

# Agilent MassHunter BioConfirm Software

# **Familiarization Guide**

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#### Where to find more information

- Agilent MassHunter BioConfirm Software Quick Start Guide
- Online help provides in-depth information and can be displayed in the following ways:
  - Click **Contents**, **Index**, or **Search** from the Qualitative Analysis software Help menu.
  - Press the **F1** key to get more information about a window or dialog box.

## How to use this guide

Try to do these familiarization exercises initially using the steps listed in the first column. Then if you need more information, follow the detailed instructions in the second column.

## **Exercise 1. Interactive Protein Molecular Weight Determination**

This exercise shows you how to open a data file, integrate the chromatogram, extract spectra, deconvolute and view results. Deconvolution software does charge state deconvolution of mass spectra of large molecules with high charge states, such as proteins and large oligonucleotides.

#### Before you start

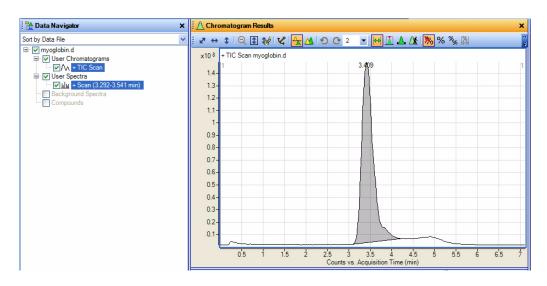
Copy the data file used for Exercises 1, 2, 4, and 5 onto your hard disk as follows:

- 1 Copy the **myoglobin.d** data file from the **Data** directory on the Qualitative Analysis setup disk to your computer hard drive.
- **2** Make sure you have both read and write permissions for the folder you just created on your computer. This is required if you want to save results.
  - **a** In Windows Explorer, right-click the **myoglobin.d** folder and click **Properties** from the shortcut menu.
  - **b** *Clear* the **Read-only Attributes** check box if it is marked.
  - c In the Confirm Attribute Changes dialog, click **Apply changes to this** folder, subfolders, and files, then click **OK**.

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments
1	Open the data file.	<ul> <li>a Click File &gt; Open Data File.</li> <li>b Locate the myoglobin.d folder.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	The TIC is automatically displayed in the Chromatogram Results window.
2	Integrate and extract peak spectra.	Right-click on the TIC and click Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra from the shortcut menu. See Figure 1 on page 5.	Alternate method: Click Actions > Integrate and Extract Peak Spectra.
3	Open the Deconvolute (MS) Method Editor section.	Select <b>Deconvolute (MS): Maximum Entropy</b> from the BioConfirm Workflow section of the Method Explorer.	If the BioConfirm workflow is not available in Method Explorer, select it from the <b>Configuration</b> > <b>Configure for Workflow</b> menu.
4	Set the deconvolution range to 16000-18000 Da.	On the Deconvolution tab of the Deconvolute (MS) section of the Method Editor, enter 16000-18000 for <b>Mass range</b> .	See Figure 2 on page 6.

## **Exercise 1. Interactive Protein Molecular Weight Determination**

S	teps	On the Deconvolution tab of the Deconvolute (MS) section of the Method Editor, enter 0.1 for Mass step.	Comments  See Figure 2 on page 6.
5	Set the mass step to 0.1 Da.		
6	Select the extracted MS peak spectrum.	Click on the spectrum in the MS Spectrum Results window.	
7	Deconvolute the spectrum.	Click  on the Method Editor toolbar to start the deconvolution process.	Tip: Steps 2 and 7 can be combined by clicking the Chromatograms > Integrate and Deconvolute Peak Spectra menu item.
8	Review deconvolution results.	The results appear in the Deconvolution Results window. See Figure 3 on page 6.	For information on changing the display of data in the Deconvolution Results window, see <i>online help</i> .
9	View peak information.	<ul> <li>a Click on the spectrum in the Deconvolution Results window to select it. Right-click on the spectrum and click View MS Peak List 1 from the shortcut menu.</li> <li>b Click on the Abund. column heading to sort results by abundance.</li> </ul>	Mass $(m/z)$ , Abundance, and Fit score are listed for each peak in the spectrum. See Figure 4 on page 7.
10	Close the peak list.	Click umain toolbar.	
11	View compound information for the deconvoluted spectrum.	See Exercise 2 on page 8.	



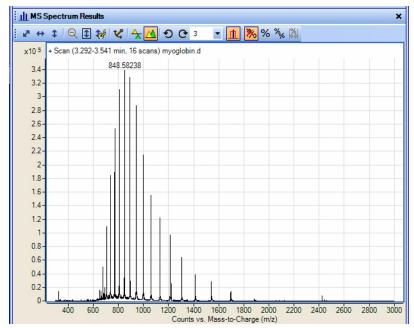


Figure 1 Results of integration and spectra extraction for myoglobin.d

#### **Exercise 1. Interactive Protein Molecular Weight Determination**

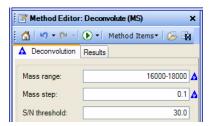


Figure 2 Deconvolution parameters for myoglobin.d

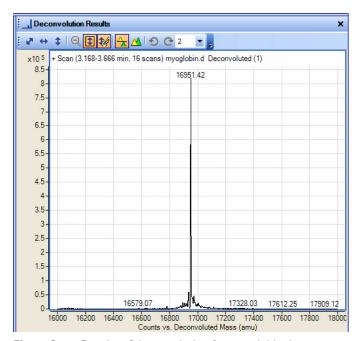


Figure 3 Results of deconvolution for myoglobin.d

MS Peaks On	e: +Scan (3.16	8-3.666 mir	ı) Deco_
Mass	Abund. ▽	Fit	
16951.42	812466	10	
16936.2	59821	9	
16935.84	59549	9	
16935.84	55998	9	
16973.91	46128	9	
16959.41	39141	10	
16961.58	38535	9	
16962.22	38320	9	
16962.81	38026	9	
16960.08	37925	10	
16960.8	37872	10	
16963.41	36696	9	
16982.15	22195	9	
16894.76	21634	8	
16908.74	21288	8	
17005.26	20242	8	
17005.7	20201	8	
16921.09	18846	8	
16994.99	15786	8	
16981.47	12950	9	
17015.55	11679	8	
16880.88	10395	8	
16877.5	9880	8	
17029.43	9653	7	

Figure 4 Peak information for the deconvoluted spectrum for myoglobin.d (partial list, sorted by Abundance)

# **Exercise 2. Viewing Compound Information**

This exercise shows you how to view compound information for deconvoluted spectra.  $\,$ 

