Micropower 200 mA Low Dropout Tracking Regulator/Line Driver

The CS8182 is a monolithic integrated low dropout tracking regulator designed to provide adjustable buffered output voltage that closely tracks ($\pm 10~\text{mV}$) the reference input. The output delivers up to 200 mA while being able to be configured higher, lower or equal to the reference voltages.

The output has been designed to operate over a wide range (2.8 V to 45 V) while still maintaining excellent DC characteristics. The CS8182 is protected from reverse battery, short circuit and thermal runaway conditions. The device also can withstand 45 V load dump transients and -50 V reverse polarity input voltage transients. This makes it suitable for use in automotive environments.

The V_{REF} /ENABLE lead serves two purposes. It is used to provide the input voltage as a reference for the output and it also can be pulled low to place the device in sleep mode where it nominally draws less than 30 μ A from the supply.

Features

- 200 mA Source Capability
- Output Tracks within ±10 mV Worst Case
- Low Dropout (0.35 V Typ. @ 200 mA)
- Low Quiescent Current
- Thermal Shutdown
- Short Circuit Protection
- Wide Operating Range
- Internally Fused Leads in SO-8 Package
- For Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Site and Change Control

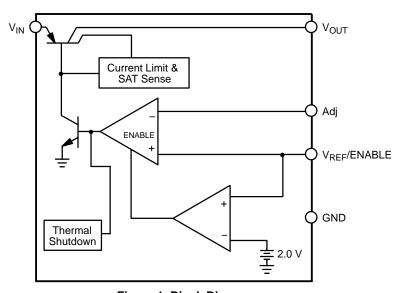


Figure 1. Block Diagram

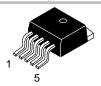


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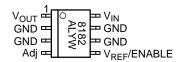


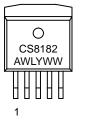




D²PAK-5 DPS SUFFIX CASE 936AC

PIN CONNECTIONS AND MARKING DIAGRAMS





Tab GND Pin 1. V_{IN} 2. V_{OUT}

GND
 Adj
 V_{REF}

A = Assembly Location

WL, L = Wafer Lot YY, Y = Year WW. W = Work Week

ORDERING INFORMATION*

Device	Package	Shipping [†]
CS8182YDF8	SO-8	95 Units/Rail
CS8182YDFR8	SO-8	2500 Tape & Reel
CS8182YDPS5	D ² PAK 5-PIN	50 Units/Rail
CS8182YDPSR5	D ² PAK 5-PIN	750 Tape & Reel

^{*}Consult your local sales representative for SO-8 with exposed pads package option.

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

PACKAGE PIN DESCRIPTION

Package Le	ead Number			
SO-8	D ² PAK 5-PIN	Lead Symbol	Function	
8	1	V _{IN}	Input voltage.	
1	2	V _{OUT}	Regulated output.	
2, 3, 6, 7	3	GND	Ground.	
4	4	Adj	Adjust lead.	
5	5	V _{REF} /ENABLE	Reference voltage and ENABLE input.	

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Value	Unit
Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	°C
Supply Voltage Range (continuous)	-15 to 45	V
Supply Voltage Range (normal, continuous)	3.4 to 45	V
Peak Transient Voltage (V _{IN} = 14 V, Load Dump Transient = 31 V)	45	V
Voltage Range (Adj, V _{OUT} , V _{REF} /ENABLE)	-10 to 45	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	150	°C
Package Thermal Resistance, SO–8: Junction–to–Case, $R_{\theta JC}$ Junction–to–Ambient, $R_{\theta JA}$	25 110	°C/W
Package Thermal Resistance, D 2 PAK, 5–Pin: Junction–to–Case, R $_{\theta JC}$ Junction–to–Ambient, R $_{\theta JA}$	4.0 10–50**	°C/W
ESD Capability (Human Body Model) (Machine Model)	2.0 200	kV V
Lead Temperature Soldering: Reflow: (SO-8) (Note 1) (D2PAK)	240 peak 225 peak (Note 2)	°C

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

 ⁶⁰ second maximum above 183°C.
 -5°C/+0°C allowable conditions.

