceleration.) | 0 to 3 * | 0 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 182H | 4-6 6-12 |
| b1-04 | Prohibition of reverse operation | 0: Reverse enabled | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 183H | 6-62 |
| | 反转禁止选 择 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | Change | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 5 | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Operation selection for setting E1-09 or less | Used to set the method of operation when the fre- quency reference input is less than the minimum output fre- quency (E1-09). | | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-05 | 不足最低频 率动作 | (E1-09 not effective). 1: STOP (Frequencies below E1-09 in the coast to stop state.) 2: Run at min. frequency. (E1-09) 3: Run at zero-speed (Frequencies below E1-09 are zero) | 0 to 3 | 0 | No | No | No | No | A | No | 184H | 6-12 |
| | Read sequence input twice | Used to set the responsiveness of the control inputs (forward/ reverse and multi-function inputs.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-06 | 顺控输入扫 描 | 0: One scan every 5 ms (Use for fast responses.) 1: Two scans every 5 ms (Use for possible malfunction due to noise.) | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | A | Α | A | A | A | 185H | - |
| b1-07 | Operation selection after switching to remote mode | Used to set the operation mode by switching to the Remote mode using the Local/Remote Key. 0: Run signals that are input during mode switching are disregarded (Input Run | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 186H | |
| | 本地 / 远程 切换 | signals after switching the mode.) 1: Run signals become effective immediately after switching to the Remote mode. | | | | | | | | | 10011 | |
| b1-08 | Run Com- mand selec- tion in program- ming modes | Used to set an operation inter- lock in programming modes. 0: Cannot operate. 1: Can operate (Disabled when Digital Operator is set to select Run Command | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 187H | - |
| b1-08 | PRG 指令选 择 | (when b1-02 = 0)). 2: Cannot operate. (Cannot be in programming mode during operation.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-10 | Mode selec- tion for zero-speed | Enable for machines that rotate the motor only in the same direction as the speed reference. This setting | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | No | No | ٨ | | |
| 01-10 | 零速时动作 选择 | improves the control stability of the motor at zero-speed. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled | U OF I | U | INO | INO | INO | INO | INO | A | IDEH | - |

* 0 or 1 for flux vector control and open-loop vector 2 control.

5

■DC Injection Braking: b2

User constants for injection braking are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| b2-01 | Zero-speed level (DC injection braking start- ing fre- quency) | Used to set the frequency which starts DC injection braking in units of Hz when deceleration to stop is selected. When b2-01 is less than E1- 09 E1-09 becomes the DC | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.5 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 189H | 6-12 6-145 |
| | 直流制动开始 频率 | injection braking starting fre- quency. | | | | | | | | | | |
| b2-02 | DC injection braking cur- rent | Sets the DC injection braking current as a percentage of the | 0 to 100 | 50% | No | A | А | A | No | No | 18AH | 6-12 6-16 |
| | 直流制动电流 | Inverter rated current. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.2.02 | DC injection braking time at start | Used to set the time to per- form DC injection braking at start in units of 1 second. | 0.00 | | | | | | | | | 6-13 |
| b2-03 | 起动制动时间 | Used to stop coasting motor and restart it. When the set value is 0, DC injection brak- ing at start is not performed. | to 10.00 | 0.00 s | No | A | Α | A | A | A | 18BH | 6-16 |
| | DC injection braking time at stop | Used to set the time to per- form DC injection braking at stop in units of 1 second. | 0.00 | | | | | | | | | |
| b2-04 | 停止制动时间 | Used to prevent coasting after the Stop Command is input. When the set value is 0.00, DC injection braking at stop is not performed. | to 10.00 | 0.50 s | No | А | A | A | Α | A | 18CH | 6-13 |
| b2-08 | Magnetic flux compensa- tion volume | Sets the magnetic flux com- pensation as a percentage of | 0 to 1000 | 0% | No | No | No | А | No | No | 190H | - |
| | 磁通量补偿 | the no-toad current. | | | | | | | | | | |

■Speed Search: b3

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| b3-01 | Speed search selection (current detection or speed calcu- lation) 起动速度搜 索 | Enables/disables the speed search function for the Run Command and sets the speed search method. 0: Disabled, speed calculation 1: Enabled, speed calculation 2: Disabled, current detection 3: Enabled, current detection 3: Enabled, current detection 3: Enabled, current detection 3: Enabled, current detection speed Calculation: When the search is started, the motor speed is calculated and acceleration/deceleration is performed from the calculated speed to the specified frequency (motor direction is also searched). Current Detection: The speed search is started from the frequency when power was momentarily lost and the maximum frequency, and the speed is detected at the search current level. | 0 to 3 | 2* | No | A | A | А | No | А | 191H | 6-65 |
| b3-02 | Speed search oper- ating current (current detection) 速度搜索电 流 | Sets the speed search operation current as a percentage, taking the Inverter rated current as 100%. Not usually necessary to set. When restarting is not possible with the factory settings, reduce the value. | 0 to 200 | 100%* | No | А | No | А | No | А | 192H | 6-65 |
| b3-03 | Speed search decelera- tion time (current detection) 搜索减速时 间 | Sets the output frequency deceleration time during speed search in 1-second units. Set the time for deceleration from the maximum output fre- quency to the minimum output frequency. | 0.1 to 10.0 | 2.0 s | No | A | No | A | No | No | 193H | 6-65 |
| b3-05 | Speed search wait time (cur- rent detec- tion or speed calcu- lation) 搜索延迟时 间 | Sets the magnetic contactor operating delay time when there is a magnetic contactor on the output side of the Inverter. When a speed search is performed after recovering from a momentary power loss, the search operation is delayed by the time set here. | 0.0 to 20.0 | 0.2 s | No | А | А | A | А | A | 195H | 6-65 |

User constants for the speed search are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | 1 | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| b3-10 | Speed search detection compensa- tion gain (speed cal- culation) | Operation restarts at a speed obtained by multiplying the speed from the speed search by the compensation gain (excita- tion search only.) Increase this setting if over- voltages occur when a speed | 1.00 to 1.20 | 1.10 | No | А | No | А | No | А | 19AH | 6-65 |
| | 搜索速度补 偿增益 | search is performed after a long baseblock, for example, in searches at startup. | | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-13 | Propor- tional gain of the speed estimator during speed search | Sets the proportional gain (PI control) of the speed estimator during speed search taking the setting of N4-08 as equivalent to a setting of 1.0. Usually, there is no need to | 0.1 to | 1.0% | No | No | No | No | No | A | 19DH | 6-66 |
| b3-13 | 速度推定比 例增益 | change this setting. If, how- ever, the load inertia is large and overvoltages occur during the search, reduce this setting. Increase this setting for greater speed coincidence response. | 2.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-14 | Rotation direction search selection | 0: Disabled (operates with specified rotation direction) 1: Enabled (operates with rotation direction found by | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | A | A | А | No | А | 19EH | 6-66 |
| | 旋转方向搜 索选择 | search) | | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-17 | Speed search retrial cur- rent level | Sets the current level to retry a speed search as a percentage, taking the Inverter rated cur- | 0 to 200 | 150% | No | А | No | А | No | А | 1F0H | 6-66 |
| | 搜索重试 I 值 | rent as 100%. | | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-18 | Speed search retrial detec- tion time | Sets the time for detection in a speed search retrial in units of | 0.00 to 1.00 | 0.10 s | No | А | No | А | No | А | 1F1H | 6-66 |
| | 速度搜索检 出时间 | sconds. | | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-19 | Number of speed search retrials | Sets the number of times that a speed search can be retried. | 0 to 10 | 0 | No | А | No | А | No | А | 1F2H | 6-66 |
| | 速度搜索重 试次数 | | | | | | | | | | | |

* The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory settings are given.

■Timer Function: b4

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 5 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| b4-01 | Timer func- tion ON- delay time 0N 延迟时间 | Sets the timer function out- put ON-delay time (dead band) for the timer function input, in 1-second units. Enabled when a timer func- tion is set in H1-DD or H2- DD. | 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1A3H | 6-105 |
| b4-02 | Timer func- tion OFF- delay time OFF 延迟时间 | Sets the timer function out- put OFF-delay time (dead band) for the timer function input, in 1-second units. Enabled when a timer func- tion is set in H1-DD or H2- DD. | 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1A4H | 6-105 |

User constants for timer functions are shown in the following table.

■PID Control: b5

User constants for PID control are shown in the following table.

| Con | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | PID control method selection | Disabled Enabled (Deviation is D- controlled.) Enabled (Feedback value is D-controlled.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-01 | PID 控制选择 | 3: PID control enabled (frequency reference + PID output, D control of deviation) 4: PID control enabled (frequency reference + PID output, D control of feedback value). | 0 to 4 | 0 | No | A | А | A | А | A | 1A5H | 6-107 |
| b5-02 | Proportional gain (P) | Sets P-control proportional gain as a percentage. P-control is not performed | 0.00 to | 1.00 | Yes | A | A | А | А | А | 1A6H | 6-107 |
| | PID 增益 | when the setting is 0.00. | 25.00 | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-03 | Integral (I) time | Sets I-control integral time in 1-second units. | 0.0 to | 1.0 s | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 1A7H | 6-107 |
| | PID 积分时间 | when the setting is 0.0. | 300.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-04 | Integral (I) limit | Sets the I-control limit as a percentage of the maximum | 0.0 to | 100.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 1A8H | 6-107 |
| | PID 时间上限 | output frequency. | 100.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-05 | Derivative (D) time | Sets D-control derivative time in 1-second units. | 0.00 to | 0.00 s | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 1A9H | 6-107 |
| | PID 微分时间 | when the setting is 0.00. | 10.00 | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | i | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| b5-06 | PID upper limit | Sets the upper limit after PID- control as a percentage of the maximum output frequency. | 0.0 to 100.0 | 100.0% | Yes | А | А | A | A | A | 1AAH | 6-107 |
| b5-07 | PID offset adjustment PID 偏置 | Sets the offset after PID-con- trol as a percentage of the maximum output frequency. | -100.0 to +100.0 | 0.0% | Yes | A | A | А | А | А | 1ABH | 6-107 |
| b5-08 | PID first order lag time constant PID 延迟时间 | Sets the time constant for low pass filter for PID-control outputs in 1-second units. Not usually necessary to set. | 0.00 to 10.00 | 0.00 s | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 1ACH | 6-107 |
| b5-09 | PID output characteris- tics selection 输出特性选择 | Select forward/reverse for PID output. 0: PID output is forward. 1: PID output is reverse (highlights the output code) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1ADH | 6-107 |
| b5-10 | PID output gain PID 输出增益 | Sets output gain. | 0.0 to 25.0 | 1.0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1AEH | 6-107 |
| b5-11 | PID reverse output selec- tion 输出逆转选择 | 0: 0 limit when PID output is negative. 1: Reverses when PID output is negative. 0 limit when reverse prohibit is related using b1.04 | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1AFH | 6-107 |
| b5-12 | Selection of PID feed- back com- mand loss detection | 0: No detection of loss of PID feedback. 1: Detection of loss of PID feedback. Operation continues during detection, with the malfunctioning contact | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | A | A | A | A | A | 1B0H | 6-108 |
| b5-12 | 反馈丧失检出 | not operating. 2: Detection of loss of PID feedback. Coasts to stop during detection, and fault contact operates. | • | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-13 | PID feed- back com- mand loss detection level | Sets the PID feedback loss detection level as a percent units, with the maximum out- put frequency at 100%. | 0 to 100 | 0% | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1B1H | 6-108 |
| | 检出值 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-14 | PID feed- back com- mand loss detection time 反馈丧失检出 | Sets the PID feedback loss detection level in s units. | 0.0 to 25.5 | 1.0 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1B2H | 6-108 |
| | 时间 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | | Ì | Con | trol Me | ethods | 5 | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| b5-15 P. ft b5-15 P 程 | PID sleep function operation level | Set the PID sleep function start level as a frequency. | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | A | A | А | А | А | 1B3H | 6-108 |
| | 暂停动作值 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-16 | PID sleep operation delay time | Set the delay time until the PID sleep function starts in | 0.0 to | 0.0 s | No | А | А | A | A | А | 1B4H | 6-108 |
| | 暂停动作延迟 时间 | seconds. | 23.3 | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-17 | Accel/decel time for PID reference | Set the accel/decel time for | 0.0 to | 0.0 s | No | А | А | A | A | A | 1B5H | 6-108 |
| | PID 加减速 时间 | The reference in seconds. | 20.0 | | | | | | | | | |

■Dwell Functions: b6

User constants for dwell functions are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethod | s | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Num- ber | Display | Description | Setting Range | Fac- tory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| b6-01 | Dwell fre- quency at start | | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1B6H | 4-21 6-22 |
| لم ع ا | 起动暂停频 率 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| b6-02 | Dwell time at start | Run command ON OFF Output frequency | 0.0 to | 0.0 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1B7H | 4-21 |
| | 起动暂停时 间 | | 10.0 | | | | | | | | | 0-22 |
| b6-03 | Dwell fre- quency at stop | b6-02 b6-04 | 0.0 to | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1B8H | 4-21 |
| b6-03 | 停止暂停频 率 | The dwell function is used to output frequency temporarily when driving a motor with a beau load | 400.0 | | | | | | | | | 0-22 |
| b6-04 | Dwell time at stop | | 0.0 to | 0.0 s | No | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 1B9H | 4-21 |
| b6-04 | 停止暂停时 间 | | 10.0 | 0.03 | 110 | | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 19)11 | 6-22 |

■Droop Control: b7

User constants for droop functions are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Mo | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Droop control gain | Sets the slip as a percentage of maximum frequency when | | | | | | | | | | |
| b7-01 | DROOP 增益 | the maximum output fre- quency is specified and the rated torque occurs. Droop-control is not per- formed when the setting is 0.0. | 0.0 to 100.0 | 0.0 | Yes | No | No | No | А | A | 1CAH | 4-21 6-144 |
| b7-02 | Droop control delay time DROOP 延时 | Droop control responsive- ness constant When hunting or oscillation occurs, increase the value. | 0.03 to 2.00 | 0.05 s | No | А | А | A | A | A | 1A4H | 4-21 6-144 |

■Energy Saving: b8

User constants for energy-saving control functions are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| b8-01 | Energy-sav- ing mode selection | Select whether to enable or disable energy-saving con- trol. 0. Disable | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | A | A | A | A | A | 1CCH | 6-115 |
| | 节能模式设定 | 1: Enable | | | | | | | | | | |
| b8-02 | Energy-sav- ing gain | Set the energy-saving gain with the open-loop vector | 0.0 to | 0.7 | Yes | No | No | А | А | А | 1CDH | 6-115 |
| | 节能增益 | control method. | 10.0 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| b8-03 | Energy-sav- ing filter time constant | Set the energy-saving filter time constant with the open- | 0.00 to 10.0 | 0.50 s *2 | Yes | No | No | А | A | А | 1CEH | 6-115 |
| | 节能滤波时间 | 100p vector control method. | l | | | | | | | | | |
| | Energy-sav- ing coeffi- cient | Set the maximum motor effi- ciency value. Set the motor rated capacity | 0.0 to | 288.20 | | | | | | | | |
| b8-04 | 节能系数 | in E2-11, and adjust the value by 5% at a time until output power reaches a minimum value. | 655.00 | 288.20 *3 *4 | No | A | A | No | No | No | 1CFH | 6-115 |
| b8-05 | Power detec- tion filter time constant | Set the time constant for out- | 0 to 2000 | 20 ms | No | А | А | No | No | No | 1D0H | 6-115 |
| | 电力检出滤波 时间 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Search opera- tion voltage limiter | Set the limit value of the volt- age control range during search operation. | | | | | | | | | | |
| b8-06 | 探索运行电压 极限 | Perform search operation to optimize operations using minute variations in voltage using energy-saving control. Set to 0 to disable the search operation. 100% is the motor base voltage. | 0 to 100 | 0% | No | А | А | No | No | No | 1D1H | 6-115 |

* 1. The factory setting is 1.0 when using flux vector control.

* 2. The factory setting is 2.00 s when Inverter capacity is 55 kW min. The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory setting is given.

* 3. By setting E2-11 (Motor rated output) the appropriate value will be set.

* 4. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

■Zero-servo: b9

Name **Control Methods** Change MEMO-Open Open Con-Setting Factory during Flux BUS V/f Description Loop Loop stant Display Range Setting Opera-V/f with Vec-Regis-Vec-Vec-Number tion PG ter tor tor tor 2 1 Zero-servo Adjust the strength of the zero-servo lock. gain Enabled when the "zero-servo command" is set for the multi-function input. When the zero-servo command has been input and the frequency 0 to b9-01 5 1DAH 6-145 reference drop below excita-No No No No А No 100 tion level (b2-01), a position 零伺服增益 control loop is created and the motor stops. Increasing the zero-servo gain in turn increases the strength of the lock. Increasing it by too much will cause oscillation. Zero-servo Sets the output width of the completion P-lock completion signal. width Enabled when the "zero-servo completion (end)" is set for a multi-function input. The zero-servo completion signal is ON when the current posi-0 to b9-02 10 1DBH 6-145 No No tion is within the range (the No No No А 16383 zero-servo position + zero-零伺服结束 幅度 servo completion width.) Set the allowable position displacement from the zero-

Page

User constants for dwell functions are shown in the following table.

servo position to 4 times the pulse rate of the PG (pulse generator, encoder) in use.

♦ C: Autotuning Constants

The following settings are made with the autotuning constants (C constants): Acceleration/deceleration times, s-curve characteristics, slip compensation, torque compensation, speed control, and carrier frequency functions.

■Acceleration/Deceleration: C1

User constants for acceleration and deceleration times are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| C1-01 | Accelera- tion time 1 | Sets the acceleration time to accelerate from 0 to the maximum output frequency, in 1- | | | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 200H | 4-5 4-21 6-18 |
| | 加速时间 1 | second units. | | | | | | | | | | 0 10 |
| C1-02 | Decelera- tion time 1 | Sets the deceleration time to decelerate from the maximum output frequency to 0, in 1- | | | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 201H | 4-5 4-21 6-18 |
| | 减速时间 1 | second units. | | | | | | | | | | 0 10 |
| C1-03 | Accelera- tion time 2 | The acceleration time when the multi-function input "accel/decel time 1" is set to | | | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 202H | 4-21 6-18 |
| | 加速时间 2 | ON. | | | | | | | | | | 0 10 |
| C1-04 | Decelera- tion time 2 | The deceleration time when the multi-function input | | | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 203H | 4-21 |
| | 减速时间 2 | ON. | | | | | | | | | | 6-18 |
| C1-05 | Accelera- tion time 3 | The acceleration time when the multi-function input | | | No | А | А | А | А | А | 204H | 4-21 |
| | 加速时间3 | "accel/decel time 2" is set to ON. | 0.0 to | | | | | | | | | 6-18 |
| C1-06 | Decelera- tion time 3 | The deceleration time when the multi-function input | 6000.0 * | 10.0 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 205H | 4-21 |
| | 减速时间 3 | ON. | | | | | | | | | | 6-18 |
| 01.07 | Accelera- tion time 4 | The acceleration time when the multi-function input | | | N | | | | | | 20/11 | 4-21 |
| C1-07 | 加速时间4 | "accel/decel time 1" and "accel/decel time 2" are set to ON. | | | No | А | А | А | А | А | 206H | 6-18 |
| C1 09 | Decelera- tion time 4 | The deceleration time when the multi-function input | | | N | | | | | | 20711 | 4-21 |
| C1-08 | 减速时间4 | "accel/decel time 1" and "accel/decel time 2" are set to ON. | | | INO | А | А | А | А | А | 20/H | 6-18 |
| C1-09 | Emergency stop time | The deceleration time when the multi-function input | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 紧急停止时间 | to ON. This function can be used as a stopping method when a fault has been detected. | | | No | А | А | Α | Α | Α | 208H | 4-21 6-17 |

| | Name | | | | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| C1-10 | Accel/decel time setting unit | 0: 0.01-second units | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | A | А | А | 209H | 4-21 |
| | 加减速时间 单位 | | | | | | | | | | | 0 10 |
| C1-11 | Accel/decel time switch- ing fre- quency 切换频率 | Sets the frequency for auto- matic acceleration/decelera- tion switching. Below set frequency: Accel/ decel time 4 Above set frequency: Accel/ decel time 1 The multi-function input "accel/decel time 1" or "accel/decel time 2" take pri- ority. | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | A | A | A | A | A | 20AH | 4-21 6-19 |

* The setting range for acceleration/deceleration times depends on the setting of C1-10 (Acceleration/deceleration Time Setting Unit). If C1-10 is set to 0, the setting range is 0.00 to 600.00 (s).

■S-curve Acceleration/Deceleration: C2

User constants for S-curve characteristics are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol M | ethod | ls | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Num- ber | Display | Description | Setting Range | Fac- tory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| C2-01 | S-curve characteris- tic time at accelera- tion start 加速开始 S | | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.20 s | No | А | А | A | А | A | 20BH | 4-21 6-19 |
| | 字 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C2-02 | S-curve characteris- tic time at accelera- tion end 加速结束 S 字 | All sections of the S-curve characteris- tic time are set in seconds units. When the S-curve characteristic time is set, the accel/decel times will increase by only half of the S-curve characteris- tic times at start and end. | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.20 s | No | A | A | А | А | А | 20CH | 4-21 6-19 |
| C2-03 | S-curve characteris- tic time at decelera- tion start 减速开始 S 字 | Run Command OFF Output frequency ON C2-02 C2-03 C2-04 Time | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.20 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 20DH | 4-21 6-19 |
| C2-04 | S-curve characteris- tic time at decelera- tion end 减速结束 S 字 | | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.00 s | No | A | А | А | А | А | 20EH | 4-21 6-19 |

■Motor Slip Compensation: C3

| User constants for | slin com | nensation are | shown in | 1 the | following table |
|--------------------|----------|---------------|----------|-------|-----------------|
| User constants for | sub com | pensation are | SHOWITH | 1 the | tonowing table. |

| | Name | | 1 | | | | Con | trol Me | ethode | 5 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| C3-01 | Slip compen- sation gain 滑差补偿增益 | Used to improve speed accuracy when operating with a load. Usually setting is not necessary. Adjust this constant at the following times. When actual speed is low, increase the set value. When actual speed is high, decrease the set value. Used as the applicable control gain when using flux vector control. | 0.0 to 2.5 | 1.0* | Yes | А | No | А | А | No | 20FH | 4-18 6-36 |
| C3-02 | Slip compen- sation pri- mary delay time 滑差补偿时间 | Slip compensation primary delay time is set in ms units. Usually setting is not necessary. Adjust this constant at the following times. Reduce the setting when slip compensation responsive is slow. When speed is not stabilized, increase the setting. | 0 to 10000 | 200 ms * | No | А | No | А | No | No | 210H | 4-18 6-36 |
| C3-03 | Slip compen- sation limit 滑差补偿极限 | Sets the slip compensation limit as a percentage of motor rated slip. | 0 to 250 | 200% | No | Α | No | А | No | No | 211H | 6-36 |
| C3-04 | Slip compen- sation selec- tion during regeneration 再生滑差补偿 | 0: Disabled. 1: Enabled. When the slip compensation during regeneration function has been activated, as regen- eration capacity increases momentarily, it may be neces- sary to use a braking option (braking resistor, Braking Resistor Unit or Braking Unit.) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | No | А | No | No | 212Н | 6-36 |
| C3-05 | Output volt- age limit operation selection 输出电压限制 | 0: Disabled. 1: Enabled. (The motor flux will be lowered automati- cally when the output voltage become satu- rated.) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | А | А | No | 213Н | 6-36 |

* The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory settings are given.

■Torque Compensation: C4

User constants for torque compensation are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Torque com- pensation gain | Sets torque compensation gain as a ratio. Usually setting is not neces- sary. Adjust in the following cir- | | | | | | | | | | |
| C4-01 | 转矩补偿增益 | cumstances: When the cable is long; increase the set value. When the motor capacity is smaller than the Inverter capacity (Max. applicable motor capacity), increase the set values. When the motor is oscillat- ing, decrease the set val- ues. Adjust the output current range at minimum speed rota- tion so that it does not exceed the Inverter rated output cur- rent. Do not alter the torque com- pensation gain from its default (1.00) when using the open-loop vector 1 control | 0.00 to 2.50 | 1.00 | Yes | A | А | Α | No | No | 215H | 4-18 6-39 |
| | Torque com- pensation primary | method. The torque compensation delay time is set in ms units. Usually setting is not neces- | | | | | | | | | | |
| G4.02 | delay time constant | sary. Adjust in the following cir- | 0 to | 20 ms |), | | | | N | N. | 21/11 | 4-18 |
| C4-02 | 转矩补偿延 迟时间 | When the motor is oscillating, increase the set values. When the responsiveness of the motor is low, decrease the set values. | 10000 | * | No | A | A | A | No | NO | 216H | 6-39 |
| C4-03 | Forward starting torque | Sets the forward starting torque as a percentage of the | 0.0 to 200.0 | 0.0% | No | No | No | А | No | No | 217H | - |
| | 正转起动 转矩量 | motor rated torque. | | | | | | | | | | |
| C4-04 | Reverse starting torque | Sets the reverse starting torque as a percentage of the | -200.0 to 0.0 | 0.0% | No | No | No | А | No | No | 218H | - |
| | 反转起动 转矩量 | motor rated torque. | | | | | | | | | | |
| C4-05 | Starting torque time constant 起动转矩时 | Sets the delay time in ms for starting torque. The filter is disabled if the time is set to 0 to 4 ms. | 0 to 200 | 10 ms | No | No | No | A | No | No | 219H | - |

* The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory settings are given.

■Speed Control (ASR): C5

User constants for speed control are shown in the following table.

| Con- Name | | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethod | s | MENIC | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Con- stant Num- ber | Display | Description | Setting Range | Fac- tory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| C5-01 | ASR pro- portional (P) gain 1 | Sets the proportional gain of the speed loop (ASR.) | 0.00 to 300.00 *2 | 20.00 *1 | Yes | No | А | No | A | А | 21BH | 4-19 6-136 |
| | 比例增益1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C5-02 | ASR inte- gral (I) time 1 | Sets the integral time of the speed loop (ASR) in 1-second units. | 0.000 to | 0.500 s *1 | Yes | No | А | No | А | А | 21CH | 4-19 6-136 |
| | 积分时间1 | | 10.000 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| C5-03 | ASR pro- portional (P) gain 2 | Usually setting is not necessary. Set to change the rotational speed gain. | 0.00 to 300.00 * ² | 20.00 *1 | Yes | No | А | No | А | А | 21DH | 4-19 6-136 |
| | 比例增益2 | P, I | | | | | | | | | | |
| C5-04 | ASR inte- gral (I) time 2 | P=C5-03 I=C5-04 0 E1-04 Motor speed (Hz) | 0.000 to | 0.500 s *1 | Yes | No | А | No | А | А | 21EH | 4-19 6-136 |
| | 积分时间 2 | | 10.000 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | ASR limit | Sets the upper limit for the compensa- | | | | | | | | | | |
| C5-05 | ASR 极限 | tion frequency for the speed control loop (ASR) to a percentage of the maximum output frequency. | 0.0 to 20.0 | 5.0% | No | No | А | No | No | No | 21FH | 6-137 |
| | ASR pri- mary delay time | Sets the filter time constant for output- ting torque references from the speed control loop (ASR). It is set in 1-sec- | 0.000 | 0.004 | | | | | | | | 4.10 |
| C5-06 | ASR 延迟时 间 | ond units. With open-loop vector 2 control, this setting is enabled only for speeds in the range 0 to 35 Hz. Usually setting is not necessary. | to s 0.500 *1 | s *1 | No | No | No | No | A | Α | 220H | 4-19 6-137 |
| C5-07 | ASR switching frequency | Set the frequency for switching between Proportion Gain 1, 2 and Inte- | 0.0 to | 0.0 Hz | No | No | No | No | А | A | 221H | 4-19 |
| | 增益切换频 率 | gral Time 1, 2 in Hz units. | 400.0 | TIZ | | | | | | | | 0-137 |
| C5-08 | ASR inte- gral (I) limit | Set to a small value to prevent any rad- ical load change. Set to 100% of the | 0 to 400 | 400% | No | No | No | No | А | А | 222Н | 6-137 |
| | 积分极限 | maximum output nequency. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ASR pri- mary delay time 2 | Sets the filter time constant for output- ting torque references from the speed control loop (ASR). It is set in 1-sec- ord units | 0.000 | 0.010 | | | | | | | | 4-20 |
| C5-10 | ASR 延迟时 间 2 | With open-loop vector 2 control, this setting is enabled only for speeds greater than 35 Hz. Usually setting is not necessary. | to 0.500 | 0.010 S | No | No | No | No | No | Α | 231H | 6-137 6-141 |

* 1. When the control method is changed, the factory settings will change. The flux vector factory settings are given. Refer to *Factory Settings that Change with the Control Method (A1-02)*.

* 2. The setting range for flux vector and open-loop vector 2 controls is 1.00 to 300.00.



■Carrier Frequency: C6

Name Control Methods Con-Change MEMO Fac-Oper Oner stant Setting during BUS Description V/f Loop Vec-Page Flux Loop tory Num-Range Opera-Regis-Display Setting V/f with Vec-Vection ber PG tor tor tor ter 1 2 Carrier frequency Select carrier wave fixed pattern. 4-6 selection 1 to F 6 No C6-02 4-18 Select F to enable detailed settings No 0 0 0 0 224H *1 *2 *4 using constants C6-03 to C6-07. 6-42 载波频率选 择 Carrier Set the carrier frequency upper limit and 2.0 to frequency lower limit in kHz units. 15.0 C6-03 15.0 upper limit The carrier frequency gain is set as folkHz No А No 225H 6-42 Α А А *2 *5 *3 lows: *1 载波频率上 *6 With the vector control method, the ە upper limit of the carrier frequency is fixed in C6-03. Carrier frequency 0.4 to 15.0C6-04 lower limit 15.0 kHz No No No No 226H 6-42 А Α *3 *2 *5 *1 载波频率下 Carrier frequency 限 C6-03 Carrier frequency C6-04 Output frequency x (C6-05) x K propor-Output tional gain frequency E1-04 (Max. output frequency) 00 to C6-05 00 No А А No No No 227H 6-42 99 *3 K is a coefficient that depends on the 载波频率比 setting of C6-03. C6-03 ≥ 10.0 kHz: K = 3 例增益 $10.0 \text{ kHz} > C6-03 \ge 5.0 \text{ kHz}$: K = 2 5.0 kHz > C6-03: K = 1 Carrier frequency Select the carrier frequency when openselection loop vector 2 control is used. for open-4-6 1: 2 kHz 1 No No No No loop vec-C6-11 22DH 4-20 1 to 4 No Q 2:4 kHz *1 *4 *4 *4 *4 tor 2 con-6-42 3:6 kHz trol 4:8 kHz 无 PG 矢量 2 载波

User constants for the carrier frequency are shown in the following table.

* 1. The factory settings depend on the capacity of the Inverter. The values for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW are given.

* 2. The setting ranges depend on the capacity of the Inverter. The values for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW are given.

* 3. This constant can be monitored or set only when F is set for C6-02.

* 4. Displayed in Quick Programming Mode when motor 2 is set for a multi-function input.

* 5. The maximum output frequency depends on the setting for the carrier frequency (refer to page 6-43).

* 6. The factory setting for 400V 132kW and 220kW flax vector control (A1-02 = 3) is 1.5 kHz, for software version VSG123032 or later.

♦ d: Reference Constants

The following settings are made with the reference constants (d constants): Frequency references.

■Preset Reference: d1

User constants for frequency references are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | Ohanna | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| d1-01 | Frequency reference 1 频率指令 1 | Sets the frequency reference in the units used in o1-03. | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 280H | 4-6 6-5 |
| d1-02 | 所来指令 2 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- ence 1 is ON for a multi-func- tion input | - | 0.00 Hz | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 281H | 4-6 6-5 |
| d1-03 | Frequency reference 3 频率指令 3 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- ence 2 is ON for a multi-func- tion input. | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 282H | 4-6 6-5 |
| d1-04 | Frequency reference 4 频率指令 4 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- ences 1 and 2 are ON for multi-function inputs. | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 283H | 4-6 6-5 |
| d1-05 | Frequency reference 5 频率指令 5 | The frequency when multi- step speed reference 3 is ON for a multi-function input. | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | А | А | А | А | A | 284H | 6-5 |
| d1-06 | Frequency reference 6 频率指令 6 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- ences 1 and 3 are ON for multi-function inputs. | 0 to 400.00 * | 0.00 Hz | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 285H | 6-5 |
| d1-07 | Frequency reference 7 频率指令 7 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- ences 2 and 3 are ON for multi-function inputs. | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | A | A | A | А | A | 286Н | 6-5 |
| d1-08 | Frequency reference 8 频率指令 8 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- ences 1, 2, and 3 are ON for multi-function inputs. | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | A | A | А | А | А | 287H | 6-5 |
| d1-09 | Frequency reference 9 频率指令 9 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- ence 4 is ON for a multi-func- tion input. | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | A | A | А | А | А | 288H | - |
| d1-10 | Frequency reference 10 频率指令 10 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- ences 1 and 4 are ON for multi-function inputs. | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 28BH | - |
| d1-11 | Frequency reference 11 频率指令 11 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- ences 2 and 4 are ON for a multi-function inputs. | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 28CH | - |

| | Name | | | | | | Control Methods | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| d1-12 | Frequency reference 12 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | А | A | A | A | A | 28DH | - |
| | 频率指令12 | ences 1, 2, and 4 are ON for multi-function inputs. | | | | | | | | | | |
| d1-13 | Frequency reference 13 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | А | A | А | А | А | 28EH | _ |
| | 频率指令13 | multi-function inputs. | | | | | | | | | | |
| d1-14 | Frequency reference 14 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | А | А | A | А | А | 28FH | - |
| | 频率指令14 | multi-function inputs. | 0 to | | | | | | | | | |
| d1-15 | Frequency reference 15 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- | 400.00 * | 0.00 Hz | Yes | А | А | A | А | А | 290H | - |
| | 频率指令15 | multi-function inputs. | | | | | | | | | | |
| d1-16 | Frequency reference 16 | The frequency reference when multi-step speed refer- | | 0.00 Hz | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 291H | - |
| | 频率指令16 | for multi-function inputs. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Jog frequency reference | The frequency reference when the jog frequency refer- | | 6.00 Ша | Vac | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 20211 | 4-6 |
| u1-17 | 点动频率上限 | mand, or RJOG command is ON. | | 0.00 HZ | ies | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 29211 | 6-84 |

Note The unit is set in o1-03 (Frequency units of reference setting and monitor). The default for o1-03 is 0 (increments of 0.01 Hz). * The setting range for open-loop vector 2 control is 0 to 132.0.

■Reference Limits: d2

User constants for frequency reference limits are shown in the following table.

| Con- stant | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| d2-01 | Frequency reference upper limit | Set the output frequency upper limit as a percent, tak- ing the max. output frequency | 0.0 to 110.0 | 100.0% | No | А | А | А | А | А | 289H | 6-34 6-79 |
| | 频率指令上限 | to be 100%. | | | | | | | | | | |
| d2-02 | Frequency reference lower limit 频率指令下限 | Sets the output frequency lower limit as a percentage of the maximum output fre- quency. | 0.0 to 110.0 | 0.0% | No | А | А | А | А | А | 28AH | 6-34 6-79 |
| d2-03 | Master speed reference lower limit 主速指令下限 | Set the master speed refer- ence lower limit as a percent, taking the max. output fre- quency to be 100%. | 0.0 to 110.0 | 0.0% | No | А | А | А | A | А | 293Н | 6-34 6-79 |

297H

Page

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■Jump Frequencies: d3

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO BUS Regis- ter |
| d3-01 | Jump fre- quency 1 | Set the center values of the jump frequencies in Hz. | | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 294H |
| | 禁止频率1 | This function is disabled by setting the jump frequency to | | | | | | | | | |
| d3-02 | Jump fre- quency 2 | 0 Hz. Always ensure that the following applies: $d_{3}-01 > d_{3}-02 > d_{3}-03$ | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 295H |
| | 禁止频率 2 | Operation in the jump fre- | | | | | | | | | |
| d3-03 | Jump fre- quency 3 | quency range is prohibited but during acceleration and deceleration, speed changes | | 0.0 Hz | No | A | А | А | А | А | 296Н |

0.0 to

20.0

1.0 Hz

No

А

А

А

Α

А

User constants for jump frequencies are shown in the following table.

smoothly without jump.

Sets the jump frequency

The jump frequency will be

the jump frequency \pm d3-04.

bandwidth in Hz.

■Reference Frequency Hold: d4

禁止频率 3

Jump fre-

d3-04

quency width

禁止频率幅度

User constants for the reference frequency hold function are shown in the following table.

| | Name | Description Se Ra | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | MEMO | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| d4-01 | Frequency reference hold function selection | Sets whether or not frequencies on hold will be recorded. 0: Disabled (when operation is stopped or the power is turned on again starts at 0.) 1: Enabled (when operation is stopped or the power is turned on again starts at the previous hold frequency.) This function is available when the multi-function inputs "accel/decel Ramp Hold" or "up/down" commands are set. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | Α | А | А | А | А | 298H | 6-78 |
| d4-02 | + - Speed limits + - 加减速极 限 | Set the frequency to be added to or subtracted from the ana- log frequency reference as a percent, taking the maximum output frequency to be 100%. Enabled when the increase (+) speed command or decrease (-) speed command is set for a multi-function input. | 0 to 100 | 10% | No | А | А | А | А | А | 299Н | 6-82 |

■Torque Control: d5

| | Name | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | [| | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | [] | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Torque con- trol selection | 0: Speed control (C5-01 to C5-07) | | | | | | | | | | |
| d5-01 | 转矩控制选择 | 1: forque control This function is only avail- able in flux vector control method. To use the function for switching between speed and torque control, set to 0 and set the multi-function input to "speed/torque control change." | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | No | А | А | 29AH | 6-127 |
| | Torque reference delay time | Set the torque reference delay time in ms units. This function can be used to adjust the poise of the torque | | | | | | | | | | |
| d5-02 | 转矩控制延迟 时间 | adjust the hoise of the torque control signal or the respon- siveness with the host con- troller. When oscillation occurs during torque control, increase the set value. | 0 to 1000 | 0* | No | No | No | No | А | А | 29BH | 6-127 |
| | Speed limit selection | Set the speed limit command method for the torque control | | | | Ī | | | | | | |
| d5-03 | 速度极限选择 | method. 1: The analog input limit from a frequency reference 2: Limited by d5-04 constant setting values. | 1 or 2 | 1 | No | No | No | No | А | A | 29CH | 6-127 |
| | Speed limit | Set the speed limit during | | | | | | | | | [! | |
| d5-04 | 速度极限 | of the maximum output fre- quency. This function is enabled when d5-03 is set to 2. Directions are as follows. +: Run Command direction -: Run Command opposite direction | -120 to +120 | 0 | No | No | No | No | А | А | 29DH | 6-127 |
| d5-05 | Speed limit bias | Set the speed limit bias as a percentage of the maximum output frequency. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 速度极限偏置 | Bias is given to the specified speed limit. It can be used to adjust the margin for the speed limit. | 0 to 120 | 10 | No | No | No | No | Α | Α | 29EH | 6-127 |

User constants for the torque control are shown in the following table.
| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Speed/torque control switching timer | Set the delay time from input- ting the multi-function input "speed/torque control change" (from On to OFF or OFF to ON) until the control | | | | | | | | | | |
| d5-06 | 控制切换时间 | change" (from On to OFF or OFF to ON) until the control is actually changed, in ms units. This function is enabled when the multi-function input "speed/torque control change" is set. In the speed/ torque control switching timer, the analog inputs hold the values of when the "speed/torque control change" changes. Always be sure to allow time for this process to finish completely. | 0 to 1000 | 0 | No | No | No | No | А | А | 29FH | 6-128 |
| d5-07 | Rotation direction limit operation selection 旋转方向限制 动作 | 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Usually, use a setting of 1 (enabled). Be sure to enable this setting when rotating the motor in the same direction as the speed limit (winding opera- tion). | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | No | No | No | No | А | 2A6H | 6-128 |

* The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The flux vector factory setting is given.

■Field Weakening: d6

User constants for the field weakening command are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Field weak- ening level | Set the Inverter output volt- age when the field weakening command is input. | | | | | | | | | | |
| d6-01 | 弱励磁值 | It is enabled when the field weakening command is set for a multi-function input. Set the level as a percentage taking the voltage set in the V/f pattern as 100%. | 0 to 100 | 80% | No | А | А | No | No | No | 2A0H | - |
| | taking the voltage set in the V/f pattern as 100%. Field Set the lower limit in hertz of the frequency range where | Set the lower limit in hertz of the frequency range where | | | | | | | | | | |
| d6-02 | 励磁频率 | tield control is valid. The field weakening com- mand is valid only at frequen- cies above this setting and only when the speed is in agreement with the current speed reference. | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | No | No | No | 2A1H | - |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| d6-03 | Field forcing function selection | Set the field forcing function. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | А | А | A | 2A2H | - |
| | 励磁增强功能 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A¢R time constant | Set the factor to multiple times the secondary circuit | | | | | | | | | | |
| d6-05 | 励磁控制时间 参数 | time constant of the motor to achieve the $A\phi R$ time constant. $A\phi R$ time constant = Secondary circuit time constant x d6-05 $A\phi R$ will not function when d6-05 is 0. If d6-05 is not 0, the lower limit of the value will be internally adjusted to 200 ms in the Inverter. | 0.00 to 10.00 | 1.00 | No | No | No | No | No | А | 2А4Н | - |
| | Field forcing limit | Set the excitation current ref- erence's upper limit for field | | | | | | | | | | |
| d6-06 | 励磁增强极限 | torcing. Set the limit as a per- centage, taking the motor's no-load current as 100%. Enabled for operation other than DC excitation. Usually, there is no need to change this setting. | 100 to 400 | 400% | No | No | No | А | А | А | 2A5H | - |

E: Motor Constant Constants

The following settings are made with the motor constant constants (E constants): V/f characteristics and motor constants.

■V/f Pattern: E1

User constants for V/f characteristics are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol M | ethod | S | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Con- stant Num- ber | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| E1-01 | Input volt- age setting 输入电压 | Set the Inverter input voltage in 1 volt. This setting is used as a reference value in protection functions. | 155 to 255 *1 | 200 V *1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 300H | 4-5 6-120 |
| E1-03 | V/f pattern selection V/F 曲线设 定 | 0 to E: Select from the 15 preset patterns. F: Custom user-set patterns (Applicable for settings E1-04 to E1-10.) | 0 to F | F | No | Q | Q | No | No | No | 302H | 6-120 |
| E1-04 | Max. output frequency 最高输出频 率 | Output voltage (V) VMAX (E1-05) (VEASE) (E1-13) VC (E1-08) | 40.0 to 400.0 *5 | 50.0 Hz *2 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 303H | 6-120 |
| E1-05 | Max. voltage 最大电压 | | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 200.0 V *1*2 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 304H | 6-120 |
| E1-06 | Base frequency 基本频率 | | 0.0 to 400.0 *5 | 50.0 Hz *2 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 305H | 6-120 |
| E1-07 | Mid.output frequency 中间频率 | (E1-10) FMIN FB FA FMAX (E1-09) (E1-07) (E1-06) (E1-04) Frequency (Hz) To set V/f characteristics in a | 0.0 to 400.0 | 3.0 Hz *2 | No | A | A | А | No | No | 306H | 6-120 |
| E1-08 | Mid. output frequency voltage | straight line, set the same values for E1-07 and E1-09. In this case, the setting for E1-08 will be disre- garded. | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 13.2 V *1 *2 | No | A | A | А | No | No | 307H | 4-18 6-120 |
| E1-09 | 中间电压 Min.output frequency 最低输出频 率 | arded. Always ensure that the four fre- uencies are set in the following nanner: E1-04 (FMAX) \geq E1-06 (FA) \geq E1- 17 (FB) \geq E1-09 (FMIN) | 0.0 to 400.0 *5 | 0.5 Hz *2 | No | Q | Q | Q | А | Q | 308H | 6-120 |
| E1-10 | Min. output frequency voltage 最低输出电 压 | | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 2.4 V *1 *2 | No | А | А | А | No | No | 309H | 4-18 6-120 |

| 0 | Name | | | | | | Cont | rol M | ethod | S | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| con- stant Num- ber | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| E1-11 | Mid. output frequency 2 | | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | A | А | А | А | А | 30AH | 6-120 |
| | 中间频率 2 | | *5 | 5 | | | | | | | | |
| E1-12 | Mid. output frequency voltage 2 | Set only to fine-adjust V/f for the output range. Normally, this setting is not required | 0.0 to 255.0 | 0.0 V *3 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 30BH | 6-120 |
| | 中间电压 2 | is not required. | .1 | | | | | | | | | |
| E1-13 | Base voltage | | 0.0 to 255.0 | 0.0 V | No | А | А | Q | Q | Q | 30CH | 6-120 |
| | 基本电压 | | *1 | -4 | | | | | | | | |

* 1. These are values for a 200 V Class Inverter. Values for a 400 V Class Inverter are double.
* 2. The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory settings are given.

* 3. E1-11 and E1-12 are disregarded when set to 0.0.

* 4. E1-13 is set to the same value as E1-05 by autotuning.

* 5. The setting range for open-loop vector 2 control is 0 to 132.0.

■Motor Setup: E2

User constants for motor 1 are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Motor rated current | Sets the motor rated current in 1 A units. | | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-01 | 电机额定电流 | These set values will become the reference values for motor protection, torque limits and torque control. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.32 to 6.40 *2 | 1.90 A *1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 30EH | 4-5 6-57 6-117 |
| | Motor rated slip | Sets the motor rated slip in Hz units. | | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-02 | 电机额定滑差 | These set values will become the reference values for slip compensation. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.00 to 20.00 | 2.90 Hz *1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 30FH | 6-115 6-117 |
| E2-03 | Motor no- load current 空载电流 | Sets the motor no-load cur- rent in 1 A units. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.00 to 1.89 *3 | 1.20 A *1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 310H | 6-117 |
| E2-04 | Number of motor poles 电机极数 | Sets the number of motor poles. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 2 to 48 | 4 poles | No | No | Q | No | Q | Q | 311H | 6-117 |
| E2-05 | Motor line- to-line resis- tance 线间电阻 | Sets the motor phase-to-phase resistance in Ω units. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.000 to 65.000 | 9.842 Ω *1 | No | A | А | A | A | A | 312H | 6-117 |
| | Motor leak inductance | Sets the voltage drop due to motor leakage inductance as a | | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-06 | 电机漏电感 | percentage of the motor rated voltage. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.0 to 40.0 | 18.2% *1 | No | No | No | A | А | Α | 313H | 6-117 |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 5 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| E2-07 | Motor iron saturation coefficient 1 | Sets the motor iron saturation coefficient at 50% of mag- netic flux. This constant is automatically | 0.00 to 0.50 | 0.50 | No | No | No | А | А | А | 314H | 6-117 |
| | 饱和系数1 | set during autotuning. | | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-08 | Motor iron saturation coefficient 2 | Sets the motor iron saturation coefficient at 75% of mag- netic flux. | 0.00 to | 0.75 | No | No | No | А | А | А | 315H | 6-117 |
| | 饱和系数 2 | This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.70 | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-09 | Motor mechanical loss | Sets motor mechanical loss as a percentage of motor rated output (W). Usually setting is not neces- sary. Adjust in the following cir- cumstances: When torque loss is large due to motor bearing. | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.0 | No | No | No | А | A | А | 316Н | - |
| | 机械损失 | • When the torque loss in the pump or fan is large. The set mechanical loss will compensate for torque. | | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-10 | Motor iron loss for torque com- pensation 铁损 | Sets motor iron loss in W units. | 0 to 65535 | 14 W *1 | No | А | А | No | No | No | 317H | 6-117 |
| | Motor rated | Set the rated output of the motor in units of 0.01 kW | 0.00 to | 0.40 | | | | | | | | |
| E2-11 | 电机额定功率 | This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 650.00 | *4 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 318H | 6-115 |
| E2-12 | Motor iron saturation coefficient 3 | Sets the motor iron saturation coefficient at 130% of mag- netic flux. This constant is automatically | 1.30 to 1.60 | 1.30 | No | No | No | А | A | A | 328H | 6-118 |
| | 饱和系数3 | set during autotuning. | | | | | | | | | | |

* 1. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

2. The setting range is from 10% to 200% of the Inverter rated output current. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW is given. For the motor no-load current, set E2-03 to a value less than that of E2-01.

* 3. The setting range depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given. The upper limit depends on the setting of E2-01.

* 4. The same capacity as that of the Inverter will be set if the constants are initialized.

■ Motor 2 V/f Pattern: E3

| | Name | | | | | | Cont | trol Me | ethod | s | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Num- ber | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| E3-01 | Motor 2 control method selection | 0: V/f control 1: V/f control with PG 2: Open-loop vector control 3: Flux vector control | 0 to 4 | 2 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 319Н | - |
| | 控制模式 | 4: Open-loop vector 2 control | | | | | | | | | | |
| E3-02 | Motor 2 max. out- put fre- quency (FMAX) | | 40.0 to 400.0 *3 | 50.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | A | 31AH | - |
| | 最高频率 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| E3-03 | Motor 2 max. volt- age (VMAX) | | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 200.0 V *2 | No | А | А | A | А | А | 31BH | - |
| | 最大电压 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| E3-04 | Motor 2 max. volt- age fre- quency (FA) | Output voltage (V) VMAX E3-03 | 0.0 to 400.0 | 50.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | A | 31CH | - |
| | 基本频率 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| E3-05 | Motor 2 mid. out- put fre- quency 1 (FB) | VC E3-03 VC E3-06 VMIN E3-08 FMIN E3-07 E3-05 E3-04 E3-04 E3-02 | 0.0 to 400.0 | 3.0 Hz *2 | No | A | А | A | No | No | 31DH | - |
| | 中间频率 | Frequency (Hz) | | | | | | | | | | |
| E3-06 | Motor 2 mid. out- put fre- quency voltage 1 (VC) | To set V/f characteristics in a straight line, set the same values for E3-05 and E3-07. In this case, the setting for E3-06 will be disregarded. Always ensure that the four frequen- | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 13.2 V *1 | No | А | А | А | No | No | 31EH | - |
| | 中间电压 | cies are set in the following manner: | | | | | | | | | | |
| E3-07 | Motor 2 min. out- put fre- quency (FMIN) | Always ensure that the four frequen- cies are set in the following manner: E3-02 (FMAX) ≥ E3-04 (FA) > E3- 05 (FB) > E3-07 (FMIN) | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.5 Hz *2 | No | A | A | А | A | A | 31FH | - |
| | 最低输出频 率 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| E3-08 | Motor 2 min. out- put fre- quency voltage (VMIN) 最低输出电 | | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 2.4 V *1 | No | A | А | А | No | No | 320H | - |
| | ഥ | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | |

User constants for motor 2 V/f characteristics are shown in the following table.

* 1. These are values for a 200 V Class Inverter. Values for a 400 V Class Inverter are double.
* 2. The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory settings are given.
* 3. The setting range for open-loop vector 2 control is 0 to 132.0.

■Motor 2 Setup: E4

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 5 | 1 | |
|-------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| E4-01 | Motor 2 rated current 电机额定电流 | Sets the motor rated current in 1 A units. These set values will become the reference values for motor protection, torque limits and torque control. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.32 to 6.40 *2 | 1.90 A *1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 321H | 6-57 |
| E4-02 | Motor 2 rated slip 电机 2 额定滑 差 | Sets the motor rated slip in Hz units. These set values will become the reference values for slip compensation. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.00 to 20.00 | 2.90 Hz *1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 322Н | - |
| E4-03 | Motor 2 no- load current 电机 2 空载电 流 | Sets the motor no-load cur- rent in 1 A units. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.00 to 1.89 *3 | 1.20 A *1 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 323H | - |
| E4-04 | Motor 2 num- ber of poles (number of poles) 电机 2 极数 | Sets the number of motor poles. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 2 to 48 | 4 poles | No | No | А | No | А | А | 324H | - |
| E4-05 | Motor 2 line- to-line resis- tance 电机 2 线间电 阻 | Sets the motor phase-to-phase resistance in Ω units. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.000 to 65.000 | 9.842 Ω *1 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 325Н | _ |
| E4-06 | Motor 2 leak inductance 电机 2 漏电感 | Sets the voltage drop due to motor leakage inductance as a percentage of the motor rated voltage. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.0 to 40.0 | 18.2% *1 | No | No | No | А | А | А | 326Н | - |
| E4-07 | Motor 2 rated capacity 电机 2 额定容 量 | Set the rated output of the motor in units of 0.01 kW. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.00 to 650.00 | 0.40 *4 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 327H | - |

User constants for motor 2 are shown in the following table.

* 1. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

* 2. The setting range is from 10% to 200% of the Inverter rated output current. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW is given.

* 3. If a multi-function input is set for motor 2 (H1-□□ = 16), the setting range will depend upon the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given. The upper limit depends on the setting of E4-01.

* 4. The same capacity as that of the Inverter will be set if the constants are initialized.

♦ F: Option Constants

The following settings are made with the option constants (F constants): Settings for option boards

■PG Option Setup: F1

User constants for the PG Speed Control Board are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| F1-01 | PG constant PG 脉冲数 | Sets the number of PG (pulse generator or encoder) pulses. Sets the number of pulses per motor revolution. | 0 to 60000 | 600 | No | No | Q | No | Q | No | 380H | 6-158 |
| F1-02 | Operation selection at PG open cir- cuit (PGO) PG 动作选择 | Sets the PG disconnection stopping method. 0: Ramp to stop (Deceleration stop using Deceleration Time 1, C1- 02.) 1: Coast to stop 2: Fast stop (Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09.) 3: Continue operation (To protect the motor or machinery, do not normally make this setting.) | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | No | А | No | А | No | 381H | 6-158 |
| F1-03 | Operation selection at overspeed (OS) | Sets the stopping method when an overspeed (OS) fault occurs. 0: Ramp to stop (Deceleration stop using Deceleration Time 1, C1- 02.) 1: Coast to stop 2: Fast stop (Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09.) 3: Continue operation (To protect the motor or machinery, do not normally make this setting.) | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | No | А | No | А | А | 382H | 6-158 |
| F1-04 | Operation selection at deviation DEV 动作选择 | Sets the stopping method when a speed deviation (DEV) fault occurs. 0: Ramp to stop (Deceleration stop using Deceleration Time 1, C1- 02.) 1: Coast to stop 2: Fast stop (Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09.) 3: Continue operation (DEV is displayed and operation continued.) | 0 to 3 | 3 | No | No | А | No | А | А | 383Н | 6-158 |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| F1-05 | PG rotation PG 方向设定 | 0: Phase A leads with Forward Run Command. (Phase B leads with Reverse Run Command.) 1: Phase B leads with Forward Run Command. (Phase A leads with Reverse Run Command.) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | A | No | А | No | 384H | 6-158 |
| F1-06 | PG division rate (PG pulse moni- tor) PG 输出分频比 | Sets the division ratio for the PG speed control board pulse output. Division ratio = $(1+n)/m$ (n=0 or 1 m=1 to 32) $F1-06 = \square \square \square$ This constant is only effective when a PG-B2 is used. The possible division ratio settings are: $1/32 \le F1-06 \le 1$. | 1 to 132 | 1 | No | No | А | No | А | No | 385H | 6-159 |
| F1-07 | Integral value during accel/ decel enable/ disable 积分动作选择 | Sets integral control during acceleration/deceleration to either enabled or disabled. 0: Disabled (The integral function isn't used while accelerating or decelerating; it is used at constant speeds.) 1: Enabled (The integral function is used at all times.) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | A | No | No | No | 386H | 6-159 |
| F1-08 | Overspeed detection level 过速检出值 | Sets the overspeed detection method. Frequencies above that set for F1-08 (set as a percentage of | 0 to 120 | 115% | No | No | А | No | А | А | 387H | 6-159 |
| F1-09 | Overspeed detection delay time OS 过速检出 时间 | the maximum output fre- quency) that continue to exceed this frequency for the time set in F1-09 are detected as overspeed faults. | 0.0 to 2.0 | 0.0 s * | No | No | А | No | А | А | 388H | 6-159 |
| F1-10 | Excessive speed devia- tion detec- tion level DEV 检出值 1 | Sets the speed deviation detection method. Any speed deviation above the F1-10 set level (set as a percentage of the maximum | 0 to 50 | 10% | No | No | А | No | А | А | 389Н | 6-159 |
| F1-11 | Excessive speed devia- tion detec- tion delay time DEV 检出时间 | detection method. Any speed deviation above the F1-10 set level (set as a percentage of the maximum output frequency) that contin- ues for the time set in F1-11 is detected as a speed deviation. Speed deviation is the differ- ence between actual motor speed and the reference com- mand speed. | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.5 s | No | No | А | No | А | А | 38AH | 6-159 |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| F1-12 | Number of PG gear teeth 1 | Sets the number of teeth on the gears if there are gears between the PG and the | | 0 | No | No | А | No | No | No | 38BH | 6-159 |
| | PG 齿轮齿数 1 | motor. Input pulses from $PG \vee 60$ E1 13 | 0 to | | | | | | | | | |
| F1-13 | Number of PG gear teeth 2 | 111111111111111111111111111111111111 | 1000 | 0 | No | No | A | No | No | No | 38CH | 6-159 |
| | PG 齿轮齿数 2 | set to 0. | | | | | | | | | | |
| F1-14 | PG open-cir- cuit detection time | Used to set the PG disconnec- tion detection time. PGO will be detected if the detection time continues beyond the set | 0.0 to 10.0 | 2.0 s | No | No | А | No | А | No | 38DH | 6-159 |
| | PG0 检出时间 | time. | | | | | | | | | | |

* When the control method is changed, the factory setting will change. The flux vector factory setting is given.

■Analog Reference Board: F2

User constants for the Analog Reference Board are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| F2-01 | Bi-polar or uni-polar input selec- tion | Sets the functions for channel 1 to 3 which are effective when the AI-14B Analog Reference Board is used. 0: 3-channel individual (Channel 1: terminal A1, Channel 2: terminal A2, Channel 3: terminal A3) 1: 3-channel addition (Addi- tion values are the fre- quency reference) When set to 0, select 1 for b1- 01. In this case the multi- function input "Option/ Inverter selection" cannot be used. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 38FH | 6-165 |

■Digital Reference Board: F3

User constants for the Digital Reference Board are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | - | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| F3-01 | Digital input option DI 输入选择 | Sets the Digital Reference Board input method. 0: BCD 1% unit 1: BCD 0.1% unit 2: BCD 0.01% unit 3: BCD 1 Hz unit 4: BCD 0.1 Hz unit 5: BCD 0.01 Hz unit 6: BCD special setting (5- digit input) 7: Binary input 6 is only effective when the DI-16H2 is used. When 01-03 is set to 2 or higher, the input will be BCD, and the units will change to the 01-03 setting | 0 to 7 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 390Н | 6-165 |

5

■Analog Monitor Boards: F4

User constants for the Analog Monitor Board are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| F4-01 | Channel 1 monitor selection CH1 输出监视 | Effective when the Analog Monitor Board is used. Monitor selection: Set the number of the monitor | 1 to 50 | 2 | No | A | A | А | А | А | 391H | 6-89 |
| F4-02 | Channel 1 gain CH1 输出增益 | Gain: Set the multiple of 10 V for outputting monitor items. 4. 10 to 14, 25, 28, 34, 39, 40 | 0.00 to 2.50 | 1.00 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 392H | 6-89 |
| F4-03 | Channel 2 monitor selection | cannot be set. 29 to 31 and 41 are not used. When the AO- 12 Analog Monitor Board is used, outputs of \pm 10 V are possible. To output \pm 10 V set | 1 to 50 | 3 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 393Н | 6-89 |
| F4-04 | Channel 2 gain CH2 输出增益 | F4-07 or F4-08 to 1. When the AO-08 Analog Monitor Board is used, only outputs of 0 to +10 V are possible. A meter calibration function | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.50 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 394Н | 6-89 |
| F4-05 | Channel 1 output moni- tor bias | Sets the channel 1 item bias to 100%/10 V when the Ana- log Monitor Board is used. | -10.0 to 10.0 | 0.0 | Yes | A | A | А | A | A | 395H | 6-89 |
| F4-06 | A0 CH1 偏宜 Channel 2 output moni- tor bias A0 CH2 偏置 | Sets the channel 2 item bias to 100%/10 V when the Ana- log Monitor Board is used. | -10.0 to 10.0 | 0.0 | Yes | А | A | A | A | A | 396Н | 6-89 |
| F4-07 | Analog out- put signal level for channel 1 | 0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 to +10 V | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | A | A | А | А | А | 397H | 6-89 |
| F4-08 | Analog out- put signal level for channel 2 CH2 信号电平 | 0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 to +10 V | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | A | A | A | 398H | 6-89 |

■Digital Output Boards (DO-02C and DO-08): F5

User constants for the Digital Output Board are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| F5-01 | Channel 1 output selec- tion | Effective when a Digital Out- put Board (DO-02C or DO- 08) is used. Set the number of the multi- | 0 to 37 | 0 | No | А | А | A | А | А | 399H | 6-162 |
| | DO CH1 选择 | function output to be output. | | | | | | | | | | |
| F5-02 | Channel 2 output selec- tion | Effective when a Digital Out- put Board (DO-02C or DO- 08) is used. | 0 to 37 | 1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 39AH | 6-162 |
| | DO CH2 选择 | Set the number of the multi- function output to be output. | | | | | | | | | | |
| F5-03 | Channel 3 output selec- tion | Effective when a DO-08 Dig- ital Output Board is used. Set the number of the multi- | 0 to 37 | 2 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 39BH | 6-162 |
| | DO CH3 选择 | function output to be output. | | | | | | | | | | |
| F5-04 | Channel 4 output selec- tion | Effective when a DO-08 Dig- ital Output Board is used. Set the number of the multi- | 0 to 37 | 4 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 39CH | 6-162 |
| | DO CH4 选择 | function output to be output. | | | | | | | | | | |
| F5-05 | Channel 5 output selec- tion | Effective when a DO-08 Dig- ital Output Board is used. Set the number of the multi- | 0 to 37 | 6 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 39DH | 6-162 |
| | DO CH5 选择 | function output to be output. | | | | | | | | | | |
| F5-06 | Channel 6 output selec- tion | Effective when a DO-08 Dig- ital Output Board is used. Set the number of the multi- | 0 to 37 | 37 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 39EH | 6-162 |
| | DO CH6 选择 | function output to be output. | | | | | | | | | | |
| F5-07 | Channel 7 output selec- tion | Effective when a DO-08 Dig- ital Output Board is used. Set the number of the multi- | 0 to 37 | 0F | No | А | А | A | А | А | 39FH | 6-163 |
| | DO CH7 选择 | function output to be output. | | | | | | | | | | |
| F5-08 | Channel 8 output selec- tion | Effective when a DO-08 Dig- ital Output Board is used. Set the number of the multi- | 0 to 37 | 0F | No | А | А | А | А | А | 3A0H | 6-163 |
| | DO CH8 选择 | function output to be output. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DO-08 out- put mode selection | Effective when a DO-08 Dig- ital Output Board is used. Set the output mode. | | | | | | | | | | |
| F5-09 | D0-08 选择 | 8-channel individual outputs Binary code output Output according to F5-01 to F5-08 settings. | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | Α | Α | Α | А | Α | 3A1H | 6-163 |

■Communications Option Boards: F6

User constants for a Communications Option Board are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| F6-01 | Operation selection after communica- tions error BUS 检出动作 | Set the stopping method for communications errors. 0: Deceleration stop using deceleration time in C1-02 1: Coast to stop 2: Emergency stop using deceleration time in C1-09 3: Continue operation | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 3A2H | - |
| F6-02 | Input level of external fault from Com- munications Option Board EF0 检出选择 | 0: Always detect 1: Detect during operation | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | A | А | A | А | А | ЗАЗН | - |
| F6-03 | Stopping method for external fault from Com- munications Option Board | 0: Deceleration stop using deceleration time in C1-02 1: Coast to stop 2: Emergency stop using deceleration time in C1-09 2: A state of the state of th | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 3А4Н | - |
| F6-04 | Trace sam- pling from Communica- tions Option Board | - | 0 to 60000 | 0 | No | А | А | A | А | А | 3A5H | - |
| F6-06 | 跟踪取样 Torque refer- ence/torque limit selec- tion from optical option 转矩指令及 极限 | 0: Torque reference/torque limit from transmission disabled. 1: Torque reference/torque limit from transmission enabled. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | No | А | A | 3А7Н | _ |
| F6-08 | Operation selection after SI-T WDT error SI-T WDT | Set the stopping method for SI-T WDT errors (E5). 0: Deceleration stop using deceleration time in C1- 02 1: Coast to stop 2: Emergency stop using deceleration time in C1- 09 3: Continue operation | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | A | A | A | A | A | 3В6Н | - |
| F6-09 | Number of SI-T BUS error detec- tion SI-T BUS | Set the number which SI-T detects BUS errors. | 2 to 10 | 2 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 3B7H | - |

♦ H: Terminal Function Constants

The following settings are made with the terminal function constants (H constants): Settings for external terminal functions.

Multi-function Contact Inputs: H1

User constants for multi-function contact inputs are shown in the following tables.

| | Name | | | | [| [] | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| H1-01 | Terminal S3 function selec- tion | Multi-function contact input | 0 to 79 | 24 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 400H | - |
| | 端子 S3 功能设 定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H1-02 | Terminal S4 function selec- tion | Multi-function contact input | 0 to 79 | 14 | No | А | А | A | A | A | 401H | - |
| | 端子 S4 设定 |] | | | | | | | | | | |
| H1-03 | Terminal S5 function selec- tion | Multi-function contact input | 0 to 79 | 3 (0)* | No | А | А | А | А | А | 402H | - |
| | 端子 S5 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H1-04 | Terminal S6 function selec- tion | Multi-function contact input | 0 to 79 | 4 (3) [*] | No | А | А | А | А | А | 403H | - |
| | 端子 S6 设定 |] | | | | | | | | | | |
| H1-05 | Terminal S7 function selec- tion | Multi-function contact input 5 | 0 to 79 | 6 (4)* | No | A | A | A | А | А | 404H | - |
| | 端子 S7 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H1-06 | Terminal S8 function selec- tion | Multi-function contact input | 0 to 79 | 8 (6)* | No | А | А | A | A | A | 405H | - |
| | 端子 S8 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H1-07 | Terminal S9 function selec- tion | Multi-function contact input | 0 to 79 | 5 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 406H | - |
| | 端子 S9 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H1-08 | Terminal S10 function selec- tion | Multi-function contact input 8 | 0 to 79 | 32 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 407H | - |
| | 端子 S10 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H1-09 | Terminal S11 function selec- tion | Multi-function contact input 9 | 0 to 79 | 7 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 408H | - |
| | 端子 S11 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| H1-10 | Terminal S12 function selec- tion 端子 S12 设定 | Multi-function contact input 10 | 0 to 79 | 15 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 409H | - |

* The factory settings in the parentheses are for 3-wire sequence.

Multi-function Contact Input Functions

| | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | Page |
| 0 | 3-wire sequence (Forward/Reverse Run Command) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-11 |
| 1 | Local/Remote selection (ON: Local, OFF: Remote) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-76 |
| 2 | Option/Inverter selection (ON: Option board) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-83 6-164 |
| 3 | Multi-step speed reference 1 When H3-05 is set to 0, this function is combined with the master/auxiliary speed switch. | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-5 |
| 4 | Multi-step speed reference 2 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-5 |
| 5 | Multi-step speed reference 3 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-5 |
| 6 | Jog frequency command (higher priority than multi-step speed reference) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-5 |
| 7 | Accel/decel time 1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-19 |
| 8 | External baseblock NO (NO contact: Baseblock at ON) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-77 |
| 9 | External baseblock NC (NC contact: Baseblock at OFF) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-77 |
| А | Acceleration/deceleration ramp hold (ON: Acceleration/deceleration stopped, fre- quency on hold) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-78 |
| В | OH2 alarm signal input (ON: OH2 will be displayed) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| С | Multi-function analog input selection (ON: Enable) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| D | No V/f control with PG (ON: Speed feedback control disabled,) (normal V/f con- trol) | No | Yes | No | No | No | 6-137 |
| Е | Speed control integral reset (ON: Integral control disabled) | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | 6-137 |
| F | Not used (Set when a terminal is not used) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10 | Up command (Always set with the down command) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-79 |
| 11 | Down command (Always set with the up command) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-79 |
| 12 | FJOG command (ON: Forward run at jog frequency d1-17) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-84 |
| 13 | RJOG command (ON: Reverse run at jog frequency d1-17) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-84 |
| 14 | Fault reset (Reset when turned ON) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 7-2 |
| 15 | Emergency stop. (Normally open condition: Deceleration to stop in deceleration time set in C1-09 when ON.) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-17 |
| 16 | Motor switch command (Motor 2 selection) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 17 | Emergency stop (Normally closed condition: Deceleration to stop in deceleration time set in C1-09 when OFF) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-17 |
| 18 | Timer function input (Functions are set in b4-01 and b4-02 and the timer function outputs are set in H1- \square and H2- \square .) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-105 |
| 19 | PID control disable (ON: PID control disabled) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-109 |

| | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | Page |
| 1A | Accel/Decel time 2 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-19 |
| 1B | Constants write enable (ON: All constants can be written-in. OFF: All constants other than frequency monitor are write protected.) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-156 7-24 |
| 1C | Trim control increase (ON: d4-02 frequency is added to analog frequency reference.) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-82 |
| 1D | Trim control decrease (ON: d4-02 frequency is subtracted from analog frequency reference.) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-82 |
| 1E | Analog frequency reference sample/hold | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-83 |
| 20 to 2F | External fault (Desired settings possible) Input mode: NO contact/NC contact, Detection mode: Normal/during operation | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-85 |
| 30 | PID control integral reset (reset when reset command is input or when stopped during PID control) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-109 |
| 31 | PID control integral hold (ON: Hold) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-109 |
| 32 | Multi-step speed reference 4 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 34 | PID soft starter ON/OFF | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-109 |
| 35 | PID input characteristics switch | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-109 |
| 60 | DC injection braking command (ON: Performs DC injection braking) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-16 |
| 61 | External search command 1 (ON: Speed search from maximum output frequency) | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | 6-67 |
| 62 | External search command 2 (ON: Speed search from set frequency) | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | 6-67 |
| 63 | Field weakening command (ON: Field weakening control set for d6-01 and d6-02) | Yes | Yes | No | No | No | - |
| 64 | External speed search command 3 (NC contact) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 65 | KEB (deceleration at momentary power loss) command (NC contact) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 66 | KEB (deceleration at momentary power loss) command (NO contact) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 67 | Communications test mode ("Pass" is displayed when the communications test is passed.) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-104 |
| 68 | High-slip braking (HSB) | Yes | Yes | No | No | No | - |
| 71 | Speed/torque control change (ON: Torque control) | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | 6-129 6-135 |
| 72 | Zero-servo command (ON: Zero-servo) | No | No | No | Yes | No | 6-146 |
| 77 | Speed control (ASR) proportional gain switch (ON: C5-03) | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | 6-137 |
| 78 | Polarity reversing command for external torque reference | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | 6-129 |
| 79 | Brake ON signal (Brake Signal) [*] | No | No | No | No | Yes | - |

* If the multi-function input is set to 79 and the input value is "closed," operation will be performed with a speed specification of 0.

■ Multi-function Contact Outputs: H2

User constants for multi-function outputs are shown in the following tables.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| H2-01 | Terminal M1- M2 function selection (contact) | Multi-function contact output | 0 to 3D | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 40BH | - |
| | 端子 M1M2 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H2-02 | Terminal P1 function selection (open collec- tor) | Multi-function contact output | 0 to 3D | 1 | No | A | A | А | А | А | 40CH | - |
| | 端子 P1 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H2-03 | Terminal P2 function selection (open collec- tor) | Multi-function contact output 2 | 0 to 3D | 2 | No | A | A | А | А | А | 40DH | - |
| | 端子 P2 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H2-04 | Terminal P3 function selection (open collec- tor) | Multi-function contact output 3 | 0 to 3D | 6 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 40EH | - |
| | 端子 P3 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H2-05 | Terminal P4 function selection (open collec- tor) | Multi-function contact output 4 | 0 to 3D | 10 | No | А | А | А | А | A | 40FH | _ |
| | 端子 P4 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | Page |
| 0 | During run (ON: Run Command is ON or voltage is being output) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-86 |
| 1 | Zero-speed | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-86 |
| 2 | Frequency agree 1 (L4-02 used.) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-51 |
| 3 | Desired frequency agree 1 (ON: Output frequency = \pm L4-01, L4-02 used and during frequency agree) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-51 |
| 4 | Frequency (FOUT) detection 1 (ON: +L4-01 \ge output frequency \ge -L4-01, L4-02 used) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-51 |
| 5 | Frequency (FOUT) detection 2 (ON: Output frequency \geq +L4-01 or output frequency \leq -L4-01, L4-02 used) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-51 |
| 6 | Inverter operation ready READY: After initialization, no faults | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 7 | During DC bus undervoltage (UV) detection | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 8 | During baseblock (ON: during baseblock) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 9 | Frequency reference selection (ON: Frequency reference from Operator) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| А | Run Command selection status (ON: Run Command from Operator) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| В | Overtorque/undertorque detection 1 NO (NO contact: Overtorque/undertorque detection at ON) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-54 |
| С | Loss of frequency reference (Effective when 1 is set for L4-05) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-71 |
| D | Braking resistor fault (ON: Resistor overheat or braking transistor fault) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-74 |
| Е | Fault (ON: Digital Operator communications error or fault other than CPF00 and CPF01 has occurred.) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| F | Not used. (Set when the terminals are not used.) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10 | Minor fault (ON: Alarm displayed) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 11 | Fault reset command active | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 12 | Timer function output | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-105 |
| 13 | Frequency agree 2 (L4-04 used) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-51 |
| 14 | Desired frequency agree 2 (ON: Output frequency = L4-03, L4-04 used, and dur- ing frequency agree) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-51 |
| 15 | Frequency detection 3 (ON: Output frequency ≤ -L4-03, L4-04 used) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-51 |
| 16 | Frequency detection 4 (ON: Output frequency ≥ -L4-03, L4-04 used) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-51 |
| 17 | Overtorque/undertorque detection 1 NC (NC Contact: Torque detection at OFF) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-54 |
| 18 | Overtorque/undertorque detection 2 NO (NO Contact: Torque detection at ON) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-54 |
| 19 | Overtorque/undertorque detection 2 NC (NC Contact: Torque detection at OFF) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-54 |
| 1A | During reverse run (ON: During reverse run) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 1B | During baseblock 2 (OFF: During baseblock) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 1C | Motor selection (Motor 2 selected) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 1D | During regeneration (ON: During regeneration) | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | - |
| 1E | Restart enabled (ON: Restart enabled) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-72 |
| 1F | Motor overload (OL1, including OH3) pre-alarm (ON: 90% or more of the detection level) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-58 6-87 |
| 20 | Inverter overheat (OH) pre-alarm (ON: Temperature exceeds L8-02 setting) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-87 |

Multi-function Contact Output Functions

| _ | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | Page |
| 2F | Maintenance Time ON: The operation time of either the electrolytic capacitors or the cooling fan has reached the specified maintenance time. | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 30 | During torque limit (current limit) (ON: During torque limit) | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | - |
| 31 | During speed limit (ON: During speed limit) | No | No | No | Yes | No | 6-87 |
| 32 | Speed control circuit operating for torque control (except when stopped). The external torque reference will be limited if torque control is selected (internal torque reference < external torque reference). Output when the motor is rotating at the speed limit. | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | 6-129 |
| 33 | Zero-servo end (ON: Zero-servo function completed) | No | No | No | Yes | No | 6-87 6-146 |
| 36 | Frequency (FOUT) detection 5 (ON: Output frequency \geq + L4-01 or output frequency \leq L4-01, L4-02 used, OFF: during baseblock | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-50 |
| 37 | During run 2 (ON: Frequency output, OFF: Base block, DC injection braking, ini- tial excitation, operation stop) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-86 |
| 3D | Inverter's Cooling Fan Fault detected | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-73 |

■Analog Inputs: H3

User constants for analog inputs are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| H3-01 | Signal level selection (ter- minal A1) | 0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10V to 10 V [11-bit + polarity (posi- | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | A | А | 410H | 6-28 |
| | 端子 A1 信号 选择 | tive/negative) input] | | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-02 | Gain (termi- nal A1) | Sets the frequency when 10 V is input, as a percentage of the | 0.0 to 1000 0 | 100.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 411H | 6-28 |
| | 端子 A1 增益 | maximum output frequency. | 1000.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-03 | Bias (termi- nal A1) | Sets the frequency when 0 V is input, as a percentage of the | -100.0 to | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 412H | 6-28 |
| H3-03 | 端子 A1 偏置 | maximum frequency. | +100.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-03 | Signal level selection (ter- minal A3) | 0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 V to 10 V [11-bit + polarity (posi- | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 413H | 6-28 6-128 |
| | 端子 A3 信号 电平 | tive/negative) input] | | | | | | | | | | 0 120 |
| H3-05 | Multi-func- tion analog input (termi- nal A3) func- tion selection | Select multi-function analog input function for terminal A3. Refer to the next page. | 0 to 1F | 2 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 414H | 6-28 6-128 |
| | 端子 A3 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-06 | Gain (termi- nal A3) | Sets the input gain (level) when 10 V is input. | 0.0 to | 100.0% | Yes | A | А | А | А | А | 415H | 6-28 |
| | 端子 A3 增益 | value selected from H3-05. | 1000.0 | | | | | | | | | 0-128 |

| Con | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| H3-07 | Bias (termi- nal A3) | Sets the input gain (level) when 0 V is input. | -100.0 to | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | A | А | А | 416H | 6-28 |
| | 端子 A3 偏置 | value selected from H3-05. | +100.0 | | | | | | | | | 0-120 |
| H3-08 | Signal level selection (terminal A2) | 0: 0 to 10V 1: -10V to 10V 2: 4 to 20 mA (9-bit input). | 0 to 2 | 2 | No | А | A | А | А | А | 417H | 6-28 |
| | 端子 A2 信号 选择 | input using the switch on the control panel. | | | | | | | | | | 0-120 |
| Н3-09 | Multi-func- tion analog input (termi- nal A2) func- tion selection | Select multi-function analog input function for terminal A2. Refer to the next table. | 0 to 1F | 0 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 418H | 6-28 6-128 |
| | 端子 A2 设定 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H3 10 | Gain (terminal A2) | Sets the input gain (level) when 10 V (20 mA) is input. | 0.0 to | 100.0% | Vas | | | | | | 410H | 6-29 |
| п3-10 | 端子 A2 增益 | value for the function set for H3-09. | 1000.0 | 100.0% | ies | А | A | A | A | A | 4191 | 6-128 |
| 112 11 | Bias (terminal A2) | Sets the input gain (level) when 0 V (4 mA) is input. | -100.0 | 0.00/ | N/ | | | | | | 41.4.11 | 6-29 |
| H3-11 | 端子 A2 偏置 | value for the function set for H3-09. | to +100.0 | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 41AH | 6-129 |
| Н3-12 | Analog input filter time constant | Sets primary delay filter time constant in seconds for the analog input terminal. | 0.00 to | 0.03 | No | А | А | A | А | А | 41BH | 6-29 |
| | 模拟量滤波 时间 | Effective for noise control etc. | 2.00 | 5 | | | | | | | | |

H3-05,H3-09 Settings

| _ | | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Set- ting Value | Function | Contents (100%) | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | Page |
| 0 | Add to terminal A1 | Maximum output frequency | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-30 6-129 |
| 1 | Frequency gain | Frequency reference (voltage) command value | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-30 |
| 2 | Auxiliary frequency reference 1 (2nd step analog) | Maximum output frequency | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-5 |
| 3 | Auxiliary frequency reference 2 (3rd step analog) | Maximum output frequency | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-5 |
| 4 | Voltage bias | 200 V (200 V Class)/400 V (400 V Class) | Yes | Yes | No | No | No | - |
| 5 | Accel/decel change (reduction coefficient) | Set acceleration and deceleration times (C1-01 to C1-08) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-18 |
| 6 | DC injection braking current | Inverter rated output current | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No | 6-17 |
| 7 | Overtorque/undertorque detection level | Motor rated torque for vector control Inverter rated output current for V/f control | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-56 |
| 8 | Stall prevention level during run | Inverter rated output current | Yes | Yes | No | No | No | 6-50 |
| 9 | Frequency reference lower limit level | Maximum output frequency | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-35 |
| А | Jump frequency | Maximum output frequency | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-32 |
| В | PID feedback | Maximum output frequency | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-109 |
| С | PID target value | Maximum output frequency | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-109 |
| D | Frequency bias 2 | Maximum output frequency | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-31 |
| Е | Motor temperature input | 10 V = 100% | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-61 |
| 10 | Positive torque limit | Motor's rated torque | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-47 |
| 11 | Negative torque limit | Motor's rated torque | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-47 |
| 12 | Regenerative torque limit | Motor's rated torque | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-47 |
| 13 | Torque reference/torque limit at speed control | Motor's rated torque | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | 6-129 |
| 14 | Torque compensation | Motor's rated torque | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | 6-129 |
| 15 | Positive/negative torque limit | Motor's rated torque | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-47 |
| 1F | Analog input not used. | - | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 6-6 |
| 16 to 1E | Not used | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |



■Multi-function Analog Outputs: H4

User constants for multi-function analog outputs are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| H4-01 | Monitor selection (terminal FM) 端子 FM 设定 | Sets the number of the monitor item to be output (U1-□□) from terminal FM. 4, 10 to 14, 25, 28, 34, 39, 40 cannot be set. 29 to 31 and 41 are not used. | 1 to 45 | 2 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 41DH | 6-88 |
| | Gain (ter- minal FM) | Sets the multi-function analog output 1 voltage level gain. | | | | | | | | | | |
| H4-02 | 端子 FM 增益 | Sets whether the monitor item output will be output in multi- ples of 10 V. The maximum output from the terminal is 10 V. A meter cali- bration function is available.* | 0.00 to 2.50 | 1.00 | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 41EH | 4-6 6-88 |
| | Bias (termi- nal FM) | Sets the multi-function analog output 1 voltage level bias | | | | | | | | | | |
| H4-03 | 端子 FM 偏置 | Sets output characteristic up/ down parallel movement as a percentage of 10 V. The maximum output from the terminal is 10 V. A meter cali- bration function is available.* | -10.0 to +10.0 | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 41FH | 6-88 |
| H4-04 | Monitor selection (terminal AM) 端子 AM 设定 | Sets the number of the monitor item to be output (U1-□□) from terminal AM. 4, 10 to 14, 25, 28, 34, 39, 40 cannot be set. 29 to 31 and 41 are not used. | 1 to 45 | 3 | No | А | А | A | A | А | 420H | 6-88 |
| | Gain (ter- | Set the voltage level gain for multi-function analog output 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| H4-05 | 端子 AM 增益 | Set the number of multiples of 10 V to be output as the 100% output for the monitor items. The maximum output from the terminal is 10 V. A meter cali- bration function is available.* | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.50 | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 421H | 4-6 6-88 |
| | Bias (termi- nal AM) | Sets the multi-function analog output 2 voltage level bias. | | | | | | | | | | |
| H4-06 | 端子 AM 偏置 | Sets output characteristic up/ down parallel movement as a percentage of 10 V. The maximum output from the terminal is 10 V. A meter cali- bration function is available.* | -10.0 to +10.0 | 0.0% | Yes | A | A | А | А | A | 422H | 6-88 |
| H4-07 | Analog out- put 1 signal level selec- tion A01 信号电 平 | Sets the signal output level for multi-function output 1 (termi- nal FM) 0: -10 to 10 V output 1: -10 to 10 V output | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 423H | 6-88 |

5

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| H4-08 | Analog out- put 2 signal level selec- tion A02 信号电 平 | Sets the signal output level for multi-function output 2 (termi- nal AM) 0: 0 to +10 V output 1: 0 to ±10 V output | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 424H | - |

* The CH1 output can be adjusted when the H4-02 or H4-03 setting is displayed in Quick, Advanced, or Verify mode while the motor is stopped. The CH2 output can be adjusted when the H4-05 or H4-06 setting is displayed in Quick, Advanced, or Verify mode while the motor is stopped. For analog output, the value equivalent to 100% of output value of monitored item is multiplied by the gain setting and the set bias is added.