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments
1	Deconvolute <b>myoglobin.d</b> spectrum.	See "Exercise 1. Interactive Protein Molecular Weight Determination" on page 3.	You do not need to repeat the deconvolution steps, if you have already done them in Exercise 1.
2	View the compound list.	Click on the main toolbar to display the Compound List window.  Alternate method: Click Window Layouts > Load Layout on the Configuration menu, select BioConfirm-IntactProtein- MaximumEntropy-Default and click Open. This opens and reformats the Compound List to show the appropriate information for a deconvolution operation.	See Figure 5 on page 10.
3	Click on mass 16951.5 in the compound list.		<ul> <li>If linked navigation is turned on, associated data in the following windows are automatically displayed and selected:</li> <li>Deconvolution Results window</li> <li>A compound spectrum that displays all the charge states from the original m/z data for that specific protein mass in the MS Spectrum Results window</li> </ul>
4	Select the ion set spectrum in the Spectrum Results window for the mass 16951.5.		
5	View the charge states found for the protein along with their ppm error in the MS Peak List 2 window.	Click no the main toolbar to open the MS Peak List 2 window after clicking on the spectrum to select it.	The following information is displayed for the ion set spectrum:  Mass Abundance Charge state Diff (ppm) See Figure 6 on page 10.

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
6 Switch from List mode to Overlay mode in the MS Spectrum Results window.	Click on the toolbar in the MS Spectrum Results window.	See Figure 7 on page 11.
<b>7</b> Zoom in on the <i>m/z</i> 848.5 peak in the raw data	Right-drag to expand the area around $m/z$ 848.5 in the MS Spectrum Results window.	See Figure 8 on page 11.
8 Select compound 1 in the compound list.	Click on the first line of the Compound List table.	Notice that the ion set peak for that mass shows a peak label. See Figure 9 on page 12.
9 Select compound 2 in the compound list.	Click on the second line of the Compound List table.	Notice that the ion set peak for another peak is highlighted. See Figure 10 on page 12.
<b>10</b> Print a compound report.	<ul> <li>a Display the Compound Report section in the Method Editor by selecting         Compound Report from the         BioConfirm Workflow section in the Method Explorer.</li> <li>b Review the options in this section.         Verify that the sections that you want included in the report are marked.</li> <li>c Display the Common Reporting         Options section in the Method Editor by selecting Common Reporting         Options from the BioConfirm         Workflow section in the Method         Explorer.</li> <li>d Review the parameters in both the         Templates and Options tabs.</li> <li>e Click Compound Report from the File          Print menu to print the report.     </li> </ul>	

#### **Exercise 2. Viewing Compound Information**

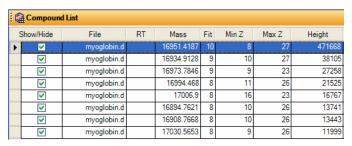


Figure 5 Left half of Compound List window for myoglobin.d

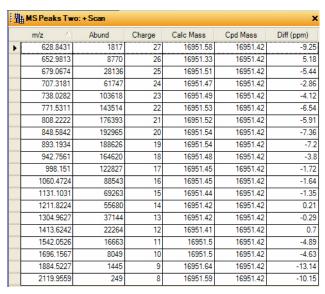


Figure 6 MS Peaks Two window for myoglobin.d

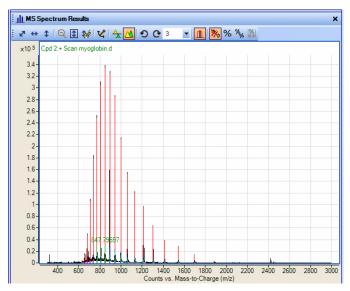


Figure 7 MS Spectrum Results window for myoglobin.d (Overlay Mode)

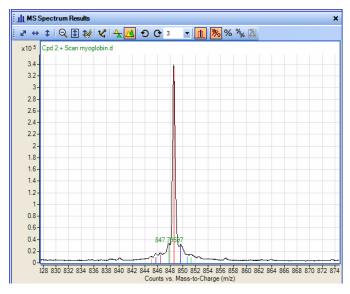


Figure 8 MS Spectrum Results window for myoglobin.d (zoomed)

#### **Exercise 2. Viewing Compound Information**

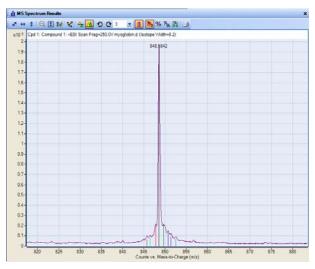


Figure 9 Ion set peak label for Compound 1

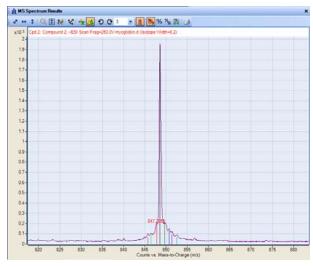


Figure 10 Ion set peak label for Compound 2

# **Sequence Matching Workflow**

The steps outlined below show the workflow for sequence matching with Agilent MassHunter BioConfirm Software.

- **Step 1** Open the data file of interest.
- **Step 2** Open a Qualitative Analysis Method or create a new one.
- **Step 3** Find compounds by molecular feature or by integration and deconvolution.
- **Step 4** Select the sequences to match.

If the sequence you want to match is not in the method, then:

Import or create a sequence.

#### **Step 5** - Edit sequences if necessary:

- Set the sequence type: Protein, Synthetic peptide, Protein Digest, Oligonucleotide.
- Add or edit the sequence text.
- Apply or edit modifications (not available for Oligonucleotide sequences in this version)
- Apply or edit links (not available for Oligonucleotide sequences in this version)
- Assign or edit digest reagents (Protein Digest sequences only).
- Select matching rules.
- **Step 6** Review/set other match sequence method parameters.
- **Step 7** Start the sequence matching process.
- **Step 8** Review the results in the Compound Identification Results windows.
- Step 9 For protein digests only:
- View sequence coverage results in the Sequence Coverage Map window.
- Step 10 Print report.

## **Exercise 3. Creating a Protein Sequence File**

This exercise guides you through the creation of a myoglobin sequence file that you will use in "Exercise 4. Interactive Protein Sequence Matching" on page 15 and "Exercise 5. Automated Protein Sequence Matching" on page 18.