^{*}Depending on thermal properties of substrate. $R_{\theta JA} = R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CA}$

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS} \quad \text{($V_{IN} = 14$ V; $V_{REF}/ENABLE > 2.75$ V; $-40^{\circ}C < T_{J} < +125^{\circ}C; $C_{OUT} \ge 10$ μF; } \\ 0.1 \; \Omega < C_{OUT-ESR} < 1.0 \; \Omega & \text{@ 10 kHz, unless otherwise specified.)} \\ \end{array}$

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Regular Output					
V _{REF} – V _{OUT} V _{OUT} Tracking Error	$ \begin{array}{c} 4.5 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{IN} \leq 26 \text{ V}, 100 \; \mu\text{A} \leq \text{I}_{OUT} \leq 200 \; \text{mA, Note 3} \\ \text{V}_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{I}_{OUT} = 30 \; \text{mA, V}_{REF} = 5.0 \text{ V}, \text{Note 3} \\ \end{array} $	-10 -5.0	- -	10 5	mV mV
Dropout Voltage (V _{IN} – V _{OUT})	I _{OUT} = 100 μA I _{OUT} = 30 mA I _{OUT} = 200 mA	- - -	100 - 350	150 500 600	mV mV mV
Line Regulation	4.5 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 26 V, Note 3	_	-	10	mV
Load Regulation	100 μ A \leq I _{OUT} \leq 200 mA, Note 3	_	_	10	mV
Adj Lead Current	Loop in Regulation	-	0.2	1.0	μΑ
Current Limit	V_{IN} = 14 V, V_{REF} = 5.0 V, V_{OUT} = 90% of V_{REF} , Note 3	225	_	700	mA
Quiescent Current (I _{IN} – I _{OUT})	V_{IN} = 12 V, I_{OUT} = 200 mA V_{IN} = 12 V, I_{OUT} = 100 μ A V_{IN} = 12 V, V_{REF} /ENABLE = 0 V	- - -	15 75 30	25 150 55	mA μA μA
Reverse Current	V _{OUT} = 5.0 V, V _{IN} = 0 V	-	0.2	1.5	mA
Ripple Rejection	$f = 120 \text{ Hz}, I_{OUT} = 200 \text{ mA}, 4.5 \text{ V} \le V_{IN} \le 26 \text{ V}$	60	-	_	dB
Thermal Shutdown	GBD	150	180	210	°C
V _{REF} /ENABLE					
Enable Voltage	-	0.80	2.00	2.75	V
Input Bias Current	V _{REF} /ENABLE	_	0.2	1.0	μΑ

^{3.} V_{OUT} connected to Adj lead.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

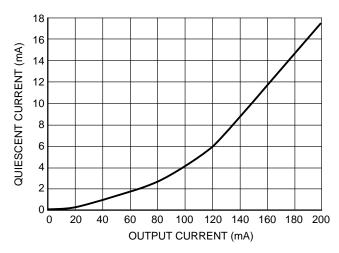


Figure 2. Quiescent Current vs. Output Current

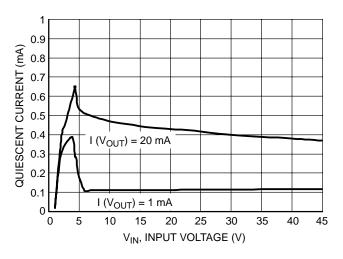


Figure 3. Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage (Operating Mode)

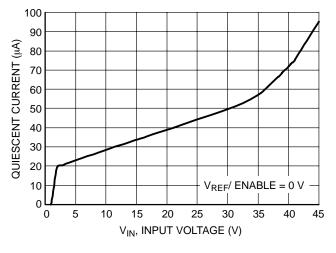


Figure 4. Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage (Sleep Mode)

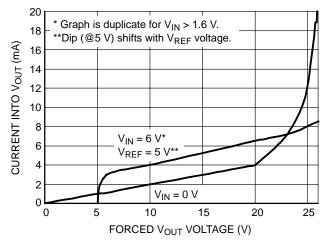


Figure 5. V_{OUT} Reverse Current

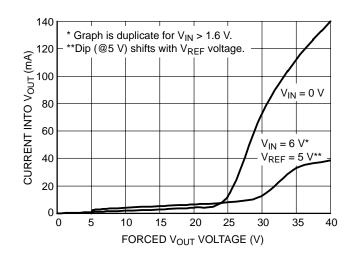


Figure 6. V_{OUT} Reverse Current

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

ENABLE Function

By pulling the V_{REF} /ENABLE lead below 2.0 V typically, (see Figure 10 or Figure 11), the IC is disabled and enters a sleep state where the device draws less than 55 μA from supply. When the V_{REF} /ENABLE lead is greater than 2.75 V, V_{OUT} tracks the V_{REF} /ENABLE lead normally.

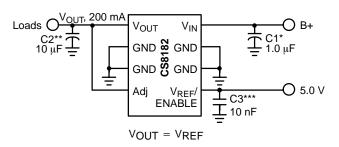


Figure 7. Tracking Regulator at the Same Voltage

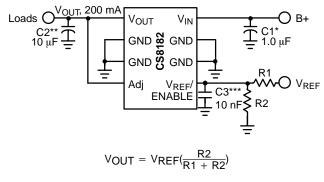


Figure 9. Tracking Regulator at Lower Voltages

Output Voltage

The output is capable of supplying 200 mA to the load while configured as a similar (Figure 7), lower (Figure 9), or higher (Figure 8) voltage as the reference lead. The Adj lead acts as the inverting terminal of the op amp and the V_{REF} lead as the non–inverting.