■MEMOBUS Communications: H5

User constants for MEMOBUS communications are shown in the following table.

| Con- | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| H5-01 | Slave address | Set the Inverter's slave address. | 0 to 20 | 1F | No | А | А | А | А | А | 425H | 6-94 |
| | 从站地址 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 115.02 | Communi- cation speed selec- tion | Set the baud rate for MEMO- BUS communications of com- munications connection terminals. | 0.4 | 2 | ŊŢ | | | | | | 42(1) | 6.04 |
| | 通信速度选 择 | 0: 1200 bps 1: 2400 bps 2: 4800 bps 3: 9600 bps 4: 19200 bps | 0 to 4 | 3 | No | A | A | A | A | A | 426H | 6-94 |
| Н5-03 | Communi- cation par- ity selection | Set the parity for MEMOBUS communications of communi- cations connection terminals. | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | А | А | A | A | A | 427H | 6-94 |
| | 通信校验选 择 | 1: Even parity 2: Odd parity | | | | | | | | | | |
| H5-04 | Stopping method after com- munication error | Set the stopping method for communications errors. 0: Deceleration to stop using deceleration time in C1-02 1: Coast to stop | 0 to 3 | 3 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 428H | 6-94 |
| | 通信错误检 出错误 | 2: Emergency stop using deceleration time in C1-09 3: Continue operation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Н5-05 | Communi- cation error detection selection | Set whether or not a communi- cations timeout is to be detected as a communications error. | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 429H | 6-94 |
| | 通信错误检 出选择 | 0: Do not detect. 1: Detect | | | | | | | | | | |
| H5-06 | Send wait time | Set the time from the Inverter | 5 to 65 | 5 ms | No | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 42ан | 6-94 |
| 115-00 | 通信等待时 间 | Inverter starts to send. | 5 10 05 | 5 1115 | NO | Λ | л | Α | Α | А | 72/11 | 0-74 |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| H5-07 | RTS con- trol ON/ OFF RTS 控制选 择 | Select to enable or disable RTS control. 0: Disabled (RTS is always ON) 1: Enabled (RTS turns ON only when sending) | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 42BH | 6-94 |
| H5-10 | Unit Selec- tion for MEMO- BUS Regis- ter 0025H MEM25H 单位 | Selects the units used for MEMOBUS registry 0025H (monitors the output voltage reference). 0: 0.1 V units 1: 1 V units | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 436H | 6-95 |

* Set H5-01 to 0 to disable Inverter responses to MEMOBUS communications.

5

■Pulse Train I/O: H6

User constants for pulse I/O are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| H6-01 | Pulse train input func- tion selec- tion | 0: Frequency reference 1: PID feedback value 2: PID target value | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 42CH | 6-2 6-33 6-108 |
| | 脉冲输入选 择 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Н6-02 | Pulse train input scal- ing | Set the number of pulses in hertz, taking the reference to be | 1000 to 32000 | 1440 Hz | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 42DH | 6-2 6-33 |
| | 脉冲输入比 例 | 100%. | 52000 | 112 | | | | | | | | 0 55 |
| H6-03 | Pulse train input gain | Set the input gain level as a per- | 0.0 to | 100.0% | Ves | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 42EH | 6-33 |
| H6-03 - | 脉冲输入增 益 | H6-02 is input. | 1000.0 | 100.070 | 103 | 21 | | 11 | 21 | 21 | 42111 | 0.55 |
| H6-04 | Pulse train input bias | Set the input bias when the | -100.0 to | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 42FH | 6-33 |
| | 脉冲输入偏 置 | pulse train is 0. | 100.0 | ,. | | | | | | | | |
| Н6-05 | Pulse train input filter time | Set the pulse train input pri- mary delay filter time constant | 0.00 to | 0.10 | Yes | А | А | A | А | А | 430H | 6-33 |
| | 脉冲输入滤 波时间 | in seconds. | 2.00 | 5 | | | | | | | | |
| Н6-06 | Pulse train monitor selection | Select the pulse train monitor output items (value of the \Box part of U1- \Box). | 1, 2, 5, 20, 24, | 2 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 431H | 6-90 |
| H6-06 | 脉冲监视选 择 | items: Speed-related items and PID-related items. | 36 | | | | | | | | | |
| Н6-07 | Pulse train monitor scaling | Set the number of pulses output when speed is 100% in hertz. Set H6-06 to 2, and H6-07 to 0, to make the nulse train meniter | 0 to | 1440 | Yes | A | A | A | A | A | 432H | 6-90 |
| | 脉冲监视比 例 | output synchronously to the output frequency. | 52000 | ΠΖ | | | | | | | | |

L: Protection Function Constants

The following settings are made with the protection function constants (L constants): Motor selection function, power loss ridethrough function, stall prevention function, frequency detection, torque limits, and hardware protection.

Motor Overload: L1

User constants for motor overloads are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 5 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L1-01 | Motor pro- tection selection 电机保护功 能选择 | Sets whether the motor over- load function is enabled or dis- abled at electric thermal overload relay. 0: Disabled 1: General-purpose motor protection 2: Inverter motor protection 3: Vector motor protection In some applications when the Inverter power supply is turned off, the thermal value is reset, so even if this constant is set to 1, protection may not be effective. When several motors are con- nected to one Inverter, set to 0 and ensure that each motor is installed with a protection device. | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 480H | 4-5 6-57 |
| L1-02 | Motor pro- tection time constant 电机保护时 间 | Sets the electric thermal detec- tion time in seconds units. Usually setting is not necessary. The factory setting is 150% overload for one minute. When the motor's overload resistance is known, also set the overload resistance protection time for when the motor is hot started. | 0.1 to 5.0 | 1.0 min | No | А | А | А | А | А | 481H | 6-57 |
| L1-03 | Alarm oper- ation selec- tion during motor over- heating 0H3 检出动作 | Set H3-09 to E and select the operation when the input motor temperature (thermistor) input exceeds the alarm detection level (1.17 V). 0: Decelerate to stop using the deceleration time in C1-02. 1: Coast to stop 2: Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09. 3: Continue operation (H3 on the Operator flashes). | 0 to 3 | 3 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 482H | 6-60 |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L1-04 | Motor over- heating operation selection | Set H3-09 to E and select the operation when the motor tem- perature (thermistor) input exceeds the operation detec- tion level (2.34 V) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0H4 检出动 作 | 0: Decelerate to stop using the deceleration time in C1-02. 1: Coast to stop 2: Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09. | 0 to 2 | 1 | No | Α | А | A | А | А | 483H | 6-60 |
| L1-05 | Motor tem- perature input filter time con- stant | Set H3-09 to E and set the pri- mary delay time constant for motor temperature (thermistor) inputs in seconds. | 0.00 to 10.00 | 0.20 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 484H | 6-60 |
| | 0H4 检出动 作 | inputs in seconds. | | | | | | | | | | |

■Power Loss Ridethrough: L2

User constants for power loss ridethroughs are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L2-01 | Momentary power loss detection 瞬时停电动 作选择 | 0: Disabled [main circuit undervoltage (UV1) detection] 1: Enabled [Restarted when the power returns within the time for L2-02. When L2- 02 is exceeded, main circuit undervoltage (UV1) is detected.] 2: Enabled while CPU is operating. [Restarts when power returns during control operations. Does not detect main circuit undervoltage (UV1).] | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 485H | 6-63 |
| L2-02 | Momentary power loss ridethru time 瞬时停电补 偿时间 | Ridethrough time, when Momentary Power Loss Selec- tion (L2-01) is set to 1, in units of seconds. | 0 to 25.5 | 0.1 s *1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 486H | 6-63 |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L2-03 | Min. base- block time 最小 BB 时间 | Sets the Inverter's minimum baseblock time in units of one second, when the Inverter is restarted after power loss ride- through. Sets the time to approximately 0.7 times the motor secondary circuit time constant. When an overcurrent or over- voltage occurs when starting a speed search or DC injection braking, increase the set values. | 0.1 to 5.0 | 0.2 s *1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 487H | 6-63 6-66 |
| L2-04 | Voltage recovery time 电压恢复时 间 | Sets the time required to return the Inverter output voltage to normal voltage at the comple- tion of a speed search, in units of one second. Sets the time required to recover from 0 V to the maxi- | 0.0 to 5.0 | 0.3 s *1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 488H | 6-63 6-66 |
| L2-05 | Undervolt- age detec- tion level | Sets the main circuit undervolt- age (UV) detection level (main circuit DC voltage) in V units. Usually setting is not necessary. Insert an AC reactor in the Inverter input side to lower the main circuit undervoltage detection level. | 150 to 210 *2 | 190 V *2 | No | А | А | A | A | А | 489H | 6-64 |
| L2-06 | KEB decel- eration time KEB 减速时 间 | Sets in seconds the time required to decelerate from the speed where the deceleration at momentary power loss com- mand (KEB) is input to zero- speed. | 0.0 to 200.0 | 0.0 s | No | А | A | А | А | А | 48AH | - |
| L2-07 | Momentary recovery time 瞬时停电恢 复时间 | Set in seconds the time to accelerate to the set speed after recovery from a momentary power loss. | 0.0 to 25.5 | 0.0 s *3 | No | А | A | А | А | А | 48BH | - |
| L2-08 | Frequency reduction gain at KEB start KEB 频率增 益 | Sets as a percent the about to reduce the output frequency at the beginning of deceleration at momentary power loss (KEB). Reduction = slip frequency before KEB operation \times L2-08 \times 2 | 0 to 300 | 100 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 48CH | - |

Note Attach a Backup Capacitor Unit for Momentary Power Loss if compensation for power interruptions of up to 2.0 seconds is required for 200 V/400 V Class Inverters with outputs of 0.4 to 7.5 kW.

* 1. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

* 2. These are values for a 200 V Class Inverter. Value for a 400 V Class Inverter is double.

* 3. If the setting is 0, the axis will accelerate to the specified speed for the specified acceleration time (C1-01 to C1-08).

■Stall Prevention: L3

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Stall pre- vention selection during accel | Disabled (Acceleration as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.) Enabled (Acceleration stopped when L3-02 level is | | | | | | | | | | |
| L3-01 | 加速防止失 速选择 | exceeded. Acceleration starts again when the current is returned.) 2: Intelligent acceleration mode (Using the L3-02 level as a basis, acceleration is automatically adjusted. Set acceleration time is disregarded.) | 0 to 2 | 1 | No | А | А | А | No | No | 48FH | 4-21 6-23 |
| L3-02 | Stall pre- vention level dur- ing accel 加速防止 失速值 | Effective when L3-01 is set to 1 or 2. Set as a percentage of Inverter rated current. Usually setting is not necessary. The factory setting reduces the set values when the motor stalls. | 0 to 200 | 150% | No | А | А | А | No | No | 490H | 4-21 6-23 |
| L3-03 | Stall pre- vention limit dur- ing accel 加速防止失 速极限 | Sets the lower limit for stall prevention during acceleration, as a percentage of the Inverter rated current, when operation is in the frequency range above E1-06. Usually setting is not necessary. | 0 to 100 | 50% | No | А | А | А | No | No | 491H | 4-21 6-23 |
| L3-04 | Stall pre- vention selection during decel 减速防止失 速选择 | 0: Disabled (Deceleration as set. If deceleration time is too short, a main circuit overvoltage may result.) 1: Enabled (Deceleration is stopped when the main circuit voltage exceeds the overvoltage level. Deceleration restarts when voltage is returned.) 2: Intelligent deceleration mode (Deceleration rate is automatically adjusted so that the Inverter can decelerate in the shortest possible time. Set deceleration time is disregarded.) 3: Enabled (with Braking Resistor Unit) When a braking option (Braking Resistor, Braking Resistor Unit), Braking Unit) is used, always set to 0 or 3. | 0 to 3 *1 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 492H | 4-6 4-21 6-25 |

User constants for the stall prevention function are shown in the following table.

| Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| Stall pre- vention selection during run- ning 运行中防失 | 0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.) 1: Deceleration time 1 (the deceleration time for the stall prevention function is C1-02.) 2: Deceleration time 2 (the deceleration time for the stall prevention time for the deceleration time for the decelerat | 0 to 2 | 1 | No | А | А | No | No | No | 493H | 4-21 6-49 |
| 迷远洋 | stall prevention function is C1-04.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stall pre- vention level dur- ing running | Effective when L3-05 is 1 or 2. Set as a percentage of the Inverter rated current. Usually setting is not necessary. The factory setting reduces the | 30 to 200 | 160% | No | А | А | No | No | No | 494H | 4-21 6-49 |
| 运行中防止 失速值 | set values when the motor stalls. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overvolt- age inhibit selection | 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Used to enable or disable the | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0V 抑制功能 选择 | tunction for inhibiting main cir- cuit overvoltages by reducing the regenerative torque limit according to the main circuit overvoltage level. If this function is enabled, when the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque less than the set value. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | А | A | A | 4С7Н | 4-21 6-27 7-3 |
| Overvolt- age inhibit voltage level OV 抑制电压 值 | Sets the main circuit voltage level for which the regenerative torque limit is restricted to 0. Usually, there is no need to change this setting. If main cir- cuit overvoltages occur even with the overvoltage inhibit function enabled, reduce this | 350 to 390 *2 | 380V *2 | No | No | No | А | А | А | 4C8H | 4-21 6-27 |
| | Name Display Stall pre-vention selection during running 运行中防失 速选择 Stall pre-vention level during running 运行中防止 Overvoltage inhibit selection ov 抑制功能 Overvoltage inhibit voltage level ov 抑制电压 | NameDisplayDescriptionStall prevention selection during running0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.)I: Deceleration time 1 (the deceleration time for the stall prevention function is C1-02.)定行中防失 速选择2: Deceleration time 2 (the deceleration time for the stall prevention function is C1-04.)Stall pre- vention level dur- ing runningEffective when L3-05 is 1 or 2. Set as a percentage of the Inverter rated current. Usually setting is not necessary. The factory setting reduces the set values when the motor stalls.Overvolt- age inhibit selection0: Disabled 1: Enabled Used to enable or disable the function for inhibiting main cir- cuit overvoltages by reducing the regenerative torque limit according to the main circuit overvoltage level. If this function is enabled, when the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque less than the set value.Overvolt- age inhibit voltageSets the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque limit is restricted to 0. Usually, there is no need to change this setting. If main cir- cuit overvoltage soccur even with the overvoltage inhibit function enabled, reduce this setting. | NameDescriptionSetting RangeDisplay0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.)0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.)Stall pre- vention ning0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.)0 to 2I: Deceleration time 1 (the deceleration time for the stall prevention function is C1-02.)0 to 2Eaf7中防失 速近印 vention level dur- ing runningEffective when L3-05 is 1 or 2. Set as a percentage of the Inverter rated current. Usually setting is not necessary. The factory setting reduces the set values when the motor stalls.30 to 200Overvolt- age inhibit selection0: Disabled 1: Enabled Used to enable or disable the function for inhibiting main cir- cuit overvoltage level. If this function is enabled, when the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque less than the set value.0 or 1Overvolt- age inhibit voltageSets the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque less than the set value.350 to 390Overvolt- age inhibit voltageSets the main circuit voltage level for which the regenerative torque limit is restricted to 0. Usually, there is no need to change this setting. If main cir- cuit overvoltage soccur even with the overvoltage inhibit function enabled, reduce this setting.350 to 390 | Name DisplayDescriptionSetting RangeFactory SettingStall pre- vention selection during run- ning0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.)SettingStall pre- vention gelection during run- ning0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.)1: Deceleration time 1 (the deceleration time 1 (the deceleration time 2 (the deceleration time 2 (the deceleration time 2 (the deceleration time 1 (the stall prevention function is C1-02.)0 to 21Stall pre- vention level dur- ing runningEffective when L3-05 is 1 or 2. Set as a percentage of the Inverter rated current. Usually setting is not necessary. The factory setting reduces the set values when the motor stalls.30 to 200160%Overvolt- age inhibit zefreinhibit set corvoltage level. If this function is enabled when the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque less than the set value.0 or 10Overvolt- age inhibit zefreinhibit zefreinmekSets the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque. If this function is enabled, when the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque less than the set value.350 to 350 to | NameDisplayDescriptionSetting RangeFactory SettingChange during OperationStall pre- vention selection during run- ning0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.)1: Deceleration time 1 (the deceleration time 1 (the deceleration time 2 (the deceleration time for the stall prevention function is C1-02.)0 to 21NoZfr+mBrk, 速活并2: Deceleration time 2 (the deceleration time for the stall prevention function is C1-04.)30 to 200160%NoStall pre- vention level dur- ing runningEffective when L3-05 is 1 or 2. Stals a percentage of the Inverter rated current. Usually setting is not necessary. The factory setting reduces the set values when the motor stalls.30 to 200160%NoOvervolt- age inhibit selection0: Disabled 1: Enabled Used to enable or disable the function for inhibiting main cir- cuit overvoltage by reducing the regenerative torque limit according to the main circuit overvoltage level. If this function is enabled, when the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque less than the set value.350 to 350 to 3 | NameDescriptionSetting RangeFactory SettingChange during operationChange during operationChange during operationChange during operationChange during operationChange during operationChange during operationChange during twithChange twith <td>Name DisplayDescriptionSetting RangeFactory FactoryChange Guing Guing Opera- tionChange With PGStall pre- vention selection during run- ning0: Disabled (Runs as set. 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With a heavy load, the motor may stall.)PCVirtVirt with pCVirt Vec- Vec- vec- rotVirtVirt with pCVirt Vec- Vec- vec- rotVirtVirt with pCVirt Vec- Vec- vec- vec- vec- toolVirtVirt Vec- vec- vec- vec- vec- vec- vec- vec- vec- 1NoAANoStall preve stall prevention function is C1-04.)2: Deceleration time for the stall prevention function is C1-04.)30 to 200160%NoAANoStall prevention level during right mutual wention level during wention0: Disabled 1: Enabled used to enable or disable the function for inhibiting main cir- cir cut overvoltages by reducing the regenerative torque limit according to the main circuit overvoltage level. 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Usually setting is not necessary. The factory setting reduces the set values when the motor stalls.30 to 200160%NoAAOvervolt- age inhibit age inhibit der ergenerative torque lemint according to the main circuit overvoltage level. If this function is enabled, when the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque less than the set | Name DisplayDescriptionSetting RangeFactory SettingControl Me OperationStall prevention selection during running0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.)PCVirtVirt with pCVirt Vec- Vec- or 1Stall prevention selection during running0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.)PCVirtVirt with pCVirt Vec- Vec- vec- rotVirtVirt with pCVirt Vec- Vec- vec- rotVirtVirt with pCVirt Vec- Vec- vec- vec- vec- toolVirtVirt Vec- vec- vec- vec- vec- vec- vec- vec- vec- 1NoAANoStall preve stall prevention function is C1-04.)2: Deceleration time for the stall prevention function is C1-04.)30 to 200160%NoAANoStall prevention level during right mutual wention level during wention0: Disabled 1: Enabled used to enable or disable the function for inhibiting main cir- cir cut overvoltages by reducing the regenerative torque limit according to the main circuit overvoltage level. If this function is enabled, when the main circuit voltage irses, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque less than the set value.0 or 10NoNoNoAOvervolt- age inhibit ge inhibit function enabled, reduce this setting.Stot the main circuit voltage ises, operation will be per- formed with the regenerative torque less than the set | Name DisplayDescriptionSetting SettingChange Factory SettingChange Change DegrationControl Methods Were Ver PCControl MethodsStall prevention uselection uning0: Disabled (Runs as set. 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* 1. The setting range for flux vector and open-loop vector 2 controls is 0 to 2.
* 2. These values are for a 200 V Class Inverter. For a 400 V Class Inverter, double the values.

■Reference Detection: L4

User constants for the reference detection function are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | l |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L4-01 | Speed agree detection level 频率检出值 | Effective when "Desired fre- quency (ref/setting) agree 1," "Frequency detection 1," or "Frequency detection 2" is set for a multi-function output. Frequencies to be detected are set in Hz units. | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | A | A | А | А | А | 499H | 6-50 |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Speed agree detection width | Effective when "Frequency (speed) agree 1," "Desired fre- quency (speed) agree 1," or "Frequency (FOUT) detection | 0.0.4- | | | | | | | | | |
| L4-02 | 频率检出幅 度 | 1," Frequency (FOUT) detec- tion 2 is set for a multi-function output. Sets the frequency detection width in Hz units. | 20.0 | 2.0 Hz | No | Α | А | Α | А | Α | 49AH | 6-50 |
| | Speed agree detection level (+/-) | Effective when "Desired fre- quency (speed) agree 2," "Fre- quency (FOUT) detection 3," | -400.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| L4-03 | 频率检出值 +- | or "Frequency (FOUT) detec- tion 4" is set for a multi-func- tion output. Frequency that should be detected is set in Hz units. | to +400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | А | Α | A | Α | Α | 49BH | 6-51 |
| | Speed agree detection width (+/-) | Effective when "Frequency (speed) agree 2," "Desired fre- quency (speed) agree 2," Fre- | | | | | | | | | | |
| L4-04 | 频率检出幅 度 +- | quency (FOUT) detection 3 or "Frequency detection 4" is set for a multi-function output. Frequency detection width is set in Hz units. | 0.0 to 20.0 | 2.0 Hz | No | А | А | A | A | Α | 49CH | 6-51 |
| L4-05 | Operation when fre- quency ref- erence is missing | 0: Stop (Operation follows the frequency reference.) 1: Operation at 80% speed continues. (At 80% of speed before the frequency | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 49DH | 6-71 |
| L4-05 | 指令丧失动 作选择 | Frequency reference is lost: Frequency reference is lost: Frequency reference dropped over 90% in 400 ms. | 0 or 1 | | | | | | | | | |

■Fault Restart: L5

User constants for restarting faults are shown in the following table.

| Con- stant Number | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L5-01 | Number of auto restart attempts | Sets the number of auto restart attempts. Automatically restarts after a | 0 to 10 | 0 | No | А | А | А | A | А | 49EH | 6-72 |
| | 故障重试次 数 | fault and conducts a speed search from the run frequency. | | | | | | | | | | |
| L5-02 | Auto restart operation selection 故障重试接 点动作 | Sets whether a fault contact output is activated during fault restart. 0: Not output (Fault contact is not activated.) 1: Output (Fault contact is activated.) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 49FH | 6-72 |

■Torque Detection: L6

User constants for the torque detection function are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L6-01 | Overtorque/ Under- torque detection selection 1 转矩检出 1 动作 | Overtorque/undertorque detection disabled. Overtorque detection only with speed agreement; operation continues after overtorque (warning). Overtorque detected continuously during operation; operation continues after overtorque (warning). Overtorque detection only with speed agreement; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). Overtorque detected continuously during operation; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). Overtorque detection only with speed agreement; operation, output stopped upon detection (protected operation). Undertorque detection only with speed agreement; operation continues after overtorque (warning). Undertorque detected continuously during operation; operation continues after overtorque (warning). Undertorque detection only with speed agreement; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). Undertorque detected continuously during operation; operation Undertorque detected continuously during operation; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). Undertorque detected continuously during operation; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). | 0 to 8 | 0 | No | Α | А | А | А | А | 4A1H | 6-53 |
| L6-02 | Overtorque/ Under- torque detection level 1 转矩检出 1 值 | Open-loop vector control: Motor rated torque is set as 100%. V/f control: Inverter rated cur- rent is set as 100%. | 0 to 300 | 150% | No | А | А | А | A | A | 4A2H | 6-53 |
| L6-03 | Overtorque/ Under- torque detection time 1 转矩检出 1 时间 | Sets the overtorque/under- torque detection time in 1-sec- ond units. | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.1 s | No | A | А | А | А | А | 4A3H | 6-54 |

| Con- | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L6-04 | Overtorque/ Under- torque detection selection 2 | | 0 to 8 | 0 | No | А | А | A | A | A | 4A4H | 6-54 |
| | 转矩检出 2 动作 | Multi-function output for over- | | | | | | | | | | |
| L6-05 | Overtorque/ Under- torque detection level 2 | when overtorque detection 1 NO or overtorque detection 1 NC is selected. Multi-function output for overtorque detection | 0 to 300 | 150% | No | А | А | A | А | A | 4A5H | 6-54 |
| | 转矩检出 2 值 | 2 is output to multi-function contact output when overtorque detection 2 NO or overtorque | | | | | | | | | | |
| L6-06 | Overtorque/ Under- torque detection time 2 | detection 2 NC is selected. | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.1 s | No | А | А | A | А | A | 4A6H | 6-54 |
| : | 转矩检出 2 时间 | | | | | | | | | | | |

■Torque Limits: L7

User constants for torque limits are shown in the following table.

| - | | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethod | s | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Num- ber | Name | Description | Setting Range | Fac- tory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L7-01 | Forward drive torque limit | | 0 to 300 | 200% | No | No | No | А | A | А | 4A7H | 4-21 6-46 |
| | 正转电动转 矩极限 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| L7-02 | Reverse drive torque limit | Sets the torque limit value as a per- centage of the motor rated torque. Four individual regions can be set. | 0 to 300 | 200% | No | No | No | А | A | А | 4A8H | 4-21 6-46 |
| | 反转电动转 矩极限 | Output torque Positive torque | | | | | | | | | | |
| L7-03 | Forward regenera- tive torque limit | Reverse Regenerative state Forward L7-03 | 0 to 300 | 200% | No | No | No | А | А | А | 4A9H | 4-21 6-46 |
| | 正转再生转 矩极限 | L7-02 Negative torque | | | | | | | | | | |
| L7-04 | Reverse regenera- tive torque limit | | 0 to 300 | 200% | No | No | No | А | А | А | 4AA H | 4-21 6-46 |
| | 反转再生转 矩极限 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Con- stant | | | | | | | Con | trol M | ethod | s | | |
|------------------------------|--|---|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Num- ber | Name | Description | Setting Range | Fac- tory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L7-06 | Integral time set- ting for torque limit 转矩限制时 | Set the integral time for the torque limit. When integral control is set for the torque limit, reduce this setting to increase the change in frequency for the torque limit. | 5 to 10,000 | 200 ms | No | No | No | А | No | No | 4ACH | 4-21 6-46 |
| L7-07 | Control method selection for torque limit dur- ing accel- eration and decelera- tion 转矩极限控 制选择 | Select the control method for the torque limit during acceleration and deceleration. 0: Proportional control (integral con- trol during constant speed) 1: Integral control Normally, this constant does not need to be set. | 0, 1 | 0 | No | No | No | А | No | No | 4С9Н | 4-21 6-46 |

■Hardware Protection: L8

User constants for hardware protection functions are shown in the following table.

| Con- stant Number | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L8-01 | Protect selec- tion for inter- nal DB resistor (Type ERF) | 0: Disabled (no overheating protection)1: Enabled (overheating protection) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | A | A | A | 4ADH | 6-74 |
| | 制动电阻保护 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Overheat pre- alarm level | Sets the detection temperature for the Inverter overheat | 50 to | | | | | | | | | |
| L8-02 | 过热预警检出 值 | The pre-alarm detects when the heatsink temperature reaches the set value. | 130 | 95 °C*1 | No | Α | A | A | А | А | 4AEH | 6-75 |
| | Operation selection after overheat pre- alarm | Sets the operation for when the Inverter overheat pre- alarm goes ON. 0: Ramp to stop | | | | | | | | | | |
| L8-03 | 过热预警动作 选择 | (Deceleration stop using Deceleration Time 1, C1-02.) 1: Coast to stop 2: Fast stop (Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09.) 3: Continue operation (Monitor display only.) A fault will be given in setting 0 to 2 and a minor fault will be given in setting 3. | 0 to 3 | 3 | No | A | A | А | А | А | 4AFH | 6-75 |

| | Name Control Methods | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Input open- phase protec- tion selection | 0: Disabled 1: Enabled (Detects if input current open-phase, power supply voltage imbalance | | | | | | | | | | |
| L8-05 | 输入缺相保护 | or main circuit electrostatic capacitor deterioration occurs.) This fault is detected if a load is greater than approximately 80% of the maximum motor capacity. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | Α | Α | Α | А | Α | 4B1H | - |
| | Output open- phase protec- tion selection | 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 2: Enabled Output open-phase is detected | | | | | | | | | | |
| L8-07 | 输入缺相保护 值 | at less than 5% of Inverter rated current. When applied motor capacity is small for Inverter capacity, output open-phase may be detected inadvertently or open-phase may not be detected. In this case, set to 0. | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | A | A | A | А | А | 4B3H | - |
| L8-09 | Ground pro- tection selec- tion 接地短路保护 选择 | 0: Disabled 1: Enabled | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | A | А | А | 4B5H | - |
| L8-10 | Cooling fan control selec- tion 风扇控制选择 | Set the ON/OFF control for the cooling fan. 0: ON only when Inverter is ON 1: ON whenever power is | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 4B6H | - |
| | Cooling fan | ON Set the time in seconds to | | | | | | | | | | |
| L8-11 | control delay time 风扇控制延迟 | delay turning OFF the cooling fan after the cooling fan OFF command is received. | 0 to 300 | 60 s | No | Α | Α | A | A | A | 4B7H | - |
| L8-12 | Ambient tem- perature 环境温度 | Set the ambient temperature. If set to 60 °C, the Inverter overload protection function (OL 2) will start 20% earlier | 45 to 60 | 45 °C | No | A | A | А | А | А | 4B8H | - |
| L8-15 | OL2 charac- teristics selection at low speeds | 0: OL2 characteristics at low speeds disabled. 1: OL2 characteristics at low speeds enabled. | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | А | A | А | 4BBH | - |
| L8-18 | 低速 0L2 特性 Soft Current Limitation | 0: Disable (gain = 0) | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | A | A | A | A | A | 4BEH | - |
| | 软件 CLA | 1. Ellaule | | | | | | | | | | |
| L8-32 | OH1 detec- tion of Inverter's cooling fan OH1 检出选择 | 0: Disabled (FAN minor fault detection)1: Enabled (OH1 major fault detection) | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | A | A | A | A | A | 4E2H | 6-73 |
| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| L8-38 L8-38 基 选 | Carrier frequency reduction selection | 0: Disabled (No carrier frequency reduction.) 1: Enabled (Carrier frequency is reduced | 0 or 1 | 1 *2 | No | A | A | А | No | No | 4EFH | _ |
| | 载波频率降低 选择 | accordingly.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| L8-39 | Reduced carrier frequency | Sets the reduced carrier fre- quency. | 0, 4 to 2.0 | 2.0 kHz *1 *2 | No | А | А | А | No | No | 4F0H | - |
| | 降低载波频率 | | *3 | | | | | | | | | |
| L8-41 | Current alarm 电流警告 | Allows or restricts an alarm from being triggered when the relative output current rises above 150%. 0: Disabled. 1: Enabled (alarm will be output). | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 4F2H | 6-181 |

* 1. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.
* 2. If a current exceeding 110% of the Inverter rated current flows through the unit, the carrier frequency will automatically decrease and electromagnetic noise will occur. * 3. The lower limits are 0.4 kHz for V/f control and 1.0 kHz for flux vector control. The upper limit is the same value as that of the factory setting for L8-39.

N: Special Adjustments

The following settings are made with the special adjustments constants (N constants): Hunting prevention, speed feedback detection control, high-slip braking, speed estimation, and feed forward control.

Hunting Prevention Function: N1

User constants for hunting prevention are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | [| Con | trol Me | ethods | \$ | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Hunting-pre- vention func- tion selection | 0: Hunting-prevention function disabled 1: Hunting-prevention function enabled | | | | | | | | | | |
| N1-01 | 防止失调功能 选择 | The hunting-prevention func- tion suppresses hunting when the motor is operating with a light load. This function is enabled in V/ f control method only. If high response is to be given priority over vibration sup- pression, disable the hunting- prevention function. | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | No | No | No | 580H | 6-40 |
|] | Hunting-pre- vention gain | Set the hunting-prevention gain multiplication factor. | | | | | | | | | | |
| N1-02 | 防止失调增益 | Normally, there is no need to make this setting. Make the adjustments as follows: If vibration occurs with light load, increase the setting. If the motor stalls, reduce the setting. If the setting is too large, the voltage will be too suppressed and the motor may stall. | 0.00 to 2.50 | 1.00 | No | А | А | No | No | No | 581H | 4-18 6-40 |
| N1-03 | Hunting-pre- vention time constant 防止失调时间 | Set the hunting-prevention primary delay time in units of ms. | 0 to 500 | 10 ms * | No | А | А | No | No | No | 582H | 6-40 |

* The factory setting depends upon the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

■Speed Feedback Protection Control Functions: N2

User constants for speed feedback protection control functions are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| N2-01 | Speed feed- back detec- tion control (AFR) gain | Set the internal speed feed- back detection control gain using the multiplication func- tion. Normally, there is no need to make this setting. Adjust this constant as fol- lows: If hunting occurs, increase the set value. If response is low, decrease the set value. Adjust the setting by 0.05 at a time, while checking the response. | 0.00 to 10.00 | 1.00 | No | No | No | А | No | No | 584H | 4-18 6-41 |
| N2-02 | Speed feed- back detec- tion control (AFR) time constant AFR 时间 | Set the time constant to decide the rate of change in the speed feedback detection control. | 0 to 2000 | 50 ms | No | No | No | А | No | No | 585H | 6-41 |
| N2-03 | Speed feed- back detec- tion control (AFR) time constant 2 AFR 时间 2 | Increase the setting if over- voltage (OV) failures occur at the completion of accelera- tion or when the load changes radically. | 0 to 2000 | 750 ms | No | No | No | А | No | No | 586H | 6-41 |

■High-slip Braking: N3

User constants for high-slip braking are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 5 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| N3-01 | High-slip braking deceleration frequency width | Sets the frequency width for deceleration during high-slip braking as a percent, taking the Maximum Frequency (E1-04) as 100%. | 1 to 20 | 5% | No | А | А | No | No | No | 588H | - |
| | High_slin | Sets the current limit for | | | | | | | | | | |
| N3-02 | braking cur- rent limit | deceleration during high-slip braking as a percent, taking | 100 to | 1500/ | No | | | No | No | No | 59011 | |
| | HSB 电流限制 | 100%. The resulting limit must be 150% of the Inverter rated current or less. | 200 | 150% | INO | A | A | INO | INO | INO | 389H | - |

5-69

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| N3-03 | High-slip braking stop dwell time | Set in seconds the dwell time for the output frequency for FMIN (1.5 Hz) during V/f | 0.0 to | 1.0 s | No | А | А | No | No | No | 58AH | - |
| | HSB 暂停时间 | control. Effective only during deceler- ation for high-slip braking. | 10.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| HS HS N3-04 ti | High-slip braking OL time | Set the OL time when the out- put frequency does not change for some reason dur- | 30 to 1200 | 40 s | No | А | А | No | No | No | 58BH | - |
| | HSOL 检出时间 | ing deceleration for high-slip braking. | -200 | | | | | | | | | |

■Speed Estimation: N4

User constants for speed estimation are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| N4-07 | Integral time of speed esti- mator | Set the integral time of the speed estimator for PI con- | 0.000 to | 0.030 ms | No | No | No | No | No | А | 59AH | 4-20 |
| | 速度推定积分 时间 | troi. | 9.999 | | | | | | | | | |
| N4-08 | N4-08 Proportional gain of speed estimator 速度推定比例 增益 High-speed proportional | Set the proportional gain of the speed estimator for PI | 0 to 1000 | 15 | No | No | No | No | No | А | 59BH | - |
| | | control. | 1000 | | | | | | | | | |
| N4-10 | High-speed proportional gain of speed estimator | Set the high-speed propor- tional gain of the speed esti- mator for PL control | 0 to 1000.0 | 15.0 | No | No | No | No | No | А | 59DH | 4-20 |
| | 推定高速积分 时间 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| N4-11 | Speed estima- tor switching frequency | Set the switching frequency of high-speed/low-speed operation for the speed esti- | 40 to 70 | 70 Hz | No | No | No | No | No | А | 59EH | 7-33 10-4 |
| | 速度推定切换 频率 | mator. | | | | | | | | | | |
| N4-15 | Low-speed regeneration stability coef- ficient 1 | Increase this setting if a higher power for low-speed regeneration is required. If the setting is too large, the | 0.0 to 3.0 | 0.3 | No | No | No | No | No | А | 5A2H | 7-33 |
| N4-15 | 低速再生系数 1 | the actual torque accuracy may deteriorate. | | | | | | | | | | |
| N4-17 | Torque adjustment gain | Set the torque adjustment gain for low-speed power. | 0.0 to 5.0 | 0.8 | No | No | No | No | No | A | 5A4H | 7-33 |
| | 转矩调整增益 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 5 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| N4-18 | Feeder resis- tance adjust- ment gain | Set the gain for the feeder resistance in the speed esti- | 0.90 to 1.30 | 1.00 | No | No | No | No | No | А | 5A5H | - |
| | 反馈电阻调整 增益 | mator. | | | | | | | | | | |
| N4-28 | Speed estima- tor switching frequency 2 | Set the switching frequency of high-speed/low-speed operation for the speed esti- | 20 to 70 | 50 Hz | No | No | No | No | No | А | 5AFH | 7-33 10-4 |
| | SpeedF2 | mator during deceleration. | | | | | | | | | | |
| N/ 20 | Torque adjustment gain 2 | Gradually increase this set- ting to improve low-speed power. If the setting is too bigh the power may be | 0.00 to | 0.10 | No | No | No | No | No | | 5B4H | 7 33 |
| N4-29 | Spd gain | reduced. Usually, there is no need to change this setting. | 0.40 | 0.10 | ĨŇŬ | NO | NO | NU | NO | А | 30411 | 7-33 |
| N4-30 | Low-speed regeneration stability coef- ficient 2 | Increase this setting to ensure stable operation for extremely low-speed regeneration. If the setting is set to a high value, | 0.00 to | | | | | | | | | |
| N4-30 | Coef 2 | the speed will increase with the size of the regenerative load. Adjust this setting in intervals of approximately 0.2. | 10.00 | 1.00 | No | No | NO | No | No | A | 282H | 7-32 |
| N4-32 | Speed estima- tor gain fluc- tuation frequency 1 | Set the lower limit for the fluctuation frequency of the speed estimator's low-speed proportional gain (PI control). | 0.0 to 60.0 | 5.0 Hz | No | No | No | No | No | А | 5B7H | 7-32 |
| | Frq1 | Set the value in Hz. | | | | | | | | | | |
| N4-33 | Speed estima- tor gain fluc- tuation frequency 2 | Set the upper limit for the fluctuation frequency of the speed estimator's low-speed proportional gain (PI control). | 0.0 to 60.0 | 20.0 Hz | No | No | No | No | No | А | 5B8H | 7-32 |
| | Frq2 | Set the value in Hz. | | | | | | | | | | |
| N4-34 | Speed estima- tor gain fluc- tuation rate | Set ratio for fluctuating the speed estimator's low-speed proportional gain (PI control). | 0.0 to 200.0 | 200.0% | No | No | No | No | No | А | 5B9H | 7-32 |
| | 速度推定增益 变化 | Set the value as a percentage. | | | | | | | | | | |

■Feed Forward: N5

User constants for the feed forward control are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| N5-01 | Feed forward control selec- tion FF 控制选择 | Select the feed forward con- trol. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled | 0 or 1 | 0 *1 | No | No | No | No | А | А | 5B0H | 4-21 6-142 |

5-71

| Con- stant Number | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Motor accel- eration time | Set the time required to accelerate the motor at the | | | | | | | | | | |
| N5-02 | 电机加速时间 | rated torque (T ₁₀₀) to the rated speed (Nr). J: GD ² /4, P: Motor rated out- put $ta = \frac{2\pi \cdot J [kgm^2] \cdot Nr [min^{-1}]}{60 \cdot T_{100} [N \cdot m]} [s]$ However, $T_{100} = \frac{60}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{P [kW]}{Nr [min^{-1}]} \times 10^3 [N \cdot m]$ | 0.001 to 10.000 | 0.178 s *2 | No | No | No | No | А | A | 5B1H | 4-21 6-142 |
| N5-03 | Feed forward proportional gain 前馈控制 P 增 益 | Set the proportional gain for feed forward control. Speed reference response will increase as the setting of N5- 03 is increased. | 0.00 to 100.00 | 1.0 | No | No | No | No | A | A | 5B2H | 4-21 6-142 |

* 1. When the control method is changed, the factory setting will change. The flux vector factory setting is given.

* 2. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

♦ o: Digital Operator Constants

The following settings are made with the Digital Operator constants (o constants): Multi-function selections and the copy function.

■Monitor Select: o1

User constants for Digital Operator Displays are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| o1-01 | Monitor selection 显示项目选择 | Set the number of the monitor item to be displayed in the earliest 4 monitor items. (U1- □□) The output monitor voltage (factory setting) can be changed. | 4 to 99 | 6 | Yes | А | А | A | А | А | 500H | - |
| 01-02 | Monitor selection after power up 通电监视项目 选择 | Sets the monitor item to be displayed when the power is turned on. 1: Frequency reference 2: Output frequency 3: Output current 4: The monitor item set for o1-01 | 1 to 4 | 1 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 501H | 6-148 |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| 01-03 | Frequency units of refer- ence setting and monitor | Sets the units that will be set and displayed for the fre- quency reference and fre- quency monitor. 0: 0.01 Hz units 1: 0.01% units (Maximum output frequency is 100%) 2 to 39: min ⁻¹ units (Sets the motor poles.) 40 to 39999: User desired display Set the desired values for setting and display for the max. output frequency. Set the number of digits below the decimal point to display. Example: When the max. out- put frequency value is 200.0, set 12000 | 0 to 39999 | 0 | No | A | А | A | A | А | 502H | 6-148 6-166 |
| 01-04 | Setting unit for frequency constants related to V/f characteris- tics 参数设定单位 | Set the setting unit for fre- quency reference-related con- stants. 0: Hz 1: min ⁻¹ | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | No | А | А | 503H | 6-148 |
| o1-05 | LCD bright- ness adjust- ment LCD 亮度调整 | Set a smaller value to lighten the LCD and a larger value to darken the LCD (stan- dard: 3). | 0 to 5 | 3 | Yes | No | No | No | А | А | 504H | - |

■Multi-function Selections: o2

User constants for Digital Operator key functions are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | 1 | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | [| |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| 02-01 | LOCAL/ REMOTE key enable/ disable | Sets the Digital Operator Local/Remote Key 0: Disabled 1: Enabled (Switches between the Digital Operator and the constant | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | A | А | A | 505H | 6-148 |
| | 山田田 | settings.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 02-02 | STOP key during con- trol circuit terminal operation | Sets the Stop Key in the run mode. 0: Disabled (When the Run Command is issued from and external terminal, the Stop Key is disabled) | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 506H | 6-149 |
| | STOP 键 | 1: Enabled (Effective even during run.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | User con- stant initial value | Clears or stores user initial values. 0: Stores/not set | | | | | | | | | | |
| 02-03 | 用户参数保存 | Begins storing (Records the set constants as user initial values.) All clear (Clears all recorded user initial values) When the set constants are recorded as user initial val- ues, 1110 will be set in A1- 03. | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 507H | 6-149 |
| | kVA selection | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 02-04 | 变频器容量 选择 | Do not set. | 0 to FF | 0* | No | А | А | А | А | А | 508H | - |
| 02-05 | Frequency reference set- ting method selection | When the frequency reference is set on the Digital Operator frequency reference monitor, sets whether the Enter Key is necessary. 0. Enter Key needed | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 509H | 6-149 |
| | 频率指令设定 | 1: Enter Key not needed When set to 1, the Inverter accepts the frequency refer- ence without Enter Key oper- ation. | | ~ | | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| 2.06 | Operation selection when digital operator is disconnected | Sets the operation when the Digital Operator is discon- nected. 0: Disabled (Operation continues even if the Digital Operator is | 0 1 | | No | | | | | | 50AU | |
| 02-06 | 操作器断线 动作 | disconnected.) 1: Enabled (OPR is detected at Digital Operator disconnection. Inverter output is cut off, and fault contact is operated.) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | A | A | А | SOAH | - |
| 02-07 | Cumulative operation time setting 累积运行时间 设定 | Sets the cumulative operation time in hour units. Operation time is calculated from the set values. | 0 to 65535 | 0 hr | No | А | А | А | А | А | 50BH | 6-149 |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 5 | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Cumulative operation time selection | 0: Cumulative time when the Inverter power is on. (All time while the Inverter power is on is | | | | | | | | | | |
| 02-08 | 累积运行时间 选择 | accumulated.) 1: Cumulative Inverter run time. (Only Inverter output time is accumulated.) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | Α | Α | Α | А | Α | 50CH | - |
| o2-10 | Fan opera- tion time set- ting | Set the initial value of the fan operation time using time units. | 0 to 65535 | 0 hr | No | А | А | А | А | А | 50EH | 6-149 6-184 |
| | 风扇累积运行 时间 | The operation time accumu- lates from the set value. | 00000 | | | | | | | | | 0 101 |
| o2-12 | Fault trace/ fault history clear function | 0: Disabled (U2 and U3 constants are on hold.)1: Enabled (Initializes U2 | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 510H | - |
| | 故障记录清除 | and U3 constants.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| o2-14 | Output power monitor clear selection | 0: Holds output power monitor.1: Initializes output power | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | A | А | А | 512H | 5-80 |
| | KWH 监视复位 | monitor. (Returns to 0.) | | | | | | | | | | |
| o2-18 | Capacitor maintenance setting | Allows the user to set the maintenance time for the electrolytic capacitors (U1- 61). The user can reset the accumulated operation time | 0 to 150 | 0% | No | A | A | А | А | А | 51DH | 6-184 |
| | 电容维护设定 | back to zero, or to some other desired value. | | | | | | | | | | |

* The factory setting depends upon the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

■ Copy Function: o3

User constants for the copy function are shown in the following table.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| | Copy func- tion selection | 0: Normal operation 1: READ (Inverter to | | | | | | | | | | |
| o3-01 | 拷贝功能选择 | 2: COPY (Operator to Inverter) 3: Verify (compare) | 0 to 3 | 0 | No | Α | Α | A | Α | Α | 515H | 6-151 |
| 03-02 | Read permit- ted selection | 0: Read prohibited | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 516H | 6-151 |
| | 读出许可选择 | 1. Redu permitted | | | | | | | | | | |



◆ T: Motor Autotuning

The following settings are made with the motor autotuning constants (T constants): Settings for autotuning.

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 5 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter | Page |
| T1-00 | Motor 1/2 selection | Set the location where the autotuned motor constants are to be stored. | 1 or 2 | 1 | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 700H | 4-14 |
| | 选择电机 | 1: Motor 1 2: Motor 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Autotuning mode selec- tion | Set the autotuning mode. 0: Rotational autotuning 1: Stationary autotuning 1 2: Stationary autotuning for | 0.4.4 | 0 | | | | | | | | 4-10 |
| T1-01 | 选择自学习 模式 | line-to-line resistance only 3: Shipping adjustment^{*5} 4: Stationary autotuning 2^{*7} | 0 to 4 *1 | *6 | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 701H | 4-10 |
| T1-02 | Motor output power | Set the output power of the motor in kilowatts. | 0.00 to 650.00 | 0.40 kW | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 702H | 4-14 |
| | 电机额定功率 | | 000.00 | *3 | | | | | | | | |
| T1-03 | Motor rated voltage | Set the rated voltage of the motor in volts | 0.0 to | 200.0 V | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | 703H | 4-14 |
| | 电机额定电压 | histor in volts. | 235.5 | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| T1-04 | Motor rated current | Set the rated current of the motor in amps | 0.32 to 6 40 *4 | 1.90 A | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | 704H | 4-14 |
| | 电机额定电流 | motor in umps. | 0.40 | 5 | | | | | | | | |
| T1-05 | Motor base frequency | Set the base frequency of the motor in hertz | 0.0 to 400 0 | 50.0 Hz | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | 705H | 4-14 |
| | 电机基本频率 | hiotor in nonz. | 100.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| T1-06 | Number of motor poles | Set the number of motor | 2 to 48 | 4 poles | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | 706H | 4-14 |
| | 电机极数 | pores. | poies | | | | | | | | | |
| T1-07 | Motor base speed | Set the base speed of the mater in \min^{-1} | 0 to 24000 | 1450 min ⁻¹ | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | 707H | 4-15 |
| | 电机额定速度 | | 24000 | 11111 | | | | | | | | |
| T1-08 | Number of PG pulses when turning | Set the number of pulses per revolution for the PG being used (pulse generator or | 0 to 60000 | 600 | No | No | Yes | No | Yes | No | 708H | 4-15 |
| | PG 脉冲数 | plication factor. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Motor no- load current | Set the current value recorded in the motor's test results for a motor without a load | 0.00 to | 1.20.4 | | | | | | | | |
| T1-09 | 电机的空载 电流 | Displayed only when Station- ary autotuning 2 is selected $(T1-01 = 4)$. | 1.89 ^{*7} | 1.20A *3 | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | 709H | 4-15 |

* 1. Set T1-02 and T1-04 when 2 is set for T1-01. Only set value 2 is possible for V/f control or V/f control with PG.

*

* 2. These are values for a 200 V Class Inverter. Values for a 400 V Class Inverter are double.
* 3. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW is given.

* 4. The setting range is from 10% to 200% of the Inverter rated output current. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW is given.

* 5. Refer to Chapter 8 Procedure for Adjusting Constants after Replacement of Control Board (Page 8-3) for the details of setting 3 (Shipping adjustment).

8. When the control method is changed, the factory setting will change. The open-loop vector 1 control factory setting is given.
8. When the control method is changed, the factory setting will change. The open-loop vector 1 control factory setting is given.
8. The setting range depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given. The upper limit depends on the setting of E2-01.

♦ U: Monitor Constants

The following settings are made with the monitor constants (U constants): Setting constants for monitoring in drive mode.

Status Monitor Constants: U1

The constants used for monitoring status are listed in the following table.

| | Name | <u> </u> | | 1 | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---|---|--------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| U1-01 | Frequency reference | Monitors/sets the fre- | 10 V: Max. frequency | 0.01 Hz | A | А | A | А | А | 40H |
| | 预先设定指令 | | (-10 10 10 10 possible) | 112 | | | | | | |
| U1-02 | Output fre- quency | Monitors the output fre- | 10 V: Max. frequency | 0.01 | А | А | A | А | A | 41H |
| | 输出频率 | quency." | (-10 to 10 v possible) | ΠZ | | | | | | |
| U1-03 | Output cur- rent | Monitors the output cur- | 10 V: Inverter rated output current | 0.01 | А | А | А | А | А | 42H |
| | 输出电流 | rent. | output) | А | | | | | | |
| U1-04 | Control method | Checks the current control | (Cannot be output.) | - | А | А | А | А | А | 43H |
| | 控制模式 | | | | | | | | | |
| U1-05 | Motor speed | Monitors the detected | 10 V: Max. frequency | 0.01 | No | | Δ | Δ | A | 44H |
| 01-05 | 电机速度 | motor speed.* | (-10 to 10 V possible) | Hz | 110 | п | Л | л | А | 111 |
| U1-06 | Output volt- age | Monitors the output volt- age reference value in the | 10 V: 200 VAC (400 VAC) (0 to ±10 V output) | 0.1 V | A | А | А | А | А | 45H |
| | 输出电压 | Inverter. | (0.10 +10 + 00.100.1) | | | | | | | |
| | DC bus volt- age | Monitors the main DC | 10 V: 400 VDC (800 VDC) | 1 V | | | | | | 16 H |
| 01-07 | 主回路直流电 压 | voltage in the Inverter. | (0 to +10 V output) | 1 V | A | A | А | А | A | 4011 |
| U1-08 | Output power | Monitors the output power | 10 V: Inverter capacity (max. applicable motor | 0.1 | А | А | A | А | A | 47H |
| | 输出功率 | (internally detected value). | capacity) (-10 to 10 V possible) | kW | - | - | - | - | | |
| U1-09 | Torque refer- ence | Monitor in internal torque reference value for vector | 10 V: Motor rated torque | 0.1% | No | No | А | А | A | 48H |
| | 转矩指令 | control. | (-10 to 10 v possible) | | | | | | | |

* The unit is set in o1-03 (frequency units of reference setting and monitor).



| | Name | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|--------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| U1-10 | Input termi- nal status 输入端子状 态 | Shows input ON/OFF status. U1-10= 00000000 (S1) is ON. 1: REV command (S2) is ON. 1: Multi input 1 (S3) is ON. 1: Multi input 2 (S4) is ON. 1: Multi input 4 (S6) is ON. 1: Multi input 5 (S7) is ON. 1: Multi input 6 (S8) is ON. 1: Multi input 7 (S9) is ON. 1: Multi input 7 (S9) is ON. 1: Multi input 7 (S9) is ON. 1: Multi input 7 (S10) is ON. 1: Multi input 8 (S10) is ON. 1: Multi input 10 (S11) is ON. 1: Multi input 10 (S12) is ON. | (Cannot be output.) | - | А | А | А | А | А | 49H |
| U1-11 | Output ter- minal status 输出端子状 态 | Shows output ON/OFF status. U1-11= 0000000 (M1-M2) is ON. 1: Multi-function contact output 1 (P1) is ON. 1: Multi-function contact output 2 (P2) is ON. 1: Multi-function contact output 3 (P3) is ON. 1: Multi-function contact output 4 (P4) is ON. 1: Error output (MA/AB-MC) is ON. | (Cannot be output.) | - | А | А | А | А | А | 4AH |
| U1-12 | Operation status 运行状态 | Inverter operating status. U1-12= 00000000 1: Run 1: Zero speed 1: Reverse 1: Reset signal input 1: Speed agree 1: Inverter ready 1: Minor fault 1: Major fault | (Cannot be output.) | - | А | А | A | А | A | 4BH |

| | Name | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| U1-13 | Cumulative operation time | Monitors the total operating time of the Inverter. The initial value and the oper- ating time/power ON time | (Cannot be output.) | 1 hr | A | А | А | А | А | 4CH |
| | 累积时间 | selection can be set in o2-07 and o2-08. | | | | | | | | |
| U1-14 | Software No. (flash memory) | (Manufacturer's ID number) | (Cannot be output.) | - | А | А | А | А | А | 4DH |
| | 软件编号 | | | | | | | | | |
| U1-15 | Terminal A1 input voltage | Monitors the input voltage of the voltage frequency refer- ence. An input of 10 V corre- | 10 V: 100% (10 V) (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.1 % | А | А | А | А | А | 4EH |
| | 端子 A1 电压 | sponds to 100%. | | | | | | | | |
| U1-16 | Terminal A2 input current (voltage) 端子 A2 电压 | Monitors the input current of the multi-function analog input. An input of 20 mA corre- sponds to 100%. | 20 mA: 100% (4 to 20 mA) (0 to 10 V, -10 to 10 V possi- ble) | 0.1 % | А | А | А | А | А | 4FH |
| U1-17 | Terminal A3 input voltage | Monitors the input voltage of the multi-function analog input. An input of 10 V corresponds | 10 V: 100% (10 V) (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.1 % | А | А | А | А | А | 050H |
| | 端子 A3 电压 | to 100%. | | | | | | | | |
| U1-18 | Motor sec- ondary cur- rent (Iq) | Monitors the calculated value of the motor secondary cur- rent. | 10 V: Motor rated secondary current) | 0.1 | А | А | А | A | А | 51H |
| | 电机 2 次电 流 | The motor rated secondary current corresponds to 100%. | (-10 to 10 V output) | ,,, | | | | | | |
| U1-19 | Motor exciting current (Id) | Monitors the calculated value of the motor excitation cur- rent. The motor rated secondary | 10 V: Motor rated secondary current) | 0.1 | No | No | А | А | A | 52H |
| | 电机励磁电 流 | current corresponds to 100%. | (-10 to 10 V output) | | | | | | | |
| U1-20 | Output fre- quency after soft- start | Monitors the output frequency after a soft start. The frequency given does not include compensations, such | 10 V: Max. frequency (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.01 Hz | A | А | А | А | А | 53H |
| | 软起动输出 频率 | as slip compensation. The unit is set in o1-03. | | | | | | | | |
| | ASR input | Monitors the input to the speed | | 0.01 | | | | | | |
| U1-21 | 速度控制输 入 | control loop. The maximum frequency cor- responds to 100%. | 10 V: Max. frequency (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.01 % | No | А | No | А | А | 54H |
| | ASR output | Monitors the output from the | 10 V: Motor rated | 0.01 | | | | | | |
| U1-22 | 速度控制输 出 | speed control loop. The motor rated secondary current corresponds to 100%. | secondary current) (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.01 % | No | A | No | А | А | 55H |
| U1-24 | PID feed- back value | Monitors the feedback value when PID control is used. The input for the max. fre- | 10 V: Max. frequency (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.01 % | А | А | А | А | А | 57H |
| | PID 反馈 | quency corresponds to 100%. | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|--------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| U1-25 | DI-16H2 input status DI16 指令状 态 | Monitors the reference value from a DI-16H2 Digital Refer- ence Board. The value will be displayed in binary or BCD depending on user constant F3-01. | (Cannot be output.) | - | A | A | A | A | A | 58H |
| U1-26 | Output volt- age refer- ence (Vq) 输出电压 (Vq) | Monitors the Inverter internal voltage reference for motor secondary current control. | 10 V: 200 VAC (400 VAC) (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.1 V | No | No | А | А | А | 59H |
| U1-27 | Output volt- age refer- ence (Vd) 输出电压 (Vd) | Monitors the Inverter internal voltage reference for motor excitation current control. | 10 V: 200 VAC (400 VAC) (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.1 V | No | No | А | A | A | 5AH |
| U1-28 | Software No. (CPU) CPU 软件编 号 | (Manufacturer's CPU software No.) | (Cannot be output.) | - | А | А | А | А | А | 5BH |
| U1-29 | Output power lower 4 dig- its | Monitors the Inverter's output power. The display is split into upper digits and lower digits in the following way. | | 0.1 kWH | А | А | A | A | А | 5CH |
| U1-30 | KWH 后 4 位 Output power upper 5 dig- its KWH 前 5 位 | $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | (Cannot be output.) | MWH | A | A | А | А | А | 5DH |
| U1-32 | ACR out- put of q axis Q 轴 ACR 输 出 | Monitors the current control output value for the motor sec- ondary current. | 10 V: 100% (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.1 % | No | No | А | А | А | 5FH |
| U1-33 | ACR out- put of d axis D 轴 ACR 输 出 | Monitors the current control output value for the motor excitation current. | 10 V: 100% (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.1 % | No | No | А | А | А | 60H |
| U1-34 | OPE fault constant OPE 故障参 数 | Shows the first constant num- ber where an OPE fault was detected. | | - | A | А | А | А | А | 61H |
| U1-35 | Zero-servo movement pulses 零伺服移动 脉冲 | Shows the number of PG pulses times 4 for the move- ment range when stopped at zero. | (Cannot be output.) | 1 | No | No | No | A | No | 62Н |
| U1-36 | PID input volume PID 的输入 量 | PID feedback volume Given as maximum frequency/ 100% | 10 V: Max. frequency (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.01 % | A | А | A | A | A | 63H |

| | Name | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| U1-37 | PID output volume PID 的输出 量 | PID control output Given as maximum frequency/ 100% | 10 V: Max. frequency (-10 to 10 V possible) | 0.01 % | A | A | А | A | А | 64H |
| U1-38 | PID target value PID 目标值 | PID target value Given as maximum frequency/ 100% | 10 V: Max. frequency | 0.01 % | А | Α | А | A | А | 65H |
| U1-39 | MEMOBUS communi- cations error code 通信错误代 码 | Shows MEMOBUS errors. U1-39= 00000000 1: Data length error Not used (always 0). 1: Parity error 1: Overrun error 1: Framing error 1: Timeout Not used (always 0). | (Cannot be output.) | - | A | A | A | A | A | 66Н |
| U1-40 | Cooling fan operating time 风扇运行时 间 | Monitors the total operating time of the cooling fan. The time can be set in 02-10. | (Cannot be output.) | 1 hr | А | А | A | A | A | 68H |
| U1-42 | Estimated motor flux 电机磁通量 | Monitors the calculated value of the motor flux. 100% is dis- played for the rated motor flux. | 10 V: Rated motor flux | 0.1 % | No | No | No | No | A | 69H |
| U1-43 | Motor flux current compensa- tion 励磁电流补 偿 | Monitors motor flux current compensation value. 100% is displayed for the rated second- ary current of the motor. | 10 V: Rated secondary cur- rent of motor (-10 V to 10 V) | 0.1 % | No | No | No | No | А | 6AH |
| U1-44 | ASR out- put without filter 反馈控制输 出 | Monitors the output from the speed control loop (i.e., the primary filter input value). 100% is displayed for rated secondary current of the motor. | 10 V: Rated secondary cur- rent of motor (-10 V to 10 V) | 0.01 % | No | No | No | А | А | 6BH |
| U1-45 | Feed for- ward con- trol output 正反馈输出 | Monitors the output from feed forward control. 100% is dis- played for rated secondary current of the motor. | 10 V: Rated secondary cur- rent of motor (-10 V to 10 V) | 0.01 % | No | No | No | А | А | 6CH |
| U1-48 | Stable speed for regenera- tion 再生时稳定 速度 | Monitors the minimum speed for which the speed will not exceed the speed reference in a steady state during 100% load regeneration. | 0.00 to 20.00 | 0.01 Hz | No | No | No | No | А | 6FH |

| | Name | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| | CF error code | Monitors the CF error code. 00: No deceleration for 3 s | | | | | | | | |
| U1-50 | CF 故障报警 代码 | after Stop Command 01: Magnetic flux calculation error 02: Startup status fault 04: Speed estimator gain adjustment fault 08: Low-speed regeneration fault 10: Zero-speed fault 20: Rotation direction limit fault | 0 to FFFF | Н | No | No | No | No | А | 71H |
| U1-61 | Electrolytic capacitor mainte- nance 电容维护时 | For maintenance purposes, this timer shows the amount of time the electrolytic capacitors have been operating. Capaci- tors should be replaced when | (Cannot be output.) | 1% | А | А | A | A | A | 7CH |
| | 期 | the monitor reaches 100%. | | | | | | | | |
| U1-63 | Cooling fan mainte- nance | This monitor displays the amount of time the cooling fan has been operating. Replace the cooling fan when the dis- | (Cannot be output.) | 1% | А | А | А | А | А | 7EH |
| | 冷却扇维护 | play reads 100%. | | | | | | | | |
| 111-83 | Peak hold current | Displays the peak value of the current during run. "Peak | 10V: Inverter rated output current | 0.01 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 7CEH |
| 01-05 | 峰值保持电 流 | Hold" refers to the moment that the peak value is saved. | (-10 to 10 V absolute value output) | A *1 | А | А | А | А | А | /CI II |
| U1-84 | Output frequency during peak hold | Displays the frequency value when the output current reached its neak value | 10V: Max frequency (-10 to 10 V) | 0.01 Hz *2 | A | А | А | А | А | 7DOH |
| | 峰值保持输 出频率 | a no pour tanac. | | _ | | | | | | |

* 1. The minimum unit differs depending on the Inverter capacity. (0.01 A for Inverter of 0.4 kW to 7.5 kW, and 0.1 A for Inverter of 11 kW or more)
* 2. The setting unit can be selected in o1-03.

■Fault Trace: U2

| User | constants for | r error traci | ng are | shown i | n the | following | table |
|-------|---------------|---------------|---------|-----------|-------|-----------|---------|
| 0.001 | combuilto 10 | control trace | ing are | 5110 1111 | | 10mo wing | theore. |

| | Name | | Output Signal | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 6 | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|--------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| U2-01 | Current fault | The contents of the current fault. | | - | А | А | А | А | А | 80H |
| | 当則故障 | | | | | | | | | |
| U2-02 | Previous fault | The contents of the error that occurred just prior to the current | | - | А | А | А | А | А | 81H |
| | 过去故障 | fault. | | | | | | | | |
| U2-03 | Reference frequency at fault | The reference frequency when the previous fault occurred. | | 0.01 Hz | А | А | А | А | A | 82H |
| | 预先设定指令 | | | | | | | | | |
| U2-04 | Output fre- quency at fault | The output frequency when the previous fault occurred. | | 0.01 Hz | А | А | А | А | А | 83H |
| | 输出频率 | | | | | | | | | |
| U2-05 | Output cur- rent at fault | The output current when the pre- | | 0.1 A | А | А | А | А | А | 84H |
| | 输出电流 | vious inuit occurren. | | | | | | | | |
| U2-06 | Motor speed at fault | The motor speed when the previ- | (Cannot be output.) | 0.01 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | 85H |
| | 电机速度 | ous hunt occurred. | | 112 | | | | | | |
| U2-07 | Output volt- age reference at fault | The output reference voltage when the previous fault occurred. | | 0.1 V | А | А | А | А | А | 86H |
| | 故障输出电压 | | | | | | | | | |
| 112.08 | DC bus volt- age at fault | The main current DC voltage | | 1 V | | | | ٨ | ٨ | <u>१</u> 7म |
| 02-08 | 主回路直流电 压 | when the previous fault occurred. | | 1 V | A | A | A | A | A | 8711 |
| U2-09 | Output power at fault | The output power when the pre- | | 0.1 kW | А | А | А | А | А | 88H |
| | 输出功率 | Tous fuult occurred. | | K VV | | | | | | |
| U2-10 | Torque refer- ence at fault | The reference torque when the previous fault occurred. The motor rated torque corresponds | | 0.1% | No | No | А | No | А | 89H |
| | 转矩指令 | to 100%. | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | Output Signal | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| U2-11 | Input termi- nal status at fault | The input terminal status when the previous fault occurred. The format is the same as for U1- | | - | А | А | А | А | А | 8AH |
| | 输入端子状态 | 10. | | | | | | | | |
| U2-12 | Output termi- nal status at fault | The output terminal status when the previous fault occurred. The | | - | A | А | А | A | А | 8BH |
| | 输出端子状态 | format is the same as for 01-11. | | | | | | | | |
| U2-13 | Operation status at fault | The operating status when the previous fault occurred. The for- | | _ | А | А | А | А | А | 8CH |
| | 运行状态 | mat is the same as for U1-12. | | | | | | | | |
| U2-14 | Cumulative operation time at fault | The operating time when the pre- vious fault occurred. | (Cannot be output.) | 1 hr | А | А | А | А | А | 8DH |
| | 累积时间 | | | | | | | | | |
| U2-21 | Peak hold current at fault | Displays the peak hold current when the last fault occurred. | | 0.01 A [*] | А | А | А | А | А | 7E6H |
| | 峰值保持电流 | | | | | | | | | |
| U2-22 | Peak hold output frequency at fault | Displays the frequency value at the moment the current reached its peak value when the last fault | | 0.01 Hz | А | А | А | А | А | 7E7H |
| | 峰值保持输出 频率 | occurred. | | | | | | | | |

Note 1. The following errors are not included in the error trace: CPF00, 01, 02, 03, UV1, and UV2.

2. If the PUF fault is already indicated in U2-□□ or U3-□□, even if the PUF fault is detected again, the fault trace is not updated.
* The minimum unit differs depending on the Inverter capacity. (0.01 A for Inverter of 0.4 kW to 7.5 kW, and 0.1 A for Inverter of 11 kW or more)

■Fault History: U3

| User constants for the error log are shown in the following tabl | User constants | for the error | log are shown | in the | following tal | ole. |
|--|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------|---------------|------|
|--|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------|---------------|------|

| | Name | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethods | S | |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|--------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open -loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| U3-01 | Most recent fault | The error contents of 1st | | - | A | А | А | А | А | 90H |
| | 1次前故障 | | | | | | | | | |
| U3-02 | Second most recent fault | The error contents of 2nd | | - | A | А | А | А | А | 91H |
| | 2次前故障 | | | | | | | | | |
| U3-03 | Third most recent fault | The error contents of 3rd | | - | A | А | A | А | A | 92H |
| | 3次前故障 | previous faun. | | | | | | | | |
| U3-04 | Fourth/oldest fault | The error contents of 4th | | _ | А | А | А | А | А | 93H |
| | 4次前故障 | previous fault. | | | | | | | | |
| U3-05 | Cumulative operation time at fault | The total operating time when the 1st previous fault | | 1 br | А | А | А | А | А | 94H |
| | 故障累积时间 1 | occurred. | (Cannot be output.) | - 111 | | | | | | |
| U3-06 | Accumulated time of sec- ond fault | The total operating time when the 2nd previous fault | | 1 hr | A | A | A | A | A | 95H |
| | 故障累积时间 2 | occurred. | | | | | | | | |
| U3-07 | Accumulated time of third fault | The total operating time when the 3rd previous fault | | 1 hr | A | A | A | A | A | 96H |
| | 故障累积时间 3 | occurred. | | | | | | | | |
| U3-08 | Accumulated time of fourth/oldest fault | The total operating time when the 4th previous fault | 1 | 1 hr | А | А | А | А | А | 97H |
| | 故障累积时间 4 | occurred. | | | | | | | | |

Note The following errors are not recorded in the error log: CPF00, 01, 02, 03, UV1, and UV2.

◆ Factory Settings that Change with the Control Method (A1-02)

The factory settings of the following user constants will change if the control method (A1-02) is changed.

| | Name | | | | Facto | ory Settir | ng | |
|-------------------------|---|----------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Setting Range | Unit | V/f Control | V/f with PG | Open- loop Vector 1 | Flux Vector | Open Loop Vector 2 |
| 12.01 | Speed search selection | 0 +- 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | 2 |
| 03-01 | 起动速度搜索 | 0 10 3 | 1 | Z | 3 | 2 | - | Z |
| h2 02 | Speed search operating current | 0 to 200 | 10/ | 120 | | 100 | | 10 |
| 03-02 | 速度搜索电流 | 0 to 200 | 1% | 120 | - | 100 | - | 10 |
| h9 02 | Energy-saving gain | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.1 | | | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.7 |
| 08-02 | 节能增益 | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.1 | - | - | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.7 |
| h8 02 | Energy-saving filter time constant | 0.0 to 10.00 | 0.01 a | | | 0.50 | 0.01 | 0.50 |
| 08-03 | 节能滤波 时间 | 0.0 10 10.00 | 0.01 \$ | - | - | 0.50 | 0.01 | 0.50 |
| C2 01 | Slip compensation gain | 0.0 to 2.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| C3-01 | 滑差补偿增益 | 0.0 10 2.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | - | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| C3 02 | Slip compensation primary delay time | 0 to 10000 | 1 ms | 2000 | | 200 | | |
| C3-02 | 滑差补偿时间 | 0 10 10000 | 1 1115 | 2000 | - | 200 | - | - |
| C4-02 | Torque compensation primary delay time constant | 0 to 10000 | 1 ms | 200 | 200 | 20 | - | - |
| | 转矩补偿延迟时间 | | | 5 | 5 | | | |
| C5-01 | ASR proportional (P) gain 1 | 0.00 to 300.00 | 0.01 | _ | 0.20 | _ | 20.00 | 10.00 |
| 0.5-01 | 比例增益1 | 0.00 10 500.00 | 0.01 | _ | 0.20 | _ | 20.00 | 10.00 |
| C5-02 | ASR integral (I) time | 0.000 to 10.000 | 0.001 s | _ | 0.200 | _ | 0 500 | 0.500 |
| 05 02 | 积分时间1 | 0.000 10 10.000 | 0.001 3 | | 0.200 | | 0.500 | 0.500 |
| C5-03 | ASR proportional (P) gain 2 | 0.00 to 300.00 | 0.01 | _ | 0.02 | _ | 20.00 | 10.00 |
| 00 00 | 比例增益 2 | | 0.01 | | 0.02 | | 20.00 | 10.00 |
| C5-04 | ASR integral (I) time 2 | 0.000 to 10.000 | 0.001 | - | 0.050 | - | 0 500 | 0 500 |
| | 积分时间 2 | | sec. | | 0.000 | | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| C5-06 | ASR primary delay time | 0 000 to 0 500 | 0.001 | - | _ | - | 0.004 | 0.035 |
| | ASR 延迟时间 | | | | | | | |
| C6-02 | Carrier frequency selection | 1 to F ^{*6} | _ | 6 ^{*7} | 6 ^{*7} | 6 ^{*7} | 1 ^{*7} | 1 ^{*7} |
| | 载波频率选择 | | | | Ŭ | Ũ | - | |
| d5-02 | Torque reference delay time | 0 to 1000 | 1 ms | - | - | - | 0 | 10 |
| | 转矩控制延迟时间 | | | | | | | |
| E1-04 | Max. output frequency (FMAX) | 0.0 to 400.0 *4 | 0.1 Hz | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| E3-02 | 最高输出频率 | | | *3 | *3 | | | |
| E1-05 | Max. voltage (VMAX) | 0.0 to 255.0 | 0.1 V | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 |
| E3-03 | 最大电压 | | | *3 | *3 | | | |
| E1-06 | Base frequency (FA) | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.1 Hz | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| E3-04 | 基本频率 | | | *3 | *3 | | | |
| E1-07 | Mid. output frequency (FB) | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.1 Hz | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| E3-05 | 中间频率 | | | *3 | *3 | | | |

| | Name | | | | Fact | ory Setti | ng | |
|-------------------------|---|----------------|---------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Setting Range | Unit | V/f Control | V/f with PG | Open- loop Vector 1 | Flux Vector | Open Loop Vector 2 |
| E1-08 | Mid. output frequency voltage $(VC)^{*2}$ | 0.0 to 255.0 | 0.1 V | 15.0 | 15.0 | 13.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| E3-06 | 中间电压 | (0.0 to 510.0) | 0.1 V | *3 | *3 | 13.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| E1-09 | Min. output frequency (FMIN) | 0.0 to 100.0 | 0.1.117 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| E3-07 | 最低输出频率 | 0.0 10 400.0 | 0.1 112 | *3 | *3 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| E1-10 | Min. output frequency voltage $(VMIN)^{*2}$ | 0.0 to 255.0 | 0.1 V | 9.0 | 9.0 | 24 | _ | _ |
| E3-08 | 最低输出电压 | (0.0 to 510.0) | 0.1 V | *3 | *3 | 2. T | _ | _ |
| E1 00 | Overspeed detection delay time | 0.0 to 2.0 | 0.1 s | | 1.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| F1-09 | 0S 过速检出时间 | 0.0 to 2.0 | 0.1 5 | - | 1.0 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| N5 01 | Feedforward control selection | 0.1 | 1 | | | | 0 | 1 |
| 113-01 | FF 控制选择 | 0, 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 0 | 1 |

* 1. The settings will be 0.05 (Flux vector)/1.00 (open-loop vector) for Inverters of 45 kW or larger.

* 2. The settings shown are for 200 V Class Inverters. The values will double for 400 V Class Inverters.

* 3. Settings vary as shown in the following tables depending on the Inverter capacity and E1-03.

* 4. The setting range for open-loop vector 2 control is 0 to 132.0.

* 5. 1000 ms for Inverters of 200 V Class 30 to 110 kW and 400 V Class 55 to 300 kW.

* 6. The setting range depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

* 7. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

■200 V and 400 V Class Inverters of 0.4 to 1.5 kW

| Con- stant Num- ber | Unit | | | | | | | Fa | actory | Setti | ng | | | | | | | Open Loop Vector Con- trol | Open Loop Vector Con- trol | Flux Vector Con- trol |
|------------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| E1-03 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | Α | В | С | D | Е | F | 1 | 2 | |
| E1-04 | Hz | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 72.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 90.0 | 120.0 | 180.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| E1-05 * | v | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 |
| E1-06 | Hz | 50.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 |
| E1-07 | Hz | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 |
| E1-08 * | v | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 35.0 | 50.0 | 35.0 | 50.0 | 19.0 | 24.0 | 19.0 | 24.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 13.2 | 15.9 | 0.0 |
| E1-09 | Hz | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| E1-10 * | v | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 13.0 | 11.0 | 15.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 0.0 |

* The settings shown are for 200 V Class Inverters. The values will double for 400 V Class Inverters.

■200 V and 400 V Class Inverters of 2.2 to 45 kW

| Con- stant Num- ber | Unit | | | | | | | Fa | actory | Setti | ng | | | | | | | Open Loop Vector Con- trol | Open Loop Vector Con- trol | Flux Vector Con- trol |
|------------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| E1-03 | - | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | Α | В | С | D | E | F | 1 | 2 | |
| E1-04 | Hz | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 72.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 90.0 | 120.0 | 180.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| E1-05 * | v | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 |
| E1-06 | Hz | 50.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 |
| E1-07 | Hz | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 |
| E1-08 * | v | 14.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 35.0 | 50.0 | 35.0 | 50.0 | 18.0 | 23.0 | 18.0 | 23.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 13.2 | 15.9 | 0.0 |
| E1-09 | Hz | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.0 |

| Con- stant Num- ber | Unit | | | | | | | Fa | actory | Setti | ng | | | | | | | Open Loop Vector Con- trol | Open Loop Vector Con- trol | Flux Vector Con- trol |
|------------------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--------------------------------|
| E1-03 | - | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | А | В | С | D | Е | F | 1 | 2 | |
| E1-10 * | v | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 9.0 | 13.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 0.0 |

* The settings shown are for 200 V Class Inverters. The values will double for 400 V Class Inverters.

■200 V Class Inverters of 55 to 110 kW and 400 V Class Inverters of 55 to 300 kW

| Con- stant Num- ber | Unit | | | | | | | Fa | actory | Setti | ng | | | | | | | Open Loop Vector Con- trol | Open Loop Vector Con- trol | Flux Vector Con- trol |
|------------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| E1-03 | - | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | Α | В | С | D | E | F | 1 | 2 | |
| E1-04 | Hz | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 72.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 90.0 | 120.0 | 180.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| E1-05 * | v | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 |
| E1-06 | Hz | 50.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 |
| E1-07 | Hz | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 |
| E1-08 * | v | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 35.0 | 50.0 | 35.0 | 50.0 | 15.0 | 20.0 | 15.0 | 20.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 13.2 | 15.9 | 0.0 |
| E1-09 | Hz | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| E1-10 * | v | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 7.0 | 11.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 0.0 |

* The settings shown are for 200 V Class Inverters. The values will double for 400 V Class Inverters.

◆ Factory Settings that Change with the Inverter Capacity (o2-04)

The factory settings of the following user constants will change if the Inverter capacity (o2-04) is changed.