S	teps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
1	Display the Define and Match Sequences section in the Method Editor window.	Click <b>BioConfirm Workflow &gt; Define and Match Sequences</b> in the Method Explorer window.	If the BioConfirm workflow is not available in Method Explorer, select it from the Configuration > Configure for Workflow menu.
2	Create a new sequence.	<ul> <li>a Click Sequence &gt; New Sequence.</li> <li>b The Sequence Editor window opens automatically with a new sequence displayed for editing.</li> </ul>	The new sequence is also added to the list of sequences in the Sequences tab of the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.
3	Enter a <b>Sequence Name</b> .	In the Sequence Editor window, type in <b>Myoglobin</b> in the Sequence Name box.	
4	Select Protein as the <b>Sequence Type</b> .	In the Sequence Editor window, select <b>Protein</b> as the Sequence Type.	
5	Enter the amino acid sequence shown below into the Sequence Editor box.	Type in individual amino acids one at a time between the N-term and C-term symbols.	Use the single-character (letter) amino acids abbreviations, as shown in the Amino acid list on the left side of the Sequence Editor window.
	FDKFKHLKTEAEMKASEDL	EADIAGHGQEVLIRLFTGHPETLEK KKHGTVVLTALGGILKKKGHHEAE ISDAIIHVLHSKHPGDFGADAQG LGFQG	Tip: If you are reading this document as a PDF file on your computer, you can copy and paste the sequence into the Sequence Editor window.
	lote: The myoglobin sequence does no nodifications as described in the <i>Quick</i>	ot have any links or modifications, but some s a <i>Start Guide</i> or <i>online help</i> .	equences do. In that case, add links and
6	Save the sequence as the name iii_myoglob.psq, where iii represents your initials.	<ul> <li>a Click Save as on the Sequences tab of the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Type iii_myoglob in the File name box.</li> <li>c Click Save.</li> </ul>	The sequence is saved as a .psq file that can be imported for use in other methods as described in Exercise 4 or referenced from worklists as described in Exercise 5.

## **Exercise 4. Interactive Protein Sequence Matching**

This exercise shows you how to set method parameters, match an intact protein sequence, and view the results. This exercise uses the iii\_myoglob.psq sequence file created in Exercise 3 and the myoglobin.d data file copied in Exercise 1.

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments
1	Open the method to use as a starting point for the new method.	a Click Method > Open. b Select the BioConfirmIntactProtein-Default.m folder. c Click Open.	
2	If the <b>myoglobin.d</b> data file is not already open, open it.	<ul> <li>a Click File &gt; Open Data File.</li> <li>b Locate the myoglobin.d folder.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	The TIC is automatically displayed in the Chromatogram Results window.
3	Display the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature section in the Method Editor window.	Select <b>BioConfirm Workflow &gt; Find by Molecular Feature</b> in the Method Explorer window.	If the BioConfirm workflow is not available in Method Explorer, select it from the Configuration > Configure for Workflow menu.
4	Find compounds.	<ul> <li>a Review the settings and modify them if necessary.</li> <li>b Click on the Method Editor toolbar to start the compound search.</li> <li>c Review the results in the Compound List window.</li> </ul>	In this case we are using the default method parameters. For some data files, you will need to use different parameters as described in the <i>Quick Start Guide</i> or <i>online help</i> .
5	Change the layout to BioConfirm-IntactProtein-LMFE.	<ul> <li>a Click Window Layouts &gt; Load Layout on the Configuration menu.</li> <li>b Select         BioConfirm-IntactProtein-LMFE.xml.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	
6	Display the Define and Match Sequences section in the Method Editor window.	Click <b>BioConfirm Workflow &gt; Define and Match Sequences</b> in the Method Explorer window.	If the BioConfirm workflow is not available in Method Explorer, select it from the Configuration > Configure for Workflow menu.

## **Exercise 4. Interactive Protein Sequence Matching**

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
7 Import the myoglobin sequence.	<ul> <li>a Click the Sequence tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Import.</li> <li>c Select iii_myoglob.psq and click Open.</li> </ul>	The iii_myoglob.psq sequence file was created in Exercise 3.  For this exercise, we will use the sequence as is, but you can add modifications and links to sequences as described in online help and the Quick Start Guide.
8 Select protein matching rules.	<ul> <li>a Right-click in the Sequence Editor window and click Edit Matching Rules from the shortcut menu to open the Rules dialog box.</li> <li>b Select the following tests to use for matching the theoretical masses of proteins to those from MS data:         <ul> <li>Intact protein</li> <li>Predicted modifications</li> </ul> </li> <li>c Click OK to close the Rules dialog box.</li> </ul>	Use <b><ctrl>+click</ctrl></b> to select multiple tests from the list. Note that these tests are already selected in the BioConfirmIntactProtein-Default method that you loaded in Step 1.
9 Select <b>Sequence</b> as the match source.	<ul> <li>a Click the Source tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Qualitative method and mark the Sequences check box.</li> </ul>	Save the method for use in the Exercise 5 as follows:  a Click Method > Save As. b Type the File name iii_myoglobin.m, where iii represents your initials. c Click Save.
10 Start the match search.	Right-click in the Compound List window and click <b>Match Sequences</b> from the shortcut menu.	Alternate methods:  • Click

## **Exercise 4. Interactive Protein Sequence Matching**

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
11 Review the results.	<ul> <li>a Click on the toolbar to display the Compound Identification Results window.</li> <li>b When you open the window, the window displays the results for the first compound that is highlighted in the Data Navigator (that is marked to show).</li> </ul>	Alternate method: Click View > Compound Identification Results.

## **Exercise 5. Automated Protein Sequence Matching**

This exercise guides you through the setup of a worklist to automatically confirm the presence of myoglobin in a previously acquired sample. This exercise uses the iii\_myoglob.psq sequence file created in Exercise 3 and the myoglobin.d data file copied in Exercise 1.

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
1 If not already open, open the method iii_myoglobin.m.	<ul> <li>a Click Method &gt; Open.</li> <li>b Select the iii_myoglobin.m folder.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	This method was created in "Exercise 4. Interactive Protein Sequence Matching" on page 15.
2 Display the Define and Match Sequences section in the Method Editor window.	Click <b>BioConfirm Workflow &gt; Define and Match Sequences</b> in the Method Explorer window.	If the BioConfirm workflow is not available in Method Explorer, select it from the Configuration > Configure for Workflow menu.
3 Select <b>Worklist</b> as the match source.	<ul> <li>a Click the Source tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Worklist.</li> </ul>	This selection causes the software to get the sequence from the worklist rather than the method as described in Exercise 4.
4 Display the Worklist Automation > Worklist Actions section in the Method Editor.	Click Worklist Automation > Worklist Actions in the Method Explorer window.	
<b>5</b> Select the appropriate worklist actions.	Select the following worklist actions in the Available actions list:  • Find Compounds by Molecular Feature  • Match Sequences • Generate Compound Report	In this case we are using the default method parameters. For some data files, you will need to use different parameters as described in the <i>Quick Start Guide</i> or <i>online help</i> .
6 Add the selected actions to the Actions to be run list.	Click the button. The items are added to the end of the list.	Actions will be executed in the order they appear in the list. You can reorder them using the Up and Down arrow buttons to the right of the list
7 Save the method.	Click Method > Save.	

