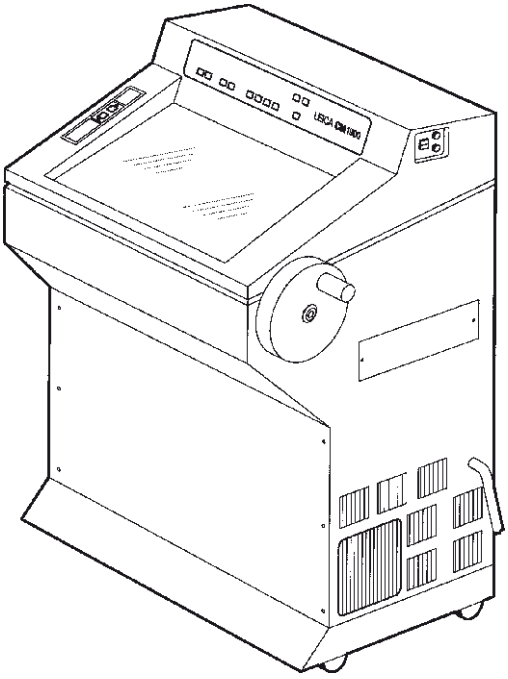


Leica CM1900

Cryostat

Instruction Manual

Leica CM1900 – V5.3 English - 10/2006

Always keep this manual near the instrument!
Read carefully prior to operating the instrument!

Leica
MICROSYSTEMS

The information, numerical data, notes and value judgments contained in this manual represent the current state of scientific knowledge and state-of-the-art technology as we understand it following thorough investigation in this field. We are under no obligation to update the present manual periodically and on an ongoing basis according to the latest technical developments, nor to provide our customers with additional copies, updates etc. of this manual.

For erroneous statements, drawings, technical illustrations etc. contained in this manual we exclude liability as far as permissible according to the national legal system applicable in each individual case. In particular, no liability whatsoever is accepted for any financial loss or consequential damage caused by or related to compliance with statements or other information in this manual.

Statements, drawings, illustrations and other information as regards contents or technical details of the present manual are not to be considered as warranted characteristics of our products. These are determined only by the contract provisions agreed between ourselves and our customers.

Leica reserves the right to change technical specifications as well as manufacturing processes without prior notice. Only in this way is it possible to continuously improve the technology and manufacturing techniques used in our products.

For the instrument serial number and year of manufacture, please refer to the name plate at the back of the instrument.

Leica Microsystems Nussloch GmbH
Heidelberger Str. 17 - 19
D-69226 Nussloch

Tel.: 0 62 24 - 143 0
Fax: 0 62 24 - 143 200
eMail: histo_info@leica-microsystems.com
Internet: http://www.histo-solutions.com

2. Table of contents

Unpacking and installation

- To ensure an adequate cooling capacity, the instrument must be set up maintaining a minimum distance from walls and furniture (see 'Technical data').
- The instrument must be transported in an upright position or slightly tilted (max. 30°).
- To ensure a safe transportation with a fork lift 3 people are required: one operating the fork lift, and the other 2 holding the instrument on either side to prevent it from sliding down.
- Before connecting to the mains power, please check if the local voltage complies with the power rating specified on the name plate of the instrument (see also 'Technical data')!
- Plug the instrument only to power sockets with ground!
- After transporting, wait at least 4 hours before turning the instrument on.

  This waiting period is necesssary to allow the compressor oil , which may have been displaced during transport, to return into its original position.

  Failure to comply with this will cause severe damage to the instruments!

Due to the weight of the instrument (170 kg) 4 people are required for transportation (2 people per handle).

Symbols used in this manual and their meaning

Warnings
appear in a gray box and are marked by a warning triangle ⚠

Notes
i.e. important user information appears in a gray box and is marked by an information symbol.

(5)
(Fig.5) **Figures in brackets refer to item numbers in drawings or to the drawings themselves.**

Microtome knives

- Take care when handling microtome knives and disposable blades. The cutting edge is extremely sharp and can cause severe injury!
- Never leave knives and knife holders with a knife/blade mounted lying around!
- Do not place a knife on a table with the cutting edge facing upward!
- Never try to catch a falling knife!
- Prior to manipulating the knife and specimen, or changing the specimen or knife, always lock the handwheel and cover the cutting edge with the knife guard!
- Always lock the handwheel and cover the cutting edge of the knife with the knife guard during breaks!
- Avoid contact with cold parts of the instrument as this can cause frostbite!

Cleaning and disinfection - Turning the instrument back on

It is not necessary to remove the microtome for disinfecting the cryochamber, however, removal is possible, if required!

- When disinfecting, please take appropriate protective measures (gloves, mask, protective clothing, etc.).
- When using detergents and disinfectants please comply with the safety precautions of the disinfectant manufacturer.
- Only use acetone for cleaning the plastic anti-roll plate of the knife holders CN and CS. The glass anti-roll plate of the knife holder CE can be cleaned either with acetone or alcohol.
- Dispose of waste liquid according to the waste disposal regulations!
- Do not use uncontrolled external heaters for drying the cryochamber. This can cause damage to the cooling system!
- Do not turn the instrument on before the cryochamber is completely dry!
  Frost formation!
- Dry all parts completely before reinserting them in the cryochamber!
- The front panel and the slit cover of the microtome must be completely dry before turning on the instrument!

Removal/Reinstallation of the microtome

- Prior to removing the microtome, turn the instrument off with the mains switch and pull the mains plug!
- Remove sliding window before removing the microtome!
- Before removing the microtome, lock the handwheel in the lowest position. When removing the microtome, the specimen head will rapidly fall down and might injure the operator's hands!
- The microtome must be entirely dry before reinstallation. Humidity inside will condense and freeze, causing malfunctions and damage!
- All components removed from the cryostat must be carefully dried before returning them to the cryochamber!
- The cooling chamber must be entirely dry when turning on the instrument (Frost formation)!
- When removing the microtome for cleaning or disinfection, please keep in mind the safety instructions in chapter 10 'Cleaning and Disinfection'.

Handling samples - Defrosting

- When working with possibly contaminated or infected material the general safety guidelines for laboratories must be applied!
- Before defrosting the cryochamber remove all samples!
- Before defrosting the specimen head remove all samples!
- Never leave samples in the cryochamber! - The instrument is not made for storing frozen specimen!

Maintenance

- Turn the instrument off with the mains switch and pull the mains plug, before replacing the fuses!
- Only use fuses of the same specification ! For the required values refer to chapter 4 'Technical Data'!
- Turn the instrument off with the mains switch and pull the mains plug before replacing the lamp!
- If the lamp is broken, it must be replaced by the technical service, as the replacement involves a high risk of injury!
- Only use lamps of the same specification! For the required type refer to chapter 4 'Technical Data'!

4. Technical data

Type	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6
Nominal voltage	230 V AC	120 V AC	230 V AC	240 V AC	100 V AC	100 V AC
Nominal frequency	50 Hz	60 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz
Power draw	1800 VA	1800 VA	1800 VA	1800 VA	1800 VA	1800 VA
Max. start-up current for 5 sec	25 A eff.	35 A eff.	25 A eff.	25 A eff.	30 A eff.	35 A eff.
Protective class	I	I	I	I	I	I
Mains fuses (MDA by Bussmann)	T8A	-	T8A	T8A	-	-
Automatic fuse	T10A T1	T15A T1	T10A T1	T10A T1	T15A M3	T15A M3
Pollution degree ②	2	2	2	2	2	2
Overvoltage installation category	II	II	II	II	II	II
Heat emission (max.)	1800 J/s	1800 J/s	1800 J/s	1800 J/s	1800 J/s	1800 J/s

Refrigeration	CM1900, 50 Hz	CM1900, 60 Hz
Cryochamber		
Temperature range	0 - -35 °C ± 3 K, at an ambient temperature of 22 °C	0 - -35 °C ± 3 K, at an ambient temperature of 22 °C
Refrigeration capacity ①	690 W	690 W
Cut-off pressure	25 bar	25 bar
Safety factor	3	3
Refrigerant*	275 g (± 5 g) refrigerant R 404A*	265 g (± 5 g) refrigerant R 404A*
Compressor oil*	0,6 l EMKARATE RL22S, ICI*	0,6 l EMKARATE RL22S, ICI*
Defrosting of cryochamber		
Automatic defrosting		
Programmable:	yes	yes
Defrosting intervals	1 defrost cycle/ 24 hours	1 defrost cycle/ 24 hours
Defrosting period:	9 minutes	9 minutes
Automatic stop of manual defrosting:	at -5 °C	at -5 °C
Manual defrosting		
Defrosting period:	9 minutes	9 minutes
Automatic stop of manual defrosting:	at -5 °C	at -5 °C
Quick freeze shelf		
Max. temperature:	- 43 °C (+ 0 K / - 2 K)	- 43 °C (+ 0 K / - 2 K)
Number of quick freeze stations:	10	10
Specimen cooling		
Temperature range	-10 - -50 °C ± 2 K, at an ambient temperature of 22 °C	-10 - -50 °C ± 2 K, at an ambient temperature of 22 °C
Refrigeration capacity ①	320 W	320 W
Cut-off pressure	25 bar	25 bar
Safety factor	3	3
Refrigerant*	210 g (± 5 g) refrigerant R404A*	210 g (± 5 g) refrigerant R404A*
Compressor oil*	0,4 l alpha 22, Kyodo*	0,4 l alpha 22, Kyodo*
Defrosting of specimen head		
Automatic defrosting	no	no
Manual defrosting		
Defrosting period:	10 minutes	10 minutes
Automatic stop of manual defrosting:	10 min. after reaching +20 °C	10 min. after reaching +20 °C

① acc. to CECOMAF: liquid temperature 45 °C, evaporation temperature: -25°C ② according to IEC-1010; UL 3101

Microtome

Type	Microtome encapsulated in the cryochamber
Section thickness setting	0 - 60 µm, infinitely variable
Specimen feed	25 mm
Knife holder repositioning on the microtome base plate	30 mm
Vertical stroke	59 mm
Specimen retraction	yes (US optional)
Maximum specimen size	Ø 40 mm

Cryostat

Dimensions	
Width (w/o handwheel)	790 mm
Width (incl. handwheel)	890 mm
Depth (cabinet only)	725 mm
Depth (cabinet incl. mains plug)	800 mm
Overall height	1200 mm
Working height	1000 mm
Weight (instrument only)	168 kg
Weight incl. accessories	170 kg

Set-up conditions

Distance to walls and furniture; calculated from the cabinet	rear:	10 cm
	right side:	20 cm
	left side:	10 cm

Plug the instrument only to power sockets with ground.

Mains cable length:	– 3,5 m
Extendable:	no

The installation site must be free of draft and insolation; the floor must be free from vibrations.

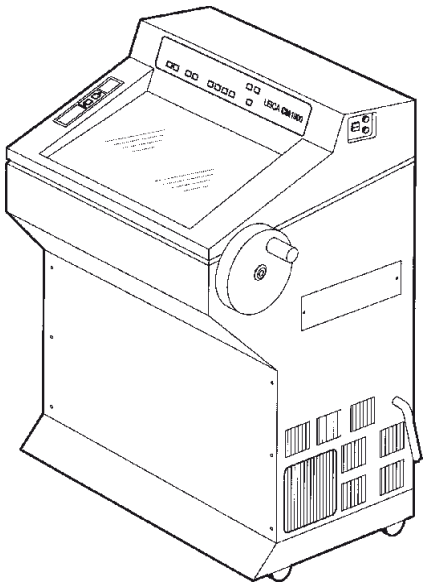
Lamp

50 Hz-Version:	Osram DULUX S 11 W/21
60 Hz-Version:	Osram DULUX S 13 W/21

Conditions

ambient temperature:	8 °C to 40 °C
Operating temperature range:	0 °C to -35 °C
Temperature range during storage:	+ 5°C to +55 °C
Relative humidity:	max. 60%, non-condensing
Humidity during storage:	< 60%

***) Refrigerant and compressor oil must only be replaced by authorized service personnel!**



5.1 Designed use/improper handling

The rapid sectioning cryostat CM1900 is provided with a fully encapsulated microtome with an independent specimen cooling system.
The cryostat CM1900 is appropriate for InVitro Diagnostic (IVD) applications.
The instrument may only be operated within the scope of its designated use as described above and as per the instructions given in this manual.
The instrument is CFC-free and is designed and manufactured according to VDE and UL regulations.

Samples must not be stored unattended in the cryostat for a long period since they could be destroyed in case of a power failure or malfunction of the instrument.
The cryochamber temperature can rise considerably during defrosting. Heat-sensitive samples must therefore be protected from exposure to elevated temperatures and removed prior to defrosting.
The instrument may only be used for the specified application and operated in accordance with the instructions given in this manual.
Any other use of this instrument is considered as improper operation!

5.2 Optional models

The following models are available:

- CM1900 with specimen retraction
- CM1900 without specimen retraction

Please, indicate type when ordering!