■200 V Class Inverters

| Con- stant Number | Name | Unit | | | | Fac | tory Set | ting | | | |
|-------------------------|--|------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| - | Inverter Capacity | | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-11 | Motor Rated Capacity | kW | 0.4 | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 15 |
| E4-07 | 2nd Motor Rated Capacity | | | | | | | | | | |
| o2-04 | kVA selection | - | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| b8-03 | Energy-saving filter time constant | s | | | 0 | .50 (Open | -loop vec | tor contro | l) | | |
| b8-04 | Energy-saving coefficient | - | 288.20 | 223.70 | 169.40 | 156.80 | 122.90 | 94.75 | 72.69 | 70.44 | 63.13 |
| C6-02 | Carrier frequency selec- tion ^{*1} | - | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| C6-11 | Carrier frequency selection for open-loop vector 2 con- trol ^{*2} | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| - | Carrier frequency selection upper limit | - | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| E2-01 (E4-01) | Motor rated current | А | 1.90 | 3.30 | 6.20 | 8.50 | 14.00 | 19.60 | 26.60 | 39.7 | 53.0 |
| E2-02 (E4-02) | Motor rated slip | Hz | 2.90 | 2.50 | 2.60 | 2.90 | 2.73 | 1.50 | 1.30 | 1.70 | 1.60 |
| E2-03 (E4-03) | Motor no-load current | А | 1.20 | 1.80 | 2.80 | 3.00 | 4.50 | 5.10 | 8.00 | 11.2 | 15.2 |
| E2-05 (E4-05) | Motor line-to-line resis- tance | Ω | 9.842 | 5.156 | 1.997 | 1.601 | 0.771 | 0.399 | 0.288 | 0.230 | 0.138 |
| E2-06 (E4-06) | Motor leak inductance | % | 18.2 | 13.8 | 18.5 | 18.4 | 19.6 | 18.2 | 15.5 | 19.5 | 17.2 |
| E2-10 | Motor iron loss for torque compensation | W | 14 | 26 | 53 | 77 | 112 | 172 | 262 | 245 | 272 |
| L2-02 | Momentary power loss ride- thru time | s | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| L2-03 | Min. baseblock (BB) time | s | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| L2-04 | Voltage recovery time | s | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| L8-02 | Overheat pre-alarm level | °C | 95 | 95 | 100 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 90 | 100 |
| L8-39 | Reduced carrier frequency | kHz | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| N1-03 | Hunting-prevention time constant | ms | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| N5-02 | Motor acceleration time | s | 0.178 | 0.142 | 0.166 | 0.145 | 0.154 | 0.168 | 0.175 | 0.265 | 0.244 |

| Con- stant Number | Name | Unit | | | | Fac | tory Set: | ting | | | |
|-------------------------|--|------|-------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------------|---------|
| - | Inverter Capacity | | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-11 | Motor Rated Capacity | kW | 18.5 | 22 | 30 | 37 | 45 | 55 | 75 | 90 | 110 |
| E4-07 | 2nd Motor Rated Capacity | | | _ | | - | | | | | |
| o2-04 | kVA selection | - | 9 | A | В | С | D | E | F | 10 | 11 |
| b8-03 | Energy-saving filter time constant | S | 0 | .50 (Open | -loop vect | tor contro | l) | 2.00 (| Open-loop | o vector co | ontrol) |
| b8-04 | Energy-saving coefficient | - | 57.87 | 51.79 | 46.27 | 38.16 | 35.78 | 31.35 | 23.10 | 20.65 | 18.12 |
| C6-02 | Carrier frequency selection | - | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| C6-11 | Carrier frequency selection for open-loop vector 2 con- trol*2 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| - | Carrier frequency selection upper limit | - | 6 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| E2-01 (E4-01) | Motor rated current | А | 65.8 | 77.2 | 105.0 | 131.0 | 160.0 | 190.0 | 260.0 | 260.0 | 260.0 |
| E2-02 (E4-02) | Motor rated slip | Hz | 1.67 | 1.70 | 1.80 | 1.33 | 1.60 | 1.43 | 1.39 | 1.39 | 1.39 |
| E2-03 (E4-03) | Motor no-load current | А | 15.7 | 18.5 | 21.9 | 38.2 | 44.0 | 45.6 | 72.0 | 72.0 | 72.0 |
| E2-05 (E4-05) | Motor line-to-line resis- tance | Ω | 0.101 | 0.079 | 0.064 | 0.039 | 0.030 | 0.022 | 0.023 | 0.023 | 0.023 |
| E2-06 (E4-06) | Motor leak inductance | % | 20.1 | 19.5 | 20.8 | 18.8 | 20.2 | 20.5 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 |
| E2-10 | Motor iron loss for torque compensation | W | 505 | 538 | 699 | 823 | 852 | 960 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 |
| L2-02 | Momentary power loss ride- thru time | s | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| L2-03 | Min. baseblock (BB) time | s | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| L2-04 | Voltage recovery time | s | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| L8-02 | Overheat pre-alarm level | °C | 90 | 90 | 95 | 100 | 100 | 110 | 100 | 110 | 110 |
| L8-39 | Reduced carrier frequency | kHz | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| N1-03 | Hunting-prevention time constant | ms | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 100 | 100 |
| N5-02 | Motor acceleration time | s | 0.317 | 0.355 | 0.323 | 0.320 | 0.387 | 0.317 | 0.533 | 0.592 | 0.646 |

Note Attach a Momentary Power Interruption Compensation Unit if compensation for power interruptions of up to 2.0 seconds is required for 200 V Class Inverters with outputs of 0.4 to 7.5 kW.
* 1. The initial settings for C6-02 are as follows: 0: Low noise PWM, 1: 2.0 kHz, 2: 5.0 kHz, 3: 8.0 kHz, 4: 10.0 kHz, 5: 12.5 kHz, and 6: 15.0 kHz. If the carrier frequency is set higher than the factory setting for Inverters with outputs of 5.5 kW or more, the Inverter rated current will need to be reduced.
* 2. The initial settings for C6-11 are as follows: 1: 2.0 kHz, 2: 4.0 kHz, 3: 6.0 kHz, 4: 8.0 kHz.

■400 V Class Inverters

| Con- stant Num- ber | Name | Unit | | | | | Factory | Setting |) | | | |
|------------------------------|--|------|--------|--------|--------|---------|-----------|------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| - | Inverter Capacity | | | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-11 | Motor Rated Capacity | kW | 0.4 | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 15 |
| E4-07 | 2nd Motor Rated Capacity | | | | | | | | | | | |
| o2-04 | kVA selection | - | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 |
| b8-03 | Energy-saving filter time constant | S | | | | 0.50 (C |)pen-loop | o vector c | control) | | | |
| b8-04 | Energy-saving coefficient | - | 576.40 | 447.40 | 338.80 | 313.60 | 245.80 | 236.44 | 189.50 | 145.38 | 140.88 | 126.26 |
| C6-02 | Carrier frequency selec- tion ^{*1} | - | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| C6-11 | Carrier frequency selec- tion for open-loop vector 2 control ^{*2} | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| - | Carrier frequency selec- tion upper limit | - | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| E2-01 (E4-01) | Motor rated current | А | 1.00 | 1.60 | 3.10 | 4.20 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 9.80 | 13.30 | 19.9 | 26.5 |
| E2-02 (E4-02) | Motor rated slip | Hz | 2.90 | 2.60 | 2.50 | 3.00 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 1.50 | 1.30 | 1.70 | 1.60 |
| E2-03 (E4-03) | Motor no-load current | А | 0.60 | 0.80 | 1.40 | 1.50 | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.60 | 4.00 | 5.6 | 7.6 |
| E2-05 (E4-05) | Motor line-to-line resis- tance | Ω | 38.198 | 22.459 | 10.100 | 6.495 | 3.333 | 3.333 | 1.595 | 1.152 | 0.922 | 0.550 |
| E2-06 (E4-06) | Motor leak inductance | % | 18.2 | 14.3 | 18.3 | 18.7 | 19.3 | 19.3 | 18.2 | 15.5 | 19.6 | 17.2 |
| E2-10 | Motor iron loss for torque compensation | W | 14 | 26 | 53 | 77 | 130 | 130 | 193 | 263 | 385 | 440 |
| L2-02 | Momentary power loss ridethru time | s | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| L2-03 | Min. baseblock (BB) time | s | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| L2-04 | Voltage recovery time | s | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| L8-02 | Overheat pre-alarm level | °C | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 90 | 95 | 95 |
| L8-39 | Reduced carrier frequency | kHz | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| N1-03 | Hunting-prevention time constant | ms | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| N5-02 | Motor acceleration time | s | 0.178 | 0.142 | 0.166 | 0.145 | 0.154 | 0.154 | 0.168 | 0.175 | 0.265 | 0.244 |

| Con- stant Number | Name | Unit | | | | | | | Factor | y Settir | ng | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--------|-------|--------|----------|---------|---------|----------|---------|-------|-------|
| - E2-11 | Inverter Capacity Motor Rated Capacity 2nd Motor Rated | kW | 18.5 | 22 | 30 | 37 | 45 | 55 | 75 | 90 | 110 | 132 | 160 | 185 | 220 | 300 |
| E4-07 | Capacity | | 24 | 2B | 20 | 20 | 2E | 2F | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 |
| b8-03 | Energy-saving filter | s | 0.50 | (Open- | loop ve | ctor co | ntrol) | 21 | 00 | 2.00 |) (Open | -loop v | ector co | ontrol) | 00 | 01 |
| | time constant | | | (| | | | | | | (| | | | | |
| b8-04 | cient | - | 115.74 | 103.58 | 92.54 | 76.32 | 71.56 | 67.20 | 46.20 | 38.91 | 36.23 | 32.79 | 30.13 | 30.57 | 27.13 | 21.76 |
| C6-02 | Carrier frequency selection ^{*1} | - | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | F | F | F*3 | 1 | 1 | F*3 | 1 |
| C6-11 | Carrier frequency selection for open- loop vector 2 control ^{*2} | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| - | Carrier frequency selection upper limit | - | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| E2-01 (E4-01) | Motor rated current | А | 32.9 | 38.6 | 52.3 | 65.6 | 79.7 | 95.0 | 130.0 | 156.0 | 190.0 | 223.0 | 270.0 | 310.0 | 370.0 | 500.0 |
| E2-02 (E4-02) | Motor rated slip | Hz | 1.67 | 1.70 | 1.80 | 1.33 | 1.60 | 1.46 | 1.39 | 1.40 | 1.40 | 1.38 | 1.35 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 1.25 |
| E2-03 (E4-03) | Motor no-load current | Α | 7.8 | 9.2 | 10.9 | 19.1 | 22.0 | 24.0 | 36.0 | 40.0 | 49.0 | 58.0 | 70.0 | 81.0 | 96.0 | 130.0 |
| E2-05 (E4-05) | Motor line-to-line resistance | Ω | 0.403 | 0.316 | 0.269 | 0.155 | 0.122 | 0.088 | 0.092 | 0.056 | 0.046 | 0.035 | 0.029 | 0.025 | 0.020 | 0.014 |
| E2-06 (E4-06) | Motor leak inductance | % | 20.1 | 23.5 | 20.7 | 18.8 | 19.9 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 |
| E2-10 | Motor iron loss for torque compensation | W | 508 | 586 | 750 | 925 | 1125 | 1260 | 1600 | 1760 | 2150 | 2350 | 2850 | 3200 | 3700 | 4700 |
| L2-02 | Momentary power loss ridethru time | s | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| L2-03 | Min. baseblock (BB) time | s | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| L2-04 | Voltage recovery time | s | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| L8-02 | Overheat pre-alarm level | °C | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 100 | 105 | 105 | 120 | 110 | 115 | 100 | 110 | 115 |
| L8-39 | Reduced carrier frequency | kHz | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| N1-03 | Hunting-prevention time constant | ms | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| N5-02 | Motor acceleration time | s | 0.317 | 0.355 | 0.323 | 0.320 | 0.387 | 0.317 | 0.533 | 0.592 | 0.646 | 0.673 | 0.777 | 0.864 | 0.910 | 1.392 |

Note Attach a Momentary Power Interruption Compensation Unit if compensation for power interruptions of up to 2.0 seconds is required for 400 V Class Inverters with outputs of 0.4 to 7.5 kW.

* 1. The initial settings for C6-02 are as follows: 1: 2.0 kHz, 2: 5.0 kHz, 3: 8.0 kHz, 4: 10.0 kHz, 5: 12.5 kHz, 6: 15.0 kHz, and F: optional setting (initial value for Inverters of 90 or 110 kW: 3.0 kHz).

* 2. The initial settings for C6-11 are as follows: 1: 2.0 kHz, 2: 4.0 kHz, 3: 6.0 kHz, 4: 8.0 kHz.

* 3. The factory setting for 400V 132kW and 220kW flax vector control (A1-02 = 3) is 1.5 kHz, for software version VSG123032 or later.

6

Constant Settings by Function

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Frequency Reference

This section explains how to input the frequency reference.

Selecting the Frequency Reference Source

Set constant b1-01 to select the frequency reference source.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | [| | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open- loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| | Reference selection | Set the frequency reference input method. 0: Digital Operator 1: Control circuit terminal (analog input) 2: MEMOBUS communications 3: Option board 4: Pulse train input | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-01 | 频率指令选 择 | | 0 to 4 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 180H |
| H6-01 | Pulse train input func- tion selec- tion | 0: Frequency reference 1: PID feedback value 2: PID target value | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 42CH |
| | 脉冲输入选 择 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Н6-02 | Pulse train input scal- ing | Set the number of pulses in hertz, tak- | 1000 to | 1440 Hz | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 42DH |
| | 脉冲输入比 例 | | 32000 | 112 | | | | | | | |

■Input the Reference Frequency from the Digital Operator

When b1-01 is set to 0, you can input the reference frequency from the Digital Operator. Input the reference frequency from the Digital Operator's reference frequency setting display. For details on setting the reference frequency, refer to *Chapter 3 Digital Operator and Modes*.



Fig 6.1 Frequency Setting Display

Inputting the Frequency Reference Using Control Circuit Terminal (Analog Setting)

When b1-01 is set to 1, you can input the frequency reference from control circuit terminal A1 (voltage input), or control circuit terminal A2 (voltage or current input).

Inputting Master Speed Frequency Reference Only (Voltage Input)

When inputting a voltage for the master speed frequency reference, input the voltage to control circuit terminal A1.



Fig 6.2 Voltage Input for Master Speed Frequency Reference

Inputting Master Speed Frequency Reference Only (Current Input)

When inputting a current for the master speed frequency reference, input the current to control circuit terminal A2, input 0 V to terminal A1, set H3-08 (Multi-function analog input terminal A2 signal level selection) to 2 (current input), and set H3-09 (Multi-function analog input terminal A2 function selection) to 0 (add to terminal A1).



Fig 6.3 Current Input for Master Speed Frequency Reference



Turn ON pin 2 of DIP switch S1 (toward I), the voltage/current switch, when inputting a current to terminal A2. Turn OFF pin 2 of DIP switch S1 (toward V), the voltage/current switch, when inputting a voltage to terminal A2. Set H3-08 to the correct setting for the type of input signal being used.

Switch between 2 Step Speeds: Master/Auxiliary Speeds

When switching between the master and auxiliary speeds, connect the master speed frequency reference to control circuit terminal A1 or A2 and connect the auxiliary speed frequency reference to terminal A3. The reference on terminal A1 or A2 will be used for the Inverter frequency reference when the multi-function input allocated to multi-speed command 1 is OFF and the reference on terminal A3 will be used when it is ON.

When switching between the master and auxiliary speeds, set H3-05 (Multi-function analog input terminal A3) to 2 (auxiliary frequency reference, 2nd step analog) and set on of the multi-function input terminals to multi-step speed reference 1.

When inputting a current to terminal A2 for the master speed frequency reference, set H3-08 (Multi-function analog input terminal A2 signal level selection) to 2 (current input), and set H3-09 (Multi-function analog input terminal A2 function selection) to 0 (add to terminal A1).



Fig 6.4 Switching between Master and Auxiliary Frequencies

■Setting Frequency Reference Using Pulse Train Signals

When b1-01 is set to 4, the pulse train input to control circuit terminal RP is used as the frequency reference.

Set H6-01 (Pulse Train Input Function Selection) to 0 (frequency reference), and then set the 100% reference pulse frequency to H6-02 (Pulse Train Input Scaling).



Fig 6.5 Frequency Reference Using Pulse Train Input

Using Multi-Step Speed Operation

With Varispeed-G7 series Inverters, you can change the speed to a maximum of 17 steps, using 16 frequency references, and one jog frequency reference.

The following example of a multi-function input terminal function shows a 9-step operation using multi-step references 1 to 3 and jog frequency selection functions.

Related Constants

To switch frequency references, set multi-step speed references 1 to 3 and the jog reference selection in the multi-function contact inputs. Setting examples are shown below.

| l | Terminal | Constant Number | Set Value (Factory Setting) | Details |
|---|----------|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| | S5 | H1-03 | 3 | Multi-step speed reference 1 (Also used for master speed/auxiliary speed switching when multi-function analog input H3-05 is set to 2 (auxiliary frequency reference 1).) |
| | S6 | H1-04 | 4 | Multi-step speed reference 2 [Also used for auxiliary frequency reference 2 when multi- function analog input H3-09 is set to 3 (auxiliary frequency reference 2).] |
| ſ | S9 | H1-07 | 5 | Multi-step speed reference 3 |
| | S7 | H1-05 | 6 | Jog frequency selection (given priority over multi-step speed reference) |

Multi-function Contact Inputs (H1-01 to H1-10)

Combination of Multi-Function References and Multi-Function Contact Inputs

You can change the selected frequency reference by combining the ON/OFF status of S5 to S9 (multi-function contact input terminals) to set multi-step speed references 1 to 3 and the jog frequency selection. The following table shows the possible combinations.

| | TerminalS5 | TerminalS6 | TerminalS9 | TerminalS7 | |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Speed | Multi-step Speed Refer- ence 1 | Multi-step Speed Refer- ence 2 | Multi-step Speed Refer- ence 3 | Jog Fre- quency Selec- tion | Selected Frequency |
| 1 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | Frequency reference 1 d1-01, master speed frequency |
| 2 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | Frequency reference 2 d1-02, auxiliary frequency 1 |
| 3 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | Frequency reference 3 d1-03, auxiliary frequency 2 |
| 4 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Frequency reference 4 d1-04 |
| 5 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | Frequency reference 5 d1-05 |
| 6 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | Frequency reference 6 d1-06 |
| 7 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | Frequency reference 7 d1-07 |
| 8 | ON | ON | ON | OFF | Frequency reference 8 d1-08 |
| 9 | - | - | - | ON* | Jog frequency d1-17 |

* Terminal S7's jog frequency selection is given priority over multi-step speed references.

Setting Precautions

Refer to the following to set step 1 to step 3 to analog inputs.

• Step 1

When setting terminal A1's analog input to step 1, set b1-01 to 1, and when setting d1-01 (Frequency Reference 1) to step 1, set b1-01 to 0.

• Step 2

When setting terminal A3's analog input to step 2, set H3-05 to 2 (auxiliary frequency reference 1). When setting d1-02 (Frequency Reference 2) to step 2, set H3-05 to 1F (Analog input not used).

• Step 3

When setting terminal A2's analog input to step 3, set H3-09 to 3 (auxiliary frequency reference 2). When setting d1-03(Frequency Reference 3) to step 3, set H3-05 to 1F (Analog input not used).

When inputting 0 to 10 V to terminal A2's analog input, set H3-08 to 0, and turn OFF pin 2 to DIP switch S1 on the control circuit terminal board. (Refer to page 2-26.)

■Connection Example and Time Chart

The following diagram shows a time chart and control circuit terminal connection example during a 9-step operation.



Fig 6.6 Control Circuit Terminal During 9-step Operation



Fig 6.7 Multi-step speed reference/Jog Frequency Selection Time Chart

6



The following diagram shows the function block diagram of Varispeed G7.



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* The same value can not be set in H3-05 and H3-09.

Fig 6.9 AI Input Detailed Diagram

6

Run Command

This section explains input methods for the Run Command.

Selecting the Run Command Source

Set constant b1-02 to select the source for the Run Command.

■Related Constants

| Con- stant Number | Name | | | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Display | Description | Setting Range | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open- loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| b1-02 | Operation method selection 运行指令选 择 | Set the Run Command input method 0: Digital Operator 1: Control circuit terminal (sequence input) 2: MEMOBUS communications 3: Option board | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 181H |

■Performing Operations Using a Digital Operator

When b1-02 is set to 0, you can perform Inverter operations using the Digital Operator keys (RUN, STOP, JOG, and FWD/REV). For details on the Digital Operator, refer to *Chapter 3 Digital Operator and Modes*.

■Performing Operations Using Control Circuit Terminals

When b1-02 is set to 1, you can perform Inverter operations using the control circuit terminals.

Performing Operations Using a 2-wire Sequence

The factory setting is set to a 2-wire sequence. When control circuit terminal S1 is set to ON, forward operation will be performed, and when S1 is turned OFF, the Inverter will stop. In the same way, when control circuit terminal S2 is set to ON, reverse operation will be performed, and when S2 is turned OFF, the Inverter will stop.



Fig 6.10 2-wire Sequence Wiring Example
Performing Operations Using a 3-wire Sequence

When any constant from H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminals S3 to S12) is set to 0, terminals S1 and S2 are used for a 3-wire sequence, and the multi-function input terminal that has been set functions as a Forward/Reverse Run Command terminal.

When the Inverter is initialized for 3-wire sequence control with A1-03, multi-function input 3 becomes the input terminal for the Forward/Reverse Run Command.



Fig 6.11 3-wire Sequence Wiring Example



Fig 6.12 Three-wire Sequence Time Chart



1. Use a sequence that turns ON terminal S1 for 50 ms or longer for the Run Command. This will make the Run Command self-holding in the Inverter.

2. When the 3-wire sequence is set, do not make the wiring for the control circuit unless the multi-function input terminal constant is set. Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.

Stopping Methods

This section explains methods of stopping the Inverter.

Selecting the Stopping Method when a Stop Command is Sent

There are four methods of stopping the Inverter when a Stop Command is sent:

- Deceleration to stop
- Coast to stop
- DC braking stop
- Coast to stop with timer

Set constant b1-03 to select the Inverter stopping method. A DC braking stop and coasting to a stop with a timer cannot be set for flux vector control.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | thods | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open- loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| | Stopping method selection | Select stopping method when Stop Command is sent. 0: Deceleration to stop | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-03 | 停止方法选 择 | Coast to stop DC injection braking stop (Stops faster than coast to stop, no regenerative operation.) Coast to stop with timer (Run Commands are disregarded during deceleration.) | 0 to 3* | 0 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 182H |
| | Operation selection for setting E1-09 or less | Used to set the method of operation when the frequency reference input is less than the minimum output fre- quency (E1-09). 0: Run at frequency reference (E1-09 not affrequency | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-05 | 不足最低频 率动作 | STOP (Frequencies below E1-09 in the coast to stop state.) Run at min. frequency. (E1-09) Run at zero-speed (Frequencies below E1-09 are zero) | 0 to 3 | 0 | No | No | No | No | A | No | 184H |
| b2-01 | Zero-speed level (DC injection braking starting fre- quency) | Used to set the frequency which starts DC injection braking in units of Hz when deceleration to stop is selected. When b2-01 is less than E1-09, E1-09 becomes the DC injection braking | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.5 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 189H |
| | 直流制动开 始频率 | starting frequency. | | | | | | | | | |
| b2-02 | DC injec- tion brak- ing current | Sets the DC injection braking current as a percentage of the Inverter rated | 0 to 100 | 50% | No | А | А | А | No | No | 18AH |
| | 直流制动电 流 | current. | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | thods | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open- loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| b2-03 | DC injec- tion brak- ing time at start 起动制动时 间 | Used to set the time to perform DC injection braking at start in units of 1 second. Used to stop coasting motor and restart it. When the set value is 0, DC injection braking at start is not per- formed. | 0.00 to 10.00 | 0.00 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 18BH |
| b2-04 | DC injec- tion brak- ing time at stop 停止制动时 间 | Used to set the time to perform DC injection braking at stop in units of 1 second. Used to prevent coasting after the Stop Command is input. When the set value is 0.00, DC injection braking at stop is not performed. | 0.00 to 10.00 | 0.50 s | No | А | A | А | А | А | 18CH |

* 0 or 1 for flux vector control and open-loop vector 2 control.

Deceleration to Stop

If the Stop Command is input (i.e., the Run Command is turned OFF) when b1-03 is set to 0, the motor decelerates to a stop according to the deceleration time that has been set. (Factory setting: C1-02 (Deceleration Time 1))

If the output frequency when decelerating to a stop falls below b2-01, the DC injection brake will be applied using the DC current set in b2-02 only for the time set in b2-04.

For deceleration time settings, refer to page 6-18 Setting Acceleration and Deceleration Times.



Fig 6.13 Deceleration to Stop



The operation after stopping depends on the setting of b1-05 when flux vector control is selected (A1-02 = 3).

Fig 6.14 Deceleration to Stop (for Flux Vector Control)

Setting Precautions

- When using flux vector control, the zero-speed control starts when motor speed drops to b2-01 during deceleration. Also, the setting b2-01 < E1-09 is possible.
- The current level during injection brake time at start is the value of E2-03 (motor no-load current). Accordingly, b2-02 is invalid in flux vector control.

■Coast to Stop

If the Stop Command is input (i.e., the Run Command is turned OFF) when b1-03 is set to 1, the Inverter output voltage is interrupted. The motor coasts to a stop at the deceleration rate that counterbalances damage to the machine and inertia including the load.



Fig 6.15 Coast to Stop



After the Stop Command is input, Run Commands are ignored until the Minimum Baseblock Time (L2-03) has elapsed.

■DC Braking Stop

If the Stop Command is input (i.e., the Run Command is turned OFF) when b1-03 is set to 2, a wait is made for the time set in L2-03 (Minimum Baseblock (BB) Time) and then the DC injection brake current set in b2-02 is sent to the motor to apply a DC injection brake to stop the motor. The DC injection brake time is determined by the set value in b2-04 and the output frequency when the Stop Command is input.



Fig 6.16 DC Injection Braking (DB) Stop



Lengthen the Minimum Baseblock Time (L2-03) when an overcurrent (OC) occurs during stopping.

■Coast to Stop with Timer

If the Stop Command is input (i.e., the Run Command is turned OFF) when b1-03 is set to 3, the Inverter output is interrupted to coast the motor to a stop. After the Stop Command is input, Run Commands are ignored until the time T has elapsed. The time T depends upon the output frequency when the Stop Command is input and the deceleration time.



Fig 6.17 Coast to Stop with Timer

Using the DC Injection Brake

Set constant b2-03 to apply the DC injection braking current to the motor while it is coasting to a stop, to stop the motor and then restart it.

Set b2-03 to 0 to disable the DC injection brake at start.

Set the DC injection brake current using b2-02. DC injection braking is used at startup for flux vector control with the current set in E2-03 (Motor no-load current).

■Related Constants

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | thods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| b2-02 | DC injection braking current | Sets the DC injection braking cur- rent as a percentage of the | 0 to | 50% | No | А | А | А | No | No | 18AH |
| | 直流制动电流 | inverter rated current. | 100 | | | | | | | | |
| | DC injection braking time at start | Used to set the time to perform DC injection braking at start in units of 1 second. | 0.00 | | | | | | | | |
| b2-03 | 起动制动时间 | Used to stop coasting motor and restart it. When the set value is 0, DC injection braking at start is not performed. | to 10.00 | 0.00 s | No | Α | A | A | A | A | 18BH |

■Inputting the DC Injection Brake Command from Control Circuit Terminals

If you set a multi-function contact input terminal (H1- $\Box\Box$) to 60 (DC injection brake command), you can apply the DC injection brake to the motor by turning ON the terminal for which the DC injection brake command has been set when the Inverter is being stopped. DC injection braking is used at startup for flux vector control.

The time chart for the DC injection brake is shown below.



If you input the DC injection brake command from an external terminal, or if the Run Command and jog command are input, the DC injection brake will be disabled, and operation will resume.

Fig 6.18 DC Injection Brake Time Chart

Changing the DC Injection Brake Current Using an Analog Input

If you set H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Function Selection) or H3-05 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A3 Function Selection) to 6 (DC injection brake current), you can change the DC injection brake current level using the analog input.

At 10 V input (voltage) or 20 mA input (current), 100% of the Inverter rated current will be applied.





Using an Emergency Stop

Set a multi-function input terminal (H1- \square) to 15 or 17 (emergency stop) to decelerate to a stop at the deceleration time set in C1-09. If inputting the emergency stop with an NO contact, set the multi-function input terminal (H1- \square) to 15, and if inputting the emergency stop with an NC contact, set the multi-function input terminal (H1- \square) to 17.

After the emergency Stop Command has been input, operation cannot be restarted until the Inverter has stopped. To cancel the emergency stop, turn OFF the Run Command and emergency Stop Command.

Related Parameters

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | MEMO | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Emergency stop time | The deceleration time when the multi-function input "Emergency | 0.0 to | | | | | | | | |
| C1-09 | 紧急停止时间 | (fast) stop ⁻¹ is set to ON. This function can be used as a stopping method when a fault has been detected. | 6000.0 * | 10.0 s | No | А | Α | А | Α | Α | 208H |

* The setting range for acceleration/deceleration times depends on the setting of C1-10 (Acceleration/deceleration Time Setting Unit). If C1-10 is set to 0, the setting range is 0.00 to 600.00 (s).

Acceleration and Deceleration Characteristics

This section explains the acceleration and deceleration characteristics of the Inverter.

Setting Acceleration and Deceleration Times

Acceleration time indicates the time taken for the output frequency to climb from 0% to 100%. Deceleration time indicates the time taken for the output frequency to reduce to 0%. The factory setting of the acceleration time is C1-01, and the factory setting of the deceleration time is C1-02.

■Related Parameters

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| C1-01 | Acceleration time 1 | Sets the acceleration time to accelerate from 0 to the maximum output | | | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 200H |
| | 加速时间1 | frequency, in 1-second units. | | | | | | | | | |
| C1-02 | Deceleration time 1 | Sets the deceleration time to decelerate from the maximum output fre- | | | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 201H |
| | 减速时间1 | quency to 0, in 1-second units. | | | | | | | | | |
| C1-03 | Acceleration time 2 | The acceleration time when the multi-function input "accel/decel | | | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 202H |
| | 加速时间2 | time 1" is set to ON. | | | | | | | | | |
| C1-04 | Deceleration time 2 | The deceleration time when the multi-function input "accel/decel | | | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 203H |
| | 减速时间 2 | time 1" is set to ON. | 0.0 to | | | | | | | | |
| C1-05 | Acceleration time 3 | The acceleration time when the multi-function input "accel/decel | 6000.0 * | 10.0 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 204H |
| | 加速时间3 | time 2" is set to ON. | | | | | | | | | |
| C1-06 | Deceleration time 3 | The deceleration time when the multi-function input "accel/decel | | | No | А | А | А | А | А | 205H |
| | 减速时间3 | time 2" is set to ON. | | | | | | | | | |
| C1-07 | Acceleration time 4 | The acceleration time when the multi-function input "accel/decel | | | No | А | А | А | А | А | 206H |
| | 加速时间4 | set to ON. | | | | | | | | | |
| C1-08 | Deceleration time 4 | The deceleration time when the multi-function input "accel/decel | | | No | А | А | А | А | А | 207H |
| | 减速时间4 | time 1" and "accel/decel time 2" are set to ON. | | | | | | | | | , |
| C1-10 | Accel/decel time setting unit | 0: 0.01-second units | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | A | А | A | 209Н |
| | 加减速时间 单位 | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | itrol Me | ethods | i | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Accel/decel time switch- ing frequency | Sets the frequency for automatic acceleration/deceleration switching. Below set frequency: Accel/decel | | | | | | | | | |
| C1-11 | 切换频率 | Above set frequency: Accel/decel time 1 The multi-function input "accel/ decel time 1" or "accel/decel time 2" take priority. | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | Α | А | A | А | A | 20AH |
| C2-01 | S-curve char- acteristic time at accelera- tion start | | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.20 s | No | A | A | А | A | А | 20BH |
| | 加速开始 S 字 | All sections of the S-curve charac- | | | | | | | | | |
| C2-02 | S-curve char- acteristic time at accelera- tion end | teristic time are set in seconds units. When the S-curve characteristic time is set, the accel/decel times will increase by only half of the S- | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.20 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 20CH |
| | 加速结束 S 字 | and end. | | | | | | | | | |
| C2-03 | S-curve char- acteristic time at decelera- tion start | Run Command OFF Output ON frequency C2-02 C2-03 C2-01 C2-04 | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.20 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 20DH |
| | 减速开始 S 字 | Time | | | | | | | | | |
| C2-04 | S-curve char- acteristic time at decelera- tion end | | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.00 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 20EH |
| | 减速结束 S 字 | | | | | | | | | | |

The setting range for acceleration/deceleration times depends on the setting of C1-10 (Acceleration/deceleration Time Setting Unit). If C1-10 is set to 0, the setting range is 0.00 to 600.00 (s).

Setting Acceleration and Deceleration Time Units

Set the acceleration/deceleration time units using C1-10. Constant C1-10 is set to 1 at the factory.

| Set value | Details |
|-----------|---|
| 0 | The acceleration/deceleration time settings range is 0.00 to 600.00 in units of 0.01 s. |
| 1 | The acceleration/deceleration time settings range is 0.00 to 6000.0 in units of 0.1 s. |

Switching Acceleration and Deceleration Time Using Multi-Function Input Terminal Commands

Using the Inverter, you can set four acceleration times and four deceleration times. When the multi-function input terminals (H1- $\square\square$) are set to 7 (acceleration/deceleration time selection 1) and 1A (acceleration/deceleration time selection 2), you can switch the acceleration/deceleration time even during operation by combining the ON/OFF status of the terminals.

The following table shows the acceleration/deceleration time switching combinations.

| Acceleration/Decelera- tion Time Selection 1 Ter- minal | Acceleration/Decelera- tion Time Selection 2 Ter- minal | Acceleration Time | Deceleration Time |
|---|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| OFF | OFF | C1-01 | C1-02 |

| Acceleration/Decelera- tion Time Selection 1 Ter- minal | Acceleration/Decelera- tion Time Selection 2 Ter- minal | Acceleration Time | Deceleration Time |
|---|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| ON | OFF | C1-03 | C1-04 |
| OFF | ON | C1-05 | C1-06 |
| ON | ON | C1-07 | C1-08 |

Switching Acceleration and Deceleration Time Automatically

Use this setting when you want to switch acceleration/deceleration time automatically using the set frequency.

When the output frequency reaches the set value in C1-11, the Inverter switches the acceleration/deceleration time automatically as shown in the following diagram.

Set C1-11 to a value other than 0.0 Hz. If C1-11 is set to 0.0 Hz, the function will be disabled.





Adjusting Acceleration and Deceleration Time Using an Analog Input

If you set H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Function Selection) or H3-05 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A3 Function Selection) to 5 (acceleration/deceleration time gain), you can adjust the acceleration/deceleration time using terminal A2's input voltage.

The Inverter's acceleration time when the acceleration time has been set in C1-01 is as follows:

Acceleration time = C1-01 set value x acceleration/deceleration time gain



Fig 6.21 Acceleration/Deceleration Time Gain Using an Analog Input

Entering S-curve Characteristics in the Acceleration and Deceleration Time

By performing acceleration and deceleration using an S-curve pattern, you can reduce shock when starting and stopping the machine.

Using the Inverter, you can set an S-curve characteristic time for each of the following: Acceleration start time, deceleration start time, acceleration end time, and deceleration end time.



Set the S-curve characteristic time to lengthen acceleration/deceleration time as follows: Acceleration time = Selected acceleration time + (Acceleration start time S-curve characteristic time + Acceleration end time S-curve characteristic time) / 2 Deceleration time = Selected deceleration time + (Deceleration start time S-curve characteristic time + Deceleration end time S-curve characteristic time) / 2

Setting Example

The S-curve characteristic when switching operation (forward/reverse) is shown in the following diagram.



Fig 6.22 S-curve Characteristic during Operation Switching

Accelerating and Decelerating Heavy Loads (Dwell Function)

The dwell function stores the output frequency when starting or stopping heavy loads. By temporarily storing the output frequency, you can prevent the motor from stalling. When using the dwell function, you must select a deceleration stop. Set b1-03 (Stopping Method Selection) to 0.

■Related Parameters

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | thods | | МЕМО |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| b6-01 | Dwell fre- quency at start | | 0.0 to | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1B6H |
| | 起动暂停频 率 | Pur command ON | 100.0 | | | | | | | | |
| b6-02 | Dwell time at start 起动暂停时 | Output frequency | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.0 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1B7H |
| | 间 | | | | | | | | | | |
| b6-03 | Dwell fre- quency at stop | The dwell function is used to | 0.0 to | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1B8H |
| | 停止暂停频 率 | output frequency temporarily when driving a motor with a heavy | 100.0 | | | | | | | | |
| b6-04 | Dwell time at stop | load. | 0.0 to | 0.0 s | No | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 1B9H |
| 00-04 | 停止暂停时 间 | | 10.0 | 0.03 | 110 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 15)11 |



Preventing the Motor from Stalling During Acceleration (Stall Prevention During Acceleration Function)

The Stall Prevention During Acceleration function prevents the motor from stalling if a heavy load is placed on the motor, or sudden rapid acceleration is performed.

If you set L3-01 to 1 (enabled) and the Inverter output current exceeds the -15% level of the set value in L3-02, the acceleration rate will begin to slow down. When L3-02 is exceeded, acceleration will stop.

If you set L3-01 to 2 (optimum adjustment), the motor current accelerates to the value set in L3-02. With this setting, the acceleration time setting is ignored.

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Stall preven- tion selection during accel | 0: Disabled (Acceleration as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.) 1: Enabled (Acceleration | | | | | | | | | |
| L3-01 | 加速防止失速选 择 | stopped when L3-02 level is exceeded. Acceleration starts again when the current is returned.) 2: Intelligent acceleration mode (Using the L3-02 level as a basis, acceleration is automatically adjusted. Set acceleration time is disregarded.) | 0 to 2 | 1 | No | А | А | A | No | No | 48FH |
| L3-02 | Stall preven- tion level dur- ing accel 加速防止 失速值 | Effective when L3-01 is set to 1 or 2. Set as a percentage of Inverter rated current. Usually setting is not necessary. The factory setting reduces the set values when the motor stalls. | 0 to 200 | 150% | No | A | А | А | No | No | 490H |
| L3-03 | Stall preven- tion limit dur- ing accel 加速防止失速极 限 | Sets the lower limit for stall pre- vention during acceleration, as a percentage of the Inverter rated current, when operation is in the frequency range above E1-06. Usually setting is not necessary. | 0 to 100 | 50% | No | А | А | A | No | No | 491H |

Related Parameters

■Time Chart

The following figure shows the frequency characteristics when L3-01 is set to 1.



Fig 6.23 Time Chart for Stall Prevention During Acceleration

■Setting Precautions

- If the motor capacity is small compared to the Inverter capacity, or if the motor is operated using the factory settings, resulting in the motor stalling, lower the set value of L3-02.
- If using the motor in the constant output range, L3-02 will be automatically lowered to prevent stalling. L3-03 is the limit value to prevent the stall prevention level in the constant output range from being reduced more than necessary.
- Set the constants as a percent taking the Inverter rated voltage to be 100%.



Fig 6.24 Stall Prevention Level and Limit During Acceleration

Preventing Overvoltage During Deceleration (Stall Prevention During Deceleration Function)

The Stall Prevention During Deceleration function makes the rate of deceleration more gentle to suppress increases in DC bus voltage when the DC bus voltage exceeds the set value during motor deceleration.

This function automatically lengthens the deceleration time with respect to the bus voltage, even if the deceleration time has been set to a considerably small value.

If L3-04 is set to 1 or 2, when the main circuit DC voltage approaches the stall prevention level during deceleration, deceleration stops, and when deceleration falls below the level, is restarted. Using this operation, deceleration time is automatically lengthened. If L3-04 is set to 1, deceleration time returns to the set value, and if L3-04 is set to 2, deceleration is automatically adjusted to a faster deceleration time within the range of the stall prevention level during deceleration.

| | Name | | | Change | | MEMO | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| L3-04 | Stall preven- tion selection during decel 藏速防止失速选 择 | 0: Disabled (Deceleration as set. If deceleration time is too short, a main circuit overvoltage may result.) 1: Enabled (Deceleration is stopped when the main circuit voltage exceeds the overvoltage level. Deceleration restarts when voltage is returned.) 2: Intelligent deceleration mode (Deceleration rate is automatically adjusted so that the Inverter can decelerate in the shortest possible time. Set deceleration time is disregarded.) 3: Enabled (with Braking Resistor Unit) When a braking option (Braking Resistor, Braking Resistor Unit, Braking Unit) is used, always set to 0 or 3. | 0 to 3* | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 492H |

Related Constants

* The setting range for flux vector and open-loop vector 2 controls is 0 to 2.

Setting Example

An example of stall prevention during deceleration when L3-04 is set to 1 as shown below.



Fig 6.25 Stall Prevention During Deceleration Operation

■Setting Precautions

• The stall prevention level during deceleration differs depending on the Inverter capacity. Refer to the following table for details.

| | Inverter Capacity | Stall Prevention Level during Deceleration (V) |
|-------------|-------------------|--|
| 200 V Class | | 380 |
| 400 V Class | E1-01 ≥ 400 V | 760 |
| | E1-01 < 400 V | 660 |

- When using the braking option (braking resistor, Braking Resistor Units, and Braking Units), be sure to set constant L3-04 to 0 or 3.
- To decelerate at a shorter time than the deceleration time set when L3-04 is set to 0 with the braking option enabled, set L3-04 to 3.
- The setting of L3-04 is ignored for flux vector control or open-loop vector 2 control.

Preventing Overvoltage by Automatically Reducing the Regenerative Torque Limit (Overvoltage Inhibit Function)

The overvoltage inhibit function is a function that, by reducing the regenerative torque limit to a value less than its set value according to the main circuit voltage level, suppresses voltage rises with regenerative torque. Using this function means that if, for example, the main circuit voltage rises during deceleration, the regenerative torque limit will be reduced and so the deceleration rate will be reduced automatically, suppressing rises in the main circuit voltage.

This function is effective for suppressing overvoltages that occur during stabilization after an overshoot following sudden acceleration. This function differs from the stall prevention during deceleration function in this respect.

This function is enabled during vector control.

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | i | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| L3-11 | Overvoltage inhibit selection 0V 抑制功能 选择 | 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Used to enable or disable the function for inhibiting main cir- cuit overvoltages by reducing the regenerative torque limit accord- ing to the main circuit overvoltage level. If this function is enabled, when the main circuit voltage rises, operation will be performed with the regenerative torque less than the set value. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | A | А | A | 4C7H |
| L3-12 | Overvoltage inhibit voltage level 0V 抑制电压值 | Sets the main circuit voltage level for which the regenerative torque limit is restricted to 0. Usually, there is no need to change this setting. If main circuit overvoltages occur even with the overvoltage inhibit function | 350 to 390* | 380 V* | No | No | No | А | А | А | 4C8H |
| | | enabled, reduce this setting. | | | | | | | 1 | | |

■Related Constants

* These values are for a 200 V Class Inverter. For a 400 V Class Inverter, double the values.

Setting Precautions

When this function is enabled, if the main circuit voltage rises, the regenerative torque limit will decrease to a value less than its set value and so the motor will not rotate at the speed specified by the speed reference. Therefore, in applications where it is necessary to rotate the motor at the speed specified by the speed reference, disable this function and use a converter, a dynamic braking resistor, or a power regenerative unit to suppress rises in the main circuit voltage.

Adjusting Frequency References

This section explains methods of adjusting frequency references.

Adjusting Analog Frequency References

Gain and bias are among the constants used to adjust analog inputs.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| H3-01 | Signal level selection (ter- minal A1) | 0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 to 10 V [11-bit + polarity (positive/ | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 410H |
| | 端子 A1 信号选择 | negative) input] | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-02 | Gain (terminal A1) | Sets the frequency when 10 V is input, as a percentage of the maxi- | 0.0 to | 100.0 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 411H |
| | 端子 A1 增益 | mum output frequency. | 1000.0 | ,,, | | | | | | | |
| H3-03 | Bias (terminal A1) | Sets the frequency when 0 V is input, as a percentage of the maxi- | -100.0 to | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 412H |
| | 端子 A1 偏置 | mum frequency. | +100.0 | | | | | | | | |
| H3-04 | Signal level selection (ter- minal A3) | 0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 to 10 V [11-bit + polarity (positive/ | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 413H |
| | 端子 A3 信号电平 | negative) input] | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-05 | Multi-function analog input (terminal A3) function selec- tion | Select multi-function analog input function for terminal A3. | 0 to 1F | 2 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 414H |
| | 端子 A3 设定 | | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-06 | Gain (terminal A3) | Sets the input gain (level) when 10 V is input. | 0.0 to | 100.0 | Yes | А | А | A | А | A | 415H |
| | 端子 A3 增益 | selected from H3-05. | 1000.0 | % | | | | | | | |
| H3-07 | Bias (terminal A3) | Sets the input gain (level) when 0 V is input. | -100.0 to | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 416H |
| | 端子 A3 偏置 | selected from H3-05. | +100.0 | | | | | | | | |
| H3-08 | Signal level selection (terminal A2) | 0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 to 10 V 2: 4 to 20 mA (9-bit input). Switch current and voltage input using the switch on the control | 0 to 2 | 2 | No | А | А | A | А | A | 417H |
| | 瑞子 A2 信号选择 | panel. | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-09 | Multi-function analog input (terminal A2) function selec- tion | Select multi-function analog input function for terminal A2. | 0 to 1F | 0 | No | A | А | A | A | A | 418H |
| | m」 AL 仅正 | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | Change | | Con | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| H3-10 | Gain (terminal A2) | Sets the input gain (level) when 10 V (20 mA) is input. | 0.0 to | 100.0 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 419H |
| | 端子 A2 增益 | for the function set for H3-09. | 1000.0 | % | | | | | | | |
| H3-11 | Bias (terminal A2) | Sets the input gain (level) when 0 V (4 mA) is input. | -100.0 to | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 41AH |
| | 端子 A2 偏置 | for the function set for H3-09. | +100.0 | | | | | | | | |
| H3-12 | Analog input filter time con- stant | Sets primary delay filter time con- stant in seconds for the analog | 0.00 to | 0.03 | No | A | A | А | A | А | 41BH |
| | 模拟量滤波 时间 | Effective for noise control etc. | 2.00 | 3 | | | | | | | |

■Adjusting Analog Frequency Reference Using Constants

The frequency reference is input from the control circuit terminals using analog voltage and current.

If using frequency reference terminal A1 as an input terminal, perform adjustments using constants H3-02 and H3-03. If using multi-function analog input terminal A2 as a frequency reference terminal, perform adjustments using H3-10 and H3-11.

Adjustment can be made using H3-06 and H3-07 when multi-function analog input terminal A3 is used as a frequency reference terminal.



Fig 6.26 Terminals A1 and A2 Inputs

■Adjusting Frequency Gain Using an Analog Input

When H3-09 or H3-05 is set to 1 (frequency gain), you can adjust the frequency gain using the analog input terminal A2 or A3.



Fig 6.27 Frequency Gain Adjustment (Terminal A2 Input)

The frequency gain for terminal A1 is the product of H3-02 and terminal A2 gain. For example, when H3-02 is set to 100% and terminal A2 is set to 5 V, the terminal A1 frequency reference will be 50%.



Adjusting Frequency Bias Using an Analog Input

When constant H3-09 or H3-05 is set to 0 (add to terminal A1), the frequency equivalent to the terminal A2 or A3 input voltage is added to A1 as a bias.



Fig 6.28 Frequency Bias Adjustment (Terminal A2 or A3 Input)

For example, if H3-02 is 100%, H3-03 is 0%, and terminal A2 is set to 1 V, the frequency reference from terminal A1 when 0 V is input to A1 will be 10%.



When constant H3-09 or H3-05 is set to D (frequency bias 2), the frequency equivalent to the terminal A2 or A3 input voltage is added to A1 as a bias.

Operation Avoiding Resonance (Jump Frequency Function)

The jump frequency function operates the motor while avoiding resonance caused by characteristic frequencies in the machinery.

This function is effective in creating a frequency reference dead band.

During constant-speed operation, operation within the jump frequency range is prohibited. Smooth operation still used during acceleration and deceleration, i.e., jumps are not performed.

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| d3-01 | Jump fre- quency 1 | Set the center values of the jump frequencies in Hz. | | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 294H |
| | 禁止频率 1 | ting the jump frequency to 0 Hz. | | | | | | | | | |
| d3-02 | Jump fre- quency 2 | Always ensure that the following applies: | 0.0 to | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 295H |
| | 禁止频率 2 | Operation in the jump frequency $\frac{1}{2}$ | 400.0 | | | | | | | | |
| d3-03 | Jump fre- quency 3 | range is prohibited but during acceleration and deceleration, speed changes smoothly without | | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 296Н |
| | 禁止频率 3 | jump. | | | | | | | | | |
| d3-04 | Jump fre- quency width | Sets the jump frequency band- width in Hz. | 0.0 to | 1.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 297Н |
| | 禁止频率幅度 | jump frequency \pm d3-04. | 20.0 | | | | | | | | |

■Related Constants

The relationship between the output frequency and the jump frequency reference is as follows:



Fig 6.29 Jump Frequency

■Setting Jump Frequency Reference Using an Analog Input

When constant H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Function Selection) or H3-05 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A3 Function Selection) is set to A (jump frequency), you can change the jump frequency using the terminal A2 input level.



Fig 6.30 Jump Frequency Setting Using an Analog Input

■Setting Precautions

- Set the jump frequency according to the following formula: $d3-01 \ge d3-02 \ge d3-03 >$ Analog input.
- When constants d3-01 to d3-03 are set to 0 Hz, the jump frequency function is disabled.

◆ Adjusting Frequency Reference Using Pulse Train Inputs

The frequency reference can be adjusted when b1-01 (Reference Selection) is set to 4 (Pulse Train Input). Set the pulse frequency in constant H6-02 to 100% reference, and then adjust the gain and bias accordingly using H6-03 and H6-04.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | itrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| H6-01 | Pulse train input function selection | 0: Frequency reference 1: PID feedback value | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | А | A | A | A | A | 42CH |
| | 脉冲输入选择 | 2. FID taiget value | | | | | | | | | |
| H6-02 | Pulse train input scaling | Set the number of pulses in hertz, | 1000 to | 1440 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 42DH |
| | 脉冲输入比例 | taking the reference to be 100%. | 32000 | ΠZ | | | | | | | |
| H6-03 | Pulse train input gain | Set the input gain level as a per- cent when the pulse train set in | 0.0 to | 100.0 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 42EH |
| | 脉冲输入增益 | H6-02 is input. | 1000.0 | /0 | | l | | | | | |
| H6-04 | Pulse train input bias | Set the input bias when the pulse | -100.0 to | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 42FH |
| | 脉冲输入偏置 | | 100.0 | | | | | | | | |
| H6-05 | Pulse train input filter time | Set the pulse train input primary | 0.00 to | 0.10 | Ves | | | | Δ | Δ | 430H |
| 110-05 | 脉冲输入滤波时 间 | onds. | 2.00 | s | 105 | л | Α | Α | А | Α | 45011 |

The following diagram shows the method for adjusting the frequency reference using pulse inputs.



Fig 6.31 Frequency Reference Adjustments Using Pulse Train Inputs

Speed Limit (Frequency Reference Limit Function)

This section explains how to limit the motor speed.

Limiting Maximum Output Frequency

If you do not want the motor to rotate above a given frequency, use constant d2-01.

Set the upper limit value of the Inverter output frequency as a percent, taking E1-04 (Maximum Output Frequency) to be 100%.

Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| d2-01 | Frequency ref- erence upper limit | Set the output frequency upper limit as a percent, taking the max. | 0.0 to 110.0 | 100.0 % | No | А | А | А | А | А | 289H |
| | 频率指令上限 | output frequency to be 100%. | | | | | | | | | |

Limiting Minimum Frequency

If you do not want the motor to rotate at below a given frequency, use constants d2-02 or d2-03.

There are two methods of limiting the minimum frequency, as follows:

- Adjust the minimum level for all frequencies.
- Adjust the minimum level for the master speed frequency (i.e., the lower levels of the jog frequency, multistep speed frequency, and auxiliary frequency will not be adjusted).

■Related Constants

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| d2-02 | Frequency ref- erence lower limit | Sets the output frequency lower limit as a percentage of the maxi- | 0.0 to 110.0 | 0.0% | No | А | А | А | А | А | 28AH |
| | 频率指令下限 | mum output frequency. | | | | | | | | | |
| d2-03 | Master speed reference lower limit | Set the master speed reference lower limit as a percent, taking the max. output frequency to be | 0.0 to 110.0 | 0.0% | No | A | А | А | A | А | 293Н |
| | 主速指令下限 | 100%. | | | | | | | | | |

■Adjusting Frequency Lower Limit Using an Analog Input

If you set constant H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Function Selection) or H3-05 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A3 Function Selection) to 9 (frequency reference lower limit level), you can adjust the frequency lower level using the terminal A2 input level.



Fig 6.32 Output Frequency Lower Level for Multi-function Analog Input



If constant d2-02 and terminal A2 output frequency lower level have been set at the same time, the larger set value will become the frequency lower limit.

Improved Operating Efficiency

This section explains functions for improving motor operating efficiency.

Reducing Motor Speed Fluctuation (Slip Compensation Function)

When the load is large, the amount of motor slip also grows large and the motor speed decreases. The slip compensation function controls the motor at a constant speed, regardless of changes in load. When the motor is operating at the rated load, constant E2-02 (Motor Rated Slip) \times the frequency in constant C3-01 is added to the output frequency.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Con | itrol Me | thods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Slip compensa- tion gain | Used to improve speed accuracy when operating with a load. | | | | | | | | | |
| C3-01 | 滑差补偿增益 | Ostally setting is not necessary. Adjust this constant at the following times. When actual speed is low, increase the set value. When actual speed is high, decrease the set value. Used as the applicable control gain when using flux vector control. | 0.0 to 2.5 | 1.0* | Yes | A | No | А | А | No | 20FH |
| | Slip compensa- tion primary delay time | Slip compensation primary delay time is set in ms units. Usually setting is not necessary. | | | | | | | | | |
| C3-02 | 滑差补偿时间 | Adjust this constant at the following times. Reduce the setting when slip compensation responsive is slow. When speed is not stabilized, increase the setting. | 0 to 10000 | 200 ms * | No | Α | No | А | No | No | 210H |
| C3-03 | Slip compensa- tion limit | Sets the slip compensation limit as a percentage of motor rated | 0 to 250 | 200% | No | А | No | А | No | No | 211H |
| | 滑差补偿极限 | slip. | | | | | | | | | |
| C3 04 | Slip compensa- tion selection during regener- ation | 0: Disabled. 1: Enabled. When the slip compensation dur- ing regeneration function has been activated as reconstruction | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | ٨ | No | | No | No | 2121 |
| 03-04 | 再生滑差补偿 | capacity increases momentarily, it may be necessary to use a braking option (braking resistor, Braking Resistor Unit or Braking Unit.) | 0 01 1 | 0 | NO | А | NO | А | NO | NO | 21211 |
| C3-05 | Output voltage limit operation selection | 0: Disabled. 1: Enabled. (The motor flux will be lowered automatically | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | А | А | No | 213H |
| | 输出电压限制 | become saturated.) | | | | | | | | | |

* The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory settings are given.

■Adjusting Slip Compensation Gain

You can switch the C3-01 constant settings as shown below by changing the control method.

- V/f control: 0.0
- Open-loop vector control: 1.0
- Flux vector control: 1.0

Set C3-01 to 1.0 to compensate the rated slip set using the rated torque output status.

Adjust the slip compensation gain using the following procedure.

1. Set E2-02 (Motor Rated Slip) and E2-03 (Motor No-load Current) correctly.

You can calculate the motor rated slip from the values on the motor nameplate using the following formula.

Amount of motor rated slip (Hz) = Motor rated frequency (Hz) - No. of rated rotations $(min^{-1}.) \times No.$ of motor poles / 120

Set the values for rated voltage, rated frequency, and no-load current in the motor unladen current. The motor rated slip is set automatically in the vector control using autotuning.

- 2. In V/f control, set C3-01 to 1.0. Setting this constant to 0.0 disables slip compensation.
- 3. Apply a load, and measure the speed to adjust the slip compensation gain. Adjust the slip compensation gain by 0.1 at a time. If the speed is less than the target value, increase the slip compensation gain, and if the speed is greater than the target value, reduce the slip compensation gain.

For flux vector control, the slip compensation gain is used as the motor temperature compensation gain. When the motor temperate increases, the motor's internal constant increases, resulting in an increase in slip. If C3-01 is set, the amount of slip is adjusted as the temperature rises. Set C3-01 if the amount of torque varies with the temperature when using torque control or a torque limit. The larger the value of C3-01, the larger the compensation.

Adjusting Slip Compensation Primary Delay Time Constant

Set the slip compensation primary delay time constant in ms.

You can switch the factory settings as follows by changing the control method.

- V/f control: 2000 ms
- Open-loop vector control: 200 ms

Normally, there is no need to make these settings. When the slip compensation response is low, lower the set value. When the speed is unstable, increase the set value.

Adjusting Slip Compensation Limit

In C3-03, set the upper limit for the slip compensation amount as a percent, taking the motor rated slip amount as 100%.

If the speed is lower than the target value but does not change even when you adjust the slip compensation gain, the motor may have reached the slip compensation limit. Increase the limit, and check the speed again. Make the settings, however, to make sure that the value of the slip compensation limit and reference frequency does not exceed the tolerance of the machine.

The following diagram shows the slip compensation limit for the constant torque range and fixed output range.



Fig 6.33 Slip Compensation Limit

Selecting Slip Compensation Function During Regeneration

Set whether to enable or disable the slip compensation function during regeneration.

If the slip compensation function operates during regeneration, you might have to use the braking option (braking resistor, Braking Resistor Unit, and Braking Unit) to momentarily increase the regenerative amount.

Selecting Output Voltage Limit Operation

If output voltage saturation occurs while the output voltage limit operation is disabled, the output current will not change, but torque control accuracy will be lost. If torque control accuracy is required, change the settings to enable the output voltage limit operation.

If the output voltage limit operation is enabled, motor magnetic flux current is controlled automatically, and torque control accuracy is maintained to limit the output voltage references. Consequently, the output current will increase by approximately 10% maximum (with rated load) compared with when the output voltage limit operation is disabled, so check the Inverter current margin.

Setting Precautions

- If using the device at medium to low speed only, if the power supply voltage is 10% or more higher than the motor rated voltage, or if the torque control accuracy at high speeds is insufficient, it is not necessary to change the output voltage limit operation.
- If the power supply voltage is too low compared with the motor rated voltage, torque control accuracy may be lost even if the output voltage limit operation is enabled.

Compensating for Insufficient Torque at Startup and Low-speed Operation (Torque Compensation)

The torque compensation function detects that the motor load has increased, and increases the output torque.

V/f control calculates and adjusts the motor primary loss voltage according to the output voltage (V), and compensates for insufficient torque at startup and during low-speed operation. Calculate the compensation voltage as follows: Motor primary voltage loss \times constant C4-01.

Vector control separates the motor excitation current and the torque current by calculating the motor primary current, and controlling each of the two separately.

Calculate the torque current as follows: Calculated torque reference \times C4-01

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | thods | j | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Torque com- pensation gain | Sets torque compensation gain as a ratio. Usually setting is not necessary. | | | | | | | | | |
| C4-01 | 转矩补偿增益 | Adjust in the following circumstances: When the cable is long; increase the set value. When the motor capacity is smaller than the Inverter capacity (Max. applicable motor capacity), increase the set values. When the motor is oscillating, decrease the set values. Adjust the output current range at minimum speed rotation so that it does not exceed the Inverter rated output current. Do not alter the torque compensation gain from its default (1.00) when using the open-loop vector l control method. | 0.00 to 2.50 | 1.00 | Yes | А | А | А | No | No | 215H |
| | Torque com- pensation pri- mary delay time constant | The torque compensation delay time is set in ms units. Usually setting is not necessary. Adjust in the following circum- | 0. | | | | | | | | |
| C4-02 | 转矩补偿延迟时 间 | stances: When the motor is oscillating, increase the set values. When the responsiveness of the motor is low, decrease the set values. | 0 to 10000 | 20 ms * | No | A | A | A | No | No | 216H |

* The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory settings are given.

■Adjusting Torque Compensation Gain

Normally, there is no need to make this adjustment. Do not adjust the torque compensation gain when using open-loop vector control.

Adjust the torque compensation gain using V/f control in the following circumstances.

- If the cable is very long, increase the set value.
- If the (maximum applicable) motor capacity is smaller than the Inverter capacity, increase the set value.
- If the motor is vibrating, reduce the set value.

Adjust this constant so that the output current during low-speed rotation does not exceed the Inverter rated output current range.

Adjusting the Torque Compensation Primary Delay Time Constant

Set the torque compensation function primary delay in ms.

You can switch the factory settings as follows by changing the control method settings:

- V/f control: 200 ms
- V/f control with PG: 200 ms
- Open-loop vector control: 20 ms

Normally, there is no need to make this setting. Adjust the constant as shown below.

- If the motor is vibrating, increase the set value.
- If the motor response is low, decrease the set value.

Hunting-prevention Function

The hunting-prevention function suppresses hunting when the motor is operating with a light load. This function can be used in V/f and V/f with PG.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | [| Cor | ntrol Me | thods | , | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Hunting-pre- vention func- tion selection | 0: Hunting-prevention function disabled 1: Hunting-prevention function | | | | | | | | | |
| N1-01 | 防止失调功能 选择 | enabled The hunting-prevention function suppresses hunting when the motor is operating with a light load. This function is enabled in V/f control method only. If high response is to be given pri- ority over vibration suppression, disable the hunting-prevention function. | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | A | A | No | No | No | 580H |
| | Hunting-pre- vention gain | Set the hunting-prevention gain multiplication factor. | | | | | | | | | |
| N1-02 | 防止失调增益 | Normally, there is no need to make this setting. Make the adjustments as follows: If vibration occurs with light load, increase the setting. If the motor stalls, reduce the setting. If the setting is too large, the voltage will be too suppressed and the motor may stall. | 0.00 to 2.50 | 1.00 | No | А | А | No | No | No | 581H |
| N1-03 | Hunting-pre- vention time constant | Set the hunting-prevention pri- mary delay time in units of ms. | 0 to 500 | 10 ms* | No | А | А | No | No | No | 582H |
| | 防止失调时间 | | | | | | | | | | |

* The factory setting depends upon the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 v Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

Stabilizing Speed (Speed Feedback Detection Function)

The speed feedback detection control (AFR) function measures the stability of the speed when a load is suddenly applied, by calculating the amount of fluctuation of the torque current feedback value, and compensating the output frequency with the amount of fluctuation.

■Related Constants

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Speed feed- back detection control (AFR) gain | Set the internal speed feedback detection control gain using the multiplication function. Normally, there is no need to | | | | | | | | | |
| N2-01 | AFR 增益 | Adjust this constant as follows: If hunting occurs, increase the set value. If response is low, decrease the set value. Adjust the setting by 0.05 at a time, while checking the response. | 0.00 to 10.00 | 1.00 | No | No | No | А | No | No | 584H |
| N2-02 | Speed feed- back detection control (AFR) time constant | Set the time constant to decide the rate of change in the speed feed- back detection control. | 0 to 2000 | 50 ms | No | No | No | А | No | No | 585H |
| | AFK DJ HJ | | | | | | | | | | |
| N2-03 | Speed feed- back detection control (AFR) time constant 2 | Increase the setting if overvoltage (OV) failures occur at the comple- tion of acceleration or when the load changes radically | 0 to 2000 | 750 ms | No | No | No | А | No | No | 586H |
| | AFR 时间 2 | road enanges radically. | | | | | | | | | |

Machine Protection

This section explains functions for protecting the machine.

Reducing Noise and Leakage Current

The switching frequency of the Inverter's output transistor can be changed to reduce carrier noise and leakage current from the motor.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | Control Methods | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO BUS Regis- ter |
| C6-02 | Carrier fre- quency selection | Select carrier wave fixed pattern. Select F to enable detailed settings using | 1 to F *2 | 6 *1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | No *4 | 224H |
| | 载波频率选 择 | constants Co-03 to Co-07. | | | | | | | | | |
| C6-03 | Carrier frequency upper limit | Set the carrier frequency upper limit and lower limit in kHz units. The carrier frequency gain is set as fol- | 2.0 to 15.0 | 15.0 kHz | No | А | A | А | A | No | 225H |
| *3 | 载波频率上 限 | lows: With the vector control method, the upper limit of the carrier frequency is | *2 *5 | *1 | | | | | | | |
| C6-04 | Carrier frequency lower limit | fixed in C6-03. Carrier frequency 06-04 Output frequency x (C6-05) x K Output frequency x (C6-05) x K EI-04 frequency (Max. output frequency) K is a coefficient that depends on the setting of C6-03. C6-03 \geq 10.0 kHz: K = 3 10.0 kHz > C6-03 \geq 5.0 kHz: K = 2 5.0 kHz > C6-03: K = 1 | 0.4 to 15.0 | 15.0 kHz | No | A | A | No | No | No | 226H |
| 5 | 载波频率下 限 | | *2 *5 | *1 | | | | | | | |
| | Carrier fre- quency propor- | | | | | | | | | | |
| C6-05 *3 | tional gain 载波频率比 例增益 | | 00 to 99 | 00 | No | Α | А | No | No | No | 227H |
| C6-11 | Carrier fre- quency selection for open- loop vector 2 control | Select the carrier frequency when open- loop vector 2 control is used. 1: 2 kHz 2: 4 kHz 3: 6 kHz | 1 to 4 | 1 *1 | No | No *4 | No *4 | No *4 | No *4 | Q | 22DH |
| | 无 PG 矢量 2 载波 | 4: 8 kHz | | | | | | | | | |

* 1. The factory settings depend on the capacity of the Inverter. The values for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW are given.

* 2. The setting ranges depend on the capacity of the Inverter. The values for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW are given.

* 3. This constant can be monitored or set only when F is set for C6-02.

* 4. Displayed in Quick Programming Mode when motor 2 is set for a multi-function input.

* 5. The maximum output frequency depends on the setting for the carrier frequency (refer to page 6-43).

■Control Method and Carrier Frequency Settings

Carrier frequency settings are restricted as listed in the following table according to the control method selection.

| Control Method | Carrier Frequency | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| V/f control with or without a PG | 1: 2.0 kHz 2: 5.0 kHz 3: 8.0 kHz 4: 10.0 kHz 5: 12.5 kHz 6: 15.0 kHz F: Any setting* Detailed settings are available in C6-03, C6-04, and C6-05. | | | | | | |
| Open-loop vector 1 control or Flux vector control | 1: 2.0 kHz 2: 5.0 kHz 3: 8.0 kHz 4: 10.0 kHz 5: 12.5 kHz 6: 15.0 kHz F: Any setting* The upper limit of the carrier frequency is determined by C6-03. | | | | | | |
| Open-loop vector 2 control | 1: 2.0 kHz 2: 4.0 kHz 3: 6.0 kHz 4: 8.0 kHz | | | | | | |

* The upper limit of the carrier frequency depends on the Inverter capacity.

■Carrier Frequency Setting Precautions

When selecting the carrier frequency, observe the following precautions.

• Adjust the carrier frequency according to the cases shown below.

If the wiring distance between Inverter and motor is long: Set the carrier frequency low. (Use the following values as guidelines.)

| Wiring Length | 50 m or less | 100 m or less | Over 100 m | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| C6-02 (carrier frequency selection) setting | 1 to 6 (15 kHz) | 1 to 4 (10 kHz) | 1 to 2 (5 kHz) | | | |

If speed and torque are inconsistent at low speeds: Set the carrier frequency low. If leakage current from the Inverter is large: Set the carrier frequency low. If metallic noise from the motor is large: Set the carrier frequency high.

• When using V/f control or V/f control with PG, you can vary the carrier frequency according to the output frequency, as shown in the following diagram, by setting C6-03 (Carrier Frequency Upper Limit), C6-04 (Carrier Frequency Lower Limit), and C6-05 (Carrier Frequency Proportional Gain).





- With vector control, the carrier frequency is fixed to the Carrier Frequency Upper Limit in C6-03 if userset or by the carrier frequency set in C6-02.
- To fix the carrier frequency, set C6-03 and C6-04 to the same value, or set C6-05 to 0.
- If the settings are as shown below, OPE11 (Constant setting error) will occur. If Carrier Frequency Proportional Gain (C6-05) > 6 and C6-03 < C6-04.
- The Inverter overload current level can be reduced by the carrier frequency setting, and an OL2 (Inverter overload) may be detected even if the overload current is smaller than 150%. The reduction levels of the Inverter overload current are shown in the following figures.



Fig 6.35 Reduction Levels for V/f, V/f with PG, Open-loop Vector 1, and Flux Vector Control



For 400 V Class Inverters, the following limitations apply to the maximum output frequency that can be set for the carrier frequency settings.

| Carrier Frequency | 0.4 kHz | 1 kHz | 1.5 kHz* | 2 kHz | 3 kHz | 5 kHz | 8 kHz |
|--|---------|--------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|
| Maximum output frequency setting | 33 Hz | 83 Hz | 120 Hz | 166 Hz | 250 Hz | 400 Hz | 400 Hz |
| Applicable Inverter capacity CIMR-G7BDDDD | | 40P4 t | o 4300 | 40P4 to 4110 | 40P4 to 4075 | 40P4 to 4045 | |

* The factory setting for 400V 132kW and 220kW flax vector control (A1-02 = 3) is 1.5 kHz, for software version VSG123032 or later.

Limiting Motor Torque (Torque Limit Function)

The motor torque limit function is enabled with flux vector control and open-loop vector control.

In the open-loop vector control and flux vector control, the user-set value is applied to the torque limit by calculating internally the torque output by the motor. Enable this function if you do not want a torque above a specified amount to be applied to the load, or if you do not want a regeneration value above a specified amount to occur.

■Related Constants

| | Name | play Description | | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | Control Methods | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|----------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | | | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO BUS Regis- ter |
| L7-01 | Forward drive torque limit | | 0 to 300 | 200% | No | No | No | А | А | A | 4A7H |
| | 正转电动转 矩极限 | | | | | | | | | | |
| L7-02 | Reverse drive torque limit | Sets the torque limit value as a percent- age of the motor rated torque. Four individual regions can be set. Output torque Positive torque L7-04 Reverse Regenerative State L7-03 L7-02 Negative torque | 0 to 300 | 200% | No | No | No | А | А | А | 4A8H |
| | 反转电动转 矩极限 | | | | | | | | | | |
| L7-03 | Forward regenera- tive torque limit | | 0 to 300 | 200% | No | No | No | A | А | А | 4A9H |
| | 正转再生转 矩极限 | | | | | | | | | | |
| L7-04 | Reverse regenera- tive torque limit | | 0 to 300 | 200% | No | No | No | А | А | А | 4AAH |
| | 反转再生转 矩极限 | | | | | | | | | | |
| L7-06 | Integral time set- ting for torque limit | Set the integral time for the torque limit. When integral control is set for the torque limit, reduce this setting to increase the change in frequency for the | 5 to 10,000 | 200 ms | No | No | No | A | No | No | 4ACH |
| | 转矩限制时 间 | torque limit. | | | | | | | | | |
| L7-07 | Control method selection for torque limit during accelera- tion and decelera- tion 转矩极限控 制选择 | Select the control method for the torque limit during acceleration and decelera- tion. 0: Proportional control (integral control during constant speed) 1: Integral control Normally, this constant does not need to be set. | 0, 1 | 0 | No | No | No | А | No | No | 4С9Н |
Multi-function Analog Input (H3-05, H3-09)

| _ | | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Set- ting Value | Function | Contents (100%) | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 |
| 10 | Positive torque limit | Motor's rated torque | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 11 | Negative torque limit | Motor's rated torque | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 12 | Regenerative torque limit | Motor's rated torque | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 15 | Positive/negative torque limit | Motor's rated torque | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Note The forward torque limit is the limit value when the analog input signal generates forward torque. This torque limit setting is enabled even when the analog input signal generates forward torque while the motor is operating (regeneration).

Setting the Torque Limit in Constants

Using L7-01 to L7-04, you can set individually four torque limits in the following directions: Forward drive, reverse drive, forward regeneration, and reverse regeneration.

Set the Torque Limit Value Using an Analog Input

You can change the analog input level torque limit value by setting the torque limit in multi-function analog input terminals A2 and A3.

The analog input terminal signal level is factory-set as follows:

Multi-function analog input terminal A2: 4 to 20 mA Multi-function analog input terminal A3: 0 to 10

The following diagram shows the relationship between the torque limits.





Setting Torque Limits Using Constants and an Analog Input

The following block diagram shows the relationship between torque limit using constants and torque limit using an analog input.



Fig 6.38 Torque Limit Using Constants and an Analog Input

Selecting the Control Method for Torque Limit during Acceleration and Deceleration

L7-07 is used to select the control method for the torque limit during acceleration and deceleration. The selections are proportional control and integral control. For applications, such as presses, in which the torque limit will be reached during acceleration and deceleration, torque control can be given priority by selecting integral control. To increase the change in frequency for the torque limit when integral control is selected, decrease the value set for L7-06 (Integral Time Setting for Torque Limit).

■Setting Precautions

- When the torque limit function is operating, control and compensation of the motor speed is disabled because torque control is given priority. Therefore, the acceleration and deceleration times may increase or the number of motor rotations may decrease.
- When using the torque limit to raise and lower loads, do not carelessly lower the torque limit value, as this may result in the motor falling or slipping.
- Torque limits using an analog input are the upper limit value (during 10 V or 20 mA input) of 100% of the motor rated torque. To make the torque limit value during 10 V or 20 mA input 150% of the rated torque, set the input terminal gain to 150.0 (%). Adjust the gain for multi-function analog input terminal A2 using H3-10 and for multi-function analog input terminal A3 using H3-06.
- The torque limit accuracy is $\pm 5\%$ at the output frequency of 10 Hz or above. When output frequency is less than 10 Hz, accuracy is lowered.
- When the torque is limited while L7-07 is set to 1 (integral control), the acceleration and deceleration times may increase or the motor speed may not agree with the speed reference value.

Preventing Motor Stalling During Operation

Stall prevention during operation prevents the motor from stalling by automatically lowering the Inverter's output frequency when a transient overload occurs while the motor is operating at a constant speed.

Stall prevention during operation is enabled only during V/f control. If the Inverter output current continues to exceed the setting in constant L3-06 for 100 ms or longer, the motor speed is reduced. Set whether to enable or disable deceleration time using constant L3-05. Set the deceleration time using C1-02 (Acceleration time 1) or C1-04 (Acceleration Time 2).

If the Inverter output current reaches the set value in L3-06 - 2% (Inverter Rated Output Current), the motor will accelerate again at the frequency set or the acceleration time set.

| Con- stant Number | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | ; | МЕМО |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| L3-05 | Stall preven- tion selection during running 运行中防失速选 择 | 0: Disabled (Runs as set. With a heavy load, the motor may stall.) 1: Deceleration time 1 (the deceleration time for the stall prevention function is C1-02.) 2: Deceleration time 2 (the deceleration time for the stall prevention function is C1-04.) | 0 to 2 | 1 | No | А | А | No | No | No | 493H |
| L3-06 | Stall preven- tion level dur- ing running 运行中防止失速 值 | Effective when L3-05 is 1 or 2. Set as a percentage of the Inverter rated current. Usually setting is not necessary. The factory setting reduces the set values when the motor stalls. | 30 to 200 | 160% | No | А | А | No | No | No | 494H |

■Related Constants

Changing Stall Prevention Level during Operation Using an Analog Input

If you set H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Function Selection) or H3-05 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A3 Function Selection) to 8 (stall prevention level during run), you can change the stall level during operation by setting H3-10 (Gain (Terminal A2)) and H3-11 (Bias (Terminal A2)) or H3-06 (Gain (Terminal A3)) and H3-07 (Bias (Terminal A3).

The stall prevention level during operation enabled is the multi-function analog input terminal A2 or A3 input level or the set value in constant L3-06, whichever is the smaller.

Stall prevention level during operation







If the motor capacity is smaller than the Inverter capacity or the motor stalls when operating at the factory settings, lower the stall prevention level during operation.

Using Frequency Detection: L4-01 to L4-05

Set these constants when outputting one of the frequency agree or frequency detection signals from a multifunction output. When using flux vector control, the motor speed is detected.

Related Constants

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Con | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| L4-01 | Speed agree detection level | Set the speed that you want to detect in Hz. | 0.0 to | 0.0.11 | N | | | | | | 40011 |
| | 频率检出值 | so the speed is detected in forward or reverse. | 400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | A | A | 499H |
| L4-02 | Speed agree detection width | Set the speed detection range in | 0.0 to | 2.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 49AH |
| | 频率检出幅度 | 112. | 20.0 | | | | | | | | |
| L4-03 | Speed agree detection level (+/-) | Set the speed that you want to detect in Hz. Set positive values for forward. | -400.0 to | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 49BH |
| | 频率检出值 +- | negative values for reverse. | +400.0 | | | | | | | | |

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | MEMO | | | | |
|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| stant Number | Display | Description | Description Setting F. Range S | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| L4-04 | Speed agree detection width (+/-) | Set the speed detection range in | 0.0 to | 2.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | A | А | 49CH |
| | 频率检出幅度 +- | 112. | 20.0 | | | | | | | | |

■Constants and Output Signals

| User Constant Number | Name | Function |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| L4-01 | Speed agree detection level | Fref/Set Agree 1 Frequency Detection 1 Frequency Detection 2 Frequency Detection 5 |
| L4-02 | Speed agree detection width | Fref/Fout Agree 1 Fref/Set Agree 1 Frequency Detection 1 Frequency Detection 2 Frequency Detection 5 |
| L4-03 | Speed agree detection level (+/-) | Fref/Set Agree 2 Frequency Detection 3 Frequency Detection 4 |
| L4-04 | Speed agree detection width (+/-) | Fref/Fout Agree 2 Fref/Set Agree 2 Frequency Detection 3 Frequency Detection 4 |

Set the corresponding setting in the multi-function output (H2-01 to H2-05) to output the desired Fref/Fout Agree signal, Fref/Set Agree signal, or Frequency Detection signal.

| Function | Setting |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Fref/Fout Agree 1 | 2 |
| Fref/Set Agree 1 | 3 |
| Frequency Detection 1 | 4 |
| Frequency Detection 2 | 5 |
| Fref/Fout Agree 2 | 13 |
| Fref/Set Agree 2 | 14 |
| Frequency Detection 3 | 15 |
| Frequency Detection 4 | 16 |
| Frequency Detection 5 | 36 |



Timing Chart for Frequency Detection Operation



Detecting Motor Torque

If an excessive load is placed on the machinery (overtorque) or the load is suddenly lightened (undertorque), you can output an alarm signal to multi-function output terminal M1-M2, P1-PC, P2-PC, P3-C3, or P4-C4.

To use the overtorque/undertorque detection function, set B, 17, 18, 19 (overtorque/undertorque detection NO/ NC) in one of the following constants: H2-01 to H2-05 (multi-function output terminals M1-M2, P1-PC, P2-PC, P3-C3, and P4-C4 function selection).