The device can also be configured as a high–side driver as displayed in Figure 12.

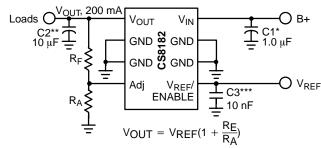


Figure 8. Tracking Regulator at Higher Voltages

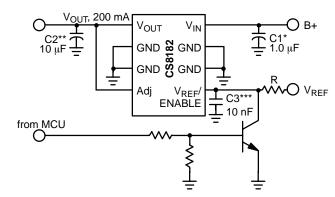


Figure 10. Tracking Regulator with ENABLE Circuit

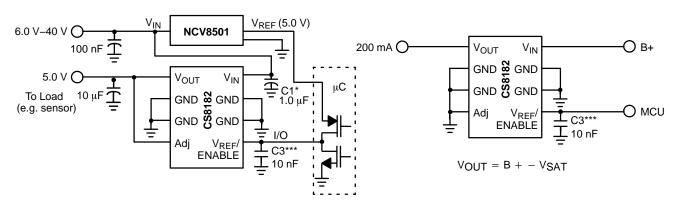


Figure 11. Alternative ENABLE Circuit

- * C1 is required if the regulator is far from the power source filter.
- ** C2 is required for stability.
- *** C3 is recommended for EMC susceptibility.

Figure 12. High-Side Driver

APPLICATION NOTES

VOUT Short to Battery

The CS8182 will survive a short to battery when hooked up the conventional way as shown in Figure 13. No damage to the part will occur. The part also endures a short to battery when powered by an isolated supply at a lower voltage as in Figure 14. In this case the CS8182 supply input voltage is set at 7 V when a short to battery (14 V typical) occurs on V_{OUT} which normally runs at 5 V. The current into the device (ammeter in Figure 14) will draw additional current as displayed in Figure 15.

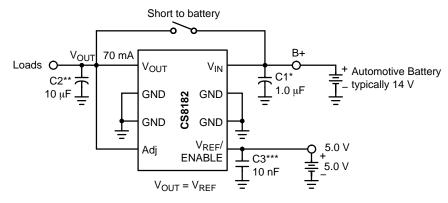


Figure 13.

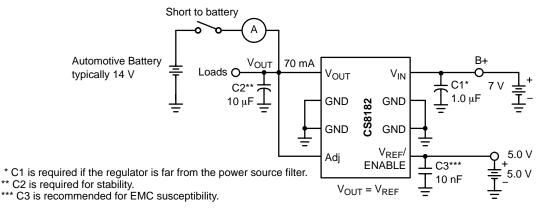


Figure 14.

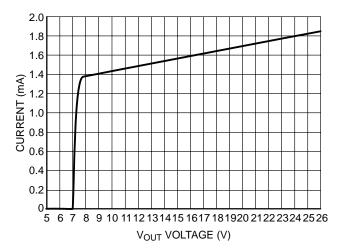


Figure 15. V_{OUT} Short to Battery

Switched Application

The CS8182 has been designed for use in systems where the reference voltage on the $V_{REF}/ENABLE$ pin is continuously on. Typically, the current into the $V_{REF}/ENABLE$ pin will be less than 1.0 μA when the voltage on the V_{IN} pin (usually the ignition line) has been switched out (V_{IN} can be at high impedance or at ground.) Reference Figure 16.

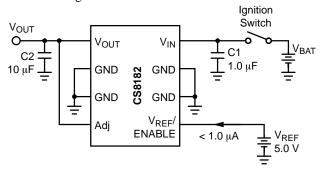


Figure 16.

External Capacitors

The output capacitor for the CS8182 is required for stability. Without it, the regulator output will oscillate. Actual size and type may vary depending upon the application load and temperature range. Capacitor effective series resistance (ESR) is also a factor in the IC stability. Worst–case is determined at the minimum ambient temperature and maximum load expected.

The output capacitor can be increased in size to any desired value above the minimum. One possible purpose of this would be to maintain the output voltage during brief conditions of negative input transients that might be characteristic of a particular system.

The capacitor must also be rated at all ambient temperatures expected in the system. To maintain regulator stability down to -40°C, a capacitor rated at that temperature must be used.

More information on capacitor selection for SMART REGULATOR®s is available in the SMART REGULATOR application note, "Compensation for Linear Regulators," document number SR003AN/D, available through our website at http://www.onsemi.com.