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments  If you plan to do batch data analysis using the worklist, consider using the DA Reprocessor tool that is installed with Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software - Data Acquisition program. In that case, skip Step 12 below.
8 Create a worklist of one sample in the MassHunter Workstation Data Acquisition software.	<ul> <li>a Display the Worklist pane.</li> <li>b Click Worklist &gt; Add Sample. A new sample row is added to the Worklist table.</li> </ul>	
9 Specify the myoglobin sequence file, iii_myoglob.psq, in the worklist.	<ul> <li>a Click Worklist &gt; Add Column.</li> <li>b When the Add Column dialog box appears, select Protein as the Column Type.</li> <li>c Enter the Column name as myoglobin.</li> <li>d Select the iii_myoglob.psq file as the Value.</li> <li>e Click OK.</li> </ul>	The iii_myoglob.psq file was created in Exercise 3.
<b>10</b> Enter <i>iii_myoglobin.m</i> in the <b>Method</b> column of the worklist.	The iii represents your initials.	This method was saved in Step 9 above.
11 Enter myoglobin.d in the Data File column of the worklist.		
<b>12</b> Set up to run the worklist for data analysis only.	<ul> <li>a Click Worklist &gt; Worklist Run</li> <li>Parameters.</li> <li>b Select DA Only as Part of method to run.</li> <li>c Select the paths for the DA method and data file, then click OK.</li> </ul>	
13 Run the worklist.	Click Worklist > Run.	
<b>14</b> Review the printed Compound reports.		

## **Exercise 6. Interactive Protein Digest Sequence Matching**

This exercise shows you how to confirm protein digests interactively.

#### Before you start

Copy the files used for Exercises 6 and 7 onto your hard disk as follows:

- 1 Copy the enolase-Chip-final.d data file from the Data folder on the Qualitative Analysis setup disk to the MassHunter\Data folder on your computer hard drive.
- 2 Copy the EnolaseDigest.psq sequence file from the Data folder on the Qualitative Analysis setup disk to the MassHunter\ProteinSequences folder on your computer hard drive.
- **3** Make sure you have both read and write permissions for the folder you just created on your computer. This is required if you want to save results.
  - **a** In Windows Explorer, right-click the **enolase-Chip-final.d** folder and click **Properties** from the shortcut menu.
  - **b** *Clear* the **Read-only Attributes** check box if it is marked.
  - c In the Confirm Attribute Changes dialog, click **Apply changes to this** folder, subfolders, and files, then click **OK**.

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments	
1	Open the method to use as a starting point for the new method.	b	Click Method > Open. Select the BioConfirmProteinDigest-Default.m folder. Click Open.	
2	Open the demo data file.		Click File > Open Data File. Locate the Enolase-Chip-final.d folder. Click Open.	The TIC is automatically displayed in the Chromatogram Results window.

Si	teps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
3	Review the parameters in the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature section in the Method Editor window.	<ul> <li>a Select BioConfirm Workflow &gt; Find by Molecular Feature in the Method Explorer window.</li> <li>b Review the settings on the various tabs of the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature sections of Method Editor.</li> <li>c Click the Extraction tab and set the Mass range to 300-1700 m/z.</li> <li>d In the Extraction tab, set the peak height filter to 500 counts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If the BioConfirm workflow is not available in Method Explorer, select it from the Configuration &gt; Configure for Workflow menu.</li> <li>Change the default parameters as described in the next steps. For some data files, you will need to use different parameters as described in the Quick Start Guide or online help.</li> <li>A very low peak height filter can result in greater sequence coverage but requires much more time to process.</li> </ul>
4	For MS/MS data, set parameters to extract MS/MS spectra.	<ul> <li>a Click the Results tab of Find Compounds by Molecular Feature in the Method Editor.</li> <li>b Mark the Extract MS/MS Spectrum check box.</li> <li>c Mark Deisotope MS/MS Spectrum.</li> </ul>	
5	Find compounds.	<ul> <li>a Click on the Method Editor toolbar to start the compound search.</li> <li>b When processing is complete, review the results in the Compound List window.</li> </ul>	
6	Change the layout to BioConfirm-ProteinDigest.	<ul> <li>a Click Window Layouts &gt; Load Layout on the Configuration menu.</li> <li>b Select BioConfirm-ProteinDigest.xml.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	
7	Import the sequence.	<ul> <li>a Click BioConfirm Workflow &gt; Define and Match Sequences in the Method Explorer window.</li> <li>b Click the Sequence tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>c Click Import.</li> <li>d Select EnolaseDigest.psq.</li> <li>e Click Open.</li> </ul>	The enolase digest sequence is automatically displayed in the Sequence Editor window.  For this exercise, we will use the sequence as is, but you can add modifications and links to sequences as described in <i>online help</i> and the <i>Quick Start Guide</i> .

## **Exercise 6. Interactive Protein Digest Sequence Matching**

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
8 Assign or edit digest reagents.	<ul> <li>a Click the Edit button in the Define and Match Sequence dialog to open the Sequence Editor window.</li> <li>b Right-click in the Sequence Editor window and click Edit Digest Reagents from the shortcut menu to open the Digest Reagents dialog box.</li> <li>c Notice that the Reagent selected is Trypsin for EnolaseDigest.</li> <li>d Set the maximum number of Missed Cleavages to allow to 2.</li> <li>e Click OK.</li> </ul>	You can customize the list of available reagents using the Chemical Data Dictionary; see online help for more information.
9 View the digest list.	Right-click on the sequence in the Sequence Editor window and click <b>Digest Current Sequence</b> from the shortcut menu to digest the sequence and display the results in the Digest List window.	Alternate method: Click Sequence > Digest Current Sequence.
10 Select protein digest matching rules	<ul> <li>a To open the Rules dialog box, right-click in the Sequence Editor window and click Edit Matching Rules from the shortcut menu.</li> <li>b Click Predicted Modifications, then under Selected list, click Carbamylation to move it to the Available list.</li> <li>c Select the following tests:         <ul> <li>Complete Digest</li> <li>Incomplete Digest</li> <li>Predicted Modifications</li> </ul> </li> <li>d Click OK to close the Rules dialog box.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use <ctrl>+click to select multiple tests from the list.</ctrl></li> <li>The enolase sample was denatured thermally without using urea, so modification by carbamylation is not present.</li> <li>Note that these tests were automatically selected when you opened the BioConfirmProteinDigest-Default method in Step 1.</li> </ul>
11 Set Match Sequence parameters.	<ul> <li>a Click the Source tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Qualitative method and mark the Sequences check box.</li> </ul>	For MS/MS data, you can adjust the following parameters on the Scoring tab:  • MS/MS score to increase or decrease its contribution to the overall Score (Bio).  • MS/MS scored peak intensity and MS/MS matched ion score contribute to Score (Bio MS/MS).