The overtorque/undertorque detection level is the current level (Inverter rated output current 100%) in V/f control, and the motor torque (motor rated torque 100%) in vector control.

| Con- | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ol Methods Dpen scop 1 Flux Vec- tor Open Loop Vector 2 MB R R top top A A A 44 | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|--|------|----------------------|--|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | A 44 | BUS Regis- ter | |
| L6-01 | Torque detec- tion selection 1 | 0: Overtorque/undertorque detection disabled. 1: Overtorque detection only with speed agreement; operation continues after overtorque (warning). 2: Overtorque detected continuously during operation; operation continues after overtorque (warning). 3: Overtorque detection only with speed agreement; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). 4: Overtorque detected continuously during operation; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). 5: Undertorque detection only with speed agreement; operation continues after overtorque (warning). 6: Undertorque detected continuously during operation continues after overtorque (warning). 6: Undertorque detected continuously during operation; operation continues after overtorque (warning). 7: Undertorque detection only with speed agreement; output stopped upon detection only with speed agreement; output stopped upon detection only 8: Undertorque detected continuously during operation; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). 8: Undertorque detected continuously during operation; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). | 0 to 8 | 0 | No | A | А | A | A | А | 4A1H | |
| L6-02 | Torque detec- tion level 1 转矩检出 1 值 | Open-loop vector control: Motor rated torque is set as 100%. V/f control: Inverter rated current is set as 100%. | 0 to 300 | 150% | No | A | A | А | А | А | 4A2H | |

■Related Constants

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | itrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| 1.6-03 | Torque detec- tion time 1 | Sets the overtorque/undertorque | 0.0 to | 0.1 s | No | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 4 4 3H |
| 10-03 | 转矩检出 1 时间 | detection time in 1-second units. | 10.0 | 0.1 5 | 110 | | 11 | A | А | Λ | 4430 |
| L6-04 | Torque detec- tion selection 2 | Multi-function output for over- | 0 to 8 | 0 | No | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 44 4H |
| | 转矩检出 2 动作 | torque detection 1 is output to multi-function contact output | 0100 | | NO | А | Λ | | | | |
| L6-05 | Torque detec- tion level 2 | or overtorque detection 1 NC is selected. Multi-function output | 0 to | 150% | No | А | А | А | А | А | 4A5H |
| | 转矩检出2值 | for overtorque detection 2 is out- | 300 | | | | | | | | |
| L6-06 | Torque detec- tion time 2 | put when overtorque detection 2 NO or overtorque detection 2 NC | 0.0 to | 0.1 s | No | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Α | 446H |
| | 转矩检出 2 时间 | is selected. | 10.0 | 0.1 s 0 150% 0.1 s | 110 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 17 | -12 1011 |

Multi-function Output (H2-01 to H2-05)

| | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | |
|-----------------------|--|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 |
| В | Overtorque/undertorque detection 1 NO (NO contact: Overtorque/undertorque detection at ON) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 17 | Overtorque/undertorque detection 1 NC (NC Contact: Overtorque/undertorque detec- tion at OFF) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 18 | Overtorque/undertorque detection 2 NO (NO Contact: Overtorque/undertorque detection at ON) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 19 | Overtorque/undertorque detection 2 NC (NC Contact: Overtorque/undertorque detec- tion at OFF) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

■L6-01 and L6-04 Set Values and LCD Indications

The relationship between alarms displayed by the Digital Operator when overtorque or undertorque is detected, and the set values in L6-01 and L6-04, is shown in the following table.

| Set | | LCD Inc | dications |
|--------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Set Value | Function | Overtorque/ Undertorque | Overtorque/ Undertorque |
| | | Detection 1 | Detection 2 |
| 0 | Overtorque/undertorque detection disabled. | - | - |
| 1 | Overtorque detection only with speed matching; operation continues after overtorque (warning). | OL3 flashes | OL4 flashes |
| 2 | Overtorque detected continuously during operation; operation continues after overtorque (warning). | OL3 flashes | OL4 flashes |
| 3 | Overtorque detection only with speed matching; output stopped upon detec- tion (protected operation). | OL3 lit | OL4 lit |
| 4 | Overtorque detected continuously during operation; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). | OL3 lit | OL4 lit |
| 5 | Undertorque detection only with speed matching; operation continues after overtorque (warning). | UL3 flashes | UL4 flashes |
| 6 | Undertorque detected continuously during operation; operation continues after overtorque (warning). | UL3 flashes | UL4 flashes |
| 7 | Undertorque detection only with speed matching; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). | UL3 lit | UL4 lit |
| 8 | Undertorque detected continuously during operation; output stopped upon detection (protected operation). | UL3 lit | UL4 lit |

Setting Example

The following diagram shows the time chart for overtorque and undertorque detection.

• Overtorque Detection



* Overtorque detection disabled band is approximately 10% of the Inverter rated output current (or motor rated torque).

• Undertorque Detection



* The undertorque detection disabled margin is approximately 10% of the Inverter rated output current (or motor rated torque)

Changing Overtorque and Undertorque Detection Levels Using an Analog Input

If you set constant H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Function Selection) or H3-05 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A3 Function Selection) to 7 (overtorque/undertorque detection level), you can change the overtorque/undertorque detection level.

If you change the overtorque/undertorque detection level using the multi-function analog input, only overtorque/undertorque detection level 1 will be enabled.

The following diagram shows the overtorque/undertorque detection level using an analog input.



Fig 6.40 Overtorque/Undertorque Detection Level Using an Analog Input

Multi-Function Analog Input (H3-05, H3-09)

| | | | | Cont | rol Me | thods | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Set- ting Value | Function | Contents (100%) | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 |
| 7 | Overtorque/undertorque detection level | Motor rated torque for vector control Inverter rated output current for V/f control | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Motor Overload Protection

You can protect the motor from overload using the Inverter's built-in electronic thermal overload relay.

Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | itrol Me | ethods | ; | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Motor rated current | Sets the motor rated current in 1 A units. | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-01 | 电机额定电流 | These set values will become the reference values for motor protec- tion, torque limits and torque con- trol. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.32 to 6.40 *2 | 1.90 A *1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 30EH |
| | Motor 2 rated current | Sets the motor rated current in 1 A units. | | | | | | | | | |
| E4-01 | 电机额定电流 | These set values will become the reference values for motor protec- tion, torque limits and torque con- trol. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.32 to 6.40 *3 | 1.90 A *1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 321H |
| | Motor protec- tion selection | Sets whether the motor overload function is enabled or disabled at | | | | | | | | | |
| L1-01 | 电机保护功能选 择 | electric thermal overload relay. 0: Disabled 1: General-purpose motor protection 2: Inverter motor protection 3: Vector motor protection In some applications when the Inverter power supply is turned off, the thermal value is reset, so even if this constant is set to 1, protection may not be effective. When several motors are con- nected to one Inverter, set to 0 and ensure that each motor is installed with a protection device. | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 480H |
| L1-02 | Motor protec- tion time con- stant | Sets the electric thermal detection time in seconds units. Usually setting is not necessary. | | | | | | | | | |
| | 电机保护时间 | The factory setting is 150% over- load for one minute. When the motor's overload resis- tance is known, also set the over- load resistance protection time for when the motor is hot started. | 0.1 to 5.0 | 1.0 min | No | А | А | A | А | А | 481H |

* 1. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

* 2. The setting range is from 10% to 200% of the Inverter rated output current. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW is given. For the motor no-load current, set E2-03 to a value less than that of E2-01.

* 3. The setting range is from 10% to 200% of the Inverter rated output current. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW is given.

Multi-Function Outputs (H2-01 to H2-05)

| | | Control Methods | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | | | |
| 1F | Motor overload (OL1, including OH3) pre-alarm (ON: 90% or more of the detection level) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | |

■Setting Motor Rated Current

Set the rated current value on the motor nameplate in constants E2-01 (for motor 1) and E4-01 (for motor 2). This set value is the electronic thermal base current.

■Setting Motor Overload Protection Characteristics

Set the overload protection function in L1-01 according to the applicable motor.

The induction motor's cooling abilities differ according to the speed control range. Consequently, you must select the electronic thermal protection characteristics to match the applicable motor's tolerance load characteristics.

| L1-01 Set Value | Motor Type | Tolerance Load Characteristics | Cooling Ability | Electronic Thermal Operation (at 100% Motor Load) |
|-----------------------|---|--|---|--|
| 1 | General-purpose motor (standard motor) | (%) for time 60 s. (%) fo | Use this motor for operations using a commercial power supply. This motor construction yields best cooling effect when operating at 50/ 60 Hz. | When operating continu- ously at 50/60 Hz or less, motor overload detection (OL1) is detected. The Inverter outputs the error contact, and the motor coasts to a stop. |
| 2 | Inverter motor (constant torque) (1:10) | Short time 60 Boot time 60 Frame number Max. speed of 2004L min. Frame number Max. speed of 2004L min. Frame number Max. speed of 2004L min. Frame number Max. speed of 132 MJ Frame number Max. Speed of 132 MJ Rotation speed (%) | This motor yields a cooling effect even when operating at low speeds (approx. 6 Hz). | Operates continuously at 6 to 50/60 Hz. |

| L1-01 Set Value | Motor Type | Tolerance Load Characteristics | Cooling Ability | Electronic Thermal Operation (at 100% Motor Load) |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|
| 3 | Vector motor (1:100) | (e) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | This motor yields a cooling effect even when operating at extremely low speeds (approx. 0.6 Hz). | Operates continuously at 0.6 to 60 Hz. |

Setting Motor Protection Operation Time

Set the motor protection operation time in L1-02.

If, after operating the motor continuously at the rated current, a 150% overload is experienced, set the (hot start) electronic thermal protection operation time. The factory setting is resistance to 150% for 60 seconds.

The following diagram shows an example of the characteristics of the electronic thermal protection operation time (L1-02 = 1.0 min., operation at 60 Hz, general-purpose motor characteristics, when L1-01 is set to 1)





Setting Precautions

- If multiple motors are connected to one Inverter, set constant L1-01 to 0 (disabled). To protect the motor, install a thermal relay in the motor power cable, and perform overload protection on each motor.
- With applications where the power supply is often turned ON and OFF, there is a risk that the circuit cannot be protected even if this constant has been set to 1 (enabled), because the thermal value will be reset.
- To detect overloads in good time, set the set value in constant L1-02 to a low setting.
- When using a general-purpose motor (standard motor), the cooling ability will be lowered by $f^{1/4}$ (frequency). Consequently, the frequency may cause motor overload protection (OL1) to occur, even below the rated current. If operating using the rated current at a low frequency, use a special motor.

Setting the Motor Overload Pre-Alarm

If the motor overload protection function is enabled (i.e., L1-01 is set to other than 0) and you set H2-01 to H2-05 (multi-function output terminals M1-M2, P1-PC, P2-PC, P3-C3, and P4-C4 function selection) to 1F (motor overload OL1 pre-alarm), the motor overload pre-alarm will be enabled. If the electronic thermal value reaches minimum 90% of the overload detection level, the output terminal that has been set will be turned ON.

Motor Overheating Protection Using PTC Thermistor Inputs

Perform motor overheating protection using the thermistor temperature resistance characteristics of the PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient) built into the windings of each motor phase.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | ting Factory nge Setting | Change | | Cor | itrol Me | ethods | ; | МЕМО |
|-----------------|---|---|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Alarm opera- tion selection during motor overheating | Set H3-09 to E and select the operation when the input motor temperature (thermistor) input exceeds the alarm detection level (1.17 V). | | | | | | | | | |
| L1-03 | 0H3 检出动作 | 0: Decelerate to stop using the deceleration time in C1-02. 1: Coast to stop 2: Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09. 3: Continue operation (H3 on the Operator flashes). | 0 to 3 | 3 | No | Α | Α | A | A | А | 482H |
| | Motor over- heating opera- tion selection | Set H3-09 to E and select the operation when the motor temper- ature (thermistor) input exceeds | | | | | | | | | |
| L1-04 | 0H4 检出动作 | the operation detection level (2.34 V). 0: Decelerate to stop using the deceleration time in C1-02. 1: Coast to stop 2: Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09. | 0 to 2 | 1 | No | Α | А | А | А | А | 483H |
| L1-05 | Motor tempera- ture input filter time constant | Set H3-09 to E and set the pri- mary delay time constant for motor temperature (thermistor) | 0.00 to 10.00 | 0.20 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 484H |
| | 0H4 检出动作 | inputs in seconds. | | | | | | | | | |

■PTC Thermistor Characteristics

The following diagram shows the characteristics of the PTC thermistor temperature to the resistance value.



Fig 6.42 PTC Thermistor Temperature-Resistance Value Characteristics

Operation during Motor Overheating

Set the operation if the motor overheats in constants L1-03 and L1-04. Set the motor temperature input filter time constant in L1-05. If the motor overheats, the OH3 and OH4 error codes will be displayed on the Digital Operator.

Error Codes If the Motor Overheats

| Error Code | Details |
|------------|--|
| OH3 | Inverter stops or continues to operate, according to the setting in L1-03. |
| OH4 | Inverter stops according to the setting in L1-04. |

By setting H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Function Selection) or H3-05 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A3 Function Selection) to E (Motor temperature input), you can detect alarm OH3 or OH4 using the PTC temperature-resistance characteristics, and protect the motor. The terminal connections are shown in the following diagram. Set H3-08 [Signal level selection (terminal A2)] (H3-04 when A3 is used) to 0 (0 to + 10 V).



* When using terminal A2, set DIP switch S1-2 to OFF (0 to 10 V).

Fig 6.43 Mutual Connections During Motor Overheating Protection

Limiting Motor Rotation Direction

If you set motor reverse rotation prohibited, a Reverse Run Command will not be accepted even if it is input. Use this setting for applications in which reverse motor rotation can cause problems (e.g., fans, pumps, etc.)

■Related Constants

| Con- stant Number | Name | | | Change | | MEMO | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| b1-04 | Prohibition of reverse opera- tion | 0: Reverse enabled 1: Reverse disabled | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 183H |
| | 反转禁止选择 | | | | | | | | | | |



Continuing Operation

This section explains functions for continuing or automatically restarting Inverter operation using speed search even if an error occurs.

Restarting Automatically After Power Is Restored

Even if a temporary power loss occurs, you can perform estimated/current detection speed search using the speed search function (b3-01) and restart the Inverter automatically after power is restored to continue motor operation. To restart the Inverter after power has been restored, set L2-01 to 1 or 2. Make settings of L2-01 to L2-05 and b3-01 for related details of restarting.

• If L2-01 is set to 1:

when power is restored within the time set in L2-02, the Inverter will restart. If the time set in L2-02 is exceeded, alarm UV1 (main circuit undervoltage) will be detected.

• If L2-01 is set to 2:

when the main power supply is restored while the control power supply (i.e., power supply to the control panel) is backed up, the Inverter will restart. Consequently, alarm UV1 (main circuit undervoltage) will not be detected.

Related Constants

| | Name | | | Chang | Change | | Cor | trol Me | thods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Momentary power loss detection | 0: Disabled [main circuit undervoltage (UV1) detection] | | | | | | | | | |
| L2-01 | 瞬时停电动作选 择 | Enabled [Restarted when the power returns within the time for L2-02. When L2-02 is exceeded, main circuit undervoltage (UV1) is detected.] Enabled while CPU is operating. [Restarts when power returns during control operations. Does not detect main circuit undervoltage (UV1).] | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | A | A | A | A | A | 485H |
| L2-02 | Momentary power loss ride- thru time | Ridethrough time, when Momen- tary Power Loss Selection (L2- | 0 to 25.5 | 0.1 s *1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 486H |
| | 瞬时停电补偿时 间 | 01) is set to 1, in units of seconds. | | _ | | | | | | | |
| | Min. baseblock time | Sets the Inverter's minimum base- block time in units of one second, | | | | | | | | | |
| L2-03 | 最小 BB 时间 | when the Inverter is restarted after power loss ridethrough. Sets the time to approximately 0.7 times the motor secondary circuit time constant. When an overcurrent or overvolt- age occurs when starting a speed search or DC injection braking, increase the set values. | 0.1 to 5.0 | 0.2 s *1 | No | A | A | А | А | А | 487H |

| _ | Name | | | 1 | Change | | Cor | itrol Me | ethods | | MEMO | |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| stant Number | Display | Description | Display Description Setting Range | Setting Range | Setting Factory Range Setting | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| L2-04 | Voltage recov- ery time | Sets the time required to return the Inverter output voltage to nor- | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 电压恢复时间 | mal voltage at the completion of a speed search, in units of one sec- ond. Sets the time required to recover from 0 V to the maximum volt- age. | 0.0 to 5.0 | 0.3 s *1 | No | Α | А | А | А | А | 488H | |
| | Undervoltage detection level | Sets the main circuit undervoltage (UV) detection level (main circuit | | | | | | | | | | |
| L2-05 | PUV 检出值 | DC voltage) in V units. Usually setting is not necessary. Insert an AC reactor in the Inverter input side to lower the main circuit undervoltage detec- tion level. | 150 to 210 *2 | 190 V *2 | No | A | А | А | А | A | 489H | |

Note Attach a Backup Capacitor Unit for Momentary Power Loss if compensation for power interruptions of up to 2.0 seconds is required for 200 V/400 V Class Inverters with outputs of 0.4 to 7.5 kW.

* 1. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

* 2. These values are for a 200 V Class Inverter. For a 400 V Class Inverter, double the values.

Setting Precautions

- Error output signals are not output during momentary power loss recovery.
- To continue Inverter operation after power has been restored, make settings so that Run Commands from the control main circuit terminal are stored even while power is suspended.
- If the momentary power loss operation selection is set to 0 (Disabled), when the momentary power loss exceeds 15 ms during operation, alarm UV1 (main circuit undervoltage) will be detected.

Speed Search

The speed search function finds the actual speed of the motor that is rotating using inertia, and then starts smoothly from that speed. When restoring power after a temporary power loss, the speed search function switches connection from the commercial power supply, and then restarts the fan that is rotating using inertia.



- Speed search will be performed in the following cases.
 - When Momentary power loss detection (L2-01) is set to 1 or 2 (Enabled) and power is restored after a momentary power loss.
 - When Number of auto restart attempts (L5-01) is set from 1 to 10 and the auto restart is performed after a fault.
 - Multi-function contact inputs (H1-□□) are set to External search command (61, 62, or 64) and the command is sent.
 - Multi-function contact inputs (H1-□□) are set to External baseblock (8 or 9) and the release command is sent.
- The selected speed search type in b3-01, speed calculation or current detection, will be performed.

■Related Constants

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| b3-01 | Speed search selection (cur- rent detection or speed calcu- lation) | Enables/disables the speed search function for the Run Command and sets the speed search method. 0:Disabled, speed calculation 1: Enabled, speed calculation 2: Disabled, current detection 3: Enabled, current detection | | | | | | | | | |
| | 起动速度搜索 | Speed Calculation: When the search is started, the motor speed is calculated and acceleration/deceleration is performed from the calculated speed to the specified frequency (motor direction is also searched). | 0 to 3 | 2 *1 | No | А | А | А | No | А | 191H |
| | | Current Detection: The speed search is started from the frequency when power was momentarily lost and the maximum frequency, and the speed is detected at the search current level. | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-02 | Speed search operating cur- rent (current detection) | Sets the speed search operation current as a percentage, taking the Inverter rated current as 100%. Not usually necessary to set. When restarting is not possible | 0 to 200 | 100% *1 | No | А | No | А | No | А | 192H |
| | 速度搜索电流 | with the factory settings, reduce the value. | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-03 | Speed search deceleration time (current detection) | Sets the output frequency deceler- ation time during speed search in 1-second units. Set the time for deceleration from the maximum output frequency to | 0.1 to 10.0 | 2.0 s | No | А | No | А | No | No | 193H |
| | 技系减迷时间 | the minimum output frequency. | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-05 | wait time (cur- rent detection or speed calcu- lation) | Sets the magnetic contactor oper- ating delay time when there is a magnetic contactor on the output side of the Inverter. When a speed search is performed after recover- ing from a momentum party recover- | 0.0 to 20.0 | 0.2 s | No | A | А | А | А | А | 195H |
| | 搜索延迟时间 | the search operation is delayed by the time set here. | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-10 | Speed search detection com- pensation gain (speed calcula- tion) | Operation restarts at a speed obtained by multiplying the speed from the speed search by the com- pensation gain. Increase this setting if overvolt- ages occur when speed search is | 1.00 to 1.20 | 1.10 | No | A | No | А | No | А | 19AH |
| b3-10 | 搜索速度补偿增 益 | performed after a long baseblock, for example, in searches at star- tup. | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| b3-13 | Proportional gain of the speed estimator during speed search | Sets the proportional gain (PI con- trol) of the speed estimator during speed search taking the setting of N4-08 to be equivalent to a setting of 1.0. | 0.1 to | 1.0% | No | No | No | No | No | А | 19DH |
| | 速度推定比例增 益 | change this setting. If, however, the load inertia is large and over- voltages occur during the search, reduce this setting. | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-14 | Rotation direc- tion search selection | 0: Disabled (operates with speci- fied rotation direction) | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | А | No | А | 19EH |
| | 旋转方向搜索选 择 | tion direction found by search) | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-17 | Speed search retrial current level | Sets the current level to retry a speed search as a percentage, tak- ing the Inverter rated current as | 0 to 200 | 150% | No | А | No | А | No | А | 1F0H |
| | 搜索重试 I 值 | 100%. | | | | | | | | | |
| b3-18 | Speed search retrial detec- tion time | Sets the time for detection in a speed search retrial in units of | 0.00 to | 0.10 s | No | А | No | А | No | А | 1F1H |
| | 速度搜索检出时 间 | seconds. | 1.00 | | | | | | | | |
| b3-19 | Number of speed search retrials | Sets the number of times that a | 0 to 10 | 0 | No | А | No | А | No | А | 1F2H |
| | 速度搜索重试次 数 | speed search can be retried. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Min. baseblock time | Sets the Inverter's minimum base- block time in units of one second, | | | | | | | | | |
| L2-03 | 最小 BB 时间 | when the Inverter is restarted after power loss ridethrough. Sets the time to approximately 0.7 times the motor secondary circuit time constant. When an overcurrent or overvolt- age occurs when starting a speed search or DC injection braking, increase the set values. | 0.1 to 5.0 | 0.2 s *2 | No | A | A | А | А | А | 487H |
| | Voltage recov- ery time | Sets the time required to return the Inverter output voltage to nor- mal voltage at the completion of a | | | | | | | | | |
| L2-04 | 电压恢复时间 | speed search, in units of one sec- ond. Sets the time required to recover from 0 V to the maximum volt- age. | 0.0 to 5.0 | 0.3 s *2 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 488H |

* 1. The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 control factory settings are given.

* 2. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

Multi-function Contact Inputs (H1-01 to H1-10)

| Set- ting Value | | Control Methods | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | | | |
| 61 | External search command 1 (ON: Speed search from maximum output frequency) | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | | | |
| 62 | External search command 2 (ON: Speed search from set frequency) | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | | | |

Setting Precautions

- When both external search commands 1 and 2 are set for the multi-function contact terminals, an OPE03 (invalid multi-function input selection) operation error may occur. Set either external search command 1 or external search command 2.
- If speed search during startup is selected when using V/f control with PG, the Unit will start from the frequency detected by PG.
- If performing speed search using external search commands, add an external sequence so that the period when the Run Command and external search command are both ON is at the very least the Minimum Baseblock Time (L2-03).
- If the Inverter output is equipped with a contact, set the contact operation delay time in the Speed Search Wait Time (b3-05). The factory setting is 0.2 s. When not using the contact, you can reduce the search time by making the setting 0.0 s. After waiting for the speed search wait time, the Inverter starts the speed search.
- Constant b3-02 is a current detection speed search (current detection level for search completion). When the current falls below the detection level, the speed search is viewed as completed, and the motor accelerates or decelerates to the set frequency. If a motor overload (OL1) or an Inverter overload (OL2) occurs and the motor cannot restart, lower the set value.
- If an overcurrent (OC) is detected when using speed search after recovery following a power loss, lengthen the Minimum Baseblock Time (L2-03).
- If a main circuit over voltage (OV) is detected when using a current detection speed search after a momentary power loss, lengthen the Speed search detection time (b3-03).

■Application Precautions for Speed Searches Using Estimated Speed

- When using V/f control with or without a PG, always perform stationary autotuning for only line-to-line resistance before using speed searches based on estimated speeds.
- When using vector control, always perform rotational or stationary autotuning (not stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only) before using speed searches based on estimated speeds.
- If the cable length between the motor and Inverter is changed after autotuning has been performed, perform stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only again.



The motor will not operate when stationary autotuning or stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only is performed.

■Speed Search Selection

Set whether to enable or disable speed search at startup, and set the type of speed search (estimated speed or current detection) using setting b3-01. To perform speed search when inputting the Run Command, set b3-01 to 1 or 3.

| Search Name | Estimated Speed (b3-01 = 0 or 1) | Current Detection (b3-01 = 2 or 3) |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Search Method | Estimates the motor speed when the search starts, and accelerates and decelerates from the estimated speed to the set frequency. You can also search including direction of motor rota- tion. | Starts speed search from the frequency when the temporary power loss was detected, or from the highest frequency, and performs speed detection at the current level during the search. |
| External Speed Search Command | External search command 1 and external search command 2 become the same operation, estimating the motor speed and starting the search from the estimated speed. | External speed search command 1: Starts speed search from the maximum output frequency. External speed search command 2: Starts speed search from the frequency refer- ence set before the search command. |
| Application Precau- tions | Cannot be used multi-motor drives, motors two or more frames smaller than the Inverter capac- ity, and high-speed motors (130 Hz min.) | In control method without PG, the motor may accelerate suddenly with light loads. |

■Estimated Speed Search (b3-01 = 0 or 1)

The time chart for estimated speed searches is shown below.

Search at Startup (b3-01 = 1)

The time chart when speed search at startup or external speed search command of multi-function inputs has been selected is shown below.



Note: If the stopping method is set to coast to stop, and the Run Command turns ON in a short time, the operation may be the same as the search in case 2.

Fig 6.44 Speed Search at Startup (Estimated Speed)

Speed Search after Short Baseblock (during Power Loss Recovery, etc.) (b3-01 = 0)

The time chart when the Inverter operation is restarted after power has been restored is shown below.

• Loss Time Shorter Than the Minimum Baseblock Time (L2-03)





• Loss Time Longer Than the Minimum Baseblock Time (L2-03)





■Current Detection Speed Search (b3-01 = 2 or 3)

The time charts for current detection speed search is shown below.

Speed Search at Startup (b3-01 = 3)

The time chart when speed search at startup or external speed search command is selected is shown below.





Speed Search after Short Baseblock (b3-01 = 2)

The time chart when the Inverter operation is restarted after power has been restored is shown below.

· Loss Time Shorter Than Minimum Baseblock Time





· Loss Time Longer Than Minimum Baseblock Time





Continuing Operation at Constant Speed When Frequency Reference Is Lost

The frequency reference loss detection function continues operation using 80% speed of the frequency reference before loss when the frequency reference using a master speed analog input^{*} is reduced 90% or more in 400 ms.

When the error signal during frequency reference loss is output externally, set H2-01 to H2-05 (multi-function contact output terminal M1-M2, P1-PC, P2-PC, P3-C3, and P4-C4 function selection) to C (frequency reference lost).

* Frequency references using the following master speed analog inputs are used to detect a frequency loss.

Analog input using terminal A1

• Analog input using terminal A2 when H3-09 (Multi-function analog input terminal A2 function selection) is set to 0 (Add to terminal A1).

Related Constants

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| L4-05 | Operation when frequency refer- ence is missing 指令丧失动作 选择 | 0: Stop (Operation follows the frequency reference.) 1: Operation at 80% speed continues. (At 80% of speed before the frequency reference was lost) Frequency reference is lost: Frequency reference dropped over 90% in 400 ms. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 49DH |

Restarting Operation After Transient Fault (Auto Restart Function)

If an Inverter fault occurs during operation, the Inverter will perform self-diagnosis. If no fault is detected, the Inverter will automatically restart using the speed search function (b3-01). This is called the auto restart function.

Set the number of auto restarts in constant L5-01. A fault reset is attempted every 5 ms after a fault occurs and minimum baseblock time has passed. The number of auto restarts is counted when the Inverter attempts a fault reset and restarts operation. The protection function will operate if a fault continues to occur after auto restart-ing the number of times set in L5-01.

The auto restart function can be applied to the following faults. If a fault not listed below occurs, the protection function will operate and the auto restart function will not.

- OC (Overcurrent)
- GF (Ground fault)
- PUF (Fuse blown)
- OV (Main circuit overvoltage)
- UV1 (Main Circuit Undervoltage, Main Circuit Magnetic Contactor Operation Failure)*
- PF (Main circuit voltage fault)
- LF (Output phase failure)
- * When L2-01 is set to 1 or 2 (continue operation during momentary power loss)

- RH (Braking resistor overheated)
- RR (Braking transistor error)
- OL1 (Motor overload)
- OL2 (Inverter overload)
- OH1 (Motor overheat)
- OL3 (Overtorque)
- OL4 (Overtorque)

■Auto Restart External Outputs

To output auto restart signals externally, set H2-01 to H2-05 (multi-function contact output terminals M1-M2, P1-PC, P2-PC, P3-C3, and P4-C4 function selection) to 1E (restart enabled).

■Related Constants

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| 15.01 | Number of auto restart attempts | Sets the number of auto restart attempts. | 0 to 10 | 0 | Na | ٨ | ٨ | | ٨ | | 40511 |
| L5-01 | 故障重试次数 | Automatically restarts after a fault and conducts a speed search from the run frequency. | 0 10 10 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 49EH |
| 15.02 | Auto restart operation selec- tion | Sets whether a fault contact out- put is activated during fault restart. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | ٨ | ٨ | | ٨ | • | 40511 |
| L5-02 - | 故障重试接点动 作 | 1: Output (Fault contact is activated.) | 0 or 1 | 0 | INO | A | A | А | A | А | 49FH |

Application Precautions

- The number of auto restarts count is reset under the following conditions:
 - After auto restart, normal operation has continued for 10 minutes.
 - After the protection operation has been performed, and the fault has been verified, and an fault reset has been input.
 - After the power supply is turned OFF, and then ON again.
- Do not use the auto restart function with variable loads.

Operation Selection After Cooling Fan Fault

Use the constant setting to select the operation of the motor after a cooling fan fault occurs. This function can be used for times when a motor should not be stopped quickly (with an emergency stop.)

A cooling fan equipped for 200 V Class Inverters of 7.5 kW, 15 kW, and 30 to 110 kW, and 400 V Class Inverters of 5.5 to 15 kW and 55 to 300 kW.

Related Constants

| | Name | _ | | | Change | | MEMO | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| L8-32 | OH1 detection of Inverter's cooling fan OH1 检出选择 | 0: Disabled (FAN minor fault detection)1: Enabled (OH1 major fault detection) | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 4E2H |

The following table describes the operation of the motor and the display of the Digital Operator in accordance with the settings of the L8-32 if a cooling fan fault occurred.

| Setting Value | Fault | Digital Operator | Motor Operation | Multi-function Con- tact Output |
|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0 | Cooling Fin Overheating | OH1 (lit) | Coast to a stop | Fault |
| 0 | Inverter's Cooling Fan Fault | FAN (blink) | Continue operation* | Minor fault |
| 1 | Cooling Fin Overheating | OH (lit) | Coast to a stop | Fault |
| 1 | Inverter's Cooling Fan Fault | OH1 (lit) | Coast to a stop | Fault |

If L8-32 is set to 0, the motor will continue running even if a cooling fan fault occurred. However, the Inverter rated output current and the overload capacity will be reduced. The rated output current will be reduced to 80% if the normal rated output current is 100%, and the overload capacity will be reduced to the values as follows. When CT is selected: 100% per every 3 minutes, 150% per every 15 seconds When VT is selected: 100% per every 30 seconds, 120% per every 10 seconds



If L8-32 is set to 0, be sure to set H2-01 to H2-03 multi-function contact outputs to 10 (minor fault) or to 3D (Inverter's cooling fan fault.) If a cooling fan fault occurs, stop the Inverter immediately and replace the cooling fan. If the Inverter continues to run while a cooling fan fault occurs, the Inverter's cooling ability will be affected and the Inverter's internal temperature will increase and shorten the Inverter's life.

During a cooling fan fault, the cooling fan stops for about 3 seconds every minute (interval operation.)

Inverter Protection

This section explains the functions for protecting the Inverter and the braking resistor.

Performing Overheating Protection on Mounted Braking Resistors

Perform overheating protection on Inverter-mounted braking resistors (Model: ERF-150WJ DD).

When overheating in a mounted braking resistor is detected, an alarm RH (Mounted braking resistor overheating) is displayed on the Digital Operator, and the motor coasts to a stop.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| L8-01 | Protect selec- tion for internal DB resistor (Type ERF) 制动电阻保护 | 0: Disabled (no overheating protection) 1: Enabled (overheating protection) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 4ADH |

Multi-function Contact Outputs (H2-01 to H2-05)

| | | Control Methods | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | | | |
| D | Braking resistor fault (ON: Resistor overheat or braking transistor fault) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | |



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The most likely causes of RH (Mounted braking resistor overheating) being detected are that the deceleration time is too short or that the motor regeneration energy is too large. In these cases, lengthen the deceleration time or replace the Braking Resistor Unit with one with a higher breaking capacity.

Reducing Inverter Overheating Pre-Alarm Warning Levels

The Inverter detects the temperature of the cooling fins using the thermistor, and protects the Inverter from overheating. You can receive Inverter overheating pre-alarms in units of 1°C.

The following overheating pre-alarm warnings are available: Stopping the Inverter as error protection, and continuing operation, with the alarm OH (Radiation fins overheating) on the Digital Operator flashing.

Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | 5 | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Overheat pre- alarm level | Sets the detection temperature for the Inverter overheat detection | 50.4 | | | | | | | | |
| L8-02 | 过热预警检出值 | The pre-alarm in ⁴ C. The pre-alarm detects when the heatsink temperature reaches the set value. | 130 | 95 °C* | No | А | Α | А | Α | А | 4AEH |
| | Operation selection after overheat pre- alarm | Sets the operation for when the Inverter overheat pre-alarm goes ON. 0: Decelerate to stop in | | | | | | | | | |
| L8-03 | 过热预警动作 选择 | deceleration time C1-02. 1: Coast to stop 2: Fast stop in fast-stop time C1-09. 3: Continue operation (Monitor display only.) A fault will be given in setting 0 to 2 and a minor fault will be given in setting 3. | 0 to 3 | 3 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 4AFH |

* The factory setting depends upon the Inverter capacity. The value for 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

Input Terminal Functions

This section explains input terminal functions, which set operating methods by switching functions for the multi-function contact input terminals (S3 to S12).

Temporarily Switching Operation between Digital Operator and Control **Circuit Terminals**

You can switch the Inverter Run Command inputs and frequency reference inputs between local (i.e., Digital Operator) and remote (input method using b1-01 and b1-02).

You can switch between local and remote by turning ON and OFF the terminals if an output from H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminal S3 to S12 function selection) has been set to 1 (local/remote selection).

To set the control circuit terminals to remote, set b1-01 and b1-02 to 1 (Control circuit terminals).

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | , | MEMO |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Reference selection | Set the frequency reference input method. | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-01 | 频率指令选择 | 0: Digital Operator 1: Control circuit terminal (analog input) 2: MEMOBUS communications 3: Option board 4: Pulse train input | 0 to 4 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 180H |
| | Operation method selec- tion | Set the Run Command input method. 0: Digital Operator | | | | 0 | | | 0 | | 10111 |
| b1-02 | 运行指令选择 | 1: Control circuit terminal (sequence input) 2: MEMOBUS communications 3: Option board | 0 to 3 | I | NO | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 181H |

■Related Constants



You can also perform local/remote switching using the LOCAL/REMOTE Key on the Digital Operator. When the local/remote function has been set in the external terminals, the LOCAL/REMOTE Key function on the Digital Operator will be disabled.

Blocking Inverter Outputs (Baseblock Commands)

Set 8 or 9 (Baseblock command NO/NC) in one of the constants H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminal S3 to S12 function selection) to perform baseblock commands using the terminal's ON/OFF operation, and prohibit Inverter output using the baseblock commands. At this time, the motor will be coasting and "BB" will blink on the Digital Operator.

Clear the baseblock command to restart the operating using speed search from frequency references from the previous baseblock command input.

Multi-function Contact Inputs (H1-01 to H1-10)

| | | | Control Methods | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | |
| 8 | External baseblock NO (NO contact: Baseblock at ON) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | |
| 9 | External baseblock NC (NC contact: Baseblock at OFF) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | |

■Time Chart

The time chart when using baseblock commands is shown below.



Fig 6.50 Baseblock Commands



If using baseblock commands with a variable load, do not frequently input baseblock commands during operation, as this may cause the motor to suddenly start coasting, and may result in the motor falling or slipping.

Stopping Acceleration and Deceleration (Acceleration/Deceleration Ramp Hold)

The acceleration/deceleration ramp hold function stops acceleration and deceleration, stores the output frequency at that point in time, and then continues operation.

Set one of the constants H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminal S3 to S12 function selection) to A (acceleration/deceleration ramp hold) to stop acceleration and deceleration when the terminal is turned ON and to store the output frequency at that point in time. Acceleration and deceleration will restart when the terminal is turned OFF.

If d4-01 is set to 1 and the Acceleration/Deceleration Ramp Hold command is input, the output frequency is still stored even after the power supply is turned OFF.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| d4-01 | Frequency ref- erence hold function selec- tion 频率保持功能 | Sets whether or not frequencies on hold will be recorded. 0: Disabled (when operation is stopped or the power is turned on again starts at 0.) 1: Enabled (when operation is stopped or the power is turned on again starts at the previous hold frequency.) This function is available when the multi-function inputs "accel/ decel Ramp Hold" or "up/down" commands are set. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | A | A | A | 298Н |

■Time Chart

The time chart when using Acceleration/Deceleration Ramp Hold commands is given below.



Fig 6.51 Acceleration/Deceleration Ramp Hold

■Application Precautions

- When d4-01 is set to 1, the output frequency on hold is stored even after the power supply is turned OFF. If performing operations using this frequency after the Inverter has also been turned OFF, input the Run Command with the Acceleration/Deceleration Ramp Hold turned ON.
- When d4-01 is set to 0 and a Run Command is input while the Acceleration/Deceleration Ramp Hold is turned ON, the output frequency will be set to zero.
- If you input an Acceleration/Deceleration Ramp Hold command by error when decelerating during positioning, deceleration may be canceled.

Raising and Lowering Frequency References Using Contact Signals (UP/ DOWN)

The UP and DOWN commands raise and lower Inverter frequency references by turning ON and OFF a multifunction contact input terminal S3 to S7.

To use this function, set one of the constants H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminal S3 to S12 function selection) to 10 (UP command) and 11 (DOWN command). Be sure to allocate two terminals so that the UP and DOWN commands can be used as a pair.

The output frequency depends on the acceleration and deceleration time. Be sure to set b1-02 (Run Command selection) to 1 (Control circuit terminal).

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Con | itrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| d2-01 | Frequency ref- erence upper limit | Set the output frequency upper limit as a percent, taking the max. | 0.0 to 110.0 | 100.0 % | No | А | А | А | А | А | 289H |
| | 频率指令上限 | - output frequency to be 100%. | | | | | | | | | |
| d2-02 | Frequency ref- erence lower limit | Sets the output frequency lower limit as a percentage of the maxi- | 0.0 to 110.0 | 0.0% | No | А | А | А | А | А | 28AH |
| | 频率指令下限 | mum output frequency. | | | | | | | | | |
| d2-03 | Master speed reference lower limit | Set the master speed reference lower limit as a percent, taking the max. output frequency to be | 0.0 to 110.0 | 0.0% | No | A | А | А | А | А | 293Н |
| Ē | 主速指令下限 | 100%. | | | | | | | | | |

■Related Constants

Precautions

When setting and using UP and DOWN commands, observe the following precautions.

Setting Precautions

If multi-function input terminals S3 to S12 are set as follows, operation error OPE03 (Invalid multi-function input selection) will occur:

- Only either the UP command or DOWN command has been set.
- UP/DOWN commands and Acceleration/Deceleration Ramp Hold have been allocated at the same time.

Application Precautions

- Frequency outputs using UP/DOWN commands are limited by the frequency reference upper and lower limits set in constants d2-01 to d2-03. Here, frequency references from analog frequency reference terminal A1 becomes the frequency reference lower limit. If using a combination of the frequency reference from terminal A1 and the frequency reference lower limit set in either constant d2-02 or d2-03, the larger lower limit will become the frequency reference lower limit.
- If inputting the Run Command when using UP/DOWN commands, the output frequency accelerates to the frequency reference lower limit.
- When using UP/DOWN commands, multi-step operations are disabled.
- When d4-01 (Frequency Reference Hold Function Selection) is set to 1, the frequency reference held using the UP/DOWN functions is stored even after the power supply is turned OFF. When the power supply is turned ON and the Run Command is input, the motor accelerates to the frequency reference that has been stored. To reset (i.e., to 0 Hz) the stored frequency reference, turn ON the UP or DOWN command while the Run Command is OFF.

■Connection Example and Time Chart

The time chart and settings example when the UP command is allocated to the multi-function contact input terminal S3, and the DOWN command is allocated to terminal S4, are shown below.

| Constant | Name | Set Value | | |
|----------|------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| H1-01 | Multi-function input (terminal S3) | 10 | | |
| H1-02 | Multi-function input (terminal S4) | 11 | | |



Fig 6.52 Connection Example when UP/DOWN Commands Are Allocated



Fig 6.53 UP/DOWN Commands Time Chart

6

Accelerating and Decelerating Constant Frequencies in the Analog References (+/- Speed)

The +/- speed function increments or decrements the frequency set in analog frequency reference d4-02 (+/- Speed Limit) using two contact signal inputs.

To use this function, set One of the constants H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact terminal inputs S3 to S12 function selection) to 1C (Trim Control Increase command) and 1D (Trim Control Decrease command). Be sure to allocate two terminals so that the Trim Control Increase command and Trim Control Decrease command can be used as a pair.

Related Constants

| Con- stant Number | Name | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | Control Methods | | | | MEMO | |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| | Display | | | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | + - Speed limits | Set the frequency to be add to or | | | | | | | | | |
| d4-02 | + - 加减速极限 | subtracted from the analog fre- quency reference as a percent, taking the maximum output fre- quency to be 100%. Enabled when the increase (+) speed command or decrease (-) speed command is set for a multi- function input. | 0 to 100 | 10% | No | Α | Α | А | А | Α | 299H |

■Trim Control Increase/Decrease Command and Frequency Reference

The frequency references using Trim Control Increase/Decrease command ON/OFF operations are shown below.

| Frequency Reference | Set Frequency Reference + d4-02 | Set Frequency Reference - d4-02 | Set Frequency Command | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|
| Trim Control Increase Command Terminal ON | | OFF | ON | OFF |
| Trim Control Decrease Command Terminal | OFF | ON | ON | OFF |

■Application Precautions

- Trim Control Increase/Decrease command is enabled when speed reference > 0 and the speed reference is from an analog input.
- When the analog frequency reference value d4-02 < 0, the frequency reference is set to 0.
- If only the Trim Control Increase command or Trim Control Decrease command has been set for a multifunction contact input terminal S3 to S12, operation error OPE03 (invalid multi-function input selected) will occur.
Hold Analog Frequency Using User-set Timing

When one of H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminal S3 to S12 function selection) is set to 1E (sample/hold analog frequency command), the analog frequency reference will be held from 100 ms after the terminal is turned ON, and operation will continue thereafter at that frequency.

The analog value 100 ms after the command is turned ON is used as the frequency reference.



Fig 6.54 Sample/Hold Analog Frequency

Precautions

When setting and executing sample and hold for analog frequency references, observe the following precautions.

Setting Precautions

When using sample/hold of analog frequency reference, you cannot use the following commands at the same time. If these commands are used at the same time, operation error OPE03 (invalid multi-function input selection) will occur.

- · Acceleration/Deceleration Ramp Hold command
- UP/DOWN command
- Trim Control Increase/Decrease command

Application Precautions

- When performing sample/hold of analog frequency references, be sure to store references of 100 ms minimum. If the reference time is less than 100 ms, the frequency reference will not be held.
- The analog frequency reference that is held will be deleted when the power supply is turned OFF.

Switching Operations between a Communications Option Board and Control Circuit Terminals

You can switch reference input between the Communications Option Board and the control circuit terminals. Set one of the constants H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminal S3 to S12 function selection) to 2 (Option/Inverter selection) to enable switching reference input using the terminal ON/OFF status when the Inverter is stopped.

■Setting Precautions

To switch command inputs between the Communications Option Board and the control circuit terminals, set the following constants.

- Set b1-01 (Reference Selection) to 1 [Control circuit terminal (analog input)]
- Set b1-02 (Operation Method Selection to 1 [Control circuit terminal (sequence inputs)]
- Set one of the constants H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminal S3 to S12 function selection) to 2 (Option/Inverter selection).

| Terminal Status | Frequency Reference and Run Command Selection |
|-----------------|---|
| OFF | Inverter (Can be operated from frequency reference or control circuit terminal from analog input termi- nal.) |
| ON | Communications Option Board (Frequency reference and Run Command are enabled from Communications Option Board.) |

Jog Frequency Operation without Forward and Reverse Commands (FJOG/RJOG)

The FJOG/RJOG command functions operate the Inverter using jog frequencies by using the terminal ON/ OFF operation. When using the FJOG/RJOG commands, there is no need to input the Run Command.

To use this function, set one of the constants H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminal S3 to S12 function selection) to 12 (FJOG command) or 13 (RJOG command).

Related Constants

| | Name | play Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change . during Opera- tion | | MEMO | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | | | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| d1-17 | Jog frequency reference | The frequency reference when the jog frequency reference selec- tion, FJOG command, or RJOG | 0 to 400.00 * | 6.00 Hz | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 292H |

Note The unit is set in o1-03 (Frequency units of reference setting and monitor). The default for o1-03 is 0 (increments of 0.01 Hz).

* The setting range for open-loop vector 2 control is 0 to 132.0.

Multi-Function Contact Inputs (H1-01 to H1-10)

| | | Control Methods | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | | |
| 12 | FJOG command (ON: Forward run at jog frequency d1-17) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| 13 | RJOG command (ON: Reverse run at jog frequency d1-17) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |

Application Precautions

- Jog frequencies using FJOG and RJOG commands are given priority over other frequency references.
- When both FJOG command and RJOG commands are ON for 500 ms or longer at the same time, the Inverter stops according to the setting in b1-03 (stopping method selection).

Stopping the Inverter by Notifying Programming Device Errors to the Inverter (External Fault Function)

The external fault function performs the error contact output, and stops the Inverter operation if the Inverter peripheral devices break down or an error occurs. The digital operator will display EFx (External fault [input terminal Sx]). The x in EFx shows the terminal number of the terminal that input the external fault signal. For example, if an external fault signal is input to terminal S3, EF3 will be displayed.

To use the external fault function, set one of the values 20 to 2F in one of the constants H1-01 to H1-10 (multifunction contact input terminal S3 to S12 function selection).

Select the value to be set in H1-01 to H1-10 from a combination of any of the following three conditions.

- Signal input level from peripheral devices
- External fault detection method
- Operation during external fault detection

The following table shows the relationship between the combinations of conditions and the set value in H1- $\Box\Box$.

| Set | Input (See N | Level lote 1.) | Error Detec (See N | tion Method lote 2.) | Оре | Operation During Error Detection | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Value | NO Con- tact | NC Con- tact | Constant Detection | Detection During Operation | Deceler- ate to Stop (Error) | Coast to Stop (Error) | Emer- gency Stop (Error) | Continue Operation (Warning) | | | |
| 20 | Yes | | Yes | | Yes | | | | | | |
| 21 | | Yes | Yes | | Yes | | | | | | |
| 22 | Yes | | | Yes | Yes | | | | | | |
| 23 | | Yes | | Yes | Yes | | | | | | |
| 24 | Yes | | Yes | | | Yes | | | | | |
| 25 | | Yes | Yes | | | Yes | | | | | |
| 26 | Yes | | | Yes | | Yes | | | | | |
| 27 | | Yes | | Yes | | Yes | | | | | |
| 28 | Yes | | Yes | | | | Yes | | | | |
| 29 | | Yes | Yes | | | | Yes | | | | |
| 2A | Yes | | | Yes | | | Yes | | | | |
| 2B | | Yes | | Yes | | | Yes | | | | |
| 2C | Yes | | Yes | | | | | Yes | | | |
| 2D | | Yes | Yes | | | | | Yes | | | |
| 2E | Yes | | | Yes | | | | Yes | | | |
| 2F | | Yes | | Yes | | | | Yes | | | |

Note 1. Set the input level to detect errors using either signal ON or signal OFF. (NO contact: External fault when ON; NC contact: External fault when OFF).

2. Set the detection method to detect errors using either constant detection or detection during operation.

Constant detection: Detects while power is supplied to the Inverter. Detection during operation: Detects only during Inverter operation.

Output Terminal Functions

The output terminal function, which sets the output methods by switching the functions of the multi-function output terminals (M1-M2, P1-PC, P2-PC, P3-C3, and P4-C4), is described here.

During Run (Setting: 0)

| OFF | The Run Command is OFF and there is not output voltage. |
|-----|---|
| ON | The Run Command is ON or a voltage is being output. |

During Run 2 (Setting: 37)

| OFF | The Inverter is not outputting a frequency. (Baseblock, DC injection braking, initial excitation, or stopped) |
|-----|---|
| ON | The Inverter is outputting a frequency. |

• These outputs can be used to indicate the Inverter's operating status.



Fig 6.55 Timing Chart for "During RUN" Output

Zero-speed (Setting: 1)

| OFF | The output frequency is greater than the minimum output frequency (E1-09). (With flux vector control, is greater than the zero-speed level (b2-01).) |
|-----|---|
| ON | The output frequency is less than the minimum output frequency (E1-09). (With flux vector control, is less than the zero-speed level (b2-01).) |





Motor Overload (OL1) Pre-alarm (Setting: 1F)

| OFF | The motor protection function's electronic thermal value is less than 90% of the detection level. |
|-----|--|
| ON | The motor protection function's electronic thermal value is greater than 90% of the detection level. |

• This output function is valid when the motor overload protection function is enabled (L1-01 =1).

• This output can be used to warn of overheating before the protection function itself operates.

Inverter Overheat (OH) Pre-alarm (Setting: 20)

| OFF | The cooling fin temperature is less than the "OH Pre-Alarm Level" set in L8-02. |
|-----|---|
| ON | The cooling fin temperature exceeds the "OH Pre-Alarm Level" set in L8-02. |

• This output function indicates that the temperature of the cooling fins reaches the temperature set in L8-02 (the Inverter overheating alarm detection level).

Speed reference limit (Setting: 31)

| OFF | Other than ON condition |
|-----|---|
| ON | Enables the speed reference limit in the following conditions (During flux vector control method): 1. Frequency reference ≥ Frequency reference upper limit (d2-01) Frequency reference ≤ Frequency reference lower limit (d2-02) Frequency reference ≥ Output frequency lower limit of the multi-function analog input (Setting: 9) 2. The frequency reference is less than the Min. output frequency (E1-09), and b1-05 is set to 1, 2, or 3. |

Zero-servo End (Setting: 33)

| OFF | The zero-servo command isn't being input or zero-servo position control hasn't been completed. |
|-----|--|
| ON | The position has been brought within the zero-servo completion width (b9-02) after the zero-servo command was input. |

• This output function indicates that zero-servo position control has been completed.

• The output is turned ON after the zero-servo command is input and the difference between the zero-servo operation starting position and the current position is within the zero-servo completion width (b9-02).

Monitor Constants

This section explains the analog monitor and pulse monitor constants.

Using the Analog Monitor Constants

This section explains the analog monitor constants.

■Related Constants

| Name | | | | | Change | | MEMO | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| H4-01 | Monitor selec- tion (terminal FM) | Sets the number of the monitor item to be output $(U1-\Box\Box)$ from terminal FM. 4 10 to 14 25 28 34 39 40 can- | 1 to 45 | 2 | No | А | А | A | А | A | 41DH |
| | 端子 FM 设定 | not be set. 29 to 31 and 41 are not used. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Gain (terminal FM) | Sets the multi-function analog output 1 voltage level gain. | | | | | | | | | |
| H4-02 | 端子 FM 增益 | output will be output in multiples of 10 V. The maximum output from the terminal is 10 V. A meter calibra- tion function is available. | 0.00 to 2.50 | 1.00 | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 41EH |
| | Bias (terminal FM) | Sets the multi-function analog output 1 voltage level bias. | | | | | | | | | |
| H4-03 | 端子 FM 偏置 | Sets output characteristic up/ down parallel movement as a per- centage of 10 V. The maximum output from the terminal is 10 V. A meter calibra- tion function is available. | -10.0 to +10.0 | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | A | А | 41FH |
| H4-04 | Monitor selec- tion (terminal AM) | Sets the number of the monitor item to be output (U1-□□) from terminal AM. 4, 10 to 14, 25, 28, 34, 39, 40 can- not be set. 29 to 31 and 41 are not used. | 1 to 45 | 3 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 420H |
| | 端子 AM 设定 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Gain (terminal AM) | Set the voltage level gain for multi-function analog output 2. | | | | | | | | | |
| H4-05 | 端子 AM 增益 | V to be output as the 100% output for the monitor items. The maxi- mum output from the terminal is 10 V. A meter calibration function is available. | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.50 | Yes | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 421H |
| | Bias (terminal AM) | Sets the multi-function analog output 2 voltage level bias. | | | | | | | | | |
| H4-06 | 端子 AM 偏置 | down parallel movement as a per- centage of 10 V. The maximum output from the terminal is 10 V. A meter calibra- tion function is available. | -10.0 to +10.0 | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | A | A | А | 422H |
| H4-07 | Analog output 1 signal level selection | Sets the signal output level for multi-function output 1 (terminal FM) 0: 0 to ±10 V output | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 423H |
| | A01 信号电平 | 1: -10 to 10 V output | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | Change Control Methods | | | | | ; | MEMO | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| F4-01 | Channel 1 mon- itor selection | Effective when the Analog Moni- tor Board is used. | 1 to 50 | 2 | No | А | A | А | A | А | 391H |
| | CH1 输出监视 | Monitor selection: Set the number of the monitor | | | | | | | | | |
| F4-02 | Channel 1 gain | item to be output. (U1- $\Box\Box$) | 0.00 to | 1.00 | Ves | Δ | Δ | 4 | | 4 | 392H |
| 1 -02 | CH1 输出增益 | Set the multiple of 10 V for out- | 2.50 | 1.00 | 105 | Л | Л | л | П | л | 37211 |
| F4-03 | Channel 2 mon- itor selection | putting monitor items. 4, 10 to 14, 25, 28, 34, 39, 40 can- not be set. 29 to 31 and 41 are not | 1 to 50 | 3 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 393Н |
| | CH2 输出监视 | used. When the AO-12 Analog | | | | | | | | | |
| | Channel 2 gain | Monitor Board is used, outputs of ± 10 V are possible. To output \pm | | | | | | | | | |
| F4-04 | CH2 输出增益 | 10 V, set F4-07 or F4-08 to 1. When the AO-08 Analog Monitor Board is used, only outputs of 0 to +10 V are possible. A meter calibration function is available. | 0.00 to 2.50 | 0.50 | Yes | Α | А | А | А | А | 394H |
| F4-05 | Channel 1 out- put monitor bias | Sets the channel 1 item bias to 100%/10 V when the Analog Monitor Board is used | -10.0 to 10.0 | 0.0 | Yes | Α | А | А | А | А | 395H |
| | AO CH1 偏置 | Wolliof Board is used. | | | | | | | | | |
| F4-06 | Channel 2 out- put monitor bias | Sets the channel 2 item bias to 100%/10 V when the Analog | -10.0 to 10.0 | 0.0 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 396H |
| | A0 CH2 偏置 | Molilioi Board is used. | | | | | | | | | |
| F4-07 | Analog output signal level for channel 1 | 0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 to +10 V | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 397H |
| | CH1 信号电平 |] | | | | | | [] | | | |
| F4-08 | Analog output signal level for channel 2 | 0: 0 to 10 V 1: -10 to +10 V | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 398H |
| | CH2 信号电平 | | | | | | | | | | |

Selecting Analog Monitor Items

The digital operator monitor items (U1- $\Box\Box$ [status monitor]) are output from multi-function analog output terminals FM-AC and AM-AC. Refer to *Chapter 5 User Constants*, and set the values for the $\Box\Box$ part of U1- $\Box\Box$ (status monitor).

Alternatively, you can output monitor items (U1- $\Box\Box$ [status monitor]) from analog output option terminal channels 1 and 2 on analog monitor boards AO-08 and AO-12. Refer to the table of constants, and set the values.

Adjusting the Analog Monitor Items

Adjust the output voltage for multi-function analog output terminals FM-AC and AM-AC using the gain and bias in H4-02, H4-03, H4-05, and H4-06. Also, adjust the output voltage for output channels 1 and 2 of Analog Output option boards AO-08 and AO-12 using the gain and bias in F4-02, F4-04, F4-05, and F4-06.

Adjusting the Meter

The output voltage for terminals FM-AC and AM-AC and output channels 1 and 2 of the AO option board can be adjusted while the Inverter is stopped. For example, just pressing the Enter Key and displaying the data setting display for H4-02 or H4-03 will cause the following voltage to be output by the FM-AC terminals.

10 V/100% monitor output × output gain (H4-02) + output bias (H4-03)

Just pressing the Enter Key and displaying the data setting display for F4-02 or F4-05 will cause the following voltage to be output to channel 1 of the AO option board.

10 V/100% monitor output × output gain (H4-02) + output bias (H4-05)



Fig 6.57 Monitor Output Adjustment

Switching Analog Monitor Signal Levels

Monitor items corresponding to -10 to 10 V output 0 to 10 V signals when the monitor value is positive (+), and 0 to -10 V signals when the monitor value is negative (-). For monitor items corresponding to -10 to 10 V, refer to *Chapter 5 User Constants*.



You can select the signal levels separately for multi-function analog output terminals and analog output option terminals.

Using Pulse Train Monitor Contents

This section explains pulse monitor constants.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | (| | Control Methods | | | | | MEMO | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Con- stant Number Display | | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter | | |
| Н6-06 | Pulse train monitor selec- tion | Select the pulse train monitor output items (value of the \Box part of U1- \Box). | 1, 2, 5, 20, 24, | 2 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 431H | | |
| | 脉冲监视选择 | items: Speed-related items and PID-related items. | 36 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Pulse train monitor scaling | Set the number of pulses output when speed is 100% in hertz. | | Pulse train monitor scaling Set the number of pulses output when speed is 100% in hertz. | 0 to | 1440 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Н6-07 | 脉冲监视比例 | make the pulse train monitor out- put synchronously to the output frequency. | 32000 | Hz | Yes | Α | Α | А | A | А | 432H | | |

Selecting Pulse Monitor Items

Output digital operator monitor items (U1- \Box [status monitor]) from pulse monitor terminal MP-AC. Refer to *Chapter 5 User Constants*, and set the \Box part of U1- \Box (Status monitor). The possible monitor selections are limited as follows: U1-01, 02, 05, 20, 24, 36.

Adjusting the Pulse Monitor Items

Adjust the pulse frequency output from pulse monitor terminal MP-AC. Set the pulse frequency output when 100% frequency is output to H6-07.

Set H6-06 to 2, and H6-07 to 0, to output the frequency synchronous with the Inverter's U-phase output.

■Application Precautions

When using a pulse monitor constant, connect a peripheral device according to the following load conditions. If the load conditions are different, there is a risk of characteristic insufficiency or damage to the machinery.

Using a Sourcing Output

| Output Voltage (Isolated) VRL (V) | Load Impedance (k Ω) |
|---|------------------------------|
| +5 V min. | 1.5 kΩ min. |
| +8 V min. | 3.5 kΩ min. |
| +10 V min. | 10 kΩ min. |



Using a Sinking Input

| External Power | 12 VDC±10%, |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Supply (V) | 15 VDC±10% |
| Sink Current (mA) | 16 mA Max |



Individual Functions

This section explains the individual functions used in special applications.

Using MEMOBUS Communications

You can perform serial communications with MEMOCON-series Programmable Controllers (PLCs) or similar devices using the MEMOBUS protocol.

■MEMOBUS Communications Configuration

MEMOBUS communications are configured using 1 master (PLC) and a maximum of 31 slaves. Serial communications between master and slave are normally started by the master, and the slave responds.

The master performs signal communications with one slave at a time. Consequently, you must set the address of each slave beforehand, so the master can perform signal communications using that address. Slaves receiving commands from the master perform the specified function, and send a response to the master.



Fig 6.58 Example of Connections between PLC and Inverter

■Communications Specifications

The MEMOBUS communications specifications are shown in the following table.

| Item | Specifications | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Interface | RS-422, RS-485 | | | | |
| Communications Cycle | Asynchronous (Start-stop synchronization) | | | | |
| | Baud rate: | Select from 1,200, 2,400, 4,800, 9,600, and 19,200 bps. | | | |
| Communications Deremotors | Data length: 8 bits fixed | | | | |
| Communications Farameters | Parity: | Select from even, odd, or none. | | | |
| | Stop bits: | 1 bit fixed | | | |
| Communications Protocol | MEMOBUS (RTU mode only) | | | | |
| Number of Connectable Units | 31 units max. (when using RS-485) | | | | |

Communications Connection Terminal

MEMOBUS communications use the following terminals: S+, S-, R+, and R-. Set the terminating resistance by turning ON pin 1 of switch S1 for the last Inverter only, as seen from the PLC.



Terminating resistance (1/2 W, 110 Ohms)

Fig 6.59 Communications Connection Terminal



Separate the communication cables from the main circuit cables and other wiring and power cables.
 Use shielded cables for the communication cables, connect the shield cover to the Inverter earth terminal, and arrange the terminals so that the other end is not connected to prevent operating errors due to noise.
 When using RS-485 communications, connect S+ to R+, and S- to R-, on the Inverter exterior.



■Procedure for Communicating with the PLC

Use the following procedure to perform communications with the PLC.

- 1. Turn OFF the power supply turned and connect the communication cable between the PLC and the Inverter.
- 2. Turn ON the power supply.
- 3. Set the required communications constants (H5-01 to H5-07) using the Digital Operator.
- 4. Turn OFF the power supply, and check that the Digital Operator display has completely disappeared.
- 5. Turn ON the power supply once again.
- 6. Perform communications with the PLC.



Set the timer on the master to monitor response time from the slave. Set the master so that if the slave does not respond to the master within the set time, the same command message will be sent from the master again.

■Related Constants

| _ | Name | | | | Change | Control Methods | | MEMO | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| b1-01 | Reference selection Set the frequency reference input method. 0: Digital Operator 0: Control circuit terminal (analog input) 频率指令选择 2: MEMOBUS communications | | 0 to 4 | 1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 180H |
| | Operation | 3: Option board 4: Pulse train input Sat the Pun Command input | | | | | | | | | |
| b1-02 | method selec- tion | method. 0: Digital Operator 1: Control circuit terminal | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 181H |
| | 运行指令选择 e | (sequence input) 2: MEMOBUS communications 3: Option board | | | | | | | | | |
| H5-01 | Slave address | Set the Inverter's slave address. | 0 to 20 | 1F | No | А | А | А | А | А | 425H |
| | 从站地址 | | * | | | | | | | | |
| | Communica- tion speed selection | Set the baud rate for MEMO- BUS communications of com- munications connection | | | | | | | | | |
| H5-02 | 通信速度选择 | terminals. 0: 1200 bps 1: 2400 bps 2: 4800 bps 3: 9600 bps 4: 19200 bps | 0 to 4 | 3 | No | A | А | А | A | А | 426H |
| 115 02 | Communica- tion parity selection | Set the parity for MEMO- BUS communications of com- munications connection | 0 40 2 | | No | | | | | | 42711 |
| нэ-03 | 通信校验选择 | terminals. 0: No parity 1: Even parity 2: Odd parity | 0.10.2 | 0 | INO | A | A | A | A | А | 42/H |
| Н5-04 | Stopping method after communication error | Set the stopping method for com- munications errors. 0: Deceleration to stop using deceleration time in C1-02 | 0 to 3 | 3 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 428H |
| | 通信错误检出错 误 | 2: Emergency stop using deceleration time in C1-09 3: Continue operation | | | | | | | | | |
| Н5-05 | Communica- tion error detec- tion selection | Set whether or not a communica- tions timeout is to be detected as a communications error. | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 429H |
| | 通信错误检出选0: Do not detect.择1: Detect | | | | | | | | | | |
| H5-06 | Send wait time | Set the time from the Inverter | 5 to 65 | 5 ms | No | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 124н |
| 115-00 | 通信等待时间 | receiving data to when the Inverter starts to send. | | 5 1115 | NO | А | А | А | А | А | 42/411 |
| H5-07 | RTS control ON/OFF | Select to enable or disable RTS control. 0: Disabled (RTS is always ON) | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | A | A | А | A | А | 42BH |
| | RTS 控制选择 | 1: Enabled (RTS turns ON only when sending) | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|---|--|--|--------------------|--------------------------|--------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|------|
| Con- stant Number Display Description | | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter | |
| H5-10 | Unit Selection for MEMOBUS Register 0025H MEM25H 单位 | Selects the units used for MEMO- BUS registry 0025H (monitors the output voltage reference). 0: 0.1 V units 1: 1 V units | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 436H |

* Set H5-01 to 0 to disable Inverter responses to MEMOBUS communications.

MEMOBUS communications can perform the following operations regardless of the settings in b1-01 and b1-02.

- · Monitoring operation status from the PLC
- · Setting and reading constants
- · Resetting errors
- · Inputting multi-function commands

An OR operation is performed between the multi-function commands input from the PLC and commands input from multi-function contact input terminals S3 to S12.

Message Format

In MEMOBUS communications, the master sends commands to the slave, and the slave responds. The message format is configured for both sending and receiving as shown below, and the length of data packets is changed by the command (function) contents.



The space between messages must support the following.



Slave Address

Set the Inverter address from 0 to 20 Hex. If you set 0, commands from the master will be broadcast (i.e., the Inverter will not return responses).

Function Code

| Eurotion Codo | | Command | l Message | Response Message | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| (Hexadecimal) | Function | Min. (Bytes) | Max. (Bytes) | Min. (Bytes) | Max. (Bytes) | |
| 03H | Read storage register contents | 8 | 8 | 7 | 37 | |
| 08H | Loopback test | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| 10H | Write multiple storage registers | 11 | 41 | 8 | 8 | |

The function code specifies commands. There are three function codes, as shown below.

Data

Configure consecutive data by combining the storage register address (test code for a loopback address) and the data the register contains. The data length changes depending on the command details.

Error Check

Errors are detected during communications using CRC-16. Perform calculations using the following method.

- 1. The factory setting for CRC-16 communications is usually 0, but when using the MEMOBUS system, set the factory setting to 1 (i.e., set all 16 bits to 1).
- 2. Calculate CRC-16 using MSB as slave address LSB, and LSB as the MSB of the final data.
- 3. Also calculate CRC-16 for response messages from the slaves, and compare them to the CRC-16 in the response messages.

MEMOBUS Message Example

An example of MEMOBUS command/response messages is given below.

Reading Storage Register Contents

Read the contents of the storage register only for specified quantities whose addresses are consecutive, starting from a specified address. The contents of the storage register are separated into higher place 8 bits and lower place 8 bits, and comprise the data within response messages in address order.

The following table shows message examples when reading status signals, error details, data link status, and frequency references from the slave 2 Inverter.

| Command Message | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| Slave Addre | 02H | | | | | |
| Function Co | de | 03H | | | | |
| Start | Higher place | 00H | | | | |
| Address | Lower place | 20H | | | | |
| Quantity | Higher place | 00H | | | | |
| Quantity | Lower place | 04H | | | | |
| CRC-16 | Higher place | 45H | | | | |
| | Lower place | F0H | | | | |

| Response Message (During Normal Operation) | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| Slave Addre | SS | 02H | | | | |
| Function Co | de | 03H | | | | |
| Data qu | antity | 08H | | | | |
| Lead stor- | Higher place | 00H | | | | |
| age register | Lower place | 65H | | | | |
| Next stor- | Higher place | 00H | | | | |
| age register | Lower place | 00H | | | | |
| Next stor- | Higher place | 00H | | | | |
| age register | Lower place | 00H | | | | |
| Next stor- | Higher place | 01H | | | | |
| age register | Lower place | F4H | | | | |
| CPC 16 | Higher place | AFH | | | | |
| CKC-10 | Lower place | 82H | | | | |

| (Ê | (During Error) | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| Slave Address | | 02H | | | | |
| Function Co | de | 83H | | | | |
| Error code | | 03H | | | | |
| CPC 16 | Higher place | F1H | | | | |
| CKC-10 | Lower place | 31H | | | | |

Response Message

6

Loopback Test

The loopback test returns command messages directly as response messages without changing the contents to check the communications between the master and slave. You can set user-defined test code and data values.

The following table shows a message example when performing a loopback test with the slave 1 Inverter.

Command Message

| Slave addres | 01H | |
|--------------|-----------------|-----|
| Function coo | le | 08H |
| Test Code | Higher place | 00H |
| | Lower place | 00H |
| Data | Higher place | A5H |
| Data | Lower place | 37H |
| CRC-16 | Higher place | DAH |
| | Lower place | 8DH |

| Response Message | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----|
| (During Normal Operation) | | |
| Slave addres | SS | 01H |
| Function coo | le | 08H |
| Test Code | Higher place | 00H |
| | Lower place | 00H |
| Data | Higher place | A5H |
| | Lower place | 37H |
| CRC-16 | Higher place | DAH |
| | Lower place | 8DH |

| Response Message | |
|------------------|--|
| (During Error) | |

| (During Error) | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-----|
| Slave address | | 01H |
| Function code | | 89H |
| Error Code | | 01H |
| CRC-16 | Higher place | 86H |
| | Lower place | 50H |

Writing to Multiple Storage Registers

Write the specified data to each specified storage register from the specified addresses. The written data must be in the following order in the command message: Higher place 8 bits, then lower place 8 bits, in storage register address order.

The following table shows an example of a message when forward operation has been set at a frequency reference of 60.0 Hz in the slave 1 Inverter by the PLC.

| Command Message | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----|
| Slave Address | | 01H |
| Function Co | de | 10H |
| Start | Higher place | 00H |
| Address | Lower place | 01H |
| Quantity | Higher place | 00H |
| Quantity | Lower place | 02H |
| No. of data | | 04H |
| Lead data | Higher place | 00H |
| Loud duid | Lower place | 01H |
| Next data | Higher place | 02H |
| TVCAT data | Lower place | 58H |
| CRC-16 | Higher place | 63H |
| | Lower place | 39H |

| Response Message | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----|
| (During Normal Operation) | | |
| Slave Addre | SS | 01H |
| Function Co | de | 10H |
| Start | Higher place | 00H |
| Address | Lower place | 01H |
| Quantity | Higher place | 00H |
| Quantity | Lower place | 02H |
| CRC-16 | Higher place | 10H |
| | Lower place | 08H |

| Response Message |
|------------------|
| (During Error) |

| Slave Address | | 01H |
|---------------|-----------------|-----|
| Function Code | | 90H |
| Error code | | 02H |
| CRC-16 | Higher place | CDH |
| | Lower place | C1H |



Set the number of data specified using command messages as quantity of specified messages x 2. Handle response messages in the same way.

■Data Tables

The data tables are shown below. The types of data are as follows: Reference data, monitor data, and broadcast data.

Reference Data

The reference data table is shown below. You can both read and write reference data.

| Register No. | Contents | | |
|----------------|--|---|--|
| 0000H | Not used | | |
| | Frequency refe | erence | |
| | Bit 0 | Forward Run/Stop Command 1: Forward run 0: Stop | |
| | Bit 1 | Reverse Run/Stop Command 1: Reverse run 0: Stop | |
| | Bit 2 | External fault 1: Error (EFO) | |
| | Bit 3 | Fault reset 1: Reset command | |
| | Bit 4 | ComNet | |
| | Bit 5 | ComCtrl | |
| | Bit 6 | Multi-function input command 3 | |
| 0001H | Bit 7 | Multi-function input command 4 | |
| | Bit 8 | Multi-function input command 5 | |
| | Bit 9 | Multi-function input command 6 | |
| | Bit A | Multi-function input command 7 | |
| | Bit B | Multi-function input command 8 | |
| | Bit C | Multi-function input command 9 | |
| | Bit D | Multi-function input command 10 | |
| | Bit E | Multi-function input command 11 | |
| | Bit F | Multi-function input command 12 | |
| 0002H | Frequency reference (Set units using constant o1-03) | | |
| 0003H | Not used | | |
| 0004H | Not used | | |
| 0005H | Not used | | |
| 0006H | PID target val | ue | |
| 0007H | Analog output 1 setting (-11 V/-1540 to 11 V/1540) | | |
| 0008H | Analog output 2 setting (-11 V/-1540 to 11 V/1540) | | |
| | Multi-function contact output setting | | |
| | Bit 0 | Contact output (Terminal M1-M2) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| | Bit 1 | PHC1(Contact P1-PC) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| | Bit 2 | PHC2(Contact P2-PC) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| 0009H | Bit 3 | PHC3(Contact P3-C3) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| | Bit 4 | PHC4(Contact P4-C4) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| | Bit 5 | Not used | |
| | Bit 6 | Set error contact (terminal MA-MC) output using bit 7. 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| | Bit 7 | Error contact (terminal MA-MC) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| | Bits 8 to F | Not used | |
| 000AH to 000EH | Not used | | |

| Register No. | Contents | | |
|--------------|----------------|---|--|
| | Reference sele | ection settings | |
| | Bit 0 | Not used | |
| | Bit 1 | Use MEMOBUS 0006H PID target value 1: Enabled 0: Disabled | |
| 000FH | Bits 2 to B | Not used | |
| 000111 | C | Broadcast data terminal S5 input 1: Enabled 0: Disabled | |
| | D | Broadcast data terminal S6 input 1: Enabled 0: Disabled | |
| | Е | Broadcast data terminal S7 input 1: Enabled 0: Disabled | |
| | F | Broadcast data terminal S8 input 1: Enabled 0: Disabled | |

Note Write 0 to all unused bits. Also, do not write data to reserved registers.

Monitor Data

The following table shows the monitor data. Monitor data can only be read.

| Register No. | | Contents |
|--------------|--|---|
| | Inverter status | |
| | Bit 0 | Operation 1: Operating 0: Stopped |
| | Bit 1 | Reverse operation 1: Reverse operation 0: Forward operation |
| | Bit 2 | Inverter startup complete 1: Completed 2: Not completed |
| | Bit 3 | Error 1: Error |
| 002011 | Bit 4 | Data setting error 1: Error |
| 0020H | Bit 5 | Multi-function contact output (terminal M1 - M2) 1: ON 0: OFF |
| | Bit 6 | Multi-function PHC output 1 (terminal P1 - PC) 1: ON 0: OFF |
| | Bit 7 | Multi-function PHC output 2 (terminal P2 - PC) 1: ON 0: OFF |
| | Bit 8 | Multi-function PHC output 3 (terminal P3 - C3) 1: ON 0: OFF |
| | Bit 9 | Multi-function PHC output 4 (terminal P4 - C4) 1: ON 0: OFF |
| | Bits A and B | Not used |
| | Error details | |
| | Bit 0 | Overcurrent (OC) Ground fault (GF) |
| | Bit 1 | Main circuit overvoltage (OV) |
| | Bit 2 | Inverter overload (OL2) |
| | Bit 3 | Inverter overheat (OH1, OH2) |
| | Bit 4 | Injection brake transistor resistance overheat (rr, rH) |
| | Bit 5 | Fuse blown (PUF) |
| | Bit 6 | PID feedback reference lost (FbL) |
| | Bit 7 | External fault (EF, EFO) |
| 0021H | Bit 8 | Hardware error (CPF) |
| | Bit 9 | Motor overload (OL1), overtorque 1 (OL3) detected, or overtorque 2 (OL4) |
| | | detected |
| | Bit A | PG broken wire detected (PGO), Overspeed (OS), Speed deviation (DEV) |
| | Bit B | Main circuit undervoltage (UV) detected |
| | Bit C | Main circuit undervoltage (UV1), control power supply error (UV2), inrush preven- |
| | | tion circuit error (UV3), power loss |
| | Bit D | Main Circuit Voltage Fault (PF), Output Open-phase (LF) |
| | Bit E | MEMOBUS communications error (CE) |
| | Bit F | Operator disconnected (OPR) |
| | Data link status | XX7 '2' 1 2 |
| | Bit 0 | Writing data |
| 0022H | Bit 1 | Not used |
| | Bit 2 | Not used |
| | Bit 5 | Dete integrity errors |
| | Bit 4 | Data miegny error |
| | Eraguangu rafaranga (UL 01) | |
| 0023H | Cutrut frequency (U1-01) | |
| 0024H | Output inequency (U1-02) | |
| 00230 | Output current (U1 03) (Unit: $1/0.1$ A) | |
| 0020H | Output current $(01-05)$ (Unit: 1/0.1A) | |
| 002/H | Output power (U1-08) | |



| Register No. | | Contents | |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| 0028H | Torque reference (U1-09) | | |
| 0029H | Not used | | |
| 002AH | Not used | | |
| | Sequence input | status | |
| | Bit 0 | 1: Control circuit terminal S1 ON | |
| | Bit 1 | 1: Control circuit terminal S2 ON | |
| | Bit 2 | 1: Control circuit terminal S3 ON | |
| | Bit 3 | 1: Control circuit terminal S4 ON | |
| | Bit 4 | 1: Control circuit terminal S5 ON | |
| 00284 | Bit 5 | 1: Control circuit terminal S6 ON | |
| 002D11 | Bit 6 | 1: Control circuit terminal S7 ON | |
| | Bit 7 | 1: Control circuit terminal S8 ON | |
| | Bit 8 | 1: Control circuit terminal S9 ON | |
| | Bit 9 | 1: Control circuit terminal S10 ON | |
| | Bit A | 1: Control circuit terminal S11 ON | |
| | Bit B | 1: Control circuit terminal S12 ON | |
| | Bits C to F | Not used | |
| | Inverter status | | |
| | Bit 0 | Operation 1: Operating | |
| | Bit 1 | Zero-speed 1: Zero-speed | |
| | Bit 2 | Frequency matching 1: Matched | |
| | Bit 3 | User-defined speed matching 1: Matched | |
| | Bit 4 | Frequency detection 1 1: Output frequency < I.4-01 | |
| | Bit 5 | Frequency detection 2 1: Output frequency ≥ 1.01 | |
| | Bit 6 | Inverter startun completed 1: Startun completed | |
| 002CH | Bit 7 | Low voltage detection 1: Detected | |
| 002011 | Dit 7 | Deceled | |
| | Bit 8 | Baseblock 1: Inverter output baseblock | |
| | Bit 9 | Frequency reference mode 1: Not communications 0: Communications | |
| | Bit A | Run Command mode 1: Not communications 0: Communications | |
| | Bit B | Overtorque detection 1: Detected | |
| | Bit C | Frequency reference lost 1: Lost | |
| | Bit D | Retrying error 1: Retrying | |
| | Bit E | Error (including MEMOBUS communications time-out) 1:Error occurred | |
| | Bit F | MEMOBUS communications time-out 1: Timed out | |
| | Multi-function | contact output status | |
| | Bit 0 | Bit 0 Multi-function contact output (terminal M1-M2) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| | Bit 1 | Multi-function PHC output 1 (terminal P1 - PC) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| 002DH | Bit 2 | Multi-function PHC output 2 (terminal P2 - PC) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| | Bit 3 | Multi-function PHC output 3 (terminal P3 - C3) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| | Bit 4 | Multi-function PHC output 4 (terminal P4 - C4) 1: ON 0: OFF | |
| | Bits 5 to F | Not used | |
| 002EH - 0030H | Not used | ~ | |
| 0031H | Main circuit DC voltage | | |
| 0032H | Torque monitor (Unit: 1/0.1%) | | |
| 0033H | Output power (| 01-08) | |
| 0034H - 0037H | | | |
| 0038H | PID feedback quantity (Input equivalent to 100%/Max. output frequency; 10/1%; without sign) | | |
| 0039H | PID input quantity (±100%/±Max. output frequency; 10/1%; with sign) | | |
| 003AH | PID output quantity (±100%/±Max. output frequency; 10/1%; with sign) | | |
| 003BH | CPU software number | | |
| 003CH | Flash software | number | |

| Register No. | Contents | |
|--------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | Communication | ns error details |
| | Bit 0 | CRC error |
| | Bit 1 | Invalid data length |
| | Bit 2 | Not used |
| 003DH | Bit 3 | Parity error |
| | Bit 4 | Overrun error |
| | Bit 5 | Framing error |
| | Bit 6 | Time-out |
| | Bits 7 to F | Not used |
| 003EH | kVA setting | |
| 003FH | Control method | |

Note Communications error details are stored until an fault reset is input (you can also reset while the Unit is operating).

Broadcast Data

The following table shows the broadcast data. You can also write this data.

| Register Address | | Contents | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Operation signal | 1 | | | | |
| | Bit 0 | Run Command 1: Operating 0: Stopped | | | | |
| | Bit 1 | Reverse operation command 1: Reverse 0: Forward | | | | |
| | Bits 2 and 3 | Not used | | | | |
| | Bit 4 | External fault 1: Error (set using H1-01) | | | | |
| 0001H | Bit 5 | Fault reset 1: Reset command (set using H1-02) | | | | |
| | Bits 6 to B | Not used | | | | |
| | Bit C | Multi-function contact input terminal S5 input | | | | |
| | Bit D | Multi-function contact input terminal S6 input | | | | |
| | Bit E | Multi-function contact input terminal S7 input | | | | |
| | Bit F | Multi-function contact input terminal S8 input | | | | |
| 0002H | Frequency ref- erence | 30000/100% | | | | |

Note Bit signals not defined in the broadcast operation signals use local node data signals continuously.

ENTER Command

When writing constants to the Inverter from the PLC using MEMOBUS communications, the constants are temporarily stored in the constant data area in the Inverter. To enable these constants in the constant data area, use the ENTER command.

There are two types of ENTER commands: ENTER commands that enable constant data in RAM, and ENTER commands that write data to EEPROM (non-volatile memory) in the Inverter at the same time as enabling data in RAM.

The following table shows the ENTER command data. ENTER command data can only be written.

The ENTER command is enabled by writing 0 to register number 0900H or 0901H.

| Register No. | Contents |
|--------------|--|
| 0900H | Write constant data to EEPROM |
| 0910H | Constant data is not written to EEPROM, but refreshed in RAM only. |



The maximum number of times you can write to EEPROM using the Inverter is 100 thousand. Do not frequently execute ENTER commands (0900H) written to EEPROM.

The ENTER command registers are write-only. Consequently, if reading these registers, the register address will become invalid (Error code: 02H).