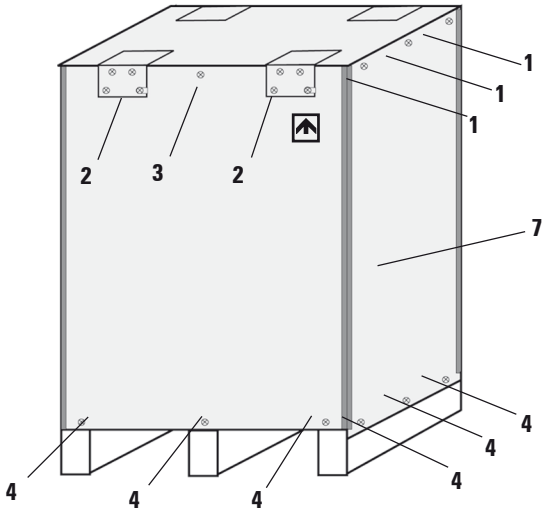
5.3 Standard delivery

1 Basic instrument
1 Handwheel, assy. 0416 18478
1 Heat extractor, stationary 0452 27918
1 Low-temperature stabilizer for heat extractor 0452 27919
1 Set of specimen discs 0470 43550
- 4 specimen discs, 25 mm 0416 19275
- 4 specimen discs, 30 mm 0370 08587
1 One-piece storage shelf 0452 28594
1 Freezing shelf cover 0452 28624
1 Brush shelf with holder 0452 28799
1 Section waste tray 0452 28595
1 toolkit: 0436 43463
- 1brush, fine 0183 28642
- 1 Leica-brush 0183 30751
- 1 Allen key, no. 1.5 ..... 0222 10050
- 1 Allen key, no. 2.5 ..... 0222 04137
- 1 Allen key, no. 3.0 ..... 0222 04138
- 1 Allen key, no. 4.0 ..... 0222 04139
- 1 Allen key with spherical head, no. 4.0 ..... 0222 32131
- 1 Allen key, no. 5 ..... 0222 04140
- 1 Allen key with handle, no. 5 ..... 0194 04760
- 1 Allen key, no. 6 ..... 0022 04141
- 1 Single-head wrench, no. 13 ..... 0330 33149
- 1 Single-head wrench, no. 16 ..... 0330 18595
1 Bottle of OCT-Compound, mounting med. f. cryosectioning, 125 ml 0201 08926
1 Bottle of cryostat oil, type 407, 50 ml 0336 06089
1 Storage mat 0452 27913
1 Pair of safety gloves for cryosectioning, size S 0340 40859
1 Instruction manual Leica CM1900 - G/E/F/S 0708 37105

Checking if the instrument has been transported correctly

Please check the TIP (N) TELL indicators immediately after arrival of the shipment. If the TIP (N) TELL Arrow Point is blue, this package has been on its side or tipped in transit.
Please note on the Bill of Lading and check for damage.

The same unpacking instructions are inside a transparent sheet, attached to the transport crate at arrival of the shipment.
The following unpacking instructions shall help you in case of packing or transporting the instrument once again.6.1



6.1 How to open the crate

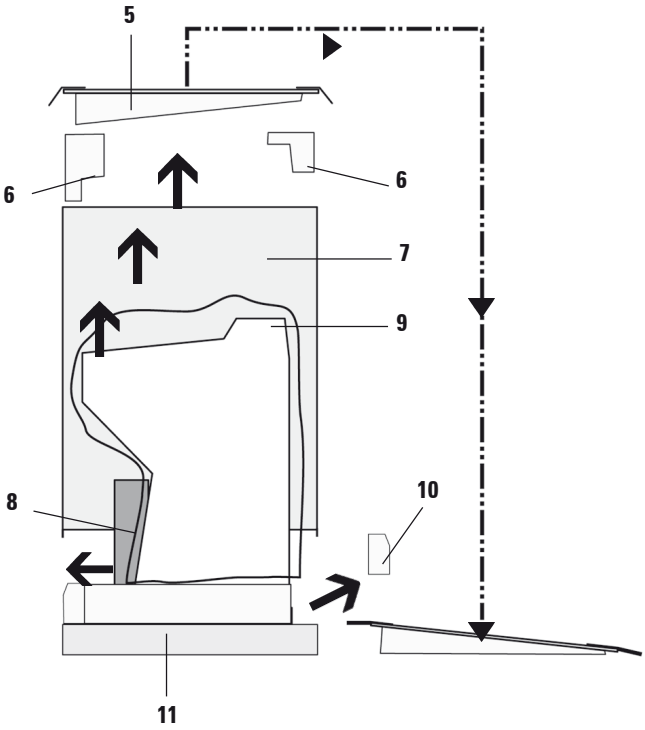
1. Loosen 3 screws **(1)** at the top of the two sides of the crate **(7)**.

2. Loosen 4 screws of the hinges **(2)** at the front and rear of the crate.

Do not loosen the screws of the hinges on the lid of the crate!

3. Loosen 1 screw **(3)** at the top between the two hinges at the front and rear of the crate.

4. Loosen 3 screws **(4)** at the bottom on each of the four sides of the crate.



6.2 How to remove the packing materia

1. Remove the lid **(5)** and place on the ground beside the transport platform **(11)** with the foam parts facing down.

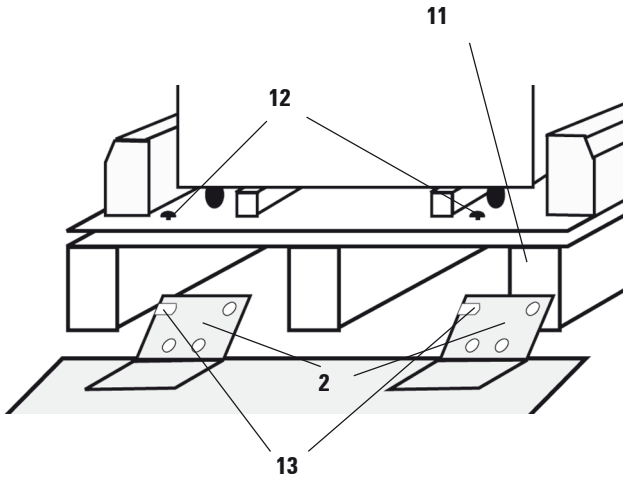
2. Remove the 4 foam parts **(6)**.

3. Lift the body of the crate **(7)** straight up.

4. Take out the cardboard box **(8)** containing the accessories and the instruction manual at the front of the instrument.

5. Remove the dust cover **(9)** by pulling it upward.

6. Remove the foam part **(10)** at the rear.

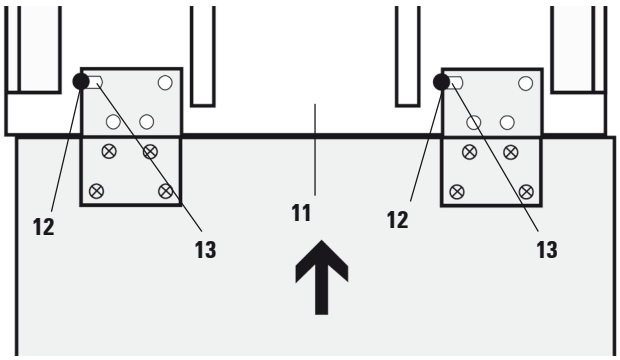


6.3 Mounting the ramp

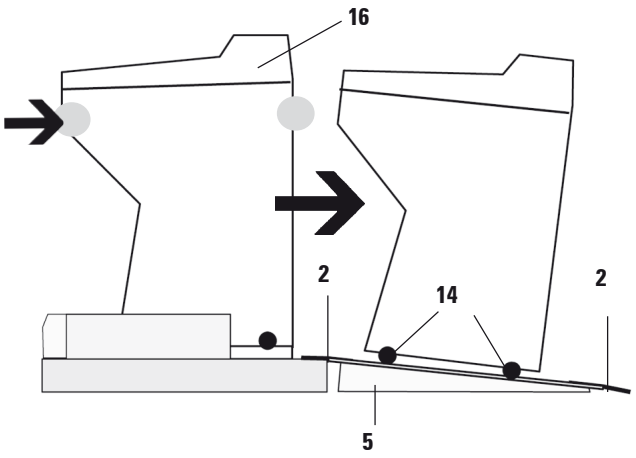
1. Upon removal of the foam part (**10**) 2 screws (**12**) become visible on the base platform.

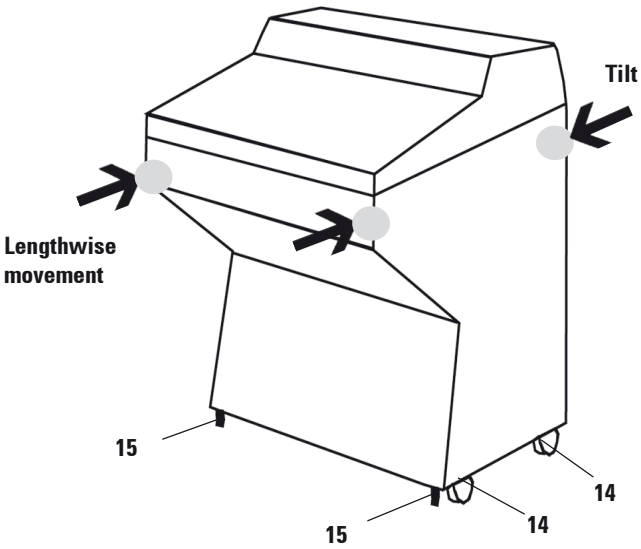
2. Fold down the hinges (**2**) at the rear and front.

3. Place the lid against the transport platform (**11**) from behind.
   The jogs (**13**) of the hinges (**2**) must point to the instrument.



4. Push the lid to the left sliding the jogs **(13)** of the hinges under the heads of the screws **(12)**.





6.4 Transport to the installation site

The instrument must be transported in an upright position or slightly tilted (max. 30°)!

- The lid (5) forms a ramp for the instrument so it can be rolled off the transport platform.

Do not grip the cabinet at the lid (16)! Grip the cabinet only at the marked locations (◯)!

The wheels (14) must be guided over the hinges (2) at the front and rear. Caution: Risk of tilting!

1. Roll the instrument backwards over the ramp off the platform **with caution.**

2. Move the instrument to the installation site on its wheels.

3. The adjustable feet (**15**) can support the weight of the instrument when tipped at a **slight** angle (max. 30°).

7. Installation

7.1 Site requirements

To ensure an adequate cooling capacity, the instrument must be set up maintaining a minimum distance from walls and furniture (see 'Technical data')!

The place of installation must meet the following requirements:

- No direct sunlight.
- Mains power socket at a distance no greater than appr. 3 m.
- No drafts (air condition outlets etc.).
- Even floor.
- Vibration-free floor.
- Only for indoore use.
- Obstruction-free access to the handwheel.
- Obstruction-free access to the ON/OFF switch.
- Room temperature always approx. 22 °C.
- Air humidity must not exceed 60 %.
- Distance to walls and furniture, calculated from the cabinet:
  - rear: 10 cm
  - right side: 20 cm
  - left side: 10 cm
- No heat dissipating appliances around.

High room temperatures and excessive air humidity affect the cooling capacity of the cryostat and lead to the formation of condensation water in the instrument!

7.2 Transport to the desired site - Relocation

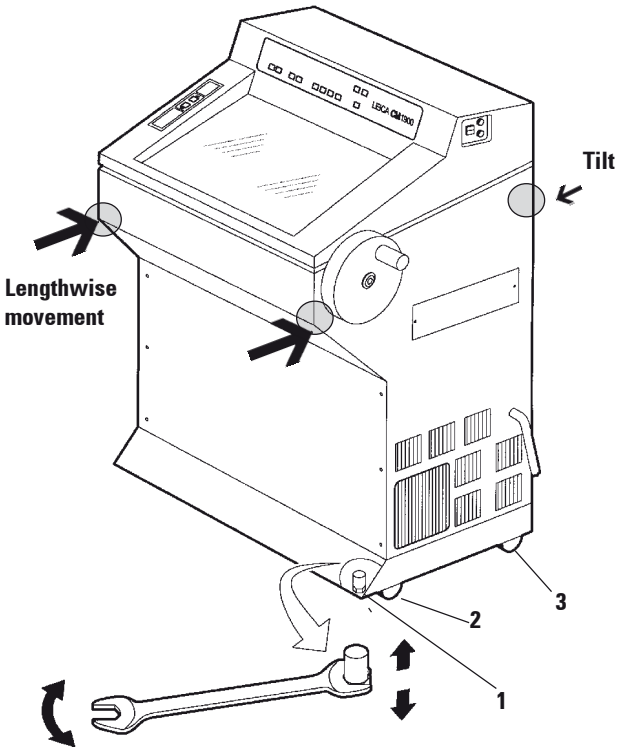
- First, check if the location meets the conditions specified in *'Site requirements'*.
- Transport the instrument to the desired location.
- Observe the following:

The instrument must be transported in an upright position or slightly tilted (max. 30°)!

Transport on wheels

- On even floors and for short distances the instrument can be transported on wheels. Before transportation, screw the adjustable feet (1) completely down with the open-end wrench no. 16.
- The instrument can be rolled lengthwise and slightly be tilted forward (see arrows). - Although the instrument cannot be rolled sideways, it can be pushed **carefully** in that direction.

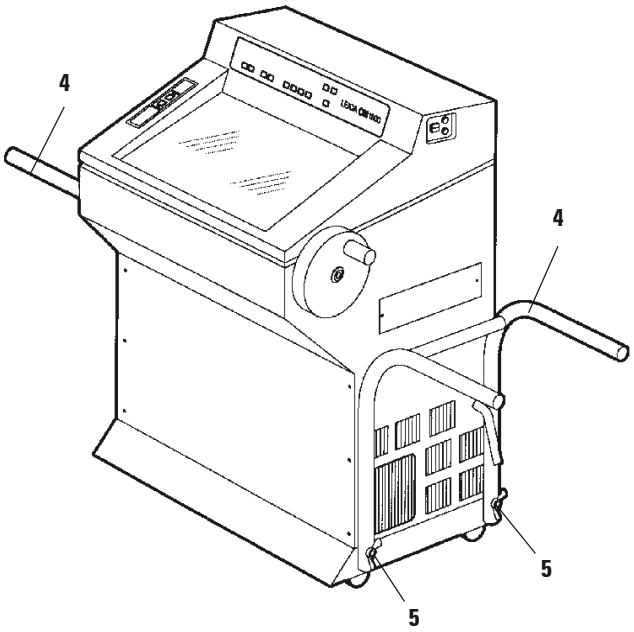
When tilting the instrument 2 people must counterbalance from the frontside to prevent the instrument from falling down and causing severe injury!