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
<b>12</b> Save the method for use in the Exercise 7.	<ul> <li>a Click Method &gt; Save As.</li> <li>b Type the File name iii_Enolase-Chip-Final.m, where iii represents your initials.</li> <li>c Click Save.</li> </ul>	
<b>13</b> Start the match search.	Right-click in the Compound List window and click <b>Match Sequences</b> from the shortcut menu	Alternate methods:  Click  on the Method Editor toolbar.  Click Sequence > Match Sequences.  Click Match Sequences on the Method Editor shortcut menu.  Click Match Sequences on the Data Navigator Compounds shortcut menu.
<b>14</b> Review the results.	<ul> <li>a Click on the toolbar to display the Compound Identification Results window.</li> <li>b When you open the window, the window displays the results for the first compound that is highlighted in the Data Navigator (that is marked to show).</li> <li>c Select another sequence match result to view by selecting a different compound in the Data Navigator or Compound List windows.</li> </ul>	
15 View sequence coverage results.	<ul> <li>a Display the Sequence Coverage Map window by clicking on the toolbar.</li> <li>b Click to select a different sequence coverage result in the Data Navigator window (under Matched Sequences).</li> </ul>	Alternate method: You can also display the Sequence Coverage Map window in these ways:  Click Sequence > View Sequence Coverage Map.  Click View > Sequence Coverage Map.
16 Save the results	<ul> <li>Click to save your results to the data file folder.</li> </ul>	

## **Exercise 6. Interactive Protein Digest Sequence Matching**

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
17 Repeat the interactive processing with enolase-oxidized-chip-final.d.	<ul> <li>a Load the data file</li> <li>enolase-oxidized-chip-final.d (see step 2).</li> <li>b Select MFE and verify the processing parameters (step 3).</li> <li>c Find compounds (step 5).</li> </ul>	Most of the processing parameters used for the first data file are the same for the second data file.
	<ul><li>d Match sequences (step 13).</li><li>e Save the results to the second data file (step 16).</li></ul>	The data files and results of this exercise will be used in "Exercise 12. Comparing Protein Digest Files" on page 37.
To view more information.	Click the following items on the Sequence Coverage Map window shortcut menu to view more information about the sequence:  • Applied Modifications  • Applied Links  • Applied Reagents  • Applied Matching Rules  • Show Sequence Description	

# **Exercise 7. Automated Protein Digest Sequence Matching**

This exercise guides you through the setup of a worklist to automatically confirm the presence of serotransferrin in a previously acquired sample.

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
Open the method.	<ul> <li>a Click Method &gt; Open.</li> <li>b Select the iii_Enolase-Chip-Final.m folder.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	This method was created in Exercise 6 (iii represents your initials).
Property Display the Worklist Automation > Worklist Actions section in the Method Editor.	Click Worklist Automation > Worklist Actions in the Method Explorer window.	
Select the appropriate worklist actions.	Select the following worklist actions in the Available actions list:  • Find Compounds by Molecular Feature  • Match Sequences  • Generate Compound Report	In this case we are using the default method parameters. For some data files, you will need to use different parameters as described in the <i>Quick Start Guide</i> or <i>online help</i> .
Add the selected actions to the Actions to be run list.	Click the button. The items are added to the end of the list.	Actions will be executed in the order they appear in the list. You can reorder them using the Up and Down arrow buttons to the right of the list
Select <b>Worklist</b> as the match source.	<ul> <li>a Click the Source tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Worklist.</li> </ul>	This causes the software to get the sequence from the worklist rather than from the method.
Save the method.	Click Method > Save.	

## **Exercise 7. Automated Protein Digest Sequence Matching**

Si	teps	Detailed Instructions	Comments  If you plan to do batch data analysis using the worklist, consider using the DA Reprocessor tool that is installed with Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software - Data Acquisition program. In that case, skip Step 10 below.
7	Create a worklist of one sample in the MassHunter Workstation Data Acquisition software.	<ul> <li>a Display the Worklist pane.</li> <li>b Click Worklist &gt; Add Sample. A new sample row is added to the Worklist table.</li> <li>c Click Worklist &gt; Add Column.</li> <li>d When the Add Column dialog box appears, select Protein as the Column Type.</li> <li>e Enter the Column name as EnolaseDigest.</li> <li>f Select EnolaseDigest.psq as the Value.</li> <li>g Click OK.</li> </ul>	
8	Enter iii_Enolase-Chip-Final.m in the Method column of the worklist.		The iii represents your initials.
9	Enter <b>Enolase-Chip-Final.d</b> in the Data File column of the worklist.		
10	<b>0</b> Set up to run the worklist for data analysis only.	<ul> <li>a Click Worklist &gt; Worklist Run         Parameters.     </li> <li>b Select DA Only as Part of method to run.</li> <li>c Select the paths for the DA method and data file, then click OK.</li> </ul>	
11	Run the worklist.	Click Worklist > Run.	
12	Review the printed Compound reports.		

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## **Exercise 8. Interactive Synthetic Peptide Sequence Matching**

This exercise shows you how to set method parameters, import a sequence, match a synthetic peptide sequence, and view the results.

#### Before you start

Copy the files used for Exercise 8 and 9 onto your hard disk as follows:

- 1 Copy the **SynPep3.d** data file from the **Data** folder on the Qualitative Analysis setup disk to the **MassHunter\Data** folder on your computer.
- 2 Copy the SynPep3.psq sequence file from the Data folder on the Qualitative Analysis setup disk to the MassHunter\ProteinSequences folder on your computer.
- **3** Make sure you have both read and write permissions for the data folder you just created on your computer. This is required if you want to save results.
  - a In Windows Explorer, right-click the **SynPep3.d** folder and click **Properties** from the shortcut menu.
  - **b** *Clear* the **Read-only Attributes** check box if it is marked.
  - c In the Confirm Attribute Changes dialog, click **Apply changes to this** folder, subfolders, and files, then click **OK**.