■Error Codes

| Error Code | Contents |
|------------|--|
| 01H | Function code error A function code other than 03H, 08H, or 10H has been set by the PLC. |
| 02H | Invalid register number error The register address you are attempting to access is not recorded anywhere. With broadcast sending, a start address other than 0000H, 0001H, or 0002H has been set. |
| 03H | Invalid quantity error The number of data packets being read or written is outside the range 1 to 16. In write mode, the number of data packets in the message is not No. of packets x 2. |
| 21H | Data setting error A simple upper limit or lower limit error has occurred in the control data or when writing constants. When writing constants, the constant setting is invalid. |
| 22H | Write mode error Attempting to write constants from the PLC during operation. Attempting to write via ENTER commands from the PLC during operation. Attempting to write constants other than A1-00 to A1-05, E1-03, or 02-04 when warning alarm CPF03 (defective EEPROM) has occurred. Attempting to write read-only data. |
| 23Н | Writing during main circuit undervoltage (UV) error Writing constants from the PLC during UV (main circuit undervoltage) alarm. Writing via ENTER commands from the PLC during UV (main circuit undervoltage) alarm. |
| 24H | Writing error during constants processing Attempting to write constants from the PLC while processing constants in the Inverter. |

The following table shows MEMOBUS communications error codes.

■Slave Not Responding

In the following cases, the slave will ignore the write function. If the slave address specified in the command message is 0, all slaves execute the write function, but do not return response messages to the master.

- When a communications error (overrun, framing, parity, or CRC-16) is detected in the command message.
- When the slave address in the command message and the slave address in the Inverter do not agree.
- When the data that configures the message and the data time length exceeds 24 bits.
- When the command message data length is invalid.

Application Precautions

Set a timer in the master to monitor response time from the slaves. Make the setting so that if no response is sent to the master from the slave within the set time, the same command message is sent again from the master.

■Self-Diagnosis

The Inverter has a built-in function for self-diagnosing the operations of serial communications interface circuits. This function is called the self-diagnosis function. The self-diagnosis function connects the communications parts of the send and receive terminals, receives the data sent by the Inverter, and checks if communications are being performed normally.

Perform the self-diagnosis function using the following procedure.

- 1. Turn ON the power supply to the Inverter, and set 67 (communications test mode) in constant H1-05 (Terminal S7 Function Selection).
- 2. Turn OFF the power supply to the Inverter.
- 3. Perform wiring according to the following diagram while the power supply is turned OFF.
- 4. Turn ON the terminating resistance. (Turn ON pin 1 on DIP switch 1.)
- 5. Turn ON the power supply to the Inverter again.



Fig 6.61 Details of Communications Terminals

"Pass" will be displayed if self-diagnosis is completed without an error occurring.

If an error occurs, a CE (MEMOBUS communications error) alarm will be displayed on the Digital Operator, the error contact output will be turned ON, and the Inverter operation ready signal will be turned OFF.



Using the Timer Function

Multi-function contact input terminals S3 to S12 can be designated as timer function input terminals, and multi-function output terminals M1-M2, P1-PC, P2-PC, P3-C3, and P4-C4 can be designated as timer function output terminals. By setting the delay time, you can erase chattering from the sensors and switches.

- Set one of the constants H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminal S3 to S12) to 18 (timer function input).
- Set H2-01 to H2-03 (multi-function output terminals M1-M2, P1-PC, P2-PC, P3-C3, and P4-C4 function selection) to 12 (timer function output).

Related Constants

| _ | Name | | | | Change | | МЕМО | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Timer function ON-delay time | Sets the timer function output ON-delay time (dead band) for | | | | | | | | | |
| b4-01 | 0N 延迟时间 | the timer function input, in 1-sec- ond units. Enabled when a timer function is set in H1-DD or H2-DD. | 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 s | No | Α | Α | А | Α | Α | 1A3H |
| | Timer function OFF-delay time | Sets the timer function output OFF-delay time (dead band) for | 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 s | No | А | | | | | |
| b4-02 | 0FF 延迟时间 | the timer function input, in 1-sec- ond units. Enabled when a timer function is set in H1- $\Box\Box$ or H2- $\Box\Box$. | | | | | A | А | Α | A | 1A4H |

Setting Example

When the timer function input ON time is longer than the value set in b4-01, the timer output function is turned ON. When the timer function input OFF time is longer than the value set in b4-02, the timer output function is turned OFF. An example of timer function operation is given in the following diagram.



Fig 6.62 Timer Function Operation Example

Using PID Control

PID control is a method of making the feedback value (detection value) match the set target value. By combining proportional control (P), integral control (I), and derivative control (D), you can even control targets (machinery) with play time.

The characteristics of the PID control operations are given below.

- P control Outputs the amount of operation proportional to the deviation. You cannot, however, set the deviation to zero using P control alone.
- I control Outputs the amount of operation that integrates the deviation. Used for matching feedback value to the target value. I control is not suited, however, to rapid variations.
- D control Outputs the amount of operation derived from the deviation. Can respond promptly to rapid variations.

■PID Control Operation

To understand the differences between each PID control operation (P, I, and D, the variation in the amount of operation (output frequency) is as shown in the following diagram when the deviation (i.e., the difference between the target value and feedback value) is fixed.



Fig 6.63 PID Control Operation

■PID Control Applications

The following table shows examples of PID control applications using the Inverter.

| Applica- tion | Control Details | Example of Sen- sor Used |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Speed Con- trol | Feeds back machinery speed information, and matches speed to the target value. Inputs speed information from other machinery as the target value, and performs synchronous control using the actual speed feedback. | Tachometer genera- tor |
| Pressure Control | Feeds back pressure information, and performs constant pressure control. | Pressure sensor |
| Flow Rate Control | Feeds back flow rate information, and controls the flow rate highly accurately. | Flow rate sensor |
| Tempera- ture Con- trol | Feeds back temperature information, and performs temperature adjustment control by rotating the fan. | ThermocoupleThermistor |

■Related Constants

| | Name | Name | | | Change | | Control Methods | | | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | PID control method selec- tion | 0: Disabled 1: Enabled (Deviation is D- controlled.) 2: Enabled (Feedback value is D- | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-01 | PID 控制选择 | Controlled.) PID control enabled (frequency reference + PID output, D control of deviation) PID control enabled (frequency reference + PID output, D control of feedback value). | 0 to 4 | 0 | No | A | А | А | Α | А | 1A5H |
| b5-02 | Proportional gain (P) | Sets P-control proportional gain as a percentage. | 0.00 to | 1.00 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 1A6H |
| | PID 增益 the setting is 0.00. | | 25.00 | | | | | | | | |
| | Integral (I) time | Sets I-control integral time in 1- | 0.0.4- | | | | | | | | |
| b5-03 | PID 积分时间 | second units. I-control is not performed when the setting is 0.0. | | 1.0 s | Yes | Α | А | А | Α | А | 1A7H |
| h5 04 | Integral (I) limit | Sets the I-control limit as a per- | 0.0 to | 100.0 | Vag | ٨ | | | ٨ | | 1 4 911 |
| 03-04 | PID 时间上限 | frequency. | 100.0 | % | 105 | A | A | A | A | A | TAM |
| b5-05 | Derivative (D) time | Sets D-control derivative time in 1-second units. | 0.00 to | 0.00 s | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 1A9H |
| | PID 微分时间 | the setting is 0.00. | 10.00 | | | | | | | | |
| h5 06 | PID upper limit | Sets the upper limit after PID- | 0.0 to | 100.0 | Vag | | | | | | 1 4 4 11 |
| 05-00 | PID 上限 | maximum output frequency. | 100.0 | % | 105 | A | A | A | A | A | IAAII |
| b5-07 | PID offset adjustment | Sets the offset after PID-control as a percentage of the maximum | -100.0 to | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 1ABH |
| | PID 偏置 | output frequency. | +100.0 | | | | | | | | |
| b5-08 | PID first order lag time con- stant | Sets the time constant for low pass filter for PID-control outputs in 1-second units. | 0.00 to 10.00 | 0.00 s | Yes | А | А | А | A | А | 1ACH |
| | PID 延迟时间 | Not usually necessary to set. | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-09 | PID output characteristics selection | Select forward/reverse for PID output. 0: PID output is forward. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | A | А | А | A | А | 1ADH |
| | 输出特性选择 | (highlights the output code) | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-10 | PID output gain | Sets output gain. | 0.0 to | 1.0 | No | А | А | А | A | А | 1AEH |
| | PID 输出增益 | | 25.0 | | | | | | | | |
| b5-11 | PID reverse output selection | 0: 0 limit when PID output is negative.1: Reverses when PID output is negative. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1AFH |
| | 输出逆转选择 | 0 limit when reverse prohibit is selected using b1-04. | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Selection of PID feedback command loss detection | 0: No detection of loss of PID feedback.1: Detection of loss of PID feedback. | | | | | | | | | |
| b5-12 | 反馈丧失检出 | Operation continues during detection, with the malfunctioning contact not operating. 2: Detection of loss of PID feedback. Coasts to stop during detection, and fault contact operates. | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | A | A | А | А | A | 1B0H |
| b5-13 | PID feedback command loss detection level | Sets the PID feedback loss detec- tion level as a percent units, with | 0 to | 0% | No | А | А | А | A | А | 1B1H |
| | 反馈丧失 检出值 | 100%. | 100 | | | | | | | | |
| b5-14 | PID feedback command loss detection time | Sets the PID feedback loss detec- | 0.0 to | 1.0 s | No | A | A | А | A | А | 1B2H |
| | 反馈丧失检出时 间 | tion level in s units. | 23.5 | | | | | | | | |
| b5-15 | PID sleep func- tion operation level | Set the PID sleep function start level as a frequency. | 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.0 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1B3H |
| | 暂停动作值 | | | | | | | | | | |
| h5-16 | PID sleep oper- ation delay time | Set the delay time until the PID | 0.0 to | 0.0 s | No | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 1B4H |
| 00 10 | 暂停动作延迟时 间 | sleep function starts in seconds. | 25.5 | 0.0 5 | 110 | | | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 111 |
| b5-17 | Accel/decel time for PID reference | Set the accel/decel time for PID reference in seconds. | 0.0 to 25.5 | 0.0 s | No | А | A | А | A | А | 1B5H |
| | PID 加减速 时间 | | 20.0 | | | | | | | | |
| H6-01 | Pulse train input function selection 脉冲输入选择 | 0: Frequency reference 1: PID feedback value 2: PID target value | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 42CH |
| | APA 1 1 100 / CARD+ | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | I | 1 | 1 | 1 | |

Monitor Functions

| | Name | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|---|---|--------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Func- tion Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | BUS Reg- ister |
| PID feed- back value when PID | | Monitors the feedback value when PID control is used. | 10 V: Max. frequency | 0.01 | | | | | | |
| U1-24 | PID 反馈 | The input for the max. fre- quency corresponds to 100%. | (-10 to 10 V possible) | % | A | A | A | Α | Α | 57H |

| | Name | | | [| | Con | trol Me | ethods | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|--------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Func- tion Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO BUS Reg- ister |
| U1-36 | PID input volume | PID feedback volume Given as maximum fre- | 10 V: Max. frequency | 0.01 | А | А | А | А | А | 58H |
| | PID 的输入量 | quency/100% | (-10 to 10 v possible) | 70 | | | | | | |
| U1-37 | U1-37 PID output volume PID control output Given as maximum fre- | | 10 V: Max. frequency | 0.01 | А | А | А | А | А | 59H |
| | PID 的输出量 | quency/100% | | 70 | | | | | | |
| U1-38 | PID com- mand | PID command + PID com- mand bias | 10 V: Max. frequency | 0.01 | А | А | А | А | А | 5AH |
| 0150 | PID 目标值 | Given as maximum fre- quency/100% | | % | | | | | | |

Multi-Function Contact Inputs (H1-01 to H1-10)

| | | Control Methods | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | | |
| 19 | PID control disable (ON: PID control disabled) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| 30 | PID control integral reset (reset when reset command is input or when stopped during PID control) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| 31 | PID control integral hold (ON: Hold) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| 34 | PID soft starter | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| 35 | PID input characteristics switch | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |

Multi-Function Analog Input (H3-05, H3-09)

| Set- ting Value | | | Control Methods | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Function | Contents (100%) | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 |
| В | PID feedback | Maximum output frequency | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| С | PID target value | Maximum output frequency | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

■PID Control Methods

There are four PID control methods. Select the method by setting constant b5-01.

| Set Value | Control Method |
|-----------|--|
| 1 | PID output becomes the Inverter output frequency, and D control is used in the difference between PID target value and feedback value. |
| 2 | PID output becomes the Inverter output frequency, and D control is used in the PID feedback value. |
| 3 | PID output is added as compensation value of the Inverter output frequency, and D control is used in the difference between PID target value and feedback value. |
| 4 | PID output is added as compensation value of the Inverter output frequency, and D control is used in the PID feedback value. |

■PID Input Methods

Enable PID control using constant b5-01, and set the PID target value and PID feedback value.

PID Target Value Input Methods

Select the PID control target value input method according to the setting in b1-01 (Reference Selection). Normally, the frequency reference selected in b1-01 is the PID target value, but you can also set the PID target value as shown in the following table.

| PID Target Input Method | Setting Conditions |
|---|--|
| Multi-Function Analog Ter- minal A2, or A3 Input | Set H3-05 or H3-09 to C (PID target value). Also, be sure to set H6-01 (pulse train input function selection) to 1 (PID feedback value). The negative inputs cannot be used for target values. |
| MEMOBUS register 0006H | Set MEMOBUS bit 1 in register address 000FH to 1 (enable/disable PID target value from communications) to be able to use register number 0006H as the PID target value. |
| Pulse train input | Set H6-01 to 2 (PID target value). |

PID Feedback Input Methods

Select one of the following PID control feedback input methods.

| Input Method | Setting Conditions |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Multi-function analog input | Set H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Selection) or H3-05 (Multi-func- tion Analog Input Terminal A3 Function Selection) to B (PID feedback). |
| Pulse train input | Set H6-01 to 1 (PID feedback). |



Adjust PID target value and PID feedback value using the following items.

Analog input: Adjust using the analog input terminal gain and bias.

• Pulse train input: Adjust using pulse train scaling, pulse train input gain, and pulse train input bias.

■PID Adjustment Methods

Use the following procedure to adjust PID while performing PID control and measuring the response waveform.

- 1. Set b5-01 (PID Control Method Selection) to 1 or 2 (PID control enabled).
- 2. Increase b5-02 (Proportional Gain (P)) to within a range that does not vibrate.
- 3. Reduce b5-03 (Integral (I) time) to within a range that does not vibrate.
- 4. Increase b5-05 (Derivative (D) time) to within a range that does not vibrate.

Individual Functions

■PID Fine Adjustment Methods

This section explains the fine adjustment of PID after setting the PID control constants.

Suppressing Overshoot

If overshoot occurs, reduce derivative time (D), and increase integral time (I).



Set a Rapidly Stabilizing Control Condition

To rapidly stabilize the control even if overshoot occurs, reduce integral time (I), and lengthen derivative time (D).



Suppressing Long-cycle Vibration

If vibration occurs with a longer cycle than the integral time (I) set value, the integral operation is too strong. Lengthen the integral time (I) to suppress the vibration.



Suppressing Short Cycle Vibration

If vibration occurs when the vibration cycle is short, and the cycle is almost identical to the derivative time (D) set value, the differential operation is too strong. Shorten the derivative time (D) to suppress the vibration.

If vibration continues even when the derivative time (D) is set to 0.00 (D control disabled), reduce the proportional gain (P), or increase the PID primary delay time constant.



Setting Precautions

- In PID control, the b5-04 constant is used to prevent the calculated integral control value from exceeding a specified amount. If the load changes rapidly, the machine may be damaged or the motor may stall because of unpredictable response from the Inverter. In this case, reduce the set value.
- The b5-06 constant is used to prevent the arithmetic operation following the PID control calculation from exceeding a specified amount. Set taking the maximum output frequency to be 100%.
- The b5-07 constant is used to adjust PID control offset. Set in increments of 0.1%, taking the maximum output frequency to be 100%.
- Set the low pass filter time constant for the PID control output in b5-08. Enable this constant to prevent machinery resonance from occurring when machinery adhesive abrasion is great, or rigidity is poor. In this case, set the constant to be greater than the resonance frequency cycle. Increase this time constant to reduce Inverter responsiveness.
- Using b5-09, you can invert the PID output polarity. Consequently, if you increase the PID target value, you can apply this constant to applications to lower the Inverter output frequency.
- Using b5-10, you can apply gain to the PID control output. Enable this constant to adjust the amount of compensation if adding PID control output to the frequency reference as compensation.
- When PID control output is negative, you can use constant b5-11 to invert the Inverter. When b1-04 (Prohibition of Reverse Operation) is set to 1 (enabled), however, PID output limit is 0.
- With the Inverter, by setting an independent acceleration/deceleration time in constant b5-17, you can increase or decrease the PID target value using the acceleration/deceleration time. The acceleration/ deceleration function (constant C1) used normally, however, is allocated after PID control, so depending on the settings, resonance with PID control and hunting in the machinery may occur. If this happens, reduce constant C1 until hunting does not occur, and maintain the acceleration/deceleration time using b5-17. Also, you can disable the set value in b5-17 from the external terminals during operation using multi-function input set value 34 (PID soft starter ON/OFF).

■PID Control Block

The following diagram shows the PID control block in the Inverter.



Fig 6.64 PID Control Block

■PID Feedback Loss Detection

When performing PID control, be sure to use the PID feedback loss detection function. If PID feedback is lost, the Inverter output frequency may accelerate to the maximum output frequency.

When setting b5-12 to 1 and the status of the PID feedback value detection level in b5-13 is insufficient and continues for the time set in b5-14, an FbL (PID feedback reference lost) alarm will be displayed on the Digital Operator and Inverter operation will continue.

When b5-12 is set to 2, an FbL (PID feedback reference lost) error alarm will be displayed on the Digital Operator, the error contact will operate, and Inverter operation will be stopped.

The time chart for PID feedback loss detection (set b5-12 to 2) is shown below.



Fig 6.65 PID Feedback Loss Detection Time Chart

■PID Sleep

The PID sleep function stops the Inverter when the PID sleep function delay time continues while the PID control target value is at an insufficient level to operate the PID sleep function. When the PID sleep delay time continues and the PID control target value is above the PID sleep function operation level, Inverter operation will automatically resume.

When PID control is disabled, the PID sleep function is also disabled. When using the PID sleep function, select decelerate to stop or coast to stop as the stopping method.

The PID sleep time chart is shown below.



Fig 6.66 PID Sleep Time Chart

Energy-saving

To perform energy saving, set b8-01 (Energy Saving Mode Selection) to 1. Energy-saving control can be performed using both V/f control and vector control. The constants to be adjusted are different for each. In V/f control, adjust b8-04 to b8-06, and in vector control, adjust b8-02 and b8-03.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | Change | | MEMO | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| b8-01 | Energy-saving mode selection | Select whether to enable or dis- able energy-saving control. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1CCH |
| | 节能模式设定 | 1: Enable | | | | | | | | | |
| b8-02 | Energy-saving gain | Set the energy-saving gain with the open-loop vector control | 0.0 to | 0.7 *1 | Yes | No | No | А | А | А | 1CDH |
| | 节能增益 | method. | 10.0 | | | | | | | | |
| b8-03 | Energy-saving filter time con- stant | Set the energy-saving filter time constant with the open-loop vec- | 0.00 to | 0.50 s *2 | Yes | No | No | А | А | А | 1CEH |
| | 节能滤波时间 | tor control method. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Energy-saving coefficient | Set the maximum motor effi- ciency value. Set the motor rated capacity in E2-11, and adjust the value by 5% at a time until output power reaches a minimum value. | 0.0 to 655.00 | 288.20 *3 *4 | No | А | А | No | No | No | 1CFH |
| b8-04 | 节能系数 | | | | | | | | | | |
| b8-05 | Power detection filter time con- stant | Set the time constant for output power detection. | 0 to | 20 ms | No |) A | А | No | No | No | 1D0H |
| | 电力检出滤波时 间 | | 2000 | | | | | | | | |
| b8-06 | Search opera- tion voltage limiter | Set the limit value of the voltage control range during search opera- tion. | | 0% | | | А | No | No | No | 1D1H |
| | 探索运行电压极 限 | mize operations using minute variations in voltage using energy-saving control. Set to 0 to disable the search operation. 100% is the motor base voltage. | 0 to 100 | | No | A | | | | | |
| | Motor rated slip | Sets the motor rated slip in Hz | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-02 | 电机额定滑差 | These set values will become the reference values for slip compen- sation. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.00 to 20.00 | 2.90 Hz *4 | No | А | А | А | А | A | 30FH |
| E2-11 | Motor rated output | Set the rated output of the motor in units of 0.01 kW. This constant is automatically set | 0.00 to 650.00 | 0.40 *4 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 318H |
| | 电机铷正切率 | during autotuning. | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | |

* 1. The factory setting is 1.0 when using flux vector control.

* 2. The factory setting is 2.00 s when Inverter capacity is 55 kW min.

The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory setting is given.

* 3. By setting E2-11 (Motor rated output) the appropriate value will be set.

* 4. The factory settings depend on the Inverter capacity. The values for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW are given.

■Adjusting Energy-saving Control

The method of adjustment during energy-saving control operations differs depending on the control method. Refer to the following when making adjustments.

V/f Control

In V/f control method, the voltage for optimum motor efficiency is calculated and becomes the output voltage reference.

- b8-04 (Energy-saving Coefficient) is set at the factory for motor use applied to the Inverter. If the motor capacity differs from the motor applied to the Inverter, set the motor capacity in E2-11 (Motor Rated Output). Also, adjust the output voltage in steps of 5 until it reaches minimum. The larger the energy-saving coefficient, the greater the output voltage.
- To improve response when the load fluctuates, reduce the power detection filter time constant b8-05. If b8-05 is set too small, however, motor rotations when the load is light may become unstable.
- Motor efficiency varies due to temperature fluctuations and differences in motor characteristics. Consequently, control motor efficiency online to optimize efficiency by causing minute variations in voltage using the search operation. Constant b8-06 (Search Operation Voltage Limiter) controls the range that control the voltage using the search operation. For 200 V Class Inverters, set the range to 100%/200 V, and for 400 V Class Inverters, set the range to 100%/400 V. Set to 0 to disable the search operation.

Vector Control

In vector control method, control the slip frequency so that motor efficiency is maximized.

- Taking the motor rated slip for the base frequency as optimum slip, calculate the optimum slip for motor efficiency for each frequency. In vector control, be sure to perform autotuning, and set the motor rated slip.
- If the motor performs hunting when using energy-saving control in vector control, reduce the set value in b8-02 (Energy-saving Gain), or increase the set value in b8-03 (Energy-saving Filter Time Constant).

Setting Motor Constants

In vector control method, the motor constants are set automatically using autotuning. If autotuning does not complete normally, set them manually.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | MEMO | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| E2-01 | Motor rated current | Sets the motor rated current in 1 A units. These set values will become the reference values for motor protec- tion, torque limits and torque con- trol. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | | 1.90 A *1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 30EH |
| | 电机额定电流 | | 0.32 to 6.40 *2 | | | | | | | | |
| | Motor rated slip | Sets the motor rated slip in Hz | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-02 | 电机额定滑差 | units. These set values will become the reference values for slip compen- sation. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.00 to 20.00 | 2.90 Hz *1 | No | А | A | А | А | А | 30FH |
| E2-03 | Motor no-load current | Sets the motor no-load current in 1 A units. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.00 to 1.89 *3 | 1.20 A *1 | No | А | А | A | А | А | 310H |
| | 空载电流 | | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-04 | Number of motor poles | Sets the number of motor poles. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 2 to 48 | 4 poles | No | No | Q | No | Q | Q | 311H |
| | 电机极数 | | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-05 | Motor line-to- line resistance | Sets the motor phase-to-phase resistance in Ω units. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 0.000 to | 9.842 Ω | No | А | А | А | А | А | 312H |
| | 线间电阻 | | 65.000 | *1 | | | | | | | |
| 52.00 | Motor leak inductance | Sets the voltage drop due to motor leakage inductance as a percent- | 0.0 to | 18.2% *1 | | No | No | А | А | А | 313Н |
| E2-06 | 电机漏电感 | age of the motor rated voltage. This constant is automatically set during autotuning. | 40.0 | | No | | | | | | |
| E2-07 | Motor iron sat- uration coeffi- cient 1 | Sets the motor iron saturation coefficient at 50% of magnetic flux. | 0.00 to 0.50 | 0.50 | No | No | No | А | А | А | 314H |
| | 饱和系数1 | This constant is automatically set during rotational autotuning. | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-08 | Motor iron sat- uration coeffi- cient 2 | Sets the motor iron saturation coefficient at 75% of magnetic flux. | 0.00 to 0.75 | 0.75 | No | No | No | А | A | A | 315H |
| | 饱和系数 2 | I his constant is automatically set during rotational autotuning. | | | | | | | | | |
| E2-10 | Motor iron loss for torque com- pensation | Sets motor iron loss in W units. | 0 to 65535 | 14 W *1 | No | А | А | No | No | No | 317H |
| | 铁损 | | | | | | | | | | |

| Con- stant Number | Name | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | | MEMO | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| | Display | | | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| E2-12 | Motor iron sat- uration coeffi- cient 3 | Sets the motor iron saturation coefficient at 130% of magnetic flux. | 1.30 to 1.60 | 1.30 | No | No | No | А | А | А | 328H |
| | 饱和系数3 | This constant is automatically set during rotational autotuning. | | | | | | | | | |

* 1. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

* 2. The setting range is from 10% to 200% of the Inverter rated output current. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter for 0.4 kW is given.

For the motor no-load current, set E2-03 to a value less than that of E2-01.

* 3. The setting range depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given. The upper limit depends on the setting of E2-01.

Manual Motor Constant Setting Methods

The motor constants settings methods are given below. Make (enter) settings referring to the motor test report.

Motor Rated Voltage Setting

Set E2-01 to the rated current on the motor nameplate.

Motor Rated Slip Setting

Set E2-02 to the motor rated slip calculated from the number of rated rotations on the motor nameplate.

Amount of motor rated slip = Motor rated frequency (Hz) - No. of rated rotations (min^{-1}) x No. of motor poles/120.

Motor No-Load Current Setting

Set E2-03 to the motor no-load current using the rated voltage and rated frequency. The motor no-load current is not normally written on the motor nameplate. Consult the motor manufacturer.

Factory setting is the no-load current value for a standard Yaskawa 4-pole motor.

Number of Motor Poles Setting

Set the number of motor poles (number of poles) as written on the motor nameplate. E2-04 is not displayed when V/f control or open-loop vector control is selected.

Motor Line-to-Line Resistance Setting

E2-05 is set automatically when performing motor line-to-line resistance autotuning. When you cannot perform tuning, consult the motor manufacturer for the line-to-line resistance value. Calculate the resistance from the line-to-line resistance value in the motor test report using the following formula, and then make the setting accordingly.

- E-type isolation: [Line-to-line resistance (Ω) at 75°C of test report] × 0.92 (Ω)
- B-type isolation: [Line-to-line resistance (Ω) at 75°C of test report] × 0.92 (Ω)
- F-type isolation: [Line-to-line resistance (Ω) at 115°C of test report] × 0.87 (Ω)

Motor Leak Inductance Setting

Set the amount of voltage drop due to motor leak inductance in E2-06 using the percentage over the motor rated voltage. Make this setting when the high-speed motor inductance is small. If the inductance is not written on the motor nameplate, consult the motor manufacturer.
Motor Iron Saturation Coefficients 1, 2 and 3 Settings

E2-07, E2-08 and E2-12 are set automatically using rotational autotuning.

Motor Iron Loss for Torque Compensation Setting

E2-10 is displayed only when in V/f control method. To increase the torque compensation accuracy when in V/f control method, set the motor iron loss in Watts.

Motor Mechanical Loss

When using flux vector control, adjust mechanical loss in the following cases. (There is normally no reason to make this adjustment.) The mechanical loss setting is used to compensate the torque.

- There is excessive torque loss from the motor bearings.
- There is excessive torque loss from a fan, pump, etc.

♦ Setting the V/f Pattern

In V/f control method, you can set the Inverter input voltage and the V/f pattern as the need arises.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | itrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| E1-01 | Input voltage setting 输入电压 | Set the Inverter input voltage in 1 volt. This setting is used as a reference value in protection functions. | 155 to 255 *1 | 200 V *1 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 300H |
| E1-03 | V/f pattern selection V/F 曲线设定 | 0 to E: Select from the 15 preset patterns. F: Custom user-set patterns (Applicable for settings E1-04 to E1-10.) | 0 to F | F | No | Q | Q | No | No | No | 302H |
| E1-04 | Max. output frequency 最高输出频率 | | 40.0 to 400.0 *5 | 50.0 Hz *2 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 303H |
| E1-05 | Max. voltage 最大电压 | Output voltage (V) | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 200.0 V *1*2 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 304H |
| E1-06 | Base frequency 基本频率 | (^(E) -00) (^(V) BASE) (^(E) -13) V0 (^{E)} -00) V0 | 0.0 to 400.0 *5 | 50.0 Hz *2 | No | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | 305H |
| E1-07 | Mid. output frequency | (EI-0) FMIN FB FA FMXX (EI-00) (EI-00) (EI-04) Frequency (Hz) | 0.0 to 400.0 | 3.0 Hz *2 | No | А | А | А | No | No | 306H |
| E1-08 | 中间频率 Mid. output frequency voltage | To set V/1 characteristics in a straight line, set the same values for E1-07 and E1-09. In this case, the setting for E1-08 will be disre- garded. | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 13.2 V *1 *2 | No | A | A | А | No | No | 307H |
| E1-09 | 中间电压 Min. output frequency 最低输出频率 | quencies are set in the following manner: E1-04 (FMAX) \ge E1-06 (FA) $>$ E1- 07 (FB) \ge E1-09 (FMIN) | 0.0 to 400.0 *5 | 0.5 Hz *2 | No | Q | Q | Q | A | Q | 308H |
| E1-10 | Min. output frequency voltage 最低输出电压 | • | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 2.4 V *1 *2 | No | А | А | A | No | No | 309H |
| E1-11 | Mid. output frequency 2 中间频率 2 | - | 0.0 to 400.0 *5 | 0.0 Hz *3 | No | А | A | A | A | A | 30AH |
| E1-12 | Mid. output frequency voltage 2 | Set only to fine-adjust V/f for the output range. Normally, this setting is not required. | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 0.0 V *3 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 30BH |
| E1-13 | 中间电压 2 Base voltage 基本电压 | | 0.0 to 255.0 *1 | 0.0 V *4 | No | А | A | Q | Q | Q | 30CH |

- * 1. These are values for a 200 V Class Inverter. Values for a 400 V Class Inverter are double.
- * 2. The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory settings are given.
- * 3. E1-11 and E1-12 are disregarded when set to 0.0.
- * 4. E1-13 is set to the same value as E1-05 by autotuning.
- * 5. The setting range for open-loop vector 2 control is 0 to 132.0.

Setting Inverter Input Voltage

Set the Inverter input voltage correctly in E1-01 to match the power supply voltage. This set value will be the standard value for the protection function and similar functions.

The overvoltage detection level (OV) and the braking transistor operation level (BTR) vary depending on the input voltage as shown in the following table.

| Inverter Class | E1-01 Setting | OV Detection Level | BTR Operation Level* |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 200 V Class | All values | Approx. 410 V | Approx. 394 V |
| | 400 V or more | Approx. 820 V | Approx. 788 V |
| 400 V Class | Less than 400 V | Approx. 720 V | Approx. 682 V |

* These are values of operation levels for braking transistors built in Inverters of 0.4 to 15 kW. Refer to FOR VARISPEED-600 SERIES INVERTER BRAK-ING UNIT BRAKING RESISTOR UNIT INSTRUCTIONS (TOBPC72060000) for operation levels for separately-installed type Braking Resistor Units.

If selecting a fixed V/f pattern (E1-03 = 0 to E) in V/f control the values of the max. voltage (E1-05), the mid. Output frequency voltage (E1-08), and the min. output frequency voltage (E1-10) will change if the value for the input voltage setting (E1-01) is changed.

■Setting V/f Pattern

Set the V/f pattern in E1-03 when using V/f control (with or without a PG). There are two methods of setting the V/f pattern: Select one of the 15 pattern types (set value: 0 to E) that have been set beforehand, or set a user-defined V/f pattern (set value: F).

The factory setting for E1-03 is F. The contents of E1-03 when factory-set to F are the same as when E1-03 is set to 1.

To select one of the existing patterns, refer to the following table.

| Characteristic | Application | Set Value | Specifications |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------|--|
| | | 0 (F) | 50 Hz specifications |
| | This pattern is used in general applications. | 1 | 60 Hz specifications |
| Constant Torque Characteristic | Used when the load torque is fixed, regard- less of rotation speed, for linear transport | 2 | 60 Hz specifications, voltage saturation at 50 Hz |
| | Systems. | 3 | 72 Hz specifications, voltage saturation at 60 Hz |
| | | 4 | 50 Hz specifications,× 3 decrement |
| Variable torque | This pattern is used for loads with torque | 5 | 50 Hz specifications, × 2 decrement |
| characteristic | tion speed, such as fans and pumps. | 6 | 60 Hz specifications, \times 3 decrement |
| | | 7 | 60 Hz specifications, \times 2 decrement |
| | Select the high startup torque V/f pattern only in the following cases. | 8 | 50 Hz specifications, medium startup torque |
| High Startup | The wiring distance between Inverter and motor is large (approx. 150 m min.) A large torque is required at startup (elevator loads, etc.) An AC reactor is inserted in the Inverter | 9 | 50 Hz specifications, large startup torque |
| Note)* | | А | 60 Hz specifications, medium startup torque |
| | You are operating a motor that is less than optimum. | В | 60 Hz specifications, large startup torque |
| | | С | 90 Hz specifications, voltage saturation at 60 Hz |
| Fixed Output Operation | This pattern is used for frequencies of 60 Hz or higher. A fixed voltage is applied. | D | 120 Hz specifications, voltage saturation at 60 Hz |
| | | Е | 180 Hz specifications, voltage saturation at 60 Hz |

* The torque is protected by the fully automatic torque boost function, so normally there is no need to use this pattern.

When you select these patterns, the values of constants E1-04 to E1-10 are changed automatically. There are three types of values for E1-04 to E1-10, depending on the Inverter capacity.

- 0.4 to 1.5 kW V/f pattern
- 2.2 to 45 kW V/f pattern
- 55 to 300 kW V/f pattern

The characteristics diagrams for each are shown in the following pages.

0.4 to 1.5 kW V/f Pattern

The diagrams show characteristics for a 200-V class motor. For a 400-V class motor, multiply all voltages by 2.

• Constant Torque Characteristics (Set Value: 0 to 3)



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2.2 to 45 kW V/f Pattern

The diagrams show characteristics for a 200-V class motor. For a 400-V class motor, multiply all voltages by 2.

• Constant Torque Characteristics (Set Value: 0 to 3)





• High Startup Torque (Set Value: 8 to B)



• Fixed Output Operation (Set Value: C to E)



55 to 300 kW V/f Pattern

The diagrams show characteristics for a 200-V class motor. For a 400-V class motor, multiply all voltages by 2.

• Constant Torque Characteristics (Set Value: 0 to 3)



When E1-03 is set to F (User-defined V/f pattern), you can set constants E1-04 to E1-10. If E1-03 is set to anything other than F, you can only refer to constants E1-04 to E1-10. If the V/f characteristics are linear, set E1-07 and E1-09 to the same value. In this case, E1-08 will be ignored.



Fig 6.67 User-Set V/f Pattern

■Setting Precautions

When the setting is to user-defined V/f pattern, beware of the following points.

- When changing control method, constants E1-07 to E1-10 will change to the factory settings for that control method.
- Be sure to set the four frequencies as follows: E1-04 (FMAX) ≥ E1-06 (FA) > E1-07 (FB) ≥ E1-09 (FMIN)



♦ Torque Control

With flux vector control or open-loop vector 2 control, the motor's output torque can be controlled by a torque reference from an analog input. To control torque, set d5-01 to 1 or set multi-function contact inputs H1- \Box to 71 (Speed/Torque control) and turn ON the contact.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Torque control selection | 0: Speed control (C5-01 to C5- 07) | | | | | | | | | |
| d5-01 | 转矩控制选择 | This function is only available in flux vector control method. To use the function for switching between speed and torque control, set to 0 and set the multi-function input to "speed/torque control change." | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | No | А | А | 29AH |
| | Torque reference delay time | Set the torque reference filter pri- mary delay time in ms units. This function can be used to | A . | | | | | | | | |
| d5-02 转矩控制延迟 时间 | | adjust the noise of the torque con- trol signal or the responsiveness with the host controller. When oscillation occurs during torque control, increase the set value. | 0 to 1000 | 0* | No | No | No | No | Α | A | 29BH |
| | Speed limit selection | Set the speed limit command method for the torque control | | | | | | | | | |
| d5-03 | 速度极限选择 | The analog input limit from a frequency reference Limited by d5-04 constant set- ting values. | 1 or 2 | 1 | No | No | No | No | Α | Α | 29CH |
| | Speed limit | Set the speed limit during torque | | | | | | | | | |
| d5-04 | 速度极限 | maximum output frequency. This function is enabled when d5- 03 is set to 2. Directions are as follows: +: Run Command direction -: Opposite of Run Command | -120 to +120 | 0 | No | No | No | No | А | A | 29DH |
| | Speed limit bias | Set the speed limit bias as a per- | | | | | | | | | |
| d5-05 | 速度极限偏置 | centage of the maximum output frequency. Bias is applied to the specified speed limit. It can be used to adjust the margin for the speed limit. | 0 to 120 | 10 | No | No | No | No | А | А | 29EH |

| | Name | | | | Change | | Con | itrol Me | thods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Speed/torque control switching timer | Set the delay time from inputting the multi-function input "speed/ torque control change" (from ON to OFF or OFF to ON) until the control is actually changed in ms unit. | | | | | | | | | |
| d5-06 | 控制切换时间 | This function is enabled when the multi-function input "speed/ torque control change" is set. In the speed/torque control switch- ing timer, the analog inputs hold the values of when the "speed/ torque control change" changes. Always be sure to allow time for this process to finish completely. | 0 to 1000 | 0 | No | No | No | No | A | Α | 29FH |
| d5-07 | Rotation direction limit operation selection | 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Usually, use a setting of 1 (enabled). Be sure to enable this setting | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | No | No | No | No | А | 2А6Н |
| | 旋转方向限制 动作 | when rotating the motor in the same direction as the speed limit (winding operation). | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-04 | Signal level selection (ter- minal A3) | 0: 0 to 10V 1: -10 to 10V [11-bit + polarity (positive/ | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 413H |
| | 端子 A3 信号电平 | negative) input] | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-05 | Multi-function analog input (terminal A3) function selec- tion | Select multi-function analog input function for terminal A3. | 0 to 1F | 2 | No | A | A | A | A | А | 414H |
| | 端子 A3 设定 | | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-06 | Gain (terminal A3) | Sets the input gain (level) when 10 V is input. Set according to the 100% value | 0.0 to 1000.0 | 100.0 % | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 415H |
| | 端子 A3 增益 | selected from H3-05. | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-07 | Bias (terminal A3) | Sets the input gain (level) when 0 V is input. Set according to the 100% value | -100.0 to +100.0 | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 416H |
| | ''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''' | selected from H3-05. | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-08 | Signal level selection (terminal A2) | 0: 0 to 10V 1: -10V to 10V 2: 4 to 20 mA (9-bit input). Switch current and voltage input | 0 to 2 | 2 | No | А | A | А | A | А | 417H |
| | 端子 A2 信号选择 | using the switch on the control panel. | | | | | | | | | |
| Н3-09 | Multi-function analog input (terminal A2) function selec- tion | Select multi-function analog input function for terminal A2. | 0 to 1F | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 418H |
| | 端子 A2 设定 | | | | | | | | | | |
| H3-10 | Gain (terminal A2) | Sets the input gain (level) when 10 V (20 mA) is input. Set according to the 100% value | 0.0 to 1000.0 | 100.0 % | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 419H |
| Ì | 端子 A2 增益 | for the function set for H3-09. | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | | MEMO | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| H3-11 | Bias (terminal A2) | Sets the input gain (level) when 0 V (4 mA) is input. | -100.0 to | 0.0% | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 41AH |
| | 端子 A2 偏置 | Set according to the 100% value for the function set for H3-09. | +100. 0 | | | | | | | | |

* The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The flux vector factory setting is given.

Multi-function Contact Input Functions (H1-01 to H1-10)

| | | Control Methods | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | | |
| 71 | Speed/torque control change (ON: Torque control) | | No | No | Yes | Yes | | |
| 78 | Polarity Reverse Command for external torque reference | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | | |

Multi-function Contact Output Functions (H2-01 to H2-05)

| | | Control Methods | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | | |
| 32 | Speed control circuit operating for torque control (except when stopped). The external torque reference will be limited if torque control is selected. Output when the motor is rotating at the speed limit. | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | | |

Multi-function Analog Inputs (H3-05, H3-09)

| _ | | | Control Methods | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 |
| 0 | Add to terminal A1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 13 | Torque reference/torque limit at speed control | No | No | No | Yes | Yes |
| 14 | Torque compensation | No | No | No | Yes | Yes |

Monitor Function

| | Name | | | | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|--------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Func- tion Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO BUS Reg- ister |
| U1-09 | Torque refer- ence | Monitor in internal torque reference value for vector | 10 V: Motor rated torque | 0.1 | No | No | А | А | А | 48H |
| | 转矩指令 | control. | (-10 to 10 v possible) | /0 | | | | | | |

■Inputting Torque References and Torque Reference Directions

The torque reference can be changed according to an analog input by setting H3-09 (Multi-function analog input terminal A2 selection) or H3-05 (Multi-function analog input terminal A3 selection) to 13 (torque reference) or 14 (torque compensation). The torque reference input methods are listed in the following table.

| Torque Reference Input Method | Reference Location | Selection Method | Remarks |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| | Between A3 and AC | H3-04 = 1 H3-05 = 13 | Set H3-04 to 0 for a 0 to 10-V torque ref- erence. To switch the torque reference between positive and negative torque, set a multi- function analog input to 78. |
| Voltage input (-10 to 10 V) | Between A2 and AC (Turn OFF pin 2 of SW1.) | H3-08 = 1 H3-09 = 13 | Set H3-08 to 0 for a 0 to 10-V torque ref- erence. To switch the torque reference between positive and negative torque, set a multi- function analog input to 78. The input can be used for torque compen- sation by setting H3-09 to 14. |
| Current input (4 to 20 mA) | Between A2 and AC (Turn ON pin 2 of SW1.) | H3-08 = 2 H3-09 = 13 | To switch the torque reference between positive and negative torque, set a multi- function analog input to 78. The input can be used for torque compen- sation by setting H3-09 to 14. |
| Option board (AI-14B) (-10 to 10 V) | Between TC2 and TC4 | F2-01 = 0 H3-08 = 1 H3-09 = 13 | The input can be used for torque compen- sation by setting H3-05 to 14. |

The direction of the torque output from the motor will be determined by the sign of the analog signal input. It does not depend on the direction of the Run Command. The direction of torque will be as follows:

- Positive analog reference: Torque reference for forward motor rotation (counterclockwise as viewed from the motor output axis).
- Negative analog reference: Torque reference for reverse motor rotation (clockwise as viewed from the motor output axis).

Application Precautions

If the analog signal input level is 0 to 10 V or 4 to 20 mA, a forward torque reference will not be applied. To apply reverse torque, use an input level of -10 V to 10 V or switch the direction using a multi-function input set to 78 (polarity Reverse Command for external torque reference).



Fig 6.68 Torque Control Block Diagram

Speed Limiter and Priority Circuit (Speed Limit Function)

If the external torque reference and load are not balanced during torque control, the motor will accelerate in either the forward or reverse direction. The speed limit function is used to limit the speed to a specified value and it consists of the speed limiter circuit and priority circuit.

When the motor speed exceeds the speed limit value during torque control, the speed limiter circuit generates the suppression torque proportional to the speed above the limit value and adds to the torque reference. The priority circuit switches the internal torque reference to ASR output so that the motor speed does not exceed the speed limit value.

Application Precautions

There are two ways to set a speed limit: using an input from an analog input terminal and setting a speed limit in d5-04. The inputs methods for a speed limit are listed in the following table.

| Speed Limit Input Method | Location of Refer- ence | Constant Set- tings | Remarks |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| | Set in d5-04 | d5-03 = 2 | - |
| | Between A1 and AC $b1-01 = 1 \\ H3-01 = 1$ | | Set H3-01 to 0 if the speed limit is always to be positive. |
| Voltage input (-10 to 10 V) | Between A2 and AC | b1-01 = 0 H3-08 = 1 H3-09 = 1 | The value will be added to the value input on A1 to determine the speed limit. Set H3-03 to 0 if the speed limit input on A2 is always to be positive. Turn OFF (V side) pin 2 of DIP switch S1 on the terminal board. |
| Current input (4 to 20 mA) | Between A2 and AC | b1-01 = 0 H3-08 = 2 H3-09 = 1 | The value will be added to the value input on A1 to determine the speed limit. Turn ON (I side) pin 2 of DIP switch S1 on the terminal board. |
| Option board (AI-4B) (-10 to 10 V) | Between TC1 and TC4 | b1-01 = 3 F2-01 = 0 | If H3-09 is set to 0, the sum of the input between TC2 and TC4 will be added the input between TC1 and TC4 to determine the speed limit. |



The direction in which speed is controlled is determined by the sign of the speed limit signal and the direction of the Run Command.

Positive voltage applied: The speed in the forward direction will be limited for forward operation.

Negative voltage applied: The speed in the reverse direction will be limited for reverse operation.

If the direction of motor rotation and the command direction are not the same, speed will be limited to 0 as long as b5-05 is set to 0.

■Setting Speed Limit Bias

The same speed limit bias can be set for the forward and reverse side, and is different from the speed limit. Set d5-04 to 0, and set the speed limit bias (d5-05) as a percentage of the maximum output frequency.

When setting both forward and reverse speed limit biases to 50%, set the speed limit to 0 (d5-03 = 2, d5-04 = 0, d5-05 = 50). The torque control range with these settings is between -50 to +50% of the speed.

When using the speed limit together with the speed limit bias, the torque control range will be limited by the speed limit + the speed limit biases on the forward and reverse sides of the speed limit range.

When the forward speed limit is set to 50% and the speed limit bias to 10%, the torque control range will be as shown in the figure below unless the priority circuit is taken into consideration.



Fig 6.69 Setting Speed Limit Bias

Torque Limit Operation Examples

Operation examples will be described separately for winding operation, in which the speed and motor torque are in the same directions, and rewinding operation, in which the speed and motor torque are in opposite directions.

Winding Operation

In a winding operation, the line (speed) and torque generated by the motor are in the same direction. For the winding operation, both the speed limit and the torque reference input are positive. The motor will accelerate when the torque reference input is larger than the load and will decelerate when it is smaller than the load. If the motor turns faster than the speed limit, a negative compensation value is output from the speed limiter circuit. When the speed then drops below the speed limit, a positive compensation value is output. The torque compensation is proportional to the ASR proportional gain. When the sum of the torque reference and the torque compensation output by the speed limiter is the same as the actual load, the motor will stop accelerating and run at a constant speed.

Rewinding Operation

In a rewinding operation, the line (speed) and torque generated by the motor are in the opposite directions. (In this example, we'll assume that the line speed is positive and the torque reference input is negative.) For the rewinding operation, the speed limit is positive and the torque reference input is negative. If the motor turns faster than the speed limit, a negative compensation value is output from the speed limiter circuit. If the motor is rotating in reverse, a negative compensation value is output. If the speed is 0 or is below the speed limit, a 0 compensation value is output. In this way, the output from the speed limiter is used to maintain the motor speed between 0 and the speed limit. When the sum of the torque reference and the torque compensation output by the speed limiter is the same as the actual load, the motor will stop accelerating and run at a constant speed.

| | Winding (| Operation | Rewindin | g Operation | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| Configuration | Line direction N T (X) Line direction M | | T N Line direction | - T N Line M | | |
| Normal Rotation Direction | Forward | Reverse | Forward | Reverse | | |
| Torque Reference Polarity (TREF) | (+) | Θ | Θ | (\neq) | | |
| Speed Limit Polarity (SLIM) | (+) | Θ | (+) | Ð | | |
| Generated Torque | Torque Torque ΔN imit TREF ΔN 0 SLIM Speed (d5-05) Torque imit $\Delta N(\%) = \frac{TREF(\%)}{C5-01}$ | Torque limit (d5-05) SLIM 0 Speed TREF ΔN Torque limit $\Delta N(\%) = \frac{TREF(\%)}{C5-01}$ | Torque $IIIIII \rightarrow IIIII \rightarrow IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII$ | Torque limit TREF ΔN (d5-05) Torque limit (d5-05) Torque limit The lower value of $\Delta N(\%) = \frac{TREF(\%)}{C5-01}$ or d5-05(%) | | |

Rotation Direction Limit Operation Selection (Valid Only in Open-loop Vector 2 Control)

In applications where the machine is not rotated in the opposite direction to the sign of the speed limit (i.e., in winding operation), use with d5-07 set to 1. If the sign of the calculated speed is the opposite to that of the speed limit, a torque will be output to prevent the motor from accelerating in the opposite direction.

■Torque Reference Adjustment

Consider the following information when adjusting the torque.

Torque Reference Delay Time: d5-02

The time constant of the primary filter in the torque reference section can be adjusted. This constant is used to eliminate noise in the torque reference signal and adjust the responsiveness to the host controller. Increase the setting if oscillation occurs during torque control.

Setting the Torque Compensation

Set multi-function analog input A2 or A3 to torque compensation (setting 14). When the amount of torque loss for mechanical loss or other factor at the load is input to one of these terminals, it is added to the torque reference to compensate for the loss. The direction of torque will be as follows:

- Positive voltage (current): Torque compensation reference for forward motor rotation (counterclockwise as viewed from the motor output axis).
- Negative voltage: Torque compensation reference for reverse motor rotation (clockwise as viewed from the motor output axis).

Since the polarity of the voltage input determines the direction, only forward torque compensation can be input when the 0 to 10 V or 4 to 20 mA signal level has been selected. If you want to input reverse torque compensation, be sure to select the -10 to 10 V signal level.

■Speed/Torque Control Switching Function

It is possible to switch between speed control and torque control when one of the multi-function inputs (H1-01 to H1-10) is set to 71 (Speed/Torque Control Change). Speed control is performed when the input is OFF and torque control is performed when the input is ON. Set d5-01 to switch speed/torque control.



Setting the Speed/Torque Control Switching Timer

The delay between a change in the speed/control switching function input (ON to OFF or OFF to ON) and the corresponding change in the control method can be set in d5-06. During the timer delay, the value of the 3 analog inputs will retain the values they had when the ON/OFF status of speed/torque control switching signal was changed. Use this delay to complete any changes required in external signals.

Application Precautions

- The frequency reference (during speed control) is set in b1-01. The speed limit during torque control is set in d5-03.
- If the torque reference has been assigned to a multi-function analog input, terminal A2, or terminal A3, the input function changes when the control method is switched between torque control and speed control. During speed control: The multi-function analog input terminal is used as the torque limit input. During torque control: The multi-function analog input terminal is used as the torque reference input.
- When the Run Command turns OFF, the control method when stopped will be for speed control. Even from the torque control method, the system will automatically change to speed control and decelerate to a stop when the Run Command turns OFF.
- When A1-02 (control method selection) is set to 3 (flux vector control), the speed/torque change command (a setting of 71) can be set for a multi-function input (H1-01 to H1-10) to switch between speed and torque control during operation. An example is shown below.

| Terminal No. | User Constant No. | Factory Setting | Setting | Function |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------|---|
| S8 | H1-06 | 8 | 71 | Speed/torque control change |
| A1 | b1-01 | 1 | 1 | Frequency reference selection (terminals A1, A2) |
| | d5-03 | 1 | 1 | Speed limit (terminals A1, A2) |
| A3 | H3-05 | 0 | 13 | Torque reference/torque limit |

A timing chart for switching between speed and torque control is shown in the following figure.



Fig 6.70 Speed/Torque Control Switching Time Chart.

Speed Control (ASR) Structure

Speed control (ASR) during vector control adjusts the torque reference so that the deviation between the speed reference and the estimated speed (PG feedback or speed estimator) is 0. Speed control (ASR) during V/ f control with a PG adjusts the output frequency so that the deviation between the speed reference and the estimated speed (PG feedback or speed estimator) is 0. The following block diagram shows the structure of the speed control for vector or V/f control with a PG.



Speed Control Block Diagram for Vector Control



Speed Control Block Diagram for V/f Control with a PG

Fig 6.71 Speed Control Block Diagrams

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol Me | ethod | S | |
|-------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO BUS Reg- ister |
| C5-01 | ASR propor- tional (P) gain 1 | Sets the proportional gain of the speed loop (ASR.) | 0.00 to 300.00 | 20.00 *1 | Yes | No | А | No | А | А | 21BH |
| 比例 | 比例增益1 | | - | | | | | | | | |
| C5-02 | ASR inte- gral (I) time 1 | Sets the integral time of the speed loop (ASR) in 1-second units. | 0.000 to 10.000 | 0.500 s ^{*1} | Yes | No | A | No | А | А | 21CH |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C5-03 | ASK propor- tional (P) gain 2 | Usually setting is not necessary. Set to change the rotational speed gain. | 0.00 to 300.00 *2 | 20.00 *1 | Yes | No | А | No | A | А | 21DH |
| | 比例增益2 | r P=C5-01 | | | | | | | | | |
| C5-04 | ASR inte- gral (I) time 2 积分时间 2 | P=C5-03 I=C5-04 0 E1-04 Motor speed (Hz) | 0.000 to 10.000 | 0.500 s ^{*1} | Yes | No | А | No | A | A | 21EH |

| | Name | | | | | | Con | trol M | ethod | S | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|---|------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO BUS Reg- ister | | | | | | | | | |
| | ASR limit | Sets the upper limit for the compensation | 0.01 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C5-05 | ASR 极限 | (ASR) to a percentage of the maximum output frequency. | 0.0 to 20.0 | 5.0% | No | No | Α | No | No | No | 21FH | | | | | | | | | |
| 65.06 | ASR pri- mary delay time | Sets the filter time constant for outputting torque references from the speed control loop (ASR). It is set in 1-second units. | 0.000 | 0.004s | N | N | N | N | | | 22011 | | | | | | | | | |
| C5-06 | ASR 延迟时间 | With open-loop vector 2 control, this set- ting is enabled only for speeds in the range 0 to 35 Hz. Usually setting is not necessary. | 0.500 | *1 | | No | NO | NO | А | A | 220H | | | | | | | | | |
| C5-07 | ASR switch- ing fre- quency | Set the frequency for switching between Proportion Gain 1, 2 and Integral Time 1, 2 in Hz units. Speed control (ASP) proportional gain | 0.0 to | 0.0 Hz | No | No | No | No | А | А | 221H | | | | | | | | | |
| | 增益切换频率 | switching for a multi-function input takes priority. | 400.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C5-08 | ASR inte- gral (I) limit | Set the upper limit of the speed control loop integral as a percentage of the value | 0 to | 400% | No | No | No | No | А | А | 222H | | | | | | | | | |
| | 积分极限 | at the rated load. | 400 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 05.10 | ASR pri- mary delay time 2 | Sets the filter time constant for outputting torque references from the speed control loop (ASR). It is set in 1-second units. | 0.000 | 0.010 | | N | 21 | | N | | 22111 | | | | | | | | | |
| C5-10 | ASR延迟时间2 | With open-loop vector 2 control, this set- ting is enabled only for speeds greater than 35 Hz. Usually setting is not necessary. | to 0.500 | to 0.500 | to 0.500 | to 0.500 | to 0.500 | to 0.500 | to 0.500 | to 0.500 | to 0.500 | to 0.500 | S | No | No | No | No | No | A | 231H |

* 1. When the control method is changed, the factory settings will change. The flux vector factory settings are given.

* 2. The setting range for flux vector and open-loop vector 2 controls is 1.00 to 300.00.

Multi-function Contact Input Functions (H1-01 to H1-10)

| | | Control Methods | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | | | |
| D | Speed control disable setting for V/f control with PG OFF: Use speed control V/f control with PG ON: Do not use speed control for V/f control with PG | No | Yes | No | No | No | | | |
| Е | Speed control integral reset Enables switching between PI and P control for the speed control loop. | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | | | |
| 77 | Speed control (ASR) proportional gain switch (switching between C5-01 and C5-03) OFF: Use proportional gain in C5-01 ON: Use proportional gain in C5-03 | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | | | |

6

■Speed Control (ASR) Gain Adjustment for Vector Control

Use the following procedure to adjust C5-01 and C5-03 with the mechanical system and actual load connected.



Fine Adjustments

When you want even finer gain adjustment, adjust the gain while observing the speed waveform. Constant settings like those shown in the following table will be necessary to monitor the speed waveform.

| Constant No. | Name | Setting | Explanation |
|-----------------|--|---------|-----------------------------------|
| H4-01 | Multi-function analog output 1 terminal FM monitor selection | 2 | Settings that allow multi-func- |
| H4-02 | Multi-function analog output 1 terminal FM output gain | 1.00 | tion analog output 1 to be used |
| H4-03 | Multi-function analog output 1 terminal FM bias | 0.0 | to monitor the output frequency. |
| H4-04 | Multi-function analog output 2 terminal AM monitor selection | 5 | Settings that allow multi-func- |
| H4-05 | Multi-function analog output 2 terminal AM output gain | 1.00 | tion analog output 2 to be used |
| H4-06 | Multi-function analog output 2 terminal AM bias selection | 0.00 | to monitor the motor speed. |
| H4-07 | Multi-function analog output 1 terminal signal level selection | 1 | Settings that allow a -10 to 10 V |
| H4-08 | Multi-function analog output 2 terminal signal level selection | 1 | signal range to be monitored. |

The multi-function analog outputs have the following functions with these constant settings.

- Multi-function analog output 1 (terminal FM): Outputs Inverter's output frequency (-10 to 10 V).
- Multi-function analog output 2 (terminal AM): Outputs actual motor speed (-10 to 10 V).

Terminal AC is the multi-function analog output common.

We recommend monitoring both the output frequency and the motor speed to monitor the response delay or deviations from the reference value, as shown in the following diagram.

Adjusting ASR Proportional Gain 1 (C5-01)

This gain setting adjusts the responsiveness of the speed control (ASR). The responsiveness is increased when this setting is increased. Usually this setting is higher for larger loads. Oscillation will occur if this setting is increased too much.

The following diagram shows the type of changes that can occur in the response when the ASR proportional gain is changed.



Fig 6.72 Responsiveness for Proportional Gain

Adjusting ASR Integral Time 1 (C5-02)

This constant sets the speed control (ASR) integral time.

Lengthening the integral time lowers the responsiveness, and weakens the resistance to external influences. Oscillation will occur if this setting is too short. The following diagram shows the type of changes that can occur in the response when the ASR integral time is changed.



Fig 6.73 Responsiveness for Integral Time

Different Gain Settings for Low-speed and High-speed

Switch between low-speed and high-speed gain when oscillation occurs because of resonance with the mechanical system at low speed or high speed. The proportional gain P and integral time I can be switched according to the motor speed, as shown below.





Setting the Gain Switching Frequency (C5-07)

Set the switching frequency to about 80% of the motor operating frequency or the frequency at which oscillation occurs.

Low-speed Gain Adjustments (C5-03, C5-04)

Connect the actual load and adjust these constants at zero-speed. Increase C5-03 (ASR proportional gain 2) until there is no oscillation. Decrease C5-04 (ASR integral time 2) until there is no oscillation.

High-speed Gain Adjustments (C5-01, C5-02)

Adjust these constants at normal operating speed. Increase C5-01 (ASR proportional gain 1) until there is no oscillation. Decrease C5-02 (ASR integral time 1) until there is no oscillation. Refer to *Fine Adjustments* on page 6-138 for details on making fine adjustments of high-speed operation.

ASR Proportional Gain Switch Setting

When one of the multi-function inputs (H1-01 to H1-10) is set to 77, the input can be used to switch between C5-01 (proportional gain 1) and C5-03 (proportional gain 2). Proportional gain 2 is used when the multi-function input is ON. This input has higher priority than the ASR switching frequency set in C5-07.



The gain is changed linearly in integral time 1 (C5-02).

Fig 6.75 ASR Proportional Gain Switch

Precautions for Open-loop Vector 2 Control

- The ASR primary delay time setting for open-loop vector 2 control is divided between constants C5-06 and C5-10. The constant that is used depends on the size of the operating frequency. If the operating frequency is between 0 and 35 Hz, adjust the setting using C5-06, and if the operating frequency is greater than 35 Hz, adjust the setting using C5-10.
- To increase the speed response, adjust the gain with reference to the explanations on page 4-19 in *Chapter 4 Trial Operation*.

■Gain Adjustment for Speed Control during V/f Control with PG

When using V/f control with PG, set the proportional gain (P) and the integral time (I) at E1-09 (minimum output frequency) and E1-04 (maximum output frequency). *Speed Control Gain Integral Time Adjustment for V/f Control with PG* shows how the proportional gain and integral time change in linear fashion based on the speed.



Fig 6.76 Speed Control Gain Integral Time Adjustment for V/f Control with PG

Gain Adjustments at Minimum Output Frequency

Operate the motor at the minimum output frequency. Increase C5-03 (ASR proportional gain 2) to a level where there is no oscillation. Decrease C5-04 (ASR integral time 2) to a level where there is no oscillation. Monitor the Inverter's output current and verify that it is less than 50% of the Inverter rated current. If the output current exceeds 50% of the Inverter's rated current, decrease C5-03 and increase C5-04.

Gain Adjustments at Maximum Output Frequency

Operate the motor at the maximum output frequency. Increase C5-01 (ASR proportional gain 1) to a level where there is no oscillation. Decrease C5-02 (ASR integral time 1) to a level where there is no oscillation.

Fine Adjustments

When you want even finer gain adjustment, adjust the gain while observing the speed waveform. The adjustment method is the same as that for vector control.

Enable integral operation during acceleration and deceleration (by setting F1-07 to 1) when you want the motor speed to closely follow the frequency reference during acceleration and deceleration. Reduce the setting of C5-01 if overshooting occurs during acceleration, and reduce the setting of C5-03 and increase the setting of C5-04 if undershooting occurs when stopping. If overshooting and undershooting cannot be eliminated by adjusting only the gain, reduce the value of C5-05 speed control and reduce the limit of the frequency reference compensation value.



Increasing the Speed Reference Response (Feed Forward Control)

Use feed forward control to increase the responsiveness to speed references. This function is effective for machines for which the ASR gain cannot be increased to a large value because doing so would result in vibrations. There is also the additional effect of making the system less prone to overshoot. This function is valid only in flux vector and open-loop vector 2 controls.





■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| N5-01 | Feed forward control selec- tion | Select the feed forward control. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled | 0 or 1 | 0 *1 | No | No | No | No | А | А | 5B0H |
| | FF 控制选择 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Motor accelera- tion time | Set the time required to acceler- ate the motor at the rated torque (T_{m}) by the rated mered (NI) | | | | | | | | | |
| N5-02 | 电机加速时间 | (1 ₁₀₀) to the rated speed (Nr). J: GD ² /4, P: Motor rated output $ta = \frac{2\pi \cdot J [kgm^2] \cdot Nr [min^{-1}]}{60 \cdot T_{100} [N \cdot m]} [s]$ However, $T_{100} = \frac{60}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{P [kW]}{Nr [min^{-1}]} \times 10^3 [N \cdot m]$ | 0.001 to 10.000 | 0.178 s ^{*2} | No | No | No | No | А | А | 5B1H |
| N5-03 | Feed forward proportional gain 前馈控制 P 增益 | Set the proportional gain for feed forward control. Speed reference response will increase as the setting of N5-03 is increased. | 0.00 to 100.00 | 1.0 | No | No | No | No | А | А | 5B2H |

* 1. When the control method is changed, the factory setting will change. The flux vector factory setting is given.

* 2. The factory setting depends on the Inverter capacity. The value for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW is given.

Feed Forward Control Structure

• The following block diagram shows the speed controller (ASR) and the feed forward control structure.





Setting Precautions

- When N5-02 (Motor acceleration time) is not properly set, the acceleration time may not increase. The factory setting of N5-02 depends on the Inverter capacity. When the Inverter capacity is different from the motor capacity, calculate an appropriate acceleration time using the equation given in N5-02 of Chapter 5 User Constants or set the time that corresponds to the motor capacity referring to Factory Settings that Change with the Control Method (A1-02) (Page 5-86)
- When setting the feed forward proportional gain (N5-03), take the inertia of the motor to be equivalent to 1. If the speed reference response is slow, increase the feed forward proportional gain (N5-03). If overshoot occurs with the actual speed, or if a negative torque reference is output when acceleration is completed, reduce the feed forward proportional gain (N5-03).
- When using the droop control function (i.e., if b7-01 is not set to 0.0), disable feed forward control (i.e., set N5-01 to 0).

Droop Control Function

Droop control is a function that allows the user to set the amount of motor slip.

When a single load is operated with two motors (such as in a crane conveyor), a high-resistance motor is normally used. This is to use torque characteristics that exhibit proportion movements due to changes in the secondary resistor to maintain torque balance with the load and overall speed balance with the load. If droop control is used, a high-resistance motor characteristics can be set for a general-purpose motor.



The balance of the load is very different with different amounts of slip.



Fig 6.79 Droop Control Function

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| b7-01 | Droop control gain | Sets the slip as a percentage of maximum frequency when the | | | | | | | | | |
| | DROOP 增益 | maximum output frequency is specified and the rated torque occurs. Droop-control is not performed when the setting is 0.0. | 0.0 to 100.0 | 0.0 | Yes | No | No | No | A | А | 1CAH |
| b7-02 | Droop control delay time | Droop control responsiveness constant When hunting or oscillation | 0.03 to 2.00 | 0.05 s | No | А | А | А | А | А | 1CBH |
| | DROOP 延时 | occurs, increase the value. | 2.00 | | | | | | | | |

■Setting Precautions

- Droop control is disabled if b7-01 is set to 0.0.
- Set b7-01 to the amount of slip as the percentage of slip when the maximum output frequency is input and the rated torque is generated.
- Constant b7-02 is used to adjust the responsiveness of droop control. Increase this setting if oscillation or hunting occur.
- Disable the feed forward control (N5-01 = 0) when using the droop control function.

■Setting the Droop Control Gain

Set the droop control gain as the speed reduction at a 100% motor torque, as a percentage of the maximum output frequency.





◆ Zero-servo Function

The zero-servo function holds the motor when the motor is stopped in what is call a zero-servo status. This function can be used to stop the motor even with an external force acts on the motor or the analog reference input is offset.

The zero-servo function is enabled when one of the multi-function inputs (H1-01 to H1-10) is set to 72 (zero-servo command). If the zero-servo command is ON when the frequency (speed) reference falls below the zero-speed level, a zero-servo status is implemented.

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| b2-01 | Zero-speed level (DC injec- tion braking starting fre- quency) 直流制动开始频 率 | Used to set the frequency which starts DC injection braking in units of Hz when deceleration to stop is selected. When b2-01 is less than E1-09, E1-09 becomes the DC injection braking starting frequency. (For flux vector control, zero- speed control from B2-01) | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.5 Hz | No | А | А | А | А | А | 189H |
| b9-01 | Zero-servo gain 零伺服增益 | Adjust the strength of the zero- servo lock. Enabled when the zero-servo command is set for a multi-func- tion input. When the zero-servo command has been input and the frequency reference drop below excitation level (b2-01), a posi- tion control loop is created and the motor stops. Increasing the zero-servo gain in turn increases the strength of the lock. Increas- ing it by too much will cause oscillation. | 0 to 100 | 5 | No | No | No | No | А | No | 1DAH |
| b9-02 | Zero-servo completion width 零伺服结束 幅度 | Sets the output width of the P- lock completion signal. Enabled when the "zero-servo completion (end)" is set for a multi-function input. The zero- servo completion signal is ON when the current position is within the range (the zero-servo position + zero-servo completion width.) Set the allowable position dis- placement from the zero-servo position to 4 times the pulse rate of the PG (pulse generator, encoder) in use. | 0 to 16383 | 10 | No | No | No | No | A | No | 1DBH |

Related Constants

Multi-function Contact Input Functions (H1-01 to H1-10)

| | | Control Methods | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | | |
| 72 | Zero-servo command (ON: Zero-servo) | No | No | No | Yes | No | | |

Multi-function Contact Output Functions (H2-01 to H2-05)

| 0.1 | | Control Methods | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | | | |
| 33 | Zero-servo end ON: Current position is within zero-servo start position ± the zero-servo end width. | No | No | No | Yes | No | | | |

To output the zero-servo status externally, assign the Zero-servo End signal (setting 33) to one of the multifunction outputs (H2-01 to H2-05).

Monitor Function

| | Name | | | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | Control Methods | | | | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| U1-35 | Zero-servo movement pulses | Shows the number of PG pulses times 4 for the movement range when stopped at zero. | (Can- not be out- | 1 | No | No | No | А | No | | 62H |
| | 零伺服移动脉冲 | | put.) | | | | | | | | |

■Time Chart

A time chart for the zero-servo function is given in *Time Chart for Zero-servo*.



Fig 6.81 Time Chart for Zero-servo

■Application Precautions

- Be sure to leave the Run Command input ON. If the Run Command is turned OFF, the output will be interrupted and the zero-servo function will become ineffective.
- The holding force of the zero-servo is adjusted in b9-01. The holding force will increase if the value of the setting is increased, but oscillation and hunting will occur if the setting is too large. Adjust b9-01 after adjusting the speed control gain.
- The zero-servo detection width is set as the allowable position offset from the zero-servo start position. Set 4 times the number of pulses from the PG.
- The Zero-servo End signal will go OFF when the zero-servo command is turned OFF.



Do not lock the servo for extended periods of time at 100% when using the zero-servo function. Inverter errors may result. Extended periods of servo lock can be achieved by ensuring that the current during the servolock is 50% or less or by increasing the Inverter capacity.



Digital Operator Functions

This section explains the Digital Operator functions.

Setting Digital Operator Functions

You can set Digital Operator-related constants such as selecting the Digital Operator display, multi-function selections, and copy functions.

■Related Constants

| Name | | | | | Change | Control Methods | | | | | МЕМО |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| 01-02 | Monitor selec- tion after power up 通电监视项目 选择 | Sets the monitor item to be dis- played when the power is turned on. 1: Frequency reference 2: Output frequency 3: Output current 4: The monitor item set for al 01 | | 1 | Yes | А | А | A | А | А | 501H |
| o1-03 | Frequency units of reference set- ting and moni- tor | Sets the units that will be set and displayed for the frequency refer- ence and frequency monitor. 0: 0.01 Hz units 1: 0.01% units (Maximum output frequency is 100%) 2 to 39: min ⁻¹ units (Sets the motor poles.) 40 to 39999: User desired display Set the desired values for setting and display for the max. output frequency. Set the number of digits below the decimal point to display. Example: When the max. output frequency value is 200.0, set 12000 | 0 to 39999 | 0 | No | А | А | А | A | A | 502H |
| o1-04 | Setting unit for frequency con- stants related to V/f characteris- tics 参数设定单位 | Set the setting unit for frequency reference-related constants. 0: Hz 1: min ⁻¹ | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | No | No | А | А | 503H |
| 02-01 | LOCAL/ REMOTE key enable/disable L/R 键功能 | Sets the Digital Operator Local/ Remote Key 0: Disabled 1: Enabled (Switches between the Digital Operator and the constant settings.) | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | A | А | А | 505H |

| | Name | | | | Change | Control Methods | | | | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|---|--------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | tting Factory during inge Setting Opera- tion | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| 02-02 | STOP key dur- ing control cir- cuit terminal operation STOP 键 | Sets the Stop Key in the run mode. 0: Disabled (When the Run Command is issued from and external terminal, the Stop Key is disabled.) 1: Enabled (Effective even during run) | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 506H |
| | User constant initial value | Clears or stores user initial values. 0: Stores/not set | | | | | | | | | |
| 02-03 | 用户参数保存 | Begins storing (Records the set constants as user initial values.) All clear (Clears all recorded user initial values) When the set constants are recorded as user initial values, 1110 will be set in A1-03. | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 507H |
| | Frequency ref- erence setting method selec- tion | When the frequency reference is set on the Digital Operator fre- quency reference monitor, sets whether the Enter Key is neces- | | | | | | | | | |
| o2-05 | 频率指令设定 | sary. 0: Enter Key needed 1: Enter Key not needed When set to 1, the Inverter accepts the frequency reference without Enter Key operation. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | A | A | A | A | A | 509H |
| 02-07 | Cumulative operation time setting | Sets the cumulative operation time in hour units. | 0 to | 0 hr | No | А | A | А | A | А | 50BH |
| | 累积运行时间设 定 | the set values. | 00000 | | | | | | | | |
| 02-10 | Fan operation time setting | Set the initial value of the fan operation time using time units. | 0 to | 0 hr | No | | | | | | 50FH |
| 02-10 | 风扇累积运行时 间 | The operation time accumulates from the set value. | 65535 | 0 III | NO | A | А | А | А | А | JULII |

Changing Frequency Reference and Display Units

Set the Digital Operator frequency reference and display units using constant o1-03. You can change the units for the following constants using o1-03.

- U1-01 (Frequency Reference)
- U1-02 (Output Frequency)
- U1-05 (Motor Speed)
- U1-20 (Output Frequency after Soft Start)
- d1-01 to d1-17 (Frequency references)

Switching Monitors when the Power Supply Is ON

Using constant o1-02, select the monitor item (U1- $\Box\Box$ [status monitor]) to be displayed on the Digital Operator when the power supply is turned ON. For monitors that can be displayed, refer to U1- $\Box\Box$ in *Chapter 5 User Constants*.



Setting Precautions

If selecting monitor constants other than U1-01 (Frequency Reference), U1-02 (Output Frequency), and U1-03 (Output Current), first select the monitor items to be displayed in o1-01, and then set o1-02 to 4.

Disabling the STOP Key

If b1-02 (Operation Method Selection) is set to 1, 2, or 3, the Stop Command from the STOP Key on the Digital Operator is an emergency Stop Command.

Set 02-02 to 0 to disable emergency Stop Commands from the STOP Key on the Digital Operator.

Disabling the LOCAL/REMOTE Key

Set o2-01 to 0 to disable the LOCAL/REMOTE Key on the Digital Operator. You cannot switch Inverter reference inputs set using reference inputs from the Digital Operator, b1-01 (Reference Selection), or b1-02 (Operation Method Selection).

Initializing Changed Constant Values

You can save the Inverter constant set values that you have changed as constant initial values. Change the set values from the Inverter factory settings, and then set o2-03 to 1.

If, however, "Out of Memory MAX Param Change" is displayed on the Operator when changes in the settings of the constants are saved as initial values, do not attempt to register any further changes as initial values.

Set A1-03 (Initialize) to 1110 to initialize the Inverter constants using the user-set initial values in memory. To clear the user-set initial values in memory, set o2-03 to 2.

Setting the Frequency Reference using the UP and DOWN Keys without Using the Enter Key

Use this function when inputting frequency references from the Digital Operator. When o2-05 is set to 1, you can increment and decrement the frequency reference using the UP and DOWN Keys without using the Enter Key.

For example, enter the Run Command using a 0 Hz reference, and then continuously press the UP Key to increment the frequency reference by 0.01 Hz only for the first 0.5 s, and then by 0.01 Hz every 80 ms for 3 s thereafter. Press and hold down the UP Key for 3 s minimum to reach the maximum output frequency 10 s after that. The frequency reference that has been set will be stored in memory 5 s after the UP or DOWN Keys are released.

Clearing Cumulative Operation Time

Set the cumulative operation time initial value in time units in constant o2-07. Set o2-07 to 0 to clear U1-13 (Inverter Operating Time).

Clearing Inverter Cooling Fan Operation Time

Set the fan operation time initial value in time units in constant o2-10. Set o2-10 to 0 to clear U1-40 (Cooling Fan Operating Time).

Copying Constants

The Digital Operator can perform the following three functions using the built-in EEPROM (non-volatile memory).

- Store Inverter constant set values in the Digital Operator (READ)
- Write constant set values stored in the Digital Operator to the Inverter (COPY)
- Compare constant set values stored in the Digital Operator with Inverter constants (VERIFY)

■Related Constants

| Con- stant Number | Name | | | | Change | Control Methods | | | | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| o3-01 | Copy function selection | 0: Normal operation 1: READ (Inverter to Operator) | 0 to 3 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 515H |
| | 拷贝功能选择 | 2: COPY (Operator to Inverter) 3: Verify (compare) | | | | | | | | | |
| 03-02 | Read permitted selection | 0: Read prohibited | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 516H |
| | 读出许可选择 | 1. Keau permitteu | | | | | | | | | |

6

Storing Inverter Set Values in the Digital Operator (READ)

To store Inverter set values in the Digital Operator, make the settings using the following method. Set 03-02 (Read permitted selection) to 1 (read permitted).

| Step No. | Digital Operator Display | Explanation |
|-------------|---|--|
| 1 | - _{ADV-} 高级程序模式 * G7 * | Press the Menu Key, and select advanced programming mode. |
| 2 | -ADV- 环境设定 A1 -00= 7 | Press the DATA/ENTER Key, and select the constants monitor display. |
| 3 | -ADV- 拷贝功能 o3 -01= 0 | Display o3-01 (Copy Function Selection) using the Increment Key and Decrement Key. |
| 4 | -ADV- 选择拷贝 o3-01= 0 *0* | Press the DATA/ENTER Key, and select the constants setting display. |
| 5 | - ^{ADV-} INV>OP读取 o3-01= 1 *0* | Change the set value to 1 using the Increment Key. |
| 6 | _ _{ADV} READ INV > 0P 读取 | Set the changed data using the DATA/ENTER Key. The READ function will start. |
| 7 | - ^{ADV-} READ 读取完毕 | If the READ function ends normally, End is displayed on the Digital Operator. |
| 8 | -ADV- 拷贝功能选择 o3 - <mark>01</mark> = 0 *0* | The display returns to o3-01 when a key is pressed. |

Table 6.1 READ Function Procedure

An error may occur while saving to memory. If an error is displayed, press any key to cancel the error display and return to the o3-01 display.

Error displays and their meanings are shown below. (Refer to *Chapter 7 Errors when Using the Digital Operator Copy Function.*)

| Error Display | Meaning |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| - ^{-ADV-} PRE 操作器写入禁止 | You are attempting to set o3-01 to 1 while o3-02 is set to 0. |

| Error Display | Meaning |
|------------------------------------|--|
| - ^{ADV-} IFE 读取数据不良 | Read data length mismatch or read data error. |
| - ^{_ADV-} RDE 写入状态不良 | Tried to write constants to EEPROM on the Digital Operator, but unable to perform write operation. |

Select READ Permitted

Prevent overwriting the data stored in EEPROM in the Digital Operator by mistake. With o3-02 set to 0, if you set o3-01 to 1, and perform the write operation, PrE will be displayed on the Digital Operator, and the write operation will be stopped.

■Writing Constant Set Values Stored in the Digital Operator to the Inverter (COPY)

To write constant set values stored in the Digital Operator to the Inverter, make the settings using the following method.

| Step No. | Digital Operator Display | Explanation |
|-------------|--|--|
| 1 | - ^{_ADV-} 高级程序模式 * G7 * | Press the MENU Key, and select advanced programming mode. |
| 2 | - ^{-ADV-} 环境设定 A1 -00= 7 | Press the DATA/ENTER Key, and select the constants monitor display. |
| 3 | -ADV- 拷贝功能 o3 -01= 0 | Display o3-01 (Copy Function Selection) using the Increment Key and Decrement Key. |
| 4 | -ADV- 选择拷贝 o3-01= 0 *0* | Press the DATA/ENTER Key, and select the constants setting display. |
| 5 | -adv- OP>INV 写入 o3-01= 2 *0* | Change the set value to 2 using the Increment Key. |
| 6 | - ^{ADV-} 0P>INV 写入 o3-01= 2 *0* | Set the changed data using the DATA/ENTER Key. The COPY function will start. |
| 7 | - ^{_ADV-} COPY 拷贝完毕 | If the COPY function ends normally, End is displayed on the Digital Operator. |

Table 6.2 COPY Function Procedure

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Table 6.2 COPY Function Procedure(Continued)

| Step No. | Digital Operator Display | Explanation |
|-------------|--|---|
| 8 | -ADV- 选择拷贝 o3- 01 = 0 ∗0∗ | The display returns to o3-01 when a key is pressed. |

During the copy operation, errors may occur. If an error is displayed, press any key to cancel the error display and return to the 03-01 display.