- When transporting the instrument on wheels **(2, 3)** grip the cabinet only at the marked locations (◯).
- The adjustable feet **(15)** can support the weight of the instrument when tipped at a **slight** angle (max. 30°).
  Unscrew the adjustable feet with the open-end wrench no. 16 (when subsequently transporting the instrument any further on wheels, do not forget to screw the adjustable feet down completely).

Transport with handles

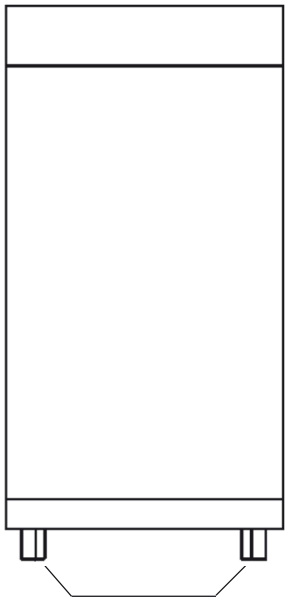
- For lifting or carrying the instrument manually (e.g. on stairs) you can use handles (**4**).
  Screw the handles into the threads (**5**) of the bottom plate at both sides of the cabinet.
- The handles can be ordered from your Leica Sales Unit.



Due to the weight of the instrument (170 kg) 4 people are required for transportation (2 persons per handle).

Transport with a fork lift

- The instrument can be transported with a fork lift.
- The distance 'a' for insertion between the wheels is max. 540 mm.

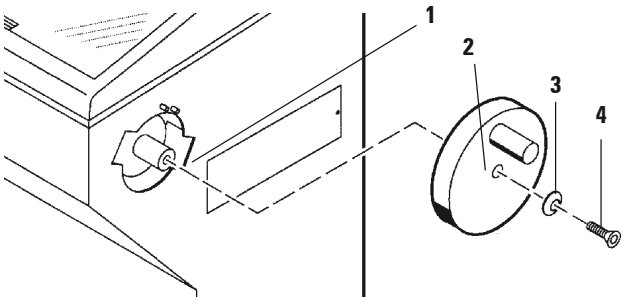


Distance for insertion
a = max. 540 mm

To ensure a safe transportation with a fork lift 3 people are required: one operating the fork lift, and the other 2 holding the instrument on either side to prevent it from sliding down.

- Unscrew the adjustable feet at the installation site (**1**) with the open-end wrench no. 16 (see Fig. page 16). This is absolutely necessary for a stable stand.

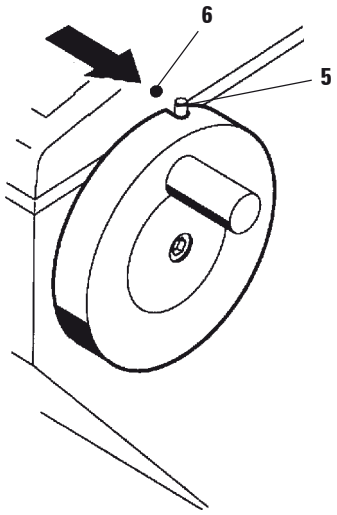
7.3 Assembly of the handwheel



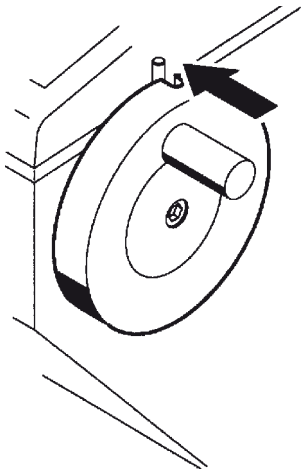
- Insert the pin **(1)** of the handwheel shaft into the hole **(2)** of the handwheel.
- Mount the spring washer **(3)** on the screw **(4)**.
- Tighten the screw **(4)** with an Allen key no. 6.

To dismount, proceed in reverse order.

7.4 Locking the handwheel

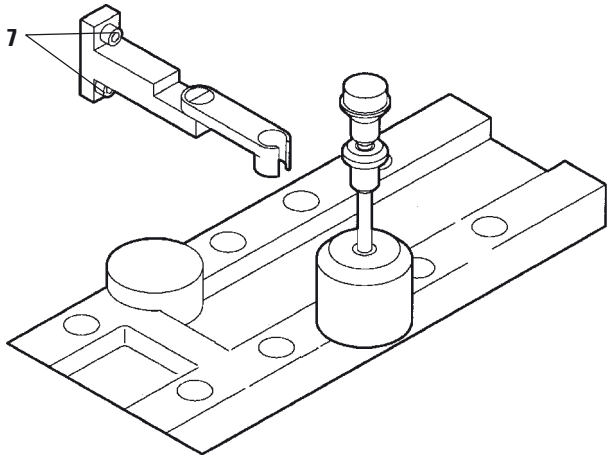


- For locking the handwheel rotate the handle until it is in the upper position. Push the locking pin **(5)** into the recess at the handwheel. The locking position is marked by a black dot **(6)**. If necessary, move the handwheel slightly forth and back until the locking mechanism engages.



- To unlock, push the locking pin (5) to the left from the recess at the handwheel.

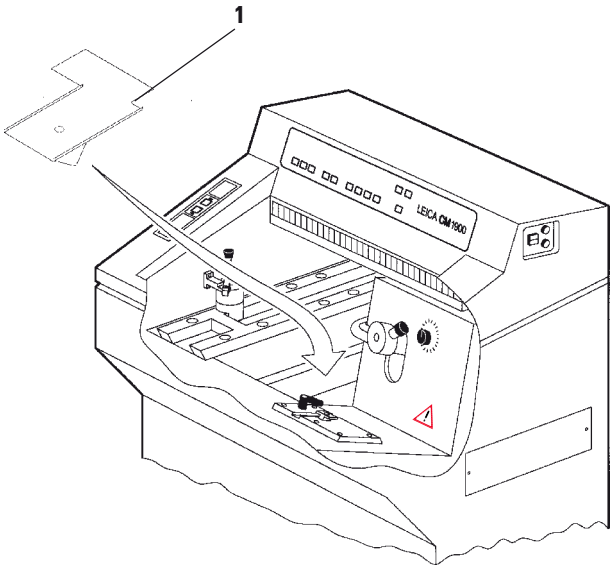
7.5 Mounting the heat extractor



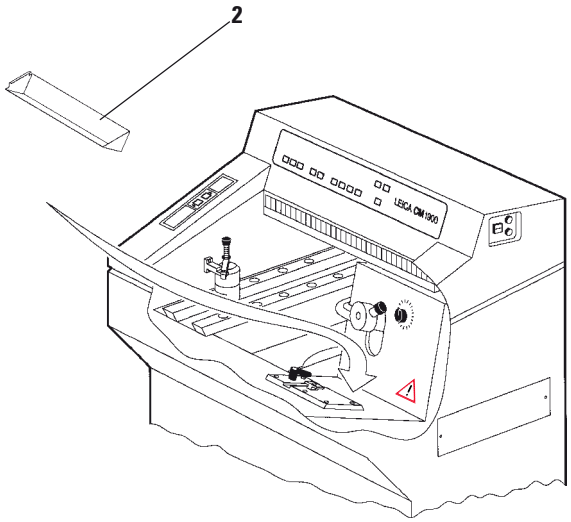
- Fix the holding device of the heat extractor by tightening the 2 screws (**7**) with the Allen key no. 4 to the threaded holes on the left sidewall of the cryochamber and insert the heat extractor.

7.6 Inserting the accessories

- Insert the storing shelf **(1)**.

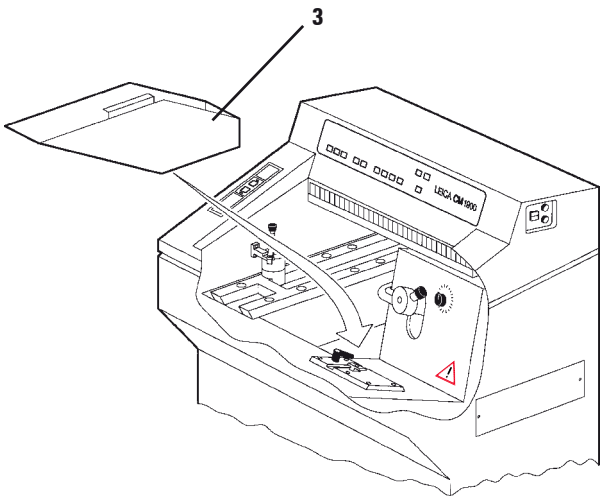


- Insert the rimmed section waste tray **(2)**.

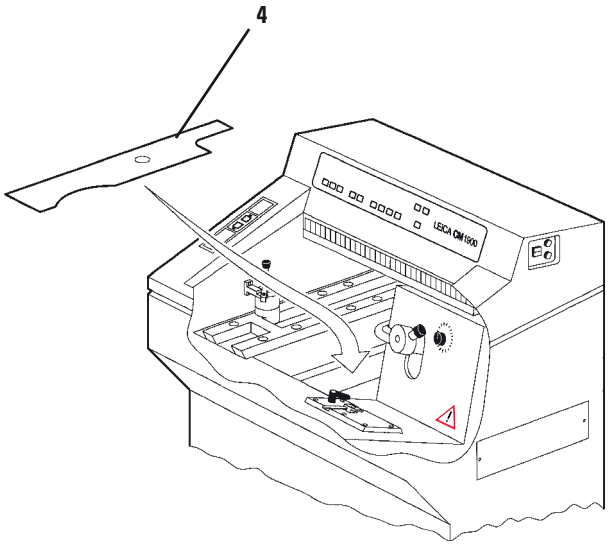


7.7 Inserting the optional accessories

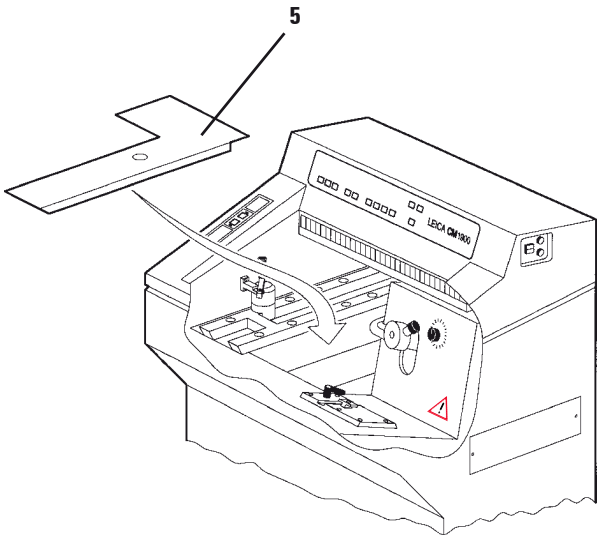
- Insert the waste container (**3**).



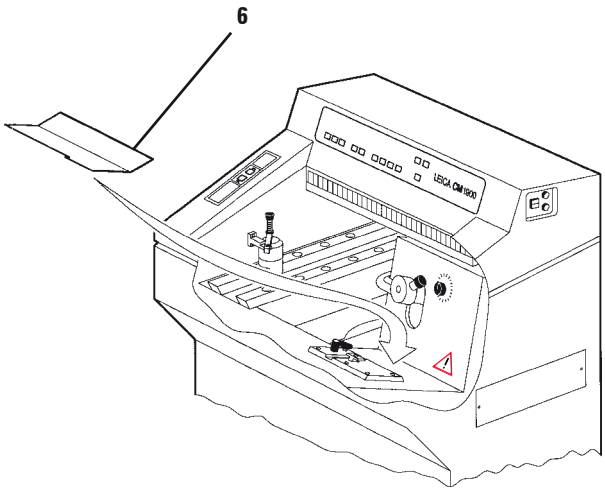
- Insert the right storage shelf (**4**).



- Insert the left storage shelf (**5**).

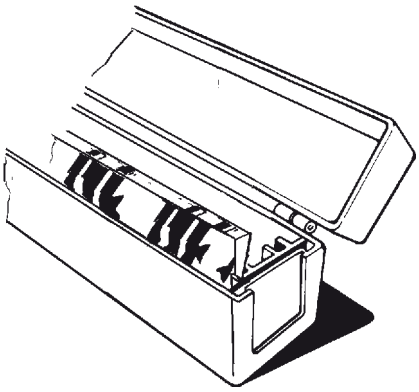


- Insert the section waste tray (6).



8.1 Precooling the knife

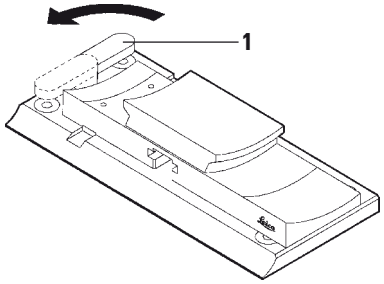
- To precool the knife put the open knife rest including the knife on the storage shelf inside the cryochamber.