S	teps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
1	Open the method  BioConfirmSyntheticPeptide-Default to use as a starting point for the new method.	<ul> <li>a Click Method &gt; Open.</li> <li>b Select the         BioConfirmSyntheticPeptide-Default.m         folder.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	
2	Open the SynPep3.d data file.	<ul> <li>a Click File &gt; Open Data File.</li> <li>b Locate the SynPep3.d folder.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	The TIC is automatically displayed in the Chromatogram Results window
3	Display the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature section in the Method Editor window.	Select <b>BioConfirm Workflow &gt; Find by Molecular Feature</b> in the Method Explorer window.	If the BioConfirm workflow is not available in Method Explorer, select it from the Configuration > Configure for Workflow menu

#### **Exercise 8. Interactive Synthetic Peptide Sequence Matching**

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
4 For MS/MS data, set parameters to extract MS/MS spectra.	<ul> <li>a Click the Results tab of Find Compounds by Molecular Feature in the Method Editor.</li> <li>b Mark the Extract MS/MS Spectrum check box.</li> <li>c Mark Deisotope MS/MS Spectrum.</li> </ul>		
5 Find compounds.	<ul> <li>a Review the settings and modify them if necessary.</li> <li>b Click on the Method Editor toolbar to start the compound search.</li> <li>c Review the results in the Compound List window.</li> </ul>	In this case we are using the default method parameters. For some data files, you will need to use different parameters as described in the <i>Quick Start Guide</i> or <i>online help</i> .	
6 Change the layout.	<ul> <li>a Click Window Layouts &gt; Load Layout on the Configuration menu.</li> <li>b Select         BioConfirm-SyntheticPeptide.xml.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>		
7 Display the Define and Match Sequences section in the Method Editor window.	Click <b>BioConfirm Workflow &gt; Define and Match Sequences</b> in the Method Explorer window.	If the BioConfirm workflow is not available in Method Explorer, select it from the Configuration > Configure for Workflow menu	
8 Import the sequence.	<ul> <li>a Click the Sequence tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Import.</li> <li>c Select SynPep3.psq.</li> <li>d Click Open.</li> </ul>	For this exercise, we will use the sequence as is, but you can add modifications and links to sequences as described in <i>online help</i> and the <i>Quick Start Guide</i> .	
9 Select peptide matching rules.	<ul> <li>a Right-click in the Sequence Editor window and click Edit Matching Rules from the shortcut menu to open the Rules dialog box.</li> <li>b Select the following tests to use for matching the theoretical masses of oligonucleotides to those from MS data:         <ul> <li>Intact Peptide</li> <li>Extra Amino Acid</li> <li>Missing Amino Acid</li> <li>Fmoc blocking groups</li> <li>Click OK to close the Rules dialog box.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Use <b><ctrl>+click</ctrl></b> to select multiple tests from the list.	

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
<b>10</b> Select <b>Sequences</b> as the match source.	<ul> <li>a Click the Source tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Qualitative method and mark the Sequences check box.</li> </ul>	Save the method for use in the Exercise 9 as follows:  a Click Method > Save As. b Type the File name iii_SynPep3.m, where iii represents your initials. c Click Save.
<b>11</b> Start the match search.	Right-click in the Compound List window and click <b>Match Sequences</b> from the shortcut menu.	Alternate methods:  Click on the Method Editor toolbar.  Click Sequence > Match Sequences.  Click Match Sequences on the Method Editor shortcut menu.  Click Match Sequences on the Data Navigator Compounds shortcut menu.
12 Review the results.	<ul> <li>a Click on the toolbar to display the Compound Identification Results window.</li> <li>b When you open the window, the window displays the results for the first compound that is highlighted in the Data Navigator (that is marked to show).</li> <li>c Select another sequence match result to view by selecting a different compound in the Data Navigator or Compound List windows.</li> </ul>	Alternate method: • Click View > Compound Identification Results.

# **Exercise 9. Automated Synthetic Peptide Sequence Matching**

This exercise guides you through the setup of a worklist to automatically confirm the presence of SynPep3 in a previously acquired sample.

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments
1 Open the iii_SysPep3.m method.	<ul> <li>a Click Method &gt; Open.</li> <li>b Select the iii_SysPep3.m folder.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	This method was created in Exercise 8 (iii represents your initials).
Display the Worklist Automation >     Worklist Actions section in the     Method Editor.	Click <b>Worklist Automation &gt; Worklist Actions</b> in the Method Explorer window.	
3 Select the appropriate worklist actions.	Select the following worklist actions in the Available actions list:  • Find Compounds by Molecular Feature  • Match Sequences  • Generate Compound Report	In this case we are using the default method parameters. For some data files, you will need to use different parameters as described in the <i>Quick Start Guide</i> or <i>online help</i> .
Add the selected actions to the Actions to be run list.	Click the button. The items are added to the end of the list.	Actions will be executed in the order they appear in the list. You can reorder them using the Up and Down arrow buttons to the right of the list
<b>5</b> Select <b>Worklist</b> as the match source.	<ul> <li>a Click the Source tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Worklist.</li> </ul>	This causes the software to get the sequence from the worklist rather than from the method.
6 Save the method.	Click Method > Save.	

Si	teps	a Display the Worklist pane. b Click Worklist > Add Sample. A new sample row is added to the Worklist table. c Click Worklist > Add Column. d When the Add Column dialog box appears, select Protein as the Column Type. e Enter the Column name as SynPep3. f Select SynPep3.psq as the Value. g Click OK.	If you plan to do batch data analysis using the worklist, consider using the DA Reprocessor tool that is installed with Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software - Data Acquisition program. In that case, skip Step 10 below.
7	Create a worklist of one sample in the MassHunter Workstation Data Acquisition software.		
8	Enter iii_SynPep3.m in the Method column of the worklist.	The iii represents your initials.	
9	Enter <b>SynPep3.d</b> in the Data File column of the worklist.		
1(	Set up to run the worklist for data analysis only.	<ul> <li>a Click Worklist &gt; Worklist Run         Parameters.     </li> <li>b Select DA Only as Part of method to run.</li> <li>c Select the paths for the DA method and data file, then click OK.</li> </ul>	
11	Run the worklist.	Click Worklist > Run.	
12	Review the printed Compound reports.		

# **Exercise 10. Interactive Oligonucleotide Sequence Matching**

This exercise shows you how to set method parameters, import a sequence, match an oligonucleotide sequence, and view the results.

#### Before you start

Copy the files used for Exercises 10 and 11 onto your hard disk as follows:

- 1 Copy the **DNA-2ug-r001.d** data file from the **Data** folder on the Qualitative Analysis setup disk to the **MassHunter\Data** folder on your computer hard drive.
- 2 Copy the 21mer\_oligo.psq sequence file from the Data folder on the Qualitative Analysis setup disk to the MassHunter\ProteinSequences folder on your computer hard drive.
- **3** Make sure you have both read and write permissions for the data folder you just created on your computer. This is required if you want to save results.
  - **a** In Windows Explorer, right-click the **DNA-2ug-r001.d** folder and click **Properties** in the shortcut menu.
  - **b** *Clear* the **Read-only Attributes** check box if it is marked.
  - c In the Confirm Attribute Changes dialog, click **Apply changes to this** folder, subfolders, and files, then click **OK**.