Error displays and their meanings are shown below. (Refer to *Chapter 7 Errors when Using Digital Operator Copy Function.*)

| Error Display | Meaning |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| _ADV- CPE ID不匹配 | Inverter product code and Inverter software number are different. |
| -ADV- VAE 容量不匹配 | Inverter capacity with which you are trying to copy, and the Inverter capacity stored in the Digital Operator are different. |
| - ^{_ADV-} CRE 控制模式不匹配 | The Inverter control method in which you are trying to copy, and the Inverter control method stored in the Digital Operator are different. |
| - ^{_ADV-} CYE 校验错误 | Comparison between the constant written to the Inverter and the constant in the Digital Operator shows they are different. |
| - ^{ADV-} CSE 和数校验错误 | After copying has ended, comparison between the sum value of the Inverter constant area and the sum value of the Digital Operator constant area shows they are different. |

Comparing Inverter Constants and Digital Operator Constant Set Values (VERIFY)

To compare Inverter constants and Digital Operator constant set values, make the settings using the following method.

| Step No. | Digital Operator Display | Explanation |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | - ^{ADV-} 高级程序模式 ★ G7 ★ | Press the MENU Key. and select advanced programming mode. |
| 2 | -ADV- 环境设定 A1 -00= 7 | Press the DATA/ENTER Key, and select the constants monitor display. |

Table 6.3 VERIFY Function Procedure
| Step No. | Digital Operator Display | Explanation |
|-------------|--|--|
| 3 | -ADV- 拷贝功能 <mark>o3</mark> -01= 0 | Display o3-01 (Copy Function Selection) using the Increment Key and Decrement Key. |
| 4 | -ADV- 选择拷贝 o3-01= 0 *0* | Press the DATA/ENTER Key, and select the function setting display. |
| 5 | - ^{_ADV-} OP - INV 比较 o3-01= 3 *0* | Change the set value to 3 using the Increment Key. |
| 6 | - ^{_ADV-} VERIFY 数据校验中 | Set the changed data using the DATA/ENTER Key. The VERIFY function will start. |
| 7 | - ^{_ADV-} VERIFY 校验完毕 | If the VERIFY function ends normally, End is displayed on the Digital Operator. |
| 8 | - ^{ADV-} 选择拷贝 o3- <mark>01</mark> = 0 *0* | The display returns to o3-01 when a key is pressed. |

| Table 6.3 | VERIEY Function Procedure (Continue | d) |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|----|
| | | u, |

An error may occur during the comparison. If an error is displayed, press any key to cancel the error display and return to the o3-01 display. Error displays and their meanings are shown below. (Refer to *Chapter 7 Errors when Using Digital Operator Copy Function.*)

| Error Display | Meaning |
|------------------------------------|--|
| - ^{_ADV-} VYE 校验错误 | Verify error (Settings in the Digital Operator and the Inverter do not match). |
| - ^{_ADV-} CPE ID不匹配 | Inverter product code and Inverter software number are different. |

■Application Precautions

- When using the copy function, check that the following settings are the same between the Inverter and the Digital Operator.
 - Inverter product and type Inver
 - Inverter capacity and voltage
 - Software number
 Control method
- Use the copy function off-line or with a communications option board removed.
- A CPF03 fault (EEPROM error) can occur if the power is shut down while the Inverter constants are being copied. Do not shut down the power while copying the constants.

Prohibiting Writing Constants from the Digital Operator

If you set A1-01 to 0, you can refer to and set the A1 and A2 constant groups, and refer to drive mode, using the Digital Operator.

If you set one of the constants H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact input terminal S3 to S12 function selection) to 1B (write constants permitted), you can write constants from the digital operator when the terminal that has been set is ON. When the set terminal is OFF, writing constants other than the frequency reference is prohibited. You can, however, reference constants.

| _ | Name | | | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Constant access | Used to set the constant access | | | | | | | | | |
| A1-01 | level 参数的访问级 | level (set/read.) 0: Monitoring only (Monitoring drive mode and setting A1-01 and A1-04.) 1: Used to select user constant (Only constants set in A2-01 to A2-32 can be read and set.) 2: Advanced (Constants can be read and set in both quick programming | 0 to 2 | 2 | Yes | А | А | А | А | А | 101H |
| | | mode and advanced programming (A) mode.) | | | | | | | | | |

Setting a Password

When a password is set in A1-05, if the set values in A1-04 and A1-05 do not match, you cannot refer to or change the settings of constants A1-01 to A1-03, or A2-01 to A2-32.

You can prohibit the setting and referencing of all constants except A1-00 by using the password function in combination with setting A1-01 to 0 (Monitor only).

| _ | Name | | | | Change during Opera- tion | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Constant access level | Used to set the constant access level (set/read.) | | | | | | | | | |
| A1-01 | 参数的访问级 | 0: Monitoring only (Monitoring drive mode and setting A1-01 and A1-04.) 1: Used to select user constant (Only constants set in A2-01 to A2-32 can be read and set.) 2: Advanced (Constants can be read and set in both quick programming mode and advanced programming (A) mode.) | 0 to 2 | 2 | Yes | A | А | A | A | A | 101H |



| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Password | Password input when a password | | | | | | | | | |
| A1-04 | 密码 | has been set in A1-05. This function write-protects some constants of the initialize mode. If the password is changed, A1-01 to A1-03 and A2-01 to A2-32 constants can no longer be changed. (Programming mode constants can be changed.) | 0 to 9999 | 0 | No | A | А | А | А | А | 104H |
| | Password set- ting | Used to set a four digit number as the password. | | | | | | | | | |
| A1-05 | 密码设定 | the password. This constant is not usually dis- played. When the Password (A1- 04) is displayed, hold down the RESET Key and press the Menu Key and the password will be dis- played. | 0 to 9999 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 105H |

■Setting Precautions

Constant A1-05 cannot be displayed using normal key operations. To display A1-05, hold down the RESET Key and press the MENU Key while A1-04 is displayed.

Displaying User-set Constants Only

You can set and refer to constants necessary to the Inverter only, using the A2 constants (user-set constants) and A1-01 (Constants Access Level).

Set the number of the constant to which you want to refer in A2-01 to A2-32, and then set A1-01 to 1. You can set and refer to constants set in A1-01 to A1-03 and A2-01 to A2-32 only, using advanced programming mode.

| _ | Name | | | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | | | МЕМО | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| A2-01 to A2-32 | User setting constants | Used to set the constant numbers that can be set/read. Maximum | | | | | | | | | |
| | 用户参数 | 32. Effective when the Constant Access Level (A1-01) is set to User Program (1). Constants set in constants A2-01 to A2-32 can be set/read in programming mode. | b1-01 to o3-02 | - | No | A | А | А | А | А | 106H to 125H |



Options

This section explains the Inverter option functions.

Performing Speed Control with PG

This section explains functions with V/f control with PG.

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | PG constant | Sets the number of PG (pulse gen- | 0 . | | | | | | | | |
| F1-01 | PG 脉冲数 | erator or encoder) pulses. Sets the number of pulses per motor revolution. | 0 to 60000 | 600 | No | No | Q | No | Q | No | 380H |
| | Operation selection at PG open circuit (PGO) | Sets the PG disconnection stop- ping method. 0: Ramp to stop (Deceleration stop using Deceleration Time | | | | | | | | | |
| F1-02 | PG 动作选择 | C1-02.) Coast to stop Fast stop (Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09.) Continue operation (To protect the motor or machinery, do not normally make this setting.) | | 1 | No | No | А | No | A | No | 381H |
| | Operation selection at overspeed (OS) | Sets the stopping method when an overspeed (OS) fault occurs. 0: Ramp to stop (Deceleration stop using Deceleration Time | | | | | | | | | |
| F1-03 | 0S 动作选择 | Stop using Deceretation Time 1, C1-02.) Coast to stop Fast stop (Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09.) Continue operation (To protect the motor or machinery, do not normally make this setting.) | 0 to 3 | 1 | No | No | A | No | А | Α | 382H |
| | Operation selection at deviation | Sets the stopping method when a speed deviation (DEV) fault occurs. | | | | | | | | | |
| F1-04 | DEV 动作选择 | c. Ramp to stop (Deceleration Time 1, C1-02.) 1: Coast to stop 2: Fast stop (Emergency stop using the deceleration time in C1-09.) 3: Continue operation (DEV is displayed and operation continued.) | 0 to 3 | 3 | No | No | А | No | A | Α | 383H |
| F1-05 | PG rotation | 0: Phase A leads with Forward Run Command (Phase B | | | | | | | | | |
| | PG 方向设定 | leads with Reverse Run Com- mand.) 1: Phase B leads with Forward Run Command. (Phase A leads with Reverse Run Com- mand.) | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | А | No | А | No | 384H |

| | Name | | | | Change | Control Methods | | | | MEMO | |
|-------------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | PG division rate (PG pulse mon- itor) | Sets the division ratio for the PG speed control board pulse output. Division ratio = $(1+n)/m$ (n=0 or 1 m=1 to 32) | | | | | | | | | |
| F1-06 | PG 输出分频比 | $F1-06 = \square \square \square m$ This constant is only effective when a PG-B2 is used. The possible division ratio set- tings are: $1/32 \le F1-06 \le 1$. | 1 to 132 | 1 | No | No | А | No | A | No | 385H |
| F1-07 | Integral value during accel/ decel enable/ disable | Sets integral control during accel- eration/deceleration to either enabled or disabled. 0: Disabled (The integral function ignt used while | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | No | Δ | No | No | No | 386H |
| F1-07 | 积分动作选择 | accelerating or decelerating; it is used at constant speeds.) 1: Enabled (The integral function is used at all times.) | | | NU | NO | A | NU | NU | | 50011 |
| F1-08 | Overspeed detection level | Sets the overspeed detection | 0 to | 115% | No | No | А | No | А | А | 387H |
| | 过速检出值 | Frequencies above that set for F1- | 120 | | | | | | | | |
| F1-09 | Overspeed detection delay time | 08 (set as a percentage of the maximum output frequency) that continue to exceed this frequency for the time set in F1-09 are | 0.0 to | 0.0 s* | No | No | А | No | A | А | 388H |
| | 0S 过速检出 时间 | detected as overspeed faults. | 2.0 | | | | | | | | |
| F1-10 | Excessive speed deviation detection level | Sets the speed deviation detection method. Any speed deviation above the F1-10 set level (set as a percent- | 0 to 50 | 10% | No | No | А | No | А | А | 389H |
| | DEV 检出值 | age of the maximum output fre- | | | | | | | | | |
| F1-11 | Excessive speed deviation detection delay time | quency) that continues for the time set in F1-11 is detected as a speed deviation. Speed deviation is the difference between actual motor speed and | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.5 s | No | No | А | No | А | A | 38AH |
| | DEV 检出时间 | the reference command speed. | | | | | | | | | |
| F1-12 | Number of PG gear teeth 1 | Sets the number of teeth on the gears if there are gears between the PG and the motor. | | 0 | No | No | А | No | No | No | 38BH |
| | PG 齿轮齿数 1 | Input pulses from PG \times 60 F1-13 | 0 to | | | | | | | | |
| F1-13 | Number of PG gear teeth 2 | $\frac{1}{\text{F1-01}} \times \frac{1}{\text{F1-12}}$ | 1000 | 0 | No | No | А | No | No | No | 38CH |
| F1-13 | PG 齿轮齿数 2 | either of these constants is set to 0. | | | | | | | | | |
| F1-14 | PG open-cir- cuit detection time PG0 检出时间 | Used to set the PG disconnection detection time. PGO will be detected if the detection time con- tinues beyond the set time. | 0.0 to 10.0 | 2.0 s | No | No | A | No | А | No | 38DH |

* When the control method is changed, the factory setting will change. The flux vector factory setting is given.

■Using PG Speed Control Board

There are four types of PG Speed Control Board that can be used in V/f control with PG.

- PG-A2: A-phase (single) pulse input, compatible with open collector or complimentary outputs.
- PG-B2: A/B-phase pulse input, compatible with complimentary outputs.
- PG-D2: A-phase (single) pulse input, compatible with line drivers.
- PG-X2: A/B/Z-phase pulse input, compatible with line drivers.

There are two types of PG Speed Control Boards that can be used for flux vector control.

- PG-B2: A/B phase pulse inputs, complementary outputs
- PG-X2: A/B/Z phase pulse inputs, line driver outputs

For the connection diagram, refer to page 2-35 to 2-37.

Setting Number of PG Pulses

Set the number of PG (Pulse Generator/Encoder) pulses in pulses/rotation. Set the number of A-phase or B-phase pulses per 1 motor rotation in F1-01.

Matching PG Rotation Direction and Motor Rotation Direction

Constant F1-05 matches the PG rotation direction and the motor rotation direction. If the motor is rotating forwards, set whether it is A-phase driven or B-phase driven. Make this setting when using PG-B2 or PG-X2.







Yaskawa standard PG used is A-phase driven (CCW) when motor rotation is forward.

Fig 6.82 PG Rotation Direction Setting

Generally, PG is A-phase driven when rotation is clockwise (CW) see from the input axis. Also, motor rotation is counter-clockwise (CCW) seen from the output side when Forward Commands are output. Consequently, when motor rotation is forward, PG is normally A-phase driven when a load is applied, and B-phase driven when a load is not applied.

Setting Number of Gear Teeth Between PG and Motor

Set the number of PG gear teeth in F1-12 and F1-13. If there are gears between the motor and PG, you can operate the motor by setting the number of gear teeth.

When the number of gear teeth has been set, the speed of motor rotations within the Inverter is calculated using the following formula.

Speed of motor rotations (min⁻¹.) = No. of input pulses from PG \times 60 / F1-01 \times F1-13 (No. of gear teeth on load side) / F1-12 (No. of gear teeth on motor side)

Matching Motor Speed During Acceleration and Deceleration to Frequency Reference

You can select whether to enable or disable integral operation during acceleration and deceleration when using V/F with PG control.

To match the motor speed as closely as possible to the frequency reference even during acceleration and deceleration, set F1-07 to 1.



If F1-07 is set to 1, overshoot or undershoot may occur easily immediately after acceleration and deceleration. To minimize the possibility of overshoot or undershoot occurring, set F1-07 to 0.

Setting PG Pulse Monitor Output Dividing Ratio

This function is enabled only when using PG speed control board PG-B2. Set the dividing ratio for the PG pulse monitor output. The set value is expressed as n for the higher place digit, and m for the lower place 2 digits. The dividing ratio is calculated as follows:

Dividing ratio = (1 + n)/m (Setting range) n: 0 or 1, m: 1 to 32 F1-06 = $\square n$ $\square \square$

The dividing ratio can be set within the following range: $1/32 \le F1-06 \le 1$. For example, if the dividing ratio is 1/2 (set value 2), half of the number of pulses from the PG are monitor outputs.

Detecting PG Open Circuit

Select the stopping method when PG cable disconnected is detected and the PG open circuit (PGO) detection time.

When the Inverter is operating with the frequency reference set to 1% minimum (except when operating on direct current), if the speed feedback from PG is greater than the time setting in F1-14, PGO is detected.

Detecting Motor Overspeed

An error is detected when the number of motor rotations exceeds the regulated limit. An overspeed (OS) is detected when a frequency that exceeds the set value in F1-08 continues for longer than the time set in F1-09. After detecting an overspeed (OS), the Inverter stops according to the setting in F1-03.

Detecting Speed Difference between the Motor and Speed Reference

An error is detected when the speed deviation (i.e., the difference between the designated speed and the actual motor speed) is too great. Speed deviation (DEV) is detected after a speed agreement is detected and when the speed reference and actual workpiece speed are within the setting of L4-02, if a speed deviation great than the set value in F1-10 continues for longer than the time set in F1-11. After a speed deviation is detected, the Inverter stops according to the setting in F1-04.

Using Digital Output Boards

There are two types of Inverter digital output boards:

• DO-02C

Relay contact output (DPDT contact)

• DO-08

6 photocoupler output channels (shared commons)

2 (independent) relay contact output channels (NC contact)



Fig 6.83 Digital Output Boards

| | Name | | | | Change | | Con | itrol Me | thods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| F5 01 | Channel 1 out- put selection | Effective when a Digital Output Board (DO-02C or DO-08) is | 0 + 27 | 0 | N | | | | | | 20011 |
| F3-01 | DO CH1 选择 | Set the number of the multi-func- tion output to be output. | 0 10 37 | 0 | NO | А | А | А | А | A | 399H |
| 5.00 | Channel 2 out- put selection Effective when a Digital Output Board (DO-02C or DO-08) is used. | 0 - 27 | | N | | | | | | 20.4.11 | |
| F5-02 | D0 CH2 选择 | used. Set the number of the multi-func- tion output to be output. | 0 10 37 | 1 | No | А | А | A | A | A | 39AH |
| F5-03 | Channel 3 out- put selection | Effective when a DO-08 Digital Output Board is used. | 0 to 37 | 2 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 39BH |
| | DO CH3 选择 | tion output to be output. | | | | | | | | | |
| F5-04 | Channel 4 out- put selection | Effective when a DO-08 Digital Output Board is used. | 0 to 37 | 4 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 39CH |
| | D0 CH4 选择 | tion output to be output. | | 4 | | | | | | | |
| F5-05 | Channel 5 out- put selection | Effective when a DO-08 Digital Output Board is used. | 0 to 37 | 6 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 39DH |
| F 5-05 | DO CH5 选择 | tion output to be output. | | | | | | 11 | 21 | | |
| F5-06 | Channel 6 out- put selection | Effective when a DO-08 Digital Output Board is used. | 0 to 37 | 37 | No | А | А | А | А | А | 39EH |
| | DO CH6 选择 | tion output to be output. | 0.0007 | 5, | 110 | | | | Λ | | 39EU |



| _ | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| F5-07 | Channel 7 out- put selection | Effective when a DO-08 Digital Output Board is used. | 0.1.27 | 015 | N | | | | | | 20511 |
| | DO CH7 选择 | Set the number of the multi-func- tion output to be output. | 0 10 37 | 0r | NO | А | A | A | А | А | 39FH |
| F5-08 | Channel 8 out- put selection | Effective when a DO-08 Digital Output Board is used. Set the number of the multi-func- tion output to be output. | 0 to 37 | 0F | No | А | А | А | А | А | 3A0H |
| | DO CH8 选择 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DO-08 output mode selection | Effective when a DO-08 Digital Output Board is used. | | | | | | | | | |
| F5-09 | D0-08 选择 | 0: 8-channel individual outputs 1: Binary code output 2: Output according to F5-01 to F5-08 settings. | 0 to 2 | 0 | No | А | А | А | Α | A | 3A1H |

Setting Output Items for the DO-02C Digital Output Board

If using DO-02C Digital Output Board, set the output items using F5-01 and F5-02.

Setting Output Items for the DO-08 Digital Output Board

If using DO-08 Digital Output Board, select one of the following three output modes according to the setting in F5-09.

F5-09 Set to 0

| Set Value | Terminal Number | Output Details |
|---------------|--------------------|---|
| | TD5-TD11 | Overcurrent (SC, OC, GF) |
| | TD6-TD11 | Overvoltage (OV) |
| | TD7-TD11 | Inverter overload (OL2) |
| 0: 8 separate | TD8-TD11 | Fuse blown (PUF) |
| outputs | TD9-TD11 | Overspeed (OS) |
| | TD10-TD11 | Inverter overheated (OH1) or motor overload (OL1) |
| | TD1-TD2 | Zero-speed detected |
| | TD3-TD4 | Speed agreement |



F5-09 Set to 1

| Set Value | Terminal Number | Output Details | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | TD5-TD11 | bit 0 | | | | |
| | TD6-TD11 | bit 1 | Encoded output | | | |
| | TD7-TD11 | bit 2 | (Refer to table below) | | | |
| 1: Binary code | TD8-TD11 | bit 3 | | | | |
| output | TD9-TD11 | Zero-speed detected | | | | |
| | TD10-TD11 | Speed agreement | | | | |
| | TD1-TD2 | Operating | | | | |
| | TD3-TD4 | Minor fault | | | | |

The following table shows the code outputs.

| Bits 3, 2, 1, and 0 | Output Details | Bits 3, 2, 1, and 0 | Output Details |
|------------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0000 | No error | 1000 | External fault (EFxx) |
| 0001 | Overcurrent (SC, OC, GF) | 1001 | Controller error (CPFxx) |
| 0010 | Overvoltage (OV) | 1010 | Motor overload (OL1) |
| 0011 | Inverter overload (OL2) | 1011 | Not used |
| 0100 | Inverter overheated (OH, OH1) | 1100 | Power loss (UV1, UV2, or UV3) |
| 0101 | Overspeed (OS) | 1101 | Speed deviation (DEV) |
| 0110 | Fuse blown (PUF) | 1110 | PG open circuit (PGO) |
| 0111 | Dynamic braking resistor (RH) Injection brake transistor error (RR) | 1111 | Not used |

F5-09 Set to 2

Output depends on the settings in F5-01 to F5-08.

Using an Analog Reference Board

AI-14B provides 3 channels of bi-polar inputs with 14-bit A/D conversion accuracy (and a sign bit). The function of each channel is determined by the setting of F2-01.

AI-14U provides 2 channels of bi-polar inputs with 14-bit A/D conversion accuracy. Channel 1 is a voltage input and channel 2 is a current input. The sum of channels 1 and 2 is a frequency input. F2-01 does not need to be set for the AI-14U.

■Related Constants

| | Name | | | | Change | Control Methods | | | | | МЕМО |
|-------------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| | Bi-polar or uni- polar input selection | Sets the functions for channel 1 to 3 that are effective when the AI- 14B Analog Reference Board is | | | | | | | | | |
| F2-01 | AI14 动作选择 | Used. 0: 3-channel individual (Channel 1: terminal A1, Channel 2: terminal A2, Channel 3: terminal A3) 1: 3-channel addition (Addition values are the frequency reference) When set to 0, select 1 for b1-01. In this case the multi-function input "Option/Inverter selection" cannot be used. | 0 or 1 | 0 | No | A | A | A | А | A | 38FH |

Setting Precautions

Always set b1-01 (Reference selection) to 1 (control circuit terminal) when using the AI-14B for three channels of independent inputs. When this is done, H1-01 to H1-10 (multi-function contact inputs) cannot be set to 2 (Option/Inverter selection).

Using a Digital Reference Board

When using a DI-08 or DI-16H2 Digital Reference Board, set b1-01 (Reference selection) to 3 (Option board).

The DI-16H2 can be used to set a frequency using a 16-bit digital reference. The DI-08 can be used to set a frequency using a 8-bit digital reference.

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number Display | | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| F3-01 | Digital input option DI 输入选择 | Sets the Digital Reference Board input method. 0: BCD 1% unit 1: BCD 0.1% unit 2: BCD 0.01% unit 3: BCD 1 Hz unit 4: BCD 0.1 Hz unit 5: BCD 0.01 Hz unit 6: BCD special setting (5-digit input) 7: Binary input 6 is only effective when the DI- 16H2 is used. | 0 to 7 | 0 | No | А | A | A | A | 2 A | 390Н |
| | | When o1-03 is set to 2 or higher, the input will be BCD, and the units will change to the o1-03 set- ting. | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | | | | Change | | Cor | ntrol Me | ethods | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| o1-03 | Frequency units of reference set- ting and moni- tor | Sets the units that will be set and displayed for the frequency refer- ence and frequency monitor. 0: 0.01 Hz units 1: 0.01% units (Maximum output frequency is 100%) 2 to 39: min ⁻¹ units (Sets the motor poles.) 40 to 39999: User desired display Set the desired values for setting and display for the max. output frequency. Set 4-digit number excluding the decimal point. Set the number of digits below the decimal point to display. Example: When the max. output frequency value is 200.0, set 12000 | 0 to 39999 | 0 | No | А | А | А | А | Α | 502H |

■Selecting Input Terminal Functions for the DI-16H2 Digital Reference Board

The frequency reference from the DI-16H2 Board is determined by the setting of F3-01 and the 12/16-bit switch on the option board. The possible settings are listed in the following table.



| Torminal | Din No | 12-bit Binary with Sign | 16-bit Binary with Sign | 3-(| digit BCD with Sign | 4-(| 4-digit BCD with Sign | | 5-digit BCD with- out Sign | | |
|----------|----------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| lenninai | FIII NO. | F3-01 = 7 S1: 12 bit | F3-01 = 7 S1: 16 bit | F | 3-01 = 0 to 5 S1: 12 bit | F | 3-01 = 0 to 5 S1: 16 bit | | F3-01 = 6 S1: 16 bit | | |
| | 1 | Bit 1 (2 ⁰) | Bit 1 (2 ⁰) | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| | 2 | Bit 1 (2 ¹) | Bit 1 (2 ¹) | 2 | BCD digit 1 | 2 | BCD digit 1 | 4 | BCD digit 1 (0, 2, 4, 6, 8) | | |
| | 3 | Bit 1 (2 ²) | Bit 1 (2 ²) | 4 | (0 to 9) | 4 | (0 to 9) | 8 | | | |
| | 4 | Bit 1 (2 ³) | Bit 1 (2 ³) | 8 | | 8 | | 1 | | | |
| TC1 | 5 | Bit 1 (2 ⁴) | Bit 1 (2 ⁴) | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | BCD digit 2 | | |
| 101 | 6 | Bit 1 (2 ⁵) | Bit 1 (2 ⁵) | 2 | BCD digit 2 | | BCD digit 2 | 4 | (0 to 9) | | |
| | 7 | Bit 1 (2 ⁶) | Bit 1 (2 ⁶) | 4 | (0 to 9) | 4 | (0 to 9) | 8 | | | |
| | 8 | Bit 1 (2 ⁷) | Bit 1 (2 ⁷) | 8 | | 8 | | 1 | BCD digit 3 (0 to 9) | | |
| | 9 | Bit 1 (2 ⁸) | Bit 1 (2 ⁸) | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| | 10 | Bit 1 (2 ⁹) | Bit 1 (2 ⁹) | 2 | BCD digit 3 | 2 | BCD digit 3 | 4 | | | |
| | 1 | Bit 1 (2 ¹⁰) | Bit 1 (2 ¹⁰) | 4 | (0 to 9) | 4 | (0 to 9) | 8 | | | |
| | 2 | Bit 1 (2 ¹¹) | Bit 1 (2 ¹¹) | 8 | | 8 | | 1 | | | |
| | 3 | - | Bit 1 (2 ¹²) | | - | 1 | | 2 | BCD digit 4 | | |
| | 4 | - | Bit 1 (2 ¹³) | | - | 2 | BCD digit 4 | 4 | (0 to 9) | | |
| TC2 | 5 | - | Bit 1 (2 ¹⁴) | | - | 4 | (0 to 9) | 8 | | | |
| | 6 | - | Bit 1 (2 ¹⁵) | | - | 8 | | 1 | BCD digit 5 | | |
| | 7 | Sign signal (0: | Forward, 1: Rev | erse |) | | | 2 | (0 to 3) | | |
| | 8 | SET (read) sign | nal (1: Read) | | | | | | | | |
| | 9 | Input signal common (0 V) | | | | | | | | | |
| TC3 | 1 | Shield wire connection terminal | | | | | | | | | |

■Application Precautions

- The maximum frequency (100% speed) reference will be used when the binary input is set (setting: 6 or 7) and all bits are 1.
- Setting F3-01 to 6 is valid only when the D1-16H2 is used. Using this setting, a frequency from 0.00 to 399.8 Hz can be set in BCD. The sign bit is used as a data bit, so only positive (plus) data can be set. Also, the digit starts from 0, so the minimum setting is 0.02 Hz.

Selecting the Input Terminal Function for a DI-08 Digital Reference Board

The frequency reference from a DI-08 Board is determined by the setting of F3-01, as shown in the following table.

| Terminal | Pin No | 8-bit Binary with Sign | 2-digit BC | D with Sign | | | |
|----------|----------|-------------------------------|------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | 1 11110. | F3-01 = 7 | F3-01 | = 0 to 5 | | | |
| | 1 | Bit 1 (2 ⁰) | 1 | | | | |
| | 2 | Bit 1 (2 ¹) | 2 | BCD digit 1 | | | |
| | 3 | Bit 1 (2 ²) | 4 | (0 to 9) | | | |
| | 4 | Bit 1 (2 ³) | 8 | | | | |
| | 5 | Bit 1 (2 ⁴) | 1 | | | | |
| TC | 6 | Bit 1 (2 ⁵) | 2 | BCD digit 2 | | | |
| | 7 | Bit 1 (2 ⁶) | 4 | (0 to 15) | | | |
| | 8 | Bit 1 (2 ⁷) | 8 | | | | |
| | 9 | Sign signal | | | | | |
| | 10 | SET (read) signal | | | | | |
| | 11 | Reference common signal (0 V) | | | | | |

■Application Precautions

The DI-08 will not function if F3-01 is set to 6

■Selecting the Digital Reference

The range of the digital references is determined by the combination of the settings of o1-03 and F3-01. The information monitored in U1-01 (Frequency reference) will also change.

DI-16H2 Reference Ranges

When using the DI-16H2, the following ranges can be set depending on the settings of the constants.

| 01-03 | E3_01 | Switch | Reference Input Mode | Reference Setting | U1-01 Monitor Unit | | |
|--------|--------|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| 01-03 | 1 3-01 | S1 | Reference input mode | Range | o1-03 = 0 | o1-03 = 1 | |
| | 0 | 12 bits | 3-digit BCD with sign, 1% | -110 to 110% | | | |
| | 0 | 16 bits | 4-digit BCD with sign, 1% | -110 to 110% | | | |
| | 1 | 12 bits | 3-digit BCD with sign, 0.1% | -110.0 to 110.0% | | | |
| | | 16 bits | 4-digit BCD with sign, 0.1% | -110.0 to 110.0% | | | |
| | 2 | 12 bits | 3-digit BCD with sign, 0.01% | -15.99 to 15.99% | | | |
| | 2 | 16 bits | 4-digit BCD with sign, 0.01% | -110.0 to 110.0% | | | |
| | 3 | 12 bits | 3-digit BCD with sign, 1 Hz | -400 to 400 Hz | | | |
| 0 or 1 | | 16 bits | 4-digit BCD with sign, 1 Hz | -400 to 400 Hz | 0.01 Hz | 0.01% | |
| | 4 | 12 bits | 3-digit BCD with sign, 0.1 Hz | -159.9 to 159.9 Hz | | | |
| | 4 | 16 bits | 4-digit BCD with sign, 0.1 Hz | -400.0 to 400.0 Hz | | | |
| | 5 | 12 bits | 3-digit BCD with sign, 0.01 Hz | -15.99 to 15.99 Hz | | | |
| | 5 | 16 bits | 4-digit BCD with sign, 0.01 Hz | -159.99 to 159.99 Hz | | | |
| | 6 | 16 bits | 5-digit BCD without sign, 0.01 Hz | 000.00 to 399.98 Hz | | | |
| | 7 | 12 bits | 12-bit binary with sign, 100%/4095 | -4095 to 4095 | | | |
| | / | 16 bits | 16-bit binary with sign, 100%/30000 | -33000 to 33000 | | | |



| o1-03 | F3-01 | Switch S1 | Reference Input Mode | Reference Setting Range | U1-01 Monitor Unit 01-03 = 0 01-03 = 1 | | |
|--------------------------|-------|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 2 ± 20 | | 12 bits | 3-digit BCD with sign, 1 rpm | -1599 to 1599 rpm | 1 rpm | | |
| 2 10 39 | - | 16 bits | 4-digit BCD with sign, 1 rpm | -15999 to 15999 rpm | 1 rpm | | |
| X0040 to | - | 12 bits | 3-digit BCD with sign, 100%/(1- to 4- digit setting of o1-03) | -1599 to 1599 | 5th digit of o1-03 set- | | |
| X99999 (X=0 to 3) | - | 16 bits | 4-digit BCD with sign, 100%/(1- to 4- digit setting of o1-03) | -9999 to 9999 (when o1-03 = 9999) | ting: X = 0, unit: 1 X = 1, unit: 0.1 | | |
| X1000 (X = 0 to 3) | - | 16 bits | 4-digit BCD with sign, 100%/10000 | -1000 to 1000 | X = 2, unit: 0.01 X = 3, unit: 0.001 | | |

DI-08 Reference Ranges

When using the DI-08, the following ranges can be set depending on the settings of the constants.

| E3-01 | Reference Input Mode | Reference Setting Range | U1-01 Monitor Unit | | | |
|-------|--|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|
| 10-01 | Reference input Mode | Reference betting Range | o1-03 = 0 | o1-03 = 1 | | |
| 0 | 2-digit BCD with sign, 1% | -110 to 110% | | | | |
| 1 | 2-digit BCD with sign, 0.1% -15.9 to 15.9% | | | | | |
| 2 | 2-digit BCD with sign, 0.01% | -1.59 to 1.59% | | | | |
| 3 | 2-digit BCD with sign, 1 Hz -159 to 159 Hz | | 0.01.11- | 0.010/ | | |
| 4 | 2-digit BCD with sign, 0.1 Hz | -15.9 to 15.9 Hz | 0.01 HZ | 0.01% | | |
| 5 | 2-digit BCD with sign, 0.01 Hz | -1.59 to 1.59 Hz | | | | |
| 6 | - | | | | | |
| 7 | 8-bit binary with sign, 100%/255 | -255 to 255 | | | | |



Using Inverters for Elevating Machines

This section describes precautions to be observed when using the Varispeed G7 for elevating machines such as elevators and cranes.



When performing trial operation, enable Current alarm function (L8-41 =1), and be sure to make adjustments to the braking sequence by using Peak hold functions (refer to *Current Alarm Function* and *Peak Hold Current Monitoring Function* in Chapter 6) so that the startup current is less than 150% of the Inverter rated current.

Brake ON/OFF Sequence

■Brake ON/OFF Sequence

For the holding brake's ON/OFF sequence, use the following Inverter output signals according to the set control method.

| Control Mothod | Brake ON/0 | OFF Signal | Brake ON/OFF Level Adjustment | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Signal Name | Constant *1 | Signal Name | Constant | | |
| V/f (A1-02 = 0) V/f with PG (A1-02 = 1) | Frequency detec- tion 2 | $H2-01 = 05^{*4}$ | • Speed agree detection level | • L4-01 = 1.0 to 3.0 Hz ^{*2} | | |
| Open-loop vector 1 (A1-02 = 2, factory setting) | Frequency detec- tion 5 | $H2-01 = 36^{*4}$ | • Speed agree detection width | • L4-02 = 0.1 to 0.5 Hz ^{*3} | | |
| Flux vector $(A1-02 = 3)$ | During run 2 | H2-01 = 37 | Zero-speed level (OFF timing only) | b2-01 = 0.1 to 0.5 Hz | | |



Do not set Open-loop vector 2 for use in elevating machines.

* 1. This example shows multi-function output terminals M1-M2 used for the holding brake ON/OFF signal.

- Do not set H2-01 to 0 (During run).
- * 2. This is the standard setting range for open-loop vector 1 control. For V/f control, set to approximately the motor rated slip frequency +0.5 Hz. If the set value is too low, the motor torque is insufficient and the load may slip when the brake is applied. Be sure to set L4-01 to a value larger than that of E1-09 (Min. output frequency) and larger than that of L4-02 shown in Figure 6.84. If the set value is too large, the motor may not run smoothly when it starts running.
- * 3. The hysteresis in frequency detection 2 can be adjusted (from 0.1 to 0.5 Hz) by L4-02 (speed agree detection width). Change the setting to approximately 0.1 Hz if there are drops while stopping.
- * 4. When using frequency detection 2, set L4-01 before H2-01. If H2-01 is set before L4-01, the holding brake will engage while stopping. Normally, use frequency detection 5 in which a holding brake signal is OFF when the Inverter is baseblocked.







■Sequence Circuit Configuration

The brake ON/OFF sequence circuit configuration is shown below.



Note Design the sequence so that the holding brake contact is open when the sequence operation conditions are satisfied and the contact between M1 and M2 is closed (ON). Make sure that the holding brake contact is closed when the emergency stop signal or Inverter fault contact output signal is ON.

Fig 6.85 Brake ON/OFF Sequence Circuit Configuration

■Time Chart

The brake ON/OFF sequence time charts are shown in Figs. 6.86 and 6.87.



Note For variable speed operation by an analog signal, set to b1-01 = 1.





Note For variable speed operation by an analog signal, set to b1-01 = 1.

Fig 6.87 Brake ON/OFF Sequence Time Chart (Flux Vector)

Stall Prevention during Deceleration

If connecting a braking resistor to discharge regenerative energy, be sure to set Stall prevention selection during decel (L3-04) to 0 (Disabled).



If Stall prevention selection during decel (L3-04) is set to the initial value 1 (Enabled), the motor may not stop within the specified decelerating time.

Stall prevention selection during accel (L3-01) and Stall prevention selection during running (L3-05) should be set to their initial values 1 (Enabled) to enable these functions.

Autotuning

Always perform autotuning with the motor before operating using vector control. Be sure to disconnect the motor from the load before conducting autotuning. Conducting autotuning while the motor is connected to an elevating machine system is dangerous because it automatically runs the motor for approximately one minute.



- 1. When the motor cannot be disconnected from the load, perform stationary autotuning (T1-01 = 1 or 4). Stationary autotuning will apply current to the motor in its stopped condition and automatically measure the motor data. In the initial running period after autotuning (T1-01 =1) (20% speed min., fixed speed for 1 s min.), the motor data measured by autotuning will automatically be corrected.
- 2
- To improve low-speed torque characteristics using V/f control, conduct stationary autotuning for line to line resistance only (T1-01 = 2).
 - 3. When conducting autotuning on wound motor or other special types of motors, obtain a test report for the motor in advance and confirm that the E2 motor constants after autotuning do not vary greatly from those of the test report.

Braking Resistor Overheating Protection

When using a braking resistor other than the Braking Resistor Unit, provide a sequence with a thermal overload relay or similar means to turn off the power input to the Inverter when it detects resistor overheating. See the Connection Diagram on page 2-3 for this sequence circuit.

Momentary Power Loss Restart

Do not use the momentary power loss restart and fault restart functions in applications for elevating machines. Make sure that L2-01=0 and L5-01=0. If these functions are used, the motor coasts to a stop with the brake contact open when a momentary power loss or fault occurs during operation, possibly resulting in serious accidents.

Torque Limit

The torque limit values (L7-01 to L7-04) are the motor's rated torque. When there is a possibility of insufficient torque at start-up or other time, increase the Inverter capacity and set the torque limit value to between 200% and 300% (factory setting is 200%).

I/O Open-phase Protection and Overtorque Detection

To prevent the machine from falling when the motor is open-phase or a similar situation, enable L8-05 and L8-07 (Input and output open-phase protection selection) and L6-01 to L6-06 (Overtorque detection) (factory setting is Disabled).

Falling detection or a similar safety measure should also be provided on the machine side.

External Baseblock Signal

If the external baseblock command (settings 8 and 9 of H1-01 to H1-10) is input while the motor is running, the motor will immediately coast to a stop. Do not input the external baseblock command while the motor is running unless necessary.

Make sure that the holding brake operates when using the external base block command for an emergency stop or interlock to start the Inverter.

If the external baseblock command is input and immediately reset, the Inverter does not output voltage during the value of L2-03 (Min. baseblock time), which factory setting is 0.5 to 2.0 seconds depending on the Inverter capacity. Do not use the external baseblock command in an application where the motor is frequently started and stopped.

Acceleration/Deceleration Time

If the delay time for the holding brake's mechanical operation is not taken into consideration and the acceleration/deceleration time on the Inverter side is set to a time that is too short, and overcurrent or wear on the brakes may occur at staring or the load will slip at stopping because the holding brake does not operate on time. If so, use the dwell function at start described on page 6-176 or the dwell function at stop described on page 6-177 to tune the timing for the holding brake.

Magnetic Contactor on the Inverter's Output-side

Do not install a magnetic contactor between the Inverter and the motor. If a magnetic contactor must be installed because of local electrical codes or regulations or to operate motors with an Inverter, excluding emergencies, open or close the magnetic contactor only when the holding brake is fully closed and the Inverter is in baseblock status with the baseblock signal ON.

If the magnetic contactor is opened or closed while the Inverter is controlling the motor or DC injection braking (Zero-speed control), surge voltage or a current from the motor by full-voltage starting may cause an Inverter fault.

When a magnetic contactor is installed between the Inverter and the motor, set L8-07 (Output open-phase protection selection) to 1 or 2 (Enabled).

Control-related Adjustments

The Varispeed G7 is designed to provide sufficient performance for elevating machines. However, if problems related to controllability should occur, such as vibration or slipping, adjust the following constants in accordance with the control method. Only constants that frequently require adjustment are listed in this table.

| Control Method | Con- stant Number | Name | Performance | Factory Setting | Recom- mended Setting | Adjustment Method |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Open-loop | N2-01 | Speed feed- back detec- tion control (AFR) gain | Increasing torque and speed response Controlling hunting and vibration in middle-range speeds (10 to 40 Hz) | 1.00 | 0.50 to 2.00 | Torque or speed response is insufficient: Reduce the setting Hunting or vibration occurs: Increase the set- ting |
| | C4-02 | Torque com- pensation primary delay time constant | Increasing torque and speed response Controlling hunting and vibration | 20 ms | 20 to 100 ms | Torque or speed response is insufficient: Reduce the setting Hunting or vibration occurs: Increase the set- ting |
| | C3-02 | Slip compen- sation pri- mary delay time | Increasing speed responseImproving speed sta- bility | 200 ms | 100 to 500 ms | Speed response is slow: Reduce the setting Speed is not stable: Increase the setting |
| vector 1 con- trol (A1-02 = 2) | C3-01 | Slip compen- sation gain | Improving speed accuracy | 1.0 | 0.5 to 1.5 | Speed is slow: Increase the settingSpeed is too fast: Reduce the setting |
| | C6-02 | Carrier fre- quency selection | Reducing motor magnetic noise Controlling hunting and vibration at low speeds (10 Hz or lower) | *1 | 1 to F | Motor magnetic noise is high: Increase the setting Hunting or vibration occurs at low speeds: Reduce the setting |
| | E1-08 | Mid. output frequency voltage (VC) | Improving torque and speed response at low | 11.0 V ^{*2} | 12.0 to 13.0 V ^{*2} | Torque or speed response is insufficient: Increase |
| | E1-10 | Min. output frequency voltage (VMIN) | speedsControlling shock at startup | 2.0 V ^{*2} | 2.0 to 3.0 V ^{*2} | the settingShock at startup is large: Reduce the setting |

Table 6.4 Control-related Adjustments



| Control Method | Con- stant Number | Name | Performance Factory Setting Setting | | Adjustment Method | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | C5-01 | ASR propor- tional (P) gain 1 | Increasing torque and speed response | 20.00 | 10.00 to | • Torque or speed response is insufficient: Increase the setting | |
| | C5-03 | ASR propor- tional (P) gain 2 | Controlling hunting and vibration | 20.00 | 50.00 | Hunting or vibration occurs: Reduce the setting | |
| Flux vector control (A1-02 = 3) | C5-02 | ASR inte- gral (I) time 1 | Increasing torque and speed response | 0.500 a | 0.300 to | • Torque or speed response is insufficient: Reduce the setting | |
| | C5-04 | ASR inte- gral (I) time 2 | Controlling hunting and vibration | 0.500 \$ | 1.000 s | • Hunting or vibration occurs: Increase the set- ting | |
| | C5-07 | ASR switch- ing fre- quency | Switching the ASR pro- portional gain and inte- gral time according to the output frequency. | 0.0 Hz (no switching) | 0.0 to max. output fre- quency | Set the output frequency at which to change the ASR proportional gain and inte- gral time when the same val- ues cannot be used for both high-speed and low-speed operation. | |
| | C5-06 | ASR pri- mary delay time | Controlling hunting and vibration | 0.004 s | 0.004 to 0.020 | Machine rigidity is low and the system vibrates easily: Increase the setting | |
| | N1-02 | Hunting-pre- vention gain | • Controlling hunting and vibration in mid- dle-range speeds (10 to 40 Hz) | 1.00 | 0.50 to 2.00 | Torque is insufficient for heavy loads: Reduce the setting Hunting or vibration occurs for light loads: Increase the setting | |
| V/f control | C6-02 | Carrier fre- quency selection | Reducing motor magnetic noise Controlling hunting and vibration at low and medium speeds | *1 | 1 to F | Motor magnetic noise is high: Increase the setting Hunting or vibration occurs at low to middle- range speeds: Reduce the setting | |
| V/f control (A1-02 = 0 or 1) | C4-01 | Torque com- pensation gain | Improving torque at low speeds (10 Hz or lower) Controlling hunting and vibration for light loads | 1.00 | 0.50 to 1.50 | Torque is insufficient at low speeds: Increase the setting Hunting or vibration occurs for light loads: Reduce the setting | |
| | E1-08 | Mid. output frequency voltage (VC) | Improving torque at low speeds | 15.0 V ^{*2} | 13.0 to 16.0 V ^{*2} | Torque is insufficient at low speeds: Increase the | |
| | E1-10 | Min. output frequency voltage (VMIN) | Controlling shock at startup | 9.0 V ^{*2} | 7.0 to 10.0 V ^{*2} | setting Shock at startup is large: Reduce the setting | |

* 1. Varies depending on capacity.

* 2. The setting is given for 200 V Class Inverters. Double the voltage for 400 V Class Inverters.

Note 1. Do not change C4-01 (Torque compensation gain) from its factory setting of 1.00 when using open-loop vector 1 control.



If speeds are inaccurate during regeneration in open-loop vector 1 control, enable Slip compensation selection during regeneration (C3-04 = 1). If speeds are inaccurate in the high-speed range, enable Output voltage limit operation selection (C3-05 = 1).

- 3. Do not use Slip compensation gain (C3-01) during V/f control (A1-02 = 0). (It is not used with the factory setting.)
- 4. Use the ASR constants (C5-01 to C5-05) in their factory settings when using V/f control with PG (A1-02 = 1). Vibration may occur if these constants are changed greatly from their factory settings.
- The torque and speed response of high-resistance (high-slip) motors are insufficient. Use appropriate adjustments to improve them. On the contrary, low-resistance (low-slip) motors are easily subject to hunting and vibration. Here too, use appropriate adjustments to improve them.
- The current during startup may increase when C4-02 (Torque compensation primary delay time constant) is increased. Check the current during startup while adjusting this constant.

Reducing Shock during Elevating Machine Start, Stop, Acceleration, and Deceleration

When the riding comfort during start, stop, acceleration, and deceleration is of high importance, as it is for elevators in which people ride, adjust the following constants.

S-curve Characteristics, Acceleration/Deceleration Times





- The factory setting for C2-04 (S-curve characteristic time at deceleration end) is 0.00 second, while the factory setting for all other S-curve characteristic times is 0.20 second. Make appropriate settings for the accel/decel times and S-curve characteristic times at each point. (S-curve characteristic time = Approximately 0.2 to 1.0 second)
- The accel/decel rate can be automatically switched during acceleration and deceleration by using C1-11 (Accel/decel time switching frequency). (Factory setting: Disabled)
 Output frequency ≥ set frequency: C1-01, C1-02 accel/decel times
 - Output frequency < set frequency: C1-07, C1-08 accel/decel times
- 3. If the output frequency during the S-curve characteristic time for deceleration falls below the value set for E1-09 (Min. output frequency), the S-curve characteristic will be cancelled, and the DC injection braking (Zero-speed control) will be applied.
- Do not use the S-curve characteristic for applications where a short run time is desired, such as in cranes and hoists. (S-curve characteristic time = Approximately 0.0 to 0.2 second)

■Dwell Function at Start





If the mechanical operation of the holding brake is slow, use the dwell function at start to prevent brake wear, and accelerate after the brake is completely open.



1. When using open-loop vector 1 control and V/f control, set b6-01 (Dwell frequency at start) higher than frequency detection 2 (frequency when brakes open).

2. If the motor tends to have insufficient torque when started, use the DC injection braking function to allow sufficient motor current (torque) before starting.

- b2-03 (DC injection braking time at start): 0.2 to 0.5 s
- b2-02 (DC injection braking current): 50% to 80% (open-loop vector 1 control, V/f control only)

Stopping with DC Injection Braking and Zero-speed Control



When the holding brake's mechanical operation is slow, use DC injection braking (zero-speed control for flux vector control) until the brakes are fully closed to prevent the brakes from slipping when stopping.



1. When the load cannot be maintained sufficiently using DC injection braking with open-loop vector 1 control and V/f control, use the dwell functions at stop.

- b6-03 (Dwell frequency at stop): Min. output frequency to 3.0 Hz.
- The value must be less than the frequency when frequency detection 2 is OFF (L4-01 L4-02).
- b6-04 (Dwell time at stop): 0.3 to 0.5 s
 [b2-04 (DC injection braking at stop): 0.0 s]
- 2. If the Inverter and motor must be isolated while stopping using a magnetic contactor, for example in an elevator, fully close the holding brakes and isolate the Inverter during baseblock (during baseblock signal: ON) as stipulated by law in the EU. During motor control or DC injection braking (zero-speed control), an Inverter error may occur due to surge

voltage. When a magnetic contactor is used between the Inverter and motor, set L8-07 (Output openphase protection) to 1 (enabled).

Torque Compensation (Flux Vector Control Only)

When flux vector control is used, the torque compensation signals corresponding to the load can be input from the multi-function analog input terminals in advance to reduce shock, such as that caused by opening and closing holding brakes. The load size and motoring/regenerating status must be detected at the machine side in advance. Check that polarity is correct. Incorrect polarity will increase the shock.

Sequence Circuit Configuration

The following diagram shows the sequence circuit configuration for torque compensation.





Time Chart

Lifting

The analog signals corresponding to the load size are input as torque compensation signals from before the Inverter starts until operation stops. (Factory setting: 10 V/100% torque)

Positive polarity is input for motor loads and negative polarity is input for regenerative loads. The following diagram shows the time chart for lifting.



Fig 6.89 Torque Compensation Time Chart (Lifting)

Lowering

In the same way as for lifting, when the torque decreases, the analog signals corresponding to the load size are input as torque compensation signals from before the Inverter starts until operation stops. (Factory setting: 10 V/100% torque)

Negative polarity is input for motor loads and positive polarity is input for regenerative loads.

The following diagram shows the time chart for lowering.







 For either increasing or decreasing torque, externally maintain the torque compensation signals during operation to prevent them from fluctuating. Fluctuation in compensation signals during operation may result in vibration.

If reverse run is used for lifting and forward run is used for lowering, the torque compensation signal polarity must be reversed.

Analog Input Filter Time Constant

If noise enters the analog frequency reference during operation using analog frequency reference (b1-01 = 1), and operation becomes rough, implement noise countermeasures and also set H3-12 (Analog input filter time constant) to between 0.01 and 0.10 s.

Confirming Startup Current and Reducing Carrier Frequency

When performing a trial operation, set L8-41 (Current Alarm) to 1 (Enabled) and check the motor current using the peak hold current monitoring function (U1-83) of the Digital Operator or a clamp ammeter, with and without a mechanical load. An extremely high current will flow if the motor torque at start is insufficient, or if timing is not correct and the motor locks with the holding brake.

If a current exceeding 150% of the Inverter rated current flows, the IGBT in the Inverter will be subject to heat stress, resulting in a shortened life span.

In this case, take measures such as retuning and reduction of the load to reduce the current to a value less than 150% of the Inverter rated current.

Unless low noise operation is required, reduce the Inverter carrier frequency to a value between 2 kHz and 2.5 kHz to reduce the influence of heat stress.

Overvoltage Inhibit Function

Leave L3-11 (Overvoltage inhibit function selection) set to 0 (disabled). This function is used to prevent overvoltage tripping when the braking resistor is not used with a regenerative load. When this function is enabled, the torque reference on the regenerative side is automatically inhibited in the Inverter during regeneration. Using this function in elevating machines is dangerous because the elevator may slip and fall.

Contact your Yaskawa representative for details on applications such as high-speed elevators (speed: 2 m/s or higher), direct-drive elevators, or Inverters designed for cranes.



Current Alarm Function

This function displays a current alarm (HCA) on the Digital Operator and outputs a minor fault contact signal^{*} when the Inverter output current exceeds 150% (effective value) of the rated output current. Use this function to check the current during trial operation for machines that increase Inverter output current, such as elevating machines.

*To output a minor failure contact signal from a multi-function contact terminal, set H2-DD to 10 (Minor failure).

If a current alarm occurs frequently, reduce the Inverter load.

Use the peak hold current monitoring function (U1-83 and U1-84) when performing retuning to reduce the Inverter output current to 150% of the rated output current. Refer to *Chapter 4 Trial Operation* for details.



For applications where a high current flows because of frequent start and stop operations, such as cranes, set L8-41 to 1 (Enabled).

If a current alarm occurs frequently, take measures such as:

- Reducing the frequency of operation and loading.
- Adjusting open/close timing of holding brake.
- Increasing acceleration/deceleration time.
- Taking enough time to produce motor magnetic flux (As described below).

Related Constants

| | Name | | | Factory Setting | Change . during Opera- tion | Control Methods | | | | | MEMO |
|-------------------------|---------------|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | | | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| L8-41 | Current alarm | Allows or restricts an alarm from being triggered when the relative output current rises above 150%. | 0 or 1 | 1 | No | А | А | A | А | А | 4F2H |
| | 电流警告 | 1: Enabled (alarm will be output). | | | | | | | | | |

If load is applied to an induction motor at startup before motor magnetic flux has been produced (as when acceleration starts while the motor is locked by a brake mechanism or acceleration is too sudden), a high starting current may flow.

In this case, use the following functions and constants to accelerate the motor after the magnetic flux is produced.

Startup current can be reduced by producing motor magnetic flux.

- Magnetic flux compensation function (See related constants b2-02 and b2-08)
- Dwell function (See related constants b6-01 and b6-02)
- Initial excitation function (See the setting 60 of the multi-function contact input H1) For flux loop vector control, a multi-function input terminal can be used for initial excitation by setting H1-□□ to 60.
- Field forcing function (See related constant d6-03)

Peak Hold Current Monitoring Function

This function saves the peak value (effective value) of the Inverter output current and displays it on the Digital Operator for monitoring (U1-83). The Inverter output frequency at the moment the peak current value is saved can be also monitored (U1-84).

At trial operation, perform adjustments so that the Inverter output current is limited to 150% of the rated current checking the constants U1-83 and U1-84 of this function.



The values of peak current and output frequency during peak hold will be cleared when the Inverter stops and then starts, or when the power is turned OFF and then ON. They will be retained while being baseblocked (stopped).

Related Status Monitoring Constants

| | Name | | | | Control Methods | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Output Signal Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| 111-83 | Peak hold current | Displays the peak value of the current during run. "Peak | 10V: Inverter rated output current | 0.01 | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 7CEH |
| 01-83 | 峰值保持电 流 | Hold" refers to the moment that the peak value is saved. | (-10 to 10V absolute value output) | A *1 | А | л | Л | А | А | /0111 |
| U1-84 | Output frequency during peak hold | Displays the frequency value when the output current reached its peak value. | 10V: Max frequency (-10V to 10V) | 0.01 Hz *2 | A | А | А | А | А | 7D0H |
| | 峰值保持输 出频率 | - | | | | | | | | |

* 1. The minimum unit differs depending on the Inverter capacity. (0.01 A for Inverter of 0.4 kW to 7.5 kW, and 0.1 A for Inverter of 11 kW or more)

* 2. The setting unit can be selected in o1-03.

■Related Fault Tracing Constants

The peak hold values are saved in the fault trace memory when a fault occurs.

| | Name | | Output Signal | | Control Methods | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Level During Multi-Function Analog Output | Min. Unit | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| U2-21 | Peak hold current at fault | Displays the peak hold current when the last fault occurred. | (Cannot be output.) | 0.01 A* | А | А | А | А | А | 7E6H |
| 峰值保持电流 | | | | | | | | | | |
| U2-22 | Peak hold output frequency at fault | Displays the frequency value at the moment the current reached its peak value when the last fault | (Cannot be output.) | 0.01 Hz | A | A | A | A | A | 7E7H |
| | 峰值保持输出 频率 | occurred. | | | | | | | | |

* The minimum unit differs depending on the Inverter capacity. (0.01 A for Inverter of 0.4 kW to 7.5 kW, and 0.1 A for Inverter of 11 kW or more)

Maintenance Timer Display Function

This function indicates that the estimated performance life of the cooling fan and electrolytic capacitor have been reached.



The maintenance time periods displayed in the monitors as a percentage to the total life are only an estimate, not an exact prediction of actual performance life. Use them as guidelines for replacement.

Settings Required to Use Maintenance Timer Display Function

Set H2- $\Box\Box$ to 2F to use a multi-function contact output for this function and display an alarm on the Digital Operator (the constants U1-61 and U1-63).

■Multi-function Contact Outputs (H2-01 to H2-03)

The maintenance time period for the cooling fan or electrolytic capacitor can be output from the multi-function contact terminal by setting H2- $\Box\Box$ to 2F. Minor faults will not be output.

| | | Control Methods | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Set- ting Value | Function | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | |
| 2F | Maintenance Time ON: The operation time of either the electrolytic capacitors or the cooling fan has reached the specified maintenance time. | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | |

Refer to *Multi-function Contact Outputs: H2* in *Chapter 5 User Constants* for information on multi-function contact outputs.

■Related Status Monitoring Constants

| | Name | | | | Change . | | Cor | trol Me | ethods | | МЕМО |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vector 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vector 2 | BUS Regis- ter |
| U1-40 | Cooling fan operating time | Monitors the total operating time of the cooling fan. The time can | (Can- not be | 1 | А | А | Α | А | Α | А | 67H |
| | 风扇运行时间 | be set in o2-10. | put.) | - 111 | | | | | | | |
| U1-61 | Electrolytic capacitor main- tenance | For maintenance purposes, this timer shows the amount of time the electrolytic capacitors have been operating. Capacitors should be replaced when the monitor reaches 100%. | (Can- not be | 1% | А | А | А | А | А | А | 7CH |
| | 电容维护时期 | | been operating. Capacitors should out- be replaced when the monitor put.) reaches 100%. | | | | | | | | |
| U1-63 | Cooling fan maintenance | This monitor displays the amount of time the cooling fan has been | (Can- not be | 1% | А | А | А | А | А | А | 7EH |
| | 冷却扇维护 | when the display reads 100%. | out- put.) | | | | | | | | , 211 |

■Related Alarm Displays

When setting a multi-function contact output H2- $\Box\Box$ to 2F, the alarm is displayed on the Digital Operator as shown below.

| Display | Meaning | Probable causes | Corrective Actions | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| LT-C (blinking) C Maintenance | Electrolytic Capacitor Main- tenance Timer Monitor U1-61 has reached 100%. | The electrolytic capacitors have reached their estimated maintenance time period. | Reset constant o2-18 to "0%" after replacing the electrolytic capacitors. | | |
| LT-F (blinking) Fan Maintenance | Cooling Fan Maintenance Timer Monitor U1-63 has reached 100%. | The cooling fan has reached its esti- mated maintenance time period. | Replace the cooling fan and set con- stant o2-10 to "0H". | | |

Settings Required After Replacement of Cooling Fan or Electrolytic Capacitor

- Set o2-10 to 0 after replacing the cooling fan.
- Set o2-18 to 0 after replacing the electrolytic bus capacitor.

Refer to Chapter 8 Maintenance and Inspection for the replacement procedure.

| | Name | | | | Ohanna | | Con | trol Me | ethods | 3 | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Con- stant Number | Display | Description | Setting Range | Factory Setting | Change during Opera- tion | V/f | V/f with PG | Open Loop Vec- tor 1 | Flux Vec- tor | Open Loop Vec- tor 2 | MEMO- BUS Regis- ter |
| o2-10 | Fan opera- tion time set- ting | Set the initial value of the fan operation time using time units. The operation time accumu- lates from the set value. | 0 to 65535 | 0 hr | No | А | А | А | A | А | 50EH |
| | 风扇累积运行 时间 | | | | | | | | | | |
| o2-18 | Capacitor maintenance setting | Allows the user to set the maintenance time for the electrolytic capacitors (U1- 61). The user can reset the accumulated operation time back to zero, or to some other desired value. | 1- e 0 to me 150 other | 00/ | | | А | А | А | A | 51DH |
| | 电容维护设定 | | | 0% | No | А | | | | | |

7

Troubleshooting

This chapter describes the fault displays and countermeasure for the Inverter and motor problems and countermeasures.

| Protective and Diagnostic Functions | 7-2 |
|-------------------------------------|------|
| Troubleshooting | 7-24 |

Protective and Diagnostic Functions

This section describes the alarm functions of the Inverter. The alarm functions include fault detection, alarm detection, operation error detection, and autotuning error detection.

Fault Detection

When the Inverter detects a fault, the fault contact output operates, and the Inverter output is shut OFF causing the motor to coast to a stop. (The stopping method can be selected for some faults, and the selected stopping method will be used with these faults.) A fault code is displayed on the Digital Operator.

When a fault has occurred, refer to the following table to identify and correct the cause of the fault.

- Use one of the following methods to reset the fault before restarting the Inverter:
- Set a multi-function contact input (H1-01 to H1-05) to 14 (Fault Reset) and turn ON the fault reset signal.
- Press the RESET Key on the Digital Operator.
- Turn the main circuit power supply OFF and then ON again.

| Table 7.1 | Fault Displays and | Processing |
|-----------|--------------------|------------|
|-----------|--------------------|------------|

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions | | |
|-----------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| 0C 输出 过电流 | Overcurrent | A short-circuit or ground fault occurred at the Inverter output. (A short or ground fault can be caused by motor burn damage, worn insulation, or a damaged cable.) The load is too large or the acceleration/deceleration time is too short. A special-purpose motor or motor with a capacity too large for the Inverter is being used. A magnetic contactor was switched at the Inverter output. | Reset the fault after correcting its cause. Note) Before turning the power ON again, make sure that no short-circuit or ground fault occurs at the Inverter output. | | |
| | The Inverter output current exceeded the overcurrent detection level. (200% of rated current) | There is a break in the PG wiring. | Fix the broken/disconnected wir- ing. | | |
| | | The PG is wired incorrectly. | Fix the wiring. | | |
| | | Power isn't being supplied to the PG. | Supply power to the PG properly. | | |
| | | A short-circuit between +V, -V, and AC terminals occurred. Overload in the control circuit terminal. | Make sure that incorrect wiring has not been done. Check the resistance and wiring for the frequency setting potentiometer, etc. (Check that the current for terminals +V and -V is 20 mA or less.) | | |
| GF | Ground Fault [*] The ground fault current at the | A ground fault occurred at the Inverter output. (A ground fault can be caused by motor burn damage, worn insula- tion, or a damaged cable.) | Reset the fault after correcting its cause. Note) Before turning the power ON again, make sure that no short-circuit or ground fault occurs at the Inverter output. | | |
| 输出接地 故障 | Inverter output exceeded approxi- mately 50% of the Inverter rated out- put current. | A short-circuit between +V, -V, and AC terminals occurred. Overload in the control circuit ter- minal. | Make sure that incorrect wiring has not been done. Check the resistance and wiring for the frequency setting potentiometer, etc. (Check that the current for terminals +V and -V is 20 mA or less.) | | |

⁴ The ground fault here is one which occurs in the motor wiring while the motor is running. A ground fault may not be detected in the following cases.

• A ground fault with low resistance which occurs in motor cables or terminals.

• A ground fault occurs when the power is turned ON.

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|-------------------|--|--|---|
| PUF 保险丝 熔断 | Fuse Blown The fuse in the main circuit is blown. | The output transistor has failed because of a short-circuit or ground fault at the Inverter output. Check whether there is a short-circuit between the following terminals. A short-circuit will damage the output transistor: B1 (\oplus 3) \leftarrow > U, V, W $\bigcirc \leftarrow$ > U, V, W | Replace the Inverter after correct- ing the cause. |
| OV 主电压 | Main Circuit Overvoltage The main circuit DC voltage exceeded the overvoltage detection level. 200 V Class: Approx. 410 V 400 V Class: Approx. 820 V (E1-01 ≥ 400 V) Approx. 720 V (E1-01 < 400 V) | The deceleration time is too short and the regenerative energy from the motor is too large. | Increase the deceleration time or connect a braking resistor (or Braking Resistor Unit). Alterna- tively, enable (set to 1) the stall prevention selection during decel- eration (L3-04). |
| | | Motor ground fault (Ground fault current flowed to the capacitor in the control circuit of the Inverter through the power supply.) | Check the output cable, relay ter- minal, or motor terminal box and correct the cause of ground fault. |
| | | Incorrect constant setting for speed search (The speed search can be performed during momentary power loss recov- ery and auto restart after a fault.) | Use the speed search function. Adjust the settings of the Speed search operating current (b3-02) and Speed search deceleration time (b3-03). Use the estimated speed search function. (Perform stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only.) |
| | | Improper PG cable connection (PG noise, PG disconnection) | Check to see if the PG cable is connected properly. |
| | | The regenerative energy when an overshoot occurs after acceleration is completed is too large. | In vector control, enable (set to 1) the overvoltage inhibit selection (L3-11). |
| | | The power supply voltage is too high. | Decrease the voltage so it's within specifications. |
| UV1 主回路欠 电压 | Main Circuit Undervoltage The main circuit DC voltage is below the Undervoltage Detection Level (L2-05). 200 V Class: Approx. 190 V 400 V Class: Approx. 380 V Main Circuit Magnetic Connector Operation Failure The magnetic connector stopped responding during Inverter operation. Applicable Inverter Capacities 200 V Class: 37 to 110 kW 400 V Class: 75 to 300 kW | An open-phase occurred with the input power supply. A momentary power loss occurred. The wiring terminals for the input power supply are loose. The voltage fluctuations in the input power supply are too large. A fault occurred in the surge prevention circuit. The magnetic contactor in the control circuit was released (Contact failure in the auxiliary contact). The contact of the magnetic contactor in the control circuit was corroded due to environmental dust or gas. | Reset the fault after correcting its cause. Improve the power supply environment. (Check to see if the correct power tap is selected.) Improve the operating environment. Replace the Inverter. |

| - - . | | | (A) (1) |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| Table 7.1 | Fault Displays | and Processing | (Continued) |

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| UV2 控制回路 欠电压 | Control Power Fault The control power supply voltage dropped. | The wiring of the control power circuit is incorrect. A Backup Capacitor Unit for Momentary Power Loss is not attached to a 200 V/400 V Class Inverter of 7.5 kW or less and the value of the Momentary power loss ridethru time (L2-02) factory setting has been changed to the larger value. | Try turning the power supply off and on. Replace the Inverter if the fault continues to occur. Attach a Backup Capacitor Unit for Momentary Power Loss. |
| UV3 冲击防止 回路故障 | Inrush Prevention Circuit Fault A fault occurred in the surge preven- tion circuit. The magnetic contactor did not respond for 10 s even though the mag- netic contactor ON signal has been output. | The magnetic contactor in the main circuit failed. The magnetic contactor excitation coil is burned out. | Try turning the power supply off and on. Replace the Inverter if the fault continues to occur. |
| PF 输入缺相 | Main Circuit Voltage Fault The main circuit DC voltage oscillates unusually (not when regenerating). This fault is detected if a load is greater than approximately 80% of the maximum motor capacity. This fault is detected when L8-05 is set to 1. | An open-phase occurred in the input power supply. A momentary power loss occurred. The wiring terminals for the input power supply are loose. The voltage fluctuations in the input power supply are too large. The voltage balance between phases is bad. | Reset the fault after correcting its cause. |
| LF 输出缺相 | Output Open-phase An open-phase occurred at the Inverter output. This fault is detected when L8-07 is set to 1 or 2 | There is a broken wire in the output cable. There is a broken wire in the motorwinding. The output terminals are loose. | Reset the fault after correcting its cause. |
| | | The motor being used has a capacity less than 5% of the rated output current. | Check the motor and Inverter capacity. |
| | | The ambient temperature is too high. | Install a cooling unit. |
| | Cooling Fin Overheating The temperature of the Inverter's cool- ing fins exceeded the setting in L8-02 or the overheat protection level. OH: The temperature exceeded the setting in L8-02 (Stopping method can be changed by L8-03.). OH1: The temperature exceeded 100°C (Stopping method: Coast to stop). | There is a heat source nearby. | Remove the heat source. |
| 0H (0H1) 散热片 过热 | | The Inverter's cooling fan has stopped. | Replace the cooling fan. (Contact our sales representative.) |
| | | A short-circuit between +V, -V, and AC terminals occurred. Overload in the control circuit terminal. | Make sure that incorrect wiring has not been done. Check the resistance and wiring for the frequency setting potentiometer, etc. (Check that the current for terminals +V and -V is 20 mA or less.) |
| | Inverter's Cooling Fan Fault (200 V Class: 7.5 kW or more, 400 V Class: 5.5 kW or more) This fault is detected when L8-32 is set to 1. | The Inverter's cooling fan has stopped. The heatsink is clogged. | Replace the cooling fan. (Contact our sales representative.) Clean the heatsink. |

| Table 7.1 | Fault Displays and | Processing | (Continued) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------|-------------|

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|---------------------|--|---|---|
| FAN 内部风扇 故障 | Inverter's Cooling Fan Fault An Inverter's cooling fan fault was detected, and the Inverter-overload protection was activated based on the internal electric thermal value. This fault is detected when L8-32 is set to 0. | The Inverter continued running with an overload after the cooling fan stopped. | Replace the cooling fan. (Contact our sales representative.) |
| 0H3 电机过热 警告 | Motor Overheating Alarm The Inverter will stop or will continue to operate according to the setting of L1-03. | The motor has overheated. | Check the size of the load and the length of the acceleration, deceleration, and cycle times. |
| | | | Check the V/f characteristics. |
| | | | Check the Motor Rated Current (E2-01). |
| 0H4 电机过热 警告 2 | Motor Overheating Fault The Inverter will stop according to the setting of L1-04. | The motor has overheated. | Check the size of the load and the length of the acceleration, deceleration, and cycle times. |
| | | | Check the V/f characteristics. |
| | | | Check the Motor Rated Current (E2-01). |
| RH 制动电阻 过热 | Installed Braking Resistor Over- heating Braking resistor protection function set in L8-01 has operated. | The deceleration time is too short and the regenerative energy from the motor is too large. | Reduce the load, increase the deceleration time, or reduce the motor speed. Change to a Braking Resistor Unit. |
| RR 制动晶体 管故障 | Internal Braking Transistor Fault The braking transistor is not operating properly. | The braking transistor is damaged. The Inverter's control circuits are faulty. | Try turning the power supply off and on.Replace the Inverter if the fault continues to occur. |

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|-------------|---|---|---|
| | | The load is too heavy. The accelera- tion time, deceleration time, and cycle time are too short. | Check the size of the load and the length of the acceleration, deceleration, and cycle times. |
| 0L1 电机过载 | Motor Overload The motor overload protection func- tion has operated based on the internal electronic thermal value. | The constant setting for speed search is incorrect. (Motor overload occurred due to motor hunting and vibration.) | Use the speed search function. Adjust the settings of the Speed search operating current (b3-02) and Speed search deceleration time (b3-03). Use the estimated speed search function. (Perform stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only.) |
| | | Motor overload occurred when running at low speed. (If a general-purpose motor is used, motor overload can occur when running at low speed even if running within the rated current.) Motor protection selection (L1-01) is set to general-purpose motor protection (1) when an Inverter duty motor is used. | Check the size of the load. Check the setting of L1-01. Increase the frame size of the Inverter. |
| | | The directions of the motor and PG are different. (Only in flux vector control) | Correct the PG wiring. Correct the motor wiring. Change the setting of PG rotation (F1-05). |
| | | The V/f characteristics voltage is too high. | Check the V/f characteristics. |
| | | The Motor Rated Current (E2-01) is incorrect. | Check the Motor Rated Current (E2-01). |
| | | A short-circuit between +V, -V, and AC terminals occurred. Overload in the control circuit terminal. | Make sure that incorrect wiring has not been done. Check the resistance and wiring for the frequency setting potentiometer, etc. (Check that the current for terminals +V and -V is 20 mA or less.) |

| Table 7.1 | Fault Displays | and Processing | (Continued) |
|-----------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | i dun Displays | and i roccoomig | (Continucu) |
| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|--------------------|---|---|---|
| | | The load is too heavy. The accelera- tion time, deceleration time and cycle time are too short. | Check the size of the load and the length of the acceleration, deceleration, and cycle times. |
| | | The constant setting for speed search is incorrect. (Motor overload occurred due to motor hunting and vibration.) | Use the speed search function. Adjust the settings of the Speed search operating current (b3-02) and Speed search deceleration time (b3-03). Use the estimated speed search function. (Perform stationary autotuning for line-to-line resistance only.) |
| OL2 本插哭 | Inverter Overload The Inverter overload protection func- | The directions of the motor and PG are different. (Only in flux vector control) | Correct the PG wiring. Correct the motor wiring. Change the setting of PG rotation (F1-05). |
| 过载 | tion has operated based on the internal electronic thermal value. | The V/f characteristics voltage is too high. | Check the V/f characteristics. |
| | | The Inverter capacity is too low. | Replace the Inverter with one that has a larger capacity. |
| | | A short-circuit between +V, -V, and AC terminals occurred. Overload in the control circuit terminal. | Make sure that incorrect wiring has not been done. Check the resistance and wiring for the frequency setting potentiometer, etc. (Check that the current for terminals +V and -V is 20 mA or less.) |
| |] | Inverter overload occurred when run- ning at a low speed of 6 Hz or less. | Reduce the load. Increase the frame size of the Inverter. Lower the carrier frequency. |
| 0L3 过转矩 检出 1 | Overtorque Detected 1 There has been a current greater than the setting in L6-02 for longer than the setting in L6-03. | - | Make sure that the settings in L6-02 and L6-03 are appropriate. Check the mechanical system and correct the cause of the overtorque. |
| 0L4 过转矩 检出 2 | Overtorque Detected 2 There has been a current greater than the setting in L6-05 for longer than the setting in L6-06. | - | Make sure that the current setting in L6-05 and time setting in L6-06 are appropriate. Check the mechanical system and correct the cause of the overtorque. |
| 0L7 高滑差制 动过载 | High-slip Braking OL The output frequency did not change for longer than the time set in N3-04. | The inertia returned to the load is too large. | Make sure the load is an inertial load. Set the system so that the deceleration time that does not produce overvoltages is 120 s or less. |

| Table 7.1 Fault Displays and Processing (Continued) | Table 7.1 | Fault Displays and Processing (Continued | ł) |
|---|-----------|--|----|
|---|-----------|--|----|

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|--------------------|---|---|--|
| UL3 欠转矩 检出1 | Undertorque Detected 1 There has been a current less than the setting in L6-02 for longer than the setting in L6-03. | - | Make sure that the settings in L6-02 and L6-03 are appropriate. Check the mechanical system and correct the cause of the overtorque. |
| UL4 欠转矩 检出 2 | Undertorque Detected 2 There has been a current less than the setting in L6-05 for longer than the setting in L6-06. | - | Make sure that the current setting in L6-05 and time setting in L6-06 are appropriate. Check the mechanical system and correct the cause of the overtorque. |
| | Overspeed | Overshooting/Undershooting are occurring. | Adjust the gain again. |
| 0S 电机过速 | The speed has been greater than the setting in F1-08 for longer than the | The reference speed is too high. | Check the reference circuit and reference gain. |
| | setting in F1-09. | The settings in F1-08 and F1-09 aren't appropriate. | Check the settings in F1-08 and F1-09. |
| | | There is a break in the PG wiring. | Fix the broken/disconnected wir- ing. |
| PG0 | PG Disconnection Detected | The PG is wired incorrectly. | Fix the wiring. |
| PG 回路 故障 | Inverter was outputting a frequency. | Power isn't being supplied to the PG. | Supply power to the PG properly. |
| | | Brake is applied to the motor. | Check for open circuit when using brake (motor). |
| | | The load is too heavy. | Reduce the load. |
| | Excessive Speed Deviation | The acceleration time and deceleration time are too short. | Lengthen the acceleration time and deceleration time. |
| DEV 电机速度 | The speed deviation has been greater | The load is locked. | Check the mechanical system. |
| 偏差过大 | than the setting in F1-10 for longer than the setting in F1-11. | Brake is applied to the motor. The load is too heavy. The acceleration time and deceleration time are too short. The load is locked. The settings in F1-10 and F1-11 aren' appropriate. | Check the settings in F1-10 and F1-11. |
| | | Brake is applied to the motor. | Check for open circuit when using brake (motor). |
| CF 控制故障 | Control Fault The torque limit was reached continu- ously for 3 seconds or longer during a deceleration stop during open-loop vector 1 control. | Motor constant settings are not cor- rect. | Check the motor constants.Perform autotuning. |
| | An error occurred in the speed estima- tion calculation for open-loop vector 2 control. | Refer to Corrective Actions for Control | Faults (CF) on page 7-14. |
| FBL | PID Feedback Reference Lost A PID feedback reference loss was detected $(b5-12 = 2)$ and the PID feed- | The settings in b5-13 and b5-14 aren't appropriate. | Check the settings in b5-13 and b5-14. |
| 反馈丧失 | feedback loss detection level) for longer than the time set in b5-14 (PID feedback loss detection time). | The wiring of the PID feedback circuit is incorrect. | Fix the wiring. |

Table 7.1 Fault Displays and Processing (Continued)

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|--------------------|---|--|--|
| EF0 选件卡外 部故障 | External Fault Input from Commu- nications Option Board | - | Check the Communications Option Board and communica- tions signals. |
| EF3 端子 S3 故障 | External Fault (Input Terminal 3) | | |
| EF4 | External Fault (Input Terminal 4) | | |
| EF5 | External Fault (Input Terminal 5) | | |
| EF6 | External Fault (Input Terminal 6) | A., 66, 4, | • Reset external fault inputs to the |
| EF7 | External Fault (Input Terminal 7) | multi-function input terminal. | Remove the cause of the exter- |
| EF8 | External Fault (Input Terminal 8) | | nal fault. |
| EF9 | External Fault (Input Terminal 9) | | |
| EF10 | External Fault (Input Terminal 10) | | |
| EF11 | External Fault (Input Terminal 11) | | |
| EF12 | External Fault (Input Terminal 12) | | |
| SVE | Zero-servo Fault | The torque limit is too small. | Increase the limit. |
| 零伺服 | The rotation position moved during zero-servo operation. | The load torque is too large. | Reduce the load torque. |
| | | - | Check for signal noise. |
| SER 速度搜索 故障 | Exceeded Allowable Number of Speed Search Retrials The speed search has been retried more than the number of times set in b3-19 (Number of speed search retri- als). | The settings in b3-17 and b3-18 aren't appropriate. | Make sure that the settings in b3- 17 and b3-18 are appropriate. |
| OPR 操作器连 接不良 | Digital Operator Connection Fault The connection to the Digital Operator was broken during operation for a Run Command from the Digital Operator. | - | Check the connection to the Digi- tal Operator. |
| CE 通信故障 | MEMOBUS Communications Error A normal reception was not possible for 2 s or longer after control data was received once. | - | Check the communications devices and communications signals. |
| BUS 选件卡通 信故障 | Option Communications Error A communications error was detected during a Run Command or while set- ting a frequency reference from a Communications Option Board. | - | Check the communications devices and communications signals. |
| E5 SI-T WDT | SI-T Watchdog Error Consistency error of received control data | Synchronization error between master controller and Inverter for control data. | Check the communications tim- ing such as communications cycle. Refer to <i>MECHATROLINK COM-</i> <i>MUNICATIONS INTERFACE</i> <i>CARD INSTRUCTIONS</i> <i>(TOBPC73060008)</i> for details. |

Table 7.1 Fault Displays and Processing (Continued)

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|------------------------|--|---|--|
| E-15 SI-F/G 故障 | SI-F/G Communications Error Detected A communications error was detected when a Run Command or frequency reference was set from an option board and continuous operation was set for the E-15 operation selection. | - | Check the communications sig- nals. |
| E-10 SI-F/G | SI-F/G Option Board CPU Failure | Digital Operator connection is faulty. | Disconnect and then reconnect the Digital Operator. |
| 芯片 | SI-r/O Option Board operation railed. | Inverter control circuit is faulty. | Replace the Inverter. |
| | Digital Operator Communications Error 1 | The Digital Operator's connector isn't connected properly. | Disconnect the Digital Operator and then connect it again. |
| CPF00 操作器 故障 1 | Operator were not established within 5 seconds after the power was turned on. | The Inverter's control circuits are faulty. | Replace the Inverter. |
| | CPU External RAM Fault | - | Try turning the power supply off and on again. |
| | | The control circuits were destroyed. | Replace the Inverter. |
| CPF01 | CPF01 操作器 故障 2Digital Operator Communications Error 2 After communications were estab- lished, there was a communications error with the Digital Operator for more than 2 seconds. | The Digital Operator isn't connected properly. | Disconnect the Digital Operator and then connect it again. |
| 操作器 故障2 | | The Inverter's control circuits are faulty. | Replace the Inverter. |
| CPF02 BB 回路 | Baseblock Circuit Error | - | Try turning the power supply off and on again. |
| 故障 | | The control circuit is damaged. | Replace the Inverter. |
| | | - | Try turning the power supply off and on again. |
| CPF03 EEPROM 故障 | EEPROM Error | The Inverter power supply was shut off while writing data to the Inverter constants. | Initialize the constant settings (A1-03). |
| | | The control circuit is damaged. | Replace the Inverter. |
| | | - | Try turning the power supply off and on again. |
| | | The control circuit is damaged. | Replace the Inverter. |
| CPF04 内部 A/D1 故障 | CPU Internal A/D Converter Error | A short-circuit between +V, -V, and AC terminals occurred. Overload in the control circuit ter- minal. | Make sure that incorrect wiring has not been done. Check the resistance and wiring for the frequency setting potentiometer, etc. (Check that the current for terminals +V and -V is 20 mA or less.) |

| Table 7.1 | Fault Display | s and Proc | essina (Ca | ontinued) |
|-----------|----------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| | i duit Display | 5 unu i 100 | | Sintinucu) |

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|------------------------|--|---|--|
| | | - | Try turning the power supply off and on again. |
| | | The control circuit is damaged. | Replace the Inverter. |
| CPF05 外部 A/D2 故障 | CPU External A/D Converter Error 障 | A short-circuit between +V, -V, and AC terminals occurred. Overload in the control circuit ter- minal. | Make sure that incorrect wiring has not been done. Check the resistance and wiring for the frequency setting potentiometer, etc. (Check that the current for terminals +V and -V is 20 mA or less.) |
| CPF06 选择卡连 | Ontion Board Connection Error | The option board is not connected properly. | Turn off the power and insert the board again. |
| 接故障 | | The Inverter or option board is faulty. | Replace the option board or the Inverter. |
| CPF07 PAM 故陪 | ASIC Internal RAM Fault | - | Try turning the power supply off and on again. |
| NAM 成P早 | SIC Internal RAM Fault | The control circuit is damaged. | Replace the Inverter. |
| CPF08 | Watchdog Timer Fault | - | Try turning the power supply off and on again. |
| WAI 政理 | | The control circuit is damaged. | Replace the Inverter. |
| CPF09 CPU 故陪 | 9 障 CPU-ASIC Mutual Diagnosis Fault | - | Try turning the power supply off and on again. |
| UUUI | | The control circuit is damaged. | Replace the Inverter. |
| CPF10 ASIC 故障 | ASIC Version Fault | The Inverter control circuit is faulty | Replace the Inverter. |
| CPF20 | Communications Option Board A/ | The control circuit is damaged. Replace the | Turn off the power and insert the board again. |
| 故障 | ommunications Option Board A/ | The option board's A/D converter is faulty. | Replace the Communications Option Board. |
| CPF21 选件卡自 诊故障 | Communications Option Board Self Diagnostic Error | | |
| CPF22 选件卡类 型故障 | Communications Option Board Model Code Error | Communications Option Doard radit. | replace the option board. |
| | | Communications Option Board fault. | Replace the option board. |
| CPF23 选件卡互 诊故障 | Communications Option Board DPRAM Error | The copy function of the Digital Oper- ator was used during communications. | Use the copy function off-line.Use the copy function with an option board removed. |
| | | The option board is not connected properly. | Turn off the power and insert the board again. |
| | | | |

| Table 7.1 | Fault Displays | and Processing | (Continued) |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | r dalt Bioplayo | ana i roocoonig | (Continued) |

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | | A loss in capacity due to aging of the main circuit capacitor. | Replace the main circuit capacitor. (Consult your YASKAWA repre- sentative.) |
| | | The Inverter parts are faulty. | Replace the Inverter. |
| | | An open phase was detected for an output. | Refer to <i>LF</i> (output open phase) in this table. |
| VCF VCF | F F F F An excessive imbalance occurred in the main circuit capacitor's neutral point potential. | Carrier frequency set value (C6-03, C6-04) is unsuitable. | Check the set values for C6-03 and C6-04. The maximum output frequency that can be set for 400 V Class Inverters is restricted by the carrier frequency setting. Refer to page 6-45. |
| | | In V/f or open-loop vector control, the motor consecutively loses synchro- nism (the output current exceeds 200% of the Inverter rated current). | Reduce the load. Increase the acceleration time. Check the settings for V/f control. Use larger capacity Inverter. |
| | Operator Error (Internal RAM | | |
| OPERATOR ERR RAM CHECK ERR | At power ON, an error was detected from the results of the internal RAM Write/Read check. | | |
| OPERATOR ERR ROM CHECK ERR | Operator Error (CPU Internal ROM Fault) At power ON and during operation, an error was detected when the internal ROM was checked. | | |
| OPERATOR ERR DATA SEND ERR | Operator Error (Transmission Cir- cuit Fault) During operation, send processing did not complete within 500 ms continu- ously at least 10 times. | | Replace the Operator. |
| OPERATOR ERR RAM CHECK ERR | Operator Error (Internal RAM Fault) During operation, an error was detected when the display pattern for the character code 80 to 8F recorded in the internal RAM was checked. | | |
| OPERATOR ERR WATCH DOG ERR | Operator Error (Watchdog Error) During operation, an error was detected in the program execution. | | |

| Table 7.1 | Fault Displays and Processing (Continued) |
|-----------|---|

| Display | Meaning | Probable Causes | Corrective Actions |
|-----------|--|---|---|
| | 操作器 熄灭 There was a drop in control power printed in the printed | A short-circuit between +V, -V, and AC terminals occurred. Overload in the control circuit terminal. | Make sure that incorrect wiring has not been done. Check the resistance and wiring for the frequency setting potentiometer, etc. (Check that the current for terminals +V and -V is 20 mA or less.) |
| | | The short-circuit bar between +1 and +2 terminals in the main circuit has been removed. | Attach the short-circuit bar. |
| 操作器 熄灭 | | P terminal and N terminal of the Brak- ing Unit are connected in reverse. | Check the wiring for the Braking Unit, including cables connected to the Braking Unit and relay terminals. Replace the Inverter. |
| | | Control power circuit failure | Charge indicator is lit: Replace the Digital Operator. Replace the board or the Inverter. Charge indicator is not lit: Check the input power supply voltage. Replace the Inverter. |
| | | Malfunction occurred in the control power circuit. | Turn OFF the power, wait for 5 minutes, and turn ON the power again. |

Table 7.2 Causes and Corrective Actions When the Digital Operator Goes Dark

■Corrective Actions for Control Faults (CF)



Meaning of CR Error Codes

| U1-50 | Meaning |
|-------|---------------------------------------|
| 00 | Stop error |
| 01 | Magnetic flux calculation error 1 |
| 02 | Magnetic flux calculation error 2 |
| 04 | Speed estimator gain adjustment fault |
| 08 | Low-speed regeneration fault |
| 10 | Zero-speed fault |
| 20 | Rotation direction limit fault |

♦ Alarm Detection

Alarms are detected as a type of Inverter protection function that do not operate the fault contact output. The system will automatically returned to its original status once the cause of the alarm has been removed.