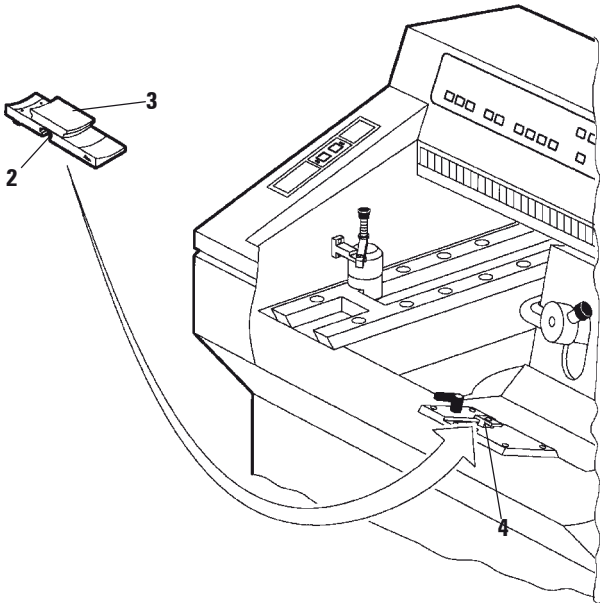
The knives are extremely sharp!
Handle with care!
Never try to catch a falling knife!

8.2 Installing the knife holder base

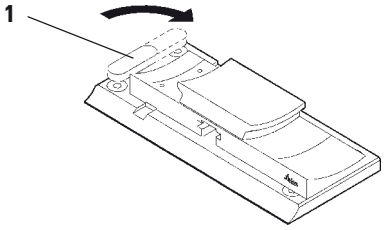
- To unlock relocate the lever to the front **(1)**.



- Slide the guide **(2)** of the knife holder base **(3)** onto the T-piece **(4)** of the microtome base plate as shown.



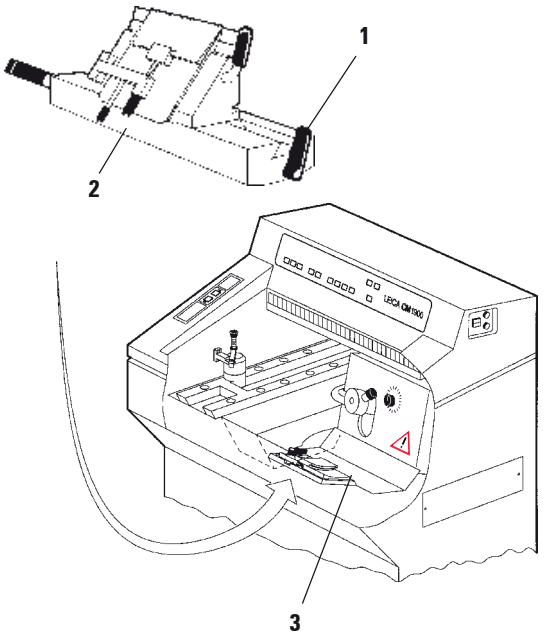
- To clamp relocate the lever **(1)** backwards.



- If the lever cannot be relocated entirely for clamping, lift it up and shift it to the next position.

8.3 Inserting the knife holder

- To insert the knife holder, unlock the lever **(1)** turning it upward, slightly to the rear.
- Insert the knife holder (**2**) onto the knife holder base (**3**) as shown.



- To clamp, turn the lever **(1)** forward.

8.4 Connection to the mains

During the start-up of the compressor the nominal voltage must not drop below the values specified in the 'Technical Data'.
Please note that the compressor requires a start-up current between 30 and 40 A.
Therefore, the electric circuit at the installation site must be inspected by an electrical engineer to ensure that it meets the requirements for a troublefree operation of the instrument.
Failure to comply with the above will cause severe damage to the instrument!

- Check mains voltage and mains frequency to comply with the specification on the type plate.

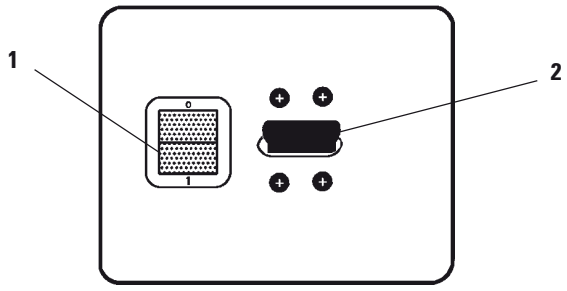
Plug the instrument only to power sockets with ground!

- Do not connect other consumers to this electric circuit.
- Connect the mains plug to the mains power outlet at the wall.

After transporting, wait at least 4 hours before turning the instrument on.
This waiting period is necessary to allow the compressor oil, which may have been displaced during transport, to return to its original position.
Failure to comply with this can cause severe damage to the instrument!

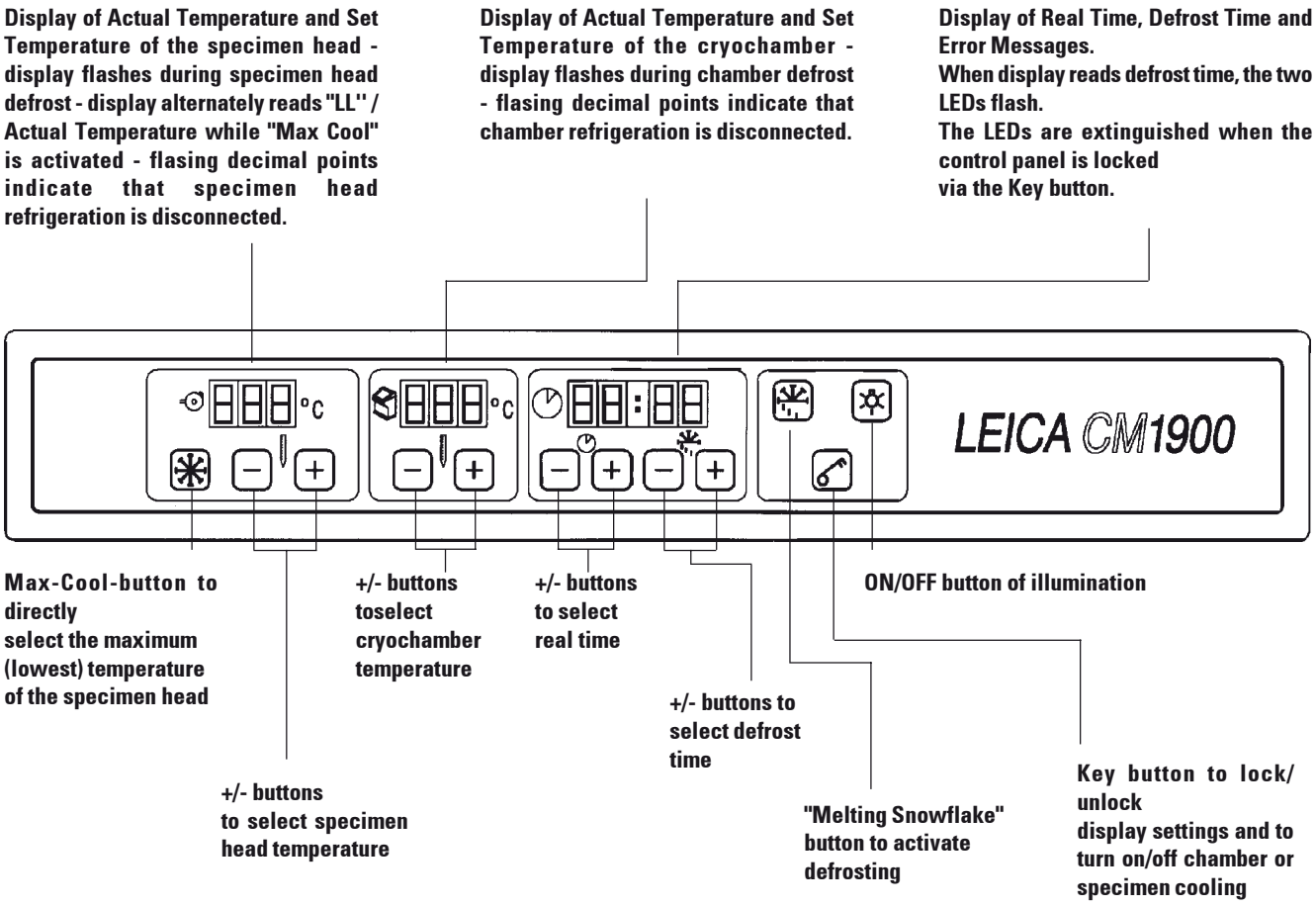
8.5 Turning on the instrument

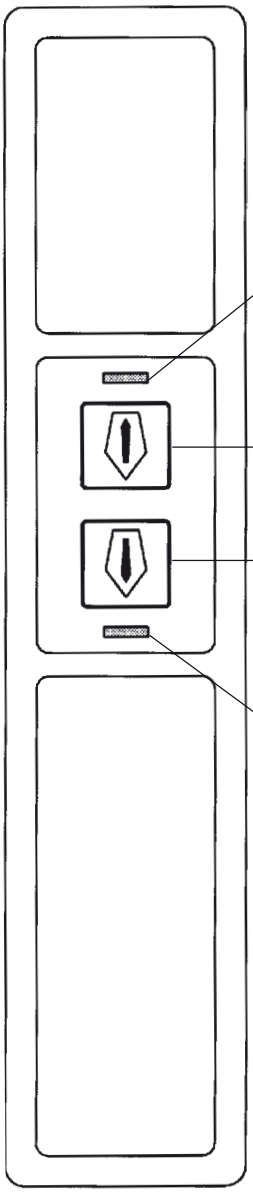
- ON/OFF switch must be easily available.
- The automatic mains fuse is used as mains switch.
- Bring the switch of the automatic fuse **(2)** to the upper position.
- Turn on the mains switch **(1)**.
- Close the sliding window.



To avoid frost formation always put the cover on the quick freeze shelf.
Always cover the quick freeze shelf during breaks and overnight.

8.6 Leica CM1900 – Overview

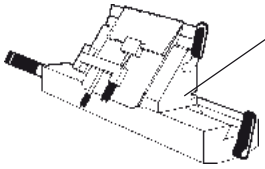




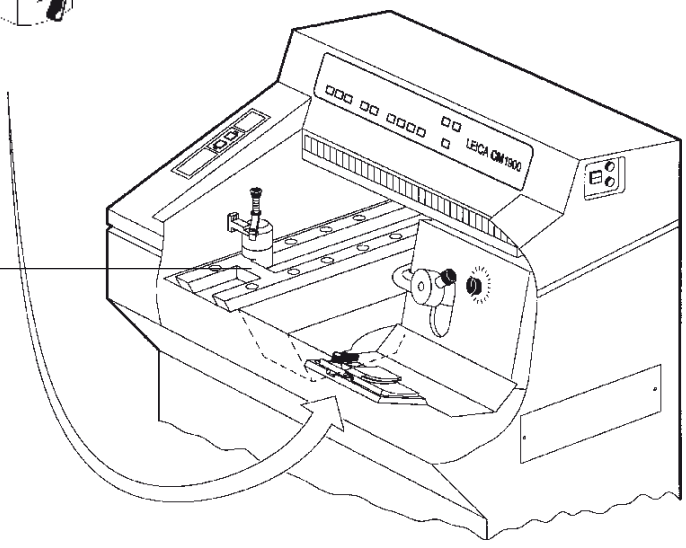
Luminous indication (LED) - flashes while coarse feed is in motion and and lights up when the specimen head has reached its rear limit position

Coarse Feed buttons, (Arrow buttons) on the left of the cryochamber.
To move the specimen head rapidly towards the knife (lower button) or away from the knife (upper button).

Luminous indication (LED) - lights up when the specimen head has reached its front limit position



Mounting the knife holder onto the knife holder base

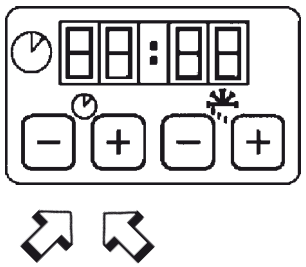


Quick freezing shelf, with heat extractor and low-temperature stabilizer

8.7 Programming the desired values

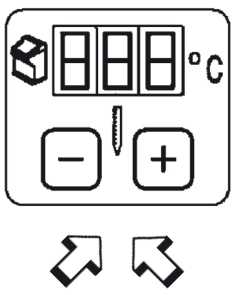
Turning the lamp on and off

- Turn the lamp on or off.



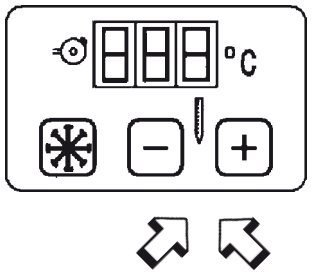
Setting the time

- Set the time.
- The actual time is set with the +/- buttons in the control panel marked with the clock symbol.
  When pushing the + or - button for more than 1 s, the time value increases or decreases continuously (Autorepeat-function).



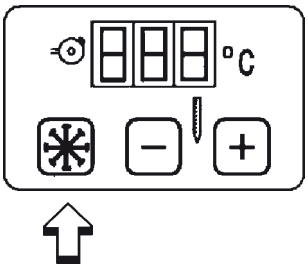
Programming the temperature of the cryochamber

- Select the desired temperature of the cryochamber.
- The temperature of the cryochamber is set and indicated on the control panel marked with the cryostat symbol.
  The actual temperature is the standard indication.
  For indication of the desired value, touch the + or - button.
  Set the desired value via the + / - buttons. When pushing the + or - button for more than 1 s, the chamber temperature value increases or decreases continuously.
  The actual value will be indicated 5 seconds after finishing the programming.