Calculating Power Dissipation in a Single Output Linear Regulator

The maximum power dissipation for a single output regulator (Figure 17) is:

$$PD(max) = \{V_{IN}(max) - V_{OUT}(min)\} I_{OUT}(max) + V_{IN}(max)I_{Q}$$
(1)

where:

 $V_{IN(max)}$ is the maximum input voltage,

V_{OUT(min)} is the minimum output voltage,

 $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize OUT(max)}}$ is the maximum output current, for the application,and

 I_Q is the quiescent current the regulator consumes at $I_{OUT(max)}. \label{eq:lower}$

Once the value of PD(max) is known, the maximum permissible value of $R_{\theta JA}$ can be calculated:

$$R_{\theta}JA = \frac{150^{\circ}C - T_{A}}{P_{D}}$$
 (2)

The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ can then be compared with those in the package section of the data sheet. Those packages with $R_{\theta JA}$'s less than the calculated value in equation 2 will keep the die temperature below 150°C.

In some cases, none of the packages will be sufficient to dissipate the heat generated by the IC, and an external heat sink will be required.

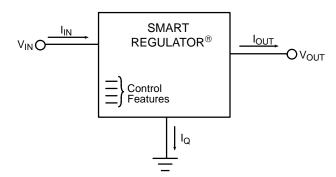


Figure 17. Single Output Regulator with Key Performance Parameters Labeled

Heatsinks

A heatsink effectively increases the surface area of the package to improve the flow of heat away from the IC and into the surrounding air.

Each material in the heat flow path between the IC and the outside environment will have a thermal resistance. Like series electrical resistances, these resistances are summed to determine the value of $R_{\theta IA}$.

$$R_{\theta}JA = R_{\theta}JC + R_{\theta}CS + R_{\theta}SA \tag{3}$$

where:

 $R_{\theta JC}$ = the junction-to-case thermal resistance,

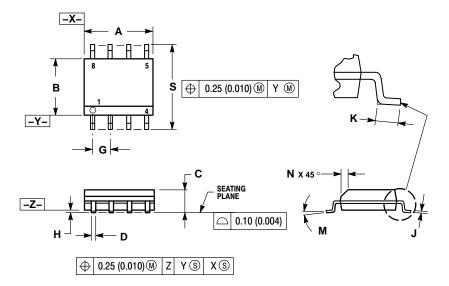
 $R_{\theta CS}$ = the case-to-heatsink thermal resistance, and

 $R_{\theta SA}$ = the heatsink-to-ambient thermal resistance.

 $R_{\theta JC}$ appears in the package section of the data sheet. Like $R_{\theta JA}$, it is a function of package type. $R_{\theta CS}$ and $R_{\theta SA}$ are functions of the package type, heatsink and the interface between them. These values appear in heat sink data sheets of heatsink manufacturers.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC-8 **DF SUFFIX** CASE 751-07 **ISSUE AB**



- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
 3. DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE
- 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
 5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
 6. 751-01 THRU 751-06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 751-07.

	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.197
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
С	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
D	0.33	0.51	0.013	0.020
G	1.27	7 BSC	0.05	0 BSC
Н	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
J	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010
K	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050
M	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °
N	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020
S	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT

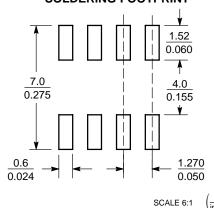
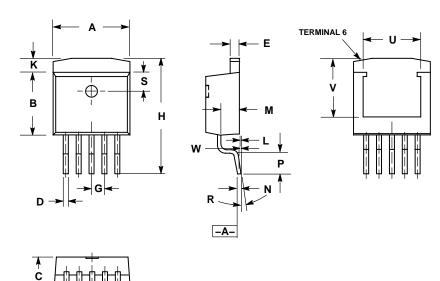


Figure 18. SOIC-8

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

D²PAK-5 **DP SUFFIX** CASE 936AC-01 ISSUE O



- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. PACKAGE OUTLINE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH AND METAL BURR.
 4. PACKAGE OUTLINE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING THICKNESS.
 5. FOOT LENGTH MEASURED AT INTERCEPT POINT BETWEEN DATUM A AND LEAD SURFACE.

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.396	0.406	10.05	10.31
В	0.330	0.340	8.38	8.64
С	0.170	0.180	4.31	4.57
D	0.026	0.036	0.66	0.91
E	0.045	0.055	1.14	1.40
G	0.06	0.067 REF		REF
Н	0.580	0.620	14.73	15.75
K	0.055	0.066	1.40	1.68
L	0.000	0.010	0.00	0.25
М	0.098	0.108	2.49	2.74
N	0.017	0.023	0.43	0.58
Р	0.090	0.110	2.29	2.79
R	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °
S	0.095	0.105	2.41	2.67
U	0.30 REF		7.62 REF	
٧	0.305 REF		7.7	'5 REF
W	0.010			0.25

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