The Digital Operator display blinks and an alarm is sent from the multi-function outputs (H2-01 to H2-05) if selected.

When an alarm occurs, take appropriate countermeasures according to the table below.

| Display | Meaning | Probable causes | Corrective Actions |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|
| EF (闪反转 同 输入 | Forward/Reverse Run Commands Input Together Both the forward and Reverse Run Commands have been ON for more than 0.5 s. | - | Check the sequence of the forward and Reverse Run Commands. Since the rotational direction is unknown, the motor will be deceler- ated to a stop when this minor fault occurs. |
| UV (闪烁) 主回路 欠电压 | Main Circuit Undervoltage The following conditions occurred when there was no Run signal. The main circuit DC voltage was below the Undervoltage Detection Level Setting (L2-05). The surge current limiting magnetic contactor opened. The control power supply voltage when below the CUV level. | See causes for UV1, UV2, and UV3 faults in the previous table. | See corrective actions for UV1, UV2, and UV3 faults in the previous table. |
| 0V (闪烁) 主回路 过电压 | Main Circuit Overvoltage The main circuit DC voltage exceeded the overvoltage detection level. 200 V Class: Approx. 410 V 400 V Class: Approx. 820 V | The power supply voltage is too high. | Decrease the voltage so it's within specifications. |
| | | The ambient temperature is too high. | Install a cooling unit. |
| | | There is a heat source nearby. | Remove the heat source |
| OH (闪烁) | Cooling Fin Overheating The temperature of the Inverter's cool- ing fins exceeded the setting in L8-02. | The Inverter cooling fan has stopped. | Replace the cooling fan. (Contact your Yaskawa representative.) |
| 散热片 过热 | | A short-circuit between +V, -V, and AC terminals occurred. Overload in the control circuit ter- minal. | Make sure that incorrect wiring has not been done. Check the resistance and wiring for the frequency setting potentiometer, etc. (Check that the current for ter- minals +V and -V is 20 mA or less.) |
| FAN (闪烁) 内部风 扇故障 | Inverter's Cooling Fan Fault An Inverter's cooling fan fault was detected. This fault is detected when L8-32 is set to 0. | The Inverter's cooling fan has stopped. | Replace the cooling fan. (Contact our sales representative.) |
| 0H2 (闪烁) 过热2 | Inverter Overheating Pre-alarm An OH2 alarm signal (Inverter over- heating alarm signal) was input from a multi-function input terminal (S3 to S7). | - | Clear the multi-function input termi- nal's overheating alarm input. |

| Table 7.3 | Alarm | Displays | and | Processing |
|-----------|-------|----------|-----|------------|
|-----------|-------|----------|-----|------------|

7

| Display | Meaning | Probable causes | Corrective Actions |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|
| OH3 | 0H3 Motor Overheating 闪烁) E was set for H3-09 and the motor 电机过 temperature thermistor input exceeded | The motor has overheated. | Check the size of the load and the length of the acceleration, decelera- tion, and cycle times. |
| (闪烁) 电机过 | | | Check the V/f characteristics. |
| 热警告 | the alarm detection level. | | Check the motor temperature input on terminals A1 and A2. |
| 0L3 (闪烁) 过转矩 检出1 | Overtorque 1 There has been a current greater than the setting in L6-02 for longer than the setting in L6-03. | - | Make sure that the settings in L6-02 and L6-03 are appropriate. Check the mechanical system and correct the cause of the overtorque. |
| 0L4 (闪烁) 过转矩 检出2 | Overtorque 2 There has been a current greater than the setting in L6-05 for longer than the setting in L6-06. | - | Make sure that the current setting in L6-05 and time setting in L6-06 are appropriate. Check the mechanical system and correct the cause of the overtorque. |
| UL3 (闪烁) 欠转矩 检出1 | Undertorque 1 There has been a current less than the setting in L6-02 for longer than the setting in L6-03. | - | Make sure that the settings in L6-02 and L6-03 are appropriate. Check the mechanical system and correct the cause of the overtorque. |
| UL4 (闪烁) 欠转矩 检出2 | Undertorque 2 There has been a current less than the setting in L6-05 for longer than the setting in L6-06. | - | Make sure that the current setting in L6-05 and time setting in L6-06 are appropriate. Check the mechanical system and correct the cause of the overtorque. |
| | Overspeed The speed has been greater than the setting in F1-08 for longer than the setting in F1-09. | Overshooting/undershooting are occurring. | Adjust the gain again. |
| 0S (闪烁) 讨谏 | | The reference speed is too high. | Check the reference circuit and reference gain. |
| , C, C | | The settings in F1-08 and F1-09 aren't appropriate. | Check the settings in F1-08 and F1-09. |
| | | There is a break in the PG wiring. | Fix the broken/disconnected wiring. |
| PGO (闪烁) | The PG is Disconnected The Inverter is outputting a frequency, but PG pulses aren't being input. | The PG is wired incorrectly. | Fix the wiring. |
| PG断线 | | Power isn't being supplied to the PG. | Supply power to the PG properly. |
| 检出 | | Brake is applied to the motor. | Check for open circuit when using brake (motor). |
| | | The load is too large. | Reduce the load. |
| DEV (闪烁) 电偏差 过大 | Excessive Speed Deviation The speed deviation has been greater than the setting in F1-10 for longer than the setting in F1-11. | The acceleration time and decelera- tion time are too short. | Lengthen the acceleration time and deceleration time. |
| | | The load is locked. | Check the mechanical system. |
| | | The settings in F1-10 and F1-11 aren't appropriate. | Check the settings in F1-10 and F1-11. |
| | | Brake is applied to the motor. | Check for open circuit when using brake (motor). |

| Display | Meaning | Probable causes | Corrective Actions |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| EF0 (闪烁) 选件卡 外部 故障 | External Fault Detected for Com- munications Board Other Than SI-K2 Continuing operation was specified for EF0 (F6-03 = 3)and an external fault was input from the option board. | - | Remove the cause of the external fault. |
| EF3 (闪烁) 端子 S3 故障 | External Fault (Input Terminal S3) | | |
| EF4 (闪烁) | External Fault (Input Terminal S4) | | |
| EF5 (闪烁) | External Fault (Input Terminal S5) | | |
| EF6 (闪烁) | External Fault (Input Terminal S6) | | |
| EF7 (闪烁) | External Fault (Input Terminal S7) | An external fault was input from a multi-function input terminal (S3 to | Reset external fault inputs to the multi-function inputs.Remove the cause of the external |
| EF8 (闪烁) | External Fault (Input Terminal S8) | 57). | fault. |
| EF9 (闪烁) | External Fault (Input Terminal S9) | | |
| EF10 (闪烁) | External Fault (Input Terminal S10) | | |
| EF11 (闪烁) | External Fault (Input Terminal S11) | | |
| EF12 (闪烁) | External Fault (Input Terminal S12) | | |
| FBL (闪烁) 反馈 | PID Feedback Reference Lost A PID feedback reference loss was detected ($b5-12 = 2$) and the PID feed- back input was less than $b5-13$ (PID feedback loss detection level) for | The settings in b5-13 and b5-14 aren't appropriate. The wiring of the PID feedback cir- | Check the settings in b5-13 and b5-14. |
| | longer than the time set in b5-14 (PID feedback loss detection time). | cuit is incorrect. | i ix die witting. |
| CE (闪烁) 通信 故障 | MEMOBUS Communications Error Normal reception was not possible for 2 s or longer after received control data. | - | Check the communications devices and signals. |
| BUS (闪烁) 选件卡 通信 故障 | Option Board Communications Error A communications error occurred in a mode where the Run Command or a frequency reference is set from an Communications Option Board. | - | Check the communications devices and signals. |
| CALL (闪烁) SI-B 通信 错误 | Communications on Standby Control data was not normally received when power was turned ON. | - | Check the communications devices and signals. |

| Display | Meaning | Probable causes | Corrective Actions |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| RUNC (闪烁运入 不复 | Reset during Run Command Input Error The reset signal was input during Run Command input from an external ter- minal or other source. | - | Check that a Run Command is not being input from an external terminal or other source. |
| E5 (闪烁) SI-T WDT | SI-T Watchdog Error Detected A Watchdog error was detected when the Run Command or a frequency ref- erence was set from an option board and continuous operation was set for the E5 operation selection. | Synchronization error between master controller and Inverter for control data. | Check the communications timing such as communications cycle. *1 |
| AEr (闪烁) | SI-T Station Number Setting Error | Station number setting error. | Check the setting of the station number. ^{*1} |
| 51-1 地址 故障 | was out of setting range. | Circuit of SI-T option board is faulty. | Check the communications devices and signals. *1 |
| CyC (闪烁) SI-T 周期 故障 | SI-T Communications Cycle Set- ting Error Communications cycle of SI-T option board was out of range. | Communications cycle of SI-T option board set in master controller was out of range. | Check the communication cycle of SI- T option board set in master control- ler. ^{*1} |
| BB (闪烁) 基极 封锁 | Receiving External Baseblock Command An external baseblock signal was input from a multi-function input ter- minal, and the Inverter output was shut down. | An external baseblock signal was input from a multi-function input ter- minal. | Check the external sequence. |
| | | The load is too heavy or the accel/ decel time is too short. | Increase the acceleration/deceleration time. |
| HCA (闪烁) 电流 警告 | Current Alarm The output current has exceeded the overcurrent alarm level (over 150% of the rated current). | Either a specialized motor or an excessively large motor is being used. | Verify the setting for the Inverter capacity. |
| | | The current has risen too high while performing speed search either during a momentary loss in power or during a fault restart. | Momentary losses in power or fault restarts may occasionally trigger an overcurrent alarm, and are not neces- sarily indicators of an overcurrent problem. |
| LT-C (闪烁) 电容 护 时期 | Electrolytic Capacitor Maintenance Timer Monitor U1-61 has reached 100%. | The electrolytic capacitors have reached their estimated maintenance time period. | Reset constant o2-18 to "0%" after replacing * ² the electrolytic capacitors. |
| LT-F (闪烁) 冷却扇 维护 时期 | Cooling Fan Maintenance Timer Monitor U1-63 has reached 100%. | The cooling fan has reached its esti- mated maintenance time period. | Replace the cooling fan ^{*2} and set con- stant o2-10 to "0H". |

* 1. Refer to *MECHATROLINK COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE CARD INSTRUCTIONS (TOBPC73060008)* for details.
* 2. For details on replacement, refer to *Chapter 8 Maintenance and Inspection*

Operation Errors

An operation error will occur if there is an invalid setting or a contradiction between two constant settings. It won't be possible to start the Inverter until the constants have been set correctly. (The alarm output and fault contact outputs will not operate either.)

When an operation error has occurred, refer to the following table to identify and correct the cause of the errors.

| Display | Meaning | Incorrect settings |
|------------------------|--|--|
| 0PE01 参数设定 故障 1 | Incorrect Inverter Capacity Setting | The Inverter capacity setting doesn't match the Unit. (Contact your Yaskawa repre- sentative.) |
| 0PE02 参数设定 故障 2 | Constant Setting Range Error | The constant setting is outside of the valid setting range. Press the ENTER Key on the Digital Operator to display OPE fault constant (U1-34). |
| 0PE03 参数设定 故障 3 | Multi-function Input Selection Error | One of the following errors has been made in the multi-function input (H1-01 to H1-10) settings: The same setting has been selected for two or more multi-function inputs. An up or down command was selected independently. (They must be used together.) The up/down commands (10 and 11) and Accel/Decel Ramp Hold (A) were selected at the same time. Speed Search 1 (61, maximum output frequency) and Speed Search 2 (62. set frequency) were selected at the same time. The up/down commands (10 and 11) were selected while PID Control Method Selection (b5-01) was enabled. Positive and negative speed commands have not been set at the same time. The emergency Stop Command NO and NC have been set at the same time. |
| 0PE05 参数设定 故障 5 | Option Board Selection Error | The option board was selected as the frequency reference source by setting b1-01 to 3, but an option board isn't connected (C option). |
| 0PE06 参数设定 故障 6 | Control Method Selec- tion Error | V/f control with PG feedback was selected by setting A1-02 to 1, but a PG Speed Control Board isn't connected. |
| OPE07 参数设定 故障 7 | Multi-function Analog Input Selection Error | The same setting has been selected for the analog input selection and the PID function selection. H3-09 = B and H6-01 = 1 H3-09 = C and H6-01 = 2 b1-01 (Reference Selection) is set to 4 (pulse input) and H6-01 (Pulse Train Input Function Selection) is set to a value other than 0 (frequency reference). |
| 0PE08 参数设定 故障 8 | Constant Selection Error | A setting has been made that is not required in the current control method. Ex.: A function used only with open-loop vector control was selected for V/f control. Press the ENTER Key on the Digital Operator to display OPE fault constant (U1-34). |
| 0PE09 参数设定 故障 9 | PID Control Selection Error | The following settings have been made at the same time. b5-01 (PID Control Method Selection) has been set to a value other than 0. b5-15 (PID Sleep Function Operation Level) has been set to a value other than 0. b1-03 (Stopping Method Selection) has been set to 2 or 3. |
| OPE10 参数设定 故障 10 | V/f Data Setting Error | Constants E1-04, E1-06, E1-07, and E1-09 do not satisfy the following conditions: • E1-04 (FMAX) ≥ E1-06 (FA) > E1-07 (FB) ≥ E1-09 (FMIN) • E3-02 (FMAX) ≥ E3-04 (FA) > E3-05 (FB) ≥ E3-07 (FMIN) |

Table 7.4 Operation Error Displays and Incorrect Settings

| Display | Meaning | Incorrect settings |
|------------------------|------------------------|---|
| OPE11 参数设定 故障 11 | Constant Setting Error | One of the following constant setting errors exists. C6-05 (Carrier Frequency Gain) > 6, the Carrier Frequency Lower Limit (C6-04) > the Carrier Frequency Gain (C6-05) Upper/lower limit error in C6-03 to 05. C6-02 is 7 to E. |
| ERR EEPROM 读写 故障 | EEPROM Write Error | A verification error occurred when writing EEPROM.Try turning the power supply off and on again.Try setting the constants again. |

Table 7.4 Operation Error Displays and Incorrect Settings (Continued)

Note If the settings for the constants of an Inverter with a different version of software are copied, an OPE error can occur. Contact your Yaskawa representative if wanting to copy the settings with a different software version.



• Errors During Autotuning

The errors that can occur during autotuning are given in the following table. If an error is detected, the motor will coast to a stop and an error code will be displayed on the Digital Operator. The error contact output and alarm output will not function.

| | | 5 5 | |
|------------|--|---|---|
| Display | Meaning | Probable causes | Corrective Actions |
| 电机数据故障 | Motor data error | There is an error in the data input for autotuning. There is an error in the relationship between the motor output and the motor rated current. The is an error between the no-load cur- rent setting and the input motor rated current (when autotuning for only line- to-line resistance is performed for vector control). | Check the input data. Check the capacity of the Inverter and motor. Check the motor rated current and no-load current. |
| 轻故障 | Alarm | A minor fault occurred during autotuning (xxx). | Check the input data. Check wiring and the mechine |
| 输入了 STOP 键 | STOP key input | The STOP Key was pressed to cancel autotuning. | Check the load. |
| 线间电阻故障 | Line-to-line resis- tance error | Autotuning was not completed in the | Check the input data. Check motor wiring |
| 空载电流故障 | No-load current error | The results of autotuning has exceeded | Check motor wiring.If the motor is connected to the |
| 额定滑差故障 | Rated slip error | the setting range for a user constant. | machine, disconnect it. |
| 加速故障 | Acceleration error (detected only for rotational autotuning) | The motor did not accelerate in the spec- ified time. | Increase C1-01 (Acceleration Time 1). Increase L7-01 and L7-02 (Reverse Torque Limits) if they are low. If the motor is connected to the machine, disconnect it. |
| 电机方向 故障 | Motor Direction Error | There is a faulty connection between the Inverter and PC (A or B phase) or the Inverter and Motor (U, V, or W). | Check the PG wiring. Check the motor wiring. Check the PG rotation direction and F1-05 (PG rotation). |
| 电机速度故障 | Motor speed error (detected only for rotational autotuning) | The torque reference was too high (100%) during acceleration (for open- loop vector control only). | If the motor is connected to the machine, disconnect it. Increase C1-01 (Acceleration Time 1). Check the input data (particularly the number of PG pulses and the number of motor poles). |
| 电流检出故障 | Current detection error | The current flow exceeded the motor rated current. | Check the current detection circuit, motor wiring, current detector, and installation methods. |
| | | The detected current sign was the oppo- site of what it should be. | |
| | | There is a phase fault for U, V, or W. | |
| 漏电故障 | Leakage inductance error | Autotuning was not completed in the specified time. | Check motor wiring. |
| PG 断线检出 | PG Disconnection Detected | PG pulses were input when the Inverter was outputting a frequency. | Fix the broken/disconnected wiring. |
| V/F 设定过大 | V/f settings exces- sive* | The torque reference exceeded 100% and the no-load torque exceeded 70% during autotuning. | Check and correct the settings.Disconnect the load from the motor. |

Table 7.5 Errors During Autotuning

| Display | Meaning | Probable causes | Corrective Actions |
|---------|---|--|--|
| 饱和系数故障 | Motor core satura- tion error (detected only for rotational autotuning)* | The results of autotuning has exceeded the setting range for a user constant so a temporary setting was made for the motor core saturation coefficient. | Check the input data.Check motor wiring.If the motor is connected to the machine, disconnect it. |
| 额定电流警告 | Rated current setting alarm [*] | The rated current is set high. | Check the input data (particularly the motor output current and motor rated current). |
| 滑差调整下限值 | Adjusted slip value fell below lower limit | As a result of stationary autotuning 1, the slip value has fallen to 0.2 Hz or below. | Check the input data. |
| | | | If rotational autotuning is possible, per- form it. If impossible, perform stationary autotuning 2. |

Table 7.5 Errors During Autotuning (Continued)

* Displayed after autotuning has been completed. For constants in which no error is detected, the settings are reset to the values determined by autotuning.

Errors when Using the Digital Operator Copy Function

The errors that can occur when using the copy function from the Digital Operator are given in the following table. An error code will be displayed on the Digital Operator. If a Digital Operator key is pressed when an error code is being displayed, the display will be cleared and 03-01 will be displayed. The error contact output and alarm output will not function.

| Func- tion | Display | Meaning | Probable causes | Corrective Actions |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| READ 功能 | PRE READ IMPOSSIBLE | Digital Operator write-protected | o3-01 was set to 1 to write a constant when the Digital Operator was write- protected (o3-02 = 0). | Set o3-02 to 1 to enable writing con- stants with the Digital Operator. |
| | IFE READ DATA Illegal read data ERROR | 111 | The read data length does not agree. | Repeat the read. |
| | | The write data is incorrect. | Replace the Digital Operator. | |
| | RDE DATA ERROR | Illegal write status | An attempted write of a constant to EEPROM on the Digital Writer failed. | A low Inverter voltage has been detected. Repeat the read. Replace the Digital Operator. |

| | Table 7.6 | Errors | during | Copy | Function |
|--|-----------|--------|--------|------|----------|
|--|-----------|--------|--------|------|----------|

| Func- tion | Display | Meaning | Probable causes | Corrective Actions |
|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| COPY 功能 | CPE ID UNMATCH | ID not matched | The Inverter product code or software number is different. | Use the copy function for the same product code and software number. |
| | VAE INV. KVA UNMATCH | Inverter capacity matched | The capacity of the Inverter being copied and the capacity in the Digital Operator are different. | Use the copy function for the same Inverter capacity. |
| | CRE CONTROL UNMATCH | Control method matched | The control method of the Inverter being copied and the control method in the Digital Operator are different. | Use the copy function for the same control method. |
| | CYE COPY ERROR | Verify error | The constant written to the Inverter was compared with the constant in the Digital Operator and they were differ- ent. | Retry the copy. |
| | CSE SUM CHECK | Checksum error | The checksum in the Inverter constant area was compared with the checksum in the Digital Operator constant area and they were different. | Retry the copy. |
| | ERROR | EKKOK | The Inverter product code or software number is different. | Use the copy function for the same product code and software number. |
| VERIFY 功能 | VYE VERIFY ERROR | Verify error | The Digital Operator and Inverter set- tings do not agree. | Retry the copy and verify again. |
| | CPE ID UNMATCH | ID not matched | The Inverter product code or software number is different. | Use the copy function for the same product code and software number. |

Troubleshooting

Due to constant setting errors, faulty wiring, and so on, the Inverter and motor may not operate as expected when the system is started up. If that should occur, use this section as a reference and apply the appropriate measures.

If the contents of the fault are displayed, refer to Protective and Diagnostic Functions.

If Constant Constants Cannot Be Set

Use the following information if an Inverter constant cannot be set.

The display does not change when the Increment and Decrement Keys are pressed.

The following causes are possible.

The Inverter is operating (drive mode).

There are some constants that cannot be set during operation. Turn the Inverter off and then make the settings.

Constant write enable is input.

This occurs when "constant write enable" (set value: 1B) is set for a multi-function input terminal (H1-01 to H1-10). If the constant write enable input is OFF, the constants cannot be changed. Turn it ON and then set the constants.

Passwords do not match. (Only when a password is set.)

If the constant A1-04 (Password) and A1-05 (Password Setting) numbers are different, the constants for the initialize mode cannot be changed. Reset the password.

If you cannot remember the password, display A1-05 (Password Setting) by pressing the Reset/Select Key and the Menu Key simultaneously while in the A1-04 display. Then reset the password. (Input the reset password in constant A1-04.)

■OPE01 through OPE11 is displayed.

The set value for the constant is wrong. Refer to Operation Errors in this chapter and correct the setting.

■CPF00 or CPF01 is displayed.

This is a Digital Operator communications error. The connection between the Digital Operator and the Inverter may be faulty. Remove the Digital Operator and then re-install it.

If the Motor Does Not Operate

Use the following information if the motor does not operate.

The motor does not operate when the RUN Key on the Digital Operator is pressed.

The following causes are possible.



If the Inverter is not in drive mode and the DRIVE indicator on the Digital Operator (JVOP-161) does not light up, the Inverter will remain in ready status and will not start. Press the Menu Key to display the drive mode, and enter the drive mode by pressing the DATA/ENTER Key. "-Rdy-" will be displayed when drive mode is entered.

The operation method setting is wrong.

If constant b1-02 (Operation Method Selection) is set to 1 (control circuit terminal), the motor will not operate when the Run Key is pressed. Either press the LOCAL/REMOTE Key* to switch to Digital Operator operation or set b1-02 to 0 (Digital Operator).



The LOCAL/REMOTE Key is enabled by setting o2-01 to 1 and disabled by setting o2-01 to 2. It is enabled when the drive mode is entered.

The frequency reference is too low.

If the frequency reference is set below the frequency set in E1-09 (Minimum Output Frequency), the Inverter will not operate.

Raise the frequency reference to at least the minimum output frequency.

There is a multi-function analog input setting error.

If multi-function analog input H3-09 is set to 1 (frequency gain), and if no voltage (current) is input, then the frequency reference will be zero. Check to be sure that the set value and analog input value are correct.

The motor does not operate when an external operation signal is input.

The following causes are possible.

The Inverter is not in drive mode.

If the Inverter is not in drive mode and the DRIVE indicator on the Digital Operator (JVOP-161) does not light up, the Inverter will remain in ready status and will not start. Press the MENU Key to make the DRIVE indicator flash, and enter the drive mode by pressing the DATA/ENTER Key. "-Rdy-" will be displayed when drive mode is entered.



The operation method selection is wrong.

If constant b1-02 (reference selection) is set to 0 (Digital Operator), the motor will not operate when an external operation signal is input. Set b1-02 to 1 (control circuit terminal) and try again.

Similarly, the motor will also not operate if the LOCAL/REMOTE Key has been pressed to switch to Digital Operator operation. In that case press the LOCAL/REMOTE Key* again to return to the original setting.



The LOCAL/REMOTE Key is enabled by setting o2-01 to 1 and disabled by setting o2-01 to 2. It is enabled when the drive mode is entered.

A 3-wire sequence is in effect.

The input method for a 3-wire sequence is different than when operating by forward/stop and reverse/stop (2-wire sequence). When 3-wire sequence is set, the motor will not operate even when an input terminal suitable for forward run/stop and reverse run/stop is turned ON.

When using a 3-wire sequence, refer to the timing chart and input the proper signals.

When using a 2-wire sequence, set the multi-function input terminal (H1-01 through H1-10, terminals S3 to S11) to a value other than 0.

The frequency reference is too low.

If the frequency reference is set below the frequency set in E1-09 (Minimum Output Frequency), the Inverter will not operate. Raise the frequency reference to at least the minimum output frequency.

There is a multi-function analog input setting error.

If multi-function analog inputs H3-05 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A3 Selection) and H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Selection) are set to 1 (frequency gain), and if no voltage (current) is input, then the frequency reference will be zero. Check to be sure that the set value and analog input value are correct.

■The Inverter does not operate.

When the motor does not operate, and there is no fault or alarm indication, check the items listed below to find the cause and take corrective action.

| Probable Causes | Descriptions | Corrective Actions |
|--|---|--|
| Run command is not sent. | Inverter does not operate if a Run command is not sent. | If the indicator on the RUN Key is not lit, the Run Command is not sent. Input the Run Command. |
| The operation method selection is wrong. | b1-02 has to be set according to the Run Command input method to be used. b1-02= 0: Digital Operator 1: Control circuit terminal (factory setting) 2: MEMOBUS communications 3: Option board 4: Pulse train input | Set b1-02 according to the Run Command input method to be used. |
| The frequency reference is too low. | The frequency reference has to be set above the frequency set in E1-09 (Minimum Out- put Frequency). | If the indicator on the STOP Key is flash- ing, check the frequency reference moni- tor (U1-01) and set the frequency reference above the frequency set in E1- 09. |

Table 7.7 Troubleshooting when Motor Does Not Operate

| Probable Causes | Descriptions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|--|
| The frequency reference selection is wrong. | b1-01 has to be set according to the frequency reference input method to be used. b1-01= 0: Digital Operator 1: Control circuit terminal (factory setting) 2: MEMOBUS communications 3: Option board 4: Pulse train input | Set b1-01 according to the frequency reference input method to be used. |
| The MENU Key was | | • Press the DATA/ENTER Key. |
| The ESC Key was pressed twice. | If the MENU Key is pressed once or the ESC Key is pressed twice, the Inverter will exit the drive mode and will not operate. If the MENU Key is pressed during operation, the Inverter will not start even if the Run Command is sent at the next operation. | Try turning the power supply off and on again. Set b8-01 (Run Command selection in programming modes) to 1(Cannot operate) to remain in the drive mode and continue operation even if the MENU Key or ESC Key is pressed. |
| The LOCAL/REMOTE Key was pressed. | If the LOCAL/REMOTE Key is pressed while the Inverter is stopped, the Inverter will switch to Digital Operator operation and cannot be operated with the external input terminals. | Press the LOCAL/REMOTE Key. Try turning the power supply off and on again. Set o2-01 (LOCAL/REMOTE Key enable/disable) to 0 (Disabled) to disable the LOCAL/REMOTE Key. |
| The STOP Key was pressed. | If the STOP Key is pressed during opera- tion, the Inverter will decelerate to a stop. | Turn the Run Command off and then on again. Set o2-02 (STOP key during control circuit terminal operation) to 0 (Disabled) to disable the STOP Key. |
| Wrong selection of a 2-wire or a 3-wire sequence. | If 0 is set to one of H1-01 to H1-10, a 3- wire sequence is set. | Make sure that H1-01 to H1-10 are set to a value other than 0 to use a 2-wire sequence. |
| "Reverse run prohibited" is selected. | If b1-04 (Prohibition of reverse operation) is set to 1 (Reverse disabled), the motor will not start if the Reverse Run Command is sent. | Check the setting of b1-04. |
| Autotuning has just been completed. | The Inverter remains in the autotuning mode right after autotuning has been com- pleted and cannot be operated even if the Run Command is sent. | Press the MENU Key to display the drive mode on the Digital Operator and press the DATA/ENTER Key to enter the drive mode. |

The motor stops during acceleration or when a load is connected.

The load may be too heavy. The Inverter has a stall prevention function and an automatic torque boost function, but the motor responsiveness limit may be exceeded if acceleration is too rapid or if the load is too heavy. Lengthen the acceleration time or reduce the load. Also consider increasing the motor capacity.

■The motor does not accelerate.

If the torque limit settings (L7-01 to L7-04) or the torque reference input (torque control) are too small, the motor may not be able to accelerate. Check the settings and input values. Also, for operation with open-loop vector 2 control, refer to *Corrective Actions for Control Faults (CF)* on page 7-14.



The motor only rotates in one direction.

"Reverse run prohibited" is selected. If b1-04 (Prohibition of Reverse Operation) is set to 1 (reverse run prohibited), the Inverter will not receive Reverse Run Commands. To use both forward and reverse operation, set b1-04 to 0.

If the Direction of the Motor Rotation is Reversed

If the motor operates in the wrong direction, the motor output wiring is faulty. When the Inverter T1 (U), T2 (V), and T3 (W) are properly connected to the motor T1 (U), T2 (V), and T3 (W), the motor operates in a forward direction when a Forward Run Command is executed. The forward direction depends on the manufacturer and the motor type, so be sure to check the specifications.

The direction of rotation can be reversed by switching two wires among T1 (U), T2 (V), and T3 (W).

If the Motor Does Not Put Out Torque or If Acceleration is Slow

Use the following information if the motor does not output torque or if acceleration is too slow.

■The torque limit has been reached.

When a torque limit has been set in constants L7-01 to L7-04, no torque will be output beyond that limit. This can cause the torque to be insufficient, or the acceleration time to be too long. Check to be sure that the value set for the torque limit is suitable.

If torque limits have been set for the multi-function analog input (H3-05 or H3-09 = 10 to 12 or 15), check to be sure that the analog input value is suitable.

The stall prevention level during acceleration is too low.

If the value set for L3-02 (Stall Prevention Level during Acceleration) is too low, the acceleration time will be too long. Check to be sure that the set value is suitable.

The stall prevention level during running is too low.

If the value set for L3-06 (Stall Prevention Level during Running) is too low, the speed will drop before outputting torque. Check to be sure that the set value is suitable.

Autotuning has not been performed for vector control

Vector control will not perform if autotuning has not been performed. Perform autotuning separately for the motor, or set the motor constants through calculations. Alternatively, change the Control Method Selection (A1-02) to V/f control (0 or 1).

If the Motor Operates Higher Than the Reference

Use the following information if the motor operates higher than the reference.

The analog frequency reference bias setting is wrong (the gain setting is wrong).

The frequency reference bias set in constant H3-03 is added to the frequency reference. Check to be sure that the set value is suitable.

■A signal is being input to the frequency reference (current) terminal A2 or A3.

When 0 (Add to terminal A1) is set for constant H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Function Selection) or H3-05 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A3 Function Selection), a frequency corresponding to the terminal A2 or A3 input voltage (current) is added to the frequency reference. Check to be sure that the set value and analog input value are suitable.

If the Slip Compensation Function Has Low Speed Precision

If speed control accuracy is low for the slip compensation function, the slip compensation limit has been reached. With the slip compensation function, compensation cannot be carried out beyond the slip compensation limit set in constant C3-03. Check to be sure that the set value is suitable.

If There is Low Speed Control Accuracy at High-speed Rotation in Openloop Vector Control Method

The motor's rated voltage is high.

The Inverter's maximum output voltage is determined by its input voltage. (For example, if 200 VAC is input, then the maximum output voltage will be 200 VAC.) If, as a result of vector control, the output voltage reference value exceeds the Inverter output voltage maximum value, the speed control accuracy will decrease. Use a motor with a low rated voltage (i.e., a special motor for use with vector control), or change to flux vector control.

If Motor Deceleration is Slow

Use the following information when the motor deceleration is slow.

The deceleration time is long even when braking resistor is connected.

The following causes are possible.

"Stall prevention during deceleration enabled" is set.

When braking resistor is connected, set constant L3-04 (Stall Prevention Selection during Deceleration) to 0 (disabled) or 3 (with braking resistor). When this constant is set to 1 (enabled, the factory setting), braking resistor does not fully function.

The deceleration time setting is too long.

Check the deceleration time setting (constants C1-02, C1-04, C1-06, and C1-08).

Motor torque is insufficient.

If the constants are correct and there is no overvoltage fault, then the motor's power is limited. Consider increasing the motor capacity.

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The torque limit has been reached.

When a torque limit has been set in constants L7-01 to L7-04, no torque will be output beyond that limit. This can cause the deceleration time to be too long. Check to be sure that the value set for the torque limit is suitable.

If H3-09 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A2 Function Selection) or H3-05 (Multi-function Analog Input Terminal A3 Function Selection) is set to 10, 11, 12 or 15 (positive and negative torque limit), check to be sure that the analog input value is suitable.

If the Vertical-axis Load Drops When Brake is Applied

The sequence is incorrect. The Inverter goes into DC injection braking status for 0.5 seconds after deceleration is completed. (This is the factory-set default.)

To ensure that the brake holds, set frequency detection 2 (H2-01 = 5) for the multi-function contact output terminals (M1 and Mw) so that the contacts will turn OFF when the output frequency is greater than L4-01 (3.0 to 5.0 Hz). (The contacts will turn ON below L4-01.)

There is hysteresis in frequency detection 2 (i.e., a frequency detection width, L4-02 = 2.0 Hz). Change the setting to approximately 0.5 Hz if there are drops during stop. Do not use the multi-function contact output run signal (H2-01 = 0) for the brake ON/OFF signal.

If the Motor Overheats

Take the following steps if the motor overheats.

■The load is too big.

If the motor load is too heavy and the motor is used with the effective torque exceeding the motor's rated torque, the motor will overheat. Some motor rating are given for short period performance and are not continuous ratings. Reduce the load amount by either lightening the load or lengthening the acceleration/deceleration time. Also consider increasing the motor capacity.

The ambient temperature is too high.

The motor rating is determined within a particular ambient operating temperature range. The motor will burn out if it is run continuously at the rated torque in an environment in which the maximum ambient operating temperature is exceeded. Lower the motor's ambient temperature to within the acceptable ambient operating temperature range.

The withstand voltage between the motor phases is insufficient.

When the motor is connected to the Inverter output, a surge is generated between the Inverter switching and the motor coil. Normally the maximum surge voltage is three times the Inverter's input power supply voltage (i.e., 1,200 V for 400 V Class). Be sure to use a motor with a withstand voltage between the motor phases that is greater than the maximum surge voltage. In particular, when using a 400 V Class Inverter, use a special motor for Inverters.

Autotuning has not been performed for vector control

Vector control will not perform if autotuning has not been performed. Perform autotuning, or set the motor constants through calculations. Alternatively, change the Control Method Selection (A1-02) to V/f control (0 or 1).

◆ If There is Noise When the Inverter is Started or From an AM Radio

If noise is generated by Inverter switching, implement the following countermeasures:

- Change the Inverter's Carrier Frequency Selection (C6-02) to lower the carrier frequency. This will help to some extent by reducing the amount of internal switching.
- Install an Input Noise Filter at the Inverter's power supply input area.
- Install an Output Noise Filter at the Inverter's power supply output area.
- Use metal tubing. Electric waves can be shielded by metal, so encase the Inverter with metal (steel).
- Ground the Inverter and motor.
- Separate main circuit wiring from control wiring.

If the Ground Fault Interrupter Operates When the Inverter is Run

The Inverter performs internal switching, so there is a certain amount of leakage current. This may cause the ground fault interrupter to operate and cut off the power supply. Change to a ground fault interrupter with a high leakage detection level (i.e., a sensitivity current of 200 mA or greater per Unit, with an operating time of 0.1 s or more), or one that incorporates high frequency countermeasures (i.e., one designed for use with Inverters). It will also help to some extent to change the Inverter's Carrier Frequency Selection (C6-02) to lower the carrier frequency. In addition, remember that the leakage current increases as the cable is lengthened.

If There is Mechanical Oscillation

Use the following information when there is mechanical oscillation.

The machinery is making unusual sounds.

The following causes are possible.

There may be resonance between the mechanical system's characteristic frequency and the carrier frequency.

If the motor is running with no problems and the machinery is oscillating with a high-pitched whine, it may indicate that this is occurring. To prevent this type of resonance, adjust the carrier frequency with constants C6-02 to C6-05.

There may be resonance between a machine's characteristic frequency and the output frequency of the Inverter.

To prevent this from occurring, either use the jump frequency functions in constants d3-01 to d3-04 or install rubber padding on the motor base to reduce oscillation.

Oscillation and hunting are occurring with open-loop vector 1 control.

The gain adjustment may be insufficient. Reset the gain to a more effective level by adjusting constants C4-02 (torque compensation time constant), C2-01 (S-curve Characteristic Time at Acceleration Start), and C3-02 (Slip Compensation Primary Delay Time) in order. Lower the gain setting and raise the primary delay time setting.

Vector control will not perform if autotuning has not been performed. Perform autotuning separately for the motor, or set the motor constants through calculations. Alternatively, change the control method selection (A1-02) to V/f control (0 or 1).

■Oscillation and hunting are occurring with V/f control.

The gain adjustment may be insufficient. Reset the gain to a more effective level by adjusting constants C4-02 (Torque Compensation Primary Delay Time Constant), N1-02 (Hunting Prevention Gain), and C3-02 (Slip Compensation Primary Delay Time) in order. Lower the gain setting and raise the primary delay time setting.

Oscillation and hunting are occurring with V/f w/PG control.

The gain adjustment may be insufficient. Adjust the various types of speed control loop (ASR) gain.

If the oscillation cannot be eliminated in this way, set the hunting prevention selection (constant N1-01) to 0 (disabled) and then try adjusting the gain again.

Oscillation and hunting are occurring with open-loop vector 2 control.

Adjust the control constants with reference to *Adjusted User Constants* on page 18 in *Chapter 4 Trial Operation*. If autotuning has not been performed, or the control method has been changed since last performing autotuning, perform autotuning. If the problem occurs after performing stationary autotuning, perform rotational autotuning.

If oscillation and hunting occur under the following special conditions, perform the adjustments described here.

Low-speed regenerative load

• If oscillation occurs during low-speed regeneration, increase the setting of N4-30 (low-speed regeneration stability coefficient 2). Increase the setting in intervals of approximately 0.2. The larger the setting, the greater the ratio of the speed increase relative to the regenerative load will be.

Operating frequency between 6 and 10 Hz

• Accelerate the motor gradually, set N4-32 (speed estimator gain fluctuation frequency 1) to the lowest speed at which oscillation occurs and set N4-33 (speed estimator gain fluctuation frequency 2) to the highest. Then, reduce the setting of N4-34 (speed estimator gain fluctuation rate) until the oscillation stops. Adjust N4-34 in intervals of approximately 5% in the range 50% to 100%.

Oscillation and hunting are occurring with flux vector control.

The gain adjustment is insufficient. Adjust the various gains for speed control (ASR). If the oscillation points overlap with those of the machine and cannot be eliminated, increase the primary delay time constant for speed control (ASR) in C5-06 and then readjust the gains.

If autotuning is not performed, proper performance cannot be achieved for vector control. Perform autotuning or set the motor constants according to calculations.

■Oscillation and hunting are occurring with PID control.

If there is oscillation or hunting during PID control, check the oscillation cycle and individually adjust P, I, and D constants. (Refer to page 6-110.)

Autotuning has not been performed with vector control.

Vector control will not perform if autotuning has not been performed. Perform autotuning separately for the motor, or set the motor constants through calculations. Alternatively, change the Control Method Selection (A1-02) to V/f control.

If the Torque Generated for the Motor is Insufficient (Insufficient Power)

If autotuning has not been performed, or the control method has been changed since last performing autotuning, perform autotuning. If the problem occurs after performing stationary autotuning, perform rotational autotuning.

The torque is insufficient with open-loop vector 2 control (insufficient power).

In particular, if there is insufficient power at low speeds, make adjustments using the following methods.

Low-speed Electromotive Load

Increase the setting of N4-29 (torque adjustment gain 2). Increase the setting in intervals of approximately 0.05. If the setting is too high, it may have the opposite effect and so do not change the setting by a large amount.

Low-speed Regenerative Load

Increase the setting of N4-15 (low-speed regeneration stability coefficient 1). Increase the setting in intervals of approximately 0.1. If the setting is too large, the torque reference monitor and the actual torque accuracy may deteriorate and so do not change the setting by a large amount.

If the Torque Reference (U1-09) at Low Speeds in Open-loop Vector 2 Control is Large Compared to That at Medium and High Speeds

If the torque reference (U1-09) at low speeds is large compared to that at medium and high speeds for the same load conditions, make adjustments in the way described below.

- Reduce the setting for N4-17 (torque adjustment gain).
- If the problem still occurs after making the above adjustment, linearize the V/f characteristics. This means making the ratios E1-10/E1-09 and E1-08/E1-07 closer to the ratio E1-13/E1-06. Linearizing the V/f characteristics will, however, reduce the power and so check that the power is sufficient after changing the settings. Do not change the settings more than necessary.

If Shock Occurs Near the Speed Estimator Switching Frequency in Openloop Vector 2 Control

The switching frequency refers to the frequency range near the N4-11 setting during acceleration and near the N4-28 setting during deceleration. In open-loop vector 2 control, two speed estimators are switched between and there may be instances of shock occurring at the switchover. If switching shock is a problem, make the adjustments described below.

- If shock occurs during acceleration:
 - Increase the acceleration time within the allowable range. Alternatively, reduce the torque limit.

- Reduce the setting for N4-11 to a value less than the factory setting. Reduce the setting in intervals of approximately 5 Hz.
- If shock occurs during deceleration:
 - Increase the deceleration time within the allowable range. Alternatively, reduce the torque limit.
 - Reduce the setting for N4-28 to a value less than the factory setting. Reduce the setting in intervals of approximately 5 Hz.

The factory settings for N4-11 (speed estimator switching frequency) and N4-28 (speed estimator switching frequency 2) are 70 Hz and 50 Hz respectively. If the problem still occurs after making the above adjustments, use open-loop vector 1 control (A1-02 = 2).

If Torque Ripple Occurs at Very Low Speeds in Open-loop Vector 2 Control

Either increase the operating frequency or use open-loop vector 1 control (A1-02 = 2).

If the Motor Rotates Even When Inverter Output is Stopped

If the motor rotates even when the Inverter output is stopped, the DC injection braking is insufficient. If the motor continues operating at low speed, without completely stopping, and after a deceleration stop has been executed, it means that the DC injection braking is not decelerating enough. Adjust the DC injection braking as follows:

- Increase the constant b2-02 (DC Injection Braking Current) setting.
- Increase the constant b2-04 (DC Injection Braking (initial excitation) Time at Stop) setting.

If OV is Detected When the Fan is Started, or Fan Stalls

Generation of OV (main circuit voltage) and stalling can occur if the fan is turning when it is started. The DC injection braking is insufficient when starting.

This can be prevented by slowing fan rotation by DC injection braking before starting the fan. Increase the constant b2-03 (DC injection braking time (initial excitation) at start) setting.

If Output Frequency Does Not Rise to Frequency Reference

Use the following information if the output frequency does not rise to the frequency reference.

The frequency reference is within the jump frequency range.

When the jump frequency function is used, the output frequency does not change within the jump frequency range. Check to be sure that the Jump Frequency (constants d3-01 to d3-03) and Jump Frequency Width (constant d3-04) settings are suitable.

■The frequency reference upper limit has been reached.

The output frequency upper limit is determined by the following formula: Maximum Output Frequency (E1-04) × Frequency Reference Upper Limit (d2-01) / 100 Check to be sure that the constant E1-04 and d2-01 settings are suitable.

Acoustic Noise From the Motor

The carrier frequency is automatically reduced if a current exceeding 110% of the Inverter rated current flows while the Inverter output frequency is low. When the carrier frequency is reduced, acoustic noise form the motor will change.

If acoustic noise from the motor causes a problem, change L8-38 (Carrier frequency reduction selection) to 0 (Disabled). However, for mechanical loads that require repetitive high torque, such as with cranes, leave L8-38 to 1 (Enabled) without changing.

Acoustic noise from the motor can be changed by changing the setting of L8-39 (Reduced carrier frequency). (The minimum set value is 1.0 kHz for open-loop vector control.)

8

Maintenance and Inspection

This chapter describes basic maintenance and inspection for the Inverter.

Maintenance and Inspection......8-2

Maintenance and Inspection

Outline of Warranty

The warranty period of the Inverter is as follows:

Warranty Period: This product is warranted for twelve months after being delivered to Yaskawa's customer or if applicable eighteen months from the date of shipment from Yaskawa's factory whichever comes first.

Daily Inspection

Check the following items with the system in operation.

- The motor should not be vibrating or making unusual noises.
- There should be no abnormal heat generation.
- The ambient temperature should not be too high.
- The output current value shown on the monitor displays should not be higher than normal.
- The cooling fan on the bottom of the Inverter should be operating normally.

Periodic Inspection

Check the following items during periodic maintenance.

Always turn OFF the power supply before beginning inspection. Confirm that the LCD and LED indicators on the front cover have all turned OFF, and then wait until at least five minutes has elapsed before beginning the inspection. Be sure not to touch terminals right after the power has been turned off. Doing so can result in electric shock.

| Item | Inspection | Corrective Procedure |
|---------------------|---|--|
| External terminals, | Are all screws and bolts tight? | Tighten loose screws and bolts firmly. |
| tors, etc. | Are connectors tight? | Reconnect the loose connectors. |
| Heatsinks | Are the fins dirty or dusty? | Clean off any dirt and dust with an air gun using dry air at a pressure of 39.2×10^4 to 58.8×10^4 Pa (4 to 6 kg•cm ²). |
| PCBs | Is there any conductive dirt or oil mist on the PCBs? | Clean off any dirt and dust with an air gun using dry air at a pressure of 39.2×10^4 to 58.8×10^4 Pa (4 to 6 kg•cm ²). Replace the boards if they cannot be made clean. |
| Cooling fan | Is there any abnormal noise or vibration or has the total operating time exceeded 20,000 hours? | Replace the cooling fan. |
| Power elements | Is there any conductive dirt or oil mist on the elements? | Clean off any dirt and dust with an air gun using dry air at a pressure of 39.2×10^4 to 58.8×10^4 Pa (4 to 6 kg•cm ²). |
| Smoothing capacitor | Are there any irregularities, such as dis- coloration or odor? | Replace the capacitor or Inverter. |

| Table 8.1 | Periodic | Inspections |
|-----------|----------|-------------|
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Periodic Maintenance of Parts

The Inverter is configured of many parts, and these parts must be operating properly in order to make full use of the Inverter functions.

Among the electronic components, there are some that require maintenance depending on their usage conditions. In order to keep the Inverter operating normally over a long period of time, it is necessary to perform period inspections and replace parts according to their service life.

Periodic inspection standards vary depending the Inverter's installation environment and usage conditions. The Inverter's maintenance periods are noted below. Keep them as reference.

Refer to *Cooling Fan Replacement Outline* (Page 8-6) for replacing a cooling fan and *Circulation Fan Replacement Outline* (Page 8-16) for replacing a circulation fan.

To replace other parts, contact your Yaskawa representative or YASKAWA ELECTRIC ENGINEERING CORPORATION for details on preventive maintenance for Inverters.

| Part | Standard Replacement Period | Replacement Method |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Cooling fan | 2 to 3 years | Replace with new part. |
| Smoothing capacitor | 5 years | Replace with new part. (Determine need by inspection.) |
| Breaker relays | - | Determine need by inspection. |
| Fuses | 10 years | Replace with new part. |
| Aluminum capacitors on PCBs | 5 years | Replace with new board. (Determine need by inspection.) |

| Table 8.2 F | Part Replacement | Guidelines |
|-------------|------------------|------------|
|-------------|------------------|------------|

Note The standard replacement period is based on the following usage conditions:

Ambient temperature: Yearly average of 30°C Load factor: 80% max.

Operating rate: 12 hours max. per day

Procedure for Adjusting Constants after Replacement of Control Board

Perform the following operations before adjusting the constants.

- For 400-V class Inverters of 55 kW to 300 kW, take safety measures such as the installation of an emergency-stop switch. Failure to do so may result in injury caused by the motor accidentally rotating during stationary autotuning performed by the Inverter when the constants are adjusted.
- Before replacing the control board, first use the COPY function of the Digital Operator to copy the settings of the constants of board from the Inverter to the Digital Operator.

When using the copy function of the Digital Operator, check that the following settings are the same between the Inverter and the Digital Operator. Note the setting of A1-02 (Control method selection).

- Inverter product and type
- · Software number
- · Inverter capacity and voltage
- Control method

Refer to Copying Constants in Chapter 6.

After replacing the board, use the following procedure to adjust the constants.

Steps 4 and 5 are not required for 400-V class Inverters of 0.4 kW to 45 kW, and all models of 200-V class Inverters regardless of capacity. If using a 400-V class Inverter of 55 kW to 300 kW then perform steps 4 and 5.

Contact your Yaskawa representative if a motor cannot be connected, the motor being used is two frames smaller than the Inverter.

| Step No. | Digital Operator Display | Description |
|----------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | -ADV- 4055 o2-04= 2F *0* | Set o2-04 (kVA selection) to the capacity of the Inverter that you use. |
| 2 | -ADV- 无PG矢量控制 A1-02= ❷ *2* | Set A1-02 to the control method to be used. The value of the control method should be set to the same value as when the constants were copied from the Inverter to the Digital Operator. |
| 3 | -ADV- 2线制初始化 A1-03=2220 *0* | Set A1-03 (Initialize) to 2220 (2-wire initialization) or 3330 (3-wire initializa- tion). This example is a typical setting for initialization by a 2-wire sequence. |
| 4 | -DRIVE- 电机额定功率 T1-02= 55.00kW | If the mode is switched to the DRIVE after initialization has been completed, the motor power setting display appears. Set T1-02 (Motor output power) to the motor capacity of the connected motor. This example is the setting for a 55 kW motor. |
| 5 | DRIVE- Rdy 出厂时调整 OHz/ 0.0A | Press the Increment Key to view the shipping adjustment display. After con- firming that the motor has been connected, press the RUN Key to start auto- tuning. Note: Do not touch the motor terminals. Although the motor does not rotate, voltage is being supplied to the motor though the motor is not rotating. |
| 6 | - | After autotuning has been completed, use the copy function of the Operator to copy the settings of the constants of the control board from the Operator to the Inverter before replacing the board. If the copy function is not available, change the setting of the constants manually. |
| 7 | -DRIVE- Rdy 频率指令 U1-01= 0.00Hz | If the mode is switched to the DRIVE, the frequency setting display appears, and the operation becomes enabled. |

■Procedure for Changing Constants through Communications

For 400-V class Inverters of 55 kW to 300 kW, take safety measures such as the installation of an emergencystop switch before adjusting constants. Failure to do so may result in injury caused by the motor accidentally rotating during stationary autotuning performed by the Inverter when the constants are adjusted.

After replacing the control board, write in all of the constants to the new board with MEMOBUS communications or a Communications Option Board.

| Step No. | Digital Operator Display | Description | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | -A.TUNE- 变频器出厂调整 T101= 3 *0* | Set T1-01 (Autotuning mode selection) to 3 (Shipping adjustment). | |
| 2 | -DRIVE- 电机额定功率 T1-02= 55.00kW | Press the Increment Key to view the motor rated power display. Set T1-02 (Motor output power) to the capacity of the connected motor. | |
| 3 | -DRIVE- 电机额定电流 T1-04=95.0A | Press the Increment Key to view the motor rated current display. Set T1-04 (Motor rated current) to the value of motor rated current. | |
| 4 | ─DRIVE─ Rdy 出厂时调整 0Hz/ 0.0A | Press the Increment Key to view the shipping adjustment display. After confirming that the motor has been connected, press the RUN Key to start autotuning. Note: Do not touch the motor terminals. Although the motor does not rotate, voltage is being supplied to the motor though the motor is not rotating. | |

Next, be sure to perform autotuning to make adjustments after shipping.

Types and Number of Cooling Fans Used in the Drive

Cooling fans used for the Drive has two types; Heatsink cooling fan and heatsink circulation fan. Heatsink cooling fan blows air to the Drive cooling fin. Heatsink circulation fan stirs up the air inside the Drive unit.

Table 8.3 shows the number of cooling fans used in the Drive. For more information on models and specifications of cooling fans, contact your Yaskawa representative or YASKAWA ELECTRIC ENGINEERING CORPORATION.

When replacing the fan, use the specified type of the fan. If the inapplicable fans are used, performance of the Drive will not be fully obtained.

| Maximum Motor | 200 V Class | | 400 V Class | |
|---------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Capacity | Heatsink Cooling | Heatsink Circulation | Heatsink Cooling | Heatsink Circulation |
| (kW) | Fan | Fan | Fan | Fan |
| 0.4 | - | - | - | - |
| 0.75 | - | - | - | - |
| 1.5 | - | - | 1 | - |
| 2.2 | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| 3.7 | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| 4.0 | - | | 1 | - |
| 5.5 | 2 | - | 2 | 1 |
| 7.5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 11 | 2 | - | 2 | 1 |
| 15 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 18.5 | 2 | - | 2 | - |
| 22 | 2 | - | 2 | - |
| 30 | 2 | 1 | 2 | - |
| 37 | 2 | 1 | 2 | - |
| 45 | 2 | 1 | 2 | - |
| 55 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 75 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 90 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 110 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 132 | | | 2 | 1 |
| 160 | | | 2 | 1 |
| 185 | | - | 4 | 2 |
| 220 | | | 4 | 2 |
| 300 | | | 5 | 2 |

Table 8.3 Number of Cooling Fans to be Used

Cooling Fan Replacement Outline

■200 V and 400 V Class Inverters of 15 kW or Less

A cooling fan is attached to the bottom of the Inverter.

If the Inverter is installed using the mounting holes on the back of the Inverter, the cooling fan can be replaced without removing the Inverter from the installation panel.

Removing the Cooling Fan

- 1. Press in on the right and left sides of the fan cover in the direction of arrows 1 and pull the fan out in the direction of arrow 2.
- 2. Pull out the cable connected to the fan from the fan cover and disconnect the relay connector.
- 3. Open the fan cover on the left and right sides and remove the fan cover from the fan.

Mounting the Cooling Fan

- 1. Attach the fan cover to the cooling fan. Be sure that the airflow direction indicated by the arrows above faces into the Inverter.
- 2. Connect the relay connector securely and place the relay connector and cable into the fan cover.
- 3. Mount the fan cover on the Inverter. Be sure that the tabs on the sides of the fan cover click into place on the Inverter.



Fig 8.1 Cooling Fan Replacement (200 V Class Inverters of 3.7 kW)

■200 V and 400 V Class Inverters of 18.5 kW or More

A cooling fan is attached to the top panel inside the Inverter.

The cooling fan can be replaced without removing the Inverter from the installation panel.

200 V Class Inverters of 18.5 kW

Removing the Cooling Fan

- 1. Remove the terminal cover, Inverter cover, Digital Operator, and front cover from the front of the Inverter.
- 2. Remove the control board bracket to which the boards are mounted. Remove all cables connected to the controller. The cables connected to the control circuit terminals can be removed at the same time by removing them together with the control circuit terminal board. (Refer to page 8-21)
- 3. Remove the cooling fan power cable connector (CN26 and CN27) from the gate drive board positioned at the back of the control board.
- 4. Remove the fan cover screws and pull out the fan cover from the Inverter.
- 5. Remove the cooling fan from the fan cover and replace it with a new one.

Mounting the Cooling Fan

After attaching a new cooling fan, reverse the above procedure to attach all of the components. When attaching the cooling fan to the mounting bracket, be sure that the airflow faces the top of the Inverter.





Fig 8.2 Cooling Fan Replacement (200 V Class Inverters of 18.5 kW)

8
200 V Class Inverters of 22 kW, 45 kW, 55 kW and 400 V Class Inverters of 18.5 kW to 75 kW

Removing the Cooling Fan

- 1. Remove the terminal cover, Inverter cover, Digital Operator, and front cover from the front of the Inverter.
- 2. Pull the cooling fan power cable connector that extends from the fan cover cable hole out of the cooling fan power relay board.
- 3. Remove the fan cover screws and pull out the fan cover from the Inverter.
- 4. Remove the cooling fan from the fan cover and replace it with a new one.

Mounting the Cooling Fan

After attaching a new cooling fan, reverse the above procedure to attach all of the components. Refer to the next page for attaching the fan cover.

When attaching the cooling fan to the mounting bracket, be sure that the airflow faces the top of the Inverter.



Fig 8.3 Cooling Fan Replacement (200 V Class Inverters of 45 kW and 55 kW)

Attaching the Fan Cover

1. Tilt the fan cover toward the bottom of the Inverter as shown in Fig 8.4 and insert it to the mounting hole until it meets with A.





2. Push the fan cover toward the top of the Inverter.





3. Make sure that there is no gap between the fan cover and A. Then screw it in place with the three screws.



Fig 8.6

200 V Class Inverters of 30 kW and 37 kW

Removing the Cooling Fan

- 1. Remove the terminal cover, Inverter cover, Digital Operator, and front cover from the front of the Inverter.
- 2. Remove the panel to which the control board, the gate drive board, and the cooling fan power relay board are mounted. Remove any cables that are connected to the control board, the gate drive board, and the cooling fan power relay board. The cable that is connected to the control circuit terminals can be removed together with the control circuit terminal board. (Refer to page 8-21)
- 3. Remove the fan cover screws and pull out the fan cover from the Inverter.
- 4. Remove the cooling fan from the fan cover and replace it with a new one.

Mounting the Cooling Fan

After attaching a new cooling fan, reverse the above procedure to attach all of the components. When attaching the cooling fan to the mounting bracket, be sure that the airflow faces the top of the Inverter.



Fig 8.7 Cooling Fan Replacement (200 V Class Inverters of 30 kW and 37 kW)

200 V Class Inverters of 75 kW

Removing the Cooling Fan

- 1. Remove the terminal cover, Inverter cover, Digital Operator, and front cover from the front of the Inverter.
- 2. Remove the panel to which the control board, the gate drive board, and the cooling fan power relay board are mounted. Remove any cables that are connected to the control board, the gate drive board, and the cooling fan power relay board. The cable that is connected to the control circuit terminals can be removed together with the control circuit terminal board. (Refer to page 8-21)
- 3. Remove the fan cover screws and pull out the fan cover from the Inverter.
- 4. Remove the cooling fan from the fan cover and replace it with a new one.

Mounting the Cooling Fan

After attaching a new cooling fan, reverse the above procedure to attach all of the components. When attaching the cooling fan to the mounting bracket, be sure that the airflow faces the top of the Inverter.



Note: A finger guard is not provided on Inverters with slits.

Fig 8.8 Cooling Fan Replacement (200 V Class Inverters of 75 kW)

400 V Class Inverters of 90 kW and 110 kW

Removing the Cooling Fan

- 1. Remove the terminal cover, Inverter cover, Digital Operator, and front cover from the front of the Inverter.
- 2. Remove the panel to which the control board, the gate drive board, and the cooling fan power relay board are mounted. Remove any cables that are connected to the control board, the gate drive board, and the cooling fan power relay board. The cable that is connected to the control circuit terminals can be removed together with the control circuit terminal board. (Refer to page 8-21)
- 3. Remove the fan cover screws and pull out the fan cover from the Inverter.
- 4. Remove the cooling fan from the fan cover and replace it with a new one.

Mounting the Cooling Fan

After attaching a new cooling fan, reverse the above procedure to attach all of the components. When attaching the cooling fan to the mounting bracket, be sure that the airflow faces the top of the Inverter.



Fig 8.9 Cooling Fan Replacement (400 V Class Inverters of 90 kW and 110 kW)

200 V Class Inverters of 90 kW and 110 kW/400 V Class Inverters of 132 kW and 160 kW

Removing the Cooling Fan

- 1. Remove the terminal cover, Inverter cover, Digital Operator, and front cover from the front of the Inverter.
- 2. Remove the panel to which the control board, the gate drive board, and the cooling fan power relay board are mounted. Remove any cables that are connected to the control board, the gate drive board, and the cooling fan power relay board. The cable that is connected to the control circuit terminals can be removed together with the control circuit terminal board. (Refer to page 8-21)
- 3. Remove the fan cover screws and pull out the fan cover from the Inverter.
- 4. Remove the cooling fan from the fan cover and replace it with a new one.

Mounting the Cooling Fan

After attaching a new cooling fan, reverse the above procedure to attach all of the components. When attaching the cooling fan to the mounting bracket, be sure that the airflow faces the top of the Inverter.



- * 1. There is no finger guard mounted to the fan for some capacities. (There is a guard on the Inverter side.)
- * 2. There is no fan ground cable for the capacities without a finger guard.

Fig 8.10 Cooling Fan Replacement (200 V Class Inverters of 90 kW and 110 kW)

400 V Class Inverters of 185 kW and 220 kW

Removing the Cooling Fan

- 1. Remove the terminal cover and top and bottom front covers from the front of the Inverter.
- 2. Remove any cables that are connected to the cooling fan power relay board.
- 3. Remove the fan cover screws and pull out the fan covers from the Inverter.
- 4. Remove the cooling fan from the fan cover and replace it with a new one.

Mounting the Cooling Fan

After attaching a new cooling fan, reverse the above procedure to attach all of the components. When attaching the cooling fan to the fan cover, be sure that the airflow faces the top of the Inverter. Make sure that the fan cable and the fan ground cable are not tangled or pinched.



Fig 8.11 Cooling Fan Replacement (400 V Class Inverters of 185 kW and 220 kW)

400 V Class Inverters of 300 kW

Removing the Cooling Fan

- 1. Remove the terminal cover, Inverter cover, Digital Operator, and front cover from the front of the Inverter.
- 2. Remove any cables that are connected to the cooling fan power relay board. The cable that is connected to the terminal board can be removed together with the terminal board.
- 3. Remove the fan unit screws and pull out the fan units from the Inverter.
- 4. Replace the fan units with new ones. And, remove the screws for the fan power relay board and attach this board to the new unit.

Mounting the Cooling Fan

After attaching a new cooling fan unit, reverse the above procedure to attach all of the components.



Fig 8.12 Cooling Fan Replacement (400 V Class Inverters of 300 kW)

Circulation Fan Replacement Outline

With some capacities, there is a small fan installed inside the Inverter for the purpose of increasing circulation in areas where heat has built up. These fans have built-in fan sensors that output an alarm when the rotation rate of the fan drops to indicate that replacement is necessary.

■200 V Class Inverters of 7.5 kW/400 V Class Inverters of 5.5 kW and 7.5 kW

The circulation fan is installed behind the control circuit terminal board inside the Inverter.

The circulation fan can be replaced by removing the control circuit terminal board.

Removing the Circulation Fan

- 1. Remove the Digital Operator, the terminal cover, and the front cover.
- 2. Remove the control circuit terminal board. Remove the cables connected to the terminals if necessary.
- 3. While pushing the two tabs (A) in direction 1, pull the fan out in direction 2.
- 4. Remove the relay connector connected to the fan.

Mounting the Circulation Fan

Reverse the above procedure to mount the fan.

Be sure to mount the fan so that the air flows towards the top of the Inverter (direction indicated by the arrow).

Mount the fan securely using the tabs (A).

Confirm that there are no cables in contact with the fan's rotating parts.



Inverter with Control Circuit Terminal Board Removed

Fig 8.13 Circulation Fan Replacement (200 V Class Inverters of 7.5 kW/400 V Class Inverters of 5.5 kW and 7.5 kW)

■200 V Class Inverters of 15 kW/400 V Class Inverters of 11 kW and 15 kW

The circulation fan is installed at the top-left corner of the Inverter interior.

Removing the Circulation Fan

- 1. Remove the Digital Operator, the terminal cover, and the front cover.
- 2. While pushing the relay connector tab (A) in direction 1, pull the relay connector out in direction 2.
- 3. While pushing the fan tabs (B) in direction 3, pull the fan out in direction 2.
- 4. Remove the relay connector connected to the fan.

Mounting the Circulation Fan

Reverse the above procedure to mount the fan.

Be sure to mount the fan so that the air flows towards the bottom of the Inverter (direction indicated by the arrow).

Mount the fan securely using the fan tabs (B).

Confirm that there are no cables in contact with the fan's rotating parts.



Fig 8.14 Circulation Fan Replacement (200 V Class Inverters of 15 kW/400 V Class Inverters of 11 kW and 15 kW)

■200 V Class Inverters of 30 kW or More/400 V Class Inverters of 55 kW or More

The circulation fan is installed in front of the fan cover inside the Inverter. Remove the circulation fan using the procedure for replacing the cooling fan and replace it with the new fan. (The installation position for 200 V Class Inverters of 75 kW is different.)

200 V Class Inverters of 75 kW

The circulation fan is installed behind the control board mounting panel. Do not subject the fan to shock during replacement.

Removing the Circulation Fan

1. Remove the terminal cover, the Inverter cover, the Digital Operator, and the control board cover.

- 2. Pull out the cables connected to the control circuit terminal board, the gate drive board, and the cooling fan power relay board.
- 3. Remove the control board mounting panel.
- 4. Replace the circulation fan installed behind the control board mounting panel.

Mounting the Circulation Fan

Reverse the above procedure to mount the fan.

Be sure to mount the fan so that the air flows in the direction indicated by the arrow in the corresponding diagram.

Confirm that there are no cables in contact with the fan's rotating parts.

Refer to Fig 8.8 Cooling Fan Replacement (200 V Class Inverters of 75 kW) for details.

400 V Class Inverters of 185 kW and 220 kW

Two circulation fans are installed as described in the following sections.

Removing the Circulation Fan

- 1. Remove the terminal cover and top and bottom front covers.
- 2. Unscrew the frame fixing screws and take off the frame.
- 3. Remove the relay connector connected to the fan.
- 4. Remove the fan cover mounting screws and pull the fan cover out.
- 5. Remove the fan from the fan cover and replace it with a new one.

Mounting the Circulation Fan

Reverse the above procedure to mount the fan.

Be sure to mount the fan so that the air flows in the direction indicated by the arrow in the corresponding diagram.

Confirm that there are no cables in contact with the fan's rotating parts.



Fig 8.15 Circulation Fan Replacement (400 V Class Inverters of 185 kW and 220 kW)

400 V Class Inverters of 300 kW

Two circulation fans are installed as described in the following sections.

Removing the Circulation Fan

- 1. Remove the terminal cover and top and bottom front covers.
- 2. Unscrew the frame fixing screws and takeoff the frame.
- 3. Remove the relay connector connected to the fan.
- 4. Remove the fan cover mounting screws and pull the fan cover out.
- 5. Remove the fan from the fan cover and replace it with a new one.

Mounting the Circulation Fan

Reverse the above procedure to mount the fan.

Be sure to mount the fan so that the air flows in the direction indicated by the arrow in the corresponding diagram.

Confirm that there are no cables in contact with the fan's rotating parts.







Removing and Mounting the Control Circuit Terminal Board

The control circuit terminal board can be removed and mounted without disconnecting the cables.



Always confirm that the charge indicator is not lit before removing or mounting the control circuit terminal board.

Removing the Control Circuit Terminal Board

- 1. Remove the Digital Operator and front cover.
- 2. Remove the connecting line connectors connected to FE and NC on the control circuit terminal board.
- 3. Loosen the mounting screws (1) on the left and right sides of the control terminals until they are free. (It is not necessary to remove these screws completely. They are self-rising.)
- 4. Pull the terminal board out sideways (in direction 2) with the screws sticking out from the board.

Mounting the Control Circuit Terminal Board

Reverse the removal procedure to mount the terminal board.

Confirm that the control circuit terminal board and the control board properly meet at connector CN5 before pressing in on the board.

The connector pins may be bent if the board is forced into place, possibly preventing correct Inverter operation.



Fig 8.17 Removing the Control Circuit Terminal Board

9

Specifications

This chapter describes the basic specifications of the Inverter and specifications for options and peripheral devices.

| Standard Inverter Specifications | . 9-2 |
|--|-------|
| Specifications of Options and Peripheral Devices | .9-6 |

Standard Inverter Specifications

The standard Inverter specifications are listed by capacity in the following tables.

Specifications by Model

Specifications are given by model in the following tables.

■200 V Class

Table 9.1 200 V Class Inverters

| M | Model Number CIMR-G7B 20P4 20P7 21P5 22P2 23P7 25P5 27P5 2011 2015 2018 2022 2030 2037 2045 2055 2075 2 | | | | | | | 2090 | 2110 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|----------------|---|-----|------|----------|------|------|----|------|----------|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Max. applicable motor output (kW) | | 0.4 | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 15 | 18.5 | 22 | 30 | 37 | 45 | 55 | 75 | 90 | 110 | |
| Rat | ed input curr | rent (A) | 3.8 | 7.2 | 9.6 | 14.4 | 22 | 32 | 40 | 59 | 79 | 88 | 106 | 143 | 176 | 201 | 246 | 330 | 394 | 457 |
| lgs | Rated outpu (kVA) | ut capacity | 1.2 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 4.6 | 6.9 | 10 | 13 | 19 | 25 | 30 | 37 | 50 | 61 | 70 | 85 | 110 | 140 | 160 |
| atir | Rated outpu | ut current (A) | 3.2 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 18 | 27 | 34 | 49 | 66 | 80 | 96 | 130 | 160 | 183 | 224 | 300 | 358 | 415 |
| utput r | Max. outpu | t voltage (V) | | 3-phase; 200, 208, 220, 230, or 240 VAC (Proportional to input voltage.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Õ | Max. outpu (Hz) | t frequency | | Frequencies supported up to 400 Hz using constant setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| tics | Rated volta Rated frequ | ge (V) ency (Hz) | | 3-phase, 200/208/220/230/240 VAC, 50/60 Hz ^{*2} | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| acteris | Allowable v tion | voltage fluctua- | - + 10%, - 15% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allowable frequency fluc- tuation | | | | | | | | | | | ±5 | 9% | | | | | | | | |
| Me | asures for | DC reactor | | | | (| Optiona | 1 | | | | Built in | | | | | | | | |
| power supply 12-phase rec- harmonics tification | | | | | | No | ot possi | ole | | | | | | | Р | ossible | *3 | | | |

* 1. The maximum applicable motor output is given for a standard 4-pole Yaskawa motor. When selecting the actual motor and Inverter, be sure that the Inverter's rated current is applicable for the motor's rated current.

* 2. The voltage of the cooling fan for 200 V Class Inverters of 30 kW is three-phase, 200, 208, or 220 V at 50 Hz or 200, 208, 220, or 230 V at 60 Hz.

* 3. A 3-wire transformer is required on the power supply for 12-phase rectification.

■400 V Class

Output

Power supply characteristics

(Hz)

tion

tuation

Measures for

power supply

Max. output frequency

Max. voltage (V)

Rated frequency (Hz) Allowable voltage fluctua-

Allowable frequency fluc-

DC reactor

12-phase rec-

| N | lodel Number | CIMR-G7B | 40P4 | 40F | 77 | 41P5 | 42P2 | 43P | 7 4 | 15P5 | 47P5 | 4011 | 40 | 015 | 4018 |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------|--------------|------|------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|------------|------|------|------|
| Max. applicable motor output (kW) *1 | | | 0.4 | 0.7 | 75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | , | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 |] | 15 | 18.5 |
| Rat | ted input cur | rent (A) | 2.2 | 4. | 1 | 5.8 | 7.4 | 10.8 | 8 | 18 | 25 | 32 | 4 | 40 | 46 |
| sgu | Rated outp (kVA) | ut capacity | 1.4 | 2. | 6 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 6.9 |) | 11 | 16 | 21 | 2 | 26 | 32 |
| rati | Rated outp | ut current (A) | 1.8 | 3.4 | 4 | 4.8 | 6.2 | 9 | | 15 | 21 | 27 | - | 34 | 42 |
| put | Max. outpu | it voltage (V) | | | 3-1 | phase; 380 | , 400, 415, | 440, 460, | or 480 V/ | AC (Propo | rtional to ir | put voltag | ge.) | | |
| Out | Max. output frequency (Hz) Frequencies supported up to 400 Hz using constant setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| cteristics | Rated voltage (V) Rated frequency (Hz) 3-phase, 380, 400, 415, 440, 460 or 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| pply chara | Allowable voltage fluctua- tion + 10%, - 15% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Power sul | Allowable tuation | frequency fluc- | | | | | | | ±5% | | | | | | |
| Me | asures for | DC reactor | | Optional | | | | | | | | Built in | | | |
| pov har | wer supply monics | 12-phase rec- tification | | Not possible | | | | | | | | Possible*2 | | | |
| | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | |
| N | lodel Number | r CIMR-G7B 🗆 | 4022 | 4030 | 4037 | 4045 | 4055 | 4075 | 4090 | 4110 | 4132 | 4160 | 4185 | 4220 | 4300 |
| Ma (kV | x. applicable V) ^{*1} | e motor output | 22 | 30 | 37 | 45 | 55 | 75 | 90 | 110 | 132 | 160 | 185 | 220 | 300 |
| Rat | ted input cur | rent (A) | 57 | 72 | 88 | 107 | 141 | 182 | 215 | 264 | 297 | 332 | 407 | 495 | 666 |
| sgu | Rated outp (kVA) | ut capacity | 40 | 50 | 61 | 74 | 98 | 130 | 150 | 180 | 210 | 230 | 280 | 340 | 460 |
| rati | Rated outp | ut current (A) | 52 | 65 | 80 | 97 | 128 | 165 | 195 | 240 | 270 | 302 | 370 | 450 | 605 |
| Hax. output voltage (V) | | | | | 3-1 | phase, 380 | , 400, 415, | 440, 460, | or 480 VA | AC (Propo | rtional to ir | put voltag | ge.) | | - |

Table 9.2 400 V Class Inverters

 $\mathsf{Possible}^{*2}$ harmonics tification 1. The maximum applicable motor output is given for a standard 4-pole Yaskawa motor. When selecting the actual motor and Inverter, be sure that the Inverter's rated current is applicable for the motor's rated current.

Frequencies supported up to 400 Hz using constant setting

3-phase, 380, 400, 415, 440, 460, or 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz

+ 10%, - 15%

±5%

Built in

* 2. A 3-wire transformer (optional) is required on the power supply for 12-phase rectification.

Common Specifications

The following specifications apply to both 200 V and 400 V Class Inverters.