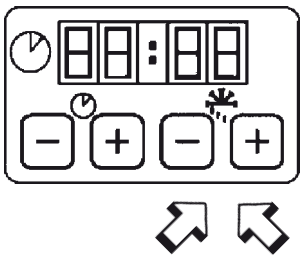
Programming the specimen temperature

- Select the desired temperature of the specimen.
- The specimen temperature is set and indicated on the control panel marked with the specimen head symbol.
  The actual temperature is the standard indication.
  For indication of the desired value, touch the + or - button.
  Set the desired value via the + / - buttons. When pushing the + or - button for more than 1 s, the specimen temperature value increases or decreases continuously.
  The actual value will be indicated 5 seconds after finishing the programming.



Specimen temperature - 'Max-Cool' function

- The snowflake button for the 'Max-Cool'-function is in the panel with the specimen head symbol.
  Push the button for programming the lowest temperature possible of the specimen head (-50 °C).
- Push the snowflake button again for stopping the 'Max-Cool'-function.
  The temperature adjusts to the value programmed prior to activating the 'Max-Cool'-function.
- Alternate flashing of 'LL' and actual temperature indicates activation of the 'Max-Cool'-function.



Programming the defrost cycle

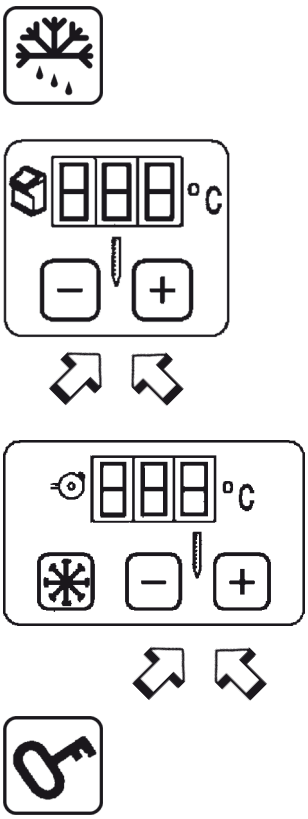
- Set the beginning of the automatic defrost cycle. The automatic defrost cycle is activated once in 24 hours.
  It is set with the + /- buttons on the right of the panel with the clock symbol. The buttons are marked by a melting snowflake.
- Touch the + or -button for indication of the beginning of the defrost cycle which has actually been set. At the same time, the LEDs between the indication of hours and minutes are flashing.
- To change the beginning of the defrost cycle in steps of 15 minutes push the + or -button. When pushing the + or - button for more than 1 s, the defrost time value increases or decreases continuously.

Before starting the defrost cycle remove all samples from the cryochamber!

- When activating the automatic defrost cycle the specimen head temperature adjusts to a temperature between -10°C and -5°C (reduced ice formation). The specimen head cooling turns off. This is confirmed by the flashing of the decimal points on the panel for the specimen cooling. The specimen cooling turns automatically back on after 4 hours, once the chamber temperature varies by less than 5 K from the set temperature.

- **If you want to turn the specimen cooling back on manually before the automatic activation sets in, push the + or - button on the panel for the specimen cooling and then the key button.**

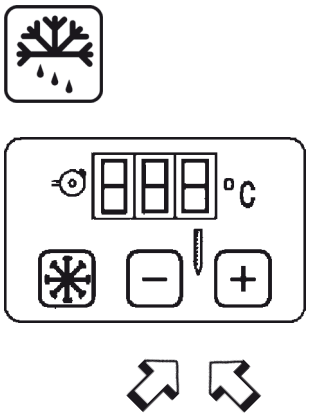
- The temperature of the specimen cooling first raises to +10°C and then adjusts to the programmed specimen temperature.



Before defrosting the cryochamber remove all samples!

Manual defrosting of the cryochamber

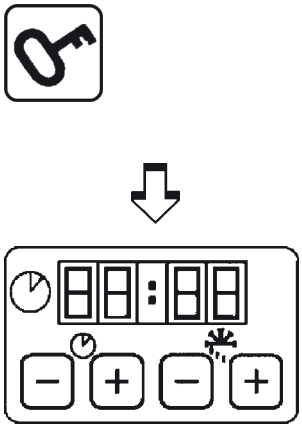
- Push the manual defrost button (with the melting snowflake) on the left over the key button to activate the defrost cycle of the cryochamber on demand.
- Activation is confirmed by an audible signal.
- Then, push + or - button on the panel for the cryochamber temperature.
- The manual defrost cycle (9 min.) is activated.
- There is a flashing indication of the temperature of the cryochamber during the whole defrost cycle.
- If necessary, push the manual defrost button on the panel for the cryochamber temperature.
- When activating the manual defrost cycle the specimen head temperature adjusts to a temperature between -10°C and -5°C (reduced ice formation). The specimen head cooling turns off. This is confirmed by the flashing of the decimal points on the panel for the specimen cooling.
- Ten seconds after the manual defrost cycle has been completed, the specimen cooling turns back on.



Before defrosting the specimen head remove all samples!

Manual defrosting of the specimen cooling

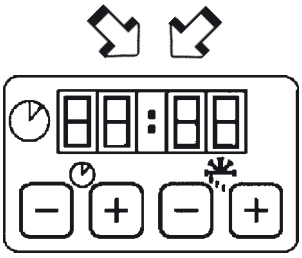
- Push the manual defrost button (with the melting snowflake) on the left over the key button to activate the defrost cycle of the specimen head.
- Activation is confirmed by an audible signal.
- Then, push + or - button on the panel for the specimen temperature.
- There is a flashing indication of the specimen temperature during the whole defrost cycle.
- For 10 minutes the specimen head is adjusted to a temperature of 20°C and 30°C.
- Subsequently, the instrument adjusts to the specimen temperature which has been programmed prior to the manual defrost cycle.
- If necessary, push the manual defrost button again to deactivate the manual defrost cycle.



Display lock

- Push the key button for 5 seconds to protect the programmed values against unintended alterations. The programmed values cannot be modified after having pushed the key button.
- Push the key button once more for 5 seconds to unlock the display.
- When the display is locked, the LEDs between the hour and minute indication on the time panel are turned off.

- Key button is also used for turning on/off the chamber and specimen cooling:
  For this purpose, push the + or - button of the corresponding panel and subsequently press the key button.



Error messages

- The display indicates the following malfunctions.
  Error code E 001:
  Temperature limit error or breaking of the temperature sensor of the specimen cooling system.
  Error code E 011:
  Temperature limit error or breaking of the temperature sensor of the cryochamber cooling system.

- If the instrument is being exposed to temperatures of more than +35 °C over a long period, e. g. during transportation a temperature limit error may be indicated.
  This error message disappears as soon as the instrument has reached a temperature lower than 35 °C.
  If the error message does not disappear, call the technical service.

Never leave samples in the cryochamber! - The instrument is not made for storing frozen specimen!

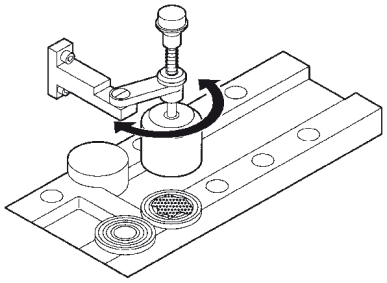
Unfixed samples used in cryostats must always be considered as possibly contaminated! Ensure that the appropriate disinfection methods are applied (see 'Cleaning and Disinfection')!

9.1 Selection of the adecuate chamber temperature

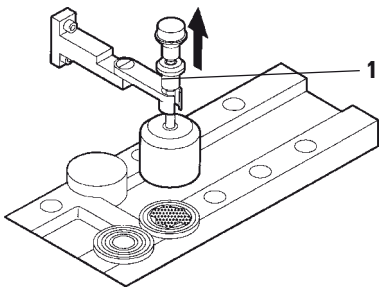
- For choosing the adecuate chamber temperature, see the temperature chart on page 50.

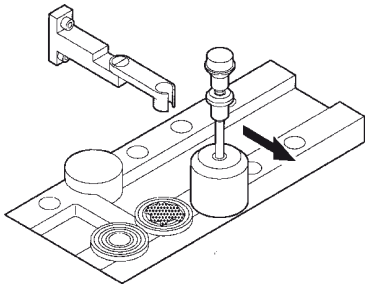
9.2 Specimen freezing

- Freeze the specimen on the quick freeze shelf onto the specimen disc.
- Place the heat extractor onto the specimen to speed up the freezing process.

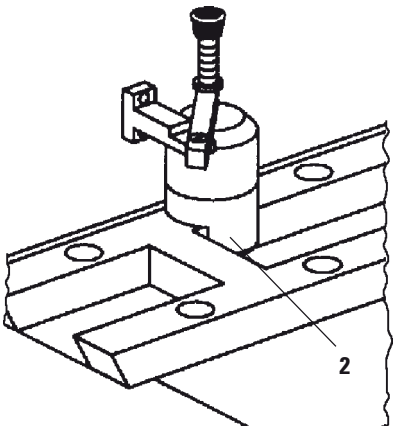


- Rotate the heat extractor to place it on the three freezing stations within reach.
  To place the heat extractor onto one of the other freezing stations, lift the ring **(1)**, remove the heat extractor from the fixing device and put it on the desired station.





- After freezing the specimen insert the heat extractor back in the fixing device and place it in its original position on the low-temperature stabilizer (**2**).
- The low-temperature stabilizer cools down the heat extractor to the lowest temperature possible, thus ensuring maximum performance when freezing specimen.



9.3 Activating / deactivating the specimen cooling

- The specimen cooling is activated by subsequently pushing the + or - button in the control panel for specimen cooling and the key button.
- Deactivation of the specimen cooling is done in the same way.

To activate / deactivate the specimen or cryochamber cooling you must push the relevant buttons subsecuently. Do not push simultaneously!

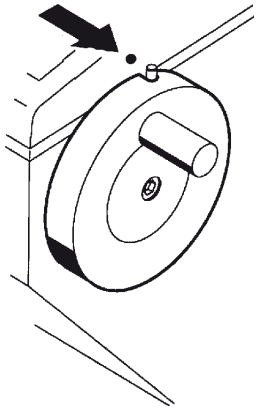
9.4 Activating / deactivating the cryochamber cooling

- The chamber cooling is activated by subsequently pushing the + or - button in the control panel for
- Deactivation of the chamber cooling is done in the same way.

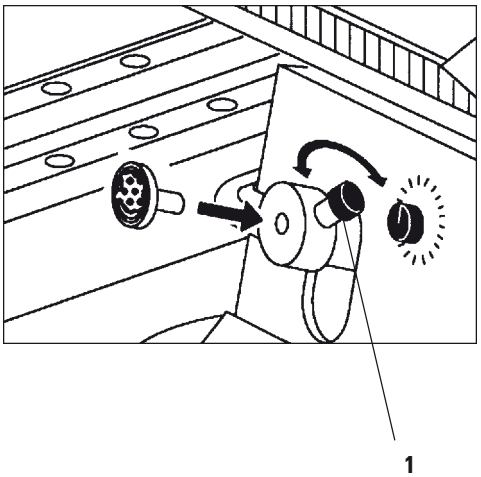
9.5 Inserting the specimen discs in the specimen head

Prior to manipulating the knife and specimen, or changing the specimen or knife, always lock the handwheel and cover the cutting edge with the knife guard!

- First, lock the handwheel.
  Bring the handle to the upper position. The locking pin must meet the black mark on the cabinet.
- Push the locking pin into the recess at the handwheel.
- To control if the locking mechanism has engaged try to move the handwheel slightly back and forth.



- Insert the specimen disc in the specimen head.
- Loosen the screw (**1**) on the specimen head turning it counterclockwise, insert the specimen disc and retighten the screw.



9.6 Inserting the knife in the knife holder

- Insert and clamp the precooled knife/blade in the knife holder.
  For further details please refer to the separate instruction manual for your knife holder.

Take care when handling microtome knives and disposable blades. The cutting edge is extremely sharp an can cause severe injury!

Never leave knives and knife holders with a knife/blade mounted lying around!

Do not place a knife on a table with the cutting edge facing upward!

Never try to catch a falling knife!

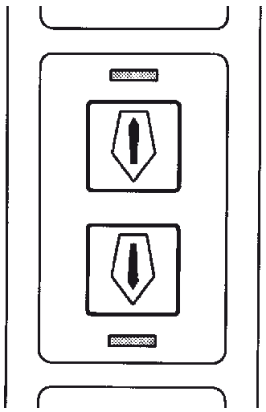
Prior to manipulating the knife and specimen, or changing the specimen or knife, always lock the handwheel and cover the cutting edge with the knife guard!

Always lock the handwheel and cover the cutting edge of the knife with the knife guard during breaks!

Avoid contact with cold parts of the instrument as this can cause frostbite!

9.7 Moving the specimen towards or away from the knife via coarse feed

- Push the coarse feed buttons, situated on the left upper side of the cabinet, to move the specimen towards or away from the knife.
  The upper coarse feed button automatically retracts the specimen from the knife, the lower button moves the specimen toward the knife.

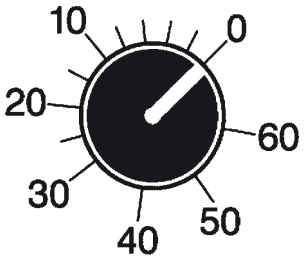


- Only touch the upper coarse feed button slightly to retract the specimen from the knife. The specimen cylinder automatically moves to the rear limit.
  The return movement can be stopped by pressing one of the coarse feed buttons.
- The forward movement only operates as long as the button is pressed. (This is a safety feature to protect both specimen and knife from damage!)