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments	
1	Open the method.	<ul> <li>a Click Method &gt; Open.</li> <li>b Select the         BioConfirmOligonucleotideSmall-         Default.m folder.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>		
2	Open the data file.	<ul> <li>a Click File &gt; Open Data File.</li> <li>b Locate the DNA-2ug-r001.d folder.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	The TIC is automatically displayed in the Chromatogram Results window	
3	Display the Find Compounds by Molecular Feature section in the Method Editor window.	Select <b>BioConfirm Workflow &gt; Find by Molecular Feature</b> in the Method Explorer window.	If the BioConfirm workflow is not available in Method Explorer, select it from the Configuration  > Configure for Workflow menu	

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments
4	Find compounds.	<ul> <li>a Review the settings and modify them if necessary.</li> <li>b In the Extraction tab, change Restriction retention time to to 0.5-9.6 minutes, Restrict m/z to to 800-2300 m/z, and Use peaks with height to 400 counts.</li> <li>c In the Charge state tab, change the Isotope model to unbiased and limit the charge state to a maximum of 10.</li> <li>d In the Results tab, select to extract an MFE spectrum and an ECC for each compound.</li> <li>e Click on the Method Editor toolbar to start the compound search.</li> <li>f When processing is complete, review the results in the Compound List window.</li> </ul>	These boundary conditions are used with the MFE procedure to avoid long processing times.  For guidance to adjust these parameters, see the <i>Quick Start</i> Guide or <i>online Help</i> .
5	Change the layout to BioConfirm-Oligonucleotide.	<ul> <li>a Click Window Layouts &gt; Load Layout on the Configuration menu.</li> <li>b Select BioConfirm-Oligonucleotide.xml.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	
6	Display the Define and Match Sequences section in the Method Editor window.	Click <b>BioConfirm Workflow &gt; Define and Match Sequences</b> in the Method Explorer window.	If the BioConfirm workflow is not available in Method Explorer, select it from the Configuration > Configure for Workflow menu
7	Import the sequence.	<ul> <li>a Click the Sequence tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Import.</li> <li>c Select 21mer_oligo.psq.</li> <li>d Click Open.</li> </ul>	
8	Select oligonucleotide matching rules.	<ul> <li>a Right-click in the Sequence Editor window and click Edit Matching Rules from the shortcut menu to open the Rules dialog box.</li> <li>b Select the following matching rules to use for matching the theoretical masses of peptides to those from MS data:         <ul> <li>Intact oligonucleotide</li> <li>Oligonucleotide truncation</li> <li>C Click OK to close the Rules dialog box.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Use <b><ctrl>+click</ctrl></b> to select multiple matching rules from the list.  Note that these matching rules are already selected in the <b>BioConfirmOligonucleotide-Small-Default</b> method that you loaded in Step 1.

## **Exercise 10. Interactive Oligonucleotide Sequence Matching**

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
9 Select <b>Sequence</b> as the match source.	<ul> <li>a Click the Source tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Qualitative method and mark the Sequences check box.</li> </ul>	Save the method for use in the Exercise 11 as follows:  a Click Method > Save As. b Type the File name iii_Oligo.m, where iii represents your initials. c Click Save.	
<b>10</b> Start the match search.	Right-click in the Compound List window and click <b>Match Sequences</b> from the shortcut menu.	Alternate methods:  Click  on the Method Editor toolbar.  Click Sequence > Match Sequences.  Click Match Sequences on the Method Editor shortcut menu.  Click Match Sequences on the Data Navigator Compounds shortcut menu.	
11 Review the results.	<ul> <li>a Click on the toolbar to display the Compound Identification Results window.</li> <li>b When you open the window, the window displays the results for the first compound that is highlighted in the Data Navigator (that is marked to show).</li> <li>c Select another sequence match result to view by selecting a different compound in the Data Navigator or Compound List windows.</li> </ul>	Alternate methods: Click View > Compound Identification Results.	

# **Exercise 11. Automated Oligonucleotide Sequence Matching**

This exercise guides you through the setup of a worklist to automatically confirm the presence of  $21 mer_{oligo}$  sequence in a previously acquired sample.

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments	
1	Open the iii_oligo.m method.	<ul> <li>a Click Method &gt; Open.</li> <li>b Select the iii_oligo.m folder.</li> <li>c Click Open.</li> </ul>	This method was created in Exercise 10 (iii represents your initials).	
2	Display the Worklist Automation > Worklist Actions section in the Method Editor.	Click <b>Worklist Automation &gt; Worklist Actions</b> in the Method Explorer window.		
3	Select the appropriate worklist actions.	Select the following worklist actions in the Available actions list:  Find Compounds by Molecular Feature  Match Sequences  Generate Compound Report	In this case we are using the default method parameters. For some data files, you will need to use different parameters as described in the <i>Quick Start Guide</i> or <i>online help</i> .	
1	Add the selected actions to the <b>Actions to be run</b> list.	Click the button. The items are added to the end of the list.	Actions will be executed in the order they appear in the list. You can reorder them using the Up and Down arrow buttons to the right of the list	
5	Select <b>Worklist</b> as the match source.	<ul> <li>a Click the Source tab in the Define and Match Sequences section of the Method Editor window.</li> <li>b Click Worklist.</li> </ul>	This causes the software to get the sequence from the worklist rather than from the method.	
6	Save the method.	Click <b>Method</b> > <b>Save</b> .		

## **Exercise 11. Automated Oligonucleotide Sequence Matching**

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments	
7	Create a worklist of one sample in the MassHunter Workstation Data Acquisition software.	<ul> <li>a Display the Worklist pane.</li> <li>b Click Worklist &gt; Add Sample. A new sample row is added to the Worklist table.</li> <li>c Click Worklist &gt; Add Column.</li> <li>d When the Add Column dialog box appears, select Protein as the Column Type.</li> <li>e Enter the Column name as 21mer_oligo.</li> <li>f Select 21mer_oligo.psq as the Value.</li> <li>g Click OK.</li> </ul>	If you plan to do batch data analysicusing the worklist, consider using the DA Reprocessor tool that is installed with Agilent MassHunter Workstation Software - Data Acquisition program. In that case, skip Step 10 below.	
8	Enter iii_oligo.m in the Method column of the worklist.	The iii represents your initials.		
9	Enter <b>11mer_oligo.d</b> in the Data File column of the worklist.			
10	Set up to run the worklist for data analysis only.	<ul> <li>a Click Worklist &gt; Worklist Run</li> <li>Parameters.</li> <li>b Select DA Only as Part of method to run.</li> <li>c Select the paths for the DA method and data file, then click OK.</li> </ul>		
11	Run the worklist.	Click Worklist > Run.		
12	Preview the printed Compound reports.			

This exercise shows you how to compare compounds in two protein digest files.

#### Before you start

• Do "Exercise 6. Interactive Protein Digest Sequence Matching" on page 20 to get method and results files for this exercise.