Table 9.3 Common Specifications

| | Model Number CIMR-G7B □ | Specification |
|----------|---|---|
| | Control method | Sine wave PWM Flux vector control, open-loop vector 1/2 control, V/f control, V/f with PG control (switched by constant setting) |
| | Torque characteristics | 150%/0.3 Hz (Open-loop vector 2 control), 150%/0 min ⁻¹ (Flux vector control) ^{*1} |
| | Speed control range | 1:200 (Open-loop vector 2 control), 1:1000 (Flux vector control) ^{*1} |
| | Speed control accuracy*4 | $\pm 0.2\%$ (Open-loop vector 2 control, 25°C ± 10 °C), $\pm 0.02\%$ (Flux vector control, 25°C ± 10 °C) |
| | Speed control response | 10 Hz (Open-loop vector 2 control), 30 Hz (Flux vector control) |
| | Torque limits | Provided for vector control only (4 quadrant steps can be changed by constant settings.) |
| | Torque accuracy | ±5% |
| | Frequency control range | 0.01 to 400 Hz*3 |
| s | Frequency accuracy (tem- | Digital references: $\pm 0.01\%$ (-10°C to +40°C) |
| istic | perature characteristics) | Analog references: ±0.1% (25°C ±10°C) |
| aracter | Frequency setting resolu- tion | Digital references: 0.01 Hz, Analog references: 0.03 Hz/60 Hz (11 bit with no sign) |
| ntrol cł | Output frequency resolu- tion | 0.001 Hz |
| Coi | Overload capacity and maximum current ^{*2} | 150% of rated output current per minute ^{*5 *8} |
| | Frequency setting signal | -10 to 10 V, 0 to 10 V, 4 to 20 mA, pulse train |
| | Acceleration/Decelera- tion time | 0.01 to 6000.0 s (4 selectable combinations of independent acceleration and deceleration settings) |
| | Braking torque | Approximately 20% (Approximately 125% with Braking Resistor option, braking transformer built into 200 V and 400 V Class Inverters for 15 kW or less.)*2 |
| | Main control functions | Restarting for momentary power loss, speed searches, overtorque detection, torque limits, 16-speed control (maximum), accelera- tion/deceleration time changes, S-curve acceleration/deceleration, 3-wire sequence, autotuning (rotational or stationary), dwell functions, cooling fan ON/OFF control, slip compensation, torque compensation, jump frequencies, upper and lower limits for frequency references, DC braking for starting and stopping, high-slip braking, PID control (with sleep function), energy-saving control, MEMOBUS communications (RS-485/422, 19.2 kbps maximum), fault reset, function copying, droop control (flux vec- tor control only) torque control, speed/torque control switching, etc. |
| | Motor protection | Protection by electronic thermal overload relay. |
| | Instantaneous overcurrent protection | Stops at approx. 200% of rated output current. |
| | Fuse blown protection | Stops for fuse blown. |
| | Overload protection | 150% of rated output current per minute |
| ctions | Overvoltage protection | 200 Class Inverter: Stops when main-circuit DC voltage is approximately above 410 V. 400 Class Inverter: Stops when main-circuit DC voltage is approximately above 820 V. |
| ve funo | Undervoltage protection | 200 Class Inverter: Stops when main-circuit DC voltage is approximately below 190 V. 400 Class Inverter: Stops when main-circuit DC voltage is approximately below 380 V. |
| rotecti | Momentary power loss ridethrough *7 | Stops for 15 ms or more. With a suitable constant setting, operation can be continued if power is restored within 2 s. |
| Ч | Cooling fin overheating | Protection by thermistor. |
| | Stall prevention | Stall prevention during acceleration, deceleration, or running. |
| | Grounding protection*6 | Protection by electronic circuits. (Overcurrent level) |
| | Charge indicator | Lit when the main circuit DC voltage is approx. 50 V or more. |
| | Ambient operating tem- perature | -10°C to 40°C (Enclosed wall-mounted type) 10°C to 45°C (Open chassis type) |
| | Ambient operating humid- ity | 95% max. (with no condensation) |
| | Storage temperature | - 20°C to + 60°C (short-term temperature during transportation) |
| nent | Application site | Indoor (no corrosive gas, dust, etc.) |
| ronr | Altitude | 1000 m max. |
| Envi | | 200 V Class Inverters of 0.4 to 37 kW and 400 V Class Inverters of 0.4 to 45 kW 10 to 20 Hz: 9.8 m/s ² 20 to 55 Hz: 5 9 m/s ² |
| | Vibration | 200 V Class Inverters of 45 to 110 kW and 400 V Class Inverters of 55 to 300 kW 10 to 20 Hz $\cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ |
| 1 | | $20 \text{ to } 55 \text{ Hz}: 2.0 \text{ m/s}^2$ |

* 1. Rotational autotuning must be performed to ensure obtaining the specifications given for flux or open-loop vector 1/2 control.

- * 2. When connecting a Braking Resistor or Braking Resistor Unit, set L3-04 (Stall prevention selection during deceleration) to 0 (disabled). Stopping may not be possible in the specified deceleration time if this function is not disabled.
- * 3. The maximum output frequency for open-loop vector 2 control is 132 Hz.
- * 4. The speed control accuracy depends on the installation conditions and type of motor used. Contact your Yaskawa representative for details.
- * 5. Derating is required for applications that use repetitive loads. (Refer to page 10-6 for details.)
- 6. The ground fault here is one which occurs in the motor wiring while the motor is running. A ground fault may not be detected in the following cases.
 A ground fault with low resistance which occurs in motor cables or terminals.
 A ground fault occurs when the power is turned ON.
- * 7. Attach a Backup Capacitor Unit for Momentary Power Loss if compensation for power interruptions of up to 2.0 seconds is required for 200 V/400 V Class Inverters with outputs of 0.4 to 7.5 kW.
- * 8. If running at a speed of 6 Hz or less, the overload protection function can operate even if running within 150% of rated output current per minute.

Specifications of Options and Peripheral Devices

The following options and peripheral devices can be used for the Inverter. Select them according to the application.

Braking resistor

Zero phase reacto

| Purpose | Name | Model (Code) | Descriptions |] |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| Protect Inverter wiring | MCCB or Ground Fault Interrupter ^{*1} | NF□ | Always connect a breaker to the power supply line to protect Inverter wiring. Use a ground fault interrupter suitable for high frequencies. | Power supply |
| Prevents burning when a Braking Resistor is used. | Magnetic Contactor | SC series | Install to prevent the braking resistor from burning out when one is used. Always attach a surge absorber to the coil. | Molded-case circuit breaker |
| Contains switching surge | Surge Absorber | DCR2-□ | Absorbs surge from the magnetic contactor and control relays. Connect surge absorbers to all magnetic contactors and relays near the Inverter. | or ground fault interrupter |
| Isolates I/O signals | Isolator | DGP□ | Isolates the I/O signals of the Inverter and is effective against inductive noise. | Magnetic con- tactor (MC) |
| Improve the input power factor of the Inverter | DC Reactor AC Reactor | UZDA-□ UZBA-□ | Used to improve the input power factor of the Inverter. All Inverters of 18.5 kW or higher contain built-in DC reactors. These are optional for Inverters of 15 kW or less. Install DC and AC reactors for applications with a large power supply capacity (600 kVA or higher). | AC reactor for power factor improvement |
| | Input Noise Filter | LNFD-□ FN-□ | Reduces noise coming into the Inverter from the power supply line and to reduce noise flowing from the Inverter into the power supply line. Connect as close to the Inverter as possible. | Zero phase reactor |
| Reduce the affects of radio and control device noise | Finemet zero- phase reactor to reduce radio noise ^{*2} F200160BP (300.001.041) | | Reduces noise from the line that sneaks into the Inverter input power system. Insert as close to the Inverter as possible. Can be use on both the input side and output side. | Input noise filter |
| | Output Noise Fil- ter | LF-□ | Reduces noise generated by the Inverter. Connect as close to the Inverter as possible. | |
| | Braking Resistor | ERF-150WJ□□ (R00□□□□) | Consumes the regenerative motor energy with a resistor to reduce deceleration time (use rate: 3% ED). | |
| Enable stopping the machine in a set time | Braking Resistor Unit | LKEB-□ (75600-K□□□0) | Consumes the regenerative motor energy with a resistor to reduce deceleration time (use rate: 10% ED). | Ground - |
| | Braking Unit | CDBR-□ (72600-R□□□0) | Used with a Braking Resistor Unit to reduce the deceleration time of the motor. | Output noise filter |
| | VS Operator (small plastic Operator) | JVOP-95•□ (73041-0905X-□) | Allows frequency reference settings and ON/OFF operation control to be performed by analog references from a remote location (50 m max.). Frequency counter specifications: 60/120 Hz, 90/180Hz | |
| Operates the Inverter externally | VS Operator (Standard steel- plate Operator) | JVOP-96•□ (73041-0906X-□) | Allows frequency reference settings and ON/OFF operation control to be performed by analog references from a remote location (50 m max.). Frequency counter specifications: 75 Hz, 150 Hz, 220 Hz | |
| | Digital Operator Connection Cable | 1 m cable: (72606- WV001) 3 m cable: (72606- WV003) | Extension cable to use a Digital Operator remotely. Cable length: 1 m or 3 m | |
| Controls an Inverter system | VS System Mod- ule | JGSM-□ | A system controller that can be match to the automatic control system to produce an optimum system configuration. | |
| Provides Inverter momentary power loss recovery time | Momentary Power Loss Recovery Unit | P00□0 (73600-P00□0) | Handles momentary power losses for the control power supply for models 7.5 kW or less (maintains power for 2 s). | |
| | Frequency Meter | DCF-6A | | 1 |
| Set/monitor frequen- | Frequency Setter | RV30YN20S (2 k Ω) | Devices to set or monitor frequencies externally. | |
| cies and voltages exter- nally. | Frequency Setter Knob | CM-38 | | |
| | Output Voltmeter | SCF-12NH | Measures the output voltage externally and designed for use with a PWM Inverter. | |
| Correct frequency refer- ence input, frequency | Variable Resistor Board for Fre- quency Reference | 2 kΩ (ETX003270) 20 kΩ (ETX003120) | Connected to the control circuit terminals to input a frequency reference. | |
| meter, ammeter scales | Frequency Meter Scale Correction Resistor | (RH000850) | Calibrates the scale of frequency meters and ammeters. | |

Table 9.4 Options and Peripheral Devices

* 1. Use a ground fault interrupter with a current sensitivity of 200 mA minimum and an operating time of 0.1 s minimum to prevent operating errors. The interrupter Example: NV series by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation (manufactured in or after 1988) EG, SG series by Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. (manufactured in or after 1984)

* 2. The finement zero-phase reactor is manufactured by Hitachi Metals.

The following option boards are available

| Ту | ре | Name | Code Num- ber | Function | Document Number | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--------------------|
| | Speed (Fre- quency) Refer- ence Option BoardsAnalog Ref- erence Board AI-14BDigital Refer- | Analog Ref- erence Board AI-14U | 73600- C001X | Enables high-precision, high-resolution setting of analog speed references. Input signal ranges: 0 to 10 V (20 kΩ), 1 channel 4 to 20 mA (250 Ω), 1 channel Input resolution: 14-bit (1/16384) | TOE-C736- 30.13 | | | |
| | | 73600- C002X | Enables high-precision, high-resolution setting of analog speed references. Input signal ranges: -10 to 10 V (20 kΩ) 4 to 20 mA (500 Ω), 3 channels Input resolution: 13-bit + sign (1/8192) | TOE-C736- 30.14 | | | | |
| Built-in (con- nect to con- nector) | | Refer- ence Option Boards | Refer- ence Option Boards | Refer- ence Option Boards | Digital Refer- ence Board DI-08 | 73600- C003X | Enables 8-bit digital setting of speed references. • Input signal: 8-bit binary 2-digit BCD + sign signal + set signal • Input voltage: +24 V (isolated) • Input current: 8 mA | TOE-C736- 30.15 |
| | | Digital Refer- ence Board DI-16H2 | 73600- C016X | Enables 16-bit digital setting of speed references. • Input signal: 16-bit binary 4-digit BCD + sign signal + set signal • Input voltage: +24 V (isolated) • Input current: 8 mA With 16-bit/12-bit switch. | TOE-C736- 40.7 | | | |
| | | Analog Mon- itor Board AO-08 | 73600- D001X | Converts analog signals to monitor the Inverter's output status (output frequency, output current, etc.) to absolute values and outputs them. Output resolution: 8 bits (1/256) Output voltage: 0 to +10 V (not insulated) Output channels: 2 channels | TOE-C736- 30.21 | | | |
| | Moni- toring Option | Analog Mon- itor Board AO-12 | 73600- D002X | Output analog signals to monitor the Inverter's output status (output frequency, output current, etc.). Output resolution: 11 bits (1/2048) + sign Output voltage: -10 to +10 V (not insulated) Output channels: 2 channels | TOE-C736- 30.22 | | | |
| | Boards | Digital Out- put Board DO-08 | 73600- D004X | Outputs isolated digital signals to monitor the Inverters oper- ating status (alarm signals, zero-speed detection, etc.) Output form: Photocoupler output, 6 channels (48 V, 50 mA max.) Relay contact outputs, 2 channels (250 VAC: 1 A max., 30VDC: 1 A max.) | TOE-C736- 30.24 | | | |
| | | 2C-Relay Output Board DO-02C | 73600- D007X | Provides two multi-function outputs (DPDT relay contacts) in addition to those provided by the Inverter. | TOE-C736- 40.8 | | | |

Table 9.5 Option Boards

| Ту | pe | Name | Code Num- ber | Function | Document Number |
|---|--|-------|------------------|--|--------------------|
| Built-in (con- nect to con- nector) | | PG-A2 | 73600- A012X | Used for V/f with PG control. Speed feedback is performed using the PG attached to the motor to compensate for speed fluctuations caused by slipping. A-phase pulse (single pulse) input (voltage, complementary, open-collector input) Maximum input frequency: 32767 Hz Pulse monitor output: +12 V, 20 mA (PG power supply output: +12 V, 200 mA max.) | TOE-C736- 40.1 |
| | PG P Speed Con- trol Boards P | PG-B2 | 73600- A013X | Used for V/f control with PG and flux vector control. A-, B-phase input (complimentary input) Maximum input frequency: 32767 Hz Pulse monitor output: Open-collector (PG power supply output: +12 V, 200 mA max.) | TOE-C736- 40.2 |
| | | PG-D2 | 73600- A014X | Differential input. A-phase pulse (differential pulse) input, for V/f control Maximum input frequency: 300 kHz Input: Conforms to RS-422 Pulse monitor output: RS-422 (PG power supply output: +5 or +12 V, 200 mA max.) | TOE-C736- 40.3 |
| | | PG-X2 | 73600- A015X | A-, B-, Z-phase pulse (differential pulse) input Maximum input frequency: 300 kHz Input: Conforms to RS-422 Pulse monitor output: RS-422 (PG power supply output: +5 or +12 V, 200 mA max.) | TOE-C736- 40.4 |

Table 9.5 Option Boards (Continued)

| Ту | ре | Name | Code Num- ber | Function | Document Number |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------------|--|--------------------|
| | | DeviceNet Communica- tions Inter- face Board SI-N | 73600- C021X | Used to communicate with an Inverter from a host computer using DeviceNet communications to start/stop Inverter opera- tion, read/set parameters, and read/set monitor constants (out- put frequencies, output currents, etc.). | - |
| | | ProfiBus-DP Communica- tions Inter- face Board SI-P | 73600- C022X | Used to communicate with an Inverter from a host computer using ProfiBus-DP communications to start/stop Inverter | |
| | | ProfiBus-DP Communica- tions Inter- face Board SI-P1 | 73600- C033X | operation, read/set parameters, and read/set monitor constants (output frequencies, output currents, etc.). | - |
| Built-in (con- | | InterBus-S Communica- tions Inter- face Board SI-R | * | Used to communicate with an Inverter from a host computer using InterBus-S communications to start/stop Inverter opera- tion, read/set parameters, and read/set monitor constants (out- put frequencies, output currents, etc.). | - |
| | Com- muni- | CANopen Communica- tions Inter- face Board SI-S1 | * | Used to communicate with an Inverter from a host computer using CANopen communications to start/stop Inverter opera- tion, read/set parameters, and read/set monitor constants (out- put frequencies, output currents, etc.). | - |
| nected to con- nector) | cations Option Boards | ControlNet Communica- tions Inter- face Board SI-U | * | Used to communicate with an Inverter from a host computer using ControlNet communications to start/stop Inverter opera- tion, read/set parameters, and read/set monitor constants (out- put frequencies, output currents, etc.). | - |
| | | CC-Link Communica- tions Inter- face Board SI-C | 73600- C032X | Used to communicate with an Inverter from a host computer using CC-Link communications to start/stop Inverter opera- tion, read/set parameters, and read/set monitor constants (out- put frequencies, output currents, etc.). | - |
| | | LONWORKS Communica- tions Inter- face Board SI-J | 73600- C035X | Used to communicate with an Inverter from a host computer using LONWORKS communications to start/stop Inverter operation, read/set parameters, and read/set monitor constants (output frequencies, output currents, etc.). | - |
| | | LONWORKS Communica- tions Inter- face Board SI-W1 | 73600- C034X | Used to communicate with an Inverter from a host computer using LONWORKS communications to start/stop Inverter operation, read/set parameters, and read/set monitor constants (output frequencies, output currents, etc.). With Display Data Channel (DDC) function. | - |
| | | MECHA- TROLINK- Communi- cations Inter- face Board SI-T | 100-017-994 | Used to communicate with an Inverter from a host computer using MECHATROLINK communications to start/stop Inverter operation, read/set parameters, and read/set monitor constants (output frequencies, output currents, etc.). | - |

| Table 9.5 | Option Boards (Continued |) |
|-----------|--------------------------|---|

* Under development.

10 Appendix

This chapter provides precautions for the Inverter, motor, and peripheral devices and also provides lists of constants.

| Varispeed G7 Control Methods | 10-2 |
|----------------------------------|-------|
| Inverter Application Precautions | 10-6 |
| Motor Application Precautions | 10-9 |
| Conformance to UL Standard | 10-11 |
| Conformance to CE Markings | 10-13 |
| Wiring Examples | 10-20 |
| User Constants | 10-29 |

10

Varispeed G7 Control Methods

Details of the Varispeed G7-Series Inverter control methods and their features are provided in this section.

Control Methods and Features

Varispeed G7-Series Inverters support the following five control methods, allowing the selection of a control method to suit the required purpose. *Table 10.1* provides an overview of the control methods and their features.

| Cont | trol Method | V/f Control | V/f Control with PG | Open-loop Vec- tor 1 Control | Flux Vector Con- trol | Open-loop Vec- tor 2 Control |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| Constant | Setting | A1-02 = 0 | A1-02 = 1 | A1-02 = 2 (factory setting) | A1-02 = 3 | A1-02 = 4 |
| Basic Control | | Voltage/frequency fixed ratio control | Voltage/frequency fixed ratio control with speed com- pensation using a PG | Current vector control without a PG | Current vector control with a PG | Current vector control without a PG using a high- performance mag- netic flux and speed estimator (software) |
| Main Applications | | Variable speed control, particu- larly for control of multiple motors with a single Inverter and for replacing existing Inverters | Applications requiring high- precision speed control using a PG on the machine side | Variable speed control, applica- tions requiring high performance without a PG on the motor side, and for replacing open-loop vector control of the pre- vious VS-616G5. | Very high-perfor- mance control with a PG on the motor side (sim- ple servodrives, high-precision speed control, torque control, and torque limiting) | Very high-perfor- mance control without a PG on the motor side (such as simple servodrives, torque control, and torque limiting), and function appli- cations between flux vector and open-loop vector 1 control. |
| PG Speed (Option) | d Control Board | Not required. | Required (PG-A2 or PG-D2). | Not required. | Required (PG-B2 or PG-X2). | Not required. |
| | Speed Control Range ^{*1} | 1:40 | 1:40 | 1:100 | 1:1000 | 1:200 (1:10 on regenerative side) |
| | Speed Control Accuracy ^{*2} | ±2 to 3% | ±0.03% | ±0.2% | ±0.02% | ±0.2% |
| Basic Perfor- mance | Speed Response ^{*3} | Approx. 1 Hz | Approx. 1 Hz | 5 Hz | 40 Hz | 10 Hz |
| | Maximum Output Fre- quency | 400 Hz | 400 Hz | 400 Hz | 400 Hz | 60 Hz, 120 Hz |
| | Starting Torque ^{*4} | 150%/3 Hz | 150%/3 Hz | 150%/1 Hz | 150%/0 min ⁻¹ | 150%/0.3 Hz |

Table 10.1 Overview and Features of Control Methods

| Cont | rol Method | V/f Control | V/f Control with PG | Open-loop Vec- tor 1 Control | Flux Vector Con- trol | Open-loop Vec- tor 2 Control |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| Appli- cation Func- tions | Autotuning | Line-to-line resis- tance (Normally not required.) | Line-to-line resis- tance (Normally not required.) | Rotational autotuning, sta- tionary autotuning, stationary autotuning for line-to-line resis- tance only | Rotational autotuning, sta- tionary autotuning, stationary autotuning for line-to-line resis- tance only | Rotational autotuning, sta- tionary autotuning, stationary autotuning for line-to-line resis- tance only |
| | Torque Limit- ing ^{*5} | No | No | Yes (except dur- ing acceleration/ deceleration, below minimum frequency, or dur- ing reverse rota- tion) | Yes | Yes (except below minimum fre- quency and dur- ing reverse rotation) |
| | Torque Con- trol ^{*6} | No | No | No | Yes | Yes (except below minimum fre- quency and dur- ing reverse rotation) |
| | Droop Con- trol ^{*7} | No | No | No | Yes (except for 0 min ⁻¹ and dur- ing reverse rota- tion) | Yes (Except below minimum fre- quency and dur- ing reverse rotation) |
| | Zero-servo Control ^{*8} | No | No | No | Yes | No |
| | Speed Estima- tion (Detec- tion) Instantaneous Speed Search ^{*9} | Yes (speed and rotation direction estimation) | Yes (speed detec- tion and rotation direction estima- tion) | Yes (speed and rotation direction estimation) | Yes (speed and rotation direction detection) | Yes (speed and rotation direction estimation) |
| | Automatic Energy-sav- ing Control ^{*10} | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | High-slip Braking ^{*11} | Yes | Yes | (Under develop- ment) | (Under develop- ment) | (Under develop- ment) |
| | Feed For- ward Con- trol ^{*12} | No | No | No | Yes | Yes |

|--|

* 1. The variable speed control range. (For continuous operation, the motor's temperature rise must be considered.)

* 2. The speed deviation in relation to the maximum speed with a rated load and when the load is stable. (For open-loop vector 1 and 2 control, the motor temperature must be 25 °C ± 10 °C.)

* 3. The speed response guidelines indicating the extent of the motor's actual speed gain in proportion to the speed reference, which changes in a sinusoidal wave form, within a range where motor torque does not become saturated.

* 4. A guideline for the motor torque that can be generated when started at a low speed and its output frequency (rotations) at that time.

* 5. This function limits the maximum motor torque to protect the machine and the load.

* 6. This function directly controls the amount of torque being generated at the motor and its rotation direction, e.g., to control force.

* 7. This function controls the amount of motor slip that occurs to prevent mechanical shock, when replacing a torque motor, etc.

* 8. This function performs simple positioning control (servo lock), without using an external positioning control device.

* 9. This function instantaneously estimates (or detects) the speed and rotation direction of a coasting motor, and quickly starts it without subjecting it to shock.

10.This function automatically adjusts the voltage applied to the motor to optimize the motor's efficiency with light loads.
 11.This function improves the declaration time without using a braking society by making the motor within a braking society.

* 11. This function improves the deceleration time without using a braking resistor by making the motor winding absorb regenerative power. As a standard, this function is effective with a motor running on 160 kW or less with a high-inertia load.

12. This function enables proportional gain in relation to changes in the speed reference, even for low rigidity (corresponds to the servo's model gain control).
 13.Set the maximum output frequency (E1-04) for open-loop vector 2 control to 120 Hz max. For torque control on the regenerative side, use in the speed range 1:10.

10-3

Application Function Precautions

Observe the following precautions when using the application functions.

- Perform rotational autotuning during trial operation whenever it is possible to separate the motor and machine. To achieve the characteristics of vector control described in *Table 10.1*, the control must be adjusted within a range that the machine will not vibrate after rotational autotuning has been performed.
- With vector control, the motor and Inverter must be connected 1:1. Vector control is not possible when multiple motors are connected to a single Inverter. Select an Inverter capacity so the rated motor current is 50% to 100% of the rated Inverter current.
- For estimated speed searching, the motor and Inverter must be connected 1:1. The speed search must be performed at a frequency of 130 Hz or less and with a motor with the same number of frames as or one frame less than the Inverter capacity.
- During high-slip braking, motor loss increases, so use a high-slip braking frequency of 5% ED or less, and a braking time of 90 seconds or less. Once high-slip braking has started, the motor cannot be restarted until it has stopped.
- Feed forward control is a function that improves the proportional gain of the motor speed in relation to the change in the speed reference. Adjust the response to interference loads using the speed controller (ASR) constants.
- The torque limit function will not operate during acceleration or deceleration (during soft start transition) when using a control method such as open-loop vector 1 control. Even if the motor speed drops due to torque limiting while set to a fixed speed, the speed will not fall below the minimum frequency and the motor will not slip into reverse rotation. These conditions also apply to open-loop vector 2 control and other application functions.

■Precautions for Open-loop Vector 2 Control

In open-loop vector 2 control, two speed estimators are switched between and, if used at a maximum frequency exceeding 70 Hz, there may be instances of shock occurring at the switchover. If switching shock is a problem, reduce the switching frequency (N4-11 and N4-28). If the problem still occurs after making this adjustment, use open-loop vector 1 control.

Do not use open-loop vector 2 control for elevating machines. Any other control method can be used.

Control Methods and Applications

Application examples for the Inverter control methods are provided here.

■V/f Control (A1-02 = 0)

V/f control is suitable for applications where multiple motors are operated with a single Inverter, such as with multi-motor drives.



Fig 10.1

■V/f Control with PG (A1-02 = 1)

V/f control with a PG enables precise control of machine line speed. Speed control using the speed feedback of the machine shaft is possible in this mode.





■Open-loop Vector Control (A1-02 = 2 or 4)

Open-loop vector control enables the use of high-performance drives without a speed detector. PG (pulse generator) wiring is not required.



■Flux Vector Control (A1-02 = 3)

Flux vector control is suitable for applications using high-precision drives with PG feedback. High-precision positioning, zero-speed control, and torque control are possible with this mode.



Fig 10.4

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Inverter Application Precautions

This section provides precautions for selecting, installing, setting, and handling Inverters.

Selection

Observe the following precautions in selecting an Inverter.

■Installing Reactors

A large peak current will flow in the power input circuit when the Inverter is connected to a large-capacity power transformer (600 kVA or higher) or when switching a phase advancing capacitor. Excessive peak current can destroy the convertor section. To prevent this, install a DC or AC reactor (optional) to improve the power supply power factor.

DC reactors are built into 200 V Class Inverters of 18.5 to 110 kW and 400 V Class Inverters of 18.5 to 300 kW.

If a thyristor convertor, such as a DC drive, is connected in the same power supply system, connect a DC or AC reactor regardless of the power supply conditions shown in the following diagram.





Inverter Capacity

When connecting special motors or multiple motors in parallel to an Inverter, select the Inverter capacity so that the rated output current of the Inverter is 1.1 times the sum of all the motor rated currents.

■Applications with Repetitive Loads

Applications with repetitive loads (cranes, elevators, presses, washing machines, etc.) using Inverters require derating for the repetitive load [reducing carrier frequency and current (changing accel/decel timing, increasing the frame size of the Inverter)]. Refer to *Current Alarm Function* and *Peak Hold Current Monitoring Function* in *Chapter 6* to confirm the output current during startup.

■Initial Torque

The startup and acceleration characteristics of the motor are restricted by the overload current ratings of the Inverter that is driving the motor. The torque characteristics are generally less than those required when starting using a normal commercial power supply. If a large initial torque is required, select an Inverter with a somewhat larger capacity or increase the capacity of both the motor and the Inverter.

Emergency Stop

Although the Inverter's protective functions will stop operation when a fault occurs, the motor will not stop immediately. Always provide mechanical stop and protection mechanisms on equipment requiring an emergency stop.

Options

Terminals B1, B2, \ominus , $\oplus 1$, $\oplus 2$, $\oplus 3$ are for connecting only the options specifically provided by Yaskawa. Never connect any other devices to these terminals.

Installation

Observe the following precautions when installing an Inverter.

Installation in Enclosures

Either install the Inverter in a clean location not subject to oil mist, air-bourne matter, dust, and other contaminants, or install the Inverter in a completely enclosed panel. Provide cooling measures and sufficient panel space so that the temperature surrounding the Inverter does not go beyond the allowable temperature. Do not install the Inverter on wood or other combustible materials.

Installation Direction

Mount the Inverter vertically to a wall or other horizontal surface.

Settings

Observe the following precautions when making settings for an Inverter.

Upper Limits

The Digital Operator can be used to set high-speed operation up to a maximum of 400 Hz (depends on the carrier frequency). Incorrect settings can be dangerous. Use the maximum frequency setting functions to set upper limits. (The maximum output frequency is factory-set to 60 Hz.)

DC Injection Braking

The motor can overheat if the DC injection braking voltage or braking time is set to a large value.

Acceleration/Deceleration Times

The motor's acceleration and deceleration times are determined by the torque generated by the motor, the load torque, and the load's inertial moment ($GD^2/4$). If the stall prevention functions are activated during acceleration or deceleration, increase the acceleration or deceleration time. The stall prevention functions will increase the acceleration time by the amount of time the stall prevention function is active.

To reduce the acceleration or deceleration times, increase the capacity of the motor and Inverter.

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Handling

Observe the following precautions when wiring or performing maintenance for an Inverter.

Wiring Check

The Inverter will be internally damaged if the power supply voltage is applied to output terminal U, V, or W. Check wring for any mistakes before supplying power. Check all wiring and sequences carefully.

Magnetic Contactor Installation

Do not start and stop operation frequently with a magnetic contactor installed on the power supply line. Doing so can cause the Inverter to malfunction. Do not turn the Inverter ON and OFF with a magnetic contactor more than one time every 30 minutes.

Setting the Power Supply Voltage Jumper (400 V Class Inverters of 55 kW or Higher)

If the jumper is inserted into a power tap that does not match the actual power supply voltage, the lifetime of the transformer for the power supply or the wind capacity of the cooling fan may be reduced.

If the jumper is inserted and the voltage setting is too low for the actual power supply, a power surge may occur on the transformer for the power supply and reduce the lifetime of the transformer.

If the jumper is inserted and the voltage setting is too high for the actual power supply, the wind capacity of the cooling fan is reduced.

Insert the jumper into the power tap with the voltage setting nearest to the voltage of the actual power supply. Refer to *Chapter 4 Trial Operation* for the procedure.

Maintenance and Inspections

After turn OFF the main circuit power supply, always confirm that the CHARGE indicator is not lit before performing maintenance or inspections. The voltage remaining in the capacitor may cause electric shock.

Motor Application Precautions

This section provides precautions for motor application.

Using the Inverter for an Existing Standard Motor

When a standard motor is operated with the Inverter, power loss is slightly higher than when operated with a commercial power supply. Observe the following precautions when using an Inverter for an existing standard motor.

Low Speed Ranges

Cooling effects diminish in the low-speed range, resulting in an increase in the motor temperature. Therefore, the motor torque should be reduced in the low-speed range whenever using a motor not made by Yaskawa. If 100% torque is required continuously at low speed, consider using a special Inverter or vector motor.

Installation Withstand Voltage

If the input voltage is higher than the motor rated voltage or the wiring distance is long, the motor insulation voltage must be considered. Contact your Yaskawa representative for details.

High-speed Operation

When using the motor at a speed higher than the rated speed, problems may arise in dynamic balance and bearing durability. Contact your Yaskawa representative for details.

Torque Characteristics

The motor may require more acceleration torque when the motor is operated with the Inverter than when operated with a commercial power supply. Check the load torque characteristics of the machine to be used with the motor to set a proper V/f pattern.

Vibration

The Inverter uses a high carrier PWM to reduce motor vibration. (A constant can be set to select low carrier, PWM modulation control as well.) When the motor is operated with the Inverter, motor vibration is almost the same as when operated with a commercial power supply.

Motor vibration may, however, become greater in the following cases.

Resonance with the Natural Frequency of the Mechanical System

Take special care when a machine that has been operated at a constant speed is to be operated in variable speed mode. If resonance occurs, install vibration-proof rubber on the motor base or use the frequency jump function to skip any frequency resonating the machine.

Imbalanced Rotor

Take special care when the motor is operated at a speed higher than the rated speed.

■Noise

Noise varies with the carrier frequency. At high carrier frequencies, the noise is almost the same when the motor is operated with a commercial power supply. Motor noise, however, becomes louder when the motor is operated at a speed higher than the rated speed.

Using the Inverter for Special Motors

Observe the following precautions when using a special motor.

■Pole-changing Motor

The rated input current of pole-changing motors differs from that of standard motors. Select, therefore, an appropriate Inverter according to the maximum input current of the motor to be used. Before changing the number of poles, always make sure that the motor has stopped. Otherwise, the overvoltage protective or overcurrent protective mechanism will be actuated, resulting in an error.

■Submersible Motor

The rated input current of submersible motors is higher than that of standard motors. Therefore, always select an Inverter by checking its rated output current. When the distance between the motor and Inverter is long, use a cable thick enough to connect the motor and Inverter to prevent motor torque reduction.

Explosion-proof Motor

When an explosion-proof motor is to be used, it must be subject to an explosion-proof test in conjunction with the Inverter. This is also applicable when an existing explosion-proof motor is to be operated with the Inverter. Since the Inverter itself is, however, not explosion-proof, always install it in a safe place.

■Gearmotor

The speed range for continuous operation differs according to the lubrication method and motor manufacturer. In particular, continuous operation of an oil-lubricated motor in the low speed range may result in burning. If the motor is to be operated at a speed higher than the rated speed, consult with the manufacturer.

Synchronous Motor

A synchronous motor is not suitable for Inverter control. If a group of synchronous motors is individually turned ON and OFF, synchronism may be lost.

■Single-phase Motor

Do not use an Inverter for a single-phase motor. The motor should be replaced with a 3-phase motor.

Power Transmission Mechanism (Speed Reducers, Belts, and Chains)

If an oil-lubricated gearbox or speed reducer is used in the power transmission mechanism, oil lubrication will be affected when the motor operates only in the low speed range. The power transmission mechanism will make noise and experience problems with service life and durability if the motor is operated at a speed higher than the rated speed.

Conformance to UL Standard

To comply with UL standard, follow the appropriate installation instructions.

■Installation Site

Install the Inverter in a pollution degree 2 environment or equivalent.

Specification of Closed-Loop Connector

The closed-loop connectors must be installed on conductors before installing to terminal blocks. Use UL Listed closed-loop connectors shown below.

| Inverter | JST Kit P/N | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Model CIMR-G7B | Input | Output | |
| 27P5 | 14-5 | 14-5 | |
| 2015 | 38-8 | 38-8 | |
| 2018 | 60-8 | 38-8 | |
| 2022 | 60-8 | 60-8 | |
| 2030 | 80-10 | 80-10 | |
| 2037 | 100-10 | 100-10 | |
| 2045 | 60-10 (2perPh) | 60-10 (2perPh) | |
| 2055 | 80-12 (2perPh) | 80-10 (2perPh) | |
| 2075 | 150-12 (2perPh) | 100-12 (2perPh) | |
| 2090 | 150-12 (2perPh) | 150-12 (2perPh) | |
| 2110 | 200-12 (2perPh) | 150-12 (2perPh) | |
| 4011 | 8-5 | 8-5 | |
| 4015 | 14-5 | 14-5 | |
| 4018 | 14-6 | 14-6 | |
| 4022 | 22-6 | 22-6 | |
| 4030 | 38-8 | 22-8 | |
| 4037 | 38-8 | 38-8 | |
| 4045 | 60-8 | 60-8 | |

Table 10.2 JST Closed-Loop Connector Model

■Control Circuit Terminal

A UL Listed, Class 2 power supply must be used for the control circuits. See below table.

| Input/Output | Terminal | Power Supply | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Open Collec- tor Outputs | P1, P2, P3, P4 PC, C3, C4 | Class 2 power supply | |
| Digital Inputs | S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, S8, S9, S10, S11, S12, SC | LVLC power supply when using internal power supply. Class 2 power supply when using exter- | |
| Analog Inputs | RP, +V, -V, A1, A2, A3, AC | nal power supply. | |

Table 10.3 Power Supply for Control Circuits

■Interrupting Rating

Varispeed G7 is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical amperes, 240 VAC maximum (200 V Class) and 480 VAC maximum (400 V Class).

Use a circuit breaker or fuses having an interrupting rating not less than 100,000 RMS symmetrical amperes, 600 VAC maximum.

Motor Overheat Protection

To protect the motor from overheating, set the E2-01 constant in the Inverter to the same value as the level of the motor rated current.



Conformance to CE Markings

Points regarding conformance to CE markings are given below.

CE Markings

CE markings indicate conformance to safety and environmental standards that apply to business transactions (including production, imports, and sales) in Europe. There are unified European standards for mechanical products (Machine Directive), electrical products (Low Voltage Directive), and electrical noise (EMC Directive). CE markings are required for business transactions in Europe (including production, imports, and sales).

The Varispeed G7-Series Inverters bear CE markings indicating conformance to the Low Voltage Directive and the EMC Directive.

- Low Voltage Directive: 2006/95/EC
- EMC Directive: 2004/108/EC

Machinery and installations that incorporate the Inverter are also subject to CE markings. It is ultimately the responsibility of customers making products incorporating the Inverter to attach CE markings to the finished products. The customer must confirm that the finished products (machines or installations) conform to the European Standards.

Requirements for Conformance to CE Markings

■Low Voltage Directive

Varispeed G7-Series Inverters satisfy testing for conformance to the Low Voltage Directive under the conditions described in European Standard EN50178.

Requirements for Conformance to the Low Voltage Directive

Varispeed G7-Series Inverters must satisfy the following conditions in order to conform to the Low Voltage Directive.

- It must be used under conditions corresponding to overvoltage category 3 or less and pollution degree 2 or less as specified in IEC664.
- Input fuses: For details on selecting fuses, refer to *Table 10.4 Selection Requirements for Input Fuses with Examples*.
- With Inverters CIMR-G7B2018 to 2110 and CIMR-G7B4018 to 4300, an enclosure preventing foreign matter from entering from the top or front sides is required (IP4X or higher: panel installation).
Wiring Example

This example shows wiring for conforming to undervoltage reference.



- 1. The main circuit is separated from the terminal cover for safety reasons.
- *
- The contact output circuit is separated from the main circuit and the control circuit by reinforced insulation. It can be connected to extra-low voltage circuits or circuit and separated from the main circuit and the contact output circuit by reinforced insulation.
 The control circuit is an extra-low voltage circuit and separated from the main circuit and the contact output circuit by reinforced insulation. Always connect it to extra-low voltage circuits.



Input Fuses

In order to conform to the Low Voltage Directive, fuses must be provided for inputs. Use UL-compatible input fuses with ratings higher than the voltages and currents, and fusing I^2t specifications within the ranges shown in the table below.

| | | Se | lection Re | quirements | In | put Fuse (Exam | ples) | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---|--|----------------|--------------|--|
| Voltage Class | Inverter Model Number CIMR-G7B | Voltage (V) | Current (A) | Fusing I ² t (A ² sec) | Model Number | Manufacturer | Ratings | Fusing I ² t (A ² sec) |
| | 20P4 | 240 | 10 | 12 to 25 | Input Fuse (Exan $1^{2}t$ Model Number Manufacturer 25 A60Q12-2 FERRAZ 55 CR2LS-20/UL FUJI 98 CR2LS-30/UL FUJI 20 CR2LS-50/UL FUJI 610 CR2LS-75/UL FUJI 1300 CR2LS-75/UL FUJI 3000 CR2LS-100/UL FUJI 7200 CR2L-125/UL FUJI 7200 CR2L-150/UL FUJI 6200 CR2L-150/UL FUJI 6200 CR2L-200/UL FUJI 19000 CR2L-200/UL FUJI 55000 CR2L-300/UL FUJI 55000 CR2L-300/UL FUJI 64000 CR2L-400/UL FUJI 64000 CR2L-500/UL FUJI 83000 CR2L-600/UL FUJI | 600V 12A | 17 | |
| | 20P7 | 240 | 15 | 23 to 55 | CR2LS-20/UL | FUJI | 600V 12A | 27 |
| | 21P5 | 240 | 20 | 34 to 98 | CR2LS-30/UL | FUJI | 250V 20A | 60 |
| | 22P2 | 240 | 30 | 82 to 220 | CR2LS-50/UL | FUJI | 250V 30A | 200 |
| | 23P7 | 240 | 40 | 220 to 610 | CR2LS-75/UL | FUJI | 250V 50A | 560 |
| | 25P5 | 240 | 50 | 290 to 1300 | CR2LS-75/UL | FUJI | 250V 75A | 560 |
| | 27P5 | 240 | 60 | 450 to 5000 | CR2LS-100/UL | FUJI | 250V 75A | 810 |
| - | 2011 | 240 | 90 | 1200 to 7200 | CR2L-125/UL | FUJI | 250V 100A | 1570 |
| 200 V | 2015 | 240 | 120 | 1800 to 7200 | CR2L-150/UL | FUJI | 250V 125A | 2260 |
| Class | 2018 | 240 | 140 | 870 to 16200 | CR2L-150/UL | FUJI | 250V 150A | 2260 |
| | 2022 | 240 | 160 | 1500 to 23000 | CR2L-200/UL | FUJI | 250V 150A | 4010 |
| | 2030 | 240 | 220 | 2100 to 19000 | CR2L-260/UL | FUJI | 250V 200A | 7320 |
| | 2037 | 240 | 270 | 2700 to 55000 | CR2L-300/UL | FUJI | 250V 260A | 9630 |
| | 2045 | 240 | 300 | 4000 to 55000 | CR2L-300/UL | FUJI | 250V 300A | 9630 |
| | 2055 | 240 | 370 | 7100 to 64000 | CR2L-400/UL | FUJI | 250V 350A | 24000 |
| | 2075 | 240 | 500 | 11000 to 64000 | CR2L-500/UL | FUJI | 250V 450A | 40000 |
| | 2090 | 240 | 600 | 13000 to 83000 | CR2L-600/UL | FUJI | 250V 600A | 52000 |
| | 2110 | 240 | 700 | 13000 to 83000 | A50P700-4 | FERRAZ | 250V 600A | 49000 |

Table 10.4 Selection Requirements for Input Fuses with Examples

| | | Se | lection Re | quirements | In | put Fuse (Exam | ples) | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| Voltage Class | Inverter Model Number CIMR-G7B | Voltage (V) | Current (A) | Fusing I ² t (A ² sec) | Model Number | Manufacturer | Ratings | Fusing I ² t (A ² sec) |
| | 40P4 | 480 | 5 | 16 to 660 | CR6L-20/UL | FUJI | 600V 20A | 26 |
| | 40P7 | 480 | 10 | 19 to 660 | CR6L-20/UL | FUJI | 600V 20A | 26 |
| | 41P5 | 480 | 10 | 46 to 660 | CR6L-30/UL | FUJI | 600V 30A | 59 |
| | 42P2 | 480 | 15 | 78 to 660 | CR6L-50/UL | FUJI | 600V 50A | 317 |
| | 43P7 | 480 | 20 | 110 to 660 | CR6L-50/UL | FUJI | se (Examples) F Ifacturer Ratings (A ?UJI 600V (A ?UJI 600V (A | 317 |
| | 44P0 | 480 | 30 | 220 to 660 | CR6L-50/UL | FUJI | 600V 50A | 317 |
| | 45P5 | 480 | 40 | 240 to 900 | CR6L-50/UL | FUJI | 600V 50A | 317 |
| | 47P5 | 480 | 50 | 320 to 900 | CR6L-75/UL | FUJI | 600V 75A | 564 |
| | 4011 | 480 | 50 | 1000 to 1800 | CR6L-100/UL | FUJI | 600V 100A | 1022 |
| | 4015 | 480 | 60 | 1500 to 4100 | CR6L-150/UL | FUJI | 600V 150A | 3070 |
| | 4018 | 480 | 70 | 530 to 5800 | CR6L-150/UL | FUJI | 600V 150A | 3070 |
| 400 V | 4022 | 480 | 90 | 1130 to 5800 | CR6L-150/UL | FUJI | 600V 150A | 3070 |
| Class | 4030 | 480 | 110 | 1700 to 5800 | CR6L-150/UL | FUJI | 600V 150A | 3070 |
| | 4037 | 480 | 140 | 2000 to 13000 | CR6L-200/UL | FUJI | 600V 200A | 5200 |
| | 4045 | 480 | 160 | 3000 to 13000 | CR6L-200/UL | FUJI | 600V 200A | 5200 |
| | 4055 | 480 | 220 | 6800 to 55000 | CR6L-300/UL | FUJI | 600V 300A | 17700 |
| | 4075 | 480 | 280 | 9000 to 55000 | CR6L-300/UL | FUJI | 600V 300A | 17700 |
| | 4090 | 480 | 330 | 12000 to 23000 | A70P400-4 | FERRAZ | 700V 400A | 19000 |
| | 4110 | 480 | 400 | 18000 to 64000 | A70P450-4 | FERRAZ | 700V 450A | 24000 |
| | 4132 | 480 | 450 | 28000 to 250000 | A70P600-4 | FERRAZ | 700V 600A | 43000 |
| | 4160 | 480 | 540 | 40000 to 250000 | A70P700-4 | FERRAZ | 700V 700A | 59000 |
| | 4185 | 480 | 620 | 43000 to 400000 | A70P900-4 | FERRAZ | 700V 900A | 97000 |
| | 4220 | 480 | 750 | 63000 to 400000 | A70P900-4 | FERRAZ | 700V 900A | 97000 |
| | 4300 | 480 | 1000 | 94000 to 920000 | A70P1000-4 | FERRAZ | 700V 1000A | 120000 |

| Table 10.4 | Selection R | Requirements | for Inpu | t Fuses with | Examples | (Continued) |
|------------|-------------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|-------------|
|------------|-------------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|-------------|

■EMC Directive

Varispeed G7-Series Inverters satisfy testing for conformance to the EMC Directive under the conditions described in European Standard EN61800-3.

Installation Method

In order to ensure that the machinery or installation incorporating the Inverter conforms to the EMC Directive, perform installation according to the method below.

- Install a noise filter that conforms to European Standards on the input side. (Refer to *Table 10.5 EMC Noise Filters*).
- Use a shielded line or metal piping for wiring between the Inverter and Motor. Make the wiring as short as possible.
- To suppress harmonics, install a DC reactor in CIMR-G7B20P4, 20P7, 40P4, and 40P7 models. (Refer to *Table 10.6 DC Reactors for Suppressing Harmonics.*)



Fig 10.7 Installation Method for Filter and Inverter (CIMR-G7B20P4 to 2015, 40P4 to 4015)



Fig 10.8 Installation Method for Filter and Inverter (CIMR-G7B2018 to 2110, 4018 to 4300)

| Volt- | Inverter Model | | Noise Filter (Made by Schaffner) | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| age Class | Number CIMR-G7B | Model Number | Rated Current (A) | Weight (kg) | Dimensions (mm) | | | | | | |
| | 20P4 | FS5972-10-07 | 10 | 1.1 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | | |
| | 20P7 | FS5972-10-07 | 10 | 1.1 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | | |
| Ì | 21P5 | FS5972-18-07 | 18 | 1.3 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | | |
| Ì | 22P2 | F85973-35-07 | 35 | 1.4 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | | |
| İ | 23P7 | FS5973-35-07 | 35 | 1.4 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | | |
| - | 25P5 | FS5973-60-07 | 60 | 3 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | | |
| | 27P5 | FS5973-60-07 | 60 | 3 | $206 \times 60 \times 355$ | | | | | | |
| | 2011 | FS5973-100-07 | 100 | 4.9 | $236 \times 80 \times 408$ | | | | | | |
| 200V | 2015 | FS5973-100-07 | 100 | 4.9 | $236 \times 80 \times 408$ | | | | | | |
| Class | 2018 | FS5973-130-35 | 130 | 4.3 | 90 × 180 × 366 | | | | | | |
| Ì | 2022 | FS5973-130-35 | 130 | 4.3 | 90 × 180 × 366 | | | | | | |
| Ì | 2030 | FS5973-160-40 | 160 | 6 | $120 \times 170 \times 451$ | | | | | | |
| Ì | 2037 | FS5973-240-37 | 240 | 11 | $130 \times 240 \times 610$ | | | | | | |
| İ | 2045 | FS5973-240-37 | 240 | 11 | $130 \times 240 \times 610$ | | | | | | |
| İ | 2055 | FS5972-400-99 | 400 | 18.5 | $300 \times 160 \times 610$ | | | | | | |
| Ì | 2075 | FS5972-400-99 | 400 | 18.5 | $300 \times 160 \times 610$ | | | | | | |
| | 2090 2110 | FS5972-460-99 | 460 | 19.5 | 300 × 160 × 610 | | | | | | |

Table 10.5 EMC Noise Filters

| Volt- | Inverter Model | Noise Filter (Made by Schaffner) | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| age Class | Number CIMR-G7B | Model Number | Rated Current (A) | Weight (kg) | Dimensions (mm) | | | | | |
| | 40P4 | FS5972-10-07 | 10 | 1.1 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | |
| | 40P7 | FS5972-10-07 | 10 | 1.1 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | |
| | 41P5 | FS5972-10-07 | 10 | 1.1 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | |
| | 42P2 | FS5972-18-07 | 18 | 1.3 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | |
| | 43P7 | FS5972-18-07 | 18 | 1.3 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | |
| | 44P0 | FS5972-18-07 | 18 | 1.3 | $141 \times 46 \times 330$ | | | | | |
| | 45P5 | FS5972-35-07 | 35 | 2.1 | $206 \times 50 \times 355$ | | | | | |
| | 47P5 | FS5972-35-07 | 35 | 2.1 | $206 \times 50 \times 355$ | | | | | |
| | 4011 | FS5972-60-07 | 60 | 4.0 | $236 \times 65 \times 408$ | | | | | |
| | 4015 | FS5972-60-07 | 60 | 4.0 | $236 \times 65 \times 408$ | | | | | |
| | 4018 | FS5972-70-52 | 70 | 3.4 | 80 × 185 × 329 | | | | | |
| 400V | 4022 | FS5972-70-52 | 70 | 3.4 | 80 × 185 × 329 | | | | | |
| Class | 4030 | FS5972-130-35 | 130 | 4.7 | 90 × 180 × 366 | | | | | |
| | 4037 | FS5972-130-35 | 130 | 4.7 | $90 \times 180 \times 366$ | | | | | |
| | 4045 | FS5972-130-35 | 130 | 4.7 | $90 \times 180 \times 366$ | | | | | |
| | 4055 | FS5972-170-40 | 170 | 6 | $120 \times 170 \times 451$ | | | | | |
| | 4075 | FS5972-170-40 | 170 | 6 | $120\times170\times451$ | | | | | |
| | 4090 | FS5972-250-37 | 250 | 11 | $130\times240\times610$ | | | | | |
| | 4110 | FS5972-250-37 | 250 | 11 | $130\times240\times610$ | | | | | |
| | 4132 | FS5972-410-99 | 410 | 10.5 | $260 \times 115 \times 386$ | | | | | |
| | 4160 | FS5972-410-99 | 410 | 10.5 | $260 \times 115 \times 386$ | | | | | |
| | 4185 | FS5972-600-99 | 600 | 18.5 | $260 \times 135 \times 386$ | | | | | |
| | 4220 | FS5972-800-99 | 800 | 31 | $300 \times 160 \times 716$ | | | | | |
| | 4300 | FS5972-800-99 | 800 | 31 | $300 \times 1\overline{60 \times 716}$ | | | | | |

Table 10.5 EMC Noise Filters (Continued)

Table 10.6 DC Reactors for Suppressing Harmonics

| | Inverter Model | DC Reactor | | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Voltage Class | Number CIMR-G7B | Model Number | Manufacturer | Ratings | Code Number | | | |
| 200 V Class | 20P4 | UZDA-B | VASKAWA | 54 A 8 mH | X010084 | | | |
| 200 V Class | 20P7 | OLDIT-D | montivit | 5.474 6 1111 | | | | |
| 400 V Class | 40P4 | | VASKAWA | 2 2 A 28 mH | X010052 | | | |
| 400 v Class | 40P7 | ULDA-D | TASKAWA | 5.2 A 20 IIIA | | | | |

Wiring Examples

This section provides wiring examples to connect a Braking Unit and other peripheral devices to the main circuits, examples of wiring a transformer to Inverter I/O, and other aspects of Inverter wiring.

Using a Braking Resistor Unit

This example shows wiring for a Braking Resistor Unit.

CIMR-G7B20P4 to -G7B2015 (200 V Class Inverters of 0.4 to 15 kW) CIMR-G7B40P4 to -G7B4015 (400 V Class Inverters of 0.4 to 15 kW)



- * 1. A transformer is not required for 200 V Class
- * 2. Remove the short-circuit bar (normally connected) from 🕀 1 and 🕀 2 when connecting a DC Reactor (Optional).
- * 3. Disable stall prevention during deceleration by setting L3-04 and using a Braking Resistor Unit. The motor may not stop within the deceleration time if this setting is not changed.
- 4. When connecting a separately-installed type Braking Unit (model CDBR) to Inverters with built-in braking transistor (200 V/400 V 15 kW or less), connect the B1 terminal of the Inverter to the + terminal of the Braking Unit and connect the terminal of the Inverter to the terminal of the Braking Unit. The B2 terminal is not used in this case.

Fig 10.9



Using a Braking Unit and Braking Resistor Unit

When using a Braking Unit and Braking Resistor Unit, create a sequence to detect overheating of the braking resistor and cut off the power supply to the Inverter.

CIMR-G7B2018, -G7B2022 (200 V Class Inverters of 18.5 kW, 22 kW)



- * 1. Remove the short-circuit bar (normally connected) from ⊕1 and ⊕2 when connecting a DC Reactor (Optional).
 * 2. Disable stall provention during deceleration by satisfies 1.3 04 when using a Broking Posister Unit. The mater may.
- Disable stall prevention during deceleration by setting L3-04 when using a Braking Resistor Unit. The motor may not stop within the deceleration time if this setting is not changed.

Fig 10.10

• Using Braking Units in Parallel

This example shows wiring for using two Braking Units in parallel.

There are connectors for selecting whether each Braking Unit is to be a Master or Slave. Select "Master" for the first Braking Unit only, and select "Slave" for all other Braking Units (i.e., from the second Unit onwards).



^{*} Disable stall prevention during deceleration by setting L3-04 to Resistor Unit. The motor may not stop within the deceleration time if this setting is not changed.

Fig 10.11



• Using a Braking Unit and Three Braking Resistor Units in Parallel

This example shows wiring for using three Braking Resistor Units in parallel.



Disable stall prevention during deceleration by setting L3-04 to Resistor Unit. The motor may not stop within the deceleration time if this setting is not changed.

Fig 10.12



Using a VS Operator

This example shows wiring for using a VS Operator. The VS Operator model number is JVOP-95• \Box or JVOP-96• \Box .

CIMR-G7B27P5 (200 V Class Inverters of 7.5 kW)







Using Transistors for Input Signals and a 0-V Common in Sinking Mode with an Internal Power Supply

Set CN5 (shunt connector) on the control board to NPN as shown below for a sequence that uses an NPN transistor for an input signal (0-V command and sinking mode) and an internal +24-V power supply.



Fig 10.14

10

Using Transistors for Input Signals and a +24-V Common in Sourcing Mode

Set CN5 (shunt connector) on the control board to PNP as shown below for a sequence that uses a PNP transistor for an input signal (+24-V common and sourcing mode) and an internal +24-V power supply.



Fig 10.15



Using Transistors for Input Signals and a 0-V Common in Sinking Mode with an External Power Supply

Set CN5 (shunt connector) on the control board to EXT as shown below for a sequence that uses an NPN transistor for an input signal (0-V common and sinking mode) and an external +24-V power supply.





Using Contact and Open Collector Outputs

This example shows wiring for contact outputs and open collector outputs.

The following example is for the CIMR-G7B25P5 (200 V Class Inverter for 5.5 kW).





User Constants

Factory settings are given in the following table.

| Table | 10.7 | User | Constants |
|-------|------|------|-----------|
|-------|------|------|-----------|

| No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting | No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|-------|---|-------------------------|--------------|
| A1-00 | Language selection for Digital Operator display | 7 ^{*1} | | b3-05 | Speed search wait time | 0.2 | |
| A1-01 | Constant access level | 2 | | b3-10 | Speed search detection compensa- tion gain (speed calculation) | 1.10 | |
| A1-02 | Control method selection | 2*1 | | b3-13 | Proportional gain of the speed esti- mator during speed search | 1.0 | |
| A1-03 | Initialize | 0 | | b3-14 | Rotation direction search selection | 1 | |
| A1-04 | Password | 0 | | b3-17 | Speed search retrial current level | 150 | |
| A1-05 | Password setting | 0 | | b3-18 | Speed search retrial detection time | 0.10 | |
| A2-01 to A2-32 | User setting constants | - | | b3-19 | Number of speed search retrials | 0 | |
| b1-01 | Reference selection | 1 | | b4-01 | Timer function ON-delay time | 0.0 | |
| b1-02 | Operation method selection | 1 | | b4-02 | Timer function OFF-delay time | 0.0 | |
| b1-03 | Stopping method selection | 0 | | b5-01 | PID control method selection | 0 | |
| b1-04 | Prohibition of reverse operation | 0 | | b5-02 | Proportional gain (P) | 1.00 | |
| b1-05 | Operation selection for setting E1- 09 or less | 0 | | b5-03 | Integral (I) time | 1.0 | |
| b1-06 | Read sequence input twice | 1 | | b5-04 | Integral (I) limit | 100.0 | |
| b1-07 | Operation selection after switching to remote mode | 0 | | b5-05 | Derivative (D) time | 0.00 | |
| b1-08 | Run Command selection in pro- gramming modes | 0 | | b5-06 | PID upper limit | 100.0 | |
| b1-10 | Mode selection for zero-speed | 0 | | b5-07 | PID offset adjustment | 0.0 | |
| b2-01 | Zero-speed level (DC injection braking starting frequency) | 0.5 | | b5-08 | PID first order lag time constant | 0.00 | |
| b2-02 | DC injection braking current | 50 | | b5-09 | PID output characteristics selec- tion | 0 | |
| b2-03 | DC injection braking time at start | 0.00 | | b5-10 | PID output gain | 1.0 | |
| b2-04 | DC injection braking time at stop | 0.50 | | b5-11 | PID reverse output selection | 0 | |
| b2-08 | Magnetic flux compensation vol- ume | 0 | | b5-12 | Selection of PID feedback com- mand loss detection | 0 | |
| b3-01 | Speed search selection | 2*2 | | b5-13 | PID feedback command loss detec- tion level | 0 | |
| b3-02 | Speed search operating current | 100*2 | | b5-14 | PID feedback command loss detec- tion time | 1.0 | |
| b3-03 | Speed search deceleration time | 2.0 | | b5-15 | PID sleep function operation level | 0.0 | |

| No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting | No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting |
|-------|---|-------------------------|--------------|-------|---|-------------------------|--------------|
| b5-16 | PID sleep operation delay time | 0.0 | | C1-10 | Accel/decel time setting unit | 1 | |
| b5-17 | Accel/decel time for PID reference | 0.0 | | C1-11 | Accel/decel time switching fre- quency | 0.0 | |
| b6-01 | Dwell frequency at start | 0.0 | | C2-01 | S-curve characteristic time at acceleration start | 0.20 | |
| b6-02 | Dwell time at start | 0.0 | | C2-02 | S-curve characteristic time at acceleration end | 0.20 | |
| b6-03 | Dwell frequency at stop | 0.0 | | C2-03 | S-curve characteristic time at deceleration start | 0.20 | |
| b6-04 | Dwell time at stop | 0.0 | | C2-04 | S-curve characteristic time at deceleration end | 0.00 | |
| b7-01 | Droop control gain | 0.0 | | C3-01 | Slip compensation gain | 1.0*2 | |
| b7-02 | Droop control delay time | 0.05 | | C3-02 | Slip compensation primary delay time | 200*2 | |
| b8-01 | Energy-saving mode selection | 0 | | C3-03 | Slip compensation limit | 200 | |
| b8-02 | Energy-saving gain | 0.7*3 | | C3-04 | Slip compensation selection during regeneration | 0 | |
| b8-03 | Energy-saving filter time constant | 0.50*4 | | C3-05 | Output voltage limit operation selection | 0 | |
| b8-04 | Energy-saving coefficient | 288.20 *5 *6 | | C4-01 | Torque compensation gain | 1.00 | |
| b8-05 | Power detection filter time con- stant | 20 | | C4-02 | Torque compensation primary delay time constant | 20*2 | |
| b8-06 | Search operation voltage limiter | 0 | | C4-03 | Forward starting torque | 0.0 | |
| b9-01 | Zero-servo gain | 5 | | C4-04 | Reverse starting torque | 0.0 | |
| b9-02 | Zero-servo completion width | 10 | | C4-05 | Starting torque time constant | 10 | |
| C1-01 | Acceleration time 1 | 10.0 | | C5-01 | ASR proportional (P) gain 1 | 20.00 ^{*7} | |
| C1-02 | Deceleration time 1 | 10.0 | | C5-02 | ASR integral (I) time 1 | 0.500 ^{*7} | |
| C1-03 | Acceleration time 2 | 10.0 | | C5-03 | ASR proportional (P) gain 2 | 20.00 ^{*7} | |
| C1-04 | Deceleration time 2 | 10.0 | | C5-04 | ASR integral (I) time 2 | 0.500 ^{*7} | |
| C1-05 | Acceleration time 3 | 10.0 | | C5-05 | ASR limit | 5.0 | |
| C1-06 | Deceleration time 3 | 10.0 | | C5-06 | ASR primary delay time | 0.004*7 | |
| C1-07 | Acceleration time 4 | 10.0 | | C5-07 | ASR switching frequency | 0.0 | |
| C1-08 | Deceleration time 4 | 10.0 | | C5-08 | ASR integral (I) limit | 400 | |
| C1-09 | Emergency stop time | 10.0 | | C5-10 | ASR primary delay time 2 | 0.010 | |

| No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting | No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting |
|---------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|-------|--|-------------------------|--------------|
| C6-02 | Carrier frequency selection | 6 ^{*6} | | d3-01 | Jump frequency 1 | 0.0 | |
| C6-03 ^{*8} | Carrier frequency upper limit | 15.0 ^{*6} | | d3-02 | Jump frequency 2 | 0.0 | |
| C6-04 ^{*8} | Carrier frequency lower limit | 15.0*6 | | d3-03 | Jump frequency 3 | 0.0 | |
| C6-05 ^{*8} | Carrier frequency proportional gain | 00 | | d3-04 | Jump frequency width | 1.0 | |
| C6-11 | Carrier frequency for open-loop vector 2 control | 1*6 | | d4-01 | Frequency reference hold function selection | 0 | |
| d1-01 | Frequency reference 1 | 0.00 | | d4-02 | + - Speed limits | 10 | |
| d1-02 | Frequency reference 2 | 0.00 | | d5-01 | Torque control selection | 0 | |
| d1-03 | Frequency reference 3 | 0.00 | | d5-02 | Torque reference delay time | 0*7 | |
| d1-04 | Frequency reference 4 | 0.00 | | d5-03 | Speed limit selection | 1 | |
| d1-05 | Frequency reference 5 | 0.00 | | d5-04 | Speed limit | 0 | |
| d1-06 | Frequency reference 6 | 0.00 | | d5-05 | Speed limit bias | 10 | |
| d1-07 | Frequency reference 7 | 0.00 | | d5-06 | Speed/torque control switching timer | 0 | |
| d1-08 | Frequency reference 8 | 0.00 | | d5-07 | Rotation direction limit operation selection | 1 | |
| d1-09 | Frequency reference 9 | 0.00 | | d6-01 | Field weakening level | 80 | |
| d1-10 | Frequency reference 10 | 0.00 | | d6-02 | Field frequency | 0.0 | |
| d1-11 | Frequency reference 11 | 0.00 | | d6-03 | Field forcing function selection | 0 | |
| d1-12 | Frequency reference 12 | 0.00 | | d6-05 | A or R time constant | 1.00 | |
| d1-13 | Frequency reference 13 | 0.00 | | d6-06 | Field forcing limit | 400 | |
| d1-14 | Frequency reference 14 | 0.00 | | E1-01 | Input voltage setting | 200 ^{*9} | |
| d1-15 | Frequency reference 15 | 0.00 | | E1-03 | V/f pattern selection | F | |
| d1-16 | Frequency reference 16 | 0.00 | | E1-04 | Max. output frequency | 50.0 ^{*2} | |
| d1-17 | Jog frequency reference | 6.00 | | E1-05 | Max. voltage | 200.0 *2 *9 | |
| d2-01 | Frequency reference upper limit | 100.0 | | E1-06 | Base frequency | 50.0 ^{*2} | |
| d2-02 | Frequency reference lower limit | 0.0 | | E1-07 | Mid. output frequency | 3.0*2 | |
| d2-03 | Master speed reference lower limit | 0.0 | | E1-08 | Mid. output frequency voltage | 13.2 ^{*2 *9} | |

| No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting | No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting |
|-------|---|-------------------------|--------------|-------|---|-------------------------|--------------|
| E1-09 | Min. output frequency | 0.5*2 | | E4-01 | Motor 2 rated current | 1.90 *6 | |
| E1-10 | Min. output frequency voltage | 2.4 ^{*2 *9} | | E4-02 | Motor 2 rated slip | 2.90 *6 | |
| E1-11 | Mid. output frequency 2 | 0.0*10 | | E4-03 | Motor 2 no-load current | 1.20 *6 | |
| E1-12 | Mid. output frequency voltage 2 | 0.0*10 | | E4-04 | Motor 2 number of poles (number of poles) | 4 | |
| E1-13 | Base voltage | 0.0*11 | | E4-05 | Motor 2 line-to-line resistance | 9.842 ^{*6} | |
| E2-01 | Motor rated current | 1.90*6 | | E4-06 | Motor 2 leak inductance | 18.2*6 | |
| E2-02 | Motor rated slip | 2.90*6 | | E4-07 | Motor 2 rated capacity | 0.40*12 | |
| E2-03 | Motor no-load current | 1.20*6 | | F1-01 | PG constant | 600 | |
| E2-04 | Number of motor poles | 4 | | F1-02 | Operation selection at PG open cir- cuit (PGO) | 1 | |
| E2-05 | Motor line-to-line resistance | 9.842 ^{*6} | | F1-03 | Operation selection at overspeed (OS) | 1 | |
| E2-06 | Motor leak inductance | 18.2*6 | | F1-04 | Operation selection at deviation | 3 | |
| E2-07 | Motor iron saturation coefficient 1 | 0.50 | | F1-05 | PG rotation | 0 | |
| E2-08 | Motor iron saturation coefficient 2 | 0.75 | | F1-06 | PG division rate (PG pulse moni- tor) | 1 | |
| E2-09 | Motor mechanical loss | 0.0 | | F1-07 | Integral value during accel/decel enable/disable | 0 | |
| E2-10 | Motor iron loss for torque compen- sation | 14*6 | | F1-08 | Overspeed detection level | 115 | |
| E2-11 | Motor rated output | 0.40 ^{*12} | | F1-09 | Overspeed detection delay time | 0.0*7 | |
| E2-12 | Motor iron saturation coefficient 3 | 1.30 | | F1-10 | Excessive speed deviation detec- tion level | 10 | |
| E3-01 | Motor 2 control method selection | 2 | | F1-11 | Excessive speed deviation detec- tion delay time | 0.5 | |
| E3-02 | Motor 2 max. output frequency (FMAX) | 50.0 | | F1-12 | Number of PG gear teeth 1 | 0 | |
| E3-03 | Motor 2 max. voltage (VMAX) | 200.0*2 | | F1-13 | Number of PG gear teeth 2 | 0 | |
| E3-04 | Motor 2 max. voltage frequency (FA) | 50.0 | | F1-14 | PG open-circuit detection time | 2.0 | |
| E3-05 | Motor 2 mid. output frequency 1 (FB) | 3.0 *2 | | F2-01 | Bi-polar or uni-polar input selec- tion | 0 | |
| E3-06 | Motor 2 mid. output frequency voltage 1 (VC) | 13.2 *9 | | F3-01 | Digital input option | 0 | |
| E3-07 | Motor 2 min. output frequency (FMIN) | 0.5 *2 | | F4-01 | Channel 1 monitor selection | 2 | |
| E3-08 | Motor 2 min. output frequency voltage (VMIN) | 2.4 *9 | | F4-02 | Channel 1 gain | 1.00 | |



| No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting | No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting |
|-------|---|-------------------------|--------------|-------|---|-------------------------|--------------|
| F4-03 | Channel 2 monitor selection | 3 | | H1-03 | Terminal S5 function selection | 3 (0) ^{*14} | |
| F4-04 | Channel 2 gain | 0.50 | | H1-04 | Terminal S6 function selection | 4 (3) ^{*14} | |
| F4-05 | Channel 1 output monitor bias | 0.0 | | H1-05 | Terminal S7 function selection | 6 (4) ^{*14} | |
| F4-06 | Channel 2 output monitor bias | 0.0 | | H1-06 | Terminal S8 function selection | 8 (6) ^{*14} | |
| F4-07 | Analog output signal level for channel 1 | 0 | | H1-07 | Terminal S9 function selection | 5 | |
| F4-08 | Analog output signal level for channel 2 | 0 | | H1-08 | Terminal S10 function selection | 32 | |
| F5-01 | Channel 1 output selection | 0 | | H1-09 | Terminal S11 function selection | 7 | |
| F5-02 | Channel 2 output selection | 1 | | H1-10 | Terminal S12 function selection | 15 | |
| F5-03 | Channel 3 output selection | 2 | | H2-01 | Terminal M1-M2 function selec- tion (contact) | 0 | |
| F5-04 | Channel 4 output selection | 4 | | H2-02 | Terminal P1 function selection (open collector) | 1 | |
| F5-05 | Channel 5 output selection | 6 | | H2-03 | Terminal P2 function selection (open collector) | 2 | |
| F5-06 | Channel 6 output selection | 37 | | H2-04 | Terminal P3 function selection (open-collector) | 6 | |
| F5-07 | Channel 7 output selection | 0F | | H2-05 | Terminal P4 function selection (open-collector) | 10 | |
| F5-08 | Channel 8 output selection | 0F | | H3-01 | Signal level selection (terminal A1) | 0 | |
| F5-09 | DO-08 output mode selection | 0 | | H3-02 | Gain (terminal A1) | 100.0 | |
| F6-01 | Operation selection after commu- nications error | 1 | | H3-03 | Bias (terminal A1) | 0.0 | |
| F6-02 | Input level of external fault from Communications Option Board | 0 | | H3-04 | Signal level selection (terminal A3) | 0 | |
| E(02 | Stopping method for external fault | 1 | | H3-05 | Multi-function analog input (termi- nal A3) function selection | 2 | |
| F0-03 | Board | 1 | | H3-06 | Gain (terminal A3) | 100.0 | |
| F6-04 | Trace sampling from Communica- tions Option Board | 0 | | H3-07 | Bias (terminal A3) | 0.0 | |
| F6-06 | Torque reference/torque limit selection from optical option | 0 | | H3-08 | Signal level selection (terminal A2) | 2 | |
| F6-08 | Operation selection after SI-T WDT error | 1 | | H3-09 | Multi-function analog input (termi- nal A2) function selection | 0 | |
| F6-09 | Number of SI-T BUS error detec- tion | 2 | | H3-10 | Gain (terminal A2) | 100.0 | |
| H1-01 | Terminal S3 function selection | 24 | | H3-11 | Bias (terminal A2) | 0.0 | |
| H1-02 | Terminal S4 function selection | 14 | | H3-12 | Analog input filter time constant | 0.03 | |

| No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting | No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting |
|-------|--|-------------------------|--------------|-------|--|-------------------------|--------------|
| H4-01 | Monitor selection (terminal FM) | 2 | | L1-03 | Alarm operation selection during motor overheating | 3 | |
| H4-02 | Gain (terminal FM) | 1.00 | | L1-04 | Motor overheating operation selec- tion | 1 | |
| H4-03 | Bias (terminal FM) | 0.0 | | L1-05 | Motor temperature input filter time constant | 0.20 | |
| H4-04 | Monitor selection (terminal AM) | 3 | | L2-01 | Momentary power loss detection | 0 | |
| H4-05 | Gain (terminal AM) | 0.50 | | L2-02 | Momentary power loss ridethru time | 0.1*6 | |
| H4-06 | Bias (terminal AM) | 0.0 | | L2-03 | Min. baseblock time | 0.2*6 | |
| H4-07 | Analog output 1 signal level selec- tion | 0 | | L2-04 | Voltage recovery time | 0.3*6 | |
| H4-08 | Analog output 2 signal level selec- tion | 0 | | L2-05 | Undervoltage detection level | 190 ^{*9} | |
| H5-01 | Slave address | 1F | | L2-06 | KEB deceleration time | 0.0 | |
| H5-02 | Communication speed selection | 3 | | L2-07 | Momentary recovery time | 0.0*15 | |
| Н5-03 | Communication parity selection | 0 | | L2-08 | Frequency reduction gain at KEB start | 100 | |
| H5-04 | Stopping method after communi- cation error | 3 | | L3-01 | Stall prevention selection during accel | 1 | |
| H5-05 | Communication error detection selection | 1 | | L3-02 | Stall prevention level during accel | 150 | |
| H5-06 | Send wait time | 5 | | L3-03 | Stall prevention limit during accel | 50 | |
| H5-07 | RTS control ON/OFF | 1 | | L3-04 | Stall prevention selection during decel | 1 | |
| H5-10 | Unit Selection for MEMOBUS Register 0025H | 0 | | L3-05 | Stall prevention selection during running | 1 | |
| H6-01 | Pulse train input function selection | 0 | | L3-06 | Stall prevention level during run- ning | 160 | |
| H6-02 | Pulse train input scaling | 1440 | | L3-11 | Overvoltage inhibit selection | 0 | |
| Н6-03 | Pulse train input gain | 100.0 | | L3-12 | Overvoltage inhibit voltage level | 380 ^{*9} | |
| H6-04 | Pulse train input bias | 0.0 | | L4-01 | Speed agreement detection level | 0.0 | |
| H6-05 | Pulse train input filter time | 0.10 | | L4-02 | Speed agreement detection width | 2.0 | |
| H6-06 | Pulse train monitor selection | 2 | | L4-03 | Speed agreement detection level (+/-) | 0.0 | |
| H6-07 | Pulse train monitor scaling | 1440 | | L4-04 | Speed agreement detection width (+/-) | 2.0 | |
| L1-01 | Motor protection selection | 1 | | L4-05 | Operation when frequency reference is missing | 0 | |
| L1-02 | Motor protection time constant | 1.0 | | L5-01 | Number of auto restart attempts | 0 | |

| No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting | No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting |
|-------|--|-------------------------|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------|--------------|
| L5-02 | Auto restart operation selection | 0 | | L8-32 | OH1 detection of Inverter's cool- ing fan | 1 | |
| L6-01 | Torque detection selection 1 | 0 | | L8-38 | Carrier frequency reduction selec- tion | 1 ^{*19} | |
| L6-02 | Torque detection level 1 | 150 | | L8-39 | Reduced carrier frequency | 2.0 *6 *13 | |
| L6-03 | Torque detection time 1 | 0.1 | | L8-41 | Current alarm | 1 | |
| L6-04 | Torque detection selection 2 | 0 | | N1-01 | Hunting-prevention function selec- tion | 1 | |
| L6-05 | Torque detection level 2 | 150 | | N1-02 | Hunting-prevention gain | 1.00 | |
| L6-06 | Torque detection time 2 | 0.1 | | N1-03 | Hunting-prevention time constant | 10*6 | |
| L7-01 | Forward drive torque limit | 200 | | N2-01 | Speed feedback detection control (AFR) gain | 1.00 | |
| L7-02 | Reverse drive torque limit | 200 | | N2-02 | Speed feedback detection control (AFR) time constant | 50 | |
| L7-03 | Forward regenerative torque limit | 200 | | N2-03 | Speed feedback detection control (AFR) time constant 2 | 750 | |
| L7-04 | Reverse regenerative torque limit | 200 | | N3-01 | High-slip braking deceleration fre- quency width | 5 | |
| L7-06 | Integral time setting for torque limit | 200 | | N3-02 | High-slip braking current limit | 150 | |
| 17.07 | Control method selection for | 0 | | N3-03 | High-slip braking stop dwell time | 1.0 | |
| L/-0/ | deceleration | 0 | | N3-04 | High-slip braking OL time | 40 | |
| L8-01 | Protect selection for internal DB resistor (Type ERF) | 0 | | N4 07 | Integral time of speed estimator | 0.030 | |
| L8-02 | Overheat pre-alarm level | 95 ^{*6} | | 114-07 | integral time of speed estimator | 0.050 | |
| L8-03 | Operation selection after overheat pre-alarm | 3 | | N4-08 | Proportional gain of speed estima- tor | 15 | |
| L8-05 | Input open-phase protection selec- tion | 0 | | N4-10 | High-speed proportional gain of speed estimator | 15.0 | |
| L8-07 | Output open-phase protection selection | 0 | | N4-11 | Speed estimator switching fre- quency | 70 | |
| L8-09 | Ground protection selection | 1 | | N4-15 | Low-speed regeneration stability coefficient 1 | 0.3 | |
| L8-10 | Cooling fan control selection | 0 | | N4-17 | Torque adjustment gain | 0.8 | |
| L8-11 | Cooling fan control delay time | 60 | | N4-18 | Feeder resistance adjustment gain | 1.00 | |
| L8-12 | Ambient temperature | 45 | | N4-28 | Speed estimator switching fre- quency 2 | 50 | |
| L8-15 | OL2 characteristics selection at low speeds | 1 | | N4-29 | Torque adjustment gain 2 | 0.10 | |
| L8-18 | Soft CLA selection | 1 | | N4-30 | Low-speed regeneration stability coefficient 2 | 1.00 | |

Table 10.7 User Constants (Continued)

| No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting | No. | Name | Fac- tory Setting | Set- ting |
|-------|--|-------------------------|--------------|-------|---|-------------------------|--------------|
| N4-32 | Speed estimator gain fluctuation frequency 1 | 5.0 | | 02-08 | Cumulative operation time selec- tion | 0 | |
| N4-33 | Speed estimator gain fluctuation frequency 2 | 20.0 | | o2-10 | Fan operation time setting | 0 | |
| N4-34 | Speed estimator gain fluctuation rate | 200.0 | | o2-12 | Fault trace/fault history clear func- tion | 0 | |
| N5-01 | Feed forward control selection | 0*7 | | o2-14 | Output power monitor clear selec- tion | 0 | |
| N5-02 | Motor acceleration time | 0.178*6 | | o2-18 | Capacitor maintenance setting | 0 | |
| N5-03 | Feed forward proportional gain | 1.0 | | o3-01 | Copy function selection | 0 | |
| 01-01 | Monitor selection | 6 | | 03-02 | Read permitted selection | 0 | |
| 01-02 | Monitor selection after power up | 1 | | T1-00 | Motor 1/2 selection | 1 | |
| 01-03 | Frequency units of reference set- ting and monitor | 0 | | T1-01 | Autotuning mode selection | 0*2 | |
| 01-04 | Setting unit for frequency con- stants related to V/f characteristics | 0 | | T1-02 | Motor output power | 0.40*6 | |
| 01-05 | LCD brightness adjustment | 3 | | T1-03 | Motor rated voltage | 200.0*9 | |
| o2-01 | LOCAL/REMOTE key enable/dis- able | 1 | | T1-04 | Motor rated current | 1.90*6 | |
| 02-02 | STOP key during control circuit terminal operation | 1 | | T1-05 | Motor base frequency | 50.0 | |
| 02-03 | User constant initial value | 0 | | T1-06 | Number of motor poles | 4 | |
| 02-04 | kVA selection | 0*6 | | T1-07 | Motor base speed | 1450 | |
| 02-05 | Frequency reference setting method selection | 0 | | T1-08 | PG pulses per revolution for teach- ing | 600 | |
| 02-06 | Operation selection when digital operator is disconnected | 0 | | T1-09 | Motor no-load current | 1.20 ^{*6} | |
| 02-07 | Cumulative operation time setting | 0 | | | | | |

* 1. Not initialized. (Japanese standard specifications: A1-00 = 1, A1-02 = 2)

- * 2. When the control method is changed, the factory setting will change. The open-loop vector 1 factory settings are given.
- * 3. The factory setting is 1.0 when using flux vector control.
- * 4. The factory setting is 2.00 s when Inverter capacity is 55 kW min. The factory setting will change when the control method is changed. The open-loop vector 1 factory setting is given.
- * 5. By setting E2-11 (Motor rated output) the appropriate value will be set.
- * 6. The factory settings depend on the Inverter capacity. The values for a 200 V Class Inverter of 0.4 kW are given.
- * 7. When the control method is changed, the factory settings will change. The flux vector factory settings are given.
- * 8. This constant can be monitored or set only when F is set for C6-02.
- * 9. These are values for a 200 V Class Inverter. Values for a 400 V Class Inverter are double.
- * 10.E1-11 and E1-12 are disregarded when set to 0.0.
- * 11.E1-13 is set to the same value as E1-05 by autotuning.
- * 12. The same capacity as that of the Inverter will be set if the constants are initialized.
- * 13.If a current exceeding 110% of the Inverter rated current flows through the unit, the carrier frequency will automatically decrease and electromagnetic noise will occur.
- * 14. The factory settings in the parentheses are for 3-wire sequence.
- * 15.1f the setting is 0, the axis will accelerate to the specified speed for the specified acceleration time (C1-01 to C1-08).

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