Always observe the specimen during the forward movement, thus avoiding that specimen and knife collide by mistake!
A collision can cause severe damage both to the knife and to the specimen and the specimen disc!

9.8 Trimming

- When the specimen has been moved towards the knife it can be trimmed to the required sectioning plane.
  The section thickness can be adjusted by turning the knob on the right beside the specimen cylinder.



- Start sectioning after having finished trimming or having reached the appropriate section thickness.

9.9 Adjustment of the anti-roll guide

- Adjust the anti-roll guide to the knife holder before sectioning.

- Adjust the anti-roll guide correctly.
  For further details of adjusting the anti-roll guide please refer to the instruction manual for knife holders.

Attention: The glass anti-roll plate of the knife holder CE; CN and CE-TC can be cleaned either with acetone or alcohol.

9.10 Sectioning

- When sectioning, make sure that the section smoothly slides down between the anti-roll plate and the knife or the pressure plate of the knife holder.

- There are two different methods of taking sections:

- 1. Applying the section onto a warm slide:
  Fold back the anti-roll plate and carefully approach a slide of room temperature to the section.
  The section 'flies' onto the slide and adheres tightly to the slide's surface.
  Unfortunately, it is not possible to orientate the section subsequently on the slide.

- 2. Applying the section onto a precooled slide:
  Place the section with a smooth brush on a slide which has been cooled down to the temperature of the cryochamber.
  Unfortunately, the section does not lay smoothly on the slide and must be smoothed with a brush.
  When using a precooled slide, always warm it with your hand from the bottom side after the specimen has been placed smoothly on it, thus making sure that the section adheres tightly to it and does not slide down when going on with preparation (e. g. staining).

Take care when sectioning. The cutting edge of the knife is not covered!

10.1 Cleaning and disinfection

The microtome is encapsulated splash-proof in the cryochamber. Thus, spray disinfection with Leica Cryofect is possible.

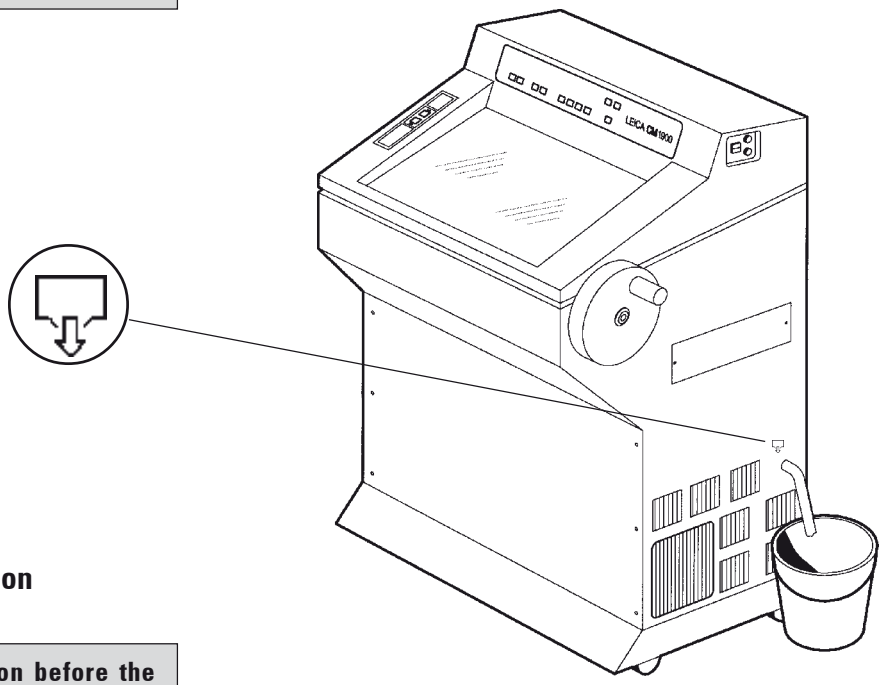
When disinfecting, please take appropriate protective measures (gloves, mask, protective clothing, etc.).

When using detergents and disinfectants please comply with the safety precautions of the disinfectant manufacturer.

Only use acetone for cleaning the plastic anti-roll plate of the knife holder CN. The glass anti-roll plate of the knife holder CE can be cleaned either with acetone or alcohol.

Do not use uncontrolled external heaters for drying the cryochamber. This can cause damage to the cooling system!

- Turn off the instrument and wait until the cryochamber has room temperature.
- **The microtome is encapsulated splash-proof in the cryochamber. Thus, it is not necessary to remove it for disinfection.**
- Spray disinfection is possible.
- Before disinfecting, put an appropriate vessel underneath the marked hose connection on the right-hand side of the cabinet (see below).
- Drain the cleaning liquid through the hose after the prescribed reaction time by pulling the stopper.
- Dispose of the waste liquid according to the waste disposal regulations.



10.2 Turning the instrument back on

Do not turn the instrument on before the cryochamber is completely dry!
Frost formation!

The front panel and the slit cover of the microtome must be completely dry before turning on the instrument!

Dry all parts completely before reinserting them in the cryochamber!

- The stopper must be plugged to the hose again!

11. Removal of the microtome

11.1 How to remove the microtome:

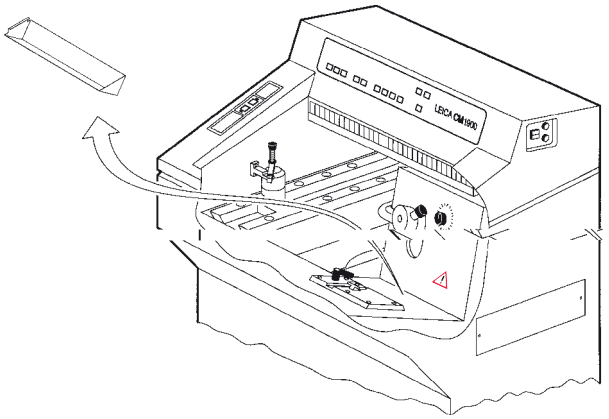
It is not necessary to remove the microtome for disinfecting the cryochamber.

Prior to removing the microtome, turn the instrument off with the mains switch and pull the mains plug!

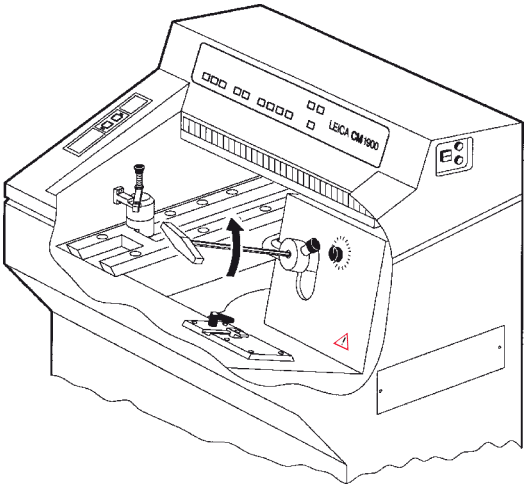
Remove the sliding window before removing the microtome (see at page 41)!

Before removing the microtome, lock the handwheel in the lowest position. When removing the microtome, the specimen head will rapidly fall down and might injure the operator's hands!

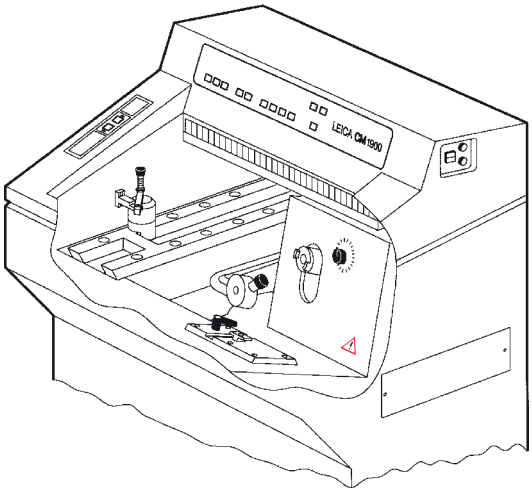
1. Remove the section waste tray .



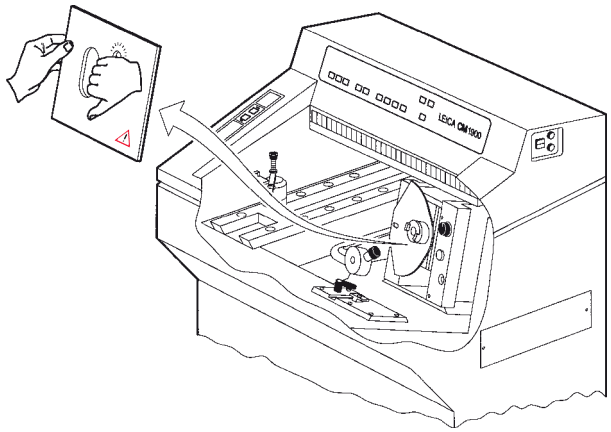
2. Loosen the specimen head turning the Allen key no. 5. counterclockwise.



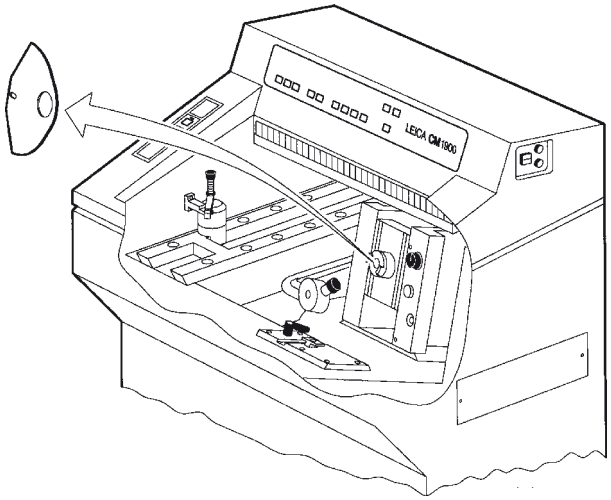
3. Pull out the specimen head carefully and place it on the storage shelf which is on the left of the microtome.



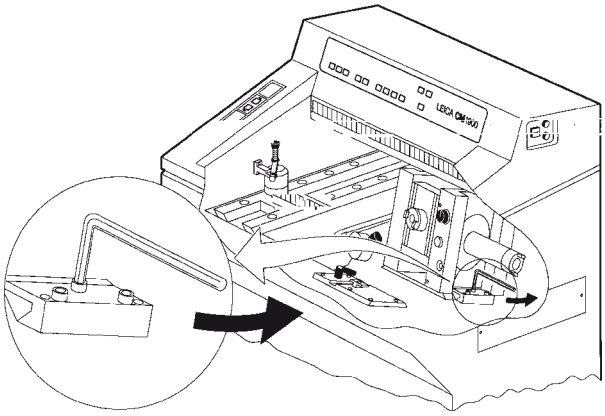
4. Hold the front panel of the microtome as shown (seizing the border with your left hand and the opening with your right hand) and take it out.



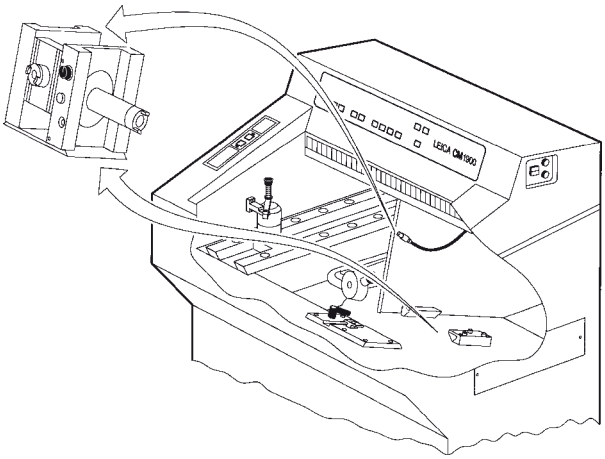
5. Take out the semicircular slit cover.



6. Loosen the central screw with the Allen key no. 5.



7. Pull the microtome forward until the cable becomes reachable.
   Disconnect the cable and pull the microtome out of the guidance and remove it from the cryochamber.
   Keep in mind that the microtome is heavy!



12. Reinstallation of the microtome

12.1 How to return the microtome to the cryochamber

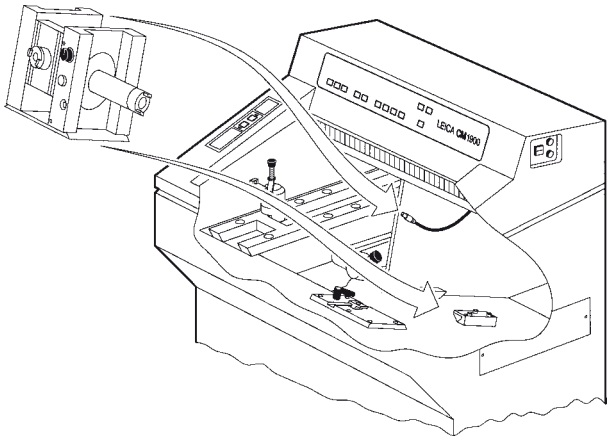
The microtome must be entirely dry before reinstallation. Humidity inside will condense and freeze, causing malfunctions and damage!

Dry all parts completely before reinserting them in the cryochamber!