Steps	Detailed Instructions	Comments	
Open the data files to compare.     In this exercise, we are using:     enolase-chip-final.d     enolase-oxidized-chip-final.d	<ul> <li>a Click File &gt; Open Data File.</li> <li>b On the Open Data File dialog box, select the enolase-chip-final.d folder.</li> <li>c Select the following options: <ul> <li>Load results method</li> <li>Load result data</li> </ul> </li> <li>d Click Open.</li> <li>e Repeat Steps a - d to open enolase-oxidized-chip-final.d.</li> </ul>	The data files used in this exercise have already been processed in Qualitative Analysis to find and identify compounds. These results are loaded when you open the data files.	
2 View method parameters.	To view method parameters that were used to find and identify compounds, display the following sections of the Method Editor:  BioConfirm Workflow > Find by Molecular Feature  BioConfirm Workflow > Define and Match Sequences	<ul> <li>Some of the method parameters are shown in Figure 11 on page 39, and Figure 12 and Figure 13 on page 40.</li> <li>Note that 95% coverage is obtained for the Enolase digest sequence; see Figure 14 on page 40.</li> </ul>	
3 Start the compare protein digest files wizard.	Click Wizard > Compare Protein Digest Files: Compare Existing Results. The Select Reference File and Sample File(s) page is displayed.	For your own data files, you can find and identify compounds in either of the following ways:  • Manually as described in "Exercise 6. Interactive Protein Digest Sequence Matching" on page 20, or  • By clicking Wizard > Compare Protein Digest Files: Find Results, Identify and Compare to have the wizard guide you through the process.	

Steps		Detailed Instructions	Comments	
4	Select the files to use as Reference and Sample files.	<ul> <li>a From the list of opened files, select enolase-chip-final.d and click Select reference file.</li> <li>The selected file name appears in the Reference file text box.</li> <li>The remaining file, enolase-oxidized-chip-final.d, is automatically moved to the list of Sample files.         See Figure 15 on page 41.     </li> <li>b Click Next to open the next page of the wizard.</li> </ul>	For your own data files:  To set the order that the sample files will be processed, use the Up and Down arrow buttons to the right of the list of samples.  To open additional data files, click the Browse () button.  To remove a selected Reference or Sample file, double-click on the file or click the Up arrow button.  To remove all Sample files, click the double Up arrow button.	
5	Set the compound correlation parameters on the Alignment Information page.	<ul> <li>a Set the retention time (RT) window and RT window tolerance values.</li> <li>b Set the Mass window and mass window tolerance values.</li> <li>See Figure 16 on page 41.</li> <li>c When finished setting the parameters, click Finish.</li> <li>A progress bar is displayed while the compounds are being compared.</li> </ul>	This process may take several minutes to complete, depending on the number of samples and size of the data files.	
6	Review the results in the MassHunter Comparative Analysis program.	Results are presented as follows in the Comp     Column 1 (purple shading): correlated or     Column 2 (red shading): reference file in     Column 3 (blue shading): sample file information See Figure 17 on page 42.	ompound information Iformation	

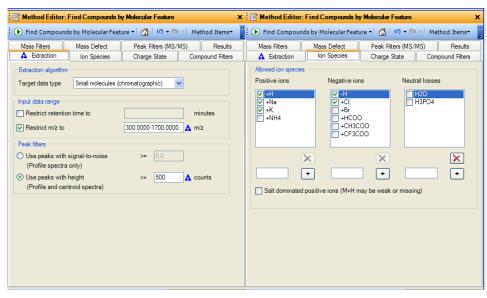


Figure 11 Method Parameters - Find Compounds by Molecular Feature, part 1

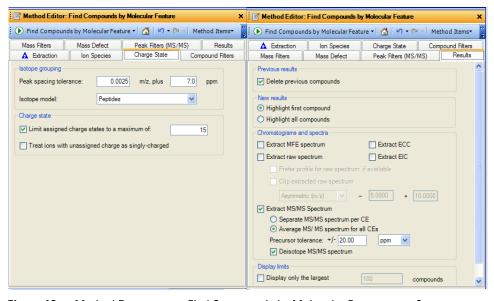


Figure 12 Method Parameters - Find Compounds by Molecular Feature, part 2

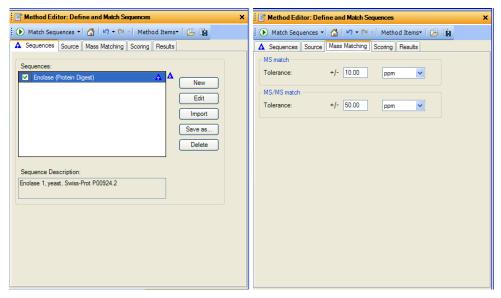


Figure 13 Method Parameters - Define and Match Sequences

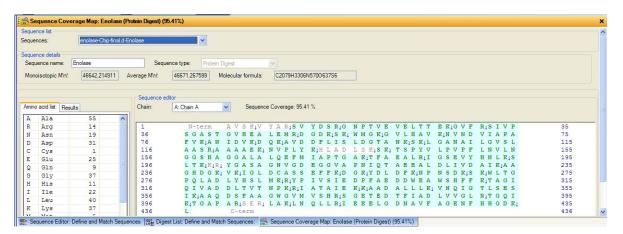


Figure 14 Sequence Coverage Map for Enolase Digest Sequence

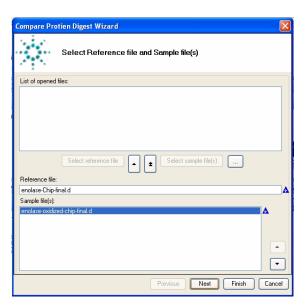


Figure 15 Reference and Sample files selected

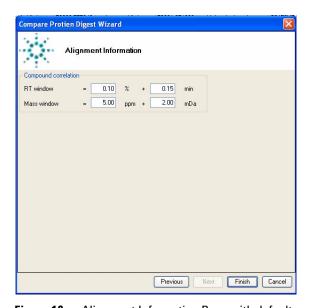


Figure 16 Alignment Information Page with default parameters

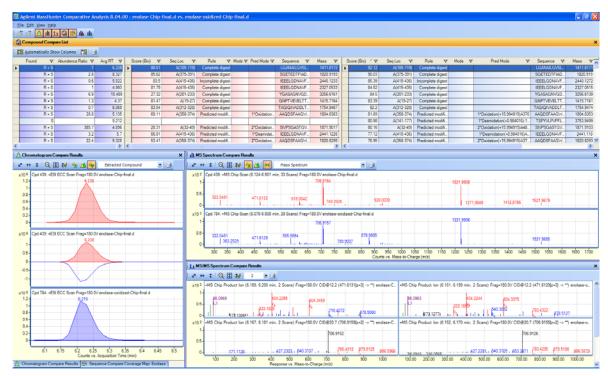


Figure 17 MassHunter Qualitative Compare Program Window

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## In this book

This guide has familiarization exercises to demonstrate the use of Agilent MassHunter BioConfirm Software.

This guide is valid for the B.04.00 revision or higher of the G3298AA Agilent MassHunter BioConfirm Software, until superseded.

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