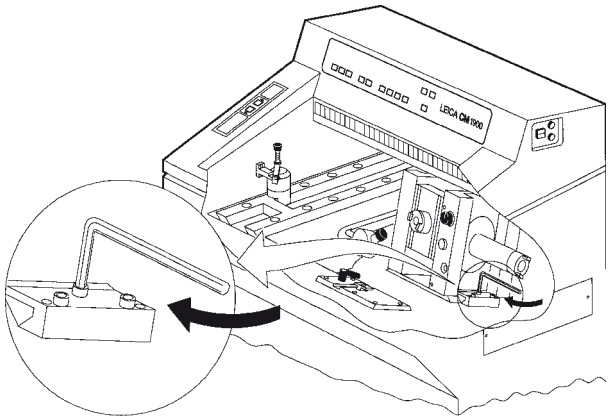
The cooling chamber must be entirely dry when turning on the instrument (Frost formation)!

When removing the microtome for cleaning or disinfection, please keep in mind the safety instructions in chapter 10 'Cleaning and Disinfection'.

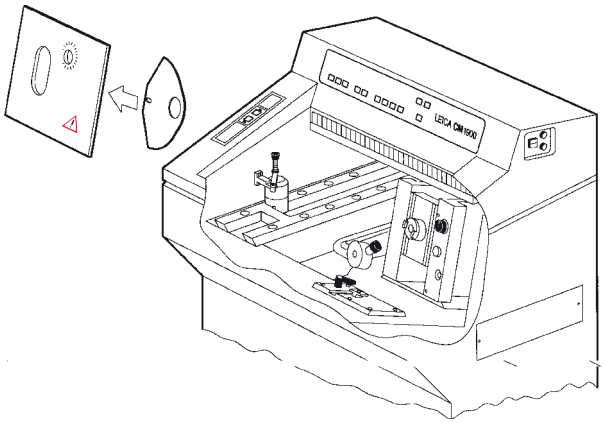
1. Insert the microtome in the cryochamber. Connect the cable before pushing the microtome completely back.



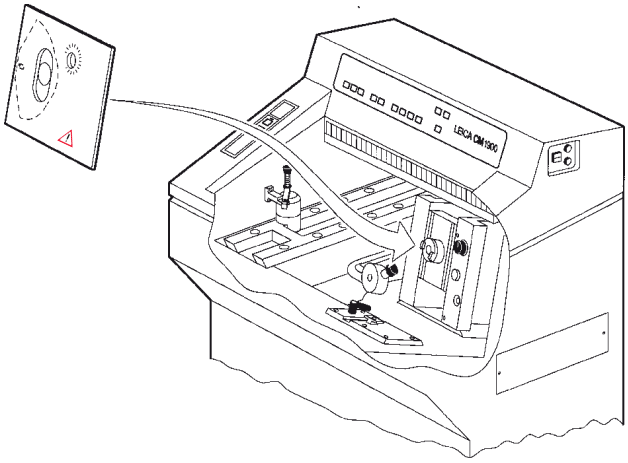
2. While pressing the microtome against the left guidance tighten the central screw with the Allen key no. 5.



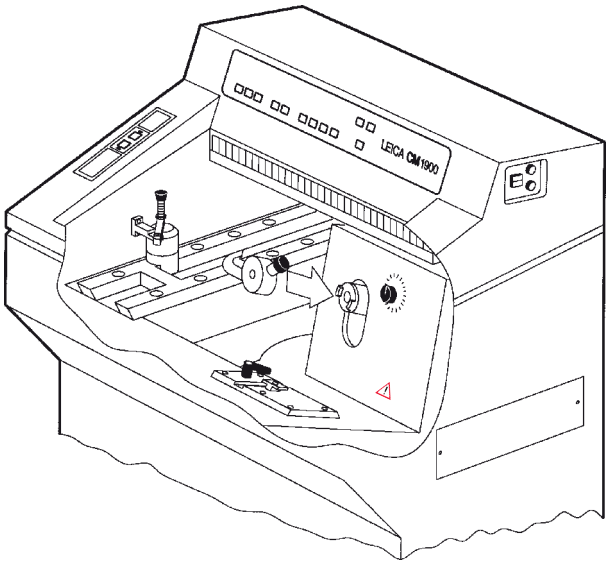
3. Mount the semicircular slit cover from behind on the front panel of the microtome.



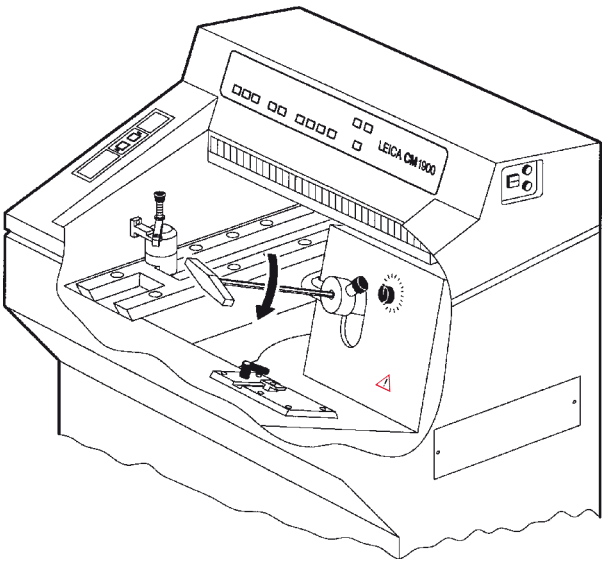
4. Mount both parts together on the specimen cylinder of the microtome.



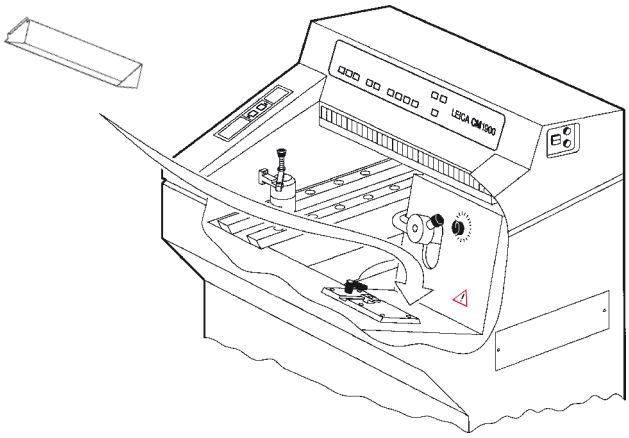
5. Mount the specimen head on the specimen cylinder.



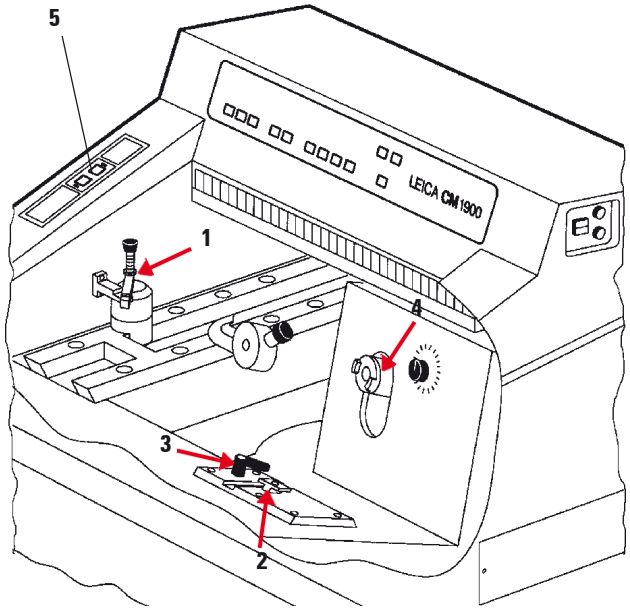
6. Tighten the specimen head with the Allen key no. 5 by turning it clockwise.



7. Insert the section waste tray.



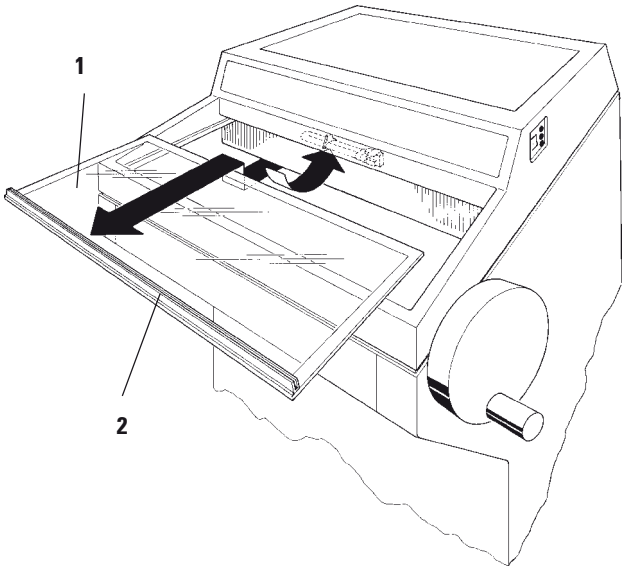
13.1 General maintenance



The microtome is virtually maintenance-free. To ensure a smooth operation of the instrument over several years we recommend the following:

- Have the instrument inspected by a qualified service engineer authorized by us once a year.
- Enter into a service contract at the end of the warranty period. For further information, please contact your local Leica service center.
- Clean the instrument daily.
- From time to time:
  lubricate the seat of the heat extractor **(1)**, the clamping piece (T piece) **(2)** and the clamping lever **(3)** on the microtome base plate as well as the specimen cylinder **(4)** slightly with cryostat oil. Press the coarse feed button **(5)** to move the specimen cylinder forward, apply some drops of oil on the cylinder and move it back to the final home position.
- Clean the ventilation slits of the liquefiers on both sides of the instrument with a brush, broom or vacuum cleaner to free from dust and dirt in the direction of the fins.
- Do not carry out any repairs on your own as this will invalidate the warranty.
  Repairs may only be carried out by qualified service engineers authorized by Leica.

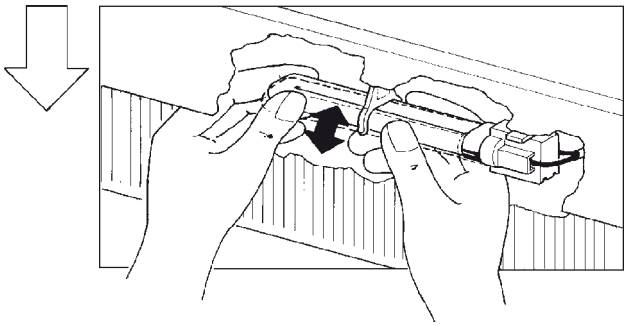
13.2 Replacement of the lamp



Turn the instrument off with the mains switch and pull the mains plug before replacing the lamp!

- Slightly lift the sliding window **(1)** holding it by the grip **(2)** and pull it out to the front.

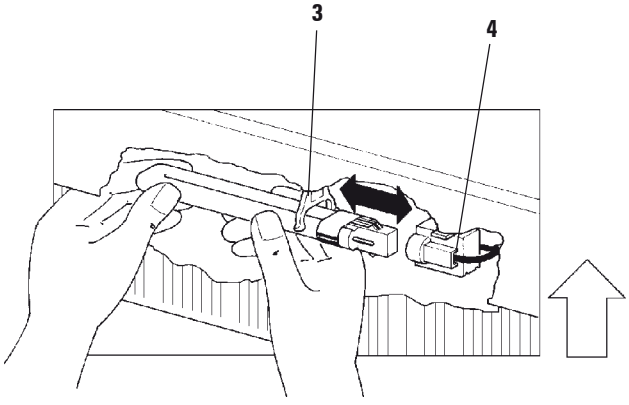
If the lamp is broken, it must be replaced by the technical service, as the replacement involves a high risk of injury!



Removal of the lamp

- The lamp is mounted behind a glare shield and therefore not visible.
- Touch the lamp for better orientation.
- Lightly tilt the flourescent tube down to the left and pull it out of the clip **(3)**.
- Hold the lamp with both hands and pull it to the left out of the holder **(4)**.

Only use lamps of the same specification!



Installation of the new lamp

Type:
(230 V / 50 Hz) OSRAM DULUX S - 11 W
(120 V / 60 Hz) OSRAM DULUX S - 13 W

- Hold the lamp in the correct mounting position as shown and push it to the right until it engages in the holder.
- Replace the sliding window.
- Reconnect the instrument to the mains power and turn it on.

14. Troubleshooting

Problem	Causes	Remedies
Frost on chamber walls and microtome	Cryostat is exposed to air currents (open windows and doors, air conditioning).	Change place of installation for the cryostat.
	Frost built-up by breathing into the cryochamber.	Wear mouth protection.
Sections smear	Specimen not cold enough.	Select lower temperature.
	Anti-roll plate not yet cold enough, thus warming the section.	Wait until knife and/or anti-roll plate have reached chamber temperature.
Sections splinter	Specimen too cold.	Select higher temperature.
Sections not properly flattened	Static electricity/air currents.	Remove cause.
	Specimen not cold enough.	Select lower temperature.
	Large area specimen.	Trim the specimen parallel, increase section thickness
	Anti-roll plate poorly positioned.	Reposition anti-roll plate.
	Anti-roll plate poorly aligned with knife edge.	Align correctly.
	Incorrect clearance angle.	Set correct angle.
	Blunt knife.	Use different part of the knife or replace the knife.
Sections not properly flattened despite correct temperature and correctly aligned anti-roll plate	Dirt on knife and/or anti-roll plate.	Clean with dry cloth or brush.
	Top edge of anti-roll plate damaged.	Replace anti-roll plate.
	Blunt knife.	Use different part of the knife or replace the knife.
Sections curl on anti-roll plate	Anti-roll plate does not protrude far enough beyond the knife edge.	Readjust correctly.
Scraping noise during sectoning and specimen return movement	Anti-roll plate protrudes too far beyond the knife edge and is scraping against the specimen.	Readjust correctly.
Ridged sections	Knife damaged.	Use different part of the knife or replace the knife.
	Edge of anti-roll plate damaged.	Replace anti-roll plate.
Chatter during sectioning	Specimen insufficiently frozen onto the specimen disc.	Refreeze specimen onto the disc.
	Specimen disc not clamped tightly.	Check disc clamping.
	Knife not clamped tightly enough.	Check knife clamping.
	Specimen has been sectioned too thickly and has detached from disc.	Refreeze specimen onto the disc.
	Very hard, inhomogeneous specimen.	Increase section thickness; reduce specimen surface area if necessary.
	Blunt knife.	Use different part of the knife or replace knife.
	Knife profile inappropriate for specimen cut.	Use knife with differnt profile.
	Incorrect clearance angle.	Set correct angle.
Condensation on anti-roll plate and knife during cleaning	Brush, forceps and/or cloth too warm.	Store all tools on storage shelf in the cryochamber.

Problem	Causes	Remedies
Anti-roll plate damaged after adjustment	Anti-roll plate too high above the knife edge. The adjustment was carried out in the direction of the knife.	Replace anti-roll plate. Be more careful next time!
Thick-thin sections	Temperature incorrect for the tissue cut. Knife profile inappropriate for the specimen cut. Ice buildup in the knife back. Handwheel speed not uniform. Knife not clamped tightly enough. Specimen disc not clamped tightly enough. Cryocompound applied to cold specimen disc; specimen detached from disc after freezing. Blunt knife. Inappropriate section thickness. Incorrect clearance angle. Microtome not properly dry before reinstallation. Dried specimen.	Select correct temperature. Use knife with different profile (c or d). Remove ice. Adapt speed. Check knife clamping. Check disc clamping. Apply cryocompound to warm disc, mount specimen and freeze. Use different part od the knife edge or replace knife. Select correct section thickness. Set correct angle. Dry microtome thoroughly. Prepare new specimen.
Tissue sticks or crumbles on the anti-roll plate	Anti-roll plate is too warm or incorrectly positioned. Fat on the corner or edge of anti-roll plate. Anti-roll plate not correctly fixed. Rust on the knife.	Cool down anti-roll plate, or reposition correctly. Remove fat from anti-roll plate. Fix correctly. Remove rust.
Flattened sections curl up when anti-roll late is picked up	Anti-roll plate too warm.	Cool down anti-roll plate.
Sections tear	Temperature too low for the tissue cut. Blunt part, dirt, dust, frost or rust on the knife. Top edge of the anti-roll plate damaged. Hard particles in the tissue. Dirt on knife back.	Increase temperature and wait. Remove cause. Replace anti-roll plate. - - - Clean.
Inconsistent or insufficient specimen feed	Microtome was not entirely dry when switching refrigeration, which produced ice built up in the micrometer feed system. Microtome defective.	Remove microtome and dry thoroughly. Call technical service.

14. Troubleshooting

Problem	Causes	Remedies
Cryostat inoperational	Mains plug not properly connected. Defective fuses, or automatic fuse has triggered.	Check if properly connected. Replace fuses, or switch automatic fuse back on. If not possible, call technical service.
Specimen disc cannot be removed	Moisture on the underside cause the specimen to freeze to the freezing shelf or specimen head.	Apply concentrated alcohol to the contact point.
No or insufficient refrigeration of the cryochamber	Stopper not placed in drain hole. Cooling system or electronic drive defective.	Replace the stopper. Call technical service.
Sliding window collects condensation	Air humidity and room temperature too high.	Comply with the requirements for the installation site.
No or insufficient refrigeration of the specimen cooling system	Cooling system or electronic drive defective.	Call technical service.
Lamp does not work	Lamp defective. Switch defective.	Check lamp and replace it, if necessary. Call technical service.

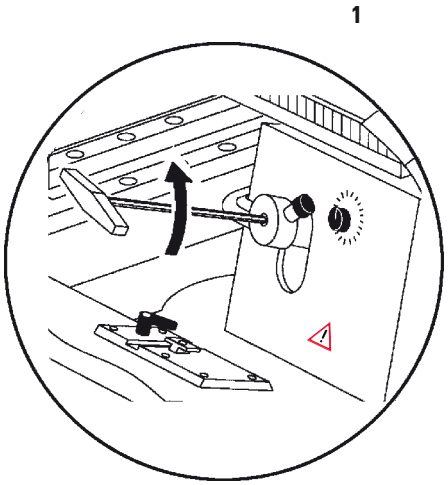
Tissue	-10 °C – - 15 °C	-15 °C – -25 °C	-25 °C – -50 °C
Adrenals	❄	❄	
Bone marrow		❄	
Brain	❄		
Bladder		❄	
Breast- fatty			❄
Breast - little fat		❄	
Cartilage	❄	❄	
Cervix		❄	
Fat			❄
Heart and vessel		❄	
Intestine		❄	
Kidney		❄	
Laryngeal		❄	
Lip	❄	❄	
Liver		❄	
Lung		❄	
Lymphoid		❄	
Musclular		❄	
Nose		❄	
Pancreas		❄	
Prostate		❄	
Ovary		❄	
Rectal		❄	
Skin with fat			❄
Skin without fat		❄	
Spleen or bloody tissue	❄	❄	
Testicular	❄	❄	
Thyroid		❄	
Tongue		❄	
Uterus curettings	❄		

- The temperature values given above are based on long-term experience, however, these are only ap proximate values, as any tissue may require particular adjustments.

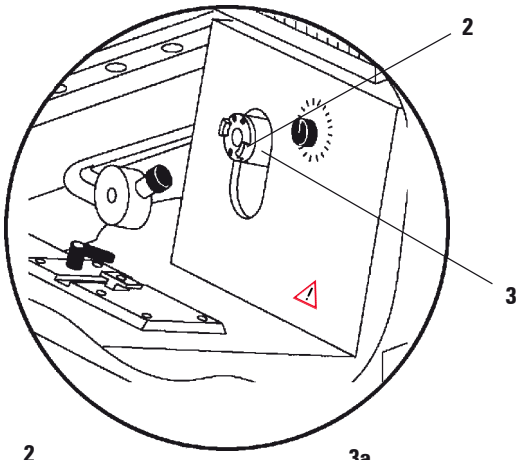
16.1 Orienting specimen head

Mounting the orienting specimen head:

1. Loosen the specimen head **(1)** turning the Allen key no. 5 counterclockwise.

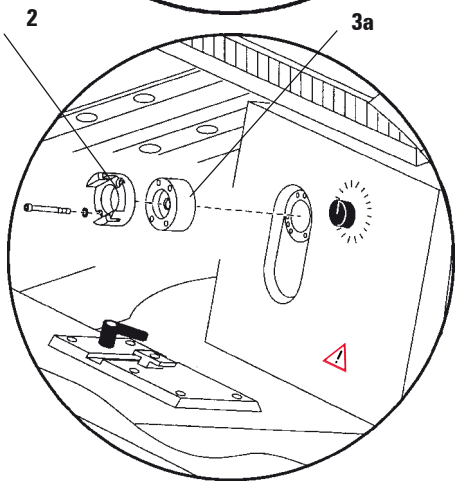


2. Pull out the specimen head **(1)** carefully and place it on the base.
3. Loosen 4 screws on the insulating ring **(2)** with an Allen key no. 3. Remove insulating ring and adapter **(3)**.

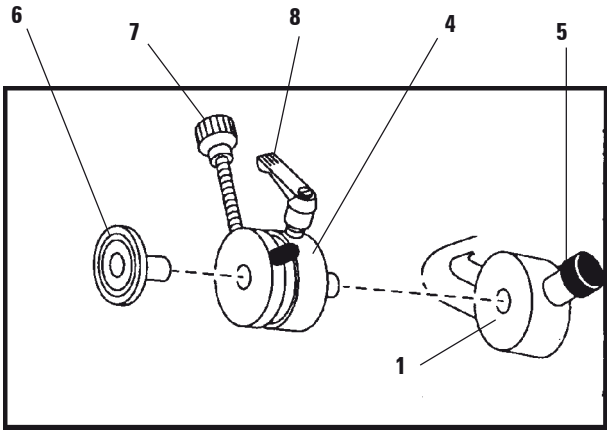


4. Mount insulating ring **(2)** on the short adapter **(3a)** of the specimen orientation and fix both parts with the 4 short screws to the corresponding threaded bores on the cylinder.

5. Mount the specimen head **(1)** on the insulating ring **(2)** and fix it with the Allen key no. 5.

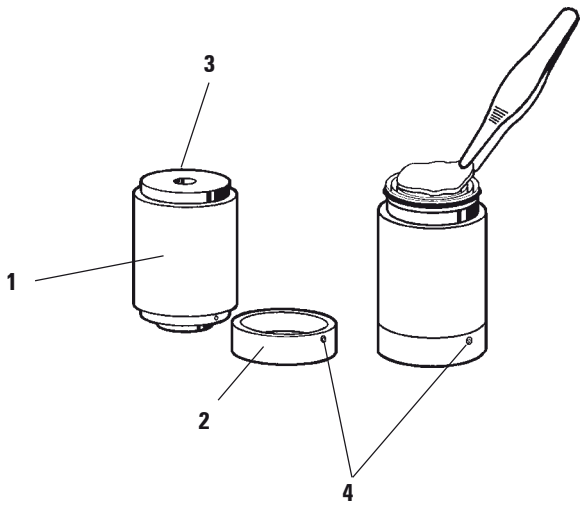


6. Insert the specimen orientation **(4)** in the specimen head **(1)** and fix the clamping screw **(5)**.
7. Insert the specimen disc **(6)** and fix the clamping screw **(7)**.
8. The specimen can be oriented when the clamping lever **(8)** is loose. Tighten lever **(8)** after orienting the specimen.



16.2 Thermal block

- The thermal block **(1**) facilitates the removal of the frozen specimen from the specimen disc.
- Place the cap **(2)** on the required side, so that the appropriate location hole for the specimen disc is visible.
- Insert the shaft of the specimen disc in the appropriate location hole **(3)** at the top or bottom of the thermal block.
- After about 20 seconds, the frozen specimen can be removed from the specimen disc with forceps.
- If the cap is too loose, readjust it with the small screw **(4)**. Do not overtighten the screw!
- Once the specimen is removed, take the thermal block out of the cold cryochamber.



Keep the thermal block outside the cryochamber at room temperature. Place it in the cryochamber only for specimen removal.

Knife holder base	0419 26140
Knife holder CN	0419 33993
Knife support	0419 19426
Knife support	0419 19427
Anti-roll plate, assy. 50mm	0419 33981
Anti-roll plate, glass	0419 33816
Knife holder CE low prof.	0419 33990
Knife holder CE high prof.	0419 33991
Knife holder CE	0419 33992
Pressure plate rear HP, 22°	0502 29553
Pressure plate rear LP, 22°	0502 29551
Anti-roll plate, assy. 70mm	0419 33980
Anti-roll plate, assy. 70mm	0419 37258
Anti-roll plate, assy. 70mm	0419 37260
Anti-roll plate, glass	0419 33813
Anti-roll guide, assy.	0419 35693
Knife holder CE-TC	0419 32073
Specimen disc 20 mm diam.	0370 08636
Specimen disc 25 mm diam.	0416 19275
Specimen disc, 30mm diam.	0370 08587
Specimen disc, 40mm	0370 08637
Specimen disc	0419 26491
Specimen stage	0419 26750
Transfer block	0416 38207
Heat extractor	0452 27918
Heat extractor	0443 26836
Thermal block	0398 18542
90° prism	0443 25949
Specimen head	0452 28800
Miles adapter	0436 26747
Anti-static kit low-prof.	0800 37739
Anti-static kit high-pr.	0800 37740
Cryoembed.system cpl.set	0201 39115
Embed. well bar set 18 mm	0201 39116
Embed. well bar set 24 mm	0201 39117
Embed. well bar set 30 mm	0201 39118
Freez.griddle/block elev.	0201 39119
Embedding well bar 4x18mm	0201 39120
Embedding well bar 4x24mm	0201 39121
Embedding well bar 3x30mm	0201 39122
Spec. stage square 28 mm	0201 39122
Spec. stage square 36 mm	0201 39124
Ovewr-disc heat extractor	0201 39125
Bin for discs	0201 39126
Dispensing slides 8 pcs.	0201 39127
Storage kit	0452 28763
Case w/embedding systems	0201 40670

Easy Dip staining cnt. wt	0712 40150
Easy Dip staining cnt. pk	0712 40151
Easy Dip staining cnt.grn	0712 40152
Easy Dip staining cnt. yl	0712 40153
Easy Dip staining cnt. bl	0712 40154
Easy Dip Stain. rack grey	0712 40161
Safety gloves size M	0340 29011
OCT-Compound 125 ml	0201 08926
Cryostat oil, type 407	0336 06100
Leica Cryofect 4 x 250 ml	0387 36193

18. Warranty and service

Warranty

Leica Microsystems Nussloch GmbH guarantees that the contractual product delivered has been subjected to a comprehensive quality control procedure based on the Leica in-house testing standards, and that the product is faultless and complies with all technical specifications and/or agreed characteristics warranted.

The scope of the warranty is based on the content of the concluded agreement. The warranty terms of your Leica sales organization or the organization from which you have purchased the contractual product shall apply exclusively.

Technical service information

If you require technical service or replacement parts, please contact your Leica sales representative or dealer who sold the product.

Please provide the following information:

- Model name and serial number of the instrument.
- Location of the instrument and name of the person to contact.
- Reason for the service call.
- Date of delivery.

Decommissioning and disposal

The instrument or parts of the instrument must be disposed of in compliance with the local laws.